## HARDIN NORTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

## HARDIN COUNTY

Regular Audit June 30, 2005



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Hardin Northern Local School District 11589 State Route 81 Dola, Ohio 45835

We have reviewed the *Independent Accountants' Report* of the Hardin Northern Local School District, Hardin County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2005. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Hardin Northern Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

May 8, 2007

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## *Perry & Associates* Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

PARKERSBURG 1035 Murdoch Avenue Parkersburg, WV 26101 (304) 422-2203 MARIETTA 428 Second Street Marietta, OH 45750 (740) 373-0056

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

March 15, 2007

Hardin Northern Local School District Hardin County 11589 State Route 81 Dola, Ohio 45835-9725

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business – type activities, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hardin Northern Local School District, Hardin County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business – type activities, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hardin Northern Local School District, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 15, 2007, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Hardin Northern Local School District Hardin County Independent Accountant's Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Respectfully Submitted,

**Perry and Associates** Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

#### Hardin Northern Local School District Hardin County Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Hardin Northern Local School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall view of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities decreased \$32,785 while net assets of business-type activities also decreased \$11,905.
- General revenues accounted for \$3,677,838 in revenue or 85.9% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions accounted for \$604,945 or 14.1% of total revenues of \$4,282,783.
- The School District had \$4,315,568 in expenses related to government activities; only \$604,945 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The School District had \$151,237 in expenses related to business-type activities. Program revenues of \$118,393 were not adequate to provide for this service.
- Capital outlay additions of \$28,392 consisted of \$5,263 in building improvements and \$23,129 in furniture and equipment.

#### Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In case of Hardin Northern Local School District, the general fund and permanent improvement funds are the only major funds.

#### Reporting the School District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2005?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question.

#### Reporting the School District as a Whole (Continued)

These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tell the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the School District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

• Governmental Activities - Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

• Business-Type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The School District food service and uniform school supplies are reported as business activities.

#### Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the permanent improvement fund.

*Governmental Funds* Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

*Proprietary Funds* Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

#### The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 on the following page provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2005. Comparison to net assets for 2004 are not available as this is the first year for presenting financial statements under generally accepted financial statements since June 30, 2002:

	Table 1			
	NET ASSETS			
	Governmental Activities	Business- Type	Total	
	2005	2005	2005	
Assets				
Current Assets	\$ 2,461,650	\$ 6,029	\$ 2,467,679	
Capital Assets	1,357,364	16,200	1,373,564	
Total Assets	3,819,014	22,229	3,841,243	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	1,076,412	22,709	1,099,121	
Long-Term Liabilities	384,136	5,292	389,428	
Total Liabilities	1,460,548	28,001	1,488,549	
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	1,276,102	16,200	1,292,302	
Restricted	729,520	-	729,520	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	352,844	(21,972)	330,872	
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,358,466	\$ (5,772)	\$ 2,352,694	

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2005:

# Table 2CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals 2005
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 356,479	\$ 85,942	\$ 442,421
Operating Grants and Contributions	228,891	32,451	261,342
Capital Grants and Contributions	19,575	-	19,575
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	1,002,757	-	1,002,757
Income Taxes	468,049		468,049
Grants and Entitlements	2,192,725	-	2,192,725
Unrstricted Investment Earnings	24,938	139	25,077
Miscellaneous	10,169	-	10,169
Transfers	(20,800)	20,800	_
Total Revenues	4,282,783	139,332	4,422,115
Expenses Program Expenses:			
Instruction:	<b>2</b> 111 100		<b>a</b> 444 400
Regular	2,114,400	-	2,114,400
Special	451,571	-	451,571
Vocational	202,932	-	202,932
Support Services:	00.016		00.016
Pupils	98,216	-	98,216
Instructional Staff	66,688	-	66,688
Board of Education	16,963	-	16,963
Administration	415,603	-	415,603
Fiscal	193,377	-	193,377
Operation of Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation	279,002	-	279,002
Non-Instructional Services	151,941 484	-	151,941 484
		-	
Extracurricular Activities	238,300	-	238,300
Facilities Acquisition Construction	80,083	-	80,083
Interest and Fiscal Charges	6,008	-	6,008
Food Service	-	150,975	150,975
Uniform School Supplies	-	262	262
Total Expenses	4,315,568	151,237	<u>4,466,805</u>
Decrease in Net Assets	\$ (32,785)	\$ (11,905)	\$ (44,690)

#### **Governmental Activities**

Net assets of the School District's governmental activities decreased by \$32,785. Program revenue of \$604,945 and general revenues of \$3,677,838 did not offset total governmental expenses of \$4,315,568. Program revenues supported 14.0% of the total governmental expenses.

Several revenue sources fund the School District's governmental activities with property tax and State foundation revenues being the largest contributors. Property tax levies generated \$1,002,757 in fiscal year 2005. General revenues from grants and entitlements, such as the school foundation program, generated \$2,192,725. These two revenue sources represent 74.6% of total governmental revenue.

Real estate property is reappraised every six years. Hardin County had its triennial update in calendar year 2002. Although historical growth has had a positive effect on the School District's tax base, the full tax revenue impact has not been realized due to H.B. 920. This state law, enacted in 1976, does not allow for revenue increases caused by inflationary growth of real property values. Increases in valuation prompt corresponding annual reductions in the "effective millage", the tax rates applied to real property. Thus, although the School District tax valuation continues to grow, this built-in revenue limitation requires the School District to request additional school operating revenue by placing a levy on the ballot every three to five years, on average.

The DeRolph III court case decisions have not eliminated the local dependence on property taxes. This factor continues to be a situation the School District has to deal with in providing funding for the program offering of the School District.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants attributable to those services. Instruction costs comprise 64.2% of governmental program expenses.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Business-type activities consist of the food service and uniform school supplies operations. These programs had revenue of \$118,393 and \$0 with expenses of \$150,975 and \$262, respectively.

#### The School District's Funds

The School District's major funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The total revenues for governmental funds were \$4,300,164 and total expenditures were \$4,251,507. The School District revenues exceeded the expenditures by \$48,657.

The School District's general fund balance decreased by \$31,144. The decrease from last year can be attributed primarily to the overall increase in salaries, wages and fringe benefits along with revenues not keeping pace with the cost of operations.

#### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the School District's general fund.

During fiscal year 2005, the School District amended its general fund balance. Budget revisions are presented to the Board of Education for approval. This year amendments were considered routine.

#### General Fund Budgeting Highlights (Continued)

For the general fund, the final budget basis revenue estimate was \$3,969,931, which was higher than the original revenue estimate of \$3,915,083. Actual revenue on the budget basis was \$3,783,949.

The original expenditures estimate of \$4,133,846 was increased to \$4,186,258. The actual expenditures were \$3,863,413.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2005, the School District had \$1,373,564 invested in land, buildings, equipment and vehicles. This is accounting for both Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities assets. Table 3 below shows a comparison of fiscal year 2005 to 2004.

#### Long-Term Liabilities

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)	Governmental Type Activities			Bu	e Activities		
		2005	05 2004		2005		2004
Land	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$ -
Land Improvements		92,196		103,038			
Buildings and Improvements		878,064		898,391		-	-
Furniture and Equipment		319,026		377,288		16,200	17,773
School Buses and Vehicles		48,078		66,049		-	-
Total Capital Assets	\$	1,357,364	\$	1,464,766	\$	16,200	\$ 17,773

As of June 30, 2005, the School District has \$50,000 in notes outstanding, \$25,000 due within one year. The school district also has a capital lease, vested compensated absences and pension obligations due to STRS and SERS pension boards. Table 4 summarizes long-term liabilities.

#### Table 4

Outstanding Debt, at Year End	 vernmental activities	Governmental Activities		
Permanent Improvement Tax Anticipation Note 5.15%	\$ 50,000	\$	75,000	
Capital Lease Payable Intergovernmental Payable (Pension Obligations)	31,262 42,106		45,112 35,951	
Compensated Absences Payable (Vested Serverance)	 260,769		271,287	
Total	\$ 384,137	\$	427,350	

#### Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The School District faces many challenges in the future. As the preceding information shows, the School District relies heavily upon grants and entitlements and property taxes. Another challenge facing the School District is the future of state funding. The State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March, 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward schools districts with little property tax wealth. On December 11, 2003, the Ohio Supreme Court issued an opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional. Since then, the Ohio Supreme Court has

relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding plan that is thorough and efficient. The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations.

Due to the unsettled issues in Ohio public school funding, district management is required to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs in the future.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need financial information contact, Wes Potter, Treasurer of Hardin Northern Local School District, 11589 State Route 81, Dola, Ohio 45835.

Statement of Net Assets For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Primary Government						
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total	
Assets							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	865,347	\$	1,188	\$	866,535	
Cash and Cash Equivalents:							
With Fiscal Agents		68		-		68	
Receivables:							
Property Taxes		998,145		-		998,145	
Accounts		272		-		272	
Intergovernmental		36,066		-		36,066	
Income Tax		252,828		-		252,828	
Prepaid Items		52,925		1,909		54,834	
Inventory Held for Resale		-		2,932		2,932	
Restricted Assets:							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents		255,999		-		255,999	
Land		20,000		-		20,000	
Capital assets, net of depreciation		1,337,364		16,200		1,353,564	
Total Assets	\$	3,819,014	\$	22,229	\$	3,841,243	
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	\$	10,933	\$	-	\$	10,933	
Accrued Wages		393,017		13,745		406,762	
Intergovernmental Payable		56,949		8,964		65,913	
Deferred Revenue		615,323		-		615,323	
Accrued Interest Payable		190		-		190	
Long-Term Liabilities							
Due within one year		139,629		-		139,629	
Due in more than one year		244,507		5,292		249,799	
Total Liabilities		1,460,548		28,001		1,488,549	
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,276,102		16,200		1,292,302	
Restricted for:		, ,		, -			
Capital Projects		121,749		-		121,749	
Other Purposes		625,783		-		625,783	
Unrestricted (deficit)		334,832		(21,972)		312,860	
Total Net Assets	\$	2,358,466	\$	(5,772)	\$	2,352,694	

Hardin Northern Local School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

			Program Revenues			Net (Expense) F	Rever	ue and Chang	ges in Net Assets									
									Operating		Of		(	Capital	Primary Government			
			C	harges for	G	rants and	Gr	ants and	Governmental	Bu	siness-Type							
Functions/Programs	Ex	penses	Servi	ces and Sales	Co	ntributions	Con	tributions	Activities		Activities	Total						
Primary Government:																		
Governmental Activities:																		
Instruction:																		
Regular	\$ 2	,114,400	\$	233,084	\$	67,022	\$	-	\$ (1,814,295)			\$ (1,814,295)						
Special		451,571		123,395		41,828		-	(286,348)			(286,348)						
Vocational		202,932		-		1,769		-	(201,163)			(201,163)						
Support Services:																		
Pupils		98,216		-		-		-	(98,216)			(98,216)						
Instructional Staff		66,688		-		111,711		-	45,023			45,023						
Board of Education		16,963		-		-		-	(16,963)			(16,963)						
Administration		415,603		-		5,242		-	(410,361)			(410,361)						
Fiscal		193,377		-		-		4,231	(189,146)			(189,146)						
Operation and Maintenance		279,002		-		-		4,231	(274,771)			(274,771)						
Pupil Transportation		151,941		-		-		-	(151,941)			(151,941)						
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		484		-		-		-	(484)			(484)						
Extracurricular Activities		238,300		-		-		-	(238,300)			(238,300)						
Facilities and Acquisition and Construction Services		80,083		-		1,320		11,113	(67,650)			(67,650)						
Interest and Fiscal Charges		6,008		-		-,			(6,008)			(6,008)						
		-,							(0,000)			(0,000)						
Total governmental activities	4	,315,568		356,479		228,891		19,575	(3,710,623)			(3,710,623)						
Business-Type activities:																		
Food Service		150,975		85,942		32,451					(32,582)	(32,582)						
Uniform Supplies		262		63,942		52,451		-	-		(32,382)	(32,382)						
Omform Suppries		202						-			(202)	(202)						
Total Business-Type activities		151,237		85,942		32,451		-			(32,844)	(32,844)						
Total primary government	\$4	,466,805	\$	442,421	\$	261,342	\$	19,575	\$ (3,710,623)	\$	(32,844)	\$ (3,743,467)						
	Taxe			ed for genera	l pur	poses			928,725		-	928,725						
				ed for capital	•	•			74,032		-	74,032						
				d for general					468,049		-	468,049						
				nts not Restric			urpose	s	2,192,725		-	2,192,725						
				ent earnings			1		24,938		139	25,077						
		llaneous							10,169			10,169						
	Trans								(20,800)		20,800							
	Т	otal gener	al reve	enues					3,677,838		20,939	3,698,777						
	C	hange in r	et asse	ets					(32,785)		(11,905)	(44,690)						
	Net A	ssets, Jun	e 30, 2	2004 (See No	te 3)				2,391,251		6,133	2,397,384						
	Net A	ssets, Jun	e 30, 2	2005					\$ 2,358,466	\$	(5,772)	\$ 2,352,694						

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2005

	General		Permanent Improvement Fund		Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents:	\$	565,572	\$	186,933	\$	112,842	\$	865,347
With Fiscal Agents Receivables:		-		-		68		68
Taxes		924,243		73,902		-		998,145
Accounts		272		-		-		272
Intergovernmental		-		-		36,066		36,066
Income Taxes		252,828		-		-		252,828
Prepaid Items		51,208		-		1,717		52,925
Restricted Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents		255,999		-		-		255,999
Total Assets	\$	2,050,122	\$	260,835	\$	150,693	\$	2,461,650
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	8,120	\$	152	\$	2,661	\$	10,933
Accrued Wages		372,593		-		20,424		393,017
Intergovernmental Payable		53,066		-		3,883		56,949
Deferred Revenue		666,170		46,467		36,066		748,703
Total Liabilities		1,099,949		46,619		63,034		1,209,602
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for Encumbrances		31,885		6,947		8,420		47,252
Reserved for Property Taxes		342,349		27,435		-		369,784
Reserved for Textbooks		238,683		-		-		238,683
Reserved for Budget Stabilization		17,316		-		-		17,316
Unreserved, Reported in:				-				
General Fund		319,940		-		-		319,940
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		75,089		75,089
Capital Projects Funds		-		179,834		4,150		183,984
Total Fund Balances		950,173		214,216		87,659		1,252,048
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,050,122	\$	260,835	\$	150,693	\$	2,461,650

#### Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2005

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 1,252,048
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	1,357,364
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current	
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds	
Deferred Revenue-Property Taxes	13,038
Deferred Revenue-Intergovernmental Grants	36,066
Deferred Revenue-Income Taxes	84,276
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period	
and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Accrued Interest Payable	(190)
Notes Payable	(50,000)
Compensated Absences Payable	(260,768)
Intergovernmental Payable	(42,106)
Capital Lease Payable	(31,262)
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,358,466

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	General	Permanent General Improvement		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 931,232	\$ 74,234	\$ -	\$ 1,005,466
Intergovernmental	2,192,725	8,462	245,847	2,447,034
Investment Income	24,878	-	60	24,938
Tuition	216,858	-	-	216,858
Extracurricular Activities	-	-	123,395	123,395
Classroom Materials and Fees	16,226	-	-	16,226
Income Taxes	456,078	-	-	456,078
Miscellaneous	5,366		4,803	10,169
Total Revenue	3,843,363	82,696	374,105	4,300,164
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	2,032,991	-	47,032	2,080,023
Special	314,814	-	135,807	450,621
Vocational	198,749	-	4,746	203,495
Support Services:				
Pupils	100,896	-	-	100,896
Special Instruction	29,574	-	36,303	65,877
Board	16,963	-	-	16,963
Administration	420,244	-	11,930	432,174
Fiscal	192,198	1,976	-	194,174
Operation and Maintenance	264,152	1,351	-	265,503
Pupil Transportation	154,673		-	154,673
Operation of Non-Instructional		-	484	484
Extracurricular Activities	111,715	-	129,924	241,639
Debt Service:	,		,,	,,
Principal Retirement	16,738	-	25,000	41,738
Interest and Fiscal Charges			3,247	3,247
Total Expenditures	3,853,707	3,327	394,473	4,251,507
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(10,344)	79,369	(20,368)	48,657
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	-	-	48,915	48,915
Transfers Out	(20,800)	(28,247)	(20,668)	(69,715)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(20,800)	(28,247)	28,247	(20,800)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(31,144)	51,122	7,879	27,857
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	981,317	163,094	79,780	1,224,191
	¢ 050 172	¢ 014014	ф 07.550	¢ 1.052.040
Fund Balances (Deficits) End of Year	\$ 950,173	\$ 214,216	\$ 87,659	\$ 1,252,048

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds		\$ 27,857
Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activity the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays was over (under) depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense	28,392 (135,794)	(107,402)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property Taxes	(2,709)	
Income Taxes	11,971	
Intergovernmental Grants	(5,843)	
-		3,419
Repayment of note and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of net assets. Principal Payments		41,738
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on an outstanding note, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		(2,761)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and intergovernmental payable which represents contractually required pension contributions, do not require the use of current financia resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	1	
Compensated Absences	10,519	
Pension Obligations	(6,155)	4,364
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	=	\$ (32,785)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Original         Final         Actual         (Negative)           Revenues:         Taxes         \$ 925,000         \$ 957,136         \$ 895,034         \$ (02,102)           Intergovernmental         2,312,638         2,319,835         2,192,225         (127,110)           Intergovernmental         15,000         23,0105         24,878         (122)           Tution         16,000         243,1005         216,858         (26,247)           Income Taxes         400,000         400,000         432,136         32,136           Miscellaacous Revenue         3,015,083         3,069,031         3,783,049         (185,982)           Expenditures:         Current:         Instruction:         Regular         2,044,231         2,078,857         2,008,006         70,851           Support Services:         106,917         107,470         102,996         4,474           Instructional Staff         5,623         3,58,77         18,646         103,329         29,139         391           Administration         133,291         23,297         2,008,006         14,474         11,8410         108,346           Bard of Education         27,450         27,450         27,450         27,450         27,450         27,450		Budget	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Revenues:				
Intergovermental         2.312,658         2.319,835         2.192,725         (127,110)           Investment Income         15,000         25,000         24,878         (122)           Tuition         243,000         25,000         24,878         (122)           Income Taxes         14,425         18,607         16,201         (2,406)           Income Taxes         400,000         432,135         32,136         (185,982)           Expenditures:         Current:         (185,982)         (185,982)         (185,982)           Expenditures:         Current:         196,073         47,884         33,63,388         332,845         30,0448         23,397           Vocational         240,056         244,857         196,073         47,884           Support Services:         106,917         107,470         102,996         4,474           Instructional Staff         56,523         54,523         35,877         18,646           Board of Education         27,450         27,050         391         414,658         108,886           Fiscal         075,575         210,121         20,7480         27,059         391           Operation and Maintenance         291,539         279,258         266,680		\$ 925.000	\$ 957.136	\$ 895.034	\$ (62,102)
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$					,
Tuition         243,000         243,005         216,858         (26,27)           Classroom Materials and Fees         14,425         18,607         16,201         (2,406)           Income Taxes         400,000         400,000         423,165         32,136           Miscellaneous Revenue         5,000         6,248         6,117         (131)           Total Revenue         3,915,083         3,969,931         3,783,949         (185,982)           Expenditures:         Current:         Instruction:         Regular         2,044,231         2,078,857         2,008,006         70,851           Support Services:         700,811         336,388         332,845         309,448         23,397           Vocational         240,056         244,857         196,973         47,884           Support Service:         71,657         21,012         207,44,83         108,386           Pupils         106,917         107,470         102,996         4,474           Instructional Staff         56,523         54,523         35,877         18,646           Board of Education         27,450         27,450         27,059         39,11           Operation and Maintenance         291,539         279,258         264,660					
$\begin{array}{c clastroom Materials and Fees \\ I 4.425 I 8.607 I 6.201 (2.400) \\ Income Taxes \\ Miscellaneous Revenue \\ \hline 5.000 6.248 6.117 (131) \\ \hline Total Revenue \\ \hline 3.915.083 3.969.931 \hline 3.783.949 (185.982) \\ \hline Sependitures: \\ Current: \\ Instruction: \\ Regular \\ Support Services: \\ Pupils \\ Support Services: \\ Pupils \\ Instructional Staff \\ 5.6523 7.450 27.659 27.059 44.744 \\ Instructional Staff \\ 5.6523 7.450 27.659 27.059 44.745 196.973 47.884 \\ Support Services: \\ Pupils \\ Indextructional Maintenance \\ 291.579 270.258 27.18,046 197.705 167.488 30.217 \\ Structional Maintenance \\ 291.579 270.258 26.197 107.470 102.996 4.4744 \\ Instructional Staff \\ 5.6523 7.450 27.659 391 \\ Administration \\ 175.575 210.121 207.418 2.705 931 \\ Administration \\ Siscal \\ Operation and Maintenance \\ 291.539 279.258 264.680 14.578 \\ Pupils \\ Itaneout cut wites \\ Principal Retirement \\ - 16.738 16.738 \\ - 10.738 \\ - 1$					
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$					,
Miscellaneous Revenue         5,000         6,248         6,117         (131)           Total Revenue         3,915,083         3,969,931         3,783,949         (185,982)           Expenditures:         Current:         Instruction:         2,044,231         2,078,857         2,008,006         70,851           Special         336,388         332,845         309,448         23,397         Vocational         240,056         244,857         196,973         47,884           Support Services:         Pupits         106,917         107,470         102,996         4,474           Instructional Staff         56,523         54,523         35,877         18,646           Board of Education         27,450         27,059         391           Administration         533,291         523,024         414,638         108,386           Fiscal         175,575         210,121         207,418         2,703           Operation and Maintenance         291,539         279,258         264,680         14,578           Pupit Transportation         208,466         197,705         167,488         30,217           Extracurricular Activities         113,410         113,410         112,092         1,318           Debt Servic					
Total Revenue         3.915,083         3.969,931         3.783,949         (185,982)           Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular         2.044,231         2.078,857         2.008,006         70,851           Special         336,388         332,485         309,448         23,397           Vocational         240,056         244,857         196,973         47,884           Support Services: Pupils         106,917         107,470         102,996         4,474           Instructional Staff         56,523         54,523         35,877         18,646           Board of Education         27,450         27,450         27,059         391           Administration         533,291         523,024         414,638         108,386           Fiscal         175,575         210,121         207,418         2,703           Operation and Maintenance         291,539         279,258         264,680         14,578           Pupil Transportation         208,466         197,705         167,488         30,217           Extracurricular Activities         113,410         113,410         112,092         1,318           Debt Service:         -         16,738         -         -           Principal Retirement				,	
Expenditures: Current:         Current:           Instruction:         Regular         2.044.231         2.078.857         2.008,006         70.851           Special         336.388         332.845         309.448         23.397           Vocational         240.056         244.857         196.973         47.884           Support Services:         9         9         47.740         102.996         4.474           Instructional Staff         56.523         54.523         35.877         18.646           Board of Education         27.450         27.059         391         Administration         533.291         523.024         414.638         108.386           Fiscal         175.575         210.121         207.418         2.705         391           Administration         208.466         197.705         167.488         30.217           Extracurcitual Activities         113.410         112.092         1.318           Debt Service:         -         16.738         -         -           Principal Retirement         -         16.738         -         -           Total Expenditures         2.500         2.500         2.247         (253)           Operating Transfers Out	Total Revenue	·	·	·	
	<b>T</b>		i	i	<u>,                                </u>
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2.044.021	0.070.057	2 000 007	70.951
Vocational       240,056       244,857       196,973       47,884         Support Services:       Pupils       106,917       107,470       102,996       4,474         Instructional Staff       56,523       54,523       35,877       18,646         Board of Education       27,450       27,450       27,059       391         Administration       533,291       523,024       414,638       108,386         Fiscal       175,575       210,121       207,418       2,703         Operation and Maintenance       291,539       279,258       264,680       14,578         Pupil Transportation       208,466       197,705       167,488       30,217         Extracurricular Activities       113,410       113,410       112,092       1,318         Debt Service:       -       -       16,738       -       -         Principal Retirement       _       -       16,738       -					
Support Services:       10,470       102,996       4,474         Instructional Staff       56,523       54,523       35,877       18,646         Board of Education       27,450       27,450       27,059       391         Administration       533,291       523,024       414,638       108,386         Fiscal       175,575       210,121       207,418       2,703         Operation and Maintenance       291,539       279,258       264,680       14,578         Pupil Transportation       208,466       197,705       167,488       30,217         Extracurricular Activities       113,410       112,092       1,318         Debt Service:       113,410       112,092       1,318         Principal Retirement       -       16,738       -         Total Expenditures       4,133,846       4,186,258       3,863,413       322,845         Excess of Revenues Over       (Under) Expenditures       2,500       2,247       (253)         Operating Transfers Out       (30,000)       (24,800)       (20,800)       4,000         Total Other Sources (Uses)       (27,400)       (22,300)       (18,553)       3,747         Excess of Revenues and Other       Financing Sources Over (Under)	1				
$\begin{array}{c cccccc} & 106,917 & 107,470 & 102,996 & 4,474 \\ Instructional Staff & 56,523 & 54,523 & 35,877 & 18,646 \\ Board of Education & 27,450 & 27,450 & 27,059 & 391 \\ Administration & 533,291 & 523,024 & 414,638 & 108,386 \\ Fiscal & 175,575 & 210,121 & 207,418 & 2,703 \\ Operation and Maintenance & 291,539 & 279,258 & 264,680 & 14,578 \\ Pupil Transportation & 208,466 & 197,705 & 167,488 & 30,217 \\ Extracurricular Activities & 113,410 & 112,092 & 1,318 \\ Debt Service: & & & & & & & & & \\ Principal Retirement & - & 16,738 & 16,738 & - \\ Total Expenditures & 4,133,846 & 4,186,258 & 3,863,413 & 322,845 \\ Excess of Revenues Over & (218,763) & (216,327) & (79,464) & 136,863 \\ Other Financing Sources (Uses): & - & - & & & & & \\ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets & 100 & - & & & & & & & \\ Refund of Prior Year Expenditures & 2,500 & 2,500 & 2,247 & (253) \\ Operating Transfers Out & (30,000) & (24,800) & (20,800) & 4,000 \\ Total Other Sources (Uses) & (27,400) & (22,300) & (18,553) & 3,747 \\ Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) \\ Expenditures and Other Uses & (246,163) & (238,627) & (98,017) & 140,610 \\ Fund Balances (Deficit) at \\ Beginning of Year & 850,228 & 850,228 & s50,228 & - \\ Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated & 29,354 & 29,354 & - & & & & \\ Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated & 29,354 & 29,354 & - & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $		240,056	244,857	196,973	47,884
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} \mbox{Instructional Staff} & 56,523 & 54,523 & 35,877 & 18,646 \\ \mbox{Board of Education} & 27,450 & 27,450 & 27,059 & 391 \\ \mbox{Administration} & 533,291 & 523,024 & 414,638 & 108,386 \\ \mbox{Fiscal} & 175,575 & 210,121 & 207,418 & 2,703 \\ \mbox{Operation and Maintenance} & 291,539 & 279,258 & 264,680 & 14,578 \\ \mbox{Pupil Transportation} & 208,466 & 197,705 & 167,488 & 30,217 \\ \mbox{Extracurricular Activities} & 113,410 & 113,410 & 112,092 & 1,318 \\ \mbox{Debt Service:} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$		106.017	107 470	102.007	4 474
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-				
Administration $533,291$ $523,024$ $414,638$ $108,386$ Fiscal175,575 $210,121$ $207,418$ $2,703$ Operation and Maintenance $291,539$ $279,258$ $264,680$ $14,578$ Pupil Transportation $208,466$ $197,705$ $167,488$ $30,217$ Extracurricular Activities $113,410$ $112,092$ $1,318$ Debt Service: $ 16,738$ $-$ Principal Retirement $ 16,738$ $-$ Total Expenditures $4,133,846$ $4,186,258$ $3,863,413$ $322,845$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(218,763)$ $(216,327)$ $(79,464)$ $136,863$ Other Financing Sources (Uses): $   -$ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $100$ $  -$ Refund of Prior Year Expenditures $2,500$ $2,500$ $2,247$ $(253)$ Operating Transfers Out $(30,000)$ $(24,800)$ $(20,800)$ $4,000$ Total Other Sources (Uses) $(27,400)$ $(22,300)$ $(18,553)$ $3,747$ Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses $(246,163)$ $(238,627)$ $(98,017)$ $140,610$ Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year $850,228$ $850,228$ $850,228$ $-$ Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated $29,354$ $29,354$ $-$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Fiscal $175,575$ $210,121$ $207,418$ $2,703$ Operation and Maintenance $291,539$ $279,258$ $2264,680$ $14,578$ Pupil Transportation $208,466$ $197,705$ $167,488$ $30,217$ Extracurricular Activities $113,410$ $112,092$ $1,318$ Debt Service: $ 16,738$ $-$ Principal Retirement $ 16,738$ $-$ Total Expenditures $4,133,846$ $4,186,258$ $3,863,413$ $322,845$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(218,763)$ $(216,327)$ $(79,464)$ $136,863$ Other Financing Sources (Uses): $100$ $  -$ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $100$ $  -$ Refund of Prior Year Expenditures $2,500$ $2,500$ $2,247$ $(253)$ Operating Transfers Out $(30,000)$ $(24,800)$ $(20,800)$ $4,000$ Total Other Sources (Uses) $(27,400)$ $(22,300)$ $(18,553)$ $3,747$ Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses $(246,163)$ $(238,627)$ $(98,017)$ $140,610$ Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year $850,228$ $850,228$ $850,228$ $-$ Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated $29,354$ $29,354$ $-$			,		
Operation and Maintenance         291,539         279,258         264,680         14,578           Pupil Transportation         208,466         197,705         167,488         30,217           Extracurricular Activities         113,410         113,410         112,092         1,318           Debt Service:         -         16,738         -         -           Principal Retirement         -         16,738         16,738         -           Total Expenditures         4,133,846         4,186,258         3,863,413         322,845           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         (218,763)         (216,327)         (79,464)         136,863           Other Financing Sources (Uses):         -         -         -         -         -           Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets         100         -         -         -         -           Refund Or Prior Year Expenditures         0,000         (24,800)         (20,800)         4,000           Total Other Sources (Uses)         (27,400)         (22,300)         (18,553)         3,747           Excess of Revenues and Other         (246,163)         (238,627)         (98,017)         140,610           Fund Balances (Deficit) at         Beginning of Year         850,228 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Pupil Transportation       208,466       197,705       167,488       30,217         Extracurricular Activities       113,410       113,410       112,092       1,318         Debt Service:       -       16,738       16,738       -         Principal Retirement       -       16,738       16,738       -         Total Expenditures       4,133,846       4,186,258       3,863,413       322,845         Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (218,763)       (216,327)       (79,464)       136,863         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       -       -       -       -       -         Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       100       -       -       -       -         Refund of Prior Year Expenditures       2,500       2,500       2,247       (253)         Operating Transfers Out       (30,000)       (24,800)       (20,800)       4,000         Total Other Sources (Uses)       (27,400)       (22,300)       (18,553)       3,747         Excess of Revenues and Other       -       -       -       -         Financing Sources Over (Under)       -       (246,163)       (238,627)       (98,017)       140,610         Fund Balances (Deficit) at       -       <					
Extracurricular Activities       113,410       113,410       112,092       1,318         Debt Service:       -       16,738       16,738       -         Principal Retirement       -       16,738       16,738       -         Total Expenditures       4,133,846       4,186,258       3,863,413       322,845         Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (218,763)       (216,327)       (79,464)       136,863         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       -       -       -       -       -         Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       100       -       -       -       -         Refund of Prior Year Expenditures       2,500       2,500       2,247       (253)         Operating Transfers Out       (30,000)       (24,800)       (20,800)       4,000         Total Other Sources (Uses)       (27,400)       (22,300)       (18,553)       3,747         Excess of Revenues and Other       -       -       -       -       -         Fund Balances (Deficit) at       850,228       850,228       850,228       -       -         Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated       29,354       29,354       -       -	-				
Debt Service:       Principal Retirement       -       16,738       16,738       -         Total Expenditures       4,133,846       4,186,258       3,863,413       322,845         Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (218,763)       (216,327)       (79,464)       136,863         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       (218,763)       (216,327)       (79,464)       136,863         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       100       -       -       -         Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       100       -       -       -         Refund of Prior Year Expenditures       2,500       2,247       (253)         Operating Transfers Out       (30,000)       (24,800)       (20,800)       4,000         Total Other Sources (Uses)       (27,400)       (22,300)       (18,553)       3,747         Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)       (246,163)       (238,627)       (98,017)       140,610         Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year       850,228       850,228       850,228       -         Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated       29,354       29,354       29,354       -					
Principal Retirement       -       16,738       16,738       -         Total Expenditures       4,133,846       4,186,258       3,863,413       322,845         Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (218,763)       (216,327)       (79,464)       136,863         Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       100       -       -       -         Refund of Prior Year Expenditures       2,500       2,500       2,247       (253)         Operating Transfers Out       (30,000)       (24,800)       (20,800)       4,000         Total Other Sources (Uses)       (27,400)       (22,300)       (18,553)       3,747         Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses       (246,163)       (238,627)       (98,017)       140,610         Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year       850,228       850,228       850,228       -         Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated       29,354       29,354       29,354       -		115,410	115,410	112,092	1,518
Total Expenditures       4,133,846       4,186,258       3,863,413       322,845         Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (218,763)       (216,327)       (79,464)       136,863         Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       100       -       -       -         Refund of Prior Year Expenditures       2,500       2,500       2,247       (253)         Operating Transfers Out       (30,000)       (24,800)       (20,800)       4,000         Total Other Sources (Uses)       (27,400)       (22,300)       (18,553)       3,747         Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)       (246,163)       (238,627)       (98,017)       140,610         Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year       850,228       850,228       850,228       -         Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated       29,354       29,354       29,354       -			16 729	16 729	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (218,763)       (216,327)       (79,464)       136,863         Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       100       -       -       -         Refund of Prior Year Expenditures       2,500       2,500       2,247       (253)         Operating Transfers Out       (30,000)       (24,800)       (20,800)       4,000         Total Other Sources (Uses)       (27,400)       (22,300)       (18,553)       3,747         Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)       (246,163)       (238,627)       (98,017)       140,610         Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year       850,228       850,228       850,228       -         Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated       29,354       29,354       29,354       -	Principal Retrement		10,738	10,738	
(Under) Expenditures       (218,763)       (216,327)       (79,464)       136,863         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       100       -       -       -         Refund of Prior Year Expenditures       2,500       2,500       2,247       (253)         Operating Transfers Out       (30,000)       (24,800)       (20,800)       4,000         Total Other Sources (Uses)       (27,400)       (22,300)       (18,553)       3,747         Excess of Revenues and Other       Financing Sources Over (Under)       (246,163)       (238,627)       (98,017)       140,610         Fund Balances (Deficit) at       Beginning of Year       850,228       850,228       850,228       -         Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated       29,354       29,354       29,354       -       -	Total Expenditures	4,133,846	4,186,258	3,863,413	322,845
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets100Refund of Prior Year Expenditures2,5002,5002,247(253)Operating Transfers Out(30,000)(24,800)(20,800)4,000Total Other Sources (Uses)(27,400)(22,300)(18,553)3,747Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses(246,163)(238,627)(98,017)140,610Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year850,228850,228850,228-Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated29,35429,35429,354-	Excess of Revenues Over				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       100       -	(Under) Expenditures	(218,763)	(216,327)	(79,464)	136,863
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures       2,500       2,500       2,247       (253)         Operating Transfers Out       (30,000)       (24,800)       (20,800)       4,000         Total Other Sources (Uses)       (27,400)       (22,300)       (18,553)       3,747         Excess of Revenues and Other       Financing Sources Over (Under)       (246,163)       (238,627)       (98,017)       140,610         Fund Balances (Deficit) at       Beginning of Year       850,228       850,228       850,228       -         Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated       29,354       29,354       29,354       -	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating Transfers Out       (30,000)       (24,800)       (20,800)       4,000         Total Other Sources (Uses)       (27,400)       (22,300)       (18,553)       3,747         Excess of Revenues and Other       Financing Sources Over (Under)       (246,163)       (238,627)       (98,017)       140,610         Fund Balances (Deficit) at       Beginning of Year       850,228       850,228       850,228       -         Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated       29,354       29,354       29,354       -	Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	100	-	-	-
Total Other Sources (Uses)       (27,400)       (22,300)       (18,553)       3,747         Excess of Revenues and Other       Financing Sources Over (Under)       (246,163)       (238,627)       (98,017)       140,610         Fund Balances (Deficit) at       Beginning of Year       850,228       850,228       850,228       -         Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated       29,354       29,354       29,354       -	Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	2,500	2,500	2,247	(253)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses(246,163)(238,627)(98,017)140,610Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year850,228850,228850,228-Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated29,35429,354-	Operating Transfers Out	(30,000)	(24,800)	(20,800)	4,000
Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses(246,163)(238,627)(98,017)140,610Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year850,228850,228850,228-Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated29,35429,35429,354-	Total Other Sources (Uses)	(27,400)	(22,300)	(18,553)	3,747
Expenditures and Other Uses       (246,163)       (238,627)       (98,017)       140,610         Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year       850,228       850,228       850,228       -         Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated       29,354       29,354       29,354       -					
Beginning of Year         850,228         850,228         850,228         -           Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated         29,354         29,354         29,354         -		(246,163)	(238,627)	(98,017)	140,610
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 29,354 29,354 -	Fund Balances (Deficit) at				
	Beginning of Year	850,228	850,228	850,228	-
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year         \$ 633,419         \$ 640,955         \$ 781,565         \$ 140,610	Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	29,354	29,354	29,354	
	Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 633,419	\$ 640,955	\$ 781,565	\$ 140,610

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2005

	Business-Type Activities
	Enterprise Funds
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Prepaid Items Inventory Held for Resale	\$ 1,188 1,909 2,932
Total Current Assets	6,029
Capital Assets, (Net)	16,200
Total Assets	\$ 22,229
Liabilities:	
Accrued Wages	13,745
Intergovernmental Payable	8,964
Total Current Liabilities	22,709
Long-Term Liabilities:	5 000
Compensated Absences Payable	5,292
Total Long-Term Liabilities	5,292
Total Liabilities	28,001
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	16,200 (21,972)
Total Net Assets	\$ (5,772)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

_	Business-Type Activities	
	Enter	prise Funds
Operating Revenues:		
Food Services	\$	85,942
Total Operating Revenues		85,942
Operating Expenses:		
Salaries		64,033
Fringe Benefits		31,145
Purchased Services		1,959
Materials and Supplies		1,750
Cost of Sales		50,596
Depreciation		1,573
Other		181
Total Operating Expenses		151,237
Operating Income (Loss)		(65,295)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):		
Federal Donated Commodities		7,726
Operating Grants		24,725
Interest Income		139
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		32,590
Income (Loss) before contributions and transfers		(32,705)
Transfers in		32,800
Transfers out		(12,000)
		(12,000)
Change in Net Assets		(11,905)
Total Net Assets at Beginning of Year		6,133
Total Net Assets at End of Year	\$	(5,772)

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund	
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Student Food Charges Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments for Employee Benefits Cash Payments for Other	\$	85,942 (49,156) (57,681) (31,406) (181)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		(52,482)
<b>Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:</b> Operating Grants Received Transfers In Transfers Out		24,725 32,800 (12,000)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		45,525
Cash flows from Investing Activities: Interest on Investments		139
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		139
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(6,818)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		8,006
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	1,188
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(65,295)
Adjustments: To reconcile operating income (loss) to Net Cash: Depreciation Commodities Used		1,573 7,726
(Increase) Decrease in Assets: Prepaid Items Inventory Held for Resale Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Compensated Absences Payable		(261) (2,425) (152) 2,453 263
Intergovernmental Payable		3,636
Total Adjustments		12,813
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(52,482)

#### Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2005

	Private Purpose Trust			
	Scholarship		Agency	
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Account Receivable	\$	305	\$	35,153 1,445
Total Current Assets		305		36,598
Total Assets	\$	305	\$	36,598
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable Due to Students	\$	-	\$	740 35,858
Total Current Liabilities		-	\$	36,598
Total Liabilities		-		
Net Assets:				
Unrestricted: Held in Trust for Scholarship		305		
Total Net Assets	\$	305		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Private Purpose Trust	
	Scho	Scholarship	
Additions:			
Other Operating Revenue		420	
Total Additions	\$	420	
Deductions			
Other Operating Expenses		794	
Total Deductions		794	
Change in Net Assets		(374)	
Net Assets Beginning of Year		679	
Net Assets End of Year	\$	305	

#### NOTE 1 -- DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Hardin Northern Local School District (School District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1952. The School District serves an area of approximately eighty-eight square miles. It is located in Hardin and Hancock Counties and includes all of Blanchard and Washington Townships and portions of Pleasant, Cessna, Van Buren and Jackson Townships. It is staffed by thirty-eight certificated employees, seventeen non-certificated personnel who provide services to four hundred seventy-four students and other community members. Local school districts are supervised by the county board of education, a separate entity.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financials are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Hardin Northern Local School District, this includes general operation, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Components units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. There are no component units of the School District.

The School District participates in six jointly governed organizations and three insurance pools, and is associated with a related organization. These organizations are the Western Ohio Computer Organization, Apollo Career Center, West Central Regional Professional Development Center, Hardin County Schools Consortium Local Professional Development Committee, Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., West Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center, Ohio Association of School Buiness Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, Hardin County School Employees' Health and Welfare Benefit Plan and Trust, and the Hardin Northern Public Library. These organizations are discussed in Notes 19, 20, and 21 to the basic financial statements.

#### NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

#### NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### A. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the School District at year-end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting Funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a single column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid.

#### NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The General Fund and the Permanent Improvement Fund are the School District's major governmental funds:

#### **General Fund**

The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

#### **Permanent Improvement Fund**

The permanent improvement capital projects fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources, debt service, and capital projects whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of the changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows and are classified as either enterprise or internal service; the School District has no internal service funds.

**Enterprise Funds** Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

**Food Service** - The Food Service enterprise fund accounts for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the School District.

<u>Uniform Supplies</u> - This fund accounts for the purchase and sale of school supplies for use in the School District. Profits derived from such sales are used for school purposes or activities connected with the school.

**Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust, which accounts for a scholarship program for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Monies are due to students for activities they have participated in.

#### C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>

**Government-wide Financial Statements** The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents increases and decreases in net assets.

#### NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Fund Financial Statements** All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and others financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government activities and governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets.

The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The private purpose trust is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

#### D. <u>Basis of Accounting</u>

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

#### **Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions**

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within thirty days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used of the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions**

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

#### Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Delinquent property taxes and property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2006 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are meant are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

#### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the fiscal year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### E. <u>Budgetary Process</u>

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the object level within each fund and function.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

#### NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2005, investments were limited to nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, savings accounts and STAR Ohio. Except for investment contracts and money market investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Investment contracts and money market investments that had a maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase is reported at cost or amortized cost.

The School District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2005. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2005.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2005 amounted to \$24,878, which includes \$5,799 assigned from other School District Funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

#### G. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish budget stabilization and textbook reserves. The budget reserve is required by State statute and can be used only after receiving approval from the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. The textbook reserve is required to be spent only on textbooks for the School District. At fiscal year end, restricted assets totaled \$255,999.

#### H. <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2005, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchased by the School District are reported as cash equivalents.

#### I. <u>Inventories</u>

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

#### NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Inventories** (Continued)

On the fund financial statements, inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in/first-out (FIFO) basis. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food and purchased food and are expensed when used.

#### J. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the government funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the Food Service enterprise fund are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the fund.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$500 dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful live of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	15
Buildings and Improvements	40
Furniture and Equipment	10
Vehicles	10

#### K. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees.

#### NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Compensated Absences**

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

#### L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund statements only to the extent they will be paid with current, expendable, available resources. In general, payments made within thirty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### M. <u>Net Assets</u>

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### N. <u>Fund Balances Reserves</u>

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, property taxes, textbooks and budget stabilization in the governmental funds. The principal amount of the private purpose trust endowments is reserved in the fiduciary funds.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statue.

#### NOTE 2 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The reserve for budget stabilization and textbooks represents money required to be set-aside by statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenue and expenditures.

#### O. **Operating Revenues and Expense**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are sales for food service and uniform school supplies. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

#### P. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the governmental-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expense in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### Q. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### R. <u>Extraordinary and Special Items</u>

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2005.

#### NOTE 3 -- CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES, RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE AND NET ASSETS

#### A. <u>Changes in Accounting Principles</u>

In previous years the School District reported its financial statements on the cash basis. For fiscal year 2005, the School District has change its basis of accounting to general accepted accounting principles and implemented GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments"; GASB No. 37" Basic Financial Statement Note Disclosures'. At June 30, 2004, there was no effect on fund balance as a result of implementing GASB 37 and 38.

#### NOTE 3 -- CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES, RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE AND NET ASSETS (Continued)

#### **<u>Changes in Accounting Principles</u>** (Continued)

GASB 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the School District's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Non-major funds are presented in total in one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

The government-wide financial statements split the School District's programs between business-type and governmental activities. The beginning net asset amount for governmental and business-type programs reflects the change in fund balance for governmental fund at June 30, 2004, caused by the reclassification of funds based on the guidance provided in Statement No. 34 and by the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting.

GASB Statement No. 37 clarifies certain provisions of Statement No. 34, including the required content of Management's Discussion and Analysis, the classification of program revenues and the criteria for determining major funds. GASB Statement No. 38 modifies, establishes and rescinds certain financial statement note disclosures.

#### B. <u>Restatement of Fund Balance and Net Assets</u>

The table on the following page details the restatements GASB Statement No. 34 had on fund balance of the major and nonmajor funds of the School District as they were previously reported.

The transition from governmental fund balance to net assets of the governmental activities and Proprietary fund balance to net assets of Business-Type Activities is also presented.

## NOTE 3 -- CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES, RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE AND NET ASSETS (Continued)

	General Fund	Permanent Improvement Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental	Proprietary Enterprise Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Cash Basis, June 30, 2004	\$ 879,582	\$ 138,342	\$ 104,387	\$ 1,122,311	\$ 8,006	\$ 26,358
Conversion to Modified and Full Accrual						
Property Tax Receivable	1,420,818	77,616	-	1,498,434	-	-
Accounts Receivable	3,245	-	36	3,281	-	-
Intergovernmental Receivable	-	-	41,909	41,909	-	-
Income Tax Receivable	216,915	-	-	216,915	-	-
Prepaid Items	50,379	-	1,219	51,598	1,648	-
Inventory for Resale	-	-	-	-	507	-
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	-	-	-	-	17,773	-
Accounts Payable	(49,042)	-	(19,245)	(68,287)	(152)	-
Due to Students	-	-	-	-	-	(26,358)
Accrued Wages	(298,160)	-	(16,226)	(314,386)	(11,292)	-
Intergovernmental Payable	(55,449)	-	(1,998)	(57,447)	(5,328)	-
Deferred Revenue	(1,186,972)	(52,864)	(30,301)	(1,270,137)	-	-
Compensated Absences Payable		-	-	-	(5,029)	-
Restated Fund Balances, June 30, 2004				\$ 1,224,191	\$ 6,133	\$-
GASB #34 Adjustments:						
Land				20,000	-	-
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation				1,444,766	-	-
Deferred Revenue				129,961	-	-
Intergovernmental Payable				(35,951)	-	-
Accrued Interest Payable				(317)	-	-
Compensated Absences Payable				(271,287)	-	-
Note Payable				(75,000)	-	-
Capital Lease Payable				(45,112)	-	-
Net Assets, June 30, 2004				\$ 2,391,251	\$ 6,133	\$ -

#### **NOTE 4 -- BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are the following:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the general fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance:	 General
Budget Basis	\$ (98,017)
Adjustments: Revenue:	
Accrued FY 2004, Received In Cash FY 2005	(454,006)
Accrued FY 2005, Not yet Received In Cash	513,420
Expenditure accruals Accrued FY 2005, Not yet Paid In Cash Accrued FY 2004, Paid In Cash FY 2005	352,272 (382,571)
Encumbrances	40,005
Other Financial Sources/Uses: Refunds	 (2,247)
GAAP Basis	\$ (31,144)

#### NOTE 5 -- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Statutes require the classification of monies held by the School District into three categories:

Active Deposits are those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near-cash" status for immediate use by the School District. Such monies must by law be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) account, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive Deposits are those monies not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Ohio law permits inactive monies to be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

Interim Deposits are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public money deposited with the institution.

Interim monies to be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes or any other obligation or security issued by the United State Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principle and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations of securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association and the Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchased agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreements by at least two percent and be marked to market to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code;
- 6. The State Treasurer's Investment pool;

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited.

#### NOTE 5 -- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of Hardin Northern Local School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3. "Deposits With Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchased Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

*Deposits* At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School's deposits was \$86,129 and the bank balance was \$148,181. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. \$48,181 was covered by collateral held by third party trustees pursuant to \$135.181, Revised Code, in collateralized pools securing all public funds on deposit with specific depository institutions;

**Investments** The School District's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the Local School District's name. The School District's investment in STAR Ohio is unclassified because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book.

	Fair
STAR Ohio-Not categorized	<u>Value</u> \$ <u>1,069,899</u>
Total Investments	<u>\$1,069,899</u>

A reconciliation between the classifications of pooled cash and cash equivalents and investments on the Combined Balance Sheet and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits Investment				
GASB Statement 9	\$1,158,060	\$ -			
Cash on Hand	(1,964)				
Cash with Fiscal Agent	(68)				
STAR Ohio-Not categorized	<u>(1,069,899)</u>	<u>1,069,899</u>			
GASB Statement 3	<u>\$ 86,129</u>	<u>\$1,069,899</u>			

## NOTE 6 -- PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2005 represent the collection of calendar year 2004 taxes. Real property taxes for 2005 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes for 2005 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed values as of December 31, 2004, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2005 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2005 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes for 2005 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the value as of December 31, 2004. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 24 percent of true value for inventory. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually.

If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The School District receives property taxes from Hardin and Hancock Counties. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2005, are available to finance fiscal year 2005 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2005 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at June 30, nor were they levied to finance fiscal year 2005 operations. For the governmental fund financial statements, the receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance was recognized as revenue. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is deferred.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005, was \$342,349 in the General Fund and \$27,435 in the Permanent Improvement Fund.

#### NOTE 6 -- PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2005 taxes were collected are:

	2005 First Half Collections		2004 Second- Half Collections			
	A	nount	Percent	A	mount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential	\$ 38,	,003,340	88.70%	\$37,	151,920	87.26%
Public Utility	3,	391,910	7.92%	3,	821,370	8.98%
Tangible Personal Property	1.	449,000	3.38%	1,	601,403	3.76%
Total Assessed Value	\$ 42,	844,250	100.00%	\$42,	574,693	100.00%
Tax Rate per \$1000 of assessed valuation	\$	37.35		\$	37.35	

## NOTE 7 – INCOME TAX

The School District levies a voted tax of one percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 1991, and is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State make quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

## NOTE 8 -- RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2005, consisted of taxes, interest, accounts (billings for user charged services), and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlement and shared revenues. All receivables are considered collectable in full. A summary of the principal items of receivables is presented on the following page.

## NOTE 8 – RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Receivables	<u>Amount</u>
Governmental Activities:	
<u>Income Taxes:</u> School Income Taxes Total Income Taxes Receivable	\$ <u>252,828</u> 252,828
<u>Property Taxes:</u> General: Current Delinquent Total General Fund	912,199 <u>12,044</u> 924,243
Permanent Improvement: Current Delinquent Total Permanent Improvement	72,908 <u>994</u> 73,902
<u>Accounts</u> : General Fund: Classroom Fees Miscellaneous Total Accounts Receivable	25 <u>247</u> 272
Intergovernmental: Title VI-R Title I Title IID Title VI Drug Free Schools FERP Projects Total Intergovernmental Receivables	$     \begin{array}{r}       19,304 \\       13,732 \\       1,291 \\       323 \\       96 \\       \underline{1,320} \\       36,066 \\     \end{array} $
Total Governmental Activities	\$1,287,311
Fiduciary Activities:	
Accounts	<u>1,445</u>
Grand Total	<u>\$ 1,288,756</u>

## NOTE 9 -- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 6/30/04	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/05	
Land	\$ 20,000	\$-	\$ -	\$ 20,000	
Land Improvements	\$ 20,000 162,632	ф -	<b>ф</b> -	\$ 20,000 162,632	
Buildings and Improvements	2,178,159	5,263	-	2,183,422	
Furniture and Equipment	1,220,186	23,129	_	1,243,315	
Vehicles	451,764	23,127	_	451,764	
Totals at Historical Cost	4,032,741	28,392		4,061,133	
Totals at Historical Cost	1,032,711	20,372		1,001,135	
	Balance			Balance	
	6/30/04	Additions	Deductions	6/30/05	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Land Improvements	59,594	10,842	-	70,436	
Buildings and Improvements	1,279,768	25,590	-	1,305,358	
Furniture and Equipment	842,898	81,391	-	924,289	
Vehicles	385,715	17,971		403,686	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	2,567,975	135,794		2,703,769	
~					
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	1,464,766	(107,402)	-	1,357,364	
Business-Type Activities	10 010			10.010	
Furniture and Equipment	42,818	-	-	42,818	
Tetel Assumption d Denne sisting	25.045	1 572		26 619	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	25,045	1,573		26,618	
Business-Type Activities:					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 17,773	\$ (1,573)	\$ -	\$ 16,200	
Capital Assets, Net	φ 17,775	$\varphi$ (1,373)	φ -	ψ 10,200	

## NOTE 9 -- CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

\*Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 18,461
Special	-
Vocational	1,993
Support Service:	
Administration	1,518
Fiscal	568
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	20,468
Extracurricular	8,639
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services	 84,147
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 135,794

## NOTE 10 – RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following amounts, which are reflected on the statement of net assets, are restricted for various purposes:

Assets:

Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents:

General Fund:	
Budget stabilization	\$17,316
Reserve for Textbooks	238,683

# Total Governmental Activities Restricted Assets \$255,999

## NOTE 11 -- INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers during fiscal year 2005 consisted of the following individual funds:

<u>Fund:</u> General	<u>Transfers Out</u> \$ 20,800	<u>Transfers In</u> \$ -
Permanent Improvement	28,247	-
Non-Major Funds: Bond Retirement		28,247
Title V	1,608	16,505
Title IIA Food Services	16,505	1,608 <u>20,800</u>
TOTALS	<u>\$ 67,160</u>	<u>\$ 67,160</u>

#### NOTE 12 -- RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A. Insurance Coverage

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2005, the School District contracted with the Schools of Risk Sharing Authority for the following insurance coverage.

Buildings and Contents - replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)

	\$9,381,124
General Liability	1 - 7 - 7
Per Occurrence	3,000,000
Aggregate	5,000,000
Vehicle Liability	3,000,000
Uninsured Motorist	50,000
General Annual Aggregate	5,000,000
Educators' Legal Liability	3,000,000
Public Employee Dishonesty	50,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

## B. <u>Workers' Compensation</u>

For fiscal year 2005, the School District participated in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

## C. <u>Employee Health Benefits</u>

The School District participates in the Hardin County Employees' Health and Welfare Benefit Plan and Trust (the Trust), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of six school districts, the Hardin County Educational Service Center, and the Ada Public Library. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Trust for medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits.

#### NOTE 12 -- RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### **Employee Health Benefits (Continued)**

The Trust is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

#### NOTE 13 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District was required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The employer rate for fiscal year 2005 was 14 percent of annual covered payroll; 10.57 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The School District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$56,151, \$40,624 and \$30,858 respectively; 70.6 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2005, and 100 percent for fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$34,216 representing the unpaid contribution for the fiscal year 2005 is recorded as a liability within respective funds

#### **B.** State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof.

**Plan Options** – New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB. In the Combined Plan, the member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

#### NOTE 13 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

**DB Plan Benefits** – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31<sup>st</sup> year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

**DC Plan Benefits** – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

**Combined Plan Benefits** – The member allocates Member contributions, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

Eligible faculty of Ohio' public colleges and universities may choose to enroll in either STRS Ohio or an alternative retirement plan (ARP) offer by their employer. Employees have 120 days from their employment date to select a retirement plan.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for a money-purchase benefit or a lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for Defined Benefit Plan participants.

#### NOTE 13 -- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependent. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio Law health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC, or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contributions rate are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers.

Contribution requirements and the contributions actually made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, were 10% of covered payroll for members and 14% for employers. The School District's required contribution for pension obligations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$259,895, \$241,466, and \$235,514, respectively; 88.36 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$39,706 representing the unpaid contribution for the fiscal year 2005 is recorded as a liability within respective funds.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Copies of STRS Ohio 2005 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report will be available after January 1, 2006. Additional information or copies of STRS Ohio's 2005 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report can be requested by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Board St., Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS OhioWeb site at www.strsoh.org.

## NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Revised Code gives SERS the discretionary authority to provide postretirement health care to retirees and their dependents. Coverage is made is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Effective January 1, 2004, all retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status. A safety net is in place for retirees whose household income falls below federal poverty levels. Premiums are reduced by 50% for those who apply.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14% contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For this fiscal year ending June 30, 2005, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 4.91 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2005, the minimum pay was established at \$25,400. For the School District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$25,459 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

#### **NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)**

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

Health care benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of annual health care expenses, before premium deduction. Gross expenses for health care at June 30, 2004 (the latest information available), were \$223,443,805, and the target level was \$335.2 million. At June 30, 2004, the Retirement System's net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$300.8 million. The number of recipients currently receiving health care benefits is approximately 62,000.

#### **B.** State Teachers Retirement System

STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans and their dependents. Coverage under the current plan includes hospitalization, physicians' fees prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to the Revised Code (R.C.) the State Teachers Retirement Board (the Board) has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium.

The R.C. grants authority to STRS Ohio to provide health care coverage to eligible benefit recipients, spouses and dependents. By Ohio Law, health care benefits are not guaranteed and the cost of the coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll.

The Retirement Board allocates employer contributions to the Health Care Stabilization Fund from which health care benefits are paid. For fiscal year June 30, 2005, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$19,992 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 (the latest information available) net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$268,739,000. There were 111,853 eligible benefit recipients.

## **NOTE 15 -- OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits is derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn five to twenty-five days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators, who are not on a twelve month contract, do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to two hundred days for classified employees and two hundred ten days for certified employees. The maximum amount of days to be paid at retirement is based upon the total years of service at the time of retirement.

#### NOTE 15 -- OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

#### B. Health Care Benefits

The School District provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance to most employees through the Hardin County School Employees' Health and Welfare Benefit Plan and Trust. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract.

#### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2005, none of the Board of Education members have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

#### NOTE 16 -- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the fiscal year consist of the following:

	Principal Outstanding 06/30/04	Additions	Reductions	Principal Outstanding 06/30/05	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Permanent Improvement Tax					
Anticipation Note 5.15%	\$ 75,000	\$ -	\$ 25,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 25,000
Comprensated Absences	271,287	260,768	271,287	260,768	57,250
Intergovernmental Payable	35,951	42,106	35,951	42,106	42,106
Capital Lease Payable	45,112	2,888	16,738	31,262	15,273
Total Governmental Activities	427,350	305,762	348,976	384,136	139,629
Business-Type Activities:					
Compensated Absences Payable	5,029	5,292	5,029	5,292	
Total Business-Type Activities	5,029	5,292	5,029	5,292	-
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 432,379	\$ 311,054	\$ 354,005	\$ 389,428	\$ 139,629

Compensated absences and intergovernmental payables, representing the School District's contractually required pension contributions, will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. Capital Leases will be paid from the General Fund. Tax anticipation notes are reported as a liability on the fund financial statements in the fund that received the proceeds.

The School District's overall debt margin was \$3,805,983 with an unvoted debt margin of \$42,844 at June 30, 2005.

#### NOTE 16 -- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

During fiscal year 1997, the School District issued tax anticipation notes, in the amount of \$250,000, for improving the School District's buildings. The notes were issued for a ten-year period at an interest rate of 5.15 percent. The notes are being paid with tax levy monies that are recorded in the Permanent Improvement Fund and transferred to the Debt Service Fund for payment. The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2005, including interest is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Permanent Tax Anticipation Note
2006	\$26,931
2007	<u>25,644</u>
Total	52,575
Less: Amount representing Interest	(2,575)
Total	<u>\$50,000</u>

## NOTE 17 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The School District has entered into capitalized leases for the acquisition of school buses. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 "Accounting for Leases" which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lesse at the conclusion of the lease term. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the Governmental Funds. Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the amount of \$104,034. A liability was recorded in the Government Wide Financial Statements for \$31,262. During fiscal year 2005, the capital lease was refinanced and the transactions recorded in the General Fund including the Debt Service Principal payments that totaled \$16,738 with refinanced interest and fiscal charges of \$2,888.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2005:

June 30	Capital Lease
<u>Year Ending</u>	_ Liability
2006	\$16,738
2007	16,738
Total Minimum Lease Payments	33,476
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(2,214)
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$31,262

#### **NOTE 18 -- SET ASIDES**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amount not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years. In addition, the School District was also required to set aside money for budget stabilization. For fiscal year 2005, only the portion of the budget stabilization from certain Bureau of Workers' Compensation refunds whose use is restricted by S.B. 345 continues to be set-aside at fiscal year end.

#### NOTE 18 -- SET ASIDES (Continued)

The following cash basis information identifies the changes in the fund balance reserves for textbooks, capital improvements, and Bureau of Worker's Compensation refunds during fiscal year 2005:

			Bureau of				
				Capital	V	Vorkers	
	Textbook		Maintenance		Compensation		
	Reserve		Reserve		Refunds		Total
Balance 7/1/04	\$	225,004	\$	35,163	\$	17,316	\$ 277,483
Required Set-Aside		75,079		75,079			150,158
Qualifying Expenditures		(61,400)		(110,242)			(171,642)
Balance 6/30/05	\$	238,683	\$	-	\$	17,316	\$ 255,999

## NOTE 19 -- JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

## A. <u>Western Ohio Computer Organization</u>

The School District is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO), which is a computer consortium. WOCO is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Auglaize, Champaign, Hardin, Logan, and Shelby Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. This organization is governed by a board of directors consisting of 14 members: the superintendent of the fiscal agent Shelby County Education Service Center, two superintendents from each county that is represented, one treasurer representative from the School Districts, student services representative from the school districts, and a non-voting independent district representative. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the board. Financial information can be obtained from the Director, 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

## B. Apollo Career Center

The Apollo Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education to students. The Career Center is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts' elected boards. The degree of control exercised by the School District is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board is its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from the Apollo Joint Vocational School, 3325 Shawnee Road, Lima, Ohio 45806.

## C. <u>West Central Regional Professional Development Center</u>

The West Central Regional Professional Development Center (the Center) is a jointly governed organization among the school districts in Allen, Auglaize, Hancock, Hardin, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, and Van Wert Counties. The organization was formed to establish an articulated regional structure for professional development in which school districts, the business community, higher education, and other groups cooperatively plan and implement effective professional development activities that are tied directly to school improvement, and in particular, to improvements in instructional programs.

#### NOTE 19 -- JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

#### West Central Regional Professional Development Center

The Center is governed by a fifty-two member board made up of representatives from the participating school districts, the business community, and two institutions of higher learning. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from Hancock County Educational Service Center, 7746 County Road 140, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

#### D. Hardin County Schools Consortium Local Professional Development Committee

The Hardin County Schools Consortium Local Professional Development Committee (the Consortium) is an association of five school districts within Hardin County. The Consortium was formed to plan, promote, and facilitate effective and efficient professional educator license renewal standards and staff development activities. The governing board of the Consortium consists of fifteen members, eight of which are teachers and seven of which are administrators. Financial information can be obtained from the Hardin County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 1211 West Lima Street, Kenton, Ohio 43326.

#### E. Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

## F. West Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center

The West Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (SERRC) is a special education service center which selects its own board, adopts its own budget and receives direct Federal and State grants for its operation. The jointly-governed organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents. The SERRC is governed by a board of 52 members made up of the 50 superintendents of the participating districts, one non-public school, and Wright State University whose terms rotate every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer, at the Hardin County Educational Service Center, 1211 W. Lima Street, Suite A, Kenton, Ohio 43326-2385.

#### **NOTE 20 -- INSURANCE POOLS**

#### A. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group-rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as an insurance purchasing pool.

The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### B. Hardin County School Employees' Health and Welfare Benefit Plan and Trust

The Hardin County School Employees' Health and Welfare Benefit Plan and Trust (the Trust) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of six school districts, the Hardin County Educational Service Center, and the Ada Public Library. The Trust is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits to the employees of the participants. Each participant's superintendent is appointed to an Administrative Committee which advises the Trustee, Ohio Bank, concerning aspects of the administration of the Trust.

Each participant decides which plans offered by the Administrative Committee will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Trust is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Rick Combs, who serves as Director, 9525 Township Road 50, Dola, Ohio 45835.

## NOTE 21-- RELATED ORGANIZATION

The Hardin Northern Public Library is a distinct subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Hardin Northern Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District serves as the taxing authority, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Hardin Northern Public Library, Clerk/Treasurer, P.O. Box 114, 153 North Main Street, Dunkirk, Ohio 45836.

#### NOTE 22-STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The School District currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

## NOTE 23-- CONTIGENT LIABILITIES

## A. Grants

The School District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2005.

#### B. Litigation

The School District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

# *Perry & Associates* Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

PARKERSBURG 1035 Murdoch Avenue Parkersburg, WV 26101 (304) 422-2203 <u>MARIETTA</u> 428 Second Street Marietta, OH 45750 (740) 373-0056

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

March 15, 2007

Hardin Northern Local School District Hardin County 11589 State Route 81 Dola, Ohio 44835-9725

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hardin Northern Local School District, Hardin County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinions on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Hardin Northern Local School District Hardin County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and Board of Education. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully Submitted,

**Perry and Associates** Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

# HARDIN NORTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HARDIN COUNTY

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2004-001	ORC § 117.28 - Public monies illegally spent	Yes	
2004-002	ORC § 117.38 and OAC § 117-2-03 (B) - Failure to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)	Yes	
2004-003	ORC § 5705.36 – Failure to obtain an amended certificate of estimated resources for funds that had actual revenues less than estimated revenues	Yes	
2004-004	ORC § 5705.40 – Failure to obtain Board approval of appropriation modifications and adjustments prior to entering them into the computerized system	Yes	
2004-005	ORC § 5705.41 – Monies expended without being appropriated	Yes	
2004-006	ORC § 5705.41 (D) – Failure to certify orders for expenditure of funds	Yes	
2004-007	Inadequate records for Student Managed Activities	Yes	

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2005





# HARDIN NORTHERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HARDIN COUNTY

**CLERK'S CERTIFICATION** 

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

CERTIFIED MAY 22, 2007

> 88 E. Broad St. / Fourth Floor / Columbus, OH 43215-3506 Telephone: (614) 466-4514 (800) 282-0370 Fax: (614) 466-4490 www.auditor.state.oh.us