



TABLE OF CONTENTS

IIILE PAGE
ndependent Accountants' Report1
Management's Discussion and Analysis3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Government-wide Financial Statements
Statement of Net Assets – Modified Cash Basis - December 31, 2005
Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis - For the Year Ended December 31, 2005 10
Fund Financial Statements:
Statement of Modified Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - December 31, 200511
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Modified Cash Basis Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - For the Year Ended December 31, 200512
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Budget Basis - General Fund - For the Year Ended December 31, 2005
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Budget Basis - Road and Bridge Fund – For the Year Ended December 31, 2005
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Budget Basis - Fire Operation Fund – For the Year Ended December 31, 2005
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
ndependent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Pleasant Township Fairfield County 1170 Hillbrook Dr. Lancaster, Ohio 43130

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pleasant Township, Fairfield County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Township processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code Sections 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code Sections 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandates the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the modified cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pleasant Township, Fairfield County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in modified cash financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Road and Bridge, and Fire Operation funds thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

Pleasant Township Fairfield County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2006, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomeny

October 26, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

This discussion and analysis of Pleasant Township's (the Township) financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2005, within the limitations of the Township's modified cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key highlights for 2005 are as follows:

General revenues accounted for \$1,275,496 in revenue or 77% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants accounted for \$376,282 or 23% of total revenue of \$1,651,778. Total expenses were \$1,589,533.

General receipts are primarily real estate taxes and State Local Government funds. These receipts represent respectively 60 and 9 percent of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year.

The Community Room wing at Fire Station No. 2 was completed at a cost of \$300,000. A five year loan for \$100,000 was obtained in February 2005 to fund construction.

The loan for the construction of Fire Station 2 was paid off in December 2005.

Outstanding debt decreased from \$326,126 at December 31, 2004 to \$170,000 at December 31, 2005.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's modified cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the cash activities of the Township as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Township as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Township has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Township's modified cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Reporting the Township as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities reflect how the Township did financially during 2005, within the limitations of modified cash basis accounting. The Statement of Net Assets presents the cash balances of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The Statement of Activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental activity. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the Township's general receipts.

These statements report the Township's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's cash position is one indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Township's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the Township's property tax base, the extent of the Township's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue source, property taxes.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities present governmental activities, which includes all the Township's services. The Township had no business-type activities.

Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. The Township establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Township are reported entirely in governmental funds.

Governmental Funds - The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Township's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Township's programs. The Township's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Township's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Road & Bridge Fund, Fire Operation Fund and Fire Station Levy Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are the same as those reported in governmental activities on the entity-wide statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Pleasant Township as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Pleasant Township's net assets for 2005 compared to 2004 on a modified cash basis:

(Table 1) Net Assets

	Government	Change		
	2005 2004		2004 to 2005	
Assets	_			
Cash and Cash Equivalents _	1,165,361	1,103,116	62,245	
Total Assets	1,165,361	1,103,116	62,245	
-				
Net Assets				
Restricted for:				
Capital Outlay	112,062	89,155	22,907	
Other Purposes	871,010	714,983	156,027	
Unrestricted	182,289	298,978	(116,689)	
Total Net Assets	1,165,361	1,103,116	62,245	

Net assets of governmental activities increased \$62,245 or 5.6 percent during 2005. The primary reasons contributing to the increase in cash balances are as follows:

- For the second year, estate tax collections significantly exceeded estimates. Despite State phase out of the estate tax, the Township received a settlement that exceeded estimates by \$69,000.
- Real estate taxes in the Road & Bridge Fund increased by 10% from 2004 due to the inside millage and new construction while expenditures remained about the same.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets in 2005 compared to changes in net assets in 2004.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

(Table 2) Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2005	Governmental Activities 2004	Change 2004 to 2005	
Receipts:				
Program Receipts:				
Charges for Services and Sales	\$54,392	\$45,267	9,125	
Operating Grants and Contributions	253,320	234,916	18,404	
Capital Grants and Contributions	68,570	0	68,570	
Total Program Receipts	376,282	280,183	96,099	
General Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	985,200	958,924	26,276	
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted				
to Specific Programs	151,993	187,686	(35,693)	
Sale of Notes/Bonds	100,000	150,000	(50,000)	
Sale of Fixed Assets	0	27,916	(27,916)	
Interest	35,179	11,863	23,316	
Miscellaneous	3,124	3,993	(869)	
Total General Receipts	1,275,496	1,340,382	(64,886)	
Total Receipts	1,651,778	1,620,565	31,213	
Disbursements:				
General Government	123,391	116,799	6,592	
Public Safety	441,390			
Public Works	328,778	406,484 292,305	34,906	
Health	29,845	292,303	36,473 2,512	
Capital Outlay	397,678	320,815	76,863	
Principal Retirement	256,126	259,022	(2,896)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	12,325	17,883	, ,	
Total Disbursements			(5,558)	
Total Disbursements	1,589,533	1,440,641	148,892	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	62,245	179,924	(117,679)	
Net Assets, January 1	1,103,116	923,192	179,924	
Net Assets, December 31	\$1,165,361	\$1,103,116	\$62,245	

Program receipts represent only 23 percent of total receipts and are primarily comprised of restricted intergovernmental receipts such as motor vehicle license and gas tax money, zoning permits and charges to Walnut Township for fire protection services provided under contract.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

General receipts represent 77 percent of the Township's total receipts, and of this amount, over 77 percent are property and other local taxes. State and federal grants and entitlements amount to 12 percent of the Township's general receipts. Other receipts are either insignificant or unpredictable revenue sources and comprise the balance of general receipts. Estate taxes comprised 58 percent of the general entitlement revenue.

Disbursements for General Government represent the overhead costs of running the Township and the support services provided for the other Township activities. These include the costs of Trustees, the Fiscal Officer and Zoning Inspector, as well as all non-fire department fringe benefits and insurance.

Public Safety is the cost of fire protection; Health is the Township assessment for the cost of the County health Department; and Public Works is the cost of maintaining the roads.

Governmental Activities

If you look at the *Statement of Activities* on page 10, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Township. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for Public Works (Road Maintenance) and Public Safety (Fire Department), which account for 21 and 28 percent of all governmental disbursements, respectively. General government represents a significant cost, about 8 percent. Capital outlay also represents a significant cost, about 25%. The next three columns of the Statement entitled Program Cash Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Township that must be used to provide a specific service. The Net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

(Table 3) Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	Net Cost
	Of Services	of Services
	2005	2005
General Government	\$123,391	(\$80,999)
Public Safety	441,390	(342,884)
Public Works	328,778	(161,963)
Health	29,845	(29,845)
Capital Outlay	397,678	(329,108)
Principal Retirement	256,126	(256,126)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	12,325	(12,325)
Total Expenses	\$1,589,533	(\$1,213,250)

The dependence upon property tax receipts is apparent as 76 percent of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts.

The Township's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$1,651,778 and disbursements of \$1,589,533. The greatest change within governmental funds occurred within the General Fund. The fund balance of the General Fund decreased \$116,690 as the result of costs associated with completion of the Community Room and the local share for engineering of the Snoke Hill Road Issue 2 project.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2005, the Township amended its General Fund budget to reflect costs associated with completion of the Community Room. The difference between final budgeted receipts and actual receipts was due to substantially increased revenue from interest and estate taxes. Final disbursements were budgeted at \$468,507 while actual disbursements were \$450,354.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The Township does not currently report its capital assets and infrastructure and has no plans to implement any capital asset inventory system. At December 31, 2005, the Township's outstanding debt included \$170,000 in general obligation notes/bonds issued for improvements to buildings and structures and for fire apparatus. For further information regarding the Township's debt, refer to Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

Outstanding Debt, at December 31

	Governmental Activities 2005	Governmental Activities 2004	Change 2004 to 2005
Fire Station Construction Notes - 2002	\$0	\$216,126	(\$216,126)
Fire Engine Installment Loan - 2004	80,000	110,000	(30,000)
Community Room Construction Notes - 2005	90,000	0	90,000
Total	\$170,000	\$326,126	(\$156,126)

Current Issues

The challenge for all governments is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking State funding. Local Government funds are remaining static or decreasing and the personal property tax and estate tax are being reduced and/or eliminated, reducing the capability of the General Fund to support programs. Inside millage in the Road & Bridge Fund and increases in the Gasoline Tax allow the Township to maintain a strong road maintenance program.

Contacting the Township's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to reflect the Township's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to James M. Snyder, Fiscal Officer, Pleasant Township, 3005 Lancaster-Thornville Road NE, Lancaster, Ohio 43130.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Governmental Activities
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,165,361.48
Total Assets	\$1,165,361.48
Net Assets	
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	\$112,062.40
Other Purposes	871,010.54
Unrestricted	182,288.54
Total Net Assets	\$1,165,361.48

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	_	I	Program Cash Receipt	S	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Assets		
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$123,390.95	\$42,391.91	\$0.00	\$0.00	(\$80,999.04)		
Public Safety	441.390.25	12.000.00	86.505.59	0.00	(342,884.66)		
Public Works	328,778.22	20,405.84	146,409.34	0.00	(161,963.04)		
Health	29,844.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	(29,844.34)		
Capital Outlay	397,678.23	0.00	0.00	68,569.84	(329,108.39)		
Debt Service:					,		
Principal	256,126.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	(256,126.34)		
Interest	12,324.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	(12,324.58)		
Total Governmental Activities	1,589,532.91	74,797.75	232,914.93	68,569.84	(1,213,250.39)		
	General Receipts						
		for General Purposes			\$48,504.88		
	Property Taxes levied	I for Road and Bridge			256,589.97		
	Property Taxes levied	for Fire Operations			480,823.83		
	Property Taxes levied	Property Taxes levied for Fire Station					
		nts not Restricted to Spe	cific Programs		151,992.66		
	Other Debt Proceeds				100,000.00		
	Earnings on Investme	ents			35,179.16		
	Miscellaneous				3,124.36		
	Total General Receip	ts			1,275,495.58		
	Change in Net Assets	S			62,245.19		
	Net Assets Beginning	Net Assets Beginning of Year					
	Net Assets End of Ye	ar			1,165,361.48		

STATEMENT OF MODIFIED CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

	GENERAL	ROAD AND BRIDGE	FIRE OPERATION	FIRE STATION LEVY	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Assets						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$182,288.54	\$314,742.99	\$415,466.31	\$7,141.67	\$245,721.97	\$1,165,361.48
Fund Balances Reserved:						
Reserved for Encumbrances	\$3,316.25	\$697.04	\$673.68	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,686.97
Unreserved: Undesignated (Deficit), Reported in:						
General Fund	178,972.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	178,972.29
Special Revenue Funds	0.00	314,045.95	414,792.63	0.00	140,801.24	869,639.82
Capital Projects Funds	0.00	0.00	0.00	7,141.67	104,920.73	112,062.40
Total Fund Balances	\$182,288.54	\$314,742.99	\$415,466.31	\$7,141.67	\$245,721.97	\$1,165,361.48

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN MODIFIED-CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	GENERAL	ROAD AND BRIDGE	FIRE OPERATION	FIRE STATION LEVY	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Receipts						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$48,504.88	\$256,589.97	\$480,823.83	\$199,280.72	\$20,405.84	\$1,005,605.24
Charges for Services	0.00	0.00	12,000.00	0.00	0.00	12,000.00
Licenses, Permits and Fees	19,761.91 151,992.66	0.00 42,684.04	0.00 62.199.03	0.00 24,306.56	22,630.00 164,723.30	42,391.91 445,905.59
Intergovernmental Earnings on Investments	32,210.31	42,664.04	0.00	0.00	2,968.85	35,179.16
Miscellaneous	1,877.90	0.00	8,767.10	0.00	2,966.65 51.20	10,696.20
Total Receipts	254,347.66	299,274.01	563,789.96	223,587.28	210,779.19	1,551,778.10
Disbursements						
Current:						
General Government	108,404.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	14,985.97	123,390.95
Public Safety	0.00	0.00	438,031.88	3,358.37	0.00	441,390.25
Public Works	200.00	202,466.99	0.00	0.00	126,111.23	328,778.22
Health	29,844.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29,844.34
Capital Outlay	295,489.95	12,175.00	22,238.28	0.00	67,775.00	397,678.23
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	10,000.00	0.00	30,000.00	216,126.34	0.00	256,126.34
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,098.33	0.00	3,165.87	6,060.38	0.00	12,324.58
Total Disbursements	447,037.60	214,641.99	493,436.03	225,545.09	208,872.20	1,589,532.91
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(192,689.94)	84,632.02	70,353.93	(1,957.81)	1,906.99	(37,754.81)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sale of Notes	100,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100,000.00
Transfers In	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	50,777.00	50,777.00
Transfers Out	(24,000.00)	0.00	(26,777.00)	0.00	0.00	(50,777.00)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	76,000.00	0.00	(26,777.00)	0.00	50,777.00	100,000.00
Net Change in Fund Balances	(116,689.94)	84,632.02	43,576.93	(1,957.81)	52,683.99	62,245.19
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	298,978.48	230,110.97	371,889.38	9,099.48	193,037.98	1,103,116.29
Fund Balances End of Year	\$182,288.54	\$314,742.99	\$415,466.31	\$7,141.67	\$245,721.97	\$1,165,361.48

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$44,500.00	\$44,500.00	\$48,504.88	\$4,004.88
Licenses, Permits and Fees	18,000.00	18,000.00	19,761.91	1,761.91
Intergovernmental	82,508.00	86,008.00	151,992.66	65,984.66
Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	6,100.00 2,400.00	6,100.00 2,400.00	32,210.31 1,877.90	26,110.31 (522.10)
Miscellalieous	2,400.00	2,400.00	1,077.90	(322.10)
Total receipts	153,508.00	157,008.00	254,347.66	97,339.66
Disbursements				
Current:	400 000 00	400 040 00	100 171 71	44444
General Government	130,663.00	122,613.00	108,471.54	14,141.46
Public Works	25,000.00	200.00	200.00	0.00
Health Capital Outlay	31,844.34 151,000.00	31,844.34 300,750.00	29,844.34 298,739.64	2,000.00 2,010.36
Debt Service:	131,000.00	300,730.00	290,739.04	2,010.30
Principal Retirement	2,500.00	10,000.00	10,000.00	0.00
Interest and Fiscal Charges	6,500.00	3,100.00	3,098.33	1.67
interest and risear smarges	0,000.00	0,100.00	0,000.00	
Total Disbursements	347,507.34	468,507.34	450,353.85	18,153.49
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(193,999.34)	(311,499.34)	(196,006.19)	115,493.15
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Notes	100,000.00	100,000.00	100,000.00	0.00
Transfers Out	0.00	(24,000.00)	(24,000.00)	0.00
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	100,000.00	76,000.00	76,000.00	0.00
Net Change in Fund Balance	(93,999.34)	(235,499.34)	(120,006.19)	115,493.15
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	298,978.48	298,978.48	298,978.48	0.00
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fund Balance End of Year	\$204,979.14	\$63,479.14	\$178,972.29	\$115,493.15

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$235,000.00	\$253,500.00	\$256,589.97	\$3,089.97
Intergovernmental	37,500.00	37,500.00	42,684.04	5,184.04
Total receipts	272,500.00	291,000.00	299,274.01	8,274.01
Disbursements Current:				
Public Works	225,456.72	225,456.72	215,339.03	10,117.69
Total Disbursements	225,456.72	225,456.72	215,339.03	10,117.69
Net Change in Fund Balance	47,043.28	65,543.28	83,934.98	18,391.70
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	229,459.25	229,459.25	229,459.25	0.00
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	651.72	651.72	651.72	0.00
Fund Balance End of Year	\$277,154.25	\$295,654.25	\$314,045.95	\$18,391.70

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS FIRE OPERATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted .	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$469,000.00	\$469,000.00	\$480,823.83	\$11,823.83
Charges for Services	12,000.00	12,000.00	12,000.00	0.00
Intergovernmental	55,000.00	55,000.00	62,199.03	7,199.03
Miscellaneous	0.00	0.00	8,767.10	8,767.10
Total receipts	536,000.00	536,000.00	563,789.96	27,789.96
Disbursements Current:				
Public Safety	489,375.63	491,375.63	438,705.56	52,670.07
Capital Outlay	10.000.00	88.000.00	22.238.28	65,761.72
Debt Service:	. 5,555.55	33,333.33	,	33,. 3 =
Principal Retirement	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	0.00
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,200.00	3,200.00	3,165.87	34.13
Total Disbursements	532,575.63	612,575.63	494,109.71	118,465.92
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	3,424.37	(76,575.63)	69,680.25	146,255.88
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers Out	(20,000.00)	(30,000.00)	(26,777.00)	3,223.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(20,000.00)	(30,000.00)	(26,777.00)	3,223.00
Net Change in Fund Balance	(16,575.63)	(106,575.63)	42,903.25	149,478.88
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	371,323.75	371,323.75	371,323.75	0.00
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	615.63	615.63	615.63	0.00
Fund Balance End of Year	\$355,363.75	\$265,363.75	\$414,842.63	\$149,478.88

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

Pleasant Township, Fairfield County, Ohio (the Township), is a body politic and corporate established in 1804 to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees. The Township also has an elected Township Fiscal Officer.

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides general government services, fire/EMS services, and maintenance of Township roads, bridges and cemeteries. Police protection is provided by the Fairfield County Sheriff's Department.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Township is financially accountable. The Township is financially accountable for an organization if the Township appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Township is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Township is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Township is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization; or the Township is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Township is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Township in that the Township approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Township, are accessible to the Township and are significant in amount to the Township.

The Township has no component units to report.

The Township participates in one public entity risk pool. This organization is the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk sharing pool available to Ohio Townships. OTARMA provides property, casualty and liability coverage. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are the more significant of the Township's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a *Statement of Net Assets* and a *Statement of Activities*, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities* display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements consist solely of those activities of the Township that are governmental. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The Statement of Activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The Township has only governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

The Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The Township's major governmental funds are the General, Road & Bridge, Fire Operation and Fire Station Levy Funds. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the Township account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Township are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The appropriations resolution is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if significant projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificated of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records. Each Fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments. Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During 2005, the Township's investments were limited to Certificates of Deposit and STAR Ohio, both of which are reported as cash equivalents.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2005.

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2005 were \$32,210, including \$26,584 assigned from other funds.

F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's cash basis of accounting.

I. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

J. Long-Term Obligations

The Township's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid.

K. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for highways (Motor Vehicle License, Gasoline Tax, Permissive License Tax and Road & Bridge Funds) and public safety.

The Township's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The Township reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

M. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

Note 3 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The *Statements of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis* presented for the General, Road & Bridge and Fire Operation Funds are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference(s) between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is (are) outstanding year end encumbrances and are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (modified cash basis). For major funds, the encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$3,316 for the General Fund, \$697 for the Road and Bridge Fund, and \$674 for the Fire Operation Fund.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Township are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Trustees have identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Township can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts:
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1)
 or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in
 securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

At year end, the Township had no undeposited cash on hand.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Township will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$404,241 of the Township's bank balance of \$816,842 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Township's name.

The Township has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Township or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

The Township has chosen not to adopt a written investment policy and, therefore, limits investments to certificates of deposit, savings account, no-load money market mutual funds and STAR Ohio as permitted by ORC 135.14.

STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The Township had \$375,015 on deposit with STAR Ohio at year end.

Note 5 - Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Township. Real property tax receipts received in 2005 represent the collection of 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2005 were levied after October 1, 2004, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax receipts received in 2005 represent the collection of 2004 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2005 became a lien on December 31, 2004, were levied after October 1, 2004, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

Note 5 - Property Taxes (Continued)

Tangible personal property tax receipts received in 2005 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of 2005 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in 2005 were levied after October 1, 2004, on the true value as of December 31, 2004. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent for inventory. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2005, was \$7.10 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2005 property tax receipts were based are as follows (excluding the Village of Pleasantville):

Real Property	
Residential	\$104,912,970
Agriculture	9,898,050
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	5,056,810
Public Utility Property	
Real	8,240
Personal	7,345,800
Tangible Personal Property	4,268,175
Total Assessed Value	\$131,490,045

Note 6 - Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Government belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member townships pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Townships can elect additional coverage, from \$2,000,000 to \$12,000,000 with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides excess of funds available coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

Note 6 - Risk Management (Continued)

Property Coverage

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable value. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2005 was \$1,682,589.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective township.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA. They must provide written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contribution, minus the subsequent year's premium. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all property and casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the withdrawal.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2005.

Casualty Coverage	<u>2005</u>
Assets	\$30,485,638
Liabilities	(12,344,576)
Retained earnings	<u>\$18,141,062</u>

Property Coverage	<u>2005</u>
Assets	\$9,177,796
Liabilities	(1,406,031)
Retained earnings	<u>\$7,771,765</u>

There is no significant reduction in coverage from prior years and claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years. The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is based on accident history and administrative costs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

Note 7 - Pension Plans

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans:

The Traditional Pension Plan - A cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.

The Member-Directed Plan - A defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The Combined Plan - A cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits.

Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2005, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. Separate divisions for law enforcement and public safety exist only within the Traditional Pension Plan. The 2005 member contribution rates were 8.5% for members in state and local classifications. Members in the law enforcement classification, which generally consists of sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and township police, contributed at a rate of 10.1%. Public safety division members contributed at 9%. The 2005 employer contribution rate for state employers was 13.31% of covered payroll. For local government employer units, the rate was 13.55% of covered payroll. For both the law enforcement and public safety divisions, the employer contribution rate for 2005 was 16.7%.

The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 were \$15,953, and \$15,393, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2005 and 2004.

B. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by a State Retirement System have an option to choose social security or the appropriate state system. As of December 31, 2005, all of the Township's part-time firefighters were covered by Social Security and pay FICA taxes.

FICA contribution rates are approved by the United States Congress. Members of FICA contributed 6.2% of their wages to FICA. The Township also contributed an amount equal to 6.2% of their wages. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2005.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides post-retirement health care coverage to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-retirement health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in *GASB Statement No. 12*.

A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2005 employer contribution rate for state employers was 13.31% of covered payroll, of which 4.00% was used to fund for health care for the year. For local government employer units, the rate was 13.55% of covered payroll, and 4.00% was used to fund for health care for the year. For both the public safety and law enforcement divisions, the 2004 employer rate was 16.70%, and 4.00% was used to fund for health care.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS.

The following assumptions and calculations were based on OPERS's latest actuarial review, performed as of December 31, 2004:

Funding Method - An entry-age normal actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Assets Valuation Method – All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach, assets are adjusted to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

Investment Return – The investment assumption rate for 2004 was 8.00%.

Active Employee Total Payroll - An annual increase of 4.00%, compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.00% base increase, were assumed to range from 0.50% to 6.30%.

Health Care – Health care costs were assumed to increase at the projected wage inflation rate plus an additional factor ranging from 1% to 6% for the next 8 years. In subsequent years (9 and beyond), health care costs were assumed to increase at 4% (the projected wage inflation rate).

Benefits are advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The Traditional Pension and Combined Plans had 376,109 active contributing participants as of December 31, 2005. The number of active participants for both plans used in the December 31, 2004, actuarial valuation was 355,278. The rates stated above are the actuarially determined contribution requirements for OPERS. Actual employer contributions for 2005 which were used to fund post-employment benefits were \$4,709. The amount of \$10.8 billion represents the actuarial value of OPERS' net assets available for OPEB at December 31, 2004. The Actuarial Valuation as of December 31, 2004, reported the actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarially accrued liability for OPEB, based on the actuarial cost method used, at \$29.5 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, will be effective January 1, 2007. In addition to the HCPP, OPERS has taken additional action to improve the solvency of the Health Care Fund in 2005 by creating a separate investment pool for health care assets. As an additional component of the HCCP, member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

Note 9 - Notes Payable

The interest rate, original issuance amount, and maturity date for the Township's debt follows:

	Interest	Original	
Debt Issue	Rate	Issue Amount	Date of Maturity
Fire Station Construction Notes – 2002	3.79%	\$625,000	December 1, 2005
Fire Engine Installment Loan – 2004	3.10%	\$150,000	December 1, 2008
Community Room Construction Notes – 2005	3.90%	\$100,000	June 1, 2010

The Township's debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2005, is as follows:

	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due In
	12/31/2004	Additions	Reductions	12/31/2005	One Year
Fire Station Construction Notes - 2002	216,126	0	216,126	0	0
Fire Engine Installment Loan - 2004	110,000	0	30,000	80,000	30,000
Community Room Construction Notes	0	100,000	10,000	90,000	20,000
Total	\$326,126	\$100,000	\$256,126	\$170,000	\$50,000

he Fire Station Construction Notes were supported by the Fire Station Levy Fund. The Fire Engine and Community Room notes are general obligation debt, are supported by the full faith and credit of the Township, and are payable from unvoted property tax receipts to the extent that Fire Operation Fund resources are not available to meet annual principal and interest payments.

The following is a summary of the Township's future annual debt service requirements:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$50,000	\$5,563	\$55,563
2007	50,000	3,853	53,853
2008	40,000	2,143	42,143
2009	20,000	975	20,975
2010	10,000	195	10,195

The Ohio Revised Code provides that net general obligation debt of the Township, exclusive of certain exempt debt, issued without a vote of the electors shall never exceed 5.5 percent of the tax valuation of the Township. The Revised Code further provides that total voted and unvoted net debt of the Township less the same exempt debt shall never exceed an amount equal to 10.5 percent of its tax valuation. The effects of the debt limitations at December 31, 2005, were an overall debt margin of \$13,636,000 and an unvoted debt margin of \$7,062,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

Note 10 - Interfund Transfers

During 2005 the following transfers were made:

Transfers from the General Fund to:

Other Governmental Funds \$24,000

Transfers from the Fire Operation Fund to:

Fire Apparatus Fund \$20,000 FEMA Grant Fund 6,777 Total Transfers from the Fire Operation Fund \$26,777

The transfer from the General Fund was to fund design of the Snoke Hill Road Issue 2 project. Transfers from the Fire Operation Fund were to fund the Fire Apparatus Capital Equipment Fund and to provide matching funds in accordance with FEMA grant requirements for fire department equipment.

Note 11 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Note 12 – Jointly Governed Organization

The Township appoints a person to represent the Township on the 48 member board of the Fairfield Regional Planning Commission. The Township pays a small membership fee annually. The fee is based on the per capita of the Township. There is no ongoing financial interest of responsibility by the Township.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Pleasant Township Fairfield County 1170 Hillbrook Dr. Lancaster, Ohio 43130

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pleasant Township, Fairfield County (the Township) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2006, wherein we noted the Township uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. Government Accounting Standards considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and, as requested, operates UAN. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures to express our opinion on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses.

Pleasant Township
Fairfield County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*. In a separate letter to the Township's management dated October 26, 2006, we reported an other matter related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and Board of Trustees. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

October 26, 2006



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

PLEASANT TOWNSHIP

FAIRFIELD COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 4, 2007