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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District Tuscarawas County 702 South River Street Newcomerstown, Ohio 43832

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position, where applicable, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 16, 2006, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

> 101 Central Plaza South / 700 Bank One Tower / Canton, OH 44702 Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001

Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District Tuscarawas County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The federal awards expenditure schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards expenditure schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

February 16, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of the Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$394,490 which represents a 2.73% increase from 2004.
- General revenues accounted for \$8,819,752 in revenue or 81.21% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,041,118 or 18.79% of total revenues of \$10,860,870.
- The District had \$10,466,380 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,041,118 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$8,819,752 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and debt service fund. The general fund had \$8,349,507 in revenues and \$8,168,314 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2005, the general fund's fund deficit decreased \$181,193 from \$401,465 to \$220,272.
- The District's debt service fund had \$313,798 in revenues and \$327,034 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2005, the debt service fund's fund balance decreased \$13,236 from \$457,641 to \$444,405.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and debt service fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2005?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 14-15 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and debt service fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-20 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for medical/surgical and dental self-insurance. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets on pages 24 and 25. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 27-55 of this report.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2005 and 2004.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2005	Governmental Activities 2004
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 4,776,024	\$ 3,838,315
Capital assets	18,217,663	18,529,496
Total assets	22,993,687	22,367,811
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	3,949,170	3,445,049
Long-term liabilities	4,214,909	4,487,644
Total liabilities	8,164,079	7,932,693
Net Assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	14,404,905	14,518,900
Restricted	1,091,789	824,373
Unrestricted (deficit)	(667,086)	(908,155)
Total net assets	<u>\$ 14,829,608</u>	\$ 14,435,118

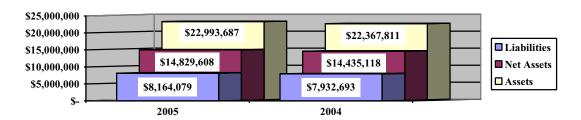
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2005, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$14,829,608. Of this total, \$1,091,789 is restricted in use.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

At year-end, capital assets represented 79.23% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2005, were \$14,404,905. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$1,091,789, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining deficit balance of unrestricted net assets is \$667,086.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2005 and 2004.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 476,532	\$ 453,518		
Operating grants and contributions	1,564,586	1,287,335		
Capital grants and contributions	-	71,311		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	2,544,405	2,723,872		
Grants and entitlements	6,058,474	5,956,532		
Investment earnings	16,640	8,408		
Other	200,233	163,099		
Total revenues	10,860,870	10,664,075		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2005	Governmental Activities 2004		
Expenses				
Program expenses:				
Instruction:	¢ 4216729	e 2.044.027		
Regular	\$ 4,316,728	\$ 3,944,927		
Special	1,059,620	1,120,022		
Vocational	86,050	133,145		
Adult education	-	177		
Other	131,084	36,863		
Support services:				
Pupil	270,414	382,734		
Instructional staff	638,906	532,862		
Board of education	26,453	34,076		
Administration	879,072	805,644		
Fiscal	251,375	283,951		
Operations and maintenance	1,389,641	893,401		
Pupil transportation	318,551	459,202		
Food service operations	521,833	535,153		
Operations of non-instructional services	11,888	764		
Extracurricular activities	336,161	419,354		
Interest and fiscal charges	228,604	221,229		
Total expenses	10,466,380	9,803,504		
Change in net assets	394,490	860,571		
Net assets at beginning of year	14,435,118	13,574,547		
Net assets at end of year	\$ 14,829,608	\$ 14,435,118		

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$394,490. Total governmental expenses of \$10,466,380 were offset by program revenues of \$2,041,118 and general revenues of \$8,819,752. Program revenues supported 19.50% of the total governmental expenses.

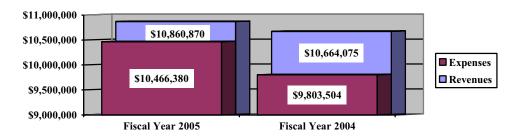
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 79.21% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$5,593,482 or 53.44% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2005.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2005 and 2004.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

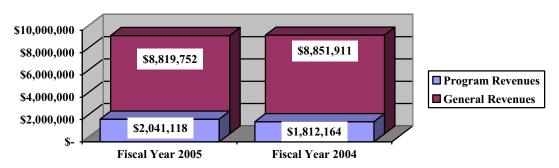
	Go	vernmental	Activ	ities				
	T	otal Cost of	N	Net Cost of		otal Cost of	1	Net Cost of
	Services		Services		Services		Services	
		2005		2005		2004		2004
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	4,316,728	\$	3,930,491	\$	3,944,927	\$	3,597,632
Special		1,059,620		715,233		1,120,022		700,472
Vocational		86,050		86,050		133,145		133,145
Adult education		=		=		177		177
Other		131,084		130,965		36,863		36,863
Support services:								
Pupil		270,414		254,587		382,734		358,386
Instructional staff		638,906		378,759		532,862		384,817
Board of education		26,453		20,083		34,076		22,374
Administration		879,072		872,491		805,644		785,736
Fiscal		251,375		246,375		283,951		283,336
Operations and maintenance		1,389,641		1,089,138		893,401		688,741
Pupil transportation		318,551		309,860		459,202		456,166
Food service operations		521,833		40,866		535,153		105,229
Operations of non-instructional services		11,888		(45)		764		764
Extracurricular activities		336,161		121,805		419,354		216,273
Interest and fiscal charges	_	228,604		228,604	_	221,229		221,229
Total expenses	\$	10,466,380	\$	8,425,262	\$	9,803,504	\$	7,991,340

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 86.94% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 81.21%. The District's taxpayers and grants and entitlements, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2005 and 2004.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$568,558, which is higher than last year's fund balance of \$84,430. The June 30, 2004 fund balances have been restated as described in Note 3.A. to the basic financial statements. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2005 and 2004.

	Fund Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2005	Restated Fund Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2004	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage <u>Change</u>
General	\$ (220,272)	\$ (401,465)	\$ 181,193	45.13 %
Debt Service	444,405	457,641	(13,236)	(2.89) %
Other Governmental	344,425	28,254	316,171	1,119.03 %
Total	\$ 568,558	\$ 84,430	\$ 484,128	573.41 %

General Fund

The District's general fund deficit decreased \$181,193 (after a restatement to the June 30, 2004, fund balance which is detailed in Note 3.A. to the basic financial statements). The decrease in fund deficit can be attributed to several items related to increasing revenues still outpacing increased expenditures. Revenues exceed expenditures for fiscal year 2005 by \$227,074. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund deficit of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

				Restated			
		2005		2004		Increase	Percentage
	_	Amount	_	Amount	_(Decrease)_	Change
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	2,182,666	\$	2,303,217	\$	(120,551)	(5.23) %
Earnings on investments		15,718		5,817		9,901	170.21 %
Intergovernmental		6,016,152		5,911,676		104,476	1.77 %
Other revenues	_	134,971		96,957		38,014	39.21 %
Total	<u>\$</u>	8,349,507	<u>\$</u>	8,317,667	<u>\$</u>	31,840	0.38 %
Expenditures							
Instruction	\$	4,446,154	\$	4,269,604	\$	176,550	4.14 %
Support services		3,224,698		3,317,275		(92,577)	(2.79) %
Non-instructional services		2,252		764		1,488	194.76 %
Extracurricular activities		119,061		123,528		(4,467)	(3.62) %
Facilities acquisition and construction	_	330,268		289,817		40,451	13.96 %
Total	\$	8,122,433	\$	8,000,988	\$	121,445	1.52 %

Debt Service Fund

The District's debt service fund had \$313,798 in revenues and \$327,034 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2005, the debt service fund's fund balance decreased \$13,236 from \$457,641 to \$444,405.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2005, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$8,372,650 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$8,482,829. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2005 was \$8,511,031. This represents a \$28,202 increase over final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$8,764,627 were increased to \$8,874,806 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2005 totaled \$8,513,786, which was \$361,020 less than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2005, the District had \$18,217,663 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2005 balances compared to 2004:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
	2005	2004				
Land	\$ 121,788	\$ 121,788				
Land improvements	1,318,144	1,415,017				
Building and improvements	15,747,768	15,869,097				
Furniture and equipment	865,536	1,058,537				
Vehicles	164,427	65,057				
Total	<u>\$ 18,217,663</u>	\$ 18,529,496				

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$311,833 is due to depreciation expense of \$749,731 and disposals of \$5,506 (net of accumulated depreciation) exceeding capital outlays of \$443,404 in the fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2005, the District had \$3,045,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$150,000 is due within one year and \$2,895,000 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,045,000	\$3,190,000
Total	\$ 3,045,000	\$ 3,190,000

At June 30, 2005, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$5,890,136, and an unvoted debt margin of \$94,341.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 UNAUDITED

Current Financial Related Activities

The District has been very frugal and has carefully managed its General Fund budget in order to get the maximum value for the tax dollars available for education the students of the Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District. The District has struggled financially over the last few years. Over the last four years the District has cut 1.8 million dollars from the District budget and the District has eliminated almost 50 full-time and extra-curricular positions in order to stay fiscally solvent. The District passed an 8 mill, five year emergency levy in February 2005 special election (by a vote of 58% to 42%). This was the fourth try for additional operating revenue in the last few years and this is the first new, additional operating funds the District has received in the last 13 years. The levy generates \$750,000.00 annually.

The District's five year forecast is brighter because of the levy passing. It is projected that the District will be fiscally solvent up to, but not including fiscal year 2009. The certified and classified associations have taken steps to help the District through these financially difficult times. Both associations have taken a zero percent pay increase in the last three years.

The State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." Since 1977, the State has directed additional revenue growth toward the support of School Districts with little property tax wealth. In may of 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court again ruled that, while the State had made progress, the current funding system for schools is far too dependent on property taxes, which are inherently not "equitable" nor "adequate." The court directed the Governor and the legislature to address the fundamental issues creating the inequities. In September 2001, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision identified aspects of the current plan that require modification if the plan is to be considered constitutional. The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case based on anticipated compliance with its order.

The State of Ohio, in a motion filed September 2001, asked the Court to reconsider and clarify the parts of the decision changing the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount and the requirement that change be made retroactive to July 1, 2001. In November 2001, the Court granted the request for reconsideration, but also ordered the parties to participate in a settlement conference with a court appointed mediator. In March 2002, the mediator issued his final report indicating that the conference was unable to produce a settlement. The case is now under reconsideration by the Court. At this time the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its State funding and its financial operations.

The District has committed itself to educational and financial excellence. As a result, the District's financial abilities will continue to be tested, therefore making it a challenge to meet the high educational goals that have been set. However, with continued leadership from the Board of Education and prudent fiscal planning, the resources needed to meet the educational challenges ahead and desired student needs should be achieved.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Dan Stocker, Treasurer, Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District, 702 S. River Street, Newcomerstown, Ohio 43832.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,634,591			
Receivables:				
Taxes	3,010,871			
Accounts	57,625			
Intergovernmental	46,600			
Prepayments	17,071			
Materials and supplies inventory	9,266			
Capital assets:	,			
Land	121,788			
Depreciable capital assets, net	18,095,875			
Capital assets, net	18,217,663			
Total assets	22,993,687			
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	31,221			
Accrued wages and benefits	872,884			
Pension obligation payable	226,548			
Intergovernmental payable	87,146			
Deferred revenue	2,621,305			
Accrued interest payable	14,004			
Claims payable	96,062			
Long-term liabilities:	90,002			
_	240.772			
Due within one year	249,772			
Due within more than one year	3,965,137			
Total liabilities	8,164,079			
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt	14,404,905			
Restricted for:				
Debt service	449,046			
Capital projects	222,070			
Permanent fund:	,			
Expendable	6,474			
Classroom facilities maintenance	171,570			
Locally funded programs	98			
	33,971			
State funded programs				
Federally funded programs	84,669			
Student activities	68,332			
Other purposes	55,559			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(667,086)			
Total net assets	\$ 14,829,608			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

				Program	Revei	nues]	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses			Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:								
Instruction: Regular	\$	4,316,728 1,059,620 86,050 131,084	\$	67,180	\$	319,057 344,387 - 119	\$	(3,930,491) (715,233) (86,050) (130,965)
Support services: Pupil		270,414 638,906		- -		15,827 260,147		(254,587) (378,759)
Board of education		26,453 879,072 251,375		6,370 - -		6,581 5,000		(20,083) (872,491) (246,375)
Operations and maintenance Pupil transportation Operation of non-instructional services:		1,389,641 318,551		651		299,852 8,691		(1,089,138) (309,860)
Food service operations Other non-instructional services Extracurricular activities Interest and fiscal charges		521,833 11,888 336,161 228,604		187,975 - 214,356		292,992 11,933		(40,866) 45 (121,805) (228,604)
Total governmental activities	\$	10,466,380	\$	476,532	\$	1,564,586		(8,425,262)
	Prope Gene Spec Debt Capi	ral Revenues: rty taxes levied for the purposes	 					2,190,668 36,101 276,679 40,957
	to sp Invest	s and entitlements ecific programs. ment earnings . dlaneous						6,058,474 16,640 200,233
	Total	general revenues						8,819,752
	Chang	ge in net assets.						394,490
	Net as	ssets at beginnin	g of yea	ır				14,435,118
	Net as	ssets at end of ye	ar				\$	14,829,608

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

	General	De	bt Service	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash							
and cash equivalents	\$ 328,141	\$	418,568	\$	665,925	\$	1,412,634
Receivables:							
Taxes	2,656,330		271,402		83,139		3,010,871
Accounts	57,192		-		433		57,625
Intergovernmental	13,411		_		33,189		46,600
Due from other funds	216,016		_		-		216,016
Prepayments	17,071		_		-		17,071
Materials and supplies inventory	-		_		9,266		9,266
Restricted assets:					, , , ,		,
Equity in pooled cash							
and cash equivalents	55,559		_		_		55,559
Total assets	\$ 3,343,720	\$	689,970	\$	791,952	\$	4,825,642
	 -,,				7, 2,, 2		.,,,,,,,,
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 26,105	\$	_	\$	5,116	\$	31,221
Accrued wages and benefits	758,253		_		114,631		872,884
Compensated absences payable	24,876		_		-		24,876
Pension obligation payable	213,671		_		12,877		226,548
Intergovernmental payable	70,413		_		16,733		87,146
Due to other funds	-		_		216,016		216,016
Deferred revenue	2,470,674		245,565		82,154		2,798,393
Total liabilities	 3,563,992		245,565		447,527		4,257,084
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for encumbrances	181,119		-		90,904		272,023
Reserved for materials and							
supplies inventory	-		-		9,266		9,266
Reserved for prepayments	17,071		-		-		17,071
Reserved for property tax unavailable							
for appropriation	185,656		25,837		6,445		217,938
Reserved for debt service	-		418,568		-		418,568
Reserved for textbooks	55,559		-		-		55,559
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in:							
General fund	(659,677)		-		-		(659,677)
Special revenue funds	_		_		17,232		17,232
Capital projects funds	_		-		216,042		216,042
Permanent fund					4,536		4,536
Total fund balances (deficit)	 (220,272)		444,405		344,425		568,558
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 3,343,720	\$	689,970	\$	791,952	\$	4,825,642

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2005

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 568,558
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		18,217,663
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 171,628 5,460	
Total		177,088
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		70,336
In the statement of activities interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due.		(14,004)
Long-term liabilities, including leases and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences	(377,275)	
Lease-purchase agreement payable	(767,758)	
General obligation bonds payable	 (3,045,000)	
Total		 (4,190,033)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 14,829,608

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		General	Del	bt Service	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total evernmental Funds
Revenues:		-	-	_				
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	2,182,666	\$	279,055	\$	76,959	\$	2,538,680
Tuition		39,909		-		-		39,909
Charges for services		-		-		214,356		214,356
Earnings on investments		15,718		-		762		16,480
Extracurricular		-		-		187,975		187,975
Classroom materials and fees		-		-		27,271		27,271
Other local revenues		95,062				112,192		207,254
Intergovernmental - State		6,016,152		34,743		428,318		6,479,213
Intergovernmental - Federal		-	-	-		1,250,959		1,250,959
Total revenue		8,349,507		313,798		2,298,792		10,962,097
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:		2.572.040				262 222		2.026.201
Regular		3,572,949		-		363,332		3,936,281
Special		660,284		-		356,543		1,016,827
Vocational		81,966		-		120		81,966
Other		130,955		-		129		131,084
Support services: Pupil		245,388				19,320		264,708
Instructional staff		330,561		-		272,939		603,500
Board of education		26,453		_		212,737		26,453
Administration		921,914		_		7,626		929,540
Fiscal		243,291		_		4,948		248,239
Operations and maintenance		1,046,395		_		25,802		1,072,197
Pupil transportation		410,696		_		9,452		420,148
Operation of non-instructional services:		.10,050				>,2		.20,1.0
Food service operations		_		_		484,603		484,603
Other non-instructional services		2,252		_		9,636		11,888
Extracurricular activities		119,061		-		159,470		278,531
Facilities acquisition and construction		330,268		-		214,702		544,970
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		145,000		52,838		197,838
Interest and fiscal charges				182,034		47,162		229,196
Total expenditures		8,122,433		327,034		2,028,502		10,477,969
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		227,074		(13,236)		270,290		484,128
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		_		_		45,881		45,881
Transfers (out)		(45,881)		_		-		(45,881)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(45,881)	-	_		45,881		-
Net change in fund balances		181,193		(13,236)		316,171		484,128
_		,		. , ,		,		,
Fund balances (deficit) at		(401 465)		157 611		20 254		94 420
beginning of year (restated) Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	<u> </u>	(401,465) (220,272)	•	457,641	•	28,254	•	84,430
runu baiances (uchen) at enu oi year	\$	(220,272)	\$	444,405	\$	344,425	\$	568,558

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	484,128
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 443,404 (749,731)	(306,327)
Governmental funds only report the gain from the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.		(5,506)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Taxes Intergovernmental revenue Total	 5,725 (107,112)	(101,387)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.		197,838
Governmental funds report expenditures for interest when it is due. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The additional interest reported in the statement of activities is due to the accrued interest		
on bonds.		592
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		68,641
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal		
service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		56,511
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	394,490

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Revenues: Final Revenues: Century Revenues: Century		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fin	iance with
Person local sources:		Original		Final	Actual		
Taxes \$ 2,214,347 \$ 2,243,486 \$ 2,250,945 \$ 7,459 Tuition 39,260 39,777 39,909 132 Earnings on investments. 15,462 15,666 15,718 22 Other local revenues 24,061 24,378 24,459 81 Intergovernmental - State 5,918,335 5,996,217 6,061,52 19,935 Total revenue 8,211,465 8,319,524 8,347,183 27,659 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,855,311 3,903,776 3,696,651 207,125 Special 734,200 743,430 649,482 99,948 Vocational 102,013 103,295 91,677 11,618 Other 75,901 76,855 147,239 703,849 Support services: 8 393,629 256,799 136,830 Instructional staff 346,703 351,602 334,940 16,122 Board of education	Revenues:	 			 		-g
Tuition. 39,260 39,777 39,909 132 Earnings on investments. 15,462 15,666 15,718 52 Other local revenues 24,061 24,378 24,459 81 Intergovernmental - State 5,918,335 5,996,217 6,016,152 19,935 Total revenue. 8,211,465 8,319,524 8,347,183 27,659 Expenditures: Use transmitterion: Expenditures: Use transmitterion: Regular 3,855,311 3,903,776 3,696,651 207,125 Special. 734,200 743,430 649,482 39,948 Vocational. 102,013 103,295 91,677 11,618 Other. 75,901 76,855 147,239 (70,384) Support services: Pupil. 388,742 393,629 256,799 136,830 Instructional staff 346,703 351,062 334,940 16,122 Board of education 29,733 30,147 29,583	From local sources:						
Earnings on investments. 15,462 15,666 15,718 32 Other local revenues. 24,061 24,378 24,459 8.1 Intergovernmental - State 5,918,335 5,996,217 6,016,152 19,935 Total revenue. 8,211,465 8,319,524 8,347,183 27,659 Expeditures: Current: Instruction: Regular. 3,855,311 3,903,776 3,696,651 207,125 Special. 734,200 743,430 649,482 39,48 Vocational. 102,013 103,295 91,677 11,618 Other. 75,901 76,855 147,239 (70,384) Support services: Pupil. 388,742 393,629 256,799 136,830 Instructional staff. 346,703 351,062 334,940 16,122 Board of education 29,773 30,147 29,583 564 Administration. 918,317 929,861 905,522 24,309	Taxes	\$, ,	\$, ,	\$, ,	\$,
Total revenue							
Total revenue	Intergovernmental - State	5,918,335		5,996,217	6,016,152		19,935
Current: Instruction: Regular		8,211,465		8,319,524	8,347,183		27,659
Instruction: Regular 3,855,311 3,903,776 3,696,651 207,125 Special 734,200 743,430 649,482 93,948 Vocational 102,013 103,295 91,677 11,618 Other 75,901 76,855 147,239 (70,384) Support services: Pupil 388,742 393,629 256,799 136,830 Instructional staff 346,703 351,062 334,940 16,122 Board of education 29,773 30,147 29,583 564 Administration 918,317 292,861 905,552 24,309 Fiscal 242,643 245,693 244,254 1,439 Operations and maintenance 1,062,462 1,075,818 1,170,932 95,114 Pupil transportation 460,689 466,480 450,758 15,722 Operation of non-instructional services 5,102 5,166 2,252 2,914 Extracurricular activities 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures 8,651,357 8,760,112 8,440,570 319,542 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses) Refund of prior year expenditure 133,554 135,311 135,761 450 Transfers in 26,891 27,244 27,335 91 Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2 Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) 389,222 Fund balance at beginning of year 320,136 320,136 -7,007 Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 72,023 -7,007 Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72	Expenditures:						
Special. 734,200 743,430 649,482 93,948 Vocational. 102,013 103,295 91,677 11,618 Other. 75,901 76,855 147,239 (70,384) Support services: Pupil. 388,742 393,629 256,799 136,830 Instructional staff 346,703 351,062 334,940 161,22 Board of education 29,773 30,147 29,583 564 Administration. 918,317 929,861 905,552 24,309 Fiscal 242,643 245,693 244,254 1,439 Operations and maintenance. 1,062,462 1,075,818 1,170,932 (95,114) Pupil transportation 460,689 466,480 450,758 15,722 Operation of non-instructional services 5,102 5,166 2,252 2,914 Extracurricular activities 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							
Vocational. 102,013 103,295 91,677 11,618 Other. 75,901 76,855 147,239 (70,384) Support services: Pupil. 388,742 393,629 256,799 136,830 Instructional staff 346,703 351,062 334,940 16,122 Board of education 29,773 30,147 29,883 564 Administration. 918,317 929,861 905,552 24,309 Fiscal 242,643 245,693 244,254 1,439 Operations and maintenance. 1,062,462 1,075,818 1,170,932 (95,114) Pupil transportation. 460,689 466,480 450,758 15,722 Operation of non-instructional services 5,102 5,166 2,252 2,914 Extracurricular activities. 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction. 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures. (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 </td <td>Regular</td> <td>3,855,311</td> <td></td> <td>3,903,776</td> <td>3,696,651</td> <td></td> <td>207,125</td>	Regular	3,855,311		3,903,776	3,696,651		207,125
Other. 75,901 76,855 147,239 (70,384) Support services: 8 388,742 393,629 256,799 136,830 Instructional staff 346,703 351,062 334,940 16,122 Board of education 29,773 30,147 29,583 564 Administration. 918,317 929,861 905,552 24,309 Fiscal 242,643 245,693 244,254 1,439 Operations and maintenance. 1,062,462 1,075,818 1,170,932 (95,114) Pupil transportation. 460,689 466,480 450,758 15,722 Operation of non-instructional services 5,102 5,166 2,252 2,914 Extracurricular activities. 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction. 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures. (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Excess of revenues over (under) (439,892) (440,588) (93,387)	Special	734,200		743,430	649,482		93,948
Support services: Pupil. 388,742 393,629 256,799 136,830 Pupil. 346,703 351,062 334,940 16,122 Board of education 29,773 30,147 29,583 564 Administration. 918,317 929,861 905,552 24,309 Fiscal 242,643 245,693 244,254 1,439 Operations and maintenance. 1,062,462 1,075,818 1,170,932 (95,114) Pupil transportation 460,689 466,480 450,758 15,722 Operation of non-instructional services 5,102 5,166 2,252 2,914 Extracurricular activities 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources	Vocational	102,013		103,295	91,677		11,618
Pupil. 388,742 393,629 256,799 136,830 Instructional staff 346,703 351,062 334,940 16,122 Board of education 29,773 30,147 29,583 564 Administration. 918,317 929,861 905,552 24,309 Fiscal 242,643 245,693 244,254 1,439 Operations and maintenance. 1,062,462 1,075,818 1,170,932 (95,114) Pupil transportation 460,689 466,480 450,758 15,722 Operation of non-instructional services 5,102 5,166 2,252 2,914 Extracurricular activities 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures 4,621,100 8,440,570 319,542 Excess of revenues over (under) 4,622,100 8,440,570 319,542 Excess of revenues over (under) 4,629,100 1,629,100 1,629,100 1,629,100 1,629,100	Other	75,901		76,855	147,239		(70,384)
Instructional staff 346,703 351,062 334,940 16,122 Board of education 29,773 30,147 29,583 564 Administration. 918,317 929,861 905,552 24,309 Fiscal 242,643 244,693 244,254 1,439 Operations and maintenance. 1,062,462 1,075,818 1,170,932 (95,114) Pupil transportation 460,689 466,480 450,758 15,722 Operation of non-instructional services 5,102 5,166 2,252 2,914 Extracurricular activities. 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction. 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures 8,651,357 8,760,112 8,440,570 319,542 Excess of revenues over (under) 40,40,588 (93,387) 347,201 Excess of revenues over (under) 20,40,40,588 (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses): 133,554 135,311 135,761 450	11						
Board of education 29,773 30,147 29,583 564 Administration. 918,317 929,861 905,552 24,309 Fiscal 242,643 245,693 244,254 1,439 Operations and maintenance. 1,062,462 1,075,818 1,170,932 95,114 Pupil transportation 460,689 466,480 450,758 15,722 2914 Extracurricular activities. 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction. 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures 4,651,357 8,760,112 8,440,570 319,542 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures. (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses): 8,651,357 8,760,112 8,440,570 319,542 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures. (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses): 133,554 135,311 135,761 450 Transfers in.				,			,
Administration. 918,317 929,861 905,552 24,309 Fiscal 242,643 245,693 244,254 1,439 Operations and maintenance. 1,062,462 1,075,818 1,170,932 (95,114) Pupil transportation 460,689 466,480 450,758 15,722 Operation of non-instructional services 5,102 5,166 2,252 2,914 Extracurricular activities 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures 469,892 (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 133,554 135,311 135,761 450 Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2<				,			,
Fiscal 242,643 245,693 244,254 1,439 Operations and maintenance 1,062,462 1,075,818 1,170,932 (95,114) Pupil transportation 460,689 466,480 450,758 15,722 Operation of non-instructional services 5,102 5,166 2,252 2,914 Extracurricular activities 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures 8,651,357 8,760,112 8,440,570 319,542 Excess of revenues over (under) (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses): (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses): 133,554 135,311 135,761 450 Transfers in. 26,891 27,244 27,335 91 Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 <td< td=""><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td>,</td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td></td<>		,		,	,		
Operations and maintenance. 1,062,462 1,075,818 1,170,932 (95,114) Pupil transportation. 460,689 466,480 450,758 15,722 Operation of non-instructional services. 5,102 5,166 2,252 2,914 Extracurricular activities. 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction. 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures. 8,651,357 8,760,112 8,440,570 319,542 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures. (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 133,554 135,311 135,761 450 Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2 Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td>							,
Pupil transportation 460,689 466,480 450,758 15,722 Operation of non-instructional services 5,102 5,166 2,252 2,914 Extracurricular activities 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures 8,651,357 8,760,112 8,440,570 319,542 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 133,554 135,311 135,761 450 Transfers in 26,891 27,244 27,335 91 Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2 Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) 389,222				- ,	, -		
Operation of non-instructional services 5,102 5,166 2,252 2,914 Extracurricular activities 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures 8,651,357 8,760,112 8,440,570 319,542 Excess of revenues over (under) (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 133,554 135,311 135,761 450 Transfers in 26,891 27,244 27,335 91 Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2 Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) 389,222 Fund balance at beginning of year 320,136 320,136 320,136 -	-				, ,		(, ,
Extracurricular activities. 100,635 101,900 129,521 (27,621) Facilities acquisition and construction. 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures. 8,651,357 8,760,112 8,440,570 319,542 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures. (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 133,554 135,311 135,761 450 Transfers in. 26,891 27,244 27,335 91 Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2 Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) 389,222 Fund balance at beginning of year 320,136 320,136 320,136 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 72,023 <td< td=""><td>1 1</td><td>,</td><td></td><td>,</td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	1 1	,		,	,		
Facilities acquisition and construction. 328,866 333,000 330,930 2,070 Total expenditures 8,651,357 8,760,112 8,440,570 319,542 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures. (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 133,554 135,311 135,761 450 Transfers in. 26,891 27,244 27,335 91 Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2 Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) 389,222 Fund balance at beginning of year 320,136 320,136 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 -	1	,					
Total expenditures 8,651,357 8,760,112 8,440,570 319,542 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure 133,554 135,311 135,761 450 Transfers in 26,891 27,244 27,335 91 Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2 Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) 389,222 Fund balance at beginning of year 320,136 320,136 320,136 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 -		,		,			. , ,
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	•	 			 		
expenditures. (439,892) (440,588) (93,387) 347,201 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 133,554 135,311 135,761 450 Transfers in. 26,891 27,244 27,335 91 Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2 Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) 389,222 Fund balance at beginning of year 320,136 320,136 320,136 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 -	Total expenditures	 8,651,357		8,760,112	 8,440,570		319,542
Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year expenditure. 133,554 135,311 135,761 450 Transfers in. 26,891 27,244 27,335 91 Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2 Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) 389,222 Fund balance at beginning of year 320,136 320,136 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 -							
Refund of prior year expenditure. 133,554 135,311 135,761 450 Transfers in. 26,891 27,244 27,335 91 Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2 Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) 389,222 Fund balance at beginning of year 320,136 320,136 320,136 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 -	expenditures	 (439,892)		(440,588)	 (93,387)		347,201
Transfers in. 26,891 27,244 27,335 91 Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2 Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) 389,222 Fund balance at beginning of year 320,136 320,136 320,136 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 -							
Transfers (out) (113,270) (114,694) (73,216) 41,478 Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2 Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) 389,222 Fund balance at beginning of year 320,136 320,136 320,136 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 -		133,554		135,311	135,761		450
Sale of capital assets 740 750 752 2 Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) 389,222 Fund balance at beginning of year 320,136 320,136 320,136 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 -	Transfers in	26,891		27,244	27,335		91
Total other financing sources (uses) 47,915 48,611 90,632 42,021 Net change in fund balance (391,977) (391,977) (2,755) 389,222 Fund balance at beginning of year 320,136 320,136 320,136 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 -	Transfers (out)	(113,270)		(114,694)	(73,216)		41,478
Net change in fund balance	Sale of capital assets	 		750			2
Fund balance at beginning of year 320,136 320,136 320,136 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 -	Total other financing sources (uses)	47,915		48,611	 90,632		42,021
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 -	Net change in fund balance	(391,977)		(391,977)	(2,755)		389,222
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 72,023 72,023 72,023 -	Fund balance at beginning of year	320,136		320,136	320,136		-
Fund balance at end of year		72,023		72,023	72,023		-
	Fund balance at end of year	\$ 182	\$	182	\$ 389,404	\$	389,222

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2005

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Assets:	
Current assets:	
Equity in pooled cash	
and cash equivalents	\$ 166,398
Total assets	166,398
Liabilities:	
Claims payable	96,062
Total liabilities	96,062
Net assets:	
Unrestricted	70,336
Total net assets	\$ 70,336

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$	1,687,726
Total operating revenues		1,687,726
Operating expenses:		
Fringe benefits		12,587
Claims		1,618,788
Total operating expenses		1,631,375
Operating income		56,351
Nonoperating revenues:		
Interest revenue		160
Total nonoperating revenues		160
Change in net assets		56,511
Net assets at beginning of year		13,825
Net assets at end of year	\$	70,336

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund			
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from charges for services	\$	1,687,726		
Cash payments for fringe benefits	-	(12,587)		
Cash payments for claims		(1,610,801)		
Net cash provided by				
operating activities		64,338		
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest received		160		
Net cash provided by investing activities		160		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		64,498		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		101,900		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	166,398		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	56,351		
Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase in claims payable		7,987		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	64,338		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

		te-Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship		 Agency
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$ 50,430
Investments in segregated accounts		1,928	
Total assets		1,928	\$ 50,430
Liabilities: Accounts payable		- - -	\$ 5 8 50,417
Total liabilities		-	\$ 50,430
Net Assets: Held in trust for scholarships		1,928	
Total net assets	\$	1,928	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Sch	olarship	
Additions: Interest	\$	31	
Total additions		31	
Net assets at beginning of year		1,897	
Net assets at end of year	\$	1,928	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1856 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District is staffed by 48 non-certificated employees, 92 certificated full-time teaching personnel and 8 administrative employees who provide services to 1,296 students and other community members. The District currently operates 4 instructional buildings, 1 administrative building, and 1 garage.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and to its proprietary fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service, preschool and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' government board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Buckeye Career Center

The Career Center is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code to provide for the vocational and special education needs of the students. The Career Center's Board of Education is comprised of representatives from the Board of Education of each participating school district. The Career Center's Board of Education is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel, and accounting and finance related activities. The District's students may attend the Career Center. Each participating District's control is limited to its representation on the Career Center's Board of Education.

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency (OME-RESA)

OME-RESA is a computer service organization whose primary function is to provide information technology services to its member districts with the major emphasis being placed on accounting, payroll and inventory control services. Other areas of service provided by OME-RESA include pupil scheduling, attendance and grade reporting, career guidance services, special education records, and test scoring.

OME-RESA is one of 23 regional service organizations serving over 600 public districts in the State of Ohio that make up the Ohio Educational Computer network (OECN). These service organizations are known as Data Acquisition Sites. The OECN is a collective group of Data Acquisition Sites, authorized pursuant to Section 3301.075 of the Ohio Revised Code, and their member districts. Such sites, in conjunction with the Ohio Department of Education (ODE), comprise a statewide delivery system to provide comprehensive, cost-efficient accounting and other administrative and instructional computer services for participating Ohio districts.

Major funding for this network is derived from the State of Ohio. In addition, a majority of the software utilized by the OME-RESA is developed by the ODE.

OME-RESA is owned and operated by 49 member districts in 10 different Ohio counties. The member districts are comprised of public districts and county Boards of Education. Each member district pays an annual fee for services provided by OME-RESA. OME-RESA is governed by a Board of Directors, which is selected by the member districts. Each member district has one vote in all matters and each member district's control over budgeting and financing of OME-RESA is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the Board of Directors.

OME-RESA is located at 2023 Sunset Blvd., Steubenville, Ohio 43952. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center is one of OME-RESA's member districts, and acts in the capacity of fiscal agent for OME-RESA.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council

The Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council (TCTIRC) is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State Statutes. TCTIRC has 22 members, consisting of three members appointed by the County Commissioners, four members appointed by municipal corporations, six members appointed by township trustees, one member from the county auditor's office and eight members appointed by boards of education located within the county. TCTIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. This body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the council can make written recommendations to the legislative authority which approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of this council. The continued existence of the TCTIRC is not dependent on the District's continued participation and no equity interest exists.

The District does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility with any of these organizations.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond and principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated is some manner for payment.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds; and (b) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides medical/surgical and dental benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund is charges for services. Operating expenses for the internal service fund includes the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2006 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the Tax Budget, the Certificate of Estimated Resources, and the Appropriation Resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Appropriations Resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Advances in and advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

TAX BUDGET

On July 25, 2002, the Tuscarawas County Budget Commission voted to waive the requirement that school districts adopt a tax budget as required by Section 5705.28 of the Ohio Revised Code, by January 15 and the filing by January 20. In order to complete other necessary documents, the Budget Commission now requires certain information to be filed by May 1. Information required includes the general fund five year forecast submitted to the Department of Education, projected revenues and expenditures line items for all levy funds, projected revenues and debt requirements (principal and interest) and amortization schedules for the debt service fund, and balances and total anticipated activity for all other funds

ESTIMATED RESOURCES

The Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the original and final amended certificates issued during fiscal year 2005.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

APPROPRIATIONS

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the Annual Appropriation Resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures for all funds, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the Annual Appropriation Resolution, the Board of Education may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The Appropriation Resolution must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the appropriations at the legal level of control must be approved by the Board of Education. The Treasurer maintains budgetary information at the object level and has the authority to allocate appropriations at the object level in the general fund and function and object level in all other funds without resolution by the Board of Education.

The Board of Education may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent Certificate of Estimated Resources. Supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2005.

The budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons, represent the original and final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

LAPSING OF APPROPRIATIONS

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2005, investments consisted of a nonnegotiable certificate of deposit and a repurchase agreement. Investments are reported at fair market value, which is based on quoted market prices, with the following exceptions: nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The certificate of deposit maintained in the Claude Hinds Memorial Fund is reflected on the statement of fiduciary net assets as "Investments in Segregated Accounts".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund and the private-purpose trust funds. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2005 amounted to \$15,718, which includes \$10,088 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the Districts's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District's capitalization threshold for all capital assets is \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Governmental

	Governmentar
	Activities
	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the Statement of Net Assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2005, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service and all employees with at least twenty years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2005, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, debt service, textbooks and property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under state statute.

M. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for the employee self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside to establish a textbook reserve. These reserves are required by state statute. A schedule of statutory reserves is presented in Note 17.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2005.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2005, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>" and GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2, "<u>Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expenses and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers</u>".

GASB Statement No. 40 establishes and modified disclosure requirements related to investment risks: credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk) and interest rate risk. This statement also establishes and modified disclosure requirements for custodial credit risk on deposits.

GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 addresses the amount that should be recognized as expenditure/expense and as a liability each period by employers participating in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 40 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District, however additional note disclosure can be found in Note 4. The implementation of GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 had the following effect on the fund balances of the major and non-major funds of the District as they were previously reported as of June 30, 2004:

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Nonmajor</u>	Total
Fund Balances, June 30, 2004	\$ (328,159)	\$ 457,641	\$ 41,243	\$ 170,725
GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2	(73,306)		(12,989)	(86,295)
Restated Fund Balance, June 30, 2004	\$ (401,465)	\$ 457,641	\$ 28,254	\$ 84,430

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY & COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2005 included the following individual fund deficits:

Major Fund	
General	\$ 220,272
Nonmajor Funds	
Food service	226,064
Teacher development	2
Disadvantaged pupil impact aide	8,219
Summer intevention	366
Title VI-B	41,199
Title VI	7,320
Removals of barriers to the handicapped	95

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The District is in the process of reviewing expenditures in an effort to bring them in line with revenues and reduce the general fund deficit.

C. Deficit Cash Fund Balances

The District had negative cash fund balances in several funds indicating that revenue from other sources were used to pay obligations of these funds contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.10.

The District had expenditures that exceeded appropriations in two funds at year-end contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B).

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio));
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2005, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$(41,553), exclusive of the \$1,728,502 repurchase agreement included in investments below. A liability was not recorded for the negative carrying amount of deposits because there was no actual overdraft due to the "zero-balance" nature of the District's bank accounts. The negative carrying amount of deposits is due to the sweeping of monies into overnight repurchase agreements, which are reported as "investments". Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2005, \$16,197 of the District's bank balance of \$118,125 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$101,928 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2005, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities
	Balance at	6 months or
<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	less
Repurchase Agreement	\$ 1,728,502	\$ 1,728,502
Reputchase Agreement	3 1,728,302	\$ 1,728,302

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the District's investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities pledged by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2005:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	% of Total
Repurchase Agreement	\$ 1,728,502	100.00%

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2005:

Cash and Investments per footnote	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ (41,553)
Investments	 1,728,502
Total	\$ 1,686,949
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 1,634,591
Private-purpose trust funds	1,928
Agency funds	50,430
Total	\$ 1,686,949

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2005 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following amounts due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 216,016

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover negative cash balances in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2005 are reported on the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2005, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental funds from: General Fund

\$ 45,881

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2005 represents collections of calendar year 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2005 represents collections of calendar year 2004 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 became a lien December 31, 2003, were levied after April 1, 2004 and are collected in 2005 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2005 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2005 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2005 on the value as of December 31, 2004. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-four percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Tuscarawas, Coshocton and Guernsey Counties. The County Auditor's periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2005, are available to finance fiscal year 2005 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2005 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance, and recorded as revenue, at June 30, 2005 was \$185,656 in the general fund, \$3,433 in the Classroom Maintenance special revenue fund, \$25,837 in the debt service fund and \$3,012 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

The amount available as an advance, and recorded as revenue, at June 30, 2004, was \$253,935 in the general fund, \$4,341 in the Classroom Maintenance special revenue fund, \$42,124 in the debt service fund and \$4,917 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2005 taxes were collected are:

	2004 Second Half Collections			2005 Firs Half Collect		
		Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential						
and minerals real estate	\$	51,617,810	59.77	\$	59,186,230	62.74
Commercial/industrial real estate		14,049,790	16.27		15,340,310	16.26
Public utility personal		7,065,790	8.18		7,170,620	7.60
Tangible personal property		13,620,644	15.78		12,644,293	13.40
Total	\$	86,354,034	100.00	<u>\$</u>	94,341,453	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:						
Operations	\$	46.40		\$	46.40	
Permanent improvement		1.50			1.50	
Debt service		4.00			3.20	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2005 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the Statement of Net Assets follows:

Governmental Activities:

Taxes	\$ 3,010,871
Accounts	57,625
Intergovernmental	 46,600
Total	\$ 3,115,096

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within subsequent years.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/05
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 121,788	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 121,788
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	121,788			121,788
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,700,897	-	-	1,700,897
Buildings and improvements	19,470,168	300,970	-	19,771,138
Furniture and equipment	2,309,239	-	(5,599)	2,303,640
Vehicles	709,071	142,434		851,505
Total capital assets, being depreciated	24,189,375	443,404	(5,599)	24,627,180
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(285,880)	(96,873)	_	(382,753)
Buildings and improvements	(3,601,071)	(422,299)	-	(4,023,370)
Furniture and equipment	(1,250,702)	(187,495)	93	(1,438,104)
Vehicles	(644,014)	(43,064)		(687,078)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,781,667)	(749,731)	93	(6,531,305)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 18,529,496	\$ (306,327)	\$ (5,506)	\$ 18,217,663

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :		
Regular	\$	418,837
Special		50,644
Vocational		4,557
Support Services:		
Pupil		5,800
Instructional staff		44,179
Administration		14,136
Fiscal		1,503
Operations and maintenance		67,902
Pupil transportation		43,125
Extracurricular activities		57,630
Food service operations	_	41,418
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$</u>	749,731

NOTE 9 - LEASE-PURCHASE AGREEMENT

On June 15, 2001, the District entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Banc One Leasing Corporation for the financing of the reconstruction and improvement of Lee Stadium, which includes bleachers, new all-weather track facilities and a concession/ restroom building. The source of revenue to fund the principal and interest payments is derived from the Vernon and Edith Lee expendable trust fund. The trust agreement stipulates that the monies donated to the District are to be used under the direction of the Board of Education for the maintenance, repair, construction and reconstruction to the District's athletic facilities. During fiscal year 2005, the District made principal payments totaling \$52,838 and interest payments totaling \$47,162 on the lease-purchase agreement. The lease payments are recorded as expenditures in the permanent fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

A liability in the amount of the present value of minimum lease payments has been recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Capital assets consisting of land and building improvements have been capitalized in the amount of \$1,012,028. This amount represents the costs of the reconstruction and improvements of Lee Stadium funded by the lease-purchase agreement.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the lease-purchase agreement and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2005.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 9 - LEASE-PURCHASE AGREEMENT - (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	_	Amount
2006	\$	100,000
2007		97,000
2008		97,000
2009		97,000
2010		97,000
2011 - 2015		477,000
2016		79,734
Total minimum lease payments		1,044,734
Less amount representing interest		(276,976)
Total	\$	767,758

In conjunction with the lease-purchase agreement, the District entered into a ground-lease agreement whereby the District subleases the real property upon which the reconstruction and improvements of Lee Stadium are being made to Banc One Leasing Corporation. The District is the lessor and Banc One Leasing Corporation is the lessee under the ground-lease agreement. The sublease commenced on June 15, 2001 and terminates on June 15, 2021, or earlier upon the termination of the lease-purchase agreement or the District's exercise to take advantage of the purchase option.

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. On October 1, 1999, the District issued \$715,000 general obligation various purpose refunding bonds. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 4.55% to 5.55% per annum and mature in various installments through December 1, 2010. The proceeds of the bonds were used to advance refund the 1989 general obligation school improvement bonds by purchasing U.S. Government Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of the refunded debt. The refunded bonds are not included in the District's outstanding debt since the District has satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding.

The assets held in trust as a result of the advance refundings described above are not included in the accompanying BFS.

Payments of principal and interest on the refunding bonds are made from the debt service fund. The following is a description of the District's refunding bond activity for fiscal year 2005:

	Interest Rate	Balance Outstanding 06/30/04	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding <u>06/30/05</u>	Amounts Due in One Year
General obligation bonds	4.65%	\$ 390,000	\$ -	\$ (60,000)	\$ 330,000	\$ 60,000
Total		\$ 390,000	\$ -	\$ (60,000)	\$ 330,000	\$ 60,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. During fiscal year 2001, the District issued \$3,037,000 in general obligation bonds to provide funds for the renovations and additions to the existing west elementary, middle school and high school (hereafter "Construction Project"). These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net assets. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund. The source of payment is derived from a current 3.2 mill bonded debt tax levy.

These bonds represent the amount of the Construction Project that the District itself was required to finance, in accordance with the terms of a facilities grant from the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC). OSFC will make quarterly disbursements to the District as the project is completed. The total cost of the Construction Project was \$16,206,098. The Construction Project was completed in fiscal year 2004.

Interest payments on the general obligation bonds are due on December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2024.

In conjunction with the 3.2 mills which support the bond issue, the District also passed in fiscal 2001 a .5 mill levy to ultimately fund the maintenance costs of the new facilities. Tax revenue from this levy has been reported in the Classroom Facilities Maintenance special revenue fund.

The following is a description of the District's school improvement bonds activity for fiscal year 2005:

	Interest Rate	Balance Outstanding	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding <u>06/30/05</u>	Amounts Due in One Year
General obligation bonds	4.50%	\$ 2,800,000	\$ -	\$ (85,000)	\$ 2,715,000	\$ 90,000
Total		\$ 2,800,000	\$ -	\$ (85,000)	\$ 2,715,000	\$ 90,000

C. During the fiscal year 2005, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	_	Balance 06/30/04	<u>A</u>	dditions	<u>R</u>	eductions	_	Balance 06/30/05	_	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	3,190,000	\$	-	\$	(145,000)	\$	3,045,000	\$	150,000
Compensated absences		477,048		18,928		(93,825)		402,151		43,804
Lease-purchase agreement payable	_	820,596				(52,838)	_	767,758	_	55,968
Total long-term obligations, governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	4,487,644	\$	18,928	\$	(291,663)	<u>\$</u>	4,214,909	<u>\$</u>	249,772

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. The general obligation bonds and the lease-purchase agreement are paid from the debt service fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

D. Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2005, are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2006	\$ 150,000	\$ 168,050	\$ 318,050
2007	155,000	160,619	315,619
2008	155,000	152,974	307,974
2009	160,000	145,113	305,113
2010	155,000	137,161	292,161
2011 - 2015	670,000	577,568	1,247,568
2016 - 2020	795,000	379,743	1,174,743
2021	805,000	104,218	909,218
Total	\$ 3,045,000	\$ 1,825,446	\$ 4,870,446

E. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District.

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2005 are a voted debt margin of \$5,890,136 (including available funds of \$444,405) and an unvoted debt margin of \$94,341.

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. Classified employees earn five to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 215 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the accrued, but unused, sick leave balance to a maximum of 50 days for all employees.

B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to employees through Medical Life Insurance Company in the amount of \$30,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2005, the District contracted with Ohio School Plan for property insurance, for fleet insurance, liability insurance, and inland marine coverage. Coverages provided by Ohio School Plan are as follows:

Building and contents - replacement cost (\$2,500 deductible)	100% Blanket
Inland marine coverage "contents" (\$1,000 deductible)	\$ 1,976,000
Boiler and machinery "contents" (\$1,500 deductible)	34,429,722
Automobile liability (Buses, \$1,000 deductible; Other, \$250/\$500 deductible)	1,000,000
Professional liability:	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Per aggregate	3,000,000
Excess auto liability:	
Per aggregate	3,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2005, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool (see Note 2.A.). The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Plan. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan.

C. Employee Group Life, Medical, Dental, and Vision Insurance

Medical/surgical and dental insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The claims liability of \$96,062 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2005, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims. Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Fiscal Year	Beginning Balance	Claims <u>Incurred</u>	Claims Payments	Ending Balance
2005	\$ 88,075	\$ 1,618,788	\$ (1,610,801)	\$ 96,062
2004	171,680	2,014,581	(2,098,186)	88,075

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2005, 10.57% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$144,314, \$145,434 and \$156,108, respectively; 34.40% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for the fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$94,668 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal years 2005 and 2004, 13% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employee contributions. The District's required contributions to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$504,050, \$530,077, and \$542,414, respectively; 79.26% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for the fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$104,552 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal 2005 were \$3,061 made by the District and \$2,915 made by plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement Systems/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2005, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through STRS, and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by STRS and SERS based on authority granted by state statute. Both STRS and SERS are funded on a pay-as-you-go-basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll. For fiscal year 2005, the State Teachers Retirement Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$36,004 during fiscal 2005.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The balance in the Health Care Stabilization Fund was \$3.1 billion at June 30, 2004 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$268.739 million and STRS had 111,853 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Effective January 1, 2004, all retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status. A safety net is in place for retirees whose household income falls below federal poverty levels. Premiums are reduced by 50% for those who apply.

For fiscal year 2005, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.43% of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2005, the minimum pay has been established at \$27,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of annual health care expenses, before premium deduction. Gross expenses for health care at June 30, 2004 (the latest information available) were \$223.444 million and the target level was \$335.2 million. At June 30, 2004, (the latest information available) SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$300.8 million and SERS had approximately 62,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$53,548 during the 2005 fiscal year.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General Fund
Budget basis	\$ (2,755)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	2,324
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	107,825
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(136,513)
Adjustment for encumbrances	210,312
GAAP basis	<u>\$ 181,193</u>

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

C. State School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the state's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future state funding and its financial operations.

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the reserve activity was as follows:

	<u>Textbooks</u>	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>	Budget Reserve
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2004	\$ 28,224	\$ -	\$ 41,643
Current year set-aside requirement	179,555	179,555	-
Current year offsets	-	(79,772)	-
Qualifying disbursements	_(152,220)	(114,063)	(41,643)
Total	\$ 55,559	<u>\$ (14,280)</u>	<u>\$</u>
Cash balance carried forward to FY 2006	\$ 55,559	\$ -	\$ -

The District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the capital acquisition reserve. This extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2005 follows:

Amounts restricted for textbooks	\$ 55,559
Total restricted assets	\$ 55,559

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FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	PASS THROUGH GRANTOR NUMBER	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	RECEIPTS	NON-CASH RECEIPTS	EXPENDITURES	NON-CASH EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (Passed Through Ohio Department of Education)						
Child Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution Program National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	N/A N/A N/A	10.550 10.553 10.555	\$45,219 180,576	\$27,701	\$45,219 180,576	\$27,701
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster			225,795	27,701	225,795	27,701
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (Passed Through Ohio Department of Education)						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1S104 C1S105	84.010	31,769 412,441		412,441	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			444,210		412,441	
Special Education - Grants to States	6BSF04 6BSF05 6BSF03	84.027	24,052 274,497		(1,127) 274,353 4,088	
Total Special Education - Grants to States			298,549		277,314	
State Grants for Innovative Programs	C2S104 C2S105	84.298	274 7,378		545 16,985	
Total State Grants for Innovative Programs			7,652		17,530	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TRS103 TRS104	84.367	81,137 104,776		10,896 96,247	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			185,913		107,143	
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities State Grants	DRS104 DRS105	84.186	1,613 20,845		14,915	
Total Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities State Grants			22,458		14,915	
School Revovation Grants	N/A	84.352 A	287,852		193,612	
Education Technology State Grant	TJS105	84.318	17,832		16,058	
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,264,466		1,044,655	
CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE (Passed Through Ohio Department of Education)						
Learn and Serve America Schools and Community Based Programs	SVS504	94.004			5,642	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities)						
Community Alternative Funding System State Children's Insurance Program	N/A N/A	93.778 93.767	20,045 1,866		20,045 1,866	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			21,911		21,911	
Total			\$1,512,172	\$27,701	\$1,292,361	\$27,701

See Accompanying Notes to the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with state grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2005, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

NOTE C - MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for the Medical Assistance Program-CAFS are commingled with local funds. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District Tuscarawas County 702 South River Street Newcomerstown, Ohio 43832

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinion on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses.

In a separate letter to the District's management dated February 16, 2006, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem reportable conditions.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2005-001 through 2005-003.

101 Central Plaza South / 700 Bank One Tower / Canton, OH 44702 Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001 www.auditor.state.oh.us Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District Tuscarawas County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

In a separate letter to the District's management dated February 16, 2006, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

February 16, 2006



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ITS MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District Tuscarawas County 702 South River Street Newcomerstown, Ohio 43832

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005.

However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements that is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2005-004.

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Tuscarawas County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to its Major Federal Programs and on Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomeny

February 16, 2006

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2005

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	Yes
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I - CFDA # 84.010 and Special Education – CFDA #84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District Tuscarawas County Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2005-001

Finding for Recovery

Ohio Rev. Code Section 9.39 states all public officials are liable for all public money received or collected by them or by their subordinates under color of office.

As a result of our test of the Cheerleader Cool Collections sales, we noted the following receipt shortage:

• Upon review of the Cool Collection sales invoice report, \$1,388 was the expected sales revenue for the items sold. It was noted on the pay-ins that only \$902 had been paid into the district and \$157 was documented as not being collected by one student. \$1,231 (\$1,388 less \$157) should have been collected and subsequently recorded on the District's receipt ledger and deposited in the bank; however, evidence existed to support only \$902 was recorded and subsequently deposited in the bank for a shortage totaling \$329.

In accordance with the foregoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public monies due but not collected is hereby issued against Angel Ott, Cheerleading Advisor in the amount of \$329 and in favor of the Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District's Athletic Fund (Fund No. 300).

FINDING NUMBER 2005-002

Material Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10 states that money that is paid into a fund must be used only for the purposes for which such fund has been established. Throughout the year, the District had negative cash fund balances, up to the amounts listed, in the following funds:

Governmental Fund Type:

Employee Benefit – Self Insurance	(\$ 135,041)
Idea Part B Grant Fund	(19,253)
Title I	(35,707)
Title VI	(7,320)
DPIA	(3,964)
Vernon & Edith Lee Trust	(53,202)
Food Service Fund	(208,601)
Misc. Grants Fund	(7,304)

Negative cash fund balances are an indication that revenues from other sources were used to pay obligations of these funds. Additionally, money spent for purposes other than specified in grant agreements could result in the loss of future grant awards. Fund activity should be monitored to prevent future expenditures in excess of available resources. In those cases where additional funds are required, the resources should either be transferred or advanced to the fund in accordance with the Ohio Rev. Code.

Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District Tuscarawas County Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Page 3

FINDING NUMBER 2005-003

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B) requires that no subdivision or taxing unit is to expend money unless it has been appropriated.

At June 30, 2005, fund level expenditures plus outstanding encumbrances exceeded appropriations within the following funds:

Governmental Fund Type:

Food Service Fund \$220,282

Athletic Fund 926

In addition, amounts posted to the District's Appropriation Ledger did not always agree to the District's actual Annual Appropriation Measure plus supplemental appropriations that was submitted to the County. The Treasurer should frequently compare actual expenditures plus outstanding encumbrances to appropriations to avoid overspending. In addition, the Treasurer should periodically review the District's Appropriations Ledger to ensure appropriation amounts are posted accurately and timely.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Final Expenditure Reports/ Period of Availability

Finding Number	2005-004
CFDA Title and Number	84.027 – Special Education – Grants to States
Federal Award Number / Year	2005
Federal Agency	US Department of Education
Pass-Through Agency	Ohio Department of Education

Federal Questioned Cost

34 CFR Section 76.704, 76.707 and 80.23 states that where a funding period is specified, a grantee may charge to the award only costs resulting from obligations of the funding period unless carryover of unobligated balances is permitted, in which case the carryover balances may be charged for costs resulting from obligations of the subsequent funding period. A grantee must liquidate all obligations incurred under the award not later than 90 days after the end of the funding. The Federal agency may extend this deadline at the request of the grantee.

30 CFR Section 80.41 and Ohio Department of Education Grants Management Policy, Final Expenditure Report Procedures also requires the grantee to file a Final Expenditure report with the Office of Grants Management or the program office within 90 days for grants applied for using the Comprehensive Continuous Improvement Plan. The final expenditure report must reflect actual expenditures for the grant and what was contained in the approved budget, within a 10% variance.

Newcomerstown Exempted Village School District Tuscarawas County Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Page 4

Finding Number	2005-004 (Continued)

During fiscal year 2005, the District included \$14,472 of federal expenditures on their Final Expenditure report that were from the previous grant period which was outside of the period of availability. This resulted in actual questioned costs of \$14,472. As a result, IDEA-B Grant funds may not be proper.

To help ensure IDEA-B Grant monies are utilized during the period of availability and are properly reported, the Treasurer should closely monitor cash requests and subsequent expenditures to determine if the funds are spent and reported within the grant's period of availability.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:	
2004-001	Ohio Rev. Code Section 9.39, finding for recovery for shortage in cheerleading fundraiser	No	Not corrected. See Finding 2005- 001	
2004-002	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10, negative fund balances	No	Not corrected. See Finding 2005- 002	

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (c) JUNE 30, 2005

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2005-004	Resubmit the FY05 Final Expenditure Report to include proper expenditures for the grant year.	3/3/2006	Dan Stocker



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NEWCOMERSTOWN EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 4, 2006