



TABLE OF CONTENTS

IIILE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Statement of Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis - June 30, 2006	9
Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis - For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006	10
Statement of Assets and Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds – June 30, 2006	11
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds - For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006	12
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis – General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006	13
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets- Modified Cash Basis – Fiduciary Funds – June 30, 2006	14
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets- Modified Cash Basis – Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006	15
Notes to the Financial Statements	17
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	35
Schedule of Findings	
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Bradford Exempted Village School District Miami County 760 Railroad Avenue Bradford, Ohio 45308

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bradford Exempted Village School District, Miami County, (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 (B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, as discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the modified cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, we cannot determine at this time.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bradford Exempted Village School District, Miami County, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in modified cash financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

One First National Plaza / 130 W. Second St. / Suite 2040 / Dayton, OH 45402 Telephone: (937) 285-6677 (800) 443-9274 Fax: (937) 285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us Bradford Exempted Village School District Miami County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 12, 2007, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

January 12, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of Bradford Exempted Village School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, within the limitations of the School District's modified cash basis of accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2006 are as follows:

- In total, net assets increased \$55,714, which represents a 2.8 percent increase from fiscal year 2005.
- General receipts accounted for \$4,895,416 in receipts or 77.1 percent of all receipts. Program specific receipts in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants, interest and contributions accounted for \$1,455,417 or 22.9 percent of total receipts of \$6,350,833.
- The School District had \$6,295,119 in disbursements; only \$1,455,417 of these disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants, and contributions.

Using The Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the School District's modified cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the cash activities as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the School District as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanations and details regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The School District has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the School District's modified cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related receipts (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related disbursements (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities reflect how the School District did financially during fiscal year 2006, within the limitations of modified cash basis accounting. The Statement of Net Assets presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental program draws from the School District's general receipts.

These statements report the School District's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the School District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's cash position is one indicator of whether the School District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the School District's financial condition, you should also consider other non-financial factors as well, such as the School District's property tax base, the condition of the School District's capital assets, the extent of the School District's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property and income taxes.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds, not the School District as a whole. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds

The School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported on a modified cash basis. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's programs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The School District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2006 compared to 2005:

Table 1

Net Assets					
	2006	2005	Change		
Assets:					
Current Assets	\$2,052,842	\$1,504,911	\$547,931		
Net Assets:					
Restricted	590,085	696,187	(106,102)		
Unrestricted	1,462,757	1,300,941	161,816		
Total Net Assets	\$2,052,842	\$1,997,128	\$55,714		

As mentioned previously, net assets of governmental activities increased \$55,714 during fiscal year 2006. This increase was due primarily to an unexpected increase in income tax revenue. Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day activities without constraints established by grants or legal requirements, also increased primarily due to the unexpected increase in income tax revenue. To a lesser degree, the increase was also due to the School District being at the 20 mill floor and to an increase in number of pupils and in per pupil funding from the State of Ohio.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2006 and 2005.

Table 2 Change in Net Assets

	2006	2005	Change
Receipts:			
Program Cash Receipts:			
Charges for Services	\$580,030	\$618,727	(\$38,697)
Operating Grants and Contributions	869,627	511,294	358,333
Capital Grants and Contributions	5,760	53,484	(47,724)
Total Program Cash Receipts	\$1,455,417	\$1,183,505	\$271,912
General Receipts:			
Property Taxes Levied for:			
General Purposes	\$710,949	\$684,072	\$26,877
Debt Service	122,713	119,934	2,779
Other Purposes	15,979	15,654	325
Income Tax	849,812	776,400	73,412
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted t	0		
Specific Programs	3,084,417	3,167,154	(82,737)
Investment Earnings	102,264	24,236	78,028
Gifts and Donations	4,725	0	4,725
Miscellaneous	4,557	16,799	(12,242)
Total General Receipts	4,895,416	4,804,249	91,167
Total Receipts	6,350,833	5,987,754	363,079

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Table 2
Change in Net Assets
(Continued)

(8)	onunu e a)		
	2006	2005	Change
Cash Disbursements:			
Instruction:			
Regular	2,513,780	2,510,262	3,518
Special	631,855	534,554	97,301
Support Services:			
Pupils	301,211	232,997	68,214
Instructional Staff	276,565	347,237	(70,672)
Board of Education	37,399	40,864	(3,465)
Administration	541,147	502,410	38,737
Fiscal	193,214	176,515	16,699
Business	1,496	2,398	(902)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	534,475	622,902	(88,427)
Pupil Transportation	429,163	435,705	(6,542)
Central	116,667	122,653	(5,986)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	268,054	234,613	33,441
Extracurricular Activities	199,338	191,507	7,831
Capital Outlay	126,655	486	126,169
Principal Retirement	55,000	50,000	5,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	69,100	71,700	(2,600)
Total Cash Disbursements	6,295,119	6,076,803	\$218,316
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	55,714	(89,049)	
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	1,997,128	2,086,177	
Net Assets at End of Year	\$2,052,842	\$1,997,128	

Governmental Activities

The significant decrease in capital grants and contributions was due to the State eliminating the State bus purchase allowance after fiscal year 2005.

The increase in investment earnings was primarily due to an increase in interest rates, the amount invested and a change in the types of investments.

The increase in capital outlay was due to capital asset purchases for a new school bus and several new computers.

The unique nature of taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for the School District's operations. Property taxes and income taxes made up 26.8 percent of receipts for governmental activities for the Bradford Exempted Village School District for fiscal year 2006.

Instruction comprises 50.0 percent of School District disbursements. Support services disbursements make up 38.6 percent.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal years 2006 and 2005. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax receipts and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2006	Total Cost of Services 2005	Net Cost of Services 2005
Instruction	\$3,145,635	\$2,305,026	\$3,044,816	\$2,412,528
Support Services	2,431,337	2,119,064	2,483,681	2,194,588
Operation of Non-Instructional				
Services	268,054	218,350	234,613	25,040
Extracurricular Activities	199,338	199,338	191,507	141,447
Capital Outlay	126,655	(126,176)	486	(2,005)
Principal Retirement	55,000	55,000	50,000	50,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	69,100	69,100	71,700	71,700
Total Disbursements	\$6,295,119	\$4,839,702	\$6,076,803	\$4,893,298

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 12. These funds are accounted for using the modified cash basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total receipts of \$6,350,833 and disbursements of \$6,295,119. The net change in fund balance for the General Fund was \$136,817, which was primarily due to an unexpected increase in income tax receipts and investment income, as well as various money saving measures implemented by the School District.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2006, the School District amended its General Fund budget five times, which resulted in final appropriations increasing \$341,648. The increase was due to general changes in the operation of the School District. The School District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the General Fund, the final budget basis revenue estimate increased from the original budget basis revenue by \$192,359. The most significant change was in intergovernmental receipts and income tax receipts because of an unexpected increase in income tax receipts, an increase in State aid of the per pupil amount and an increase in the number of students enrolled in the School District. Actual revenues increased by \$119,868 for the same reasons.

Capital Assets

The School District does not currently report its capital assets and infrastructure.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2006 the School District had \$1,181,912 in general obligation bonds outstanding, of which \$55,000 is due within one year. Table 4 summarizes the bonds outstanding:

Table 4 Outstanding Debt, at Fiscal Year-End Governmental Activities

	2006	2005	
2001 General Obligation Bonds	\$1,181,912	\$1,236,912	

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$2,455,309 with an unvoted debt margin of \$39,213 at June 30, 2006.

For more information on the School District's debt, see Note 11 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Current Issues

The challenge for all School Districts is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding. We rely heavily on local taxes and State funding. The School District monitors potential changes in funding.

HB 66 legislation has and will continue to result in the School District's valuation decreasing due to the phase out of taxes on tangible personal property. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property on each year. In the first five years, school districts, according to the House Bill, are to be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. However, in the following seven years, the reimbursement will be phased out.

The School District prepares a five year forecast to monitor future revenues and expenditures. According to the five year forecast prepared on June 19, 2006, a deficit fund balance is projected for the General Fund for fiscal year 2010. The School District had placed a 0.75 percent income tax levy on the ballot in May 2006, which failed. The issue was also placed on the November 2006 ballot and failed.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Dawnna Cron, Treasurer, at Bradford Exempted Village School District, 760 Railroad Road, Bradford, OH 45308, or email at dawnna_cron@darke.k12.oh.us.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,046,999
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	5,843
Total Assets	2,052,842
Net Assets:	
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	116,006
Capital Outlay	236,056
Other Purposes	209,120
Kindergarten Classroom:	
Expendable	88
Non-Expendable	9,560
Set-Asides	19,255
Unrestricted	1,462,757
Total Net Assets	\$2,052,842

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in

		Р	Changes in Net Assets		
			rogram Cash Reco	11017100010	
	Cash	Charges for	Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental
	Disbursements	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$2,513,780	\$265,275	\$128,028	\$5,760	(\$2,114,717)
Special	631,855		441,546	. ,	(190,309)
Support Services:	,		,		(,,
Pupils	301,211		109,342		(191,869)
Instructional Staff	276,565		52,608		(223,957)
Board of Education	37,399		,		(37,399)
Administration	541,147		2,257		(538,890)
Fiscal	193,214		18,760		(174,454)
Business	1,496		,		(1,496)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	534,475				(534,475)
Pupil Transportation	429,163	108,169	8,925		(312,069)
Central	116,667	,	12,212		(104,455)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	268,054	47,628	2,076		(218,350)
Extracurricular Activities	199,338	•	,		(199,338)
Capital Outlay	126,655	158,958	93,873		126,176
Principal Retirement	55,000	•	•		(55,000)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	69,100				(69,100)
Č					· · · /
Totals	\$6,295,119	\$580,030	\$869,627	\$5,760	(4,839,702)
	General Receipts				
	Property Taxes Le				
	General Purpose	es			710,949
	Debt Service				122,713
	Other Purposes				15,979
	Income Tax				849,812
	Grants and Entitle	ments not Restr	icted to Specific Pr	ograms	3,084,417
	Investment Earnin	•			102,264
	Gifts and Donation	าร			4,725
	Miscellaneous			-	4,557
	Total General Red	ceipts		-	4,895,416
	Change in Net As	sets			55,714
	Net Assets at Beg	inning of Year		-	1,997,128
	Net Assets at End	of Year		<u>-</u>	\$2,052,842

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:	General	<u> </u>	i uiius
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent Restricted Assets:	\$1,435,294	\$564,987 5,843	\$2,000,281 5,843
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	46,718		46,718
Total Assets	\$1,482,012	\$570,830	\$2,052,842
Fund Balances:			
Reserved for Encumbrances	\$102,924	\$65,864	\$168,788
Reserved for Textbooks and Instructional Materials	19,255		19,255
Reserved for Contributions		9,000	9,000
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:			
General Fund	1,359,833		1,359,833
Special Revenue Funds		182,471	182,471
Debt Service Fund		116,006	116,006
Capital Projects Funds		196,841	196,841
Permanent Fund		648	648
Total Fund Balances	\$1,482,012	\$570,830	\$2,052,842

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts:			
Property Taxes	\$710,949	\$138,692	\$849,641
Income Tax	849,812	\$0	849,812
Intergovernmental	3,382,782	528,078	3,910,860
Interest	97,813	4,451	102,264
Charges for Services	108,169	158,958	267,127
Tuition and Fees	241,434	275	241,709
Extracurricular Activities		71,194	71,194
Gifts and Donations	2,907	50,762	53,669
Miscellaneous	4,557		4,557
Total Receipts	5,398,423	952,410	6,350,833
Disbursements:			
Current:			
Instruction:	0.007.700	4.40.000	0.540.700
Regular	2,367,780	146,000	2,513,780
Special	489,099	142,756	631,855
Support Services: Pupils	189,111	112,100	301,211
Instructional Staff	225,613	50,952	276,565
Board of Education	37,399	00,002	37,399
Administration	539,712	1,435	541,147
Fiscal	190,448	2,766	193,214
Business	1,496	_,	1,496
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	533,723	752	534,475
Pupil Transportation	428,446	717	429,163
Central	108,626	8,041	116,667
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		268,054	268,054
Extracurricular Activities	146,038	53,300	199,338
Capital Outlay		126,655	126,655
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement		55,000	55,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		69,100	69,100
Total Disbursements	5,257,491	1,037,628	6,295,119
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	140,932	(85,218)	55,714
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Advances In	9,351	10,000	19,351
Transfers In		3,466	3,466
Advances Out	(10,000)	(9,351)	(19,351)
Transfers Out	(3,466)		(3,466)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,115)	4,115	
Net Change in Fund Balance	136,817	(81,103)	55,714
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,345,195	651,933	1,997,128
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$1,482,012	\$570,830	\$2,052,842

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts:		^		^
Property Taxes	\$699,933	\$710,283	\$710,949	\$666
Income Tax Intergovernmental	775,000 3,182,484	849,000 3,289,484	849,812 3,370,780	812 81,296
Interest	69,000	77,000	95,558	18,558
Charges for Services	108,169	108,169	108,169	10,550
Tuition and Fees	218,218	222,218	241,434	19,216
Rent	450	450	, -	(450)
Gifts and Donations	4,000	2,500	2,907	407
Miscellaneous	14,685	5,194	4,557	(637)
Total Receipts	5,071,939	5,264,298	5,384,166	119,868
Disbursements:				
Current: Instruction:				
Regular	2,333,536	2,483,447	2,395,081	88,366
Special	439,264	500,282	523,724	(23,442)
Other	22,442	23,340	14,450	8,890
Support Services:	,	-,-	,	-,
Pupils	144,652	173,462	189,214	(15,752)
Instructional Staff	222,568	232,700	227,204	5,496
Board of Education	54,244	55,860	37,515	18,345
Administration	501,343	516,283	542,410	(26,127)
Fiscal	190,265	214,910	190,488	24,422
Business Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3399 715,736	3,500	1,896	1,604
Pupil Transportation	439,024	740,089 452,107	548,359 434,873	191,730 17,234
Central	111,378	111,701	108,895	2,806
Extracurricular Activities	143,025	154,843	146,038	8,805
Capital Outlay	2,000	2,000		2,000
Total Disbursements	5,322,876	5,664,524	5,360,147	304,377
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(250,937)	(400,226)	24,019	424,245
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Refund of Prior Year Disbursements	20,000	20,000	12,002	(7,998)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	50	50	12,002	(50)
Advances In	30,000	30,000	9,351	(20,649)
Advances Out	(25,000)	(25,000)	(10,000)	15,000
Transfers Out	(10,000)	(10,000)	(3,466)	6,534
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	15,050	15,050	7,887	(7,163)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(235,887)	(385,176)	31,906	417,082
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,220,601	1,220,601	1,220,601	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	124,594	124,594	124,594	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$1,109,308	\$960,019	\$1,377,101	\$417,082

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

	Private Purpose Trust	Agency
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$59,360	\$45,235
Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Due to Students		\$45,235
Net Assets: Held in Trust for Scholarships Expendable Non-expendable Held in Trust for Scholarships	17,103 42,257 \$59,360	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Private Purpose Trust
Additions: Interest Gifts and Contributions	\$1,896 16,500
Total Additions	18,396
Deductions: Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements	5,500
Changes in Net Assets	12,896
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	46,464
Net Assets at End of Year	\$59,360

This page intentionally left blank.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Bradford Exempted Village School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines.

The School District serves an area of approximately 14,698 acres. It is located in Miami and Darke Counties along with a portion of Shelby County, and includes all of the Village of Bradford and portions of Newberry, Newton, Wayne, Adams, Franklin and Loramie Townships.

The Board of Education controls the School District's one instructional building and one garage staffed by 37 classified employees, 53 certificated full-time personnel who provide services to 681 students and other community members.

A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Bradford Exempted Village School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District does not have any component units.

The School District participates in four jointly governed organizations, one related organization, and three insurance purchasing pools. These organizations include the Upper Valley Joint Vocational School District, the Metropolitan Dayton Educational Cooperative Association, the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, the Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association, the Bradford Public Library, the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan, and the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Property, Fleet, and Liability Insurance Program. These organizations are presented in Notes 13, 14 and 15 to the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

A. Basis Of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The government-wide statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The School District, however, has no activities which are reported as business-type.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the cash balance of the School District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a modified cash basis or draws from the School District's general receipts.

2. Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary funds are reported by type.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The School District divides its funds into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds

The School District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants) and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The following is the School District's major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

2. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust fund which accounts for a college scholarship program for students. The student managed activities agency fund accounts for those student activities which consist of a student body, student president, student treasurer, and faculty advisor.

C. Basis of Accounting

The School District's financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the School District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the School District are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements. The balance of grant activity administered and held by a fiscal agent is presented on the Statement of Assets and Fund Balances as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent" and represents deposits of the Darke County Educational Service Center.

During fiscal year 2006, the School District's investments were limited to Federal National Mortgage Association Notes (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds (FHLB), CMA Money Market Fund, and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio). STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2006.

Following Ohio Statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2006 amounted to \$97,813, which includes \$66,717 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

E. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the General Fund represent amounts required by State statute to be set aside for the purchase of textbooks and instructional materials and capital improvements.

F. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The School District reports advances in and advances out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The School District recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 9 and 10, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and State grants restricted to cash disbursement for specified purposes. The School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The government-wide Statement of Net Assets reports \$590,085 of restricted net assets, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

I. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances, textbooks and instructional materials, and contributions.

J. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund and function level for the General Fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported in the final budgeted amounts column in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate that was in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year, including all supplemental appropriations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2006, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries," and GASB Statement No. 47, "Accounting for Termination Benefits."

GASB Statement No. 42 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for the impairment of capital assets. A capital asset is considered impaired when its service utility has declined significantly and unexpectedly. This statement also clarifies and establishes accounting requirements for insurance recoveries. The implementation of this statement had no effect on the School District's financial statements for fiscal year 2006.

GASB Statement No. 47 establishes accounting standards for termination benefits. This statement clarifies and establishes reporting requirements for those benefits provided by employers to employees as an incentive or settlement for voluntary early termination or as a consequence of the involuntary early termination of services. The implementation of this statement had no effect on the School District's financial statements for fiscal year 2006.

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) presented for the General Fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The differences between the budgetary basis and the modified cash basis are: outstanding year-end encumbrances, which are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (modified cash basis); and unrecorded cash, which represents amounts received but not included on the budget basis Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budget Basis). This amount is included as a receipt and disbursement on the modified cash basis Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the modified cash basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

Modified Cash Basis	\$136,817
Unrecorded Cash Disbursement (Returned Check)	268
Unrecorded Cash - Fiscal Year 2006	(2,255)
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(102,924)
Budget Basis	\$31,906

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States Treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio); and
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

The School District maintained \$5,843 shown in other governmental funds with the Darke County Educational Service Center. Since the monies are commingled, they cannot be classified by risk individually. The classification for the Darke County Educational Service Center as a whole can be obtained by writing to Emiko Augsburger, who serves as Treasurer, at 5279 Education Drive, Greenville, Ohio 45331-9761.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At fiscal year-end, \$426,937 of the School District's bank balance of \$640,165 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2006, the School District had the following investments. All investments are in an internal investment pool.

		Investment Maturities (in Years)		
	Carrying Value	Less than 1	1-2	3-4
Federal National Mortgage				
Association Notes	\$11,723			\$11,723
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	544,438		\$247,345	297,093
CMA Money Market Fund	31,586	\$31,586		
STAR Ohio	974,022	974,022		
Totals	\$1,561,769	\$1,005,608	\$247,345	\$308,816

Interest Rate Risk – The School District has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Credit Risk – The Federal National Mortgage Association Notes and Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds carry a rating of AAA by Moody's. The CMA Money Market Fund is unrated. STAROhio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and that the money market mutual fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District's investment policy limits investments to those authorized by State statute.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The School District's investments in the Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds represent 34.86 percent of the School District's total investments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2006 represents collections of calendar year 2005 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 became a lien December 31, 2004, were levied after April 1, 2005 and are collected in 2006 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2006 (other than public utility property tax) represents the collection of 2006 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2006 were levied after April 1, 2005, on the value listed as of December 31, 2005. In prior years, tangible personal property was assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent of true value for inventory. The tangible personal property tax is being phased out – the assessment percentage for all property including inventory for 2006 is 18.75 percent. This will be reduced to 12.5 percent for 2007, 6.25 percent for 2008 and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The School District receives property taxes from Shelby, Darke, and Miami Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2006, are available to finance fiscal year 2006 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2006 taxes were collected are:

	2005 Second- Half Collections		2006 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$36,339,070	93.63%	\$38,213,250	94.22%
Public Utility	1,393,560	3.59	1,366,250	3.37
General Business Personal	1,078,480	2.78	979,619	2.41
Total Assessed Value	\$38,811,110	100.00%	\$40,559,119	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$29.87		\$29.87	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

7. INCOME TAX

The School District levies a voted tax of 1.75 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The 1.00 percent tax was effective on January 1, 1982, while the 0.75 percent tax was effective on January 1, 1992. Both are a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2006, the School District jointed together with other School Districts in Ohio to participate in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Property, Fleet and Liability Insurance Program, an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 15).

Coverage is provided as follows:

Property (\$1,000 deductible, subject to scheduled limits)	\$300,000,000
Boiler and Machinery (\$2,500 deductible)	50,000,000
Auto Liability/Physical Damage (\$1,000 deductible)	1,000,000
Uninsured/Underinsured Motorists	1,000,000
General Liability (per occurrence/aggregate)	1,000,000/3,000,000
Educator Legal Liability (\$5,000 deductible, per occurrence/aggre-	gate) 1,000,00
Umbrella Coverage (per occurrence/aggregate)	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last fiscal year.

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2006, the School District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 15). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP.

A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Intergrated Comp, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

8. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

C. Employee Medical Benefits

For fiscal year 2006, the School District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan (MBP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 15). The intent of the MBP is to achieve the benefit of reduced health insurance premiums for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the MBP. The health insurance experience of the participating school districts is calculated and a premium rate is applied to all school districts in the MBP. Each participant pays its health insurance premiums to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC). Participation in the MBP is limited to school districts that can meet the MBP's selection criteria.

9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746, by calling (800) 878-5853 or by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2006, 10.58 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$94,401, \$102,300, and \$92,422, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for all three fiscal years.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2005, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004, were \$300,001, \$304,150, and \$291,083, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for all three fiscal years. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2006 were \$169 made by the School District and \$7,848 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2006, two members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The remaining Board members contribute to SERS. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio retirees who participated in the DB or Combined Plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS Ohio funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to one percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$23,077 for fiscal year 2006.

STRS Ohio pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2005, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$3.3 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, net health care costs paid by STRS Ohio were \$254,780,000 and STRS Ohio had 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.42 percent of covered payroll, compared to 3.43 percent of covered payroll for fiscal year 2005. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2006, the minimum pay was established at \$35,800. However, the surcharge is capped at two percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2006 fiscal year equaled \$43,953.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next fiscal year. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 (the latest information available) were \$178,221,113. At June 30, 2005, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$267.5 million. SERS has 58,123 participants eligible to receive health care benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Fiscal

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2006 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/05	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/06	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities School Improvement Bond 2001 - 4.30% - 5.25%	\$1,236,912	\$0	\$55,000	\$1,181,912	\$55,000

School Improvement General Obligation Bonds – The School District issued bonds in the amount of \$1,466,912 during fiscal year 2000. Of these bonds, \$530,000 are serial bonds, with maturity dates of December 1, 2000, to December 1, 2009, and \$925,000 are term bonds, with a maturity date of December 1, 2021. \$11,912 of the bonds are capital appreciation bonds, with maturity dates of December 1, 2010, and 2011. The maturity amount is \$70,000 and \$65,000, respectively.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$2,455,309 with an unvoted debt margin of \$39,213 at June 30, 2006.

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2006, are as follows:

Year			Capital App	oreciation		
Ending	Serial E	Bonds	Bon		Term Bonds	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2007	\$55,000	\$66,323			_	
2008	60,000	63,375				
2009	65,000	60,140				
2010	65,000	56,744				
2011			\$6,813	\$63,187		\$55,038
2012-2016			5,099	59,901	\$310,000	239,785
2017-2021					500,000	111,564
2022					115,000	3,421
Total	\$245,000	\$246,582	\$11,912	\$123,088	\$925,000	\$409,808

12. INTERFUND ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS

The General Fund had outstanding advances of \$10,000 at June 30, 2006 from Other Governmental Funds. General Fund advances are made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds. Restricted monies are used to reimburse the General Fund for advancing monies to other funds due to timing differences in the receiving of grant monies. When the monies are finally received, the grant fund reimburses the General Fund for the initial advance. All are expected to be repaid within one year.

The General Fund had transfers out to the Other Governmental Funds of \$3,466. Transfers are used to move General Fund revenues that are used to subsidize various programs in other funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

13. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Upper Valley Joint Vocational School District

The Upper Valley Joint Vocational School District is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the seven participating district's elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. One member is appointed from the following school districts: Bradford Exempted Village School District, Covington Exempted Village School District, and Miami County Educational Service Center. Two members are appointed from the following city and/or local school districts: Piqua, Sidney, Troy and Shelby County Educational Service Center. During fiscal year 2006, the School District did not contribute any money to the Upper Valley Joint Vocational School District. To obtain financial information wirte to the Upper Valley Joint Vocational School, William Stump, who services as Treasurer, at 8811 Career Drive, Piqua, Ohio 45356-9254.

B. Metropolitan Dayton Educational Cooperative Association

The School District is a participant in the Metropolitan Dayton Educational Cooperative Association (MDECA), which is a computer consortium. MDECA is an association of Public School Districts in a geographic area determined by the Ohio Department of Education. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member School Districts.

The governing board of MDECA consists of seven Superintendents of member school districts, with six of the Superintendents elected by majority vote of all member school districts with the exception of the Montgomery County Educational Service Center. The seventh Superintendent is from the Montgomery County Educational Service Center. During fiscal year 2006, the School District paid \$27,508 to MDECA. Financial information can be obtained from Jerry Woodyard, who serves as Director, at 201 Riverside Dr. Suite 1C, Dayton, Ohio 45405.

C. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council

The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) is a purchasing cooperative made up of nearly 100 school districts in 12 counties. The purpose of the cooperative is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC. Each member district has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the member districts. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC forfeits its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year's prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations.

Payments to SOEPC are made from the General Fund. During fiscal year 2006, the School District paid \$1,128 to the SOEPC. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, who serves as Director, at 303 Corporate Center Drive Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

13. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

D. Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association

The Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association (SOITA) is a not-for-profit corporation. The purpose of the corporation is to serve the educational needs of the area through television programming for the advancement of educational programs. The Board of Trustees is comprised of twenty-one representatives of SOITA member schools or institutions. Nineteen representatives are elected from within the counties by the qualified members within the following counties: Auglaize, Butler, Champaign, Clark, Clinton, Darke, Fayette, Greene, Hamilton, Logan, Mercer, Miami, Montgomery, Preble, Shelby, and Warren. Montgomery, Greene and Butler Counties elect two representatives per area. All others elect one representative per area. One at-large non-public representative is elected by the non-public school SOITA members in the State-assigned SOITA service area representive. One at-large higher education representative is elected by higher education SOITA members from within the State-assigned SOITA service area.

All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOITA. Upon dissolution, the net assets shall be distributed to the federal government, or to a State or local government, for a public purpose. Payments to SOITA are made from the General Fund. During fiscal year 2006, the School District paid \$1,051 to SOITA. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association, Dave Gibson, who serves as Director, at 150 East Sixth Street, Franklin, Ohio 45005.

14. RELATED ORGANIZATION

Bradford Public Library

The Bradford Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Oho created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Bradford School Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the school district for operational subsidies. Although the School District serves as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Bradford Public Library, Janice Sarver, Clerk/Treasurer, at 138 East Main Street, Bradford, Ohio 45308.

15. INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

A. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP). The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by an eleven member Executive Committee consisting of the Chairperson, the Vice-Chairperson, a representative from the Montgomery County Educational Service Center and eight other members elected by majority vote of all member school districts. The Chief Administrator of the GRP serves as the coordinator of the program. Each fiscal year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

15. INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

B. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan (MBP). The MBP's business and affairs are conducted by an eleven member committee consisting of various MBP representatives that are elected by the general assembly. Either the superintendent or treasurer from each participating school district serves on the general assembly. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the MBP to cover the costs of administering the program.

C. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Property, Fleet, and Liability Insurance Program

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Property, Fleet and Liability Insurance Program (PFL). The PFL's business and affairs are conducted by a six member committee consisting of various PFL representatives that are elected by the general assembly. The purpose of the Property, Fleet, and Liability Insurance Program of the SOEPC is to jointly provide or obtain casualty, property, employer liability, general liability, risk management, professional liability, group coverage and other protections for participating school districts.

16. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks/instructional materials and capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks/ Instructional Materials	Capital Improvements
Set-aside Reserve Balance June 30, 2005	\$26,228	(\$1,243,983)
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	91,775	91,775
Qualifying Disbursements	(98,748)	(70,519)
Totals	\$19,255	(\$1,222,727)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to		
Future Fiscal Years	\$19,255	(\$1,222,727)
Set-aside Reserve Balance June 30, 2006	\$19,255	(\$1,222,727)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Continued)

17. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2006.

B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as defendant.

18. DONOR RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

The School District's permanent fund and private purpose trust fund includes donor-restricted endowments. These assets are shown as net assets non-expendable to represent the principal portion of the endowment. The amount of net appreciation in donor-restricted investments that is available for expenditures by the governing body is shown as net assets expendable. State law permits the governing board to appropriate, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent, net appreciation, realized and unrealized, unless the endowment terms specify otherwise. The endowment of the permanent improvement fund indicates that the interest should be used for the kindergarten classroom. The endowments of the private purpose funds indicate that the interest should be used to provide scholarships.

19. COMPLIANCE

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03 (B), requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the School District prepared its financial statements on a modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, net assets/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The School District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the School District.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bradford Exempted Village School District Miami County 760 Railroad Avenue Bradford, Ohio 45308

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bradford Exempted Village School District, Miami County, (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 12, 2007, wherein we noted the School District uses a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinions on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the School District's management dated January 12, 2007, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem reportable conditions.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2006-001. In a separate letter to the School District's management dated January 12, 2007, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

One First National Plaza / 130 W. Second St. / Suite 2040 / Dayton, OH 45402 Telephone: (937) 285-6677 (800) 443-9274 Fax: (937) 285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us

Bradford Exempted Village School District Miami County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and Board of Education. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

January 12, 2007

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

FINDING RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2006-001

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the auditor of state has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38.

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). However, the District prepares its financial statements and notes following the modified cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the modified cash accounting basis and GAAP, we presume they are material. Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 the District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report.

The District should report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in order to more accurately reflect the financial activity and condition of the District.

Officials Response:

After analyzing the cost of filing and having a GAAP report audited versus the benefit and considering our current financial forecast it was decided to file a modified cash report. We felt the savings of our taxpayers money outweighed the citation.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Finding	Finding	Fully	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
Number	Summary	Corrected?	
2005-001	Ohio Administrative Code §117-2-03 (B), failure to report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.	No	Not Corrected – see finding 2006-001.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

BRADFORD EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT

MIAMI COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 8, 2007