CITY OF WYOMING, OHIO

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Controls and Compliance

December 31, 2007



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wyoming 800 Oak Avenue Wyoming, Ohio 45215

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the City of Wyoming, Hamilton County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Wyoming is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

August 7, 2008





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wyoming, Ohio:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wyoming, Ohio (City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting and is labeled as finding 2007-1.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that the significant deficiency described above is not a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City of Wyoming, Ohio in a separate letter dated June 16, 2008.

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the City's response and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the organization, and the City Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clark, Schafer, Hachett of Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio June 16, 2008

CITY OF WYOMING, OHIO

Schedule of Findings and Responses

Year Ended December 31, 2007

Finding 2007-1 – Audit Adjustment

During the course of our audit, we identified a material misstatement in the financial statements for the year under audit that was not initially identified by the City's internal control. Throughout the year, the City maintains its books and records on the cash-basis of accounting and converts its financial statements at year-end to generally accepted accounting principles. The audit adjustment was necessary to correct an error in the City's conversion process. Accounts payable in the Capital Improvement Fund were understated by approximately \$151,000. This item was unintentionally omitted when the City performed its search for items payable as of December 31, 2007 subsequent to year-end.

Management response: Management concurs with the finding.

CITY OF WYOMING, OHIO

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Year Ended December 31, 2007

Finding 2006-1 – Audit Adjustments

Condition: During the course of our audit, we identified material misstatements in the

financial statements that were not initially identified by the City's internal control over financial reporting. Throughout the year, the City maintains its books and records on the cash-basis of accounting and converts its financial statements at year-end to generally accepted accounting principles. The audit adjustments were necessary to correct errors made

during the City's conversion process.

Current Status: Partially corrected.



City of Wyoming, Ohio... Come for the Charm, Stay for the Friendships



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2007

City Of Wyoming, Ohio

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For The Year Ended December 31, 2007

Prepared By: Jennifer Chavarria, Finance Director THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u> </u>	Page
INTEROPLICATION	
INTRODUCTORY SECTION Letter of Transmittal	::
	Vii
Listing of Principal City Officials	XVI
Organizational Chart	XVII
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	xviii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	11
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Assets of Governmental Activities	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	17
Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Fund	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Fund	19
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	20
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	21
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Fund	22
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	23
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund	50
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	51

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Listing of Funds	54
Combining Balance Sheet	57
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	58
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	60
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	61
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	62
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	64
Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
Street Construction Fund	65
State Highway Fund	66
Recreation Fund	67
Criminal Activity Forfeitures Fund	68
Drug Offenders Fund	69
DUI Enforcement Fund	70
Mayor's Court Computer Fund	71
FEMA Firefighter Grant Fund	72
Law Enforcement Fund	73
Public Facility Note Retirement Fund	74
Property Acquisition Note Retirement Fund	75
Capital Improvement Fund	76
Equipment Replacement Fund	77
Agency Funds:	
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	80

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Schedule	Page
STATISTICAL SECTION		
Net Assets by Component	1	83
Changes in Net Assets	2	84
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	3	87
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	4	88
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	5	90
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	6	91
Principal Property Tax Payers	7	92
Property Tax Levies and Collections	8	93
Income Tax by Payer Type and Income Tax Rate	9	94
Principal Income Taxpayers	10	95
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	11	96
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	12	97
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	13	98
Legal Debt Margin Information	14	99
Demographic and Economic Statistics	15	100
Principal Employers	16	101
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	17	102
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	18	103
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	19	104

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CITY OF WYOMING • 800 OAK AVENUE • WYOMING, OHIO 45215 (513) 821-7600

FAX (513) 821-7952

June 30, 2008

To the Honorable Council and the Citizens of the City of Wyoming, Ohio:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Wyoming, Ohio, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007, is hereby submitted. While there is no legal requirement for the preparation of this report, it represents a commitment by the City of Wyoming to conform to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation including all the disclosures, rests with the City of Wyoming. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present the financial position and results of operations of the various fund and account groups of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report incorporates GASB Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. Statement No. 34 was developed to make annual financial reports of state and local governments easier to understand and more useful to those who make decisions using governmental financial information. This report represents and reflects upon the City's financial operations and conditions to the City's residents, its elected officials, management personnel, financial institutions, City bondholders, rating agencies and all other parties interested in the financial affairs of the City.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

REPORTING ENTITY

For financial purposes, the City includes in this report all funds of the government. Two other local government jurisdictions which provide services within the City boundaries, Hamilton County and the Wyoming Board of Education, are separate legal entities which do not meet the reporting entity criteria and therefore are not included in the City's financial report.

CITY OVERVIEW

The City of Wyoming is a suburban community rich in history and civic pride. Located in Southwestern Ohio in the Mill Creek Valley, north of the City of Cincinnati, Wyoming is easily accessible by State Route 4 and by Interstate 75.

The City of Wyoming is a home rule municipal corporation operating under its own charter, initially adopted on June 7, 1949 and last amended on November 5, 1991.

The City has operated under a non-partisan Council/Manager form of government since 1949. Under this system, seven council members, who are the policy-makers, are elected at large in odd-numbered years for two-year terms. The Mayor and Vice Mayor are chosen by Council from among its members. A professional City Manager, appointed by the City Council, supervises the implementation of Council policies. The City Manager appoints all Department Directors of the City.

The City provides a full range of municipal services. These services include public safety (police, fire, and emergency medical services), sanitation, parks, recreation, community enrichment, water and sewer, planning and zoning, construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and infrastructure, income tax collection, mayor's court and general administrative services.

Wyoming City government is organized into various departments to deliver services to the citizens. The following is a brief summary of the departments and the services they provide:

The Community Development Department is responsible for ensuring the safe and orderly development of the community through the enforcement of all applicable state and local building and zoning regulations. The Community Development Director/Building Inspector enforces the provisions of the City Code through annual inspections of all apartments and businesses, zoning and plan review, and permit issuance for new construction, modifications, and repairs. A full time Community Development Director/Building Inspector and a Code Enforcement Officer staff the Community Development Department. The Department relies on the support of other departmental staff members to provide clerical assistance. Outside consultants are utilized as needed to review various technical aspects of building plans.

The Community Development Department researches and recommends proposals for new or improved economic development strategies within the community. Direction for such proposals stem from the Master Plan, the Economic Development Commission and Planning Commission. Members of both Commissions are Council-appointed Wyoming residents who volunteer hours of their time and professional expertise to assist the City in a direction compatible with the values and priorities that make Wyoming a premier community.

The **Finance Department** is composed of a Finance Director, a Tax Commissioner, and two Account Specialists. The Finance Department is responsible for financial control (including investments and debt management), data processing, risk management, accounts payable, personnel benefits, payroll processing and collection of all City revenue. Such revenue includes the City income tax, property tax, utility billings, state and county funding, recreational program fees, and charges for various public services (e.g. emergency service runs, police security, water removal). The Department is responsible for preparing, submitting and adhering to the City's operating and capital budget each year as well as developing the Comprehensive Annual Finance Report (CAFR) that depicts the City's financial standing based on the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

The Finance Department also is responsible for coordinating with outside organizations to provide various services and benefits. The Finance Director is the City's representative to the Miami Valley Risk Management Association (MVRMA). This organization is a governmental insurance pool providing liability, criminal, employee practices, workers' compensation, casualty, and property coverage for twenty (20) local government members in 2007. In addition, the Finance Department acts as a collection agent for the Metropolitan Sewer District with regard to sewer usage in the City. In exchange for billing and collection services, the City retains a 7.0% fee based on total sewer revenue billed. The Finance Department also liaisons with MediCount Management, the organization contracted to collect City revenue from emergency service runs within the City. Moreover, as the City is a self- insured health insurance provider, the Finance Department is responsible for working with its third party administrator to manage all health insurance and prescription claims under the City's Health Benefit Program.

The **Fire/EMS Department** is committed to fulfilling the public safety needs of the City. These include providing all forms of emergency medical care and transportation, fire prevention, fire suppression, property protection, basic first aid and CPR training, fire investigation, basic rescue services and other forms of safety training and emergency response as necessary. Fire and Life safety inspections also are performed for all municipal buildings, schools, churches, commercial buildings, apartments/multi-family dwellings and restaurants.

In addition, the Department expands upon its paramedic capabilities by contracting Advanced Life Support services to Arlington Heights, Lockland, and Lincoln Heights, Ohio. During the year, the Department also provided limited EMS coverage to the Village of Elmwood Place.

The Fire/EMS Department has a roster of seventy-eight people. These include forty-eight volunteer firefighters, twenty-one part time paramedics, seven fire cadets, one Medical Director (paid by contract), and one Fire Chief. The seven cadets are young residents aged 14 to 18 who serve on the Salvage Rescue Squad, providing assistance to firefighters in carrying and setting up equipment and in salvage work. The Wyoming Firefighters Association, a separate non-profit organization, offers support to the department through the annual Turkey Disposal/Raffle and other fundraising events.

The **Police Department** works with citizens, community groups and other stakeholders to improve the quality of life in the City and to make our City safe and secure. The Police Department accomplishes this through the enforcement of applicable federal and state laws, the protection of life and property, the preservation of law and order, and the various safety and public education programs conducted throughout the community. The Department responds to calls for service ranging from crimes in progress to quality of life concerns. In addition, the Department works collaboratively with surrounding police agencies to solve and prevent crime, recognizing that certain crimes know no physical boundaries. In all the Police Department does, the safety and security of the City is of primary importance.

The Police Department consists of the Police Chief, one Lieutenant, two Sergeants, fourteen Police Officers, two full time Police Clerks, one part time Police Clerk, and eight School Crossing Guards. In addition, the Wyoming Police Association, a separate non-profit organization, sponsors various activities and events for youth in Wyoming.

The **Public Works Department** is composed of a Director, an Assistant Public Works Director (management responsibility for the Waterworks department), one City mechanic, one part time maintenance worker and ten full-time maintenance workers led by a Senior Crew Leader and a Crew Leader. Their duties include street maintenance and resurfacing, maintenance of the City's urban forest, upkeep and repair of City facilities, parks, and recreational facilities, planting and maintenance of flower boxes, leaf removal and mulch delivery, fleet and equipment maintenance and snow and ice control. The Public Works Department is responsible for the management of the City's comprehensive solid waste management program including regular garbage collection, curbside recycling, leaf composting, and a yard waste sticker program. In addition, it plays a vital role in the preparation and support of the 4th of July celebration, Fall Festival, Wyoming Fun Run and other community activities.

The **Recreation Department** provides opportunities for leisure and recreational activities for residents of all ages and interests through a diverse offering of programs and services. The Recreation Department consists of a full time Recreation Director, three Program Coordinators, and two custodians. Other recreational staff include several part time Recreation Center attendants and seasonal aquatic facility staff.

The facilities and parks supported by the Recreation Department include the Recreation Center, Civic Center, Family Aquatic Center, eight tennis courts, gymnasium, skate park, nine parks with soccer fields, six parks with playgrounds, baseball fields, and playground equipment for preschool to school aged children. Athletic programs and fitness opportunities are provided year round in many areas for families, adults and children. In addition to managing the recreational programs for the City, the Recreation Department also offers a wide variety of community events to the residents throughout the year, including the 4th of July celebration, Fall Festival, Halloween, and Holiday Open House. These events provide a true sense of community for the residents and emphasize the spirit of Wyoming through pride and volunteerism.

The Water Works Department pursues its mission to provide the highest quality drinking water utilizing state-of-the-art technology and efficient production methods. The Department employs three full-time plant operators, one part time plant operator and uses an outside vendor for its meter reading services. The Public Works Director and the Assistant Public Works Director allocate a portion of their time to management of the water plant. Ninety percent of one Finance Department Account Specialist's time also is devoted to water related responsibilities.

The water is obtained from six wells that are approximately 195 feet deep. The water has many of the hardness forming minerals removed, therefore, making it unnecessary to add commercial water softeners. The Wyoming water treatment plant is rated as a Class III Water Distribution System that is required to have a minimum of one Class III Certified Operator in charge of operations. In 2007, Wyoming Water Works produced 387 million gallons of water for its approximately 3,300 households.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Primarily a residential community with a population of 8,341 living in 2.8 square miles, the City of Wyoming relies heavily upon income tax and property tax revenues for its economic well being. Combined, these tax revenues accounted for 80% of total General Fund revenues in 2007.

Despite the stagnant real estate market and falling interest rates, the City of Wyoming enjoys a favorable economic environment due to the strong financial management exhibited by City Council and Administration. This is reflected by Standard & Poor's (S&P) rating of AA+, one of only six communities in Ohio with such a rating. S&P originally rated Wyoming AA in 2004, but raised its underlying rate to AA+ in 2006 citing the City's favorable economic characteristics, strong financial management, excellent recreational facilities, and deepened financial reserves.

In 2007, the City's sound fiscal practices allowed for the continuation of excellent services without overtaxing its citizens. The City was also able to provide funding for a 2007 capital improvement program and fully funded reserves for both the Equipment Replacement and Retirement Funds.

Overall, the economic outlook for Wyoming continues to be strong. Wyoming's median household income continues to be significantly higher than that of Hamilton County and the State of Ohio. There are also four significant residential developments that are currently under construction: Woods of Wyoming, Linksman Lookout at Wyoming Golf Club, Edges of Wyoming, and Wyoming Glen.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City continued to place a high priority on quality of life and effectively delivered services to the citizens of Wyoming in 2007. Several special projects in 2007 are noteworthy as they represented significant time commitments on the part of the Administration and either resulted in or will result in various improvements to services and/or facilities. The continuation of a number of ongoing programs/projects is designed to maintain the high quality of services that Wyoming residents have come to expect.

Public Works Department

The Fleming Meadows Subdivision curb replacement and asphalt mill and overlay project was completed. The project included the replacement of 5,582 lineal feet of curb, the milling of 4,500 square yards of asphalt surface, the placement of a bituminous fiber mat and the overlay of 320 cubic yards of asphalt driving surface.

The mill and overlay of Charles Street was completed. This project included the milling of 100 square yards of asphalt surface, the placement of a bituminous fiber mat and the overlay of 50 cubic yards of asphalt driving surface.

The reconstruction of Diplomat Drive was completed. This project, funded in part by the State Capital Improvement Program, included the installation of 1,845 lineal feet concrete curb, installation of new storm water catch basins and piping, total street reconstruction, and various repairs to driveways and lawns disturbed during reconstruction.

Water Works Department

The Waterworks Department, in conjunction with the Public Works Department, repaired 49 watermain breaks in 2007 compared to only 18 breaks in 2006. Numerous watermain improvements through the years have reduced the number of breaks in some areas. However, the extreme weather conditions in 2007 created soil movement around the pipes that inevitably led to the breaks.

The 12" high service pump check valve at Van Roberts station was replaced. The bearings were replaced in Sphere Pump #1 and well #1A was cleaned and rehabilitated allowing it to be placed back in service.

A structural evaluation of the reservoir roof was completed. The results of the study determined that the roof was approximately 50 years old, but still in excellent shape.

Community Development Department

In 2007, 264 building permits/zoning certificates, in the amount of \$26,884, were issued for various properties, including repairs, replacements, additions, and new construction. These permits amounted to an estimated \$7,795,651 in construction performed in Wyoming. While a majority of the permits are issued for remodeling or additions to existing structures, five of the permits were issued for new home construction.

City Council approved a Development Plan for a ten bed Group Home for Developmentally Disabled Adults proposed by URSA I Realty. Construction began in June 2007 and will be completed by late spring or early summer 2008.

The 2007 Sidewalk Replacement Program replaced approximately 13,610 square feet of defective concrete at approximately 198 locations. In addition to ensuring the completion of the repairs in the Target Area, the sidewalk and picnic areas adjacent to the A-Field tennis courts were replaced.

The Fire/EMS Department

During 2007, there were 1,941 emergency calls (1,469 EMS runs and 472 fire calls). This includes 113 joint responses to such emergencies as motor vehicle crashes, cardiac arrests or structure fires.

During 2007, the Wyoming Fire – EMS placed in service three new vehicles that provide service to the community. These were a 2007 Horton Medic Transport unit, a 2007 Ford Expedition Advanced Life Support unit, and a 2007 F-250 Support vehicle. The Department also introduced its new "traditional" red and black color scheme reminiscent of the early equipment purchased in 1893 when the Department was founded.

Police Department

In 2007, there were approximately 5,000 general incident reports generated for Police Officers and/or Fire-EMS personnel responding to calls for service. Some of these required additional investigations and follow-up that resulted in offense reports, traffic citations, criminal complaints, traffic crash reports, and arrest reports.

In 2007, the Police Department sponsored several seminars on topics such as sexual offender notification requirements, trends in electronic data, internet fraud, and identity theft crimes. The total number of attendees at police department sponsored seminars and presentations increased to 2,867 in 2007 from 2,043 in 2006, a 40% increase.

The department hired five Police Officers to fill existing openings created through retirements. The Police Department sought and acquired a number of grants and resources that help to support the Department's continuing outreach efforts and improve the ability to offer police services to the community.

Recreation Department

The opening of the Family Aquatic Center in May 2007 was the main highlight for the Recreation Department. The Family Aquatic Center was a huge success with 542 memberships sold and over 5,070 paying customers.

The Recreation Center also received many updates in 2007. Studio A was renovated. Improvements included hardwood floors, a sound system, and 2 full walls of mirrors. In addition, the fitness center was moved to the lower level so that all fitness equipment is now located in the same room and all fitness activities are on the same floor.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Long-Term Financial Planning

In June of 2006, the State legislature passed House Bill 66. House Bill 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general business, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property began being phased out in 2007 and will be eliminated by 2009. The tax on telephone and telecommunication property will begin being phased out in 2009 and will be eliminated by 2011. The tax is being phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. In the first five years, the City will be reimbursed fully for the lost revenue; in the following seven years, the reimbursements will be phased out.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Control and Budgetary Controls

We believe that the City's internal control structure adequately safeguarded assets and provided reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. It is further our intention to review these control in depth on an ongoing basis for continued refinements and improvements.

Budgetary control is maintained at the fund level by the use of encumbrances for purchase order amounts to vendors. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of the fund balance for the governmental fund types at December 31, 2007.

Cash Management

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in demand deposits, Money Market Funds, Federal Government Securities, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool (Star Ohio). The City earned \$513,666 on all investments during 2007.

The City's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining competitive yield on its portfolio. Accordingly, deposits were either insured by federal depository insurance or collaterally.

Risk Management

The City of Wyoming is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City has taken a proactive approach in its loss control and risk management activities. This is reflected in the overall insurance protection package and the favorable loss experience.

The City is one of twenty members of a joint risk sharing insurance pool, Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA). See note 5 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements for more in depth information.

Independent Audit

The State of Ohio requires an annual audit by either the Auditor of State or by an independent public accounting firm, Clark, Schaefer, Hackett and Company performed the audit of the basic financial statements. Their opinion on the City's financial statements is included in the financial section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Wyoming, Ohio, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, with contents conforming to program standards. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. The City of Wyoming, Ohio, has received a Certificate of Achievement for the years ended December 31, 1992 through December 31, 2006. We believe our current reporting continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service pf the entire Department of Finance and other City departments. We express our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

Special acknowledgement is extended to the members of the City Council and the City Administration whose support is necessary for the City of Wyoming to conform to reporting requirements established for municipal governments and to maintain the sound fiscal policies of the City.

Respectfully submitted, City of Wyoming, Ohio

Robert W. Harrison City Manager

Jennifer M. Chavarria

Finance Director

CITY OF WYOMING, OHIO

LISTING OF PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2007

Elected Officials

Mayor Barry S. Porter

Vice Mayor Jim O'Reilly

Council Member Walter Cordes

Council Member Jennifer McCauley

Council Member Pamela Kamm

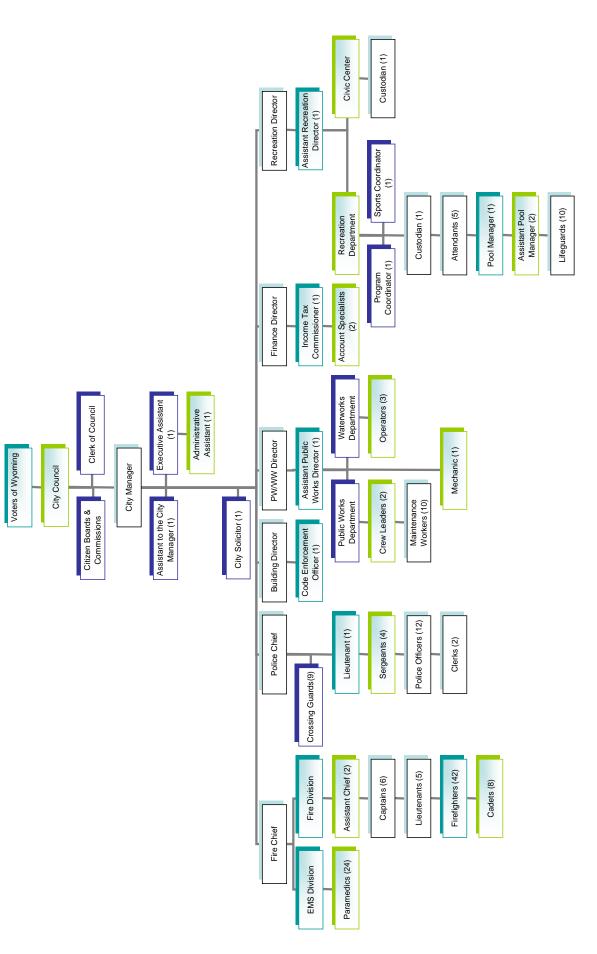
Council Member Will Papa

Council Member Lynn Crider

Appointed Officials

City Manager Robert Harrison

Clerk of Council Patricia Colvin



City of Wyoming, Ohio

Organizational Chart

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Wyoming Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2006

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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Olme S. Cox

President

Executive Director





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wyoming, Ohio:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wyoming, Ohio (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wyoming, Ohio as of December 31, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 16, 2008, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the budgetary comparison information on pages 3-10 and 50-52, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Wyoming, Ohio's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Clark, Schafer, Harhett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio June 16, 2008

CITY OF WYOMING, OHIO

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Year Ended December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Wyoming's discussion and analysis of the annual financial reports provides a review of the financial performance for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2007. This is meant to be an easily readable summary of the most important financial information regarding the accompanying financial statements. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the City's basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net assets increased \$1,830,680. Net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,480,371, net assets of business-type activities increased by \$350,309.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$3,898,114.
- Business-type operations reflected operating income of \$612,584.
- The City had \$10,100,904 in expenses relating to governmental activities; program revenues offset only \$1,948,979 of these expenses. General revenues and transfers of \$9,632,296 were also used to provide for these programs.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements are presented so that the reader can understand the City's financial situation as a whole and also give a detailed view of the City's fiscal condition.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the City as a whole begins with the Government-wide Financial Statements. These reports provide information that will help the reader to determine if the City of Wyoming is financially better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes to those assets. This change informs the reader whether the City's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the reader of these financial statements needs to take into account non-financial factors that also impact the City's financial well being. Some of these factors include the City's tax base and the condition of capital assets.

In the Government-wide Financial Statements, the City is divided into two kinds of activities.

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's program services are reported here including
 general government, public safety, leisure time activities, community development, basic
 utility service, transportation and street repair, public health and welfare, interest and fiscal
 charges. Income taxes, property taxes, building permits and interest finance most of these
 activities.
- Business-Type Activities This service includes Water. Service fees for these operations are charged based upon the amount of usage or a usage fee. The intent is that the fees charged recoup operational costs.

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the City's major funds is presented later in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's major funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the Finance Director, with approval of council, to help control, manage and report money received for a particular purpose or to show that the City is meeting legal responsibilities for use of grants. The City's major funds are General, Capital Improvement, Equipment Replacement and Waterworks Fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the City's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to our residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds - When the City charges citizens for the services it provides, with the intent of recapturing operating costs, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

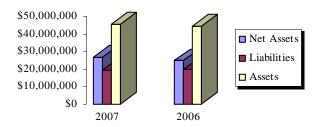
Fiduciary Funds - The City is the fiscal agent for the Metropolitan Sewer District (accounted for in the sewer fund) and for the Mayor's Court (accounted for in the Mayor's Court fund). The City's other fiduciary fund is the Kathryn Bond Private Purpose Trust. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The City as a Whole

As stated previously, the Statement of Net Assets looks at the City as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net assets for 2007 compared to 2006.

Table 1
Net Assets

			. 101 1 100010				
	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	e Activities	Total		
•	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Assets							
Current Assets	\$13,973,299	\$15,663,642	\$1,372,273	\$1,227,553	\$15,345,572	\$16,891,195	
Capital Assets, Net	24,323,372	21,032,952	6,199,020	6,341,684	30,522,392	27,374,636	
Total Assets	38,296,671	36,696,594	7,571,293	7,569,237	45,867,964	44,265,831	
Liabilities							
Long-Term Liabilities	9,121,453	9,354,542	6,193,446	6,547,580	15,314,899	15,902,122	
Other Liabilities	3,919,077	3,566,282	35,169	29,288	3,954,246	3,595,570	
Total Liabilities	13,040,530	12,920,824	6,228,615	6,576,868	19,269,145	19,497,692	
Net Assets							
Invested in Capital							
Assets Net of Debt	15,873,484	15,637,790	37,200	155,456	15,910,684	15,793,246	
Restricted	545,147	3,983,878	15,468	338,069	560,615	4,321,947	
Unrestricted	8,837,510	4,154,102	1,290,010	498,844	10,127,520	4,652,946	
Total Net Assets	\$25,256,141	\$23,775,770	\$1,342,678	\$992,369	\$26,598,819	\$24,768,139	



Total net assets of the City as a whole increased \$1,830,680. Net assets of the City's governmental activities increased \$1,480,371, while the net assets of the City's business-type activities increased \$350,309 from 2006. The largest portion of the City's net assets reflect its investment in capital assets, less any related debt to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens of the City. The City had an unrestricted net assets balance of \$10,127,520 that may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Governmental Activities capital assets increased from 2006 due to the City completing the construction of their Aquatic Center and various other improvements (both building and equipment) throughout the City. Long-term liabilities decreased due to the City making regularly scheduled debt payments.

Business-type capital assets decreased from 2006 due to depreciation expense for the year being greater than current year additions. Long-term liabilities decreased due to the City making regularly scheduled debt payments.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets at year-end.

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006
Program Revenues:					·	
Charges for Services	\$1,182,523	\$986,259	\$2,000,740	\$1,657,280	\$3,183,263	\$2,643,539
Operating Grants, Contributions	482,852	425,186	0	0	482,852	425,186
Capital Grants and Contributions	283,604	436,102	0	0	283,604	436,102
Total Program Revenues	1,948,979	1,847,547	2,000,740	1,657,280	3,949,719	3,504,827
General Revenue:						
Income Taxes	4,605,216	3,998,938	0	0	4,605,216	3,998,938
Property Taxes	2,744,068	2,627,157	0	0	2,744,068	2,627,157
Grants and Entitlements	1,679,077	1,073,464	0	0	1,679,077	1,073,464
Investment Earnings	460,683	375,157	52,983	49,578	513,666	424,735
Other	43,329	18,918	0	0	43,329	18,918
Total General Revenues	9,532,373	8,093,634	52,983	49,578	9,585,356	8,143,212
Total Revenues	11,481,352	9,941,181	2,053,723	1,706,858	13,535,075	11,648,039
Program Expenses:						
General Government	2,680,833	2,312,202	0	0	2,680,833	2,312,202
Public Safety	2,840,887	2,769,935	0	0	2,840,887	2,769,935
Leisure Time Activities	1,624,584	1,057,296	0	0	1,624,584	1,057,296
Community Development	360,978	384,329	0	0	360,978	384,329
Basic Utility Service	584,599	561,480	0	0	584,599	561,480
Transportation and Street Repair	1,554,616	1,538,246	0	0	1,554,616	1,538,246
Public Health and Welfare	50,269	65,164	0	0	50,269	65,164
Interest and Fiscal Charges	404,138	191,850	0	0	404,138	191,850
Water Utility	0	0	1,603,491	1,602,653	1,603,491	1,602,653
Total Program Expenses	10,100,904	8,880,502	1,603,491	1,602,653	11,704,395	10,483,155
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets						
before Transfers	1,380,448	1,060,679	450,232	104,205	1,830,680	1,164,884
Transfers - Internal Activities	99,923	125,117	(99,923)	(125,117)	0	0
Change in Net Assets	1,480,371	1,185,796	350,309	(20,912)	1,830,680	1,164,884
Beginning Net Assets	23,775,770	22,589,974	992,369	1,013,281	24,768,139	23,603,255
Ending Net Assets	\$25,256,141	\$23,775,770	\$1,342,678	\$992,369	\$26,598,819	\$24,768,139

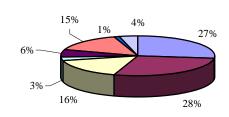
Governmental Activities

The City's governmental activities revenues increased due to an increase in income tax collections and grant monies received. Leisure time activities expense increased from 2006 due to the opening of the Aquatic Center in 2007. Interest and fiscal charges increased from 2006 due to the increase in the City's debt obligations.

In 2007, the Wyoming City Council continued to actively promote its Vision Statement and Master Plan Initiatives that were created in 1995 through the dedicated and professional combination of residents and city officials. Primarily a residential bedroom community with a population of 8,261 living in 2.8 square miles, Wyoming relies heavily upon income and property tax revenues to provide general services and maintain infrastructure. The 0.8% income tax (based on a resident's Adjusted Gross Income) and the 10 mill property tax represented more than 76% of the City's total general fund revenues in 2007.

Program expenses for 2007 were as follows:

General Government	27%
Public Safety	28%
Leisure Time Activities	16%
Community Development	3%
Basic Utility Service	6%
Transportation and Street Repair	15%
Public Health and Welfare	1%
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4%
Total	100%



General Government includes legislative and executive as well as judicial expenses. The level of services provided to City residents continues to be very high. The City seeks to improve the quality and efficiency of existing services as well as consider additional services. Leaf and brush pickup, mulch distribution, refuse collection, aggressive street reconstruction programs, street cleaning, sidewalk in-fill projects, amenities in the parks, and police and volunteer/part time Fire/EMS services all culminate into a full service city. Services in the City of Wyoming have increased and become more efficient over the years. This has been accomplished by the City Council and employees.

Business-Type Activities

The City's business-type activities included Waterworks.

The Waterworks Fund had revenues of \$2,000,740 and operating expenses of \$1,388,156 for 2007. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The business-type activities had operating income of \$612,584 and net assets at the end of the year was \$1,342,678 which increased \$350,309 from 2006. Charges for services in the Waterworks Fund increased due to the City's increase in collections for water services. Water utility expenses remained fairly consistent in 2007 compared to 2006.

The City's Funds

The City has three major governmental funds: the General Fund, Capital Improvement Fund and Equipment Replacement Fund. Assets of the general fund comprised \$9,358,200 (64%), the capital improvement fund comprised \$1,347,267 (9%) and the equipment replacement fund comprised \$3,360,694 (23%) of the total \$14,639,876 governmental funds assets.

General Fund: Fund balance at December 31, 2007 was \$3,898,114 an increase in fund balance of \$304,062 from 2006. The increase in fund balance was mainly due to an increase in tax revenue and grant monies received (intergovernmental revenues).

Capital Improvement Fund: Fund balance at December 31, 2007 was \$136,978 a decrease in fund balance of \$2,928,500 from 2006. The capital improvement fund balance decreased mainly due to the increase in capital outlay for the completion of the Aquatic Center in 2007.

Equipment Replacement Fund: Fund balance at December 31, 2007 was \$3,341,533 an increase in fund balance of \$391,714 from 2006. The equipment replacement fund increased mainly due to the amount of monies transferred in from the general fund.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's General Fund budget is formally adopted at the function level. Financial reports, which compare actual performance with the budget, are prepared monthly and presented to the Council so the Council is able to review the City's financial status and measure the effectiveness of budgetary controls.

As the City completed the year, its General Fund balance reported an actual fund balance of \$3,729,607, on a Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis.

Variations from the final amended budget amounts to the actual amounts are primarily due to the following reasons: The City underestimated the taxes revenue amount and overestimated the general government expenditures for 2007.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 3Capital Assets

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-Type	e Activities	Tot	tal
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006
T I	ΦΩ ΩΩ <i>ζ 55</i> 2	¢0 <10 700	¢10.010	¢10.010	¢0 017 471	¢9. (20. 709
Land	\$8,906,552	\$8,619,789	\$10,919	\$10,919	\$8,917,471	\$8,630,708
Construction in Progress	503,370	1,871,274	6,398	0	509,768	1,871,274
Buildings and Improvements	10,785,980	6,515,096	6,194,420	6,194,420	16,980,400	12,709,516
Equipment	3,315,441	3,109,176	337,852	287,338	3,653,293	3,396,514
Infrastructure	7,447,787	7,065,322	3,125,788	3,125,788	10,573,575	10,191,110
Accumulated Depreciation	(6,635,758)	(6,147,705)	(3,476,357)	(3,276,781)	(10,112,115)	(9,424,486)
Total Net Capital Assets	\$24,323,372	\$21,032,952	\$6,199,020	\$6,341,684	\$30,522,392	\$27,374,636

Increases in Governmental Activities Capital Assets were mainly due to the completion of the Aquatic Center and other various building and equipment improvements throughout the City. Business-type activities decreased due to depreciation expense being greater than 2007 additions.

See note 6 to the notes to the basic financial statements for further details on the City's capital assets.

Debt

At year-end the City had \$14,773,209 in unvoted general obligation and bonds and notes.

Table 4Outstanding Debt at Year End

		2007	2006
Governmental Activities			
General Oblibation Bonds and Notes			
\$2,441,716 Capital Financing Pool	3.15%	\$2,040,000	\$2,155,000
\$1,706,306 Various Purpose Bonds	2.00-5.25%	1,514,899	1,580,124
\$5,000,000 Various Purpose Bonds	4.00-5.00%	4,860,000	5,000,000
Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes		8,414,899	8,735,124
\$245,219 Police Pension Liability	4.30%	181,022	184,453
Business Type Activities			
General Oblibation Bonds and Notes			
\$187,500 Capital Financing Pool	3.15%	130,000	145,000
\$182,343 OPWC Compton Road	3.00%	41,028	50,145
\$102,555 OPWC Van Roberts Place Waterline	3.00%	68,668	73,359
\$2,348,634 OPWC Oak Avenue Waterplant	3.00%	3,852,491	4,080,917
Various Purpose Bonds	2.00-5.25%	2,085,101	2,174,876
Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes		6,177,288	6,524,297
Total Debt		\$14,773,209	\$15,443,874

The City's 10.5% of assessed valuation legal debt margin within limitations was \$31,994,554 at year-end.

See note 9 to the notes to the basic financial statements for further details on the City's long-term debt.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCE DEPARTMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Jennifer Chavarria, Finance Director, City of Wyoming, 800 Oak Avenue, Wyoming, Ohio 45215.

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$7,741,083	\$1,262,257	\$9,003,340
Receivables:			
Taxes	4,833,718	0	4,833,718
Accounts	94,089	371,545	465,634
Interest	51,329	7,942	59,271
Intergovernmental	920,905	0	920,905
Internal Balances	300,000	(300,000)	0
Inventory	32,175	30,529	62,704
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	9,409,922	17,317	9,427,239
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	14,913,450	6,181,703	21,095,153
Total Assets	38,296,671	7,571,293	45,867,964
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	473,047	21,464	494,511
Accrued Wages and Benefits	400,912	6,039	406,951
Accrued Interest Payable	36,110	7,666	43,776
Unearned Revenue	2,624,800	0	2,624,800
Claims Payable	93,208	0	93,208
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable	291,000	0	291,000
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	424,284	359,533	783,817
Due In More Than One Year	8,697,169	5,833,913	14,531,082
Total Liabilities	13,040,530	6,228,615	19,269,145
Net Assets:			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	15,873,484	37,200	15,910,684
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	108,851	15,468	124,319
Other Purposes	436,296	0	436,296
Unrestricted	8,837,510	1,290,010	10,127,520
Total Net Assets	\$25,256,141	\$1,342,678	\$26,598,819

			Program Revenues	
		Charges for	Operating Grants	Capital Grants
	Expenses	Services and Sales	and Contributions	and Contributions
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$2,680,833	\$162,015	\$0	\$0
Public Safety	2,840,887	152,009	4,629	0
Leisure Time Activities	1,624,584	692,788	0	0
Community Development	360,978	70,326	3,126	0
Basic Utility Service	584,599	98,695	0	0
Transportation and Street Repair	1,554,616	6,690	475,097	283,604
Public Health and Welfare	50,269	0	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	404,138	0	0	0
Total Governmental Activities	10,100,904	1,182,523	482,852	283,604
Business-Type Activities:				
Waterworks	1,603,491	2,000,740	0	0
Totals	\$11,704,395	\$3,183,263	\$482,852	\$283,604

General Revenues:

Income Taxes

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Other Revenues

Transfers-Internal Activities

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets Beginning of Year

Net Assets End of Year

	et (Expense) Revenue					
and	Changes in Net Asse	ts				
Governmental	Governmental Business-Type					
Activities	Activities	Total				
(\$2,518,818)	\$0	(\$2,518,818)				
(2,684,249)	0	(2,684,249)				
(931,796)	0	(931,796)				
(287,526)	0	(287,526)				
(485,904)	0	(485,904)				
(789,225)	0	(789,225)				
(50,269)	0	(50,269)				
(404,138)	0	(404,138)				
(8,151,925)	0	(8,151,925)				
0	397,249	397,249				
(\$8,151,925)	\$397,249	(\$7,754,676)				
4,605,216	0	4,605,216				
2,744,068	0	2,744,068				
1,679,077	0	1,679,077				
460,683	52,983	513,666				
43,329	0	43,329				
99,923	(99,923)	0				
9,632,296	(46,940)	9,585,356				
1,480,371	350,309	1,830,680				
23,775,770	992,369	24,768,139				
\$25,256,141	\$1,342,678	\$26,598,819				

	General	Capital Improvement	Equipment Replacement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:	¢2 925 242	¢1 100 402	\$2.204.117	\$222.240	¢7.741.092
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$3,825,243	\$1,189,483	\$2,394,117	\$332,240	\$7,741,083
Taxes	4,833,718	0	0	0	4,833,718
Accounts	87,124	0	0	6.965	94,089
Interest	49,907	0	0	1,422	51,329
Intergovernmental	562,208	157,784	0	200.913	920,905
Interfund	0	0	966,577	0	966,577
Inventory	0	0	0	32,175	32,175
Total Assets	9,358,200	1,347,267	3,360,694	573,715	14,639,876
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	193,760	248,748	19,161	11,378	473,047
Accrued Wages and Benefits	392,182	0	0	8,730	400,912
Accrued Interest Payable	0	3,964	0	0	3,964
Interfund Payable	0	666,577	0	0	666,577
Deferred Revenue	4,780,936	0	0	167,526	4,948,462
Claims Payable	93,208	0	0	0	93,208
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable	0	291,000	0	0	291,000
Total Liabilities	5,460,086	1,210,289	19,161	187,634	6,877,170
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for Encumbrances	58,763	1,009,384	939,128	49,899	2,057,174
Reserved for Inventory	0	0	0	32,175	32,175
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:					
General Fund	3,839,351	0	0	0	3,839,351
Special Revenue Funds	0	0	0	303,962	303,962
Debt Service Funds	0	0	0	45	45
Capital Projects Funds	0	(872,406)	2,402,405	0	1,529,999
Total Fund Balances	3,898,114	136,978	3,341,533	386,081	7,762,706
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$9,358,200	\$1,347,267	\$3,360,694	\$573,715	\$14,639,876

Total Governmental Fund Balance		\$7,762,706
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		24,323,372
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Income Taxes	1,662,207	
Delinquent Property Taxes	119,045	
Interest	19,396	
Intergovernmental	523,014	
		2,323,662
In the statement of net assets interest payable is accrued when		
incurred, whereas in the governmental funds interest is		
reported as a liability only when it will require the use of		
current financial resources.		(32,146)
		(- , -,
Some liabilities reported in the statement of net assets do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences	(525,532)	
_	()	(505,500)
		(525,532)
Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(8,595,921)
1	=	(-77-
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	=	\$25,256,141

	General	Capital Improvement	Equipment Replacement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$6,975,423	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,975,423
Fines, Licenses & Permits	109,040	0	0	5,450	114,490
Charges for Services	162,815	3,126	0	687,338	853,279
Investment Earnings	444,360	0	0	15,143	459,503
Intergovernmental	1,655,922	172,184	45,000	418,702	2,291,808
Special Assessments	0	1,712	0	0	1,712
Other Revenues	160,109	63,871	0	4,357	228,337
Total Revenues	9,507,669	240,893	45,000	1,130,990	10,924,552
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government	2,577,727	0	0	0	2,577,727
Public Safety	2,451,560	0	0	38,703	2,490,263
Leisure Time Activities	93,198	0	0	1,121,589	1,214,787
Community Development	295,359	0	0	0	295,359
Basic Utility Service	519,012	0	0	0	519,012
Transportation and Street Repair	567,010	0	0	291,344	858,354
Public Health and Welfare	50,269	0	0	0	50,269
Capital Outlay	0	4,136,348	314,285	312,410	4,763,043
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	3,431	260,225	0	60,000	323,656
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,803	364,820	0	34,161	406,784
Total Expenditures	6,565,369	4,761,393	314,285	1,858,207	13,499,254
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,942,300	(4,520,500)	(269,285)	(727,217)	(2,574,702)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	12,111	1,592,000	660,999	485,162	2,750,272
Transfers (Out)	(2,650,349)	0	0	0	(2,650,349)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,638,238)	1,592,000	660,999	485,162	99,923
Net Change in Fund Balance	304,062	(2,928,500)	391,714	(242,055)	(2,474,779)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,594,052	3,065,478	2,949,819	630,121	10,239,470
Change in Reserve for Inventory	0	0	0	(1,985)	(1,985)
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,898,114	\$136,978	\$3,341,533	\$386,081	\$7,762,706

City of Wyoming, Ohio Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2007

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds (\$2,474,779)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of the difference between capital asset additions and depreciation in the current period.

Capital assets used in governmental activities 3,948,629

Depreciation Expense (653,031)

3,295,598

Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. The amount of the proceeds must be removed and the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets must be recognized. This is the amount of the difference between the proceeds and the gain or loss.

(5,178)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Income Taxes	400,994
Delinquent Property Taxes	(3)
Interest	1,180
Intergovernmental	28,809

430,980

Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.

323,656

In the statement of activities interest expense is accrued when incurred, whereas in governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due.

2,646

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated Absences	(90,567)
Change in Inventory	(1,985)

(92,552)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$1,480,371

	Waterworks
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$1,262,257
Receivables:	
Accounts	371,545
Interest	7,942
Inventory	30,529
Total Current Assets	1,672,273
Noncurrent Assets:	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	17,317
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	6,181,703
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,199,020
Total Assets	7,871,293
Liabilities:	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	21,464
Accrued Wages and Benefits	6,039
Compensated Absences	2,582
Accrued Interest Payable	7,666
Interfund Payable	300,000
Long-Term Liabilities Due Within One Year	356,951
The LC Control of the	604.700
Total Current Liabilities	694,702
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Compensated Absences	13,576
Bonds, Notes & Loans Payable	5,820,337
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,833,913
Total Liabilities	6,528,615
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	37,200
Restricted for:	2.,200
Capital Projects	15,468
Unrestricted	1,290,010
	•
Total Net Assets	\$1,342,678

	Waterworks
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for Services	\$2,000,740
Total Operating Revenues	2,000,740
Operating Expenses:	
Personal Services	387,592
Contractual Services	481,729
Materials and Supplies	316,959
Depreciation	201,876
Total Operating Expenses	1,388,156
Operating Income (Loss)	612,584
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):	
Investment Earnings	52,983
Interest (Expense)	(215,335)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(162,352)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	450,232
Transfers (Out)	(99,923)
Change in Net Assets	350,309
Net Assets Beginning of Year	992,369
Net Assets End of Year	\$1,342,678

	Waterworks
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	#1 000 150
Cash Received from Customers	\$1,898,453
Cash Payments to Employees	(403,783)
Cash Payments to Suppliers	(797,320)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	697,350
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Payments from Other Funds	842,539
Payments to Other Funds	(642,462)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	200,077
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Payments for Capital Acquisitions	(59,212)
Debt Principal Payments	(347,009)
Debt Interest Payments	(215,537)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and	
Related Financing Activities	(621 758)
Related Financing Activities	(621,758)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Earnings on Investments	50,216
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Cash Flows from Investing Activities	50,216
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	325,885
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	936,372
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	1,262,257
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	
Operating Income (Loss)	612,584
Adjustments:	201.054
Depreciation	201,876
Changes in Assets & Liabilities:	(100.007)
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables	(102,287)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory	(13,781)
Increase (Decrease) in Payables	15,149
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities	(16,191)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$697,350

	Kathryn Bond Private Purpose Trust	Agency
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$37,615	\$251,681
Receivables:		
Accounts	0	306,275
Total Assets	37,615	\$557,956
Liabilities:		
Intergovernmental Payable	0	557,956
Total Liabilities	0	\$557,956
Net Assets:		
Held in Trust	37,615	
Total Net Assets	\$37,615	

	Kathryn Bond Private Purpose Trus		
Additions:			
Investment Earnings	\$1,278		
Total Additions	1,278		
Deductions:			
General Government	0		
Total Deductions	0		
Change in Net Assets	1,278		
Net Assets Beginning of Year	36,337		
Net Assets End of Year	\$37,615		

CITY OF WYOMING, OHIO

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2007

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY AND REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Wyoming (City) is a political body incorporated and established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The City operates under a council-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public services, recreation and development.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City, this includes; police and fire, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, community development, street maintenance, water, sewer and waste collection. Council and the City Manager have direct responsibility for these activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board; and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organizations. Component units may also include organizations for which the City authorizes the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes, or determines the budget. There are no component units included as part of this report.

The Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA) is a risk sharing insurance pool established for the purpose of enabling the subscribing political subdivisions to obtain liability insurance and providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance fund for its members. The members formed a not-for-profit corporation known as Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. for the purpose of administering the pool. The subscribing members of the self-insurance pool include the Cities of Beavercreek, Bellbrook, Blue Ash, Centerville, Englewood, Kettering, Madeira, Mason, Miamisburg, Montgomery, Piqua, Sidney, Springdale, Tipp City, Troy, Vandalia, West Carrollton, Wilmington, Wyoming, and the Village of Indian Hill. The City has no explicit and measurable equity interest in MVRMA and no ongoing financial responsibility for MVRMA.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its enterprise funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. For proprietary funds the City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Assets.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City and/or the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> – To account for various capital projects financed by governmental funds.

<u>Equipment Replacement Fund</u> – Created in 1981 to fund the acquisition and replacement of equipment. This fund does not generate any revenue and is financed by transfers from other funds. Expenditures are monies expended for the purchase of major pieces of equipment.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources that are generally restricted to use for a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The City has no internal service funds.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's enterprise fund:

<u>Waterworks</u> – Accounts for all operations of the City's waterplant. Revenues include the sale of metered water, penalties, disconnecting fees, etc. Expenses are comprised of personnel and operating costs.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: agency funds, pension trust funds, investment trust funds and private-purpose trust funds. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. Trust funds are used to account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City currently has a Private Purpose Trust fund (Kathryn Bond Trust). The Kathryn Bond Trust is to account for donations received and designated to the Kathryn Bond Trust fund. The City also has two Agency Funds (Sewer and Mayor's Court). The Sewer agency is to account for all revenues collected for the Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD) for provision of sewer service to the citizens of Wyoming and to record sewer service charges paid to MSD. The Mayor's Court agency is to account for funds that flow through the Mayor's Court Office.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within thirty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax), fines and forfeitures, interest, grants and fees.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of the current year-end, but which were levied to finance future operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Special assessments not received within the available period and grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents amounts under the accrual basis of accounting for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met because such amounts have not yet been earned.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

To improve cash management the City's cash and investments are pooled. Monies for all funds, except cash and investments held in segregated accounts, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements.

Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices, with the exception of nonparticipating repurchase agreements, which are reported at cost. For investments in openend mutual funds, fair value is determined by the fund's share price.

During the year, the City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio). STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for at year-end.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows the enterprise fund's portion of Pooled cash and investments is considered a cash equivalent because enterprise funds can access their balance of the investment pool at any time without any prior notice or penalty.

Following the Ohio Revised Code, the City has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenues during 2007 amounted to \$444,360 in the General Fund, \$15,143 in Other Governmental Funds, \$1,278 in Kathryn Bond Private Purpose Trust, and \$52,983 in the Waterworks Fund.

Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Inventories of the proprietary funds are expensed when used.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective proprietary funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The City's capitalization threshold is \$5,000. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City's infrastructure consists of bridges, culverts, curbs, sidewalks, storm sewers, streets, and water and sewer lines. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	25-50 years
Equipment	5-20 years
Infrastructure	40-60 years

Compensated Absences

The City reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is due and payable. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Fund Balance Reserves

The City reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. As a result, encumbrances and inventories are recorded as a reservation of fund balance.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for Other Purposes include programs (state and federal grants) for street and highway improvements and mandatory fines for various court programs.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. Of the City's \$560,615 in restricted net assets, none were restricted by enabling legislation.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The City, in its proprietary fund, distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund (internal) activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statement of activities. The interfund services provided and used are not eliminated through the process of consolidation.

Self-Insurance

The City provides health insurance benefits through a self-insured program. This program is accounted for in the General Fund. The liability for unpaid claims includes estimates of costs related to incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims if it is probable that an IBNR liability has been incurred at year-end and the IBNR amount can be reasonably estimated.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

3. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments."

State statute requires the classification of monies held by the City into three categories:

<u>Active Monies</u> - Those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the City. Such monies must by law be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand.

<u>Inactive Monies</u> – Those monies not required for use within the current two year period of designated depositories. Ohio law permits inactive monies to be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designated depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

<u>Interim Monies</u> – Those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Ohio law permits interim monies to be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- (1) Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest.
- (2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal governmental agency.
- (3) No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
- (4) Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying for interim monies to be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including, but limited to, passbook accounts.
- (5) Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio.
- (6) The Ohio State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- (7) Commercial paper and banker's acceptances which meet the requirements established by Ohio Revised Code, Sec. 135.142.
- (8) Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's policy for deposits is any balance not covered by depository insurance will be collateralized by the financial institutions with pledged securities. As of December 31, 2007, \$3,278,821 of the City's bank balance of \$3,478,821 was exposed to custodial risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 135, Uniform Depository Act, authorizes pledging of pooled securities in lieu of specific securities. Specifically, a designated public depository may pledge a single pool of eligible securities to secure repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution, provided that all times the total value of the securities so pledged is at least equal to 105% of the total amount of all public deposits secured by the pool, including the portion of such deposits covered by any federal deposit insurance.

Investments

As of December 31, 2007, the City had the following investments:

		Weighed Average
Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity (Years)
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$1,256,666	0.73
Federal Home Loan Bank - Discount Note	321,527	0.21
Fannie Mae	407,792	1.10
Freddie Mac	839,699	0.82
Freddie Mac - Discount Note	93,013	0.41
Federal Home Loan Corporation - Discount Note	97,285	0.02
Federal National Mortgage Association	100,619	0.67
US Treasury N/B	262,993	0.35
STAR Ohio	2,438,635	0.11
Money Market Fund	53,705	0.00
Total Fair Value	\$5,871,934	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity		0.44

Interest rate risk - In accordance with the investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to five years, unless matched to a specified obligation or debt of the City.

Credit Risk – It is the City's policy to limit its investments that are not obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government to investments which have the highest credit quality rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City's investments in Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank – Discount Note, Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, Freddie Mac – Discount Note, Federal Home Loan Corporation – Discount Note, Federal National Mortgage Association, and in Money Market Funds were rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and Fitch ratings and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. Investments in STAROhio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poors.

Concentration of credit risk – The City's investment policy allows investments in Federal Government Securities or Instrumentalities. The City has invested 21% in Federal Home Loan Bank, 5% in Federal Home Loan Bank – Discount Note, 7% in Fannie Mae, 14% in Freddie Mac, 2% in Freddie Mac – Discount Note, 2% in Federal Home Loan Corporation – Discount Note, 2% in Federal National Mortgage Association, 4% in U.S. Treasury N/B, 42% in STAROhio and 1% in Money Market Funds.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the City's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the City or at least registered in the name of the City.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year end, consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, intergovernmental receivables arising from entitlements, shared revenues, accrued interest on investments, interfund and accounts receivable.

No allowances for doubtful accounts have been recorded because uncollectible amounts are expected to be insignificant.

Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2007 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2006 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2007 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for 2007 taxes.

2007 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2007, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2007, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2007 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2008 operations.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2007 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2006, are levied after October 1, 2007, and are collected in 2008 with real property taxes.

2007 tangible personal property taxes are levied after October 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2006. Collections are made in 2007. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value.

The tangible personal property tax will phase out over a four-year period starting with tax year 2006 and ending with no tax due in 2009. This phase-out applies to most businesses and includes furniture and fixtures, machinery and equipment and inventory. New manufacturing machinery and equipment first reportable on the 2006 and subsequent year returns is not subject to the personal property tax.

The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which current year property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	\$299,527,030
Public Utility	3,403,410
Tangible Personal Property	1,779,600
Total Valuation	\$304,710,040

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due January 20 with the remainder payable by June 20.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30; with the remainder payable by September 20.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the City. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Accrued property taxes receivable represent real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of year end for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at year end, nor were they levied to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by deferred revenue.

Income Taxes

The City levies a tax of .8% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned within the City as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the City.

Employers within the City withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file an annual declaration.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is one of twenty members of a joint insurance pool, Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA), with the cities of Englewood, Bellbrook and Centerville added in 2004. The pool has been operational since December 1, 1988, and was formed according to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. This joint venture covers all property, crime, liability, boiler and machinery, and public official liability up to the limits stated below. It is intended to provide broad-based coverage up to the various limits with increased emphasis on safety and loss prevention. During 2007, the MVRMA Board made a decision not to expand into the Columbus market at this time by adding the three members of CORMA, another risk pool.

MVRMA is a corporation governed by a twenty member board of trustees, consisting of a representative appointed by each of the member cities. The board of trustees elects the officers of the corporation, with each trustee having a single vote. The board is responsible for its own financial matters and the corporation maintains its own book of accounts. Budget and financing of MVRMA is subject to the approval of the board.

Excess insurance coverage will cover additional claims up to the limits listed below:

General Liability: \$10,000,000/occurrence Automobile Liability: \$10,000,000/occurrence

MVRMA self-insured retention (SIR) \$1 million/occurrence with \$9 million excess \$1 million reinsured by Government Entities Mutual Inc. (GEM). GEM then retroceded \$8 million to Munich Re America

Police Professional Liability: \$10,000,000/occurrence

MVRMA self-insured retention (SIR) \$1 million/occurrence with \$9 million excess \$1 million reinsured by Government Entities Mutual Inc. (GEM). GEM then retroceded \$8 million to Munich Re America

Employment Practices Liability and Public Officials Liability Including Employee Benefits Liability

MVRMA self-insured retention (SIR) \$1 million/occurrence with \$9 million excess \$1 million reinsured by Government Entities Mutual Inc. (GEM). GEM then retroceded \$8 million to Munich Re America – Annual aggregate \$10 million per member

Property (effective 7/1/07-7/1/08):

\$1,000,000,000/occurrence

MVRMA SIR: \$200,000/occurrence

Coverage excess SIR provided by PEPIP USA with carriers as follows:

Lexington Insurance Company (Primary \$25 million)

Layers excess of \$25 million will be composed of a combination of the following insurance carriers:

AXIS Specialty Insurance Corp.

C.N.A./Continental Casualty Insurance Co.

Commonwealth Insurance Company

Essex Insurance

Global Excess - Lloyds of London

GMAC Re

Great American Insurance Co.

Lancashire Re

Lloyd's of London

Munich Re/Great Lakes

One Beacon/Homeland Insurance Co.

Traveler's Insurance Company

XL America

Zurich/Steadfast Insurance

Flood (included in property policy effective 7/1/07):

\$25 million/occurrence and annual aggregate (Flood Zone A & V - \$5

million/occurrence and annual aggregate)

MVRMA SIR: \$100,000/occurrence excluding Flood Zones A & V

MVRMA SIR: \$250,000/occurrence Flood Zones A & V

Earthquake (included in property policy effective 7/1/07):

\$25 million/occurrence and annual aggregate

MVRMA SIR: \$100,000/occurrence

Boiler & Machinery (included in PEPIP Program effective 7/1/07):

\$100,000,000/occurrence

MVRMA SIR: \$5,000/occurrence Coverage excess SIR provided:

Lexington Insurance Company – 100% of \$25 million Primary CNA Insurance Company – 50% of \$75 million Excess of \$25 million Foreign Excess Ins. Companies – 50% of \$75 million Excess of \$25 million

Member Deductible/occurrence - \$2,500

There has been no material change in this coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Self-Insurance

The City has a self-insured group health insurance program for employees and their eligible dependents. This program is accounted for in the General Fund. The claims liability of \$93,208 reported in the fund at year end based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the fund's claims liability amounts were as follows:

		Current		
	Beginning of	Claims and		Balance at
	Fiscal Year	Changes in	Claims	Fiscal
Fiscal Year	<u>Liability</u>	<u>Estimates</u>	<u>Payments</u>	Year-End
2007	\$138,343	\$538,959	(\$584,094)	\$93,208
2006	57,203	793,522	(712,382)	138,343

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the current year end was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$8,619,789	\$286,763	\$0	\$8,906,552
Construction in Progress	1,871,274	2,904,696	4,272,600	503,370
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	6,515,096	4,270,884	0	10,785,980
Equipment	3,109,176	376,421	170,156	3,315,441
Infrastructure	7,065,322	382,465	0	7,447,787
Totals at Historical Cost	27,180,657	8,221,229	4,442,756	30,959,130
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	1,845,737	251,082	0	2,096,819
Equipment	1,874,094	292,769	164,978	2,001,885
Infrastructure	2,427,874	109,180	0	2,537,054
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$6,147,705	\$653,031	\$164,978	\$6,635,758
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$21,032,952	\$7,568,198	\$4,277,778	\$24,323,372
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:	#10.010	ф.	Φ0	#10.010
Land	\$10,919	\$0	\$0	\$10,919
Construction in Progress Capital Assets, being depreciated:	0	6,398	0	6,398
Buildings and Improvements	6,194,420	0	0	6,194,420
Equipment	287,338	52,814	2,300	337,852
Infrastructure	3,125,788	0	0	3,125,788
Totals at Historical Cost	9,618,465	59,212	2,300	9,675,377
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	1,606,203	140,572	0	1,746,775
Equipment Equipment	217,825	17,293	2,300	232,818
Infrastructure	1,452,753	44,011	0	1,496,764
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$3,276,781	\$201,876	\$2,300	\$3,476,357
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$6,341,684	(\$142,664)	\$0	\$6,199,020

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$52,543
Public Safety	180,021
Leisure Time	190,571
Community Development	59,301
Basic Utility	24,805
Transportation	145,790
Total Depreciation Expense	\$653,031

7. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

In accordance with GASB Statement 16, the City accrues certain portions of unpaid sick leave and vacation pay as payment becomes probable. Each full-time, permanent employee is credited with 10 hours of sick leave per calendar month of service, to a maximum of 120 hours per year. Sick leave credit may be accumulated to a maximum of 2,225 hours. Upon retirement, employees are paid for a maximum of two-thirds of unused accumulated sick leave, provided however, that no more than 1,072 hours may be paid regardless of the accumulated amount.

All full-time employees earn vacation at varying rates based upon length of service. An employee's vacation must be used during the period in which it is earned unless the City Manager allows the balance to be carried over to the following year. Upon separation from the City, the employee (or his/her estate) is paid for his/her accumulated unused vacation leave balance. As of December 31, 2007, the liability for unpaid compensation absences was \$541,690. \$16,158 is reported in the Enterprise fund.

8. NOTES PAYABLE

A summary of the note transactions for the current year end are as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	<u>Issued</u>	Retired	Balance
Capital Improvement Fund:				
Bond Anticipation Note 4.25%	\$0	\$291,000	\$0	\$291,000

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

A schedule of changes in bonds and other long-term obligations of the City during the current year follows:

		Beginning			Ending	Due Within
		Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities						
General Obligation Bonds and Notes						
\$2,441,716 Capital Financing Pool	3.15%	\$2,155,000	\$0	(\$115,000)	\$2,040,000	\$125,000
\$1,706,366 Various Purpose Bonds	2.00-5.25%	1,580,124	0	(65,225)	1,514,899	67,329
\$5,000,000 Various Purpose Bonds	4.00%-5.00%	5,000,000	0	(140,000)	4,860,000	170,000
Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes	•	8,735,124	0	(320,225)	8,414,899	362,329
\$245,219 Police Pension Liability	4.30%	184,453	0	(3,431)	181,022	3,579
Compensated Absences		434,965	148,723	(58,156)	525,532	58,376
Total Governmental Activities	:	\$9,354,542	\$148,723	(\$381,812)	\$9,121,453	\$424,284
Business Type Activities						
General Obligation Bonds and Notes						
\$187,500 Capital Financing Pool	3.20%	\$145,000	\$0	(\$15,000)	\$130,000	\$15,000
\$182,343 OPWC Compton Road	3.00%	50,145	0	(9,117)	41,028	9,117
\$102,555 OPWC Van Roberts Place Waterline	3.00%	73,359	0	(4,691)	68,668	4,833
\$5,222,608 OPWC Oak Avenue Waterline	3.00%	4,080,917	0	(228,426)	3,852,491	235,330
\$2,348,634 Various Purpose Bonds	2.00-5.25%	2,174,876	0	(89,775)	2,085,101	92,671
Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes	-	6,524,297	0	(347,009)	6,177,288	356,951
Compensated Absences	-	23,283	9,237	(16,362)	16,158	2,582
Total Business-Type Activities	=	\$6,547,580	\$9,237	(\$363,371)	\$6,193,446	\$359,533

The City's bonds and notes will be paid from the Public Facility Note Retirement Fund, Property Acquisition Note Retirement Fund, Capital Improvement Fund and Waterworks Fund. The Police Pension Liability will be paid from the General Fund.

Compensated Absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid. Historically, this is the General Fund or a Special Revenue Fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's general obligation debt and notes outstanding at year end are as follows:

Year Ending			
December 31	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2008	\$719,280	\$563,776	\$1,283,056
2009	736,537	540,977	1,277,514
2010	759,017	516,578	1,275,595
2011	791,721	490,724	1,282,445
2012	805,101	463,137	1,268,238
2013-2017	4,350,421	1,848,572	6,198,993
2018-2022	4,390,110	927,674	5,317,784
2023-2027	2,040,000	182,078	2,222,078
Total	\$14,592,187	\$5,533,516	\$20,125,703
-			

Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's Police Pension Liability outstanding at year end are as follows:

Year Ending			
December 31	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2008	\$3,579	\$7,656	\$11,235
2009	3,733	7,502	11,235
2010	3,893	7,342	11,235
2011	4,060	7,175	11,235
2012	4,234	7,000	11,234
2013-2017	24,059	32,112	56,171
2018-2022	29,687	26,482	56,169
2023-2027	36,634	19,534	56,168
2028-2032	45,218	10,960	56,178
2033-2035	25,925	1,655	27,580
Total	\$181,022	\$127,418	\$308,440

10. PENSION PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

All full-time employees, other than non-administrative full-time police officers and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. OPERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling 614-222-6701 or 800-222-7377, or by visiting the OPERS website at www.opers.org.

Members have a choice of three separate pension plans, a Traditional Pension Plan (TP), a Member-Directed Plan (MD) and a Combined Plan (CO). The TP Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The MD Plan is a defined contribution plan in which member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the MD Plan members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings thereon. The CO Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the CO Plan employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the TP Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the MD Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the TP and CO Plans. Members of the MD Plan do not qualify for the ancillary benefits.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. The employer pension contribution rate for the City is 13.85 percent of covered payroll. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The City's required contributions to OPERS for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 were \$332,217, \$301,422, and \$279,603, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2006 and 2005 and 92% has been contributed for 2007.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the OP&F's Board of Trustees. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and by Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 - 5164, or by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org.

Police and firefighters are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations and the City is required to contribute 19.5 percent for police and 24.0 percent for firefighters. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The City's contributions to the OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 were \$256,197, \$229,576, and \$224,106, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2006 and 2005 and 70% has been contributed for 2007.

11. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan – a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan – a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-employment health card coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by writing OPERS, attention: Finance Director, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post retirement health care benefits.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2007, the City contributed at 13.85% of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14% of covered payroll. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OPERS' Post Employment Health Care Plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determined the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post employment health care benefits. For 2007, the employer contribution allocated to the health care plan from January 1 through June 30, 2007 and July 1 through December 31, 2007 was 5.0% and 6.0% of covered payroll, respectively. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

Information from City's Records

The City's actual contributions for the current year, which were used to fund postemployment benefits, were \$57,958 for the period of January 1 through June 30, 2007 and were \$74,371 for the period of July 1 through December 31, 2007, \$99,007 for December 31, 2006 and \$82,540 for December 31, 2005.

OPERS Retirement Board Implements its Health Care Preservation Plan

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, will be effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2008 which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

Other Information

At December 31, 2007, the number of active contributing participants in the Traditional and Combined Plans totaled 374,979. The number of active contributing participants for both plans used in the December 31, 2006 actuarial valuation was 362,130.

The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2006, (the latest information available) were \$12.0 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$30.7 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

<u>Plan Description</u>

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment healthcare plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement healthcare coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The healthcare coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide healthcare coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of the covered payroll for police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F's post employment healthcare plan was established and is administered as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account within the defined benefit pension plan; under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F board of trustees. The board of trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the 401h account as the employer contribution for retiree healthcare benefits. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the healthcare plan each year is subject to the trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and also is limited by the provisions of Section 401h.

The OP&F board of trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the healthcare plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

<u>Information from City's Records</u>

The City's contributions to OP&F for the year ending December 31, 2007 were \$81,758 for police and \$5,627 for fire; for the year ending December 31, 2006 were \$83,403 for police and \$6,369 for fire; and for the year ending December 31, 2005 were \$81,577 for police and \$7,491 for fire, respectively, was allocated to the healthcare plan.

Other Information

The number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2006, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, are 14,120 for Police and 10,563 for Firefighters. OP&F's total health care expense for the year ending December 31, 2006, the date of the last actuarial valuation available, was \$120,373,722, which was net of member contributions of \$58,532,848.

12. INTERFUND BALANCES

Individual fund interfund receivable, interfund payable, transfers in and transfers out balances at fiscal year-end are as follows:

	Inte	Interfund		nsfers
	Receivable	<u>Payable</u>	<u>In</u>	<u>Out</u>
General Fund	\$0	\$0	\$12,111	\$2,650,349
Capital Improvement Fund	0	666,577	1,592,000	0
Equipment Replacement Fund	966,577	0	660,999	0
Waterworks Fund	0	300,000	0	99,923
Other Governmental Funds	0	0	485,162	0
Total All Funds	<u>\$966,577</u>	<u>\$966,577</u>	\$2,750,272	\$2,750,272

Interfund balances/transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

13. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

The City had the following outstanding commitments at year end:

Projects	Amount
Blight Elimination/Memorial Park	\$66,267
Foster Memorial Park Improvements	25,116
Mapping Program	33,000
City Hike/Bike Trail	220,140
Recreation Center Elevator	134,567
Municipal Building Stairway	5,000
Recreation Center Stoplight	104,276
Recreation Center Improvements	68,101
Access Control System	86,248
Finance Software	131,266
Repainting of Water Tower	306,977
Reservoir Roof Replacement	6,625
Total	\$1,187,583

14. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended December 31, 2007, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions."

Statement No. 45 addresses how state and local governments should account for and report their costs and obligations related to postemployment healthcare and other non-pension benefits. This also establishes disclosure requirements for information about the plans in which an employer participates, the funding policy followed, the actuarial valuation process and assumptions, and for certain employers, the extent to which the plan has been funded over time. Collectively, these benefits are commonly referred to as "other postemployment benefits (OPEB)."

There was no effect on fund balance/net assets as a result of the implementation of these new standards.



General Fund

Revenues: Security Final Budget Final Budget Actual Variance From Budget Revenues: Taxes \$5,947,572 \$6,734,166 \$6,916,679 \$182,513 Fines, Licenses & Permits \$95,208 \$98,600 \$10,721 \$12,121 Intergovermental \$1330,591 \$14,1191 \$1,557,866 \$145,747 Charges for Services \$140,593 \$136,175 \$163,502 \$27,327 Investment Earnings \$396,07 \$345,500 \$433,164 \$98,664 Other Revenues \$8,050,310 \$8,75,550 \$9,362,041 \$486,649 Total Revenues \$8,050,310 \$8,75,550 \$9,362,041 \$486,491 Expenditures: Carrent Government \$2,168,444 \$2,182,433 \$2,010,791 \$171,642 Public Safety \$2,589,683 \$2,606,390 \$2,401,405 \$204,985 Leisure Time Activities \$100,505 \$101,153 \$9,362 \$25,993 Basic Utility Service \$577,617 \$813,434 \$53,622 \$45,721			Func	l	
Taxes \$5,947,572 \$6,734,166 \$6,916,679 \$182,513 Fines, Licenses & Permits 95,208 98,600 110,721 12,121 Intergovernmental 1,339,591 1,412,119 1,557,866 145,747 Charges for Services 140,593 136,175 163,502 27,327 Investment Earnings 389,670 354,500 453,164 98,664 Other Revenues 8,050,310 8,875,550 9,362,041 486,491 Expenditures: Current: 8,050,310 8,875,550 9,362,041 486,491 Expenditures: Current: General Government 2,168,444 2,182,433 2,010,791 171,642 Public Safety 2,589,683 2,606,390 2,401,405 204,985 Leisure Time Activities 100,505 101,153 93,198 7,955 Community Development 317,015 3119,060 293,967 25,093 Basic Utility Service 577,617 581,343 535,622		· ·		Actual	
Fines, Licenses & Permits 95,208 98,600 110,721 12,121 Intergovernmental 1,339,591 1,412,119 1,557,866 145,747 Charges for Services 140,593 136,175 163,502 27,327 Investment Earnings 389,670 354,500 453,164 98,664 Other Revenues 137,676 139,990 160,109 20,119 Total Revenues 8,050,310 8,875,550 9,362,041 486,491 Expenditures: Current:	Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	Taxes	\$5,947,572	\$6,734,166	\$6,916,679	\$182,513
Charges for Services 140,593 136,175 163,502 27,327 Investment Earnings 389,670 354,500 453,164 98,664 Other Revenues 137,676 139,990 160,109 20,119 Total Revenues 8,050,310 8,875,550 9,362,041 486,491 Expenditures: Current: General Government 2,168,444 2,182,433 2,010,791 171,642 Public Safety 2,589,683 2,606,390 2,401,405 204,985 Leisure Time Activities 100,505 101,153 93,198 7,955 Community Development 317,015 319,060 293,967 25,093 Basic Utility Service 577,617 581,343 355,622 45,721 Transportation & Street Repair 607,611 611,531 563,436 48,095 Public Health and Welfare 7,863 71,320 65,711 5,609 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,700 3,724 3,431 293 Interest and Fisc	Fines, Licenses & Permits	95,208	98,600	110,721	12,121
Investment Earnings 389,670 354,500 453,164 98,664 Other Revenues 137,676 139,990 160,109 20,119 Total Revenues 8,050,310 8,875,550 9,362,041 486,491 Expenditures: Current: Current: General Government 2,168,444 2,182,433 2,010,791 171,642 Pubic Safety 2,589,683 2,606,390 2,401,405 204,985 Leisure Time Activities 100,505 101,153 93,198 7,955 Community Development 317,015 319,060 293,967 25,093 Basic Utility Service 577,617 581,343 535,622 45,721 Transportation & Street Repair 607,611 611,531 563,436 48,095 Public Health and Welfare 70,863 71,320 65,711 5,609 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,700 3,724 3,431 293 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,415 8,469 7,803 666	Intergovernmental	1,339,591	1,412,119	1,557,866	145,747
Other Revenues 137,676 139,990 160,109 20,119 Total Revenues 8,050,310 8,875,550 9,362,041 486,491 Expenditures: Current: General Government 2,168,444 2,182,433 2,010,791 171,642 Public Safety 2,589,683 2,606,390 2,401,405 204,985 Leisure Time Activities 100,505 101,153 93,198 7,955 Community Development 317,015 319,960 293,967 25,993 Basic Utility Service 577,617 581,343 535,622 45,721 Transportation & Street Repair 607,611 611,531 563,436 48,095 Public Health and Welfare 70,863 71,320 65,711 5,609 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,700 3,724 3,431 293 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,415 8,469 7,803 666 Total Expenditures 6,443,853 6,485,423 5,975,364 510,059 Excess of Revenues Over	Charges for Services	140,593	136,175	163,502	27,327
Expenditures:	Investment Earnings	389,670	354,500	453,164	98,664
Expenditures: Current: General Government	Other Revenues	137,676	139,990	160,109	20,119
Current: Current 2,168,444 2,182,433 2,010,791 171,642 Public Safety 2,589,683 2,606,390 2,401,405 204,985 Leisure Time Activities 100,505 101,153 93,198 7,955 Community Development 317,015 319,060 293,967 25,093 Basic Utility Service 577,617 581,343 535,622 45,721 Transportation & Street Repair 607,611 611,531 563,436 48,095 Public Health and Welfare 70,863 71,320 65,711 5,609 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,700 3,724 3,431 293 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,415 8,469 7,803 666 Total Expenditures 6,443,853 6,485,423 5,975,364 510,059 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,606,457 2,390,127 3,386,677 996,550 Other financing sources (uses): 10,663,936 (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) </td <td>Total Revenues</td> <td>8,050,310</td> <td>8,875,550</td> <td>9,362,041</td> <td>486,491</td>	Total Revenues	8,050,310	8,875,550	9,362,041	486,491
General Government 2,168,444 2,182,433 2,010,791 171,642 Public Safety 2,589,683 2,606,390 2,401,405 204,985 Leisure Time Activities 100,505 101,153 93,198 7,955 Community Development 317,015 319,060 293,967 25,093 Basic Utility Service 577,617 581,343 535,622 45,721 Transportation & Street Repair 607,611 611,531 563,436 48,095 Public Health and Welfare 70,863 71,320 65,711 5,609 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,700 3,724 3,431 293 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,415 8,469 7,803 666 Total Expenditures 6,443,853 6,485,423 5,975,364 510,059 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,606,457 2,390,127 3,386,677 996,550 Other financing sources (uses): 102,689 119,421 119,421 0 Transfers In 102,689 119,421	*				
Public Safety 2,589,683 2,606,390 2,401,405 204,985 Leisure Time Activities 100,505 101,153 93,198 7,955 Community Development 317,015 319,060 293,967 25,093 Basic Utility Service 577,617 581,343 535,622 45,721 Transportation & Street Repair 607,611 611,531 563,436 48,095 Public Health and Welfare 70,863 71,320 65,711 5,609 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,700 3,724 3,431 293 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,415 8,469 7,803 666 Total Expenditures 6,443,853 6,485,423 5,975,364 510,059 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,606,457 2,390,127 3,386,677 996,550 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In 102,689 119,421 119,421 0 Transfers (Out) (3,663,936) (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other F					
Leisure Time Activities 100,505 101,153 93,198 7,955 Community Development 317,015 319,060 293,967 25,093 Basic Utility Service 577,617 581,343 535,622 45,721 Transportation & Street Repair 607,611 611,531 563,436 48,095 Public Health and Welfare 70,863 71,320 65,711 5,609 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,700 3,724 3,431 293 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,415 8,469 7,803 666 Total Expenditures 6,443,853 6,485,423 5,975,364 510,059 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,606,457 2,390,127 3,386,677 996,550 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In 102,689 119,421 119,421 0 Transfers (Out) (3,663,936) (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,					
Community Development 317,015 319,060 293,967 25,093 Basic Utility Service 577,617 581,343 535,622 45,721 Transportation & Street Repair 607,611 611,531 563,436 48,095 Public Health and Welfare 70,863 71,320 65,711 5,609 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,700 3,724 3,431 293 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,415 8,469 7,803 666 Total Expenditures 6,443,853 6,485,423 5,975,364 510,059 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,606,457 2,390,127 3,386,677 996,550 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (Out) (3,663,936) (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,017 Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065	•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Basic Utility Service 577,617 581,343 535,622 45,721 Transportation & Street Repair 607,611 611,531 563,436 48,095 Public Health and Welfare 70,863 71,320 65,711 5,609 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,700 3,724 3,431 293 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,415 8,469 7,803 666 Total Expenditures 6,443,853 6,485,423 5,975,364 510,059 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,606,457 2,390,127 3,386,677 996,550 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In 102,689 119,421 119,421 0 Transfers (Out) (3,663,936) (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,017 Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065		*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*	*
Transportation & Street Repair 607,611 611,531 563,436 48,095 Public Health and Welfare 70,863 71,320 65,711 5,609 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,700 3,724 3,431 293 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,415 8,469 7,803 666 Total Expenditures 6,443,853 6,485,423 5,975,364 510,059 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,606,457 2,390,127 3,386,677 996,550 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In 102,689 119,421 119,421 0 Transfers (Out) (3,663,936) (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,017 Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 3,621,065 0	• •				
Public Health and Welfare 70,863 71,320 65,711 5,609 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,700 3,724 3,431 293 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,415 8,469 7,803 666 Total Expenditures 6,443,853 6,485,423 5,975,364 510,059 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,606,457 2,390,127 3,386,677 996,550 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In 102,689 119,421 119,421 0 Transfers (Out) (3,663,936) (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,017 Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 3,621,065 0	•	*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		*
Debt Service: Principal Retirement 3,700 3,724 3,431 293 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,415 8,469 7,803 666 Total Expenditures 6,443,853 6,485,423 5,975,364 510,059 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,606,457 2,390,127 3,386,677 996,550 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In 102,689 119,421 119,421 0 Transfers (Out) (3,663,936) (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,017 Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 3,621,065 0		,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Principal Retirement 3,700 3,724 3,431 293 Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,415 8,469 7,803 666 Total Expenditures 6,443,853 6,485,423 5,975,364 510,059 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,606,457 2,390,127 3,386,677 996,550 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In 102,689 119,421 119,421 0 Transfers (Out) (3,663,936) (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,017 Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 3,621,065 0		70,863	71,320	65,711	5,609
Interest and Fiscal Charges 8,415 8,469 7,803 666 Total Expenditures 6,443,853 6,485,423 5,975,364 510,059 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,606,457 2,390,127 3,386,677 996,550 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In 102,689 119,421 119,421 0 Transfers (Out) (3,663,936) (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,017 Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 3,621,065 0					
Total Expenditures 6,443,853 6,485,423 5,975,364 510,059 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,606,457 2,390,127 3,386,677 996,550 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In 102,689 119,421 119,421 0 Transfers (Out) (3,663,936) (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,017 Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 3,621,065 0	*	,	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	293
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,606,457 2,390,127 3,386,677 996,550 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In 102,689 119,421 119,421 0 Transfers (Out) (3,663,936) (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,017 Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 3,621,065 0	Interest and Fiscal Charges	8,415	8,469	7,803	666
Other financing sources (uses): 102,689 119,421 119,421 0 Transfers (Out) (3,663,936) (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,017 Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 3,621,065 0	Total Expenditures	6,443,853	6,485,423	5,975,364	510,059
Transfers In Transfers (Out) 102,689 (3,663,936) 119,421 (3,397,556) 119,421 (3,397,556) 0 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,017 Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 3,621,065 0	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,606,457	2,390,127	3,386,677	996,550
Transfers (Out) (3,663,936) (3,687,573) (3,397,556) 290,017 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,017 Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 3,621,065 0	Other financing sources (uses):				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,561,247) (3,568,152) (3,278,135) 290,017 Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 3,621,065 0	Transfers In	102,689	119,421	119,421	0
Net Change in Fund Balance (1,954,790) (1,178,025) 108,542 1,286,567 Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 3,621,065 0	Transfers (Out)	(3,663,936)	(3,687,573)	(3,397,556)	290,017
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 0	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,561,247)	(3,568,152)	(3,278,135)	290,017
prior year encumbrances appropriated) 3,621,065 3,621,065 0	Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,954,790)	(1,178,025)	108,542	1,286,567
	Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes				
Fund Balance End of Year \$1,666,275 \$2,443,040 \$3,729,607 \$1,286,567	prior year encumbrances appropriated)	3,621,065	3,621,065	3,621,065	0
	Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,666,275	\$2,443,040	\$3,729,607	\$1,286,567

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

1. BUDGETARY PROCESS

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by Council at the function level for the general fund, and the fund level for all other funds. The Finance Director, with the approval of the City Manager and respective Department Heads, has been authorized to allocate appropriations to the function and object level within each fund. Council must approve any revisions that alter total fund appropriations.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Unreported cash represents amounts received but not included as revenue on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statement.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>General</u>
GAAP Basis	\$304,062
Revenue Accruals	(145,628)
Expenditure Accruals	842,528
Transfers In	107,310
Transfers (Out)	(747,207)
Encumbrances	(252,523)
Budget Basis	<u>\$108,542</u>

Combining Statements And Individual Fund Schedules

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds:</u> Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Street Construction</u> - Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for that portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of streets within the City.

<u>State Highway</u> - Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for that portion of the state gasoline and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of state highways (Springfield Pike) within the City. 7.5 percent of state gasoline and auto license taxes are allocated to this fund.

<u>Recreation</u> - Accounts for the City's operation of recreation programs. Revenues are derived from recreation fees, memberships, admissions, etc. Expenditures include personnel as well as operating expenses.

<u>Criminal Activity Forfeitures</u> - Established in 1988 to enable the City to retain proceeds from the sale of contraband obtained by the Police Department through property seizure. Under State law, disbursements may be made from the fund only to pay the costs of investigations, technical training, matching funds for federal grants or other appropriate law enforcement purposes.

<u>Drug Offenders</u> - To account for monies acquired through mandatory fines imposed on felony drug traffic offenders and forfeited bail monies.

<u>DUI Enforcement</u> - Established in 1991 to receive fines imposed upon DUI offenders. Under state law, disbursements may be made from this fund for law enforcement purposes related to informing the public of laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, and other information relating to the operation of a motor vehicle and the consumption of alcoholic beverages.

<u>Mayor's Court Computer</u> - To account for monies received from court fines. Monies generated under this fund shall be used for computer related expenses of the Court.

<u>FEMA Firefighter Grant</u> - To account for monies received from the proceeds of the City's FEMA Firefighter grant. Monies from this grant will be used for firefighting expenses (training, etc.).

<u>Law Enforcement</u> - To account for monies received from the proceeds of the City's law enforcement activities, which participate with federal agencies in the arrest, and seizure of assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u>: The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources and special assessments levies when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

<u>Public Facility Note Retirement</u> - To account for resources applied to the repayment of the outstanding public facility note debt obligation.

<u>Property Acquisition Note Retirement</u> - To account for resources applied to the repayment of the outstanding property acquisition note debt obligation.

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	Nonmajor	Nonmajor	Total
	Special	Debt	Nonmajor
	Revenue	Service	Governmental
	Funds	Funds	Funds
Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$332,195	\$45	\$332,240
Receivables:			
Accounts	6,965	0	6,965
Interest	1,422	0	1,422
Intergovernmental	200,913	0	200,913
Inventory	32,175	0	32,175
Total Assets	573,670	45	573,715
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	11,378	0	11,378
Accrued Wages and Benefits	8,730	0	8,730
Deferred Revenue	167,526	0	167,526
Total Liabilities	187,634	0	187,634
Fund Balances:			
Reserved for Encumbrances	49,899	0	49,899
Reserved for Inventory	32,175	0	32,175
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:			
Special Revenue Funds	303,962	0	303,962
Debt Service Funds	0	45	45
Total Fund Balances	386,036	45	386,081
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$573,670	\$45	\$573,715

	Street Construction	State Highway	Recreation	Criminal Activity Forfeitures	Drug Offenders
Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$170,181	\$54,953	\$72,675	\$115	\$2,746
Receivables:					
Accounts	0	0	6,525	0	0
Interest	1,067	355	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	185,846	15,067	0	0	0
Inventory	32,175	0	0	0	0
Total Assets	389,269	70,375	79,200	115	2,746
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	4,682	0	6,696	0	0
Accrued Wages and Benefits	0	0	8,730	0	0
Deferred Revenue	154,869	12,657	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	159,551	12,657	15,426	0	0
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for Encumbrances	10,767	9,035	8,257	0	0
Reserved for Inventory	32,175	0	0	0	0
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:					
Special Revenue Funds	186,776	48,683	55,517	115	2,746
Total Fund Balances	229,718	57,718	63,774	115	2,746
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$389,269	\$70,375	\$79,200	\$115	\$2,746

DUI Enforcement	Mayor's Court Computer	FEMA Firefighter Grant	Law Enforcement	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$6,615	\$23,150	\$36	\$1,724	\$332,195
0	440	0	0	6,965
0	0	0	0	1,422
0	0	0	0	200,913
0	0	0	0	32,175
6,615	23,590	36	1,724	573,670
0	0	0	0	11,378
0	0	0	0	8,730
0	0	0	0	167,526
0	0	0	0	187,634
0	21,840	0	0	49,899
0	0	0	0	32,175
6,615	1,750	36	1,724	303,962
6,615	23,590	36	1,724	386,036
\$6,615	\$23,590	\$36	\$1,724	\$573,670

			Total
		Property	Nonmajor
	Public Facility	Acquisition	Debt Service
	Note Retirement	Note Retirement	Funds
Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$28	\$17	\$45
Total Assets	28	17	45
Liabilities and Fund Balances:			
Liabilities:			
	0	0	0
Accounts Payable	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	0	0	0
Total Ziacinite			
Fund Balances:			
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:			
Debt Service Funds	28	17	45
Total Fund Balances	28	17_	45
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$28	\$17	\$45

	Nonmajor	Nonmajor	Total
	Special	Debt	Nonmajor
	Revenue	Service	Governmental
<u>-</u>	Funds	Funds	Funds
Revenues:			
Fines, Licenses & Permits	\$5,450	\$0	\$5,450
Charges for Services	687,338	0	687,338
Investment Earnings	15,143	0	15,143
Intergovernmental	418,702	0	418,702
Other Revenues	4,357	0	4,357
Total Revenues	1,130,990	0	1,130,990
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public Safety	38,703	0	38,703
Leisure Time Activities	1,121,589	0	1,121,589
Transportation and Street Repair	291,344	0	291,344
Capital Outlay	312,410	0	312,410
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	0	60,000	60,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	34,161	34,161
Total Expenditures	1,764,046	94,161	1,858,207
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(633,056)	(94,161)	(727,217)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	391,000	94,162	485,162
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	391,000	94,162	485,162
Net Change in Fund Balance	(242,056)	1	(242,055)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	630,077	44	630,121
Change in Reserve for Inventory	(1,985)	0	(1,985)
Fund Balance End of Year	\$386,036	\$45	\$386,081

	Street Construction	State Highway	Recreation	Criminal Activity Forfeitures	Drug Offenders
Revenues:	Construction	Inghway	Recreation	Porteitures	Offenders
Fines, Licenses & Permits	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Charges for Services	0	0	687,338	0	0
Investment Earnings	12,999	2,144	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	383,018	31,055	0	0	0
Other Revenues	18	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	396,035	33,199	687,338	0	0
Expenditures: Current:					
	0	0	0	0	0
Public Safety Leisure Time Activities	0	0	1,121,589	0	0
Transportation and Street Repair	271,823	19,521	1,121,389	0	0
Capital Outlay	312,410	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	584,233	19,521	1,121,589	0	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(188,198)	13,678	(434,251)	0	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	0	0	391,000	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	391,000	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(188,198)	13,678	(43,251)	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	419,901	44,040	107,025	115	2,746
Change in Reserve for Inventory	(1,985)	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$229,718	\$57,718	\$63,774	\$115	\$2,746

DUI Enforcement	Mayor's Court Computer	FEMA Firefighter Grant	Law Enforcement	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$160	\$5,290	\$0	\$0	\$5,450
0	0	0	0	687,338
0	0	0	0	15,143
0	0	4,629	0	418,702
0	0	4,339	0	4,357
160	5,290	8,968	0	1,130,990
0	0	38,703	0	38,703
0	0	0	0	1,121,589
0	0	0	0	291,344
0	0	0	0	312,410
0	0	38,703	0	1,764,046
160	5,290	(29,735)	0	(633,056)
0	0	0	0	391,000
0	0	0	0	391,000
160	5,290	(29,735)	0	(242,056)
6,455	18,300	29,771	1,724	630,077
0	0	0	0	(1,985)
\$6,615	\$23,590	\$36	\$1,724	\$386,036

	Public Facility Note Retirement	Property Acquisition Note Retirement	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Revenues	0	0	0
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	15,000	45,000	60,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,495	30,666	34,161
Total Expenditures	18,495	75,666	94,161
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(18,495)	(75,666)	(94,161)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	18,495	75,667	94,162
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	18,495	75,667	94,162
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	1	1
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	28	16	44
Fund Balance End of Year	\$28	\$17	\$45

Street Construction Fund

			<u>.</u>
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$345,548	\$381,488	\$35,940
Investment Earnings	12,436	13,729	1,293
Other Revenues	16	18	2
Total Revenues	358,000	395,235	37,235
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Transportation & Street Repair	292,564	287,337	5,227
Capital Outlay	318,343	312,410	5,933
Total Expenditures	610,907	599,747	11,160
Net Change in Fund Balance	(252,907)	(204,512)	48,395
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes			
prior year encumbrances appropriated)	359,244	359,244	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$106,337	\$154,732	\$48,395

Net Change in Fund Balance

Fund Balance End of Year

Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated)

	Highway Fund		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$27,521	\$30,931	\$3,410
Investment Earnings	1,854	2,084	230
Total Revenues	29,375	33,015	3,640
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Transportation & Street Repair	31,632	28,774	2,858
Total Expenditures	31,632	28,774	2,858

(2,257)

41,677

\$39,420

State

4,241

41,677

\$45,918

6,498

\$6,498

0

	Recreation Fund		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			_
Charges for Services	\$646,803	\$686,681	\$39,878
Total Revenues	646,803	686,681	39,878
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Leisure Time Activities	1,155,384	1,138,073	17,311
Total Expenditures	1,155,384	1,138,073	17,311
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(508,581)	(451,392)	57,189
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers In	391,000	391,000	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	391,000	391,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(117,581)	(60,392)	57,189
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes			
prior year encumbrances appropriated)	118,114	118,114	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$533	\$57,722	\$57,189

	Criminal Activity Forfeitures Fund		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Revenues	0	0	0
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General Government	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes			
prior year encumbrances appropriated)	115	115	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$115	\$115	\$0

	Drug Offenders Fund		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Fines, Licenses & Permits	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Revenues	0	0	0
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public Safety	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes			
prior year encumbrances appropriated)	2,746	2,746	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$2,746	\$2,746	\$0

	DUI Enforcement Fund		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Fines, Licenses & Permits	\$0	\$160	\$160
Total Revenues	0	160	160
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General Government	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	160	160
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes			
prior year encumbrances appropriated)	6,455	6,455	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$6,455	\$6,615	\$160

	Mayor's Court Computer Fund		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Fines, Licenses & Permits	\$4,500	\$5,410	\$910
Total Revenues	4,500	5,410	910
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General Government	21,840	21,840	0
Total Expenditures	21,840	21,840	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(17,340)	(16,430)	910
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes			
prior year encumbrances appropriated)	17,740	17,740	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$400	\$1,310	\$910

	FEMA Firefighter Grant Fund		
	Final		Variance from
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
Intergovernmental	\$82,461	\$82,461	\$0
Other Revenues	4,339	4,339	0
Total Revenues	86,800	86,800	0
Expenditures: Current:			
Public Safety	86,801	86,801	0
Total Expenditures	86,801	86,801	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1)	(1)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1)	(1)	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated)	37	37	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$36	\$36	\$0

Law Enforcement Fund

	runu		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Revenues	0	0	0
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General Government	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated)	1,724	1,724	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,724	\$1,724	\$0

Public Facility Note Retirement Fund

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Revenues	0	0	0
Expenditures:			
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	15,000	15,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,495	3,495	0
Total Expenditures	18,495	18,495	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(18,495)	(18,495)	0
Other financing courses (uses):			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In	18,495	18,495	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	18,495	18,495	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated)	28	28	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$28	\$28	\$0

Property Acquisition Note Retirement Fund

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Revenues	0	0	0
Expenditures:			
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	45,000	45,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	30,667	30,666	1_
Total Expenditures	75,667	75,666	1
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(75,667)	(75,666)	1
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers In	75,667	75,667	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	75,667	75,667	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	1	1
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated)	16	16	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$16	\$17	\$1

Capital Improvement Fund

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$14,400	\$14,400	\$0
Special Assessments	1,711	1,712	1
Charges for Services	3,126	3,126	0
Other Revenues	58,005	63,871	5,866
Total Revenues	77,242	83,109	5,867
Expenditures:			
Capital Outlay	5,192,890	5,182,157	10,733
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	260,225	260,225	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	360,857	360,856	1
Total Expenditures	5,813,972	5,803,238	10,734
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,736,730)	(5,720,129)	16,601
Other financing sources (uses):			
Issuance of Debt	291,000	291,000	0
Advances (Out)	(32,115)	(32,115)	0
Transfers In	1,592,000	1,592,000	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,850,885	1,850,885	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,885,845)	(3,869,244)	16,601
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes			
prior year encumbrances appropriated)	3,951,379	3,951,379	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$65,534	\$82,135	\$16,601

Equipment Replacement Fund

	Fund		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$0
Total Revenues	45,000	45,000	0
Expenditures:			
Capital Outlay	1,513,421	1,396,593	116,828
Total Expenditures	1,513,421	1,396,593	116,828
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,468,421)	(1,351,593)	116,828
Other financing sources (uses):			
Advances In	32,115	32,115	0
Advances (Out)	(335,962)	(300,000)	35,962
Transfers In	800,241	800,241	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	496,394	532,356	35,962
Net Change in Fund Balance	(972,027)	(819,237)	152,790
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes			
prior year encumbrances appropriated)	2,255,065	2,255,065	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,283,038	\$1,435,828	\$152,790

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds:</u> Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Sewer</u> - To account for all revenues collected for the Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD) for provision of sewer service to the citizens of Wyoming and to record sewer service charges paid to MSD.

Mayor's Court - To account for funds that flow through the Mayor's Court Office.

		Sev	ver	
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$241,994	\$1,365,674	\$1,359,893	\$247,775
Receivables: Accounts	262,727	306,275	262,727	306,275
Total Assets	504,721	1,671,949	1,622,620	554,050
Liabilities:				
Intergovernmental Payable	504,721	333,495	284,166	554,050
Total Liabilities	\$504,721	\$333,495	\$284,166	\$554,050
		May Cor		
	Beginning		410	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$4,201	\$122,640	\$122,935	\$3,906
Total Assets	4,201	122,640	122,935	3,906
Liabilities: Intergovernmental Payable	4,201	122,640	122,935	3,906
Total Liabilities	\$4,201	\$122,640	\$122,935	\$3,906
		Total All Ag	ency Funds	
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$246,195	\$1,488,314	\$1,482,828	\$251,681
Accounts	262,727	306,275	262,727	306,275
Total Assets	508,922	1,794,589	1,745,555	557,956
Liabilities: Intergovernmental Payable	508,922	456,135	407,101	557,956
Total Liabilities	\$508,922	\$456,135	\$407,101	\$557,956



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

<u>Financial Trends</u> - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial position has changed over time.

<u>Revenue Capacity</u> - These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the income tax.

<u>Debt Capacity</u> - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

<u>Economic and Demographic Information</u> - These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.

<u>Operating Information</u> - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

<u>Sources</u> - Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that fiscal year.

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City of Wyoming Net Assets by Component Last Five Calendar Years (1) (accrual basis of accounting) Schedule 1

			Calendar Year		
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Governmental Activities					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$12,261,175	\$13,158,482	\$14,576,755	\$15,637,790	\$15,873,484
Restricted	2,942,853	1,378,384	1,218,696	3,983,878	545,147
Unrestricted	3,215,130	5,546,780	6,794,523	4,154,102	8,837,510
Total governmental activities net assets	\$18,419,158	\$20,083,646	\$22,589,974	\$23,775,770	\$25,256,141
Business-type activities					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$6,050,173	(\$1,274,189)	\$32,464	\$155,456	\$37,200
Restricted	0	0	372,967	338,069	15,468
Unrestricted	(5,482,695)	1,992,183	607,850	498,844	1,290,010
Total business-type activities net assets	\$567,478	\$717,994	\$1,013,281	\$992,369	\$1,342,678
Total Primary Government					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$18,311,348	\$11,884,293	\$14,609,219	\$15,793,246	\$15,910,684
Restricted	2,942,853	1,378,384	1,591,663	4,321,947	560,615
Unrestricted	(2,267,565)	7,538,963	7,402,373	4,652,946	10,127,520
Total primary government net assets	\$18,986,636	\$20,801,640	\$23,603,255	\$24,768,139	\$26,598,819

Source: City Records

^{(1) -} The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003

City of Wyoming Changes in Net Assets Last Five Calendar Years (1) (accrual basis of accounting) Schedule 2

			Calendar Year		
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Expenses					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$2,485,446	\$1,985,653	\$2,159,044	\$2,312,202	\$2,680,833
Public Safety	3,488,173	2,417,611	2,319,318	2,769,935	2,840,887
Leisure Time Activities	1,354,111	1,111,773	895,068	1,057,296	1,624,584
Community Development	595	857,662	217,786	384,329	360,978
Basic Utility Service	314,705	962,224	518,902	561,480	584,599
Transportation and Street Repair	993,569	896,981	907,633	1,538,246	1,554,616
Public Health and Welfare	63,026	64,271	64,798	65,164	50,269
Interest and Fiscal Charges	84,215	150,844	178,601	191,850	404,138
Total governmental activities expenses	8,783,840	8,447,019	7,261,150	8,880,502	10,100,904
Business-type activities:					
Water Utility	1,306,259	1,395,795	1,243,100	1,602,653	1,603,491
Total business-type activities expenses	1,306,259	1,395,795	1,243,100	1,602,653	1,603,491
Total primary government expenses	\$10,090,099	\$9,842,814	\$8,504,250	\$10,483,155	\$11,704,395
Program Revenues					
Governmental Activities:					
Charges for Services and Sales:					
General Government	\$111,821	\$109,680	\$109,999	\$143,731	\$162,015
Public Safety	266,892	338,540	179,717	161,023	152,009
Leisure Time Activities	281,183	221,624	356,486	514,575	692,788
Community Development	72,247	63,001	71,877	63,071	70,326
Basic Utility Service	46,790	50,338	77,335	93,629	98,695
Transportation and Street Repair	27,718	44,071	9,500	10,230	6,690
Public Health and Welfare	31,391	0	0	0	0
Operating Grants and Contributions	325,355	389,628	406,518	425,186	482,852
Capital Grants and Contributions	585,333	1,183,976	574,940	436,102	283,604
Total governmental activities program revenues_	1,748,730	2,400,858	1,786,372	1,847,547	1,948,979
Business-type activities:					
Charges for Services and Sales:	1 200 122	1 (05 701	1 707 170	1 657 200	2 000 740
Water Utility	1,288,133	1,695,701	1,726,172	1,657,280	2,000,740
Total business-type activities program revenues _	1,288,133	1,695,701	1,726,172	1,657,280	2,000,740
Total primary government program revenues	\$3,036,863	\$4,096,559	\$3,512,544	\$3,504,827	\$3,949,719

Source: City Records

(1) - The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003

City of Wyoming Changes in Net Assets Last Five Calendar Years (1) (accrual basis of accounting) Schedule 2 (Continued)

			Calendar Year		
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental Activities	(\$7,035,110)	(\$6,046,161)	(\$5,474,778)	(\$7,032,955)	(\$8,151,925)
Business-type activities	(18,126)	299,906	483,072	54,627	397,249
Total primary government net expenses	(\$7,053,236)	(\$5,746,255)	(\$4,991,706)	(\$6,978,328)	(\$7,754,676)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net As	sets				
Governmental Activities:					
Income Taxes	\$2,373,626	\$2,041,209	\$3,747,586	\$3,998,938	\$4,605,216
Property Taxes Levied for:					
General Purposes	2,295,457	2,280,849	2,512,285	2,627,157	2,744,068
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted	1,166,532	1,008,868	1,310,813	1,073,464	1,679,077
Investment Earnings	96,525	71,655	167,969	375,157	460,683
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	202,123	0	0	0	0
Other Revenues	2,377	372,103	14,205	18,918	43,329
Transfers-Internal Activities	133,475	161,648	228,247	125,117	99,923
Total governmental activities	6,270,115	5,936,332	7,981,105	8,218,751	9,632,296
Business-type activities:					
Investment earnings	12,502	12,258	40,462	49,578	52,983
Transfers-Internal Activities	(133,475)	(161,648)	(228,247)	(125,117)	(99,923)
Total business-type activities	(120,973)	(149,390)	(187,785)	(75,539)	(46,940)
Total primary government	\$6,149,142	\$5,786,942	\$7,793,320	\$8,143,212	\$9,585,356
Change in Net Assets					
Governmental Activities	(\$764,995)	(\$109,829)	\$2,506,327	\$1,185,796	\$1,480,371
Business-type activities	(139,099)	150,516	295,287	(20,912)	350,309
Total primary government	(\$904,094)	\$40,687	\$2,801,614	\$1,164,884	\$1,830,680

Source: City Records

^{(1) -} The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003

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City of Wyoming
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Calendar Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
Schedule 3

					Calendar rear	ıcaı				
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
General Fund Reserved	\$222,688	\$7,639	\$231,131	\$210,485	\$137,861	\$145,150	\$74,904	\$123,083	\$209,102	\$58,763
Unreserved	1,104,546	1,864,240	3,903,466	3,384,780	2,674,166	2,230,175	2,400,766	3,026,965	3,384,950	3,839,351
Total General Fund	\$1,327,234	\$1,871,879	\$4,134,597	\$3,595,265	\$2,812,027	\$2,375,325	\$2,475,670	\$3,150,048	\$3,594,052	\$3,898,114
All Other Governmental Funds	•									
Reserved	\$523,315	\$479,135	\$367,892	\$1,054,744	\$1,067,741	\$1,016,971	\$936,198	\$1,179,139	\$4,720,314	\$2,030,586
Unreserved, Reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds	88,556	83,456	69,484	110,610	245,444	163,375	213,558	225,547	505,283	303,962
Debt Service Funds	(2,928,366)	0	(2,080,135)	(1,983,376)	(1,891,602)	1,573	799	800	4	45
Capital Project Funds	921,564	(2,920,073)	1,349,254	1,696,550	1,861,443	1,568,992	2,285,795	2,072,688	1,419,777	1,529,999
Total all Other Governmental Funds	(\$1,394,931)	(\$2,357,482)	(\$293,505)	\$878,528	\$1,283,026	\$2,750,911	\$3,436,350	\$3,478,174	\$6,645,418	\$3,864,592

Source: City Records

City of Wyoming
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Calendar Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
Schedule 4

					Calendar Year	ır Year				
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Revenues										
Taxes	\$3,891,875	\$4,975,486	\$5,215,960	\$4,544,862	\$3,972,946	\$4,669,125	\$4,778,205	\$5,796,469	\$6,718,751	\$6,975,423
Fines, Licenses & Permits	112,879	126,374	117,035	102,437	121,767	233,489	100,660	105,903	106,915	114,490
Charges for Services	409,765	560,471	609,172	439,442	601,230	473,148	591,102	547,408	678,201	853,279
Investment Earnings	202,347	236,506	368,588	294,118	116,420	241,661	77,655	163,003	369,848	459,503
Intergovernmental	1,276,344	1,042,355	1,874,626	1,634,674	2,211,445	1,475,059	2,113,102	1,870,830	1,966,040	2,291,808
Special Assessments	7,938	10,110	12,664	11,253	14,110	10,154	6,635	5,099	4,417	1,712
Other Revenues	333,581	142,183	115,941	135,496	138,576	101,369	492,100	150,137	206,258	228,337
Total Revenues	\$6,234,729	\$7,093,485	\$8,313,986	\$7,162,282	\$7,176,494	\$7,204,005	\$8,159,459	\$8,638,849	\$10,050,430	\$10,924,552
Expenditures										
Current:										
General Government	\$1,398,334	\$1,397,623	\$1,419,844	\$1,623,748	\$1,717,725	\$2,369,809	\$1,907,662	\$2,127,632	\$2,941,726	\$2,577,727
Public Safety	1,419,585	1,553,979	1,786,802	1,734,207	1,860,414	2,107,551	2,086,975	2,256,306	2,469,433	2,490,263
Leisure Time Activities	414,686	502,944	537,329	542,251	626,460	641,311	681,288	748,341	874,723	1,214,787
Community Development	139,504	142,854	200,404	280,206	175,699	248,705	137,485	157,825	196,175	295,359
Basic Utility Service	352,615	465,712	466,969	478,454	496,100	504,687	521,966	496,770	534,079	519,012
Transportation and Street Repair	640,264	681,399	721,526	661,454	710,263	758,914	682,502	745,118	740,825	858,354
Public Health and Welfare	36,787	36,647	39,878	103,158	37,695	63,026	64,271	64,798	65,164	50,269
Capital Outlay	1,345,828	1,826,954	1,244,156	891,218	1,973,636	3,185,286	2,914,681	1,204,434	3,419,306	4,763,043
Debt Service										
Principal Retirement	0	0	90,500	119,515	0	2,900	74,740	171,276	176,411	323,656
Interest and Fiscal Charges	156,071	129,790	5,655	2,516	32,926	57,113	162,078	179,016	172,511	406,784
Total Expenditures	\$5,903,674	\$6,737,902	\$6,513,063	\$6,436,727	\$7,630,918	\$9,939,302	\$9,233,648	\$8,151,516	\$11,590,353	\$13,499,254

City of Wyoming
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Calendar Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
Schedule 4 (continued)

'					Calendar Year	r Year				
1	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$331,055	\$355,583	\$1,800,923	\$725,555	(\$454,424)	(\$2,735,297)	(\$1,074,189)	\$487,333	(\$1,539,923)	(\$2,574,702)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Procceds from Sale of Capital Assets	80	0\$	\$1,181,827	0\$	8	\$918,771	80	0\$	0\$	80
Proceeds of Notes and Bonds	1,978	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Issuance of Long-Term Capital-Related Debt	0	0	0	0	0	2,441,716	1,706,366	0	5,000,000	0
Transfers In	1,785,780	1,589,854	1,785,313	2,068,755	1,547,122	1,046,251	1,012,988	1,563,165	1,771,550	2,750,272
Transfers (Out)	(1,713,182)	(1,565,194)	(1,774,337)	(2,117,428)	(1,431,430)	(912,776)	(851,340)	(1,334,918)	(1,646,433)	(2,650,349)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	74,576	24,660	1,192,803	(48,673)	115,692	3,493,962	1,868,014	228,247	5,125,117	99,923
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$405,631	\$380,243	\$2,993,726	\$676,882	(\$338,732)	\$758,665	\$793,825	\$715,580	\$3,585,194	(\$2,474,779)
Debt service as a percentage	% 7 7	2 1%	% 5 -	%1 0	%\$ O	%20	% %	% V	A 1 %	%5 <i>L</i>
on noncapital expenditules (1)	0.770	7.170	1.7%	2.170	0.70	0.770	0.070	0.70	4.1%	0،۲۰۰

Source: City Records

(1) - Noncapital expenditures is total expenditures minus capital outlay

City of Wyoming Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Calendar Years Schedule 5

		Tangible	Public			
	Real Property	Personal Property	Utilities Personal	Total	Total	Total
Calendar	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Estimated	Direct
Year	Value (1)	Value	Value	Value	Acual Value	Rate
1998	\$177,848,940	\$1,665,550	\$5,583,910	\$185,098,400	\$528,852,571	10.00
1999	178,866,690	2,921,060	5,591,620	187,379,370	535,369,629	10.00
2000	208,791,130	2,657,140	5,681,560	217,129,830	620,370,943	10.00
2001	213,203,920	2,475,440	5,137,240	220,816,600	630,904,571	10.00
2002	215,170,240	1,753,690	3,545,870	220,469,800	629,913,714	10.00
2003	253,002,220	1,093,650	3,720,080	257,815,950	736,617,000	10.00
2004	253,666,890	877,020	3,807,040	258,350,950	738,145,571	10.00
2005 (1)	256,950,950	2,693,700	3,666,360	263,311,010	752,317,171	10.00
2006 (1)	300,129,880	2,112,540	3,522,470	305,764,890	873,613,971	10.00
2007 (1)	299,527,030	1,779,600	3,403,410	304,710,040	870,600,114	10.00

Source: County Auditor

(1) - Both Tangible Personal Property and Public Utility Personal Property are expected to further decrease over the next three years due to a change made by the State of Ohio in its tax structure. Currently the State is reimbursing the City for these lost revenues and plans to reimburse 100% of these losses through 2010 at which time the reimbursement is expected to be reduced until 2017.

Note: The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. Personal property tax is assessed on all tangible personal property used in business in Ohio. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property is assessed at 25 percent for everything except inventories, which are assessed at 23 percent. Property is assessed annually.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue to be received in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10 percent, 2 1/2 percent and homestead exemptions before being billed.

City of Wyoming Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Calendar Years Schedule 6

	Direct Rates			Overlapp	ing Rates		
					Winton Woods	Great Oaks Joint	
Calendar	General	Wyoming City	Finneytown Local	Cincinnati City	City	Vocational	Hamilton
Year	Fund	School District	School District	School District	School District	School District	County
1998	10.00	64.98	N/A	53.13	62.12	2.70	19.01
1999	10.00	73.18	N/A	53.13	70.08	2.70	19.54
2000	10.00	71.03	N/A	51.94	70.08	2.70	20.83
2001	10.00	70.39	N/A	56.93	70.08	2.70	19.92
2002	10.00	70.29	N/A	57.15	70.08	2.70	21.47
2003	10.00	79.79	N/A	56.25	70.08	2.70	21.87
2004	10.00	78.93	N/A	60.75	70.08	2.70	21.51
2005	10.00	78.93	87.72	60.83	78.03	2.70	21.06
2006	10.00	88.68	87.03	59.77	78.03	2.70	20.81
2007	10.00	87.91	86.69	59.37	78.03	2.70	20.18

Source: County Auditor

N/A - Information not available

Note: Rates may only be raised by obtaining the approval of a majority of the voters at a public election.

	200)7
Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
Duke Energy	\$2,848,720	0.93%
Heritage Apartments Company	936,040	0.31%
Coral Wyoming, L.L.C.	803,050	0.26%
Cincinnati Bell	595,870	0.20%
Wilson, Kathleen Y.	491,540	0.16%
Landers, Thomas & B. Kay	455,010	0.15%
Wyoming Golf Club	415,440	0.14%
Warm, William H.	413,010	0.14%
Jackson, Phyllis A.	400,650	0.13%
Warm, Richard M. and Lauren M.	393,960	0.13%
	\$7,753,290	2.55%
	200)5
		Percentage of Total
	Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Value
Cinergy (2)	\$2,811,250	1.07%
Coral Wyoming, L.L.C.	964,850	0.37%
Heritage Apartments Company	939,400	0.36%
Cincinnati Bell	828,560	0.31%
Friendship United Methodist Church	570,700	0.22%
Westendorf, Joseph A.	490,420	0.19%
Wilson, Kathleen Y.	456,370	0.17%
Landers, Thomas & B. Kay	455,010	0.17%
Jackson, Phyllis A.	405,340	0.15%
Lipson, Stevan G.	350,000	0.13%

\$8,271,900

Source: County Auditor

3.14%

^{(1) -} Two years ago is the latest information only available

^{(2) -} Cinergy is now Duke Energy

City of Wyoming Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Calendar Years Schedule 8

	Taxes Levied	Calendar Yea	r of the Levy		Total Colle	ections (3)
Calendar	for the	Net	Percentage	Unpaid		Percentage
Year	Calendar Year (1)	Collections (2)	of Levy	Collections	Amount	of Levy
1998	\$1.835.325	\$1.842.624	100.40%	\$45.036	\$1,887,660	102.85%
1999	1,842,304	1,844,608	100.13%	40,730	1,885,338	102.34%
2000	2,139,004	2,138,960	100.00%	47,494	2,186,454	102.22%
2001	2,180,774	2,151,046	98.64%	85,380	2,236,426	102.55%
2002	2,186,333	2,173,994	99.44%	65,585	2,239,579	102.44%
2003	2,561,886	2,547,617	99.44%	70,262	2,617,879	102.19%
2004	2,575,174	2,576,668	100.06%	78,716	2,655,384	103.11%
2005	2,606,883	2,589,330	99.33%	103,402	2,692,732	103.29%
2006	3,098,308	2,995,533	96.68%	102,702	3,098,235	100.00%
2007	3,129,371	3,024,689	96.65%	98,283	3,122,972	99.80%

Source: County Auditor

^{(1) -} Includes delinquent levy

^{(2) -} Includes current and delinquent collections minus refunds

^{(3) -} Includes net collections plus unpaid collections

City of Wyoming Income Tax by Payer Type and Income Tax Rate Last Ten Calendar Years (cash basis of accounting) Schedule 9

Calendar	Individual		Total			Income
Year	Withholding	Non-Witholding	Individual	Business	Total	Tax Rate
1998	\$348,262	\$1,760,707	\$2,108,969	\$16,535	\$2,125,504	0.70%
1999	415,747	2,612,951	3,028,698	33,251	3,061,949	0.70%
2000	459,721	2,945,173	3,404,894	32,841	3,437,735	0.70%
2001	414,251	2,310,381	2,724,632	25,226	2,749,858	0.50%
2002	353,822	1,743,042	2,096,864	23,430	2,120,294	0.50%
2003	394,683	1,623,485	2,018,168	28,087	2,046,255	0.50%
2004	394,360	1,713,162	2,107,522	28,710	2,136,232	0.50%
2005	579,769	2,694,377	3,274,146	43,244	3,317,390	0.80%
2006	678,099	3,329,600	4,007,699	48,043	4,055,742	0.80%
2007	735,803	3,401,878	4,137,681	66,541	4,204,222	0.80%

Source: City Records

Note: Increases in the income tax rate above 1% requires voter approval.

City of Wyoming Principal Income Taxpayers Current Year (cash basis of accounting) Schedule 10

Note: Due to legal restrictions and confidentiality requirements, the City cannot disclose the amount of withholdings by taxpayer.

Source: City Records

City of Wyoming Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Calendar Years Schedule 11

		Gove	ernmental Activ	ities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	_		
		General	Police		General		Total	Percentage	
Fis	scal	Obligation	Pension	Notes	Obligation	Notes	Primary	of Personal	Per
Y	ear	Bonds	Liability	Payable	Bonds	Payable	Government	Income	Capita
10	998	\$3,254,250	\$207.278	\$0	\$2,760,522	\$123.079	\$6,345,129	0.02%	\$200
		1-7-7-	,		. , ,-	,			
19	999	3,185,548	204,827	0	5,651,044	113,962	9,155,381	0.03%	284
20	000	2,081,000	202,270	0	5,426,200	0	7,709,470	0.03%	230
20	001	1,986,358	199,604	0	5,316,924	0	7,502,886	0.03%	216
20	002	1,891,716	196,823	233,750	5,313,188	1,100,000	8,735,477	0.03%	242
20	003	2,441,716	193,923	493,900	5,078,382	1,150,000	9,357,921	0.03%	251
20	004	4,076,366	190,898	0	7,192,205	0	11,459,469	0.04%	290
20	005	3,908,245	187,743	0	6,861,570	0	10,957,558	0.03%	274
20	006	8,735,124	184,453	0	6,524,297	0	15,443,874	N/A	N/A
20	007	8,414,899	181,022	291,000	6,177,288	0	15,064,209	N/A	N/A

Source: City Records

N/A - Information not available

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements

City of Wyoming Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Calendar Years Schedule 12

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

		Percentage of	
	General	Actual Taxable	
Fiscal	Obligation	Value of	Per
Year	Bonds	Property	Capita
1998	\$3,254,250	0.62%	\$400
1999	3,185,548	0.60%	392
2000	2,081,000	0.34%	252
2001	1,986,358	0.31%	240
2002	1,891,716	0.30%	229
2003	2,441,716	0.33%	296
2004	4,076,366	0.55%	493
2005	3,908,245	0.52%	473
2006	8,735,124	1.00%	1,057
2007	8,414,899	0.97%	1,019

Source: City Records

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements

City of Wyoming Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2007 Schedule 13

Governmental Unit	Net Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Amount Applicable to City of Wyoming
Wyoming City	\$8,276,770	100.00%	\$8,276,770
Hamilton County	109,325,000	1.45%	1,585,213
Springfield Township	13,235,000	0.04%	5,294
Cincinnati City School District	619,050,000	0.02%	123,810
Wyoming City School District	16,414,983	100.00%	16,414,983
Finneytown L School District	6,720,000	0.12%	8,064
Great Oaks Career Center Jt. Voc. School District	9,070,000	1.52%	137,864
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$782,091,753		\$26,551,998

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

^{(1) -} Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the overlapping government located within the boundaries of the City by the total assessed valuation of the government.

City of Wyoming Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Calendar Years Schedule 14

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Calendar Year 2007

					Assessed value Statutory legal debt limitation (1) Total debt limitation	ebt limitation (1)			\$304,710,040 10.5% 31,994,554	\$304,710,040 5.5% 16,759,052
					Debt applicable to limit: Gross In	to limit: Gross Indebtedness	S		8,276,770	8,276,770
					1 1	Less: Debt Outside Limitations Less: Bond Retirement Fund Balance	e Limitations ment Fund Balan	9.	8,276,770	8,276,770
					Г	Total net debt applicable to limit	licable to limit	I	0	0
					Legal debt margin	и		II	\$31,994,554	\$16,759,052
					Calen	Calendar Year				
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total Debt Limit (1) Debt Limit (10.5%)	\$19,435,332	\$19,674,834	\$22,798,632	\$23,185,743	\$23,149,329	\$27,070,675	\$27,126,850	\$27,647,656	\$32,105,313	\$31,994,554
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Legal Debt Margin	\$19,435,332	\$19,674,834	\$22,798,632	\$23,185,743	\$23,149,329	\$27,070,675	\$27,126,850	\$27,647,656	\$32,105,313	\$31,994,554
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
					Calen	Calendar Year				
. 1	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total Unvoted Debt Limit (1) Debt Limit (5.5%)	\$10,180,412	\$10,305,865	\$11,942,141	\$12,144,913	\$12,125,839	\$14,179,877	\$14,209,302	\$14,482,106	\$16,817,069	\$16,759,052
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Legal Debt Margin	\$10,180,412	\$10,305,865	\$11,942,141	\$12,144,913	\$12,125,839	\$14,179,877	\$14,209,302	\$14,482,106	\$16,817,069	\$16,759,052
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	%0.0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Source: City Records

(1) - Direct debt limitation based upon Section 133, the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code. Total debt limit should not exceed 10.5% of net assessed property value. Total unvoted debt limit should not exceed 5.5% of net assessed property value.

City of Wyoming Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years Schedule 15

		Personal		
		Income	Per Capita	
Calendar		(Thousands of	Personal	Unemployment
Year	Population (1)	Dollars) (2)	Income (3)	Rate (4)
1998	8,128	\$27,144,490	\$31,712	3.60%
1999	8,128	27,420,292	32,262	3.60%
2000	8,261	28,329,667	33,567	3.70%
2001	8,261	29,136,541	34,742	4.00%
2002	8,261	30,010,701	36,156	5.50%
2003	8,261	30,636,366	37,256	5.60%
2004	8,261	32,111,846	39,467	5.70%
2005	8,261	33,087,346	39,937	5.50%
2006	8,261	N/A	N/A	5.00%
2007	8,261	N/A	N/A	4.80%

Sources:

- (1) Population estimates provided by U.S. Census Bureau
- (2) Personal Income information provided by Bureau of Economic Analysis: Regional Economic Accounts
- (3) Per Capita Personal Income information provided by Bureau of Economic Analysis: Regional Economic Accounts
- (4) Ohio Bureau of Employment Services

N/A - Information not available

1116	

Employer	Number of Employees (3)	Percentage of Total City (3) Employment
University of Cincinnati	15,400	3.76%
Kroger	15,100	3.69%
Health Alliance Greater Cincinnati	13,750	3.36%
Proctor & Gamble	12,250	2.99%
Tri Health Inc	8,900	2.17%
Children Hospital Medical Center	8,875	2.17%
5/3 Bank	8,850	2.16%
G.E. Aviation	7,100	1.73%
Mercy Health Partners	6,750	1.65%
Hamilton County	6,180	1.51%
	103,155	25.19%

Source: City Economic Development Division

^{(1) -} Only current fiscal year information available

^{(2) -} Data current as of December 2005

^{(3) -} Data for all of Hamilton County

		Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of December 31									
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	
Function/Program											
General Government											
City Administration	3	3	3	4	4	4	3	3	4	4	
City Council	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Finance	3	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Public Safety											
Police											
Officers	18	17	18	18	16	16	16	15	16	18	
Non-Sworn	5	6	8	7	7	8	8	8	6	6	
Fire/EMS	29	27	29	29	33	37	37	34	36	35	
Leisure Time Activities											
Parks and recreation	3	11	8	11	12	13	12	12	11	20	
Communuity Development											
Planning and Zoning/Building Inspection	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Basic Utility Service											
Water	4	3	3	4	4	4	6	7	8	6	
Transportation and Street Repair	13	15	13	15	16	15	13	13	13	13	
Total	83	91	90	96	101	106	104	101	103	111	

Source: Various City Departments

City of Wyoming Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Calendar Years Schedule 18

	Calendar Year									
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Function/Program										
General government										
Building permits issued	400	382	298	294	346	348	321	316	309	264
Police										
Physical arrests	51	54	49	77	66	89	74	112	68	93
Parking violations	79	125	94	215	140	137	107	218	118	125
Traffic violations	1,474	1,618	1,481	1,395	1,461	1,255	1,113	1,242	1,176	1,427
Fire										
Emergency responses	1,245	1,386	1,319	1,426	1,363	1,334	1,563	1,424	1,290	1,469
Fire responses	N/A	234	252	237	195	224	239	247	347	472
Other public works										
Street resurfacing and/or reconstruction (Miles)	6.12	4.84	1.50	1.30	0.40	1.20	0.45	1.10	1.84	1.60
Parks and recreation										
Recreation Center Memberships	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	385	439	472	560	656	627
Aquatic Center Memberships	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	542
Classes/Activities Offered	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	39	61	70	83	104	118
Water										
New connections	N/A	N/A	N/A	13	8	14	2	11	11	5
Water main breaks	23	43	20	13	20	21	37	37	18	49
Average daily consumption										
(millions of gallons)	N/A	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.9	1.1
Peak daily consumption										
(millions of gallons)	N/A	1.906	2.006	1.731	2.315	1.517	1.707	1.856	1.853	2.554

Source: Various City Departments

(1) - Opened in 2007

N/A - Information not available

					Calend	ar Year				
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Function/Program										
General Government										
Number of Facilities	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Square Footage of Buildings	22,753	22,753	22,753	22,753	22,753	22,753	22,753	22,753	22,753	22,753
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square Footage of Buildings	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252
Fire										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square Footage of Buildings	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252	11,252
Public Works										
Area of City (square miles)	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8
Streets (miles)	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Parks and Recreation										
Number of Parks	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Acreage	27.30	27.30	27.30	46.46	46.46	46.46	46.46	46.46	46.46	46.46
Playgrounds	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Number of Facilities	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Square Footage of Buildings	27,140	27,140	27,140	27,140	27,140	27,140	27,140	27,140	27,140	27,140
Municipal Water Department										
Storage Capacity (millions of gallons)	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Water Mains (miles)	41	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
Storm Sewers (miles)	15	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Fire hydrants	354	356	359	359	359	362	363	367	368	368

Source: Various City Departments



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CITY OF WYOMING

HAMILTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 19, 2008