



CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

IIILE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Statement of Net Assets	11
Statement of Activities	12
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) – General Fund	17
Statement of Fund Net Assets – Internal Service Fund	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Internal Service Fund	19
Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Fund	20
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	21
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Private Purpose Trust Fund	22
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	23
Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule.	45
Notes to the Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule	46
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	47
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to its Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133	40
Schedule of Findings	51





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County 100 Wadsworth St. Canfield, Ohio 44406

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canfield Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canfield Local School District Mahoning County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2007, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503-1293 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 Canfield Local School District Mahoning County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Mary Saylor

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The federal awards expenditure schedule provides additional information and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards expenditure schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

October 30, 2007

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of Canfield Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2006 are as follows:

- In total, net assets increased by \$1,678,833.
- Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$26,963,959 in 2006. Of this total, 91.4 percent consisted of general revenues while program revenues accounted for the balance of 8.6 percent.
- Program expenses totaled \$25,285,126. Instructional expenses made up 57 percent of this total while support services accounted for 35 percent. Other expenses rounded out the remaining 8 percent.
- Outstanding general obligation debt decreased by \$1,004,313.
- The general fund balance was \$5,146,351 on a budget basis at fiscal year end, up from \$4,122,887 at June 30, 2005.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes pertaining to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Canfield Local School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Canfield Local School District, the general fund and the bond retirement fund are the most significant funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains all the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially in 2006?" The *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The cause of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and willingness of the community to support the School District.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all activities of the School District are classified as governmental. Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, operation of food service and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement debt service fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2006 compared to 2005:

Table 1
Net Assets
Governmental Activities

	2006	2005	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$24,599,069	\$23,147,884	\$1,451,185
Capital Assets	15,739,100	16,177,659	(438,559)
Total Assets	40,338,169	39,325,543	1,012,626
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	19,720,868	18,406,805	1,314,063
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due within One Year	246,088	237,247	8,841
Due in More than One Year	9,665,508	11,654,619	(1,989,111)
Total Liabilities	29,632,464	30,298,671	(666,207)
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets			
Net of Related Debt	7,056,171	6,517,660	538,511
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	183,038	52,587	130,451
Debt Service	1,322,581	1,289,242	33,339
Other Purposes	351,226	297,513	53,713
Set Asides	413,838	348,697	65,141
Instructional Materials and Supplies:			
Expendable	6,146	4,692	1,454
Nonexpendable	25,052	25,052	0
Unrestricted	1,347,653	491,429	856,224
Total Net Assets	\$10,705,705	\$9,026,872	\$1,678,833

Total assets increased by \$1,012,626. The increase can be attributed to an increase in cash and cash equivalents due to an increase in carryover cash balances as a result of revenues exceeding expenses.

Total liabilities decreased by \$666,207. The majority of this decrease was due to a decrease on principal owed on the school improvement notes as a result of payments made on the debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

By comparing assets and liabilities, one can see the overall position of the School District has improved as evidenced by the increase in net assets of \$1,678,833.

The vast majority of revenue supporting all governmental activities is general revenue. General revenue totaled \$24,656,166 or 91.4 percent of the total revenue. The most significant portion of the general revenue is local property tax. The remaining amount of revenue received was in the form of program revenues, which equaled \$2,307,793 or 8.6 percent of total revenue.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2006.

Table 2
Change in Net Assets
Governmental Activities

	2006	2005	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,248,690	\$1,179,964	\$68,726
Operating Grants, Interest and Contributions	993,197	1,059,987	(66,790)
Capital Grants and Contributions	65,906	44,949	20,957
Total Program Revenues	2,307,793	2,284,900	22,893
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	15,588,288	15,205,445	382,843
Intergovernmental	8,738,886	8,517,641	221,245
Investment Earnings	289,051	143,452	145,599
Miscellaneous	36,541	23,511	13,030
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	3,400	5,100	(1,700)
Total General Revenues	24,656,166	23,895,149	761,017
Total Revenues	26,963,959	26,180,049	783,910
Program Expenses			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	12,585,988	12,170,882	415,106
Special	1,525,643	1,431,122	94,521
Vocational	247,730	235,726	12,004
Support Services:			
Pupil	927,359	901,062	26,297
Instructional Staff	1,351,345	1,270,412	80,933
Board of Education	18,458	27,167	(8,709)
Administration	1,643,663	1,644,187	(524)
Fiscal	517,237	480,408	36,829
Business	239,004	241,154	(2,150)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,168,319	2,036,095	132,224
Pupil Transportation	1,941,839	1,759,773	182,066
Central	\$96,031	\$74,999	\$21,032

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

Table 2
Change in Net Assets (continued)
Governmental Activities

	2006	2005	Change
Program Expenses (continued)			
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	\$75,836	\$76,012	(\$176)
Operation of Food Services	752,405	776,061	(23,656)
Extracurricular Activities	939,795	894,719	45,076
Interest and Fiscal Charges	254,474	181,084	73,390
Total Program Expenses	25,285,126	24,200,863	1,084,263
Increase in Net Assets	1,678,833	1,979,186	(300,353)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	9,026,872	7,047,686	1,979,186
Net Assets End of Year	\$10,705,705	\$9,026,872	\$1,678,833

Governmental Activities

The School District has carefully planned its financial existence by forecasting its revenues and expenditures over the next five fiscal years. In November of 2002, the School District successfully passed a 6.9 mill five-year operating levy that is generating over \$3,000,000 in additional revenue per year. This additional income is currently being used and will continue to be dedicated to the operational and capital needs of the School District.

Although the School District relies heavily upon local property taxes to support its operations, the School District does actively solicit and receive additional grant and entitlement funds to help offset some operating costs. Approximately 57 percent of the School District's budget is used to fund instructional expenses. Additional supporting services for pupils, staff and business operations encompass 35 percent. The remaining amount of program expenses, 8 percent, is budgeted to pay for other obligations of the School District such as interest and fiscal charges, the food service program and numerous extracurricular activities.

The Statement of Activities shows the total net cost of program services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services for governmental activities and the net cost of those services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

Table 3

Total and Net Cost of Program Services
Governmental Activities

	2006		2005	
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$12,585,988	\$12,293,211	\$12,170,882	\$11,904,666
Special	1,525,643	1,277,845	1,431,122	1,203,774
Vocational	247,730	247,730	235,726	234,030
Support Services:				
Pupil	927,359	837,307	901,062	811,145
Instructional Staff	1,351,345	1,165,422	1,270,412	1,074,254
Board of Education	18,458	18,458	27,167	26,964
Administration	1,643,663	1,395,568	1,644,187	1,470,965
Fiscal	517,237	517,237	480,408	476,985
Business	239,004	227,004	241,154	227,455
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,168,319	2,147,869	2,036,095	2,021,278
Pupil Transportation	1,941,839	1,912,483	1,759,773	1,731,642
Central	96,031	85,564	74,999	64,699
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	75,836	29,170	76,012	23,921
Operation of Food Services	752,405	(52,998)	776,061	13,484
Extracurricular Activities	939,795	620,989	894,719	449,617
Interest and Fiscal Charges	254,474	254,474	181,084	181,084
Total Expenditures	\$25,285,126	\$22,977,333	\$24,200,863	\$21,915,963

As one can see, the reliance upon local tax revenues for governmental activities is crucial. Approximately 62 percent of expenses are directly supported by local property taxes. Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs support 35 percent and program revenues support the majority of the remaining expenses.

The School District's Funds

Information regarding the School District's major funds begins on page 14. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$27,500,351 to offset expenditures of \$26,080,603. The net change in fund balance for the year was most significant in the general fund, which increased \$1,394,445. As one can see from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds, property taxes are the largest revenue source, accounting for nearly 58 percent of total governmental revenue. Clearly, the community is the greatest source of financial support for the students of the Canfield Local School District.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School, the General fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

During the course of fiscal year 2006, the School District did not require any amendments to its original general fund appropriations. The School District uses an operational unit budget process and has in place systems that are designed to tightly control expenses but provide flexibility for program based decision and management.

For the general fund, final budgeted revenue totaled \$1,186,000 more than original estimates. The majority of this increase was due to a significant increase in real estate property tax. Actual expenditures total \$49,751 less than final appropriations. The majority of this difference was due to additional wages and benefits being charged to federal grants and overall conservative spending by all School District personnel in the area of supplies and materials.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2006, the School District had \$15,739,100 invested in land, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2006 balances compared to fiscal year 2005:

Table 4Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	2006	2005
Land	\$361,849	\$361,849
Buildings and Improvements	13,984,188	14,460,111
Furniture and Equipment	575,612	614,246
Vehicles	817,451	741,453
Total	\$15,739,100	\$16,177,659

All capital assets, except land, are reported net of depreciation. As one can see, a decrease in capital assets during the fiscal year occurred in the majority of categories due to the annual depreciation. The increase in vehicles is due to the replacement of three buses and the purchase of an additional bus, partially offset by annual depreciation. For more information about the School District's capital assets, see Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

Table 5 summarizes the School District's long-term obligations outstanding at fiscal year end.

Table 5Outstanding Debt at Year End

	2006	2005
School Improvement Bonds	\$71,000	\$142,000
Various Purpose Bonds	161,000	0
Energy Conservation Loan	530,929	587,999
School Improvement Notes	6,900,000	8,930,000
Premium on Notes	0	27,243
Total	\$7,662,929	\$9,687,242

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 Unaudited

The School Improvement Bonds were issued in 2002 to purchase acreage for future school expansion. The Various Purpose Bonds were issued in 2006 to purchase school buses and a boiler. The energy conservation loan was issued for capital improvements under House Bill 264. These improvements were approved by the Ohio Department of Education for energy conservation measures which have resulted in operating cost savings. The school improvement notes were issued in 1998 to provide for additions and renovations to all buildings within the School District. For more information about the School District's debt, see Note 13 to the basic financial statements.

Current Financial Issues

The Canfield Local School District has continued to maintain a high level of service to our students, parents and community. For the seventh consecutive year, the Canfield Local School District has achieved the State's highest rating of "Excellent" while maintaining an average cost per pupil well below the State average. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenue and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast and are doing everything in their power to make sure tax dollars are being used efficiently and effectively.

However, major changes in the State tax structure have created many challenges. Never before has there been so much uncertainty in determining future revenues. As a result, the School District will continue its need to rely heavily on its taxpayers to support its operations and meet student needs.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Patricia P. Kesner, Treasurer, Canfield Local School District, 100 Wadsworth Street, Canfield, Ohio 44406 or email at canf_pk@access-k12.org.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

Assets Governmental Activities Assets S7,470,344 Accounts Receivable 13,128 Accrued Interest Receivable 8,671 Intergovernmental Receivable 15,986 Prepaid Items 7,282 Inventory Held for Resale 5,241 Inventory Held for Resale 7,243 Inventory Held for Resale 17,043,420 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 361,849 Property Taxes Receivable 17,043,420 Nondepreciable Capital Assets, Net 15,377,251 Total Assets 40,338,169 Liabilities 9,639 Accounts Payable 9,639 Accounts Payable 9,639 Accounts Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 26,479 Claims Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities 29,655,081 Due Within One Year 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 2,655,08		
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents \$7,470,344 Accounts Receivable 13,128 Accrued Interest Receivable 8,671 Intergovernmental Receivable 15,986 Prepaid Items 7,282 Inventory Held for Resale 5,241 Materials and Supplies Inventory 34,997 Property Taxes Receivable 17,043,420 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 361,849 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 15,377,251 Total Assets 40,338,169 Liabilities 9,639 Accounts Payable 9,639 Accounts Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 226,479 Long-Term Liabilities 29,632,464 Net Assets 31,246 Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 29,6		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents \$7,470,344 Accounts Receivable 13,128 Accrued Interest Receivable 8,671 Intergovernmental Receivable 15,986 Prepaid Items 7,282 Inventory Held for Resale 5,241 Materials and Supplies Inventory 34,997 Property Taxes Receivable 17,043,420 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 361,849 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 15,377,251 Total Assets 40,338,169 Liabilities ** Accounts Payable 9,639 Accrued Wages Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 1,020,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 9,665,508 *** Total Liabilities* 29,632,464 Net Assets 1 Invested in C	Assets	
Accounts Receivable 13,128 Accrued Interest Receivable 8,671 Intergovernmental Receivable 15,986 Prepaid Items 7,282 Inventory Held for Resale 5,241 Materials and Supplies Inventory 34,997 Property Taxes Receivable 17,043,420 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 361,849 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 15,377,251 Total Assets 40,338,169 Liabilities 40,338,169 Accounts Payable 9,639 Accrued Wages Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 10,20,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 22,6479 Due Within One Year 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 246,088 Net Assets 1 Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 29,632,464 Other Purp	Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$7,470,344
Accrued Interest Receivable 8,671 Intergovernmental Receivable 15,986 Prepaid Items 7,282 Inventory Held for Resale 5,241 Materials and Supplies Inventory 34,997 Property Taxes Receivable 17,043,420 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 361,849 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 15,377,251 Total Assets 40,338,169 Liabilities Accound Syapable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 10,20,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 22,647 Due Within One Year 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities 29,632,464 Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 29,632,464 Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets,		
Prepaid Items 7,282 Inventory Held for Resale 5,241 Materials and Supplies Inventory 34,997 Property Taxes Receivable 17,043,420 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 361,849 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 15,377,251 Total Assets 40,338,169 Liabilities *** Accounts Payable 9,639 Accrued Wages Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 10,20,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: *** Due Within One Year 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities 29,632,464 Net Assets *** Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: *** Capital Projects 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838	Accrued Interest Receivable	
Inventory Held for Resale 5,241 Materials and Supplies Inventory 34,997 Property Taxes Receivable 17,043,420 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 361,849 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 15,377,251 Total Assets 40,338,169 Liabilities 40,338,169 Accounts Payable 9,639 Accrued Wages Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 10,20,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities 29,632,464 Net Assets 1 Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 2 Capital Projects 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,83	Intergovernmental Receivable	15,986
Materials and Supplies Inventory 34,997 Property Taxes Receivable 17,043,420 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 361,849 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 15,377,251 Total Assets 40,338,169 Liabilities 40,338,169 Accounts Payable 9,639 Accrued Wages Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities 29,632,464 Net Assets 1 Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 2 Capital Projects 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052	-	7,282
Property Taxes Receivable 17,043,420 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 361,849 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 15,377,251 Total Assets 40,338,169 Liabilities Accounts Payable 9,639 Accrued Wages Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 1,020,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities 29,632,464 Net Assets 1 Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 2 Capital Projects 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052	Inventory Held for Resale	5,241
Nondepreciable Capital Assets 361,849 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 15,377,251 Total Assets 40,338,169 Liabilities	Materials and Supplies Inventory	34,997
Depreciable Capital Assets 15,377,251 Total Assets 40,338,169 Liabilities 8 Accounts Payable 9,639 Accrued Wages Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 1,020,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities 29,632,464 Net Assets 1 Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 2 Capital Projects 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653	Property Taxes Receivable	17,043,420
Liabilities 40,338,169 Accounts Payable 9,639 Accrued Wages Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 1,020,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 20,632,469 Due Within One Year 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities 29,632,464 Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: Capital Projects 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653	Nondepreciable Capital Assets	361,849
Liabilities Accounts Payable 9,639 Accrued Wages Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 1,020,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities Net Assets 1 Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 2 Capital Projects 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653	Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	15,377,251
Accounts Payable 9,639 Accrued Wages Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 1,020,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities Pue In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities Tota	Total Assets	40,338,169
Accounts Payable 9,639 Accrued Wages Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 1,020,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities Pue In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities Tota	Liabilities	
Accrued Wages Payable 1,607,787 Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 1,020,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 26,479 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653		9,639
Intergovernmental Payable 655,269 Notes Payable 1,020,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities 29,632,464 Net Assets 1 Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable Nonexpendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653		1,607,787
Notes Payable 1,020,000 Deferred Revenue 16,205,961 Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities 29,632,464 Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable Nonexpendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653		
Accrued Interest Payable 195,733 Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities 29,632,464 Net Assets September 1 Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable Nonexpendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653		
Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 183,038 Capital Projects 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: 413,838 Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653	Deferred Revenue	16,205,961
Claims Payable 26,479 Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due Within One Year 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 183,038 Capital Projects 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: 413,838 Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653	Accrued Interest Payable	
Long-Term Liabilities: 246,088 Due In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities 29,632,464 Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 183,038 Capital Projects 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable Nonexpendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653		26,479
Due In More Than One Year 9,665,508 Total Liabilities 29,632,464 Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: Capital Projects 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653	-	
Net Assets 29,632,464 Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: 183,038 Capital Projects 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653	Due Within One Year	246,088
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 7,056,171 Restricted for: Capital Projects 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653	Due In More Than One Year	9,665,508
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for: Capital Projects Debt Service Other Purposes Set-asides Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable Nonexpendable Nonexpendable Unrestricted 7,056,171 7,056,171 183,038 1,322,581 413,838 413,838 6,146 1,347,653	Total Liabilities	29,632,464
Restricted for: Capital Projects Debt Service Other Purposes Set-asides Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable Nonexpendable Unrestricted 183,038 1,322,581 1,322,581 1,343,838 1,388	Net Assets	
Capital Projects 183,038 Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653	•	7,056,171
Debt Service 1,322,581 Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: 5,146 Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653		400.000
Other Purposes 351,226 Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653	-	
Set-asides 413,838 Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653		
Instructional Materials and Supplies: Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653	•	
Expendable 6,146 Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653		413,838
Nonexpendable 25,052 Unrestricted 1,347,653	**	
Unrestricted 1,347,653	-	*
Total Net Assets \$10,705,705	Unrestricted	1,347,653
	Total Net Assets	\$10,705,705

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
-	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Interest and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$12,585,988	\$163,992	\$112,685	\$16,100	(\$12,293,211)
Special	1,525,643	0	247,798	0	(1,277,845)
Vocational	247,730	0	0	0	(247,730)
Support Services:	,	-	•	-	(=11,121)
Pupil	927,359	0	90,052	0	(837,307)
Instructional Staff	1,351,345	0	185,923	0	(1,165,422)
Board of Education	18,458	0	0	0	(18,458)
Administration	1,643,663	111,810	136,285	0	(1,395,568)
Fiscal	517,237	0	0	0	(517,237)
Business	239,004	0	12,000	0	(227,004)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,168,319	0	0	20,450	(2,147,869)
Pupil Transportation	1,941,839	0	0	29,356	(1,912,483)
Central	96,031	0	10.467	2),330	(85,564)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	75,836	0	46,666	0	(29,170)
Operation of Food Services	752,405	668,087	137,316	0	52,998
Extracurricular Activities	939,795	304,801	14,005	0	(620,989)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	254,474	0	14,003	0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	234,474				(254,474)
Totals =	\$25,285,126	\$1,248,690	\$993,197	\$65,906	(22,977,333)
		General Revenues Property Taxes Leve	ied for:		
		General Purposes	1		14,093,315
		Debt Service			1,214,342
		Capital Outlay			280,631
		Grants and Entitlem	ents not Restricted to	Specific Programs	8,738,886
		Investment Earning	S		289,051
		Miscellaneous			36,541
		Gain on Sale of Cap	oital Assets		3,400
		Total General Reve	nues		24,656,166
		Change in Net Asse	ts		1,678,833
		Net Assets Beginnin	g of Year		9,026,872
		Net Assets End of Yo	ear		\$10,705,705

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$4,734,013	\$1,452,992	\$596,159	\$6,783,164
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	413,838	0	0	413,838
Receivables:				
Accounts	7,124	0	6,004	13,128
Accrued Interest	8,671	0	0	8,671
Intergovernmental	0	0	15,986	15,986
Taxes	15,288,416	1,334,790	420,214	17,043,420
Prepaid Items	7,282	0	0	7,282
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	5,241	5,241
Materials and Supplies Inventory	33,759	0	1,238	34,997
Total Assets	\$20,493,103	\$2,787,782	\$1,044,842	\$24,325,727
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$2,276	\$0	\$7,363	\$9,639
Accrued Wages Payable	1,589,483	0	18,304	1,607,787
Intergovernmental Payable	625,160	0	30,109	655,269
Notes Payable	0	0	1,020,000	1,020,000
Deferred Revenue	15,288,416	1,334,790	420,214	17,043,420
Total Liabilities	17,505,335	1,334,790	1,495,990	20,336,115
Fund Balances				
Reserved for Encumbrances	0	0	3,516	3,516
Reserved for Textbooks and Instructional Materials	413,838	0	25,052	438,890
Unreserved: Designated				
Underground Storage Tanks Undesignated, Reported in:	0	0	11,000	11,000
General Fund	2,573,930	0	0	2,573,930
Debt Service Fund	0	1,452,992	0	1,452,992
Special Revenue Funds	0	0	364,552	364,552
Capital Projects Funds	0	0	(861,414)	(861,414)
Permanent Fund	0	0	6,146	6,146
Total Fund Balances	2,987,768	1,452,992	(451,148)	3,989,612
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$20,493,103	\$2,787,782	\$1,044,842	\$24,325,727

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2006

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$3,989,612
Amounts reported for governmental activities a statement of net assets are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are resources and therefore are not reported in the		15,739,100
Other long-term assets are not available to pay a period expenditures and therefore are deferred. These deferrals are attributed to delinquent pr	d in the funds.	837,459
An internal service fund is used by managemen the costs of insurance to individual funds. The liabilities of the internal service fund are inclusive governmental activities in the statement of ne	246,863	
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued general obligation bonds and notes, whereas i funds, an interest expenditure is reported whe	(195,733)	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in period and therefore are not reported in the fu Notes Payable		
General Obligation Bonds Energy Conservation Loan Compensated Absences	(232,000) (530,929) (2,248,667)	
Total		(9,911,596)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$10,705,705

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

_	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	014 (5(020	01.040.073	6271 000	016160202
Taxes	\$14,656,239	\$1,240,973	\$271,080	\$16,168,292
Intergovernmental	8,565,385	153,905	992,836	9,712,126
Interest Tuition and Fees	277,975	0	5,872 0	283,847
	142,628 0	0	-	142,628
Extracurricular Activities Rentals	21,364	0	416,611 0	416,611
Contributions and Donations	3,042	0	47,813	21,364 50,855
Charges for Services	0	0	668,087	668,087
Miscellaneous	941	0	35,600	36,541
Total Revenues	23,667,574	1,394,878	2,437,899	27,500,351
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	12,084,292	0	105,057	12,189,349
Special	1,247,452	0	252,589	1,500,041
Vocational	238,458	0	0	238,458
Support Services:				
Pupil	838,274	0	91,447	929,721
Instructional Staff	1,171,866	0	204,067	1,375,933
Board of Education	18,761	0	0	18,761
Administration	1,373,025	7,250	279,661	1,659,936
Fiscal	488,658	20,114	4,537	513,309
Business	227,238	0	12,000	239,238
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,129,820	0	0	2,129,820
Pupil Transportation	1,738,961	0	0	1,738,961
Central	85,025	0	10,467	95,492
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	0	26,794	26,794
Operation of Food Services	0	0	754,607	754,607
Extracurricular Activities	549,699	0	323,801	873,500
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	0	0	357,137	357,137
Principal Retirement	0	1,138,070	0	1,138,070
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	301,476	0	301,476
Total Expenditures	22,191,529	1,466,910	2,422,164	26,080,603
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,476,045	(72,032)	15,735	1,419,748
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0	161,000	161,000
Refunding Notes Issued	0	6,900,000	0	6,900,000
Payment to Refund Notes	0	(7,920,000)	0	(7,920,000)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	3,400	0	0	3,400
Transfers In	0	1,105,000	0	1,105,000
Transfers Out	(85,000)	0	(1,020,000)	(1,105,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(81,600)	85,000	(859,000)	(855,600)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,394,445	12,968	(843,265)	564,148
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,593,323	1,440,024	392,117	3,425,464
Fund Balances End of Year	\$2,987,768	\$1,452,992	(\$451,148)	\$3,989,612

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$564,148
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Capital Outlay 319,168 Donated Capital Assets 35,008 Current Year Depreciation (792,735)	
Total	(438,559)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These revenues were attributed to property taxes.	(580,004)
Other financing sources in the governmental funds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. General Obligation Notes Issued (6,900,000) General Obligation Bonds Issued (161,000)	
Total	(7,061,000)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	9,058,070
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued Interest on Bonds Premium on Note 19,759 27,243	
Total	47,002
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(44,043)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds are not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revnues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense of the internal service fund is	
allocated among the governmental activities.	133,219
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$1,678,833

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Original		- Actual	(regative)
Taxes	\$13,921,122	\$14,656,200	\$14,656,239	\$39
Intergovernmental	8,110,823	8,539,100	8,565,385	26,285
Interest	267,096	281,200	281,162	(38)
Tuition and Fees	136,778	144,000	143,180	(820)
Rentals	21,846	23,000	22,364	(636)
Contributions and Donations	2,945	3,100	3,042	(58)
Miscellaneous	190	200	941	741
Total Revenues	22,460,800	23,646,800	23,672,313	25,513
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	12,319,755	12,319,755	12,319,103	652
Special	1,269,520	1,269,520	1,268,470	1,050
Vocational	245,135	245,135	243,541	1,594
Support Services:				
Pupil	862,275	862,275	857,455	4,820
Instructional Staff	1,201,830	1,201,830	1,196,380	5,450
Board of Education	21,150	21,150	20,667	483
Administration	1,411,695	1,411,695	1,403,031	8,664
Fiscal	491,850	491,850	486,909	4,941
Business	240,435	240,435	232,637	7,798
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,154,910	2,154,910	2,145,430	9,480
Pupil Transportation	1,750,850	1,750,850	1,747,713	3,137
Central	85,815	85,815	85,534	281
Extracurricular Activities	567,580	567,580	566,179	1,401
Total Expenditures	22,622,800	22,622,800	22,573,049	49,751
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(162,000)	1,024,000	1,099,264	75,264
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	4,200	4,200	3,400	(800)
Transfers Out	(85,000)	(85,000)	(85,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(80,800)	(80,800)	(81,600)	(800)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(242,800)	943,200	1,017,664	74,464
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	4,122,887	4,122,887	4,122,887	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	5,800	5,800	5,800	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,885,887	\$5,071,887	\$5,146,351	\$74,464

Statement of Fund Net Assets Internal Service Fund June 30, 2006

	Insurance
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$273,342
Liabilities	
Claims Payable	26,479
Net Assets	
Unrestricted	\$246,863

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Insurance
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$673,983
Operating Expenses	
Purchased Services	19,757
Claims	526,211
Total Operating Expenses	545,968
Operating Income	128,015
Non-Operating Revenues	
Interest	5,204
Change in Net Assets	133,219
Net Assets Beginning of Year	113,644
Net Assets End of Year	\$246,863

Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Insurance
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Received from Interfund Services	\$673,983
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(19,757)
Cash Payments for Claims	(676,213)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(21,987)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest on Investments	5,204
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(16,783)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	290,125
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$273,342
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	
Operating Income	\$128,015
Adjustments:	
Decrease in Claims Payable	(150,002)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$21,987)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2006

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$12,483	\$67,786
Liabilities Due to Students		\$67,786
Net Assets Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$12,483	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Private Purpose Trust Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Scholarship
Additions Interest	\$271
Deductions Scholarships Awarded	280
Change in Net Assets	(9)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	12,492
Net Assets End of Year	\$12,483

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

The Canfield Local School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five member Board form of government. Each member is elected to a four year term. The School District provides educational services as mandated by state and/or federal agencies. The Board of Education controls the School District's four instructional support facilities staffed by 142 non-certificated and 196 certified teaching personnel and 11 administrators who provide services to students and other community members.

The School District is located in Canfield Ohio, Mahoning County. The enrollment for the School District during the 2006 fiscal year was 3,086. The School District operates two elementary schools (K-4), one middle school (5-8), and one high school (9-12).

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the basic financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Canfield Local School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. There are no component units of the Canfield Local School District.

The School District participates in two jointly governed organizations and one public entity risk pool. These organizations are the Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System Council of Governments, the Mahoning County Career and Technical Center and the Mahoning County Schools Employee Insurance Consortium. These organizations are presented in Notes 16 and 17 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and its internal service fund. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The School District, however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Bond Retirement Fund The bond retirement fund accounts for property tax revenues that are used for payment of principal and interest and fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Type Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net asset, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The School District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the School District's internal service fund.

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund is a self-insurance fund that accounts for prescription drug, dental and vision claims of the School District's employees.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust fund. The money in the fund is used to grant college scholarships to certain eligible students of the School District. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency funds account for student activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service fund.

The private purpose trust fund is accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements for the proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal values, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2006, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2007 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

E. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been given authority to allocate board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2006, investments were limited to certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements, reported at cost, and STAROhio.

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2006.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, identified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2006 amounted to \$277,975, which includes \$78,789 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2006, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

H. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

I. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change in nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the general fund include amounts required by State statute to be set-aside for the purchase of textbooks. See Note 15 for additional information regarding set asides.

J. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of two thousand five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	45 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	10 years

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for classified and certified employees and administrators after ten years of service.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and long-term notes are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The government-wide statement of net assets reports restricted net assets of \$2,301,881, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation. Net assets restricted for other purposes include operation of instructional services, food service operations and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves are established for encumbrances and textbooks.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Designations represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources. A designation of fund equity has been established by the Board for the potential liability for leaks in underground storage tanks.

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs that are incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Any revenue or expense not meeting the definition of operating is reported as non-operating.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

R. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 - Change in Accounting Principle

For fiscal year 2006, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries" and No. 47, "Accounting for Termination Benefits".

GASB Statement No. 42 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for impairment of capital assets and clarifies and establishes accounting requirements for insurance recoveries.

GASB Statement No. 47 establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for termination benefits.

The implementation of GASB Statements No. 42 and No. 47 did not materially affect the presentation of the financial statements of the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting its financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the fund liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Unrecorded cash represents amounts received but not reported by the School District on the operating statements (budget), but is reported on the GAAP basis operating statements.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance	
GAAP Basis	\$1,394,445
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(1,236)
Beginning Unreported Cash	5,975
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(380,020)
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(1,500)
Budget Basis	\$1,017,664

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Investments

As of June 30, 2006, the School District had the following investments. All investments are in an internal investment pool.

	Fair Value	Maturity
Repurchase Agreements STAROhio	\$6,350,000 1,110,725	July 28, 2006 Average 34.8 days
Total Portfolio	\$7,460,725	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Interest Rate Risk As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the School District's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within one year from the date of purchase and that the School District's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

Credit Risk The securities underlying the repurchase agreement had a credit risk rating of AAA by Standard and Poors. STAROhio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes, Federal National Mortgage Association Notes, Federal Farm Credit Bank Bonds and the Ginnie Mae Notes are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The School District's investment in repurchase agreements and STAROhio represent 85.1 and 14.9 percent, respectively, of the School District's total investments.

Note 6 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the school district fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the school district in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the school district. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 became a lien December 31, 2004, were levied after April 1, 2005 and are collected in 2006 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2006 (other than public utility property tax) represents the collection of 2006 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the value listed as of December 31, 2005. In prior years, tangible

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

personal property was assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent of true value for inventory. The tangible personal property tax is being phased out – the assessment percentage for all property including inventory for 2006 is 18.75 percent. This will be reduced to 12.5 percent for 2007, 6.25 percent for 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The School District receives property taxes from Mahoning County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2006, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2006 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

Due to the timing of tax bills sent by the County, there was no money available as an advance to the School District at June 30, 2006 and June 30, 2005.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2006 taxes were collected are:

	2005 Second		2006 First	
	Half Collec	ctions	Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential				
and Other Real Estate	\$456,209,820	94.46 %	\$503,849,750	95.86 %
Public Utility Personal	9,463,500	1.96	8,806,920	1.68
Tangible Personal Property	17,293,879	3.58	12,972,371	2.47
Total	\$482,967,199	100.00 %	\$525,629,041	100.00 %
Tax rate per \$1,000 of				
assessed valuation	\$58.30		\$58.90	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 7 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2006, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent, student fees and tuition), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current fiscal year guarantee of Federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year. At June 30, 2006, the School District had an intergovernmental receivable of \$15,986 in the food service special revenue fund for federal lunchroom reimbursements.

Note 8 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Balance	A 1.1%	D 1 4	Balance
	6/30/05	Additions	Reductions	6/30/06
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$361,849	\$0	\$0	\$361,849
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	23,246,377	0	0	23,246,377
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,432,823	112,740	0	2,545,563
Vehicles	2,072,714	241,436	(131,103)	2,183,047
Total capital assets being depreciated	27,751,914	354,176	(131,103)	27,974,987
Accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(8,786,266)	(475,923)	0	(9,262,189)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(1,818,577)	(151,374)	0	(1,969,951)
Vehicles	(1,331,261)	(165,438)	131,103	(1,365,596)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,936,104)	(792,735) *	131,103	(12,597,736)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	15,815,810	(438,559)	0	15,377,251
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$16,177,659	(\$438,559)	\$0	\$15,739,100

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$389,822
Special	31,959
Vocational	8,170
Support Services:	
Pupil	19,694
Instructional Staff	4,055
Administration	5,836
Fiscal	1,835
Business	765
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	46,752
Pupil Transportation	158,176
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	539
Operation of Food Services	48,683
Extracurricular	76,449
Total Depreciation Expense	\$792,735

Note 9 - Risk Management

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2006, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage:

Type of Coverage	Coverage
Coverage provided by Indiana Insurance:	
Property/Boiler and Machinery (\$2,500 deductible)	\$55,566,824
Inland Marine (\$250 deductible)	2,917,110
Crime (\$2,500 deductible)	25,000
Fleet Insurance, single limit (\$250 deductible - comprehensive)	1,000,000
(\$500 deductible - collision)	
General Liability	
in aggregate	\$2,000,000
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Excess Liability Coverage	
in aggregate	\$1,000,000
Per occurrence	1,000,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Workers' Compensation

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

C. Employee Medical Benefits

The School District has contracted with the Mahoning County Insurance Consortium to provide employee medical/surgical benefits since 1982. The Mahoning County Insurance Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of thirteen Mahoning County school districts. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The Canfield Local School District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating school districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The board of directors has the right to return monies to an exiting district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims. The School District pays ninety-five percent of the monthly medical/surgical premiums for certified and OAPSE classified employees, bus drivers and bus mechanics. Coverage for certified and OAPSE classified employees is \$890 for family coverage and \$366 for single coverage. Coverage for bus drivers is \$942 for family and \$383 for single and bus mechanics pay \$891 for family coverage and \$367 for single coverage. The School District pays one hundred percent of the monthly medical/surgical premiums for administrators in the amount of \$838 for family coverage and \$345 for single coverage.

The School District has elected to provide vision, dental and prescription drug benefits through a self-insurance program. The School District maintains an insurance reserve internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. A third party administrator, Professional Risk Management, located in Youngstown, Ohio, reviews all claims which are then paid by the School District. The School District pays into the insurance reserve internal service fund \$14 for family vision coverage or \$8 for single vision coverage per employee per month, \$60 for dental per month and \$170 for family and \$73 for single prescription drug coverage per month which represents the entire premium required. The premium is paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employee and is based on historical cost information.

The claims liability of \$26,479 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2006, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in the claims liability amount during the last two fiscal years were as follows:

	Balance at			
	Beginning	Current Year	Claim	Balance at
	of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2005	\$251,081	537,271	611,871	\$176,481
2006	176,481	526,211	676,213	26,479

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 10 - Pension Plans

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746, by calling (800) 878-5853 or by visiting the SERS website at ohsers.org.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$325,124, \$311,357, and \$254,699, respectively; 66.7 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004, were \$1,489,666, \$1,392,660, and \$1,321,110, respectively; 82.89 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2006 were \$2,042 made by the School District and \$13,299 made by the plan members.

Note 11 - Postemployment Benefits

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio, (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or Combined Plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to one percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$114,747 for fiscal year 2006.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2005, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$3.3 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$254,780,000 and STRS Ohio had 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.42 percent of covered payroll, compared to 3.43 percent of covered payroll for fiscal year 2005. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2006, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at two percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2006 fiscal year equaled \$105,097.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next fiscal year. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available) were \$178,221,113. At June 30, 2005, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$267.5 million. SERS has 58,123 participants eligible to receive health care benefits.

Note 12 - Other Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service and hours worked. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Administrators earn twenty days of vacation annually. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-quarter days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 260 days for all employees. Upon retirement, classified employees, bus drivers and teachers receive payments for fifty percent of the total sick leave accumulation up to a maximum of 60 days. Administrators receive payment for fifty percent of the total sick leave accumulation up to 75 days.

B. Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance to all regular employees. Coverage is equal to the annual salary for administrators, the annual salary for certified employees with a minimum of \$29,000 and a maximum of \$50,000, \$40,000 for non-union classified employees, and \$25,000 for classified employees. Life insurance coverage is provided through Jefferson Pilot.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 13 - Long-term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2006 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding			Principal Outstanding	Amounts due in
	6/30/05	Additions	Deductions	6/30/06	One Year
Governmental-Type Activities					
2005 School Improvement Note 2.00%	\$8,930,000	\$0	\$8,930,000	\$0	\$0
2006 School Improvement Note 3.03%	0	6,900,000	0	6,900,000	0
Total School Improvement Notes	8,930,000	6,900,000	8,930,000	6,900,000	0
2006 Various Purpose Bond 4.05%	0	161,000	0	161,000	32,200
2002 School Improvement Bonds 4.50%	142,000	0	71,000	71,000	71,000
1990 Energy Conservation Loan 4.75%	587,999	0	57,070	530,929	59,781
Premium on Note Issued	27,243	0	27,243	0	0
Compensated Absences	2,204,624	125,977	81,934	2,248,667	83,107
Total Governmental Long-Term Obligations	\$11,891,866	\$7,186,977	\$9,167,247	\$9,911,596	\$246,088

The \$8,930,000 2005 School Improvement Note at 2.00 percent and outstanding at June 30, 2005, was rolled over into the \$6,900,000 2006 School Improvement Note, issued September 22, 2005 at 3.03 percent and maturing September 21, 2006. The note is backed by the full faith of Canfield Local School District.

The \$161,000 various purpose bond was issued August 31, 2005 at an interest rate of 4.05 percent and matures on August 31, 2010. The bond was issued for the purpose of acquiring school buses and a boiler.

The \$161,000 various purpose bond, the \$355,000 school improvement bond and the \$880,000 energy conservation loan will be paid from the bond retirement debt service fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and the food service special revenue fund.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$44,882,668 with an unvoted debt margin of \$523,318 at June 30, 2006. Principal requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2006, are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Energy Conservation Loan		General Obligation Bonds		Various Purpose Bonds	
Fiscal year						
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2007	\$59,781	\$25,219	\$71,000	\$3,195	\$32,200	\$6,521
2008	62,620	22,380	0	0	32,200	5,216
2009	65,595	19,405	0	0	32,200	3,912
2010	68,711	16,289	0	0	32,200	2,608
2011	71,974	13,026	0	0	32,200	1,304
2012-2014	202,248	17,907	0	0	0	0
Total	\$530,929	\$114,226	\$71,000	\$3,195	\$161,000	\$19,561

Note 14 – Notes Payable

On September 22, 2005 the School District issued a \$1,020,000 bond anticipation note at an interest rate of 3.03 percent. The notes are backed by the full faith and credit of the School District. The notes mature September 21, 2006. The note liability is reflected in the fund which received the proceeds.

Note 15 - Set-Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

		Capital
	Textbooks	Improvements
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2005	\$348,697	\$0
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	456,915	456,915
Qualifying Disbursements	(391,774)	(868,868)
Total	\$413,838	(\$411,953)
Set-Aside Balance Carried Forward to		
Future Fiscal Years	\$413,838	\$0
Cash balance as of June 30, 2006	\$413,838	\$0

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Although the School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years. The total reserve balance for the two set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$413,838.

Note 16 - Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System Council of Governments

The Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System Council of Governments (COG) is a computer network which provides data services to twenty three school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports COG based upon a per pupil charge. Canfield Local School District paid \$80,049 to COG during fiscal year 2006.

COG is governed by an assembly consisting of superintendents or other designees of the member school districts. The assembly exercises total control over the operation of COG including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. All of COG revenues are generated from charges for services and State funding.

Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer for the Mahoning County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 100 Debartolo Place, Suite 115, Youngstown, Ohio 44512-7019.

B. Mahoning County Career and Technical Center

The Mahoning County Career and Technical Center is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of the five members of the Mahoning County Educational Service Center Governing Board, representing the eleven local school district's and one representative from each of the two city school districts. During fiscal year 2006, no monies were received from the School District. To obtain financial information write to the Treasurer at the Mahoning County Career and Technical Center, 7300 North Palmyra Road, Canfield, Ohio, 44406.

Note 17 - Public Entity Risk Pool

Mahoning County Schools Employee Insurance Consortium - The Mahoning County Schools Employee Insurance Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of thirteen Mahoning County School Districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services. To obtain the financial information write to Mahoning County Insurance Consortium, 100 Debartolo Place, Suite 115, Youngstown, Ohio 44512-7019.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 18 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreement and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2006.

B. Litigation

The School District is not party to legal proceedings as of June 30, 2006.

Note 19 - Interfund Transfers

During fiscal year 2006 there were two transfers made. The general fund transferred \$85,000 to the bond retirement debt service fund to meet a debt service requirement for the HB 264 loan. The permanent improvement capital projects fund transferred \$1,020,000 to the bond retirement debt service fund to move debt proceeds into the fund with the liability.

Note 20 – Subsequent Events

On September 21, 2006 the School District retired \$7,920,000 of school improvement notes and reissued \$6,900,000 at an interest rate of 4.25 percent. The new notes will mature on September 20, 2007.

On November 7, 2006 the voters renewed a 6.9 mill operating levy for a continuing period of time.

CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Food Distribution		10.550		\$39,514		\$39,514
Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program		10.555	\$94,470		\$94,470	
Total Department of Agriculture			94,470	39,514	94,470	39,514
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Special Education Cluster						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1-05 C1-S1-06	84.010 84.010	11,433 73,911		13,129 73,911	
Total Grants to Local Educational Agencies	01-01-00	04.010	85,344		87,040	
Special Education Grants to States - IDEA Special Education Grants to States - IDEA Special Education Grants to States - ACCESS Special Education Grants to States - ACCESS Total - Special Education Grants to States	6B-SF-05 6B-SF-06 6B-SF-05 6B-SF-06	84.027 84.027 84.027	577,571 22,500 600,071		2,315 577,571 9,286 22,500 611,672	
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities	DR-S1-06	84.186	8,662		8,662	
State Grants for Innovative Programs	C2-S1-06	84.298	8,454		8,454	
Education Technology State Grants	TJ-S1-06	84.318	1,345		1,345	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TR-S1-05 TR-S1-06	84.367 84.367	<u>47,420</u> 47,420		3,604 47,420 51,024	
Total Department of Education			751,296	0	768,197	0
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES passed through Ohio Department of MRDD						
Medical Assistance Program		93.778	32,222			
Totals			\$877,988	\$39,514	\$862,667	\$39,514

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule (the "Schedule") summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

NOTE D - MEDICAID COMMUNITY ALTERNATIVE FUNDING SYSTEM (CAFS)

The receipt amount of \$32,222 that passed through the Ohio Department of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities for the Medical Assistance Program is the CAFS settlement amount received during the fiscal year. This amount relates to settlements for CAFS service provided during prior years.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County 100 Wadsworth St. Canfield, Ohio 44406

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canfield Local School District, Mahoning County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures to express our opinion on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the District's management dated October 30, 2007, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem reportable conditions.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*. In a separate letter to the District's management dated October 30, 2007, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503-1293 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949

www.auditor.state.oh.us

Canfield Local School District
Mahoning County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control over Financial
Reporting and on Compliance and Other matters Required by
Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

October 30, 2007



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ITS MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County 100 Wadsworth St. Canfield, Ohio 44406

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Canfield Local School District, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2006. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Canfield Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Canfield Local School District
Mahoning County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to its
Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With
OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

October 30, 2007

CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2006

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title VI-B – CFDA 84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MAHONING COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 24, 2007