



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

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# Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Washington Local School District Lucas County 3505 W. Lincolnshire Boulevard Toledo, Ohio 43606-1299

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washington Local School District, Lucas County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washington Local School District, Lucas County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, during the year ended June 30, 2003, the District implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, and changed its capital asset threshold amount.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2004, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Washington Local School District Lucas County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to form opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards expenditures is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule of federal awards expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Betty Montgomeny

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

June 28, 2004

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

The discussion and analysis of Washington Local School District's financial performance provides an overall view of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

# **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2003 are as follows:

Total Net Assets were \$39,252,581. Total Revenue was \$70,459,229. Total Expenses were \$60,309,502. Changes in Net Assets were \$10,149,727, virtually all in Governmental Activities. Capital Assets, net of Depreciation, increased to \$12,018,036 from \$7,134,250.

# **Using this Annual Financial Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Washington Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Washington Local School District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

# **Reporting the District as a Whole**

# Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2003?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.
- Business-Type Activities These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District adult and community education programs, food service and uniform school supplies are reported as business activities.

# **Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds**

## Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, and the permanent improvement fund.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

#### The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2003. This is the first year the District has prepared financial statements following GASB #34:

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

	Table 1 Net Assets		
		2003	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Asset			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 79,493,306	\$ 411,952	\$ 79,905,258
Capital Assets	11,684,847	333,189	12,018,036
Total Assets	91,178,153	745,141	91,923,294
<b>Liabilities</b> Long-term Liabilities Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	11,395,901 40,945,705 52,341,606	107,966 221,141 329,107	11,503,867 41,166,846 52,670,713
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets Net of Debt	5,836,126	333,189	6,169,315
Restricted	4,539,239	-	4,539,239
Unrestricted (Deficit)	28,461,182	82,845	28,544,027
Total Net Assets	\$ 38,836,547	\$ 416,034	\$ 39,252,581

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2003. Since this is the first year the District has prepared financial statements following GASB Statement 34, revenue and expense comparisons to fiscal year 2002 are not available.

	Chanç	Table 2 ges in Net Asse	ts				
		2003 Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Total					
<b>Revenue</b> Program Revenues: Charges for Services Operating Grants	\$	855,216 3,828,306	\$	1,552,143 763,306	\$	2,407,359 4,591,612	
Capital Grants General Revenue: Property Taxes		- 39,282,719		-		- 39,282,719	
Grants and Entitlements Other		19,715,680 4,457,735		- 4,124		19,715,680 4,461,859	
Total Revenues		68,139,656		2,319,573		70,459,229	

(Continued)

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

(	Table 2 Changes in Net Asse (Continued)	ts	
		2003	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Program Expenses			
Instruction	34,300,073	-	34,300,073
Support Services:			
Pupil and instructional Staff	5,614,500	-	5,614,500
Board of Education, Administration,			
Fiscal, and Business	5,495,857	-	5,495,857
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	6,269,778	-	6,269,778
Pupil Transportation	1,868,390	-	1,868,390
Central	1,732,933	-	1,732,933
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,274,192	-	1,274,192
Extracurricular Activities	951,642	-	951,642
Interest and Fiscal Charges	411,655	-	411,655
Food Service	-	1,821,884	1,821,884
Uniform Supplies	-	165,754	165,754
Customer Services	-	7,907	7,907
Adult and Community Education		394,937	 394,937
Total Expenses	57,919,020	2,390,482	 60,309,502
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ 10,220,636	\$ (70,909)	\$ 10,149,727

#### **Governmental Activities**

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by the levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is still comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Thus school districts dependent upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up over 62 percent of revenues for governmental activities for Washington Local School District in fiscal year 2003.

Instruction comprises 59 percent of governmental program expenses. Interest expense was 0.7 percent. Interest expense was attributable to the outstanding bonds and borrowing for capital projects.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements. Comparisons to 2002 have not been made since they are not available.

Tat	ole 3			
Governmer	ital A	ctivities		
		20	003	
	Т	otal Cost of		Net Cost of
		Services		Services
Instruction	\$	34,300,073	\$	(31,383,710)
Support Services:				
Pupil and Instructional Staff		5,614,500		(5,047,744)
Board of Education, Administration,				
Fiscal, and Business		5,495,857		(5,465,748)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		6,269,778		(6,269,778)
Pupil transportation		1,868,390		(1,868,390)
Central		1,732,933		(1,705,834)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		1,274,192		(130,997)
Extracurricular Activities		951,642		(951,642)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		411,655		(411,655)
Total Expenses	\$	57,919,020	\$	(53,235,498)

# **Business-Type Activities**

Business-type activities include adult/community education, which includes preschool and after school programs, the food service operation and the sale of uniform school supplies. These programs had revenues of \$2,319,573 and expenses of \$2,390,482 for fiscal year 2003.

# The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$28,890,466. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$67.9 million and expenditures of \$64.3 million. The net change in fund balance for the year was most significant in the General Fund, an increase of \$6.1 million, due to a significant decrease in expenditures for fiscal year 2003. Fund Balances for all governmental funds increased by \$5.0 million.

# General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

During the course of fiscal year 2003 the District amended its general fund budget numerous times.

For the general fund, budget basis revenue was \$61.1 million, above final budget estimates of \$60.1 million.

Final appropriations were \$62.2 million. Actual expenditures were \$60.7 million. Significant portion of the favorable variance were lower than projected salary and benefit cost and capital outlay.

# **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

## Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2003 the District had, net of accumulated depreciation, \$12,018,036 invested in land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, and construction in progress, \$11,684,847 in governmental activities. Table 4 shows fiscal 2003 balances compared to 2002:

			Та	ble 4						
			Capital Ass	ets at	June 30					
	Govern	nental Ad	ctivities		Business-Ty	/pe A	ctivities	 Тс	otal	
	2003		2002		2003	_	2002	 2003		2002
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 2,524,7	7 \$	2,129,579	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,524,777	\$	2,129,579
Buildings and Improvements	22,664,2	5	20,034,918		-		-	22,664,225		20,034,918
Furniture and Equipment	4,209,0	1	4,089,737		913,149		913,149	5,122,200		5,002,886
Vehicles	4,941,0	1	4,692,122		-		-	4,941,011		4,692,122
Construction in Progress	2,231,2	5	-					2,231,275		-
Less: Accum. Depreciation	24,885,4	2	24,176,361		579,960		548,894	 25,465,452		24,725,255
Totals	\$ 11,684,8	7 \$	6,769,995	\$	333,189	\$	364,255	\$ 12,018,036	\$	7,134,250

The primary increase occurred in buildings and improvements which include construction projects for roof replacements, windows, electrical upgrades, and boiler replacements.

For fiscal year 2003, change in Ohio law required school districts to set aside funds for capital improvements instructional supplies (includes textbooks and equipment). For fiscal year 2003, this amounted to \$936,028 for each set aside. For fiscal year 2003 the District had qualifying disbursements or offsets exceeding these requirements.

# Debt

At June 30, 2003 the District had \$6,733,883 million in bonds and notes outstanding, \$885,254 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes the District's debt outstanding as of June 30, 2003.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

Table 5 Outstanding Debt, at	Year	End		
		Governmen	tal Ac	tivities
		2003	_	2002
General Obligation Bonds:				
Energy Management	\$	1,705,000	\$	2,145,000
Notes Payable:				
Permanent Improvement Tax Anticipation		5,000,000		5,000,000
EPA Assistance Note		28,883		48,137
Compensated Absences		3,570,018		4,191,220
Capital Lease		1,092,000		-
Total	\$	11,395,901	\$	11,384,357
		Business-Ty	ne Ar	tivities
	2003 2002			
Compensated Absences	\$	107,966	\$	83,716

The Tax Anticipation Note was issued for building improvements. It will be paid back over ten years from the Permanent Improvement Fund.

Under current State Statutes, the District's debt issue is subject to a legal limitation, based on 9 percent of the total assessed value of real and personal property. At June 30, 2003, the District's outstanding debt was below the legal limit.

# For the Future

As the preceding information shows, the District depends on its property taxpayers. With the passage of the 5.2 mill Dual Purpose levy in November 2000 the District will be able to continue its education programs. However, financially the future is not without challenges.

While the District was successful in increasing its tax revenue base by the passage of the levy, this increase is a one-time increase. State law fixes the amount of this increase, forcing it to remain nearly constant. Thus management must diligently plan expenses, staying carefully within the District's five-year plan. Additional revenues must not be treated as a windfall to expand programs, but as an opportunity to extend the time horizon of the five-year plan.

Externally, the State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward school districts with little property tax wealth.

Both scenarios require management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years.

In addition, the District has a system of budgeting and internal controls. All of the District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

# **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information contact Jeffery S. Fouke, Treasurer of Washington Local School District, 3505 W. Lincolnshire Toledo, Ohio 43606.

# Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2003

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$ 37,882,650	\$ 306,331	\$ 38,188,981
Taxes	40,820,884	-	40,820,884
Accounts	102,623	1,135	103,758
Intergovernmental	386,942	81,601	468,543
Accrued Interest	32,066	-	32,066
Internal Balances	100,000	(100,000)	-
Inventory Held for Resale	-	122,885	122,885
Material and Supplies Inventory	168,141	-	168,141
Land	856,402	-	856,402
Capital assets, net of depreciation	10,828,445	333,189	11,161,634
Total Assets	91,178,153	745,141	91,923,294
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	813,608	21,577	835,185
Contracts Payable	1,924	-	1,924
Accrued Wages	4,890,869	74,298	4,965,167
Intergovernmental Payable	1,154,859	63,896	1,218,755
Deferred Revenue	33,987,597	61,370	34,048,967
Accrued Interest Payable	14,598	-	14,598
Claims Payable	82,250	-	82,250
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due within one year	1,758,243	13,666	1,771,909
Due in more than one year	9,637,658	94,300	9,731,958
Total Liabilities	52,341,606	329,107	52,670,713
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	5,836,126	333,189	6,169,315
Capital Projects	2,642,930		2,642,930
Set Asides	1,273,900	-	1,273,900
Other Purposes	622,409	-	622,409
Unrestricted (deficit)	28,461,182	82,845	28,544,027
Total Net Assets	\$ 38,836,547	\$ 416,034	\$ 39,252,581
	φ 30,030,347	ψ 410,034	ψ 33,232,301

# Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Program Revenues					
		Charges for	Operating	Capital		
	_	Services	Grants and	Grants and		
	Expenses	and Sales	Contributions	Contributions		
Governmental Activities						
Instruction:	¢ 04 700 000	\$ 494.925	\$ 641.352	\$-		
Regular	\$ 24,799,336	, . ,	· · · · · ·	φ -		
Special Vocational	6,474,662	360,291	1,146,342	-		
	2,118,404 138.074	-	109,618	-		
Adult/Continuing Other	/ -	-	163,835	-		
	769,597	-	-	-		
Support Services:	2 505 406		47.000			
Pupils Instructional Staff	2,505,406 3,109,094	-	47,929 518,827	-		
Board of Education	3,109,094 57,260	-	510,027	-		
Administration	3,689,861	-	30,109	-		
Fiscal	1,200,344	-	50,109	-		
Business	548,392	-	-	-		
Operation and Maintenance	6,269,778	-	-	-		
Pupil Transportation	1,868,390	-	-	-		
Central	1,732,933	-	27,099	-		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,274,192		1,143,195			
Extracurricular Activities	950,994		1,140,100			
Other	648					
Intergovernmental		_	_	_		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	411,655	-	-	-		
Total governmental activities	57,919,020	855,216	3,828,306			
Business-Type Activities						
Food Service	1,821,884	1,202,503	696,515	-		
Uniform Supplies	165,754	126,840	-	-		
Customer Services	7,907	31,355	-	-		
Adult and Community Services	394,937	191,445	66,791			
Total Business-Type activities	2,390,482	1,552,143	763,306			
Totals	\$ 60,309,502	\$ 2,407,359	\$ 4,591,612	\$-		

#### **General Revenues**

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service Property taxes, levied for capital projects Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Purposes Payment in Lieu of Taxes Unrestricted investment earnings Gain on sale of Capital Assets Miscellaneous Transfers *Total general revenues* 

Change in net assets

Net assets - July 1, 2002

Net assets - June 30, 2003

		(Expense) Revenue Changes in Net Asset	
G	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	 Total
\$	(23,663,059) (4,968,029) (2,008,786) 25,761 (769,597)	\$- - - - -	\$ (23,663,059) (4,968,029) (2,008,786) 25,761 (769,597)
	(2,457,477) (2,590,267) (57,260) (3,659,752) (1,200,344) (548,392) (6,269,778) (1,868,390) (1,705,834) (130,997) (950,994) (648)		(2,457,477) (2,590,267) (57,260) (3,659,752) (1,200,344) (548,392) (6,269,778) (1,868,390) (1,705,834) (130,997) (950,994) (648)
	(411,655) (53,235,498)	-	 (411,655) (53,235,498)
		77,134 (38,914) 23,448 (136,701) (75,033)	 77,134 (38,914) 23,448 (136,701) (75,033)
	(53,235,498)	\$ (75,033)	 (53,310,531)
	38,328,897 215,640 738,182 19,715,680 3,412,270 748,528 6,595 292,783 (2,441) 63,456,134 10,220,636	- - - 1,683 - - 2,441 4,124 (70,909)	 38,328,897 215,640 738,182 19,715,680 3,412,270 750,211 6,595 292,783 - 63,460,258 10,149,727
	28,615,911	486,943	 29,102,854
5	38,836,547	\$ 416,034	\$ 39,252,581

Net (Expense) Revenue and

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

Assets         Figurity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 30,110,889         \$ 2,518,537         \$ 1,058,378         \$ 33,667,804           Receivables:         Taxes         39,350,782         914,491         555,611         40,820,884           Accounts         101,002         -         1,621         102,623           Intergovernmental         53,975         -         332,967         386,942           Accounts         116ercuit Accelevable         533,028         -         -         533,028           Interfund Receivable         533,028         -         -         533,028         -         -         533,028           Interfund Receivable         533,028         -         -         533,028         -         -         533,028           Restricted Assets:         1,273,900         1,977,162         -         3,251,062         -         -         3,255,02           Liabilities         1,273,900         1,977,162         -         3,264,083         -         -         3,262,550           Liabilities         71,623,783         5,410,190         1,948,577         78,982,550         -         1,924         1,924         1,924         1,924         1,924         1,924         1,924 <td< th=""><th></th><th>General</th><th>Permanent Improvement Fund</th><th>Other Governmental Funds</th><th>Total Governmental Funds</th></td<>		General	Permanent Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receivables:         -           Taxes         39,350,782         914,491         555,611         40,820,884           Accounts         101,002         -         1,621         102,623           Intergovernmental         53,975         -         332,967         386,942           Accrued Interest         32,066         -         -         32,066           Interfund Receivable         533,028         -         -         533,028           Material and Supplies Inventory         168,141         -         -         168,141           Restricted Assets:         -         -         32,251,062         -           Total Assets         71,623,783         5,410,190         1,948,577         78,982,550           Liabilities         -         -         1,924         1,924           Accounts Payable         -         -         1,924         1,924           Contracts Payable         -         -         433,028         433,028           Pension Obligation Payable         974,582         -         39,300         1,013,942           Deferred Revenue:         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Property Taxes         36,521,093         862,009 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Taxes         39,350,782         914,491         555,611         40,820,884           Accounts         101,002         -         1,621         102,623           Intergovernmental         53,975         -         332,967         386,942           Accrued Interest         32,066         -         -         32,066           Interfund Receivable         533,028         -         -         533,028           Material and Supplies Inventory         168,141         -         -         168,141           Restricted Assets:         -         -         3,251,062         -           Total Assets         71,623,783         5,410,190         1,948,577         78,982,550           Liabilities         -         -         1,924         1,924           Accounts Payable         -         -         1,924         1,924           Account Payable         -         -         1,924         1,924           Account Payable         -         -         433,028         433,028           Pension Obligation Payable         -         -         39,360         1,013,942           Deferred Revenue:         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Total Liab		\$ 30,110,889	\$ 2,518,537	\$ 1,058,378	\$ 33,687,804
Accounts         101,002         -         1,621         102,623           Intergovernmental         53,975         -         332,967         386,942           Accrued Interest         32,066         -         -         32,066           Interfund Receivable         533,028         -         -         533,028           Material and Supplies Inventory         168,141         -         -         168,141           Restricted Assets:         -         -         3,251,062         -         3,251,062           Total Assets         71,623,783         5,410,190         1,948,577         78,982,550           Liabilities         -         -         1,924         1,924           Accounts Payable         -         -         1,924         1,924           Contracts Payable         -         -         1,924         1,924           Accounts Payable         -         -         433,028         433,028           Pension Obligation Payable         974,582         -         39,360         1,013,942           Deferred Revenue:         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Property Taxes         36,521,093         862,009         555,611         37,938,713 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td>				-	
Intergovernmental         53,975         -         332,967         386,942           Accrued Interest         32,066         -         -         32,066           Interfund Receivable         533,028         -         -         533,028           Material and Supplies Inventory         168,141         -         -         168,141           Restricted Assets:         -         -         3,251,062         -           Total Assets         71,623,783         5,410,190         1,948,577         78,982,550           Liabilities         -         -         1,924         1,924           Accounts Payable         -         -         1,924         1,924           Accounts Payable         -         -         433,028         433,028           Pension Obligation Payable         -         -         433,028         433,028           Pension Obligation Payable         -         -         433,028         433,028           Pension Obligation Payable         -         -         39,360         1,013,942           Deferred Revenue:         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Total Liabilities         42,903,907         5,862,009         1,326,168         50.092,084<			914,491		
Accrued Interest       32,066       -       -       32,066         Interfund Receivable       533,028       -       -       533,028         Material and Supplies Inventory       168,141       -       -       168,141         Restricted Assets:       -       -       3,251,062       -         Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents       1,273,900       1,977,162       -       3,251,062         Total Assets       71,623,783       5,410,190       1,948,577       78,982,550         Liabilities       -       -       1,924       1,924         Accounts Payable       731,501       -       82,107       813,608         Contracts Payable       -       -       1,924       1,924         Accounts Payable       -       -       433,028       433,028         Pension Obligation Payable       974,582       -       39,360       1,013,942         Deferred Revenue:       -       -       5,000,000       -       5,000,000         Property Taxes       36,521,093       862,009       55,611       37,938,713         Notes Payable       -       5,000,000       -       5,000,000         Total Liabilitis       42,903,907       5,86			-		
Interfund Receivable         533,028         -         -         533,028           Material and Supplies Inventory         168,141         -         -         168,141           Restricted Assets:         -         3,251,062         -         3,251,062           Total Assets         71,623,783         5,410,190         1,948,577         78,982,550           Liabilities         -         -         1,927         813,608           Contracts Payable         -         -         1,924         1,924           Accrued Wages         4,676,731         -         214,138         4,890,869           Interfund Payable         -         -         433,028         433,028           Pension Obligation Payable         974,582         -         39,360         1,013,942           Deferred Revenue:         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Property Taxes         36,521,093         862,009         555,611         37,938,713           Notes Payable         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Total Liabilities         42,903,907         5,862,009         1,326,168         50,092,084           Fund Balances         2,829,689         52,482         - <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>332,967</td> <td></td>			-	332,967	
Material and Supplies Inventory       168,141       -       -       168,141         Restricted Assets:       -       -       3,251,062         Total Assets       71,623,783       5,410,190       1.948,577       78,982,550         Liabilities       -       -       -       -       -       -         Accounts Payable       731,501       -       82,107       813,608       -       1,924       1,924       1,924         Accourd Wages       4,676,731       -       214,138       4,890,869       1,93,028       433,028         Pension Obligation Payable       -       -       433,028       433,028       1,013,942         Deferred Revenue:       -       -       433,028       433,028       1,013,942         Property Taxes       36,521,093       862,009       555,611       37,938,713         Notes Payable       -       5,000,000       -       5,000,000         Total Liabilities       42,903,907       5,862,009       1,326,168       50,092,084         Fund Balances       -       -       -       1,68,141       -       -       1,68,141         Reserved for Encumbrances       1,609,809       1,330,249       192,090       3,132,14			-	-	
Restricted Assets:         -         -         3,251,062           Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents         1,273,900         1,977,162         -         3,251,062           Total Assets         71,623,783         5,410,190         1,948,577         78,982,550           Liabilities         Accounts Payable         -         1,924         1,924           Accounds Payable         -         1,924         1,924         1,924           Accrued Wages         4,676,731         -         214,138         4,890,869           Interfund Payable         -         -         433,028         433,028           Pension Obligation Payable         974,582         -         39,360         1,013,942           Deferred Revenue:         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Property Taxes         36,521,093         862,009         555,611         37,938,713           Notes Payable         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Total Liabilities         42,903,907         5,862,009         1,326,168         50,092,084           Fund Balances         1,609,809         1,330,249         192,090         3,132,148           Reserved for Inventory         168,141 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td></td<>			-	-	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents         1,273,900         1,977,162         -         3,251,062           Total Assets         71,623,783         5,410,190         1,948,577         78,982,550           Liabilities         Accounts Payable         731,501         -         82,107         813,608           Contracts Payable         -         -         1,924         1,924         1,924           Accrued Wages         4,676,731         -         24,138         4,800,869           Interfund Payable         -         -         433,028         433,028           Pension Obligation Payable         974,582         -         39,360         1,013,942           Deferred Revenue:         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Property Taxes         36,521,093         862,009         555,611         37,938,713           Notes Payable         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Total Liabilities         42,903,907         5,862,009         1,326,168         50,092,084           Fund Balances         1,609,809         1,330,249         192,090         3,132,148           Reserved for Inventory         168,141         -         168,141         -         168,141 </td <td></td> <td>168,141</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>168,141</td>		168,141	-	-	168,141
Total Assets         71,623,783         5,410,190         1,948,577         78,982,550           Liabilities         731,501         -         82,107         813,608           Contracts Payable         731,501         -         82,107         813,608           Contracts Payable         -         -         1,924         1,924           Accounts Payable         -         -         1,924         1,924           Accound Wages         4,676,731         -         214,138         4,890,869           Interfund Payable         -         -         433,028         433,028           Pension Obligation Payable         974,582         -         39,360         1,013,942           Deferred Revenue:         -         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Property Taxes         36,521,093         862,009         1,326,168         50,092,084           Fund Balances         -         5,600,000         -         5,000,000           Reserved for Inventory         168,141         -         -         168,141           Reserved for Inventory         168,141         -         -         168,141           Reserved for Inventory         168,141         -         -				-	
Liabilities         731,501         82,107         813,608           Contracts Payable         -         1,924         1,924           Accrued Wages         4,676,731         214,138         4,890,869           Interfund Payable         -         -         433,028         433,028           Pension Obligation Payable         974,582         -         39,360         1,013,942           Deferred Revenue:         -         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Property Taxes         36,521,093         862,009         555,611         37,938,713           Notes Payable         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Total Liabilities         42,903,907         5,862,009         1,326,168         50,092,084           Fund Balances         -         -         168,141         -         -         168,141           Reserved for Inventory         168,141         -         -         168,141         -         -         168,141           Reserved for Budget Stabilization         1,273,900         -         -         1,273,900         -         1,273,900           Unreserved , Reported in:         -         -         430,319         430,319	Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,273,900	1,977,162		3,251,062
Accounts Payable       731,501       -       82,107       813,608         Contracts Payable       -       -       1,924       1,924         Accrued Wages       4,676,731       -       214,138       4,890,869         Interfund Payable       -       -       433,028       433,028         Pension Obligation Payable       974,582       -       39,360       1,013,942         Deferred Revenue:       -       5,000,000       -       5,000,000         Property Taxes       36,521,093       862,009       555,611       37,938,713         Notes Payable       -       5,000,000       -       5,000,000         Total Liabilities       42,903,907       5,862,009       1,326,168       50,092,084         Fund Balances       -       1,609,809       1,330,249       192,090       3,132,148         Reserved for Inventory       168,141       -       -       168,141         Reserved for Taxes Unappropriated       2,829,689       52,482       -       2,882,171         Reserved for Budget Stabilization       1,273,900       -       -       1,273,900         Unreserved , Reported in:       -       -       430,319       430,319         General Fund <td>Total Assets</td> <td>71,623,783</td> <td>5,410,190</td> <td>1,948,577</td> <td>78,982,550</td>	Total Assets	71,623,783	5,410,190	1,948,577	78,982,550
Contracts Payable       -       -       1,924       1,924         Accrued Wages       4,676,731       -       214,138       4,890,869         Interfund Payable       -       -       433,028       433,028         Pension Obligation Payable       974,582       -       39,360       1,013,942         Deferred Revenue:       -       -       5,000,000       -       5,000,000         Property Taxes       36,521,093       862,009       555,611       37,938,713         Notes Payable       -       5,000,000       -       5,000,000         Total Liabilities       42,903,907       5,862,009       1,326,168       50,092,084         Fund Balances       1,609,809       1,330,249       192,090       3,132,148         Reserved for Encumbrances       1,609,809       1,330,249       192,090       3,132,148         Reserved for Taxes Unappropriated       2,829,689       52,482       -       2,882,171         Reserved for Budget Stabilization       1,273,900       -       -       1,273,900         Unreserved , Reported in:       -       -       430,319       430,319         General Fund       22,838,337       -       -       22,838,337         <	Liabilities				
Accrued Wages       4,676,731       -       214,138       4,890,869         Interfund Payable       -       -       433,028       433,028         Pension Obligation Payable       974,582       -       39,360       1,013,942         Deferred Revenue:       -       -       5,000,000       -       5,000,000         Property Taxes       36,521,093       862,009       555,611       37,938,713         Notes Payable       -       -       5,000,000       -       5,000,000         Total Liabilities       42,903,907       5,862,009       1,326,168       50,092,084         Fund Balances       1,609,809       1,330,249       192,090       3,132,148         Reserved for Encumbrances       1,609,809       1,330,249       192,090       3,132,148         Reserved for Inventory       168,141       -       -       168,141         Reserved for Budget Stabilization       1,273,900       -       -       1,273,900         Unreserved, Reported in:       -       -       430,319       430,319       430,319         General Fund       22,838,337       -       -       22,838,337       -       -       22,838,337         Special Revenue Funds       -	Accounts Payable	731,501	-	82,107	813,608
Interfund Payable       -       -       433,028       433,028         Pension Obligation Payable       974,582       -       39,360       1,013,942         Deferred Revenue:       -       -       5,000,000       -       5,000,000         Property Taxes       36,521,093       862,009       555,611       37,938,713         Notes Payable       -       -       5,000,000       -       5,000,000         Total Liabilities       42,903,907       5,862,009       1,326,168       50,092,084         Fund Balances       1,609,809       1,330,249       192,090       3,132,148         Reserved for Encumbrances       1,609,809       1,330,249       192,090       3,132,148         Reserved for Inventory       168,141       -       -       168,141         Reserved for Budget Stabilization       1,273,900       -       -       1,273,900         Unreserved , Reported in:       General Fund       22,838,337       -       -       22,838,337         General Fund       22,838,337       -       -       430,319       430,319         Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)       -       (1,834,550)       -       (1,834,550)         Total Fund Balances       28,719,876	Contracts Payable	-	-	1,924	1,924
Pension Obligation Payable       974,582       -       39,360       1,013,942         Deferred Revenue:       Property Taxes       36,521,093       862,009       555,611       37,938,713         Notes Payable       -       5,000,000       -       5,000,000         Total Liabilities       42,903,907       5,862,009       1,326,168       50,092,084         Fund Balances       42,903,907       5,862,009       1,326,168       50,092,084         Fund Balances       1,609,809       1,330,249       192,090       3,132,148         Reserved for Encumbrances       1,609,809       1,330,249       192,090       3,132,148         Reserved for Inventory       168,141       -       -       168,141         Reserved for Taxes Unappropriated       2,829,689       52,482       -       2,882,171         Reserved for Budget Stabilization       1,273,900       -       -       1,273,900         Unreserved , Reported in:       -       -       430,319       430,319         General Fund       22,838,337       -       -       22,838,337         Special Revenue Funds       -       -       430,319       430,319         Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)       28,719,876       (451,819)	Accrued Wages	4,676,731	-	214,138	4,890,869
Deferred Revenue:         36,521,093         862,009         555,611         37,938,713           Notes Payable         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Total Liabilities         42,903,907         5,862,009         1,326,168         50,092,084           Fund Balances         42,903,907         5,862,009         1,326,168         50,092,084           Fund Balances         1,609,809         1,330,249         192,090         3,132,148           Reserved for Encumbrances         1,609,809         1,330,249         192,090         3,132,148           Reserved for Inventory         168,141         -         -         168,141           Reserved for Budget Stabilization         1,273,900         -         1,273,900           Unreserved, Reported in:         -         -         22,838,337           General Fund         22,838,337         -         -           General Fund         22,838,337         -         -           Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)         -         (1,834,550)         -           Total Fund Balances         28,719,876         (451,819)         622,409         28,890,466	Interfund Payable	-	-	433,028	433,028
Property Taxes         36,521,093         862,009         555,611         37,938,713           Notes Payable         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Total Liabilities         42,903,907         5,862,009         1,326,168         50,092,084           Fund Balances         42,903,907         5,862,009         1,326,168         50,092,084           Reserved for Encumbrances         1,609,809         1,330,249         192,090         3,132,148           Reserved for Inventory         168,141         -         -         168,141           Reserved for Taxes Unappropriated         2,829,689         52,482         -         2,882,171           Reserved for Budget Stabilization         1,273,900         -         -         1,273,900           Unreserved, Reported in:         -         -         430,319         430,319           General Fund         22,838,337         -         -         22,838,337           Special Revenue Funds         -         -         430,319         430,319           Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)         -         (1,834,550)         -         (1,834,550)           Total Fund Balances         28,719,876         (451,819)         622,409         28,890,466	Pension Obligation Payable	974,582	-	39,360	1,013,942
Notes Payable         -         5,000,000         -         5,000,000           Total Liabilities         42,903,907         5,862,009         1,326,168         50,092,084           Fund Balances         Reserved for Encumbrances         1,609,809         1,330,249         192,090         3,132,148           Reserved for Inventory         168,141         -         -         168,141           Reserved for Taxes Unappropriated         2,829,689         52,482         -         2,882,171           Reserved for Budget Stabilization         1,273,900         -         -         1,273,900           Unreserved, Reported in:         -         -         22,838,337         -         -         22,838,337           Special Revenue Funds         -         -         430,319         430,319         430,319           Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)         -         (1,834,550)         -         (1,834,550)           Total Fund Balances         28,719,876         (451,819)         622,409         28,890,466	Deferred Revenue:				
Total Liabilities         42,903,907         5,862,009         1,326,168         50,092,084           Fund Balances         Reserved for Encumbrances         1,609,809         1,330,249         192,090         3,132,148           Reserved for Inventory         168,141         -         -         168,141           Reserved for Taxes Unappropriated         2,829,689         52,482         -         2,882,171           Reserved , Reported in:         -         -         1,273,900         -         -         1,273,900           Unreserved , Reported in:         -         -         -         22,838,337         -         -         22,838,337           Special Revenue Funds         -         -         -         430,319         430,319         430,319           Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)         -         (1,834,550)         -         (1,834,550)         -         (1,834,550)           Total Fund Balances         28,719,876         (451,819)         622,409         28,890,466	Property Taxes	36,521,093	862,009	555,611	37,938,713
Fund Balances         Reserved for Encumbrances       1,609,809       1,330,249       192,090       3,132,148         Reserved for Inventory       168,141       -       -       168,141         Reserved for Taxes Unappropriated       2,829,689       52,482       -       2,882,171         Reserved for Budget Stabilization       1,273,900       -       -       1,273,900         Unreserved , Reported in:       -       -       22,838,337       -       -       22,838,337         Special Revenue Funds       -       -       430,319       430,319       430,319         Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)       -       (1,834,550)       -       (1,834,550)         Total Fund Balances       28,719,876       (451,819)       622,409       28,890,466	Notes Payable		5,000,000		5,000,000
Reserved for Encumbrances       1,609,809       1,330,249       192,090       3,132,148         Reserved for Inventory       168,141       -       -       168,141         Reserved for Taxes Unappropriated       2,829,689       52,482       -       2,882,171         Reserved for Budget Stabilization       1,273,900       -       -       1,273,900         Unreserved , Reported in:       -       -       22,838,337       -       -       22,838,337         Special Revenue Funds       -       -       430,319       430,319       430,319         Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)       -       (1,834,550)       -       (1,834,550)         Total Fund Balances       28,719,876       (451,819)       622,409       28,890,466	Total Liabilities	42,903,907	5,862,009	1,326,168	50,092,084
Reserved for Inventory       168,141       -       -       168,141         Reserved for Taxes Unappropriated       2,829,689       52,482       -       2,882,171         Reserved for Budget Stabilization       1,273,900       -       -       1,273,900         Unreserved , Reported in:       -       -       22,838,337       -       -       22,838,337         Special Revenue Funds       -       -       430,319       430,319       430,319         Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)       -       (1,834,550)       -       (1,834,550)         Total Fund Balances       28,719,876       (451,819)       622,409       28,890,466	Fund Balances				
Reserved for Inventory       168,141       -       -       168,141         Reserved for Taxes Unappropriated       2,829,689       52,482       -       2,882,171         Reserved for Budget Stabilization       1,273,900       -       -       1,273,900         Unreserved , Reported in:       -       -       22,838,337       -       -       22,838,337         Special Revenue Funds       -       -       430,319       430,319       430,319         Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)       -       (1,834,550)       -       (1,834,550)         Total Fund Balances       28,719,876       (451,819)       622,409       28,890,466	Reserved for Encumbrances	1.609.809	1.330.249	192.090	3.132.148
Reserved for Budget Stabilization       1,273,900       -       -       1,273,900         Unreserved , Reported in:       General Fund       22,838,337       -       -       22,838,337         Special Revenue Funds       -       -       430,319       430,319         Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)       -       (1,834,550)       -       (1,834,550)         Total Fund Balances       28,719,876       (451,819)       622,409       28,890,466	Reserved for Inventory		-	- ,	
Reserved for Budget Stabilization       1,273,900       -       -       1,273,900         Unreserved , Reported in:       General Fund       22,838,337       -       -       22,838,337         Special Revenue Funds       -       -       430,319       430,319         Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)       -       (1,834,550)       -       (1,834,550)         Total Fund Balances       28,719,876       (451,819)       622,409       28,890,466	Reserved for Taxes Unappropriated	2,829,689	52,482	-	2,882,171
Unreserved , Reported in:       22,838,337       -       -       22,838,337         Special Revenue Funds       -       -       430,319       430,319         Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)       -       (1,834,550)       -       (1,834,550)         Total Fund Balances       28,719,876       (451,819)       622,409       28,890,466		1,273,900	-	-	1,273,900
Special Revenue Funds         -         430,319         430,319           Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)         -         (1,834,550)         -         (1,834,550)           Total Fund Balances         28,719,876         (451,819)         622,409         28,890,466	-				
Special Revenue Funds         -         430,319         430,319           Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)         -         (1,834,550)         -         (1,834,550)           Total Fund Balances         28,719,876         (451,819)         622,409         28,890,466	General Fund	22,838,337	-	-	22,838,337
Total Fund Balances         28,719,876         (451,819)         622,409         28,890,466	Special Revenue Funds	-	-	430,319	
	Capital Projects Funds (Deficit)		(1,834,550)		(1,834,550)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances         \$ 71,623,783         \$ 5,410,190         \$ 1,948,577         \$ 78,982,550	Total Fund Balances	28,719,876	(451,819)	622,409	28,890,466
	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 71,623,783	\$ 5,410,190	\$ 1,948,577	\$ 78,982,550

# Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2003

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 28,890,466
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		11,684,847
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds Property Taxes		3,951,116
Bonds & Note Payable	(140,917) (14,598) (1,092,000) (1,733,883) (3,570,018)	
Total		(6,551,416)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in		
governmental activities in the statement of net assets		861,534
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 38,836,547

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	 General	ermanent provement Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Investment Income Tuition Extracurricular Activities Classroom Materials and Fees Payment in Lieu of Taxes Rentals	\$ 37,825,628 19,492,056 632,287 382,251 - 112,674 3,412,270 113,590	\$ 728,852 87,278 107,505 - - - - -	\$	215,640 4,278,067 3,837 (92) 360,291	\$	38,770,120 23,857,401 743,629 382,159 360,291 112,674 3,412,270 113,590
Miscellaneous Total Revenue	 153,011 62,123,767	 923,635		<u>26,274</u> 4,884,017		179,285 67,931,419
	 02,120,101	 525,000		4,004,017		07,001,410
Expenditures Current: Instruction: Regular Special Vocational Adult/Continuing Other Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff Board of Education Administration Fiscal Business Operation and Maintenance Pupil Transportation Central Operation of Non-Instructional Extracurricular Activities Other Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	25,344,876 5,513,350 2,000,117 3,993 769,597 2,464,611 2,540,129 58,438 3,661,948 1,177,389 561,309 7,053,740 2,582,031 1,759,587 607,201 648 392,248 243,254 58,192			734,084 968,396 141,564 142,062 - 86,091 639,550 - 26,187 - 25,809 1,224,252 405,286 111,986 440,000 351,971		26,078,960 6,481,746 2,141,681 146,055 769,597 2,550,702 3,179,679 58,438 3,688,135 1,177,389 561,309 7,053,740 2,582,031 1,785,396 1,224,252 1,012,487 648 2,705,591 683,254 410,163
Total Expenditures	 56,792,658	 2,201,357		5,297,238		64,291,253
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 5,331,109	 (1,277,722)		(413,221)		3,640,166
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets Inception of Capital Lease Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out	6,595 1,316,000 - (575,581)	-		- 601,887 (28,747)		6,595 1,316,000 601,887 (604,328)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	 747,014	 -		573,140		1,320,154
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,078,123	(1,277,722)		159,919		4,960,320
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	22,612,026	825,903		462,490		23,900,419
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory	 29,727	 -		-		29,727
Fund Balances (Deficits) End of Year	\$ 28,719,876	\$ (451,819)	\$	622,409	\$	28,890,466

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:         Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activity the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays was over (under) depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense Total       5.895,040 (380,188)         Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property Taxes Grants       512,599 (313,415)         Bond and capital lease proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of Capital Lease       (1.316,000) (683,254)         In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.       (1.492)         Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and intergovernmental payable which represents contractually required pension contributions, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Campensated Absences       621,202 (25,224 (27,22)         Pension Obligations Campensated Absences and intergovernmental funds expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activ	Net Change in Fund Balances -Total Governmental Funds		\$ 4,960,320
However, in the statement of activity the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays was over (under) depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense Total 5,395,040 (980,188) Total 4,914,852 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property Taxes 512,599 Grants 101 Total 199,184 Bond and capital lease proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which proceeds are (over) under payments. Inception of Capital Lease (1,316,000) encipal Payments 200 Principal Payments 200 Total (632,746) In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. (1,492) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and intergovernmental payable which require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences 200 Pension Obligations 22,284 Change in Inventory 29,727 Total 676,213 The internal service fund used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. 104,305			
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.       512,599         Property Taxes       512,599         Grants       (313,415)         Total       199,184         Bond and capital lease proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment to bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.       (1,316,000)         Principal Payments       (1,316,000)       683,254         Total       (632,746)         In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.       (1,492)         Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and intergovernmental payble which represents contractually required pension contributions, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.       621,202         Compensated Absences       621,202         Pension Obligations       25,284         Change in Inventory       29,727         Total       676,213         The internal service fund used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net rev	However, in the statement of activity the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays was over (under) depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense		4,914,852
governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities         in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond and capital lease         principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the         repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.         This is the amount by which proceeds are (over) under payments.         Inception of Capital Lease       (1,316,000)         Principal Payments       683,254         Total       (632,746)         In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding       683,254         bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure       (1,492)         Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as       (1,492)         Some expenses contractually required pension contributions, do not       require the use of current financial resources and therefore are         not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.       621,202         Pension Obligations       25,284         Change in Inventory       29,727         Total       676,213         The internal service fund used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.       104,305 <td>financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property Taxes Grants</td> <td></td> <td>199,184</td>	financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property Taxes Grants		199,184
bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.(1,492)Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and intergovernmental payable which represents contractually required pension contributions, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences621,202 25,284 25,284 29,727Pension Obligations Change in Inventory Total25,284 29,727676,213The internal service fund used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.104,305	governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which proceeds are (over) under payments. Inception of Capital Lease Principal Payments		(632,746)
compensated absences and intergovernmental payable which represents contractually required pension contributions, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences621,202 25,284 25,284 29,727Pension Obligations Change in Inventory Total25,284 29,727The internal service fund used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.104,305	bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure		(1,492)
cost of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.104,305	compensated absences and intergovernmental payable which represents contractually required pension contributions, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences Pension Obligations Change in Inventory	25,284	676,213
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	cost of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal		104,305
	Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 10,220,636

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	E	Variance		
				Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				<i>/</i> /
Taxes	\$ 31,258,060	\$ 36,612,926	\$ 37,190,729	\$ 577,803
Intergovernmental	16,236,280	18,753,413	19,078,620	325,207
Investment Income	640,000	625,000	585,260	(39,740)
Tuition	371,850	485,934	490,068	4,134
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	2,280,000	3,400,000	3,475,343	75,343
Rentals	80,000	100,000	113,590	13,590
Miscellaneous Revenue	721,010	150,000	165,321	15,321
Total Revenue	51,587,200	60,127,273	61,098,931	971,658
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	27,088,101	26,767,994	26,523,569	244,425
Special	6,068,794	5,938,949	5,762,224	176,725
Vocational	2,369,166	2,354,491	2,237,338	117,153
Adult/Continuing	14,305	14,405	6,499	7,906
Other	800,000	800,000	769,597	30,403
Support Services:				
Pupils	2,882,768	2,667,768	2,591,107	76,661
Instructional Staff	2,681,895	2,607,082	2,560,467	46,615
Board of Education	108,440	83,440	59,501	23,939
Administration	3,973,708	3,780,453	3,678,915	101,538
Fiscal	1,331,231	1,342,003	1,228,591	113,412
Business	601,158	582,158	538,121	44,037
Operation and Maintenance	7,832,717	7,800,312	7,759,846	40,466
Pupil Transportation	2,945,289	2,665,289	2,600,410	64,879
Central	2,099,667	1,954,857	1,820,894	133,963
Operation of Non-Instructional	2,550	2,550	624	1,926
Extracurricular Activities	588,725	688,252	662,764	25,488
Capital Outlay	800,000	2,095,000	1,897,556	197,444
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	48,137	48,137	19,254	28,883
Interest and Fiscal Charges	48,137	17,042	17,042	
Total Expenditures	62,284,788	62,210,182	60,734,319	1,475,863
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(10,697,588)	(2,082,909)	364,612	2,447,521

(Continued)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Comparison (Non-GAAP) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

	E	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				/	
Inception of Lease	-	1,316,000	1,316,000	-	
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	8,000	10,000	6,595	(3,405)	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	8,000	80,278	80,535	257	
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(16,491)	(45,500)	(36,758)	8,742	
Advances In	5,710	31,105	31,105	-	
Advances Out	(500,000)	(533,028)	(533,028)	-	
Operating Transfers Out	(651,971)	(633,444)	(575,581)	57,863	
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(1,146,752)	225,411	288,868	63,457	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(11,844,340)	(1,857,498)	653,480	2,510,978	
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	26,027,819	26,027,819	26,027,819	-	
Unexpended Prior Year Encumbrances	1,666,598	1,666,598	1,666,598		
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 15,850,077	\$ 25,836,919	\$ 28,347,897	\$ 2,510,978	

# Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2003

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
Assets		
<i>Current Assets</i> Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables: Accounts	\$	\$     943,784 -
Intergovernmental Inventory Held for Resale	81,601 122,885	-
Total Current Assets	511,952	943,784
Capital Assets, (Net)	333,189	
Total Assets	845,141	943,784
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Compensated Absences Payable Interfund Payable Intergovernmental Payable Deferred Revenue Claims Payable	21,577 74,298 13,666 100,000 63,896 61,370	- - - - - 82,250
Total Current Liabilities	334,807	82,250
Long-Term Liabilities Compensated Absences Payable	94,300	<u>-</u>
Total Long-Term Liabilities	94,300	
Total Liabilities	429,107	82,250
<b>Net Assets</b> Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	333,189 82,845	- 861,534
Total Net Assets	\$ 416,034	\$ 861,534

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues Tuition Food Services Charges for Services Classroom Fees Extracurricular Activities	\$ 192,140 1,192,195 37,182 126,145 4,481	\$ 4,160,643 
Total Operating Revenues	1,552,143	4,160,643
Operating Expenses Salaries Fringe Benefits Purchased Services Materials and Supplies Cost of Sales Depreciation Other Total Operating Expenses	1,003,049 324,191 75,242 197,500 758,316 31,066 1,118 2,390,482	4,042,069 19,168 - - - - 4,061,237
Operating Income (Loss)	(838,339)	99,406
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Federal Donated Commodities Operating Grants Interest Income Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	113,862 649,444 1,683	- - 4,899 4,899
	764,989	i
Income (Loss) before contributions and transfers	(73,350)	104,305
Transfers in	2,441	
Change in Net Assets	(70,909)	104,305
Total Net Assets at Beginning of Year	486,943	757,229
Total Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 416,034	<u>\$ 861,534</u>

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
human (Desarges) in Oach and Oach Envirolants	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers Cash Received from Tuition Payments Cash Received from Extracurricular Activities Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments for Employee Benefits Cash Payments for Other Expenses	\$ 1,354,453 191,520 4,481 (926,930) (987,523) (344,011) (1,118)	\$ 4,160,643 - (19,168) (0) (4,016,874) (0)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	(709,128)	124,601
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Operating Grants Received Operating Transfers In Short-Term Loans from Other Funds	639,020 2,441 100,000	- - -
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	741,461	
Cash flows from Investing Activities: Interest on Investments	1,683	4,899
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,683	4,899
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	34,016	129,500
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	272,315	814,284
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 306,331	\$ 943,784

(Continued)

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

	Business-Type Activities			Governmental Activities	
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	Enterprise Funds		•		
Fronded by (Osed III) Operating Activities					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(838,339)	\$	99,406	
Adjustments:					
Net Cash from Operating Activities:					
Depreciation		31,066		-	
Donated Commodities Revenue		113,862		-	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:					
Accounts Receivable		270		2,585	
Inventory Held for Resale		(6,547)		-	
Intergovernmental		(1,672)		-	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:				-	
Accounts Payable		1,618		-	
Accrued Wages		(13,416)		-	
Compensated Absences Payable		28,942		-	
Intergovernmental Payable		(19,820)		-	
Claims Payable		-		22,610	
Deferred Revenue		(5,092)			
Total Adjustments		129,211		25,195	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(709,128)	\$	124,601	

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2003

		e Purpose Trust		
	Scholarship		Agency	
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Account Receivable	\$	94,660 -	\$	123,312 9,603
Total Assets	\$	94,660	\$	132,915
Liabilities Accounts Payable Due to Students	\$	-	\$	4,069 128,846
Total Liabilities				132,915
<b>Net Assets</b> Held in Trust for Scholarships		94,660		-
Total Net Assets	\$	94,660	\$	-

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	
Additions Extracurricular Activities Interest Income Other Operating Revenue	\$	2,950 830 11,838
Total Additions		15,618
Deductions Scholarships		21,767
Total Deductions		21,767
Change in Net Assets		(6,149)
Net Assets Beginning of Year		100,809
Net Assets End of Year	\$	94,660

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# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

# NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Washington Local School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. Washington Local School District is a local school district as defined by § 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

Average daily membership (ADM) as of October 1, 2002 was 6,920. The District employed 506 certificated employees and 340 non-certificated employees. Local school districts are supervised by the county board of education, a separate entity.

Washington Local School District provides regular, vocational and special instruction. The District also provides support services for the pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisitions and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services.

# **Reporting Entity**

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financials are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Components units may also include organizations that fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. The District has no component units.

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies:

# A. Basis of Presentation

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the District at year-end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting Funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a single column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

# B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

<u>Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund</u> - The permanent improvement capital projects fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources, debt service and capital projects of the district whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of the changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows and are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The only Internal Service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides dental benefits to employees.

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, privatepurpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for a scholarship program for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Monies are due to students for activities they have participated in.

# C. Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and others financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The private purpose trust is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

# D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

## Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used of the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

# Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Delinquent property taxes and property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2003, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2004 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

#### Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the fiscal year is reported in the operating statement as

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

# E. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the object level within each fund and function.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

# F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2003, investments were limited to a guaranteed investment contract, Federal Agency Securities, repurchase agreements, and STAR Ohio. Except for investment contracts and money market investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Investment contracts and money market investments that had a maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase are reported at cost or amortized cost.

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2003. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2003.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2003 amounted to \$632,287, which includes \$43,876 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

## Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish a budget stabilization reserve. This reserve is required by State statute and can be used only after receiving approval from the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. During fiscal year, restricted assets totaled \$1,273,900.

Restricted assets of \$1,977,162 in the capital project fund represent cash and cash equivalents held at National City Bank. These monies, per the loan agreement, can only be used for the acquisition, construction, enlargement, renovation, or refinancing of general, on-going permanent improvements of the District.

At June 30, 2003, restricted assets totaled \$3,251,062.

# G. Inventories

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in/first-out (FIFO) basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food, purchased food, and school supplies held for resale and are expensed when used.

# H. Bond Discounts, Premiums, and Issuance Costs

When the proceeds from general obligation bonded debt are placed in a governmental type fund, any bond issuance costs are shown as capital outlay expenditures. Any premium or discount is included in "Other Financing Sources - Bond Proceeds" on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. The long-term debt that appears in the Government Wide Financial Statements would always be reported at the bond's face value.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

#### I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the Food Service enterprise fund are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the fund.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful live of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	15	Estimated Erros
Buildings and Improvements	40	
Furniture and Equipment	5	5
Vehicles	8	

#### J. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net assets, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

specified in the District's termination policy. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees age fifty (50) or greater with at least ten years of service.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

#### L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund statements only to the extent they will be paid with current, expendable, available resources. In general, payments made within thirty days after year end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### N. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, material and supply inventories, property taxes, and budget stabilization in the governmental funds.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statue. The reserve for budget

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

stabilization represents money required to be set-aside by statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenue and expenditures.

#### O. Operating Revenues and Expense

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are tuition for adult education classes, sales for food service and uniform school supplies, and charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

# P. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the governmental-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expense in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### Q. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2003.

#### NOTE 3 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

#### A. Changes in Accounting Principles

During fiscal year 2003 the District increased its capital asset capitalization threshold. This change reduced governmental activities' capital assets as of July 1, 2002, by \$7,419,513, from \$38,365,869 to \$30,946,356, and reduced business-type activities' capital assets as of July 1, 2002, by \$82,791 (net of accumulated depreciation), from \$447,046 to \$364,255.

For fiscal year 2003, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments"; GASB

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

No. 37 "Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments: Omnibus", GASB No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures', and GASB Interpretation No. 6, "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements". At June 30, 2002, there was no effect on fund balance as a result of implementing GASB 37 and 38.

GASB 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the District's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Non-major funds are presented in total in one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

The government-wide financial statements split the District's programs between business-type and governmental activities. Except for the restatement explained below, the beginning net assets amount for the business-type activities equals fund equity of the enterprise funds from last year. The beginning net asset amount for governmental programs reflects the change in fund balance for governmental fund at June 30, 2002, caused by the reclassification of funds based on the guidance provided in Statement No. 34 and by the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting.

GASB Statement No. 37 clarifies certain provisions of Statement No. 34, including the required content of Management's Discussion and Analysis, the classification of program revenues and the criteria for determining major funds. GASB Statement No. 38 modifies, establishes and rescinds certain financial statement note disclosures.

GASB Interpretation of No. 6 clarifies the application of standards for modified accrual recognition of certain liabilities and expenditures in areas where differences have arisen, or potentially could arise, in interpretation and practice.

#### B. Restatement of Fund Balance

The restatements of GASB Statement No. 34 and GASB Interpretation No. 6 had the following effects on fund balance of the major and nonmajor funds of the District as they were previously reported.

The transition from governmental fund balance to net assets of the governmental activities is also presented.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

		General	 ermanent provement Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Total
Fund Balance June 30, 2002	\$	22,515,781	\$ 825,903	\$	462,490	\$ 23,804,174
Interpretation 6 Adjustment:						
Compensated Absences Payable		96,245	-		-	96,245
Adjusted Fund Balance	\$	22,612,026	\$ 825,903	\$	462,490	23,900,419
GASB 34 Adjustments:						
Capital Assets						6,769,995
Accrued Interest Payable						(13,106)
Internal Service Fund						757,230
Long-Term Liabilities						(6,550,558)
Long-Term (Deferred) Assets						 3,751,931
Governmental Activities Net Assets, June	e 30	, 2002				\$ 28,615,911

At June 30, 2002, capital assets were adjusted due to a change in the fixed asset capitalization threshold by the District in the Food Service enterprise fund. This restatement had the following effect on fund equity as it was previously reported:

	iness-Type Activities
Fund Equity June 30, 2002 Change in Capital Asset threshold to \$2,500	\$ 569,734 (82,791)
Adjusted Net Assets at June 30, 2002	\$ 486,943

#### NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual presented for each major governmental fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the general fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance					
		General			
Budget Basis	\$	653,480			
Adjustments: Revenue Accruals: Accrued FY2002, Received in Cash FY2003 Accrued FY2003, Not Yet Received in Cash Expenditure Accruals: Accrued FY2002, Paid in Cash FY2003		(1,990,267) 3,015,103 (6,296,625)			
Accrued FY2003, Not Yet Paid in Cash		7,225,138			
Encumbrances		3,013,148			
Other Financial Sources/Uses: Advances (Net) Refunds		501,923 (43,777)			
GAAP Basis	\$	6,078,123			

#### NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### Deposits

Statutes require the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

<u>Active Deposits:</u> those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near-cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such monies must by law be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) account, or in money market deposit accounts.

<u>Inactive Deposits:</u> those monies not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Ohio law permits inactive monies to be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

<u>Interim Deposits</u>: those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public money deposited with the institution.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

Interim monies to be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principle and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association and the Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchased agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreements by at least two percent and be marked to market to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions mentioned in § 135.03 of the Revised Code;
- 6. The State Treasurer's Investment pool;

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3. "Deposits With Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchased Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

**Deposits:** At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School's deposits was \$599,944 and the bank balance was \$744,299. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$544,299 was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution in the name of the District.

**Investments:** The District's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District's investment in STAR Ohio is unclassified because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book.

	Category 3	Fair Value	Carrying Amount
Repurchase Agreements	\$10,255,370	\$ 10,255,370	\$ 10,255,370
Guaranteed Investment Contract	1,977,162	1,977,162	1,977,162
Federal Agency Securities	5,956,081	5,956,081	5,956,081
STAR Ohio - Not categorized		 19,618,396	19,618,396
Total Investments		\$ 37,807,009	\$ 37,807,009

Reconciliation between the classifications of pooled cash and cash equivalents and investments on the Combined Balance Sheet and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/	
	Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement 9	\$ 38,406,953	\$ -
Investments which are part of		
Repurchase Agreements	(10,255,370)	10,255,370
Guaranteed Investment Contract	(1,977,162)	1,977,162
Federal Agency Securities	(5,956,081)	5,956,081
STAR Ohio - Not categorized	(19,618,396)	19,618,396
GASB Statement 3	\$ 599,944	\$ 37,807,009

# **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2003 represent the collection of calendar year 2002 taxes. Real property taxes for 2003 were levied after April 1, 2002, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2002, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility real for 2003 were levied after April 1, 2002, on the assessed values as of December 31, 2002, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; tangible personal

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2003 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2003 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes for 2003 were levied after April 1, 2002, on the value as of December 31, 2002. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 24 percent of true value for inventory. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The District receives property taxes from Lucas County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2003, are available to finance fiscal year 2003 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2003 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at June 30, nor were they levied to finance fiscal year 2003 operations. For the governmental fund financial statements, the receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance was recognized as revenue. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is deferred.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2003, was \$2,829,689 in the General Fund and \$52,482 in the Permanent Improvement Fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2003 taxes were collected are:

	2002 First-Half C	Collections	2003 Second-Half Collections			
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/Residential and Public Utility Tangible Personal Property	\$ 829,197,060 205,575,482	79.00% 21.00%	\$ 821,868,040 204,779,870	80.00% 20.00%		
Total Assessed Value	\$ 1,034,772,542	100.00%	\$ 1,026,647,910	100.00%		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$65.90		\$65.90			

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

# NOTE 7 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/INTERFUND PAYABLE

Interfund balances at June 30, 2003, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

Fund	Re	eceivable	 Payable
General	\$	533,028	\$ -
Special Revenue:			
Other Grant Funds			50,000
Vocational Ed Enhancement			2,903
Adult Basic Education			25,000
Title VI-B			150,000
Title III, Limited English Professional			25,000
Vocational Education			27,701
Title I			50,000
Title V			25,000
Drug Free			2,424
Title II Teacher Quality			50,000
Miscellaneous Federal Grants			25,000
Enterprise Fund:			
Adult Continuing Education		-	 100,000
Totals	\$	533,028	\$ 533,028

# **NOTE 8 - ACCOUNTABILITY**

At June 30, 2003, the Permanent Improvement Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$451,819. This was created by the application of generally accepted accounting principles.

The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balance; however, this is done when cash is needed rather when accruals occur.

# **NOTE 9 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2003, consisted of taxes, interest, accounts (billings for user charged services), and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlement and shared revenues. All receivables are considered collectable in full. A summary of the principal items of receivables follows:

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

Receivables		Amount
Governmental Type Activities:		
Taxes:		
General Fund	:	39,350,782
Permanent Improvement Funds		914,491
Other Governmental Funds		555,611
Total Taxes Receivable	4	40,820,884
Accounts:		
General Fund	\$	101,002
Other Governmental Funds		1,621
Total Accounts Receivable		102,623
Intergovernmental:		
General Fund		53,975
Other Governmental Funds		332,967
Total Intergovernmental Receivables		386,942
Accrued Interest:		
General Fund		32,066
Total Governmental Type Activities	4	41,342,515
Business-Type Activities:		
Accounts		1,135
Intergovernmental		81,601
Total Business-Type Activities		82,736
Fiduciary:		
Accounts		9,603
Grand Total	<u>\$</u> 4	41,434 <u>,854</u>

# **NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, was as follows:

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

	Balance 6/30/2002 Additions		Additions	Deductions		Balance 6/30/2003		
Governmental Activities								
Land	\$	856,402	\$	-	\$	-	\$	856,402
Land Improvements		1,273,177		395,198		-		1,668,375
Buildings and Improvements	2	20,034,918		2,629,307		-		22,664,225
Furniture and Equipment		4,089,737		187,733		68,419		4,209,051
Vehicles		4,692,122		451,527		202,638		4,941,011
Construction in Progress		-		2,231,275		-		2,231,275
Totals at Historical Cost	3	0,946,356		5,895,040		271,057		36,570,339
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Land Improvements		844,596		61,863		-		906,459
Buildings and Improvements	1	7,703,166		209,217		-		17,912,383
Furniture and Equipment		2,938,272		323,011		68,419		3,192,864
Vehicles		2,690,327		386,097		202,638		2,873,786
Total Accumulated Depreciation	2	4,176,361		980,188		271,057		24,885,492
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	6,769,995	\$	4,914,852	\$	-	\$	11,684,847
Business-Type Activities								
Furniture and Equipment		913,149				-		913,149
Less Accumulated Depreciation		548,894		31,066		-		579,960
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	364,255	\$	(31,066)	\$	-	\$	333,189

\*Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 316,043
Special	17,112
Vocational	101,186
Support Service:	
Pupil	83,123
Instructional Staff	15,048
Administration	4,008
Fiscal	11,825
Business	5,244
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	262,712
Pupil Transportation	92,888
Central	63,899
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	515
Extracurricular Activities	 6,585
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 980,188

# NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District contracts with Brooks Insurance Agency for general liability insurance with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and a \$5,000,000 aggregate. Property is protected by a blanket building and contents policy for \$139,913,812. There is a property care, custody and control limit of \$50,000 and a \$1,000 deductible for each claim or suit. Real property and contents are 90 percent coinsured.

Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage or up to \$1,000,000 for each occurrence with a deductible of \$1,000 for comprehensive and collision. The District also has a Pollution Control Policy up to \$1,000,000 with a \$1,000 deductible.

Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in the past three years.

The District provides employee health care coverage through commercially obtained policies.

Effective July 1, 2001, the District provides employee dental coverage through a self insured program. The District established a Self-Insurance fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance employee dental benefits. Under this program the Self-Insurance fund provides coverage up to a maximum of \$1,000 for each individual.

All funds of the District participate in the program and make payments to the Self-Insurance fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. Claims payable is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported if information prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount can be reasonably

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

estimated. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Claims payable at June 30, 2003, including incurred but not reported claims, is actuarially estimated to be \$82,250.

The claims liability for the last two fiscal years was:

		Cu	rrent-Year					
		Cla	ims and					
Fiscal	Beginning	Ch	anges in		Claims	Ending		
Year	Balance	Es	Estimates		ayments	 Balance		
2002	\$ -	\$	601,901	\$	542,261	\$ 59,640		
2003	59,640		371,776		349,166	82,250		

# NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

# A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a costsharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, plan members were required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District was required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The rate for fiscal year 2003 was 14 percent of annual covered payroll; 8.17 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The District's required contribution for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$620,274, \$1,089,762, and \$1,059,470 respectively; 87.4 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2003, and 100 percent for fiscal years 2002 and 2001.

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit Plan (DBP), a Defined Contribution Plan (DCP) and a Combined Plan (CP). The DBP offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service or on an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS funds multiplied by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DCP allows members to place all of their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age fifty and termination of employment. The CP offers features of both the DBP and the DCP. In the CP, member contributions are invested by the member and the employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DBP. DCP and CP members will transfer to the DBP during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DCP or CP. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one-time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DBP into the DCP or the CP. This option expired on December 31, 2001.

A DBP or CP member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DCP who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, plan members were required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers.

The District's required contribution for pension obligations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$3,249,539, \$3555,608, and \$3,584,395, respectively; 81.72 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2003 and 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2002 and 2001.

# NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired classified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For fiscal year June 30, 2003, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$249,965 for the fiscal year ended June 20, 2003.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$3.011 million at June 30, 2002 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$354,697,000 and STRS had 105,300 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit, must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 5.83 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2003, the minimum pay was established at \$14,500. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$542,343 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2002 (the latest information available), were \$182,946,777, and the target level was \$274.4 million. At June 30, 2002, SERS net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$335.2 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

# NOTE 14 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

#### Sick Leave

Each full time professional staff member is entitled to fifteen (15) days sick leave with pay for each year under contract and accrues sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth (1 1/4) days for each calendar month under contract. Sick leave is cumulative from three hundred sixty days to three hundred seventy-five depending on whether administrator, certified or classified.

#### Service Retirement

Certified Employees are eligible for service retirement pay after the Board of Education accepts the employee's resignation. Service retirement pay is the certified employee's accrued but unused sick leave days at the time of retirement based on \$75 per day for the first 300 days and \$80 per day for days 301-375. Employees must have five years service and have accumulated at least sixty (60) days sick leave.

Non-Certified employees are eligible for service retirement pay after the Board of Education accepts the employee's resignation. Service retirement is forty-five percent (45%) of sick leave days accumulated up to three hundred sixty (360) days maximum multiplied by ten percent (10%) for each year of service. Employees must have five years service and accumulated sick leave of forty-five (45) days sick leave.

Administration employees are eligible for service retirement pay after the Board of Education accepts the employee's resignation. Service retirement is forty percent (40%) of sick leave days accumulated from the one hundred twenty first day (121) through the two hundredth day (200) and fifty percent (50%) of sick leave days accumulated from the two hundred first day (201) through the three hundredth fortieth (340) day, and seventy-five percent (75%) of sick leave days accumulated from the three hundred forty first

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

(341) day through the three hundred and seventy-fifth (375) day with a \$54,000 maximum payment. Employees must have five years service and accumulated sick leave of sixty (60) days sick leave.

#### Severance Pay

Classified employees are eligible for severance pay after the Board of Education accepts the employee's resignation. Severance pay is based on a percentage (10 percent for each year of service up to 100 percent) times their daily rate of twenty-five percent (25%) of the daily rate times the accumulated sick leave balance which cannot exceed 120 days. Employees must have five years service and have accumulated at least sixty (60) days sick leave.

Certified employees are eligible for severance pay after the Board of Education accepts the employee's resignation. Severance pay is based on the employee's accrued but unused sick leave days at time of resignation based on one half the retirement formula. Employees must have five years service and have accumulated at least sixty (60) days sick leave.

Administration employees are eligible for severance pay after the Board of Education accepts the employee's resignation. Severance pay is based on the employee's accrued but unused sick leave days at time of resignation based on twenty-five percent of the daily rate times the accumulated sick leave times a percentage (10 percent for each year of service up to 100 percent). Employees must have five years service and have accumulated at least sixty (60) days sick leave.

#### NOTE 15 - SET ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amount not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years. In addition, the District is required to set aside money for budget stabilization.

The following cash basis information identifies the changes in the fund balance reserves for textbooks, capital improvements, and budget stabilization during fiscal year 2003:

	Textbook Reserve	N	Capital laintenance Reserve	s	Budget tabilization Reserve	 Total
Balance 7/1/02 Required Set-Aside Qualifying Expenditures	\$ (884,934) 936,028 (1,930,695)	\$	(6,913,879) 936,028 (1,899,978)	\$ -	1,273,900 -	\$ (6,524,913) 1,872,056 (3,830,673)
Balance 6/30/03	\$ (1,879,601)	\$	(7,877,829)	\$	1,273,900	\$ (8,483,530)
Amount Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2004	\$ (1,879,601)	\$	_	\$	1,273,900	
Total Restricted Assets				\$	1,273,900	\$ 1,273,900

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

# **NOTE 16 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the fiscal year consist of the following:

	Principal Outstanding 06/30/02	Additions	Reductions	Principal Outstanding 06/30/03	Amounts Due In One Year
<u>Governmental Activities</u> Energy Management Bonds, 5.50%; Matures 06/1/2005	\$ 1,625,000	\$ -	\$ 375,000	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 395,000
School Energy Conservation, 4.5 to 4.7%; Matures 12/1/2008	520,000	-	65,000	455,000	70,000
Permanent Improvement Tax Anticipation Note; 4.8%; Matures 12/26/12	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	401,000
EPA Assistance Aware Note No Interest; Matures 6/3/2004	48,137	-	19,254	28,883	19,254
Compensated Absences	4,191,220	-	621,202	3,570,018	613,989
Capital Lease per above	-	1,316,000	224,000	1,092,000	259,000
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 11,384,357	\$ 1,316,000	\$ 1,304,456	<u>\$ 11,395,901</u>	\$ 1,758,243
<u>Business-Type Activities</u> Compensated Absences Payable	\$79,024	\$28,942		\$107,966	\$13,666

During Fiscal Year 1985 an interest-free Asbestos School Hazard Abatement Note was issued through the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency in the amount of \$346,575. The semi-annual payments of \$9,627 which commenced in June, 1987 conclude no later than June 30, 2005. Proceeds from the note were used to remove friable asbestos from school buildings in order to meet federal mandates.

Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds were issued in the amount of \$3,492,000 during fiscal year 1997 for paying costs of installations, modifications and remodeling of school building to conserve energy.

School Energy Conservation Bonds were issued in the amount of \$700,000 during fiscal year 1999 for paying costs of modifications and remodeling of school buildings to conserve energy.

In Fiscal year 2002 tax anticipation notes were issued in the amount of \$5,000,000 for permanent improvements of the various buildings of the District.

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2003, including interest are as follows:

Dormonont

							P	ermanent	
	Energy		EPA			School		Improvement	
Fiscal Year Ending	Ma	inagement	As	ssistance	Coi	nservation	Тах	Tax Anticipation	
June 30		Bonds	Aw	ard Note	Bonds		Note		
2004	\$	464,376	\$	19,254	\$	88,848	\$	631,376	
2005		462,452		9,629		85,750		630,672	
2006		464,420		-		87,488		630,032	
2007		-		-		84,113		630,384	
2008		-		-		85,625		629,680	
2009-2013		-		-		86,913		3,140,976	
Total		1,391,248		28,883		518,737		6,293,120	
Less: Amount									
Representing Interest		141,248		-		63,737		1,293,120	
Totals	\$	1,250,000	\$	28,883	\$	455,000	\$	5,000,000	

## NOTE 17 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The District has entered into capitalized leases for the acquisition of reproduction equipment and computers.

The terms of each agreement provide options to purchase the equipment. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 "Accounting for Leases" which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the Governmental Funds. Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized if they exceed the threshold of \$2,500. A liability was recorded in the Government Wide Financial Statements for \$1,316,000. Principal payments in the fiscal year 2003 totaled \$224,000. This amount is reflected as "Debt Service Principal" in the General Fund.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2003:

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

	Ca	apital Lease
Year Ending June 30		Liability
2004	\$	298,312
2004		297,988
2005		298,340
2006		297,332
Total Minimum Lease Payments		1,191,972
Less: Amount Representing Interest		(99,972)
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payment	\$	1,092,000

# **NOTE 18 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2003.

#### B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

#### C. School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...." The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

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# Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
<u>Child Nutrition Cluster:</u> Food Donation School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	- - -	10.550 10.553 10.555
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities Passed through Lucas County Department of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities:		
Medical Assistance Program - Title XIX	-	93.778
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through Ohio Department of Education		
Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Title I-A	C1-S1-02 C1-S1-03	84.010
Total Grants to Local Educational Agencies	01-51-05	
Special Education Grants to States	6B-SF-01 6B-SF-02 6B-SF-03	84.027
Total Special Education	00-01-00	
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States - Title I Total Vocational Education	20-A0-02 20-C1-02 20-C1-03	84.048
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities State Grants Title IV-A Total Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities	DR-S1-02 DR-S1-03	84.186

F	Receipts	loncash Receipts	Dist	oursements	loncash ursements
		\$ 108,790			\$ 108,790
\$	69,159 474,800	 	\$	69,159 474,800	 
	543,959	 108,790		543,959	 108,790

73,188 <u>476,553</u> 549,741	 84,748 471,010 555,758	
7,005 60,551 636,451	7,005 151,906 625,308	
704,007 3,554 9,707 67,443	784,219 24,000 49,756 62,279	
45,820 45,820	 <u>54,432</u> 54,432	

322,853 322,853

(Continued)

# Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2003 (Continued)

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (Continued)		
Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants	MS-S1-01 MS-S1-02	84.281
Total Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants	W0-01-02	
Innovative Education Program Strategies - Title VI	C2-S1-01 C2-S1-02 C2-S1-03	84.298
Total Innovative Education Program Strategies		
Education Technology State Grants - Title II-D	TJ-S1-03	84.318
Advanced Placement Program - Title I-G	AV-S1-03	84.330
Comprehensive School Reform Demonstration - Title I-E	RF-S1-01 RF-S2-02	84.332
Total Comprehensive School Reform Demonstration	NI -02-02	
Class Size Reduction - Title VI-R	CR-S1-02	84.340
Adult Education State Grant Program	AB-S1-02 AB-S1-03 AB-S2-02 AB-S2-03	84.002
Total Adult Education		
School Renovation Grants	AT-S2-02 AT-S3-02	84.352
Total School Renovation Grants	AT 00 02	
English Language Acquisition Grants - Title III-A	T3-S1-03	84.365
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants - Title II-A	TR-S1-03	84.367
Total U.S. Department of Education		

**Total Federal Assistance** 

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS SCHEDULE

	Ν	loncash				loncash
Receipts	F	Receipts	Dis	bursements	Disbu	ursements
0.4	75			10.067		
2,47 9,27				10,967 5,788		
11,74				16,755		
11,7-	10			10,700		
				2,236		
28,53	38			20,269		
55,60				64,388		
84,14	41			86,893		
15,55	53			15,440		
4.0	0			100		
П	00			100		
22,50	00			64,478		
54,06				34,915		
76,50			-	99,393		
				,		
5,68	31			23,132		
				11,551		
68,24	14			61,606		
20.00	20			5,907		
32,93				30,751		
101,18	50			109,815		
5,23	33					
1,2						
6,44				4,859		
·				-		
29,96	66			30,188		
	-					
200,86				209,508		
1 010 5	18			2 126 527		
1,912,57				2,126,527		
\$ 2,779,33	30 \$	108,790	\$	2,993,339	\$	108,790

#### Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

# **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

# NOTE C - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require that the District contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-Federal matching funds is not included on the Schedule.



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Washington Local School District Lucas County 3505 W. Lincolnshire Boulevard Toledo, Ohio 43606-1299

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of Washington Local School District, Lucas County (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2004, in which we noted the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, and changed its capital asset threshold amount. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted a certain immaterial instance of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated June 28, 2004.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. A reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2003-001.

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Washington Local School District Lucas County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page Two

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the reportable condition described above is not a material weakness. We also noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated June 28, 2004.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

June 28, 2004



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Washington Local School District Lucas County 3505 W. Lincolnshire Boulevard Toledo, Ohio 43606-1299

To the Board of Education:

# Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Washington Local School District, Lucas County, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2003. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2003.

# Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Washington Local School District Lucas County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Major Federal Programs and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with *OMB Circular A-133* Page Two

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomeny

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

June 28, 2004

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs OMB Circular A -133 § .505 June 30, 2003

# 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

$\langle d \rangle \langle d \rangle \langle i \rangle$	Turne of Financial Statement Opinion	Ungualified
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Oliqualilled
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (list):	Title VI-B – Special Education Grants to States of Education of Handicapped Children CFDA 84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

## FINDING NUMBER 2003-001

#### **Reportable Condition - Capital Asset Records**

The following conditions over capital asset controls and procedures exist:

• The District has not accurately developed and implemented procedures to assist in recording assets (tagging) as additions when purchased, and deletions when disposed of throughout the year.

Washington Local School District Lucas County Schedule of Findings Page 2

# FINDING NUMBER 2003-001

(Continued)

• The District has not implemented procedures to assure all addition and deletion information is provided to the appraisal company so they can accurately update and calculate the capital asset amounts.

Failure to establish and employ adequate controls over the acquisitions and disposal of capital assets could result in misappropriation of assets and misstatements of recorded assets.

To maintain adequate safeguards over capital assets, and to reduce the risk that District assets will be misstated, we recommend:

- The District establish written guidelines and procedures on the recording and tagging of assets and these be given to the warehouse personnel responsible for tagging additions and noting deletions. Along with tagging the item information should be maintained as to tag number, a description of the item, the cost, the acquisition date, location, depreciable life, function assigned to and any other supporting documentation. A copy of the invoice for the capital asset should be maintained in a capital asset additions file. Addition and disposal forms should be completed by District personnel and approved by management when assets are acquired and/or disposed.
- The District should develop and implement procedures that will ensure all capital asset addition and deletion information, for all categories, is supplied to the appraisal company. Also, every few years the District should verify the accuracy of the appraisal listing by conducting a physical inventory. The physical inventory can be performed by submitting a list of all capital assets recorded to each location and having individuals responsible for that location perform the inventory of assets at that location. The assets in each location should be compared to the listing should be added. This master listing of all assets can then be reconciled to the appraisal listing and any changes given to the appraisal company.

# 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

# Schedule of Prior Audit Findings June 30, 2003

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :
2002-001	Reportable Condition – Fixed Assets Records	No	Partially corrected. Repeated in this report as Finding Number 2003-001.

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Auditor of State Betty Montgomery 88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

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# WASHINGTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

# LUCAS COUNTY

# **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED AUGUST 5, 2004