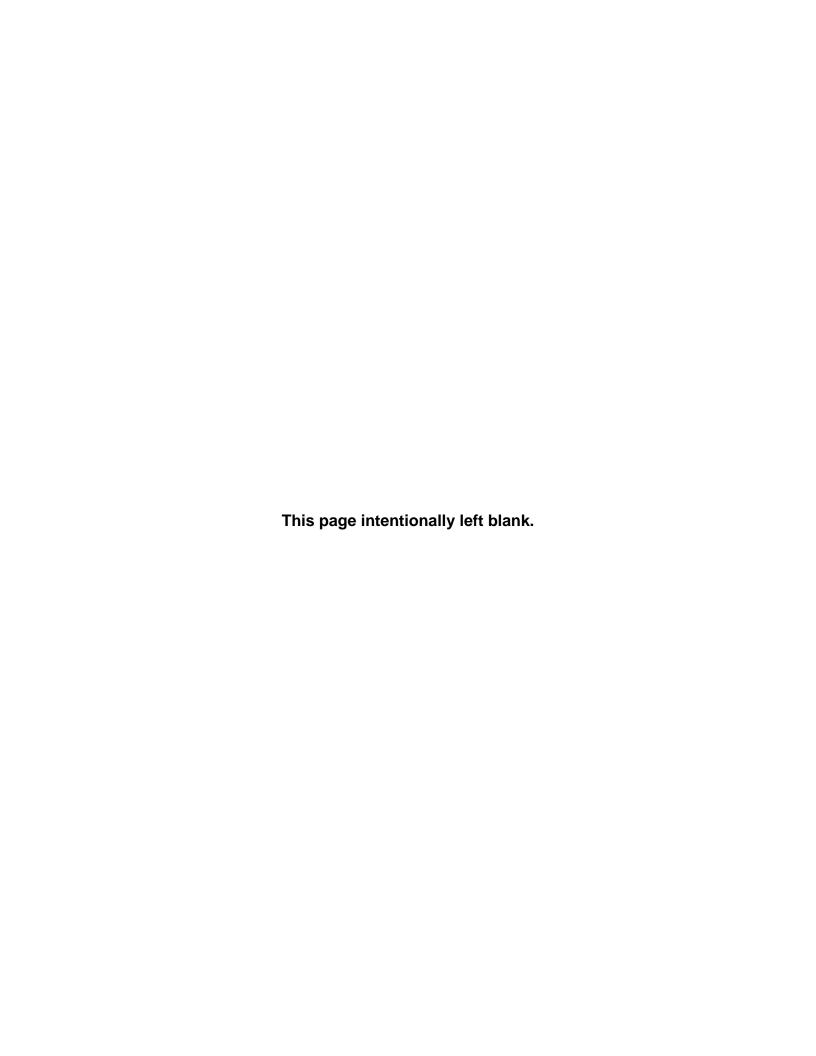




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#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Western Reserve Local School District Huron County 3765 U.S. Route 20 East Collins, Ohio 44826-9514

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Western Reserve Local School District, Huron County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Western Reserve Local School District, Huron County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, during the year ended June 30, 2005, The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Technical Bulletin 2004-02, Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expense and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Western Reserve Local School District Huron County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 24, 2006, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The federal awards expenditure schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards expenditure schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

**Betty Montgomery** Auditor of State

Butty Montgomeny

May 24, 2006

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

The management's discussion and analysis of the Western Reserve Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$606,797 which represents a 3.2% decrease from 2004.
- General revenues accounted for \$10,382,688 in revenue or 85.74% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,727,156 or 14.26% of total revenues of \$12,109,844.
- The District had \$12,716,641 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,727,156 of these
  expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General
  revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and
  entitlements) of \$10,382,688 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, debt service fund, and permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$10,316,890 in revenues and \$10,553,772 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2005, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$236,882 from a restated balance of \$786,902 to \$550,020.
- The debt service fund had revenues of \$297,149 and expenses of \$320,262 decreasing the fund balance by \$23,113 from \$237,570 in 2004 to \$214,457 in 2005.
- The permanent improvement fund balance increased \$327,401 from \$139,162 in 2004 to \$466,563 in 2005.

### **Using these Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general, debt service, and permanent improvement funds are by far the most significant funds reported as major funds.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2005?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

### **Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds**

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, debt service fund, and permanent improvement fund.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual basis of accounting*, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

### Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### The District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

#### **Net Assets**

	Governmental Activities 2005	Governmental Activities 2004
Assets	ф. 4.500.070	¢ 4040.700
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 4,520,972 21,002,907	\$ 4,842,738 21,411,699
Total assets	25,523,879	26,254,437
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	3,066,674	3,115,791
Long-term liabilities	3,824,460	3,899,104
Total liabilities	6,891,134	7,014,895
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	17,852,649	18,106,300
Restricted	907,996	848,191
Unrestricted	(127,900)	285,051
Total net assets	\$ 18,632,745	\$ 19,239,542

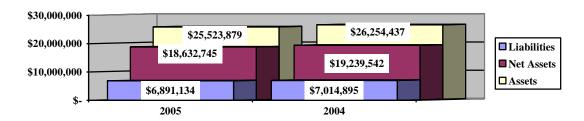
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2005, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$18,632,745.

At fiscal year-end, capital assets represented 82.29% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2005, were \$17,852,649. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$907,996, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### **Governmental Activities**



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

### **Change in Net Assets**

	Governmental Activities 2005	Governmental Activities 2004		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 820,181	\$ 742,033		
Operating grants and contributions	906,975	587,196		
Capital grants and contributions		29,150		
General revenues:				
Taxes	3,789,168	3,923,130		
Grants and entitlements	6,511,196	6,311,535		
Investment earnings	32,262	64,480		
Other	50,062	142,563		
Total revenues	12,109,844	11,800,087		

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### **Change in Net Assets**

Expenses Program expenses:		overnmental Activities 2005	Governmental Activities2004
Instruction:			
Regular	\$	5,419,029	\$ 5,156,586
Special	Ψ	1,203,135	1,168,229
Vocational		205,742	182,817
Adult continuing education		19,721	102,017
Other		127,638	76,595
Support services:		127,000	70,000
Pupil		461,771	330,352
Instructional staff		805,524	934,695
Board of education		187,200	93,706
Administration		781,919	1,006,822
Fiscal		418,843	333,564
Operations and maintenance		1,105,841	1,046,336
Pupil transportation		789,277	735,956
Central		,	802
Operations of non-instructional services		152,405	6,722
Extracurricular activities		442,298	494,678
Food service operations		400,370	438,645
Interest and fiscal charges		195,928	206,790
Total expenses		12,716,641	12,213,295
Change in net assets		(606,797)	(413,208)
Net assets at beginning of year		19,239,542	19,652,750
Net assets at end of year	\$	18,632,745	\$ 19,239,542

### **Governmental Activities**

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$606,797. The decrease is primarily due to increased expenditures in regular instruction and pupil support services. Total governmental expenses of \$12,716,641 were partly offset by program revenues of \$1,727,156 and general revenues of \$10,382,688. Program revenues supported 13.58% of the total governmental expenses.

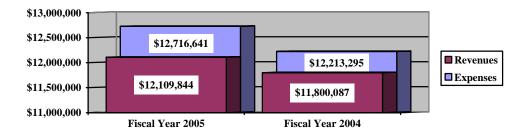
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property and income taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 85.01% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$6,975,265 or 54.85% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2005.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

### **Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

### **Governmental Activities**

	Total Cost of Services 2005	Net Cost of Services 2005	Total Cost of Services 2004	Net Cost of Services 2004
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 5,419,029	\$ 4,851,419	\$ 5,156,586	\$ 4,818,870
Special	1,203,135	1,043,071	1,168,229	960,274
Vocational	205,742	184,518	182,817	175,442
Adult continuing education	19,721	19,721		
Other	127,638	127,638	76,595	76,595
Support services:				
Pupil	461,771	219,624	330,352	327,538
Instructional staff	805,524	719,057	934,695	798,493
Board of education	187,200	187,200	93,706	93,706
Administration	781,919	780,558	1,006,822	1,004,140
Fiscal	418,843	418,843	333,564	333,564
Operations and maintenance	1,105,841	1,105,841	1,046,336	1,046,336
Pupil transportation	789,277	789,277	735,956	735,956
Central			802	(55)
Operations of non-instructional services	152,405	152,405	6,722	6,722
Extracurricular activities	442,298	191,919	494,678	182,781
Food service operations	400,370	2,466	438,645	87,764
Interest and fiscal charges	195,928	195,928	206,790	206,790
Total expenses	\$ 12,716,641	\$ 10,989,485	\$ 12,213,295	\$ 10,854,916

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 89.26% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 86.43%. The District's taxpayers along with the State foundation revenues, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

### \$12,000,000 \$10,000,000 \$8,000,000 \$4,000,000 \$2,000,000 \$-Fiscal Year 2005 Fiscal Year 2004

### **Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues**

#### The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,395,571 which is lower than last year's restated balance of \$1,681,646. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2005 and 2004.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2005	Increase (Decrease)	
General Debt Service Permanent Improvement Other Governmental	\$ 550,020 214,457 466,563 164,531	\$ 786,902 237,570 139,162 518,012	\$ (236,882) (23,113) 327,401 (353,481)
Total	<u>\$ 1,395,571</u>	\$ 1,681,646	\$ (286,075)

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased by \$236,882. The following table shows the changes in selected revenues and expenditures in the general fund from 2004 and 2005.

		Restated		
	2005	2004	Increase	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	<u>Change</u>
<u>Revenues</u>				
Taxes	\$ 3,490,073	\$ 3,577,822	\$ (87,749)	(2.45) %
Tuition	280,705	118,744	161,961	136.40 %
Earnings on investments	24,556	16,975	7,581	44.66 %
Intergovernmental	6,471,117	6,272,647	198,470	3.16 %
Other revenues	50,439	164,059	(113,620)	(69.26) %
Total	\$ 10,316,890	\$ 10,150,247	<u>\$ 166,643</u>	1.64 %
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Instruction	\$ 6,253,666	\$ 5,733,114	\$ 520,552	9.08 %
Support services	3,949,227	4,123,539	(174,312)	(4.23) %
Non-instructional services	111,013	6,722	104,291	1,551.49 %
Extracurricular activities	226,104	156,314	69,790	44.65 %
Debt service	13,762	16,714	(2,952)	(17.66) %
Total	\$ 10,553,772	\$ 10,036,403	\$ 517,369	5.15 %

The decrease in the general fund balance is due in part to a greater increase in expenditures than revenues in 2005. In particular instruction activities, non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities expenditures have increased significantly over 2004.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

The District's debt service fund balance decreased \$23,113. The decrease in fund balance can be attributed to the decrease in tax revenue recorded in fiscal year 2005.

### Permanent Improvement Fund

The District's permanent improvement fund balance increased \$327,401. The increase in fund balance can be attributed to a transfer from the classroom facilities fund, one of last year's major funds. Since payments for OSFC and construction are completed funds remaining in the classroom facilities funds were transferred to fund 003, permanent improvement, in order to track the upkeep of the schools facilities.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2005, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$10,507,024 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$10,507,024. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2005 was \$10,565,891. This represents a \$58,867 increase over original budgeted revenues. The increase is primarily due to a conservative original budgeting of resources.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) were \$10,652,843 and the final appropriations were \$10,652,843. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2005 totaled \$10,571,238, which is \$81,605 less than the final appropriations.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2005, the District had \$21,002,907 invested in land, and improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2005 balances compared to 2004:

### Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
	2005	2004				
Land	\$ 351,793	\$ 351,793				
Land improvements	57,292	59,792				
Building and improvements	19,394,903	19,806,220				
Furniture and equipment	758,628	704,090				
Vehicles	440,291	489,804				
Total	\$ 21,002,907	\$ 21,411,699				

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$408,792 is due to depreciation expense of \$651,968 exceeding capital outlays of \$243,176 in the fiscal year.

#### **Debt Administration**

At June 30, 2005, the District had \$3,066,000 in general obligation bonds and \$58,900 in energy conservation notes outstanding. Of this total, \$148,900 is due within one year and \$2,976,000 is due within greater than one year. See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for additional information. The following table summarizes the bonds outstanding.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2005		Governmental Activities 2004		
General obligation bonds	\$	3,066,000	\$	3,151,000	
Accreted interest		69,429		52,659	
Energy conservation bonds		58,900		117,800	
Total	\$	3,194,329	\$	3,321,459	

At June 30, 2005, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$6,447,766 (including available funds of \$214,457), and an unvoted debt margin of \$106,097, and energy conservation debt margin of \$954,873.

#### **Current Financial Related Activities**

Western Reserve Schools have continued to maintain the highest standards of service to our students, parents and community. The School District is always presented with challenges and opportunities, most recently being the completion of our new elementary building and the remodeling of our middle/high school building projects. Our local economy has suffered with the national economy in past years and we continue to review and analyze the impact this has on our property and income tax base and collections.

The District has carefully managed its General Fund budgets in order to optimize the dollars available for educating the students it serves and to minimize the levy millage amounts needed periodically from district residents. The District is committed to living within its financial means and will continue to work diligently to plan expenses, staying carefully within the five-year financial plan. Current State law retards the growth of income generated by local levies, rendering revenue relatively constant. This lack of revenue growth forces the District to come back to the voters from time to time and ask for additional financial support.

The State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March of 1997, to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." Since 1997, the State has directed additional revenue growth toward the support of School Districts with little property tax wealth. In May of 2000, the Ohio Supreme Court again ruled that, while the State had made some progress, the current funding system for schools is far too dependent on property taxes. While the Court directed the Governor and legislature to address the fundamental issues creating the inequities, we are still today operating within a funding system of inadequacy.

As a result, all of the District's financial abilities will be called upon to meet the challenges the future will bring. It is imperative that the School District's Board and management team continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet the community's desired needs over the next several years.

### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Brett Robson, Treasurer, Western Reserve Local School District, 3765 U.S. 20 East, Collins, Ohio 44826-9514.

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

	G	overnmental Activities
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,602,468
Cash with fiscal agent		715
Receivables:		0.007.000
Taxes		2,837,223
Accounts		576
Intergovernmental		14,862
Prepayments		59,852
Materials and supplies inventory		5,276
Capital assets:		251 702
Land		351,793
Depreciable capital assets, net		20,651,114
Capital assets, net		21,002,907
Total assets		25,523,879
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		53,239
Accrued wages and benefits		1,007,637
Pension obligation payable		251,870
Intergovernmental payable		89,454
Deferred revenue		1,649,169
Accrued interest payable		15,305
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		200,346
Due in more than one year	-	3,624,114
Total liabilities		6,891,134
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net		
of related debt		17,852,649
Restricted for:		
Capital projects		466,563
Debt service		204,939
Classroom facilities maintenance		156,600
Locally funded programs		474
State funded programs		5,057
Federally funded programs		6,326
Student activities		48,485
Other purposes		19,552
Unrestricted		(127,900)
Total net assets	\$	18,632,745

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

				Program	Reveni	ues	R	t (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	5,419,029	\$	321,909	\$	245,701	\$	(4,851,419)
Special		1,203,135				160,064		(1,043,071)
Vocational		205,742				21,224		(184,518)
Adult/continuing education		19,721						(19,721)
Other		127,638						(127,638)
Support services:								
Pupil		461,771				242,147		(219,624)
Instructional staff		805,524				86,467		(719,057)
Board of education		187,200						(187,200)
Administration		781,919				1,361		(780,558)
Fiscal		418,843						(418,843)
Operations and maintenance		1,105,841						(1,105,841)
Pupil transportation		789,277						(789,277)
Operation of non-instructional		152,405						(152,405)
Extracurricular activities		442,298		250,379				(191,919)
Food service operations		400,370		247,893		150,011		(2,466)
Interest and fiscal charges		195,928						(195,928)
Total governmental activities	\$	12,716,641	\$	820,181	\$	906,975		(10,989,485)
	Prop Ge	eral Revenues: erty taxes levied neral purposes . ecial revenue						2,001,124 42,701
	De	ot service						260,413
		ool district income nts and entitleme						1,484,930
	to s	specific programs						6,511,196
	Inve	stment earnings						32,262
		ellaneous						50,062
	Tota	l general revenue	es					10,382,688
	Cha	nge in net assets						(606,797)
	Net	assets at beginr	ning of y	/ear				19,239,542
	Net	assets at end of	year				\$	18,632,745

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

Assetts:		General		Debt Service		Permanent Improvement		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
and cash equivalents.         \$ 717,511         \$ 144,246         \$ 466,563         \$ 254,596         \$ 1,582,916           Cach with Fiscal agent.         715         716         715         716         715         716         71	Assets:										
Cash with fiscal agent.         715         715           Raceivables:         716         715         715           Taxes         2,534,385         260,323         42,515         2,837,223           Accounts.         576         14,862         14,862         14,862         14,862         14,862         14,862         14,862         14,862         29,315         29,315         29,315         29,315         59,852         59,852         59,852         59,852         59,852         50,852         50,852         50,852         50,852         52,76         52,26         466,543         317,964         \$4,665,149         466,563         317,964         \$4,665,149         462,343	Equity in pooled cash										
Receivables:	and cash equivalents	\$	717,511	\$	144,246	\$	466,563	\$	254,596	\$	1,582,916
Takes	Cash with fiscal agent								715		715
Second	Receivables:										
Intergovernmental	Taxes		2,534,385		260,323				42,515		2,837,223
Interfund loans	Accounts		576								576
Desire to other funds.   29,315     29,315     59,852	Intergovernmental								14,862		14,862
Prepayments.         59,852         5,276	Interfund loans		14,862								14,862
Materials and supplies inventory.         5,276         5,276           Restricted assetts:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents.         19,552         19,552           Total assets.         \$3,376,053         \$404,569         \$466,563         \$317,964         \$4,565,149           Liabilities:           Accounts payable.         \$38,846         \$14,393         \$5,239           Accounts payable.         \$95,934         \$48,293         1,007,637           Compensated absences payable.         18,546         \$12,801         25,1870           Compensated absences payable.         86,822         \$2,632         94,44           Intergovernmental payable.         86,822         \$2,632         94,44           Intergovernmental payable.         86,822         \$2,231         29,315           Deferred revenue.         1,483,406         190,112         153,433         3,169,578           Fund Balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         22,2317         14,220         44,607         81,144           Reserved for proparymants and supplies inventory.         5,852         5,276         5,276           Reserved for proparymants inventory.         5,852         7,276         <	Loans to other funds		29,315								29,315
Restricted assets:   Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents   19,552   19,552   10   19,552   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1	Prepayments		59,852								59,852
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents   19,552	Materials and supplies inventory								5,276		5,276
Total assets   19,552	Restricted assets:										
Company	Equity in pooled cash										
Clabilities:   Sala	and cash equivalents		19,552								19,552
Accounts payable         \$ 38,846         \$ 14,393         \$ 53,239           Accrued wages and benefits         959,344         48,293         1,007,637           Compensated absences payable         18,546         12,801         251,870           Pension obligation payable         239,069         12,801         251,870           Intergovernmental payable         86,822         2,632         89,454           Interfund foan payable         14,862         14,862         14,862           Loans from other funds         29,315         29,315         29,315           Deferred revenue         1,483,406         190,112         31,137         1,704,655           Total liabilities         2,826,033         190,112         153,433         3,169,578           Fund Balances:         Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         \$ 5,276         5,276         5,276         5,276         8,5276	Total assets	\$	3,376,053	\$	404,569	\$	466,563	\$	317,964	\$	4,565,149
Accounts payable         \$ 38,846         \$ 14,393         \$ 53,239           Accrued wages and benefits         959,344         48,293         1,007,637           Compensated absences payable         18,546         12,801         251,870           Pension obligation payable         239,069         12,801         251,870           Intergovernmental payable         86,822         2,632         89,454           Interfund foan payable         14,862         14,862         14,862           Loans from other funds         29,315         29,315         29,315           Deferred revenue         1,483,406         190,112         31,137         1,704,655           Total liabilities         2,826,033         190,112         153,433         3,169,578           Fund Balances:         Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         \$ 5,276         5,276         5,276         5,276         8,5276											
Accrued wages and benefits											
Compensated absences payable         18,546         18,546           Pension obligation payable         239,069         12,801         251,870           Intergovernmental payable         86,822         2,632         89,454           Interfund loan payable         14,862         14,862         14,862           Loans from other funds.         29,315         29,315         29,315           Deferred revenue.         1,483,406         190,112         31,137         1,704,655           Fund Balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         22,317         14,220         44,607         81,144           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory.         5,276         5,276         5,276           Reserved for prepayments         59,852         59,852         59,852           Reserved for property tax unavailable for appropriation         514,042         70,211         11,378         595,631           Reserved for budget stabilization         19,552         19,552         19,552         19,552           Reserved for budget stabilization         19,552         29,315         29,315         29,315           Unreserved:         29,315         103,270         103,270         103,270           Designation for budget stabilization	. ,	\$						\$		\$	
Pension obligation payable   239,069   12,801   251,870     Intergovernmental payable   86,822   2,632   89,454     Interfund loan payable   14,862   14,862     Loans from other funds   29,315   29,315     Deferred revenue   1,483,406   190,112   31,137   1,704,655     Total liabilities   2,826,033   190,112   153,433   3,169,578     Fund Balances:   Reserved for encumbrances   22,317   14,220   44,607   81,144     Reserved for materials and supplies inventory   5,276   5,276     Reserved for prepayments   59,852   59,852     Reserved for prepayments   514,042   70,211   11,378   595,631     Reserved for budget stabilization   19,552   29,315   29,315     Unreserved:   29,315   29,315     Designation for budget stabilization   165,738   165,738     Undesignated, reported in:   General fund   (260,796)   (260,796)     Special revenue funds   103,270   103,270     Debt service fund   144,246   45,343   452,343     Total fund balances   550,020   214,457   466,563   164,531   1,395,571     Total fund balances   550,020   214,457   466,563   16	-								48,293		
Intergovernmental payable									40.004		
Interfund loan payable   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,862   14,865   14,	. ,								,		
Loans from other funds.         29,315         29,315         29,315         29,315         29,315         29,315         29,315         29,315         1,704,655         31,137         1,704,655         7,704,655 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>86,822</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td>			86,822						,		
Deferred revenue.	• •										
Fund Balances:         2,826,033         190,112         153,433         3,169,578           Fund Balances:         Reserved for encumbrances         22,317         14,220         44,607         81,144           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory.         5,276         5,276         5,276           Reserved for prepayments         59,852         59,852         59,852           Reserved for property tax unavailable for appropriation         514,042         70,211         11,378         595,631           Reserved for budget stabilization         19,552         19,552         19,552           Reserved for loans         29,315         29,315         29,315           Unreserved:         Designation for budget stabilization         165,738         165,738         165,738           Undesignated, reported in:         General fund         (260,796)         (260,796)         (260,796)         (260,796)           Special revenue funds         103,270         103,270         103,270         103,270           Debt service fund         144,246         452,343         452,343           Total fund balances         550,020         214,457         466,563         164,531         1,395,571			4 400 400		100 110						
Fund Balances:  Reserved for encumbrances 22,317 14,220 44,607 81,144 Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. 5,276 5,276 Reserved for prepayments 59,852 59,852 Reserved for property tax unavailable for appropriation 514,042 70,211 11,378 595,631 Reserved for budget stabilization 19,552 19,552 Reserved for loans 29,315 29,315 Unreserved:  Designation for budget stabilization 165,738 165,738 Undesignated, reported in: General fund (260,796) Special revenue funds 103,270 Debt service fund 144,246 Capital projects funds 550,020 214,457 466,563 164,531 1,395,571	Deferred revenue		1,483,406		190,112	-			31,137		1,704,655
Reserved for encumbrances       22,317       14,220       44,607       81,144         Reserved for materials and supplies inventory.       5,276       5,276       5,276         Reserved for prepayments       59,852       59,852       59,852         Reserved for property tax unavailable for appropriation       514,042       70,211       11,378       595,631         Reserved for budget stabilization       19,552       19,552       19,552         Reserved for loans       29,315       29,315       29,315         Unreserved:       Designation for budget stabilization       165,738       165,738       165,738         Undesignated, reported in:       General fund       (260,796)       (260,796)       (260,796)         Special revenue funds.       103,270       103,270       103,270         Debt service fund       144,246       452,343       452,343         Total fund balances       550,020       214,457       466,563       164,531       1,395,571	Total liabilities		2,826,033		190,112				153,433		3,169,578
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory. 5,276 5,276 Reserved for prepayments 59,852 59,852 59,852 59,852 Feserved for property tax unavailable for appropriation 514,042 70,211 11,378 595,631 Reserved for budget stabilization 19,552 19,552 19,552 Reserved for loans 29,315 29,315 29,315 Unreserved:  Designation for budget stabilization 165,738 165,738 165,738 Undesignated, reported in:  General fund (260,796) (260,796) (260,796) Special revenue funds. 103,270 103,270 Debt service fund 144,246 Capital projects funds. 452,343 452,343  Total fund balances 550,020 214,457 466,563 164,531 1,395,571	Fund Balances:										
supplies inventory.       5,276       5,276         Reserved for prepayments       59,852       59,852         Reserved for property tax unavailable for appropriation       514,042       70,211       11,378       595,631         Reserved for budget stabilization       19,552       19,552       19,552         Reserved for loans       29,315       29,315       29,315         Unreserved:       Undesignation for budget stabilization       165,738       165,738       165,738         Undesignated, reported in:       General fund       (260,796)       (260,796)       (260,796)         Special revenue funds       103,270       103,270       103,270         Debt service fund       144,246       144,246       144,246         Capital projects funds       452,343       452,343         Total fund balances       550,020       214,457       466,563       164,531       1,395,571	Reserved for encumbrances		22,317				14,220		44,607		81,144
Reserved for prepayments       59,852       59,852         Reserved for property tax unavailable for appropriation       514,042       70,211       11,378       595,631         Reserved for budget stabilization       19,552       19,552       19,552         Reserved for loans       29,315       29,315       29,315         Unreserved:       Unreserved:       50,738       165,738	Reserved for materials and										
Reserved for property tax unavailable       514,042       70,211       11,378       595,631         Reserved for budget stabilization       19,552       19,552         Reserved for loans       29,315       29,315         Unreserved:       29,315       165,738         Designation for budget stabilization       165,738       165,738         Undesignated, reported in:       6eneral fund       (260,796)       (260,796)         Special revenue funds       103,270       103,270         Debt service fund       144,246       144,246         Capital projects funds       452,343       452,343         Total fund balances       550,020       214,457       466,563       164,531       1,395,571	supplies inventory								5,276		5,276
for appropriation         514,042         70,211         11,378         595,631           Reserved for budget stabilization         19,552         19,552           Reserved for loans         29,315         29,315           Unreserved:         Unreserved:         30,738         30,738           Designation for budget stabilization         165,738         165,738           Undesignated, reported in:         30,738         30,739           Special revenue funds         103,270         103,270           Debt service fund         144,246         144,246           Capital projects funds         452,343         452,343           Total fund balances         550,020         214,457         466,563         164,531         1,395,571	Reserved for prepayments		59,852								59,852
Reserved for budget stabilization       19,552       19,552         Reserved for loans       29,315       29,315         Unreserved:       Designation for budget stabilization       165,738       165,738         Undesignated, reported in:       General fund       (260,796)       (260,796)         Special revenue funds       103,270       103,270         Debt service fund       144,246       144,246         Capital projects funds       452,343       452,343         Total fund balances       550,020       214,457       466,563       164,531       1,395,571	Reserved for property tax unavailable										
Reserved for loans       29,315         Unreserved:       29,315         Designation for budget stabilization       165,738         Undesignated, reported in:       30,738         General fund       (260,796)         Special revenue funds       103,270         Debt service fund       144,246         Capital projects funds       452,343         Total fund balances       550,020       214,457         466,563       164,531       1,395,571	for appropriation		514,042		70,211				11,378		595,631
Unreserved:  Designation for budget stabilization . 165,738 . 165,738  Undesignated, reported in:  General fund	Reserved for budget stabilization		19,552								19,552
Designation for budget stabilization       165,738       165,738         Undesignated, reported in:       Ceneral fund       (260,796)       (260,796)         Special revenue funds.       103,270       103,270         Debt service fund       144,246       144,246         Capital projects funds.       452,343       452,343         Total fund balances       550,020       214,457       466,563       164,531       1,395,571	Reserved for loans		29,315								29,315
Undesignated, reported in:       (260,796)       (260,796)         General fund											
General fund         (260,796)         (260,796)           Special revenue funds.         103,270         103,270           Debt service fund         144,246         144,246           Capital projects funds.         452,343         452,343           Total fund balances         550,020         214,457         466,563         164,531         1,395,571	Designation for budget stabilization		165,738								165,738
Special revenue funds.         103,270         103,270           Debt service fund .         144,246         144,246           Capital projects funds.         452,343         452,343           Total fund balances         550,020         214,457         466,563         164,531         1,395,571	Undesignated, reported in:										
Debt service fund	General fund		(260,796)								(260,796)
Capital projects funds.         452,343         452,343           Total fund balances         550,020         214,457         466,563         164,531         1,395,571	•								103,270		
Total fund balances					144,246						
<del></del>	Capital projects funds						452,343				452,343
	Total fund balances		550,020		214,457		466,563		164,531		1,395,571
Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 3,376,053 \$ 404,569 \$ 466,563 \$ 317,964 \$ 4,565,149	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,376,053	\$	404,569	\$	466,563	\$	317,964	\$	4,565,149

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2005

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 1,395,571
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		21,002,907
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes	\$ 55,486	
Total		55,486
In the statement of activities interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due.		(15,305)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences	586,227	
General obligation bonds payable	3,194,329	
Capital lease obligation	25,358	
Total		 (3,805,914)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 18,632,745

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	0		Debt Service				Gov	Other vernmental	Total Governmental	
Bevenues	Gene	erai		Service	Imp	rovement		Funds		Funds
Revenues:										
From local sources:	ф o	100.070	æ	000 454			•	40.704	•	2 702 250
Taxes		490,073	\$	260,454			\$	42,731	\$	3,793,258
Tuition	•	280,705		0.050	œ.	0.075		2,000		282,705
Earnings on investments		24,556		2,250	\$	2,375		3,081		32,262
Charges for services		077						247,893		247,893
Extracurricular		377						249,977		250,354
Classroom materials and fees								39,204		39,204
Other local revenues		50,062						25		50,087
Intergovernmental - Intermediate		88,045						1,024		89,069
Intergovernmental - State	6,	383,072		34,445				119,562		6,537,079
Intergovernmental - Federal	-							792,023		792,023
Total revenue	10,	316,890		297,149	-	2,375		1,497,520		12,113,934
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction:										
Regular	4,9	921,443						295,083		5,216,526
Special	1,0	015,728						176,134		1,191,862
Vocational		186,655						19,087		205,742
Adult continuing education		2,202						,		2,202
Other		127,638								127,638
Support services:		,								,
Pupil	:	225,191						236,580		461,771
Instructional staff		719,915						83,834		803,749
Board of education		174,217						33,00.		174,217
Administration.		738,895						36,446		775,341
Fiscal		416,352						00,110		416,352
Operations and maintenance		008,510				15,345		71,971		1,095,826
Pupil transportation		666,147				10,040		71,571		666,147
Operation of non-instructional services		111,013						41,392		152,405
Extracurricular activities		226,104						198,634		424,738
Food service operations	•	220,104						350,879		350,879
Debt service:								330,079		330,079
Principal retirement		11,241		143,900						155,141
Interest and fiscal charges		2,521		176,362				590		179,473
Total expenditures	10.6	553,772		320,262		15,345	-	1,510,630		12,400,009
Total expericitures	10,	333,112		320,202		15,345	-	1,510,630		12,400,009
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
under expenditures	(2	236,882)		(23,113)		(12,970)		(13,110)		(286,075)
Other financing courses (uses).										
Other financing sources (uses):						240.274				240.274
Transfers in						340,371		(0.40, 0.74)		340,371
Transfers (out)						0.10.071		(340,371)		(340,371)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-					340,371	-	(340,371)		
Net change in fund balances	(:	236,882)		(23,113)		327,401		(353,481)		(286,075)
Fund balances at beginning of										
year (restated)	-	786,902		237,570		139,162		518,012		1,681,646
Fund balances at end of year		550,020	\$	214,457	\$	466,563	\$	164,531	\$	1,395,571
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						,		,		, ,,-

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(286,075)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period accordingly.			
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 243,176 (651,968)	<u>)</u>	(408,792)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current			(, - ,
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			(4,090)
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.			155,141
Governmental funds report expenditures for interest when it is due. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The additional interest reported in the statement of activities is due to the accrued interest on bonds and additional accumulated accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds.			(16,455)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(46,526)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(606,797)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	(	Original		Final	Actual		Negative)
Revenues:							
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$	3,381,624	\$	3,381,624	\$ 3,460,813	\$	79,189
Tuition		282,000		282,000	280,705		(1,295)
Earnings on investments		7,200		7,200	24,383		17,183
Extracurricular		200		200	377		177
Other local revenues		50,000		50,000	61,679		11,679
Intergovernmental - Intermediate		85,000		85,000	88,045		3,045
Intergovernmental - State		6,436,000		6,436,000	 6,383,072		(52,928)
Total revenue		10,242,024		10,242,024	 10,299,074		57,050
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		4,907,716		4,907,716	4,851,354		56,362
Special		956,979		956,979	956,712		267
Vocational		183,941		183,941	183,518		423
Other		119,560		119,560	119,421		139
Support services:		040.044		040.044	0.40, 400		044
Pupil		242,614		242,614	242,403		211
Instructional staff		714,339		714,339	713,371		968
Board of education		166,266		166,266	166,149		117
Administration		713,227 413,269		713,227 413,269	712,260		967 445
Fiscal		980,806		980,806	412,824 979,797		1,009
Pupil transportation		658,238		658,238	651,381		6,857
Operation of non-instructional services		111,014		111,014	111,013		0,007
Extracurricular activities		230,507		230,507	216,668		13,839
Total expenditures		10,398,476		10,398,476	 10,316,871	-	81,605
		,		,,	 ,	-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(156,452)		(156,452)	 (17,797)		138,655
Other financing sources (uses):							
Refund of prior year expenditure		65,000		65,000	66,817		1,817
Transfers in		200,000		200,000	200,000		
Transfers out		(200,000)		(200,000)	(200,000)		
Advances out		(14,862)		(14,862)	(14,862)		
Refund of prior year receipts		(39,505)		(39,505)	(39,505)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,633		10,633	 12,450		1,817
Net change in fund balance		(145,819)		(145,819)	(5,347)		140,472
Fund balance at beginning of year		695,186		695,186	695,186		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		23,723		23,723	23,723		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	573,090	\$	573,090	\$ 713,562	\$	140,472

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

### Private-Purpose Trust

<del></del>		
_	Scholarship	 Agency
Assets:  Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		\$ 36,366
investments	0,441	
Total assets	86,328	\$ 36,366
Liabilities: Due to students		\$ 36,366
Total liabilities		\$ 36,366
Net Assets:		
Held in trust for scholarships	86,328	
Total net assets	\$ 86,328	

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Private-Purpose
-	Trust
-	Scholarship
Additions:	
Interest	\$ 283
Gifts and contributions	10,154
Total additions	10,437
<b>Deductions:</b> Scholarships awarded	4,500
Change in net assets	5,937
Net assets at beginning of year	80,391
Net assets at end of year	\$ 86,328

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### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Western Reserve Local School District (the "District") is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected five-member Board of Education and is responsible for providing public education to the residents of the District.

The District ranks as the 399<sup>th</sup> largest by total enrollment among the 614 public school districts in the state. It currently operates 4 instructional facilities. The District employs 66 non-certified and 100 certified employees to provide services to approximately 1,303 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organization Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organization that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service, preschool and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' government board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organizations; resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

### Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association

The Northern Ohio Education Computer Association (NOECA) is a jointly governed organization, which is a computer consortium. NOECA is an association of 41 public school districts formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The NOECA Board of Directors consists of two representatives from each county in which participating school districts are located, the chairman of each of the operating committees, and a representative from the fiscal agent. During the fiscal year the District paid NOECA \$43,201 for services. Financial information can be obtained from Betty Schwiefert, who serves as Controller, 2900 S. Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

### Bay Area Council of Governments

The Bay Area Council of Governments consists of 26 school districts representing 7 counties (Crawford, Erie, Huron, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, and Wood). This jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of purchasing goods and services at a lower cost. The items currently being purchased through Bay Area are natural gas and insurance. The only cost to the districts is an administrative charge if they purchase something through the Council. The District paid \$71,531 to the Bay Area Council of Governments during 2005. The Bay Area Council of Governments consists of the superintendent of each school district. The Board of Directors consists of 1 elected representative from each county, and the superintendent of the fiscal agent, and 2 non-voting members (administrator and fiscal officer).

Members of the Board serve two-year terms, which are staggered. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Betty Schwiefert, who serves as fiscal officer, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio, 44870.

#### INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

### Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

#### Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association

The Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association (Association) is a public entity risk pool comprised of 14 districts. The Association assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and the program administrator. The Association is governed by a board of directors chosen from the general membership. The degree of control exercised by any participating district is limited to its representation on the board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the program administrator at the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association, located at 2900 Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### **B.** Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the repayment of debt.

<u>Permanent Improvement Fund</u> - The permanent improvement fund is used to account for all transactions related to acquiring, constructing, or improving certain District properties.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by trust funds; (b) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose; and (c) for food service operation.

### PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

#### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2006 operation, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### E. Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2005 is as follows:

- Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Huron County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final Amended Certificates issued for fiscal year 2005.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund and function must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Short-term interfund loans are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource, and are intended to be repaid.
- 6. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 8. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original, appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2005; however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 9. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund, function and object level.

#### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2005, investments were limited to State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), repurchase agreements, shares of common stock (see below) and a money market mutual fund. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements, are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal 2005. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2005.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund and the private-purpose trust fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2005 amounted to \$24,556, which includes \$8,145 assigned from other District funds.

While common stock is not an allowable investment according to Ohio Statute, the District has been endowed with a gift of stock to its private-purpose trust fund. No public funds were used to acquire the stock. At June 30, 2005, the common stock value was \$8,441. The amount of common stock available for expenditure is reported in net assets available in trust for scholarships on the statement of fiduciary net assets.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

### G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On the fund financials statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

#### H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Covernmental

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 25 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

#### I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2005, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees at least age fifty with at least ten years of service or any age with at lease twenty years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2005, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

### K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, and property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation, loans to other funds and budget stabilization. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under state statute. A fund balance designation is reported for amounts set-aside by the Board of Education for budget stabilization.

#### M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

### O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### P. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside to establish a budget stabilization reserve. This reserve is required by state statute. A schedule of statutory reserves is presented in Note 17.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

### R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2005.

#### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE**

#### A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2005, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>" and GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2, "<u>Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expenses and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers</u>".

GASB Statement No. 40 establishes and modified disclosure requirements related to investment risks: credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk) and interest rate risk. This statement also establishes and modified disclosure requirements for custodial credit risk on deposits.

GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 addresses the amount that should be recognized as expenditure/expense and as a liability each period by employers participating in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 40 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District, however additional note disclosure can be found in Note 4. The implementation of GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 had the following effect on the fund balances of the major and non-major funds of the District as they were previously reported as of June 30, 2004:

	 <u>General</u>	_	Debt Service	ermanent provement	<u>N</u>	<u>lonmajor</u>		<u>Total</u>
Fund Balances, June 30, 2004 GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2	\$ 852,059 (65,157)	\$	237,570	\$ 139,162 <u>-</u>	\$	525,748 (7,736)	_	1,754,539 (72,893)
Restated Fund Balance, June 30, 2004	\$ 786,902	\$	237,570	\$ 139,162	\$	518,012	\$	1,681,646

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

# NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

#### **B.** Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2005, included the following individual fund deficits:

	<u>Deficit</u>
Nonmajor Funds	
Food Service Operation	\$ 48,077
Management Information Systems	280
Entry Year Programs	34
Ohio Reads	17
Miscellaneous State Grants	3,874
IDEA, Part B, Special Education	310
Title I, Disadvantaged Children	12,131
Improving Teacher Quality	8,891
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	196

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at fiscal year-end. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances results from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

# **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value
  of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the
  agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the
  agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions:
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$300 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

# **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

#### B. Cash with Fiscal Agent

At fiscal year-end, \$715 went unspent from pass through grants received from the County education service center; however, this amount is not part of the internal cash pool reported on the financial statements as "Cash with Fiscal Agent".

#### C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2005, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$232,631, exclusive of the \$1,412,390 repurchase agreement included in investments below. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2005, \$565,904 of the District's bank balance of \$665,904 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$100,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held at Federal Reserve Banks in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as specific collateral in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute.

#### D. Investments

As of June 30, 2005, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Inve	stment Maturities
	Е	Balance at		6 months or
Investment type	<u>1</u>	air Value		less
Repurchase agreement	\$	1,412,390	\$	1,412,390
STAR Ohio		70,900		70,900
Money market mutual fund		500		500
Common stock		8,441		8,441
	\$	1,492,231	\$	1,492,231

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date, and requires the market value of securities for repurchase agreements to exceed the principal value by two percent and repurchase agreements cannot exceed 30 days. Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The District's investment policy provides no additional requirements regarding interest rate risk beyond the requirements of state statute.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

# **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

*Credit Risk:* The District's investment in common stock was rated Aa3 by Moody's Investor Services. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. Ohio law requires no load money market mutual funds to have the highest credit rating issued by national raters, and .

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Repurchase agreement securities must be delivered into the custody of the treasurer or governing board or agent.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2005:

Investment type	<u> </u>	air Value	% of Total
Repurchase agreement	\$	1,412,390	94.65%
STAR Ohio		70,900	4.75%
Money market mutual fund		500	0.03%
Common stock		8,441	0.57%
	\$	1,492,231	<u>100.00</u> %

#### E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2005:

Cash and Investments per footnote		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	232,631
Investments		1,492,231
Cash with fiscal agent		715
Cash on hand		300
Total	\$	1,725,877
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Asse	ts	
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Asse Governmental activities	<u></u> ts \$	1,603,183
<u> </u>		1,603,183 86,328
Governmental activities		

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A.** Interfund balances at June 30, 2005, as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual long-term loans to/from other funds:

Loan Receivable Fund	Loan Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	Nonmaior governmental funds	\$ 29.315

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are not expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2005 are reported on the statement of net assets.

**B.** Interfund balances at June 30, 2005, as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	Nonmajor special revenue fund	\$ 14,862

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2005, are reported on the statement of net assets.

**C.** Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2005, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

	<u>Amount</u>
Transfers to Permanent Improvement fund from:	
Nonmajor Governmental funds	\$ 340,371

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2005 represents collections of calendar year 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2005 represents collections of calendar year 2004 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 became a lien December 31, 2003, were levied after April 1, 2004, and are collected in 2005 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2005 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2005 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the value as of December 31, 2004. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Huron County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2005, are available to finance fiscal year 2005 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2005, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005, was \$514,042 in the general fund, \$70,211 in the debt service fund and \$11,378 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a non major special revenue fund). This amount has been recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2004, was \$497,965 in the general fund, \$68,123 in the debt service fund, and \$10,989 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2005 taxes were collected are:

	2004 Second Half Collections	2005 First Half Collections		
	Amount Percent	Amount Percent		
Agricultural/residential				
and other real estate	\$ 95,522,080 91.95	\$ 98,155,150 92.51		
Public utility personal	3,467,520 3.34	3,423,530 3.23		
Tangible personal property	4,889,030 4.71	4,518,413 4.26		
Total	\$ 103,878,630 100.00	<u>\$ 106,097,093</u> <u>100.00</u>		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$34.35	\$34.35		

### **NOTE 7 - SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX**

The voters of the District have passed 2 income tax levies. The first income tax levy was passed in May of 1990 and established a 3/4% income tax effective January 1, 1991, for an indefinite period of time. The second income tax levy was passed in March of 1996 and established an additional 1/2% income tax effective January 1, 1998, for an indefinite period of time. School district income tax revenue received by the general fund during fiscal year 2005 was \$1,484,930.

### **NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2005, consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities	
Property taxes	\$ 2,300,286
Income taxes	536,937
Accounts	576
Intergovernmental	14,862
Total	\$ 2,852,661

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

# NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

Receivables have been aggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

# **NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Balance 07/01/04	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/05
Governmental Activities  Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 351,793	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 351,793
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	351,793			351,793
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	83,443			83,443
Buildings and improvements	20,565,858			20,565,858
Furniture and equipment	820,466	177,497		997,963
Vehicles	983,534	65,679		1,049,213
Total capital assets, being depreciated	22,453,301	243,176		22,696,477
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(23,651)	(2,500)		(26,151)
Buildings and improvements	(759,638)	(411,317)		(1,170,955)
Furniture and equipment	(116,376)	(122,959)		(239,335)
Vehicles	(493,730)	(115,192)		(608,922)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,393,395)	(651,968)		(2,045,363)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 21,411,699	\$ (408,792)	<u> </u>	\$ 21,002,907

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction: Regular Special	\$ 368,062 2,852
Support Services:	
Board of Education	12,983
Administration	6,594
Operations and maintenance	7,878
Pupil transportation	186,305
Extracurricular activities	17,560
Food service operations	49,734
Total depreciation expense	\$ 651,968

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 10 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE**

The District has entered into capitalized leases for the acquisition of copiers. The terms of each agreement provide options to purchase the equipment. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term.

These lease agreements met the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds.

Capital assets consisting of office equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$63,745. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2005 totaled \$11,241 in the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2005.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2006 2007	\$ 13,762 
Total minimum lease payments	27,524
Less amount representing interest	(2,166)
Total	\$ 25,358

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### **NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

**A.** During fiscal year 2005, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Outs	lance tanding 30/04	Additions	Re	eductions	Balance Outstanding 06/30/05	ı	mounts Due in ne Year
Governmental Activities:  General obligation bonds: Series 1996, Energy conservation 5.20%, 12/01/06 maturity	\$	117,800	\$ -	\$	(58,900)	\$ 58,900	\$	58,900
Series 2000, Construction current interest bonds 5.537%, 12/01/23 maturity	3,0	055,000			(85,000)	2,970,000		90,000
Series 2000, Construction capital appreciation bonds 10.736% (average effective) 12/01/09 and 12/01/10 maturity		96,000				96,000		
Series 2000, Construction capital appreciation bonds accreted interest		52,659	16,770		<u>-</u>	69,429		<u>-</u>
Total general obligation bonds	3,3	321,459	16,770	_	(143,900)	3,194,329		148,900
Other Obligations: Compensated absences Capital lease obligation		541,046 36,599	93,018		(29,291) (11,241)	604,773 25,358		39,272 12,174
Total other obligations		577,645	93,018		(40,532)	630,131		51,446
Total long-term obligations, governmental activities	\$ 3,8	399,104	\$ 109,788	<u>\$</u>	(184,432)	\$ 3,824,460	\$	200,346

<u>Energy Conservation Bonds</u> - During fiscal year 1997, the District issued unvoted debt, in the form of energy conservation bonds to provide funds for high school and middle school capital improvements. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to this liability are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund. The source of repayment is general operating funds of the District.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> - During the fiscal year 2001, the District issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and furnishing of new buildings. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund. The source of payment is derived from a current 3.36 mill bonded debt tax levy.

These bonds represent the amount of the construction project that the District itself was required to finance, in accordance with the terms of a facilities grant from the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC).

In conjunction with the 3.36 mills, which support the bond issue, the District also passed in fiscal 2001, a .5 mill levy to ultimately fund the maintenance costs of the new facilities. Tax revenue from this levy has been reported in the special revenue funds.

This issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$3,265,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$282,000. The average interest rate on the current interest bonds is 5.537%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2009 (effective interest 10.736%) and December 1, 2010 (effective interest 10.736%), at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The present value (as of issue date) reported in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2005, was \$96,000. Total accreted interest of \$69,429 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2005. The current interest bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2010, are subject to early redemption at the sole option of the District, at the following redemption prices, plus accrued interest:

Redemption Dates	Redemption Price
December 1, 2010 through November 30, 2011	102% of par
December 1, 2011 through November 30, 2011	101% of par
December 1, 2012 and thereafter	100% of par

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2023.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

# **NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

**B.** Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2005, are as follows:

		G	eneral Obligation				G	ene	ral Obliga	tion		
Fiscal Year		Cur	rent	ent Interest Bonds			Capital Appreciation Bond				onds	
Ending June 30	F	Principal		Interest	_	Total	<u>P</u>	rincipal		Interest		Total
2006	\$	90,000	\$	163,825	\$	253,825	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2007		95,000		159,223		254,223						
2008		100,000		154,323		254,323						
2009		110,000		148,993		258,993						
2010				146,188		146,188		50,223		89,777		140,000
2011 - 2015		585,000		667,550		1,252,550		45,777		96,223		142,000
2016 - 2020		975,000		439,525		1,414,525						
2021 - 2024		1,015,000		120,605	_	1,135,605			_			
Total	\$ :	2,970,000	\$ :	2,000,232	\$	4,970,232	\$	96,000	\$	186,000	\$	282,000

	General Obligation						
Fiscal Year		Energy Conservation Bonds					
Ending June 30	Principal Interest			Principal Inte			Total
2006	\$	58,900	\$	4,594	\$	63,494	
Total	\$	58,900	\$	4,594	\$	63,494	

# C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. In addition, the code further provides that unvoted indebtness for energy conservation measures shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the district.

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2005, are a voted debt margin of \$6,447,766 (including available funds of \$214,457) and an unvoted debt margin of \$106,097, and energy conservation debt margin of \$954,873.

### **NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

# A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2005, the District has contracted with Indiana Insurance Company to provide general liability, fleet, building and contents coverage. The District has contracted with the Midwestern Indemnity Company for builder's risk coverage.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### **NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

The District had the following coverages in effect for fiscal year 2005:

Coverage	Limits of <u>Coverage</u>	<u>Deductible</u>
General liability:		
Each occurrence	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -
Aggregate	2,000,000	
Fleet:		
Comprehensive	1,000,000	1,000
Collision	1,000,000	1,000
Building and contents	29,524,945	2,500

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from fiscal 2004.

#### B. Health Benefits

The District joined together with other area school districts to form the Erie-Huron School Employee Insurance Association, a public entity risk management and employee health benefits program for 14 member school districts. The District pays a monthly premium to the pool for health, life and dental insurance, including prescription coverage. The agreement for formation of the pool provides that it will be self-sustaining through member premiums, and the pool will purchase stop-loss insurance policies through commercial companies to cover claims in excess of \$200,000 for any employee.

In the event of withdrawal, the District shall assume and be responsible for payment of all claims of its eligible employees, families and dependents from the effective date of withdrawal, regardless of when such claims were incurred, processed, or presented to the Association, insurance provider, insurance consultant, or any other appropriate or authorized person or representative; provided further, any such claims, which are paid after the effective date of withdrawal by the Association insurance provider or insurance consultant, or charged to such parties, shall be reimbursed in full by any withdrawing member upon demand of the Association.

#### C. Ohio School Board Association Group Workers' Compensation Rating Program

For fiscal year 2005, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### **NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 14. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State Statute Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003, were \$131,573, \$111,523, and \$90,942, respectively; 44.08% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for the fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$73,576 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005.

#### **B.** State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, or by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal years 2004 and 2005 13% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employee contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003, were \$636,452, \$617,213, and \$553,991, respectively; 81.17% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for the fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$119,843 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal 2005 were \$3,792 made by the District and \$9,411 made by plan members.

#### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by SERS or STRS have an option to choose Social Security or SERS/STRS. As of June 30, 2005, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through STRS, and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by STRS and SERS based on authority granted by state statute. Both STRS and SERS are funded on a pay-as-you-go-basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll. For this fiscal year, the State Teachers Retirement Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$48,958 during fiscal 2005.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.3 billion at June 30, 2005. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$254.780 million and STRS had 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Effective January 1, 2004, all retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status. A safety net is in place for retirees whose household income falls below federal poverty levels. Premiums are reduced by 50% for those who apply.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.43% of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2005, the minimum pay has been established at \$27,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

Health care benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. Net health care costs for the year ending June 30, 2005, were \$178,221,113. The target level for the health care fund is 150% of the projected claims less premium contributions for the next fiscal year. As of June 30, 2005, the value of the health care fund was \$267.5 million, which is about 168% of the next year's projected net health care costs of \$158,776,151. On the basis of actuarial projections, the allocated contributions will be insufficient, in the long term, to provide for a health care reserve equal to at least 150% of estimated annual net claim costs. The number of participants eligible to receive benefits is 58,123.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);

# NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

(c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	<u>Gen</u>	<u>eral Fund</u>
Budget basis	\$	(5,347)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		17,816
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(	(260,229)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(12,450)
Adjustment for encumbrances		23,328
GAAP basis	<u>\$ (</u>	236,882)

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### **NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

### **B.** Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

### C. State School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the state's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future state funding and its financial operations.

### **NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES**

The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the reserve activity was as follows.

	<u>T</u>	<u>extbooks</u>	Capital equisition	Budget <u>bilization</u>
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2004 Current year set-aside requirement Current year offsets	\$	(340,181) 188,755	\$ (23,318) 188,755 (42,342)	\$ 19,552
Qualifying disbursements		(170,593)	 (123,095)	 
Total	\$	(322,019)	\$ 	\$ 19,552
Cash balance carried forward to FY 2006	\$	(322,019)	\$ 	\$ 19,552

The District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the textbook/instructional materials reserve, this extra amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirements for future years. The negative amount is therefore presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Continued)

### **NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)**

During fiscal year 2001, the District under took a project to provide for the renovation and construction of school buildings. The amount representing unspent proceeds was permitted to be carried over as an allowable offset to future years for the capital acquisition set-aside during the duration of the project. The project was completed during fiscal year 2004 and the balance in the capital acquisition set-aside at June 30, 2004, has been restated to reflect this.

The budget stabilization reserve represents Bureau of Workers' Compensation refunds that were received prior to April 10, 2001, have been shown as a restricted asset and reserved fund balance in the general fund since allowable expenditures are restricted by state statute. The Board of Education resolved to maintain the budget stabilization reserve. A total of \$165,738 is reported as designated fund balance in the general fund.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2005 follows:

Amounts restricted for BWC refund \$ 19,552

Total restricted assets \$ 19,552

#### **NOTE 18 - DONOR RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS**

The District's private purpose trust funds consist of donor restricted endowments and realized and unrealized appreciation on investments and is reflected as held in trust for scholarships. State law permits the District to appropriate, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent, net appreciation, realized and unrealized, unless the endowment terms specify otherwise. The endowment indicates that the interest should be used to provide scholarships each year.

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# SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

FEDERAL GRANTOR	Pass Through	Federal
Pass Through Grantor	Entity Number	CFDA
Program Title	Number	Number
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education		
Nutrition Cluster:		
Food Distribution Program	n/a	10.550
National School Lunch Program	047746-LLP4-2004	10.555
	047746-LLP4-2005	
Total - National School Lunch Program		
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture- Nutrition Cluster		
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education		
Special Education Cluster:		
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education		
Special Education - Grants to States	047746-6BSF-2004	84.027
	047746-6BSF-2005	
Passed through the Erie-Huron-Ottawa Educational Service Center		
Special Education - Preschool Grant		84.173
Total - Special Education Cluster		
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States	20A0-2005	84.048
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I)	047746-C1S1-2003	84.010
	047746-C1S1-2004	
Total - Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I)	047746-C1S1-2005	
Total Statio to Essai Educational Agencies (ESEA Thie I)		
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	047746-DRS1-2005	84.186
	2.1.1.12.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.	
Innovative Education Program Strategies	047746-C2S1-2004	84.298
	047746-C2S1-2005	
Total - Innovative Education Program Strategies		
Technology Literacy Challenge Fund Grants	047746-TJS1-2004	84.318
	047746-TJS1-2005	
	047746-TJSL-2005	
Total - Technology Literacy Challenge Fund Grants		
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	044746-TRS1-2004	84.367
improving reacher quality state Grants	044746-TRS1-2004 044746-TRS1-2005	04.307
Total - Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	044740-11131-2003	
Total Improving Totality State State		
Total U.S. Department of Education		
CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE		
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education		
Learn and Serve America School and Community Based Program	044746-SVS1-2004	94.004
Total Corporation for National and Community Service		
TOTALS		
TOTALS		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

	Non-Cash		Non-Cash
Receipts	Receipts	Disbursements	Disbursements
	\$15,504		\$15,50
28,584		28,584	
101,481		101,481	
130,065		130,065	
130,065	15,504	130,065	15,50
10,272			
296,067		296,067	
8,924		8,210	
315,263	·	304,277	
17,182		17,485	
		95	
30,598			
94,688		97,402	
125,286		97,497	
4,886		4,816	
0.040			
6,612		1 716	
5,456 12,068		1,716 1,716	
12,000		1,710	
680			
2,595		847	
188,000		188,000	
191,275		188,847	
3,225			
39,506		46,208	
42,731		46,208	
700 604		260 046	
708,691		660,846	
4,160		3,936	
4,160		3,936	
\$942.046	\$15 F04	\$704 947	\$4E E0
\$842,916	\$15,504	\$794,847	\$15,50

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# NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's Federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

### **NOTE C - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS**

Certain Federal programs require that the District contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-Federal matching funds is not included on the Schedule.

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# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Western Reserve Local School District Huron County 3765 U.S. Route 20 East Collins, Ohio 44826-9514

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Western Reserve Local School District, Huron County (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 24, 2006, in which we noted the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Technical Bulletin 2004-02, Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expense and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinions on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the District's management dated May 24, 2006, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem reportable conditions.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Western Reserve Local School District Huron County Independent Accountants' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Required By *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*. In a separate letter to the District's management dated May 24, 2006, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

**Betty Montgomery** Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

May 24, 2006



# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Western Reserve Local School District Huron County 3765 U.S. Route 20 East Collins, Ohio 44826-9514

To the Board of Education:

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Western Reserve Local School District, Huron County (the District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that apply to its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal programs. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Western Reserve Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005. In a separate letter to the District's management dated May 24, 2006, we reported other matters related to federal noncompliance not requiring inclusion in this report.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Western Reserve Local School District Huron County Independent Accountants' Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Major Federal Programs And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

**Betty Montgomery** Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

May 24, 2006

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2005

# 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified.
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No.
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No.
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No.
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No.
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No.
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified.
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No.
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster (CFDA #84.027 and 84.173).
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes.

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

# 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

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# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) JUNE 30, 2005

Finding	Finding	Fully	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
Number	Summary	Corrected?	
2004-001	Ohio Revised Code §5705.41(D); failure to certify expenditures.	No.	Reported as management letter non-compliance for this audit.



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# WESTERN RESERVE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

# **HURON COUNTY**

# **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 22, 2006