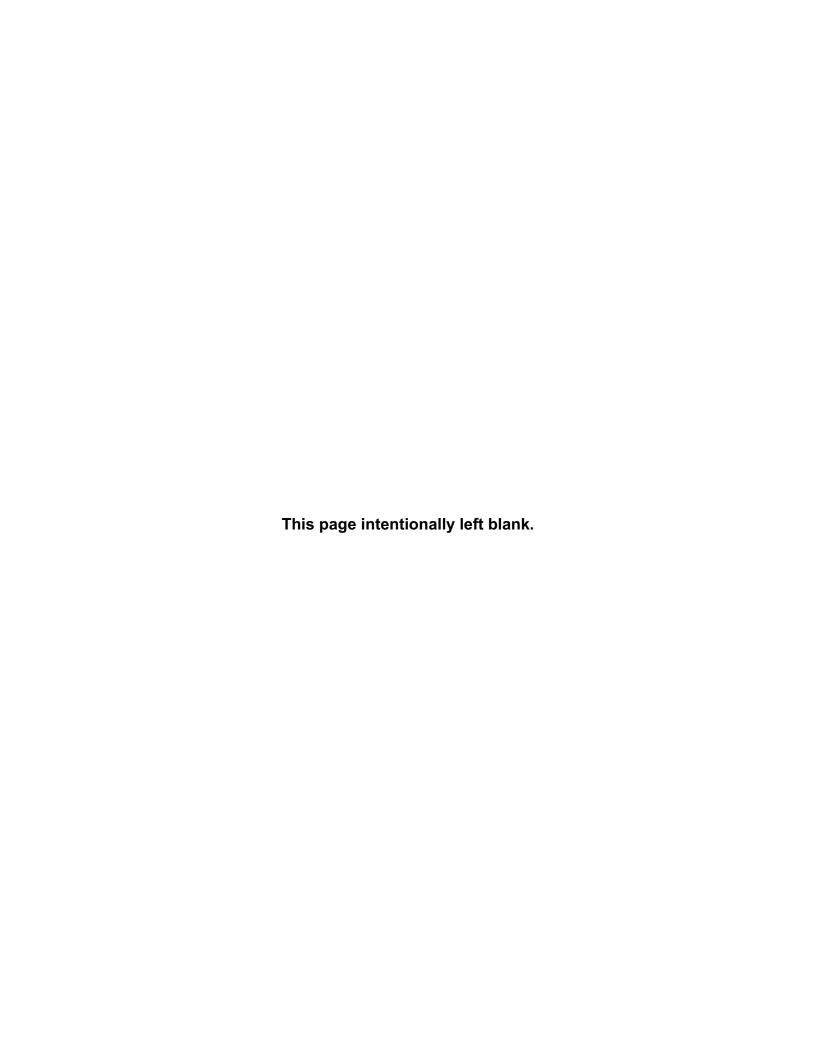




LORAIN MIDDLE SCHOOL DIGITAL ACADEMY LORIAN COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	7
Notes to the Basis Financial Statements	11
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	19





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Lorain Middle School Digital Academy Lorain County 2350 Pole Avenue Lorain, Ohio 44052

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Lorain Middle School Digital Academy, Lorain County, Ohio (the Academy), a component unit of the Lorain City School District, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Academy's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Lorain Middle School Digital Academy, Lorain County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2007, on our consideration of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Lorain Middle School Digital Academy Lorain County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Mary Taylor

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

December 7, 2007

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Lorain Middle School Digital Academy's (the "Academy") financial performance provides an overall review of the Academy's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Academy's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Academy's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A") is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" issued in June of 1999.

Certain comparative information between the current fiscal year and the prior fiscal year is required to be presented in the MD&A. Due to the comparative presentation within the basic financial statements, a comparison analysis between fiscal year 2006 and fiscal year 2005 is also required.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 are as follows:

- Net assets totaled \$173,454, which is a decrease of 22.8% from fiscal year 2006.
- Total current assets of \$133,641 decreased \$20,693 or 13.4% from fiscal year 2006.
- Total capital assets decreased from \$80,746 in fiscal year 2006 to \$60,969 in fiscal year 2007 due to depreciation.
- Operating revenues equaled \$178,284 and non-operating revenues were \$20,359 which represents decreases of 26.0% and 60.9%, respectively from fiscal year 2006.
- Operating expenses amounted to \$250,019 in fiscal year 2007 and \$423,873 in fiscal year 2006.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of the MD&A, the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets, and a statement of cash flows.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited)

The statement of net assets and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets answer the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2007?" The statement of net assets includes all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most companies in the private sector. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Table 1 provides a summary of the Academy's net assets for fiscal year 2007, 2006 and 2005 as follows:

Table 1 Net Assets at June 30

	2007	2006	2005
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 133,641	\$ 154,334	\$ 306,800
Capital Assets	60,969	80,746	50,130
Total Assets	194,610	235,080	356,930
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	21,156	10,250	1,300
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets	60,969	80,746	50,130
Restricted for Other Purposes	0	441	151,539
Unrestricted	112,485	143,643	153,961
Total Net Assets	\$ 173,454	\$ 224,830	\$ 355,630

Total assets in fiscal year 2007 decreased \$40,470 from fiscal year 2006. This includes a decrease in cash of \$12,235 and a decrease in intergovernmental receivables of \$8,458. Capital assets decreased \$19,777 from fiscal year 2006. There was an increase in accounts payable of \$10,906 and a decrease in net assets of \$51,376.

The last start up money was received in fiscal year 2005, therefore, fiscal years 2006 and 2007 were dependent on other grants and foundation money to fund operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited)

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005, as well as a listing of revenues and expenses.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

	2007	2006	2005
Operating Revenues			
Foundation Payments	\$ 178,259	\$ 241,063	\$ 285,194
Other	25	0	0
	178,284	241,063	285,194
Non-Operating Revenues			
Grants and Contributions	19,184	52,010	154,539
Interest	1,175	0	0
	20,359	52,010	154,539
Total Revenues	198,643	293,073	439,733
Operating Expenses			
Purchased Services	227,199	319,967	268,671
Materials and Supplies	3,043	88,711	14,632
Depreciation	19,777	15,195	6,321
•			
Total Operating Expenses	250,019	423,873	289,624
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ (51,376)	\$ (130,800)	\$ 150,109

The Academy's activities consist of enterprise activity. Community schools receive no support from taxes. The State Foundation Program and the Ohio Charter Schools Federal Sub-grant Program are, by far, the primary support for the Academy's students.

The revenues have decreased with each year of operation. Start up grants were received in fiscal year 2005 and foundation funds account for most of the revenues in fiscal years 2006 and 2007. Expenses increased in fiscal year 2006 with increased enrollment and purchases of supplies. Expenses in fiscal year 2007 have leveled off and are more comparable to fiscal year 2005.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2007, the Academy invested \$60,969 in equipment, net of depreciation. See Note 5 to the basic financial statements for more information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited)

Current Issues

The Academy has entered into a service contract for fiscal year 2007 with its Sponsor. In agreement with this contract, the Academy will purchase the following services from its Sponsor: personnel to administer and oversee the instruction and governance of the Academy, personnel to provide instructional services to the Academy, staff to provide support services to the Academy, marketing support, EMIS data transmission, insurance, and consulting.

Contacting the Academy's Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to show the Academy's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Treasurer, at Lorain Middle School Digital Academy, 2350 Pole Avenue, Lorain, OH 44052.

Statements of Net Assets June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006

	 2007		2006		
Assets					
Current assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 133,558	\$	145,793		
Intergovernmental receivables	 83		8,541		
Total current assets	 133,641		154,334		
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	 60,969		80,746		
Total assets	 194,610		235,080		
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	 21,156		10,250		
Total current liabiltieis	 21,156		10,250		
Net assets					
Invested in capital assets	60,969		80,746		
Restricted for other purposes	0		441		
Unrestricted	 112,485		143,643		
Total net assets	\$ 173,454	\$	224,830		

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006

		2007		2006		
Operating revenues						
Foundation payments	\$	178,259	\$	241,063		
Other		25		0		
Total operating revenues		178,284		241,063		
Operating expenses						
Purchased services		227,199		319,967		
Materials and supplies		3,043				
Depreciation		19,777		15,195		
Total operating expenses		250,019		423,873		
Operating income (loss)		(71,735)		(182,810)		
Non operating revenues (expenses)						
Grants		19,184		52,010		
Interest Income		1,175		0		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		20,359		52,010		
Change in net assets		(51,376)		(130,800)		
Net assets at beginning of year		224,830		355,630		
Net assets at the end of the year	_ \$	173,454	\$	224,830		

Statements of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006

	2007		 2006		
Increase (decrease) in cash					
Cash flows from operating activities:	•	106 - 10			
Cash received from foundation payments Cash payments for goods and services	\$	186,742 (219,336)	\$ 382,522 (399,728)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(32,594)	(17,206)		
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:					
Grants received		19,184	 52,010		
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital activities		19,184	 52,010		
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest on Investments		1,175	 0		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		1,175	 0		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Purchase of property		0	 (45,811)		
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		0	(45,811)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(12,235)	(11,007)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		145,793	156,800		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	133,558	\$ 145,793		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(71,735)	\$ (182,810)		
Depreciation Adjustments:		19,777	15,195		
Adjustments: (Increase) decrease in assets:					
Intergovernmental receivable		8,458	141,459		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable		10,906	 8,950		
Total adjustments		39,141	 165,604		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(32,594)	\$ (17,206)		

This page intentionally left blank.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

Note 1 – Description of the Academy and Reporting Entity

The Lorain Middle School Digital Academy (the "Academy") is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code Chapters 1702 and 3314 to address the needs of students in sixth through the eighth grade. The Academy is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations. The Academy may sue and be sued, acquire facilities as needed, and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the Academy. The Academy is considered a component unit of the Lorain City School District (the "Sponsor") for reporting purposes, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14.

The Academy is an innovative initiative that is a cooperative effort with Lorain City Schools. It is a conversion community school sponsored by the Lorain City School District. Furthermore, the Academy uses the services of the Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association (TRECA) and the TRECA Digital Academy to assist with overall programming and operations. The Academy uses the latest technology to reach a diverse student population. This population includes, but is not limited to home schoolers, children with special physical and mental needs, students removed from the classroom for discipline concerns, students who need an alternative to the traditional classroom including religious reasons, and students within the district that desire a specific course not currently offered. Enrollment is limited to students within the attendance area of the Lorain City School District.

The Academy was approved for sponsorship under resolution on May 13, 2002 with the Sponsor for a period of five years commencing on the first day of the 2002-2003 academic year. The Sponsor has designated three of its administrative officers to represent the Sponsor in the occupants' official capacities as members of the Academy's Board of Directors. The individuals who hold such office with the Sponsor shall be formally instructed by the Sponsor that, as directors of the Academy, they are to represent the Sponsor and its interests. From time to time in its discretion, the Sponsor may substitute other administrative positions for those previously designated for this purpose.

Pursuant to the Sponsor's authority under section 3314.08(G) of the Ohio Revised Code to provide the School with services, the Sponsor shall be the fiscal agent of the School and shall direct the Sponsor's treasurer to serve as the School's fiscal officer. The Sponsor shall evaluate the performance of the Academy according to the standards set forth in the Assessment and Accountability Plan. The Sponsor is not legally responsible for the final outcomes of the community school.

A service contract for the fiscal year 2006-2007 between the Academy and the Sponsor was also approved. In agreement with the contract, the Sponsor agrees to provide to the Academy professional, technical support and other services upon the Academy's request, but is subject to the availability of such services. The price for services rendered by the Sponsor to the Academy is established as the Sponsor's "cost of providing such services including, without limitation, employee salaries and fringe benefits, equipment costs if any, and administrative overhead." All personnel providing services to the Academy on behalf of the Sponsor under the service contract are considered employees of the Sponsor, and the Sponsor shall be solely responsible for all payroll functions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental nonprofit organizations. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Academy also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Academy has the option to also apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to its proprietary activities, subject to the same limitation. The Academy has elected not to apply these FASB Statements and Interpretations.

The more significant of the Academy's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Academy's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets, and a statement of cash flows.

Enterprise reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net assets, financial position and cash flows.

B. Measurement Focus

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Academy finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the basic financial statements. The Academy's basic financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Academy receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

D. Budgetary Process

The Academy shall operate in compliance with a bi-annual budget which must be reviewed and approved by the Academy's Board of Directors. The Academy must maintain financial records in a similar manner to those records of the Sponsor. The Academy complies with the policies and procedures regarding internal financial controls which are apparent under GASB and FASB. Also, the Auditor of State provides financial policy and procedure guidance to the Academies.

E. Cash

Cash held by the Academy is reflected as "Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the statement of net assets. Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments. During fiscal years 2007 and 2006, the Academy had no investments.

F. Capital Assets

All capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and reductions during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. The Academy maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The Academy does not have any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Furniture is depreciated over 20 years and computers are depreciated over five years.

G. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation through the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Academy first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. Net assets restricted for other purposes are primarily for student instruction.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

H. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activities. For the Academy, these revenues are payments from the State Foundation Program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activities of the Academy. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating.

I. Intergovernmental Revenues

The Academy currently participates in the State Foundation Program. Revenues received from this program are recognized as operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

The Academy also participates in the Federal Charter School Grant Program and the State Community Schools Start-up Grant through the Ohio Department of Education.

In addition, the Academy participates in the State Education Management Information System ("EMIS") through the Ohio Department of Education.

J. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 – Deposits

At fiscal year end June 30, 2007, the carrying amount and bank balance of the Academy's deposits was \$133,558. Based on the criteria in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure", as of June 30, 2007, \$33,558 of the bank balance was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$100,000 was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

At fiscal year end June 30, 2006, the carrying amount and bank balance of the Academy's deposits was \$145,793. Based on the criteria in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure", as of June 30, 2006, \$45,793 of the bank balance was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$100,000 was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Academy will not be able to recover the deposits. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in the amount equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at the Federal Reserve Banks or at a member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds for as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Academy.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

Non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Academy to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Note 4 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2007 and 2006 consisted of intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the stable condition of state programs. All receivables are expected to be collected within one fiscal year.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/06	A	dditions	Redu	ctions	Balance 6/30/07
Capital Assets being depreciated Equipment	\$ 103,276	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 103,276
Less Accumulated Depreciation Capital Assets, Net	\$ (22,530) 80,746	\$	(19,777) (19,777)	\$	0	\$ (42,307) 60,969

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Balance 5/30/05	A	dditions	Redu	ctions	Balance 6/30/06
Capital Assets being depreciated Equipment	\$ 57,465	\$	45,811	\$	0	\$ 103,276
Less Accumulated Depreciation Capital Assets, Net	\$ (7,335) 50,130	\$	(15,195) 30,616	\$	0	\$ (22,530) 80,746

Note 6 – Purchased Services

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, purchased services were as follows:

Instructional Services	\$ 20,810
Other Professional and Technical Services	109,114
Other Communications Service	97,275
	\$ 227,199

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, purchased services were as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

Instructional Services	\$ 117,512
Other Professional and Technical Services	103,555
Other Communications Service	 98,900
	\$ 319,967

Note 7 - Risk Management

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2007 and 2006, the Academy was covered under their own insurance for property, and liability coverage.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

Note 8 – Agreements with the Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association

The Academy entered into agreements with the Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association ("TRECA"), which is a data acquisition site and member of the Ohio Education Computer Network established in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 3301.075.

On January 7, 2003, the Academy entered into another agreement with TRECA. TRECA provided the Academy with instructional, supervisory/administrative, and technical services sufficient to effectively implement the Academy's educational plan, and the Academy's assessment and accountability plan. All personnel providing services in fulfillment of TRECA's responsibilities hereunder shall be employees or contractors of TRECA and TRECA is solely responsible for all payroll functions including retirement system contributions and all other legal withholding and/or payroll taxes, with respect to its employees. All personnel providing such services possess any certification or licensure which may be required by law. The technical services provided by TRECA to the Academy include access to, and the use of, computer software, computer hardware, networking hardware, network services and the services of technical support personnel necessary to implementation.

Beginning August 2005, the Academy entered into a four year agreement with TRECA where the Academy is charged on a per student basis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

Note 9 – Contingencies

The Academy received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursements of funds received under these programs generally require compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Academy. However, in the opinion of management, any disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Academy at June 30, 2007 and 2006.

Note 10 – State Foundation Funding

The Ohio Department of Education conducts reviews of enrollment data and full-time equivalency (FTE) calculations made by the schools. These reviews are conducted to ensure the schools are reporting accurate student enrollment data to the State, upon which state foundation funding is calculated. The Academy was reviewed two times during the initial year of operations and zero errors were found in enrollment, withdrawals, and attendance.

Note 11 - Fiscal Agent

The Academy utilizes the services of the Lorain City School District Treasurer as their fiscal officer. The Academy does not directly pay the Treasurer; however, it does reimburse Lorain City School District for the services.

Note 12 - Charter School Funding

A lawsuit entitled *Beverly Blount-Hill et al. v. State of Ohio, et al., Case #: 3:04CV197* was filed in the US District Court, Southern District of Ohio, Western Division in October 2004. The suit alleges that the funding provisions of the Ohio Community Schools Act, O.R.C. Section 3314 violate both the Ohio and Federal constitutions. If the funding scheme is determined to be unconstitutional, it could have financial ramifications for all community/charter schools. The case is currently pending, and the effect of this suit, if any, on the Academy cannot be presently determined.

This page intentionally left blank.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Lorain Middle School Digital Academy Lorain County 2350 Pole Avenue Lorain, Ohio 44052

We have audited the financial statements of the Lorain Middle School Digital Academy, Lorain County, Ohio, (the Academy), a component unit of the Lorain City School District, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006 which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Academy's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Academy's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Academy's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Academy's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Lausche Building / 615 Superior Ave., NW / Twelfth Floor / Cleveland, OH 44113-1801 Telephone: (216) 787-3665 (800) 626-2297 Fax: (216) 787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us Lorain Middle School Digital Academy Lorain County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

We noted a certain matter that we reported to the Academy's management in a separate letter dated December 7, 2007.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Academy's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Directors and Academy's Sponsor. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

December 7, 2007



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

LORAIN MIDDLE SCHOOL DIGITAL ACADEMY

LORAIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 31, 2007