VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC PUTNAM COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended December 31, 2005



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Village Council Village of Leipsic 142 East Main Street Leipsic, Ohio 45856-1427

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Leipsic, Putnam County, prepared by Steyer & Co., for the audit period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2005. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Leipsic is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

February 13, 2007



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Leipsic Putnam County, Ohio

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Leipsic, Putnam County, Ohio (the Village), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Governmental Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1, the Village prepares its financial statements on the modified cash basis which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position – modified cash basis of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Leipsic, Putnam County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position – modified cash basis and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 3, 2006, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 2-8 and 12 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

STEYER & CO.

Certified Public Accountants

Steger & Co.

Defiance, Ohio November 3, 2006

This discussion and analysis of the Village of Leipsic's (the Village's) financial performance provides an overall review of the Village's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2005, within the limitations of the Village's modified cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Village's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2005 are as follows:

Net assets of governmental activities increased \$103,654, or 15%. The fund most affected by the increase in cash and cash equivalents was the Fire Fund, which had an increase in charges for services and a decrease in overall disbursements.

The Village's general receipts are primarily municipal income taxes. These receipts represent 64% of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year. Income tax receipts for 2005 decreased 16% compared to 2004 indicative of decreased earnings within the Village of Leipsic.

The Water Fund, the Sanitary Sewer Fund, the Wastewater Debt Fund and the Water Debt Fund, the Village of Leipsic's major business-type activities, realized changes in net assets of an increase of 117%, an increase of 785%, an increase of 274%, and an increase of 144%, respectively. The majority of these changes are due to transfers in to each fund from the General Fund to subsidize debt service.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Village's modified cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Village as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Village as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the village-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Village has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Village's modified cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Government as a Whole

This annual report includes all activities for which the Village is fiscally responsible. These activities, defined as the Village's reporting entity, are operated within separate legal entities that make up the primary government. The primary government consists of the Village.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the Village did financially during 2005, within the limitations of modified cash basis accounting. The statement of net assets presents the cash balances of the governmental and business-type activities of the Village at year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program and business-type activity. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function or business-type activity draws from the Village's general receipts.

These statements report the Village's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Village's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Village's cash position is one indicator of whether the Village's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Village's financial condition, you should also consider other non-financial factors as well such as the Village's property tax base, the condition of the Village's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Village's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property and income taxes.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, we divide the Village into two types of activities:

Governmental activities. Most of the Village's basic services are reported here, including police, fire, streets and parks. State grants and income and property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

Business-type activity. The Village has two business-type activities, the provision of water and sewer. Business-type activities are financed by a fee charged to the customers receiving the service.

Reporting the Village's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Village's major funds - not the Village as a whole. The Village establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Village are split into two categories: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds – Most of the Village's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Village's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Village's programs. The Village's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Village's major governmental fund is the General Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

Proprietary Funds – When the Village charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. When the services are provided to the general public, the activity is reported as an enterprise fund. The Village has four enterprise funds, the Water Fund, Sanitary Sewer Fund, Wastewater Debt Fund, and Water Debt Fund. When the services are provided to other departments of the Village, the service is reported as an internal service fund. The Village has no internal service funds.

The Village as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Village's net assets for 2005 compared to 2004 on a cash basis:

(Table 1) **Net Assets**

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	<u>otal</u>
Assets	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 804,028	\$ 700,374	\$ 583,962	\$ 172,652	\$ 1,387,990	\$ 873,026
Total Assets	\$ 804,028	\$ 700,374	\$ 583,962	\$ 172,652	\$ 1,387,990	\$ 873,026
Net Assets						
Unrestricted	\$ 804,028	\$ 700,374	\$ 583,962	\$ 172,652	\$ 1,387,990	\$ 873,026
Total Net Assets	\$ 804,028	\$ 700,374	\$ 583,962	\$ 172,652	\$ 1,387,990	\$ 873,026

As mentioned previously, net assets of governmental activities increased \$103,654 or 15% during 2005. The primary reasons contributing to the increases in cash balances are as follows:

There was an increase in charges for services in the Fire Fund, and there was a large increase in inheritance tax which is part of intergovernmental receipts in the General Fund.

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets in 2005 compared to 2004 on a modified cash basis:

(Table 2) Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2005	Governmental Activities 2004	Business-Type Activities 2005	Business-Type Activities 2004	Total 2005	Total 2004
RECEIPTS:						
PROGRAM RECEIPTS:						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 74,818	\$ 54,484	\$ 1,211,395	\$ 1,022,654	\$1,286,213	\$1,077,138
Capital grants and contributions	30,250	19,750	-	-	30,250	19,750
Total program receipts	105,068	74,234	1,211,395	1,022,654	1,316,463	1,096,888
GENERAL RECEIPTS:						
Property and other local taxes	246,851	256,444	79,196	79,196	326,047	335,640
Income taxes	1,774,953	2,103,480	, -	-	1,774,953	2,103,480
Grants and entitlements not restricted	437,051	262,695	8,602	9,493	445,653	272,188
to specific programs						
Sale of capital assets	3,598	1,121	-	-	3,598	1,121
Sale of bonds	200,000	-	-	-	200,000	-
Fines, licenses and permits	10,587	11,096	5,905	39,998	16,492	51,094
Interest	36,520	9,139	-	-	36,520	9,139
Miscellaneous	53,747	478,636	125,227	1,378	178,974	480,014
Total general receipts	2,763,307	3,122,611	218,930	130,065	2,982,237	3,252,676
Total receipts	2,868,375	3,196,845	1,430,325	1,152,719	4,298,700	4,349,564
DISBURSEMENTS:						
General government	231,874	252,372	-	-	231,874	252,372
Security of persons and property	285,028	279,213	-	-	285,028	279,213
Public health services	3,061	2,636	-	-	3,061	2,636
Leisure time activities	102,205	86,469	-	-	102,205	86,469
Community environment	30,369	13,557	-	-	30,369	13,557
Transportation	254,261	208,966	3,953	2,168	258,214	211,134
Capital Outlay	763,021	724,969	71,374	323,764	834,395	1,048,733
Debt Service:						
Principal	567,000	308,500	142,952	359,157	709,952	667,657
Interest	17,849	30,984	203,131	331,370	220,980	362,354
Personal services	-	-	514,187	491,518	514,187	491,518
Contractual services	81,053	50,629	412,166	345,118	493,219	395,747
Supplies and materials			100,252	118,157	100,252	118,157
Total disbursements	2,335,721	1,958,295	1,448,015	1,971,252	3,783,736	3,929,547
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	532,654	1,238,550	(17,690)	(818,533)	514,964	420,017
Transfers	(429,000)	(708,000)	429,000	708,000		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	103,654	530,550	411,310	(110,533)	514,964	420,017
Net assets, January 1	700,374	169,824	172,652	283,185	873,026	453,009
Net assets, December 31	\$ 804,028	\$ 700,374	\$ 583,962	\$ 172,652	\$1,387,990	\$ 873,026

Program receipts represent only 31% of total receipts and are primarily comprised of water and sewer user fees. Intergovernmental receipts such as CDBG grants as well as EMS rent, shelter house rent, swimming pool admissions, and concessions are also included in program receipts.

In 2005, general receipts represent 69% of the Village of Leipsic's total receipts, and of this amount, 70% are local taxes; 15% are state grants and entitlements; 7% are bond sales; and 6% are miscellaneous receipts. Other receipts are very insignificant and somewhat unpredictable revenue sources.

Disbursements for General Government represent the overhead costs of running the Village of Leipsic and the support services provided for the other government activities. These include the costs of council, mayor, administrator, solicitor, fiscal officer, and community environment departments, as well as internal services such as payroll and purchasing.

Security of Persons and Property are the costs of police and fire protection; Leisure Time Activities are the costs of maintaining the pool and parks; the economic development department promotes the Village of Leipsic to industry and commerce as well as working with other governments in the area to attract new business; and Transportation is the cost of maintaining the roads.

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Village of Leipsic. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for capital improvements, which account for 33% of all governmental disbursements. Security of persons and property, debt service, transportation, and general government also represent significant costs, about 12%, 25%, 11%, and 10%, respectively. The next two columns of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Village of Leipsic that must be used to provide a specific service. The net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service, which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts, which are presented at the bottom of the Statement of Activities. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost in 2005 compared to 2004 is presented in Table 3.

(Table 3) **Governmental Activities**

	Total Cost f Services 2005	Net Cost f Services 2005		otal Cost Services 2004		Net Cost Services 2004
General government	\$ 231,874	\$ 153,925	\$	252,372	\$	202,890
Security of persons and property	285,028	285,028		279,213		279,213
Public health services	3,061	(539)		2,636		(964)
Leisure time activities	102,205	78,686		86,469		65,317
Community environment	30,369	30,369		13,557		13,557
Transportation	254,261	254,261		208,966		208,966
Contractual services	81,053	81,053		50,629		50,629
Capital outlay	763,021	763,021		724,969		724,969
Principal retirement	567,000	567,000		308,500		308,500
Interest and fiscal charges	17,849	17,849		30,984		30,984
Total expenses	\$ 2,335,721	\$ 2,230,653	\$ 1	1,958,295	\$ 1	,884,061

The dependence upon property and income tax receipts is apparent as over 95% of governmental activities are supported through these and other general receipts.

Business-type Activities

The Village of Leipsic has two major business type activities, the provision of water and sewer, which are accounted for in the Water Fund and the Sanitary Sewer Fund. Charges for services support 84% of the business-type activity disbursements.

The Government's Funds
As you look at the Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Modified Cash Basis Fund Balances you will see total governmental funds had receipts and other financing sources of \$3,309,328 and disbursements and other financing uses of \$3,205,674. The greatest change within governmental funds occurred within the Fire Fund. The fund balance of the Fire Fund increased \$43,169 due to an increase in charges for services and a decrease in disbursements.

The Other Governmental Funds receipts were less than disbursements by \$564,421 indicating that these funds are in a deficit spending situation. Management feels that short term deficit spending is acceptable based upon the fund balance but will continue to look for cost cutting measures as personal property tax and intergovernmental revenues are expected to decrease in the future.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Village of Leipsic's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and the Village of Leipsic Charter and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of modified cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances.

Final disbursements and other financing uses in the General Fund were budgeted at \$1,740,930 while actual disbursements were \$2,370,288.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Village of Leipsic does not currently keep track of its capital assets and infrastructure in the accompanying financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements.

Debt

At December 31, 2005, the Village of Leipsic's outstanding debt included \$2,343,502 in Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loans for acquisition and improvements to wastewater facilities, \$237,092 in Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans for improvements to sewer utility services, \$645,000 for a sewer system improvement note, and \$2,184,000 for a waterworks system mortgage revenue bond. For further information regarding the Village of Leipsic's debt, refer to Note 10 in the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The challenge for all Governments is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding. We rely heavily on local taxes. The Village of Leipsic is constantly looking at ways to cut costs without cutting services.

Contacting the Village's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to reflect the Village's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Rosemary Schortgen, Fiscal Officer, Village of Leipsic, 142 E. Main Street, Leipsic, Ohio 45856.

VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC PUTNAM COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

December 31, 2005

A CONTROL	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 804,028	\$ 583,962	\$ 1,387,990
Total assets	<u>\$ 804,028</u>	\$ 583,962	\$ 1,387,990
NET ASSETS Unrestricted	\$ 804,028	\$ 583,962	\$ 1,387,990
Total net assets	\$ 804,028	\$ 583,962	\$ 1,387,990

VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC PUTNAM COUNTY

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

		Program Cash Receipts		Net (Disbursements) Receipts & Changes in Net Assets			
		Charges for Capital Grants					
	Cash	Services and	and	Governmental	Business-Type		
	Disbursements	Sales	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	S						
General government	\$ 231,874	\$ 47,699	\$ 30,250	\$ (153,925)	\$ -	\$ (153,925)	
Security of persons and property	285,028	-	-	(285,028)	-	(285,028)	
Public health services	3,061	3,600	-	539	-	539	
Leisure time activities	102,205	23,519	-	(78,686)	-	(78,686)	
Community environment	30,369	-	-	(30,369)	-	(30,369)	
Transportation	254,261	-	-	(254,261)	-	(254,261)	
Contractual services	81,053	-	-	(81,053)	-	(81,053)	
Capital Outlay	763,021	-	-	(763,021)	-	(763,021)	
Debt Service:							
Principal	567,000	-	-	(567,000)	-	(567,000)	
Interest	17,849			(17,849)		(17,849)	
Total governmental activities	2,335,721	74,818	30,250	(2,230,653)	-	(2,230,653)	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Personal services	514,187	1,211,395	-	-	697,208	697,208	
Transportation	3,953	-	-	-	(3,953)	(3,953)	
Contractual services	412,166	-	-	-	(412,166)	(412,166)	
Supplies and materials	100,252	-	-	-	(100,252)	(100,252)	
Capital Outlay	71,374	-	-	-	(71,374)	(71,374)	
Debt Service:				-	-	-	
Principal	142,952	-	-	-	(142,952)	(142,952)	
Interest	203,131	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	(203,131)	(203,131)	
Total business type activities	1,448,015	1,211,395			(236,620)	(236,620)	
Total	\$ 3,783,736	\$1,286,213	\$ 30,250	\$(2,230,653)	\$ (236,620)	\$(2,467,273)	
	GENERAL RI	ECEIPTS					
	Property taxes		eral purposes	\$ 246,851	\$ 79,196	\$ 326,047	
	Municipal inco	_	r r	1,774,953	-	1,774,953	
	-		tricted to specific		8,602	445,653	
	Sale of capital		1	3,598	· -	3,598	
	Sale of bonds			200,000	_	200,000	
	Fines, licenses	and permits		10,587	5,905	16,492	
	Interest	-		36,520	_	36,520	
	Miscellaneous			53,747	125,227	178,974	
	Total Genera	1 Receipts		2,763,307	218,930	2,982,237	
	Transfers			(429,000)	429,000	<u> </u>	
	Total General l	Receipts & Tra	nsfers	2,334,307	647,930	2,982,237	
	Change in Net	Assets		103,654	411,310	514,964	
	Net Assets Beg	inning of Year		700,374	172,652	873,026	
	Net Assets End	of Year		\$ 804,028	\$ 583,962	\$ 1,387,990	
See accompanying notes to financia						. ,	

VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC PUTNAM COUNTY STATEMENT OF MODIFIED CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2005

	Genera		Other Governmental Funds			Total ernmental Funds
ASSETS Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ \$	672,858 672,858	\$ \$	131,170 131,170	\$ \$	804,028 804,028
FUND BALANCES Reserved: Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved: Undesignated (deficit), reported in:	\$	12,737	\$	11,406	\$	24,143
General fund Special revenue funds Capital projects funds		660,121		106,155 13,609		660,121 106,155 13,609
Total Fund Balances	\$	672,858	\$	131,170	\$	804,028

VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC PUTNAM COUNTY

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN MODIFIED CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
RECEIPTS	_		
Municipal income taxes	\$ 1,774,953	\$ -	\$ 1,774,953
Property and other local taxes	173,080	73,771	246,851
Changes for services Fines, licenses and permits	27,119 10,368	47,699 219	74,818 10,587
Intergovernmental	307,092	160,209	467,301
Interest	36,520	-	36,520
Miscellaneous	65,896	1,804	67,700
Total receipts	2,395,028	283,702	2,678,730
DISBURSEMENTS			
Current:	© 001.074	C	C 221 074
General governmental	\$ 231,874	\$ -	\$ 231,874
Security of persons and property Public health services	198,779 3,061	86,249	285,028 3,061
Leisure time activities	102,205	-	102,205
Community environment	30,369	-	30,369
Transportation	50,507	254,261	254,261
Contractual services	19,000	62,053	81,053
Capital outlay	317,461	445,560	763,021
Debt service:	,	,	,
Principal retirement	567,000	-	567,000
Interest and fiscal charges	17,849	<u> </u>	17,849
Total disbursements	1,487,598	848,123	2,335,721
Excess of receipts over disbursements	907,430	(564,421)	343,009
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	A A F O O		
Sale of capital assets	\$ 3,598	\$ -	\$ 3,598
Sale of bonds Transfers in	-	200,000	200,000
Transfers in	(856,000)	427,000	427,000 (856,000)
Other financing sources	(030,000)	-	(050,000)
Other financing uses	(13,953)	<u>-</u>	(13,953)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(866,355)	627,000	(239,355)
Net change in fund balances	41,075	62,579	103,654
Fund balances beginning of year	631,783	68,591	700,374
Fund balances end of year	\$ 672,858	\$ 131,170	\$ 804,028

See accompanying notes to financial statements

VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC PUTNAM COUNTY

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

-	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
RECEIPTS					
Municipal income taxes	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,774,953	\$ 274,953	
Property and other local taxes	170,400	170,400	173,080	2,680	
Changes for services	23,850	23,850	27,119	3,269	
Fines, licenses and permits	10,050	10,050	10,368	318	
Intergovernmental	141,700	141,700	307,092	165,392	
Interest	500	500	36,520	36,020	
Miscellaneous	66,000	66,000	65,896	(104)	
Total receipts	1,912,500	1,912,500	2,395,028	482,528	
DISBURSEMENTS					
Current:	264.005	264.005	242.525	(24, 250)	
General governmental	264,805	264,805	243,535	(21,270)	
Security of persons and property	199,700	199,700	198,571	(1,129)	
Public health services	3,000	3,000	3,061	61	
Leisure time activities	142,925	142,925	121,461	(21,464)	
Community environment	15,500	15,500	21,397	5,897	
Capital outlay	20,000	20,000	327,461	307,461	
Debt service: Principal retirement	400,000	400,000	584,849	184,849	
Total disbursements	1,045,930	1,045,930	1,500,335	454,405	
Total disoursements	, ,	, ,	, ,	434,403	
Excess of receipts over disbursements	866,570	866,570	894,693	28,123	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US					
Sale of capital assets	500	500	3,598	3,098	
Transfers out	(645,000)	(645,000)	(856,000)	(211,000)	
Other financing uses	(50,000)	(50,000)	(13,953)	36,047	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(694,500)	(694,500)	(866,355)	(171,855)	
Net change in fund balances	172,070	172,070	28,338	(143,732)	
Fund balances beginning of year	623,690	623,690	623,690	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	8,093	8,093	8,093		
Fund balances end of year	\$ 803,853	\$ 803,853	\$ 660,121	\$ (143,732)	

VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC PUTNAM COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2005

Business-Type Activities

	Dusiness Type fictivities									
	Wa	ter Fund		Sanitary wer Fund		astewater ebt Fund	W	ater Debt Fund	E	Total nterprise Funds
ASSETS						,				
Equity in pooled cash	&									
cash equivalents	\$	29,424	\$	144,137	\$	176,913	\$	233,488	\$	583,962
Total Assets	\$	29,424	\$	144,137	\$	176,913	\$	233,488	\$	583,962
NET ASSETS										
Unrestricted	\$	29,424	\$	144,137	\$	176,913	\$	233,488	\$	583,962

VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC PUTNAM COUNTY

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS,

DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Business-Ty	pe Activities
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,			- J P		
	Water Fund	Sanitary Sewer Fund	Wastewater Debt Fund	Water Debt Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
OPERATING RECEIPTS					
Charges for services	\$ 320,741	\$ 504,773	\$ 249,321	\$ 136,560	\$ 1,211,395
Fines, license and permits	3,705	2,200	-	-	5,905
Miscellaneous	1,199				1,199
Total operating receipts	325,645	506,973	249,321	136,560	1,218,499
OPERATING DISBURSEMEN	NTS				
Personal services	279,539	234,648	-	-	514,187
Travel transportation	2,222	1,731	-	-	3,953
Contractual services	123,506	288,660	-	-	412,166
Supplies and materials	58,670	41,582	-	-	100,252
Capital outlay	4,843	66,531	-	-	71,374
Total operating disbursements	468,780	633,152			1,101,932
Operating income	(143,135)	(126,179)	249,321	136,560	116,567
NON-OPERATING RECEIPT	S (DISBURSE	MENTS)			
Property and other local taxes	-	-	79,196	-	79,196
Intergovernmental	-	-	8,602	-	8,602
Principal payments	-	-	(114,952)	(28,000)	(142,952)
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	(92,531)	(110,600)	(203,131)
Other financing sources		124,028			124,028
Total non-operating receipts (disbursements)		124,028	(119,685)	(138,600)	(134,257)
Loss before transfers	(143,135)	(2,151)	129,636	(2,040)	(17,690)
Transfer in	159,000	130,000		140,000	429,000
Change in net assets	15,865	127,849	129,636	137,960	411,310
Net assets beginning of year	13,559	16,288	47,277	95,528	172,652
Net assets end of year	\$ 29,424	\$ 144,137	\$ 176,913	\$ 233,488	\$ 583,962

DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

The Village of Leipsic, Putnam County, Ohio (the Village), is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a publicly-elected six-member Council.

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Village. The Village provides general government services, water and sewer utilities, maintenance of Village roads, park operations, police services, and fire services.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Village is financially accountable. The Village is financially accountable for an organization if the Village appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Village is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Village is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Village is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization; or the Village is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Village is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Village in that the Village approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Village, are accessible to the Village and are significant in amount to the Village. Based on these criteria, the Village has no component units.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. The Village does not apply FASB statements issued after November 30, 1989, to its business-type activities and to its enterprise funds. Following are the more significant of the Village's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Village's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Village as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government and distinguish between those activities of the Village that are governmental and those that are considered business type. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)
The statement of net assets presents the cash balance of the governmental and business-type activities of the Village at year-end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Village's governmental and business-type activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Village is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business-type activity is self-financing on a modified cash basis or draws from the Village's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Village segregates transactions related to certain Village functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Village at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Proprietary fund statements distinguish operating transactions from nonoperating transactions. Operating receipts generally result from exchange transactions such as charges for services directly relating to the funds' principal services. Operating disbursements include costs of sales and services and administrative costs. The fund statements report all other receipts and disbursements as nonoperating.

B. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Village are divided into two categories, governmental and proprietary.

Government Funds

The Village classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The Village has one major governmental fund which is the General Fund.

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except required those to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the Village account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

The Village classifies funds financed primarily from user charges for goods or services as proprietary. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise.

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The Village's major enterprise funds are the Water Fund, Sanitary Sewer Fund, Wastewater Debt Fund, and Water Debt Fund.

Water Fund – The water fund accounts for the provision of water to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

Sanitary Sewer Fund – The sanitary sewer fund accounts for the provision of wastewater services to the residents and commercial users within the Village.

DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Wastewater Debt Fund - The wastewater debt fund accounts for the debt issues relating to the sanitary sewer services facility.

Water Debt Fund – The water debt fund accounts for the debt issues relating to the waterworks system.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Village's financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the Village's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Village Council may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Village Council's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Village Council. The legal level of control has been established at the fund/function/object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Village Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Village Council.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Village Council during the year.

E. Cash

Cash received by the Village is pooled and used by all funds. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Village records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Interest earnings are allocated to Village funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2005 were \$36,520.

F. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Village's cash basis of accounting.

DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans
The Village recognizes the disbursement for their employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 8 and 9, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

H. Long-Term Obligations

The Village's modified cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither another financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for capital expenditures such as land and land improvements, street improvements, and police and fire equipment.

The Village's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

J. Fund Balance Reserves

The Village reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance, which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

K. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general receipts.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating receipts/disbursements in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis presented for the General Fund, are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The differences between the budgetary basis and the modified cash basis are outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (modified cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$12,737 for the General Fund.

DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the Village are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Village treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Village treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Village can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2\% and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions:
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Village, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be a purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At year end, the Village had \$110 in undeposited cash on hand which is included as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$1,415,637 of the Village's bank balance of \$1,515,637 was exposed to custodial credit risk because \$1,063,946 of those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Village's name. The remaining \$351,691 were uninsured and uncollateralized.

The Village has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Village or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

NOTE 5 – INCOME TAXES

The Village levies a 1.5% income tax whose proceeds are placed into the Local Income Tax Fund. The Village levies and collects the tax on all income earned within the Village as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the Village. In the latter case, the Village allows a credit of the lesser of actual taxes paid to another city or 100% of the 1.5% tax rate on taxable income. Employers within the Village are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the Village at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are also required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually.

NOTE 6 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Village. Real property tax receipts received in 2005 represent the collection of 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2005 were levied after October 1, 2004, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35% of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax receipts received in 2005 represent the collection of 2004 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2004 became a lien on December 31, 2003, were levied after October 1, 2004, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35% true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax receipts received in 2005 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of 2005 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in 2005 were levied after October 1, 2004, on the true value as of December 31, 2004. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25% of true value for capital assets and 23% for inventory. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, the first payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The full tax rate for all village operations for the year ended December 31, 2005, was \$8.35 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2005 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (CONTINUED)

Real Property	
Residential/Agricultural	\$ 15,979,620
Commercial/Industrial	3,895,610
Public Utilities	50,370
Tangible Personal Property	
General	24,442,270
Public Utilities	2,972,350
Total Assessed Value	\$ 47,340,220

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Pool Membership

The Village belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements, and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

PEP retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per claim, including loss adjustment expenses. PEP pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect additional coverage, from \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000 from the General Reinsurance Corporation.

If losses exhaust PEP's retained earnings, APEEP covers PEP losses up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000.

Property Coverage

PEP retains property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsures losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500,000,000 per occurrence. APEEP's Guarantee Fund pays losses and loss adjustment expenses exceeding operating contributions.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective Village.

Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2005 and 2004 (the latest information available).

Casualty Coverage Assets Liabilities Retained earnings	2004 \$ 30,547,049 (16,989,918) \$ 13,557,131	2003 \$ 25,288,098 (12,872,985) \$ 12,415,113
Property Coverage Assets Liabilities Retained earnings	2004 \$ 3,652,970 (544,771) \$ 3,108,199	2003 \$ 3,158,813 (792,061) \$ 2,366,752

DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System
The Village participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is selfdirected by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6701 or (800) 222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the members of all three plans were required to contribute 8.5% of their annual covered salaries. The employer contribution rate for pension benefits for 2005 was 13.55%. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Village's required contributions for pension obligations to the combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, were \$81,840, \$76,115, and \$70,161, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2005, 2004, and 2003.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Village contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary to fund pension benefits while the employer is required to contribute 19.50% for police officers. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The Village's contributions to OP&F for police officers were \$16,408 for the year ended December 31, 2005, \$15,839 for the year ended December 31, 2004, and \$13,625 for the year ended December 31, 2004. \$13,625 for the year ended December 31, 2003. The full amount has been contributed for 2004 and 2003. Sixty-nine percent has been contributed for 2005.

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside

DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2005 local government employer contribution rate was 13.55% of covered payroll; 4% of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2004, include a rate of return on investments of 8%, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4% compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between 0.50% and 6.3% based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase at the projected wage inflation rate plus an additional factor ranging from 1 to 6% annually for the next eight years and 4% annually after eight years.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was \$376,109 Actual Village contributions for 2005 which were used to fund post employment benefits were \$26,177. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. The actuarial value of OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2004, (the latest information available) was \$10.8 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$29.5 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. The HCPP restructures OPERS' health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to increasing health care costs. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) provides postretirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school, or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in *GASB Statement No. 12*. The Ohio Revised Code provides the authority allowing the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's board of trustees to provide health care coverage and states that health care costs paid from the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-asyou-go basis. The total police employer contribution rate is 19.5% of covered payroll of covered payroll, of which 7.75% of covered payroll was applied to the postemployment health care program during 2005. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees and survivors have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.

The Village's actual contributions for 2005 that were used to fund postemployment health care benefits were \$6,242 for police. The OP&F's total health care expense for the year ended December 31, 2005 (the latest information available) was \$102,173,796, which was net of member contributions of \$55,665,341. The number of OP&F participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2005, was 13,812 for police.

NOTE 10 - DEBT

The Village's long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

						Due
	Interest	Balance			Balance	Within
Governmental Activities	Rate	12-31-04	Additions	Reductions	12-31-05	1 Year
Pool note	5.50%	\$ 192,000	\$ -	\$ 192,000	\$ -	\$ -
Building note	2.50%	150,000	-	150,000	-	-
Fire station note	3.50%	100,000	-	100,000	-	-
Fire station note	3.50%	125,000	<u> </u>	125,000	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _
Total Gov. Activities		\$ 567,000	\$	\$ 567,000	\$	\$
Business-type Activities			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
OWDA #1682	7.89%	\$ 657,109	\$ -	\$ 23,618	\$ 633,491	\$ 50,962
OWDA #2316	4.12%	1,632,521	-	46,538	1,585,983	104,571
OWDA #4298	0.00%	-	124,028	-	124,028	12,403
OPWC #CM725	0.00%	66,199	-	6,620	59,579	3,310
OPWC #CM21B	0.00%	76,789	-	5,296	71,493	2,648
OPWC #CM24D	0.00%	112,860	-	6,840	106,020	3,420
Sewer note	5.15%	675,000	-	30,000	645,000	30,000
Waterworks bond	5.00%	2,212,000	<u>-</u> _	28,000	2,184,000	29,000
Total Bus-Type		\$ <u>5,432,478</u>	\$ 124,028	\$ 146,912	\$5,409,594	\$ 236,314
Activities			·	·		

The Municipal Swimming Pool Note relates to the costs of constructing and renovating the swimming pool. The note will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$48,000 over 5 years. Income tax revenues are the dedicated source of repayment for these loans.

The Building Note relates to the costs of acquiring certain real estate property where the Village offices reside. The note will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$50,000 over 3 years. Income tax revenues are the dedicated source of repayment for these loans.

The Fire Station Notes relate to the costs of constructing, furnishing, equipping and improving a municipal fire station and improving the site. The notes will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$31,250 and \$25,000, respectively. Income tax revenues are the dedicated source of repayment for these loans.

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan #1682 relates to the acquisition of wastewater treatment and/or water management. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$50,472 including interest, over 25 years. Utility system charges are the dedicated source of repayment for these loans.

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan #2316 relates to the wastewater treatment plant improvements. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$84,967 including interest, over 20 years. Utility system charges are the dedicated source of repayment for these loans.

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) 0% loans relate to a sewer replacement project, a street storm sewer, and a sanitary sewer separation project. The sewer replacement project loan, the street storm sewer loan, and the sanitary sewer separation project loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$3,310, \$3,420, and \$2,648, respectively, all over 20 years.

NOTE 10 – DEBT (CONTINUED)

The Sewer System Improvement Note, Series 2000, relates to the costs of improving the Village's sanitary sewer system and waterworks system by acquiring and installing a water tower, acquiring and installing a new grit chamber at the Village's waste water treatment plant, and constructing storm sewer bypasses at various locations throughout the Village. The note will be repaid in annual installments of \$25,000 over 4 years, \$30,000 over 2 years, and a final installment of \$615,000 in year 7.

The Waterworks System Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1997, relates to the costs of improving the Village waterworks system by acquiring and constructing improvements to and an expansion of the Village's water treatment plant, water storage facilities, and water distribution and supply system and to provide funds to retire outstanding temporary Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1995, of the Village. The bond will be repaid in annual installments of various amounts over 40 years.

The following is a summary of the Village's future annual debt service requirements:

	OWDA I	Loans	OPWC Loans			Sewer Note				
Year	Principal	Interest	I	Principal		Interest	P	rincipal	I	nterest
2006	\$ 167,936 \$	108,621	\$	9,378	\$	_	\$	30,000	\$	32,445
2007	188,713	100,701		18,756		-		615,000		15,836
2008	197,585	92,318		18,756		-		-		-
2009	206,988	83,443		18,756		-		-		-
2010	216,957	74,044		18,756		-		-		-
2011-2015	1,044,329	208,350		90,469		-		-		-
2016-2020	320,994	16,698		55,381		-		-		-
2021-2025	_	_		6,840		-		-		-
Totals	\$ <u>2,343,502</u> \$	684,175	\$_	237,092	\$_	-	\$	645,000	\$_	48,281

	Waterworks Bond					
Year	<u>P</u> 1	incipal	<u>Interest</u>			
2006	\$	29,000	\$ 109,200			
2007		31,000	107,750			
2008		32,000	106,200			
2009		34,000	104,600			
2010		35,000	102,900			
2011-2015		205,000	486,250			
2016-2020		261,000	429,650			
2021-2025		332,000	357,700			
2026-2030		426,000	265,750			
2031-2035		542,000	148,200			
2036-2040		257,000	19,450			
Totals	\$ <u>2</u>	,184,000	\$ <u>2,237,650</u>			

The Ohio Revised Code provides that net general obligation debt of the Village, exclusive of certain exempt debt, issued without a vote of the electors shall never exceed 5.5% of the tax valuation of the Village. The Revised Code further provides that total voted and unvoted net debt of the Village less the same exempt debt shall never exceed amount equal to 10.5% of its tax valuation. The effects of the debt limitations at December 31, 2005, were an overall debt margin of \$2,603,712 and an unvoted debt margin of \$4,970,723.

DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 11 - OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Village leases a copier under an operating lease with a minimum commitment of 12 months. The monthly rentals are determined by a meter program. In years 2005 through June 2006, the meter rate is \$0.015 per copy. As of July 2006, the meter rate increased to \$0.016 per copy.

NOTE 12 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During 2005 the following transfers were made:

Transfers from the General Fund (which inc	ludes	the Local
Income Tax Fund):		
Street Construction Maintenance & Repair		
Fund	\$	205,000
Water Fund		159,000
Water Debt Fund		140,000
Sanitary Sewer Fund		130,000
Other Capital Projects Fund		123,000
Construction (CDBG) Fund		98,000
Reservoir Fund		1,000
Total Transfers from General Fund	\$	856,000

Transfers were made out of the Village's General Fund to subsidize debt service payments and other expenditures in 2005.

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Village is collaterally involved in a litigation. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of the suit, they believe the resolution of these matters will have no economic effect on the Village. It is a declaratory judgment action and no money damages are sought by either party against the other.

NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS
On September 20, 2004, the Village Council passed a resolution authorizing the purchase of 63.5 acres plus or minus in Van Buren Township of Putnam County, Ohio. This purchase was completed on September 28, 2004, for a price of \$451,872. On October 18, 2004, Village Council passed a resolution authorizing the annexation of this property into the Village of Leipsic. On November 3, 2004, records on file with the Secretary of State indicate the formation of a limited liability company in the name of PCI LLC. The attorney assisting in the incorporation was also the individual serving as the Village Solicitor at the time of these events.

On November 15, 2004, Village Council passed a resolution authorizing the Mayor and Fiscal Officer of the Village to enter into an agreement with the Putnam County Community Improvement Corporation for that organization to act as the Village's agent for the sale of real estate and declaring an emergency. Also on November 15, 2004, a resolution was passed by the Village Council authorizing the sale of 3.1 acres to the Leipsic-Van Buren Port Authority and declaring an emergency. On December 10, 2004, the Village sold 60.626 acres of real estate to the Putnam County Community Improvement Corporation for a price of \$432,102. On the same date, records on file with the Putnam County Auditor's office indicate that the Putnam County Community Improvement Corporation sold the same parcel to the PCI LLC for the same amount of \$432,102. On February 7, 2005, the Village sold the remaining 3.167 acres from the original purchase to the Leipsic-Van Buren Port Authority for \$1 that has not, as of the date of these financial statements, been paid to the Village of Leipsic.

On September 1, 2006, records on file with the Putnam County Auditor's office indicate that PCI LLC sold the 60.626 acres discussed herein for \$915,420.



2000 NORTH CLINTON STREET DEFIANCE, OHIO 43512 PHONE (419) 782-1030 FAX (419) 782-5298

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Leipsic Putnam County, Ohio

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Leipsic, Putnam County, Ohio (the Village) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2006, wherein, we noted the Village prepares its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the Village's management dated November 3, 2006, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem reportable conditions.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material affect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2005-1 through 2005-7.

We also noted certain additional matters that we reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated November $3,\,2006.$

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and Village Council, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

STEYER & CO.

Certified Public Accountants

Steger & Co.

Defiance, Ohio November 3, 2006

VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC PUTNAM COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2005

FINDING NUMBER 2005-1

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.10 states money paid into any fund shall be used only for the purposes for which the fund was established.

The existence of a deficit balance in any fund indicates that money from another fund or funds has been used to pay the obligations of the fund carrying the deficit balance. There were numerous deficit cash balances throughout 2005 in amounts ranging from \$523 to \$250,430. There were no funds that had deficit cash balances at December 31, 2005.

We recommend the Village transfer or advance from the General Fund or reduce planned expenditures as necessary to avoid deficit balances.

FINDING NUMBER 2005-2

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.39 provides that appropriations from each fund shall not exceed estimated revenue available for expenditures.

Appropriations exceeded estimated revenues in the following funds at December 31, 2005:

Fund	Estimated Resources	<u>A</u> p	propriations	Variance
December 31, 2005: Street Construction	\$ 240,247	\$	283,950	\$ (43,703)

We recommend the Village review estimated resources prior to approving or amending appropriations. If estimated resources are not sufficient to support planned appropriations, the Village should modify appropriations or request an amended certificate, if new revenue sources are identified.

FINDING NUMBER 2005-3

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision from making any expenditure of money unless it has been lawfully appropriated as provided in such chapter.

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds at year end:

Fund December 31, 2005:	$A_{]}$	ppropriation Authority	Budgetary xpenditures	Variance
General	\$	2,356,510	\$ 2,998,375	\$ (641,865)
State Highway	\$	5,900	\$ 11,107	\$ (5,207)
Permissive Tax	\$	12,000	\$ 28,290	\$ (16,290)
Fire	\$	61,235	\$ 106,375	\$ (45,140)
Water Plant	\$	_	\$ 601	\$ (601)
Water	\$	461,965	\$ 468,781	\$ (6,816)
Water Debt	\$	138,500	\$ 138,600	\$ (100)
Sanitary Sewer	\$	532,770	\$ 634,690	\$ (101,920)

VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC PUTNAM COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2005

FINDING NUMBER 2005-3

(Continued)

The Fiscal Officer should not certify the availability of funds and should deny payment requests exceeding appropriations. The Fiscal Officer may request Council to approve increased expenditure levels by increasing appropriations and amending estimated resources, if necessary.

FINDING NUMBER 2005-4

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(D) states no orders or contracts involving the expenditure of money are to be made unless there is attached thereto a certificate of the fiscal officer certifying that the amount required for the order or contract has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances. Every such contract made without such a certificate shall be null and void and no warrant shall be issued in payment of any amount due thereon.

This section also provides two "exceptions" to the above requirement:

- a. Then and Now Certificate If no certificate is furnished as required, upon receipt of the fiscal officer's certificate that a sufficient sum was, both at the time of the contract or order and at the time of the certificate, appropriated and free of any previous encumbrances, the Council may authorize the issuance of a warrant in payment of the amount due upon such contract or order by resolution within 30 days from the receipt of such certificate, if such expenditure is otherwise valid.
- b. If the amount involved is less than \$3,000 the fiscal officer may authorize it to be paid without the affirmation of Council, upon completion of a then and now certificate, if such expenditure is otherwise valid.

Fourteen percent of the transactions tested were not certified by the fiscal officer at the time the commitment was incurred and neither of the exceptions provided for were used. In addition, the Village had \$42,816 in outstanding purchase commitments at December 31, 2005 that were not certified until 2006. The accompanying financial statements have been adjusted to include these amounts as outstanding encumbrances at year end.

Certification is not only required by Ohio law but is key control in the disbursements process to help assure purchase commitments receive prior approval, and to help reduce the possibility of Village funds being over expanded or exceeding budgetary spending limitations as set by the Council. To improve controls over disbursements, we recommend all Village disbursements receive prior certification of the Fiscal Officer and the Council periodically review the expenditures made to ensure they are within the appropriations adopted by the Council, certified by the Fiscal Officer, and recorded against appropriations.

VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC PUTNAM COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2005

FINDING NUMBER 2005-5

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Revised Code §5705.36(A)(3) requires obtaining an increased amended certificate from the budget commission if the Village intends to appropriate and expend excess revenue.

Appropriations and expenditures were higher than revenues during 2005 and no amended certificate was received.

We recommend the Village review appropriations, expenditures, and estimated resources throughout the year and request an amended certificate as needed.

FINDING NUMBER 2005-6

Ohio Revised Code §5705.30 requires the Village to hold at least one public hearing thereon, of which public notice shall be given by at least one publication not less than ten days prior to the date of hearing in the official publication of the Village, or in a newspaper having general circulation in the Village.

A budget hearing did take place on July 6, 2004, but the Village showed no documentation that a public notice was published.

We recommend that the Village keeps a reminder with their budget information stating that a public notice should be published within the appropriate guidelines specified by the law.

FINDING NUMBER 2005-7

Ohio Revised Code §135.18 (specific collateral) and §135.181 (pooled collateral) states that the Fiscal Officer of the Village must require the depository to provide security equal to the funds on deposit at all times. Security may consist of federal deposit insurance, security company bonds, or pledged securities.

There were two instances noted throughout the year where securities were not appropriate. As of June 30, 2005, the depository balance was \$122,947 more than what the balance of securities on deposit with the federal depository was. The same situation also occurred at December 31, 2005 resulting in a \$351,691 unsecured balance at that date.

We recommend that the Fiscal Officer review the pooled collateral statements received from the bank throughout the year to the depository balances to verify that all cash is covered. If the securities are not adequate, request an increase in collateral.

VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC PUTNAM COUNTY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

DECEMBER 31, 2005

			Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action
Finding		Fully	Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid;
Number	Finding Summary	Corrected?	Explain:
2004-1	ORC § 5705.10	No	This finding has not been corrected and is
	Deficit fund balances		repeated in this report as finding 2005-1.
2004-2	ORC § 5705.39	No	This finding has not been corrected and is
	Appropriations exceeded		repeated in this report as finding 2005-2.
	estimated resources		
2004-3	ORC § 5705.41(B)	No	This finding has not been corrected and is
	Expenditures exceeded		repeated in this report as finding 2005-3.
	appropriations		
2004-4	ORC § 5705.41(D)	No	This finding has not been corrected and is
	Certification of funds		repeated in this report as finding 2005-4.
2004-5	ORC § 5705.36(A)(3)	No	This finding has not been corrected and is
	Amended certificate		repeated in this report as finding 2005-5.

VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC PUTNAM COUNTY CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2005-1	The Fiscal Officer will better monitor this situation and take appropriate corrective action.	December 31, 2006	Rosemary Schortgen
2005-2	The Fiscal Officer will better monitor this situation and take appropriate corrective action.	December 31, 2006	Rosemary Schortgen
2005-3	The Fiscal Officer will better monitor this situation and take appropriate corrective action.	December 31, 2006	Rosemary Schortgen
2005-4	The Fiscal Officer will better monitor this situation and take appropriate corrective action.	December 31, 2006	Rosemary Schortgen
2005-5	The Fiscal Officer will better monitor this situation and take appropriate corrective action.	December 31, 2006	Rosemary Schortgen
2005-6	The Fiscal Officer will better monitor this situation and take appropriate corrective action.	December 31, 2006	Rosemary Schortgen
2005-7	The Fiscal Officer will better monitor this situation and take appropriate corrective action.	December 31, 2006	Rosemary Schortgen



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

VILLAGE OF LEIPSIC

PUTNAM COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 3, 2007