



CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Statement of Net Assets - June 30, 2005	11
Statement of Activities – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005	12
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds - June 30, 2005	13
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities - June 30, 2005	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005	17
Statement of Fund Net Assets – Internal Service Fund - June 30, 2005	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Internal Service Fund – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005	19
Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Fund - For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005	20
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds - June 30, 2005	21
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Private Purpose Trust Fund – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005	22
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	23
Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule for the Year Ended June 30, 2005	47
Notes to the Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule - June 30, 2005	48
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliand and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Federal Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133	51
Schedule of Findings – June 30, 2005	53





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County 100 Wadsworth Street Canfield, Ohio 44406

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canfield Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canfield Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2006, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us Canfield Local School District Mahoning County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Butty Montgomery

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Federal Awards Expenditure Schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Federal Awards Expenditure Schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Betty Montgomery

Auditor of State

June 27, 2006

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of Canfield Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2005 are as follows:

- In total, net assets increased by \$1,979,186.
- Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$26,180,049 in 2005. Of this total, 91 percent consisted of general revenues while program revenues accounted for the balance of 9 percent.
- Program expenses totaled \$24,200,863. Instructional expenses made up 57 percent of this total while support services accounted for 35 percent. Other expenses rounded out the remaining 8 percent.
- Outstanding general obligation debt decreased by \$1,155,810.
- The general fund balance was \$4,122,887 on a budget basis at fiscal year end, up from \$2,831,668 at June 30, 2004.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes pertaining to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Canfield Local School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Canfield Local School District, the general fund and the bond retirement fund are the most significant funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains all the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially in 2005?" The *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The cause of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and willingness of the community to support the School District. On the other hand, financial factors may include the School District's financial position, liquidity and solvency, fiscal capability and risk and exposure to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all activities of the School District are classified as governmental. Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, operation of food service and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement debt service fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2005 compared to 2004:

Table 1
Net Assets
Governmental Activities

	2005	2004
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$23,147,884	\$21,200,657
Capital Assets	16,177,659	16,800,114
Total Assets	39,325,543	38,000,771
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	18,406,805	18,038,179
Long-Term Liabilities		
Due within One Year	237,247	228,076
Due in More than One Year	11,654,619	12,686,830
Total Liabilities	30,298,671	30,953,085
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets		
Net of Related Debt	6,517,660	5,974,633
Restricted for:		
Capital Projects	52,587	90,443
Debt Service	1,289,242	1,280,383
Other Purposes	297,513	238,599
Set Asides	348,697	247,010
Instructional Materials and Supplies:		
Expendable	4,692	4,246
Nonexpendable	25,052	25,052
Unrestricted (Deficit)	491,429	(812,680)
Total Net Assets	\$9,026,872	\$7,047,686

Total assets increased by \$1,324,772. The increase can be attributed to an increase in cash and cash equivalents due to an increase in carryover cash balances as a result of revenues exceeding expenses.

Total liabilities decreased by \$654,414. The majority of this decrease was due to a decrease on principal owed on the school improvement notes as a result of payments made on the debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

By comparing assets and liabilities, one can see the overall position of the School District has improved as evidenced by the increase in net assets of \$1,979,186.

The vast majority of revenue supporting all governmental activities is general revenue. General revenue totaled \$23,895,149 or 91 percent of the total revenue. The most significant portion of the general revenue is local property tax. The remaining amount of revenue received was in the form of program revenues, which equaled \$2,284,900 or 9 percent of total revenue.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2005.

Table 2
Change in Net Assets
Governmental Activities

	2005	2004
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,179,964	\$1,158,374
Operating Grants, Interest and Contributions	1,059,987	818,584
Capital Grants and Contributions	44,949	17,791
Total Program Revenues	2,284,900	1,994,749
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	15,205,445	15,344,399
Intergovernmental	8,517,641	8,510,116
Investment Earnings	143,452	82,951
Miscellaneous	23,511	74,085
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	5,100	0
Total General Revenues	23,895,149	24,011,551
Total Revenues	26,180,049	26,006,300
Program Expenses		
Current:		
Instruction:		
Regular	12,170,882	11,639,055
Special	1,431,122	1,258,630
Vocational	235,726	223,468
Support Services:		
Pupil	901,062	893,397
Instructional Staff	1,270,412	1,283,015
Board of Education	27,167	45,723
Administration	1,644,187	1,591,457
Fiscal	480,408	469,363
Business	241,154	217,870
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,036,095	2,055,200
Pupil Transportation	1,759,773	1,640,651
Central	\$74,999	\$114,334

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

Table 2
Change in Net Assets (continued)
Governmental Activities

	2005	2004
Program Expenses (continued)		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	\$76,012	\$23,998
Operation of Food Services	776,061	747,820
Extracurricular Activities	894,719	877,714
Interest and Fiscal Charges	181,084	181,941
Total Program Expenses	24,200,863	23,263,636
Increase in Net Assets	1,979,186	2,742,664
Net Assets Beginning of Year	7,047,686	4,305,022
Net Assets End of Year	\$9,026,872	\$7,047,686

Governmental Activities

The School District has carefully planned its financial existence by forecasting its revenues and expenditures over the next five fiscal years. In November of 2002, the School District successfully passed a 6.9 mill five-year operating levy that is generating over \$3,000,000 in additional revenue per year. This additional income is currently being used and will continue to be dedicated to the operational and capital needs of the School District.

Although the School District relies heavily upon local property taxes to support its operations, the School District does actively solicit and receive additional grant and entitlement funds to help offset some operating costs. Approximately 57 percent of the School District's budget is used to fund instructional expenses. Additional supporting services for pupils, staff and business operations encompass 35 percent. The remaining amount of program expenses, 8 percent, is budgeted to pay for other obligations of the School District such as interest and fiscal charges, the food service program and numerous extracurricular activities.

The Statement of Activities shows the total net cost of program services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services for governmental activities and the net cost of those services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

Table 3

Total and Net Cost of Program Services
Governmental Activities

	2005		2004	
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$12,170,882	\$11,904,666	\$11,639,055	\$11,416,308
Special	1,431,122	1,203,774	1,258,630	1,165,015
Vocational	235,726	234,030	223,468	204,284
Support Services:				
Pupil	901,062	811,145	893,397	820,956
Instructional Staff	1,270,412	1,074,254	1,283,015	1,126,573
Board of Education	27,167	26,964	45,723	45,411
Administration	1,644,187	1,470,965	1,591,457	1,414,868
Fiscal	480,408	476,985	469,363	466,047
Business	241,154	227,455	217,870	204,351
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,036,095	2,021,278	2,055,200	2,040,606
Pupil Transportation	1,759,773	1,731,642	1,640,651	1,612,005
Central	74,999	64,699	114,334	102,187
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	76,012	23,921	23,998	(18,622)
Food Service Operation	776,061	13,484	747,820	12,896
Extracurricular Activities	894,719	449,617	877,714	474,061
Interest and Fiscal Charges	181,084	181,084	181,941	181,941
Total Expenditures	\$24,200,863	\$21,915,963	\$23,263,636	\$21,268,887

As one can see, the reliance upon local tax revenues for governmental activities is crucial. Approximately 63 percent of expenses are directly supported by local property taxes. Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs support 35 percent and program revenues support the majority of the remaining expenses.

The School District's Funds

Information regarding the School District's major funds begins on page 14. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$25,902,908 and note proceeds of \$8,930,000 to offset expenditures of \$33,893,844. The net change in fund balance for the year was most significant in the general fund, which increased \$1,035,840. As one can see from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds, property taxes are the largest revenue source, accounting for nearly 58 percent of total governmental revenue. Clearly, the community is the greatest source of financial support for the students of the Canfield Local School District.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School, the General fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

During the course of fiscal year 2005, the School District did not require any amendments to its original general fund appropriations. The School District uses an operational unit budget process and has in place systems that are designed to tightly control expenses but provide flexibility for program based decision and management.

For the general fund, actual revenue totaled \$165,344 more than original estimates. The majority of this increase was due to less of a reduction in State foundation revenue than originally budgeted. Actual expenditures totaled \$462,830 less than original appropriations. The majority of this difference was due to an anticipated increase in hospitalization premiums which did not occur, additional wages and benefits being charged to federal grants and overall conservative spending by all School District personnel.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2005, the School District had \$16,177,659 invested in land, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2005 balances compared to fiscal year 2004:

 Table 4

 Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	2005	2004
Land	\$361,849	\$361,849
Buildings and Improvements	14,460,111	14,936,034
Furniture and Equipment	614,246	724,837
Vehicles	741,453	777,394
Total	\$16,177,659	\$16,800,114

All capital assets, except land, are reported net of depreciation. As one can see, a decrease in capital assets during the fiscal year occurred in all categories due to the annual depreciation. For more information about the School District's capital assets, see Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

Table 5 summarizes the School District's long-term obligations outstanding at fiscal year end.

Table 5Outstanding Debt at Year End

	2005	2004
School Improvement Bonds	\$142,000	\$213,000
Energy Conservation Loan	587,999	642,481
School Improvement Notes	8,957,243	9,987,571
Total	\$9,687,242	\$10,843,052

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 Unaudited

The School Improvement Bonds were issued in 2002 to purchase acreage for future school expansion. The energy conservation loan was issued for capital improvements under House Bill 264. These improvements were approved by the Ohio Department of Education for energy conservation measures which have resulted in operating cost savings. The school improvement notes were issued in 1998 to provide for additions and renovations to all buildings within the School District. For more information about the School District's debt, see Note 13 to the basic financial statements.

Current Financial Issues

The Canfield Local School District has continued to maintain a high level of service to our students, parents and community. For the sixth consecutive year, the Canfield Local School District has achieved the State's highest rating of "Excellent" while maintaining an average cost per pupil well below the state average. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenue and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast and are doing everything in their power to make sure tax dollars are being used efficiently and effectively.

However, changes in school funding as a result of House Bill 66, the newly adopted budget bill, have created many challenges. Never before has there been so much uncertainty in determining future state revenues. As a result, the School District will continue its need to rely heavily on its taxpayers to support its operations and meet student needs.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Patricia P. Kesner, Treasurer, Canfield Local School District, 100 Wadsworth Street, Canfield, Ohio 44406 or email at canf_pk@access-k12.org.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	Governmental
Acceta	Activities
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$6,294,178
Accounts Receivable	9,741
Accrued Interest Receivable	5,883
Intergovernmental Receivable	14,240
Prepaid Items	17,868
Inventory Held for Resale	5,342
Materials and Supplies Inventory	46,222
Property Taxes Receivable	16,754,410
	361,849
Nondepreciable Capital Assets Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	15,815,810
Total Assets	39,325,543
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	11,480
Accrued Wages Payable	1,992,837
Intergovernmental Payable	673,568
Deferred Revenue	15,336,947
Accrued Interest Payable	215,492
Claims Payable	176,481
Long-Term Liabilities:	170,101
Due Within One Year	237,247
Due In More Than One Year	11,654,619
Total Liabilities	30,298,671
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	6,517,660
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	52,587
Debt Service	1,289,242
Other Purposes	297,513
Set-asides	348,697
Instructional Materials and Supplies:	
Expendable	4,692
Nonexpendable	25,052
Unrestricted	491,429
Total Net Assets	\$9,026,872
	47,020,072

Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
-	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Interest and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$12,170,882	\$86,490	\$152,846	\$26,880	(\$11,904,666)
Special	1,431,122	8,856	218,492	0	(1,203,774)
Vocational	235,726	1,696	0	0	(234,030)
Support Services:		-,	•	•	(== 1,== 1)
Pupil	901,062	5,956	83,961	0	(811,145)
Instructional Staff	1,270,412	8,079	188,079	0	(1,074,254)
Board of Education	27,167	203	0	0	(26,964)
Administration	1,644,187	9,953	163,269	0	(1,470,965)
Fiscal	480,408	3,423	0	0	(476,985)
Business	241,154	1,699	12,000	0	(227,455)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,036,095	14,817	0	0	(2,021,278)
Pupil Transportation	1,759,773	10,062	0	18,069	(1,731,642)
Central	74,999	485	9,815	0	(64,699)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	76,012	0	52,091	0	(23,921)
Operation of Food Services	776,061	634,173	128,404	0	(13,484)
Extracurricular Activities	894,719	394,072	51,030	0	(449,617)
		394,072	0	0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	181,084				(181,084)
Totals	\$24,200,863	\$1,179,964	\$1,059,987	\$44,949	(21,915,963)
		General Revenues Property Taxes Levie	ed for:		
		General Purposes			13,928,440
		Debt Service			1,144,996
		Capital Outlay			132,009
			ents not Restricted to S	Specific Programs	8,517,641
		Investment Earnings			143,452
		Miscellaneous			23,511
		Gain on Sale of Capi	ital Assets		5,100
		Total General Reven	ues		23,895,149
		Change in Net Asset	s		1,979,186
		Net Assets Beginning	g of Year		7,047,686
		Net Assets End of Ye	ar		\$9,026,872

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2005

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$3,785,965	\$1,440,024	\$429,367	\$5,655,356
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	348,697	0	0	348,697
Receivables:				. =
Accounts	9,414	0	327	9,741
Accrued Interest	5,883	0	0	5,883
Intergovernmental	0	0	14,240	14,240
Taxes	15,364,385	1,245,507	144,518	16,754,410
Prepaid Items	17,868	0	0	17,868
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	5,342	5,342
Materials and Supplies Inventory	44,816	0	1,406	46,222
Total Assets	\$19,577,028	\$2,685,531	\$595,200	\$22,857,759
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$5,011	\$0	\$6,469	\$11,480
Accrued Wages Payable	1,970,557	0	22,280	1,992,837
Intergovernmental Payable	643,752	0	29,816	673,568
Deferred Revenue	15,364,385	1,245,507	144,518	16,754,410
Total Liabilities	17,983,705	1,245,507	203,083	19,432,295
Fund Balances				
Reserved for Encumbrances	789	0	17,647	18,436
Reserved for Textbooks	348,697	0	0	348,697
Unreserved: Designated				
Underground Storage Tanks	0	0	11,000	11,000
Undesignated, Reported in:				
General Fund	1,243,837	0	0	1,243,837
Debt Service Fund	0	1,440,024	0	1,440,024
Special Revenue Funds	0	0	292,524	292,524
Capital Projects Funds	0	0	41,202	41,202
Permanent Fund	0	0	29,744	29,744
Total Fund Balances	1,593,323	1,440,024	392,117	3,425,464
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$19,577,028	\$2,685,531	\$595,200	\$22,857,759

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2005

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$3,425,464	
Amounts reported for governmental activities statement of net assets are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities a resources and therefore are not reported in the	16,177,659	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay period expenditures and therefore are deferred. These deferrals are attributed to property taxes	d in the funds.	1,417,463
An internal service fund is used by managementhe costs of insurance to individual funds. The liabilities of the internal service fund are inclusive governmental activities in the statement of new contractions.	ne assets and uded in	113,644
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued general obligation bonds and notes, whereas if funds, an interest expenditure is reported whe	in governmental	(215,492)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in period and therefore are not reported in the fu Notes Payable General Obligation Bonds Energy Conservation Loan Premium on Notes Compensated Absences	the current	
Total		(11,891,866)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$9,026,872

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	¢12 (01 520	¢1 125 000	¢120.714	¢14.026.252
Taxes	\$13,681,538	\$1,125,000	\$129,714	\$14,936,252
Intergovernmental	8,366,734	151,597	1,004,088	9,522,419
Interest Tuition and Fees	139,826	0	2,848 0	142,674
	140,118 0	0	390,171	140,118
Extracurricular Activities Rentals	15,502	0	390,171	390,171 15,502
Contributions and Donations	15,302	0	97,898	98,088
Charges for Services	0	0	634,173	
Miscellaneous	96	0	23,415	634,173
Wiscenaneous	90	0	25,415	23,511
Total Revenues	22,344,004	1,276,597	2,282,307	25,902,908
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	11,582,249	0	186,282	11,768,531
Special	1,188,034	0	213,671	1,401,705
Vocational	226,989	0	0	226,989
Support Services:				
Pupil	801,177	0	82,362	883,539
Instructional Staff	1,130,113	0	184,946	1,315,059
Board of Education	27,876	0	0	27,876
Administration	1,294,969	8,165	295,365	1,598,499
Fiscal	466,237	18,003	2,090	486,330
Business	231,569	0	12,000	243,569
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,019,189	0	0	2,019,189
Pupil Transportation	1,625,261	0	0	1,625,261
Central	104,458	0	9,815	114,273
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	122	0	75,351	75,473
Operation of Food Services	0	0	756,230	756,230
Extracurricular Activities	531,396	0	292,751	824,147
Capital Outlay	0	0	193,297	193,297
Debt Service:		10.007.103		10.005.103
Principal Retirement	0	10,095,482	0	10,095,482
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	238,395	0	238,395
Total Expenditures	21,229,639	10,360,045	2,304,160	33,893,844
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,114,365	(9,083,448)	(21,853)	(7,990,936)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Bond Anticipation Notes Issued	0	8,930,000	0	8,930,000
Premium on Notes Issued	0	116,983	0	116,983
Proceeds from sale of Capital Assets	5,100	0	0	5,100
Transfers In	1,375	85,000	0	86,375
Transfers Out	(85,000)	0	(1,375)	(86,375)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(78,525)	9,131,983	(1,375)	9,052,083
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,035,840	48,535	(23,228)	1,061,147
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year	557,483	1,391,489	415,345	2,364,317
Fund Balances End of Year	\$1,593,323	\$1,440,024	\$392,117	\$3,425,464

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Go	vernmental Funds	\$1,061,147
Amounts reported for governmental activit statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays a However, in the statement of activities, th assets is allocated over their estimated use depreciation expense. This is the amount exceeded capital outlay in the current peri Capital Outlay Current Year Depreciation	e cost of those eful lives as by which depreciation	
Total		(622,455)
Revenues in the statement of activities that financial resources are not reported as rev revenues were attributed to property taxes	renues in the funds. These	269,193
Other financing sources in the governmental long-term liabilities in the statement of ne General Obligation Notes Issued Premium on Notes		
Total		(9,046,983)
Repayment of long-term debt and capital le expenditure in the governmental funds, by reduces long-term liabilities in the statem	at the repayment	10,095,482
Some expenses reported in the statement of the use of current financial resources and as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued Interest on Bonds Amortization of Premium	_	
Total		57,311
Some expenses reported in the statement of compensated absences and contractually recontributions, do not require the use of curesources and therefore are not reported a in governmental funds. Compensated Absences Pension Obligation	required pension rrent financial	
Total		70,056
The internal service fund used by managements insurance to individual funds are not repostatement of activities. Governmental fur internal service fund revenues are elimina (expense) of the internal service fund is a	rted in the district-wide nd expenditures and related tted. The net revenue	
governmental activities.	Č	95,435
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Acti	vities	\$1,979,186

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				(= (= 8)
Taxes	\$13,580,256	\$13,681,540	\$13,681,538	(\$2)
Intergovernmental	8,344,843	8,407,080	8,407,088	8
Interest	131,251	132,230	132,229	(1)
Tuition and Fees	138,197	139,230	139,221	(9)
Rentals	15,733	14,098	15,552	1,454
Contributions and Donations	190	190	190	0
Miscellaneous	100	100	96	(4)
Total Revenues	22,210,570	22,374,468	22,375,914	1,446
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:	11 (50 550	11 670 550	11.506.004	107.01
Regular	11,673,550	11,673,550	11,536,234	137,316
Special	1,201,030	1,201,030	1,182,718	18,312
Vocational	227,740	227,740	224,450	3,290
Support Services:	000.215	000.215	707.600	11.605
Pupil	809,315	809,315	797,690	11,625
Instructional Staff Board of Education	1,129,045	1,129,045	1,075,153	53,892
Administration	46,540	46,540	27,386	19,154
Fiscal	1,355,020 466,210	1,355,020 466,210	1,307,832 451,413	47,188 14,797
Business		242,330		17,655
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	242,330 2,073,810	2,073,810	224,675	85,561
Pupil Transportation	2,073,810 1,599,410	1,599,410	1,988,249 1,562,868	36,542
Central	110,225	110,225	103,632	6,593
Extracurricular Activities	539,975	539,975	529,070	10,905
Total Expenditures	21,474,200	21,474,200	21,011,370	462,830
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	736,370	900,268	1,364,544	464,276
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	3,350	5,102	5,100	(2)
Transfers In	1,380	1,380	1,375	(5)
Transfers Out	(85,000)	(85,000)	(85,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(80,270)	(78,518)	(78,525)	(7)
Net Change in Fund Balance	656,100	821,750	1,286,019	464,269
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,831,668	2,831,668	2,831,668	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	5,200	5,200	5,200	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,492,968	\$3,658,618	\$4,122,887	\$464,269

Statement of Fund Net Assets Internal Service Fund June 30, 2005

	Insurance
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$290,125
Liabilities	
Claims Payable	176,481
Net Assets	
Unrestricted	\$113,644

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Insurance
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$648,754
Operating Expenses	
Purchased Services	18,896
Claims	537,271
Total Operating Expenses	556,167
Operating Income	92,587
Non-Operating Revenues	
Interest	2,848
Change in Net Assets	95,435
Net Assets Beginning of Year	18,209
Net Assets End of Year	\$113,644

Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Insurance
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Received from Interfund Services	\$648,754
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(18,896)
Cash Payments for Claims	(611,871)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	17,987
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest on Investments	2,848
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	20,835
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	269,290
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$290,125
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Income	\$92,587
Adjustments:	
Decrease in Claims Payable	(74,600)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$17,987
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2005

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$12,492	\$70,110
Liabilities		
Due to Students	0	\$70,110
Net Assets		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$12,492	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Private Purpose Trust Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Scholarship
Additions	
Interest	\$194
Deductions	
Scholarships Awarded	279
Change in Net Assets	(85)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	12,577
Net Assets End of Year	\$12,492

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

The Canfield Local School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five member Board form of government. Each member is elected to a four year term. The School District provides educational services as mandated by state and/or federal agencies. The Board of Education controls the School District's four instructional support facilities staffed by 143 non-certificated and 196 certified teaching personnel and 11 administrators who provide services to students and other community members.

The School District is located in Canfield Ohio, Mahoning County. The enrollment for the School District during the 2005 fiscal year was 3,075. The School District operates two elementary schools (K-4), one middle school (5-8), and one high school (9-12).

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the basic financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Canfield Local School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. There are no component units of the Canfield Local School District.

The School District participates in two jointly governed organizations and three public entity risk pools. These organizations are the Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System Council of Governments, the Mahoning County Career and Technical Center, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, the Ohio School Plan and the Mahoning County Schools Employee Insurance Consortium. These organizations are presented in Notes 15 and 16 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and its internal service fund. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Bond Retirement Fund The bond retirement fund accounts for property tax revenues that are used for payment of principal and interest and fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Type Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net asset, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The School District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the School District's internal service fund.

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund is a self-insurance fund that accounts for prescription drug, dental and vision claims of the School District's employees.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust fund. The money in the fund is used to grant college scholarships to certain eligible students of the School District. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency funds account for student activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service fund.

The private purpose trust fund is accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements for the proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal values, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2005, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2006 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

E. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been given authority to allocate board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2005, investments were limited to certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements, reported at cost, and STAROhio.

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2005.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, identified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2005 amounted to \$139,826, which includes \$39,481 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2005, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

H. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

I. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change in nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the general fund include amounts required by State statute to be set-aside for the purchase of textbooks. See Note 14 for additional information regarding set asides.

J. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of two thousand five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	40 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	10 years

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for classified and certified employees and administrators after ten years of service.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and long-term notes are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The government-wide statement of net assets reports restricted net assets of \$2,045,026, of which \$1,576,214 is restricted by enabling legislation. Net assets restricted for other purposes include operation of instructional services, food service operations and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves are established for encumbrances and textbooks.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Designations represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources. A designation of fund equity has been established by the Board for the potential liability for leaks in underground storage tanks.

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs that are incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Any revenue or expense not meeting the definition of operating is reported as non-operating.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

R. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 - Change in Accounting Principle

For fiscal year 2005, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures", GASB Statement No. 46, "Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation" and GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2, "Recognition of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expenditures/Expense and Liabilities by Cost-Sharing Employers."

GASB Statement No. 40 establishes disclosure requirements for investment credit risk, interest rate risk, deposit custodial risk and foreign currency risk.

GASB Statement No. 46 clarifies when net assets should be considered restricted based upon enabling legislation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 addresses the amount that should be recognized as expenditure/expense and as a liability each period by employers participating in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 46 and GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2004-2 did not materially affect the presentation of the financial statements of the School District.

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting its financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the fund liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Unrecorded cash represents amounts received but not reported by the School District on the operating statements (budget), but is reported on the GAAP basis operating statements.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$1,035,840
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	296,015
Beginning Unreported Cash	(270,080)
Ending Unreported Cash	5,975
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	224,069
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(5,800)
Budget Basis	\$1,286,019

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

At fiscal year-end, the School District had \$605 in undeposited cash on hand which is included as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Investments

As of June 30, 2005, the School District had the following investments. All investments are in an internal investment pool.

	Fair Value	Maturity
Repurchase Agreements	\$6,502,919	July 27, 2005
STAROhio	616	33 days
Total Portfolio	\$6,503,535	

Interest Rate Risk As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the School District's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within one year from the date of purchase and that the School District's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

Credit Risk The securities underlying the repurchase agreement had a credit risk rating of AAA by Standard and Poors. STAROhio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes, Federal National Mortgage Association Notes, Federal Farm Credit Bank Bonds and the Ginnie Mae Notes are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Concentration of Credit Risk The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The School District's investment in repurchase agreements represents 99.9 percent of the School District's total investments.

Note 6 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the school district fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the school district in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the school district. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2005 represents collections of calendar year 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2005 represents collections of calendar year 2004 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 became a lien December 31, 2003, were levied after April 1, 2004 and are collected in 2005 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2005 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2005 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2005 were levied after April 1, 2004, on the value as of December 31, 2004. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The School District receives property taxes from Mahoning County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2005, are available to finance fiscal year 2006 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2005 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

Due to the timing of the tax bills sent by the County, there is no money available as an advance to the School District at June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2005 taxes were collected are:

	2004 Second		2005 First	
	Half Collec	etions	Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential				
and Other Real Estate	\$444,275,040	94.16 %	\$456,209,820	94.46 %
Public Utility Personal	9,465,280	2.01	9,463,500	1.96
Tangible Personal Property	18,075,326	3.83	17,293,879	3.58
Total	\$471,815,646	100.00 %	\$482,967,199	100.00 %
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$58.30		\$58.30	

Note 7 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2005, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent, student fees and tuition), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current fiscal year guarantee of Federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year. At June 30, 2005, the School District had an intergovernmental receivable of \$14,240 in the food service special revenue fund for federal lunchroom reimbursements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Note 8 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/04	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/05
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$361,849	\$0	\$0_	\$361,849
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	23,246,377	0	0	23,246,377
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,391,709	41,114	0	2,432,823
Vehicles	2,062,123	117,126	(106,535)	2,072,714
Total capital assets being depreciated	27,700,209	158,240	(106,535)	27,751,914
Accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(8,310,343)	(475,923)	0	(8,786,266)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(1,666,872)	(151,705)	0	(1,818,577)
Vehicles	(1,284,729)	(153,067)	106,535	(1,331,261)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,261,944)	(780,695) *	106,535	(11,936,104)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	16,438,265	(622,455)	0	15,815,810
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$16,800,114	(\$622,455)	\$0	\$16,177,659

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$389,560
Special	31,959
Vocational	8,170
Support Services:	
Pupil	19,694
Instructional Staff	4,087
Administration	5,836
Fiscal	1,835
Business	765
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	47,902
Pupil Transportation	145,202
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	539
Operation of Food Services	49,550
Extracurricular	75,596
Total Depreciation Expense	\$780,695

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Note 9 - Risk Management

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2005, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage:

Type of Coverage	Coverage
Coverage provided by Indiana Insurance:	
Property/Boiler and Machinery (\$2,500 deductible)	\$55,566,824
Inland Marine (\$1,000 deductible)	2,917,110
Crime (\$2,500 deductible)	25,000
Fleet Insurance, single limit (\$250 deductible - comprehensive)	1,000,000
(\$500 deductible - collision)	
Coverage provided by The Ohio School Plan:	
General Liability	
in aggregate	\$3,000,000
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Coverage provided by The Hartford Plan:	
Excess Liability Coverage	
in aggregate	\$1,000,000
Per occurrence	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Workers' Compensation

The School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 16). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm Gates McDonald & Company provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Employee Medical Benefits

The School District has contracted with the Mahoning County Insurance Consortium to provide employee medical/surgical benefits since 1982. The Mahoning County Insurance Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of thirteen Mahoning County school districts. Rates are set through an annual calculation

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

process. The Canfield Local School District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating school districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The board of directors has the right to return monies to an exiting district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims. The School District pays ninety-five percent of the monthly medical/surgical premiums for certified and OAPSE classified employees, bus drivers and bus mechanics. Coverage for certified and OAPSE classified employees is \$890 for family coverage and \$366 for single coverage. Coverage for bus drivers is \$942 for family and \$383 for single and bus mechanics pay \$891 for family coverage and \$367 for single coverage. The School District pays one hundred percent of the monthly medical/surgical premiums for administrators in the amount of \$838 for family coverage and \$345 for single coverage.

The School District has elected to provide vision, dental and prescription drug benefits through a self-insurance program. The School District maintains an insurance reserve internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. A third party administrator, Professional Risk Management, located in Youngstown, Ohio, reviews all claims which are then paid by the School District. The School District pays into the insurance reserve internal service fund \$14 for family vision coverage or \$8 for single vision coverage per employee per month, \$55 for dental per month and \$170 for family and \$73 for single prescription drug coverage per month which represents the entire premium required. The premium is paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employee and is based on historical cost information.

The claims liability of \$176,481 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2005, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in the claims liability amount during the last two fiscal years were as follows:

	Balance at			
	Beginning	Current Year	Claim	Balance at
	of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2004	\$282,577	\$582,704	\$614,200	\$251,081
2005	251,081	537,271	611,871	176,481

Note 10 - Pension Plans

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476 or by calling toll free (800)-878-5853.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2005, 10.57 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2004, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were \$311,357, \$254,699 and \$225,310; 68.07 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2004 and 2003.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371 or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were \$1,392,660, \$1,321,110 and \$1,296,394; 83.11 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2005 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2004 and 2003. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2005 were \$5,810 made by the School District and \$16,127 made by the plan members.

Note 11 - Postemployment Benefits

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System, (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

STRS retirees who participated in the DB or combined plans and their dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. All benefit recipients pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. For the School District this amount equaled \$107,127 for fiscal year 2005.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Stabilization Fund. At June 30, 2005, the balance in the Fund was \$3.3 billion. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$254,780,000 and STRS had 115,395 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. All retirees and beneficiaries are required to pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status. Premiums may be reduced for retirees whose household income falls below the poverty level.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 3.43 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of 1.48 percent from fiscal year 2004. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2005, the minimum pay was established at \$27,400. However, the surcharge is capped at 2 percent of each employer's SERS salaries. For the 2005 fiscal year, the School District paid \$122,885 to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, were \$178,221,113 and the target level was \$335.2 million. At June 30, 2005, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$267.5 million. SERS has approximately 58,123 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Note 12 - Other Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service and hours worked. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Administrators earn twenty days of vacation annually. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-quarter days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 260 days for all employees. Upon retirement, classified employees, bus drivers and teachers receive payments for fifty percent of the total sick leave accumulation up to a maximum of 60 days. Administrators receive payment for fifty percent of the total sick leave accumulation up to 75 days.

B. Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance to all regular employees. Coverage is equal to the annual salary for administrators, the annual salary for certified employees with a minimum of \$29,000 and a maximum of \$50,000, \$40,000 for non-union classified employees, and \$25,000 for classified employees. Life insurance coverage is provided through Jefferson Pilot.

Note 13 - Long-term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2005 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/04	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/05	Amounts due in One Year
Governmental-Type Activities					
2004 School Improvement Note 2.00%	\$9,970,000	\$0	\$9,970,000	\$0	\$0
2005 School Improvement Note 3.00%	0	8,930,000	0	8,930,000	0
Total School Improvement Notes	9,970,000	8,930,000	9,970,000	8,930,000	0
2002 School Improvement Bonds 4.50%	213,000	0	71,000	142,000	71,000
1990 Energy Conservation Loan 4.75%	642,481	0	54,482	587,999	57,070
Premium on Note Issued	17,571	116,983	107,311	27,243	27,243
Compensated Absences	2,071,854	217,793	85,023	2,204,624	81,934
Total Governmental Long-Term Obligations	\$12,914,906	\$9,264,776	\$10,287,816	\$11,891,866	\$237,247

The \$9,970,000 2004 School Improvement Note at 2.00 percent and outstanding at June 30, 2004, was rolled over into the \$8,930,000 2005 School Improvement Note, issued September 23, 2004 at 3.00 percent and maturing September 22, 2005. The note was issued at a premium of \$116,983 and is backed by the full faith of Canfield Local School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The \$355,000 school improvement bond and the \$880,000 energy conservation loan will be paid from the bond retirement debt service fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and the food service special revenue fund.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$41,297,025 with an unvoted debt margin of \$482,697 at June 30, 2005. Principal requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2005, are as follows:

	Energy		Gene	eral
	Conservat	ion Loan	Obligation	n Bonds
Fiscal year		_		_
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2006	\$57,070	\$27,930	\$71,000	\$6,390
2007	59,781	25,219	71,000	3,195
2008	62,620	22,380	0	0
2009	65,595	19,405	0	0
2010	68,711	16,289	0	0
2011-2014	274,222	30,933	0	0
Total	\$587,999	\$142,156	\$142,000	\$9,585

Note 14 - Set-Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

		Capital
	Textbooks	Improvements
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2004	\$247,010	\$0
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	447,534	447,534
Qualifying Disbursements	(345,847)	(652,602)
Total	\$348,697	(\$205,068)
Set-Aside Balance Carried Forward to		
Future Fiscal Years	\$348,697	\$0
Cash balance as of June 30, 2005	\$348,697	\$0

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Although the School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years. The total reserve balance for the two set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$348,697.

Note 15 - Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System Council of Governments

The Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System Council of Governments (COG) is a computer network which provides data services to twenty three school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports COG based upon a per pupil charge. Canfield Local School District paid \$94,179 to COG during fiscal year 2005.

COG is governed by an assembly consisting of superintendents or other designees of the member school districts. The assembly exercises total control over the operation of COG including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. All of COG revenues are generated from charges for services and State funding.

Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer for the Mahoning County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 100 Debartolo Place, Suite 115, Youngstown, Ohio 44512-7019.

B. Mahoning County Career and Technical Center

The Mahoning County Career and Technical Center is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of the five members of the Mahoning County Educational Service Center Governing Board, representing the eleven local school district's and one representative from each of the two city school districts. During fiscal year 2005, no monies were received from the School District. To obtain financial information write to the Treasurer at the Mahoning County Career and Technical Center, 7300 North Palmyra Road, Canfield, Ohio, 44406.

Note 16 - Public Entity Risk Pools

A. Insurance Purchasing Pools

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program - The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Ohio School Plan — The School District participates in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), an insurance purchasing pool. The OSP is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OSP is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members and an instrumentality for each member for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to provide for a formalized, joint insurance purchasing program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs and other administrative services. The OSP's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member Board of directors consisting of school district superintendents and treasurers, as well as the president of Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. and a partner of the Hylant Group, Inc. Hylant Group Inc. is the Administrator of the OSP and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. is the sales and marketing representative, which establishes agreements between OSP and member schools.

B. Shared Risk Pool

Mahoning County Schools Employee Insurance Consortium - The Mahoning County Schools Employee Insurance Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of thirteen Mahoning County School Districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services. To obtain the financial information write to Mahoning County Insurance Consortium, 100 Debartolo Place, Suite 115, Youngstown, Ohio 44512-7019.

Note 17 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreement and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2005.

B. Litigation

The School District is not party to legal proceedings as of June 30, 2005.

Note 18 - Interfund Transfers

During fiscal year 2005 there were two transfers made. The general fund transferred \$85,000 to the bond retirement debt service fund to meet a debt service requirement for the HB 264 loan.

The miscellaneous federal grants special revenue fund transferred \$1,375 to the general fund to return monies not used for expenditure in the grant agreement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

Note 19 – Subsequent Events

On September 22, 2005 the School District retired \$8,930,000 of school improvement notes and reissued \$7,920,000 at an interest rate of 3.03 percent. The new notes will mature on September 21, 2006.

On August 31, 2005 the School District issued \$161,000 in general obligation bonds at 4.05 percent for the purpose of acquiring two new school busses and a new boiler. The bonds will mature on August 31, 2010.

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CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disburse- ments	Non-Cash Disburse- ments
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution		10.550		\$44,445		\$44,445
National School Lunch Program		10.555	84,104		84,104	
Total Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster			84,104	44,445	84,104	44,445
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Special Education Cluster						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1-04 C1-S1-05	84.010 84.010	35,167		42,661	
Total Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1-05	84.010	43,783 78,950		42,088 84,749	
Special Education Grants to States - IDEA Special Education Grants to States - ACCESS Total - Special Education Grants to States	6B-SF-05 6B-SF-05	84.027 84.027	516,806 30,000 546,806		514,491 20,714 535,205	
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities	DR-S1-05	84.186	8,755		8,755	
State Grants for Innovative Programs	C2-S1-05	84.298	12,705		12,705	
Education Technology State Grants	TJ-S1-05	84.318	2,327		2,327	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	TR-S1-05	84.367	48,784		45,180	
Total Department of Education			698,327		688,921	
Totals			\$782,431	\$44,445	\$773,025	\$44,445

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule

CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule (the "Schedule") summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County 100 Wadsworth Street Canfield, Ohio 44406

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canfield Local School District, Mahoning County (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures in order to express our opinion on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us Canfield Local School District
Mahoning County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control over Financial
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by
Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomeny

June 27, 2006



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ITS MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Canfield Local School District Mahoning County 100 Wadsworth Street Canfield, Ohio 44406

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Canfield Local School District, Mahoning County (the "District") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

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Mahoning County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its
Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With
OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

June 27, 2006

CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2005

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title VI-B – CFDA #84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

NONE

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

NONE



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CANFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 3, 2006