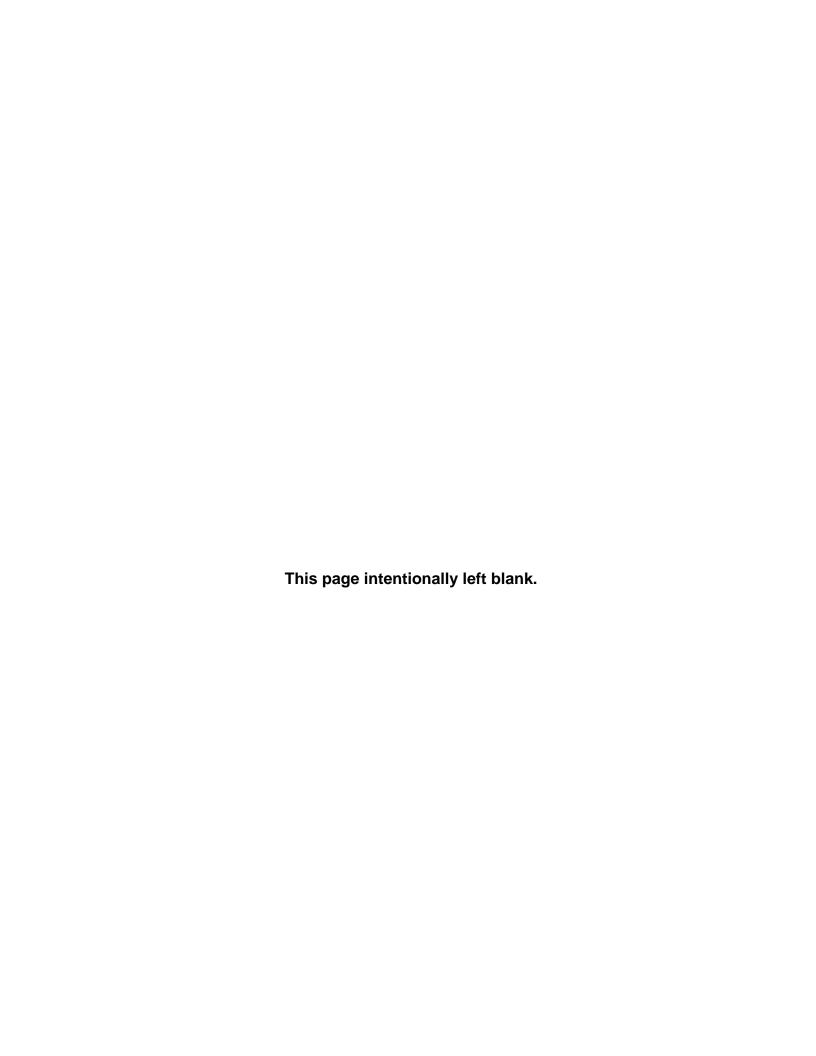




UNION LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BELMONT COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report1
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Basic Financial Statements:
Government-Wide Financial Statements:
Statement of Net Assets11
Statement of Activities
Fund Financial Statements:
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds13
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund17
Statement of Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Fund18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Fund19
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds21
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Fund22
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements23
Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures47
Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures48
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to The Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-13351
Schedule of Findings - OMB Circular A-133 Section, 505





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Union Local School District Belmont County P. O. Box 300 Morristown, Ohio 43759

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Union Local School District, Belmont County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Union Local School District, Belmont County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 2, 2007, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701-2157 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 Union Local School District Belmont County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Mary Taylor

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as whole.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

February 2, 2007

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Union Local School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2006 are as follows:

- General revenues accounted for \$10,346,828 in revenue or 80 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,571,323 or 20 percent of total revenues of \$12,918,151.
- Total program expenses were \$13,015,268.
- In total, net assets decreased \$97,117.
- Outstanding bonded debt decreased from \$2,870,000 to \$2,760,000 during 2006.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the Union Local School District as a whole entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Union Local School District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2006?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and *changes in those assets*. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and non instructional services, ie, food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major funds begins on page 25. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some of its scholarship and foundation programs. This activity is presented as a private purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in an agency fund. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets on pages 21 and 22. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

The District as a Whole

Recall the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2006 compared to 2005:

(Table 1) Net Assets Governmental Activities

	2006	2005
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 4,523,313	\$ 4,394,034
Capital Assets	13,689,000	14,200,063
Total Assets	 18,212,313	 18,594,097
Liabilities		
Other Liabilities	3,570,017	3,774,417
Long-Term Liabilities	3,822,424	3,902,691
Total Liabilities	7,392,441	7,677,108
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	10,929,000	11,330,063
Restricted	1,002,333	1,072,468
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(1,111,461)	(1,485,542)
Total Net Assets	\$ 10,819,872	\$ 10,916,989

Total net assets decreased by \$97,117. A decrease of \$511,063 in total capital assets reflects depreciation exceeding additional purchases. Total liabilities decreased by \$284,667, which was primarily a result of decreased deferred revenue, long-term liabilities, and accrued wages and benefits.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2006 compared to 2005. This table presents two fiscal years in side-by-side comparisons. This will enable the reader to draw further conclusion about the District's financial status and possibly project future problems.

(Table 2) Change in Net Assets Governmental Activities

	2006	2005
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 802,311	\$ 758,538
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,737,978	2,096,719
Capital Grants and Contributions	31,034	27,276
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	2,645,592	1,937,657
Grants and Entitlements	7,609,644	7,288,762
Other	91,592	66,227
Total Revenues	12,918,151	12,175,179
Program Expenses		
Instruction	8,123,495	7,811,539
Support Services:		
Pupils and Instructional Staff	934,856	886,628
Board of Education, Administration		
and Fiscal	1,182,770	1,037,805
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,157,936	1,150,184
Pupil Transportation	649,009	618,114
Central	22,623	13,617
Operation of Non-instructional Services		
Food Service Operations	493,068	453,534
Community Services	10,977	0
Extracurricular Activities	272,565	207,468
Interest and Fiscal Charges	167,969	174,358
Total Expenses	13,015,268	12,353,247
Change in Net Assets	(97,117)	(178,068)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	10,916,989	11,095,057
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 10,819,872	\$ 10,916,989

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

Several revenue sources fund the District's governmental activities with intergovernmental revenue in the form of operating grants and unrestricted grants and entitlements being the largest contributor. Intergovernmental revenue generated \$9,378,656 in 2006. Property tax levies generated \$2,645,592 in 2006. With the combination of taxes and intergovernmental funding nearly 92 percent of expenses in governmental activities, the School District monitors both of these revenue sources very closely for fluctuations.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

(Table 3)
Total and Net Cost of Program Expenses
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Service 2006		Total Cost of Service 2005		Net Cost of Service 2006	Net Cost of Service 2005
Program Expenses						
Instruction	\$	8,123,495	\$	7,811,539	\$ (6,350,952)	\$ (5,795,085)
Support Services:						
Pupils and Instructional Staff		934,856		886,628	(792,554)	(698,509)
Board of Education, Administration						
Fiscal and Central		1,205,393		1,051,422	(1,147,857)	(994,567)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,157,936		1,150,184	(1,148,936)	(1,141,184)
Pupil Transportation		649,009		618,114	(620,784)	(572,815)
Food Service Operations		493,068		453,534	(46,272)	(34,306)
Community Services		10,977		0	(10,977)	0
Extracurricular Activities		272,565		207,468	(157,644)	(59,890)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		167,969		174,358	(167,969)	 (174,358)
Total	\$	13,015,268	\$	12,353,247	\$ (10,443,945)	\$ (9,470,714)

Instruction and student support services comprise 69.5 percent of governmental program expenses. Other support services such as board of education, administration, fiscal, business and central were 9.2 percent of governmental program expenses. Fiscal expenses include payments to the County Auditor for administrative fees and other administrative services provided to the District. Interest and fiscal charges were 1.3 percent. Interest expense was attributable to the outstanding bonds. Pupil transportation and the operation and maintenance of facilities accounts for 13.8 percent of governmental program expenses. Operation of non-instructional services, consisting primarily of food service operations and community services, comprises 3.8 percent of governmental program expenses. Extracurricular activities comprise 2.1 percent of total expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

The District's Funds

Information about the District's major funds starts on page 13. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$12,858,657 and expenditures of \$12,583,984. The net change in governmental fund balance for the year totaled \$274,673.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2006, the District did not significantly modify its general fund budget. The School District uses site-based budgeting and budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management

For the general fund, final budget basis revenue including other financing sources, was \$10,539,113, equaling the original budget estimates of \$10,539,113.

Final appropriations were \$299,196 higher than the original budget estimates of \$10,669,288.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2006, the District had \$13,689,000 invested in land, buildings and improvements, and vehicles. See note 8 for additional details. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2006 balances compared with 2005.

(Table 4) Capital Assets at June 30 Governmental Activities

	Governmental Activities					
	2006	2005				
Land Buildings and Improvements Vehicles	\$ 1,842,760 11,615,007 231,233	\$ 1,842,760 12,143,328 213,975				
Totals	\$ 13,689,000	\$ 14,200,063				

All capital assets, except land, are reported net of depreciation. The \$511,063 decrease in capital assets was attributable to depreciation expense exceeding additional purchases.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Senate Bill 345 requires the District to set aside \$155.07 per pupil of certain general fund revenues in each of two areas, one for the purchase of textbooks and materials related to instruction and the other for capital outlay. For fiscal year 2006, this amounted to \$217,086 for each set aside. The District has qualifying disbursements or offsets exceeding these requirements for both set asides.

Debt

At June 30, 2006, the District had \$2,760,000 in bonds outstanding with \$120,000 due within one year. See note 13 for additional details. Table 5 summarizes bonds outstanding.

(Table 5) Outstanding Debt, at June 30

	Governmental Activities 2006	Governmental Activities 2005
1997 General Obligation Bond	\$ 2,760,000	\$ 2,870,000

Current Issues

The Union Local School District is currently financially stable. As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily on state funding as well at its local property taxpayers. The District has not passed an operating levy since 1976 and our permanent improvement levy has not been successful at renewal for several years.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Shawn Miller, Treasurer/CFO at Union Local School District, P.O. Box 300, Morristown, OH 43759.

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Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,930,125
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	86,466
Receivables:	
Taxes	2,325,956
Accounts	7,259
Intergovernmental	55,454
Prepaid Items	18,724
Inventory Held For Resale	5,611
Materials and Supplies Inventory	93,718
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,842,760
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	11,846,240
Total Assets	18,212,313
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	8,379
Accrued Wages and Benefits	917,557
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	18,045
Intergovernmental Payable	379,995
Deferred Revenue	2,232,276
Accrued Interest Payable	13,765
Long Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	173,621
Due in More Than One Year	3,648,803
Total Liabilities	7,392,441
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	10,929,000
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	264,430
Debt Service	595,614
Other Purposes	142,289
Unrestricted	(1,111,461)
Total Net Assets	\$ 10,819,872

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

					Progra	am Revenues			R	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses			harges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities										
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	6,186,183	\$	550,682	\$	151,639	\$	17,536	\$	(5,466,326)
Special	Ψ	1,599,036	Ψ	2,582	Ψ	932,484	Ψ	0	Ψ	(663,970)
Vocational		213,651		0		65,084		0		(148,567)
Other		124,625		0		52,536		ő		(72,089)
Support Services:		12 1,023		· ·		32,330		Ü		(72,00))
Pupils		474,651		0		87,563		0		(387,088)
Instructional Staff		460,205		0		54,739		0		(405,466)
Board of Education		122,013		0		0		ő		(122,013)
Administration		756,915		0		52,536		0		(704,379)
Fiscal		303,842		0		0		0		(303,842)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,157,936		0		9,000		ő		(1,148,936)
Pupil Transportation		649,009		0		14,727		13,498		(620,784)
Central		22,623		0		5,000		0		(17,623)
Operation of Non-instructional Services:		22,023		· ·		2,000		O		(17,023)
Food Service Operations		493,068		143,117		303,679		0		(46,272)
Community Services		10,977		0		0		0		(10,977)
Extracurricular Activities		272,565		105,930		8,991		0		(157,644)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		167,969		0		0		0		(167,969)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	13,015,268	\$	802,311	\$	1,737,978	\$	31,034		(10,443,945)
	Prope Gen Deb Cap Grant Inves	ral Revenues erty Taxes Leviederal Purposes t Service ital Outlay is and Entitlement tment Earnings ellaneous		estricted to Spe	cific Pr	rograms				2,287,487 46,637 311,468 7,609,644 64,657 26,935
	Total	General Revenu	es							10,346,828
	Chan	ge in Net Assets								(97,117)
	Net A	ssets Beginning	of Year							10,916,989
	Net A	ssets End of Yea	r						\$	10,819,872

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

	General		Bond Retirement		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets	Φ.	000 240	ф	5 00.0 5 5		710 0 72		4 045 005
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	800,248	\$	598,076	\$	519,073	\$	1,917,397
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:		12,728		0		0		12,728
Taxes		2,004,424		273,825		47,707		2,325,956
Accounts		6,320		0		939		7,259
Intergovernmental		0		0		55,454		55,454
Prepaid Items		18,724		0		0		18,724
Inventory Held For Resale		0		0		5,611		5,611
Materials and Supplies Inventory		93,718		0		0		93,718
Total Assets	\$	2,936,162	\$	871,901	\$	628,784	\$	4,436,847
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	7,985	\$	0	\$	394	\$	8,379
Accrued Wages and Benefits		803,948		0		113,609		917,557
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		18,045		0		0		18,045
Intergovernmental Payable		334,744		0		45,251		379,995
Deferred Revenue		2,004,424		273,825		103,161		2,381,410
Total Liabilities		3,169,146		273,825		262,415		3,705,386
Fund Balances								
Reserved for Encumbrances		129,488		0		26,291		155,779
Reserved for Bus Purchases		12,728		0		0		12,728
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:								
General Fund		(375,200)		0		0		(375,200)
Special Revenue Funds		0		0		75,372		75,372
Debt Service Fund		0		598,076		0		598,076
Capital Projects Funds		0		0		264,706		264,706
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		(232,984)		598,076		366,369		731,461
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,936,162	\$	871,901	\$	628,784	\$	4,436,847

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2006

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 731,461
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		13,689,000
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Grants Delinquent Property Taxes	\$ 55,454 93,680	149,134
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		86,466
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is not recorded.		(13,765)
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds Total	(1,062,424) (2,760,000)	(3,822,424)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 10,819,872

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

		General	Bond Retirement		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues								
Property Taxes	\$	2,217,488	\$	301,913	\$	46,847	\$	2,566,248
Intergovernmental		7,827,687		37,351		1,498,576		9,363,614
Investment Income		56,203		0		8,454		64,657
Tuition and Fees		545,446		0		0		545,446
Extracurricular Activities		0		0		105,930		105,930
Rentals		7,818		0		0		7,818
Charges for Services		0		0		143,117		143,117
Contributions and Donations		10,424		0		24,468		34,892
Miscellaneous		14,338		0		12,597		26,935
Total Revenues		10,679,404		339,264		1,839,989		12,858,657
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		5,370,325		0		447,831		5,818,156
Special		1,112,422		0		405,712		1,518,134
Vocational		193,852		0		142		193,994
Other		30,797		0		93,828		124,625
Support Services:								
Pupils		367,450		0		97,928		465,378
Instructional Staff		404,513		0		51,177		455,690
Board of Education		122,013		0		0		122,013
Administration		680,342		0		53,504		733,846
Fiscal		287,092		7,422		1,301		295,815
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,115,184		0		22,366		1,137,550
Pupil Transportation		639,892		0		24,531		664,423
Central		17,641		0		4,982		22,623
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:								
Food Service Operations		0		0		459,379		459,379
Community Services		10,977		0		0		10,977
Extracurricular Activities		150,364		0		103,504		253,868
Capital Outlay		0		0		28,900		28,900
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		0		110,000		0		110,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		0		168,613		0		168,613
Total Expenditures	· ——	10,502,864		286,035		1,795,085		12,583,984
Net Change in Fund Balance		176,540		53,229		44,904		274,673
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year		(409,524)		544,847		321,465		456,788
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$	(232,984)	\$	598,076	\$	366,369	\$	731,461

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 274,673
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation	\$ 59,082 (570,145)	
Total		(511,063)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Grants Delinquent Property Taxes	\$ (19,850) 79,344	
Total		59,494
Repayment of general obligation bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		110,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest is expended when due.		644
Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(29,733)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service		
fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		 (1,132)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ (97,117)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 2,015,000	\$ 2,015,000	\$ 2,217,488	\$ 202,488	
Intergovernmental	7,967,163	7,967,163	7,832,555	(134,608)	
Investment Income	16,000	16,000	55,211	39,211	
Tuition and Fees	494,300	494,300	547,969	53,669	
Rentals	5,000	5,000	8,879	3,879	
Contributions and Donations	15,100	15,100	10,424	(4,676)	
Miscellaneous	900	900	2,204	1,304	
Total Revenues	10,513,463	10,513,463	10,674,730	161,267	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	5,455,855	5,486,812	5,451,520	35,292	
Special	1,123,751	1,145,970	1,135,828	10,142	
Vocational	190,294	204,143	201,551	2,592	
Other	37,387	41,712	37,113	4,599	
Support Services:					
Pupils	387,585	387,655	372,200	15,455	
Instructional Staff	375,181	392,833	389,860	2,973	
Board of Education	134,472	135,072	118,170	16,902	
Administration	658,792	689,833	682,263	7,570	
Fiscal	272,514	291,824	286,106	5,718	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,183,149	1,221,649	1,126,442	95,207	
Pupil Transportation	688,135	783,135	765,722	17,413	
Central	0	19,900	17,641	2,259	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:					
Food Service Operations	10,980	10,980	10,977	3	
Extracurricular Activities	145,093	150,866	145,135	5,731	
Capital Outlay	6,100	6,100	6,100	0	
Total Expenditures	10,669,288	10,968,484	10,746,628	221,856	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(155,825)	(455,021)	(71,898)	383,123	
Other Financing Sources					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	578	578	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	15,000	15,000	17,407	2,407	
Advances In	10,650	10,650	10,650	0	
Total Other Financing Sources	25,650	25,650	28,635	2,985	

Statement of Fund Net Assets
Proprietary Fund
June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	\$ 86,466
Net Assets Unrestricted	\$ 86,466

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenue Charges for Services	\$ 67,018
Operating Expenses Purchased Services Claims	17,384 53,121
Total Operating Expenses	70,505
Operating Loss	(3,487)
Non-Operating Revenue Interest	2,355
Change in Net Assets	(1,132)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	87,598
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 86,466

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Flows From Operating Activities	
Cash Received from Interfund Services Cash Payments for Goods and Services Cash Payments for Claims	\$ 67,018 (17,384) (62,331)
Net Cash Used For Operating Activities	(12,697)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest on Investments	2,355
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(10,342)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	96,808
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 86,466
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used For Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	\$ (3,487)
Adjustment: Decrease in Claims Payable	(9,210)
Net Cash Used For Operating Activities	\$ (12,697)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2006

	Private Purpose Trust Scholarship		Agency	
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	12,033	\$	37,266
Liabilities Due to Students		0	\$	37,266
Net Assets Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$	12,033		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2006

	Private Purpose Trust Scholarship	
Additions Gifts and Contributions	\$	10,495
Deductions Scholarships Awarded		13,000
Change in Net Assets		(2,505)
Net Assets Beginning of Year		14,538
Net Assets End of Year	\$	12,033

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 1: Description of the District and Reporting Entity

The Union Local School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines. Average daily membership on, or as of October 1, 2005, was 1,352. The District employs 119 certificated and 53 non-certificated employees.

The District was established in 1952 through the consolidation of the Union Township, Smith Township, Belmont, Bethesda, Lafferty, and Holloway schools. In 1968, the new Union Local School District was formed when the Flushing School District joined the consolidation. The combined high school, Union Local High School, was built in 1958, with the first class graduating in 1960. In the fall of 1998, Union Local School District finished construction of a new high school. In the fall of 1999, construction of a new elementary school was complete, as well as the renovations to the old high school which was converted into the middle school. It is located in Belmont County, and includes all of the Villages of Morristown, Belmont, Centerville, Bethesda, and Flushing. The District is the 357th largest in the State of Ohio (among 612 school districts) in terms of enrollment. Subsequent to the completion of the renovations to the high school building and new addition and construction of the new elementary school, the Flushing, Centerville, Belmont and Bethesda Elementary Buildings were turned over to the communities for one dollar. The District currently operates three instructional buildings, one administrative building and one garage.

The reporting entity is required to be comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to, or can otherwise access, the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provides financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes.

No separate governmental units meet the criteria for inclusion as a component unit.

The District is involved with the Belmont-Harrison Vocational School, the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency (OME-RESA), East Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (ECOSERRC), the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, the Ohio Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, the Ohio School Plan, and the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (ORE-RESA) Self-Insurance Plan which are defined as a jointly governed organizations, insurance purchasing pools, and a claims servicing pool. Additional information concerning these organizations is presented in Notes 14 and 15 to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applied Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and to its internal service fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is also eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at yearend. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limitations. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Bond Retirement Fund – The bond retirement debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal and interest.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Types Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The District only has an internal service fund.

Internal Service Fund – The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District on a cost reimbursement basis. The District's internal service funds account for funds for the operation of the District's self-insurance program for employee prescription drug and dental claims.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are, therefore, not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for a college scholarship program for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's only agency fund accounts for student activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenditures) in the total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service fund.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – **Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. (See Note 6.) Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees, and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2006, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2007 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Budgetary modifications at this level require a resolution of the Board of Education. The Treasurer has been given the authority to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District's Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflects the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

The District has cash with a fiscal agent held separate from the School District's central bank account. This account is maintained by the School District's self-insurance third party administrator and is presented in the statement of net assets and the statement of fund net assets as "cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents".

During fiscal year 2006, the District has no investments.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2006 amounted to \$56,203, which includes \$32,687 assigned from other District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

G. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the general fund include unspent resources restricted for the purchase of buses.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2006, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Inventory

Inventories are reported at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

J. Capital Assets

The only capital assets of the District are general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Land, buildings and improvements, and vehicles are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars for all assets. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Building Improvements	30 Years
Vehicles	5-10 Years

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those that the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wages at fiscal year end taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. Theses amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the funds from which the employee will be paid.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements and all payables and accrued liabilities from the internal service are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims, compensated absences and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. The unmatured portion of these obligations should be reported as general long-term liabilities segregated between amounts due within one year and amounts due in more than one year. Long-term notes and loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due or when resources are available. The unmatured portion of these obligations should also be reported as general long-term liabilities segregated between amounts due in one year and amounts due in more than one year.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include instructional activities, grants and extracurricular activities.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriations or expenditures. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for appropriation, in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances and bus purchases.

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund.

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2006.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. New Accounting Principles

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries, GASB Statement No. 46, Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation, and Statement No. 47, Accounting for Termination Benefits.

Statement No. 42 establishes accounting and financial standards for impairment of capital assets and clarifies and establishes accounting requirements for insurance recoveries.

Statement No. 46 establishes that any amount of the primary government's net assets at the end of the reporting period restricted by enabling legislation should be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. At June 30, 2006, none of the District's net assets were restricted by enabling legislation.

Statement No. 47 provides guidance to governmental employers for measuring, recognizing, and reporting liabilities and expenses/expenditures related to *all* termination benefits without limitations as to the period of time during which the benefits are offered.

The implementation of these GASB statements did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 3: Fund Deficits

Fund balances at June 30, 2006, included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit	
General Fund	\$ 232,984	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:		
DPIA	27,780	
Title I	95,120	
Class Size Reduction	29,110	
Food Service	44,955	

The deficit in the general fund was created by the lack of unrestricted available resources to cover operations in the fund as well as the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The District is currently monitoring its financial condition and is taking steps to increase revenues and reduce spending.

The nonmajor special revenue funds' deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide operating transfers when cash is required, rather than when accruals occur.

Note 4: Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, is presented for the general fund on the budgetary basis to provide meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2) Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3) Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4) Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 4: Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement on a fund type basis for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$ 176,540
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	13,311
Advances In	10,650
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(109,362)
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(134,402)
Budget Basis	\$ (43,263)

Note 5: Cash and Cash Equivalents

State statues classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active monies are public deposits necessary to meet the demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 5: Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and any other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio); and
- 8. Bankers acceptances and commercial paper if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

According to State law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105 percent of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. Repurchase agreements must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the District's name. During 2006, the District and public depositories complied with the provisions of these statutes.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105 percent of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 5: Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures," as of June 30, 2006, \$2,191,454 of the District's bank balance of \$2,291,454 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed above. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Funds Held by Fiscal Agent

Until November 30, 2005, the District participated in the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency School Employees Insurance Consortium for employee benefits. The amount held at fiscal year end for the Employee Benefit Self-Insurance Fund was \$86,466. All benefit deposits are made to the consortium's depository account. Collateral is held by a qualified third-party trustee in the name of the consortium.

Note 6: Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar 2005 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State Law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Public utility real and tangible taxes received in calendar year 2006 became a lien December 31, 2004, were levied after April 1, 2005 and are collected in 2006 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2006 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2006 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the value as of December 31, 2005. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Belmont and Harrison Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2006, are available to finance fiscal year 2006 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 6: Property Taxes (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2006 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the delayed personal property tax and the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2006 taxes were collected are:

	2005 Second	l-Half	2006 First-Half				
Collections				Collections			
Amount		Percent		Amount	Percent		
\$	91,761,200	87.83%	\$	94,760,290	86.14%		
	4,622,090	4.42%		7,430,592	6.76%		
	8,097,230	7.75%		7,815,500	7.10%		
\$	104,480,520	100%	\$	110,006,382	100%		
\$	33.35		\$	33.35			
	\$	Sollection Amount \$ 91,761,200	Amount Percent \$ 91,761,200 87.83% 4,622,090 4.42% 8,097,230 7.75% \$ 104,480,520 100%	Collections Amount Percent \$ 91,761,200 87.83% \$ 4,622,090 4.42% 8,097,230 7.75% \$ 104,480,520 100% \$	Collections Amount Percent Amount \$ 91,761,200 87.83% \$ 94,760,290 4,622,090 4.42% 7,430,592 8,097,230 7.75% 7,815,500 \$ 104,480,520 100% \$ 110,006,382		

Note 7: Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2006 consisted of taxes, accounts and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of Federal funds. All are expected to be received within one year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 8: Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	6/30/05	Additions	Deletions	6/30/06
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:				
Land and Improvements	\$1,842,760	\$0	\$0	\$1,842,760
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings and Improvements	17,597,481	0	0	17,597,481
Vehicles	1,230,726	59,082	0	1,289,808
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	18,828,207 59,082		0	18,887,289
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(5,454,153)	(528,321)	0	(5,982,474)
Vehicles	(1,016,751)	(41,824)	0	(1,058,575)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(6,470,904)	(570,145)	0	(7,041,049)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	12,357,303	(511,063)	0	11,846,240
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$14,200,063	(\$511,063)	\$0	\$13,689,000

^{*}Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 357,633
Special	65,024
Vocational	16,256
Support Services:	
Pupils	8,128
Instructional Staff	16,256
Administration	16,256
Pupil Transportation	41,824
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
Food Service Operations	32,512
Extracurricular Activities	 16,256
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 570,145

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 9: Risk Management

A. General Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2003, the District joined together with other school districts in Ohio to participate in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), a public entity insurance purchasing pool. Each individual school district enters into an agreement with the OSP and its premium is based upon the types of coverage, limits of coverage, and deductibles that it selects. The District contracted with the Ohio School Plan for liability insurance. The policy has a liability per occurrence limit ranging from \$10,000 to \$2,000,000 and a \$3,000,000 aggregate annual limit.

The District contracted with Indiana Insurance for property coverage. The property insurance policy is a replacement cost policy with a \$2,500 deductible.

The District contracted with the Indiana Insurance for fleet insurance. The policy has a liability per occurrence of \$1,000,000 and deductibles between \$50 and \$1,000.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past four years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Workers' Compensation

The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System, an insurance purchasing pool, a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Group Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the district by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 9: Risk Management (Continued)

C. Employee Insurance

The District provided prescription, vision and dental insurance through a self-insurance plan and maintained a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program through November 30, 2005.

Effective December 1, 2005, the District is fully insured. The district provides prescription through Medical Mutual of Ohio, vision through Vision Services Plan of Ohio and dental through Coresource.

The District had no claims liability reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2006. The following table shows the changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years.

	В	alance							
	Be	Beginning		Current		Claims	Balance		
	0	f Year	Ye	Year Claims		Payments		End of Year	
2005	\$	3,927	\$	95,855	\$	90,572	\$	9,210	
2006	\$	9,210	\$	53,121	\$	62,331	\$	0	

Note 10: Pension Plans

A. State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a publicly available, stand alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, or by calling (614) 227-4090.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 10: Pension Plans (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS Ohio, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$769,212, \$751,344 and \$745,728, respectively; 86 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

B. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, standalone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215, or by calling (800) 878-5853.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 10: Pension Plans (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The District's contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$182,664, \$189,492 and \$210,000, respectively; 46 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004. \$98,169, representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2006, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

Note 11: Postemployment Benefits

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certificated employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DC and Combined Plan and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equaled to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$54,944 for fiscal year 2006.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), the balance in the fund was \$3.3 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$254,780,000 and STRS had 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to retirees, and their dependents, with 10 years or more of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.42 percent of covered payroll, compared to 3.43 percent of covered payroll for fiscal year 2005. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2006, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2006 fiscal year equaled \$64,298.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 11: Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for the maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. Net health care costs for the year ending June 30, 2005 (the latest information available) were \$178,221,113. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next fiscal year. As of June 30, 2005, the value of the health care fund was \$267.5 million, which is about 168 percent of next year's projected net health care costs of \$158,776,151. SERS has 58,123 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

Note 12 – Other Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn five to twenty-five days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Current policy permits vacation leave to be accumulated up to one year. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators who work less than 260 days do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 290 days for all certificated employees and 280 days for all non-classified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 72 days for certificated employees provided such certificated staff member has been continuously employed by the District for 9 years and 70 days for classified employees provided such classified employee has been continuously employed by the District for 7 years.

B. Health/Life Insurance

The District contracts with Medical Mutual of Ohio for hospitalization, prescription and major medical insurance for all employees. The School District pays monthly premiums of up to \$1,063.67 for family coverage and up to \$400.50 for individual coverage. Premiums are paid from the same funds that pay the employees' salaries. The District contracts with Vision Services Plan of Ohio to provide vision insurance for employees. The District also provides dental insurance to employees through Coresource. Life insurance is procured for all eligible employees with Genworth Life in the amount of \$40,000 paid by the District.

Note 13: General Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2006 were as follows:

	Οι	ıtstanding					Oı	utstanding		Due in
	Ju	July 1, 2005		Additions		Reductions		June 30, 2006		ne Year
1997 General Obligation Bonds				_		_				
4.1% - 6.25%	\$	2,870,000	\$	0	\$	(110,000)	\$	2,760,000	\$	120,000
Compensated Absences		1,032,691		105,463		(75,730)		1,062,424		53,621
	\$	3,902,691	\$	105,463	\$	(185,730)	\$	3,822,424	\$	173,621

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 13: General Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Outstanding general obligation bonds are direct obligations of the District for which the full faith, credit and resources are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property of the District.

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

General Obligation Bonds

On April 1, 1997, the District issued \$3,535,000 in general obligation bonds, which represented the local share for the District's construction of a new high school, new elementary school, and for the middle school renovations. The bonds were issued for a twenty-two year period with a final maturity of December 1, 2018. The general obligation bonds will be paid from the proceeds of a 4.5 mill bond levy. In addition to these proceeds, the District received \$15,262,035 in monies from the Ohio School Facilities Commission. Initially, repayment of the Ohio School Facilities Commission funds was to be made over a twenty-three year period from a half-mill levy. During 1998, the District passed the necessary board resolution which enables the District to retain the half-mill levy for maintenance of the new buildings due to the District's assessed value being below the statewide median. As a result of the approval from the Ohio School Facilities Commission, the District has no obligation to repay the School Facilities Loan.

The following is a summary of the School District's annual debt service principal and interest payments regarding the outstanding general obligation debt:

		General Obligation Bonds						
		Principal				Total		
Year ending June 30,	2007	\$	120,000	\$	161,425	•	\$	281,425
	2008		135,000		153,456			288,456
	2009		145,000		144,706			289,706
	2010		160,000		135,375			295,375
	2011		175,000		125,325			300,325
	2012-2016		1,120,000		443,210			1,563,210
	2017-2019		905,000		82,157			987,157
Total		\$	2,760,000	\$	1,245,654		\$	4,005,654

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 14: Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency (OME-RESA)

OME-RESA is a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to state statute. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions for member districts. Each of the governments of these districts support OME-RESA based on a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. The OME-RESA assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and a representative from the fiscal agent. OME-RESA is governed by a board of directors chosen from the general membership of the OME-RESA assembly. The board of directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each operating committee, and at least an assembly member from each county from which participating districts are located. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency, Karen Blake, who serves as Treasurer, at 2023 Sunset Blvd., Steubenville, Ohio 43952. The continued existence of OME-RESA is not dependent on the District's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists. The District paid \$87,641 for services provided during fiscal year 2006.

B. Belmont-Harrison Vocational School

The Belmont-Harrison Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the seven participating school district's elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. During fiscal year 2006, the School District made no contributions to the Vocational School District. To obtain financial information write to the Belmont-Harrison Vocational School, Alexis Petrilla, who serves as Treasurer, at Fox Shannon Road, St. Clairsville, Ohio 43950.

C. East Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (ECOSERRC)

The East Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center is a not-for-profit Council of Governments of various school districts and other organizations in east central Ohio. The ECOSERRC participates in services that assist the participants in complying with mandates of Public Law 101-476 and Public Law 99-457 for educating children with disabilities. There is no financial commitment made by the School District and the ECOSERRC is not financially dependent upon the continued participation of the School District. The School District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the ECOSERRC. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Julie Lynch, Treasurer at the Tuscarawas-Carroll-Harrison Educational Service Center, 172 North Broadway, New Philadelphia, Ohio 44663.

D. Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools

The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools is a jointly governed organization including over one hundred school districts in southeastern Ohio. The Coalition is operated by a board which is composed of fourteen members. The board members are composed of one superintendent from each county elected by the school districts within that county. The Coalition provides various in-service for school administrative personnel; gathers data regarding conditions of education in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Coalition is not dependent on the continued participation of the District and the District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the Coalition.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 15: Public Entity Pools

A. Insurance Purchasing Pools

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan – The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Ohio School Plan – The District participates in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), an insurance purchasing pool. The Ohio School Plan (OSP) is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OSP is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members and an instrumentality for each member for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to provide for a formalized, joint insurance purchasing program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs and other administrative services. The OSP's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member Board of Directors consisting of school district superintendents and treasurers, as well as the president of Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. and a partner of the Hylant Group, Inc. Hylant Group, Inc. is the Administrator of the OSP and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. is the sales and marketing representative, which establishes agreements between OSP and member schools.

B. Claims Servicing Pool

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA) Self-Insurance Plan – The District participates in the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA) Self-Insurance Plan through November 30, 2005, a claims servicing pool comprised of fifty members. Each participant is a member of the assembly. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of Directors elected from the OME-RESA's assembly. Each member pays a monthly premium based on their claims history and a monthly administration fee. All participating members retain their risk and the Plan acts as the claims servicing agent.

Note 16: Set-Aside Calculations

The District is required by state statute to annually set aside, in the general fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 16: Set-Aside Calculations (Continued)

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

			Capital			
	Textbooks		Imp	provements		
Set-aside Reserved Balance as of June 30, 2005	\$	90,010	\$	7,305		
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement		217,086		217,086		
Current Year Offsets		0		(46,847)		
Qualifying Disbursements		(326,681)		(272,144)		
Totals	\$	(19,585)	\$	(94,600)		
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future						
Fiscal Years	\$	(19,585)	\$	0		
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2006	\$	0	\$	0		

The District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the textbooks and instructional materials and capital improvements set-aside amounts below zero. This extra amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future fiscal years for the textbooks and instructional materials set-aside. Although the District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital improvements set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future fiscal years.

Note 17: Contingencies

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements, and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2006.

B. Litigation

The District is not party to any claims or lawsuits that would have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

UNION LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BELMONT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ Pass Through Grantor	Pass Through Entity	Federal CFDA		Noncash		Noncash
Program Title	Number	Number	Receipts	Receipts	Disbursements	Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Food Donation	N/A	10.550	\$0	\$22,006	\$0	\$22,006
Nutrition Cluster:						
School Breakfast Program	046011-05PU-2005/2006	10.553	111,124		111,124	
National School Lunch Program	046011-LLP4-2005/2006	10.555	159,583		159,583	
Total Nutrition Cluster			270,707	0	270,707	0
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			270,707	22,006	270,707	22,006
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	046011-C1S1/C1SD-2005/2006	84.010	316,854		312,126	
Special Education_Grants to States	046011-6BSF-2005/2006	84.027	413,145		373,860	
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	046011-DRS1-2005/2006	84.186	9,590		9,665	
State Grants for Innovative Programs	046011-C2S1-2005/2006	84.298	6,328		5,510	
Education Technology State Grants	046011-TJS1-2005/2006	84.318	5,282		5,702	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	046011-TRS1-2005/2006	84.367	101,079		98,739	
Total U.S. Department of Education			852,278	0	805,602	0
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Retardation & Developmental Disabilities:						
State Children's Insurance Program	N/A	93.767	716		716	
Medical Assistance Program	N/A	93.778	17,213		17,213	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			17,929	0	17,929	0
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$1,140,914	\$22,006	\$1,094,238	\$22,006

The Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is an integral part of the Schedule.

UNION LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BELMONT COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - FOOD DONATION

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

NOTE C - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE D - TRANSFERS

The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) requires school districts to record grant funds carried over from one grant period to another grant period as a negative receipt in the original grant fund project-by-year line and as a positive receipt in the subsequent year project line. The Schedule reflects the following transfers due to ODE administrative action:

CFDA	Pass-through Entity		
<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	Transfers-In	Transfers-Out
84.027	046011-6B-SF-2005		18,733
84.027	046011-6B-SF-2006	18,733	
84.186	046011-DR-S1-2005		758
84.186	046011-DR-S1-2006	758	
84.318	046011-TJ-S1-2005		3,424
84.318	046011-TJ-S1-2006	3,424	
Total		\$22,915	\$22,915



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Union Local School District Belmont County P. O. Box 300 Morristown, Ohio 43759

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Union Local School District, Belmont County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 2, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures to express our opinions on the basic financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the District's management dated February 2, 2007, we reported another matter involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem a reportable condition.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring about whether the District's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*. In a separate letter to the District's management dated February 2, 2007, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

Union Local School District
Belmont County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Required By *Government Audit Standards*Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

February 2, 2007



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Union Local School District Belmont County P. O. Box 300 Morristown, Ohio 43759

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Union Local School District, Belmont County, Ohio (the District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2006. The Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to the major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Internal Control over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Union Local School District Belmont County

Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to The Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

February 2, 2007

UNION LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BELMONT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505 JUNE 30, 2006

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education_Grants to States, CFDA #84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANIAL STATEMENTS	
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS	

None.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS	
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None.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

UNION LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BELMONT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 6, 2007