Audit Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

CHARLES E. HARRIS & ASSOCIATES, INC. Certified Public Accountants and Government Consultants



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

Board of Trustees Woodridge Local School District 4411 Quick Road Peninsula, Ohio 44264

We have reviewed the *Report of Independent Accountants* of the Woodridge Local School District, Summit County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. for the audit period July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2005. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Woodridge Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomeny

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

February 8, 2006

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WOODRIDGE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Audit Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Education Woodridge Local School District Peninsula, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Woodridge Local School District, Summit County, Ohio, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Woodridge Local School District, Summit County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary position for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Technical Bulletin No 2004-2, "<u>Recognition of Pension and Other</u> <u>Postemployment Benefit/Expenses and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers</u>" and GASB statement No. 45 "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other Than</u> <u>Pension</u>".

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally on inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 14, 2005 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grants and other matters. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Woodridge Local School District Summit County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the Woodridge Local Local School District taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 14, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of Woodridge Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- General revenues accounted for \$19,562,500 in revenue or 87.0 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants, contributions and interest, and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$2,924,765 or 13.0 percent of total revenues of \$22,487,265.
- The School District had \$20,044,918 in expenses related to governmental activities; program revenues offset only \$2,924,765 of these expenses. \$19,562,500 of general revenues was adequate to provide for these programs resulting in an increase in net assets of \$2,442,347.
- Total expenses amounted to \$20.0 million, and expenses related to instruction amounted to \$11.0 million or 55.1 percent of this total.
- At the end of the fiscal year, fund balance for the general fund was \$2,046,005 or 12.8 percent of the total general fund expenditures and the total fund balance increased by \$2,052,569.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Woodridge Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longerterm view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements present how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant fund with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While these statements contain information about a large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and helps answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2005?" These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's current property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the School Districts' activities are considered to be all governmental activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 14. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant fund. The School District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2005 and 2004.

	Table 1			
N	et Assets			
		Governmente	al Acti	<i>ivities</i>
		<u>2005</u>		<u>2004</u>
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$	21,457,237	\$	17,265,345
Capital assets, net of depreciation		14,225,657		14,583,539
Total assets		35,682,894	_	31,848,884
Liabilities				
Current and other liabilities		17,914,979		16,004,548
Long-term liabilities:		, ,		, ,
Due within one year		557,466		942,209
Due in more than one year		15,783,656		15,917,681
Total liabilities		34,256,101		32,864,438
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of debt		(1,423,002)		(1,591,313)
Restricted		1,000,227		921,823
Unrestricted		1,849,568		(346,064)
Total net assets	\$	1,426,793	\$	(1,015,554)

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2005, the School District's net assets increased \$2,442,347 from June 30, 2004.

The increase in net assets is largely reflected in the unrestricted net asset portion. This increase is related to the general fund activity and is comparable to the increase in the fund balance of the general fund. The increase is related to a significant increase in general fund property taxes and equity in pooled cash, both of which are the result of a new tax levy. The collections on the new tax levy have improved the cash flow of the general fund and have resulted in a significant decrease in intergovernmental payable as compared to the previous year.

A portion of the School District's net assets, \$1,000,227, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how the funds may be used. Of the total restricted net assets, \$388,731 is restricted for debt service payments, \$404,876 is restricted for capital projects, and \$206,620 is restricted for other purposes. The remaining balance of net assets of \$1,849,568 is unrestricted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

Table 2 shows changes in net assets for fiscal year 2005 and 2004.

Table 2				
Change in Net Asso	ets Governmental Activities			
	2005	2004		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,485,468	\$ 979,679		
Operating grants, contributions and interest	1,427,245	1,071,564		
Capital grants and contributions	12,052	13,500		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	16,426,002	13,307,022		
Grants and entitlements	2,976,009	2,757,940		
Investment earnings	94,748	38,554		
Miscellaneous	65,741	318,504		
Total revenues	22,487,265	18,486,763		
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	8,056,369	7,869,679		
Special	2,279,467	2,050,488		
Vocational	357,939	430,811		
Adult/continuing	-	1,853		
Other	359,042	208,637		
Support services:	000,012	200,007		
Pupils	1,097,340	1,081,905		
Instructional staff	659,056	647,283		
Board of education	15,900	17,061		
Administration	1,707,770	1,729,357		
Fiscal	533,691	531,648		
Business	20,246	30,749		
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,463,634	1,378,526		
Pupil transportation	1,179,000	1,169,546		
Central	101,766	80,804		
Operation of non-instructional services:	101,700	00,007		
Food service operations	625,825	589,619		
Community services	14,176	2,209		
Extracurricular activities	392,537	388,486		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,181,160	1,134,989		
Total expenses	20,044,918	19,343,650		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$ 2,442,347	\$ (856,887)		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

Several revenue sources fund our governmental activities with property taxes and State foundation revenues being the largest contributors. Property tax levies generated over \$16.4 million in 2005. General revenues from grants and entitlements, such as the school foundation program, generated over \$2.9 million. With the combination of taxes and intergovernmental funding 86.3 percent of all revenues, the School District monitors both of these revenue sources very closely for fluctuations.

Instruction and interest and fiscal charges comprise 55.1 percent and 5.9 percent, respectively, of governmental program expenses. Interest expense was attributable to outstanding bonds and various lease payments for equipment.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements for fiscal year 2005 and 2004.

Table 3 Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services				<u>vices</u>		
	2005	<u>2004</u>		2005		-	2004
Program Expenses							
Instruction:							
Regular	8,056,369	\$	7,869,679	\$	(6,621,235)	\$	(7,001,697)
Special	2,279,467		2,050,488		(1,848,528)		(1,813,325)
Vocational	357,939		430,811		(349,329)		(430,811)
Adult/continuing	_		1,853		-		(183)
Other	359,042		208,637		(359,042)		(208,637)
Support services:							
Pupils	1,097,340		1,081,905		(993,743)		(974,736)
Instructional staff	659,056		647,283		(544,444)		(591,404)
Board of education	15,900		17,061		(15,900)		33,280
Administration	1,707,770		1,729,357		(1,648,385)		(1,729,357)
Fiscal	533,691		531,648		(533,691)		(531,648)
Business	20,246		30,749		(20,046)		(30,749)
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,463,634		1,378,526		(1,463,634)		(1,378,526)
Pupil transportation	1,179,000		1,169,546		(1,147,931)		(1,138,698)
Central	101,766		80,804		(101,766)		(80,804)
Operation of non-instructional services:							
Food service operations	625,825		589,619		(18,692)		1,718
Community services	14,176		2,209		(3,216)		(2,209)
Extracurricular activities	392,537		388,486		(269,411)		(266,132)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,181,160		1,134,989		(1,181,160)		(1,134,989)
Total expenses	\$ 20,044,918	\$	19,343,650	\$	(17,120,153)	\$	(17,278,907)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

The School District's Funds

The School District's major fund is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The total revenues for governmental funds were \$22,376,953 and total expenditures were \$20,141,381. The increase of \$2,052,569 in the general fund's fund balance was significant. The increase was a result of the first full year of collections of a new property tax levy and holding expenditure increases to a minimum.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During fiscal year 2005, the School District amended its general fund budget; however this amendment was not significant. Budget revisions are presented to the Board of Education for approval.

For the general fund, the final budget basis revenue, excluding other financing sources, estimate was \$17,589,947, which was higher than the original budget estimate of \$15,798,347. Much of this \$1,791,600 difference was due to estimates for property taxes, the amounts of which are unknown during the original budgeting process. This estimate must be adjusted during the year as the grant awards are finalized. Later in the fiscal year, when this amount is known, it is removed from the tax estimate and included in the estimate for intergovernmental revenue.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2005, the School District had \$14,225,657 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2005 balances compared to fiscal year 2004.

Table 4						
Capital Assets, at Fiscal Year End						
(Net of Depreciation)						

	Governmental Activities				
	2005 2004				
Land	\$ 102,500		\$	102,500	
Buildings and improvements	12,831,109			13,200,784	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	864,838			965,896	
Vehicles	 427,210			314,359	
Total capital assets	\$ 14,225,657		\$	14,583,539	

The most notable change occurred in building and improvements. This decrease is the result of depreciation expense. The decrease was somewhat offset by the purchase of buses at a cost of \$162,586. See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

Debt

At June 30, 2005 the School District had \$15,599,503 in bonds outstanding (including bond accretion) with \$400,200 due within one year. This balance reflected a reduction of \$753,841 from the previous year's balance of \$16,054,863. Table 5 summarizes the debt and capital lease outstanding:

Table 5
Outstanding Debt and Capital Lease, at Fiscal Year End

	Governmental			Governmental			
	Activities				Activities		
	<u>2005</u>				<u>2004</u>		
General obligation bonds	\$	15,551,590		\$	15,984,643		
Energy conservation bonds		47,913			70,220		
Capital leases		49,156			119,989		
Total outstanding	\$	15,648,659		\$	16,174,852		

During fiscal year 2001, the School District issued \$8.2 million in bonds, the proceeds of which were used to refund bonds of the same amount but with a higher interest rate. See Notes 14 and 15 to the basic financial statements for the repayment schedules of the bonded debt and the capital leases.

Capital leases are to be repaid from the general and permanent improvements capital projects funds, and the bonds are to be repaid from the debt service fund. The School District has budgeted to meet all of the School District's debt requirements.

Current Issues Affecting Financial Condition

The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. The financial future of the School District is not without its challenges though. These challenges stem from issues that are local and at the State level. The local challenges will continue to exist, as the School District must rely heavily on property taxes to fund its operations. State level challenges continue to evolve as the State of Ohio determines the outcome of the Ohio Supreme Court case dealing with the unconstitutionality of the State's educational funding system. Although the School District relies heavily on its property taxpayers to support its operations, the community support for the schools is quite strong.

The State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational funding system, one that was neither 'adequate' nor 'equitable'. Since 1997, the State has directed its additional financial support toward School Districts with little property tax wealth. In May 2001, the Ohio Supreme Court again, ruled that, while the State had made some progress, the current funding system for schools is far too dependent on property taxes, which are inherently not 'equitable' nor 'adequate'. The court directed the Governor and the legislature to address the fundamental issue creating the inequities. See Note 17 to the basic financial statements for more on this contingent matter.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

Due to the unsettled issues in the school funding, management is required to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years.

In conclusion, the School District's system of budgeting and internal controls is well regarded. All of the School District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions or need additional financial information, contact Deanna Levenger, Treasurer, at Woodridge Local School District, 4411 Quick Road, Peninsula OH, 44264.

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Woodridge Local School District Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	Governmental Activities	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,995,6	
Inventory held for resale	12,8	
Materials and supplies inventory	3,8	
Accrued Interest Receivable	2,8	69
Receivables:		
Accounts	51,4	82
Intergovernmental	15,0	34
Taxes	17,338,5	62
Prepaid items	36,9	52
Capital assets:		
Land	102,5	00
Depreciable capital assets, net	14,123,1	57
Total capital assets	14,225,6	
Total assets	35,682,8	94
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	91,5	17
Accrued wages	1,243,2	
Matured compensated absences payable	3,5	
Intergovernmental payable	528,5	
Accrued interest payable	134,2	
Deferred revenue	15,913,9	
Long-term liabilities:	10,910,9	
Due within one year	557,4	66
Due in more than one year	15,783,6	
Total liabilities	34,256,1	
<u>Net assets:</u> Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	(1 422 0	02)
	(1,423,0	02)
Restricted for:	404.9	70
Capital projects	404,8	
Debt service	388,7	
Other purposes	206,6	
Unrestricted	1,849,5	68
Total net assets	\$ 1,426,7	93

Woodridge Local School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

								F	Revenues and Changes in
				Prog	ram Revenues				Net Assets
					rating Grants,				
		C	harges for		ontributions	Car	ital Grants	(Governmental
	Expenses		Services	a	nd Interest	and C	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$ 8,056,369	\$	899,869	\$	535,265	\$	-	\$	(6,621,235)
Special	2,279,467		67,392		363,547		-		(1,848,528)
Vocational	357,939		8,610		-		-		(349,329)
Other	359,042		-		-		-		(359,042)
Support services:									
Pupils	1,097,340		27,017		76,580		-		(993,743)
Instructional staff	659,056		4,369		110,243		-		(544,444)
Board of education	15,900		-		-		-		(15,900)
Administration	1,707,770		-		59,385		-		(1,648,385)
Fiscal	533,691		-		-		-		(533,691)
Business	20,246		200		-		-		(20,046)
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,463,634		-		-		-		(1,463,634)
Pupil transportation	1,179,000		19,017		-		12,052		(1,147,931)
Central	101,766		-		-		-		(101,766)
Operation of non-instructional services:									
Food service operations	625,825		337,617		269,516		-		(18,692)
Comunity services	14,176		-		10,960		-		(3,216)
Extracurricular activities	392,537		121,377		1,749		-		(269,411)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,181,160		-		-		-		(1,181,160)
Total governmental activities	\$ 20,044,918	\$	1,485,468	\$	1,427,245	\$	12,052		(17,120,153)

General Revenues:	
Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	14,483,371
Debt service	1,538,618
Capital outlay	404,013
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs	2,976,009
Investment earnings	94,748
Miscellaneous	 65,741
Total general revenues	 19,562,500
Change in net assets	2,442,347
Net assets beginning of year - (See Note 3)	 (1,015,554)
Net assets end of year	\$ 1,426,793

Net (Expense)

Woodridge Local School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2005

June 30, 2005			
		Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Funds	Funds
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,591,370	\$ 1,140,421	\$ 3,731,791
Inventory held for resale	-	12,869	12,869
Materials and supplies inventory	-	3,837	3,837
Accrued Interest Receivable	2,869	-	2,869
Receivables:	-		
Accounts	28,368	23,114	51,482
Intergovernmental	-	15,034	15,034
Interfund	9,892	-	9,892
Taxes	15,370,740	1,967,822	17,338,562
Prepaid items	36,952	-	36,952
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents (restricted)	263,841	-	263,841
Total assets	\$ 18,304,032	\$ 3,163,097	\$ 21,467,129
Liabilities and fund balances:			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 53,695	\$ 37,822	\$ 91,517
Accrued wages	1,123,626	119,577	1,243,203
Matured compensated absences payable	3,535	-	3,535
Interfund payable	-	9,892	9,892
Intergovernmental payable	503,536	24,997	528,533
Deferred revenue	14,573,635	1,859,838	16,433,473
Total liabilities	16,258,027	2,052,126	18,310,153
Fund balances:			
Reserved for encumbrances	253,592	143,227	396,819
Reserved for textbooks/instructional material	263,841	-	263,841
Unreserved,			
Undesignated, reported in:			
General fund	1,528,572	-	1,528,572
Special revenue funds	-	124,730	124,730
Debt service fund	-	501,136	501,136
Capital projects funds		341,878	341,878
Total fund balances	2,046,005	1,110,971	3,156,976
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 18,304,032	\$ 3,163,097	\$ 21,467,129

Woodridge Local School District Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2005

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 3,156,976
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		14,225,657
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Property taxes	\$ 293,456	
Intergovernmental Total	 226,105	519,561
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds Compensated absences Capital leases Accrued interest payable	\$ (15,599,503) (692,463) (49,156) (134,279)	
Total	 (10 1,2 (7))	 (16,475,401)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 1,426,793
San accompanying notes to the basic financial statements		

Woodridge Local School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005			
	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 14,542,264	\$ 1,947,303	\$ 16,489,567
Intergovernmental	2,775,076	1,637,103	4,412,179
Interest	88,732	8,190	96,922
Tuition and fees	705,576	65,287	770,863
Extracurricular activities	-	171,912	171,912
Gifts and donations	-	30,972	30,972
Customer services	-	337,617	337,617
Miscellaneous	65,741	1,180	66,921
Total revenues	18,177,389	4,199,564	22,376,953
Expenditures: Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	6,951,289	746,778	7,698,067
Special	1,884,419	367,449	2,251,868
Vocational	360,816	10,258	371,074
Other	358,708		358,708
Support services:			,
Pupils	994,293	102,854	1,097,147
Instructional staff	495,329	124,437	619,766
Board of education	15,900	-	15,900
Administration	1,592,486	107,076	1,699,562
Fiscal	503,287	28,753	532,040
Business	-	20,246	20,246
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,349,396	98,516	1,447,912
Pupil transportation	1,087,241	28,698	1,115,939
Central	101,608		101,608
Operation of non-instructional services:	- ,		- ,
Food service operations	-	588,019	588,019
Community services	-	14,176	14,176
Extracurricular activities	245,160	146,621	391,781
Capital outlay	12,052	162,586	174,638
Debt service:	y		· ,
Principal retirement	70,833	753,841	824,674
Interest and fiscal charges	6,068	812,188	818,256
Total expenditures	16,028,885	4,112,496	20,141,381
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,148,504	87,068	2,235,572
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	-	96,235	96,235
Transfers out	(95,935)	(300)	(96,235)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(95,935)	95,935	-
Net change in fund balances	2,052,569	183,003	2,235,572
Fund balances at beginning of year	(6,564)	927,968	921,404
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,046,005	\$ 1,110,971	\$ 3,156,976
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Woodridge Local School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 2,235,572
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the			
statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in			
the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives a In the current period, these amounts are:	is deprecia	tion expense.	
Capital asset additions	\$	174,638	
Depreciation expense		(531,635)	
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense			(356,997)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the exten	t proceeds	are	
received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is			
each disposal.	-		(885)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financi	al resource	es are not	
reported as revenues in the funds. These activities consist of:	ui resoure		
Property taxes	\$	(63,568)	
Intergovernmental	+	(31,198)	
Tuition and fees		205,078	
Net change in deferred revenues during the year		<u> </u>	110,312
Repayment of bonds and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the g	overnment	tal funds, but the	
repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.			824,674
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of	of current f	inancial	
resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmen			
activities consist of:			
Increase in compensated absences	\$	(7,425)	
Increase in accrued interest		(64,423)	
Bond accretion		(298,481)	
Total additional expenditures			 (370,329)
Change in net assets of governmental activities			\$ 2,442,347
~			

Woodridge Local School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005	 Budgeted	Amou	ints		Fin	iance with al Budget
	 Original		Final	 Actual		Positive Vegative)
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and fees Miscellaneous	\$ 12,549,863 2,815,032 61,961 322,483 49,008	\$	13,802,411 2,815,032 105,804 781,363 85,337	\$ 13,989,224 2,815,032 82,904 714,442 66,867	\$	186,813 (22,900) (66,921) (18,470)
Total revenues	 15,798,347		17,589,947	 17,668,469		78,522
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:	- 1 -		Z 0 (1 2 7 0	- 000 074		25.000
Regular	7,477,311		7,064,278	7,039,076		25,202
Special Vocational	1,876,529 360,445		2,076,775 425,205	2,036,209 404,218		40,566 20,987
Other	228,508		357,808	357,535		20,987
Support services:	228,508		557,808	557,555		215
Pupils	974,348		1,035,728	1,031,994		3,734
Instructional staff	535,987		513,487	500,417		13,070
Board of education	19,050		25,050	22,773		2,277
Administration	1,655,382		1,662,082	1,627,917		34,165
Fiscal	508,293		508,293	505,176		3,117
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,517,633		1,437,077	1,392,296		44,781
Pupil transportation	1,060,125		1,110,657	1,105,173		5,484
Central	109,406		109,406	106,472		2,934
Extracurricular activities	 342,873		340,043	 249,820		90,223
Total expenditures	 16,665,890		16,665,889	 16,379,076		286,813
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (867,543)		924,058	 1,289,393		365,335
Other financing sources (uses):						
Refund of prior year expenditures	2,615		2,615	2,615		-
Refund of prior year receipts	(20,000)		(20,000)	-		20,000
Advances in	50,781		78,521	78,521		-
Advances out	(15,000)		(14,999)	(9,893)		5,106
Transfers out	 (110,000)		(110,000)	 (95,935)		14,065
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (91,604)		(63,863)	 (24,692)		39,171
Net change in fund balance	(959,147)		860,195	1,264,701		404,506
Fund balance at beginning of year	975,228		975,228	975,228		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	324,456		324,456	324,456		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 340,537	\$	2,159,879	\$ 2,564,385	\$	404,506
,	 		, , -	 , , -		

Woodridge Local School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2005

• •	 Agency
<u>Assets:</u> Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 33,167
Accounts	7,847
Total assets	\$ 41,014
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 10,167
Due to students	 30,847
Total liabilities	\$ 41,014

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Woodridge Local School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by state and/or federal agencies. The Board controls the School District's five instructional/support facilities staffed by 103 non-certificated employees and 149 certificated teaching and support personnel, including 10 administrators that provide services to 1,752 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool and student-related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organizations' resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization.

Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Based on the above criteria, the School District had no component units at June 30, 2005.

The School District is associated with the Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology, which is defined as a jointly governed organization. Jointly governed organizations are governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organizations, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. Information regarding these organizations is presented in Note 16.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting entity for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting polices.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The School District has one major governmental fund:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

<u>General Fund</u>: The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund which reports resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All non-fiduciary assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and the agency fund uses the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenue - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, investment earnings, tuition, grants and entitlements, and student fees.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2005 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as intergovernmental revenue and an expenditure of food service operations. In addition, this amount is reported on the statement of activities as an expense with a like amount reported within the "Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest" program revenue account.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The amounts reported as the original budget revenue in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts reported as the final budgeted during fiscal year 2005. The amounts reported as the original budgeted expenditure amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted expenditure amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents". During the fiscal year, investments were limited to overnight repurchase agreements and interest in Star Ohio, the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. All investments of the School District had a maturity of two years or less. These investments are stated at cost, which approximates market value (fair value). Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings accrue to the general fund except those specifically related to certain trust funds; required by a grant agreement; or when approved by the Board of Education to be recorded in another fund. The Board of Education has passed a resolution to allow interest to also be recorded in other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2005, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year which services are consumed.

G. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

H. Inventory

Within the basic financial statements, inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first out basis and are expensed when used.

Inventories of the general fund were not significant at the end of the year. Inventories of the food service special revenue fund consist of donated food, purchased food and supplies held for resale.

I. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, and laws of other governments or by enabling legislation. Restricted assets may include unexpended revenues restricted for the purchase of school buses, and amounts required to be set aside by the School District for the purchase of textbooks or for the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Restricted assets may also include amounts set aside as a reserve for budget stabilization, which is now optional as determined by the School District. The School District did not spend all restricted assets in accordance with specific restrictions during the fiscal year. See Note 18 for the calculation of the year-end restricted asset balance and the corresponding fund balance reserves.

J. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets resulting from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. The School District's policy is not to capitalize interest costs incurred as part of construction.

All reported capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 - 20 years

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reported as other financing sources/uses for governmental funds in the fund financial statements. All transfers between governmental funds have been eliminated within the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

P. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District records reservations for portions of fund balances, which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriations or expenditures. Unreserved fund balance indicates the portion of fund balances that are available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances, the purchase of textbooks and instructional materials.

NOTE 3 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINICPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCES

A. Changes in accounting principles

For fiscal year 2005, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures"; GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2, "Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expense and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers" and GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits and Other Than Pensions.

B. Restatement of fund balances

As a result of the implementation of the Technical Bulletin and GASB Statement No. 45, certain beginning fund balances were required to be restated. These restatements involve reporting pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities on the governmental fund financial statements where beforehand were exclusively reported on the government-wide financial statements.

The restatement of fund balance is presented below:

	Nonmajor Governmental					
	General		Funds		Total	
Fund balances at June 30, 2004 Restatement of intergovernmental payable	\$	149,606 (156,170)	\$	945,259 (17,291)	\$	1,094,865 (173,461)
Restated fund balances at July 1, 2004	\$	(6,564)	\$	927,968	\$	921,404

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law and described above is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual presentation for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>General</u>
GAAP Basis	\$ 2,052,569
Revenue Accruals	(427,784)
Expenditure Accruals	(73,100)
Encumbrances (Budget Basis)	
outstanding at year end	 <u>(286,984)</u>
Budget Basis	\$ 1,264,701

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim moneys may be invested in the following obligations provided they mature or are redeemable within five years from the date of settlement:

1. United States Treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any other obligations or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements for a period not to exceed thirty days in securities listed above that mature within five years from the date of settlement;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in item (1) or
 (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time and for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The School District had \$100 in undeposited cash on hand which is included as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

A. Deposits

<u>Custodial credit risk</u> is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The School District's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

As of June 30, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$ 2,835,256. The School District's bank balance of \$2,876,708 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and collateral held by pledging bank's trust	
department and not in the School District's name	\$ 2,675,000

B. Investments

As of June 30, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

T		Fair		D
Investment type		Value	Maturity	Rating
Repurchase agreements	\$	75,000	Daily	N/A ⁽¹⁾
STAROhio		1,118,443	N/A	AAAm $^{(2)}$
	\$	1,193,443		
⁽¹⁾ Underlying securities are	exempt.			

⁽²⁾ Standard and Poor's rating

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2005.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2005 amounted to \$88,732, which includes \$16,214 assigned from other School District funds.

<u>Custodial credit risk</u> for an investment is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's \$75,000 investment in repurchase agreements is to be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities, held by the counterparty and not in the School District's name, must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. The School District's policy is to invest money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> is the possibility that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District's investment policy does not address limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

<u>Credit risk</u> is the possibility that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill it obligation. Standard and Poor's has assigned STAROhio an AAAm rating. The School District's investment policy requires certain credit ratings for some investments as allowed by state law.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal (used in business) property located within the School District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed at 35% of true value and public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value for capital assets and 23% of true value for inventory.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternative payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The School District receives property taxes from Summit County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by year-end are available to finance the current fiscal year operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property and public utility taxes, which became measurable as of year-end. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at year-end is intended to finance current year operations and therefore a reservation of fund balance is not reported. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at year-end was \$813,718 in the general fund, \$96,606 in the bond retirement debt service fund and \$23,817 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund and is recognized as revenue on the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue on the statement of activities.

The assessed values upon which the current fiscal year taxes were collected are:

		2004		2003
Property Category	As	sessed Value	As	ssessed Value
<u>Real Property</u> Residential and agricultural	\$	325.641.160	\$	318.464.440
Commercial, industrial and minerals	Ŷ	92.084.220	¢	87.074.780
Public utilities		3,340		3,370
Tangible Personal Property				
General		51,776,618		49,987,580
Public utilities		10,595,380		10,663,050
Total	\$	480,100,718	\$	466,193,220

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end consisted of taxes, accounts (tuition and excess costs), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. The general fund accounts receivable at year-end consisted of tuition, excess costs and other miscellaneous reimbursements of \$28,368. Also, several special revenue funds recorded intergovernmental receivables for state and federal grants and reimbursements totaling \$15,034.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

Governmental Activities		Balance e 30, 2004	Ii	ncreases	De	creases	Ju	Balance me 30, 2005
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	102,500	\$		\$		\$	102,500
Lana	φ	102,500	φ	-	φ	-	φ	102,500
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Land improvements		1,272,757		-		-		1,272,757
Buildings and improvements		19,038,210		-		-		19,038,210
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		2,368,453		-		(3,277)		2,365,176
Vehicles		1,263,885		174,638		-		1,438,523
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated		23,943,305		174,638		<i>(3,277)</i>		24,114,666
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Land improvements		(1,272,757)		-		-		(1,272,757)
Buildings and improvements		(5,837,426)		(369,675)		-		(6,207,101)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		(1,402,557)		(100,173)		2,392		(1,500,338)
Vehicles		(949,526)		(61,787)		-		(1,011,313)
Total accumulated depreciation		(9,462,266)		(531,635)		2,392		(9,991,509)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net		14,481,039		(356,997)		(885)		14,123,157
-				<u> </u>		<u>,</u>		
Governmental activities capital								
assets, net	\$	14,583,539	\$	(356,997)	\$	(885)	\$	14,225,657

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 339,238
Special	15,569
Vocational	6,307
Support services:	
Instructional staff	36,619
Administration	23,551
Operation and maintenance of plant	12,118
Pupil transportation	61,907
Food service operations	35,570
Extracurricular activities	 756
	\$ 531,635

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2005 consisted of the following:

Due to general fund from:	
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 9,892

All balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made. As of June 30, 2005, all interfund loans outstanding are anticipated to be repaid in fiscal year 2005.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2005, consisted of the following:

Transfers from general fund to: Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 95,935
Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to: Other nonmajor governmental funds	300
Total	\$ 96,235

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the fund collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 10 - ACCOUNTABILITY

As of June 30, 2005, four special revenue funds had deficit fund balances. These deficits were caused by the application of GAAP. The general fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances in other funds; however, this is done when cash in needed rather than when accruals occur. The following funds had deficit balances:

<u>Fund</u>	A	l <i>mount</i>
Food service	\$	35,292
Disadvantaged pupil impact aid		17,372
Title VI		1,168
Imrpoving teacher quality		10,048

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no settlements paid in excess of insurance nor has insurance coverage been significantly reduced in the past three years.

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to its employees. The School District has contracted with the Ohio Mid Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA) to provide medical/surgical and dental insurance for its employees and their covered dependents. The OME-RESA is a shared risk pool comprised of multiple entities. The School District pays monthly contributions that are placed in a fund from which eligible claims are paid for employees and their covered dependents. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The School District has a specific stop loss policy of \$40,000. In the event of termination, all participating entities' claims would be paid without regard to their individual account balances. The OME-RESA Board of Directors has authority to return monies to an exiting entity subsequent to the settlement of all claims and expenses.

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a costsharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides basic retirement benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SERS. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2004 (latest information available), 9.09% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS Retirement Board.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$225,998, \$248,297, and \$213,979, respectively; 39% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for the fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$136,965, representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005, is recorded as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, disability, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers - Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227 - 4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan.

DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who became disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 (latest information available) plan members were required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14%; 13% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$1,306,952, \$1,587,529, and \$1,010,424, respectively; 86% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for the fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$189,397, representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005, is recorded as an intergovernmental payable. Contributions to the DC and Combined plans for fiscal year 2005 were \$8,536 made by the School District and \$8,629 made by the plan members.

NOTE 13 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Comprehensive health care benefits are provided to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. All benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the STRS based on authority granted by State statute. Most benefit recipients are required to pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. Health care benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll. The retirement board currently allocates employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund from which payments for health care benefits are paid. For the School District this amount equaled \$93,354 during the 2005 fiscal year. The balance in the Health Care Reserve Fund for the STRS was \$3.1 billion at June 30, 2004 (latest information available). For the year ended June 30, 2004 (latest information available) the net health care costs paid by the STRS were \$268,739,000 and eligible benefit recipients totaled 111,853.

For the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Effective January 1, 2005, all retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status. A safety net is in place for retirees whose household income falls below federal poverty levels. Premiums are reduced 50% for those who apply. For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 4.91% of covered payroll.

In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2004 (latest information available), the minimum pay has been established at \$25,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. For the School District, the amount of employer contributions used to fund health care equaled \$183,648, which includes a surcharge of \$36,911 during the 2005 fiscal year.

Health care benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2004 (latest information available), were \$223,443,805 and the target level was \$335.2 million. At June 30, 2004 (latest information available), the SERS's net assets available for payment of health care benefits were \$300.8 million, at cost. The number of participants receiving health care benefits was approximately 62,000.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

NOTE 14 - BONDED DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in long-term obligations of the School District during the fiscal year were as follows:

General Long-term Obligations	Balance <u>July 1</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>dditions</u>	<u>1</u>	Deletions	Balance <u>June 30</u>	Due within <u>one year</u>
General Obligation Bonds							
Energy Conservation	\$ 70,220	\$	-	\$	(22,307)	\$ 47,913	\$ 23,389
1996 Administration Building	115,002		-		(36,534)	78,468	38,305
1994 School Improvement	7,545,000		-		(545,000)	7,000,000	-
2001 School Improvement Refunding							
Serial bonds	6,880,000		-		(150,000)	6,730,000	-
Capital Appreciation Bonds	869,996		-		-	869,996	338,506
Accretion on Bonds	 574,645		298,481		-	 873,126	 -
Subtotal bonds	 16,054,863		298,481		(753,841)	 15,599,503	 400,200
Other Obligations							
Compensated absences	685,038		75,994		(68,569)	692,463	126,762
Capital leases	 119,989		-		(70,83 <u>3</u>)	 49,156	 30,504
Subtotal other obligations	 805,027		75,994		<u>(139,402)</u>	 741,619	 157,266
Total general long-term obligations	\$ 16,859,890	\$	374,475	\$	(893,243)	\$ 16,341,122	\$ 557,466

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>: General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith and credit are pledged for repayment. General obligation bonds are to be repaid from voted and unvoted general property taxes. Property tax monies will be received in and the debt will be repaid from the bond retirement debt service fund.

On September 17, 2001, the District issued \$8.2 million in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 3.9 percent to advance refund \$8.21 million of outstanding School Improvement Bonds with an average interest rate of 5.9 percent. The net proceeds were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments of the portion of the bonds refunded. As a result, the bonds (portion refunded) are considered to be defeased and the liability is not reported by the School District. These bonds include serial and capital appreciation bonds. Current year additions amounted to \$298,481 which represents the accretion of discounted interest. The final amount of the 2001 capital appreciation bonds will be \$3,220,307.

<u>Compensated absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid. In prior years, compensated absences were typically paid from the general fund.

<u>Capital Leases</u>: Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund and permanent improvement capital projects fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Energy	Conserva	ation			
Fiscal Inte <u>Year</u> <u>Ra</u> 2006 4.8. 2007 4.8.	<u>tte</u> <u>Prinicip</u> 5% 38, 5% <u>40,</u>	.305 3,800 .163 1,948	8 42,111	Interest <u>Rate</u> 4.85% 4.85%	<u>Prinicipal</u> 23,389 24,524	1,.	324 25,713 189 25,713
Total	<u>\$ 78,</u>	468 \$ 5,754	4 \$ 84,222	=	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u> 3,:	<u>513</u> <u>\$ 51,426</u>
1994 School Improvement							
Fiscal <u>Year</u> 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011-2015 Total	Interest <u>Rate</u> 5.55% 5.65% 5.75% 6.80% 6.80% 6.80%	Prinicipal - - 825,000 880,000 5,295,000 \$ 7,000,000	<u>Interest</u> 476,000 476,000 476,000 447,950 389,900 940,270 \$ 3,206,120	<u>Total</u> 476,00 476,00 1,272,95 1,269,90 6,235,27 \$ 10,206,12	0 fiscal j 0 after 2 0 0 0	vears 200	maturing in 06-2008 and e refunded.
		2001 School Imp	provement Refund	ling			
Fiscal <u>Year</u> 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011-2020 Total	Interest <u>Rate</u> 3.55% 3.75% 3.95% 3.80% 3.95-4.40% 4.50-4.60%	Prinicipal 338,506 288,068 243,422 40,000 45,000 6,645,000 \$ 7,599,996	<u>Interest</u> 716,597 787,034 846,680 309,342 307,694 2,266,780 \$ 5,234,127	<u>Total</u> 1,055,1 1,075,1 1,090,1 349,3 352,6 8,911,7 \$ 12,834,1	02 year: 02 capin 42 with 194 show 280	s 2006-20 tal apprec and appr	ng in fiscal 008 are ciation bonds roximate yield s an interest rate.

Principal and interest requirements to amortize all bonds outstanding at June 30, 2005 are as follows:

NOTE 15 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During the previous fiscal year, the School District entered into three new capital lease agreements for the acquisition of copiers and other equipment. The terms of each agreement provide options to purchase the equipment. The leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers all benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements of governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized as equipment in the amount of \$232,394 equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Principal payments in the current fiscal year totaled \$70,833.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments at year-end.

Fiscal	Lease
<u>Year</u>	<u>Payments</u>
2006	33,310
2007	15,053
2008	5,018
Total minimum lease payments	53,381
Less: amount representing interest	(4,225)
Total	\$ 49,156

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEONET) is the computer service organization or Data Acquisition Site (DAS) used by the School District. NEONET is an association of public school districts in a geographic area determined by the Ohio Department of Education. The Summit County Educational Service Center acts as the fiscal agent for the consortium. The purpose of the consortium is to develop and employ a computer system efficiently and effectively for the needs of the member Boards of Education. All Districts in the consortium are required to pay fees, charges, and assessments as charged. A board made up of superintendents from all of the participating districts governs NEONET. An elected Executive Board consisting of five members of the governing board is the managerial body of the consortium and meets on a monthly basis. The School District does not maintain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility. Payments to NEONET are made from the general fund. During fiscal year 2005, the School District contributed \$26,555 to NEONET.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

The School District is party to legal proceedings. However, the School District's management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2005.

On December 11, 2003, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "… the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient…".

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

As of the date of these financial statements, the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

NOTE 18 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set-aside monies for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and for capital improvements. The amounts set-aside may be reduced by offset credits, which are monies received and restricted for the same specific purpose. Although the School District had offsets and/or qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero, these extra amounts may only be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years for the purchase of textbooks and/or instructional materials. Negative amounts are therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year for the other set-asides. Amounts not spent by year-end or reduced by offset credits must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the reserve activity was as follows:

			Capital	
	Textbook	M	aintenance	
	<u>Reserve</u>		<u>Reserve</u>	<u>Total</u>
Set-aside cash balance as of				
June 30, 2004	\$ 199,747	\$	-	\$ 199,747
Current year set-aside requirement	264,062		264,062	528,124
Qualifying disbursements	 (199,968)		(291,328)	 (491,296)
Total	\$ 263,841	\$	(27,266)	\$ 236,575
Balance carried forward to future years	\$ 263,841			\$ 263,841

NOTE 19 - REQUIRED SUPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (RSI) IS OMITTED

For the fiscal year ended, the School District was required to implement GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2. In addition to the implementation of this guidance, the School District simultaneously implemented GASB Statement No. 45, as recommended by the GASB. This Statement requires employers to present as required supplementary information (RSI) schedules of funding progress and employer contributions for the plan as a whole if a plan financial report, prepared in accordance with GASB Statement 43 is not issued and made publicly available and the plan is not included in the financial report of a public employee retirement system or another entity. SERS and STRS have not issued a financial report in accordance with the statement and have not conducted a valuation of their plans, as they were not required to implement the statement as of the date of this report. Therefore, RSI is unavailable to the School District and it does not follow these notes to the financial statements.

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	CFDA Number	Receipts Recognized	Program Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education				
Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution - Commodities - See Note 2	N/A	10.550 \$	22,002 \$	22,002
National School Lunch Program	04-PU-04	10.555	185,792	185,792
Breakfast Program	05-PU-04	10.553	62,661	62,661
Total Nutrition Cluster			270,455	270,455
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			270,455	270,455
U.S. Department of Education				
Pass through Ohio Department of Education				
Title I - Financial Assistance to Meet Special Education Needs of Disadvantaged Children				
Title I - FY 04	C1-S1-04	84.010	14,190	55,946
Title I - FY 05	C1-S1-05	84.010	359,457	324,853
Total Title I			373,647	380,799
Title VI - B, Special Education - Assistance to States				
for Education of Handicapped Children Title VI - B - FY 04	6B-SF-04P	84.027	14,717	37.695
Title VI - B - FY 05	6B-SF-05P	84.027	335,560	308,445
Total Title VI - B			350,277	346,140
Drug - Free School Grant				
Drug - Free School Grant - FY04	DR-S1-04	84.186	3,839	3,839
Drug - Free School Grant - FY05	DR-S1-05	84.186	10,360	9,121
Total Drug - Free School Grant			14,199	12,960
Innovative Education Program Strategies Innovative Education Program Strategies - FY04	C2-S1-04	84.298	4,657	4,657
Innovative Education Program Strategies - F104 Innovative Education Program Strategies - FY05	C2-S1-04 C2-S1-05	84.298	3,535	4,657
Total Innovative Education Program Strategies			8,192	5,960
Reducing Class Size				
Reducing Class Size - FY04	CR-S1-04	84.340	-	1,444
Reducing Class Size - FY05	CR-S1-05	84.340	9,497	10,940
Total Reducing Class Size			9,497	12,384
Title III Immigrant	N/A	84.365	7 200	7 200
Title III Immigrant	N/A	04.303	7,388	7,388
Total Title III Immigrant			7,388	7,388
	N1/A	04.007		0.050
Title II-A FY 04 Title II-A FY 05	N/A N/A	84.367 84.367	- 75,462	9,053 78,799
Total Title II-A			75,462	87,852
Total U.S. Department of Education			838,662	853,483
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass Through Ohio Department of Mental Retardation				·
and Developmental Disabilities				
CAFS/Medicaid Title XIX	N/A	93.778	77,171	77,171
SCHIP/Medicaid Title XIX	N/A	93.767	110	110
Total Medicaid Title XIX			77,281	77,281
Total U.S.Department of Health and Human Services			77,281	77,281
Total Federal Expenditures		\$	1,186,398_\$	1,201,219

See accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures

Woodridge Local School District Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

1. <u>Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting. Consequently, certain revenues are recognized when received rather than when earned and certain expenditures are recognized when paid rather than the obligation is incurred.

2. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance, such as food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is reported in the schedule at fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2005, the District had food commodities in inventory recorded in the Food Service Fund.

3. <u>Matching Requirements</u>

Certain federal programs require that the District contribute non-federal funds (matching funds) to support the federally-funded programs. The expenditure of non-federal funds is not included on this schedule.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN <u>ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

Board of Education Woodridge Local School District Peninsula, Ohio

We have audited the financial statements of Woodridge Local School District, Summit County (the District) as and for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2005, wherein we noted the District implemented GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 and GASB Statement No. 45. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and the District Board of Education and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 14, 2005 Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants Rockefeller Building 614 W Superior Ave Ste 1242 Cleveland OH 44113-1306 Office phone - (216) 575-1630 Fax - (216) 436-2411

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Education Woodridge Local School District Peninsula, Ohio

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Woodridge Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United Sates of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with *OMB Circular A-133.*

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 14, 2005

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

WOODRIDGE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY June 30, 2005

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs:	Title VI B 84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - (continued) OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

WOODRIDGE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMIT COUNTY June 30, 2005

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT'S CITATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The prior audit report, as of June 30, 2004, did not include material citations or recommendations.



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WOODRIDGE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUMMIT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 21, 2006