Gallia County, Ohio

Single Audit

July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2005

Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2005



BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 528 S. WEST STREET, P.O. Box 687 PIKETON, OHIO 45661

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Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

Board of Education Gallia Local School District 230 Shawnee Lane Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Gallia Local School District, Gallia County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2005. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Gallia Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomeny

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

April 11, 2006

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Gallia County Local School District Gallia County, Ohio

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board Gallia County Local School District 230 Shawnee Lane Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gallia County Local School District (the School District), Gallia County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 19, 2006, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Members of the Board Gallia County Local School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 9 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

As described in Note 3 to the basic financial statements, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, GASB Statement No. 41, *Budgetary Comparison Schedules- Perspective Differences* and GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2, *Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expense and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers*

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

Balestra, Harr & Scherer CPAs, Inc. January 19, 2006

Gallia County Local School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Gallia County Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2005 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$838,950.
- General revenues accounted for \$16,235,049 in revenue or 67% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, and grants and contributions accounted for \$7,874,396 or 33% of total revenues of \$24,109,445.
- The School District had \$23,270,495 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$7,874,396 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions, and interest. General revenues of \$16,235,049 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The School District has two major funds; the General Fund and the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund. The General Fund had \$18,049,040 in revenues and other financing sources and \$17,941,499 in expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund's balance increased \$107,541. The Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund had \$474,532 in revenues and \$120,252 in expenditures. The Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund's balance increased by \$354,280.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Gallia County Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look as the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2005?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account, all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 7. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2005 compared to 2004.

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		
	2005	2004 *	
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$14,938,595	\$13,694,914	
Capital Assets	9,541,504	9,834,148	
Total Assets	24,480,099	23,529,062	
Liabilities			
Long-term Liabilities	1,593,955	2,137,010	
Other Liabilities	9,555,855	8,900,713	
Total Liabilities	11,149,810	11,037,723	
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	9,470,630	9,122,340	
Restricted	3,584,947	3,050,258	
Unrestricted	274,712	318,741	
Total Net Assets	\$13,330,289	\$12,491,339	

Total net assets of the District as a whole increased \$838,950 due to increased intergovernmental revenue.

* As restated, for further information regarding restatement of fund balances and net assets, refer to Note 3 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, as compared with 2004.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2005	2004 *
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$1,503,522	\$1,700,169
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	6,190,662	6,027,644
Capital Grants and Contributions	180,212	130,999
Total Program Revenues	7,874,396	7,858,812
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	7,056,230	7,271,914
Grants and Entitlements	8,908,174	8,690,315
Investment Earnings	177,767	185,894
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	5,323	0
Miscellaneous	87,555	141,121
Total General Revenues	16,235,049	16,289,244
Total Revenues	24,109,445	24,148,056
Program Expenses		
Instruction:		
Regular	8,627,543	8,528,491
Special	3,187,951	3,157,113
Vocational	505,117	461,278
Other	1,405,620	1,485,793
Support Services:		
Pupil	712,651	792,546
Instructional Staff	1,188,524	1,243,501
Board of Education	55,289	56,700
Administration	1,567,629	1,542,683
Fiscal	508,819	489,147
Business	23,484	20,561
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,707,521	1,829,083
Pupil Transportation	1,938,999	2,092,534
Central	461,386	441,174
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	861,462	946,691
Extracurricular Activities	494,588	475,430
Interest and Fiscal Charges	23,912	69,635
Total Expenses	23,270,495	23,632,360
Increase in Net Assets	838,950	515,696
Net Assets Beginning of Year	12,491,339	11,975,643
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 13,330,289	\$ 12,491,339

* As restated, for further information regarding restatement of fund balances and net assets, refer to Note 3 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest earnings offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2005 as compared with 2004. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3 Governmental Activities

-	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Drogrom Evnoncoc	2005	2005	2004 *	2004 *
Program Expenses Instruction:				
	ΦΩ ()7 542	¢C 049 054	¢0. 50 0.401	¢C 954 0C2
Regular	\$8,627,543	\$6,948,054	\$8,528,491	\$6,854,963
Special	3,187,951	1,392,132	3,157,113	1,478,573
Vocational	505,117	474,934	461,278	428,334
Other	1,405,620	1,319,786	1,485,793	1,377,829
Support Services:				
Pupil	712,651	485,548	792,546	448,412
Instructional Staff	1,188,524	388,175	1,243,501	467,484
Board of Education	55,289	51,985	56,700	52,651
Administration	1,567,629	1,357,403	1,542,683	1,315,529
Fiscal	508,819	361,971	489,147	363,198
Business	23,484	22,081	20,561	19,093
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,707,521	1,482,133	1,829,083	1,558,295
Pupil Transportation	1,938,999	753,669	2,092,534	963,041
Central	461,386	192,020	441,174	243,704
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	861,462	24,403	946,691	137,754
Extracurricular Activities	494,588	259,389	475,430	244,164
Interest and Fiscal Charges	23,912	(117,584)	69,935	(179,476)
Total	\$23,270,495	\$15,396,099	\$23,632,660	\$15,773,548

* As restated, for further information regarding restatement of fund balances and net assets, refer to Note 3 to the financial statements.

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS

The School District's major funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$23,933,054 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$23,986,463. As previously discussed, the School District remains financially stable in terms of healthy carryovers, our ability to pay bills, and no current operating levy needs.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2005, the School District amended its General Fund budget, but not significantly.

For the General Fund, budget basis revenue was \$18,099,648, above original estimates of \$17,470,100. Of this \$629,548 difference, most was due to conservative tax estimates, based on the County Auditor's Certification, Parity Aid and a significant increase in special education funding.

The School District's ending unobligated General Fund balance was \$2,901,956.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2005, the School District had \$9,541,504 invested in land and land improvements, buildings, furniture and equipment, infrastructure, vehicles, and library and textbooks. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2005 balances compared to 2004.

Table 4 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Government	Governmental Activities		
	2005	2004		
Land and Land Improvements	\$363,710	\$363,710		
Buildings and Improvements	8,397,579	8,710,203		
Furniture and Equipment	182,578	148,789		
Infrastructure	98,309	102,252		
Vehicles	445,771	434,214		
Library and Textbooks	53,557	74,980		
Totals	\$9,541,504	\$9,834,148		

Changes in capital assets from the prior year resulted from additions and depreciation.

Debt

At June 30, 2005, the School District had energy conservation notes outstanding of \$65,000. For additional information on debt, see Note 15 to the basic financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Gallia County Local School District is financially stable. As the preceding information shows, the School District depends upon the State School Foundation Program. Gallia County Local School District must maintain its current spending habits to maintain its healthy financial situation. The School District is in a low economic growth area, so dependence on local tax revenue must be minimized.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Sandra Foster, Treasurer at Gallia County Local School District, 230 Shawnee Lane, Gallipolis, Ohio 45631.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$6,150,523
Accounts Receivable	14,894
Intergovernmental Receivable	443,773
Property Taxes Receivable	7,608,669
Restricted Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	720,736
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	363,710
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	9,177,794
Total Assets	24,480,099
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	68,694
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,657,657
Intergovernmental Payable	704,988
Accrued Interest Payable	1,180
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	42,805
Deferred Revenue	7,074,433
Claims Payable	6,098
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	262,994
Due In More Than One Year	1,330,961
Total Liabilities	11,149,810
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	9,470,630
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	1,746,042
Debt Service	687,850
Other Purposes	1,058,355
Contributions:	
Expendable	700
Non-Expendable	92,000
Unrestricted (Deficit)	274,712
Total Net Assets	\$13,330,289

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
			i logium Revenues	Capital	100 1155015
		Charges for	Operating Grants	Grants and	Governmental
	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$8,627,543	\$348,894	\$1,149,875	\$0	(\$7,128,774)
Special	3,187,951	141,638	1,569,025	0	(1,477,288)
Vocational	505,117	30,183	0	0	(474,934)
Other	1,405,620	84,049	1,785	0	(1,319,786)
Support Services:					
Pupil	712,651	48,436	178,667	0	(485,548)
Instructional Staff	1,188,524	94,001	706,348	0	(388,175)
Board of Education	55,289	3,304	0	0	(51,985)
Administration	1,567,629	96,850	113,376	0	(1,357,403)
Fiscal	508,819	30,128	90,933	25,787	(361,971)
Business	23,484	1,403	0	0	(22,081)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,707,521	62,685	108,561	11,564	(1,524,711)
Pupil Transportation	1,938,999	63,833	936,058	142,861	(796,247)
Central	461,386	35,239	234,127	0	(192,020)
Operation of Non-Instructional					
Services	861,462	246,345	761,025	0	145,908
Extracurricular Activities	494,588	216,510	199,410	0	(78,668)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	23,912	24	141,472	0	117,584
Totals	\$23,270,495	\$1,503,522	\$6,190,662	\$180,212	(15,396,099)
	General Rever Property Taxes				
	General Purp	poses			6,463,822
	Debt Service	e			275,303
	Permanent In	mprovements			317,105
	Grants and Ent	itlements not Re	stricted to Specific Pr	ograms	8,908,174
	Investment Ear	rnings			177,767
	Gain on Sale of	f Capital Assets			5,323
	Miscellaneous				87,555
	Total General	Revenues			16,235,049
	Change in Net	Assets			838,950
	Net Assets Beg	inning of Year -	Restated, See Note 3		12,491,339
	Net Assets End	of Year			\$13,330,289

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2005

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,545,014	\$1,720,342	\$1,591,594	\$5,856,950
Receivables:				
Property Taxes	7,197,369	295,000	116,300	7,608,669
Interfund	224,991	0	0	224,991
Intergovernmental	0	0	443,773	443,773
Accounts	0	0	14,894	14,894
Restricted Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	720,736	0	0	720,736
Total Assets	\$10,688,110	\$2,015,342	\$2,166,561	\$14,870,013
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$53,932	\$0	\$14,762	\$68,694
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,337,588	0	320,069	1,657,657
Interfund Payable	0	0	224,991	224,991
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	41,369	0	1,436	42,805
Intergovernmental Payable	578,363	0	126,625	704,988
Deferred Revenue	7,110,502	295,000	360,093	7,765,595
Total Liabilities	9,121,754	295,000	1,047,976	10,464,730
Fund Balances				
Reserved for Encumbrances	309,863	0	128,875	438,738
Reserved for Contributions	0	0	92,000	92,000
Reserved for Property Taxes	86,867	0	0	86,867
Reserved for Textbooks and Materials	221,089	0	0	221,089
Reserved for Capital Improvements	499,647	0	0	499,647
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:				
General Fund	448,890	0	0	448,890
Special Revenue Funds	0	0	183,660	183,660
Debt Service Funds	0	0	687,850	687,850
Permanent Funds	0	0	500	500
Capital Projects Funds	0	1,720,342	25,700	1,746,042
Total Fund Balances	1,566,356	1,720,342	1,118,585	4,405,283
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$10,688,110	\$2,015,342	\$2,166,561	\$14,870,013

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2005

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 4,405,283
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		9,541,504
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental	447,369 243,793	
Total		691,162
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individuals. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund is included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets		287,475
Long-Term Liabilities, including bonds, capital lease obligations, in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued Interest Payable Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds, Energy Conservation Notes, and Capital Lease Obligations	(1,180) (1,523,081) (70,874)	
Total		 (1,595,135)
		\$ 13,330,289

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Permanent	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Improvement	Funds	Funds
Revenues				
Taxes	\$6,483,073	\$317,105	\$275,303	\$7,075,481
Intergovernmental	10,257,945	157,427	4,611,883	15,027,255
Investment Earnings	176,667	0	1,100	177,767
Charges for Services	0	0	246,345	246,345
Tuition and Fees	1,040,668	0	0	1,040,668
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	216,509	216,509
Gifts and Donations	4,000	0	4,000	8,000
Miscellaneous	64,825	0	22,730	87,555
Total Revenues	18,027,178	474,532	5,377,870	23,879,580
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	6,988,872	0	1,267,058	8,255,930
Special	1,895,647	0	1,279,250	3,174,897
Vocational	497,242	0	0	497,242
Other	1,403,614	0	2,006	1,405,620
Support Services:				
Pupil	517,793	0	206,658	724,451
Instructional Staff	412,737	0	810,551	1,223,288
Board of Education	55,805	0	0	55,805
Administration	1,429,607	0	124,709	1,554,316
Fiscal	459,895	10,592	47,817	518,304
Business	24,213	0	0	24,213
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,622,320	4,750	122,006	1,749,076
Pupil Transportation	1,995,907	58,680	11,209	2,065,796
Central	209,237	0	263,121	472,358
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	0	902,395	902,395
Extracurricular Activities	270,728	0	226,900	497,628
Capital Outlay	0	46,230	0	46,230
Debt Service:	2 207	0	622.018	625 215
Principal	2,297	0 0	632,918 28,114	635,215
Interest and Fiscal Charges	336	0	28,114	28,450
Total Expenditures	17,786,250	120,252	5,924,712	23,831,214
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	240,928	354,280	(546,842)	48,366
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	0	0	31,612	31,612
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	21,862	0	0	21,862
Transfers Out	(155,249)	0	0	(155,249)
Total Other Financing Sources	(133,387)	0	31,612	(101,775)
Total Onler I maneing bources	(155,567)	0		(101,775)
Net Change in Fund Balance	107,541	354,280	(515,230)	(53,409)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year -				
Restated, See Note 3	1,458,815	1,366,062	1,633,815	4,458,692
Fund Balances End of Year	\$1,566,356	\$1,720,342	\$1,118,585	\$4,405,283
I ma Duances Linu of Ieur	φ1,500,550	ψ1,720,342	ψ1,110,505	ψτ,τ03,203

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (53,409)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. 198,574 Capital Asset Additions 198,574 Current Year Depreciation (474,679) Total 198,574	
	(270,105)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extentproceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities a gainor loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss onthe disposal of fixed assets.Proceeds from Sale of Capital AssetsGain on Sale of Capital Assets5,322	
Total	(16,539)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes (19,25) Intergovernmental 243,793 Total 243,793	
Repayment of debt principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.630,000Bond Principal Payments632,000Capital Lease Principal Payments5,216	<u>5</u>
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated	635,216
among the governmental activities.Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.Increase in Compensated Absences(92,161 4,538 Decrease in Interest PayableDecrease in Intergovernmental Payable349,424	3
Total	261,801
Net Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 838,950

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$17,470,100 17,987,043	\$17,470,520 18,232,510	\$18,099,648 18,035,826	\$629,128 196,684
Net Change in Fund Balance	(516,943)	(761,990)	63,822	825,812
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,597,376 240,758	2,597,376 240,758	2,597,376 240,758	0 0
Fund Balance, June 30	\$2,321,191	\$2,076,144	\$2,901,956	\$825,812

Gallia Local School District Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Fund June 30, 2005

	Internal Service
ASSETS:	
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 293,573
Total Assets	293,573
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities:	
Claims Payable	6,098
Total Liabilities	6,098
NET ASSETS:	
Unrestricted	287,475
Total Net Assets	\$ 287,475

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Gallia Local School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Internal Service
OPERATING EXPENSES: Purchased Services Claims	25,050 35,143
Total Operating Expenses Before Transfers	60,193
Transfers In	123,637
Changes in Net Assets	63,444
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	224,031
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 287,475

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Gallia Local School District Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Internal Service Fund
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u></u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Payments for Claims Cash Payments for Purchased Services	(36,447) (25,050)
Cash r ayments for r trenased Services	(23,050)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(61,497)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Operating Transfers In	123,637
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	123,637
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	62,140
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	231,433
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$293,573
Reconcilitation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Income	(\$60,193)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease in Claims Payable	(1,304)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(\$61,497)

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Gallia County Local School District Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2005

Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$94,347
Liabilities Undistributed Monies Due to Students	19,727 74,620
Total Liabilities	\$94,347

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the School District

Gallia County Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Section 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The Board controls the School District's eight (8) instructional support facilities staffed by 198 non-certificated, 181 teaching personnel, and 14 administrative employees providing education to approximately 2,450 students.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Gallia County Local School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The following entities which perform activities within the School District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the School District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District.

- Parent Teacher Organization
- Booster Club

The School District is associated with five organizations, four of which are defined as jointly governed organizations and one is a group purchasing pool. These organizations are the Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Education Consortium, the Gallia-Jackson-Vinton Joint Vocational School District, the Gallia-Vinton Educational Service Center, the Southeastern Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Council, and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 16 and 17 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or after November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for the fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program; and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The funds used by for this School District can be classified using two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Permanent Improvement Fund The Permanent Improvement Fund is a fund provided to account for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of such permanent improvements as are authorized by Chapter 5705, Revised Code.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no enterprise funds.

Internal Service Fund The Internal Service Fund is used to account for medical, life, and dental benefits provided to employees.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and contributions and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's only fiduciary funds are agency funds.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities accounts for increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenditures) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes and grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, investment earnings, tuition, grants, fees, and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2006 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer maintains budgetary information at the fund and object level and has the authority to allocate appropriations at the function and object level without resolution by the Board.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement are based on estimates made before the end of the prior fiscal year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when final appropriations for the fiscal year were passed.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool or temporarily used to purchase short term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2005, investments were limited to a NOW interest bearing account and certificates of deposit.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

For purposes of the presentation on the balance sheet, investments of a cash management pool or investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District would be considered to be cash equivalents.

G. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general assets. General capital assets are those assets specifically related governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	5 years
Buildings and Improvements	20-50 years
Furniture and Equipment	8-20 years
Vehicles	10 years
Infrastructure	50 years
Library and Textbooks	5-15 years

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after 10 years of current service with the School District.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due to each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District records reservations for portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves are established for encumbrances, property taxes, capital improvements, contributions, and textbooks and materials. The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America but not available for appropriations under State statute.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, set-asides and federal and state grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General Fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets include amounts required by statute to be set aside by the School District for the purchase of textbooks and capital acquisition. See Note 21 for additional information regarding set-asides.

NOTE 3 - CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

For fiscal year 2005, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 41, "Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Perspective Differences", GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures", and GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2, "Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expenses and Liability by Cost-Sharing Employers." GASB 40 establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to investment risks: credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk) and interest rate risk. This statement also establishes and modifies disclosure requirements for custodial credit risk on deposits. This statement applies to all state and local governments. GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 addresses the amount that should be recognized as an expenditure/expense and as liability each period by employers participating in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans. The implementation of this bulletin and GASB Statement Nos. 41 and 40 had no effect on the District's financial statements.

Restatements were made to intergovernmental payable as previously restated due to amounts not properly reversing in the prior year and to correct the June 30, 2004 cash balances.

	General	Permanent Improvement	Non-Major	Total
Fund Balances, June 30, 2004 Correction of errors	\$1,458,815 0	\$1,366,062 0	\$1,629,921 3,894	\$4,454,798 3,894
Restated Fund Balances, June 30, 2004	\$1,458,815	\$1,366,062	\$1,633,815	\$4,458,692
Net Assets, June 30, 2004 Correction of errors Intergovernmental Payable			-	\$12,464,791 3,894 22,654
Restated Net Assets, June 30, 2004			-	\$12,491,339

NOTE 4 – ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Accountability

At June 30, 2005 the Lunchroom Special Revenue Fund and Early Childhood Fund had a deficit fund balances of \$44,078 and \$25,848, respectively, which was created by the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis), presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosure in the proprietary fund type and non-expendable trust fund (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance General Fund

GAAP Basis	\$107,541
Revenue Accruals	50,608
Expenditure Accrual	215,536
Encumbrances	(309,863)
Budget Basis	\$63,822

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demand on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, or other units or agencies of this State or its political subdivisions;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or
 (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- 8. Securities lending agreements in which the District lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in division (1) or (2), or cash, or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value;

NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 9. High grade commercial paper in an amount not to exceed five percent of the District's total average portfolio;
- 10. Bankers acceptances for a period not to exceed 270 days and in an amount not to exceed ten percent of the District's total average portfolio.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits With Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements."

Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy for deposits is any balance not covered by depository insurance will be collateralized by the financial institutions with pledged securities. As of June 30, 2005, \$6,844,593of the District's \$7,044,593 was exposed to custodial risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 135, Uniform Depository Act, authorizes pledging of pooled securities in lieu of specific securities. Specifically, a designated public depository may pledge a single pool of eligible securities to secure repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution, provided that all times the total value of the securities so pledged is at least equal to 105% of the total amount of all public deposits secured by the pool, including the portion of such deposits covered by any federal deposit insurance.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the local school district. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at eighty-eight percent of true value (with certain exceptions) and on real property at thirty-five percent of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31. Tangible personal property assessments are twenty-five percent of true value. The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2005 taxes were collected for Gallia County are:

	2004 Second-Half Collections		2005 First-Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$176,764,890	54.54%	\$176,338,170	53.25%
Public Utility	130,691,570	40.32%	136,224,290	41.14%
Tangible Personal Property	16,648,967	5.14%	18,601,344	5.61%
Total Assessed Value	\$324,105,427	100.00%	\$331,163,804	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$21.50		\$21.35	

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The School District receives property taxes from Gallia and Jackson Counties. The Gallia County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by June 30, 2005, are available to finance fiscal year 2005 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2005. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2005 was \$86,867 in the General Fund is recognized as revenue.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2005 consisted of taxes, accounts, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Intergovernmental Receivables	Amounts
Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:	
Help Me Grow	\$16,405
Special Education, Part B-IDEA	50,748
Title I	258,707
Teacher Quality Improvement	111,138
Title VI-B	6,775
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	<u>\$443,773</u>

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance 6/30/2004	_Additions_	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2005
Capital Assets:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$363,710	\$0	\$0	\$363,710
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	363,710	0	0	363,710
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	1,167,412	0	0	1,167,412
Buildings and Improvements	15,682,094	0	0	15,682,094
Furniture and Equipment	937,322	66,490	(13,694)	990,118
Infrastructure	197,170	0	0	197,170
Library and Textbooks	1,138,235	0	0	1,138,235
Vehicles	2,958,734	132,084	(143,131)	2,947,687
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	22,080,967	198,574	(156,825)	22,122,716
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(1,167,412)	0	0	(1,167,412)
Buildings and Improvements	(6,971,891)	(312,624)	0	(7,284,515)
Furniture and Equipment	(788,533)	(32,701)	13,694	(807,540)
Infrastructure	(94,918)	(3,943)	0	(98,861)
Library and Textbooks	(1,063,255)	(21,423)	0	(1,084,678)
Vehicles	(2,524,520)	(103,988)	126,592	(2,501,916)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(12,610,529)	(474,679) **	140,286	(12,944,922)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	9,470,438	(276,105)	(16,539)	9,177,794
Capital Assets, Net	\$9,834,148	(\$276,105)	(\$16,539)	\$9,541,504

** Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$334,437
Special	16,052
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	682
Administration	8,953
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	655
Pupil Transportation	104,853
Extracurricular Activities	4,951
Non-Instructional Services	4,096
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$474,679</u>

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2002, the School District joined together with other school districts in Ohio to participate in the Ohio Schools Risk Sharing Authority (OSRSA), a non-profit, public entity risk sharing pool. OSRSA was created to provide affordable liability, property, casualty and crime insurance coverage for its members. Each individual school district enters into an agreement with the OSRSA and its premium is based on types of coverage, limits of coverage, and deductibles that it selects. The District pays this annual premium to the OSRSA (See Note 22). The types and amount of coverage provided by the Ohio School Risk Sharing Authority during fiscal year 2005 are as follows:

Bodily Injury and Property Damage – Each Occurrence Limit	\$1,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury – Each Offense Limit	1,000,000
Products – Completed Operations Limit	1,000,000
Per Campus Annual Aggregate	1,000,000
General Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Fire Legal Liability	500,000
Medical Expense – Per Person Limit	1,000
Medical Expense – Annual Aggregate	5,000
Errors and Omissions Cover – Per Occurrence (\$5,000 deductible)	1,000,000
Errors and Omissions Cover – Annual Aggregate	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant change in coverage from last year.

For fiscal year 2005, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 17). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts and educational service centers is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts and educational service centers in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the Equity Pooling Funds. This equity pooling arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts and educational service centers that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through CoreSource in the amount of \$25,000 for classified employees, \$20,000 for certified employees, and twice the salary amount for each administrator.

Dental coverage was provided through CoreSource. Premiums for the dental coverage were \$39.99 monthly for family and \$18.36 for single coverage.

The School District provides health and major medical and prescription drug insurance for all eligible employees through United Healthcare. The School District pays monthly premiums of up to \$929.32 for family coverage and up to \$337.93 for individual coverage. Premiums are paid from the same funds that pay the employees' salaries. The District provides excess coverage for claims in excess of contract amounts through their self insurance Internal Service Fund. Additional information regarding the handling of these excess claims is provided on the following page.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

An administrative charge is paid monthly to Oak Hill Financial Administrators. The claims liability of \$6,098 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2005 is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in claims activity for the fiscal year follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current <u>Year Claims</u>	Claim Payments	Balance at End of Year
2004	\$ 3,835	\$ 99,464	\$ 95,897	\$ 7,402
2005	7,402	35,143	36,447	6,098

NOTE 11 -DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code establishes benefits. SERS issues a publicly available, stand alone report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by SERS's Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$347,745, \$173,649, and \$267,163, respectively; 33% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for the fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$233,847 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Options – Effective July 1, 2001, two new plan options were offered to selected members. New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to

NOTE 11 -DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation of every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

DC Plan Benefits – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

Eligible faculty of Ohio's public colleges and universities may choose to enroll in either STRS Ohio or an alternative retirement plan (ARP) offered by their employer. Employees have 120 days from their employment date to select a retirement plan.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for a money-purchase benefit or a lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount.

NOTE 11 -DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$1,320,278, \$919,357, and \$1,113,934, respectively; 85% has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100% for fiscal years 2004 and 2003. \$203,959 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2005 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

K. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2005, four members of the Board of Education had elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$99,251 for fiscal year 2005.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 2004 the balance in the Fund was \$3.1 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2004, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$268,739,000 and STRS had 111,853 eligible benefit recipients.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code gives SERS the discretionary authority to provide postretirement health care to retirees and their dependents. Coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75% of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14% contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2004, the minimum pay was established at \$25,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2005 fiscal year equaled \$299,843.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 were \$223,443,805 and the target level was \$335.6 million. At June 30, 2004, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$300.8 million. SERS has approximately 62,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 13 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees and administrators who are contracted to work 260 days per year earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators who work less than 260 days per year do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, certificated employees receive payment for one-fourth of accumulated sick days with maximum payments as follows: 39 days maximum for one to nine years of service; 44 days maximum for 10 to 19 years of service; and 49 days maximum for 20 or more years of service. Classified employees, upon retirement, receive payment for one-fourth of accumulated sick days with maximum payments as follows: 37 days maximum for one to nine years of service; 42 days maximum for 10 to 19 years of service; and 47 days maximum for 20 or more years of service; and 47 days maximum for 20 or more years of service.

B. Insurance

The School District provides health and major medical and prescription drug insurance for all eligible employees through United Health Care. The School District pays monthly premiums of up to \$929.32 for family coverage and up to \$337.93 for individual coverage. Premiums are paid from the same funds that pay the employees' salaries.

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Medical Life Insurance Group in the amount of \$25,000 for classified employees, \$20,000 for certified employees, and twice the salary amount for each administrator.

Dental coverage was provided through Oasis/CoreSource, Inc. Premiums for the dental coverage were \$39.99 monthly for family and \$18.36 for single coverage.

NOTE 14 – CAPITAL LEASES – LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The School District has entered into capitalized leases for two copiers. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements. The capital leases payable have been recorded on the government-wide financial statements.

Future minimum lease payments through 2007 are as follows:

Year	Amount
2006	\$ 5,602
2007	439
Total	6,041
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(167)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	<u>\$ 5,874</u>

The equipment was originally capitalized in the amount of \$15,755. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Principal payments in fiscal year 2005 totaled \$5,216 in the governmental funds.

Property Under Capital Lease	\$15,755
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u>1,576</u>
Total June 30, 2005	<u>\$14,179</u>

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

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The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2005 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/04	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/05	Payments Due in One Year
General Obligation Bonds 7.375%	\$570,000	\$0	\$570,000	\$0	\$0
Energy Conservation Notes:					
5.00% - 1996 - \$240,000	60,000	0	30,000	30,000	30,000
5.80% - 1997 - \$270,000	65,000	0	30,000	35,000	35,000
Total Long-Term Bonds and Notes	695,000	0	630,000	65,000	65,000
Capital Lease Obligations:					
8.039% - 2003 - \$7,000	5,221	0	2,298	2,923	2,489
1.113% - 2004 - \$8,755	5,869	0	2,918	2,951	2,951
Total Capital Lease Obligations	11,090	0	5,216	5,874	5,440
Compensated Absences	1,430,920	1,523,081	1,430,920	1,523,081	192,554
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$2,137,010	\$1,523,081	\$2,066,136	\$1,593,955	\$262,994

The General Obligation Bonds were issued in 1986 in the amount of \$10,275,000. The final payment was paid in fiscal year 2005. These bonds were paid from property tax receipts of the debt service fund.

Energy Conservation Notes will be retired through reductions in energy consumption and cost savings attributed to the installation of the energy conservation improvements. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund which the employee's salaries are paid.

The School District's voted legal debt margin was \$29,733,868 with an unvoted debt margin of \$331,164 at June 30, 2005. Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt, including notes outstanding at June 30, 2005, are as follows:

Fiscal year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	65,000	3,530	68,530
Total	\$65,000	\$3,530	\$68,530

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. SOUTHEAST OHIO VOLUNTARY EDUCATIONAL CONSORTIUM

The Southeast Ohio Voluntary Educational Consortium (SEOVEC) is a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. SEOVEC provides financial accounting services, educational management information, and cooperative purchasing services to its members. Each member pays a fee annually for services provided by SEOVEC.

SEOVEC is governed by a governing board which is selected by the members. Each member has one vote in all matters, and each member's control over budgeting and financing of SEOVEC is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the governing board. SEOVEC operates with its own Treasurer. The continued existence of SEOVEC is not dependent on the School District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. SEOVEC has no outstanding debt. During fiscal year 2005, the Gallia County Local School District paid \$56,351 to SEOVEC.

B. GALLIA, JACKSON, VINTON JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Gallia, Jackson, Vinton Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board comprised of eleven members appointed by the participating schools, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Gallia, Jackson, Vinton Joint Vocational School, Donalyn Smith, who serves as Treasurer, at 351 Buckeye Hills Road, Rio Grande, Ohio 45674.

C. <u>GALLIA-VINTON EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER</u>

Gallia-Vinton Educational Service Center is a jointly governed organization providing educational services to its two participating school districts. The Educational Service Center is governed by a board of education comprised of eight members appointed by the participating schools. The board controls the financial activity of the Educational Service Center and reports to the Ohio Department of Education and the Auditor of State of Ohio. The continued existence of the Educational Service Center is not dependent on the District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. During fiscal year 2004, the School District made no contributions to the Educational Service Center. To obtain financial information write to the Gallia-Vinton Educational Service Center, Lily Blevins, who serves as Treasurer, at P.O. Box 178 Rio Grande, Ohio 45674.

D. SOUTHEASTERN OHIO SPECIAL EDUCATION REGIONAL RESOURCE COUNCIL

The Southeastern Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (SERRC) is a special education service center which selects its own board, adopts its own budget and receives direct Federal and State grants for its operation. The jointly-governed organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents.

The SERRC is governed by a board composed of superintendents of participating schools, parents of children with disabilities, representatives of charted nonpublic schools, representatives of county boards of MR/DD, Ohio University and the Southeast Regional Professional Development Center whose terms rotate every year. The degree of control exercised by an participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board.

The Gallia County Local School District's superintendent is on the SERRC Board . Financial information can be obtained by contacting Bryan Swann, Treasurer, at the Athens-Meigs Educational Service Center, 507 Richland Avenue, Suite 108, Athens, Ohio 45701.

NOTE 17 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts and educational service centers pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 18 - STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional. The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient.

On March 4, 2003, the Plaintiffs filed a motion with the Common Pleas Court of Perry County requesting that such Court schedule and conduct a conference to address the State's compliance with the orders of such Court and the Supreme Court. On May 16, 2003, the Ohio Supreme Court granted a Writ of Prohibition as filed by the State and ordered the Common Pleas Court of Perry County to dismiss the motion for a compliance conference. The Ohio Supreme Court further stated again its ruling made on December 11, 2002.

The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations.

NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2005.

B. <u>Litigation</u>

The School District is not party to legal proceedings.

NOTE 20- DEFERRED COMPENSATION

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation program, created in accordance with internal Revenue Service Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or in the case of an unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 21 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2004	\$77,818	\$235,660
Current year set-aside requirement	349,554	349,554
Qualifying disbursements	(206,283)	(85,567)
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2005	\$221,089	\$499,647

NOTE 22 – RISK SHARING POOL

Ohio Schools Risk Sharing Authority, Inc. – The Ohio Schools Risk Sharing Authority, Inc. (OSRSA) is a risk sharing pool serving school districts in Ohio. OSRSA was formed as an Ohio non-profit corporation for the purpose of administering a joint self-insurance pool and assisting members to prevent and reduce losses and injuries to District property and persons and property which might result in claims being made against members of OSRSA. Member school districts agree to jointly participate in coverage of losses and pay all contributions necessary for the specified insurance coverages provided by OSRSA. These coverages include comprehensive general liability, automotive liability, certain property insurance and educators' errors and omissions liability insurance.

Each member school district has one vote on all matters requiring a vote, to be cast by a designated representative. The affairs of the Corporation are managed by an elected board of not more than nine directors. Only superintendents, treasurers, or business managers of member school districts are eligible to serve on the board. No school district may have more than one representative on the board at any time. Each member school district's control over the budgetary and financing of OSRSA is limited to its voting authority and any representative it may have on the board of directors. Financial information can be obtained from OSRSA at 655 Metro Place South, Suite 900, Dublin, Ohio 43017.

NOTE 23 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund balances at June 30, 2005, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables, which are expected to be repaid during the 2006 fiscal year:

Interfund Loans	Receivable	Payable
General fund	\$224,991	0
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Food Service		82,660
Title VI-B		6,775
Help Me Grow		16,342
Read Intervention		14,894
Teacher Quality Improvement		89,406
Title I		14,914
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	0	224,991
Total Interfund Receivables/Payables	\$224,991	\$224,991

The amounts due to the general fund are the result of the School District moving unrestricted monies to support grant funds whose grants operate on a reimbursement basis. The general fund will be reimbursed when funds become available in the non-major special revenue funds.

Interfund Transfers

Transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2005, were as follows:

Fund:	Transfer From:	Transfer To:
General Fund	\$ 155,249	
Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Scholarship Trust Fund Lunch Fund Public School Support Total Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:		\$ 31,112 500 31,612
Internal Service Fund		123,637
Total Transfers	\$ 155,249	<u>\$ 155,249</u>

Transfers are made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds.

NOTE 24 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 11, 2005, the Board authorized the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$43,000,000 for the purpose of constructing and renovating school buildings.

On November 29, 2005, the Board authorized the issuance of bond anticipation notes in a principal amount not to exceed \$28,000,000.

One January 9, 2006, the Board authorized the issuance of bond anticipation notes in a principal amount not to exceed \$15,000,000.

Gallia County Local School District Gallia County

Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						
Passed through Ohio Department of Education:						
Nutrition Cluster:						
Food Distribution Program	NA	10.550	\$0	\$43,087	\$0	\$43,087
National School Breakfast Program	05PU	10.553	188,675	0	188,675	0
National School Lunch Program and After School Care Snack Program	LLP4	10.555	410,534	0	410,534	0
Total United States Department of Agriculture			599,209	43,087	599,209	43,087
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
Passed through Ohio Department of Education						
Special Education Cluster:						
Special Education- Grants to States	6BSF	84.027	660,630	0	697,842	0
Special Education- Preschool	PGS1	84.173	22,442		28,021	
Total Special Education Cluster			683,072	0	725,863	0
Title 1 States Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1S1	84.010	1,007,389	0	1,053,322	0
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	DRS1	84.186	25,523	0	25,523	0
School Grants for Innovative Programs	C2S1	84.298	12,435	0	12,456	0
Education Technology State Grants	TJS1	84.318	27,308	0	20,500	0
Comprehensive School Reform Demonstration	RFS2	84.332	68,844	0	89,190	0
Rural Education (REAP)	RUS1	84.358	78,260	0	89,728	0
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TRS1	84.367	182,684	0	301,377	0
Passed through the Ohio Department of Alcohol and Drug Addiction Services						
Guiding Children to Live Successfully	DFSP	84.186A	115,445	0	90,646	0
Total United States Department of Education			2,200,960	0	2,408,605	0
UNITED STATED DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES						
Passed through Ohio Department of Mentl Retardation and Developmental Disabilities						
Medical Assistance Program	NA	93.778	1,652	0	1,652	0
Total United States Department of Health and Human Services			1,652	0	1,652	0
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$2,801,821	\$43,087	\$3,009,466	\$43,087

N/A = Pass through entity number could not be located. See Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures.

GALLIA COUNTY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the School District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B -FOOD DISTRIBUTIONS

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2005, the School District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER CPAs, INC.

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Piketon, Ohio 45661

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board Gallia County Local School District 230 Shawnee Lane Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gallia County Local School District (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 19, 2006, wherein we noted the School District implemented GASB Statements Number 40 and 41 and GASB Technical Bulletin 2004-2. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Members of the Board Gallia County Local School District Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Governmental Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the School District in a separate letter dated January 19, 2006.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

Balestra, Harr & Scherer CPAs, Inc. January 19, 2006

BALESTRA, HARR & SCHERER CPAs, INC.

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Members of the Board Gallia County Local School District 230 Shawnee Lane Gallipolis, Ohio 45631

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Gallia County Local School District (the School District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005. The School Districts major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the School Districts management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School Districts compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School Districts compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School Districts compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Members of the Board Gallia County Local School District Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit we considered the School Districts internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, members of the Board, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Salistra, Harr & Scherur

Balestra, Harr & Scherer CPAs, Inc. January 19, 2006

GALLIA COUNTY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT GALLIA COUNTY JUNE 30, 2005

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

(d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs Programs Programs Programs (d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs Type A: > \$300,000 Programs		1. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS RESULTS				
financial statement level (GAGAS)? No (d)(1)(ii) Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? No (d)(1)(ii) Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? No (d)(1)(ii) Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs? No (d)(1)(iv) Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs? No (d)(1)(vi) Type of Major Programs= Compliance Opinion Unqualified (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under section .510? No (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): No No (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): CFDA #10.550, Food Distribution Program, #10.555, National School Breakfast Program, #10.555, National School Breakfast Program, #10.555, National School Breakfast (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): CFDA #84.367-Improving Teach Quality State Grants CFDA #84.367-Improving Teach Quality State Grants (d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all other S300,000 Type B: all other	(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified			
financial statement level (GAGAS)? No (d)(1)(ii) Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? No (d)(1)(iv) Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs? No (d)(1)(iv) Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs? No (d)(1)(v) Type of Major Programs= Compliance Opinion Unqualified (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under section .510? No (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Nutrition Cluster-CPDA #10.550, Food Distribution Program; #10.555 National School Lunch Program and After School Care Snack Program. CFDA #84.367-Improving TeachQuality State Grants (d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others	(d)(1)(ii)		No			
(GAGAS)? No (d)(1)(iv) Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs? No (d)(1)(iv) Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs? No (d)(1)(v) Type of Major Programs= Compliance Opinion Unqualified (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under section .510? No (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Nutrition Cluster- CFDA #10.550, Noton (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Nutrition Cluster- CFDA #10.550, National School Breakfast Program; #10.555 Program: Program; #10.555 National School Lunch Program CFDA #84.367- Improving Teach Quality State Grants (d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others Type B: all others	(d)(1)(ii)		No			
major federal programs? No (d)(1)(iv) Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs? No (d)(1)(v) Type of Major Programs= Compliance Opinion Unqualified (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under section .510? No (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Nutrition Cluster- CFDA #10.550, Food Distribution Program; #10.555 (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Nutrition Cluster- CFDA #10.550, Food Distribution Breakfast Program; #10.555 National School Lunch Program; #10.555 National School Lunch Program Luch Program CFDA #84.367- Improving TeachQuality State Grants CFDA #84.010- Title I (d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others	(d)(1)(iii)		No			
reported for major federal programs? unqualified (d)(1)(v) Type of Major Programs= Compliance Opinion Unqualified (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under section .510? No (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Nutrition Cluster- CFDA #10.550, Food Distribution Program; #10.555 National School Lunch Program Nutrition Cluster- CFDA #10.550, Food Distribution Program; #10.555 National School Lunch Program (d)(1)(vii) CFDA #84.367- Improving Teache Quality State Grants CFDA #84.367- Improving Teache Quality State (d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs Type A: > S300,000 Type B: all others	(d)(1)(iv)		No			
Compliance Opinion Unqualified (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under section .510? No (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Nutrition Cluster-CFDA #10.550, Food Distribution Program; #10.555, National School Breakfast Program; #10.555 (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): CFDA #10.550, Food Distribution Program; #10.555 (d)(1)(viii) Major Programs (list): CFDA #10.550, Food Distribution Program; #10.555 (d)(1)(viii) CFDA #84.367-Improving Teach Quality State Grants CFDA #84.367-Improving Teach Quality State Grants (d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs CFDA #84.010-Title I	(d)(1)(iv)		No			
(d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Nutrition Cluster-CFDA #10.550, Food Distribution Program; #10.553 National School Breakfast Program; #10.555 National School Lunch Program and After School Care Snack Program (d)(1)(viii) CFDA #84.367-Improving Teach Quality State Grants (d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	(d)(1)(v)		Unqualified			
(d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): CFDA #10.550, Food Distribution Program; #10.553, National School Breakfast Program; #10.555 National School Lunch Program and After School Care Snack Program (d)(1)(viii) CFDA #84.367-Improving Teach Quality State Grants (d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs (d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No			
\$300,000 Type B: all others	(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #10.550, Food Distribution Program; #10.553, National School Breakfast Program; #10.555, National School Lunch Program and After School Care Snack Program CFDA #84.367- Improving Teacher Quality State Grants CFDA #84.010-			
(d)(1)(ix) Low Risk Auditee? No	(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs				
	(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No			

GALLIA COUNTY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT GALLIA COUNTY JUNE 30, 2005

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS			
Finding Number	None		
CFDA Title and Number			
Federal Award Number/Year			
Federal Agency			
Pass-Through Agency			

GALLIA COUNTY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT GALLIA COUNTY JUNE 30, 2005

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .315(b)

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2004-001	Appropriations exceeded the total estimated resources for Title I.	Yes	Fully Corrected.



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GALLIA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

GALLIA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED MAY 4, 2006