BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

THERESA JOHNSON, TREASURER



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Bucyrus City School District 630 Jump Street Bucyrus, Ohio 44820

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Bucyrus City School District, Crawford County, prepared by Julian and Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Bucyrus City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

February 20, 2007

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# Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Bucyrus City School District 630 Jump Street Bucyrus, Ohio 44820

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bucyrus City School District, Crawford County (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Bucyrus City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bucyrus City School District, Crawford County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2006, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report Bucyrus City School District Page Two

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the District. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Sube the?

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 20, 2006

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The management's discussion and analysis of the Bucyrus City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

# **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2006 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$58,454 which represents a 0.76% increase from 2005.
- General revenues accounted for \$12,664,796 in revenue or 76.12% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$3,973,146 or 23.88% of total revenues of \$16,637,942.
- The District had \$16,579,488 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$3,973,146 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$12,664,796 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$14,281,392 in revenues and other financing sources and \$13,242,470 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2006, the general fund's fund balance increased \$1,038,922 from \$3,149,419 to \$4,188,341.

# Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

# **Reporting the District as a Whole**

#### Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2006?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

# **Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds**

# Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

# Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

# Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets on pages 20 and 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22-47 of this report.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Net Assets

#### The District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2006 and 2005.

	Governmental Activities <u>2006</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2005</u>
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 10,681,755	\$ 10,368,470
Capital assets, net	3,606,594	3,823,209
Total assets	14,288,349	14,191,679
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	5,544,718	5,407,747
Long-term liabilities	954,681	1,053,436
C C	<u></u> _	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total liabilities	6,499,399	6,461,183
<u>Net Assets</u> Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	3,555,752	3,789,293
Restricted	806,821	492,264
Unrestricted	3,426,377	3,448,939
Total net assets	\$ 7,788,950	\$ 7,730,496

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2006, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,788,950. Of this total, \$3,426,377 is unrestricted in use.

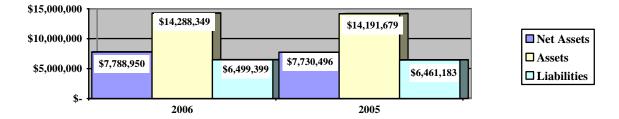
At year-end, capital assets represented 25.24% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2006, were \$3,555,752. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$806,821, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$3,426,377 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2006 and 2005.

#### **Governmental Activities**



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2006 and 2005.

# Change in Net Assets

D	Governmental Activities 2006	Governmental Activities 2005
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,060,388	\$ 1,252,087
Operating grants and contributions	2,892,278	2,016,619
Capital grants	20,480	-
General revenues:		
Property taxes	4,489,207	6,225,455
Grants and entitlements	7,926,465	7,897,069
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	3,938
Investment earnings	141,042	123,473
Miscellaneous	108,082	25,514
Total revenues	16,637,942	17,544,155

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

# Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities <u>2006</u>	Governmental Activities <u>2005</u>
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 5,990,411	\$ 5,589,753
Special	1,837,477	1,826,958
Vocational	257,186	251,259
Other	1,048,118	935,029
Support services:		
Pupil	814,321	818,466
Instructional staff	1,138,662	823,629
Board of education	133,795	96,880
Administration	1,367,728	1,519,297
Fiscal	460,434	382,862
Business	102,477	98,194
Operations and maintenance	1,259,145	1,467,663
Pupil transportation	353,847	317,810
Central	262,825	222,709
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Non-instructional services	130,907	232,958
Food service operations	942,830	792,515
Extracurricular activities	475,231	435,147
Interest and fiscal charges	4,094	4,769
Total expenses	16,579,488	15,815,898
Change in net assets	58,454	1,728,257
Net assets at beginning of year	7,730,496	6,002,239
Net assets at end of year	\$ 7,788,950	\$ 7,730,496

### **Governmental Activities**

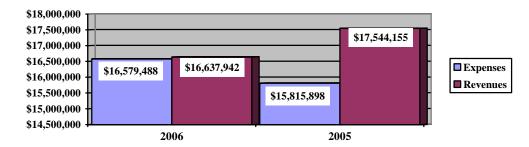
Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$58,454. Total governmental expenses of \$16,579,488 were offset by program revenues of \$3,973,146 and general revenues of \$12,664,796. Program revenues supported 23.96% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent \$12,415,672 or 74.63% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$9,133,192 or 55.09% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2006.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2006 and 2005.



# **Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses**

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

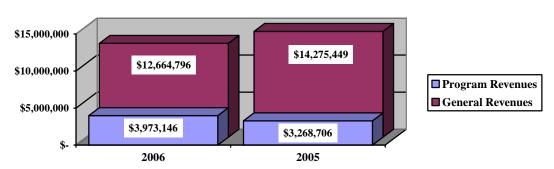
# **Governmental Activities**

	Total Cost of Services <u>2006</u>	Net Cost of Services <u>2006</u>	Total Cost of Services <u>2005</u>	Net Cost of Services <u>2005</u>
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 5,990,411	\$ 4,977,276	\$ 5,589,753	\$ 4,578,342
Special	1,837,477	1,158,875	1,826,958	1,245,765
Vocational	257,186	257,186	251,259	246,736
Other	1,048,118	1,048,118	935,029	935,029
Support services:				
Pupil	814,321	348,809	818,466	532,156
Instructional staff	1,138,662	708,032	823,629	637,268
Board of education	133,795	133,795	96,880	96,880
Administration	1,367,728	1,311,539	1,519,297	1,395,584
Fiscal	460,434	407,717	382,862	372,929
Business	102,477	102,477	98,194	77,091
Operations and maintenance	1,259,145	1,245,157	1,467,663	1,463,803
Pupil transportation	353,847	339,678	317,810	311,071
Central	262,825	124,426	222,709	182,075
Operations of non-instructional services:				
Non-instructional services	130,907	54,565	232,958	157,809
Food service operations	942,830	80,301	792,515	34,679
Extracurricular activities	475,231	304,297	435,147	275,206
Interest and fiscal charges	4,094	4,094	4,769	4,769
Total expenses	\$ 16,579,488	\$ 12,606,342	\$ 15,815,898	\$ 12,547,192

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 81.48% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 76.04%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2006 and 2005.



# **Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues**

# The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$4,449,325, which is higher than last year's total of \$3,441,948. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2006 and 2005.

	Fund BalanceFund BalanceJune 30, 2006June 30, 2005		Increase (Decrease)
General Other Governmental	\$ 4,188,341 260,984	\$ 3,149,419 292,529	\$ 1,038,922 (31,545)
Total	\$ 4,449,325	\$ 3,441,948	\$ 1,007,377

# General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$1,038,922. The increase in fund balance can be attributed to increasing revenues exceeding increasing expenditures. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	200	б	2005	Percentage	e
	Amou	<u>int</u>	Amount	Change	
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 5,58	2,016 \$	5,143,491	8.53	%
Tuition	45	9,309	640,233	(28.26)	%
Earnings on investments	13	9,333	115,018	21.14	%
Intergovernmental	7,92	6,465	7,897,459	0.37	%
Other revenues	14	3,908	94,622	52.09	%
Total	\$ 14,25	<u>1,031 \$ 1</u>	3,890,823	2.59	%
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Instruction	\$ 8,02	2,468 \$	7,546,655	6.30	%
Support services	4,58	9,141	4,849,223	(5.36)	%
Operation of non-instructional services	5	6,691	60,817	(6.78)	%
Extracurricular activities	25	4,630	258,980	(1.68)	%
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	19	6,650	142,380	38.12	%
Capital outlay	3	0,361	-	100.00	%
Debt service	1	7,529	15,334	14.31	%
Total	\$ 13,16	7,470 \$ 1	2,873,389	2.28	%

The most significant increase in general fund revenues occurred in investment earnings. This was due to increased interest rates and an increase in the District's investments. Tax revenue increased due to an increase in tax collections during the year.

# General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2006, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$14,364,776, which was increased from the original budget estimate of \$13,732,013. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2006 were \$14,814,532. This represents a \$449,756 increase over final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$14,552,677 were increased to \$15,052,677 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2006 totaled \$14,572,458, which was \$480,219 less than the final budget appropriations.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2006, the District had \$3,606,594 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2006 balances compared to the balance of 2005:

Conital Access at June 20

	(Net of Depreciation)					
	Governmen	tal Activities				
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>				
Land	\$ 94,258	\$ 94,258				
Land improvements	287,204	328,755				
Building and improvements	2,794,473	2,938,470				
Furniture and equipment	343,708	342,636				
Vehicles	86,951	119,090				
Total	\$ 3,606,594	\$ 3,823,209				

The District acquired \$78,931 in capital assets during fiscal year 2006. The overall decrease in capital assets of \$216,615 is due to the recording of \$295,546 in depreciation expense for fiscal 2006.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

#### Debt Administration

At June 30, 2006, the District had \$50,842 in capital lease obligations outstanding. Of this total, \$18,732 is due within one year and \$32,110 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the capital lease obligations outstanding.

#### **Outstanding Debt, at Year End**

	Governmental	Governmental		
	Activities	Activities		
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>		
Capital lease obligations	\$ 50,842	\$ 33,916		

At June 30, 2006, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$13,831,262 with an unvoted debt margin of \$153,528.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### **Current Financial Related Activities**

The District faces many upcoming challenges. The District relies heavily on the state foundation, property tax receipts and grant entitlements. Since future entitlement revenue is expected to decrease along with tangible personnel property tax receipts, the District will place a full 1 mill permanent improvement levy on the August 8, 2006 along with the 5.55 mill levy for the Ohio School Facilities Commission building project. The process of surveying and obtaining information from the community in its concerns and needs regarding the current and future facilities took place in May of 2005. The bond issue passed on the August 8<sup>th</sup> election. The overall consensus of the community was to currently make necessary repairs to our facilities and to renovate and add to our current high school and middle school sites. The current middle school site will become an elementary (PK-5) and the High School will be a (6-12) building.

At the first opportunity the District placed the \$1,575,000 Emergency renewal on the November 7, 2006 election. The emergency levy failed by 79 votes, which was much closer than we had anticipated due to the fact that the bond issue had passed the election before and this also the year of reappraisal. The renewal resolutions are already in place for the February 6, 2007 election.

The largest challenges facing the District are to continue to provide the resources necessary to meet the student needs and to be able to stay within the five year forecast. State funding is strongly tied to your student enrollment and the Districts enrollment is steadily declining. The District has been proactive in its financial challenges in the past and will continue to do so with further reductions.

The five year forecast is utilized by the management in order to manage the District's resources to their fullest. All of the District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the financial challenges of the future.

# **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Theresa Johnson, Treasurer, Bucyrus City School District, 630 Jump Street, Bucyrus, Ohio 44820-1525.

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

	vernmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,589,197
Receivables:	
Taxes	5,395,602
Intergovernmental	656,125
Accrued interest	11,057
Prepayments	16,607
Materials and supplies inventory Capital assets:	13,167
Land	94,258
Depreciable capital assets, net	3,512,336
Total capital assets	 3,606,594
•	 2,000,271
Total assets.	 14,288,349
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable.	114,754
Accrued wages and benefits	1,456,084
Pension obligation payable.	356,745
Intergovernmental payable	91,543
Deferred revenue	3,525,592
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year.	176,121
Due in more than one year	 778,560
Total liabilities	 6,499,399
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net	
of related debt	3,555,752
Restricted for:	
Debt service.	13,740
Capital projects	21,169
Locally funded projects	2,808
State funded projects	19,957
Federally funded projects	397,795
Student activities	63,729
Other purposes	287,623
Unrestricted	 3,426,377
Total net assets	\$ 7,788,950

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

					Prog	am Revenues			R (	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses			Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants and Capital Grants Contributions and Contributions			overnmental Activities	
Governmental activities:										
Instruction:	<i>•</i>	<b>5</b> 000 (11)	٨	<b>522</b> 200	¢	170 275	¢	20 400	<b>•</b>	(1055.054)
Regular	\$	5,990,411	\$	522,380	\$	470,275	\$	20,480	\$	(4,977,276)
Special		1,837,477		-		678,602		-		(1,158,875)
Vocational		257,186		-		-		-		(257,186)
Other		1,048,118		-		-		-		(1,048,118)
Support services:										
Pupil		814,321		-		465,512		-		(348,809)
Instructional staff		1,138,662		14,436		416,194		-		(708,032)
Board of education.		133,795		-		-		-		(133,795)
Administration		1,367,728		-		56,189		-		(1,311,539)
Fiscal		460,434		-		52,717		-		(407,717)
Business		102,477		-		-		-		(102,477)
Operations and maintenance		1,259,145		47		13,941		-		(1,245,157)
Pupil transportation		353,847		-		14,169		-		(339,678)
Central		262,825		-		138,399		-		(124,426)
Operation of non-instructional services:										
Non-instructional services		130,907		-		76,342		-		(54,565)
Food service operations.		942,830		382,370		480,159		-		(80,301)
Extracurricular activities		475,231		141,155		29,779		-		(304,297)
Interest and fiscal charges		4,094		-		-		-		(4,094)
Totals	\$	16,579,488	\$	1,060,388	\$	2,892,278	\$	20,480		(12,606,342)

#### **General Revenues:**

General Revenues.	
Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	4,489,207
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	7,926,465
Investment earnings	141,042
Miscellaneous	 108,082
Total general revenues	 12,664,796
Change in net assets	58,454
Net assets at beginning of year	 7,730,496
Net assets at end of year	\$ 7,788,950

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

	General		Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash							
and cash equivalents	\$	3,615,449	\$	700,007	\$	4,315,456	
Receivables:							
Taxes		5,395,602		-		5,395,602	
Intergovernmental		-		656,125		656,125	
Accrued interest.		11,057		-		11,057	
Interfund loans		416,412		-		416,412	
Prepayments		15,718		889		16,607	
Materials and supplies inventory.		-		13,167		13,167	
Restricted assets:				- ,		-,	
Equity in pooled cash							
and cash equivalents		273,741		-		273,741	
Total assets	\$	9,727,979	\$	1,370,188	\$	11,098,167	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	78,878	\$	35,876	\$	114,754	
Accrued wages and benefits		1,265,232		190,852		1,456,084	
Compensated absences payable		33,616		-		33,616	
Pension obligation payable		304,276		52,469		356,745	
Intergovernmental payable		78,202		13,341		91,543	
Interfund loan payable		-		416,412		416,412	
Deferred revenue		3,779,434		400,254		4,179,688	
Total liabilities		5,539,638		1,109,204		6,648,842	
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for encumbrances.		434,337		224,229		658,566	
Reserved for materials and		- ,		· · ·			
supplies inventory		-		13,167		13,167	
Reserved for property tax unavailable				,,		,	
for appropriation.		1,624,460		-		1,624,460	
Reserved for prepayments.		15,718		889		16,607	
Reserved for debt service		-		13,740		13,740	
Reserved for BWC refunds		69,721				69,721	
Reserved for school bus purchase.		67,194		-		67,194	
Reserved for textbooks/instructional supplies.		136,826		-		136,826	
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in:		150,820		-		130,820	
General fund.		1 940 005				1 910 005	
		1,840,085		(12.210)		1,840,085	
Special revenue funds		-		(12,210)		(12,210)	
Capital projects funds				21,169		21,169	
Total fund balances.		4,188,341		260,984		4,449,325	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,727,979	\$	1,370,188	\$	11,098,167	

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2006

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 4,449,325
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		3,606,594
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental Interest revenue	\$ 245,550 400,254 8,292	
Total Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences	(870,223)	654,096
Capital lease obligation Total	 (50,842)	 (921,065)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 7,788,950

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	G	eneral	Gove	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Taxes	\$	5,582,016	\$	-	\$	5,582,016
Tuition	Ŧ	459,309	Ŧ	14,436	Ŧ	473,745
Charges for services.		-		382,370		382,370
Earnings on investments.		139,333		1,872		141,205
Extracurricular.		24,496		141,202		165,698
Classroom materials and fees.		38,576		-		38,576
Other local revenues		80,836		57,024		137,860
Intergovernmental - Intermediate		12,350		57,024		12,350
Intergovernmental - State		7,873,538		284,204		8,157,742
Intergovernmental Edderal		40,577				
Intergovernmental - Federal				2,219,154		2,259,731
Total revenues		14,251,031		3,100,262		17,351,293
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		5,500,861		401,520		5,902,381
Special.		1,218,594		641,347		1,859,941
Vocational.		254,895		-		254,895
Other		1,048,118		_		1,048,118
Support Services:		1,010,110				1,010,110
Pupil		452,020		355,651		807,671
Instructional staff		752,317		350,933		1,103,250
Board of education		133,795		550,755		133,795
Administration.		1,292,909		49,451		1,342,360
				,		
Fiscal		414,110		42,564		456,674
Business		99,163		-		99,163
Operations and maintenance.		991,061		14,840		1,005,901
Pupil transportation		314,191		10,388		324,579
Central.		139,575		120,805		260,380
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Non-instructional services		56,691		69,409		126,100
Food service operations		-		947,612		947,612
Extracurricular activities		254,630		202,287		456,917
Facilities acquisition and construction		196,650		-		196,650
Capital outlay		30,361		-		30,361
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		13,435		-		13,435
Interest and fiscal charges		4,094		-		4,094
Total expenditures		13,167,470		3,206,807		16,374,277
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		1,083,561		(106,545)		977,016
-		1,085,501		(100,545)		977,010
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		-		75,000		75,000
Transfers (out)		(75,000)		-		(75,000)
Capital lease transaction		30,361		-		30,361
Total other financing sources (uses)		(44,639)		75,000		30,361
Net change in fund balances <b>Fund balances</b>		1,038,922		(31,545)		1,007,377
at beginning of year		3,149,419		292,529		3,441,948
Fund balances at end of year	\$	4,188,341	\$	260,984	\$	4,449,325
					Ψ	1,17,323

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,007,377
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 78,931 (295,546)	
Total		(216,615)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Delinquent property taxes Intergovernmental Accrued interest	 (1,092,809) 379,621 (163)	
Total		(713,351)
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement net assets.		13,435
Proceeds of capital lease transactions are recorded as revenue in the funds however, on the statement of activities, they are not reported as revenues as they increase liabilities on the statement of net assets.		(30,361)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		 (2,031)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 58,454

#### BUCYRUS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CRAWFORD COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual		egative)
Revenues:		<u> </u>						-9
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	5,362,174	\$	5,614,778	\$	5,693,868	\$	79,090
Tuition		425,930		445,995		459,309		13,314
Earnings on investments		95,501		100,000		170,498		70,498
Extracurricular		19,100		20,000		24,496		4,496
Classroom materials and fees		32,972		34,525		38,576		4,051
Other local revenues.		51,093		53,500		78,395		24,895
Other revenues		9,550		10,000		12,350		2,350
Intergovernmental - State		7,408,953		7,757,978		7,873,538		115,560
Intergovernmental - Federal		26,740		28,000		40,577		12,577
Total revenues.		13,432,013		14,064,776		14,391,607		326,831
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		5,468,210		5,665,226		5,518,866		146,360
Special.		1,231,987		1,276,374		1,244,450		31,924
Vocational.		253,244		262,368		253,485		8,883
Other		1,022,901		1,059,755		1,067,543		(7,788)
Support Services:		(20) ((1)		(12.022		510 255		100 769
Pupil		620,661		643,023 831,322		519,255		123,768
Instructional staff		802,412 115,779		831,322 119,950		761,285 194,094		70,037 (74,144)
Administration.		1,437,742		1,489,543		1,311,246		(74,144) 178,297
Fiscal		390,528		404,598		408,497		(3,899)
Business		407,131		404,398 421,800		408,497 128,652		(3,899) 293,148
Operations and maintenance.		1,257,531		1,302,839		1,352,777		(49,938)
Pupil transportation		292,439		302,975		377,049		(74,074)
Central		292,439		231,392		140,730		90,662
Non-instructional services		62,740		65,000		56,711		8,289
Extracurricular activities.		257,244		266,512		254,876		11,636
Facilities acquisitions and construction		33,783		35,000		341,030		(306,030)
-		13,877,677		14,377,677		13,930,546		447,131
Total expenditures		13,877,077		14,377,077		13,930,340		447,131
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(445,664)		(312,901)		461,061		773,962
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year expenditure		-		-		791		791
Transfers (out)		(75,000)		(75,000)		(75,000)		-
Advances in		300,000		300,000		420,484		120,484
Advances (out)		(500,000)		(500,000)		(566,912)		(66,912)
Other miscellaneous use of funds		(100,000)		(100,000)		-		100,000
Sale of capital assets		-		-		1,650		1,650
Total other financing sources (uses)		(375,000)		(375,000)		(218,987)		156,013
Net change in fund balance		(820,664)		(687,901)		242,074		929,975
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,589,264		2,589,264		2,589,264		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		555,665		555,665		555,665		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,324,265	\$	2,457,028	\$	3,387,003	\$	929,975
CEE A COOMDANIVIN					CTT A D	PEMENTO		

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

	Private-Purpose Trust				
	Sch	olarship	Agency		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash					
and cash equivalents	\$	6,306	\$	22,291	
Total assets		6,306	\$	22,291	
Liabilities: Accounts payable			\$	419 21,872	
Total liabilities		-	\$	22,291	
Net Assets: Held in trust for scholarships		6,306			
Total net assets	\$	6,306			

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Sch	olarship	
Additions:			
Gifts and contributions	\$	3,053	
Total additions		3,053	
<b>Deductions:</b> Scholarships awarded		3,000	
Change in net assets		53	
Net assets at beginning of year		6,253	
Net assets at end of year	\$	6,306	

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

# NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Bucyrus City School District (the "District") is located in central Crawford County in north central Ohio, approximately 65 miles north of Columbus. The District operates under a locally-elected, five-member Board form of government, and provides educational services as mandated by state and/or federal statute and regulations.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms.

The District ranks as the 324<sup>th</sup> largest by enrollment among the 615 public school districts in the state. It currently operates 5 elementary schools, 1 middle school, and 1 comprehensive high school. The District employs 80 non-certified and 140 certified employees to provide services to approximately 1,748 students in grades K through 12, and various community groups.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below:

### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' government board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organizations resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Pioneer Career and Technical Center (PCTC)

The District and other member districts may send students to PCTC on a non-tuition basis for vocational education programs, but none of the member districts retain an ongoing financial interest in PCTC.

# JOINT VENTURE WITHOUT EQUITY INTEREST

#### Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association (TRECA)

TRECA is a jointly governed organization among 21 school districts. TRECA was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to the administrative and instructional functions of member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports TRECA based upon a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. TRECA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In the event of the dissolution of TRECA, all current members will share in net obligations or asset liquidations in a ratio proportionate to their last twelve months' financial contributions. Financial information is available from Mike Carder, Director, at 2222 Marion/Mt. Gilead Road, Marion, Ohio 43302.

#### PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

#### Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "GRP") was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

# GROUP PURCHASING COOPERATIVE

The District is a member of the Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC) purchasing group. The following items are purchased through this group discount program: custodial products, food service products, audio visual bulbs, and certain paper products. The MEC also provides a Self-Help Gas Program through which members save significant amounts on natural gas purchases.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by trust funds; (b) for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose, and (d) food service operations.

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for student activities.

# C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

#### **D.** Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2006, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2007 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

*Expenses/Expenditures* - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

# E. Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds (except Agency funds). The specific timetable for fiscal year 2006 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Richland County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2006.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original, appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2006. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

# F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2006, investments were limited to overnight repurchase agreements, federal securities, nonnegotiable certificates of deposits, and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2006. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2006.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earning are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2006 amounted to \$139,333, which includes \$22,379 assigned from other District funds.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

#### G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

#### H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 - 25 years
Building and improvements	6 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

# I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

# J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off <u>or</u> other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age 50 or greater with at least 10 years of service; or 20 years' service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments have been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

# K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, property taxes unavailable for appropriation, materials and supplies, prepayments, debt service, Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) refunds, school bus purchases, and textbooks/instructional materials. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under state statute.

#### M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The restriction for other purposes, consist of monies restricted for BWC refunds, restricted for textbooks/instructional materials and bus purchases (see Note 17).

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### **N.** Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

#### **O.** Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### P. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the amount required by state statute to be set-aside for Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) refunds and to create a reserve for textbooks/instructional materials and school bus purchases. See Note 17 for details.

#### Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

#### **R.** Parochial Schools

Within the District boundaries, Holy Trinity is operated through the Toledo Catholic Diocese. Current state legislation provides funding to this parochial school. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The receipt and expenditure of these state monies by the District is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

#### S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2006.

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2006, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 42, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries</u>" GASB Statement No. 46, "<u>Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation</u>", and GASB Statement No. 47, "<u>Accounting for Termination Benefits</u>".

GASB Statement No. 42 amends GASB Statement No. 34 and establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for impairment of capital assets and accounting requirements for insurance recoveries.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 46 defines enabling legislation and specifies how net assets should be reported in the financial statements when there are changes in such legislation. The Statement also requires governments to disclose in the notes to the financial statements the amount of net assets restricted by enabling legislation.

GASB Statement No. 47 establishes accounting standards for termination benefits.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 42, GASB Statement No. 46 and GASB Statement No. 47 did not have an effect on the fund balances/net assets of the District as previously reported at June 30, 2005.

#### **B. Deficit Fund Balances**

Fund balances at June 30, 2006 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit
Nonmajor Funds	
Special Trust	\$ 14
EMIS	73
Public School Preschool	1,233
Poverty Assistance	12,517
Title I	12,218
Drug Free Schools	1
Preschool	1,185
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	3,131

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

#### A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2006, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,155,895 exclusive of the \$2,742,173 repurchase agreement included in investments below. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2006, \$812,039 of the District's bank balance of \$1,212,039 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$400,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

#### **B.** Investments

As of June 30, 2006, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities		
		6 months or	Greater than	
Investment type	Fair Value	less	24 months	
FHLMC Repurchase Agreement STAR Ohio	\$ 483,220 2,742,173 236,506	\$	\$ 483,220	
	\$ 3,461,899	\$ 2,978,679	\$ 483,220	

The weighted average maturity of investments is .39 years.

*Interest Rate Risk:* As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

*Custodial Credit Risk:* For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the District's investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities pledged by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

*Concentration of Credit Risk:* The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2006:

Investment type	Fair Value	<u>% of Total</u>
FHLMC	\$ 483,220	13.96
Repurchase Agreement	2,742,173	79.21
STAR Ohio	236,506	6.83
	\$ 3,461,899	100.00

#### C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2006:

Cash and investments per footnote		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	1,155,895
Investments		3,461,899
Total	\$	4,617,794
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Assets	<u>s</u>	
Governmental activities	\$	4,589,197
Private-purpose trust funds		6,306
Agency funds		22,291
Total	\$	4,617,794

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A.** Interfund balances at June 30, 2006 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 416,412

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2006 are reported on the statement of net assets.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)**

**B.** Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental funds from: General Fund

\$ 75,000

All transfers made in fiscal year 2006 were in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

#### NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 became a lien December 31, 2004, were levied after April 1, 2005 and are collected in 2006 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2006 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2006 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2005. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-four percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Crawford County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2006, are available to finance fiscal year 2007 operations.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2006 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2006 was \$1,624,460 in the general fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005, was \$1,736,312.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2006 taxes were collected are:

	2005 Sec Half Collec		2006 First Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential					
and other real estate	\$ 126,579,530	80.81	\$ 127,222,270	82.87	
Public utility personal	7,006,800	4.47	6,988,720	4.55	
Tangible personal property	23,043,583	14.72	19,317,030	12.58	
Total	\$ 156,629,913	100.00	\$ 153,528,020	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 49.60		\$ 49.86		

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2006 consisted of taxes, accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities	
Taxes	\$ 5,395,602
Intergovernmental	656,125
Accrued interest	11,057
Total	\$ 6,062,784

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements.

#### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/05	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/06
<i>Capital assets, not being depreciated:</i> Land	<u>\$ 94,258</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 94,258</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	94,258			94,258
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,084,994	-	-	1,084,994
Building and improvements	7,261,189	-	-	7,261,189
Furniture and equipment	780,234	78,931	-	859,165
Vehicles	694,322			694,322
Total capital assets, being depreciated	9,820,739	78,931		9,899,670
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(756,239)	(41,551)	-	(797,790)
Building and improvements	(4,322,719)	(143,997)	-	(4,466,716)
Furniture and equipment	(437,598)	(77,859)	-	(515,457)
Vehicles	(575,232)	(32,139)		(607,371)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,091,788)	(295,546)		(6,387,334)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,823,209	<u>\$ (216,615)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 3,606,594

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 109,638
Special	21,094
Vocational	2,072
Support Services:	
Pupil	5,324
Instructional staff	8,912
Administration	21,339
Business	3,314
Operations and maintenance	65,496
Pupil transportation	28,524
Non-instructional services	4,665
Extracurricular activities	18,314
Food service operation	6,854
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 295,546</u>

#### NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During 2006 and in prior years, the District entered into a capitalized lease agreement for the acquisition of copier equipment.

This lease agreement meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "<u>Accounting for Leases</u>", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds.

Capital assets consisting of copiers have been capitalized in the amount of \$87,806. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2006 for copiers was \$43,248 leaving a current book value of \$44,558. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2006 totaled \$13,435 in the general fund.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2006:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30.	Copier
2007	\$ 22,634
2008	16,245
2009	7,300
2010	7,301
2011	5,105
Total minimum lease payments	58,585
Less: amount representing interest	(7,743)
Total	\$ 50,842

#### NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

**A.** During the fiscal year 2006, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts
	Outstanding 06/30/05	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 06/30/06	Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 1,019,520	\$189,002	\$ (304,683)	\$ 903,839	\$ 157,389
Capital lease obligation	33,916	30,361	(13,435)	50,842	18,732
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,053,436	\$219,363	<u>\$ (318,118)</u>	\$ 954,681	\$ 176,121

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid.

Capital lease payments will be made from the general fund. See Note 9 for details.

#### **B.** Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District.

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2006 are a voted debt margin of \$13,831,262 (including available funds of \$13,740) and an unvoted debt margin of \$153,528.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty-five days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, classified employees receive thirty percent of the total sick leave accumulation. Certified employees receive payment based on their balance, between fifty and sixty-five days for balances between 100 and 235 days; employees with less than 100 days receive thirty percent of their balance. An employee receiving such payment must meet the retirement provisions set by School Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) or School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS).

#### **B.** Insurance Benefits

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance in the amount of \$30,000 to full-time teachers.

#### C. Retirement Incentive

The District offers a one-time retirement bonus in the amount of \$10,000 to all certified employees who provide the District with their notice of retirement by March 1 and complete the balance of the school year. The retirement bonus is payable upon completion of service through the last work day of the school year. The District had no retirement incentive payable at June 30, 2006.

#### NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2006, the District has purchased property and casualty insurance from the Cincinnati Insurance Company; the policy's coverage maximum is \$42,653,968. General liability insurance, purchased from Hartford Insurance Company, carries a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and a \$3,000,000 aggregate. District-owned vehicle insurance is provided by Motorists Insurance Company, with a \$2,000,000 single occurrence limit.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

#### **B.** Group Health and Dental Insurance

Health, life, dental and other group insurance is offered to employees as a fringe benefit. Employer and employee contributions to premium are determined by negotiated agreements with employee labor unions. Currently, for certified and classified employees, single and family coverage is 93% Board-paid and 7% employee-paid. Administration single and family coverage is 98% Board-paid and 2% employee-paid.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### **NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 14. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

#### C. OSBA Group Workers' Compensation Rating Plan

For fiscal year 2006, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "GRP"), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP.

A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### **NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for fiscal years ended 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$199,310, \$192,354, and \$168,262; 45.65 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004. \$108,324 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2006 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371 or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for fund pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$899,139, \$870,782 and \$868,927; 82.14 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2006 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2005 and 2004. \$160,569 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2006 and is recorded as a liability within its respective funds. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2006 were \$5,505 made by the District and \$13,472 made by the plan members.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

#### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS or the STRS have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/ STRS. As of June 30, 2006, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

#### **NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

STRS retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$69,165 for fiscal year 2006.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), the balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.3 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$254.780 million and STRS had 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status. Premiums may be reduced for retirees whose household income falls below the poverty level.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.42 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of .01 percent from fiscal year 2005. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2006, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2006 fiscal year, District paid \$91,676 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### **NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available) were \$178.221 million. At June 30, 2005 (the latest information available) were \$178.221 million. At June 30, 2005 (the latest information available) for payment of health care benefits of \$267.5 million, which is about 168 percent of next years projected net health care costs of \$158.776 million. On the basis of actuarial projections, the allocated contributions will be insufficient in the long term, to provide for a health care reserve equal to at least 150 percent of estimated annual net claim costs. SERS has 58,123 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

#### NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

#### Net Change in Fund Balance

	General Fund
Budget basis	\$ 242,074
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(140,576)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	244,109
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	174,348
Adjustment for encumbrances	518,967
GAAP basis	\$1,038,922

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### **NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

#### **B.** Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

#### **NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES**

The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks/ Instructional Materials	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>	BWC <u>Refunds</u>
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2005 Current year set-aside requirement Qualifying disbursements	\$ 190,096 261,636 (314,906)	\$ - 261,636 (1,062,853)	\$ 69,721 
Total	\$ 136,826	<u>\$ (801,217)</u>	\$ 69,721
Balance carried forward to FY 2007	\$ 136,826	<u>\$</u>	\$ 69,721

Monies representing BWC refunds that were received prior to April 10, 2001, have been shown as a restricted asset and reserved fund balance in the general fund since allowable expenditures are restricted by state statute. The District is still required by state law to maintain the textbook reserve. Qualifying expenditures for capital acquisition exceeded the required set-aside amount however the negative amount may not be carried forward to future years.

In addition to the above statutory reserves, the District also received monies restricted for school bus purchases.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

#### NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)

A schedule of the governmental fund restricted assets at June 30, 2006 follows:

Amount restricted for BWC refunds	\$ 69,721
Amount restricted for textbooks/	
instructional materials	136,826
Amount restricted for school bus purchases	67,194
Total restricted assets	\$ 273,741

# NOTE 18 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Effective August 25, 2006, John A. Roller became interim superintendent of the District, taking over for Paul Johnson.

# SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

# BUCYRUS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	ANTOR/ AM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	OTHER FEDERAL RECEIPTS	CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
PASSED	ARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE THROUGH THE EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
Nutri	ition Cluster: Food Donation	10.550	N/A	\$ .	\$ 44,992	s -	\$ 44,992
()(0)	Total Food Donation	10.550	10/1	-	44,992	-	44,992
(A) (D)	School Breakfast Program	10.553	043687-05PU-2004	317	-	317	
(A) (D) (A) (D)	School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program	10.553 10.553	043687-05PU-2005 043687-05PU-2006	12,356 80,325		12,356 80,325	
	Total School Breakfast Program			92,998		92,998	·
(A) (D) (A) (D) (A) (D)	National School Lunch National School Lunch National School Lunch	10.555 10.555 10.555	043687-LLP1-2006 043687-LLP4-2005 043687-LLP4-2006	2,684 36,205 217,291	-	2,684 36,205 217,291	-
	Total National School Lunch			256,180		256,180	
(A) (D) (A) (D) (A) (D)	Summer Food Service Program for Children Summer Food Service Program for Children Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559 10.559 10.559	043687-23PU-2005 043687-24PU-2005 043687-24PU-2006	7,769 1,117 5,284	-	7,769 1,117 5,284	-
	Total Summer Food Service Program for Children			14,170		14,170	
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture and Nutrition Cluster			363,348	44,992	363,348	44,992
PASSED	ARTMENT OF EDUCATION THROUGH THE EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	043687-C1S1-2005 043687-C1S1-2006	72,109 285,174		82,674 306,463	
	Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			357,283		389,137	
	Special Education Cluster:						
(B) (B)	Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States	84.027 84.027	043687-6BSF-2005 043687-6BSF-2006	103,252 397,765		62,816 384,013	
	Total Special Education Grants to States			501,017		446,829	
(B) (B)	Special Education Preschool Grants Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173 84.173	043687-PGS1-2005 043687-PGS1-2006	6,726 12,129		6,726 13,219	
	Total Special Education Grants to States			18,855		19,945	
	Total Special Education Cluster			519,872		466,774	
	safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants	84.186 84.186	043687-DRS1-2005 043687-DRS1-2006	3,630 5,143		0 11,428	
	Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grant			8,773		11,428	
	Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	043687-T1S1-2005	54,874		52,632	
	Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers Total Twenty-First Century Community Learning Center	84.287	043687-T1S1-2006	239,601 294,475		248,259 300,891	
	State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	043687-C2S1-2005			1,674	
	State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	043687-C2S1-2006	548		5,221	
	Total State Grants for Innovative Programs			548		6,895	
	Education Technology State Grants Education Technology State Grants	84.318 84.318	043687-TJS1-2005 043687-TJS1-2006	2,102 6,105		696 6,340	
	Total Education Technology State Grants			8,207		7,036	
	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367 84.367	043687-TRS1-2005 043687-TRS1-2006	6,950 103,274		17,737 97,896	
	Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			110,224		115,633	
	Hurricane Education Recovery	84.938	043687-HR01-2006	2,000		1,500	
	Total Hurricane Education Recovery			2,000		1,500	
	Total U.S. Department of Education			1,301,382		1,299,294	
PASSED OHIO DI	ARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES THROUGH THE EPARTMENT OF MENTAL RETARDATION AND OPMENTAL DISABILITIES						
	State Children's Insurance Program	93.767	N/A	1,207		1,207	
	Total State Children's Insurance Program			1,207		1,207	
	Medical Assistance Program	93.778	N/A	17,591		17,591	
	Total Medical Assistance Program			17,591		17,591	
	Total U.S. Department of Human Services			18,798		18,798	
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,683,528	\$ 44,992	\$ 1,681,440	\$ 44,992

(A) Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.
(B) Included as part of "Special Education Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.
(C) The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market prices.
(D) Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.
(E) This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.



# Julian & Grube, Inc. Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Accounting Standards*

Board of Education Bucyrus City School District 630 Jump Street Bucyrus, Ohio 44820

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bucyrus City School District (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted certain other matters that we have reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated December 20, 2006.

Board of Education Bucyrus City School District

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 20, 2006.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Education and management of the Bucyrus City School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Sube the

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 20, 2006



# Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With *OMB Circular A-133* 

Board of Education Bucyrus City School District 630 Jump Street Bucyrus, Ohio 44820

We have audited the compliance of the Bucyrus City School District, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The Bucyrus City School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Bucyrus City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Bucyrus City School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Bucyrus City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Bucyrus City School District's compliances.

Board of Education Bucyrus City School District

In our opinion, Bucyrus City School District, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Bucyrus City School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Bucyrus City School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education of Bucyrus City School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Sube the?

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 20, 2006

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2006

# 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs:	Nutrition Cluster: Food Donation CFDA #10.550, School Breakfast Program CFDA #10.553, Nutritional School Lunch CFDA #10.555, and Summer Food Service Program for Children CFDA #10.559; and Improving Teacher Quality CFDA #84.367
( <i>d</i> )(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2006

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

# 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





**BUCYRUS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT** 

**CRAWFORD COUNTY** 

**CLERK'S CERTIFICATION** 

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

CERTIFIED MARCH 1, 2007

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