



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Maplewood Local School District Trumbull County 2414 Greenville Road N.E. Cortland. Ohio 44410

To The Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Maplewood Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Maplewood Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, during the year ended June 30, 2004, the District implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments and GASB Interpretation No.6, Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 2, 2006, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us

Maplewood Local School District Trumbull County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

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The Management Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

February 2, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of the Maplewood Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2004 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$1,159,670 which represents a 5.07% decrease from 2003.
- General revenues accounted for \$7,695,448 in revenue or 90.19% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$837,065 or 9.81% of total revenues of \$8,532,513.
- The District had \$9,692,183 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$837,065 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$7,695,448 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and classroom facilities fund. The general fund had \$7,339,618 in revenues and other financing sources and \$8,248,332 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2004, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$908,714 from \$748,214 to a deficit of \$160,500.
- The District's classroom facilities fund had \$380,916 in revenues and other financing sources and \$1,189,608 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2004, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance decreased \$808,692 from \$987,010 to \$178,318.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and classroom facilities fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 UNAUDITED

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2004?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and classroom facilities fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 20. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 UNAUDITED

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 21-48 of this report.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. This is the first year for government-wide financial statements using the full accrual basis of accounting; therefore a comparison with prior years is not available. A comparative analysis will be provided in future years when prior year information is available.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2004.

	Net Assets
	Governmental Activities 2004
Assets	
Current and other assets	\$ 3,628,091
Capital assets	24,871,225
Total assets	28,499,316
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Current liabilities	3,212,004
Long-term liabilities	3,589,624
Total liabilities	6,801,628
Net Assets	
Invested in capital	
assets, net of related debt	22,096,216
Restricted	687,737
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,086,265)
Total net assets	\$ 21,697,688

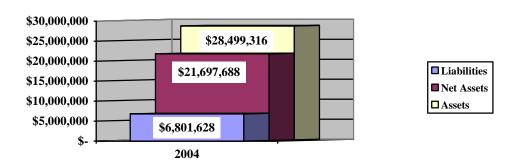
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2004, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$21,697,688. Of this total, \$687,737 is restricted in use.

At year-end, capital assets represented 87.27% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2004, were \$22,096,216. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 UNAUDITED

A portion of the District's net assets, \$687,737, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets is a deficit of \$1,086,265.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2004. Since this is the first year the District has prepared government-wide financial statements using the full accrual basis of accounting, revenue and expense comparisons to fiscal year 2003 are not available. A comparative analysis will be provided in future years when prior year information is available.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2004		
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 403,763		
Operating grants and contributions	386,818		
Capital grants and contributions	46,484		
General revenues:			
Property taxes	2,116,457		
Grants and entitlements	5,418,292		
Investment earnings	21,067		
Other	139,632		
Total revenues	8,532,513		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 UNAUDITED

Change in Net Assets

Expenses		Activities 2004
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$	4,653,872
Special		753,044
Adult/continuing		2,313
Other		1,179
Support services:		
Pupil		376,396
Instructional staff		241,888
Board of education		26,008
Administration		713,519
Fiscal		250,618
Business		40,138
Operations and maintenance		1,207,409
Pupil transportation		455,105
Central		158,879
Food service operations		346,872
Operations of non-instructional services		44,864
Extracurricular activities		258,674
Interest and fiscal charges		161,405
Total expenses	_	9,692,183
Change in net assets		(1,159,670)
Net assets at beginning of year		22,857,358
Net assets at end of year	\$	21,697,688

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$1,159,670. Total governmental expenses of \$9,692,183 were offset by program revenues of \$837,065 and general revenues of \$7,695,448. Program revenues supported 8.64% of the total governmental expenses.

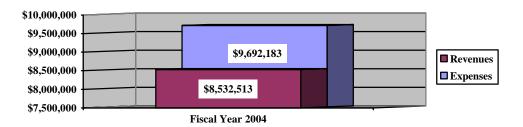
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 88.31% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$5,605,522 or 55.82% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2004.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2004.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. Comparisons to 2003 have not been presented since they are not available.

Governmental Activities

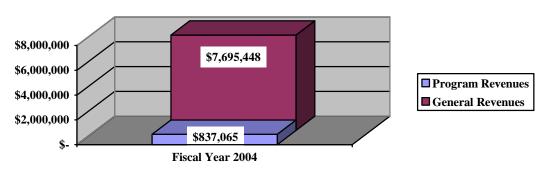
	Total Cost of Services 2004	Net Cost of Services 2004		
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 4,653,872	\$ 4,435,050		
Special	753,044	652,368		
Adult/continuing	2,313	2,313		
Other	1,179	1,179		
Support services:				
Pupil	376,396	376,396		
Instructional staff	241,888	131,940		
Board of education	26,008	26,008		
Administration	713,519	677,683		
Fiscal	250,618	250,618		
Business	40,138	40,138		
Operations and maintenance	1,207,409	1,203,219		
Pupil transportation	455,105	448,266		
Central	158,879	149,879		
Food service operations	346,872	74,361		
Operations of non-instructional services	44,864	43,647		
Extracurricular activities	258,674	180,648		
Interest and fiscal charges	161,405	161,405		
Total expenses	\$ 9,692,183	\$ 8,855,118		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 UNAUDITED

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 94.09% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 91.36%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2004.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$318,386, which is lower than last year's total of \$2,497,034. The June 30, 2003 fund balances have been restated as described in Note 3.A. to the basic financial statements. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2004 and 2003.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2004	Fund Balance June 30, 2003	(Decrease)	Percentage Change	
General	\$ (160,500)	\$ 748,214	\$ (908,714)	(121.45) %	
Classroom Facilities	178,318	987,010	(808,692)	(81.93) %	
Other Governmental	300,568	761,810	(461,242)	(60.55) %	
Total	\$ 318,386	\$ 2,497,034	\$ (2,178,648)	(87.25) %	

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$908,714 (after a restatement to the June 30, 2003, fund balance which is detailed in Note 3.A. to the basic financial statements). The decrease in fund balance can be attributed to several items related to increased expenditures and increased transfers out to other funds. Expenditures exceed revenues for fiscal year 2004 by \$786,698. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 UNAUDITED

	2004	2003	Increase	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	<u>Change</u>
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,713,770	\$ 1,624,339	\$ 89,431	5.51 %
Earnings on investments	15,197	20,883	(5,686)	(27.23) %
Intergovernmental	5,391,096	5,215,413	175,683	3.37 %
Other revenues	212,072	197,460	14,612	7.40 %
Total	\$ 7,332,135	\$ 7,058,095	\$ 274,040	3.88 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 4,739,191	\$ 4,453,782	\$ 285,409	6.41 %
Support services	3,165,399	3,035,686	129,713	4.27 %
Non-instructional services	43,647	45,961	(2,314)	(5.03) %
Extracurricular activities	146,236	129,728	16,508	12.73 %
Debt service	24,360	24,360	-	- %
Total	\$ 8,118,833	\$ 7,689,517	\$ 429,316	5.58 %

Classroom Facilities Fund

The District's classroom facilities fund had \$380,916 in revenues and other financing sources and \$1,189,608 in expenditures. The classroom facilities fund's fund balance decreased from \$987,010 to \$178,318.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2004, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$6,968,360 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$7,502,748. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2004 was \$7,550,563. This represents a \$582,203 increase over original budgeted revenues. The increase is primarily due to an increase in intergovernmental revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$8,360,493 were increased to \$8,372,197 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2004 totaled \$8,444,809, which was \$72,612 higher than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 UNAUDITED

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2004, the District had \$24,871,225 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2004 balances compared to 2003:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2004	2003			
Land	\$ 273,697	\$ 273,697			
Land improvements	89,704	-			
Building and improvements	23,063,350	1,773,100			
Furniture and equipment	1,187,279	39,811			
Vehicles	257,195	148,118			
Construction in progress	_	21,582,490			
Total	\$ 24,871,225	\$ 23,817,216			

The overall increase in capital assets of \$1,054,009 is due to capital outlays of \$1,472,419 exceeding depreciation expense of \$418,410 in the fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2004, the District had \$2,623,684 in general obligation bonds, \$222,089 in lease obligations. Of this total, \$193,280 is due within one year and \$2,652,493 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds and leases outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2004	Governmental Activities 2003
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,623,684	\$ 2,703,297
Lease obligations	222,089	69,512
Total	\$ 2,845,773	\$2,772,809

At June 30, 2004, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$4,881,958, and an unvoted debt margin of \$80,188.

See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for additional information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004 UNAUDITED

Current Financial Related Activities

The Maplewood Local School District, through careful financial management, has provided a quality, effective education for its students without requesting additional operating tax levies since 1989. Through prudent, cautious allocation of resources and additional funds provided through both Equity and Parity Aid, Maplewood has continued its academic improvement according to both the State's report card and the district's goals.

Enrollment remains fairly constant over the years, providing a stable planning base. The district reorganized from two K-6th grade buildings and one 7-12th grade building to a K-4 elementary school, 5-8 middle school, and 9-12 high school format. This permits a more focused educational program for our students.

The board's five-year projections predict a nominal cash balance at the end of FY2005 and indicate that the District will require additional levy millage shortly. Both certified and classified contracts expire in 2005. Salary or benefit increases would play a major role in the timing of any new request for additional millage. Other factors involve the recent completion of Ohio School Facilities Commission project and its increased operating costs.

There are several significant legislative and judicial actions that may impact the Maplewood Local School District. In March 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court ruled that the State of Ohio was operating an unconstitutional educational system, providing neither an "adequate" nor "equitable" funding system as defined by the Ohio Constitution. Changes to the State's School Foundation formula continue to erode revenue to the district, causing state revenue to flat-line or even decline slightly overall. Increases in property tax revenues that do occur are offset by decreases in state foundation payments due to charge offs.

Maplewood must seek additional sources of revenue in the very near future to offset both the increases in its operating costs and the decreases in its other revenue.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Janet K. Ward, Treasurer, Maplewood Local School District, 2414 Greenville Road NE, Cortland, Ohio 44410.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:		_		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,289,364		
Receivables:				
Taxes		2,259,980		
Accounts		10,109		
Intergovernmental		32,346		
Prepayments		15,345		
Materials and supplies inventory		20,947		
Capital assets:				
Land		273,697		
Depreciable capital assets, net		24,597,528		
Capital assets, net		24,871,225		
Total assets		28,499,316		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		50,585		
Contracts payable		137,374		
Accrued wages and benefits		704,388		
Pension obligation payable		191,766		
Intergovernmental payable		11,467		
Deferred revenue		2,106,145		
Accrued interest payable		10,279		
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year		263,604		
Due within more than one year		3,326,020		
Total liabilities		6,801,628		
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt		22,096,216		
Restricted for:		22,070,210		
Capital projects		307,130		
Debt service		101,834		
Other purposes		278,773		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(1,086,265)		
Total net assets	\$	21,697,688		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Net (Expense)

					Progra	am Revenues			R (evenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses		S	Charges for Operating Services Grants and and Sales Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		
Governmental activities:										
Instruction:	Φ.	4 650 050	Φ.	120 150	Φ.	60.260	Φ.	20.004	Φ.	(4.405.050)
Regular	\$	4,653,872	\$	130,469	\$	68,269	\$	20,084	\$	(4,435,050)
Special		753,044		-		100,676		-		(652,368)
Adult/Continuing		2,313		-		-		-		(2,313)
Other		1,179		-		-		-		(1,179)
Support services:		276 206								(27.6.20.6)
Pupil		376,396		-		02.540		26 400		(376,396)
Instructional staff		241,888		-		83,548		26,400		(131,940)
Board of education		26,008		-		25 926		-		(26,008)
Administration		713,519		-		35,836		-		(677,683)
Fiscal		250,618		-		-		-		(250,618)
Business		40,138 1,207,409		-		4,190		-		(40,138) (1,203,219)
Operations and maintenance		455,105		6,839		4,190		-		(448,266)
Pupil transportation		158,879		0,039		9,000		-		
Operation of non-instructional		130,079		-		9,000		-		(149,879)
services:		246.072		100.420		04.000				(7.4.2.61)
Food service operations		346,872		188,429		84,082		-		(74,361)
Other non-instructional services		44,864		-		1,217		-		(43,647)
Extracurricular activities		258,674		78,026		-		-		(180,648)
Interest and fiscal charges	Φ.	161,405	Ф.	102.762		- 206.010	Ф.	-		(161,405)
Total governmental activities	\$	9,692,183	\$	403,763	\$	386,818	\$	46,484		(8,855,118)
				eral Revenue						
				neral purposes						1,719,709
			Spe	ecial revenue.						32,345
				bt service						210,182
				pital projects . nts and entitler						154,221
			to s	pecific progra	ms					5,418,292
			Inve	stment earning	gs					21,067
			Misc	cellaneous						139,632
			Tota	l general revei	nues					7,695,448
			Chai	nge in net asse	ts					(1,159,670)
			Net	assets at begin	nning of	year (restat	ed).			22,857,358
			Net	assets at end	of year .				\$	21,697,688

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

	General		Classroom Facilities		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:	-				-			
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	145,425	\$	315,692	\$	383,811	\$	844,928
Receivables:								
Taxes		1,839,744		-		420,236		2,259,980
Accounts		6,673		-		3,436		10,109
Intergovernmental		-		-		32,346		32,346
Interfund receivable		34,646		-		-		34,646
Advances to other funds		21,904		-		-		21,904
Prepayments		15,345		-		-		15,345
Materials and supplies inventory		13,280		_		7,667		20,947
Restricted assets:		•				·		•
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents		444,436		_		_		444,436
Total assets	\$	2,521,453	\$	315,692	\$	847,496	\$	3,684,641
	·		-					
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	43,728	\$	-	\$	6,857	\$	50,585
Contracts payable		-		137,374		-		137,374
Accrued wages and benefits		649,165		_		55,223		704,388
Compensated absences payable		37,966		_		-		37,966
Pension obligation payable		109,584		_		9,360		118,944
Intergovernmental payable		10,720		_		747		11,467
Interfund payable		-		_		34,646		34,646
Advances from other funds		_		_		21,904		21,904
Deferred revenue		1,830,790		_		418,191		2,248,981
Total liabilities		2,681,953		137,374		546,928		3,366,255
Total Intellices		2,001,233	-	137,371	-	310,720		3,300,233
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		-		-		66,708		66,708
Reserved for materials and								
supplies inventory		13,280		-		7,667		20,947
Reserved for prepayments		15,345		-		-		15,345
Reserved for property tax unavailable								
for appropriation		8,954		_		2,045		10,999
Reserved for budget stabilization		300,530		_		-		300,530
Reserved for advances		21,904		_		-		21,904
Reserved for debt service		_		_		96,839		96,839
Reserved for instructional materials		143,906		_		-		143,906
Unreserved, undesignated, (deficit) reported in:		2 12 ,2 2 2						- 10,7 00
General fund		(664,419)		_		_		(664,419)
Special revenue funds		(004,417)		_		62,234		62,234
Capital projects funds		_		178,318		65,075		243,393
Total fund balances (deficit)		(160,500)		178,318			-	
Total fullu valalices (uchell)		(100,300)		170,310		300,568		318,386
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,521,453	\$	315,692	\$	847,496	\$	3,684,641

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2004

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 318,386
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		24,871,225
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes	\$ 142,836	
Total		142,836
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences	705,885	
Pension obligation payable	72,822	
Asbestos loan obligation payable	28,985	
Capital lease obligation payable	50,008	
Lease purchase obligation payable	172,081	
General obligation bonds payable	2,594,699	
Accrued interest payable	 10,279	
Total		 (3,634,759)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 21,697,688

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

PO.	JR THE FISCAL YEAR E General		(Classroom Facilities		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:		General		racinties		Tulius		runus	
From local sources:									
Taxes	\$	1,713,770	\$		\$	396,483	\$	2,110,253	
Tuition	Ψ	91,733	Ψ	_	Ψ	370,403	Ψ	91,733	
Transportation fees		6,839		_		_		6,839	
Earnings on investments		15,197		5,870		_		21,067	
Charges for services		13,177		3,670		188,429		188,429	
Extracurricular		-		-		78,026		78,026	
Classroom materials and fees		16,023		-		20,704		36,727	
Other local revenues		97,477		642		36,039		134,158	
								,	
Intergovernmental - State		5,330,909		-		130,734		5,461,643	
Intergovernmental - Federal		60,187	-			329,764		389,951	
Total revenue		7,332,135		6,512		1,180,179		8,518,826	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Regular		4,157,989		-		112,021		4,270,010	
Special		577,710		-		166,006		743,716	
Adult/Continuing		2,313		-		-		2,313	
Other		1,179		-		-		1,179	
Support services:									
Pupil		376,363		-		-		376,363	
Instructional staff		116,304		-		127,640		243,944	
Board of education		26,540		-		-		26,540	
Administration		641,021		-		54,057		695,078	
Fiscal		239,943		-		9,263		249,206	
Business		39,953		-		-		39,953	
Operations and maintenance		1,164,921		-		40,817		1,205,738	
Pupil transportation		411,655		-		-		411,655	
Central		148,699		-		9,000		157,699	
Operation of non-instructional services:									
Food service operations		-		-		309,915		309,915	
Other non-instructional services		43,647		-		1,217		44,864	
Extracurricular activities		146,236		-		110,480		256,716	
Facilities acquisition and construction		_		1,189,608		172,745		1,362,353	
Capital outlay		-		-		218,901		218,901	
Debt service:						•		ŕ	
Principal retirement		19,504		-		146,820		166,324	
Interest and fiscal charges		4,856		-		136,535		141,391	
Total expenditures		8,118,833		1,189,608		1,615,417		10,923,858	
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(786,698)		(1,183,096)	-	(435,238)		(2,405,032)	
Other financing sources (uses):		(700,070)		(1,103,070)		(133,230)		(2,103,032)	
Transfers in				374,404		129,499		503,903	
Transfers (out)		(129,499)		374,404		(374,404)		(503,903)	
Sale of capital assets		7,483		-		(374,404)		7,483	
Lease purchase transaction		7,463		-		218,901			
-		(122.016)		374,404			-	218,901	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(122,016)				(26,004)		226,384	
Net change in fund balances		(908,714)		(808,692)		(461,242)		(2,178,648)	
Fund balances at beginning of									
year (restated)		748,214		987,010		761,810		2,497,034	
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	(160,500)	\$	178,318	\$	300,568	\$	318,386	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (2,178,648)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the	
amount by which capital outlays (\$1,472,419) exceeds depreciation expense (\$418,410) in the current period.	1,054,009
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	6,204
Repayment of bond, loan and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	166,324
Proceeds of lease agreements are recorded as revenue in the funds, however on the statement of activities, they are not reported as revenues as they increase the liabilities on the statement of net assets.	(218,901)
Governmental funds report expenditures for interest when it is due. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The additional interest reported in the statement of activities is due to the accrued interest on bonds and additional accumulated accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds.	(20,014)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and pension obligations, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	31,356
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (1,159,670)

STATEMENT IN REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	 Actual	(]	Negative)
Revenues:							
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$	1,588,491	\$	1,710,308	\$ 1,721,208	\$	10,900
Tuition		90,284		97,208	97,828		620
Transportation fees		6,312		6,796	6,839		43
Earnings on investments		15,844		17,059	17,168		109
Classroom materials and fees		12,135		13,066	13,149		83
Other local revenues		2,449		2,637	2,654		17
Intergovernmental - State		4,919,857		5,297,150	5,330,909		33,759
Intergovernmental - Federal		59,653		64,228	 64,637		409
Total revenue		6,695,025		7,208,452	 7,254,392		45,940
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		4,120,277		4,126,045	4,161,828		(35,783)
Special		574,280		575,084	580,072		(4,988)
Adult/continuing		2,301		2,304	2,324		(20)
Other		1,918		1,921	1,938		(17)
Support services:							
Pupil		372,279		372,800	376,033		(3,233)
Instructional staff		116,836		117,000	118,015		(1,015)
Board of education		35,005		35,054	35,358		(304)
Administration		628,496		629,376	634,835		(5,459)
Fiscal		230,781		231,104	233,108		(2,004)
Business		64,211		64,301	64,859		(558)
Operations and maintenance		1,169,380		1,171,017	1,181,174		(10,157)
Pupil transportation		416,676		417,259	420,878		(3,619)
Central		133,472		133,659	134,818		(1,159)
Operation of non-instructional services		43,409		43,470	43,847		(377)
Extracurricular activities		144,568		144,770	 146,026		(1,256)
Total expenditures		8,053,889		8,065,164	 8,135,113		(69,949)
Excess of revenues under							
expenditures		(1,358,864)		(856,712)	 (880,721)		(24,009)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Refund of prior year expenditure		88,777		95,585	96,194		609
Transfers in		134,328		144,629	145,551		922
Transfers (out)		(272,304)		(272,685)	(275,050)		(2,365)
Advances in		43,324		46,646	46,943		297
Advances (out)		(34,300)		(34,348)	(34,646)		(298)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		6,906		7,436	 7,483		47
Total other financing sources (uses)		(33,269)		(12,737)	(13,525)		(788)
Net change in fund balance		(1,392,133)		(869,449)	(894,246)		(24,797)
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,172,491		1,172,491	1,172,491		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		274,565		274,565	274,565		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	54,923	\$	577,607	\$ 552,810	\$	(24,797)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2004

	Agency	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash		
and cash equivalents	\$	41,637
Receivables:		
Accounts		949
Total assets	\$	42,586
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	224
Due to students		42,362
Total liabilities	\$	42,586

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Maplewood Local School District (the "District") is located in Trumbull County and encompasses all of the Johnston, Greene and Mecca Townships and a portion of the City of Cortland.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District is the 474th largest by enrollment among the 614 public school districts in the state. It currently operates one elementary school and one comprehensive middle/high school. The District is staffed by 61 non-certified and 76 certificated personnel to provide services to approximately 1,093 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organization Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service, preschool and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' government board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among 28 school districts and 2 county educational service centers. NEOMIN was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. In the event of dissolution of the organization, all current members will share in net obligations or asset liquidations in a ratio proportionate to their last twelve months' financial contribution. NEOMIN is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, the District does not have any equity interest in NEOMIN because a residual interest in the net resources of a joint venture upon dissolution is not equivalent to an equity interest. Financial information is available from Lori Simione, Treasurer for the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, (fiscal agent), at 347 N. Park Avenue, Warren, Ohio 44481.

Trumbull Career and Technical Center

The Trumbull Career and Technical Center is a jointly governed organization among fifteen school districts. The Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the fifteen participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write the Trumbull Career and Technical Center, Gary Ghizzoni, who serves as Treasurer, at 528 Educational Highway, Warren, Ohio 44483.

North East Ohio Instructional Media Center (NEOIMC)

NEOIMC is a jointly governed organization among 45 school districts. The organization was formed for the purpose of providing quality films and/or other media to support the curricula of the District. Each member pays a monthly premium based on use of the media materials. NEOIMC is governed by an advisory committee made up of a member from a parochial school, a JVS, one county superintendent from each participating county, one city superintendent, and two local superintendents rotating every two years. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the treasurer at the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 347 North Park Avenue, Warren, Ohio 44481.

North East Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (NEO/SERRC)

NEO/SERRC is a special education service center which selects its own board, adopts its own budget and receives direct federal and state grants for its operation. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents. NEO/SERRC is governed by a governing board of 39 members made up of representatives from 35 superintendents of the participating districts, one non-public school, one county board of mental retardation and two parents whose terms rotate every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. Information can be obtained by contacting the treasurer at the Mahoning County Educational Service Center, 100 DeBartolo Place, Youngstown, Ohio 44512.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Region 12 Professional Development Center (Center)

The Center is a jointly governed organization among the school districts located in Trumbull, Mahoning and Columbiana counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of establishing an articulated, regional structure for professional development, in which school districts, the business community, higher education and other groups cooperatively plan and implement effective professional development activities that are tied directly to school improvement, and in particular, to improving instructional programs.

The District is also a participant in two public entity risk sharing pool, discussed in Note 12.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Classroom Facilities Fund</u> - The classroom facilities capital projects fund is used to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the District and the Ohio Department of Education for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; (b) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed trust funds; and (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2004, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2005 operation, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2004 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Trumbull County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2004.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Although the District's legal level of control is at the fund level, the District will report at the object level on its General Fund Budgetary Statement. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2004, however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized with District funds in the normal course of operations, for purchase orders and contract related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. For governmental fund types, encumbrances outstanding at year-end appear as a reserve to the fund balance on a GAAP basis and as the equivalent of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to demonstrate legal compliance. Note 15 provides a reconciliation of the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2004, investments were limited to certificates of deposit, which are reported at cost.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2004 amounted to \$15,197, which includes \$9,305 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the Treasurer's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

These capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. During fiscal year 2004, the District increased its capitalization threshold from \$500 to \$1,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not posses infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the Statement of Net Assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than 1 year of service. A liability for sick leave is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least five (5) years of service regardless of their age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2004, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, advances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, debt service, property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation, budget stabilization and instructional supplies. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under state statute.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside to establish a textbook reserve and budget stablization. These reserves are required by state statute. A schedule of statutory reserves is presented in Note 17.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basis financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2004.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Fund Balance

For fiscal year 2004, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments", GASB Statement No. 37, "Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments: Omnibus", GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units", GASB Statement No. 41, "Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Perspective Differences", and GASB Interpretation No. 6, "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements". At June 30, 2003, there was no effect on fund balance as a result of implementing GASB Statements Nos. 37, 38, 39 and 41.

GASB Statement No. 37 clarifies certain provisions of Statement No. 34, including the required content of the Management Discussion and Analysis, the classification of program revenues and the criteria for determining major funds. GASB Statement No. 38, modifies, establishes and rescinds certain financial statement note disclosures. GASB Statement No. 39 further defines the guidelines of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 41 allows the presentation of budgetary schedules as required supplementary information based on the fund, organization or program structure that the government uses for its legally adopted budget when significant budgetary perspective differences result in the school district not being able to present budgetary comparison for the general and each major special revenue fund.

GASB Interpretation No. 6 clarifies the application of standards for modified accrual recognition of certain liabilities and expenditures in areas where differences have arisen, or potentially could arise, in interpretation and practice.

The government-wide financial statements show the District's programs for governmental activities. The beginning net asset amount for governmental activities reflects the change in fund balance for governmental funds at June 30, 2003, caused by the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental Activities - Fund Reclassification and Restatement of Fund Balance - Certain funds have been reclassified to properly reflect their intended purpose in accordance with the Standards of GASB Statement No. 34. It was also determined that GASB Interpretation No. 6 had an effect on fund balance as previously reported at June 30, 2003. A prior period adjustment was made for the asbestos removal loan payable. The adjustment reflects the reclassification of the loan from a fund liability to a long-term obligation of the District.

The fund reclassifications and the implementation of GASB Interpretation No. 6 had the following effect on the District's governmental fund balances as previously reported:

			C	lassroom				
	_	General	F	acilities	N	<u>Vonmajor</u>	_	Total
Fund balance June 30, 2003	\$	741,325	\$	987,010	\$	738,948	\$	2,467,283
Fund reclassifications		-		-		(11,123)		(11,123)
Asbestos removal loan		-		-		33,985		33,985
Implementation of GASB Interpretation No. 6		6,889						6,889
Restated fund balance, June 30, 2003	\$	748,214	\$	987,010	\$	761,810	\$	2,497,034

The transition from governmental fund balance to net assets of the governmental activities is presented as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

	_	Total
Restated fund balance, June 30, 2003	\$	2,497,034
GASB 34 adjustments:		
Long-term (deferred) assets		136,632
Capital assets		23,817,216
Accrued interest payable		(10,652)
Pension obligation		(73,180)
Long-term liabilities		(3,509,692)
Governmental activities net assets, June 30, 2003	\$	22,857,358

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2004 included the following individual fund deficits:

_	<u>Deficit</u>
\$	160,500
	13,036
	17
	4,754
	3
	14,356
	42,040
	5,794
	1
	750
	\$

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances results from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

C. Legal Compliance

The following fund had expenditures and encumbrances in excess of appropriation at June 30, 2004, contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41.

			Excess
	<u>Appropriation</u>	Expenditures	Expenditures
Major Fund			
General Fund	\$ 8,109,756	\$ 8,179,705	\$ (69,949)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents". Statutes require the classification of monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the finance institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days in an amount not the exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - (Continued)

8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instrument rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

Deposits: At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$1,331,001 and the bank balance was \$1,405,079. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance deposited with the District; and
- 2. \$1,304,079 was uninsured and unregistered as defined by GASB although it was secured by collateral held by third party trustees, pursuant to section 135.181 Ohio Revised Code, in collateralized pools securing all public funds on deposit with specific depository institutions; these securities not being in the name of the District. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

For purposes of GASB Statement No. 3, the District had no investments at year-end.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2004 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 34,646

B. Interfund balances consist of the following long-term advances to/from other funds, as reported on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2004:

Advances to Other Funds	Advances from Other Funds	_Amount_
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 21,904

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS – (Continued)

C. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2004, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental funds from:

General Fund \$ 129,499

Transfers from Nonmajor Governmental funds to:

Classroom Facilities 374,404

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2004 represents collections of calendar year 2003 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2004 were levied after April 1, 2003, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2003, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by state law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2004 represents collections of calendar year 2003 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2004 became a lien December 31, 2002, were levied after April 1, 2003 and are collected in 2004 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2004 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2004 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2004 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the value as of December 31, 2003. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-four percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Trumbull County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2004, are available to finance fiscal year 2004 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2004 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Available tax advances at June 30, 2004 totaled \$8,954 in the general fund, \$1,092 in the debt service fund, \$788 in the Permanent Improvements capital projects fund, and \$165 in the Classroom Facilities special revenue fund. Available tax advances at June 30, 2003 totaled \$16,392 in the general fund, \$2,084 in the debt service fund, \$1,503 in the Permanent Improvements capital projects fund, and \$319 in the Classroom Facilities special revenue fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2004 taxes were collected are:

	2003 Second				2004 First		
		Half Collecti	ons		Half Collections		
		Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential							
and public utility/minerals real estate	\$	72,791,170	91.90	\$	73,627,640	91.82	
Commercial/industrial real estate		2,059,760	2.60		2,082,920	2.60	
Public utility personal		3,421,660	4.30		3,414,720	4.26	
Tangible personal property		956,971	1.20	_	1,063,147	1.32	
Total	\$	79,229,561	100.00	\$	80,188,427	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	46.30		\$	45.80		

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2004 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the Statement of Net Assets follows:

Governmental Activities:

Taxes	\$ 2,259,980
Accounts	10,109
Intergovernmental	32,346
Total	\$ 2,302,435

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within subsequent years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. The capital asset balances of the governmental activities have been restated due to changes in the District's capital asset policy and to include land values not reported in the prior year. See Note 2.H. for detail.

	Balance 6/30/03	Adjustments	_	Restated Balance 6/30/03
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 273,697	\$ -	\$	273,697
Construction-in-progress	21,582,490			21,582,490
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	21,856,187	<u> </u>		21,856,187
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	1,706,653	77,993		1,784,646
Furniture and equipment	1,899,699	(1,652,249)		247,450
Vehicles	923,346	(544,014)		379,332
Total capital assets, being depreciated	4,529,698	(2,118,270)		2,411,428
Less: accumulated depreciation:		(450,399)		(450,399)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 26,385,885	\$ (2,568,669)	\$	23,817,216

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

B. Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, was as follows:

	Restated Balance 06/30/03	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 06/30/04
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 273,697			\$ 273,697
Construction in progress	21,582,490		(21,582,490)	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	21,856,187		(21,582,490)	273,697
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	-	90,839	-	90,839
Buildings and improvements	1,784,646	21,582,490	-	23,367,136
Furniture and equipment	247,450	1,227,965	-	1,475,415
Vehicles	379,332	153,615		532,947
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,411,428	23,054,909		25,466,337
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	-	(1,135)	-	(1,135)
Buildings and improvements	(11,546)	(292,240)	-	(303,786)
Furniture and equipment	(207,639)	(80,497)	-	(288,136)
Vehicles	(231,214)	(44,538)		(275,752)
Total accumulated depreciation	(450,399)	(418,410)		(868,809)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 23,817,216	\$ 22,636,499	\$(21,582,490)	\$24,871,225

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 267,329
Special	21,863
Support Services:	
Administration	43,165
Pupil transportation	44,538
Food service operations	41,515
Total depreciation expense	\$ 418,410

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior years, the District entered into capitalized leases for the acquisition of data processing and reproduction equipment. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the amount of \$54,809, which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The lease is recorded as a long-term obligation of the District.

In the general fund, capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures. Principal payments totaled \$19,504 in the general fund during fiscal 2004. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2004.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2005	\$ 24,360
2006	24,360
2007	6,089
Total minimum lease payments	54,809
Less amount representing interest	(4,801)
Total	\$ 50,008

NOTE 10 - LEASE-PURCHASE AGREEMENT

On October 3, 2004 the District entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Fifth Third Bank for \$218,901 for fitness equipment. The source of revenue to fund the principal and interest payments is derived from general operating revenues of the District. During fiscal year 2004, the District made \$46,820 in principal payments and \$4,301 in interest programs on the lease-purchase agreement.

A liability in the amount of the present value of minimum lease payments has been reported in the governmental activities of the District.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the lease-purchase agreement and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2004.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	_	Amount
2005	\$	76,681
2006		76,681
2007		25,559
Total	\$	178,921
Less amount representing interest		(6,840)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	172,081

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. On July 11, 2000, the District issued \$2,793,935 in general obligation bonds (Series 2000, School Facilities Improvement Bonds), which represent the District's share of a construction and renovation project approved and significantly funded by the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC). OSFC has awarded the District a \$12.5 million grant for the project, and will make quarterly disbursements to the District until the project is completed. These bonds are a general obligation of the District, for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund. The source of payment is derived from a current 4.398 (average) mill bonded debt tax levy.

This issue is comprised of current interest term bonds, par value \$1,550,000, current interest serial bonds, par value \$1,055,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$188,935. The capital appreciation bonds mature each December 1, 2011 through 2014 (effective interest 8.471%, 8.523%, 8.523%, and 8.575% respectively), at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The present value reported as long-term obligations at June 30, 2004 was \$259,699. Total accreted interest of \$70,764 has been included as long-term obligations at June 30, 2004.

				Balance			Balance	A	mounts
	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Outstanding			Outstanding	Ι	Due in
	Rate	Date	Date	06/30/03	Additions	Reductions	06/30/04	<u>O</u> 1	ne Year
Governmental Activities:									
School facilities improvement:									
Serial and term	5.744%	7/11/00	12/01/23	\$ 2,430,000	\$ -	\$ (95,000)	\$ 2,335,000	\$	95,000
Capital appreciation	8.471-8.575%	7/11/00	12/01/11-14	188,935	-	-	188,935		-
Accreted interest	N/A	N/A	N/A	50,377	20,387		70,764		
Total long-term obligations,									
governmental activities				\$ 2,669,312	\$ 20,387	\$ (95,000)	\$ 2,594,699	\$	95,000

B. Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2004, are as follows:

Year Ending	Current interest bonds					Capital appreciation bonds					ds	
June 30	Pri	Principal		Interest		Total		Principal	Intere	st		Total
FY05	\$	95,000	\$	127,602	\$	222,602	\$	-		-		_
FY06		100,000		122,800		222,800		-		-		-
FY07		105,000		117,700		222,700		-		-		-
FY08		110,000		112,297		222,297		-		-		-
FY09		120,000		106,460		226,460		-		-		-
FY2010-2014		255,000		464,371		719,371		405,000		-		405,000
FY2015-2019		595,000		384,459		979,459		135,000		-		135,000
FY2020-2024		955,000		145,926		1,100,926		-				
Total	\$ 2	335,000	\$	1,581,615	\$	3.916.615	\$	540,000	\$	_	\$	540,000
rotar	$\varphi = \angle$,	333,000	φ	1,501,015	φ.	3,910,013	φ	J 4 0,000	Ψ		Ψ	340,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

C. In fiscal 1993, the District received a loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency for an asbestos abatement project. The loan is interest free as long as the District remains current on repayment. This loan is a general obligation of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District are pledged for repayment. Principal and the unpaid balance related to the loan are recorded as a long-term obligation of the District. The following schedule describes the loan outstanding at June 30, 2004.

Interest	Issue	Maturity	Ba	Balance		etired	Balance		
Rate	<u>Date</u>	<u>Date</u>	6/30/2003		<u>Fiscal 2004</u>			6/30/2004	
None	4/16/1993	5/13/2013	\$	33,985	\$	(5,000)	\$	28,985	

D. The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for the asbestos loan:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Principal</u>		Principal Interest		 Total
2005	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$ 5,000				
2006		5,000		-	5,000				
2007		5,000		-	5,000				
2008		5,000		-	5,000				
2009		5,000		-	5,000				
2010		3,985			 3,985				
Total	\$	28,985	\$	_	\$ 28,985				

E. The balance of the District's governmental activities long-term obligations at June 30, 2003 has been restated. The asbestos removal loan has been restated as a long-term obligation of the District as described in Note 3.A. The compensated absences liability increased \$80,210 from \$656,673 to \$736,883 due to the implementation of GASB Interpretation No. 6 and the fund reclassifications described in Note 3.A. In addition, pension obligations of \$64,141 at June 30, 2003 are not reported as a component of governmental activities long-term obligations as they are paid within one year of fiscal year-end. Pension obligations are reported separately on the statement of net assets. The effect on the total governmental activities long-term obligations at July 1, 2003 was an increase of \$50,504 from \$3,459,638 to \$3,509,692. During the fiscal year 2004, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

	Audited Balance 6/30/2003	Restatement	Restated Balance 7/1/2003	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2004	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,669,312	\$ -	\$ 2,669,312	\$ 20,387	\$ (95,000)	\$ 2,594,699	95,000
Asbestos removal loan	-	33,985	33,985	-	(5,000)	28,985	5,000
Capital lease obligation	69,512	-	69,512	-	(19,504)	50,008	21,123
Lease-purchase obligation	-	-	-	218,901	(46,820)	172,081	72,157
Compensated absenses	656,673	80,210	736,883	31,131	(24,167)	743,847	70,324
Pension obligation payable	64,141	(64,141)					
Total	\$ 3,459,638	\$ 50,054	\$ 3,509,692	\$ 270,419	\$ (190,491)	\$ 3,589,620	\$ 263,604

F. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District.

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2004 are a voted debt margin of \$4,979,889 and an unvoted debt margin of \$80,188.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents, vehicles, and general liability.

Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. The liability limits are \$1,000,000 for each accident, with a collision deductible of \$250.

Real property and contents are fully insured. Real property is 90% co-insured. Limits of insurance on real property and equipment are \$9,856,402 with a deductible of \$250.

The District liability policy has a limit of \$1,000,000 for each occurrence and \$5,000,000 aggregate.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reductions in amounts of insurance coverage from fiscal 2003.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Health Self Insurance

The District has joined together with other school districts in the state to form the Trumbull County School Insurance Consortium Association, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 16 member school districts in Trumbull County. The District pays a monthly premium to Trumbull County School Insurance Consortium Association for its insurance coverage. It is intended that the Trumbull County School Insurance Consortium Association will be self-supporting through member premiums. The monthly premium includes a specific and aggregate stoploss premium paid to General American Insurance. The specific individual stoploss is \$100,000 per year. The aggregate stoploss is 105% of yearly anticipated claims.

The District provides health, dental, vision and life insurance coverage for employees. The health insurance coverage is administered by Medical Mutual of Ohio, a third party administrator. Core Source administers the dental and vision coverage. Medical Life Insurance Company provides the life insurance coverage. The District pays the insurance premiums, as a fringe benefit for most employees. Classified employees hired after July 1, 2002 are required to pay 20% of the monthly premiums.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 14. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

C. OSBA Workers' Compensation Group Rating

For fiscal year 2004, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP.

A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State Statute Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2003, 8.17% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$157,389, \$142,583, and \$104,202, respectively; 46.39% has been contributed for fiscal year 2004 and 100% for the fiscal years 2003 and 2002. \$84,384, represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2004.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance. Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal years 2004 and 2003, 13% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employee contributions. The District's required contributions to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$565,636, \$528,443, and \$500,400, respectively; 83.95% has been contributed for fiscal year 2004 and 100% for the fiscal years 2003 and 2002. \$90,816 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2004. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal 2004 were \$12,463 made by the District and \$3,225 made by plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by SERS or STRS have an option to choose Social Security or SERS/STRS. As of June 30, 2004, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.20 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through STRS, and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by STRS and SERS based on authority granted by state statute. Both STRS and SERS are funded on a pay-as-you-go-basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll. For this fiscal year, the State Teachers Retirement Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$40,403 during fiscal 2004.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve fund was \$3.1 billion at June 30, 2004. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$268.739 million and STRS had 111,853 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Effective January 1, 2004, all retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their health care premium. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status. A safety net is in place for retirees whose household income falls below federal poverty levels. Premiums are reduced by 50% for those who apply.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 4.91% of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2004, the minimum pay has been established at \$25,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of annual health care expenses, before premium deduction. Gross expenses for health care at June 30, 2004 were \$223.444 million and the target level was \$335.2 million. At June 30, 2004, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$300.8 million and SERS had approximately 62,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$81,818 during the 2004 fiscal year.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	neral Fund
Budget basis	\$	(894,246)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		77,743
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(20,771)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(108,491)
Adjustment for encumbrances	_	37,051
GAAP basis	\$	(908,714)

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

C. State School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the state's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future state funding and its financial operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Instructional Materials	Capital Acquisition	Budget Stabilization
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2003 Current year set-aside requirement Current year offsets Qualifying disbursements	\$ 80,411 145,551 - (82,056)	\$ - 145,551 (3,088,684)	\$ 300,530
Total	\$ 143,906	\$ (2,943,133)	\$ 300,530
Cash balance carried forward to FY 2005	\$ 143,906	\$ (2,943,133)	\$ 300,530
A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2004 follows: Amounts restricted for budget stabilization Amounts restricted for instructional materials	\$ 300,530 		
Total restricted assets	\$ 444,436		

The District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the capital acquisition reserve. Because the District is involved in the Ohio School Facilities Commission project, this negative amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years, and is therefore presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTE 18 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

The District had \$263,874 in outstanding contractual commitments at June 30, 2004. Construction will be completed in fiscal year 2005.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Maplewood Local School District Trumbull County 2414 Greenville Road N.E. Cortland. Ohio 44410

To The Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Maplewood Local School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 2, 2006. The District also adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 and Interpretation No. 6. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinion on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the District's management dated February 2, 2006, we reported one matter involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem a reportable condition.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*. In a separate letter to the District's management dated February 2, 2006, we reported other matters related to noncompliance we deemed immaterial.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us Maplewood Local School District Trumbull County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and the Board of Education. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

February 2, 2006



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

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800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

MAPLEWOOD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 16, 2006