BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Maumee City School District 2345 Detroit Avenue Maumee, Ohio 43537

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Maumee City School District, Lucas County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Maumee City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

December 18, 2007



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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Maumee City School District 2345 Detroit Avenue Maumee, Ohio 43537

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maumee City School District, Lucas County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Maumee City School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Maumee City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maumee City School District, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2007 on our consideration of the Maumee City School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Board of Education Maumee City School District Page Two

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Maumee City School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 9, 2007

Julian & Lube, Elme!

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The management's discussion and analysis of the Maumee City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$4,010,448 which represents a 41.57% increase from 2006
- General revenues accounted for \$33,158,181 in revenue or 89.07% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,068,068 or 10.93% of total revenues of \$37,226,249.
- The District had \$33,215,801 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$4,068,068 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and debt service fund. The general fund had \$29,252,412 in revenues and other financing sources and \$25,533,192 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2007, the general fund's fund balance increased from a deficit of \$3,204,262 to a positive balance of \$533,919.
- The debt service fund had \$3,612,494 in revenues and \$3,004,140 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2007, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$608,354 from \$689,259 to \$1,297,613.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The District has two major funds: the general fund and the debt service fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2007?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 14-15 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General fund and Debt service fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-21 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some of its scholarship and foundation programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in two agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets on pages 22 and 23, these activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 24-48 of this report.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. A comparative analysis has been provided.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2007 and 2006.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 32,072,845	\$ 32,874,729
Capital assets, net	49,075,967	48,043,825
Total assets	81,148,812	80,918,554
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	24,915,707	27,791,139
Long-term liabilities	42,575,962	43,480,720
Total liabilities	67,491,669	71,271,859
Net Assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	9,756,703	8,650,400
Restricted	3,213,239	5,624,671
Unrestricted (deficit)	687,201	(4,628,376)
Total net assets	\$ 13,657,143	\$ 9,646,695

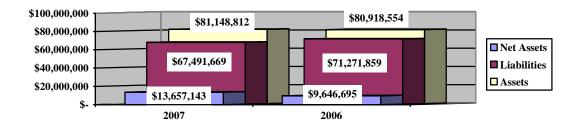
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2007, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$13,657,143; of this total, \$3,213,239 is restricted in use.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

At year-end, capital assets represented 60.48% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2007, were \$9,756,703. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$3,213,239, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Of the restricted net assets, \$1,158,177 is restricted for capital projects. The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2006		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,680,373	\$ 1,812,372		
Operating grants and contributions	2,206,051	1,818,949		
Capital grants and contributions	181,644	25,160		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	25,649,165	23,017,064		
Grants and entitlements	7,100,948	6,185,358		
Investment earnings	340,480	387,620		
Other	67,588	83,231		
Special item: Exchange of land	_	315,185		
Total revenues	37,226,249	33,644,939		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2006
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 14,747,213	\$ 14,875,179
Special	3,186,893	3,154,559
Vocational	228,567	359,501
Adult/continuing	81,255	129,732
Other	391,463	311,211
Support services:		
Pupil	1,345,556	1,149,561
Instructional staff	659,698	593,605
Board of education	37,065	33,924
Administration	2,570,967	2,420,059
Fiscal	654,905	637,243
Business	271,905	185,074
Operations and maintenance	3,280,757	3,136,560
Pupil transportation	1,013,706	785,923
Central	248,045	224,595
Operations of non-instructional services	75,583	32,637
Food service operations	1,069,403	904,384
Extracurricular activities	1,020,188	1,041,266
Intergovernmental-pass through	552,579	541,248
Interest and fiscal charges	1,780,053	1,803,846
Total	33,215,801	32,320,107
Change in net assets	4,010,448	1,324,832
Net assets at beginning of year	9,646,695	8,321,863
Net assets at end of year	\$ 13,657,143	\$ 9,646,695

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$4,010,448. Total governmental expenses of \$33,215,801 were offset by program revenues of \$4,068,068, and general revenues of \$33,158,181. Program revenues supported 12.25% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 87.98% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years. As a result of the latest update by Lucas County in 2003, the District's tax valuation increased by 4.56% on average.

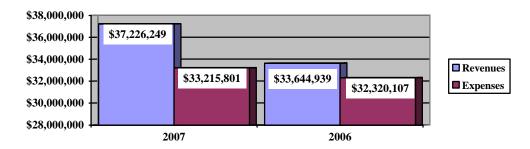
Voters approved a \$42,000,000 bond levy in May 2003. This levy, which generates approximately \$2,552,878 per year for 28 years, is expected to provide revenue for debt service through fiscal year 2031. In November 2005, voters approved a 4.8 mill continuing operating levy.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The District's financial condition had remained strong throughout the years, primarily due to the Arrowhead Industrial Park, a business community predominately located within the boundaries of the District. Unfortunately, with the passage of HB 66 the Tangible Personal Property Tax is being phased out over time, and with increased assessed valuation locally, the District will be receiving a reduction in state support. The District is projecting no additional state funding in future years.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

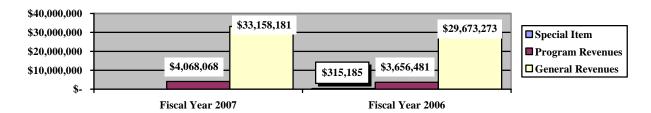
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2007	Net Cost of Services 2007	Total Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2006	
Program expenses					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 14,747,213	\$ 14,109,390	\$ 14,875,179	\$ 14,231,732	
Special	3,186,893	2,276,281	3,154,559	2,543,810	
Vocational	228,567	213,991	359,501	359,501	
Adult/continuing	81,255	81,255	129,732	129,732	
Other	391,463	281,329	311,211	219,935	
Support services:					
Pupil	1,345,556	1,345,556	1,149,561	1,149,561	
Instructional staff	659,698	476,914	593,605	412,949	
Board of education	37,065	37,065	33,924	33,924	
Administration	2,570,967	2,568,725	2,420,059	2,420,059	
Fiscal	654,905	645,288	637,243	627,338	
Business	271,905	140,348	185,074	29,950	
Operations and maintenance	3,280,757	3,230,411	3,136,560	3,112,319	
Pupil transportation	1,013,706	918,137	785,923	785,923	
Central	248,045	198,862	224,595	186,868	
Operation of non-instructional services	75,583	45,193	32,637	20,229	
Food service operations	1,069,403	153,082	904,384	(56,095)	
Extracurricular activities	1,020,188	587,614	1,041,266	710,067	
Intergovernmental pass-through	552,579	58,239	541,248	(58,022)	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,780,053	1,780,053	1,803,846	1,803,846	
Total	\$ 33,215,801	\$ 29,147,733	\$ 32,320,107	\$ 28,663,626	

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 91.02% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 87.75%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 16) reported a combined fund balance of \$3,601,923, which is higher than last year's total of \$2,240,411. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2007 and 2006.

	Fund Balance						
	Fund Balance	(Deficit)	Increase				
	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2006	(Decrease)				
General	\$ 533,919	\$ (3,204,262)	\$ 3,738,181				
Debt Service	1,297,613	689,259	608,354				
Other Governmental	1,770,391	4,755,414	(2,985,023)				
Total	\$ 3,601,923	\$ 2,240,411	\$ 1,361,512				

General Fund

During fiscal year 2007, the District's general fund balance increased \$3,738,181. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the general fund.

	2007	2006	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 21,634,071	\$ 19,440,193	11.29 %
Tuition	306,271	301,204	1.68 %
Earnings on investments	273,026	165,653	64.82 %
Intergovernmental	6,945,606	5,819,703	19.35 %
Other revenues	93,176	128,646	(27.57) %
Total	\$ 29,252,150	\$ 25,855,399	13.14 %
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 16,084,387	\$ 17,055,180	(5.69) %
Support services	8,679,352	8,989,984	(3.46) %
Operation of non-instructional services	3,276	2,537	29.13 %
Extracurricular activities	651,177	678,365	(4.01) %
Total	\$ 25,418,192	\$ 26,726,066	(4.89) %

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2007, the District amended its general fund budgeted revenue. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$26,875,302 were increased to \$27,500,499 in the final budget. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2007 were \$28,461,740 which was \$961,241 more than the final budgeted revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$26,055,515 were increased \$1,044,228 to \$27,099,743 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2007 totaled \$26,825,113, which was \$274,630 lower than the final budget appropriations.

Debt Service Fund

During fiscal year 2007, the District's debt service fund balance increased \$608,354. The debt service fund had \$3,612,494 in revenues and \$3,004,140 in expenditures. The fund balance of the debt service fund increased from \$689,259 to \$1,297,613.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2007, the District had \$49,075,967 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2007 balances compared to 2006:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Government	Governmental Activities			
	2007	2006			
Land	\$ 1,014,174	\$ 1,014,174			
Construction in progress	2,200,041	7,000			
Land improvements	223,661	269,103			
Buildings and improvements	45,002,658	46,023,881			
Furniture and equipment	420,506	452,621			
Vehicles	214,927	277,046			
Total	\$ 49,075,967	\$48,043,825			

Total additions to capital assets for 2007 were \$2,619,045. The overall increase in capital assets of \$1,032,142 is primarily due to capital outlays exceeding the \$1,579,934 in depreciation expense for fiscal 2007.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2007, the District had \$38,780,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$1,375,000 is due within one year and \$37,405,000 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds outstanding.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2006		
General Obligation Debt:	4. 20. 200	4.0.000.000		
General obligation bonds	\$ 38,780,000	\$39,980,000		
Total	\$ 38,780,000	\$39,980,000		

At June 30, 2007, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$7,786,205 with an unvoted debt margin of \$504,227.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Related Financial Activities

Traditionally, the District has had a strong financial base and a somewhat stable revenue source. As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily on property (real and personal tangible) taxes and the state foundation program. The moderate increase in property tax revenue the district expected in fiscal year 2005 due to the increased tax valuation caused by the triennial valuation update and the passage of additional operating levies in May of 2003 did not occur and the District will need to pass an additional operating levy in the near future. The District is always presented with challenges and opportunities, including national economic events, new and recently enacted legislation eliminating the tangible personal property tax base and the No Child Left Behind Act.

Considering the external economic challenges, the District's financial outlook is not as solid as many believe. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. In spite of the projected monetary shortfall the District continues to perform at one of the highest levels determined by the State of Ohio, which is measured by a defined set of proficiency criteria. Our most recent state report card shows the District's students achieving 23 of 24 indicators earning the district its first ever EXCELLENT rating.

The District has communicated to its community that it relies upon their support for the major part of its operations, and will continue to diligently control expenses in an effort to stay within the District's five year financial plan. State law retards the growth of income generated by local levies rendering revenue relatively constant. This lack of revenue growth forces the District to go to the voters periodically to ask for additional financial support.

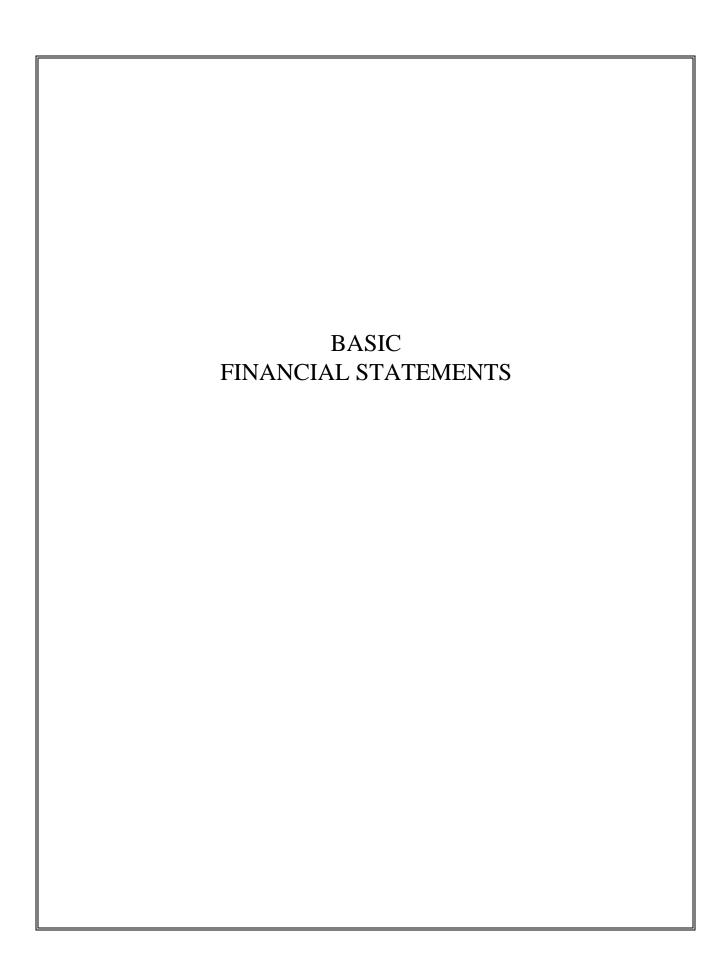
A challenge facing the District is the future of state funding. The State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable". Subsequent decisions by the Supreme Court has upheld this earlier decision. Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward school districts with little property tax wealth.

As a result, all of the District's financial abilities will be called upon to meet the challenges the future will bring. It is imperative the districts Board and management team continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet the students desired needs over the next several years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Paul Brotzki, Treasurer, Maumee City School District, 2345 Detroit Avenue, Maumee, Ohio 43537.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

		overnmental Activities
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,315,548
Receivables:		
Taxes		25,713,816
Accounts		320,056
Intergovernmental		41,918
Accrued interest		40,497
Prepayments		39,554
Materials and supplies inventory		37,959
Unamortized bond issue costs		563,497
Capital assets:		
Land		1,014,174
Construction in progress		2,200,041
Depreciable capital assets, net		45,861,752
Capital assets, net		49,075,967
Total assets		81,148,812
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Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		99,254
Contracts payable		194,099
Accrued wages and benefits		2,369,272
Pension obligation payable		689,549
Intergovernmental payable		94,361
Unearned revenue		21,319,827
Accrued interest payable		149,345
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		1,492,823
Due in more than one year		41,083,139
·		
Total liabilities		67,491,669
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net		
of related debt		9,756,703
Restricted for:		, ,
Capital projects		1,158,177
Debt service		1,427,702
Locally funded programs		97,111
State funded programs		13,147
Federally funded programs		25,405
Student activities		130,900
Public school support		194,043
Other purposes		166,754 687 201
Unrestricted		687,201
Total net assets	\$	13,657,143

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Program Revenues Charges for Operating Capital							Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	
				narges for Services		rants and		capital ants and	C	overnmental
		Expenses		and Sales		ntributions		ants and tributions	G	Activities
Governmental activities:	-	Expenses		illa Sales						Tietrities
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	14,747,213	\$	316,807	\$	156,130	\$	164,886	\$	(14,109,390)
Special		3,186,893		, -		910,612		, -		(2,276,281)
Vocational		228,567		-		14,576		_		(213,991)
Adult/continuing		81,255		-		-		_		(81,255)
Other		391,463		110,134		=		_		(281,329)
Support services:		ŕ		ŕ						, , ,
Pupil		1,345,556		_		_		_		(1,345,556)
Instructional staff		659,698		_		182,784		_		(476,914)
Board of education		37,065		_		_		_		(37,065)
Administration		2,570,967		_		2,242		_		(2,568,725)
Fiscal		654,905		-		9,617		_		(645,288)
Business		271,905		131,557		_		_		(140,348)
Operations and maintenance		3,280,757		_		50,346		_		(3,230,411)
Pupil transportation		1,013,706		_		78,811		16,758		(918,137)
Central		248,045		_		49,183		_		(198,862)
Operation of non-instructional		-,-				-,				(, ,
services		75,583		29,255		1,135		_		(45,193)
Food service operations		1,069,403		660,046		256,275		_		(153,082)
Extracurricular activities		1,020,188		432,574		_		_		(587,614)
Intergovernmental		552,579		_		494,340		_		(58,239)
Interest and fiscal charges		1,780,053		-						(1,780,053)
Total governmental activities	\$	33,215,801	\$	1,680,373	\$	2,206,051	\$	181,644		(29,147,733)
				eral Revenue operty taxes le		r:				
			C	General purpos	es					22,248,696
			Γ	Debt service						3,170,448
			C	Capital outlay.						230,021
			Gr	ants and entitl	ements	not restricted				
			to	specific prog	rams .					7,100,948
			In	vestment earni	ngs					340,480
			M	iscellaneous .						67,588
			То	otal general rev	enues .					33,158,181
			Cha	ange in net asse	ets					4,010,448
			Net	assets at begi	nning	of year			_	9,646,695
			Net	assets at end	of year				\$	13,657,143

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	G	General		Debt Service	Ga	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								_
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	2,047,799	\$	1,091,548	\$	2,022,611	\$	5,161,958
Receivables:								
Taxes	2	2,031,991		3,261,277		420,548		25,713,816
Accounts		320,056		-		-		320,056
Intergovernmental		-		-		41,918		41,918
Accrued interest		40,497		-		-		40,497
Prepayments		39,554		-		-		39,554
Materials and supplies inventory		31,508		-		6,451		37,959
Restricted assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents		153,590						153,590
Total assets	\$ 2	4,664,995	\$	4,352,825	\$	2,491,528	\$	31,509,348
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	71,260	\$	_	\$	27,994	\$	99,254
Contracts payable	Ψ	71,200	Ψ	_	Ψ	194,099	Ψ	194,099
Accrued wages and benefits		2,315,326		_		53,946		2,369,272
Compensated absences payable		62,940		_		-		62,940
Pension obligation payable		650,187		_		39,362		689,549
Intergovernmental payable		90,575		_		3,786		94,361
Deferred revenue		2,759,339		279,434		39,350		3,078,123
Unearned revenue		8,181,449		2,775,778		362,600		21,319,827
Chearned revenue	1	0,101,449		2,773,776		302,000		21,319,621
Total liabilities	2	4,131,076		3,055,212		721,137		27,907,425
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		34,895		-		596,094		630,989
Reserved for BWC refunds		121,957		-		-		121,957
Reserved for school bus purchases		31,633		-		-		31,633
Reserved for materials and		21.500				C 451		27.050
supplies inventory		31,508		-		6,451		37,959
Reserved for property tax unavailable		47.4.700		04.104		10.466		501 442
for appropriation		476,782		94,194		10,466		581,442
Reserved for prepayments		39,554		1 202 410		-		39,554
Reserved for debt service		-		1,203,419		-		1,203,419
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in:		(202.410)						(202.410)
General fund		(202,410)		-		-		(202,410)
Special revenue funds		-		-		584,387		584,387
Capital projects funds						572,993		572,993
Total fund balances		533,919		1,297,613		1,770,391		3,601,923
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2	4,664,995	\$	4,352,825	\$	2,491,528	\$	31,509,348

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2007}$

Total governmental fund balances			\$	3,601,923
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.				49,075,967
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Accrued interest Intergovernmental	\$ 3	,057,048 14,996 6,079		
Total				3,078,123
Unamortized premiums on bond issuance is not recognized in the funds.				(1,102,761)
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.				563,497
In the statement of activities interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due.				(149,345)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
General obligation bonds Compensated absences		,780,000 ,630,261		
Total		,030,201		(41,410,261)
			ф.	
Net assets of governmental activities			\$	13,657,143

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	General	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Taxes	\$ 21,634,071	\$ 3,103,329	\$ 196,750	\$ 24,934,150	
Tuition	306,271	-	110,134	416,405	
Charges for services	-	-	665,652	665,652	
Earnings on investments	273,026	61,848	62,903	397,777	
Extracurricular	-	-	203,082	203,082	
Classroom materials and supplies	48,939	-	175,995	224,934	
Other local revenues	44,237	_	352,230	396,467	
Intergovernmental - State	6,945,606	447,317	618,697	8,011,620	
Intergovernmental - Federal	-	-	1,249,462	1,249,462	
Total revenue	29,252,150	3,612,494	3,634,905	36,499,549	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	13,210,206	_	383,678	13,593,884	
Special	2,252,079	_	629,551	2,881,630	
Vocational	228,567	_	-	228,567	
Adult/continuing	2,072	_	79,183	81,255	
Other	391,463	_	<u>-</u>	391,463	
Support Services:	-,,,,,,,			2,2,	
Pupil	1,250,823	_	_	1,250,823	
Instructional staff	382,966	_	182,576	565,542	
Board of education	37,065	_	-	37,065	
Administration	2,221,222	_	1,651	2,222,873	
Fiscal	621,172	_	9,327	630,499	
Business	41,368	_	221,032	262,400	
Operations and maintenance	3,067,239	_	61,225	3,128,464	
Pupil transportation	866,829	_	24,204	891,033	
Central	190,668	_	46,962	237,630	
Operation of non-instructional services	3,276	_	66,009	69,285	
Food service operations	-	_	819,564	819,564	
Extracurricular activities	651,177	_	245,255	896,432	
Intergovernmental	- 031,177	_	552,579	552,579	
Facilities acquisition and construction	_	_	3,411,304	3,411,304	
Debt service:	_		3,411,304	3,411,304	
Principal retirement	_	1,200,000	_	1,200,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	_	1,804,140	<u>-</u>	1,804,140	
Total expenditures	25,418,192	3,004,140	6,734,100	35,156,432	
rotal experiences	25,410,172	3,004,140	0,734,100	33,130,432	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	3,833,958	608,354	(3,099,195)	1,343,117	

Continued

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	General		Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Sale of assets	\$	262	\$	-	\$	742	\$	1,004
Transfers in		-		-		115,000		115,000
Transfers (out)		(115,000)		-		-		(115,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(114,738)				115,742		1,004
Net change in fund balances		3,719,220		608,354		(2,983,453)		1,344,121
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year		(3,204,262)		689,259		4,755,414		2,240,411
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory		18,961		-		(1,570)		17,391
Fund balances at end of year	\$	533,919	\$	1,297,613	\$	1,770,391	\$	3,601,923

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,344,121
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the current period.		
Capital assets additions Current year depreciation	2,619,045 (1,579,934)	
Total		1,039,111
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, disposals, trade-in, and donations) is to decrease net assets.		(6,969)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.		17,391
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Delinquent property taxes Intergovernmental revenue Accrued interest receivable	715,015 6,079 5,606	
Total		726,700
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.		1,200,000
Premiums on debt issuances are recognized as revenues in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the issuance on the statement of activities.		45,165
Bond issuance costs are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the issuance on the statement of activities.		(23,078)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		2,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(333,993)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	4,010,448

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts					Fin	riance with al Budget Positive	
	(Original		Final		Actual		rositive Negative)
Revenues:		9		_				<u> </u>
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	19,676,701	\$	20,134,439	\$	20,838,209	\$	703,770
Tuition		289,200		295,927		306,271		10,344
Earnings on investments		261,659		267,746		277,105		9,359
Classroom materials and supplies		46,211		47,286		48,939		1,653
Other local revenues		41,710		42,680		44,172		1,492
Intergovernmental - State		6,558,464		6,711,033		6,945,607		234,574
Total revenue		26,873,945		27,499,111		28,460,303		961,192
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		13,455,419		13,994,673		13,852,850		141,823
Special		2,306,222		2,398,649		2,374,341		24,308
Vocational		279,517		290,719		287,773		2,946
Adult/Continuing		2,013		2,093		2,072		21
Other		380,232		395,471		391,463		4,008
Support Services:								
Pupil		1,292,842		1,344,655		1,331,028		13,627
Instructional staff		371,789		386,689		382,770		3,919
Board of education		37,523		39,026		38,631		395
Administration		2,306,258		2,398,687		2,374,378		24,309
Fiscal		624,825		649,866		643,873		5,993
Business		42,826		44,542		44,091		451
Operations and maintenance		3,129,403		3,254,820		3,221,836		32,984
Pupil transportation		856,692		891,026		881,996		9,030
Central		186,703		194,186		192,218		1,968
Operation of non-instructional services		3,350		3,484		3,449		35
Extracurricular activities		667,624		694,381		687,344		7,037
Total expenditures		25,943,238	-	26,982,967		26,710,113		272,854
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures		930,707		516,144		1,750,190		1,234,046
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year expenditure		1,110		1,135		1,175		40
Transfers (out)		(112,277)		(116,776)		(115,000)		1,776
Sale of assets		247		253		262		9
Total other financing sources (uses)		(110,920)		(115,388)		(113,563)		1,825
Net change in fund balance		819,787		400,756		1,636,627		1,235,871
Fund balance at beginning of year		394,657		394,657		394,657		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		139,984	_	139,984	_	139,984		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,354,428	\$	935,397	\$	2,171,268	\$	1,235,871

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship		
			 Agency
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	118,194	\$ 30,037
Total assets		118,194	\$ 30,037
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable		620	\$ 650
Due to students		<u>-</u>	 29,387
Total liabilities		620	\$ 30,037
Net Assets:			
Held in trust for scholarships		117,574	
Total net assets	\$	117,574	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Scholarship		
Additions:			
Interest	\$	4,943	
Gifts and contributions		55,622	
Total additions		60,565	
Deductions:			
Scholarships awarded		53,584	
benomismps awarded	-	33,301	
Change in net assets		6,981	
Net assets at beginning of year		110,593	
Net assets at end of year	\$	117,574	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Maumee City School District (the "District) is located in central Lucas County in northwest Ohio, encompassing most of the City of Maumee and parts of the City of Toledo.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District ranks as the 164th largest by enrollment among the 876 public and community school districts in the state. It currently operates 4 elementary schools, 1 middle school, and 1 comprehensive high school. The District employs 16 administrators, 218 non-certified, 278 certified full-time and part-time employees to provide services to approximately 2,810 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organization that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise have access to the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of this criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA) which is a computer consortium. NWOCA is an association of education entities within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties in northwestern Ohio. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. Total disbursements made by the District to NWOCA during this fiscal year were \$99,659. Financial information can be obtained from Cindy Siler, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among school districts located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Cindy Siler, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Penta Career Center

The Penta Career Center (the "Center") is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs of the students. The Center accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school; however, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered to be part of the District. The District did not make any payments to the Center during fiscal year 2007. Financial information can be obtained from the Penta County Career Center, Carrie Herringshaw, who serves as Treasurer, at 30095 Oregon Road, Perrysburg, Ohio 43551-4594.

Bay Area Council

The Bay Area Council was established in 1986 to carry out a cooperative program for the purchase of natural gas among boards of education located in Erie, Huron, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, and Wood Counties. The Bay Area Council is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member boards of education. The Bay Area Council is governed by a Board of Directors. This Board is elected by an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating school district. Financial information can be obtained from the Erie-Huron-Ottawa Education Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, 2902 Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond and principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by trust funds; and (b) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. The agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexhange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2007, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2008 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2007 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Appropriations Resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased tax rates). By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with Lucas County Budget Commission for rate determination. The Lucas County Budget Commission waived the tax budget filing requirement for fiscal year 2007.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commissions' Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during the fiscal year.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at the fund legal level of control. Any revisions that alter appropriations at the fund level must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent Certificate of Estimated Resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2007, investments were limited to federal agency securities, U.S. Government money market mutual fund, and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal 2007. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2007.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or by policy of the Board of Education. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2007 amounted to \$273,026 includes \$179,834 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those related to government activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000 for its general capital assets. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Governmental

DescriptionActivitiesLand improvements5 yearsBuildings and improvements10 - 50 yearsFurniture and equipment5 - 20 yearsVehicles5 - 20 years

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least twenty-two years of service or any employee age sixty with five years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2007, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, is paid in a timely manner and, in full from current financial resources is reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

K. Fund Reserves

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, tax advance unavailable for appropriation, debt service, school bus purchases, prepayments and BWC refunds. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds. The reserve for tax revenue unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriations under state statute.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. As of June 30, 2007, no net assets were restricted by enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents that are restricted in use by State statute. A fund balance reserve has also been established. See Note 15 for details.

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements.

P. Parochial Schools

Within the District boundaries, St. Joseph's School and St. Patrick School are operated by the Toledo Catholic Diocese. Current state legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The receipt and expenditure of these state monies by the District are reflected as special revenue funds for financial reporting purposes.

Q. Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs and Bond Premium

On government-wide financial statements, bonds issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamoritized bond issuance costs are recorded as an asset on the financial statements.

Bond premiums are deferred and accreted over the term of the bonds. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

R. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District did not have any extraordinary or special items during fiscal year 2007.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

i. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2007 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor Funds	Deficit
Education Management - Information Systems	37
Ohio Reads	27
Title VI-B	34,220
Title I	235
Class Size Reduction	177

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

ii. The District had appropriations exceeding resources at June 30, 2007 and throughout the fiscal year ended in noncompliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.39 and 5705.36.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool, State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$9,090 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$501,309. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2007, \$553,738 of the District's bank balance of \$753,738 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$200,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2007, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities				
		6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	
Investment type	Fair Value	less	months	months	months	
FHLB	\$ 2,030,643	\$ 495,470	\$ 690,158	\$ 546,608	\$ 298,407	
FNMA	1,522,722	574,802	947,920	-	-	
FFCB	297,189	_	-	-	297,189	
FHLMC	542,357	248,672	-	-	293,685	
U.S. Government						
money market	70,406	70,406	-	-	-	
STAR Ohio	490,063	490,063				
Total	\$ 4,953,380	\$ 1,879,413	\$ 1,638,078	\$ 546,608	\$ 889,281	

The weighted average maturity of investments is .75 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's federal agency securities were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2007:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	% of Total
FHLB	\$ 2,030,643	41.00
FNMA	1,522,722	30.74
FFCB	297,189	6.00
FHLMC	542,357	10.95
U.S. Government		
Money Market	70,406	1.42
STAR Ohio	490,063	9.89
Total	\$ 4,953,380	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2007:

Cash on hand	501,309 ,953,380 9,090
Cash on hand	, ,
	9,090
Total <u>\$ 5</u>	
	,463,779
Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Assets	
Governmental activities \$ 5	5,315,548
Private-purpose trust funds	118,194
Agency funds	30,037
Total <u>\$ 5</u>	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2007, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental funds from:

General Fund \$115,000

All transfers made in fiscal year 2007 were in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2006, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2007 represents collections of calendar year 2006 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 became a lien January 1, 2006, were levied after April 1, 2006 and are collected in 2007 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2007 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2007 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2007 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2006. For 2006, tangible personal property was assessed at 18.75% for property including inventory. This percentage was reduced to 12.5% for 2007, 6.25% for 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Lucas County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2007, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2007 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$476,782 in the general fund, \$94,194 in the debt service fund and \$10,466 in the Permanent Improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount has been recorded as revenue. The amount that was available as an advance at June 30, 2006 was \$393,716 in the general fund and \$71,284 in the debt service fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2007 taxes were collected are:

	2006 Second Half Collections		2007 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential				
and ther real estate	\$ 467,487,870	84.72	\$ 497,895,580	88.00
Public utility personal	11,808,000	2.14	12,068,280	2.13
Tangible personal property	72,505,336	13.14	55,825,762	9.87
Total	\$ 551,801,206	100.00	\$ 565,789,622	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 77.80		\$ 77.80	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2007 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

A summary of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities		
Taxes	\$	25,713,816
Accounts		320,056
Intergovernmental		41,918
Accrued interest	<u> </u>	40,497
Total	\$	26,116,287

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2006	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	June 30, 2007
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,014,174	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,014,174
Construction in progress	7,000	2,193,041		2,200,041
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,021,174	2,193,041		3,214,215
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,889,021	-	-	1,889,021
Buildings and improvements	53,197,242	391,703	-	53,588,945
Furniture and equipment	1,916,902	34,301	(34,910)	1,916,293
Vehicles	1,302,209		(19,050)	1,283,159
Total capital assets, being depreciated	58,305,374	426,004	(53,960)	58,677,418
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(1,619,918)	(45,442)	-	(1,665,360)
Buildings and improvements	(7,173,361)	(1,412,926)	-	(8,586,287)
Furniture and equipment	(1,464,281)	(61,915)	30,409	(1,495,787)
Vehicles	(1,025,163)	(59,651)	16,582	(1,068,232)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,282,723)	(1,579,934)	46,991	(12,815,666)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 48,043,825	\$ 1,039,111	\$ (6,969)	\$ 49,075,967

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :		
Regular	\$	834,362
Special		117,069
Support Services:		
Pupil		5,727
Instructional staff		83,425
Administration		75,298
Fiscal		2,485
Business		1,660
Operations and maintenance		53,455
Pupil transportation		83,072
Central		3,310
Intergovernmental		4,130
Extracurricular		96,812
Food service operations	_	219,129
Total depreciation expense	\$	1,579,934

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2007, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

					Amount
	Balance			Balance	Due in
	June 30, 2006	Increase	Decrease	June 30, 2007	One Year
General obligation bonds Compensated absences	\$39,980,000 2,352,794	391,075	\$ (1,200,000) (50,668)	\$38,780,000 2,693,201	\$ 1,375,000 117,823
Total	\$42,332,794	\$ 391,075	\$(1,250,668)	41,473,201	\$1,492,823
Unamortized premium on bonds				1,102,761	
Total on statement of net sssets				\$42,575,962	

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid. For the District, this is primarily the general fund and food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>: During fiscal year 2004, the District issued \$42,000,000 in school facilities construction and improvement general obligation bonds to provide funds for various District building projects. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to the bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The bonds were issued on August 1, 2003, and have a scheduled maturity date of December 1, 2031. Interest payments on the general obligation bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year.

The following is a schedule of future debt service requirements for the general obligation bonds:

Fiscal Year			
<u>Ending</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
	*		
2008	\$ 1,375,000	\$ 1,778,390	\$ 3,153,390
2009	1,400,000	1,736,640	3,136,640
2010	850,000	1,697,165	2,547,165
2011	950,000	1,671,440	2,621,440
2012	975,000	1,637,690	2,612,690
2013 - 2017	5,570,000	7,466,875	13,036,875
2018 - 2022	7,095,000	5,896,575	12,991,575
2023 - 2027	9,060,000	3,887,450	12,947,450
2028 - 2032	11,505,000	1,389,763	12,894,763
Total	\$38,780,000	\$27,161,988	\$65,941,988

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation use in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2007, are a voted debt margin of \$7,786,205 (including available funds of \$1,185,742) and an unvoted debt margin of \$504,227.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters.

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and contents are 100% coinsured, to a limit of \$62,299,577.

The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The District has liability insurance coverage limits of \$2,000,000 per claim and \$4,000,000 annual aggregate.

The District offers group medical and dental insurance to all employees. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share a portion of the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract. Regardless of the plan utilized by the employees, all group benefit plans are traditionally funded, and the District does not retain any risk of loss.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from 2006.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 12. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2007, 10.68 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for fiscal years ended 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$350,085, \$350,557, and \$347,113; 48.78 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$179,331 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371 or by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal years 2006 and 2005, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for fund pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$1,915,991, \$1,987,567 and \$1,926,336; 81.77 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2007 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. \$349,381 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2007 and is recorded as a liability within the respective fund. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2007 were \$13,955 made by the District and \$22,028 made by the plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2007, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$147,384 for fiscal year 2007.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.5 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$282.743 million and STRS Ohio had 119,184 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.32 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of .10 percent from fiscal year 2006. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2007, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. The surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2007 fiscal year, District paid \$180,581 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next year. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 (the latest information available) were \$158.751 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available for payment of health care benefits of \$295.6 million. At June 30, 2006 (the latest information available), SERS had 59,492 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

_	General Fund
Budget basis	\$ 1,636,627
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	791,847
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	1,235,717
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(1,175)
Adjustment for encumbrances	56,204
GAAP basis	\$ 3,719,220

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

A lawsuit has been filed by the Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation arguing that the Corporation's public utility property tax assessment rate should be 25% of true value rather than the 88% used by the Tax Commissioner. The Board of Tax Appeals has agreed with the Corporation and the case has been appealed by the Tax Commissioner of the Ohio Supreme Court. The District receives a significant amount of property tax from the Corporation. Should the Corporation prevail in the Supreme Court, it may be entitled to a refund from the District based on the lower assessment rate beginning from tax year 2001. The amount of the refund is estimated to be approximately \$2,804 per year. A portion of the refund may be recovered from additional State entitlement payments.

The District is involved in no other material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 15 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the reserve activity was as follows:

		Capital	BWC
	<u>Textbooks</u>	Acquisition	Refunds
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2006	\$ (2,066,034)	\$ (42,026,495)	\$ 121,957
Current year set-aside requirement	418,022	418,022	-
Qualifying disbursements	(429,774)	(598,010)	
Total	\$ (2,077,786)	\$ (42,206,483)	\$ 121,957
Cash balance carried forward to FY 2008	\$ (2,077,786)	\$ (42,026,495)	\$ 121,957

The District had qualifying disbursements during the year and prior year carryover monies that reduced the textbook set-aside amount below zero; this extra amount is being carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

The District issued \$42,000,000 in bonds in fiscal 2004 to provide for the construction and renovation of school buildings. This amount was an allowable offset to future years for the capital acquisition set-aside and thus the excess amount is being carried forward.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 15 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)

In addition to the above, the District received \$31,633 from the State of Ohio that is restricted for school bus purchases.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2007 follows:

Amount restricted for BWC refunds	\$ 121,957
Amount restricted for school bus purchases	31,633
Total restricted assets	\$ 153,590

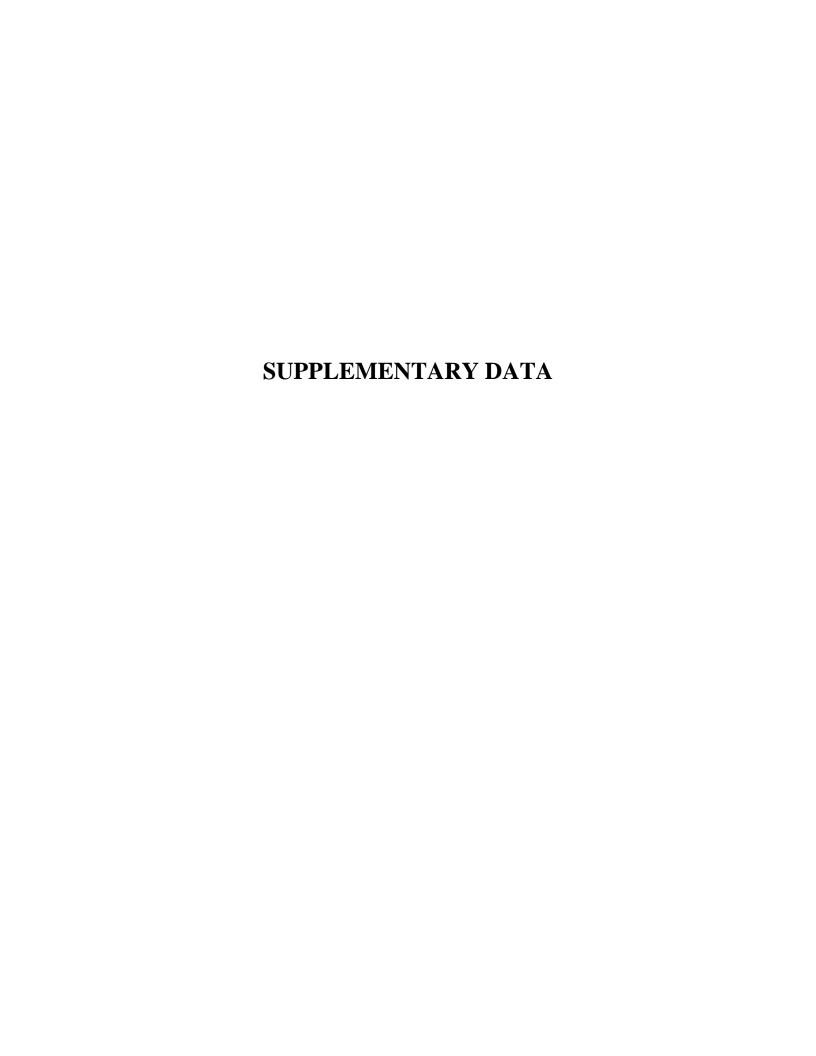
NOTE 16 - COMMUNITY REINVESTMENT AREA

In 1996, the City of Maumee established a "Community Reinvestment Area" (CRA) as permitted by Ohio Statute. The City has, to date, granted incentives to six companies within the CRA. The tax incentives will result in a loss of local tax revenue to the District through 2008, which, the District's administration believes, could cumulatively total over \$1 million.

NOTE 17 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

The District had the following outstanding contractual commitments related to building construction at fiscal year-end:

Vendor Amount Paid Outstanding Absolute Fire Protection \$ 191,964 \$ (180,804) \$ 11,160 Brint Electric 133,590 (50,000) 83,590 Comte Construction 1,051,926 (1,021,926) 30,000 Decorative Flooring Service 22,100 - 22,100 Delventhal Company 10,500 - 10,500 Duket Porter Macpherson 201,454 (127,817) 73,637 Emmenecker's Stone & Concrete 8,000 - 8,000 FYDA Freightliner Cinn Inc 49,907 - 49,907 Grunwell-Cushero Company 10,951 - 10,951 Industrial Power System 126,138 (115,217) 10,921 Romanoff Encompass Electric 26,498 - 26,498 Romanoff Encompass Electric 5,681 - 5,681 Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782 Total Contractual Commitments \$ 2,662,329 \$ (2,231,92		Contract	Amount	Amount
Brint Electric 133,590 (50,000) 83,590 Comte Construction 1,051,926 (1,021,926) 30,000 Decorative Flooring Service 22,100 - 22,100 Delventhal Company 10,500 - 10,500 Duket Porter Macpherson 201,454 (127,817) 73,637 Emmenecker's Stone & Concrete 8,000 - 8,000 FYDA Freightliner Cinn Inc 49,907 - 49,907 Grunwell-Cushero Company 10,951 - 10,951 Industrial Power System 126,138 (115,217) 10,921 Romanoff Encompass Electric 26,498 - 26,498 Romanoff Encompass Electric 5,681 - 5,681 Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782	<u>Vendor</u>	Amount	Paid	Outstanding
Brint Electric 133,590 (50,000) 83,590 Comte Construction 1,051,926 (1,021,926) 30,000 Decorative Flooring Service 22,100 - 22,100 Delventhal Company 10,500 - 10,500 Duket Porter Macpherson 201,454 (127,817) 73,637 Emmenecker's Stone & Concrete 8,000 - 8,000 FYDA Freightliner Cinn Inc 49,907 - 49,907 Grunwell-Cushero Company 10,951 - 10,951 Industrial Power System 126,138 (115,217) 10,921 Romanoff Encompass Electric 26,498 - 26,498 Romanoff Encompass Electric 5,681 - 5,681 Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782				_
Comte Construction 1,051,926 (1,021,926) 30,000 Decorative Flooring Service 22,100 - 22,100 Delventhal Company 10,500 - 10,500 Duket Porter Macpherson 201,454 (127,817) 73,637 Emmenecker's Stone & Concrete 8,000 - 8,000 FYDA Freightliner Cinn Inc 49,907 - 49,907 Grunwell-Cushero Company 10,951 - 10,951 Industrial Power System 126,138 (115,217) 10,921 Romanoff Encompass Electric 26,498 - 26,498 Romanoff Encompass Electric 5,681 - 5,681 Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782	Absolute Fire Protection	\$ 191,964	\$ (180,804)	\$ 11,160
Decorative Flooring Service 22,100 - 22,100 Delventhal Company 10,500 - 10,500 Duket Porter Macpherson 201,454 (127,817) 73,637 Emmenecker's Stone & Concrete 8,000 - 8,000 FYDA Freightliner Cinn Inc 49,907 - 49,907 Grunwell-Cushero Company 10,951 - 10,951 Industrial Power System 126,138 (115,217) 10,921 Romanoff Encompass Electric 26,498 - 26,498 Romanoff Encompass Electric 5,681 - 5,681 Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782	Brint Electric	133,590	(50,000)	83,590
Delventhal Company 10,500 - 10,500 Duket Porter Macpherson 201,454 (127,817) 73,637 Emmenecker's Stone & Concrete 8,000 - 8,000 FYDA Freightliner Cinn Inc 49,907 - 49,907 Grunwell-Cushero Company 10,951 - 10,951 Industrial Power System 126,138 (115,217) 10,921 Romanoff Encompass Electric 26,498 - 26,498 Romanoff Encompass Electric 5,681 - 5,681 Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782	Comte Construction	1,051,926	(1,021,926)	30,000
Duket Porter Macpherson 201,454 (127,817) 73,637 Emmenecker's Stone & Concrete 8,000 - 8,000 FYDA Freightliner Cinn Inc 49,907 - 49,907 Grunwell-Cushero Company 10,951 - 10,951 Industrial Power System 126,138 (115,217) 10,921 Romanoff Encompass Electric 26,498 - 26,498 Romanoff Encompass Electric 5,681 - 5,681 Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782	Decorative Flooring Service	22,100	-	22,100
Emmenecker's Stone & Concrete 8,000 - 8,000 FYDA Freightliner Cinn Inc 49,907 - 49,907 Grunwell-Cushero Company 10,951 - 10,951 Industrial Power System 126,138 (115,217) 10,921 Romanoff Encompass Electric 26,498 - 26,498 Romanoff Encompass Electric 5,681 - 5,681 Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782	Delventhal Company	10,500	-	10,500
FYDA Freightliner Cinn Inc 49,907 - 49,907 Grunwell-Cushero Company 10,951 - 10,951 Industrial Power System 126,138 (115,217) 10,921 Romanoff Encompass Electric 26,498 - 26,498 Romanoff Encompass Electric 5,681 - 5,681 Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782	Duket Porter Macpherson	201,454	(127,817)	73,637
Grunwell-Cushero Company 10,951 - 10,951 Industrial Power System 126,138 (115,217) 10,921 Romanoff Encompass Electric 26,498 - 26,498 Romanoff Encompass Electric 5,681 - 5,681 Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782	Emmenecker's Stone & Concrete	8,000	-	8,000
Industrial Power System 126,138 (115,217) 10,921 Romanoff Encompass Electric 26,498 - 26,498 Romanoff Encompass Electric 5,681 - 5,681 Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782	FYDA Freightliner Cinn Inc	49,907	-	49,907
Romanoff Encompass Electric 26,498 - 26,498 Romanoff Encompass Electric 5,681 - 5,681 Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782	Grunwell-Cushero Company	10,951	-	10,951
Romanoff Encompass Electric 5,681 - 5,681 Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782	Industrial Power System	126,138	(115,217)	10,921
Transtar 391,860 (358,183) 33,677 Warner 431,760 (377,978) 53,782	Romanoff Encompass Electric	26,498	-	26,498
Warner <u>431,760</u> (377,978) <u>53,782</u>	Romanoff Encompass Electric	5,681	-	5,681
	Transtar	391,860	(358,183)	33,677
Total Contractual Commitments \$ 2.662.329 \$ (2.231.925) \$ 430.404	Warner	431,760	(377,978)	53,782
Total Contractual Communicities $\frac{1}{2}$,002,327 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}$	Total Contractual Commitments	\$ 2,662,329	\$ (2,231,925)	\$ 430,404



MAUMEE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(C) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	OTHER FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(C) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
(A) Food Donation Total Food Donation	10.550	N/A	<u>\$</u>	\$ 36,825 36,825	<u>\$</u>	\$ 36,825 36,825
Nutrition Cluster: (B) (D) School Breakfast Program (B) (D) School Breakfast Program Total School Breakfast Program	10,553 10,553	044362-05PU-2006 044362-05PU-2007	1,148 2,776 3,924		1,148 2,776 3,924	
(B) (D) National School Lunch Program (B) (D) National School Lunch Program Total National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	044362-LLP4-2006 044362-LLP4-2007	53,540 146,837 200,377		53,540 146,837 200,377	
Total Nutrition Cluster Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			204,301	36,825	204,301	36,825
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	044362-C1\$1-2007	104,833 104,833		104,833 104,833	
Special Education Grants to States Total Special Education _Grants to States	84,027	044362-6BSF-2007	762,032 762,032		762,032 762,032	
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	84.186	044362-DRS1-2007	6,320 6,320		6,320 6,320	
Javits Gifted and Talented Students Education Grant Program Javits Gifted and Talented Students Education Grant Program Total Javits Gifted & Talented Students Education Grant Program	84.206 84,206	044362-JGS2-2006 044362-JGS2-2007	8,333 8,333		2,863 3,233 6,096	
State Grants for Innovative Programs Total State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	044362-C2S1-2007	5,195 5,195		5,195 5,195	
Education Technology State Grants Total Education Technology State Grants	84.318	044362-TJ\$1-2007	1,091 1,091		1,091 I,091	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84,367	044362-TRS1-2007	67,075 67,075		67,075 67,075	
Total U.S. Department of Education			949,684		952,642	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,153,985	\$ 36,825	\$ 1,156,943	\$ 36,825

The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market prices. Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis. This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting. Included as part of the "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

⁽A) (B) (C) (D)



Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education Maumee City School District 2345 Detroit Avenue Maumee, Ohio 43537

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maumee City School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise Maumee City School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Maumee City School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Maumee City School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Maumee City School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Maumee City School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Maumee City School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Maumee City School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Maumee City School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Board of Education Maumee City School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Maumee City School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed two instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2007-MCSD-001 and 2007-MCSD-002.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the Maumee City School District in a separate letter dated November 9, 2007.

Maumee City School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit Maumee City School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Maumee City School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 9, 2007

Julian & Sube the



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333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With *OMB Circular A-133*

Board of Education Maumee City School District 2345 Detroit Avenue Maumee, Ohio 43537

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Maumee City School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The Maumee City School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the Maumee City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Maumee City School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Maumee City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Maumee City School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Maumee City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Maumee City School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Maumee City School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Maumee City School District's internal control over compliance.

Board of Education Maumee City School District

A control deficiency in Maumee City School District's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Maumee City School District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Maumee City School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by Maumee City School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended for the information and use of management and Board of Education of the Maumee City School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 9, 2007

Julian & Sube the

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS			
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	Special Education - Grants to States: CFDA #84.027	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS		
Finding Number	2007-MCSD-001	

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 requires that the total appropriation from each fund should not exceed total estimated resources.

The District had appropriations exceeding the total estimated resources at March 31, 2007 and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 in the following funds:

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Nonmajor Funds	Resources	Appropriations	Excess
Management Information System	\$ -	\$ 10,890	\$ 10,890
SchoolNet Professional Development	625	3,825	3,200
Ohio Reads	-	46,177	46,177
Miscellaneous State Grants	1,892	4,768	2,876
IDEA Part B - Special Education	1,038,500	1,407,738	369,238
Title I - Disadvantaged Children	-	199,339	199,339
Title V - Innovative Education Programs	-	14,531	14,531
Drug-Free School Grant	-	6,320	6,320
Improving Teacher Quality	-	127,569	127,569
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	1,928	49,595	47,667
Building Fund	2,531,954	3,058,329	526,375
Uniform School Supplies	137,421	156,035	18,614
Special Enterprises Fund	3,984	15,725	11,741
Intra-District Services Fund	8,250	12,550	4,300
June 30, 2007			
Nonmajor Funds			
Ohio Reads	\$ 28,000	\$ 28,164	\$ 164
Miscellaneous State Grants	11,356	14,717	3,361

With appropriations exceeding estimated resources, the District may spend more funds than in the Treasury or in the process of collection and may cause fund deficits.

We recommend that the District comply with the Ohio Revised Code by monitoring appropriations so they do not exceed estimated resources. This may be achieved by monitoring the budget more closely on a continual basis and amending estimated resources or appropriations as necessary.

<u>Client Response:</u> The District is attempting to monitor its budget more closely and to submit additional amendments for estimated resources or reduce its appropriations as necessary.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS - (Continued)		
Finding Number	2007-MCSD-002	

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36 in part, requires subdivisions to request increased or reduced amended certificates of estimated resources upon determination by the fiscal officer that revenue to be collected will be greater or less than the amount in the official certificate of estimated resources.

The District had appropriations exceeding estimated resources throughout the year and at year end. Thus, the District did not request enough amended certificates throughout the year or at year end upon notice of increased or decreased resources in order to equal or exceed appropriations.

The District is not properly certifying its most current estimated resources to the appropriate authorities and thus causing appropriations to exceed estimated resources.

We recommend that the District review its available resources versus its appropriations throughout the year and file amended certificates when necessary. This will facilitate the District's appropriation process.

<u>Client Response:</u> The District is attempting to monitor its budget more closely and to submit additional amendments for estimated resources more frequently throughout the year.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2007

Finding <u>Number</u>	Finding <u>Summary</u>	Fully <u>Corrected</u> ?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2006-MCSD-001	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 requires that total appropriations from each fund should not exceed total estimated resources.	No	Repeated as Finding 2007-MCSD-001.
2006-MCSD-002	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) requires that no subdivision is to expend money unless it has been appropriated.	Partially	Now located in Management Letter.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

MAUMEE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

LUCAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 31, 2007