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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Bloomfield Township Logan County 4540 CR 35 DeGraff, Ohio 43318

To the Board of Trustees:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to an interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an adverse opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

November 14, 2007

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Bloomfield Township Logan County 4540 CR 35 DeGraff, Ohio 43318

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Bloomfield Township, Logan County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Township has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP require presenting entity wide statements and also presenting the Township's larger (i.e. major) funds separately. While the Township does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require townships to reformat their statements. The Township has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 or its changes in financial position for the years then ended.

One First National Plaza / 130 W. Second St. / Suite 2040 / Dayton, OH 45402 Telephone: (937) 285-6677 (800) 443-9274 Fax: (937) 285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us Bloomfield Township Logan County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of Bloomfield Township, Logan County, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The Township has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2007, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

November 14, 2007

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$18,327			\$18,327
Intergovernmental	71,292	\$87,578	\$52,246	211,116
Earnings on Investments	10,332	6,749		17,081
Miscellaneous	68			68
Total Cash Receipts	100,019	94,327	52,246	246,592
Cash Disbursements: Current:				
General Government	25,739			25,739
Public Safety	5,500			5,500
Public Works	0,000	69,049		69,049
Health	4,050	,		4,050
Capital Outlay	,		52,246	52,246
Total Cash Disbursements	35,289	69,049	52,246	156,584
Total Receipts Over Disbursements	64,730	25,278		90,008
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	229,137	282,755		511,892
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$293,867	\$308,033	\$0	\$601,900

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Governmental		
	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:	<b>\$40 700</b>		<b>*</b> 4 0 <b>7</b> 0 0
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$18,793		\$18,793
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	450	•	450
Integovernmental	12,331	\$90,685	103,016
Earnings on Investments	5,519	3,721	9,240
Miscellaneous	1,120		1,120
Total Cash Receipts	38,213	94,406	132,619
Cash Disbursements:			
Current:	04.050		04.050
General Government	24,358		24,358
Public Safety	5,500	04.070	5,500
Public Works	0.070	31,979	31,979
Health	6,372	7 000	6,372
Capital Outlay	86	7,686	7,772
Total Cash Disbursements	36,316	39,665	75,981
Total Receipts Over Disbursements	1,897	54,741	56,638
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	227,240	228,014	455,254
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$229,137	\$282,755	\$511,892
Reserve for Encumbrances, December 31	\$0	\$427	\$427

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Bloomfield Township, Logan County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance and cemetery maintenance. The Township contracts with Maplewood Community Fire Department and the Village of Lakeview Fire Department to provide fire protection to the Township's residents. The Township contracts with Miami Township and the Village of Jackson Center for emergency medical services.

The Township participates in the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity. The organization is:

#### Public Entity Risk Pool:

OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

#### B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

## C. Cash and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Township values certificates of deposit at cost.

### D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

## 1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than from private-purpose trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

**Gasoline Tax Fund** - This fund receives gasoline tax money to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

### 3. Capital Project Funds

These funds account for receipts restricted to acquiring or constructing major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust funds). The Township had the following significant Capital Project Fund:

**Public Works Project Fund** – The Township accounts for the memo receipts and expenditures for Logan County sales tax money and State Issue II grant monies spent on behalf of the Township for constructing, maintaining and repairing Township roads.

### E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

## 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law. Management has included audit adjustments in the accompanying budgetary presentations for material items that should have been encumbered.

A summary of 2006 and 2005 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

## F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

# 2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH

The Township maintains a cash pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits. The carrying amount of cash at December 31 was as follows:

	2006	2005
Demand deposits	\$220,908	\$159,458
Certificates of deposit	380,992	352,434
Total deposits	\$601,900	\$511,892

**Deposits:** Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

In 2006 and 2005 the Township did not receive collateral statements from two of its banks which violated Ohio Rev. Code Section 135.18.

# 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2006 and 2005 follows:

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts					
	Budgeted Actual				
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance		
General	\$37,000	\$100,019	\$63,019		
Special Revenue	86,300	94,327	8,027		
Capital Projects	23,996	52,246	28,250		
Total	\$147,296	\$246,592	\$99,296		

2006 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures				
Fund Tume	Appropriation	Budgetary	Variance	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance	
General	\$256,824	\$35,289	\$221,535	
Special Revenue	287,330	69,049	218,281	
Capital Projects	0	52,246	(52,246)	
Total	\$544,154	\$156,584	\$387,570	

2005 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts					
Budgeted Actual					
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance		
General	\$34,000	\$38,213	\$4,213		
Special Revenue	76,686	94,406	17,720		
Total	\$110,686	\$132,619	\$21,933		

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

# 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY (Continued)

2005 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures					
	Appropriation Budgetary				
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance		
General	\$257,824	\$36,316	\$221,508		
Special Revenue	295,016	40,092	254,924		
Total	\$552,840	\$76,408	\$476,432		

The Township violated the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code Sections 5705.36 and 5705.40 when it failed to amend its certificate of estimated resources and appropriations for some revenue spent on be-half of the Township.

# 4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

## 5. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Township employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plans' benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2006 and 2005, OPERS members contributed 9 and 8.5%, respectively, of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 13.7 and 13.55%, respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2006.

## 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty loses and injuries to employees. The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

#### 6. **RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

#### A. Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006 OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence, including loss adjustment expenses. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides *excess of funds available* coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000 (for claims prior to January 1, 2006) or \$3,000,000 (for claims on or after January 1, 2006) as noted above.

#### B. Property Coverage

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence.

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable values. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2006 was \$1,901,127.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

#### C. Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2006 and 2005.

Casualty Coverage	2006	2005
Assets	\$32,031,312	\$30,485,638
Liabilities	(11,443,952)	(12,344,576)
Retained earnings	\$20,587,360	\$18,141,062
Property Coverage	2006	2005
Assets	\$10,010,963	\$9,177,796
Liabilities	(676,709)	(1,406,031)
	(070,703)	(1,400,001)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (Continued)

## 6. **RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

At December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, casualty coverage liabilities noted above include approximately \$10.8 million and \$11.6 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$10.8 million and \$11.6

million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 958 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$6,610. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

## Township Contributions to OTARMA

\$3,077
\$3,080
\$2,856

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA provided they give written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Bloomfield Township Logan County 4540 CR 35 DeGraff, Ohio 43318

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of Bloomfield Township, Logan County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2007 wherein we noted the Township followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

We consider the following deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting: 2006-001 through 2006-003.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

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# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we believe findings number 2006-002 and 2006-003 are also material weaknesses.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items: 2006-003 through 2006-005.

We also noted a certain noncompliance or other matter not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated November 14, 2007.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management, and the Board of Trustees. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

November 14, 2007

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

# FINDING NUMBER 2006-001

# Significant Deficiency

## Review of Budget versus Actual Reports, Fund Balances, and Other Financial Information

To assist in the management of a township's financial resources, the board should periodically review financial reports that reflect budget versus actual revenues and expenditures and fund balances. During 2006 and 2005, the Trustees reviewed bank to book reconciliations, a listing of receipts, and the current bills, however they did not review financial reports or records that reflected budget versus actual information or fund balances.

The Trustees failure to monitor budget versus actual activity and fund balances could result in the inability to detect variances from financial goals, violations of budgetary or other laws, or errors and irregularities.

Since the Township maintained manual records, the Trustees should periodically review the revenue and expenditures ledgers which present budget versus actual information. In addition, the cash journal should be reviewed since it reflects the current fund balances. Procedures should also be implemented to help assure the accuracy of the reported budgeted amounts in the ledgers, agreement of the bank to book reconciliations to the fund balances reported in the cash journal, and accuracy of the monthly bank to book reconciliations. Evidence of these procedures should be noted in the minutes and/or on the reviewed documents.

#### FINDING NUMBER 2006-002

#### Material Weakness

## Proper Classification of Financial Activity

To assist in the effective management and reporting of financial resources, an entity should have procedures in place to help assure that revenues are correctly classified in the accounting records and financial statements. The Township's 2006 accounting records and financial statements had revenue classification errors of \$1,290 in the General Fund. In 2005, the Township's accounting records and financial statements had revenue reclassification errors of \$1,009 in the General Fund, \$7,686 in the Special Revenue FEMA Fund and \$7,686 in the Special Revenue Gasoline Tax Fund. The classification errors consisted of but were not limited to the recording of refunds as other financing sources revenue instead of intergovernmental revenue; the recording of ambulance contract money as miscellaneous revenue instead of intergovernmental revenue; and the recording of kilowatt tax reimbursements as other financing sources revenue instead of intergovernmental revenue; and the recording of kilowatt tax reimbursements as other financing sources revenue instead of intergovernmental revenue.

In 2005, the proceeds of a FEMA Grant, in the amount of \$7,686, was recorded as a receipt in the FEMA fund, however, the Township failed to reduce the expenditures in the fund that initially incurred the expenses and did not record the expense in the FEMA fund. As a result, expenditures were overstated by \$7,686 in the Gasoline Tax Fund and understated by \$7,686 in the FEMA Fund.

Bloomfield Township Logan County Schedule of Findings Page 2

## FINDING NUMBER 2006-002 (Continued)

The failure to correctly record revenues and expenditures could not only impact users' understanding of the financial operations, it also inhibited the Township's Trustees and management's ability to make sound financial decisions, and may impact the Township's ability to comply with budgetary laws. The accompanying financial statements have been adjusted to correctly reflect all financial activity.

The Township Fiscal Officer should review the Ohio Township Manual, and Auditor of State Audit Bulletins for guidance in the recording of revenues and expenditures. The Township's Fiscal Officer and Trustees should also perform a periodic review of the financial records to help identify recording errors.

# FINDING NUMBER 2006-003

# Material Weakness/Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.36(A)(2) allows all subdivisions to request increased amended certificates of estimated resources upon determination by the fiscal officer that revenue to be collected will be greater than the amount in the official certificate of estimated resources. Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.36(A)(3) requires obtaining an increased amended certificate from the budget commission if the legislative authority intends to appropriate and expend excess revenue. Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.40 allows an entity to amend or supplement appropriations.

In 2006, the Township failed to amend the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution for Logan County sales tax money, in the amount of \$28,250, and failed to amend the appropriations resolution for Issue II money, in the amount of \$23,996, spent on behalf of the Township. In addition, the Township also failed to record in its accounting records and annual financial statements the memo entries to account for the receipt and disbursement of this money. The accompanying financial statements have been adjusted to reflect receipt and disbursement of this money.

The failure to record this activity prevents the users of the financial statements from seeing the financial benefit received by the Township.

The Township should review Auditor of State Bulletin 2002-004 for guidance in the budgeting of Issue II money. Procedures should then be implemented by the Township to help assure that the estimated resources and appropriations for Issue II money are approved by the Board and submitted to the county auditor.

## FINDING NUMBER 2006-004

## Noncompliance Citation

**Ohio Rev. Code Sections 135.18** requires the Treasurer of a political subdivision to require the depository to provide as security an amount equal to the funds on deposit at all times. Such security may consist of federal deposit insurance, surety company bonds, pledged securities, or pooled collateral as authorized by Ohio Rev. Code Section 135.181.

The Township's deposits at Miami Valley Bank were in excess of the amounts covered by Federal Depository Insurance for 2006 and 2005 by \$156,043 and \$133,274, respectively, and at Sky Bank by \$224,726 and \$160,885, respectively. The Treasurer failed to require these Banks to provide specific or pooled collateral as security for the excess of funds on deposit in excess of the insured amounts.

The Township should request evidence of collateral for deposits in excess of \$100,000. In addition, the Township should verify that the collateral is allowable per this Code Section.

Bloomfield Township Logan County Schedule of Findings Page 3

### FINDING NUMBER 2006-005

### **Noncompliance Citation**

**Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D)** prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

a. "Then and Now" certificate – If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.

- b. Blanket certificate Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by the legislative authority against any specific line item account and not running beyond the current year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- **c. Super Blanket certificate** The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any one line item appropriation.

The Township did not properly certify the availability of funds prior to purchase commitment for 11 percent of the expenditures during 2006 and 2005. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending fund and negative cash fund balances.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Township's Fiscal Officer certify that the funds are or will be available prior to the obligation by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used. And for those commitments over the \$3,000 threshold, a resolution by the trustees is needed in order to pay.

Bloomfield Township Logan County Schedule of Findings Page 4

# FINDING NUMBER 2006-005 (Continued)

We recommend the Township certify purchases to which section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The fiscal officer should sign the certification at the time the Township incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The fiscal officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code, to reduce the available appropriation.

# **OFFICIALS' RESPONSE**

We did not receive a response from Officials to these findings.

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2006

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <b>Explain</b>
2004-001	Ohio Rev. Code 505.24(C) – Method of allocating the wages of each Trustee	No	Repeated in management letter.
2004-002	Review of Budget versus Actual Reports, Fund Balances, and Other Financial Information	No	Repeated as finding 2006-001





**BLOOMFIELD TOWNSHIP** 

LOGAN COUNTY

**CLERK'S CERTIFICATION** 

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 27, 2007

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