CITY OF TALLMADGE SUMMIT COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

CITY OF TALLMADGE SUMMIT COUNTY

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Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

City of Tallmadge Summit County 46 North Avenue Tallmadge, Ohio 44278

To the City Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Tallmadge, Summit County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 26, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinions on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses. In a separate letter to the City's management dated May 26, 2006, we reported other matters involving internal control over financial reporting we did not deem reportable conditions.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

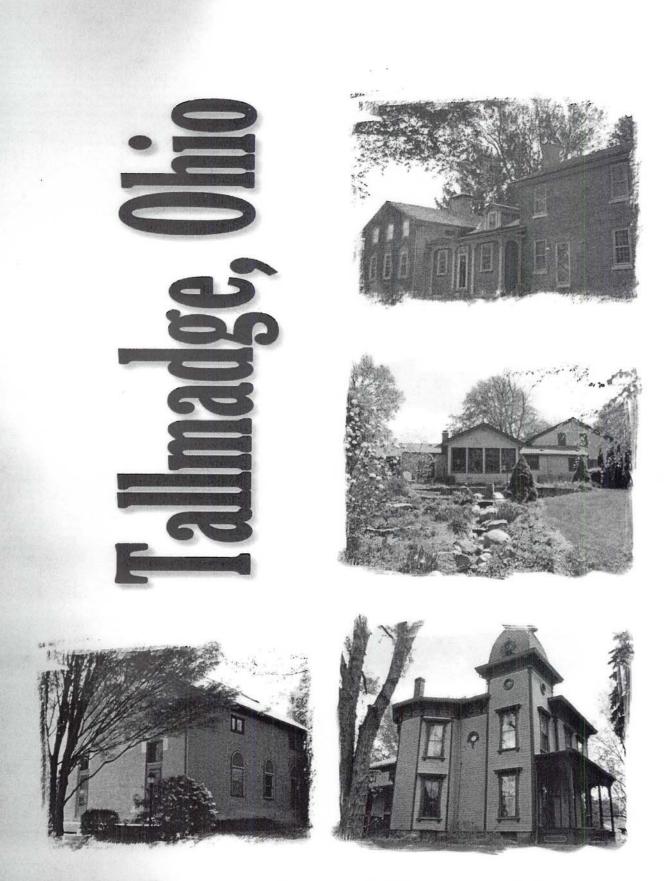
101 Central Plaza South / 700 Chase Tower / Canton, OH 44702 Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001 www.auditor.state.oh.us City of Tallmadge Summit County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required By *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management and City Council. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

May 26, 2006



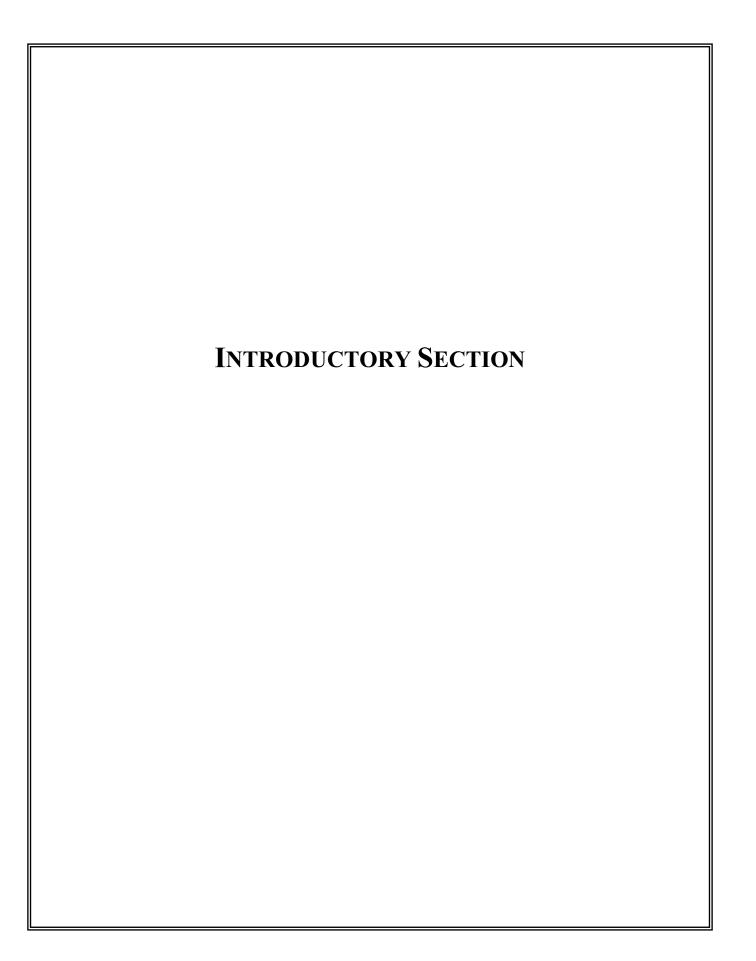
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2005

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

PREPARED BY THE OFFICE OF:

JILL STRITCH, DIRECTOR OF FINANCE – C.P.F.A JIMELLE COLLINS, ASSISTANT FINANCE DIRECTOR

46 NORTH AVENUE TALLMADGE, OH 44278



CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

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46 NORTH AVENUE

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO 44278

JILL STRITCH DIRECTOR OF FINANCE jstritch@tallmadge-ohio.org JIMELLE COLLINS ASSISTANT FINANCE DIRECTOR 330-633-0858

May 26, 2006

The Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and Citizens of the City of Tallmadge, Ohio

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Tallmadge, Ohio (the City) is hereby presented. This CAFR represents the official report of the City of Tallmadge's operations and financial position for the year ended December 31, 2005, and has been developed to accurately detail the status of City finances to Tallmadge residents and elected officials, investment banks, underwriters and all other interested parties. This report is being presented in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments."

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge, the data contained in this report is accurate in all material respects, and is presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to provide the reader with a better understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of three sections.

- 1. The Introductory Section contains the Table of Contents, Letter of Transmittal, the GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, the Organizational Chart for the City and the listing of elected and appointed City officials.
- 2. The Financial section contains the Independent Accountants' Report, and includes Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements and Notes that provide an overview of the City's financial position and operating results, the Combining Statements for Nonmajor Funds, and other schedules that provide detailed information relative to the Basic Financial Statements.
- 3. The Statistical Section presents financial, economic, social and demographic information about the City for the last ten years.

Ohio law requires independent audits to be performed on all financial operations of the City either by the Auditor of State or an independent public accounting firm, if permitted by the Auditor of State. The Auditor of State's office performed the audit for the year ended December 31, 2005. The Independent Accountants' Report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

As a part of the City's independent audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's independent audit for the year ended December 31, 2005 provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

This transmittal letter is designed to provide historical information about the City, as well as compliment the required Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. The City's MD&A, which focuses on the government-wide statements, can be found immediately following the Independent Accountants' Report.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The City has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to ensure compliance and conformance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." For financial reporting definition purposes, City management has considered all agencies, departments, and organizations comprising the City of Tallmadge, the primary government.

The Tallmadge City School District has not been included in the accompanying financial statements. The City and the School District are independent of each other in terms of governing bodies, financial resources and management.

The City participates in the Ohio Association of Rural Water and Wastewater Systems Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, the Akron Metropolitan Area Transportation Study (AMATS), the Brimfield Township-City of Tallmadge Joint Economic Development District, and the Summit Suburban Council of Governments. These organizations are described in more detail in Notes 12 and 17 of the Basic Financial Statements.

THE CITY OF TALLMADGE

In August 1935 Tallmadge citizens voted to incorporate the township as a village effective January 1, 1936. Tallmadge was recognized by the State of Ohio as a city in 1951. The City received its name, like many towns in the Ohio Western Reserve, after important men in their day. Such has been the case with Colonel Benjamin Tallmadge who was the lieutenant colonel in the army of the Revolutionary War, and later a business promoter, churchman, and U.S. Congressman. Colonel Tallmadge originally purchased large lots of land in the Western Reserve. In 1806 a mission worker for the Congregational Church, Reverend David Bacon, purchased the land then known as Town 2 Range 10 to found a religious colony, which later became Tallmadge.

Tallmadge has preserved its historical heritage. An excellent example of Western Reserve design is the center of Tallmadge known for its circle or rotary, still the architectural focus of the community.

The City is located in Summit and Portage Counties, with over 97% of the property located in Summit County and the remainder in Portage County. The City is approximately 13.5 square miles in size, is located approximately 35 miles south of Cleveland, Ohio and is contiguous to Akron, Ohio. The City's 2005 population of 17,500 makes it the eighth largest City in Summit County.

CITY GOVERNMENT

The City operates under and is governed by its Charter, first adopted in 1995, effective January 1, 1996. The City is a homerule municipal corporation operating under the laws of the State of Ohio. The laws of the State of Ohio prevail when conflicts exist between the Charter and the state constitution and in matters where the charter is silent. The City's Charter can only be amended by a majority vote of the City's registered voters.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven-member Council, of whom three are elected at-large and four are elected from wards, all for four year staggered terms.

The City's chief executive and administrative officer is the Mayor, who is elected by the voters to that office for a four-year term. The other elected officials (the Director of Finance, Director of Law, and Treasurer) are all elected to a four year term. The Mayor also appoints members to a number of boards and commissions. The Charter was amended in 2002 and the voters approved the abolishment of the Treasurer's position upon the completion of the current term ending December 31, 2005. The Director of Finance will perform all the duties assigned to the Treasurer as of January 1, 2006.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City offers an attractive opportunity for business growth. Tallmadge's 455 business establishments, from its largest employer, Summit Racing, Inc., to small family businesses constitute the opportunity and interests that keep Tallmadge a vital part of the market place.

The City operates a Community Reinvestment Area Tax Abatement Program. This program is available for commercial and industrial expansions and new construction. The abatement is for property taxes on the increased values of real estate attributable to the improvements. A 100% real estate tax exemption of seven years. To date 65 companies have taken advantage of the tax abatement program. In addition, the City is part of both the Summit County Enterprise Program and the Portage County Enterprise Program. These Programs abate tangible personal property taxes on items such as machinery, equipment and inventory up to a maximum of ten years with an average of 50% over the life of the abatement.

Beginning in 1987, the City experienced significant economic growth, which continues today. New investment in industrial, commercial and residential development exceeded \$10 million in 1987 and has averaged \$21.5 million a year for the past five fiscal years.

Virtually all the major employers in the City have expanded or built new facilities during this time period. While the national and local economy has been in a downturn since 2001, there were still a significant number of expansions and relocations in the City. The latest expansions include Waltco Truck Equipment, Marik Spring, J. Bowers Construction, P and P Mold and Machine, Reduction Engineering, Waterjet Inc., Tri-Star International and Steel Strategies. The renovations made to West Avenue continue to benefit the City, with business expansions resulting in approximately 125 positions annually.

The majority of employment within the City occurs in businesses housed in 5,000 to 20,000 square foot buildings. Tallmadge's employment rate remains stable due to this large number of small businesses in the City. Unemployment rates tend to run at least one percent lower than the Akron metropolitan area.

In efforts to stabilize the largest source of general fund revenue, the citizens voted in 2004 to make the City 2% income tax permanent rather than a 5 year renewal. The income tax collections at the end of fiscal year 2005 experienced an increase of 7.81% over the prior fiscal year.

The City created a Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) effective January 1, 2004 that encompasses 70% of the township of Brimfield. This JEDD will result in additional income tax collections for the City in the future. This income tax is distributed to both the City and the Township with the City receiving 55 percent of the tax and the Township receiving 45 percent of the tax. There are significant areas for development in the JEDD. In addition to already established industrial parks the land is located along side the Interstate 76/Route 18 interchange.

Residential development has closely paralleled industrial and commercial development during the same period. A total of 54 residential units were built in 2005, which consists of 40 single-family dwellings and 14 condominiums. Interestingly, 538 units have been built in the City during the last five years.

Not only has the City experienced an increase in new housing starts over the past ten years, it is also meeting the demands of a changing population with the development of condominiums. The most recent condominiums which have been completed are the following: Ridgewood consisting of 78 units, Villas at Chapel Hill consisting of 80 units, Crossings at Northwest consisting of 136 units, Eastwood Village consisting of 63 units, and Hilltop Terrace consisting of 38 units. There are also more condominiums under construction and single family units and allotments. Increased residential development is a strong indicator of future economic growth of the City.

In order to direct plans that promote a sound pattern of development, the City utilizes a Comprehensive Plan adopted by the administration and Council. The document serves as a guide in defining community objectives, policies and goals and scheduling of capital improvement projects including water lines, sanitary sewer lines, storm sewers, and transportation. Further, to guide the direction of land development, this plan provides a thoroughfare map, zoning district map and future land use map.

Future growth also depends on the ability of the City to provide adequately serviced areas for growth. In 1995, the City successfully annexed 257 acres of industrial zoned property. This property, located at an interstate interchange, is the City's prime industrial area and as such is experiencing increased pressure for development. This new industrial property, and the newly formed JEDD area coupled with the demands for development in the City, indicates a promising future for economic development.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Current

In February of 2004 the City opened the 91,000 square foot recreation center that is designed for indoor recreational activities such as basketball, volleyball, tennis, running, walking, indoor soccer, aerobics, weight training, batting cages, game rooms, and children's play area. The facility had its first full year of operation in 2005 and it proves to be very successful with already approximately 3,200 members at the facility, far exceeding our anticipated enrollment projections.

The City acquired an indoor aquatic center in 2005 from the YWCA. This is an older facility that needs some upgrading. The City is attempting to run the pool for the citizens on a trial basis to determine if it meets the needs of the community and is economically feasible.

Major construction projects in 2005 included the Northwest Avenue Road Improvement project, commenced engineering on the Northeast Road Improvement Project, updated the radio communications with 800 MHz radios at the police department with a grant from Summit County, purchased 25 self contained breathing apparatus units (SCBA'S) for the fire department with a grant covering 90% of the costs, ordered a new ambulance, and undertook many storm water projects.

The City instituted a storm water utility fee effective May 1, 2005. In the first year of collection the fee generated \$316,990. The user fee applies to all residential, commercial and industrial customers in the City. The rate is \$3.00 per month for residential. The rate for industrial and commercial customers is based on equivalent rate units measured on impervious surfaces. There is also a credit applied up to 50% if the customer retains 100% of their storm water on their premise.

The City established a minimum fund balance policy in 1998 by legislation. That policy was amended and expanded upon by Ordinance 33-2005 adopted by council. The new minimum fund balance policy provides a more extensive financial management plan with specific guidelines.

<u>Future</u>

Maintaining the City's infrastructure is an ongoing commitment. The City continues with the maintenance of sanitary sewers, water improvements, storm water improvements, road paving, concrete maintenance programs and general infrastructure improvements.

Major construction projects for 2006 consist of the East Avenue / Munroe Road Widening Project which will upgrade this area in anticipation of the completion of the new Tallmadge High School and the Northwest Avenue Widening Project to complement expanded commercial development in this area of the City. Also, continued work on Northeast Avenue Road improvement project which is being partially funded by ODOT Funds. The Northeast Avenue Project will widen Northeast Avenue from Tallmadge Circle to Linda Drive and will include a middle turn lane as well as storm drainage, curbs and sidewalks. This project is designed to complement the commercial and industrial development along Northeast Avenue.

In 2006, work will begin on the repair of Potomac/Swank Phase 3 Project which is being partially funded by Issue II funds. This involves the lining of approximately 9,100 feet of sewers and the repair of forty manholes. These are major trunk lines which flow into the City of Akron. The lining of sewers eliminates infiltration of ground water into the sanitary sewer system and reduces treatment costs. The City will also complete the storm water mapping which is mandated by EPA for the entire City.

The City will continue to place a major emphasis on economic development within the City as well as within the newly created JEDD in Brimfield Township. There are numerous sites within the City for development including the Portage Boulevard Industrial Park and within the Circle Redevelopment Area. There are significant areas for development in the Joint Economic Development District including the Karg Industrial Park, the Sunnybrook / Forge Road area and the land associated with the Interstate 76 / Route 18 interchange.

There is currently under construction 600,000 square feet of retail development that will include a strip mall, theatre complex, restaurants, a Wal-Mart, and other businesses in the JEDD area. These are expected in be completed in 2007.

AWARDS

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Tallmadge for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Tallmadge has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last thirteen consecutive years (1992 - 2004). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and are submitting it to the GFOA.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This comprehensive annual financial report was prepared by the Director of Finance office with the efficient and knowledgeable services of its staff. As Director of Finance, I would like to express my sincere appreciation to my staff, who assisted in this endeavor and whose dedication and commitment made the publication of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report a successful accomplishment. Furthermore, I would like to thank the Members of Council for their continued support and commitment.

Respectfully Submitted, C

Jill Stritch, Director of Finance, CPFA

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Tallmadge, Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

Carlo Eperge

President

frey K. Ener

Executive Director



LISTING OF PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Director of Finance Director of Law Treasurer President of Council Council Member Christopher Grimm Jill Stritch Penny Taylor Marc Dion, Sr. Jerry Feeman Linda Poinar John Rensel Jack Sarver Peter De Angelis Gene Stalnaker Dennis Thompson

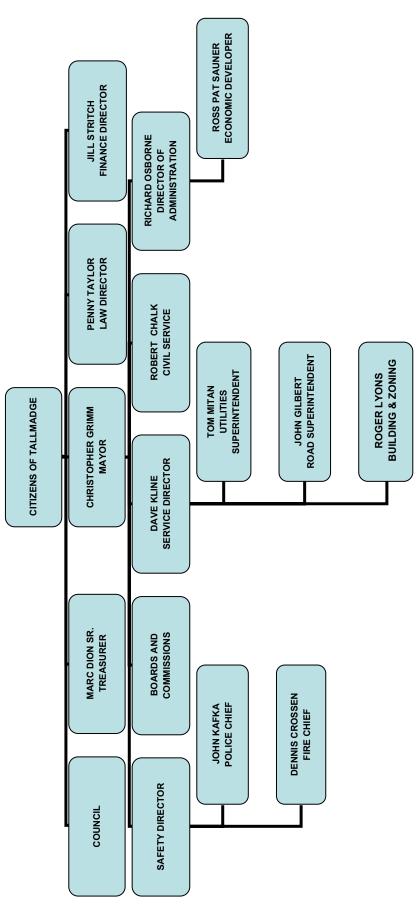
APPOINTED OFFICIALS

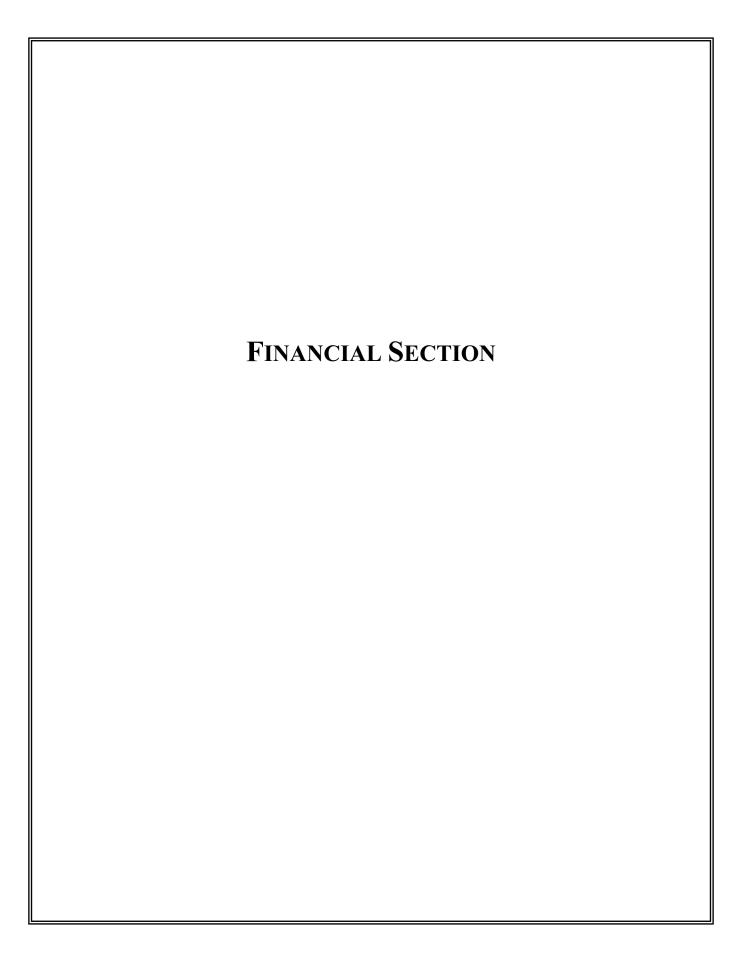
Service Director Director of Administration Economic Developer Assistant Director of Law Assistant Director of Finance Deputy Treasurer Chief Deputy Tax Administrator Clerk of Council Deputy Clerk of Council David Kline Richard Osborne Ross Pat Sauner Megan Pierce-Raber Jimelle Collins Angela Myers Rosemary Berdy Susan Wilson Dennis DiMascio

DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS

Chief of Police Chief of Fire Road Superintendent Utilities/Garage Superintendent Building and Zoning Inspector Civil Service Chairman John Kafka Dennis Crossen John Gilbert Thomas Mitan Roger Lyons Robert Chalk









Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

City of Tallmadge Summit County 46 North Avenue Tallmadge, Ohio 44278

To the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tallmadge, Summit County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Tallmadge, Summit County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Fire/EMS Levy, and Street Maintenance and Repair funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 26, 2006, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Managements Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

101 Central Plaza South / 700 Chase Tower / Canton, OH 44702 Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001 www.auditor.state.oh.us City of Tallmadge Summit County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund statements and schedules and statistical tables provide additional information and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the combining nonmajor fund statements and schedules to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. We did not subject the introductory section and statistical tables to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements to the audit of the basic financial statements the audit of the basic financial statements the audit of the basic financial statements and schedules are not subject the introductory section and statistical tables to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and schedules are not subject the introductory section and statistical tables to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Betty Montgomery

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

May 26, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of the City of Tallmadge's (the "City") financial statements provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to provide a narrative that describes the City's performance as a whole. To obtain a more detailed understanding, one should also review the transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- The total net assets of the City increased \$1,365,945 or 3.44% from 2004. Net assets of governmental activities decreased \$1,455,803 or 6.36% over 2004 and net assets of business-type activities increased \$2,821,748 or 16.82% from 2004.
- > Total assets of the City increased \$526,406, an increase of 0.95% over 2004.
- ➤ Total current liabilities decreased \$375,889 over 2004.
- ▶ Total long-term liabilities decreased \$463,650 during 2005.
- The City re-issued \$3,800,000 in a bond anticipation note in 2005.

Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are comprised of the following: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information about the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Tallmadge is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused sick leave).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish between functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, security of persons and property, public health and welfare, transportation, leisure time activities, community environment, and interest and fiscal charges. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-29 of this report.

Governmental Funds

All of the City's major activities (excluding the business-type activities) are reported in the governmental funds. This report shows how monies flow into and out of these governmental funds and the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the year. The accounting method used to report this activity is the modified accrual method. This method reports cash and like-cash items that can be converted into cash. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and the governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

The City has sixteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, fire/EMS levy, street maintenance and repair, bond retirement, and the recreation center funds which are all considered to be major funds. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains four proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, storm water and sewer operations. Internal service funds are the other proprietary fund type and account for employee self-insurance. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-27 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 31-59 of this report.

The nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements and can be found beginning on page 61 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The statement of net assets serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The table below provides a summary of the City's net assets for 2005 and 2004:

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2005	Business-type Activities 2005	Governmental Activities 2004	Business-type Activities 2004	2005 Total	2004 Total
Assets Current and other assets	\$ 8,834,532	\$ 8,477,628	\$ 8,193,469	\$ 7,971,929	\$ 17,312,160	\$ 16,165,398
Nondepreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net	2,926,172 23,344,011	378,844 12,225,074	3,031,405 25,571,698	203,495 10,687,859	3,305,016 35,569,085	3,234,900 36,259,557
Capital assets, net	26,270,183	12,603,918	28,603,103	10,891,354	38,874,101	39,494,457
Total assets	35,104,715	21,081,546	36,796,572	18,863,283	56,186,261	55,659,855
<u>Liabilities</u> Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities:	3,277,037	433,580	3,189,959	896,547	3,710,617	4,086,506
Due within one year Due in more than one year	503,037 9,902,216	143,074 907,458	338,027 10,390,358	141,640 1,049,410	646,111 10,809,674	479,667 11,439,768
Total liabilities	13,682,290	1,484,112	13,918,344	2,087,597	15,166,402	16,005,941
<u>Net Assets</u> Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	16,676,183	11,597,918	18,399,103	9,745,354	28,274,101	28,144,457
Restricted: Debt service	802,069		008 055		802,069	000 055
Capital projects	68,539	-	908,055	-	68,539	908,055
Fire/EMS levy	117,137	-	26,356	-	117,137	26,356
Street maintenance	563,289	-	509,796	-	563,289	509,796
State highway	50,193	-	42,502	-	50,193	42,502
Community environment	9,232	-	10,681	-	9,232	10,681
Law enforcement	39,162	-	32,180	-	39,162	32,180
Unrestricted	3,096,621	7,999,516	2,949,555	7,030,332	11,096,137	9,979,887
Total net assets	\$ 21,422,425	<u>\$ 19,597,434</u>	\$ 22,878,228	\$ 16,775,686	\$ 41,019,859	\$ 39,653,914

Total assets exceeded total liabilities in 2005 by \$41,019,859, compared to \$39,653,914 in 2004, an increase of 3.44% from 2004. During 2005, the City's total assets increased by \$526,406 or 0.95% and total liabilities decreased by \$839,539 or 5.25%. Capital asset additions were less than depreciation and resulted in a reduction in depreciable capital assets. Current liabilities decreased in 2005 due to the retirement of a \$300,000 note payable.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

The table below shows the changes in net assets for fiscal years 2005 and 2004.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2005	Business-type Activities 2005	Governmental Activities 2004	Business-type Activities 2004	2005 Total	2004 Total
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 2,057,585	\$ 4,490,731	\$ 1,688,569	\$ 3,848,472	\$ 6,548,316	\$ 5,537,041
Operating grants and contributions	993,310	-	764,100	-	993,310	764,100
Capital grants and contributions	386,216		106,961		386,216	106,961
Total program revenues	3,437,111	4,490,731	2,559,630	3,848,472	7,927,842	6,408,102
General revenues:						
Property and other local taxes	2,089,647	-	1,979,761	-	2,089,647	1,979,761
Municipal income taxes	7,291,435	-	6,686,817	-	7,291,435	6,686,817
Grants and entitlements	1,665,173	-	1,445,510	-	1,665,173	1,445,510
Interest	165,066	120,508	61,788	47,643	285,574	109,431
Miscellaneous	40,897	4,230	38,535	33,088	45,127	71,623
Total general revenues	11,252,218	124,738	10,212,411	80,731	11,376,956	10,293,142
Total revenues	14,689,329	4,615,469	12,772,041	3,929,203	19,304,798	16,701,244
Program Expenses:						
General government	2,909,459	-	2,813,020	-	2,909,459	2,813,020
Security of persons and property						
Police	3,602,372	-	3,587,033	-	3,602,372	3,587,033
Street lighting	12,834	-	18,986	-	12,834	18,986
Fire	1,983,204	-	1,885,594	-	1,983,204	1,885,594
Public health and welfare	67,088	-	209,709	-	67,088	209,709
Transportation	2,843,072	-	2,168,223	-	2,843,072	2,168,223
Community environment	390,832	-	387,578	-	390,832	387,578
Leisure time activity	1,723,848	-	1,342,519	-	1,723,848	1,342,519
Interest and fiscal charges	453,538	-	383,820	-	453,538	383,820
Sewer operating	-	2,185,614	-	2,485,670	2,185,614	2,485,670
Water operating	-	1,640,657	-	1,708,243	1,640,657	1,708,243
Storm water operating		126,335			126,335	
Total expenses	13,986,247	3,952,606	12,796,482	4,193,913	17,938,853	16,990,395
Transfers	(2,158,885)	2,158,885	(13,742)	13,742		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(1,455,803)	2,821,748	(38,183)	(250,968)	1,365,945	(289,151)
Net assets beginning of year (restated)	22,878,228	16,775,686	22,916,411	17,026,654	39,653,914	39,943,065
Net assets end of year	\$ 21,422,425	\$ 19,597,434	\$ 22,878,228	\$ 16,775,686	\$ 41,019,859	\$ 39,653,914

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

Governmental Activities

The funding for governmental activities comes from several different sources, the most significant being the municipal income tax. Other prominent sources are the property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and charges for services.

The City's municipal income tax was established by Ordinance 57 in 1967 at a rate of 1 percent to be renewed every 5 years. The municipal income tax experienced several small increases in the next few years. In 1975 the tax rate was increased to 1.5 percent and remained at that rate until 1985 when the rate went to 2 percent. The income tax rate still remains at 2 percent, however, the voters in February of 2004 voted to make the tax a permanent tax effective March 1, 2004. The City, by ordinance, designates the income tax for capital outlay, leisure time activities and general governmental operations for programs within the general fund. The City also allows for a 100 percent credit of taxes paid to other municipalities.

The operations of the City's police department account for the largest expenses of the governmental activities, representing 25.8 percent of the total governmental activities expenses. The City's police department consists of 34 officers consisting of 1 Chief, 2 lieutenants, 3 sergeants, 19 patrol and 9 telecommunicators. The department provides a full range of services including patrol, DARE program, bike patrol, juvenile diversionary program, neighborhood crime watch, and residential and commercial security surveys.

The City has operated a fire department since 1945. During 2005, the fire department employed a full time Chief, 1 full time assistant fire chief, 9 full time firefighter paramedics, and 45 part time paramedics/firefighters and 1 full time clerk. The fire expenses account for 14.2 percent of the total governmental activities expenses. The Fire/EMS department is accounted for in a separate fund which receives tax proceeds from a 3.75 mill property tax levy.

The Street Maintenance and Repair department employs 19 full time employees who provide the City and the citizens many services including road maintenance, road salting, ditching, leaf pickup program, cemetery maintenance, and many others. The transportation expenses account for 20.3 percent of the total governmental activities expenses.

Business-Type Activities

Proprietary funds are the business-type activities of the City of Tallmadge which consist of sewer, water and storm water operating activities. The City currently has 6,723 water customers, 7,571 sewer customers, and 5,918 storm water customers. The City owns and maintains all water and sewer lines within the City. In striving to keep revenues in balance with expenses, effective May 1, 2002 water rates for the City increased 1 percent every year until 2005 when a 6 percent increase was instituted for that year only. There has not been a sewer rate increase. The sewage is treated by Summit County.

The revenues and expenses for the water, sewer and storm water activities are reported under the business-type activities. The revenues are primarily from charges for services. In 2005, this amount of \$4,490,731 accounted for 97.3 percent of the total business-type revenues. The total expenses for the utilities were \$3,952,606, thus leaving an increase in net assets of \$2,821,748 after the transfer of storm water assets for the business-type activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

The City's Funds

Information about the City's governmental funds begins on page 14. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual method of accounting. All governmental funds had revenues of \$14,615,954 and expenditures of \$17,858,227. The difference of revenues under expenditures is supplemented with the issuance of debt.

The City's chief operating fund is the general fund. During 2005, the City's general fund had total revenues and financing sources of \$11,431,394 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$11,102,412, resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$328,982.

The City's two major special revenue funds, the fire/ems levy and street maintenance and repair funds had a combined increase in fund balance of \$193,978. Total combined revenues and other financing sources were \$4,475,923 and expenditures and other financing uses were \$4,281,945.

The City's major bond retirement fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$16,850. During 2005, the bond retirement fund received \$81,859 in special assessments, \$552,000 in transfers in and a \$16,770 note premium to provide for \$667,479 in principal and interest payments on general obligation and special assessment bonds.

The fund balance of the City's major capital projects fund, the recreation center fund, increased by \$156,620. This increase is due to the reduction of the note payable from \$300,000 in 2004 to \$100,000 in 2005. The recreation center fund received note proceeds of \$3,800,000 and transfers in of \$300,000 to provide for principal retirement and interest and fiscal charges of \$3,958,693 on the recreation center improvement notes.

Information about the proprietary funds begins on page 24. These funds are accounted for on an accrual basis. All proprietary funds had operating revenues of \$4,452,886, which were above operating expenses of \$3,887,028. The total depreciation expense for these business-type funds was \$518,722. The change in net assets at year end for the enterprise funds was an increase of \$2,825,595 and a decrease in the internal service fund of \$44,261. The cash and cash equivalents at year end for the proprietary funds total \$6,409,711.

Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to the laws of the State of Ohio and is based on accounting for transactions on a cash basis for receipts, expenditures, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. The legal level of control at which expenditures cannot exceed appropriations is at the program level within the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds of the City. Capital items are budgeted on a line item basis. Management may transfer appropriations in accordance with the legislation adopted by City Council. Any budgetary modifications may only be made by ordinance adopted by City Council.

In 2005, City Council adopted thirteen (13) ordinances adjusting the level of appropriations in various funds. In total the increase in appropriations accounted for an increase of 7.54 percent over the total general fund budget. The total actual expenditures at year end were \$126,163 less than the total final budget. In addition, at year end the prior year encumbrances that are determined to be unnecessary are decertified to the County on the final amended certificate and that amount is returned to the fund balance and becomes available resources.

The City of Tallmadge has strong financial management and is aided by financial policies adopted by Council. The City established a minimum fund balance policy in 1998. The purpose of the policy is to establish minimum levels to be maintained in the major operating funds, which include the general, fire/EMS levy, street maintenance and repair, sewer and water operating. Even with the downturn of the economy, the City has adopted a budget every year meeting those minimum fund balances. In addition, the City adopted a formal debt policy in 1997 establishing limits on debt and affordability limits that are more restrictive than the Ohio Revised Code. The City places strong emphasis on monitoring the budget. The Director of Finance produces monthly appropriation, revenue, and fund reports on a cash basis. These reports are distributed to council, administration and appropriate department heads.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

The general fund balance at year end is sufficient to allow for a healthy reserve. Income tax revenue increased 7.81 percent over 2004 on a cash basis. Overall, the largest revenue shortfall was property and other tax revenues due to a decrease in local collections.

The budgetary variances in the general fund expenditures totaled \$54,199 or 1.91% positive variance in the general governmental functions, \$56,797 or 1.84% positive variance in security of persons and property and positive variances existed in the public health and welfare, community environment, leisure time activities and capital outlay functions. These positive variances in all departments were an effort to contain the budget and control expenditures as the management was aware that the property and other tax collections were not as high as anticipated. The total variance in the general fund revenue was a positive variance of only \$133,362 or an increase of 1.18%. The increases of \$35,066 in intergovernmental and \$60,545 in investment income in addition to many other small variances made up for the loss of property and other tax revenue.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2005, the City had \$38,874,101 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure and construction in progress. Of this total, \$26,270,183 was reported in governmental activities and \$12,603,918 was reported in business-type activities. The following table shows fiscal 2005 balances compared to 2004:

(Net of Depreciation)							
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2005	2004	2005 2004		2005	2004	
Land	\$ 2,740,634	\$ 2,869,901	\$ 325,519	\$ 196,252	\$ 3,066,153	\$ 3,066,153	
Construction in progress	185,538	161,504	53,325	7,243	238,863	168,747	
Buildings and improvements	10,931,873	11,242,621	756,741	801,036	11,688,614	12,043,657	
Machinery and equipment	1,786,074	1,774,468	432,267	448,207	2,218,341	2,222,675	
Infrastructure							
Street subsystem	10,626,064	10,584,991	-	-	10,626,064	10,584,991	
Storm sewer subsystem	-	1,969,618	1,928,432	-	1,928,432	1,969,618	
Sewer lines	-	-	4,157,866	4,309,010	4,157,866	4,309,010	
Water lines			4,949,768	5,129,606	4,949,768	5,129,606	
Totals	\$26,270,183	\$28,603,103	\$12,603,918	\$10,891,354	\$38,874,101	\$39,494,457	

Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

Total capital assets for the City of Tallmadge for the year ended December 31, 2005 were \$38,874,101 which was a decrease of \$620,356 from the 2004 figure of \$39,494,457. The decrease is due to the depreciation expense of a new recreation center as reflected in the governmental activities. There was also the addition of the storm sewer subsystem from the governmental activities to the business-type activities. See Note 7 in the financial statements for more information regarding the City's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

Debt Administration

The City had the following long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2005 and 2004:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type Activities		
	2005	2004	2005	2004	
Special assessment bonds	\$ 910,000	\$ 945,000	\$ 1,006,000	\$ 1,146,000	
General obligation bonds	4,784,000	5,059,000	-	-	
Recreation center improvement note	3,800,000	3,900,000	-	-	
Capital leases	41,684		<u> </u>		
Total long-term obligations	<u>\$ 9,535,684</u>	\$ 9,904,000	\$ 1,006,000	\$ 1,146,000	

The long-term outstanding debt for the City of Tallmadge as of December 31, 2005 was \$10,541,684. This balance reflects \$1,916,000 in special assessment bonds, \$4,784,000 in general obligation bonds, \$3,800,000 in the recreation center improvement notes and \$41,684 in a capital lease. This is a decrease in long-term debt of 4.60 percent. For more detailed information on short-term and long-term obligations refer to Notes 9 and 10 of this report.

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the general obligation bonds less self supporting debt (e.g., assessment debt) of the municipal corporation, whether voted or unvoted, shall not exceed 10.5 percent of the assessed valuation of the total property. In addition, the unvoted net debt cannot exceed 5.5 percent of total assessed value of property. The City's legal total debt limit at the 10.5 percent margin is \$33,876,346, and the total unvoted net debt limit at the 5.5 percent margin is \$13,618,967.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- The City prepared the annual budget using zero based budgeting for 2006. There were very modest increases, if any, in many departments.
- The City ended 2005 with an increase of 9.04 percent over 2004 in income tax revenue.
- The voters approved in February of 2004 a permanent municipal income tax.
- The City instituted a 6 percent water increase to go into effect for 2005.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with interest in the government's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the office of the Director of Finance, 46 North Avenue, Tallmadge, Ohio 44278 or at the e-mail of jstritch@tallmadge-ohio.org.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2005

		overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	Total	
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,837,736	\$	6,096,951	\$	8,934,687
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):						
Income taxes.		1,463,610		-		1,463,610
Real and other taxes		2,151,230		-		2,151,230
Accounts.		56,333		1,176,242		1,232,575
Accrued interest		7,634		5,572		13,206
Special assessments		1,006,869		1,138,082		2,144,951
Intergovernmental		1,002,213		-		1,002,213
Materials and supplies inventory.		305,596		64,092		369,688
Internal balances		3,311		(3,311)		-
Capital assets:		5,511		(3,311)		
Land and construction in progress.		2,926,172		378,844		3,305,016
Depreciable capital assets, net		23,344,011		12,225,074		35,569,085
Total capital assets.		26,270,183		12,603,918		38,874,101
		20,270,185		12,003,918		38,874,101
Total assets		35,104,715		21,081,546		56,186,261
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		310,639		14,971		325,610
Accrued wages and benefits		234,636		13,903		248,539
Intergovernmental payable.		396,766		400,396		797,162
Deferred revenue.		2,031,416		-		2,031,416
Accrued interest payable.		127,682		4,310		131,992
Note payable.		100,000		-		100,000
Claims payable.		75,898		_		75,898
Long-term liabilities:		,0,050				,0,050
Due within one year.		503,037		143,074		646,111
Due in more than one year		9,902,216		907,458		10,809,674
Total liabilities		13,682,290		1,484,112		15,166,402
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		16,676,183		11,597,918		28,274,101
Restricted for:		10,070,105		11,007,010		20,27 1,101
Debt service.		802,069		_		802,069
Capital projects		68,539		_		68,539
Other purposes:		08,339				08,339
Fire/EMS levy		117,137		-		117,137
Street maintenance.		563,289		-		563,289
State highway		50,193		-		50,193
Community environment.		9,232		-		9,232
		39,162		-		39,162
Unrestricted		3,096,621		7,999,516		11,096,137
Total net assets	\$	21,422,425	\$	19,597,434	\$	41,019,859

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Program Revenues							
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions					
Governmental Activities:	¢ 2,000,450	\$ 133.617	\$ -	\$ -					
General government	\$ 2,909,459	\$ 133,617	5 -	р –					
Police	3,602,372	10,313	92,700						
Street lights	12,834	10,515	92,700	-					
Fire	1,983,204	357,757	_						
Public health and welfare	67,088	70,254	_						
Transportation.	2,843,072	70,234	790,610	386,216					
Community environment.	390,832	203,636	110,000	500,210					
Leisure time activity.	1,723,848	1,282,008	-	_					
Interest and fiscal charges.	453,538								
Total governmental activities	13,986,247	2,057,585	993,310	386,216					
Business-type Activities:									
Sewer Operating Fund	2,185,614	2,233,693	-	-					
Water Operating Fund	1,640,657	1,869,017	-	-					
Storm Water Fund	126,335	388,021							
Total business-type activities	3,952,606	4,490,731							
Total primary government.	\$ 17,938,853	\$ 6,548,316	\$ 993,310	\$ 386,216					

General Revenues:

Property taxes levied for:
General purposes
Fire/EMS Levy
Police pension.
Municipal income taxes levied for:
General purposes
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs
Investment earnings
Miscellaneous
Total general revenues.
Transfers
Change in net assets
Net assets at beginning of year
Net assets at end of year.

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ (2,775,842)	\$ -	\$ (2,775,842)
(3,499,359)	-	(3,499,359)
(12,834)	-	(12,834)
(1,625,447)	-	(1,625,447)
3,166	-	3,166
(1,666,246)	-	(1,666,246)
(77,196)	-	(77,196)
(441,840)	-	(441,840)
(453,538)		(453,538)
(10,549,136)		(10,549,136)
-	48,079 228,360	48,079 228,360
-	261,686	261,686
-	538,125	538,125
(10,549,136)	538,125	(10,011,011)
877,660		877,660
1,099,427	_	1,099,427
112,560	-	112,560
7,291,435	-	7,291,435
1,665,173	-	1,665,173
165,066	120,508	285,574
40,897	4,230	45,127
11,252,218	124,738	11,376,956
(2,158,885)	2,158,885	
	2,821,748	1,365,945
(1,455,803)	2,021,740	99-
(1,455,803) 22,878,228	16,775,686	39,653,914

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

		General		Fire/EMS Levy		Street hintenance nd Repair	Bond Retirement	
Assets:	¢	1.051.(12	¢	146.042	¢	221.052	¢	10 751
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	1,851,613	\$	146,943	\$	321,053	\$	19,751
Income taxes		1,463,610		_		_		_
Real and other taxes		884,916		1,139,897		-		-
Accounts		8,137		48,111		-		-
Accrued interest		7,223		173		101		-
Special assessments		96,869		-		-		910,000
Intergovernmental		592,642		54,564		324,072		-
Materials and supplies inventory		119,505		-		186,091		-
Total assets	\$	5,024,515	\$	1,389,688	\$	831,317	\$	929,751
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	280,114	\$	7,800	\$	20,125	\$	-
Accrued wages and benefits		177,321		27,756		27,974		-
Compensated absences payable		11,702		5,182		2,095		-
Intergovernmental payable.		195,798		89,529		29,142		-
Note payable		-		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		1,964,303		1,193,375		192,102		910,000
Total liabilities		2,629,238		1,323,642		271,438		910,000
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		-		-		39,199		-
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory		119,505		-		186,091		-
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:		2 275 772						
General fund		2,275,772		- 66,046		-		-
Special revenue funds		-		00,040		334,589		19,751
Capital projects funds		-		-		-		
Total fund balances		2,395,277		66,046		559,879		19,751
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,024,515	\$	1,389,688	\$	831,317	\$	929,751

	Recreation Center		Other Governmental Funds		Total vernmental Funds
\$	5,162	\$	180,454	\$	2,524,976
	-		-		1,463,610
	-		126,417		2,151,230
	-		85		56,333
	-		137		7,634
	-		-		1,006,869
	-		30,935		1,002,213
	-		-		305,596
\$	5,162	\$	338,028	\$	8,518,461
\$	142	\$	2,458	\$	310,639
φ	142	φ	1,585	φ	234,636
			1,505		18,979
	-		82,297		396,766
	100,000		-		100,000
	-		147,204		4,406,984
	100,142		233,544		5,468,004
	700		29,662		69,561 305,596
	-		-		2,275,772
	-		11,329		411,964
	- (95,680)		63,493		19,751 (32,187)
	(94,980)		104,484		3,050,457
\$	5,162	\$	338,028	\$	8,518,461

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RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2005

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 3,050,457
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		26,270,183
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Delinquent property taxes \$	119,815	
Special assessments	1,006,869	
Municipal income taxes	651,293	
Investment income	2,257	
Intergovernmental	595,334	
Total		2,375,568
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, special assessment bonds and long-term notes are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Compensated absences	(850,590)	
General obligation bonds	(4,784,000)	
Special assessment bonds	(910,000)	
Long-term notes	(3,800,000)	
Capital lease obligation	(41,684)	
Total		(10,386,274)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(127,682)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the		
statement of net assets.		236,862
An internal balance is recorded in governmental activities to reflect overpayments to the internal service fund by the business-type activities.		 3,311
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 21,422,425

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	General	Fire/EMS Levy	Street Maintenance and Repair	Bond Retirement	
Revenues:					
Property and other taxes	\$ 866,100	\$ 1,081,097	\$ -	\$ -	
Municipal income taxes.	7,191,712	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	1,538,211	117,003	727,117	-	
Investment income	154,068	3,749	2,150	-	
Fines, licenses and permits	306,891	77	-	-	
Special assessments	14,728	-	-	81,859	
Charges for services	1,282,008	357,680	70,254	-	
Miscellaneous	35,992	3,896	-	-	
Total revenues	11,389,710	1,563,502	799,521	81,859	
Expenditures:					
Current:	2 720 004				
General government.	2,738,094	-	-	-	
Security of persons and property	2 1 2 2 2 4 9				
Police	3,122,248	-	-	-	
Street lights.	12,834	-	-	-	
Fire	-	1,892,249	-	-	
Public health and welfare	-	-	65,978	-	
Transportation.	288,033	-	1,439,860	-	
Leisure time activity	1,299,174	-	237,289	-	
Community environment	394,293	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	77,836	-	644,569	-	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement.	-	-	-	310,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	-			357,479	
Total expenditures	7,932,512	1,892,249	2,387,696	667,479	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	3,457,198	(328,747)	(1,588,175)	(585,620)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Capital lease transaction	41,684	-	-	-	
Note issuance	-	-	-	-	
Note premium	-	-	-	16,770	
Transfers in	-	431,000	1,681,900	552,000	
Transfers out	(3,169,900)	(2,000)	-	- ,	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,128,216)	429,000	1,681,900	568,770	
Net change in fund balances	328,982	100,253	93,725	(16,850)	
Fund balances (deficits) at beginning of year .	2,066,295	(34,207)	466,154	36,601	
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 2,395,277	\$ 66,046	\$ 559,879	\$ 19,751	

Recreation Center	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - 5	5 110,908	\$ 2,058,105
φ	-	7,191,712
_	588,052	2,970,383
_	2,842	162,809
_	9,591	316,559
-	-	96,587
-	-	1,709,942
68,960	1,009	109,857
68,960	712,402	14,615,954
00,000	/12,402	14,015,954
-	-	2,738,094
-	324,600	3,446,848
-	-	12,834
-	-	1,892,249
-	-	65,978
-	364,266	2,092,159
-	-	1,536,463
-	-	394,293
53,647	277,085	1,053,137
3,900,000	_	4,210,000
58,693		416,172
4,012,340	965,951	17,858,227
1,012,310	,,,,,,,	
(3,943,380)	(253,549)	(3,242,273)
-	-	41,684
3,800,000	-	3,800,000
-	-	16,770
300,000	147,000	3,111,900
	-	(3,171,900)
4,100,000	147,000	3,798,454
156,620	(106,549)	556,181
(251,600)	211,033	2,494,276
\$ (94,980)		\$ 3,050,457

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	556,181
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital asset additions1,124,5Current year depreciation(1,358,5)		
Total		(234,035)
In the statement of activities, transfers of capital assets to business-type activities is reported.		(2,098,885)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
5	723 356 257	
Total		73,375
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		4,210,000
Some expenses, such as compensated absences, reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(26,205)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		(54,136)
Other financing sources in the governmental funds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		(3,841,684)
An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		(40.414)
		(40,414)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(1,455,803)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts						Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Municipal income taxes	\$	7,000,000	\$	7,146,819	\$	7,211,174	\$	64,355
Property and other taxes		767,360		901,109		874,485		(26,624)
Intergovernmental		1,099,070		1,507,065		1,542,131		35,066
Investment income		201,625		84,513		145,058		60,545
Fines, licenses and permits		425,101		290,600		305,836		15,236
Special assessments		20,471		15,100		14,728		(372)
Charges for services.		1,781,491		1,295,456		1,281,683		(13,773)
Miscellaneous		38,512		28,778		27,707		(1,071)
Total revenues		11,333,630		11,269,440		11,402,802		133,362
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		2,870,482		2,841,670		2,787,471		54,199
Security of persons and property		3,078,980		3,077,860		3,021,063		56,797
Public health and welfare		314,114		334,063		325,583		8,480
Community environment		405,142		404,760		402,076		2,684
Leisure time activity		890,439		1,282,658		1,282,503		155
Capital outlay		80,000		196,000		192,152		3,848
Total expenditures.		7,639,157		8,137,011		8,010,848		126,163
Excess of revenues over expenditures		3,694,473		3,132,429		3,391,954		259,525
Other financing sources (uses):								
Advances in.		-		317,300		317,300		-
Advances out		-		(317,300)		(317,300)		-
Transfers in		86,900		-		-		-
Transfers out		(3,169,900)		(3,169,900)		(3,169,900)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,083,000)		(3,169,900)		(3,169,900)		-
Net change in fund balance		611,473		(37,471)		222,054		259,525
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,712,092		1,184,257		1,184,257		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		166,957		166,957		166,957		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,490,522	\$	1,313,743	\$	1,573,268	\$	259,525

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FIRE/EMS LEVY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Property and other taxes	\$	1,043,681 118,036 -	\$	1,074,475 140,490 700 100	\$	1,081,097 125,106 3,476 77	\$	6,622 (15,384) 2,776 (23)
Charges for services		329,027		356,826		368,521		11,695
Miscellaneous		-		8,227		3,896		(4,331)
Total revenues.		1,490,744		1,580,818		1,582,173		1,355
Expenditures: Current:								
Security of persons and property		1,875,433		1,927,010		1,918,166		8,844
Total expenditures		1,875,433		1,927,010		1,918,166		8,844
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(384,689)		(346,192)		(335,993)		10,199
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		320,351		431,000		431,000		-
Transfers out		(2,000)		(2,000)		(2,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		318,351		429,000		429,000		-
Net change in fund balance		(66,338)		82,808		93,007		10,199
Fund balance at beginning of year		182,157		44,093		44,093		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		7,433		7,433		7,433		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	123,252	\$	134,334	\$	144,533	\$	10,199

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREET MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	 Budgeted Original	Amou	ints Final	 Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive Regative)
Revenues:						
	\$ 1,633,256	\$	722,500	\$ 707,923	\$	(14,577)
Investment income	4,660		600	2,020		1,420
Charges for services	162,084		49,468	70,254		20,786
Other	 -		6,800	 -		(6,800)
Total revenues.	 1,800,000		779,368	 780,197		829
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public health and welfare.	70,800		70,800	66,501		4,299
Transportation	1,591,693		1,586,013	1,604,841		(18,828)
Leisure time activities	283,400		283,400	242,757		40,643
Capital outlay	 647,716		647,716	 645,569		2,147
Total expenditures	 2,593,609		2,587,929	 2,559,668		28,261
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (793,609)		(1,808,561)	 (1,779,471)		29,090
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	1,024,300		1,681,900	1,681,900		-
Total other financing sources	 1,024,300		1,681,900	 1,681,900		-
Net change in fund balance	230,691		(126,661)	(97,571)		29,090
Fund balance at beginning of year	147,900		186,631	186,631		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 172,507		172,507	 172,507		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 551,098	\$	232,477	\$ 261,567	\$	29,090

STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Bu	siness-type Activit	Business-type Activities -Enterprise Funds				
	Sewer	Sewer Water Operating Operating		Total	Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Assets:	Operating	Operating	Water	<u> </u>	Service Fund		
Current assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$ 3,830,081	\$ 2,073,954	\$ 192,916	\$ 6,096,951	\$ 312,760		
Accounts	617,110	428,101	131,031	1,176,242	-		
Accrued interest	3,729	1,843	-	5,572	-		
Special assessments.	439,235	698,847	-	1,138,082	-		
Materials and supplies inventory	32,046	32,046		64,092			
Total current assets	4,922,201	3,234,791	323,947	8,480,939	312,760		
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:							
Land and construction in progress	108,012	102,640	168,192	378,844	_		
Depreciable capital assets, net	4,616,546	5,680,096	1,928,432	12,225,074	-		
Total capital assets	4,724,558	5,782,736	2,096,624	12,603,918			
Total assets	9,646,759	9,017,527	2,420,571	21,084,857	312,760		
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable.	11,275	3,696	-	14,971	-		
Accrued wages and benefits	6,799	7,104	-	13,903	-		
Compensated absences	2,037	2,037	-	4,074	-		
Intergovernmental payable	149,489	250,907	-	400,396	-		
Claims payable	-	-	-	-	75,898		
Current portion of special assessments bonds .	36,000	103,000	-	139,000	-		
Accrued interest payable	1,826	2,484		4,310			
Total current liabilities	207,426	369,228		576,654	75,898		
Long-term liabilities:							
Compensated absences	19,662	20,796	-	40,458	-		
Special assessment bonds	378,338	488,662		867,000			
Total long-term liabilities.	398,000	509,458		907,458			
Total liabilities	605,426	878,686		1,484,112	75,898		
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	4,310,220	5,191,074	2,096,624	11,597,918	-		
Unrestricted	4,731,113	2,947,767	323,947	8,002,827	236,862		
	\$ 9,041,333	\$ 8,138,841	\$ 2,420,571	19,600,745	\$ 236,862		

enterprise funds.	(3,311)
Net assets of business-type activities	\$ 19,597,434

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Bu	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Sewer Operating	Water Operating	Storm Water	Total	Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 2,233,693	\$ 1,826,942 4,230	\$ 388,021	\$ 4,448,656 4,230	\$ 1,115,318 	
Total operating revenues	2,233,693	1,831,172	388,021	4,452,886	1,143,685	
Operating expenses:						
Personal services	302,123	243,543	-	545,666	-	
Contract services	1,531,555	1,036,538	40,255	2,608,348	411,908	
Materials and supplies	51,305	50,561	-	101,866	-	
Depreciation	193,104	240,126	85,492	518,722	-	
Other	77,670	34,168	588	112,426	-	
Claims					776,038	
Total operating expenses	2,155,757	1,604,936	126,335	3,887,028	1,187,946	
Operating income (loss)	77,936	226,236	261,686	565,858	(44,261)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Interest revenue	80,439	40,069	-	120,508	-	
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(27,298)	(30,276)	-	(57,574)	-	
Special assessments.	-	42,075	-	42,075	-	
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(4,157)		(4,157)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	53,141	47,711		100,852		
Income (loss) before transfers and capital						
contributions	131,077	273,947	261,686	666,710	(44,261)	
Capital contributions	-	-	2,098,885	2,098,885	-	
Transfers in			60,000	60,000		
Changes in net assets	131,077	273,947	2,420,571	2,825,595	(44,261)	
Net assets at beginning of year	8,910,256	7,864,894			281,123	
Net assets at end of year	\$ 9,041,333	\$ 8,138,841	<u>\$ 2,420,571</u>		\$ 236,862	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the enterprise funds.	internal service fund	activities related to		(3,847)		

Changes in net assets of business-type activities

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

\$ 2,821,748

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Bus	nds	Governmental		
	Sewer Operating	Water Operating	Storm Water	Total	Activities - Internal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	¢ 2 220 117	¢ 1.9 77 464	¢ 25 (000	4 222 571	¢ 1115 210
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,239,117	\$ 1,827,464 4,230	\$ 256,990	4,323,571 4,230	\$ 1,115,318 28,367
Cash payments for personal services	(302,652)	(241,571)	-	(544,223)	- 28,307
Cash payments for contract services	(1,898,146)	(1,095,042)	(40,255)	(3,033,443)	(411,908)
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(48,748)	(54,751)	(10,200)	(103,499)	-
Cash payments for other expenses.	(77,670)	(34,168)	(588)	(112,426)	-
Cash payments for claims					(735,090)
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities.	(88,099)	406,162	216,147	534,210	(3,313)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Cash received from transfers in			60,000	60,000	
Net cash provided by noncapital					
financing activities			60,000	60,000	
Cash flows from capital and related					
financing activities:			(02.221)	(12(550))	
Acquisition of capital assets	(31,778)	(21,549)	(83,231)	(136,558)	-
Special assessments	45,866	178,379	-	224,245	-
bonds	(37,000)	(103,000)	-	(140,000)	-
Interest and fiscal charges.	(27,789)	(30,318)		(58,107)	-
Net cash used in capital and					
related financing activities	(50,701)	23,512	(83,231)	(110,420)	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest received.	76,710	38,226		114,936	
Net cash provided by investing activities	76,710	38,226		114,936	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and.					
cash equivalents	(62,090)	467,900	192,916	598,726	(3,313)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year.	3,892,171	1,606,054		5,498,225	316,073
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 3,830,081	\$ 2,073,954	\$ 192,916	\$ 6,096,951	\$ 312,760

- - continued

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Government Activities -			
	Sewer Operating				Storm Water		Total		Ι	ctivities - nternal vice Fund
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	77,936	\$	226,236	\$	261,686	\$	565,858	\$	(44,261)
Adjustments:										
Depreciation		193,104		240,126		85,492		518,722		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:										
(Increase) in materials and supplies inventory.		(2,376)		(2,376)		-		(4,752)		-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		5,424		522		(131,031)		(125,085)		-
Decrease in special assessments		42,419		-		-		42,419		
(Decrease) in accounts payable.		(4,964)		(4,042)		-		(9,006)		-
(Decrease) in accrued wages and benefits		(2,258)		(405)		-		(2,663)		-
(Decrease) in intergovernmental payable		(396,558)		(54,207)		-		(450,765)		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated										
absences payable		(826)		308		-		(518)		-
Increase in claims payable				-		-				40,948
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(88,099)	\$	406,162	\$	216,147	\$	534,210	\$	(3,313)

Non-cash capital transactions:

The Storm Water fund received \$2,098,885 in capital contributions from other funds.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Private Purpose Trust		Agency		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	37,725	\$	148,398	
Receivables:	ψ	51,125	Φ	140,570	
Accrued interest.		37			
Total assets.	\$	37,762	\$	148,398	
Liabilities:					
Deposits held and due to others		-	\$	148,398	
Net assets:					
Held in trust for indigents and the needy	\$	37,762			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	 rivate ose Trust
Additions: Interest	\$ 791 1,733
Total additions.	 2,524
Deductions: Expenses per trust agreement	 2,339
Total deductions	 2,339
Changes in net assets	185
Net assets at beginning of year	 37,577
Net assets at end of year	\$ 37,762

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY

The City of Tallmadge, Ohio (the "City") was incorporated as a village in 1936 and became a city in 1951. The City is a charter municipal corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government. The Mayor, Council, Finance Director, Treasurer and Law Director are elected.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The City has the option to also apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to apply these FASB Statements and Interpretations. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City, this includes police and fire protection, parks and recreation, water and sewer service, street maintenance and repairs, and general administrative services.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The City has no component units.

The City participates in the Ohio Association of Rural Water and Wastewater Systems Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, an insurance purchasing pool. This organization is presented in Note 12 of the basic financial statements.

The City participates in the Akron Metropolitan Area Transportation Study, Brimfield Township-City of Tallmadge Joint Economic Development District and Summit Suburban Council of Governments. These jointly governed organizations are presented in Note 17 of the basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The City's BFS consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activities of the internal service funds are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental functions are self-financing or draw from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include personnel and other expenses related to sewer, water and storm water operations and operating expenses for the internal service fund include claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

C. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City of Tallmadge and/or the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Fire/EMS Levy Fund</u> - The fire/emergency medical service levy fund accounts for property tax collections received through a (5) five year tax levy. An additional source of significant revenue is charges for services. Expenditures are for the operations of the fire and emergency medical service programs and staff.

<u>Street Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - The street maintenance and repair fund is required by Ohio Revised Code to account for that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of streets within the City.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> - The bond retirement fund is used to account for monies used for the purpose of retiring principal and interest on debt.

<u>Recreation Center Fund</u> - The recreation center fund is used to account for revenue and expenditures related to the construction of the new recreation facility.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - The enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Sewer Operating</u> – The sewer operating fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Water Operating</u> – The water operating fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Storm Water</u> – The storm water fund accounts for the provision of storm drainage runoff service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's only internal service fund accounts for a self-insurance program for employee medical and dental benefits.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust fund established to account for monies to benefit indigent and needy citizens of Tallmadge. The portion representing the principal amount of the trust fund is non-expendable. The City's only agency fund is a revolving trust fund used to account for refundable deposits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net assets. The Statement of Activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the financial statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (see Note 6). Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax, local government funds and permissive tax), fines and forfeitures, interest, and grants.

Deferred Revenue - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2005, but which were levied to finance year 2006 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Special assessments not received within the available period and grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

F. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the alternative tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriations ordinance is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by Council at the program level within the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Capital items such as capital equipment are budgeted on a line item basis as specified by City Council legislatively. The Finance Director may transfer appropriations within each fund and within each general fund program as long as the totals are not exceeded.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by Council.

The appropriation ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

G. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

During fiscal year 2005, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Bonds, Federal National Mortgage Association Bonds, Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds, and repurchase agreements.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2005.

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2005 amounted to \$154,068 which includes \$101,498 assigned from other City funds.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

An analysis of the Treasurer's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

H. Materials and Supplies Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of proprietary fund capital assets is also capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	25 - 80
Equipment	3 - 25
Infrastructure	25 - 40

The City's infrastructure consists of a streets subsystem, storm sewer subsystem, and water and sewer lines.

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees wage rates at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after seven years of service with the City (non-bargaining employees) and ten years of service with the City (bargaining employees).

K. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit beyond December 31, 2005, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditures/expense in the year in which the services are consumed. The City had no material prepaid items as of December 31, 2005.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

M. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net assets, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

N. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

O. Fund Balance Reserves

The City reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditures. As a result, encumbrances and materials and supplies inventory are recorded as a reservation of fund balance.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the BFS and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Contributed Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from contributions of capital assets or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. Capital contributions are reported as revenue in the proprietary fund financial statements. During 2005, the storm water enterprise fund was established and the fund received \$2,098,885 in capital contributions which consisted of storm water assets previously reported in governmental activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

S. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2005, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 40 "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures", and GASB Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries".

GASB Statement No. 40 establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to investment risks: credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk) and interest rate risk. This statement also establishes and modifies disclosure requirements for custodial credit risk on deposits.

GASB Statement No. 42 amends GASB Statement No. 34 and establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for impairment of capital assets and accounting requirements for insurance recoveries.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 40 and GASB Statement No. 42 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City, however additional note disclosure can be found in Note 4.

B. Deficit Fund Balance

Fund balances at December 31, 2005 included the following individual fund deficit:

	Deficit	
Major Fund Recreation Center	\$	94,980
Nonmajor Fund Police Pension		73,421

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balance in the Recreation Center fund is the result of a note payable reported as a fund liability and the deficit fund balance in the Police Pension fund is the result of a pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories as defined by the City's investment policy. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits in interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim moneys may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

- 1. Bonds and other obligations guaranteed by the United States;
- 2. Discount notes of the Federal National Mortgage Association;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Bonds of the State of Ohio; and
- 4. Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, county, township, or other political subdivision of Ohio, as to which there is no default of principal, interest or coupons;

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2005, the carrying amount of all City deposits was \$5,030,092, exclusive of the \$791,541 repurchase agreement included in investments below. As of December 31, 2005, \$4,906,733 of the City's bank balance of \$5,242,818 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$336,085 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As permitted by Ohio Revised Code, the City's deposits are collateralized by a pool of eligible securities deposited with Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the Federal Reserve System, in the name of the depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all public deposits held by the depository. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

B. Investments

As of December 31, 2005, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities				
		Balance at 6 months				
Investment type		Fair Value		Fair Value less		less
Repurchase agreements	\$	791,541	\$	791,541		
STAR Ohio		3,299,177		3,299,177		
	\$	4,090,718	\$	4,090,718		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The City's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring the consideration of market conditions and cash flow requirements in determining the term of an investment.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in Ohio law that prohibits payments for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee. The City's investment in repurchase agreements is collateralized by underlying securities pledged by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the City. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to a repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard service rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by requiring investments to be diversified to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific issue or specific class of securities. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2005:

Investment type	_]	Fair Value	<u>% of Total</u>
Repurchase agreements STAR Ohio	\$	791,541 3,299,177	19.35 80.65
	\$	4,090,718	100.00

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of December 31, 2005:

Cash and Investments per footnote	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 5,030,092
Investments	 4,090,718
Total	\$ 9,120,810
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 2,837,736
Business type activities	6,096,951
Private-purpose trust fund	37,725
Agency fund	 148,398
Total	\$ 9,120,810

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The general fund transferred \$300,000 to the recreation center fund to pay a portion of the construction costs. The remaining transfers are general operating transfers. These transfers consist of \$431,000 to Fire/EMS Levy Fund, \$1,681,900 to Street Maintenance and Repair Fund, \$552,000 to Bond Retirement fund, and \$145,000 to the police pension fund. The \$2,000 represents the monthly transfer of 7% of levy revenue for capital outlay. The \$60,000 transfer from the general fund to the Storm Water fund was to subsidize the start-up of storm water operations. An additional transfer of \$2,098,885 has been recorded on the statement of activities to transfer storm water capital assets previously reported in governmental activities to business-type activities, due to the establishment of the Storm Water enterprise fund.

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
<u>Major Funds</u>		
General Fund	\$ -	\$3,169,900
Fire/EMS Levy Fund	431,000	2,000
Street Maintenance and Repair Fund	1,681,900	-
Bond Retirement Fund	552,000	-
Recreation Center Fund	300,000	-
Storm Water Fund	60,000	
Total Major funds	3,024,900	3,171,900
Nonmajor Funds		
Fire/EMS Capital Fund	2,000	-
Police Pension Fund	145,000	<u> </u>
Total Nonmajor funds	147,000	
Total	\$3,171,900	\$3,171,900

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2005, consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, special assessments, accounts and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenues. All receivables are deemed collectible in full.

No allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded because uncollectible amounts are expected to be insignificant.

Special assessments expected to be collected in more than one year amount to \$910,000 in the bond retirement fund. The City had no material outstanding delinquencies at December 31, 2005.

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the City. Property tax revenues received during 2005 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2004 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2005 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for 2005 taxes.

2004 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2005, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2005, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2005 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2005 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2004, are levied after October 1, 2005 and collected in 2006 real property taxes.

2005 tangible personal property taxes were levied after October 1, 2004, on the value as of December 31, 2004. Collections are made in 2005. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent of true value for inventory.

The tax full rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2005, was \$6.15 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2005 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	\$ 360,024,610
Public Utility Property	7,545,680
Tangible Personal Property	 37,579,092
Total	\$ 405,149,382

Real property taxes are payable annually and semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due January 20, the remainder payable by June 20. State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable at September 20.

The County Fiscal Officer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, including the City of Tallmadge. The County Fiscal Officer periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2005 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the general fund, fire/ems levy and police pension special revenue funds, the entire receivable has been offset by deferred revenue since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2005 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue while the remainder of the receivable is deferred.

B. Municipal Income Taxes

The City levies a municipal income tax of 2 percent on all income earned within the City as well as on income of residents earned outside of the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100 percent on the income earned outside of the City and paid to another municipality. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the City at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually.

Ohio law requires all City income tax rates above 1 percent to be voted by residents of the City. Additional increase in the income tax rate would require voter approval. The City, by ordinance, designates the income tax for capital outlay, leisure time activities and general governmental operations for programs within the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

C. Intergovernmental Receivables

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities	Amounts	
Local Government	\$	482,723
Homestead and Rollback		96,529
Inheritance Tax		55,956
Public Utility Reimbursements		8,365
Miscellaneous		8,881
Liquor Tax		1,137
Auto License Tax		73,994
Gas Tax and Municipal		
Cents per Gallon Tax		274,628
Total	<u>\$</u> 1	,002,213

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

<u>Governmental Activities:</u>	Balance 12/31/04	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/05
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,869,901	\$ -	\$ (129,267)	\$ 2,740,634
Construction in progress	161,504	185,538	(161,504)	185,538
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	3,031,405	185,538	(290,771)	2,926,172
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	13,902,141	37,794	(6,716)	13,933,219
Equipment	6,801,530	429,233	(52,402)	7,178,361
Infrastructure				
Street Subsystem	17,522,527	633,448	-	18,155,975
Storm Sewers Subsystem	2,542,530		(2,542,530)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	40,768,728	1,100,475	(2,601,648)	39,267,555
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(2,659,520)	(348,542)	6,716	(3,001,346)
Equipment	(5,027,062)	(417,627)	52,402	(5,392,287)
Infrastructure				
Street Subsystem	(6,937,536)	(592,375)	-	(7,529,911)
Storm Sewers Subsystem	(572,912)		572,912	
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,197,030)	(1,358,544)	632,030	(15,923,544)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	25,571,698	(258,069)	(1,969,618)	23,344,011
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 28,603,103	<u>\$ (72,531)</u>	<u>\$(2,260,389)</u>	\$26,270,183

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

Business-Type Activities:	Balance 12/31/04	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/05
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 196,252	\$ 129,267	\$ -	\$ 325,519
Construction in progress	7,243	53,325	(7,243)	53,325
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	203,495	182,592	(7,243)	378,844
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	1,464,561	-	-	1,464,561
Equipment	1,012,562	46,170	(7,314)	1,051,418
Infrastructure				
Water Lines	8,281,411	-	-	8,281,411
Sewer Lines	7,622,263	-	-	7,622,263
Storm Sewer Subsystem		2,586,836		2,586,836
Total capital assets, being depreciated	18,380,797	2,633,006	(7,314)	21,006,489
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(663,525)	(44,295)	-	(707,820)
Equipment	(564,355)	(57,953)	3,157	(619,151)
Infrastructure				
Water Lines	(3,151,805)	(179,838)	-	(3,331,643)
Sewer Lines	(3,313,253)	(151,144)	-	(3,464,397)
Storm Sewer Subsystem		(658,404)		(658,404)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,692,938)	(1,091,634)	3,157	(8,781,415)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	10,687,859	1,541,372	(4,157)	12,225,074
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 10,891,354</u>	\$1,723,964	<u>\$ (11,400)</u>	\$12,603,918

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 159,028
Security of persons and property	241,842
Public health and welfare	1,110
Transportation	758,877
Leisure time activity	197,687
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 1,358,544</u>

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASE

During 2005, the City entered into a capital lease for three police vehicles. This capital lease will be paid out of the general fund. This lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases." Capital assets were capitalized at the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time the lease was entered into.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>				
Assets: Equipment	\$	41,684			
Less: accumulated depreciation		(2,084)			
Total	\$	39,600			

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2005:

Year Ended	
December 31,	Amount
2006	\$ 15,144
2007	15,144
2008	15,144
Total	45,432
Less: amount representing interest	(3,748)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 41,684

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 9 - NOTE PAYABLE

A summary of the note transactions for the year ended December 31, 2005 follows:

	Balance <u>12/31/2004</u>	Issued	Retired	Balance <u>12/31/2005</u>
Recreation Center Improvement Note - 1.388%	<u>\$ 300,000</u>	<u>\$ 100,000</u>	<u>\$ (300,000)</u>	<u>\$ 100,000</u>

The note is backed by the full faith and credit of the City and matures within one year. The note was issued to fund the building of a recreation center. The note liability is reflected in the recreation center fund which received the proceeds. The note was issued in anticipation of long-term bond financing (see Note 20).

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The original issue date, interest rate, original issue amount and date of maturity of each of the City's bonds and loans follows:

6.390%	493,000	6/1/2012
5.862%	450,000	12/1/2016
4.560%	285,000	12/1/2008
4.725%	425,000	12/1/2011
4.725%	250,000	12/1/2011
6.000%	1,070,000	12/1/2020
6.390%	852,000	6/1/2012
6.540%	1,250,000	12/1/2015
5.120%	2,400,000	12/1/2018
4.725%	2,270,000	12/1/2021
1.388%	4,200,000	3/15/2005
3.250%	3,900,000	3/13/2006
	5.862% 4.560% 4.725% 4.725% 6.000% 6.390% 6.540% 5.120% 4.725%	5.862% 450,000 4.560% 285,000 4.725% 425,000 4.725% 250,000 6.000% 1,070,000 6.390% 852,000 6.540% 1,250,000 5.120% 2,400,000 4.725% 2,270,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The changes in long-term obligations during the year were as follows:

Business-Type Activities:	Balance at 12/31/2004	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/2005	Amounts Due in One Year
Special Assessment Bonds 1992 Southwest Sanitary Sewer and Water 1996 Northwest Quad Sanitary Sewer 1998 Ernest Waterline 2001 Elm/Ferguson Waterline 2001 Parker/Milton Waterline	\$ 191,000 325,000 130,000 315,000 185,000	\$ - - - -	\$ (25,000) (20,000) (30,000) (40,000) (25,000)	\$ 166,000 305,000 100,000 275,000 160,000	\$ 24,000 20,000 30,000 40,000 25,000
Total Special Assessment Bonds	1,146,000		(140,000)	1,006,000	139,000
Compensated Absences	45,050	13,345	(13,863)	44,532	4,074
Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$ 1,191,050</u>	<u>\$ 13,345</u>	<u>\$ (153,863)</u>	<u>\$ 1,050,532</u>	<u>\$ 143,074</u>
Governmental Activities: <u>General Obligation Bonds</u> 1992 Tallmadge Woods 1995 Concrete Streets 1998 Storm Water Improvement 2001 City Building Improvement	\$ 329,000 860,000 1,895,000 1,975,000	\$ - - -	\$ (40,000) (55,000) (95,000) (85,000)	\$ 289,000 805,000 1,800,000 1,890,000	\$ 41,000 60,000 100,000 85,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	5,059,000		(275,000)	4,784,000	286,000
Special Assessment Bonds 2000 West Avenue Street Improvement	945,000	<u>-</u>	(35,000)	910,000	40,000
Long-Term Notes 2004 Recreation Center Improvement Note 2005 Recreation Center Improvement Note	3,900,000	3,800,000	(3,900,000)	3,800,000	-
Total Long-Term Notes	3,900,000	3,800,000	(3,900,000)	3,800,000	
Capital Lease	-	41,684	-	41,684	13,245
Compensated Absences	824,385	196,830	(151,646)	869,569	163,792
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$ 10,728,385</u>	<u>\$ 4,038,514</u>	<u>\$ (4,361,646)</u>	<u>\$ 10,405,253</u>	<u>\$ 503,037</u>

Under business-type activities Ernest Waterline, Elm/Ferguson Waterline and Parker/Milton Waterline are all petitioned waterline improvement projects. These projects are paid by assessments over a ten year period and will be paid from the water operating fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Southwest Sanitary Sewer and Water is a petitioned sewer and water project which was assessed over a twenty year period. This will be paid from the water and sewer operating funds.

Northwest Quad Sanitary Sewer is a petitioned twenty year sewer project. This project is paid by assessments over a twenty year period form the sanitary sewer operating fund.

Under governmental activities Tallmadge Woods, Concrete Streets, Storm Water Improvement and City Building Improvement are twenty year general obligations bonds. These bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City and are paid from the bond retirement fund.

West Avenue Street Improvement is a twenty year assessed street improvement project and is paid from the bond retirement fund.

The special assessment bonds will be paid from the proceeds of special assessments levied against benefited property owners. In the event a property owner would fail to pay the assessment, payment would be made by the City.

Capital leases consisted of the purchase of three police vehicles which are paid from the general fund.

Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund, fire/ems levy fund, street maintenance and repair fund, and sewer and water operating funds.

Bond anticipation notes that are refinanced prior to the issuance of the basic financial statements and have a maturity date more than 12 months subsequent to the end of the year are reported in the long-term liabilities and will be paid from the recreation center capital projects fund. This note is backed by the full faith of the City of Tallmadge.

As of December 31, 2005, the City's overall legal debt margin (the ability to issue additional amounts of general obligation bonded debt) was \$33,876,436 and the unvoted legal debt margin was \$13,618,967. Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2005 are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds					West Avenue Special Assessment							
Year	P	rincipal	_	Interest	_	Total	_	Principal		Interest	_	Total
2006	\$	286,000	\$	256,623	\$	542,623	\$	40,000	\$	54,600	\$	94,600
2007		301,000		242,351		543,351		40,000		52,200		92,200
2008		311,000		227,109		538,109		45,000		49,800		94,800
2009		321,000		211,037		532,037		45,000		47,100		92,100
2010		331,000		194,233		525,233		50,000		44,400		94,400
2011 - 2015	1	,824,000		684,470	2	2,508,470		290,000		174,300		464,300
2016 - 2020	1	1,245,000		224,980	1	1,469,980		400,000		75,900		475,900
2021		165,000		9,075		174,075				-	_	-
Total	\$ 4	4,784,000	\$	2,049,878	\$6	5,833,878	\$	910,000	\$	498,300	\$	1,408,300

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

	Business-Type Activity									
		Special Assessment Debt								
		-								
Year	F	rincipal	_I	Interest		Total				
2006	\$	139,000	\$	51,712	\$	190,712				
2007		149,000		45,219		194,219				
2008		154,000		38,071		192,071				
2009		119,000		30,483		149,483				
2010		129,000		25,971		154,971				
2011 - 2015		281,000		48,003		329,003				
2016		35,000		2,100		37,100				
Total	\$	1,006,000	\$	241,559	\$ 1	1,247,559				

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2005, the City contracted with Selective Insurance of South Carolina for general liability, automobile, firefighters, errors and omissions, and police and professional liability for the policy period covering January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2005. Selective Insurance also covers buildings and contents and boiler and machinery. The City carries a \$2,000,000 general liability with \$1,000,000 occurrence and a \$1,000,000 automobile liability and a \$10,000,000 umbrella liability extending coverage on the general, automobile, police professional liability, firefighter's errors and omissions and public official's liability.

Western Surety Company insures performance bonds for all necessary officials and Old Republic/Century Surety covers other employees. The City carries individual bonds for the Director of Finance and the Treasurer in the amount of \$250,000. All persons working under the Director of Finance or Treasurer are bonded for the sum of \$50,000. All other employees paid by the City are covered by a \$10,000 blanket bond. In addition, the City carries blanket bond insurance with \$100,000 per occurrence for guaranteeing the honest and faithful performance of the City's employees.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The City participates in the Ohio Association of Rural Water and Wastewater Systems Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 12). The intent of GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the City by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating cities is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all cities in the GRP.

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This equity pooling arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participating in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost controls, and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The City has elected to provide employee comprehensive medical and dental benefits through a selfinsurance program. The City maintains a self-insurance fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks for loss in this program. The plan provides a comprehensive medical plan with an out of pocket cost of \$500 single and \$1,000 family for in the network and a deductible of \$500 single, \$1,000 couple and \$1,500 family for out of the network. The City uses a third party administrator to review, process, and pay all claims, on behalf of the City.

The City purchases stop-loss coverage for claims in excess of \$50,000 per employee per year and an aggregate of \$1,000,000. The City pays into the self-insurance internal service fund \$1,250 per family coverage or \$500 for individual coverage per employee per month which represents the entire premium required. This premium is paid by the fund that pays the salary of the employee and is based on historical cost information.

The claims liability of \$75,898 reported in the internal service fund at December 31, 2005 is estimated by a third party administrator and is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in the fund's claims liability amounts in 2004 and 2005 are:

	Balance at					
	Beginning	Current	Claims	Balance at		
	of Year	Claims	Payment	End of Year		
2004	\$ 82,846	\$ 547,181	\$ (595,077)	\$ 34,950		
2005	34,950	776,038	(735,090)	75,898		

NOTE 12 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

The Ohio Association of Rural Water and Wastewater Systems Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan has created a group insurance pool for the purpose of creating a group rating plan for workers' compensation. The governing body is comprised of the members who have been appointed by the respective governing body of each member.

The intent of the pool is to achieve a reduced rate for the City and the other group members. The injury claim history of all participating members is used to calculate a common rate for the group. An annual fee is paid to Comp Management, Inc. to administer the group and to manage any injury claims. Premium savings created by the group are prorated to each member entity annually based on its payroll percent of the group.

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The City participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 E. Town St., Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement or public safety participating in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 8.5% of their annual covered salaries. Members participating in the traditional plan who were in law enforcement contributed 10.1% of their annual covered salary; members in public safety contributed 9%. The City's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2005 was 9.55%, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety. For those classifications, the City's pension contributions were 12.7% of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The City's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$390,116, \$374,147, and \$327,404, respectively; 100% has been contributed for 2005, 2004 and 2003. The City and plan members did not make any contributions to the member-directed plan for 2005.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual costof-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations while the City is required to contribute 11.75% for police officers and 16.25% for firefighters. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The City's contributions to the fund for the police and firefighters were \$173,238 and \$117,421 for the year ended December 31, 2005, \$174,234 and \$116,864 for the year ended December 31, 2004, and \$170,344 and \$105,097 for the year ended December 31, 2003. The full amount has been contributed for 2004 and 2003. 73.01% for police and 73.12% for firefighters has been contributed for 2005 with the remainder being reported as a liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 14 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12, "Disclosure of Information on Postemployment Benefits other than Pension Benefits by State and Local Government Employers". A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2005 local government employer contribution rate was 13.55% of covered payroll (16.70% for public safety and law enforcement); 4.00% of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2004, include a rate of return on investments of 8.00%, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.00% compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50% and 6.3% based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase at the projected wage inflation rate plus an additional factor ranging from 1.00% to 6.00% annually for the next eight years and 4.00% annually after eight years.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 376,109 as of December 31, 2005. The number of active participants for both plans used in the December 31, 2004 actuarial valuation was 355,287. Actual employer contributions for 2005 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$163,397. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2004 (the latest information available) were \$10.8 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$29.5 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2004 the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. The HCPP restructures OPERS's health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to increasing health care costs. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

Under the HCPP, retirees eligible for health care coverage will receive a graded monthly allocation based on their years of service at retirement. The Plan incorporates a cafeteria approach, offering a broad range of health care options that allow benefit recipients to use their monthly allocation to purchase health care coverage customized to meet their individual needs. If the monthly allocation exceeds the cost of the options selected, the excess is deposited into a Retiree Medical Account that can be used to fund future health care expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 14 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) provides postretirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school, or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12, "Disclosure of Information on Postemployment Benefits other than Pension Benefits by State and Local Government Employers". The Ohio Revised Code provides the authority allowing the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's board of trustees to provide health care coverage and states that health care costs paid form the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. The total police employer contribution rate is 19.5% of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24% of covered payroll, of which 7.75% of covered payroll was applied to the postemployment health care program during 2004 and 2005. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.

The City's actual contributions for 2005 that were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$114,055 for police and \$56,022 for firefighters. The OP&F's total health care expense for the year ended December 31, 2004 (the latest information available) was \$102,173,796, which was net of member contributions of \$55,665,341. The number of OP&F participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2004 (the latest information available), was 13,812 for police and 10,528 for firefighters.

NOTE 15 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick leave at various rates.

Vacation leave is earned at rates which vary depending upon length of service. Current policy credits vacation leave on January 1 of each year for all full time employees. Vacation accumulation may not exceed two weeks accrual at year end. Any unused excess is eliminated from the employee's leave balance. In case of death, termination, lay-off, or retirement, an employee (or his estate) is paid for his unused vacation to a maximum of two weeks carry-over of previous year plus any current year accrual which depends on time of year plus number of years service.

Sick leave is earned at the rate of .0575 hours per hour of service. Upon termination, an employee with at least 7 years of service may receive up to 50 percent of their accumulated sick leave not to exceed a maximum of 150 days. Termination payments are calculated using the rate of pay at the date of termination.

B. Life Insurance

The City provides life insurance to its employees through Standard Life Insurance Company of Oregon.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund and major special revenue fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Unreported cash represents amounts received but not included as revenue on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statement.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements (as reported in the fund financial statements) to the budgetary basis statements for all governmental funds for which a budgetary basis statement is presented.

	General	Fire/EMS Levy	Street Maintenance and Repair		
Budget basis	\$ 222,054	\$ 93,007	\$ (97,571)		
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(13,092)	(18,671)	19,324		
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(188,307)	23,787	112,649		
Net adjustment for other financing sources (uses)	41,684	-	-		
Adjustment for encumbrances	266,643	2,130	59,323		
GAAP basis	\$ 328,982	<u>\$ 100,253</u>	<u>\$ 93,725</u>		

Net Change in Fund Balance

NOTE 17 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Akron Metropolitan Area Transportation Study (AMATS)

The City participates in the Akron Metropolitan Area Transportation Study. This organization is responsible for fulfilling the area's continuous, cooperative and comprehensive transportation planning process. The AMATS service area consists of Summit, Portage, and Chippewa Township of Wayne County. AMATS is led by the AMATS Transportation Policy Committee. The City is a member of the 43 member Policy Committee that is responsible for the preparation of regional transportation policies, plans and programs that meet the areas present and future needs. In 2005, the City contributed \$2,730 to the Akron Metropolitan Area Transportation Study, which represents the City's formula share.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 17 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

Brimfield Township - City of Tallmadge Joint Economic Development District (District) - The City of Tallmadge has entered into a contractual agreement effective January 1, 2004 with Brimfield Township to facilitate economic development to create or preserve jobs and employment opportunities and to improve the economic welfare of the people of the State of Ohio, the Counties of Summit and Portage, the City, the Township and the District. The District is administered by a five member Board of Directors consisting of one member representing the City and appointed by the Mayor, one member representing the Township and appointed by the Township Trustees, one member who is a business owner in the District representing the business owners in the District and appointed by the Township Trustees, one member who is a person employed within the District and appointed by the Mayor with confirmation of City Council and one member selected by unanimous vote of all members appointed at the time. The City nor the Township have any fixed financial obligation set aside for administrative costs and expenses of the Board. The City is responsible for basic administrative costs of the Board. The Board of Directors has entered into an agreement to administer, collect and enforce the income tax on behalf of the District with the City of Tallmadge and the Treasurer of the City. Upon termination of the contractual agreement, any property, assets and obligations of the District shall be divided equally between the parties, except that any items of infrastructure constructed by or for anybody shall be retained by that party.

<u>Summit Suburban Council of Governments (Council)</u> – On September 8, 2005, the City passed a resolution to join the Council and to enter into a co-operative agreement with the Council to provide unified emergency dispatch services in a cost efficient manner that insures an effective and quality program by working in cooperation with other local governments, as well as state and federal agencies and departments to integrate the program. The communities that have agreed to join the co-operative agreement are Brimfield township, the villages of Lakemore, Mogadore and Silver Lake, and the cities of Green, Munroe Falls, Stow and Tallmadge.

NOTE 18 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

On December 31, 2005, the City had a total of \$205,373 in contractual commitments. These included \$156,000 to Motorola for the 800 MHz radios, \$24,403 to Horton Emergency Vehicles for the down payment on the new ambulance, and \$24,970 to Creative Microsystems for the new finance software upgrade.

NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The City received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2005.

B. Litigation

The City of Tallmadge is a party to legal proceedings. The City management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 30, 2006, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement for a Fire Ambulance Truck in the amount of \$96,190. Principal and interest payments begin on January 30, 2007, and the last payment is due January 30, 2011. The annual interest rate is 4.92%.

On March 1, 2006, the City issued \$3,800,000 in general obligation bonds to retire \$3,800,000 recreation improvement notes which mature on March 16, 2006. The recreation center bonds have an annual interest rate ranging from 3.50% to 5.00% and mature in 2031. The City also issued \$870,000 to refund the 1995 Street Improvement bonds. The refunding portion matures in 2015 with an annual interest rate ranging from 3.50% to 3.75%.

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COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The general fund accounts for all financial reosurces except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City and/or the general laws of Ohio.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are used to account for all specific financial resources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted for specified expenditure purposes. The following are the special revenue funds which the City operates:

Major Special Revenue Funds

Fire/EMS Levy Fund

The fire/emergency medical service levy fund accounts for property tax collections received through a (5) year tax levy. An additional source of significant revenue is charges for services. Expenditures are for the operations of the fire and emregency medical service programs and staff.

Street Maintenance and Repair Fund

The street maintenance and repair fund is required by Ohio Revised Code to account for that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of streets within the City.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Fire/EMS Capital Fund

To accumulate a portion of the fire and EMS property tax collections to be used exclusively for repair and refurbishment of equipment.

State Highway Fund

Required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of State highways within the City.

Community Development Fund

To account for monies received from the Community Development Block Grant Project.

Alcohol Enforcement and Education Fund

Required by Ohio Revised Code Section 4511.99 to account for fines received from offenders. These funds are used in educating the public of laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle and the dangers of the operations of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund

To account for proceeds from the sale of contraband that are restricted to subsidizing law enforcement efforts.

Drug Law Enforcement Trust Fund

To account for monies from mandatory fines for trafficking offenses to be used for the investigation and prosecution of drug cases.

Emergency Medical Service Donation Fund

To account for donations received for the City's emergency medical service and fire programs.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Police Pension Fund

To accumulate property taxes and subsidy from the General Fund for the payment of the current and accrued police disability and pension benefits.

MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund is used to account for monies used for the purpose of retiring principal and interest on debt.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary fund types. Following is a description of the capital project funds:

Major Capital Projects Fund

Recreation Center Fund

The recreation center fund is used to account for revenue and expenditures related to the construction of the new recreation facility.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

General Infrastructure Reserve Fund

To account for a percentage of revenue from the General Fund, in accordance with local ordinances, to maintain the general infrastructure of the City.

Northeast Avenue Road Improvement Project

To account for the Northeast Avenue road improvements.

Northwest Avenue Road Improvement Project

To account for the Northwest Avenue road improvements.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **GENERAL FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
	Original			Final		Actual		Positive legative)
Revenues:		original		1 11141		1 iciuui		(eguille)
Taxes								
Personal property.	\$	88,576	\$	92,945	\$	114,373	\$	21,428
Real estate (public utility)		678,784		701,507		680,079		(21,428)
Municipal income taxes		7,000,000		7,146,819		7,211,174		64,355
Franchise tax		-		106,657		80,033		(26,624)
Intergovernmental								
Local government		1,007,734		1,070,422		1,070,422		-
Rollback		88,227		92,547		92,547		-
Inheritance		-		203,558		215,053		11,495
Miscellaneous		3,109		140,538		164,109		23,571
Investment income		201,625		84,513		145,058		60,545
Fines, licenses and permits		425,101		290,600		305,836		15,236
Special assessments.		20,471		15,100		14,728		(372)
Charges for services		1,781,491		1,295,456		1,281,683		(13,773)
Miscellaneous.		38,512		28,778		27,707		(1,071)
Total revenues.		11,333,630		11,269,440		11,402,802		133,362
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Mayor/Administration		433,535		433,399		420,243		13,156
Finance Director		494,817		493,982		493,472		510
Law Director		298,253		298,251		287,669		10,582
Service Director		331,639		336,214		324,790		11,424
Manager of Information Service		110,309		110,200		108,447		1,753
Council		159,900		159,900		158,020		1,880
Treasurer		316,813		328,813		327,922		891
Civil Service		17,900		22,600		21,744		856
Custodian		189,011		189,011		180,557		8,454
General administration		509,105		460,100		459,710		390
Boards and commissions		9,200		9,200		4,897		4,303
Total general government		2,870,482		2,841,670		2,787,471		54,199
Security of persons and property								
Police		3,058,880		3,057,760		3,008,229		49,531
Street lighting		20,100		20,100		12,834		7,266
Total security of persons and property .		3,078,980		3,077,860		3,021,063		56,797
Transportation								
Garage		314,114		334,063		325,583		8,480
Total transportation		314,114		334,063		325,583		8,480
r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								

Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Fin	iance with al Budget
	(Original		Final	 Actual		Positive legative)
Community environment							
Building	\$	229,181	\$	228,821	\$ 223,203	\$	5,618
Zoning		175,961		175,939	 178,873		(2,934)
Total community environment		405,142		404,760	 402,076		2,684
Leisure time activities							
Recreation		806,039		983,258	963,843		19,415
Maca Aquatic Center		84,400		299,400	 318,660		(19,260)
Total leisure time activities		890,439		1,282,658	 1,282,503		155
Capital outlay							
Radio equipment.		40,000		196,000	192,152		3,848
Recreation equipment		40,000		-	 -		-
Total capital outlay		80,000		196,000	 192,152		3,848
Total expenditures		7,639,157		8,137,011	 8,010,848		126,163
Excess of revenues over expenditures		3,694,473		3,132,429	 3,391,954		259,525
Other financing sources (uses):							
Advances in							
Northeast avenue road improvement .		-		142,300	142,300		-
Northwest avenue road improvement .		-		175,000	175,000		-
Advances out							
Northeast avenue road improvement.		-		(142,300)	(142,300)		-
Northwest avenue road improvement.		-		(175,000)	(175,000)		-
Transfers in		86,900		-	-		-
Police pension		(145,000)		(145,000)	(145,000)		-
Fire/EMS Levy.		(431,000)		(431,000)	(431,000)		-
Street maintenance and repair		(1,681,900)		(1,681,900)	(1,681,900)		-
Debt service		(552,000)		(552,000)	(552,000)		-
Recreation center		(300,000)		(300,000)	(300,000)		-
Storm water		(60,000)		(60,000)	 (60,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,083,000)		(3,169,900)	 (3,169,900)		-
Net change in fund balance		611,473		(37,471)	222,054		259,525
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,712,092		1,184,257	1,184,257		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated.		166,957		166,957	 166,957		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,490,522	\$	1,313,743	\$ 1,573,268	\$	259,525

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

		onmajor al Revenue Funds		onmajor ital Project Fund	Total Nonmajo Governmental Funds		
Assets:	¢	115.000	¢	(2, 122	¢	100.454	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	117,022	\$	63,432	\$	180,454	
Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles): Real and other taxes		126 417				126 417	
		126,417 85		-		126,417 85	
Accounts		85 50		- 87		85 137	
				0/			
Intergovernmental		30,935		-		30,935	
Total assets	\$	274,509	\$	63,519	\$	338,028	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	2,458	\$	-	\$	2,458	
Accrued wages and benefits		1,585		-		1,585	
Intergovernmental payable.		82,297		-		82,297	
Deferred revenue.		147,178		26		147,204	
Total liabilities		233,518		26		233,544	
Fund Balances:							
Fund balances:							
Reserved for encumbrances		29,662		-		29,662	
Special revenue funds		11,329		-		11,329	
Capital projects funds		-		63,493		63,493	
Total fund balances		40,991		63,493		104,484	
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	274,509	\$	63,519	\$	338,028	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Spec	onmajor ial Revenue Funds		onmajor tal Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues:	.		<u>_</u>		<u>_</u>		
Property and other taxes	\$	110,908	\$	-	\$	110,908	
Intergovernmental.		270,796		317,256		588,052	
Investment income		1,064		1,778		2,842	
Fines, licenses and permits		9,591		-		9,591	
Other		1,009		-		1,009	
Total revenues		393,368		319,034		712,402	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of persons and property		324,600		-		324,600	
Transportation		47,010		317,256		364,266	
Capital outlay		224,827		52,258		277,085	
Total expenditures		596,437		369,514		965,951	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(203,069)		(50,480)		(253,549)	
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		147,000		-		147,000	
Total other financing sources		147,000				147,000	
Net change in fund balances		(56,069)		(50,480)		(106,549)	
Fund balances at beginning of year		97,060		113,973		211,033	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	\$	63,493	<u>\$ 104,</u>			

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

Assets:	Fire/EMS Capital		State Highway		Community Development		Enfo	lcohol orcement Education
Equity in pooled cash	¢	20.150	¢	20 (17	¢	6.570	¢	1 2 2 0
and cash equivalents	\$	30,159	\$	28,647	\$	6,570	\$	4,338
Real and other taxes.		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		-		-		85
Accrued interest.		42		8		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		24,550		-		-
Total assets	\$	30,201	\$	53,205	\$	6,570	\$	4,423
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued wages and benefits		-		1,585		-		-
Intergovernmental payable		-		1,427		-		-
Deferred revenue		13		14,363		-		-
Total liabilities		13		17,375				
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		26,504		-		-		-
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:		3,684		35,830		6,570		4,423
Special revenue funds		30,188		35,830		6,570		4,423
		50,188		55,850		0,570		-,423
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	30,201	\$	53,205	\$	6,570	\$	4,423

Enfo	Law orcement Frust	Drug Law Enforcement		Medie	ergency cal Service onation		Police Pension		Totals
\$	8,941	\$	25,798	\$	5,120	\$	7,449	\$	117,022
	-		-		-		126,417		126,417
	-		-		-		-		85
	-		-		-		-		50
	-			. <u> </u>	-	. <u> </u>	6,385		30,935
\$	8,941	\$	25,798	\$	5,120	\$	140,251	\$	274,509
\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,458	\$	-	\$	2,458
	-	÷	-		-	·	-		1,585
	-		-		-		80,870		82,297
	-		-		-		132,802		147,178
					2,458		213,672		233,518
	1,829		-		1,329		-		29,662
	7,112		25,798		1,333		(73,421)		11,329
	8,941		25,798		2,662		(73,421)		40,991
\$	8,941	\$	25,798	\$	5,120	\$	140,251	\$	274,509

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		re/EMS Capital	State ghway		mmunity elopment	Enfo	lcohol orcement Education
Revenues:							
Property and other taxes	\$ - 92,700		\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		,	55,449		110,000		-
Investment income.		889	175		-		- 574
Fines, licenses and permits. Other.		-	-		-		374
Oulei			 				
Total revenues.		93,589	 55,624		110,000		574
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of persons and property		-	-		-		-
Transportation		-	47,010		-		-
Capital outlay		114,827	 -		110,000		-
Total expenditures.		114,827	 47,010		110,000		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(21,238)	 8,614				574
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		2,000	 -		-		-
Total other financing sources		2,000	 				
Net change in fund balances		(19,238)	8,614		-		574
Fund balances at beginning of year (deficit)		49,426	 27,216		6,570		3,849
Fund balances at end of year (deficit)	\$	30,188	\$ 35,830	\$	6,570	\$	4,423

Enfor	aw cement rust	g Law cement	Medic	ergency al Service mation	Police Pension	,	Totals
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 110,908	\$	110,908
	-	-		-	12,647		270,796
	-	-		-	-		1,064
	25	8,992		-	-		9,591
	-	 -		1,009	 -		1,009
	25	 8,992		1,009	 123,555		393,368
	-	2,609		2,458	319,533		324,600 47,010 224,827
		 2,609		2,458	 319,533		596,437
	25	 6,383		(1,449)	 (195,978)		(203,069)
		 			 145,000		147,000
		 		-	 145,000		147,000
	25	6,383		(1,449)	(50,978)		(56,069)
	8,916	 19,415		4,111	 (22,443)		97,060
\$	8,941	\$ 25,798	\$	2,662	\$ (73,421)	\$	40,991

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **FIRE/EMS LEVY FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 1,043,681	\$ 1,074,475	\$ 1,081,097	\$ 6,622
Intergovernmental	118,036	140,490	125,106	(15,384)
Investment income	-	700	3,476	2,776
Fines, licenses and permits	-	100	77	(23)
Charges for services	329,027	356,826	368,521	11,695
Miscellaneous	-	8,227	3,896	(4,331)
Total revenues.	1,490,744	1,580,818	1,582,173	1,355
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of persons and property				
Fire	1,875,433	1,927,010	1,918,166	8,844
Total security of persons and property .	1,875,433	1,927,010	1,918,166	8,844
Total expenditures	1,875,433	1,927,010	1,918,166	8,844
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(384,689)	(346,192)	(335,993)	10,199
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in.	320,351	431,000	431,000	-
Transfers out	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	318,351	429,000	429,000	-
Net change in fund balance	(66,338)	82,808	93,007	10,199
Fund balance at beginning of year	182,157	44,093	44,093	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	7,433	7,433	7,433	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 123,252	\$ 134,334	\$ 144,533	\$ 10,199

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **STREET MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive				
		Original	Final		Actual	-	legative)
Revenues:			 				
Intergovernmental	\$	1,633,256	\$ 722,500	\$	707,923	\$	(14,577)
Investment income		4,660	600		2,020		1,420
Charges for services		162,084	49,468		70,254		20,786
Miscellaneous.		-	 6,800				(6,800)
Total revenues.		1,800,000	 779,368		780,197		829
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public health and welfare		70,800	70,800		66,501		4,299
Transportation		1,534,739	1,530,046		1,548,874		(18,828)
Storm water management		56,954	55,967		55,967		-
Leisure time activities		283,400	283,400		242,757		40,643
Capital outlay							
Road program		608,400	608,400		606,253		2,147
N.E. Avenue Street improvement		39,316	 39,316		39,316		-
Total expenditures		2,593,609	 2,587,929		2,559,668		28,261
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(793,609)	 (1,808,561)		(1,779,471)		29,090
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in.		1,024,300	1,681,900		1,681,900		-
Total other financing sources		1,024,300	 1,681,900		1,681,900		-
Net change in fund balance.		230,691	(126,661)		(97,571)		29,090
Fund balance at beginning of year		147,900	186,631		186,631		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		172,507	 172,507		172,507		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	551,098	\$ 232,477	\$	261,567	\$	29,090

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **FIRE/EMS CAPITAL FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		its			Variance with Final Budget			
	0	riginal		Final	Actual			ositive egative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	69,949	\$	92,700	\$	92,700		-
Investment income		451		598		838		240
Total revenues		70,400		93,298		93,538		240
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
Equipment		50,000		142,700		141,331		1,369
Total other		50,000		142,700		141,331		1,369
Total expenditures		50,000		142,700		141,331		1,369
Excess of revenues over expenditures		20,400		(49,402)		(47,793)		1,609
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in.		2,000		2,000		2,000		-
Total other financing sources		2,000		2,000		2,000		-
Net change in fund balance		22,400		(47,402)		(45,793)		1,609
Fund balance at beginning of year		49,380		49,380		49,380		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	71,780	\$	1,978	\$	3,587	\$	1,609

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **STATE HIGHWAY FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Budgeted	Amoun	ıts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	0	riginal		Final		Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental.	\$	53,102	\$	53,766	\$	53,870	\$	104
Investment income		198		200		164		(36)
Total revenues.		53,300		53,966		54,034		68
Expenditures: Current:								
Transportation		55,400		55,400		44,462		10,938
Total expenditures.		55,400		55,400		44,462		10,938
Net change in fund balance		(2,100)		(1,434)		9,572		11,006
Fund balance at beginning of year		19,062		19,062		19,062		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	16,962	\$	17,628	\$	28,634	\$	11,006

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Budgeted	Amour	its			Variano Final B	udget
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	30,000	\$	110,000	\$	110,000	\$	-
Total revenues		30,000		110,000		110,000		-
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		30,000		110,000		110,000		-
Total expenditures		30,000		110,000		110,000		
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		6,570		6,570		6,570		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,570	\$	6,570	\$	6,570	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALCOHOL ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Α	ctual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Fines, licenses and permits	\$	1,000	\$	2,100	\$	524	\$	(1,576)
Total revenues		1,000		2,100		524		(1,576)
Expenditures: Current:								
Security of persons and property		1,100		1,100				1,100
Total expenditures		1,100		1,100				1,100
Net change in fund balance		(100)		1,000		524		(476)
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,814		3,814		3,814		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,714	\$	4,814	\$	4,338	\$	(476)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Fines, licenses and permits	\$	500	\$	1,200	\$ 25	\$	(1,175)
Total revenues		500		1,200	 25		(1,175)
Expenditures: Current:							
Security of persons and property		2,400		2,400	 1,829		571
Total expenditures		2,400		2,400	 1,829		571
Net change in fund balance		(1,900)		(1,200)	(1,804)		(604)
Fund balance at beginning of year		8,916		8,916	 8,916		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	7,016	\$	7,716	\$ 7,112	\$	(604)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			P	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Fines, licenses and permits	\$	500	\$	8,992	\$	8,992	\$	-
Total revenues		500		8,992		8,992		-
Expenditures: Current:								
Security of persons and property		3,700		3,700		2,609		1,091
Total expenditures		3,700		3,700		2,609		1,091
Net change in fund balance		(3,200)		5,292		6,383		1,091
Fund balance at beginning of year		19,415		19,415		19,415		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	16,215	\$	24,707	\$	25,798	\$	1,091

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE DONATION FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			A	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Miscellaneous	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	1,009	\$	(1,991)
Total revenues		3,000		3,000		1,009		(1,991)
Expenditures: Current:								
Security of persons and property		4,000		4,000		3,787		213
Total expenditures		4,000		4,000		3,787		213
Net change in fund balance		(1,000)		(1,000)		(2,778)		(1,778)
Fund balance at beginning of year		4,111		4,111		4,111		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,111	\$	3,111	\$	1,333	\$	(1,778)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **POLICE PENSION FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	109,623	\$	112,282	\$	110,908	\$	(1,374)
Intergovernmental		20,904		13,118		13,207		89
Miscellaneous		389		389		-		(389)
Total revenues		130,916		125,789		124,115		(1,674)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of persons and property		255,600		287,600		284,572		3,028
Total expenditures		255,600		287,600		284,572		3,028
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(124,684)		(161,811)		(160,457)		1,354
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		145,000		145,000		145,000		-
Total other financing sources		145,000		145,000		145,000		-
Net change in fund balance.		20,316		(16,811)		(15,457)		1,354
Fund balance at beginning of year		22,906		22,906		22,906		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	43,222	\$	6,095	\$	7,449	\$	1,354

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **BOND RETIREMENT FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:				I IIIai		Actual		egative)
Special assessments.	\$	109,590	\$	91,600	\$	81,859	\$	(9,741)
Total revenues.		109,590		91,600		81,859		(9,741)
Expenditures:								
Debt service:								
Princpal retirement		310,000		310,000		310,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		361,900		361,900		357,479		4,421
Total expenditures.		671,900		671,900		667,479		4,421
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(562,310)		(580,300)		(585,620)		(5,320)
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		552,000		552,000		552,000		-
Note premium		8,410		7,029		16,770		9,741
Total other financing sources		560,410		559,029		568,770		9,741
Net change in fund balance		(1,900)		(21,271)		(16,850)		4,421
Fund balance at beginning of year		36,601		36,601		36,601		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	34,701	\$	15,330	\$	19,751	\$	4,421

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

	General astructure	Road Im	st Avenue provement oject	Road Imp	st Avenue provement ject	r	Fotals
Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents.	\$ 63,432	\$	-	\$	-	\$	63,432
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Accrued interest.	 87						87
Total assets	\$ 63,519	\$	-	\$	-	\$	63,519
Liabilities:							
Deferred revenue	 26						26
Total liabilities	 26						26
Fund Balances:							
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:	62 402						62 402
Capital projects funds	 <u>63,493</u> 63,493						<u>63,493</u> <u>63,493</u>
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 63,519	\$		\$		\$	63,519

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	General Infrastructure	Northeast Avenue Road Improvement Project	Northwest Avenue Road Improvement Project	Totals
Revenues:			_	
Intergovernmental	\$ - 1,778	\$ 142,261	\$	\$ 317,256 1,778
Total revenues.	1,778	142,261	174,995	319,034
Expenditures:				
Current: Transportation	52,258	142,261	174,995	317,256 52,258
Total expenditures.	52,258	142,261	174,995	369,514
Net change in fund balances	(50,480)	-	-	(50,480)
Fund balances at beginning of year	113,973			113,973
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 63,493	\$	\$	\$ 63,493

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **RECREATION CENTER FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	8				
Miscellaneous.	\$ 100,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 68,960	\$ (6,040)	
Total revenues.	100,000	75,000	68,960	(6,040)	
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay	57,085	56,784	56,832	(48)	
Princpal retirement	4,200,000	4,200,000	4,200,000	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	59,000	59,000	58,693	307	
Total expenditures	4,316,085	4,315,784	4,315,525	259	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(4,216,085)	(4,240,784)	(4,246,565)	(5,781)	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	300,000	300,000	300,000	-	
Note issued	3,900,000	3,900,000	3,900,000		
Total other financing sources	4,200,000	4,200,000	4,200,000	-	
Net change in fund balance	(16,085)	(40,784)	(46,565)	(5,781)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	48,100	48,100	48,100	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	2,785	2,785	2,785		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 34,800	\$ 10,101	\$ 4,320	\$ (5,781)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **GENERAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$		\$		\$		\$	576
	100,000		1,164		1,740		576
	52,700		52,700		52,258		442
	52,700		52,700		52.258		442
	-)		,		- ,		
	47,300		(51,536)		(50,518)		1,018
			(-))		(,
	111,110		111,110		111,110		-
	2,700		2,700		2,700		-
			<u> </u>				
\$	161,110	\$	62,274	\$	63,292	\$	1,018
	 	Original \$ 100,000 100,000 100,000 52,700 52,700 47,300 111,110 2,700 2,700	Original \$ \$ 100,000 \$ \$ 100,000 \$ 52,700 \$ \$ 52,700 \$ \$ 47,300 \$ \$ 111,110 2,700 \$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline \hline Original & Final \\ \hline \hline Original & 100,000 & $ 1,164 \\ \hline 100,000 & $ 1,164 \\ \hline 100,000 & $ 1,164 \\ \hline 52,700 & $ 52,700 \\ \hline 52,700 & $ 52,700 \\ \hline 52,700 & $ 52,700 \\ \hline 47,300 & $ (51,536) \\ \hline 111,110 & $ 111,110 \\ \hline 2,700 & $ 2,700 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$		$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Budgeted Amounts Final Actual Propriation Original Final Actual (New state) \$ 100,000 \$ 1,164 \$ 1,740 \$ 100,000 \$ 1,164 \$ 1,740 \$ 52,700 52,700 52,258

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **NORTHEAST AVENUE ROAD IMPROVEMENT PROJECT FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Final	nce with Budget
	(Driginal		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	142,300	\$	142,261	\$	142,261	\$	-
Total revenues.		142,300		142,261		142,261		-
Expenditures:								
Transportation.		142,300		142,300		142,261		39
Total expenditures		142,300		142,300		142,261		39
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		-		(39)				39
Other financing sources (uses):								
Advances in		-		142,300		142,300		-
Advances out		-		(142,261)		(142,300)		(39)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		39		-		(39)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year								
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$		\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **NORTHWEST AVENUE ROAD IMPROVEMENT PROJECT FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Budgeted	l Amour	nts		Final	ice with Budget itive
	(Original		Final	Actual		ative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	175,000	\$	175,000	\$ 174,995	\$	(5)
Total revenues.		175,000		175,000	 174,995		(5)
Expenditures:							
Transportation.		175,000		175,000	 174,995		5
Total expenditures		175,000		175,000	 174,995		5
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures					 		
Other financing sources (uses):Advances in		-		175,000 (174,995) 5	 175,000 (175,000) -		(5)
Net change in fund balance		-		5	-		(5)
Fund balance at beginning of year					 		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	5	\$ 	\$	(5)

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The enterprise funds are used to account for the City's sewer and water operations. These operations are financed and operated in a manner similar to that of a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods and services on a continuing basis be recovered primarily through user charges. Following is a description of the City's major enterprise funds:

Sewer Operating Fund

The sewer operating fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

Water Operating Fund

The water operating fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

Storm Water Fund

The storm water fund accounts for the provison of storm water drainage runoff service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

NONMAJOR INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The following is the City's internal service fund:

Self Insurance Fund

This fund accounts for a self insurance program for employee medical and dental benefits.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SEWER OPERATING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Investment income	\$ 47,842	\$ 37,000	\$ 74,874	37,874
Charges for services	2,803,967	2,168,513	2,239,117	70,604
Special assessments	204,171	157,900	45,866	(112,034)
Miscellaneous	18,620	14,400	-	(14,400)
Total revenues.	3,074,600	2,377,813	2,359,857	(17,956)
Expenses:				
Personal services.	272,300	272,300	302,652	(30,352)
Materials and supplies	55,000	55,000	58,558	(3,558)
Contractual services	1,946,398	1,944,561	1,903,069	41,492
Other	94,198	93,957	78,090	15,867
Capital outlay	,	,	,	,
Software	8,400	8,400	8,400	-
Sewer cleaning.	40,000	40,000	20,622	19,378
Pumphouse radio.	12,500	12,500	12,000	500
Sewer pump replacement	15,500	15,472	6,033	9,439
Water meter replacement	10,000	10,000	9,868	132
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	37,000	37,000	37,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	27,800	27,800	27,789	11
Total expenses	2,519,096	2,516,990	2,464,081	52,909
Net change in fund equity	555,504	(139,177)	(104,224)	34,953
Fund equity at beginning of year	3,753,671	3,753,671	3,753,671	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	134,296	134,296	134,296	
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 4,443,471	\$ 3,748,790	\$ 3,783,743	\$ 34,953

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **WATER OPERATING FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budget	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Investment income.	\$ 8,826	\$ 8,600	\$ 37,021	28,421
Charges for services	1,757,293	1,712,263	1,827,464	115,201
Special assessments	179,602	175,000	178,379	3,379
Miscellaneous	3,079	3,000	4,230	1,230
Total revenues.	1,948,800	1,898,863	2,047,094	148,231
Expenses:				
Personal services.	272,400	272,400	241,571	30,829
Materials and supplies	94,000	94,000	64,561	29,439
Contractual services	1,217,000	1,217,000	1,096,196	120,804
Other	40,000	40,000	35,088	4,912
Capital outlay				
Software	8,400	8,400	8,400	-
Infrastructure	2,000	2,000	2,007	(7)
Nutwood waterline improvements	7,752	7,752	7,752	-
Pumphouse radio control	12,500	12,500	10,450	2,050
Water meter replacement	10,000	10,000	9,868	132
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	103,000	103,000	103,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	30,400	30,400	30,318	82
Total expenses	1,797,452	1,797,452	1,609,211	188,241
Net change in fund equity	151,348	101,411	437,883	336,472
Fund equity at beginning of year	1,594,520	1,594,520	1,594,520	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	9,752	9,752	9,752	
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 1,755,620	\$ 1,705,683	\$ 2,042,155	\$ 336,472

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **STORM WATER FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget		
	(Driginal		Final		Actual		Positive legative)	
Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	550,000	\$	270,000	\$	256,990		(13,010)	
Total revenues.		550,000		270,000		256,990		(13,010)	
Expenses:									
Contractual services		60,000		233,714		106,051		127,663	
Other		-		1,296		588		708	
Capital outlay									
Bierce stormwater		300,000		-		-		-	
Newton stormwater		50,000		44,990		20,415		24,575	
East stormwater		200,000		-		-		-	
Total expenses		610,000		280,000		127,054		152,946	
Net income (loss) before transfers		(60,000)		(10,000)		129,936		139,936	
Transfers in		60,000		60,000		60,000		-	
Net change in fund equity		-		50,000		189,936		139,936	
Fund equity at beginning of year				-					
Fund equity at end of year	\$		\$	50,000	\$	189,936	\$	139,936	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SELF-INSURANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	 Budgetee	l Amou	nts		Fii	riance with 1al Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	 Actual	(1	Negative)
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,545,167	\$	1,155,800	\$ 1,115,318	\$	(40,482)
Miscellaneous	138,233		103,400	28,367		(75,033)
Total revenues.	 1,683,400		1,259,200	 1,143,685		(115,515)
Expenses:						
Contractual services	536,800		536,800	411,908		124,892
Claims	694,800		694,800	735,090		(40,290)
Total expenses	1,231,600		1,231,600	1,146,998		84,602
Net change in fund equity	451,800		27,600	(3,313)		(30,913)
Fund equity at beginning of year	 316,073		316,073	 316,073		-
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 767,873	\$	343,673	\$ 312,760	\$	(30,913)

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTION - AGENCY FUND

AGENCY FUND

Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations. The following is the City's agency fund:

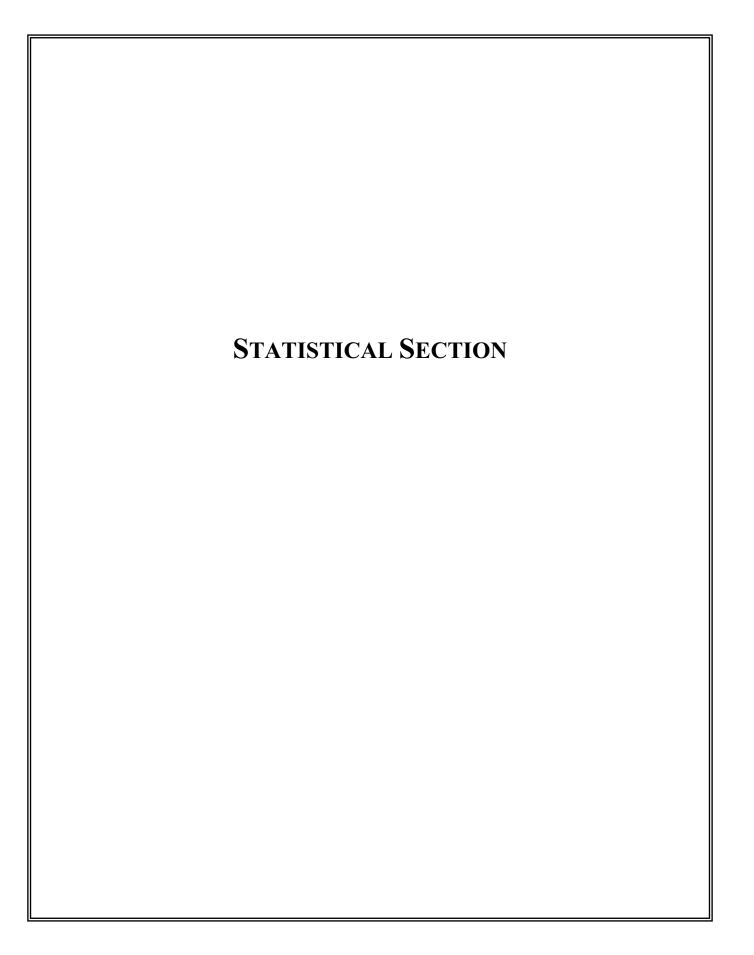
Revolving Trust Fund

To account for monies put on deposit with the City in accordance with various City ordinances.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Revolving Trust]	eginning Balance 2/31/2004	A	dditions	R	eductions	1	Ending Balance 2/31/2005
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	155,545	\$	120,505	\$	127,652	\$	148,398
Total assets.	\$	155,545	\$	120,505	\$	127,652	\$	148,398
Liabilities:								
Deposits held and due to others	\$	155,545	\$	120,505	\$	127,652	\$	148,398
Total liabilities	\$	155,545	\$	120,505	\$	127,652	\$	148,398

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CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1) LAST TEN YEARS

	 1996	 1997	 1998
Revenues			
Property and other taxes	\$ 1,736,644	\$ 1,849,843	\$ 1,604,135
Municipal income taxes	5,645,812	6,099,877	6,354,273
Intergovernmental	1,524,570	1,997,967	2,772,376
Investment income	239,633	271,019	291,124
Fines, licenses, and permits	212,118	240,615	258,358
Special assessments	24,401	7,611	1,687
Charges for services	279,715	280,488	289,438
Miscellaneous	 193,223	 200,747	 254,767
Total revenues	\$ 9,856,116	\$ 10,948,167	\$ 11,826,158
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	\$ 1,960,428	\$ 2,158,319	\$ 2,114,131
Security of persons and property (2)	3,561,634	3,686,799	4,119,655
Police	N/A	N/A	N/A
Street lighting	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fire	N/A	N/A	N/A
Public health and welfare	153,653	148,372	166,522
Transportation	1,068,229	1,111,354	1,221,798
Leisure time activities	754,280	685,236	608,091
Community environment	337,328	296,608	250,321
Capital outlay	3,071,452	4,312,045	2,781,815
Debt service			
Principal retirement	224,176	616,767	367,747
Interest and fiscal charges	 156,209	 207,766	 284,151
Total expenditures	\$ 11,287,389	\$ 13,223,266	\$ 11,914,231

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects fund.

(2) 2003 was the first year subcategories were identified for security of persons and property.

 1999	 2000	 2001	 2002	 2003	 2004	 2005
\$ 1,582,460	\$ 1,618,751	\$ 2,010,802	\$ 1,944,979	\$ 1,708,242	\$ 1,980,804	\$ 2,058,105
6,589,765	6,775,780	6,739,909	6,617,777	6,914,659	6,860,554	7,191,712
2,221,884	2,466,027	2,119,103	2,223,887	2,256,760	2,259,133	2,970,383
183,937	319,377	296,318	145,717	160,018	61,788	162,809
243,252	234,493	323,608	414,832	351,338	339,752	316,559
1,695	143,926	85,883	105,829	35,606	103,835	96,587
311,443	326,951	593,539	700,941	706,530	1,270,980	1,709,942
 95,461	 128,147	 366,468	 124,480	 103,835	 145,496	 109,857
\$ 11,229,897	\$ 12,013,452	\$ 12,535,630	\$ 12,278,442	\$ 12,236,988	\$ 13,022,342	\$ 14,615,954
\$ 2,221,779	\$ 2,392,119	\$ 2,639,616	\$ 2,580,493	\$ 2,667,992	\$ 2,573,741	\$ 2,738,094
4,534,246	4,559,866	4,546,800	4,554,729	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,204,202	3,296,195	3,446,848
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	20,798	18,986	12,834
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,929,459	1,932,466	1,892,249
156,997	159,353	173,349 1,403,016	178,764	164,022	208,182	65,978
1,272,087 682,367	1,464,656 780,070	727,899	1,410,876 695,650	1,988,834 649,449	1,767,576 1,211,521	2,092,159 1,536,463
320,732	350,053	385,460	382,185	408,898	382,994	394.293
2,930,553	3,588,325	2,845,234	1,512,013	5,270,018	1,797,036	1,053,137
797,434	318,242	200,000	255,000	363,906	4,513,067	4,210,000
 333,460	 303,277	 358,523	 401,197	 367,969	 422,365	 416,172
\$ 13,249,655	\$ 13,915,961	\$ 13,279,897	\$ 11,970,907	\$ 17,035,547	\$ 18,124,129	\$ 17,858,227

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

REAL AND PUBLIC UTILILTY PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Net Tax Levy (Current Billed Portion)		Tax Levy (Current Curren		Percent of Current Current Collections Delinquent Collections			Total Collections		Percent of Total Collections to Levy	Current Delinquent Amount	
1996	\$	1,435,646	\$	1,391,736	96.94%	\$	28,357	\$	1,420,093	98.92%	\$	43,910
1997		1,639,879		1,591,741	97.06%		41,325		1,633,066	99.58%		48,138
1998		1,490,904		1,457,910	97.79%		26,591		1,484,501	99.57%		32,994
1999		1,515,291		1,469,755	96.99%		15,961		1,485,716	98.05%		45,536
2000		1,594,350		1,576,485	98.88%		43,833		1,620,318	101.63%		17,865
2001		1,631,483		1,568,764	96.16%		51,773		1,620,537	99.33%		62,719
2002		1,660,530		1,593,716	95.98%		46,620		1,640,336	98.78%		66,814
2003		1,789,863		1,700,547	95.01%		67,051		1,767,598	98.76%		89,316
2004		1,824,148		1,764,078	96.71%		83,855		1,847,933	101.30%		60,70
2005		1,882,841		1,819,123	96.62%		43,881		1,863,004	98.95%		63,71

Source: Summit County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer

TABLE 3

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	(Net Fax Levy Current ed Portion)	Current ollections	Percent of Current Collections to Net Levy	linquent ollections	C	Total ollections	Percent of Total Collections to Levy	Del	urrent inquent mount
1996	\$	305,976	\$ 301,613	98.57%	\$ 13,092	\$	314,705	102.85%	\$	4,363
1997		304,878	301,282	98.82%	7,244		308,526	101.20%		3,596
1998		247,895	239,125	96.46%	8,367		247,492	99.84%		8,770
1999		241,711	238,398	98.63%	8,195		246,593	102.02%		3,313
2000		255,877	233,492	91.25%	4,092		237,584	92.85%		22,385
2001		264,479	256,127	96.84%	9,048		265,175	100.26%		8,352
2002		263,718	253,179	96.00%	9,199		262,378	99.49%		10,539
2003		254,955	252,476	99.03%	8,416		260,892	102.33%		2,479
2004		243,161	226,035	92.96%	9,025		235,060	96.67%		17,126
2005		263,235	245,108	93.11%	27,437		272,545	103.54%		18,128

Source: Summit County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

CITY - WIDE PROPERTY TAX RATES (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALULATION) LAST TEN YEARS

Collection Year	Inside Operating	Outside Operating	Police Pension	Fire/ Ambulance	Total Tax Rate
1996	2.10	1.51	0.30	3.75	7.6
1997	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.1
1998	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.1
1999	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.1
2000	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.1
2001	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.1
2002	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.1
2003	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.1
2004	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.1
2005	2.10	N/A	0.30	3.75	6.1

Source: Summit County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer

TABLE 5

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

		Real P	ty	ıblic Utility Property	Tan	gible Personal Property			
Year	Estimated Value		Assessed Value		 Assessed Value		Assessed Value	As	Total sessed Value
1996	\$	610,533,286	\$	213,686,650	\$ 9,458,810	\$	39,887,638	\$	263,033,098
1997		712,889,971		249,511,490	9,118,060		39,758,581		298,388,131
1998		731,460,714		256,011,250	8,841,500		40,252,026		305,104,776
1999		738,369,000		258,429,150	8,984,160		39,269,410		306,682,720
2000		816,517,314		285,781,060	9,107,850		41,606,094		336,495,004
2001		859,139,571		300,698,850	8,180,270		46,447,044		355,326,164
2002		886,031,029		310,110,860	7,252,450		46,082,037		363,445,347
2003		999,731,057		349,905,870	7,515,390		42,178,937		399,600,197
2004*		994,362,914		348,027,020	7,404,540		39,335,431		394,766,991
2005*		1,187,532,747		360,024,610	7,545,680		37,579,092		405,149,382

Note: The current assessed valuation is computed at approximately the following percentages of estimated true value; real property - 35% public utilities - 100%. The assessed value of Tangible Personal Property has declined as a result of State law from 35% in 1984 to 25% for capital assets and 23% for inventory.

* Summit County valuations only - Portage County not included.

Source: Summit County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION) LAST TEN YEARS

	Collection Year	•		School Levy		n/Summit brary	Fire/ Ambulance		Total Levy		Debt Service	
1 2	1997 1997	\$	11.39 11.39	\$ 53.83 49.34	\$	0.89	\$	7.66 7.66	\$	73.77 68.39	\$	0.49 3.09
2	1997		11.59	49.34				/.00		08.39		5.09
1	1998		11.65	53.83		1.87		6.15		73.50		1.32
2	1998		11.65	47.74				6.15		65.54		2.25
1	1999		12.27	53.83		1.79		6.15		74.04		1.35
2	1999		12.27	47.64				6.15		66.06		2.55
1	2000		12.27	53.68		1.39		6.15		73.49		0.86
2	2000		12.27	46.44				6.15		64.86		2.16
1	2001		13.07	53.68		1.39		6.15		74.29		0.86
2	2001		13.07	46.44				6.15		65.66		2.86
1	2002		13.07	59.73		1.35		6.15		80.30		0.82
2	2002		13.07	45.74				6.15		64.96		1.94
1	2003		13.07	59.73		1.59		6.15		80.54		1.22
2	2003		13.07	48.32				6.15		67.54		1.87
1	2004		13.07	59.73		0.78		6.15		79.73		1.47
2	2004		13.07	47.93				6.15		67.15		2.09
1	2005		13.07	64.42		2.14		6.15		85.78		6.10
2	2005		13.07	47.88				6.15		67.10		2.07
1	2006		13.07	64.42		2.04		6.15		85.68		6.10
2	2006		13.07	46.73				6.15		65.95		2.07

Source: Summit Count, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer

Note: Taxes are levied at the same rate in both the 1st and 2nd half; however, there are two sets of rates because both Tallmadge CSD (1) and Stow/Munroe Falls CSD (2) overlap Tallmadge City.

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN DECEMBER 31, 2005

Total of all City Debt Outstanding		\$ 10,600,000
Debt Exempt from calculation: Self-supporting as defined in O.R.C. 133.10 Special assessment bonds and bond anticipation notes issued		
in anticipation of the collection of special assessments		 (1,916,000)
Net indebtedness (voted and unvoted) subject to debt limitation Less applicable Debt Service Fund - budget basis		 8,684,000 (19,751)
Net indebtedness subject to debt limitation		\$ 8,664,249
Assessed valuation of City	\$ 405,149,382	
Legal 10.5% Debt Margin		
10.5% of valuation (maximum voted and unvoted general obligation debt limitation)		\$ 42,540,685
Net indebtedness outstanding subject to 10.5% debt limitation		 8,664,249
Overall Debt Margin Within 10.5% Limitation		\$ 33,876,436
Legal 5.5% Debt Margin		
5.5% of valuation (maximum unvoted general obligation debt allowed)		22,283,216
Net indebtedness outstanding subject to 5.5% debt limitation		 8,664,249
Unvoted Debt Margin Within 5.5% Limitation		\$ 13,618,967

Note: Calculation of Legal Debt Margin is based on Section 133, the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Current Year Billed						Current % Collected	Total Collected		Total % Collected	Current Delinquent	
1996	\$	105,826	\$ 16,461	89.14%	\$	107,486	101.57%	\$	11,492			
1997		126,142	15,479	92.86%		125,321	99.35%		9,005			
1998		130,516	17,605	85.25%		125,040	95.80%		19,250			
1999		152,712	23,220	94.05%		165,384	108.30%		9,088			
2000		170,497	11,794	73.42%		134,740	79.03%		45,321			
2001		253,383	18,555	95.26%		254,666	100.51%		19,256			
2002		337,626	32,005	90.85%		338,236	100.18%		30,882			
2003		334,470	30,984	93.08%		342,579	102.42%		23,146			
2004		320,793	22,047	86.70%		310,487	96.79%		32,353			
2005		324,158	23,846	44.06%		160.920	49.64%		181.334			

Source: Summit County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer

TABLE 9

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

General Obligation Assess Year Bonded Debt (1) Value					Population (3)	Ratio of Net Debt to Assessed Value	Net Debt Per Capita
1996	\$	3,145,221	\$	263,033,098	15,300	1.20%	206
1997		4,175,070		298,388,131	15,400	1.40%	271
1998		4,875,416		305,104,776	15,400	1.60%	317
1999		5,246,211		306,682,720	15,600	1.71%	336
2000		5,102,925		336,495,004	16,000	1.52%	319
2001		5,996,642		355,326,164	16,500	1.69%	363
2002		5,696,279		363,445,347	16,700	1.57%	341
2003		5,299,877		399,600,197	17,400	1.33%	300
2004		5,059,000		394,766,991	17,500	1.28%	289
2005		4,784,000		405,149,382	17,500	1.18%	27

Notes: (1) Only general obligation bonds and notes are included in this amount. Issues supported by enterprise activities or special assessments are excluded.

(2) Source: Summit County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer

(3) Estimated by City of Tallmadge, Planning Department

RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES - LAST TEN YEARS

Year	P	Principal	Interest		Debt Service on General Obligations (1)		Total Expenditures		Ratio
1996	\$	224,176	\$	156,209	\$	380,385	\$	11,287,389	3.37%
1997		616,767		207,766		824,533		13,223,266	6.24%
1998		367,747		248,151		615,898		11,914,231	5.17%
1999		797,434		330,460		1,127,894		13,249,655	8.51%
2000		318,242		221,924		540,166		13,915,961	3.88%
2001		170,000		213,678		383,678		13,279,897	2.89%
2002		225,000		338,797		563,797		11,970,907	4.71%
2003		255,000		294,656		549,656		17,035,547	3.23%
2004		265,000		283,985		548,985		18,124,129	3.03%
2005		275,000		270,038		545,038		17,858,227	3.05%

(1) Includes all general obligation debt except for debt intended to be paid from enterprise fund revenues and special assessments.

TABLE 11

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT December 31, 2005

Jurisdiction	General Tax Bonded Debt	Percentage Overlapping	Amount Applicable to the City
Direct:			
City of Tallmadge	\$ 4,784,000	100.00%	\$ 4,784,000
Overlapping Debt:			
Summit County	75,397,639	3.32%	2,503,202
MRTA (Metro Regional Transit Authority)	1,345,000	3.32%	44,654
Stow/Munroe Falls City School District	3,615,000	0.15%	5,423
Tallmadge City School District	29,640,000	99.62%	29,527,368
Akron/Summit Library	58,721,401	4.97%	2,918,454
Total Overlapping Debt	168,719,040		34,999,101
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 173,503,040		\$ 39,783,101

Sources: Summit County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer

Note: The percentage of debt outstanding applicable to the City was determined by dividing each jurisdiction's assessed valuation within the City by the jurisdiction's total assessed valuation.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS DECEMBER 31, 2005

SELECTED POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Age Distribution

	2000)	1990		198)
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Under 5 Years	879	5	825	6	807	6
5-9 Years	1,114	7	950	6	129	1
10-19 Years	2,340	14	1,967	13	3,058	21
20-29 Years	1,444	9	1,889	13	2,296	16
30-39 Years	2,129	13	2,286	15	2,000	14
40-49 Years	2,613	16	2,006	13	2,033	14
50-59 Years	2,097	13	1,836	12	2,146	15
60-69 Years	1,634	10	1,806	12	1,111	8
70-79 Years	1,343	8	855	6	577	4
80 Years and Older	797	5	450	4	215	1
Total population	16,390	100	14,870	100	14,372	100

Gender Statistics

		2000		1990		1980	
	Males	7,901	48.2%	7,138	48%	7,042	49%
	Females	8,489	51.8%	7,732	52%	7,330	51%
	Median Age	41.4		37.9		32.3	
Owner Occupie	-						
	Percent Occupied	79.8%		77%		78%	
	Persons per Owner	2.69		2.84		2.97	
Education Atta	inment						
	Percent High School	86.6%		83%		78%	
	Percent Bachelor's	24.1%		21%		17%	
Income							
	Median family income	\$56,780		\$41,315		\$25,939	
	Per capita income	\$27,329		\$15,576		\$8,289	

Sources: U.S. Bureau of the Census

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

BANK DEPOSITS, PROPERTY VALUES AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Financial Institution Deposits		Estimated Real Property Value		Building Permits Issued	
1996	\$	4,342,660,000	\$	610,533,286	\$	19,771,078
1997		4,421,560,000		712,889,971		18,582,451
1998		4,486,230,000		731,460,714		25,243,549
1999		4,629,280,000		738,369,000		18,475,644
2000		4,789,398,000		816,517,314		22,503,399
2001		4,792,529,000		859,139,571		20,629,902
2002		4,879,525,000		886,031,029		21,377,220
2003		4,998,698,000		999,731,057		19,465,894
2004		5,136,298,000		994,362,914		20,722,886
2005		5,264,888,000		1,028,641,743		13,447,364

Source: Building Permits - City of Tallmadge, Building Department Financial Institution Deposits within Summit County - Akron Clearing House Estimated Property Value - Summit County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer.

TABLE 14

CITY OF TALLMADGE, OHIO

NEW HOUSING STARTS LAST TEN YEARS

TALLMADGE NEW HOUSING STARTS

_

Year	New Housing Starts			
1996	97			
1997	92			
1998	96			
1999	110			
2000	159			
2001	153			
2002	123			
2003	104			
2004	104			
2005	54			

Source: Building Department, City of Tallmadge

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS DECEMBER 31, 2005

Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business		Valuation	Assessed Valuation
Real Property (2005 Collection Year)				
Eastwood Square Associates LTD	Retail Property Management	\$	2,759,100	0.77%
Tallmadge Oaks LTD	Apartment Complex		2,392,550	0.66%
Big Zilla Development LLC	Retail Property Management		2,352,310	0.65%
Tallmadge Associates	Retail Property Management		2,292,670	0.64%
Saxon Village Limited	Apartment Complex		1,908,730	0.53%
Commerical Properties, Inc	Retail Property Management		1,617,150	0.45%
Colonial Gardens Inc.	Nursing Home		1,568,590	0.44%
Myers Family Limited Partnership Limited	Light Manufacturing		1,544,060	0.43%
Mindale Farms Co.	Agriculture		1,506,600	0.42%
Cooper Equities Co. LTD	Retail Store		1,408,030	0.39%
Total		\$	19,349,790	5.38%
Total Assessed Valuation - Real Property		\$	360,024,610	88.86%
Tanzihla Davaanal Duanauta (athan than Dublia Utiliti	as) (2005 Collection Veen)			
Tangible Personal Property (other than Public Utilitie Owens Corning	Insulation: Sheet and Foam	\$	4,484,110	11.93%
Autosales, Inc.	Auto Parts Distribution	Э	4,484,110	11.95%
Waltco Truck Equipment Co.	Electro-Hydraulic Tailgate Lifts		2,092,780	5.57%
Steere Enterprises, Inc.	Custom Plastics & Vinyl		1,819,290	4.84%
Horton Manufacturing Co., Inc.	Manufacturing		1,627,440	4.33%
Star Chevrolet, Inc.	Auto Sales		1,623,920	4.32%
Mark-Glen, Inc.	Auto Sales		1,483,760	3.95%
Comdoc, Inc.	Data Systems Archiving		1,340,760	3.57%
The Martin Wheel Co.	Manufacturing		1,046,670	2.79%
Summit Plastic Co.	Warehouse		922,430	2.45%
Total		\$	20,669,880	55.00%
Total Assessed Valuation - Tangible Personal Property		\$	37,579,092	9.28%
Public Utility (Tangible Personal Property) (2005 Col	lection Vear)			
Ohio Bell Telephone	Telephone Service	\$	2,568,050	34.03%
Ohio Edison	Utilities		2,374,690	31.47%
American Transmission	Telephone Service		447,140	5.93%
East Ohio Gas	Utilities		438,010	5.80%
Ohio T&T	Telephone Service		259,870	3.44%
Total		\$	6,087,760	80.68%
Total Assessed Valuation - Public Utility		\$	7,545,680	1.86%
Total Assessed Valuation - All Categories		\$	405,149,382	100.00%

Source: Summit County, Ohio; County Fiscal Officer

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS DECEMBER 31, 2005

Founded Incorporated as Village Incorporated as City Town Hall erected Form of government	1806 1936 1951 1859 Charter			
Population	17,500			
Area	6,891 13.5 8,915	Dwelling units Square miles Acres		
Street & highways	91.72	Miles of paved streets		
Police protection:	_			
Stations Number of police officers	1 34			
-				
Fire protection:				
Stations	2			
Number of full-time firefighters	11			
Number of part-time firefighters	45			
Municipal utility customers	6,723 7,571	Water Sewer		
	5,918	Storm Water		
Recreation:	10 (1 (1 7	`		
Number of parks	10 (161.7 acres)			
Swimming pools	2, one indoor and one outdoor			
Wading pools	1 0 (includes 2 of the Uish School)			
Tennis courts	9 (includes 3 at the High School) 7			
Baseball/Softball diamonds	,			
Soccer fields	6 (4 regulation, 2 youth)			
Recreation Center	Indoor soc	cer, basketball, fitness		
Education:				
Elementary schools	3	K-1, 2-3, 4-5		
Middle schools	1	6-8		
High schools	1	9-12		
Libraries	1 (30,000 volumes)			
Churches	28			

Source: Various Departments of the City of Tallmadge

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CITY OF TALLMADGE

SUMMIT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbrtt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED AUGUST 1, 2006