



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

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Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Columbus Grove Local School District Putnam County 201 West Cross Street Columbus Grove, Ohio 45830-1237

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Columbus Grove Local School District, Putnam County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Columbus Grove Local School District, Putnam County, as of June 30, 2003, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its enterprise fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in note 3 to the general-purpose financial statements, during fiscal year 2003, the District changed its method of accounting for fixed assets.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Columbus Grove Local School District Putnam County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2004 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Betty Montgomeny

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

January 29, 2004

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COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2003

	Governmental Fund Types							
	General		Special Revenue		Debt Service			Capital Projects
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS								
Assets								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	2,333,766	\$	112,987	\$	437,144	\$	33,744
Taxes - current and delinquent		1,614,708		-		138,273		43,312
Accounts		3,150		-		-		-
Accrued interest		1,045		11		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory		1,691		-		-		-
Prepayments		32,041		-		-		3,641
Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation where applicable) Restricted assets:		-		-		-		-
		61,477						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		01,477		-		-		-
Other debits								
Amount available in debt service fund Amount to be provided for retirement of general long-term obligations		-		-		-		-
Total assets and other debits	\$	4,047,878	\$	112,998	\$	575,417	\$	80,697

oprietary Ind Type		duciary nd Types		Account	Gro	uns		
 nterprise	Agency		Account Groups General General Fixed Long-Term Assets Obligations		(Me	Total emorandum Only)		
\$ 39,796	\$	26,487	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,983,924
-		-		-		-		1,796,293
-		-		-		-		3,150
33		-		-		-		1,089
3,467		-		-		-		5,158
-		-		-		-		35,682
52,815		-	8	3,233,625		-		8,286,440
-		-		-		-		61,477
-		-		-		449,346		449,346
 -						839,842		839,842
\$ 96,111	\$	26,487	\$ 8	3,233,625	\$	1,289,188	\$	14,462,401

(Continued)

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

	Governmental Fund Types					
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects		
LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 22,006	\$ 21,234	\$-	\$-		
Contracts payable	94,023	-	-	-		
Accrued wages and benefits	510,995	8,156	-	-		
Compensated absences payable	4,842	-	-	-		
Pension obligation payable	78,499	818	-	-		
Deferred revenue	1,247,736	-	126,071	39,615		
Due to other governments	19,347	815	-	-		
Due to students	-	-	-	-		
Undistributed monies	-	-	-	-		
General obligation bonds payable				<u> </u>		
Total liabilities	1,977,448	31,023	126,071	39,615		
Equity and other credits						
Investment in general fixed assets	-	-	-	-		
Retained earnings: unreserved	-	-	-	-		
Fund balances:						
Reserved for encumbrances	201,135	12,819	-	-		
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory	1,691	-	-	-		
Reserved for prepayments	32,041	-	-	3,641		
Reserved for debt service	-	-	437,144	-		
Reserved for tax revenue			-)			
unavailable for appropriation	114,200	-	12,202	3.697		
Reserved for instructional materials	27,595	-		-		
Reserved for capital maintenance	2,761	-	-	-		
Reserved for school bus purchases	31,121	-	-	-		
Unreserved-undesignated	1,659,886	69,156		33,744		
Total equity and other credits	2,070,430	81,975	449,346	41,082		
Total liabilities, equity and other credits	<u>\$ 4,047,878</u>	<u>\$ 112,998</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 80,697		

Proprietary Fund Type		luciary d Types	А	ccoun	t Groups			
Enterprise Agency			Gene Fixe Asse	ral d	Genera Long-Te Obligatio	erm	(Me	Total norandum Only)
\$-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	43,240
-		-		-		-		94,023
14,432		-		-		-		533,583
5,509		-		-	266			277,287
9,503		-		-	47,	252		136,072
-		-		-		-		1,413,422
511		180		-		-		20,853
-		23,092		-		-		23,092
-		3,215		-		-		3,215
		-		-	975,	000		975,000
29,955		26,487			1,289,	188		<u>3,519,787</u>
-		-	8,233	3,625		-		8,233,625
66,156		-		-		-		66,156
-		-		-		-		213,954
-		-		-		-		1,691
-		-		-		-		35,682
-		-		-		-		437,144
-		-		-		-		130,099
-		-		-		-		27,595
-		-		-		-		2,761
-		-		-		-		31,121
				-		-		1,762,786
66,156			8,233	3,625		_	1	0,942,614
<u>\$ </u>	\$	26,487	<u>\$ 8,233</u>	3,625	<u>\$ 1,289,</u>	188	<u>\$ 1</u>	4,462,401

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	(Governmental Fund Types				
	Ge	eneral		Special Revenue		
Revenues From local sources: Taxes	\$	2,165,426	\$	-		
Tuition Earnings on investments Extracurricular		16,145 48,758 -		- 508 118,875		
Other local revenues Intergovernmental - State Intergovernmental - Federal		50,790 3,250,494 -		23,944 155,812 198,339		
Total revenue		5,531,613		497,478		
Expenditures Current: Instruction:						
Regular Special Vocational Support services:		2,817,374 590,587 123,660		46,657 115,744 -		
Pupil Instructional staff		215,040 100,799		29,570 26,296		
Board of Education Administration Fiscal Operations and maintenance		38,971 393,313 165,878 457,455		3,431 1,858 -		
Pupil transportation Central Community services		283,414 6,235 -		100 12,000 144,270		
Extracurricular activities Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service: Principal retirement		155,433 42,727		139,588 -		
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		
Total expenditures		5,390,886		519,514		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		140,727		(22,036)		
Other financing sources						
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		1,518		-		
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures		142,245		(22,036)		
Fund balances, July 1		1,929,816		104,011		
Decrease in reserve for inventory		(1,631)		-		
Fund balances, June 30	\$	2,070,430	\$	81,975		

Governmenta	al Fund T	ypes			
Debt Service		Capital rojects	Total (Memorandum Only)		
\$	\$	43,871 -	\$	2,384,988 16,145	
-		- - -		49,266 118,875 74,734	
22,651		5,625 -		3,434,582 198,339	
198,342		49,496		6,276,929	
-		20,520		2,884,551 706,331	
-		-		123,660	
		- 8,700 -		244,610 135,795 38,971 396,744	
4,383		1,072 8,780		173,191 466,235 283,514	
- - -		1,454 - -		19,689 144,270 295,021	
-		89,920		132,647	
125,000 67,438		-		125,000 67,438	
196,821		130,446		6,237,667	
1,521		(80,950)		39,262	
		1,600		3,118	
1,521		(79,350)		42,380	
447,825		120,432		2,602,084	
-		-		(1,631)	
\$ 449,346	\$	41,082	\$	2,642,833	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

		General			
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues					
From local sources:	A A A B A B A B A B A B A B 	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•		
Taxes Tuition	\$ 2,159,029	\$ 2,159,029	\$-		
Earnings on investments	16,145 53,921	16,145 53,921	-		
Extracurricular activities		- 55,921	-		
Other local revenues	48,005	48,005	-		
Intergovernmental - State	3,250,494	3,250,494	-		
Intergovernmental - Federal	-	-	-		
Total revenues	5,527,594	5,527,594			
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	2,784,294	2,784,294	-		
Special	587,886	587,886	-		
Vocational	122,819	122,819	-		
Support services:	204 767	204 767			
Pupil Instructional staff	204,767 113,054	204,767 113,054	-		
Board of Education	34,493	34,493	_		
Administration	427,983	427,983	-		
Fiscal	172,355	172,355	-		
Operations and maintenance	469,316	469,316	-		
Pupil transportation	467,865	467,865	-		
Central	6,230	6,230	-		
Community services		-	-		
Extracurricular activities	154,197	154,197	-		
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	50,622	50,622	-		
Principal retirement	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges					
Total expenditures	5,595,881	5,595,881			
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(68,287)	(68,287)			
Other financing sources (uses)					
Advances in	9,666	9,666	-		
Advances out	(9,666)	(9,666)	-		
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	1,518	1,518			
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,518	1,518			
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over					
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	(66,769)	(66,769)	-		
Fund balances, July 1	2,038,374	2,038,374	-		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	105,458	105,458			
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 2,077,063	\$ 2,077,063	\$-		

	Special Revenue	Debt Service							
Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)		Budget Revised Actual		Varia Favo (Unfavo	rable		
5 -	\$-	\$	-	\$	178,590	\$	178,590	\$	
- 562	- 562		-		-		-		•
119,159	119,159		-		-		-		
25,265 157,488 113,824	25,265 157,488 113,824		-		- 22,651 -		- 22,651 -		
416,298	416,298		-		201,241		201,241		
52,720	52,720		-		-		-		
63,135 -	63,135		-		-		-		
18,296 5,885	18,296 5,885		-		-		-		
- 5,005	- 3,005		-		-		-		
3,428	3,428		-		-		-		
1,856	1,856		-		4,383		4,383		
100	100		-		-		-		
12,000	12,000		-		-		-		
151,484	151,484		-		-		-		
144,098	144,098		-		-		-		
-	-		-		-		-		
-	-		-		125,000		125,000		
-			-		67,438		67,438		
453,002	453,002		-		196,821		196,821		
(36,704)	(36,704)				4,420		4,420		
9,666	9,666		-		-		-		
(9,666)	(9,666)		-		-		-		
-			-		-		-		
(36,704)	(36,704)		_		4,420		4,420		
95,897	95,897		-		432,724		432,724		
19,741	19,741		_						
78,934	\$ 78,934	\$		\$	437,144	\$	437,144	\$	

(Continued)

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

	Capital Projects					
		Budget Revised	Actual		Varia Favo (Unfav	
Revenues						
From local sources:	•	40.040	•	40.040	•	
Taxes Tuition	\$	43,212	\$	43,212	\$	-
Earnings on investments		-		-		-
Extracurricular activities		-		-		_
Other local revenues		-		-		-
Intergovernmental - State		5,624		5,624		-
Intergovernmental - Federal		-		_		-
Total revenues		48,836		48,836		-
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		20,520		20,520		-
Special Vocational		-		-		-
Support services:		-		-		-
Pupil		_		-		-
Instructional staff		8,700		8,700		-
Board of Education		-		-		-
Administration		-		-		-
Fiscal		1,072		1,072		-
Operations and maintenance		23,155		23,155		-
Pupil transportation Central		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-
Extracurricular activities		-		-		_
Facilities acquisition and construction		89,920		89,920		-
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-
Total expenditures		143,367		143,367		-
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(94,531)		(94,531)		-
Other financing sources (uses)						
Advances in		-		-		-
Advances out				-		-
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		1,600		1,600		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,600		1,600		-
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over						
(under) expenditures and other financing uses		(92,931)		(92,931)		-
Fund balances, July 1		84,270		84,270		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		42,405		42,405		-
Fund balances, June 30	\$	33,744	\$	33,744	\$	-
·		,		,		

Total (Memorandum only)									
	Budget Revised		Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)					
\$	2,380,831	\$	2,380,831	\$-					
Ψ	16,145	Ψ	16,145	÷ -					
	54,483		54,483	-					
	119,159 73,270		119,159 73,270	-					
	3,436,257		3,436,257	-					
	113,824		113,824						
	6,193,969		6,193,969						
	2,857,534		2,857,534	-					
	651,021 122,819		651,021 122,819	-					
	223,063		223,063	-					
	127,639 34,493		127,639 34,493	-					
	431,411		431,411	-					
	179,666		179,666	-					
	492,471 467,965		492,471 467,965	-					
	18,230		18,230	-					
	151,484 298,295		151,484 298,295	-					
	140,542		140,542	-					
	125,000 67,438		125,000 67,438	-					
	6,389,071		6,389,071						
	(195,102)		(195,102)						
	()		(,)						
	19,332		19,332	-					
	(19,332) 3,118		(19,332) 3,118	-					
	3,118		3,118						
	0,110		3,110						
	(191,984)		(191,984)	-					
	2,651,265		2,651,265	-					
	167,604		167,604						
\$	2,626,885	\$	2,626,885	\$-					

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Er	nterprise
Operating revenues Sales and charges for services Other	\$	172,960 1,622
Total operating revenues		174,582
Operating expenses Personal services Contract services Materials and supplies Depreciation Other		122,543 5,053 111,964 3,838 15
Total operating expenses		243,413
Operating loss		(68,831)
Nonoperating revenues Grants and subsidies Federal commodities Interest revenue		42,939 19,150 1,524
Total nonoperating revenues		63,613
Net loss		(5,218)
Retained earnings, July 1 (Restated)		71,374
Retained earnings, June 30	\$	66,156

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	En	terprise
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from sales and service charges	\$	172,960
Cash received from other operations		1,633
Cash payments for personal services		(119,362)
Cash payments for contract services Cash payments for materials and supplies		(5,053) (95,431)
Cash payments for other operations		(95,431) (15)
Cash payments for other operations		(13)
Net cash used in operating activities		(45,268)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Cash received from grants and subsidies		42,939
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest received		1,685
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(644)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		40,440
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	39,796
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(68,831)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to		
net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation		3,838
Federal donated commodities		19,150
Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease in accounts receivable		11
Increase in materials and supplies inventory		(692)
Increase in accrued wages and benefits		23
Increase in compensated absences payable		1,085
Increase in pension obligation payable		1,971
Increase in due to other governments		102
Decrease in deferred revenue		(1,925)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(45,268)

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NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Columbus Grove Local School District (the District) is located in Northwestern Ohio and encompasses all of the Village of Columbus Grove and portions of surrounding townships. The majority of the District is in Putnam County with a small part located in Allen County.

The District was organized in accordance with Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms.

The District currently operates one elementary school, one middle school, and one comprehensive high school. The District employs 33 non-certified and 62 certified (including administrative) full-time and part-time employees to provide services to approximately 856 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups, which ranks it 539 out of approximately 740 public and community school districts in Ohio.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The general-purpose financial statements (GPFS) of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989 to its proprietary activities unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. The Reporting Entity

The District's reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity". A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes for the organization. The financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The District has no component units. The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC), which is a computer consortium. NOACSC is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Allen, Hancock, Paulding, Putnam, and Van Wert counties, and the cities of St. Marys and Wapakoneta. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts.

The governing board of NOACSC consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county plus one representative from the fiscal agent school district. The District paid NOACSC \$22,032 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from Michael Wildermuth, who serves as director, at 645 South Main Street, Lima, Ohio 45804.

Apollo Career Center

The Apollo Career Center (Apollo) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio established under § 3313.90. Apollo operates under the direction of a Board of Education consisting of one representative from each of the participating school district's elected boards. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information is available from Apollo's Treasurer at 3325 Shawnee Road, Lima, Ohio 45806-1497.

West Central Regional Professional Development Center

The West Central Regional Professional Development Center (Center) is a jointly governed organization among the school districts in Allen, Auglaize, Hancock, Hardin, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, and Van Wert Counties. The organization was formed to establish an articulated regional structure for professional development in which school districts, the business community, higher education, and other groups cooperatively plan and implement effective professional development activities that are tied directly to school improvement, and in particular, to improvements in instructional programs.

The Center is governed by a fifty-two member board made up of representatives from the participating school districts, the business community, and two institutions of higher learning. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from Sandy Knudson, Hancock County Educational Service Center, 7746 County Road 140, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

Northwest Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center

The Northwest Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (SERRC) is a jointly governed organization formed to initiate, expand, and improve special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents. The SERRC is made up of school districts from Defiance, Fulton, Hancock, Henry, Lucas, Ottawa, Paulding, Putnam, Sandusky, Seneca, Van Wert, Williams, and Wood counties. The SERRC is governed by a thirty-three member board consisting of twenty-six superintendents, one director of student services, one parent representative, one representative from a community school, one representative from a mental

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

health board, one representative from a parent advisory council, one representative from Bowling Green State University, and one representative from the University of Toledo. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from David Michel, Eastwood Local Schools, 4800 Sugar Ridge Road, Pemberville, Ohio 43450.

The District is also a participant in an insurance group purchasing pool, discussed in Note 10.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the District's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with applicable Ohio statute.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following are the District's proprietary fund types.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. These include agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations, or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are presented on a budgetary basis, with note disclosure (if applicable) regarding items which, in other fund types, would be subject to accrual.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of general nature, the following account groups are used:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, which for the District is 60 days after the June 30 year-end. Revenues accrued at the end of the year include interest, tuition, grants and entitlements (to the extent they are intended to finance the current fiscal year), and accounts (student fees and rent). Current property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2003, but which are

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

intended to finance fiscal 2004 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenues. Delinquent property taxes measurable and available (received within 60 days) and amounts available as an advance on future tax settlements are recognized as revenue at year-end. Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue, but not received by the District prior to June 30, 2003, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for future appropriations. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating this revenue in accordance with Ohio Revised Code § 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied and the resources are available. Revenue from income taxes is recognized when the underlying exchange has occurred and the resources are available. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met and the resources are available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis.

The District reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the recognition of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Expenditures (decreases in net financial resources) are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred with the following exceptions: general long-term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due; and the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as expenditures in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities received during the year is reported on the operating statement as an expense, with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from nonexchange transactions, such as grants, entitlements, and donations, is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. The proprietary funds receive no revenue from property or income taxes.

D. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2003 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Putnam County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2003.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.) Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Advances in and advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource, and are intended to be repaid.
- 6. The Title VI-B Preschool and VI-B School Age Special Revenue funds are flow through grants which the Putnam County Educational Service Center is the primary recipient. Budgetary information for these funds is not included within the District's reporting entity, for which the "appropriated budget" is adopted, and the District does not maintain separate budgetary records.
- 7. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 8. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

- 9. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal 2003.
- 10. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized with District funds in the normal course of operations, for purchase orders and contract-related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. For governmental fund types, encumbrances outstanding at year-end appear as a reservation of fund balance on a GAAP basis and as the equivalent of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to demonstrate legal compliance. Note 13 provides a reconciliation of the budgetary basis and GAAP basis of accounting.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including Proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During 2003, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Investments in STAR Ohio are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments in the state to pool monies for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2003.

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal 2003 totaled \$48,758, which included \$9,882 assigned from other funds of the District.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the Treasurer's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

F. Inventory

Inventories for all governmental funds are valued at cost (first-in/first-out method). The purchase method is used to account for inventories. Under the purchase method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, material amounts of inventories at period end are

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

reported as assets of the respective fund, which are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation even though they are a component of reported assets.

Inventories of proprietary funds are valued at the lower of cost (first-in/first-out method) or market and expensed when used rather than when purchased.

G. Prepayments

Prepayments for governmental funds represent cash disbursements which have occurred and are therefore not current expendable resources. These items are reported as fund assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

1. <u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u>

General fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year in the general fixed assets account group. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$1,000 and a useful life of less than one year. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. No depreciation is recognized for assets in the general fixed assets account group. The District has not included infrastructure in the general fixed asset account group.

2. Proprietary Funds

Equipment reflected in these funds is stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. Depreciation has been provided, where appropriate, on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

AssetLife (years)Equipment and furniture5 - 20

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of Statement No. 16 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off <u>or</u> other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age 50 or greater with at least 10 years of service; or 20 years' service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

Accumulated vacation and severance of governmental fund type employees meeting the above requirements have been recorded in the appropriate governmental fund as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be payable within the current available period. The balance of the liability is recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Vacation and sick leave for employees meeting the above requirements who are paid from proprietary funds is recorded as an expense when earned.

J. Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds, regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources; however, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions, and special death benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Payments made more than 60 days after year-end are generally considered not to have been paid with current available financial resources. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary funds.

K. Fund Equity

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, materials and supplies, prepayments, debt service, tax revenue unavailable for appropriation, instructional materials, capital maintenance, and school bus purchases. The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under Ohio statute. The unreserved portions of fund equity for the governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds.

L. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the District has numerous transactions between funds. The most significant include:

1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund. The resources transferred are to be expended for operations by the receiving fund and are recorded as operating transfers, with

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

the exception of agency funds, which do not report transfers of resources as operating transfers.

- 2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund.
- 3. Short-term interfund loans made pursuant to Board of Education Resolution are reflected as "interfund loans receivable or payable". Such interfund loans are repaid in the following fiscal year.
- 4. Quasi-external transactions are similar to the purchase of goods or services from a vendor; i.e., the fund which provides a service records revenue, and the fund which receives that service records an expenditure/expense.
- 5. Residual equity transfers are non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity, generally made when a fund is closed.
- 6. Long-term interfund loans that will not be repaid within the next year are termed "advances" and are shown as reservations of fund balances on the combined balance sheet for those funds that report advances to other funds as assets because they are not spendable, available resources.

The District had no interfund transactions in fiscal year 2003.

M. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. These restricted assets represent monies set aside for instructional materials, capital maintenance and monies legally restricted for school bus purchases. Fund balance reserves have also been established (see Note 15).

N. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the GPFS are captioned (Memorandum Only) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with GAAP. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

3. ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Prior Period Restatement

During fiscal 2003, the District changed its capitalization threshold from \$100 to \$1,000. Due to the new capitalization threshold, a prior period adjustment is required. The general fixed asset account group balance at June 30, 2002 has been restated from \$8,679,555 to \$7,996,704 (see Note 8). The prior period adjustment also had the following effect on retained earnings in the Food Service enterprise fund as previously reported at June 30, 2002:

	Enterprise			
Retained earnings as of June 30, 2002	\$	83,504		
Restatement for change in capitalization threshold		(12,130)		
Restated retained earnings as of July 1, 2002	\$	71,374		

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B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2003 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit Fund Balance			
Special Revenue Funds				
Management Information Systems	\$	29		
Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid		16		
Ohio Reads		33		
Title I		231		
Improving Teacher Quality		127		

These GAAP-basis deficits will be funded by anticipated future intergovernmental revenues or other subsidies not recognized and recorded at June 30. The general fund provides transfers for deficit balances; however, transfers are made when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur. These funds complied with state statue which does not allow for a negative fund balance at year-end.

4. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed 30 days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed 25 percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instruments rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

<u>Cash on Hand</u>: At year-end, the District had \$500 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the combined balance sheet of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents", but is not included in the total amount of deposits reported below.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

<u>Deposits</u>: At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$5,772 and the bank balance was \$54,612. The entire bank balance was covered by federal deposit insurance.

<u>Investments</u>: The District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name. STAR Ohio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Fair Value
Not subject to categorization:	
Investment in STAR Ohio	\$ 3,039,129

The classification of cash, cash equivalents, and investments on the combined balance sheet is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, entitled, "*Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*".

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash, cash equivalents, and investments on the combined balance sheet per GASB Statement No. 9 and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	 sh and Cash quivalents/ Deposits	Investments		
GASB Statement No. 9	\$ 3,045,401	\$	-	
Investments of the cash management pool: Investment in STAR Ohio Cash on hand	(3,039,129) (500)		3,039,129 -	
GASB Statement No. 3	\$ 5,772	\$	3,039,129	

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Distributions from the second half of the calendar year occur in a new fiscal year and are intended to finance the operations of that year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the District.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

Real property taxes and public utility taxes are levied after November 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by state law at 35 percent of appraised market value.

Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property, as well as land and improvements. Real property is assessed at 35 percent of market value and personal property is assessed at varying rates of true value.

Tangible personal property taxes attach as a lien and are levied on January 1 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value. The first \$10,000 of assessed value is exempt from taxation. The District receives a state subsidy in lieu of tax revenue which would otherwise have been collected.

The assessed value upon which the 2002 taxes were collected was \$71,773,599. Agricultural/residential and public utility/minerals real estate represented 87.3 percent or \$62,639,730 of this total; commercial & industrial real estate represented 3.4 percent or \$2,458,470 of this total, public utility tangible represented 6.3 percent or \$4,532,020 of this total and general tangible property represented 3.0 percent or \$2,143,379 of this total. The voted general tax rate at the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 was \$28.00 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation for operations, \$2.25 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation for permanent improvement.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The Putnam County Treasurer collects property tax on behalf of the District. The County Auditor periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. These tax "advances" are based on statutory cash flow collection rates. Final "settlements" are made each February and August.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2003. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, they are not (exclusive of advances) intended to finance current year operations. The net receivable (total receivable less amount available intended to finance the current year) is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue, but not received by the District prior to June 30, 2003, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for future appropriations. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating this revenue in accordance with Ohio Revised Code § 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year-end. Available tax advances at June 30, 2003 totaled \$114,200 in the general fund, \$12,202 in the debt service fund, and \$3,697 in the Permanent Improvements capital projects fund.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

6. SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of .75 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective January 1, 1996 and expires on December 31, 2005. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the state. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The state makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund and totaled \$808,520 for fiscal 2003.

7. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2003 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees) and accrued interest. Taxes are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes.

A summary of the principal items of receivables follows:

Conoral Fund	Amounts
<u>General Fund</u> Taxes - current and delinquent	\$1,614,708
Debt Service Fund Taxes - current and delinquent	138,273
Capital Projects Funds Taxes - current and delinquent	43,312

8. FIXED ASSETS

During fiscal 2003, the District changed its capitalization threshold from \$100 to \$1,000 (see Note 3.A.). The following changes occurred in the general fixed assets account group during the fiscal year:

	Restated Balance 07/01/02Increase		creases	De	ecreases	Balance 06/30/03		
Land/improvements	\$ 261,552	\$	63,414	\$	-	\$	324,966	
Buildings/improvements	5,777,109		38,485		-		5,815,594	
Furniture/equipment	1,211,019		114,377		(73,378)		1,252,018	
Vehicles	747,024		-		-		747,024	
Construction in progress	 -		94,023		-		94,023	
Total	\$ 7,996,704	\$	310,299	\$	(73,378)	\$	8,233,625	

A summary of the proprietary fixed assets at June 30, 2003 follows:

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

Furniture and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 102,557 (49,742)
Net fixed assets	\$ 52,815

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

All current general obligation bonds outstanding, issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of equipment and facilities, are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the general long-term obligations account group. Payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund. The source of payment is derived from a current 2.25 mill bonded debt tax levy.

A. The following is a description of the District's bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2003:

Purpose	Interest	lssue	Maturity	Original	Balance	Retired In	Balance
	Rate	Date	Date	Amount	07/01/02	Fiscal 2003	06/30/03
Construction and improvement bond	6.50%	02/01/87	12/01/10	\$2,850,000	\$1,100,000	<u>\$ (125,000)</u>	\$ 975,000

B. The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds:

Year Ending June 30	F	Principal		Interest		Total
2004	\$	125,000	\$	59,313		\$ 184,313
2005		125,000		51,188		176,188
2006		125,000		43,063		168,063
2007		120,000		35,100		155,100
2008		120,000		27,300		147,300
2009 - 2011		360,000		35,099	-	395,099
Total	\$	975,000	\$	251,063	_	\$ 1,226,063

C. During the year ended June 30, 2003, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid.

	Balance 07/01/02						Balance 06/30/03		
Compensated absences	\$ 256,068	\$	10,868	\$	-	\$	266,936		
General obligation bonds	1,100,000		-		(125,000)		975,000		
Pension obligation payable	40,208		47,252	_	(40,208)		47,252		
Total	\$ 1,396,276	\$	58,120	\$	(165,208)	\$	1,289,188		

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of a school district shall never exceed 9 percent of the total assessed valuation of the district. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1 percent of the property valuation of the district. The effects of these debt limitations for the District at June 30, 2003, are a voted debt margin of \$5,933,970 (including available funds of \$449,346) and an unvoted debt margin of \$71,774.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District is contracted with Indiana Insurance Company for general liability insurance, property insurance and fleet insurance.

Coverages provided by the insurance companies are as follows:

Building and contents - replacement cost	\$ 1,000	\$ 15,732,687
Inland marine coverage	250	140,775
Automobile liability	250-500	1,000,000
General liability:		
Per occurrence		1,000,000
Total per year		2,000,000
Umbrella		3,000,000

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from fiscal 2002.

B. Employee Health

The District offers group medical, dental, and prescription insurances to all employees through Medical Mutual of Ohio. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share a portion of the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract. Regardless of the plan utilized by the employees, all group benefit plans are traditionally funded, and the District does not retain any risk of loss.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 12. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2003, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan.

A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Plan. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Gates, McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan.

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent for 2003, 8.17 percent was the portion to fund pension obligations. The contribution rates are not determined actuarially, but are established by the School Employees Retirement Board within the rates allowed by state statute. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$51,365, \$28,816, and \$23,191, respectively; 43.7 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2003 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2002 and 2001. \$49,524 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2003.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. If an active Plan member should die before retirement, the eligible spouse and dependents may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's required contributions to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$350,546, \$229,772, \$228,705, respectively; 83.1 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2003 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2002 and 2001. \$63,756 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2003.

12. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through STRS and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by STRS and SERS based on authority granted by state statute. Both STRS and SERS are funded on a pay-as-you-go-basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For this fiscal year, the State Teachers Retirement Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$26,965 during fiscal 2003.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve fund was \$3.011 billion at June 30, 2002 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

ended June 30, 2002 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$354.697 million and STRS had 105,300 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than 25 years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 5.83 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2003, the minimum pay has been established at \$14,500. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2002 (the latest information available) were \$182.947 million and the target level was \$274.4 million. At June 30, 2002, (the latest information available) SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$335.2 million and SERS had approximately 50,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$51,719 during the 2003 fiscal year.

13. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for governmental funds (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the Governmental funds are as follows:

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Governmental Fund Types					
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
Budget basis Net adjustment for revenue accruals Net adjustment for expenditure accruals Adjustment for encumbrances	\$ (66,769) (5,647) (103,519) 318,180	\$ (36,704) 71,514 (90,899) 34,053	\$ 4,420 (2,899) -	\$ (92,931) 660 12,921	
GAAP Basis	\$ 142,245	\$ (22,036)	\$ 1,521	\$ (79,350)	

14. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2003.

B. Litigation

As of the balance sheet date, the District was not involved in any litigation as either defendant or plaintiff.

C. School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the state's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "... the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient" The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future state funding and its financial operations.

15. STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set aside certain (cash-basis) general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, the reserve activity was as follows:

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

	Instructional Materials Reserve		Capital Maintenance Reserve		Total	
Set-aside balance at 7/1/02 Required set-aside Offset credits Qualifying expenditures	\$	107,693 108,376 - (188,474)	\$	- 108,376 (40,000) (65,615)	\$	107,693 216,752 (40,000) (254,089)
Set-aside balance at 6/30/03	\$	27,595	\$	2,761	\$	30,356
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2004	\$	27,595	\$	2,761	\$	30,356

In addition to the above statutory reserves, the District also had monies restricted for school bus purchases.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2003 follows:

Amount restricted for instructional materials	\$ 27,595
Amount restricted for capital maintenance	2,761
Amount restricted for school bus purchases	31,121
Total restricted assets	\$ 61,477



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Columbus Grove Local School District Putnam County 201 West Cross Street Columbus Grove, Ohio 45830-1237

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the Columbus Grove Local School District, Putnam County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2004, in which we disclosed the District changed its method of accounting for fixed assets. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. A reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2003-001.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Columbus Grove Local School District Putnam County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the reportable condition described above is not a material weakness. We also noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated January 29, 2004.

This report is intended for the information and use of the finance/audit committee, management, and the Board of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomeny

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

January 29, 2004

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2003

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2003-001

Reportable Condition

Athletic Season Ticket Sales

A seating chart and some duplicate receipts were maintained for season ticket sales; however, no record is maintained of how many of the various types of tickets are available for sale, who purchased tickets, and the type of ticket purchased. This could cause errors or irregularities to occur and not be detected during the normal course of operations. To improve controls of season ticket sales we recommend: 1. duplicate receipts be issued for all monies collected, 2. season tickets be pre-numbered, 3. a listing be maintained of purchaser, ticket number, type of ticket sold, amount paid, date paid, and receipt number, and 4. all unsold tickets be retained for audit. At the end of each sale the number of tickets sold should be reconciled to the number of tickets that were available prior to the start of sales less the number of unsold tickets remaining and the amounts paid into the Treasurer.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDING JUNE 30, 2003

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :
2002-001	Athletic Season Ticket Sales	No	Repeated this fiscal year as finding number 2003-001.



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COLUMBUS GROVE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

PUTNAM COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED MARCH 4, 2004