City of Uhrichsville

Audited Financial Statements

December 31, 2005



City Council City of Uhrichsville 305 East Second Street PO Box 288 Uhrichsville, Ohio 44683

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Uhrichsville, Tuscarawas County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2005. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Uhrichsville is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Butty Montgomery

October 10, 2006

Auditor of State



CITY OF UHRICHSVILLE TUSCARAWAS COUNTY, OHIO

DECEMBER 31, 2005

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July 14, 2006

Mayor and Members of Council City of Uhrichsville Uhrichsville, OH 44683

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Uhrichsville (the "City"), Tuscarawas County, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Uhrichsville, Ohio as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Street Fund, and CHIS and CHIP Grant Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated July 14, 2006 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

City of Uhrichsville, Ohio Independent Auditor's Report July 14, 2006 Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Lea Y Associates, Inc.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2005 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis for the City of Uhrichsville's financial statements provides an overall review of the financial activity of the City for the twelve months ended December 31, 2005. The intent of this discussion is to provide a narrative that describes the City's performance as a whole. To obtain a more detailed understanding regarding the City's financial performance, one should also review the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Financial Highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- All funds ended the year with a positive balance for 2005. This is the second consecutive year since 1998. The Streets would have ended the year with a negative balance had the City not transferred monies from the General fund to the Street fund in order to end the year with a positive balance. The Finance Committee continues to monitor all funds in order to keep the City out of future fiscal emergencies.
- Total net assets increased \$317,338 or a 7.2 percent increase over 2004.
- Total assets of governmental activities increased \$217,091, which represents a 4.0 percent increase over 2004.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$100,247, which represents a 9.6 percent decrease over 2004.
- Total invested in capital assets, net of debt increased \$288,230, an increase of 16.8 percent from 2004.

Using this Annual Financial Report

As an introduction to the City of Uhrichsville's financial status this annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are prepared and organized so the reader can understand the City of Uhrichsville as a whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements also provide a detailed look at specific financial activities of individual major funds.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information from a summary perspective showing the effects of the operations for the year 2005 and how they affected the City of Uhrichsville's operations. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2005 Unaudited

Reporting the City of Uhrichsville as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

This financial view of the City as a whole considers all transactions and answers the question of how the City of Uhrichsville performed financially during 2005. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide summary information concerning the financial position and operations of the City as an entity, as well as the overall evaluation of the City's financial status. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and all liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. This method takes into account all revenues when they are earned and all expenses when they are incurred. Transactions are booked when they occur and not when actual cash is received for revenues or when invoices are paid for expenses.

These two statements report the City's net assets and any changes in those net assets, which is an important method to use to inform the reader whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. To evaluate the overall position of the City, particular items must be taken into consideration. These items include the current economic situation as a whole, the current tax base for the City and the age and condition of City buildings and infrastructure.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities for the City of Uhrichsville are divided into the following categories:

- Assets
- Liabilities
- Net Assets (Assets minus Liabilities)
- Program Expenses and Revenues
- General Revenues
- Net Assets Beginning of Year and Year's End

Reporting the City of Uhrichsville's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The presentation of the City's major funds begins on Page 13. Fund financial reports give detailed information of activities within these funds. The City currently has several funds, which have been established to account for the multitude of services provided to residents, for employee health care and the operation of facilities, as well as for infrastructure and capital purchases. These fund financial statements focus on the City's four major funds: the General Fund, the Street Fund, the CHIS and CHIP Grant Fund, and the Capital Improvement Fund.

Governmental Funds – All of the City's activities are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on cash flows and year-end balances available for future spending. The accounting method used to report this activity is the modified accrual method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be converted into cash. Here noted is the level of financial resources for services the City intends to provide in the near future. These services include fire and safety protection, as well as maintaining and improving streets and roads, storm sewers, parks and other facilities. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2005 Unaudited

Assets and the Statement of Activities) and the governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

The City of Uhrichsville as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets provides an overall view of the City. Table 1 shows a summary of the City's net assets for 2005 as they compare to 2004.

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		
	2005 2004		
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$3,669,377	\$3,693,016	
Capital Assets, Net	2,003,289	1,762,559	
Total Assets	5,672,666	5,455,575	
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	469,356	574,896	
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	14,058	14,971	
Due in More Than One Year	463,967	457,761	
Total Liabilities	947,381	1,047,628	
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt	2,003,289	1,715,059	
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	1,254,500	1,203,436	
Other Purposes	475,912	750,182	
Unrestricted	991,584	739,270	
Total Net Assets	\$4,725,285	\$4,407,947	

Total assets increased in 2005 by \$217,091. Total liabilities decreased by \$100,247. The increase in assets is reflected primarily in the capital assets where the increase was \$240,730. The decrease of \$100,247 in total liabilities is due to decreases in deferred revenue based on lower property taxes receivable due to the fire truck levy expiring along with the City paying off the fire rescue note in 2005. Total net assets increased by \$317,338.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended December 31, 2005. Since this is the second year the City is reporting under the GASB 34 reporting model, revenue and expense comparisons can be made between the years 2004 and 2005.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2005 Unaudited

Table 2 Change in Net Assets

	Governmental			
	Activiti	ies		
	2005	2004		
Revenues				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$84,770	\$130,495		
Operating Grants and Contributions	272,610	589,368		
Capital Grants and Contributions	149,412	27,316		
-				
Total Program Revenues	506,792	747,179		
General Revenues:				
Property Taxes	536,636	476,604		
Income Taxes	1,255,314	1,416,369		
Grants and Entitlements	342,943	568,340		
Investment Earnings	42,450	14,124		
Miscellaneous	27,641	30,036		
Total General Revenues	2,204,984	2,505,473		
Total Revenues	2,711,776	3,252,652		
Drogram Evnances				
Program Expenses General Government	458,029	766,917		
Security of Persons and Property	1,205,384	1,176,580		
Transportation	371,511	173,694		
Public Health Services	6,220	5,142		
Community Development	342,891	245,267		
Leisure Time Activities	7,478	39,305		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,925	11,662		
Total Program Expenses	2,394,438	2,418,567		
Total Frogram Expenses	2,374,436	2,410,307		
Change in Net Assets	317,338	834,085		
Net Assets Beginning of Year	4,407,947	3,573,862		
Net Assets End of Year	\$4,725,285	\$4,407,947		

Governmental Activities

Several revenue sources fund governmental activities with the City of Uhrichsville's municipal income tax being the largest contributor. The income tax rate for the City is 1.75 percent. The City allows a 100 percent credit of taxes paid to other municipalities, up to 1.75 percent of income. The tax amount is credited to the general fund and capital projects fund. On a full accrual basis, the City received income tax revenues of \$1,255,314, in 2005.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2005 Unaudited

Security of persons and property represents the largest expense of the governmental activities. This expense of \$1,205,384 represents 50.3 percent of the total expenses. The police department is a full time, 24 hour a day, 365 days a year department with 7 officers and a full time Chief. The fire department is also full time and includes 5 officers and a full time Chief.

General Government represents 19.1 percent of governmental expenses. These expenses consist of all elected officials and their appointed staff. Also included are the associated benefits for these employees along with various other costs of running the City operations.

Our Street Maintenance and Repair and Traffic Department employs 3 workers and one foreman who provide the City and its citizens many services that include public road salting, leaf and debris pickup, paint striping, and alley profiling. This area had expenses of \$371,511 in 2005.

The City's Funds

Information about the City's governmental funds begins on page 13. These funds are accounted for by using the modified accrual method of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$3,077,669 and expenditures of \$2,631,710. The City's General Fund reflected an increase in fund balance of \$240,107. The Capital Improvement Fund had a fund balance of \$1,054,061.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to the laws of the State of Ohio and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a cash basis for receipts, expenditures, and encumbrances. Our budget is adopted at the fund, function, and object level. Any budgetary modifications at that level may only be made by Council action. The general fund had final appropriations \$1,621,959; original appropriations were \$1,574,682. The actual revenue was \$273,946 less than the final budget. The actual expenditures were \$170,243 less than the final budget. For 2005, there were no material changes in the original and final budgets.

All recommendations for appropriation changes come to Council from the City Auditor. The Finance Committee of Council reviews them, and they make their recommendation to the Council as a whole.

Strong emphasis is placed on fund balances. The City Auditor reviews fund balances on a daily basis. Special attention is paid to the operating funds, which are the general, sewer and water funds. Council also receives a monthly report showing beginning fund balance for all funds at the beginning of the year, the change in the balance thus far year to date, and the current fund balance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2005 Unaudited

Capital Assets

Table 3
Capital Assets at December 31
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		
	2005	2004	
Land	\$545,721	\$545,721	
Construction in Progress	82,757	0	
Buildings and Improvements	140,849	146,665	
Equipment	519,479	513,524	
Vehicles	437,376	437,599	
Infrastructure			
Storm Sewers	59,197	0	
Roads	217,910	119,050	
Totals	\$2,003,289	\$1,762,559	

Total Capital Assets for the City of Uhrichsville as of December 31, 2005 amounted to \$2,003,289, which was an increase of \$240,730 from 2004. Additions for the year of \$364,730 exceeded the depreciation of \$120,736 in 2005. For more information about the City's capital assets, see Note 7 in basic financial statements.

Debt

As of December 31, 2005, the City of Uhrichsville had \$320,523 in outstanding debt.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt at Year End

	Governmental Activities		
	2005		
Notes Payable	\$0	\$47,500	
Police and Fire Pension	320,523	325,908	
Totals	\$320,523	\$373,408	

The City pays installments on the accrued liability incurred when the State of Ohio established the statewide pension system for police and firefighters in 1967. As of December 31, 2005, the unfunded liability of the City was \$320,523 payable in semiannual payments through the year 2035.

The City's overall legal debt margin was \$5,170,479, as of December 31, 2005. A thorough discussion of the debt can be found in Notes 8 and 9 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2005 Unaudited

Current Financial Related Issues

The City of Uhrichsville's financial situation has remained stationary from 2004 to 2005. The City has four major projects within the Capital Improvement fund. The Capital Improvement fund has accumulated a balance from income tax collections over the years.

Our current Service Garage is in need of major repair. Council is inquiring into purchasing one of two buildings or land on which to build a new garage.

While opening the City's swimming pool for the summer of 2005, several problems were discovered with the swimming pool and bathhouse. The City has determined that they are beyond repair. Options are being explored for the possibility of turning them into a small water park or an ice skating rink.

North Water Street should be under construction by the end of summer 2006. The Capital Improvement fund paid for the engineering costs and will fund part of the construction costs. The City will receive Issue II money for a large portion of the cost.

The Environmental Protection Agency has mandated that the City separate storm sewers from the sanitary sewer lines. Council has created a Storm Sewer District that encompasses the entire City. The City Council acts as the governing board of the Storm Sewer District and makes all decisions concerning the storm sewers. The City has assessed property owners for the project cost and construction on the Newport Avenue project will began in the fall of 2005. The City has applied for grants to help with the construction costs.

Contacting the City of Uhrichsville's Finance Department

The intent of this financial report is to provide Uhrichsville citizens, taxpayers, creditors and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the public funds it receives, spends, and invests. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Auditor, Joanne Dunlap, at the City of Uhrichsville, 1349 East 2nd Street, Uhrichsville, Ohio 44683, (740) 922-9344.

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2005

	C 1
	Governmental Activities
Assets	Tienvines
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,277,025
Materials and Supplies Inventory	9,002
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,180
Accounts Receivable	33,848
Intergovernmental Receivable	447,402
Income Tax Receivable	514,522
Property Taxes Receivable	386,398
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	628,478
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	1,374,811
Total Assets	5,672,666
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	39,736
Accrued Wages	1,736
Intergovernmental Payable	64,300
Accrued Interest Payable	2,270
Deferred Revenue	361,314
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	14,058
Due In More Than One Year	463,967
Total Liabilities	947,381
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets	2,003,289
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	1,254,500
Other Purposes	475,912
Unrestricted	991,584
Total Net Assets	\$4,725,285

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
		Charges for	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Governmental
	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	and Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$458,029	\$76,617	\$0	\$0	(\$381,412)
Security of Persons and Property	1,205,384	8,153	14,869	6,070	(1,176,292)
Transportation	371,511	0,133	248,890	11,209	(1,170,292)
Public Health Services	6,220	0	248,890	132,133	125,913
Community Development	342,891	0	5,477	132,133	(337,414)
Leisure Time Activities	7,478	0	3,374	0	(4,104)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,925	0	0	0	(2,925)
interest and Fiscai Charges	2,923			<u> </u>	(2,923)
Total	\$2,394,438	\$84,770	\$272,610	\$149,412	(1,887,646)
		General Revenues Property Taxes Levied for: General Purposes Parks and Recreation Ambulance Police and Fire Pension Capital Projects Income Tax Levied for: General Purposes Capital Outlay Grants and Entitlements not F Interest Other	Restricted to Specific Progra	ms	322,905 23,415 67,244 31,546 91,526 920,253 335,061 342,943 42,450 27,641
		Total General Revenues			2,204,984
		Change in Net Assets			317,338
		Net Assets Beginning of Year			4,407,947
		Net Assets End of Year			\$4,725,285

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2005

	General	Street	CHIS and CHIP Grant	Capital Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Equity in Pooled Cash and						
Cash Equivalents	\$886,018	\$12,386	\$109,657	\$1,003,799	\$265,165	\$2,277,025
Materials and Supplies Inventory	557	8,445	0	0	0	9,002
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,180	0	0	0	0	1,180
Accounts Receivable	33,435	0	0	0	413	33,848
Intergovernmental Receivable	185,001	126,335	116,706	11,209	8,151	447,402
Income Taxes Receivable	404,260	0	0	110,262	0	514,522
Property Taxes Receivable	269,995	0	0	0	116,403	386,398
Total Assets	\$1,780,446	\$147,166	\$226,363	\$1,125,270	\$390,132	\$3,669,377
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$6,636	\$12,111	\$0	\$13,110	\$7,879	\$39,736
Accrued Wages	378	1,358	0	0	0	1,736
Intergovernmental Payable	41,684	7,816	0	0	14,800	64,300
Deferred Revenue	592,305	83,137	116,706	58,099	123,972	974,219
Total Liabilities	641,003	104,422	116,706	71,209	146,651	1,079,991
Fund Balances Unreserved: Undesignated, Reported in:						
General Fund	1.139.443	0	0	0	0	1,139,443
Special Revenue Funds	1,139,443	42,744	109.657	0	101.141	253,542
Capital Projects Funds	0	42,744	109,037	1,054,061	142,340	1,196,401
Capital Fojects Fullus				1,054,001	142,540	1,170,401
Total Fund Balances	1,139,443	42,744	109,657	1,054,061	243,481	2,589,386
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$1,780,446	\$147,166	\$226,363	\$1,125,270	\$390,132	\$3,669,377

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities December 31, 2005

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$2,589,386
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finance		2 002 200
resources and therefore are not reported in the f	unas	2,003,289
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred i	n the funds:	
Property Taxes	25,083	
Income Taxes	271,112	
Grants	316,710	
Total		612,905
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the curre	ent	
period and therefore is not reported in the funds		(2,270)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore are not reported in the fund	ls:	
Compensated Absences	(157,502)	
Fire and Police Pension	(320,523)	
Total		(478,025)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$4,725,285

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

			CHIS and		Other	Total
			CHIP	Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Street	Grant	Improvement	Funds	Funds
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$320,359	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$217,790	\$538,149
Income Taxes	897,564	0	0	328,873	0	1,226,437
Charges for Services	18,364	0	0	0	6,660	25,024
Licenses and Permits	29,786	0	0	0	0	29,786
Fines and Forfeitures	23,253	0	0	0	1,493	24,746
Intergovernmental	368,896	238,704	371,005	11,209	35,834	1,025,648
Special Assessments	0	0	0	0	132,133	132,133
Rentals	5,214	0	0	0	0	5,214
Interest	42,450	0	0	0	0	42,450
Contributions and Donations	0	0	0	0	441	441
Other	23,962	2,075	0	400	1,204	27,641
Total Revenues	1,729,848	240,779	371,005	340,482	395,555	3,077,669
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government	431,747	0	0	0	0	431,747
Security of Persons and Property	1,005,791	0	0	0	119,195	1,124,986
Transportation	0	282,911	0	0	0	282,911
Public Health Services	6,220	0	0	0	0	6,220
Community Development	0	0	339,775	0	0	339,775
Leisure Time Activities	0	0	0	0	7,308	7,308
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	360,431	68,187	428,618
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	0	0	0	0	5,385	5,385
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0	0	4,760	4,760
Total Expenditures	1,443,758	282,911	339,775	360,431	204,835	2,631,710
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	286,090	(42,132)	31,230	(19,949)	190,720	445,959
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In	4,017	51,249	0	51,035	0	106,301
Transfers Out	(50,000)	0	0	0	(56,301)	(106,301)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(45,983)	51,249	0	51,035	(56,301)	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	240,107	9,117	31,230	31,086	134,419	445,959
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	899,336	33,627	78,427	1,022,975	109,062	2,143,427
Fund Balances End of Year	\$1,139,443	\$42,744	\$109,657	\$1,054,061	\$243,481	\$2,589,386

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Fu	ınds	\$445,959
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as an expenditure However, in the statement of activities, the cost assets is allocated over their estimated useful little depreciation expense. This is the amount by we outlay exceeded depreciation in the current per	t of those ves as hich capital	
Capital Asset Additions	364,730	
Current Year Depreciation	(120,736)	
Total		243,994
Government Funds only report the disposal of capital asset	ts to the	
extent proceeds are received from the sale. In	the statement of	
activities, a gain or loss is reported for each dis	posal.	(3,264)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as a in the funds.		
Property Taxes	(1,513)	
Income Taxes	28,877	
Grants	(393,257)	
Total		(365,893)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on police a	and	
fire pension liability, whereas in governmental	funds,	
an interest expenditure is reported when due.		1,835
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resou and therefore are not reported as expenditures	nrces	
in governmental funds.		(10.650)
Compensated Absences		(10,678)
Repayment of police and fire pension principal is an exper		
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces		
long-term liabilities in the statement of net asse	ets.	5,385
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$317,338

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Budgeted Ar	mounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$296,000	\$296,000	\$320,359	\$24,359
Income Taxes	870,000	870,000	963,249	93,249
Charges for Services	0	0	19,510	19,510
Licenses and Permits	31,600	31,600	34,036	2,436
Fines and Forfeitures	23,300	23,300	23,253	(47)
Intergovernmental	240,600	240,600	351,204	110,604
Rentals	1,200	1,200	4,549	3,349
Interest	15,000	15,000	42,656	27,656
Other	29,124	29,124	21,954	(7,170)
Total Revenues	1,506,824	1,506,824	1,780,770	273,946
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government	508,257	531,257	440,500	90,757
Security of Persons and Property	1,061,125	1,084,402	1,004,996	79,406
Public Health Services	5,300	6,300	6,220	80
Total Expenditures	1,574,682	1,621,959	1,451,716	170,243
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(67,858)	(115,135)	329,054	444,189
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	0	0	4,017	4,017
Transfers Out	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(45,983)	4,017
Net Change in Fund Balance	(117,858)	(165,135)	283,071	448,206
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	602,947	602,947	602,947	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$485,089	\$437,812	\$886,018	\$448,206

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Street Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$279,000	\$329,000	\$233,987	(\$95,013)	
Other	1,000	1,000	2,075	1,075	
Total Revenues	280,000	330,000	236,062	(93,938)	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Transportation	283,200	294,200	278,135	16,065	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,200)	35,800	(42,073)	(77,873)	
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	0	0	51,249	51,249	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,200)	35,800	9,176	(26,624)	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,210	3,210	3,210	0	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$10	\$39,010	\$12,386	(\$26,624)	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual CHIS and CHIP Grant Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Budgeted A	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$300,000	\$415,000	\$408,397	(\$6,603)		
Expenditures Current:						
Community Development	335,000	365,000	339,775	25,225		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(35,000)	50,000	68,622	18,622		
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	41,035	41,035	41,035	0		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$6,035	\$91,035	\$109,657	\$18,622		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Note 1 - Description of the City and Reporting Entity

The City of Uhrichsville (the "City") is located in Tuscarawas County, Ohio, approximately 40 miles southeast of the City of Canton and has a population of approximately 5,630. The City was incorporated as a Village on August 13, 1866, and began operating as a City on February 21, 1921. The City is a home rule municipal corporation regulated by Article XVIII of the Ohio Constitution and by Title 7 of the Ohio Revised Code. The City operates as a statutory city with the decision making process being directed by an elected eight member City Council (Council) and Mayor.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of Uhrichsville, this includes police and fire protection, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and repair, and general administrative services. The City's departments include a public safety department, a street maintenance department, a park and recreation department, a planning and zoning department, and staff to provide support (i.e., payroll processing, accounts payable, and revenue collection) to the service providers. The operation of each of these activities and entities is directly controlled by the City Council through the budgetary process. Sewer and water services are provided by the Twin City Water and Sewer District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and 1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or 2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The City has no component units.

The City participates in the Community Improvement Corporation of Tuscarawas County, the Uhrichsville-Dennison-Mill Union Cemetery, the Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council, and the Twin City Water and Sewer District which are defined as jointly governed organizations, and the Public Entities Pool of Ohio, which is a shared risk pool. These organizations are presented in Note 15 and 16 to the basic purpose financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Uhrichsville have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

A. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. However, the City has only governmental activities; therefore no business-type activities are presented.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

B. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The City's funds are all classified as governmental.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Street Special Revenue Fund The streets fund accounts for grant monies received to pay for the expenditures related to the repair of City streets.

CHIS and CHIP Grant Special Revenue Fund The CHIS and CHIP grant fund accounts for monies received from the Ohio Regional Development for low income renovations and downpayments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund The Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund accounts for revenue monies used for street construction in the City.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees), fines and forfeitures, interest, grants and rentals.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2005, but which were levied to finance year 2006 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

The City of Uhrichsville invests in repurchase agreements which are reported at cost.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2005 amounted to \$42,450 which includes \$25,932 assigned from other City funds.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

F. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies.

G. Capital Assets

All capital assets of the City are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of infrastructure by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction on progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	50 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	5 years
Infrastructure	20 years

During 2004, the City reported general infrastructure assets for the first time which consists of roads. Only general infrastructure assets acquired or improved during 2004 and 2005 have been reported, consistent with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34.

H. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and those the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for all accumulated unused sick leave benefits time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

J. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

of other governments. The government-wide statement of net assets reports \$1,730,412 of restricted net assets, of which \$1,267,326 is restricted by enabling legislation. Net assets restricted for other purposes include law enforcement and fire department operations.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

K. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

L. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

M. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by Council at the fund, function, and object level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of City Council.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the City Auditor. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by Council.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Note 3- Change in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Fund Balance

For 2005, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures" and GASB Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries."

GASB Statement No. 40 establishes new disclosure requirements for risks associated with deposits and investments.

GASB Statement No. 42 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for impairment of capital assets and clarifies and establishes accounting requirements for insurance recoveries.

The implementation of GASB Statements No. 40 and 42 did not affect the presentation of the financial statements of the City.

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund and major special revenue funds are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund and major special revenue funds.

Net Change in Fund Balance General and Major Special Revenue Funds

			CHIS and
	General	Street	CHIP Grant
GAAP Basis	\$240,107	\$9,117	\$31,230
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	50,922	(4,717)	37,392
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(7,958)	4,776	0
Budget Basis	\$283,071	\$9,176	\$68,622

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the finance director by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Historically, the City has not purchased these types of investments or issued these types

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

of notes. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$2,277,025 and the bank balance was \$2,306,715. Of the bank balance \$250,000 was covered by Federal depository insurance and \$2,056,715 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

The City has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the City or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

The City has no investments as of year end.

Note 6 - Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2005, consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), accrued interest and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues. All receivables are considered fully collectible within one year.

A. Property Tax

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2005 for real and public utility property taxes represent collections of 2004 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2005 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for 2005 taxes.

2005 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2005 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. 2005 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2006.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2005 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2004, are levied after October 1, 2005, and are collected in 2006 with real property taxes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

2005 tangible personal property taxes are levied after October 1, 2004, on the value as of December 31, 2004. Collections are made in 2005. Tangible personal property assessments are at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent for inventory.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2005, was \$9.58 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2005 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

<u>Category</u>	Assessed Value
Real Estate Property	\$49,569,800
Public Utility Property	2,263,510
Tangible Personal Property	5,616,452
Total Assessed Value	\$57,449,762

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, including the City of Uhrichsville. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which became measurable as of December 31, 2005, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the entire receivable has been offset by deferred revenue since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2005 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue while the remainder of the receivable is deferred.

B. Income Tax

The City levies a municipal income tax of 1.75 percent on gross salaries, wages and other personal service compensation earned by residents of the City and on the earnings of nonresidents working within the City. This tax also applies to the net income of businesses operating within the City. Residents of the City are granted a credit up to the full amount owed for taxes paid to other municipalities.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

The City's income tax of 1.75 percent income tax is comprised of 1 percent credited to the general fund and .75 percent credited to the general fund for a period of six years beginning in January 1999. After the six year period, .75 percent will be equally distributed between the general fund and capital improvement capital projects fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Note 7 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2004	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/2005
Governmental Activities	12/31/2004	Additions	Deductions	12/31/2003
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$545,721	\$0	\$0	\$545,721
Construction in Progress	0	82,757	0	82,757
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	545,721	82,757	0	628,478
Capital Assets being depreciated:	3 13,721	02,737		020,170
Buildings and Improvements	294,210	0	0	294,210
Equipment and Machinery	582,239	65,950	0	648,189
Vehicles	889,422	43,381	(11,652)	921,151
Infrastructure:	00),122	13,301	(11,032)	721,131
Storm Sewers	0	62,313	0	62,313
Roads	119,050	110,329	0	229,379
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	1,884,921	281,973	(11,652)	2,155,242
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvement	(147,545)	(5,816)	0	(153,361)
Equipment and Machinery	(101,215)	(27,495)	0	(128,710)
Vehicles	(419,323)	(72,840)	8,388	(483,775)
Infrastructure:	(417,323)	(72,040)	0,500	(403,773)
Storm Sewers	0	(3,116)	0	(3,116)
Roads	0	(11,469)	0	(11,469)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(668,083)	(120,736) *	8,388	(780,431)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	1,216,838	161,237	(3,264)	1,374,811
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$1,762,559	\$243,994	(\$3,264)	\$2,003,289

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$7,321
Security of Persons and Property	70,125
Transportation	40,004
Community Development	3,116
Leisure Time Activites	170
Total Depreciation Expense	\$120,736

City of Uhrichsville

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Note 8 – Notes Payable

A summary of the City's note activity for the year ended December 31, 2005, were as follows:

	tstanding /01/2005	,	Issued	I	Retired	anding 1/2005
Capital Projects Fund:						
\$47,500 (Maturity Date - 10/23/05) 3.3%	\$ 47,500	\$	0	\$	47,500	\$ 0

The note was used to purchase a fire rescue vehicle for the City. The note is backed by the full faith and credit of the City of Uhrichsville. The note was paid from property taxes receipted in the fire truck levy capital projects fund. The note liability is reflected in the fund which received the proceeds.

Note 9 – Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the City during the year ended December 31, 2005, were as follows:

	utstanding 1/01/2005	A	dditions	D	eletions	tstanding 2/31/2005	e Within ne Year
Compensated Absences Police and Fire Pension	\$ 146,824 325,908	\$	10,678 0	\$	0 (5,385)	\$ 157,502 320,523	\$ 8,444 5,614
Total General Long- Term Obligation	\$ 472,732	\$	10,678	\$	(5,385)	\$ 478,025	\$ 14,058

Compensated absences will be paid from the general and street fund. The police and fire pension liability will be paid from taxes receipted in the general fund.

The City's overall legal debt margin was \$5,170,479 at December 31, 2005. The unvoted legal debt margin was \$57,450. Principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term debt obligation outstanding at December 31, 2005 are as follows:

	Police and Fire Pension						
Year	I	Principal		Interest		Total	
2006	\$	5,614	\$	13,566	\$	19,180	
2007		5,857		13,323		19,180	
2008		6,109		13,071		19,180	
2009		6,372		12,808		19,180	
2010		6,647		12,533		19,180	
2011-2015		37,761		58,139		95,900	
2016-2020		46,599		49,301		95,900	
2021-2025		57,503		38,397		95,900	
2026-2030		70,960		24,940		95,900	
2031-2035		77,101		8,351		85,452	
Total Outstanding	\$	320,523	\$	244,429	\$	564,952	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Note 10 - Risk Management

The City participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio, a public entity shared risk pool. The City pays an annual premium of \$42,489 to the pool for various types of insurance coverage. Member cities agree to share in the coverage of losses and pay all premiums necessary for the specified insurance coverage. Upon withdrawal from the Pool, a participant is responsible for the payment of all liabilities accruing as a result of withdrawal. During 2005, the City purchased the following insurance coverage from the pool:

Coverage	Limit
Appeal Bonds	Unlimited
Bail Bonds	Unlimited
Bonds to Release Property	Unlimited
Claim and Defense Expenses	Unlimited
Covered Pollution Cost or Expense for Automobiles	\$3,000,000
Employee Benefit Liability	1,000,000
Employment Expense	100,000
Good Samaritan	3,000,000
Injunctive Relief	25,000
Legal Liability for Third Party Claims	3,000,000
Automobile Liability	3,000,000
Law Enforcement Operations	3,000,000
Wrongful Acts	3,000,000
Medical Expenses - Automobile	5,000
Medical Expenses - Other than Automobile	5,000
Medical Malpractice	3,000,000
Member Expenses	10,000
Post-Judgement Interest	Unlimited
Pre-Judgement Interest	Unlimited
Stop Gap	3,000,000
Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000
Underinsured Motorists	1,000,000
Broad Legal Defense	5,000
Moral Obligation to Pay	2,500
Pollution Liability Benefits	
Chlorine	3,000,000
Fire Department Training Activities	500,000
Fire Departments	500,000
Anti-Skid Material Storage and Application	3,000,000
Sewer Backup	250,000
Underground Gasoline, Diesel and Fuel Oil	55,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three years and there has been no significant reduction in commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

The City participates in the Ohio Municipal League Group Rating Plan (OML) for workers' compensation. The intent of the OML is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the participants, foster safer working environments and foster cost-effective claims management skills by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the OML. The workers' compensation experience of the participating cities is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all cities in the OML. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the OML rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the OML. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the OML. Participation in the OML is limited to cities that can meet the OML's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Company provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the OML.

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

The City participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement or public safety participating in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salaries. Members participating in the traditional plan who were in law enforcement contributed 10.1 percent of their annual covered salary; members in public safety contributed 9 percent. The City's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2005 was 9.55 percent, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety. For those classifications, the City's pension contributions were 12.7 percent of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The City's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$23,398, \$30,253 and \$22,235, respectively; 63.18 percent has been contributed for 2005 and 100 percent for 2004 and 2003. There were no contributions made to the member-directed plan for 2005.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations while the City is required to contribute 11.75 percent for police officers and 16.25 percent for firefighters. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The City's contributions to the Fund for police and firefighters were \$38,108 and \$44,451 for the year ended December 31, 2005, \$30,648 and \$42,605 for the year ended December 31, 2004 and \$32,004 and \$44,846 for the year ended December 31, 2003 equal to the required contributions for each year. The full amount has been contributed for 2004 and 2003. 79.98 percent and 76.64 percent, respectively, have been contributed for 2005.

In addition to the current contribution, the City pays installments on the accrued liability incurred when the State of Ohio established the statewide pension system for police and firefighters in 1967. As of December 31, 2005, the unfunded liability of the City was \$320,523 payable in semiannual payments through the year 2035.

Note 12 - Postemployment Benefits

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in *GASB Statement No. 12*. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2005 local government employer contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll (16.7 percent for public safety and law enforcement); 4.00 percent of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2004, include a rate of return on investments of 8.00 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.00 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50 percent and 6.3 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 1 to 6 percent annually for the next eight years and 4 percent annually after eight years.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 376,109. Actual employer contributions for 2005 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$9,800. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2004, (the latest information available) were \$10.8 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$29.5 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2005 the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. The HCPP restructures OPERS' health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to increasing health care costs. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) provides postretirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school, or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in *GASB Statement No. 12*. The Ohio Revised Code provides the authority allowing the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's board of trustees to provide health care coverage and states that health care costs paid from the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. The total police employer contribution rate is 19.5 percent of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24 percent of covered payroll, of which 7.75 percent of covered payroll was applied to the postemployment health care program during 2005. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees and survivors have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.

The City's actual contributions for 2005 that were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$25,135 for police and \$21,200 for firefighters. The OP&F's total health care expense for the year ended December 31, 2004, (the latest information available) was \$102,173,796, which was net of member contributions of \$55,665,341. The number of OP&F participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2004, was 13,812 for police and 10,528 for firefighters.

C. Social Security System

As of December 31, 2005, two of the Council members have elected to be covered by Social Security rather than OPERS. The Council's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Note 13 - Other Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Employees earn three to six weeks of vacation per year, depending on length of service. Union employees, except firefighters and police, may use accumulated vacation after the completion of one year of service with the City. Upon termination of service, an employee is entitled to receive payment for any unused vacation time plus accrued vacation time earned during the year but not yet credited to vacation leave balance.

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 4.6 hours per eighty hours of service. Unused sick leave accumulates without limit. Upon retirement or death, non-union employees and police employees with five years of service but less than ten years of service can be paid one-fourth of the outstanding sick leave accumulated up to a maximum 45 days. Non-union employees and police employees with more than ten years of service can be paid one-half of the outstanding sick leave accumulated up a maximum 90 days. Upon retirement or death, firefighters with five years of service but less than ten years of service can be paid one days pay for every four days of accumulated sick leave, not to exceed payment of 1,084 hours. Firefighters with more than ten years of service can be paid one days pay for every two days of accumulated sick leave, not to exceed payment of 2,160 hours. As of December 31, 2005, the liability for unpaid compensated absences was \$157,502.

B. Health Insurance

The City provides medical/surgical benefits to employees through Anthem. Prescription coverage from Anthem Insurance may be purchased by employees. Dental insurance is offered by Canadian Life. Vision insurance is offered by Vision Service Plan. The premiums vary with employee depending on the terms of their contracts.

C. Life and Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance

The City provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to all eligible full-time union firefighters of \$22,000 and \$18,000, respectively; to all eligible full-time union police employees of \$20,000 and \$20,000, respectively, and to all eligible full-time non-union employees of \$20,000 and \$20,000, respectively, through CU Life Insurance Company of America.

Note 14 - Contingencies

A. Litigation

The City is party to legal proceedings. However, in the opinion of management, any possible loss will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the City.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

B. Grants

The City received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2005.

Note 15 - Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Community Improvement Corporation of Tuscarawas County (Corporation)

The sole purpose of the Corporation is to advance, encourage and promote the industrial, economic, commercial and civic development of the area. The Corporation is operated by Tuscarawas County, New Philadelphia, Dover, Uhrichsville, Dennison, Strasburg, Sugar Creek and Gnadenhutten. It is controlled by 25 trustees consisting of the three County Commissioners, the mayor of each participating city and fifteen elected trustees. The board exercises total control over the operations of the Corporation including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the board. During 2005, no monies were received from the City.

B. Uhrichsville-Dennison-Mill Union Cemetery (Cemetery)

The Cemetery is a jointly governed organization organized under Ohio Revised Code Section 759.27, and is directed by an appointed three-member board. Uhrichsville, Dennison and Union Township each appoint one member to the board. The continued existence of the Cemetery is not dependent on the City's participation. The Cemetery provides burial services and the upkeep of the grounds at the cemetery. During 2005, no monies were received from the City.

C. Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council (TCTIRC)

The Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council (TCTIRC) was created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. TCTIRC has 48 participants, consisting of 3 members appointed by the County Commissioners, 18 members appointed by municipal corporations, 16 members appointed by township trustees, 1 member from the County Auditor's Office and 10 members appointed by boards of education located within the County. The TCTIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. The body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the TCTIRC can make written recommendations to the legislative body that approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of the TCTIRC. The continued existence of the TCTIRC is not dependent upon the City's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists. The City does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility with this organization. During 2005, no monies were received from the City.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

D. Twin City Water and Sewer District (District)

The District is a jointly governed organization organized under Ohio Revised Code Section 6119.01, and is established to supply water and to provide for the collection, treatment and disposal of waste water within the Uhrichsville-Dennison district, or beyond with additional fees. The cities of Uhrichsville and Dennison each appoint two of the five District's board members. The fifth board member is appointed by the other four board members. The continued existence of the District is not dependent on the City's participation. During 2005, no monies were received from the City.

Note 16 – Shared Risk Pool

The Public Entities Pool of Ohio (the Pool) is a public entity shared risk pool which provides various risk management services to its members. The Pool is governed by a seven member board of directors; six are member representatives or elected officials and one is a representative of the pool administrator, American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc. Each member has one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors.

Participation in the Pool is by written application subject to the terms of the pool agreement. Members must continue membership for a full year and may withdraw from the Pool by giving a sixty day written notice prior to the annual anniversary. Financial information can be obtained from the Public Entities Pool of Ohio, 6797 North High Street, Suite 131, Worthington, Ohio 43085.

Note 17 – Internal Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2005, consisted of the following:

	Transfer From			
Transfer to	General	Nonmajor	Totals	
General	\$0	\$4,017	\$4,017	
Street	50,000	1,249	51,249	
Capital Improvement	0	51,035	51,035	
	\$50,000	\$56,301	\$106,301	

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; to move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; reclassification of prior year distributed monies, to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed. The money transferred from the nonmajor funds to the general and street funds was to account for FEMA reimbursement for flooding. The transfer from the nonmajor funds to the capital improvement fund was for the money remaining in the fire truck levy fund.

City of Uhrichsville

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Note 18 – Legal Compliance

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 135.18, the City had unsecured depository balances at December 31, 2005. The City had a total demand deposit balance of \$2,156,715. Of that balance, \$100,000 was secured by FDIC, and \$1,500,000 was secured by a guaranty bond, leaving a total of \$556,715 as unsecured.



July 14, 2006

Mayor and Members of Council City of Uhrichsville Uhrichsville, OH 44683

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Uhrichsville (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 14, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2005-001.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness. We also noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated July 14, 2006.

City of Uhrichsville, Ohio Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statement Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards July 14, 2006 Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2005-002. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated July 14, 2006.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and City Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Kea & Associates, Inc.

CITY OF UHRICHSVILLE TUSCARAWAS COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2005

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Type of Financial Statement	Unqualified
Opinion	
Were there any material control weakness	No
conditions reported at the financial statement	
level (GAGAS)?	
Were there any other reportable control	Yes
weakness conditions reported at the	
financial statement level (GAGAS)?	
Was there any reported material non-	Yes
compliance at the financial statement	
level (GAGAS)?	

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Non-Compliance Citation

FINDING NUMBER	2005-001

Ohio Rev. Code Section 135.18 states the treasurer of a political subdivision must require its depository to provide as security an amount equal to the funds on deposit at all times. Such security may consist of federal deposit insurance, surety company bonds, or pledged securities.

At December 31, 2005, the City had a total demand deposit balance of \$2,156,715. Of that balance, \$100,000 was secured by FDIC, and \$1,500,000 was secured by a guaranty bond, leaving a total of \$556,715 as unsecured. The City should acquire additional collateral to ensure that its entire demand deposit balance is secured.

Reportable Condition

Policy and Procedure Manual

The City does not have written procedures which detail the City's financial and human resources procedures. As a result, no guidelines exist to assist City officials and employees in the decision-making process and clarification of job responsibilities, respectively.

The City should develop and implement a written policy and procedure manual adopted by City Council as evidenced in the minute record. This manual should serve as a reference tool for matters not addressed in the bargaining unit agreements such as: professional demeanor, equipment use, availability of public records, written job descriptions, and procedures for hiring, training, evaluating, and promoting of employees. This will assist City officials and employees in making informed decisions and provide clarity and distinction between individual employee job responsibilities.

CITY OF UHRICHSVILLE TUSCARAWAS COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

DECEMBER 31, 2005

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2004-001	Policy and Procedure Manual	No	Not Corrected; see Finding 2005- 002



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800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

CITY OF UHRICHSVILLE

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 19, 2006