SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

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Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Northwest Local School District Stark County 104 West Market Street Canal Fulton, Ohio 44614

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Northwest Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Northwest Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, during the year ended June 30, 2003, the District implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements- and Management's Discussion and Analysis- for State and Local Governments*. In addition, as described in Note 9A, the District increased its capitalization threshold for capital assets from \$500 to \$3,500 during the year ended June 30, 2003.

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Northwest Local School District Stark County Independent Accountant's Report Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2004 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to form opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements statements taken as a whole.

Betty Montgomeny

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

March 26, 2004

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of the Northwest Local School District's ("the District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2003 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$889,555 which represents a 22.69% increase from 2002.
- General revenues accounted for \$17,116,748 in revenue or 90.17% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,865,765 or 9.83% of total revenues of \$18,982,513.
- The District had \$18,092,958 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$1,865,765 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$17,116,748 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District has three major governmental funds. They are the general fund, debt service fund and building fund. The general fund had \$15,772,187 in revenues and other financing sources and \$15,458,679 in expenditures. During fiscal 2003, the general fund's fund balance increased \$315,352 from \$1,777,205 to \$2,092,557.
- The debt service fund is a major fund of the District. The debt service fund had \$24,553,054 in revenues and other financing sources and \$24,233,598 in expenditures. During fiscal 2003, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$319,456 from \$0 to \$319,456.
- The building fund is a major fund of the District. The building fund had \$23,329,536 in revenues and other financing sources and \$443,891 in expenditures. During fiscal 2003, the building fund's fund balance increased \$22,885,645 from \$(68,980) to \$22,816,665.
- The District has \$3,111,198 in capital assets at June 30, 2003. This amount is net of accumulated depreciation. Total capital assets, net of related debt to acquire or construct the assets, was \$2,500,056 at June 30, 2003.
- The District has \$25,086,778 in long-term liabilities outstanding at June 30, 2003. Of this total, \$733,251 is due within one year and \$24,353,527 is due in greater than one year.

Using these Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 UNAUDITED

The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund, debt service fund and building fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2003?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all non-fiduciary assets* and *liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities, include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District' most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, debt service fund and building fund. All other governmental funds are considered nonmajor.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 UNAUDITED

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for students. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets on page 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. This is the first year for government-wide financial statements using the full accrual basis of accounting, therefore a comparison with prior years is not available. A comparative analysis will be provided in future years when prior year information is available.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2003.

	Net Assets	
	Governmental Activities 2003	
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 35,907,165	
Capital assets	3,111,198	
Total assets	39,018,363	
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	9,121,553	
Long-term liabilities	25,086,778	
Total liabilities	34,208,331	
<u>Net Assets</u>		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	2,500,056	
Restricted	1,339,706	
Unrestricted	970,270	
Total net assets	\$ 4,810,032	

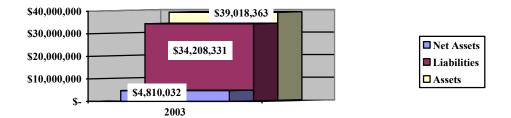
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2003, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,810,032. Of this total, \$1,339,706 is restricted in use leaving the District with unrestricted net assets of \$970,270.

At year-end, capital assets represented 7.97% of total assets. Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and construction in progress. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2003, was \$2,500,056. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 UNAUDITED

A portion of the District's net assets, \$1,339,706, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$970,270 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2003. Since this is the first year the District has prepared government-wide financial statements using the full accrual basis of accounting, revenue and expense comparisons to fiscal year 2002 are not available. A comparative analysis will be provided in future years when prior year information is available.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2003	
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$	987,479
Operating grants and contributions		878,286
Capital grants and contributions		-
General revenues:		
Property taxes		7,124,633
Grants and entitlements		9,370,350
Investment earnings		562,524
Gain on disposal of capital assets		5,136
Miscellaneous		54,105
Total revenues	1	18,982,513

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 UNAUDITED

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2003
Expenses	
Program expenses:	
Instruction:	
Regular	8,542,965
Special	1,676,995
Vocational	267,404
Other	83,788
Support services:	
Pupil	699,993
Instructional staff	185,327
Board of education	70,734
Administration	1,343,666
Fiscal	325,284
Operations and maintenance	1,482,114
Pupil transportation	899,087
Central	333,399
Operations of non-instructional services	49,018
Food service operations	541,189
Extracurricular activities	395,697
Intergovernmental pass through	102,758
Interest and fiscal charges	1,093,540
Total expenses	18,092,958
Increase in net assets	<u>\$ 889,555</u>

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased by \$899,555. Total governmental expenses of \$18,092,958 were offset by program revenues of \$1,865,765 and general revenues of \$17,116,748. Program revenues supported 10.31% of the total governmental expenses.

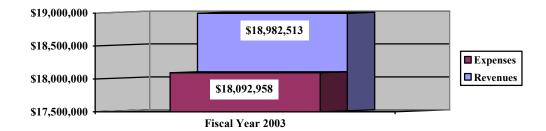
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 86.90% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$10,571,152 or 58.43% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2003.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2003.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. Comparisons to 2002 have not been presented since they are not available.

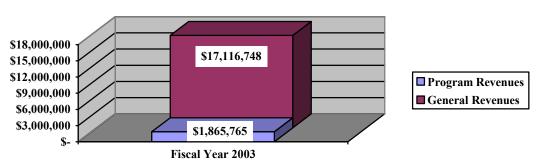
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2003	Net Cost of Services 2003
Program expenses		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 8,542,965	\$ 8,128,310
Special	1,676,995	1,481,576
Vocational	267,404	267,404
Other	83,788	83,788
Support services:		
Pupil	699,993	503,627
Instructional staff	185,327	184,486
Board of education	70,734	70,734
Administration	1,343,666	1,343,666
Fiscal	325,284	321,990
Operations and maintenance	1,482,114	1,468,146
Pupil transportation	899,087	898,552
Central	333,399	171,814
Operations of non-instructional services	49,018	13,839
Food service operations	541,189	(48,940)
Extracurricular activities	395,697	257,796
Intergovernmental pass through	102,758	(13,135)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,093,540	1,093,540
Total	<u>\$ 18,092,958</u>	\$ 16,227,193

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 UNAUDITED

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 94.23% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 89.68%. The District's taxpayers and grants and entitlements, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2003.



Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 16) reported a combined fund balance of \$25,703,382, which is higher than last year's total of \$2,100,046. The June 30, 2002 fund balances have been restated as described in Note 3.A to the basic financial statements. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2003 and 2002.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2003	Restated Fund Balance June 30, 2002	Increase
General	\$ 2,092,557	\$ 1,777,205	\$ 315,352
Debt service	319,456	-	319,456
Building	22,816,665	(68,980)	22,885,645
Other Governmental	474,704	391,821	82,883
Total	\$ 25,703,382	\$ 2,100,046	\$23,603,336

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 UNAUDITED

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased by \$315,352 (after a restatement to the June 30, 2002, fund balance which is detailed in Note 3.A. to the basic financial statement). The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the general fund.

	2003 Amount	2002 Amount	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 6,061,642	\$ 5,685,943	\$ 375,699	6.61%
Tuition	219,467	167,942	51,525	30.68%
Earnings on investments	65,365	109,090	(43,725)	(40.08)%
Intergovernmental	9,266,023	9,033,597	232,426	2.57%
Other revenues	104,108	50,778	53,330	105.03%
Total	\$ 15,716,605	\$ 15,047,350	\$ 669,255	4.45%
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Instruction	\$ 10,146,979	\$ 9,204,097	\$ 942,882	10.24%
Support services	4,836,466	5,065,862	(229,396)	-4.53%
Operation of non-instructional services	19,309	-	19,309	100.00%
Extracurricular activities	262,389	241,610	20,779	8.60%
Facilities acquisition and construction	8,560	2,985	5,575	186.77%
Capital outlay	50,446	-	50,446	100.00%
Debt service	134,530		134,530	100.00%
Total	\$ 15,458,679	\$ 14,514,554	\$ 944,125	6.50%

Debt Service Fund

The District's debt service fund balance increased \$319,456. The debt service fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$24,553,054 and expenditures of \$24,233,598. The primary revenue source was proceeds from the sale of bonds which was \$22,999,986 in fiscal year 2003. During fiscal year 2003, the debt service fund made \$23,000,000 in principal payments and \$925,999 in interest payments.

Building Fund

The District's building fund balance increased \$22,885,645. The building fund's only revenue source was earnings on investments which amounted to \$329,536 in fiscal year 2003. Total expenditures in the building fund were \$443,891 in fiscal year 2003. The fund balance of the building fund at June 30, 2003 includes proceeds of an \$23,000,000 note issued for various construction projects undertaken by the District.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 UNAUDITED

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2003, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$15,922,199, which approximates the original budgeted revenues estimate of \$15,410,132. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2003 were \$15,357,324. This represents a \$564,875 decrease from final budgeted revenues. This decrease is primarily due to earnings on investments due to the drastic cuts in interest rates during the year by the Federal Reserve Bank and a decrease in intergovernmental revenue from the state.

General fund final appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) were \$19,560,944, which approximates the original budgeted appropriations estimate of \$19,048,877. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2003 totaled \$16,271,753, which was \$3,289,191 less than the final budget appropriations. The District was able to reduce expenditures primarily because salary costs proved to be lower than anticipated in the original and final budget.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2003, the District had \$3,111,198 invested in land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and construction in progress (CIP). This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2003 balances compared to 2002:

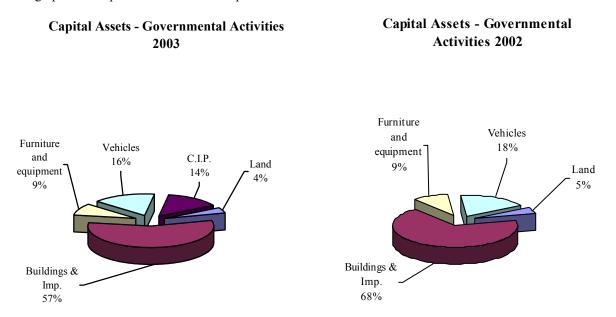
Capital Assets at June 30

	(Net of Depreciation)		
	Governmental Activities		
	2003	2002	
Land	\$ 133,138	\$ 133,138	
Buildings and improvements	1,762,516	1,857,879	
Furniture and equipment	273,837	251,822	
Vehicles	497,816	499,407	
Construction in progress	443,891		
Total	\$ 3,111,198	\$ 2,742,246	

The primary increase occurred in CIP which include various construction projects detailed in Note 9 to the basic financial statements. Total additions to capital assets for 2003 were \$636,377 and total disposals were \$99,104. The overall increase in capital assets of \$368,952 is primarily due to the construction in progress going on within the District in fiscal 2003. Depreciation expense for fiscal 2003 was \$267,425.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 UNAUDITED

The graphs below present the District's capital assets for fiscal 2003 and fiscal 2002.



Debt Administration

At June 30, 2003, the District had \$23,766,474 in general obligation bonds and capital lease obligations outstanding. This total includes \$511,204 in unamortized premium on the bond issue. Of this total, \$473,251 is due within one year and \$23,293,223 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds and notes outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2003	Governmental Activities 2002
General obligation bonds (includes unamortized premium) Capital lease obligation	\$ 23,595,223 171,251	\$
Total	\$ 23,766,474	\$ 116,748

The District has issued general obligation bonds to provide resources to finance construction projects throughout the District. The District's general obligation bonds consist of both current interest bonds and capital appreciation bonds. The District's general obligation bond activity is detailed in Note 10 to the basic financial statements.

The capital lease obligations represent agreements for computer equipment. The capital lease obligations are detailed in Note 8 of the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 UNAUDITED

Current Financial Related Activities

The District has continued to maintain the highest standards of service to our students, parents and community. The District is always presented with challenges and opportunities. National events economically affect the District and the surrounding area, the District is still reviewing and analyzing the impact this has on the personal property tax base and collections.

The District has a strong financial base for operations. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor the revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. For fiscal year 2003 the ending general fund cash balance increased by \$9,087 to \$3,647,831. This was accomplished despite a reduction in State Foundation funding of more than \$110,000.

As the preceding information shows, the District heavily depends on its property taxpayers. Our communities' support was recently measured by the passing of a \$23 million bond issue in May of 2002. The support of this issue demonstrates the strong belief of parents and community members that their schools are one of the highest priorities and one of the most important public institutions in their community.

Several significant legislative and judicial actions have occurred that will have a major impact on our School District. The Ohio Supreme Court ruled in March 1997 that the State of Ohio was operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." The State has not yet developed a school-funding plan that has been deemed acceptable by the Court, and ultimate resolution still seems to be some time in the future. There is concern that the State may not have the ability to fully fund the previously approved subsidies for primary and secondary education in the State budget. Changes to the State's school foundation funding formula did not bode well for additional revenue, and in fact, caused a decline in foundation funding for 2004. In spite of this, the District has committed itself to educational and financial excellence. The District is committed to living within its financial means, and working with the community it serves in order to garner adequate resources to support the educational program.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Dan Levengood, Treasurer, Northwest Local School District, 104 West Market Street, Canal Fulton, Ohio 44614.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2003

	Governmental Activities	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	27,288,334
Receivables:		
Taxes		8,253,341
Accounts		1,504
Intergovernmental		16,889
Accrued interest		1,421
Unamortized bond issue costs.		298,096
Prepayments.		20,654
Materials and supplies inventory		26,926
Capital assets:		
Land and construction in process		577,029
Depreciable capital assets, net		2,534,169
Total capital assets		3,111,198
Total assets		39,018,363
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		246,100
Contracts payable.		72,980
Accrued wages and benefits		1,551,823
Pension obligation payable.		409,740
Intergovernmental payable		128,983
Deferred revenue		6,622,068
Accrued interest payable		89,859
Long-term liabilities:		,
Due within one year.		733,251
Due within more than one year		24,353,527
		21,000,027
Total liabilities		34,208,331
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net		
of related debt.		2,500,056
Restricted for:		
Capital projects		457,789
Debt service.		413,689
Other purposes		468,228
Unrestricted		970,270
Total net assets	\$	4,810,032

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

			Program Revenue	28	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 8,542,965	\$ 254,196	\$ 160,459	\$-	\$ (8,128,310)
Special	1,676,995	-	195,419	-	(1,481,576)
Vocational	267,404	-	-	-	(267,404)
Other	83,788	-	-	-	(83,788)
Support services:					
Pupil	699,993	-	196,366	-	(503,627)
Instructional staff	185,327	-	841	-	(184,486)
Board of education	70,734	-	-	-	(70,734)
Administration.	1,343,666	-	-	-	(1,343,666)
Fiscal.	325,284	-	3,294	-	(321,990)
Operations and maintenance	1,482,114	13,968	-	-	(1,468,146)
Pupil transportation.	899,087	-	535	-	(898,552)
Central	333,399	156,261	5,324	-	(171,814)
Operation of non-instructional					
services	49,018	-	35,179	-	(13,839)
Extracurricular activities.	395,697	137,901	-	-	(257,796)
Intergovernmental	102,758	-	115,893	-	13,135
Food service operations	541,189	425,153	164,976	-	48,940
Interest and fiscal charges	1,093,540			-	(1,093,540)
Total governmental activities	\$ 18,092,958	\$ 987,479	\$ 878,286	\$-	(16,227,193)

General Revenues:

Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	5,996,830
Debt service.	960,052
Capital outlay.	167,751
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	9,370,350
Investment earnings	562,524
Gain on sale of capital assets	5,136
Miscellaneous	 54,105
Total general revenues	 17,116,748
Change in net assets	889,555
Net assets at beginning of year.	 3,920,477
Net assets at end of year	\$ 4,810,032

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2003

	General	Debt Service	Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$ 3,603,437	\$ 181,476	\$ 22,889,645	\$ 569,382	\$ 27,243,940	
Receivables:						
Taxes	6,500,329	1,569,721	-	183,291	8,253,341	
Accounts	1,504	-	-	-	1,504	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	16,889	16,889	
Accrued interest	1,421	-	-	-	1,421	
Prepayments	20,654	-	-	-	20,654	
Materials and supplies inventory	17,541	-	-	9,385	26,926	
Restricted assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	44,394		-		44,394	
Total assets.	\$ 10,189,280	\$ 1,751,197	\$ 22,889,645	\$ 778,947	\$ 35,609,069	
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable.	\$ 193,226	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 52,874	\$ 246,100	
Contracts payable	• 1,5,220	-	72,980	• • • =,0 / •	72,980	
Accrued wages and benefits	1,482,722	-	,_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	69,101	1,551,823	
Compensated absences payable	76,094	_	_	1,397	77,491	
Pension obligation payable.	250,210		_	4,106	254,316	
Intergovernmental payable.	124,075		_	4,908	128,983	
Deferred revenue.	5,970,396	1,431,741	-	171,857	7,573,994	
	5,970,390	1,431,741		1/1,037	1,313,994	
Total liabilities	8,096,723	1,431,741	72,980	304,243	9,905,687	
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for encumbrances	691,672	-	2,329,338	158,129	3,179,139	
Reserved for school bus purchases	44,394	-	-	-	44,394	
Reserved for materials and						
supplies inventory	17,541	-	-	9,385	26,926	
Reserved for debt service	-	181,476			181,476	
Reserved for property tax unavailable						
for appropriation	530,243	137,980	-	11,434	679,657	
Reserved for prepayments	20,654	-	-	-	20,654	
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:	,				,	
General fund	788,053	-	-	-	788,053	
Special revenue funds.		-	-	171,010	171,010	
Capital projects funds.			20,487,327	124,746	20,612,073	
Total fund balances	2,092,557	319,456	22,816,665	474,704	25,703,382	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 10,189,280	\$ 1,751,197	\$ 22,889,645	\$ 778,947	\$ 35,609,069	

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2003

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 25,703,382
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		3,111,198
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Accrued interest	\$ 951,616 	
Total		951,926
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds.		(511,204)
Unamortized bond issue costs are not recognized in the funds.		298,096
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds	23,084,019	
Compensated absences	1,242,813	
Pension obligation payable	155,424	
Capital lease obligations	171,251	
Accrued interest payable	89,859	
Total		 (24,743,366)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 4,810,032

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

Revenues: S 6,001,042 S 770,600 S S 160,529 S 7,007,831 Tution 219,467 77,600 S S 160,529 S 7,007,831 Extragarticular 1,364 - - 219,467 219,467 Charges for services. 102,744 - - 23,033 423,153 Other tocal revenues. 102,744 - - 23,003 3000 Intergorennemit - Federal. - - 23,033 529,575 629,853 629,853 629,853 629,853 629,853 629,853 629,853 629,853 169,229,878 629,853 18,729,969 Expenditures: 11,924 8,461,468 Sypecial 1,445,210 - 229,378 16,82,848 Vocational. 229,378 16,82,848 - - 8,788 - - 8,788 - - 8,748 - - 13,742,680 19,2660 19,2463 709,253 1192,463 709,253 1		Ge	neral	Debt Service	Build	ling	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Tases S 6.061642 S 776,660 S S 1.9,329 S 7,007,31 Tuntion 219,467 219,467 219,467 219,467 219,467 219,467 Earnings on investments 1,364 - - 227,003 238,457 Charges for services 102,714 - - 425,153 425,153 Other revenue 9,266,023 86,595 - 23,000 3,000 Intergovernmental - Federal - - 629,2535 629,2535 629,2535 Total revenue 15,716,605 935,335 329,336 1,748,492 118,729,969 Expenditures: - - - 229,378 1,628,258 Vocational. 280,437 - - 83,788 - 83,788 Pupil. 515,590 - 193,463 700,734 - 13,473,11 Pupil. 515,590 - - 193,463 709,353 Instructional staff - 13,475,11 - - 13,474,31 Pupil. 51	Revenues:			 		<u>8</u>	 		
	From local sources:								
Earnings on investments 65,365 72,080 329,536 4,330 471,811 Extracurricular 1,464 - 237,093 238,457 Chargas for services 10,2744 - - 55,763 158,507 Other leverence 9,266,023 86,595 - 223,272 9,575,800 Intergovermmental - Federal - - 629,853 6629,853 629,853 Total revenue 15,716,605 935,335 329,536 1,748,493 118,729,966 Expenditores: - - 220,377 9,758,800 - 1,8729,966 Regular 8,329,544 - - 229,378 1,682,588 Vocational 280,437 - 280,437 - 280,437 Other . 193,463 709,353 Instructional staff 192,237 - 143,711 Administration . 1,347,511 - 1,347,511 - 70,734 Administration . 13,4697 -	Taxes	\$ 6	,061,642	\$ 776,660	\$	-	\$ 169,529	\$	7,007,831
Extracuricular. 1,364 - 237,093 228,457 Charges for services. - - 425,153 425,153 Other trevenues. - - 3000 3000 Intergovernmental - Federal. - - 3000 3000 Intergovernmental - Federal. - - - 320,536 1,748,403 18,729,469 Expenditures: - - - 131,924 8,461,468 Special. 1,453,210 - 229,378 16,82,983 Other . 280,437 - 280,437 Other . 515,890 - 193,463 709,353 Instructional staff 192,237 - 443 192,680 Pupil . 515,890 - 134,453 1329,452 Instructional staff 192,237 - 443 192,680 Operation fonoinstructional staff 199,182 - 131,487 330,60 Operation fono-instructional services	Tuition		219,467	-		-	-		219,467
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Earnings on investments.		65,365	72,080	3	29,536	4,830		471,811
Other local revenues. 102,744 - - 55,763 158,807 Intergovernmental - Federal. - - 629,853 629,853 Total revenue. 15,716,605 935,335 329,536 1,748,493 18,729,969 Expenditures: - - 629,853 629,853 629,853 Current: Instruction: Regular. 8,329,544 - - 131,924 8,461,468 Support Services: 904,937 - - 229,378 1,682,588 Pupil. 515,890 - 193,463 709,353 192,2680 Board of colocation 70,734 - - 1,347,511 - - 1,347,513 Tissal - 130,997 - 131,487 330,669 387,989 Operations and maintenance. 130,4997 - 131,487 330,669 380,199 Central. 199,182 - 131,487 330,669 380,199 Central. 199,199 -	Extracurricular.		1,364	-		-	237,093		238,457
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Charges for services		-	-		-	425,153		425,153
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Other local revenues.		102,744	-		-	55,763		158,507
Intergovernmental - Federal. - - 629.853 629.853 Total revenue 15,716,605 935,335 329,536 1,748,493 18,729,969 Expenditures: Instruction: Regular 8,329,544 - 131,924 8,461,468 Special 1,453,210 - 229,378 1,682,588 Vocational. 280,437 - 83,788 Support Services: 193,463 709,353 193,463 709,353 Pupil. 515,890 - 13,47,511 - 1,347,511 Fiscal 325,622 99 4,148 329,860 880,619 Operations and maintenance. 1,304,997 - 1,347,511 - 1,347,511 Fiscal 25,622 99 4,148 329,860 387,195 Pupil transportation 880,293 - 324,806 387,195 Food service operations 8,500 - 442,806 387,195 Food service operations - - 424,806 387,195 <td>Other revenue</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>3,000</td> <td></td> <td>3,000</td>	Other revenue		-	-		-	3,000		3,000
Total revenue 15,716,605 935,335 329,336 1,748,493 18,729,969 Expenditures: Current Instruction: Regular 8,320,544 131,924 8,461,468 Special 1,453,210 229,378 1,682,588 Vocational 280,437 280,437 280,437 Other 83,788 329,546 709,353 Instructional staff 192,237 443 192,680 Doard of colacation 70,734 - 70,734 Administration 1,347,511 - 1,347,511 Fiscal 326,682 880,619 226 Operations and maintenance 19,309 - 29,709 49,018 Extracurricular activities 26,389 - 113,487 330,660 102,366	Intergovernmental - State	9	,266,023	86,595		-	223,272		9,575,890
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 8,329,544 I 31,924 8,461,468 Special. 1,453,210 229,378 1,682,588 Vocational. 229,378 1,682,588 Vocational. 280,437 - 280,437 - 280,437 Other 83,788 - - 83,788 - 280,437 Other 0.1 280,437 - - 83,788 - - 83,788 Pupil. . 515,890 - 193,463 709,353 193,463 709,354 Instructional staff . 192,2237 - 443 192,680 Operation and maintenance . 1,347,511 - - 1,347,511 Fiscal . 325,622 99 - 4,148 329,869 Operation of non-instructional services . 19,309 - 29,709 49,018 Extracurricular activities . 262,389 - - 124,806 387,195 Foo	Intergovernmental - Federal		-	 -		-	 629,853		629,853
Current: Instruction: 8,329,544 - - 131,924 8,461,468 Special 1,453,210 - 229,378 1,682,588 Vocational 280,437 - 229,378 1,682,588 Support Services: 83,788 - - 83,788 Pupil. 515,890 - - 193,463 709,353 Instructional staff . 192,2237 - 4443 192,680 Board of education . .07,074 - . .70,734 Administration . .1,347,511 - - .1,347,811 Fiscal . .325,622 99 - .4,148 .329,869 Operation and maintenance . .1,304,997 - .19,392 .1,443,438 Pupil transportation . . .32,6 .880,619 Certral . . .29,709 .490,108 Extracurricular activities .262,389 - .124,806 .871,19	Total revenue	15	,716,605	 935,335	3	29,536	 1,748,493		18,729,969
Instruction: 8,329,544 - 131,924 8,461,468 Special 1,453,210 - 229,378 1,682,588 Vocational 280,437 - - 280,437 Other 83,788 - - 280,437 Pupil. 515,890 - - 193,463 709,353 Instructional staff 192,237 - 443 192,680 Board of education 70,734 - - 70,734 Fiscal 325,622 99 - 4,148 329,860 Operations and maintenance. 1,304,997 - 149,392 1,454,389 Pupil transportation 880,293 - 124,806 387,195 Central. 199,182 - 124,806 387,195 Food service operations - - 492,700 492,700 Facutrities acquisition and construction 8,560 - 443,891 - 452,350 Intergovernmental pass through - - 102,366 102,366 102,366 102,366 102,366 102,366	-								
Regular 8,329,544 - 131,924 8,461,468 Special 1,453,210 - 229,378 1,662,588 Vocational 229,378 - 229,378 1,662,588 Support Services: - - 83,788 - - 280,437 Pupil. . 515,890 - - 93,463 709,353 Instructional staff . 192,237 - - 443 192,680 Board of education . 70,734 - - 70,734 Administration. . 1,347,511 - - 1,347,511 Central . . . 149,392 1,443,389 Pupil transportation .									
Special 1,453,210 - 229,378 1,682,588 Vocational 280,437 - - 280,437 Other - - - 280,437 Pupil. 515,890 - - 83,788 Pupil. 192,237 - - 443 192,680 Board of education 70,734 - - 70,734 Administration 1,347,511 - - 1,347,511 Fiscal 325,622 99 - 4,148 329,869 Operation and maintenance 1,304,997 - 149,392 1,454,389 Pupil transportation - 880,293 - 326 880,619 Central 199,182 - - 131,487 330,669 Operation of non-instructional services 19,309 - 29,709 492,700 492,700 Food service operations - - - 24,806 187,195 Food service: - - 124,806 102,366 102,366 Principal retirement . <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Vocational. 280,437 - - 280,437 Other 83,788 - - 83,788 Support Services: 9upil. 515,890 - - 83,788 Pupil. 192,237 - 443 192,683 Board of education 70,734 - - 70,734 Administration. 1,347,511 - - 1,347,511 Fiscal 325,652 99 - 1,483 329,869 Operations and maintenance 1,304,997 - - 13,475,313 330,669 Operation of non-instructional services 19,309 - - 229,709 49,018 Extracurricular activities. 262,389 - - 124,806 387,195 Food service operations - - - 492,700 492,700 Principal retirement 134,459 23,000,000 - 74,940 23,209,399 Intergovernmental pass through - - 102,366 123,456 130,500 Debt service: - - 307,500 <td< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	•		, ,	-		-	,		
Other 83,788 - - 83,788 Support Services: 192,237 - 193,463 709,353 Instructional staff 192,237 - 443 192,680 Board of education 70,734 - - 1,347,511 Fiscal 325,622 99 - 4,148 329,869 Operations and maintenance. 1,304,997 - 149,392 1,454,389 Pupil transportation 880,293 - 22,680 880,619 Central. 199,182 - 131,487 30,669 Operation of non-instructional services 19,309 - 29,709 49,018 Extracurricular activitiles. 262,389 - - 492,700 492,700 Facilitics acquisition and construction 8,560 - 443,891 - 452,451 Intergovernmental pass through. - - 213,456 263,902 Dett service: - 134,459 23,000,000 - 74,940 23,209,399	-	1		-		-	229,378		
Support Services: Pupil. 515,890 - - 193,463 709,353 Instructional staff 192,237 - - 443 192,680 Board of education 70,734 - - 1,347,511 - - 1,347,511 Fiscal . . . 1,347,511 - - 1,347,511 Fiscal 1,347,511 - - 1,347,511 Fiscal .			,	-		-	-		
Pupil. 151,890 - 193,463 709,353 Instructional staff 192,237 - 443 192,680 Board of education 70,734 - - 70,734 Administration 1,347,511 - - 1,347,511 Fiscal 325,622 99 - 4,148 329,869 Operation and maintenance 1,304,997 - 134,887 330,669 Operation of non-instructional services 193,90 - 29,709 49,018 Extracurricular activities 262,389 - 124,806 387,195 Food service operations - - 492,700 492,700 Pacilities acquisition and construction 8,560 - 443,891 - 452,451 Intergovernmental pass through - - 102,366 102,366 203,000 Capital outlay 50,446 - - 213,455 263,902 Principal retirement 134,459 23,000,000 - 74,940 23,209,399 Intergovernmental pass through - - -			83,788	-		-	-		83,788
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			515 000				102 462		700 252
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1		,	-		-	,		,
Administration1,347,5111,347,511Fiscal325,62299-4,148329,869Operations and maintenance1,304,997-149,3921,454,389Pupil transportation199,182-326880,619Central199,182-131,487330,669Operation of non-instructional services19,309-29,70949,018Extracurricular activities262,389-124,806387,195Food service operations02,366102,366Capital outlay50,446-213,456263,902Det service:-102,366102,366102,366Principal retirement134,45923,000,000-74,94023,209,399Interest and fiscal charges71925,999300926,370Bond issuance costs-307,500307,500Total expenditures257,926(23,298,263)(114,355)(130,345)(23,285,037)Other financing sources (uses):Accrued interest on bonds issued-90,40329,99,986Proceeds from sale of notes23,000,000-22,999,986Proceeds from sale of notes51,3651,330Proceeds from sale of notes51,3651,330Proceeds from sale of notes51,3651,330Proceeds from sale of notes51,36			,	-		-	443		,
Fiscal 325,622 99 - 4,148 329,869 Operations and maintenance 1,304,997 - - 149,392 1,454,389 Pupil transportation 880,619 - - 326 880,619 Central 199,182 - - 131,487 330,669 Operation of non-instructional services 19,309 - - 29,709 49,018 Extracurricular activities 262,389 - - 124,806 387,195 Food service operations - - - 492,700 492,700 Facilities acquisition and construction $8,560$ - 443,891 - 452,451 Intergovernmental pass through - - - 102,366 102,366 Capital outlay 50,446 - - 213,456 263,902 Debt service: - - 300,900 - 74,940 23,209,399 Interest and fiscal charges - 124,459 23,000,000 - 307,500 Total expenditures - 15,458,679 24,233		1	,	-		-	-		· · · ·
Operations and maintenance. 1,304,997 - - 149,392 1,454,389 Pupil transportation 880,293 - - 326 880,619 Central. 199,182 - - 131,487 330,669 Operation of non-instructional services 19,309 - - 29,709 49,018 Extracurricular activities 262,389 - - 492,700 492,700 Food service operations - - - 492,700 492,700 Pracilities acquisition and construction 8,560 - 443,891 - 452,451 Intergovernmental pass through - - - 102,366 102,366 Capital outlay. . 50,446 - - 213,455 263,902 Debt service: - 300 926,370 - - 307,500 Principal retirement . 134,459 23,000,000 - 74,940 23,209,399 Interest and fiscal charges . 2		1		-		-	-		
Pupil transportation $880,293$ - - 326 $880,619$ Central 199,182 - - $131,487$ $330,669$ Operation of non-instructional services 19,309 - 29,709 $49,018$ Extracurricular activities $262,389$ - $124,806$ $387,195$ Food service operations - - 443,891 - $452,451$ Intergovernmental pass through - - 102,366 $102,366$ $102,366$ $102,366$ Capital outlay $30,446$ - $213,456$ $263,902$ Debt service: - $304,459$ $23,000,000$ $74,940$ $23,209,399$ Interest and fiscal charges $307,500$ $307,500$ $307,500$ $307,500$ $307,500$ $307,500$ $307,500$ $307,500$		1	,	99		-	· · · ·		,
Central. 199,182 - - 131,487 330,669 Operation of non-instructional services 19,309 - - 29,709 49,018 Extracurricular activities 262,389 - - 124,806 387,195 Food service operations - - - 492,700 492,700 Facilities acquisition and construction 8,560 - 443,891 - 452,451 Intergovernmental pass through - - - - 102,366 102,366 Capital outlay. 50,446 - 213,455 263,902 Debt service: - - - 307,500 Principal retirement 134,459 23,000,000 - 74,940 23,209,399 Interest and fiscal charges 71 925,999 - 307,500 Total expenditures 257,926 (23,288,263) (114,355) (130,345) (23,285,037) Ohref financing sources (uses): - - 90,403 - - 90,403 Proceeds from sale of bonds - - 22,999,986		1		-		-	,		
Operation of non-instructional services 19,309 - - 29,709 49,018 Extracurricular activities 262,389 - - 124,806 387,195 Food service operations - - 492,700 492,700 Facilities acquisition and construction 8,560 - 443,891 - 452,451 Intergovernmental pass through - - - 102,366 102,366 102,366 Capital outlay - - - 213,456 263,902 20 Debt service: - - 300 926,370 300 926,370 Bond issuance costs - - 307,500 - - 307,500 Total expenditures 257,926 (23,298,263) (114,355) (130,345) (23,285,037) Other financing sources (uses): - - 90,403 - - 90,403 Accrued interest on bonds issued - 90,403 - - 90,403 - 22,999,986 Proceeds from sale of bonds - 22,999,986 - 22,999,986 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td>			,	-		-			,
Extracurricular activities $262,389$ $124,806$ $387,195$ Food service operations $492,700$ $492,700$ Facilities acquisition and construction $8,560$ - $443,891$ - $452,451$ Intergovernmental pass through102,366102,366Capital outlay50,446213,456263,902Debt service:300926,370Principal retirement134,45923,000,0009ond issuance costs307,500Total expenditures15,458,67924,233,598443,8911,878,83842,015,006Excess of revenues under expenditures257,926(23,298,263)(114,355)(130,345)(23,285,037)Other financing sources (uses):Accrued interest on bonds issued-90,40390,403Proceeds from sale of notes22,999,986-22,999,986Proceeds from sale of notes23,000,000-23,000,000Prenewing no bonds sold213,456263,902Proceeds from sale of capital assets5,136213,456263,902Proceeds from sale of capital assets5,136213,456263,902Proceeds from sale of capital assets5,1365,136Total other financing sources (uses)55,5822			,	_		-	· · · ·		· · · ·
Food service operations492,700492,700Facilities acquisition and construction8,560-443,891-452,451Intergovernmental pass through102,366102,366Capital outlay50,446213,456263,902Debt service:307,500307,500Principal retirement134,45923,000,000-74,94023,209,399Interest and fiscal charges307,500307,500Bond issuance costs-257,926(23,298,263)(114,355)(130,345)(23,285,037)Other financing sources (uses):-90,40390,403Accrued interest on bonds issued22,999,986-22,909,986Proceeds from sale of bonds22,000,000-27,330Proceeds from sale of notes213,456263,902Proceeds from sale of capital assets5,13623,000,000-Proceeds from sale of capital assets5,1365,136Total other financing sources (uses)-55,58223,617,71923,000,000213,45646,886,757Net change in fund balances5,1365,136Total other financing sources (uses)55,58223,617,71923,000,000213,45646,886,757				-		-	,		,
Facilities acquisition and construction $8,560$ - $443,891$ - $452,451$ Intergovernmental pass through $102,366$ $102,366$ Capital outlay $213,456$ $263,902$ Debt service: $213,456$ $263,902$ Principal retirement $300,000$ $74,940$ $23,209,399$ Bond issuance costs $307,500$ Total expenditures $307,500$ Total expenditures			- 202,307	_		_	· · · ·		· · · ·
Intergovernmental pass through - - - 102,366 102,366 Capital outlay. 50,446 - 213,456 263,902 Debt service: - 74,940 23,209,399 Principal retirement 134,459 23,000,000 - 74,940 23,209,399 Bond issuance costs. - 307,500 - - 307,500 Total expenditures 15,458,679 24,233,598 443,891 1,878,838 42,015,006 Excess of revenues under expenditures. 257,926 (23,298,263) (114,355) (130,345) (23,285,037) Other financing sources (uses): - 90,403 - - 90,403 Proceeds from sale of bonds - 22,999,986 - 22,999,986 - 22,999,986 Proceeds from sale of notes. - - 23,000,000 - 23,000,000 23,000,000 Proceeds from sale of notes. - - 22,999,986 - - 22,999,986 Proceeds from sale of capital assets. 5,136 - - 50,446 - - 51,366			8 560	_	4	43 891			,
Capital outlay. 50,446 - - 213,456 263,902 Debt service: Principal retirement 134,459 23,000,000 - 74,940 23,209,399 Interest and fiscal charges 71 925,999 - 300 926,370 Bond issuance costs - 307,500 - - 307,500 Total expenditures 15,458,679 24,233,598 443,891 1,878,838 42,015,006 Excess of revenues under expenditures 257,926 (23,298,263) (114,355) (130,345) (23,285,037) Other financing sources (uses): - 90,403 - - 90,403 Proceeds from sale of bonds - 22,999,986 - - 22,999,986 Proceeds from sale of notes - 22,999,986 - - 22,999,986 Proceeds from sale of notes - - 23,000,000 - 23,000,000 Premium on bonds sold - - 527,330 - - 527,330 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 5,136 - - 5,136 -			-	_		-	102.366		,
Debt service:Principal retirement $134,459$ $23,000,000$ $ 74,940$ $23,209,399$ Interest and fiscal charges 71 $925,999$ $ 300$ $926,370$ Bond issuance costs $ 307,500$ $ 307,500$ Total expenditures $15,458,679$ $24,233,598$ $443,891$ $1,878,838$ $42,015,006$ Excess of revenues under expenditures $257,926$ $(23,298,263)$ $(114,355)$ $(130,345)$ $(23,285,037)$ Other financing sources (uses):Accrued interest on bonds issued $ 90,403$ $ 90,403$ Proceeds from sale of bonds $ 22,999,986$ $ 22,999,986$ Proceeds from sale of notes $ 23,000,000$ $ 23,000,000$ Premium on bonds issued $ 527,330$ $ 213,456$ $263,902$ Proceeds from sale of capital assets $5,136$ $ 5,136$ $ 5,136$ Total other financing sources (uses) $55,582$ $23,617,719$ $23,000,000$ $213,456$ $46,886,757$ Net change in fund balances $313,508$ $319,456$ $22,885,645$ $83,111$ $23,601,720$ Fund balances (deficit) atbeginning of year (restated) $1,777,205$ $ (68,980)$ $391,821$ $2,100,046$ Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. $1,844$ $ (228)$ $1,616$			50.446	-		-	,		
Principal retirement134,459 $23,000,000$ - $74,940$ $23,209,399$ Interest and fiscal charges71 $925,999$ - 300 $926,370$ Bond issuance costs- $307,500$ $307,500$ Total expenditures15,458,679 $24,233,598$ $443,891$ $1,878,838$ $42,015,006$ Excess of revenues under expenditures $257,926$ $(23,298,263)$ $(114,355)$ $(130,345)$ $(23,285,037)$ Other financing sources (uses):-90,40390,403Accrued interest on bonds issued- $22,999,986$ - $22,999,986$ Proceeds from sale of bonds- $22,999,986$ - $22,099,986$ Proceeds from sale of notes- $22,999,986$ - $22,000,000$ Premium on bonds sold- $527,330$ - $527,330$ Proceeds from sale of capital assets $51,136$ - $ 51,346$ Proceeds from sale of capital assets $51,136$ - $ 51,366$ Proceeds from sale of capital assets $51,36$ - $ 51,366$ Proceeds from sale of capital assets $51,36$ - $ 51,366$ Proceeds from sale of capital assets $51,36$ 22,885,645 $83,111$ $23,601,720$ Fund balances (deficit) at $ 1,777,205$ $ (68,980)$ $391,821$ $2,100,046$ Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. $1,844$ $ (228)$ $1,616$,		,
Interest and fiscal charges 71 925,999 - 300 926,370 Bond issuance costs - 307,500 - - 307,500 Total expenditures 15,458,679 24,233,598 443,891 1,878,838 42,015,006 Excess of revenues under expenditures 257,926 (23,298,263) (114,355) (130,345) (23,285,037) Other financing sources (uses): - 90,403 - - 90,403 Accrued interest on bonds issued - 90,403 - - 90,403 Proceeds from sale of bonds - 22,999,986 - - 22,999,986 Proceeds from sale of notes - - 23,000,000 - 23,000,000 Premium on bonds sold - - 527,330 - - 527,330 Proceeds from sale of capital lease transaction - 50,446 - - 213,456 263,902 Proceeds from sale of capital assets - 5,136 - - 5,136 - - 5,136 Total other financing sources (uses) - 55,582 <td></td> <td></td> <td>134.459</td> <td>23.000.000</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>74,940</td> <td></td> <td>23.209.399</td>			134.459	23.000.000		-	74,940		23.209.399
Bond issuance costs. $ 307,500$ $ 307,500$ Total expenditures $15,458,679$ $24,233,598$ $443,891$ $1,878,838$ $42,015,006$ Excess of revenues under expenditures. $257,926$ $(23,298,263)$ $(114,355)$ $(130,345)$ $(23,285,037)$ Other financing sources (uses):Accrued interest on bonds issued. $ 90,403$ $ 90,403$ Proceeds from sale of bonds $ 22,999,986$ $ 22,999,986$ Proceeds from sale of notes. $ 23,000,000$ $ 23,000,000$ Premium on bonds sold. $ 527,330$ $ 527,330$ Proceeds from sale of capital lease transaction $ 50,446$ $ 213,456$ $263,902$ Proceeds from sale of capital assets. $5,136$ $ 5,136$ $ 5,136$ Total other financing sources (uses) $55,582$ $23,617,719$ $23,000,000$ $213,456$ $46,886,757$ Net change in fund balances $313,508$ $319,456$ $22,885,645$ $83,111$ $23,601,720$ Fund balances (deficit) atbeginning of year (restated) $1,777,205$ $ (68,980)$ $391,821$ $2,100,046$ Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. $1,844$ $ (228)$ $1,616$						-	,		
Total expenditures 15,458,679 24,233,598 443,891 1,878,838 42,015,006 Excess of revenues under expenditures. 257,926 (23,298,263) (114,355) (130,345) (23,285,037) Other financing sources (uses): - 90,403 - - 90,403 Proceeds from sale of bonds - 22,999,986 - 22,999,986 Proceeds from sale of notes. - 22,999,986 - 23,000,000 Premium on bonds sold. - 527,330 - 23,000,000 Proceeds from sale of capital assets. - 50,446 - - 51,36 Proceeds from sale of capital assets. 5,136 - - 5,136 - - 5,136 Proceeds from sale of capital assets. 55,582 23,617,719 23,000,000 213,456 46,886,757 Net change in fund balances 313,508 319,456 22,885,645 83,111 23,601,720 Fund balances (deficit) at - - (68,980) 391,821 2,100,046 Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. 1,844 - - (228) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>,</td>			-	,		-	-		,
Excess of revenues under expenditures. 257,926 (23,298,263) (114,355) (130,345) (23,285,037) Other financing sources (uses): - 90,403 - - 90,403 Accrued interest on bonds issued - 90,403 - - 90,403 Proceeds from sale of bonds - - 22,999,986 - - 22,999,986 Proceeds from sale of notes - - 23,000,000 - 23,000,000 Premium on bonds sold - - 527,330 - - 527,330 Proceeds from sale of capital lease transaction - 50,446 - - 213,456 263,902 - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 5,136 - - - 5,136 Total other financing sources (uses) 55,582 23,617,719 23,000,000 213,456 46,886,757 Net change in fund balances 1,777,205 - (68,980) 391,821 2,100,046 Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. 1,844 - - (228) 1,616		15	,458,679	 24,233,598	4	43,891	 1,878,838		42,015,006
Other financing sources (uses): - 90,403 - - 90,403 Proceeds from sale of bonds - 22,999,986 - - 22,999,986 Proceeds from sale of notes. - 22,999,986 - - 22,999,986 Proceeds from sale of notes. - - 23,000,000 - 23,000,000 Premium on bonds sold. - - 527,330 - - 527,330 Proceeds from sale of capital lease transaction - 50,446 - - 213,456 263,902 Proceeds from sale of capital assets. 5,136 - - 5,136 - - 5,136 Total other financing sources (uses) 55,582 23,617,719 23,000,000 213,456 46,886,757 Net change in fund balances 313,508 319,456 22,885,645 83,111 23,601,720 Fund balances (deficit) at - - (68,980) 391,821 2,100,046 Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. 1,844 - - (228) 1,616	Excess of revenues under expenditures		257,926	(23,298,263)	(1	14,355)			(23,285,037)
Accrued interest on bonds issued	Other financing sources (uses):			· · · · ·					· · · · ·
Proceeds from sale of bonds - 22,999,986 - - 22,999,986 Proceeds from sale of notes - - 23,000,000 - 23,000,000 Premium on bonds sold - - 527,330 - - 527,330 Proceeds of capital lease transaction - 50,446 - - 213,456 263,902 Proceeds from sale of capital assets - 5,136 - - 5,136 Total other financing sources (uses) - 55,582 23,617,719 23,000,000 213,456 46,886,757 Net change in fund balances 313,508 319,456 22,885,645 83,111 23,601,720 Fund balances (deficit) at - - (68,980) 391,821 2,100,046 Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. 1,844 - - (228) 1,616			-	90.403		-	-		90.403
Proceeds from sale of notes. - - 23,000,000 - 23,000,000 Premium on bonds sold. - - 527,330 - - 527,330 Proceeds of capital lease transaction - 50,446 - - 213,456 263,902 Proceeds from sale of capital assets. - 5,136 - - 5,136 Total other financing sources (uses) 55,582 23,617,719 23,000,000 213,456 46,886,757 Net change in fund balances 313,508 319,456 22,885,645 83,111 23,601,720 Fund balances (deficit) at - - (68,980) 391,821 2,100,046 Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. 1,844 - - (228) 1,616			-	,		-	-		,
Premium on bonds sold. - 527,330 - - 527,330 Proceeds of capital lease transaction 50,446 - - 213,456 263,902 Proceeds from sale of capital assets. 5,136 - - - 5,136 Total other financing sources (uses) 55,582 23,617,719 23,000,000 213,456 46,886,757 Net change in fund balances 313,508 319,456 22,885,645 83,111 23,601,720 Fund balances (deficit) at - - (68,980) 391,821 2,100,046 Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. 1,844 - - (228) 1,616	Proceeds from sale of notes.		-	-	23,0	000,000	-		
Proceeds of capital lease transaction 50,446 - 213,456 263,902 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 5,136 - - 5,136 Total other financing sources (uses) 55,582 23,617,719 23,000,000 213,456 46,886,757 Net change in fund balances 313,508 319,456 22,885,645 83,111 23,601,720 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year (restated) 1,777,205 - (68,980) 391,821 2,100,046 Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. 1,844 - - (228) 1,616	Premium on bonds sold.		-	527,330	í.	-	-		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets. 5,136 - - 5,136 Total other financing sources (uses). 55,582 23,617,719 23,000,000 213,456 46,886,757 Net change in fund balances. 313,508 319,456 22,885,645 83,111 23,601,720 Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year (restated). 1,777,205 - (68,980) 391,821 2,100,046 Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. 1,844 - - (228) 1,616			50,446	-		-	213,456		263,902
Net change in fund balances	Proceeds from sale of capital assets		5,136	-		-	-		5,136
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year (restated) 1,777,205 - (68,980) 391,821 2,100,046 Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. 1,844 - - (228) 1,616	Total other financing sources (uses)		55,582	 23,617,719	23,0	000,000	213,456		46,886,757
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year (restated) 1,777,205 - (68,980) 391,821 2,100,046 Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. 1,844 - - (228) 1,616	Net change in fund balances		313,508	 	22,8	85,645	 83,111		
beginning of year (restated) 1,777,205 - (68,980) 391,821 2,100,046 Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. 1,844 - - (228) 1,616	-				,		-		-
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory. 1,844 - (228) 1,616	. ,	1	,777,205	-		(68,980)	391,821		2,100,046
		-		-		-			
		\$ 2		\$ 319,456	\$ 22,8	816,665	\$	\$	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 23,601,720
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$636,377) exceeds	
depreciation expense (\$267,425) in the current period.	368,952
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	117,111
Proceeds from bond issuances are recorded as revenues	
in the governmental funds, however, they are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities as they increase long-term liabilities.	(22,999,986)
Proceeds from note issuances are recorded as revenues	
in the governmental funds, however, they are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities as they increase liabilities.	(23,000,000)
Principal payments on notes payable are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities on the statement of net assets.	23,000,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(173,892)
Premiums on bond issuances are recognized as revenues in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.	(511,204)
Bond issuance costs are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.	298,096
Proceeds from capital lease transactions are recorded as revenues in the governmental funds, however, they are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities as they increase long-term liabilities.	(263,902)
Principal payments on capital lease obligations are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.	209,399
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased, however, in the statement of activities, they are reported as expenditures when consumed.	1,616
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and pension obligations, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 241,645
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 889,555

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:									
From local sources:									
Taxes	\$	5,650,132	\$	5,837,882	\$	5,685,725	\$	(152,157)	
Tuition.		191,900		198,277		219,933		21,656	
Earnings on investments.		120,000		123,988		70,903		(53,085)	
Extracurricular.		1,500		1,550		1,364		(186)	
Other local revenues.		26,600		27,484		65,967		38,483	
Intergovernmental - State		9,420,000		9,733,018		9,266,023		(466,995)	
Total revenue		15,410,132		15,922,199		15,309,915		(612,284)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Regular		9,464,389		9,844,086		8,708,561		1,135,525	
Special.		2,220,415		2,284,975		1,541,092		743,883	
Vocational.		284,415		297,469		280,366		17,103	
Other		108,584		110,784		92,992		17,792	
Support Services:		921.070		9(1 244		512 746		249 409	
Pupil		831,079		861,244		512,746		348,498	
Instructional staff		265,755		265,601		204,535		61,066	
Administration		89,455 1,577,246		88,211 1,647,138		79,354 1,412,740		8,857 234,398	
Fiscal		419,026		435,155		387,795		47,360	
Operations and maintenance.		1,935,798		1,964,299		1,503,543		460,756	
Pupil transportation		1,205,466		1,146,366		1,008,788		137,578	
Central.		310,395		270,851		239,376		31,475	
Operation of non-instructional services		29,010		23,845		21,848		1,997	
Extracurricular activities.		277,417		289,011		262,457		26,554	
Facilities acquisition and construction		8,609		9,028		8,560		468	
Total expenditures		19,027,059		19,538,063		16,264,753		3,273,310	
Excess of revenues over (under)									
expenditures.		(3,616,927)		(3,615,864)		(954,838)		2,661,026	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Refund of prior year expenditure		_		-		35,273		35,273	
Transfers out		(15,122)		(15,859)		-		15,859	
Advances in.				-		7,000		7,000	
Advances out		(6,696)		(7,022)		(7,000)		22	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		5,136		5,136	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(21,818)		(22,881)		40,409		63,290	
Net change in fund balance		(3,638,745)		(3,638,745)		(914,429)		2,724,316	
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,242,580		3,242,580		3,242,580		_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .		396,165		396,165		396,165		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	2,724,316	\$	2,724,316	
i and balance at the of year	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	2,727,510	Ψ	2,727,310	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2003

Agency		
\$	70,366	
	70,366	
	<u> </u>	
	888	
	53	
	69,425	
\$	70,366	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Northwest Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District is governed by a five-member board of education (the Board) elected by its citizens, which is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District ranks as the 220th largest by total revenue among the 740 public and community school districts in the State. The District employs 106 non-certified and 165 certified employees to provide services to approximately 2,392 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups. The District operates three elementary schools, one middle school, and a high school.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial</u> <u>Reporting Entity</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organization that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organizations resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; (4) or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of this criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC)

SPARCC is a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State Statutes made up of public school districts and county boards of education from Stark, Portage, and Carroll Counties. The primary function of SPARCC is to provide data processing services to its member districts with an emphasis being placed on accounting, inventory control and payroll services. Other areas of service provided by SPARCC include student scheduling, registration, grade reporting, and test scoring. Each member district pays an annual fee for the services provided by SPARCC.

SPARCC is governed by a board of directors comprised of each Superintendent within the Consortium. The Stark County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent of the Consortium and receives funding from the State Department of Education. Each district has one vote in all matters and each member district's control over budgeting and financing of SPARCC is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the board of directors. The continued existence of SPARCC is not dependent on the District's continued participation and no equity interest exits. Financial information can be obtained by writing the Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium, 2100 38th Street NW, Canton, Ohio 44709.

Stark County Joint Vocational School (JVS)

The JVS is a district political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a seven member Board, consisting of one representative from each of the six participating district's boards, one board member that rotates from each participating district, and has its own budgeting and taxing authority. The JVS provides vocational education programs to students of the District. The Financial information can be obtained by writing the Stark County Joint Vocational School, 6805 Richville Drive, S.W., Massillon, Ohio 44646.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Risk Sharing Pool

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefit Plan is a shared risk pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of administering health care benefits. The consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve on the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services.

Insurance Purchasing Pool

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan has created a group insurance pool for the purpose of creating a group rating plan for workers' compensation. The group is comprised of the treasurers of the members who have been appointed by the respective governing body of each member.

The intent of the pool is to achieve a reduced rate for the District by the group with other members of the group. The injury claim history of all participating members are used to calculate a common rate for the group. An annual fee is paid to Comp Management, Inc. to administer the group and to manage any injury claims. Premium savings created by the group are prorated to each member annually based on its payroll percent of the group.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond and note principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The building fund is used to account for the receipts and expenditures related to the District's bond issue. Expenditures recorded here represent the costs of acquiring and improving capital facilities, including real property.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities; (b) for food service operations; and (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's does not have any trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary type activites.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2003, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2004 operation, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Appropriations Resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control has been established at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present the general fund's budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level of expenditures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased tax rates). By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with Stark County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commissions' certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the final column of the budgetary statements reflect the amounts from the certificate of amended resources that were in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, at the fund level for all funds, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the level of budgetary control must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2003, investments were limited to overnight repurchase agreements, nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal 2003. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2003.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2003 amounted to \$65,365, which includes \$5,510 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the Treasurer's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to governmental activities. These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District increased its capitalization threshold from \$500 to \$3,500 for its general capital assets during fiscal 2003. Books, records, movies, and other learning aids kept at the District Library are not included for reporting purposes. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	5 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 8 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets. At June 30, 2003, the District had no interfund balances.

J. Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and by those employees who are expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with 10 years service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, prepayments, materials and supplies inventory, debt service, property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriation under state statute.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved on the fund financial statements by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the amount required by state statute to be set-aside for State monies received for school bus purchases. See Note 17 for additional information regarding set-asides.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basis financial statements.

Interfund activity between governmental funds is eliminated in the statement of activities. The District did not have any interfund activity during fiscal 2003.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2003.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Fund Balance

For fiscal year 2003, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, "<u>Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments</u>", GASB Statement No. 37, "<u>Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments</u>", GASB Statement No. 38, "<u>Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures</u>", GASB Statement No. 41, "<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Perspective Differences</u>", and GASB Interpretation No. 6, "<u>Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements</u>". At June 30, 2002, there was no effect on fund balance as a result of implementing GASB Statements 37, 38 and 41.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 37 clarifies certain provisions of Statement No. 34, including the required content of the Management Discussion and Analysis, the classification of program revenues and the criteria for determining major funds. GASB Statement No. 38, modifies, establishes and rescinds certain financial statement note disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 41 allows the presentation of budgetary schedules as required supplementary information based on the fund, organization or program structure that the government uses for its legally adopted budget when significant budgetary perspective differences result in the school district not being able to present budgetary comparison for the general and each major special revenue fund.

GASB Interpretation No. 6 clarifies the application of standards for modified accrual recognition of certain liabilities and expenditures in areas where differences have arisen, or potentially could arise, in interpretation and practice.

GASB No. 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the District's financial activities. The basic financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented in total in one column.

The government-wide financial statements show the District's programs for governmental activities. The beginning net asset amount for governmental activities reflects the change in fund balance for governmental funds at June 30, 2002, caused by fund reclassifications the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental Activities - Fund Reclassification and Restatement of Fund Balance - Certain funds have been reclassified to properly reflect their intended purpose in accordance with the Statement of GASB Statement No. 34. Certain funds previously reported as enterprise funds are now reported as nonmajor governmental funds. It was determined that GASB Interpretation No. 6 had an effect on fund balance as previously reported at June 30, 2002. The fund reclassifications and the implementation of GASB Interpretation No. 6 had the following effect on the District's governmental fund balances as previously reported:

	General	_]	Building	 Debt Service	N	Ionmajor	Total
Fund balance (deficit) June 30, 2002	\$ 1,915,177	\$	(68,980)	\$ -	\$	329,020	\$ 2,175,217
Fund reclassifications	-		-	-		62,801	62,801
Implementation of GASB Interpretation No. 6	(137,972)			 <u> </u>			(137,972)
Adjusted fund balance, June 30, 2002	<u>\$ 1,777,205</u>	\$	(68,980)	\$ 	\$	391,821	\$ 2,100,046

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

The transition from governmental fund balance to net assets of the governmental activities is presented as follows:

	lotal
Adjusted fund balance, June 30, 2002	\$ 2,100,046
GASB 34 adjustments:	
Long-term (deferred) assets	834,814
Capital assets	2,742,246
Long-term liabilities	(1,657,330)
Pension obligations	(99,299)
Governmental activities	
net assets, June 30, 2002	\$ 3,920,477

The effect of the District's change in capitalization threshold totaling \$3,622,217 is reflected in the \$2,742,246 noted above. See Note 9 for further information.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2003 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
EESA	\$ 4
Title VI-B	2,275
Title I	9,505
Reducing Class Size	1,589

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. These remaining deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the basic financial statements as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents". Statutes require the classification of monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - (Continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the finance institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days in an amount not the exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instrument rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - (Continued)

Cash on Hand: At year-end, the District had \$200 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of custodial credit risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reserve Repurchase Agreements".

Deposits: At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$784,474 and the bank balance was \$1,003,751. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$103,751 was covered by federal depository insurance; and
- 2. \$900,000 was uninsured and unregistered as defined by GASB although it was secured by collateral held by third party trustees, pursuant to section 135.181 Ohio Revised Code, in collateralized pools securing all public funds on deposit with specific depository institutions; these securities not being in the name of the District. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit in excess of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies, obligations of the State of Ohio and its municipalities, and obligations of the other states. Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to a bank other than the institution in which the deposit is made. Written custodial agreements are required.

Investments: The District's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the entity at fiscal year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or securities held by the District. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty is trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty or by its trust department, but not in the District's name. Investments in STAR Ohio are not categorized as they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Category 3	Reported Amount	Fair Value
Repurchase agreements	<u>\$ 475,000</u>	\$ 475,000	\$ 475,000
Total	\$ 475,000		
Investment in STAR Ohio		26,099,026	26,099,026
Total investments		\$ 26,574,026	\$ 26,574,026

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - (Continued)

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments on the basic financial statements and the classification per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$27,358,700	\$ -
Investments of the cash management pool:		
Investment in STAR Ohio	(26,099,026)	26,099,026
Repurchase Agreement	(475,000)	475,000
Cash on hand	(200)	
GASB Statement No. 3	\$ 784,474	\$26,574,026

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2003 represents collections of calendar year 2002 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2003 were levied after April 1, 2002, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2002, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2003 represents collections of calendar year 2002 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2003 became a lien December 31, 2001, were levied after April 1, 2002 and are collected in 2003 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2003 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2003 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2003 were levied after April 1, 2002, on the value as of December 31, 2002. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-four percent of true value for inventory. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Summit and Stark Counties. The Fiscal Officer/County Auditor periodically advances to the District the portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Fiscal Officer/County Auditor by June 30, 2003, are available to finance fiscal year 2003 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2003 was \$530,243 in the general fund, \$137,980 in the debt service fund and \$11,434 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund. The amount that was available as advance at June 30, 2002 was \$154,326 in the general fund and \$3,626 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2003 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2003 taxes were collected are:

	2002 Second Half Collections			I	2003 First Half Collections		
	A	nount	Percent	A	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/Residential							
and Other Real Estate	\$ 191	,382,940	90.49	\$19	1,336,300	90.45	
Public Utility Personal	7	,930,770	3.75		7,910,220	3.74	
Tangible Personal Property	12	2,184,806	5.76	1	2,284,150	5.81	
Total	<u>\$ 211</u>	,498,516	100.00	<u>\$21</u>	1,530,670	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:							
Operations	\$	53.60		\$	53.20		
Permanent improvements		3.00			3.00		
Debt Service		-			7.00		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2003 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of Federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities

Property taxes	\$ 8,253,341
Accounts	1,504
Accrued interest	1,421
Intergovernmental	16,889
Total	\$ 8,273,155

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within subsequent years.

NOTE 7 - LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

The District leases the following equipment under noncancelable operating leases: copier machines - 60month leases, administrative building, 36 -month leases. These leases are operating in nature and require minimum monthly rental payments. The equipment under the operating leases are not financed under a lease-purchase type arrangement.

The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under the above operating leases as of June 30, 2003:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2004	\$ 83,968
2005	44,792
2006	11,312

Rental expenses amounted to \$83,968 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

NOTE 8 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In a prior year, the District entered into a capitalized lease agreement for the acquisition of computers and printers. During fiscal 2003, the District entered into another lease agreement for the acquisition of computers, servers and networking equipment.

These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "<u>Accounting for Leases</u>", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lesse at the conclusion of the lease term. At inception, the leases were accounted for as a capital outlay expenditure and other financing source in the general fund. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements and as a reduction of the lease liability in the government-wide financial statements. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 8 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

During fiscal 2003, capital assets acquired by lease have been expensed in the statement of activities as the items acquired do not individually meet the Districts capitalized threshold. A liability in the amount of \$263,902 was recorded in the statement of net assets. Principal payments in the 2003 fiscal year totaled \$209,399. This amount is reflected as debt service principal retirement in the general fund and Schoolnet capital projects fund.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2003.

Year Ending	A
June 30	Amount
2004	\$ 93,022
2005	93,021
Total minimum lease payment	186,043
Less: amount representing interest	(14,792)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 171,251

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. The capital asset balances of the governmental activities have been restated due to a change in the District's capital asset policy (see Note 2.H. for detail), fund reclassifications described in Note 3.A, and depreciation of governmental activity capital assets in accordance with GASB 34.

	Balance 06/30/02	Adjustments	Restated Balance 07/01/02
Governmental Activities			
<i>Capital assets, not being depreciated:</i> Land	\$ 133,138	<u>\$</u>	\$ 133,138
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	133,138		133,138
Capital assets, being depreciated:			
Buildings and improvements	5,465,513	(127,108)	5,338,405
Furniture and equipment	4,677,015	(3,477,802)	1,199,213
Vehicles	1,478,868	(17,307)	1,461,561
Total capital assets, being depreciated	11,621,396	(3,622,217)	7,999,179
Less: accumulated depreciation		(5,390,071)	(5,390,071)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 11,754,534	<u>\$ (9,012,288)</u>	<u>\$ 2,742,246</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

B. Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, was as follows:

	Restated Balance 07/01/02	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/03
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 133,138	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 133,138
Construction in progress		443,891		443,891
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	133,138	443,891		577,029
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	5,338,405	-	-	5,338,405
Furniture and equipment	1,199,213	74,871	(3,585)	1,270,499
Vehicles	1,461,561	117,615	(95,519)	1,483,657
Total capital assets, being depreciated	7,999,179	192,486	(99,104)	8,092,561
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(3,480,526)	(95,363)	-	(3,575,889)
Furniture and equipment	(947,391)	(52,856)	3,585	(996,662)
Vehicles	(962,154)	(119,206)	95,519	(985,841)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,390,071)	(267,425)	99,104	(5,558,392)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,742,246	\$ 368,952	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,111,198

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 107,377
Special	6,296
Vocational	940
Support Services:	
Pupil	554
Instructional staff	628
Administration	3,922
Fiscal	253
Operations and maintenance	18,737
Pupil transportation	107,242
Central	2,863
Extracurricular activities	8,502
Food service operations	8,783
Intergovernmental pass through	 1,328
Total depreciation expense	\$ 267,425

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The balance of the District's governmental activities long-term obligations at June 30, 2002 has been restated. The compensated absences liability increased \$20,489 from \$1,520,093 to \$1,540,582 due to the implementation of GASB Interpretation No. 6 and the fund reclassifications described in Note 3.A. In addition, pension obligations of \$85,196 at June 30, 2002 are not reported as a component of governmental activities long-term obligations as they are paid within one year of fiscal year-end. Pension obligations are reported separately on the statement of net assets. The effect on the total governmental activities long-term obligations at July 1, 2002 was a decrease of \$64,707 from \$1,722,037 to \$1,657,330. During the fiscal year 2003, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Restated Balance Outstanding 07/01/02	Additions	Deletions	Balance Outstanding 06/30/03	Amount Due in One Year
General Obligation Bonds:					
Series 2002, Improvement Current Interest Bonds 12/01/29 maturity	\$ -	\$ 21,930,000	\$ -	\$ 21,930,000	\$ 390,000
Series 2002, Improvement Capital Appreciation Bonds 11.372% (average effective) 12/01/06 to 12/01/08 maturity	-	1,069,986	-	1,069,986	-
Series 2002, Improvement Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted interest		84,033	<u>-</u>	84,033	<u>-</u>
Total, general obligation bonds		23,084,019	<u>-</u>	23,084,019	390,000
Other Obligations:					
Capital lease obligations	116,748	263,902	(209,399)	171,251	83,251
Bond anticipation note	-	23,000,000	(23,000,000)	-	-
Compensated absences	1,540,582		(220,278)	1,320,304	260,000
Total, other obligations	1,657,330	23,263,902	(23,429,677)	1,491,555	343,251
Total, all governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 1,657,330</u>	\$ 46,347,921	<u>\$(23,429,677)</u>	24,575,574	<u>\$ 733,251</u>
Add: Unamortized premium on bond	d issuance			511,204	
Total reported on the statement of ne	t assets			\$ 25,086,778	

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NORTHWEST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STARK COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The capital lease obligation will be paid from the general fund and the Schoolnet capital projects fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid.

Bond Anticipation Notes

On July 3, 2002, the District issued \$23,000,000 in bond anticipation notes to begin various construction projects approved by the voters of the District. These notes bear an annual interest rate of 2.25%. These bond anticipation notes were retired on December 3, 2002 with the bond proceeds described below. The District reported to proceeds of the bond anticipation notes in the Building fund as they were used to begin the construction projects. Notes were issued in anticipation of the bond issuance. The bond anticipation notes were retired through the Debt Service fund with the proceeds derived from the subsequent bond issuance described below.

Series 2002 School Improvement General Obligation Bonds

During fiscal 2003, the voters of the District authorized the issuance of \$22,999,986 in general obligation bonds, for the purpose of constructing, furnishing and equipping a new elementary school and an addition to the high school and renovating, constructing, furnishing, equipping and otherwise improving school facilities and acquiring and improving their sites. These bonds will be retired from proceeds of a 7.0 mill bonded debt tax levy. The proceeds of the bond issuance were used to retire the previously issued bond anticipation notes described above.

These bonds represent the amount of the construction project that the District itself was required to finance, in accordance with the terms and conditions of a facilities grant from the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC). Under the terms of the agreement, the District will pay incur all of the initial construction costs and the OSFC will reimburse the District upon qualification to participate in the OSFC program.

The Series 2002 school improvement general obligation bond issue is comprised of both current interest serial and term bonds, par value \$21,930,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$1,890,000. The capital appreciation bonds mature on each December 1, 2006 through 2008 (effective interest 11.372%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The present value (as of issue date) reported in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2003 was \$1,069,986. Total accreted interest of \$84,033 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2003. The current interest bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2012 are subject to early redemption at the sole option of the District, at the following redemption prices, plus accrued interest:

Redemption Dates

December 1, 2012 and thereafter

Mandatory sinking fund requirements for the current interest term bonds occur on December 1, 2020 and 2021 and on December 1, in each of the years 2023 through 2028. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2029.

Redemption Price

100% of par

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2003 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Current Interest General Obligation Bonds			Capital Appreciation General Obligation Bonds			
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2004	\$ 390,000	\$ 943,265	\$ 1,333,265	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
2005	600,000	933,365	1,533,365	-	-	-	
2006	640,000	914,565	1,554,565	-	-	-	
2007	-	901,765	901,765	630,000	-	630,000	
2008	-	901,765	901,765	630,000	-	630,000	
2009 - 2013	2,660,000	4,319,913	6,979,913	630,000	-	630,000	
2014 - 2018	3,900,000	3,673,714	7,573,714	-	-	-	
2019 - 2023	4,805,000	2,733,890	7,538,890	-	-	-	
2024 - 2028	6,080,000	1,426,663	7,506,663	-	-	-	
2029 - 2030	2,855,000	137,156	2,992,156				
Total	\$ 21,930,000	\$16,886,061	\$38,816,061	\$ 1,890,000	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,890,000	

NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Administrative and 260 day employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, classified employees are entitled to one-fourth of unused sick leave for the first 120 days of unused sick leave and one-tenth of unused sick leave in excess of 120 days. Upon retirement, certified employees are entitled to one-third of unused sick leave for the first 120 days of unused sick leave and one-tenth of unused sick leave for the sick leave and one-tenth of unused sick leave for the first 120 days. Certified severance has a maximum of 56 days.

B. Insurance Benefits

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Stark County Council of Governments Health Benefits Program. Coverage in the amount of \$50,000 and \$40,000 is provided for all certified and classified employees, respectively.

C. Special Termination Benefit Payable

The District approved an Early Retirement Incentive Plan (ERIP), which runs from July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2003. Participation is open to all certified employees. Employees retiring from the District shall receive a bonus of \$15,000, payable the January following the employee's retirement. As of June 30, 2003, a total of \$45,000 is the liability for this ERIP for employees who took advantage of the ERIP as of fiscal year-end. The ERIP is reported as a component of compensated absences payable in the schedule of governmental activities long-term balances at June 30, 2003.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2003, the District maintained comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and contents are 90% coinsured.

Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Employee Health Benefits

The District has contracted with Stark County Schools Council of Government (a shared risk pool) (Note 2) to provide employee medical/surgical benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. The District's Board of Education pays the 95% of the cost of a monthly premium for certified employees and 90% of the cost of a monthly premium for classified employees. For fiscal year 2003, the District cost for paid premium for medical and dental was \$619.96 for family coverage and \$255.20 for single coverage, per month.

Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. Upon termination, all District claims would be paid without regard to the District's account balance. The Directors have the right to hold monies for an exiting district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

C. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the GRP.

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performances is compared to the overall savings percent of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "Equity Pooling Fund" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State Statute Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2003, 8.17% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2002, 5.46% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$297,881, \$273,900, and \$267,180, respectively; 43.47% has been contributed for fiscal year 2003 and 100% for the fiscal years 2002 and 2001. \$168,396, represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2003.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, or by calling (614) 227-4090.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2003, 13% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2002, 9.5% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2002, 9.5% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employees. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employee contributions. The District's required contributions to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$1,184,907, \$1,068,264, and \$1,005,672, respectively; 83.27% has been contributed for fiscal year 2003 and 100% for the fiscal years 2002 and 2001. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2003 were \$3,752 made by the District and \$12,324 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement Systems/State Teachers Retirement System. The Board's liability is 6.2% of wages paid. For fiscal 2003, three members of the Board of Education elected social security.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through STRS, and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by STRS and SERS based on authority granted by state statute. Both STRS and SERS are funded on a pay-as-you-go-basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14% of covered payroll. For this fiscal year, the State Teachers Retirement Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$84,636 during fiscal 2003.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve fund was \$2.8 billion at June 30, 2003. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$352.301 million and STRS had 108,294 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than 25 years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 5.83% of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2003, the minimum pay has been established at \$14,500. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2003 were \$204.931 million and the target level was \$307.4 million. At June 30, 2003, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$303.6 million and SERS had approximately 50,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$155,717 during the 2003 fiscal year.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

(a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

	General Fund	
Budget basis	\$	(914,429)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		406,690
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(117,441)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		15,173
Adjustment for encumbrances		923,515
GAAP basis	\$	313,508

Net Change in Fund Balance

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to legal proceedings that would have a material effect on the financial condition of the District.

C. State School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the state's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school funding plan is unconstitutional.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future state funding and its financial operations.

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks/ Instructional <u>Materials</u>	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2002	\$ (137,127)	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	331,239	331,239
Qualifying disbursements	(272,228)	(424,180)
Total	<u>\$ (78,116)</u>	<u>\$ (92,941)</u>
Balance carried forward to FY 2004	<u>\$ (78,116)</u>	<u>\$</u>

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero for the capital acquisition reserve, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. The negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year. The amount of qualifying disbursements exceeding the set-aside requirement in the textbooks reserve may be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years.

In addition to the above statutory reserves, the District also received monies restricted by State statute for school bus purchases.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2003 follows:

Amount restricted for school bus purchases	\$ 44,394
Total restricted assets	\$ 44,394

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Child Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution Program	N/A	10.550		\$39,893		\$39,893
National School Lunch Program	049908	10.555	\$115,965		\$115,965	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster			115,965	39,893	115,965	39,893
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	049908-6B-SF-03 049908-6B-SF-02	84.027	224,559 1,440		221,621 1,440	
Total Special Education Cluster			225,999		223,061	
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I)	049908-C1-S1-03 049908-C1-S1-02	84.010	168,488		159,470 41,098	
Total Grants to Local Educational Agencies			168,488		200,568	
Drug-Free Schools Grant	049908-DR-S1-03 049908-DR-S1-02	84.186	19,023		9,151 1,858	
Total Drug-Free Schools Grant			19,023		11,009	
Title VI - Education Consolidation Improvement Act	049908-C2-S1-03 049908-C2-S1-02 049908-C2-S1-01	84.298	14,869		14,000 6,294 58	
Total Title VI - Education Consolidation Improvement Act			14,869		20,352	
Title II - Dwight D. Eisenhower Professional Development Grant	N/A	84.281	166		166	
Total Title II - Dwight D. Eisenhower Professional Development Grant			166		166	
Technology Literacy Challenge Grant	049908-TJ-S1-03	84.318	4,613		4,613	
Total Technology Literacy Challenge Grant			4,613		4,613	
Title II-A - Improving Teacher Quality State Grant	049908-TR-S1-03	84.367	77,187		72,832	
Total Title II-A - Improving Teacher Quality State Grant			77,187		72,832	
Total U.S. Department of Education			510,345		532,601	
Totals			\$626,310	\$39,893	\$648,566	\$39,893

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Northwest Local School District Stark County 104 West Market Street Canal Fulton, Ohio 44614

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the basic financial statements of Northwest Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2004, which indicated the District adopted GASB Statement 34 and increased its capitalization threshold for capital assets from \$500 to \$3,500. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2003-001 through 2003-006.

We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated March 26, 2004.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

111 Second St., NW / Fourth Floor / Canton, OH 44702 Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001 www.auditor.state.oh.us Northwest Local School District Stark County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

However, we noted matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated March 26, 2004.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, and federal award agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomeny

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

March 26, 2004



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ITS MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Northwest Local School District Stark County 104 West Market Street Canal Fulton, Ohio 44614

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Northwest Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2003. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2003. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements that is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2003-007.

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Northwest Local School District Stark County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Its Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133. Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

However, we noted a matter involving the internal control over federal compliance that does not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated March 26, 2004.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

March 26, 2004

NORTHWEST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 §.505 JUNE 30, 2003

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Ungualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	Yes
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster-Title VI-B – (IDEA Grant) - CFDA 84.027 and 84.173
		Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I) – CFDA 84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2003-001

Finding for Recovery

Unauthorized Compensation of Former Treasurer

Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.24 states the board of education of each local, exempted village, or city school district shall fix the compensation of its treasurer.

FINDING NUMBER 2003-001 (Continued)

For the period from July 1, 1993 through June 30, 2003, the District's former Treasurer, Beverly Begert, received compensation in excess of her Board-approved annual salary and other compensation amounts totaling \$74,318.35. Of the total excess compensation above, \$48,116.70 was paid directly from various Special Revenue Funds as follows:

	Excess
Special Revenue Fund Name and Number	Compensation
Auxiliary Services Fund (Fund No. 401)	\$28,784.36
Disadvantaged Pupils Program Fund (Fund No. 402)	300.00
Special Education IDEA Part B Fund (Fund No. 516)	8,165.80
Title I Assistance Fund (Fund No. 572)	8,210.54
Improving Teacher Quality Fund (Fund No. 590)	2,656.00

Throughout this period, the former Treasurer submitted several Classified Substitute Teacher Time Cards on her behalf for various amounts which were paid from the state and federal programs outlined above to the Payroll Coordinator for subsequent payment. However, the amounts charged to these programs were in excess of the Board-approved annual salary amounts and were not supported by a description of the duties performed or Board authorization as evidenced in the minute records. In addition, the former Treasurer attached notes to these time cards instructing the Payroll Coordinator to not withhold certain local, state, and federal income taxes from these amounts.

The remaining \$26,201.65 of the total excess compensation above was paid directly from the General Fund (Fund No. 001). This overage was the result of the former Treasurer improperly applying salary increases provided for in the Board-approved administrator salary schedules. At a special meeting held by the Board on July 17, 1995, the Board approved the addition of a salary schedule for the treasurer's position to the administrator salary schedules as an addendum to the former Treasurer's contract. At this time, the former Treasurer was placed at Step 3, retroactive to the beginning of her contract, January 1, 1995. In the second and third years, the former Treasurer's salary schedule. According to this addendum, the increases in the former Treasurer's salaries, subsequent to 1995, were to follow the step increases outlined in the administrator's salary schedules, beginning July 1 of each corresponding fiscal year. However, the former Treasurer applied these increases twice each fiscal year, both on the anniversary date of her annual contract and at the beginning of the corresponding fiscal year. In addition, the former Treasurer's bi-weekly pay amounts were nearly doubled for the following pay periods without a description of the duties performed or Board authorization as evidenced in the minute records: 03/08/96, 09/06/96, 01/16/98, and 02/12/99.

The former Treasurer was bonded by the American States Insurance Company for the period from January 7, 1993 through January 7, 2001 and the Safeco Insurance Company for the period from January 7, 2001 through January 7, 2005, for amounts ranging up to \$20,000.

In accordance with the foregoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.28, Findings for Recovery for public money illegally expended are hereby issued jointly and severally against former Treasurer Beverly Begert and her bonding companies, American States Insurance Company and Safeco Insurance Company, in the amount of \$74,318.35.

FINDING NUMBER 2003-001 (Continued)

The Findings for Recovery will be in favor of the following District funds:

Fund Name and Number	Amount
General Fund (Fund No. 001)	\$26,201.65
Auxiliary Services Fund (Fund No. 401)	28,784.36
Disadvantaged Pupils Program Fund (Fund No. 402)	300.00
Special Education IDEA Part B Fund (Fund No. 516)	8,165.80
Title I Assistance Fund (Fund No. 572)	8,210.54
Improving Teacher Quality Fund (Fund No. 590)	2,656.00

FINDING NUMBER 2003-002

Finding for Recovery

Improper Vacation Accrual for Former Treasurer

For the period from July 1, 1993 through June 30, 2003, the former Treasurer's respective contracts included the following provisions relative to vacation accrual, usage, and payout:

"The Treasurer shall be entitled to 30 days of vacation with pay each year this contract is in effect. Vacation days should be used during the year earned but the Treasurer is authorized to carry over from one contract year to next an amount of vacation equal to 15 days or after December 31 of each year any unused vacation days not to exceed 15 days will be paid to the Treasurer at the current daily rate. Vacation shall be scheduled by the Treasurer so as to minimize disruption of school district operations and at times acceptable to the Board."

Contrary to the provisions above, the former Treasurer received pay outs for the maximum 15 days of unused vacation and carried over unused vacation days into the subsequent calendar year. In addition, it was noted that the former Treasurer improperly included the 9% School Employees Retirement System (SERS) retirement pick-up (the employee share of retirement that the Board agreed to pay) in the total annual salary amount for the determination of her daily rate. As a result, the former Treasurer's daily rate was overstated. Due to the practices described above, the former Treasurer was overcompensated for vacation by \$3,974.94 from the General Fund (Fund No. 001).

The former Treasurer was bonded by the American States Insurance Company for the period from January 7, 1993 through January 7, 2001 and the Safeco Insurance Company for the period from January 7, 2001 through January 7, 2005, for amounts ranging up to \$20,000.

In accordance with the foregoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public money illegally expended is hereby issued jointly and severally against former Treasurer Beverly Begert and her bonding companies, American States Insurance Company and Safeco Insurance Company, in the amount of \$3,974.94 and in favor of the District's General Fund (Fund No. 001).

FINDING NUMBER 2003-003

Finding for Recovery

Improper Severance Payouts for Former Treasurer

Section VI, Severance Pay, of the District's Administrative Policy Handbook provides for a lump sum payment to eligible administrators. An administrator's amount of severance pay shall be determined as of the final date of employment and shall be calculated by:

- 1. Multiplying the accumulated sick leave up to 120 days properly credited to the administrator on the retirement date by one-third (1/3)
- 2. Multiplying the accumulated sick leave in excess of 120 days by one-tenth (1/10)
- 3. Adding the products of steps one and two, to a maximum of 56 days
- 4. Multiplying the sum in step 3 times the per diem rate at the time of retirement
 - The per diem rate will be calculated by including salary from the salary schedule and any other salary from supplemental contracts earned during the year prior to retirement

The former Treasurer retired and was subsequently rehired by the Board, effective September 2000. However, the former Treasurer was later terminated by the District during October 2002. At both times, a severance pay out was calculated and issued to the former Treasurer. However, it was noted that the 9% School Employees Retirement System (SERS) retirement pick-up (the employee share of retirement that the Board agreed to pay) was improperly included in the total annual salary amount for the determination of her daily rate. As a result, the former Treasurer's daily rate and subsequent severance pay outs were overstated by \$2,191.84 and \$5,619.21, respectively.

The former Treasurer was bonded by the American States Insurance Company for the period from January 7, 1993 through January 7, 2001 and the Safeco Insurance Company for the period from January 7, 2001 through January 7, 2005, for amounts ranging up to \$20,000.

In accordance with the foregoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public money illegally expended is hereby issued jointly and severally against former Treasurer Beverly Begert and her bonding companies, American States Insurance Company and Safeco Insurance Company, in the amount of \$7,811.05 and in favor of the District's General Fund (Fund No. 001).

FINDING NUMBER 2003-004

Finding for Recovery Repaid Under Audit

Improper Severance Payout for Administrative Assistant

Section VI, Severance Pay, of the District's Administrative Policy Handbook states that severance pay shall be a one-time, lump sum payment to eligible administrators. An administrator's amount of severance pay shall be determined as of the final date of employment and shall be calculated by:

FINDING NUMBER 2003-004 (Continued)

- 1. Multiplying the accumulated sick leave up to 120 days properly credited to the administrator on the retirement date by one-third (1/3)
- 2. Multiplying the accumulated sick leave in excess of 120 days by one-tenth (1/10)
- 3. Adding the products of steps one and two, to a maximum of 56 days
- 4. Multiplying the sum in step 3 times the per diem rate at the time of retirement
 - The per diem rate will be calculated by including salary from the salary schedule and any other salary from supplemental contracts earned during the year prior to retirement

The Superintendent's Administrative Assistant, John Hexamer, retired and was subsequently rehired by the Board. However, the severance pay out calculated by the former Treasurer improperly included the 1% School Employees Retirement System (SERS) retirement pick-up (the employee share of retirement that the Board agreed to pay) in the total annual salary amount for the determination of his daily rate when calculating severance pay. As a result, the Administrative Assistant's daily rate and subsequent severance pay out was overstated by \$222.88.

In accordance with the foregoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public money illegally expended is hereby issued jointly and severally against Administrative Assistant John Hexamer, former Treasurer Beverly Begert, and her bonding companies, the American States Insurance Co. and Safeco Insurance Co., in the amount of \$222.88 and in favor of the District's General Fund (Fund No. 001).

Administrative Assistant John Hexamer repaid the finding on March 19, 2004.

FINDING NUMBER 2003-005

Finding for Recovery Repaid Under Audit

Improper Severance Payout for High School Principal

Section VI, Severance Pay, of the District's Administrative Policy Handbook states that severance pay shall be a one-time, lump sum payment to eligible administrators. An administrator's amount of severance pay shall be determined as of the final date of employment and shall be calculated by:

- 1. Multiplying the accumulated sick leave up to 120 days properly credited to the administrator on the retirement date by one-third (1/3)
- 2. Multiplying the accumulated sick leave in excess of 120 days by one-tenth (1/10)
- 3. Adding the products of steps one and two, to a maximum of 56 days
- 4. Multiplying the sum in step 3 times the per diem rate at the time of retirement
 - The per diem rate will be calculated by including salary from the salary schedule and any other salary from supplemental contracts earned during the year prior to retirement

FINDING NUMBER 2003-005

(Continued)

The High School Principal, Stephen Jones, retired and was subsequently rehired by the Board. However, the severance pay out calculated by the former Treasurer improperly included the 1% School Employees Retirement System (SERS) retirement pick-up (the employee share of retirement that the Board agreed to pay) in the total annual salary amount for the determination of his daily rate. As a result, the Administrative Assistant's daily rate and subsequent severance pay out was overstated by \$226.90.

In accordance with the foregoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public money illegally expended is hereby issued jointly and severally against High School Principal Stephen Jones, former Treasurer Beverly Begert, and her bonding companies, the American States Insurance Co. and Safeco Insurance Co., in the amount of \$226.90 and in favor of the District's General Fund (Fund No. 001).

High School Principal Stephen Jones repaid the finding on March 23, 2004.

FINDING NUMBER 2003-006

Finding for Recovery Repaid Under Audit

Improper Severance Payout for Assistant High School Principal

Section VI, Severance Pay, of the District's Administrative Policy Handbook states that severance pay shall be a one-time, lump sum payment to eligible administrators. An administrator's amount of severance pay shall be determined as of the final date of employment and shall be calculated by:

- 1. Multiplying the accumulated sick leave up to 120 days properly credited to the administrator on the retirement date by one-third (1/3)
- 2. Multiplying the accumulated sick leave in excess of 120 days by one-tenth (1/10)
- 3. Adding the products of steps one and two, to a maximum of 56 days
- 4. Multiplying the sum in step 3 times the per diem rate at the time of retirement
 - The per diem rate will be calculated by including salary from the salary schedule and any other salary from supplemental contracts earned during the year prior to retirement

The Assistant High School Principal, Gary Dial, retired and was subsequently rehired by the Board. However, the severance pay out calculated by the former Treasurer improperly included the 1% School Employees Retirement System (SERS) retirement pick-up (the employee share of retirement that the Board agreed to pay) in the total annual salary amount for the determination of his daily rate when calculating severance pay. As a result, the Administrative Assistant's daily rate and subsequent severance pay out was overstated by \$154.88.

In accordance with the foregoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public money illegally expended is hereby issued jointly and severally against Assistant High School Principal Gary Dial, former Treasurer Beverly Begert, and her bonding companies, the American States Insurance Co. and Safeco Insurance Co., in the amount of \$154.88 and in favor of the District's General Fund (Fund No. 001).

Assistant High School Principal Gary Dial repaid the finding on Mach 24, 2004.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

FINDING NUMBER 2003-007

Noncompliance

Finding Number	2003-007
CFDA Titles	Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B)
	Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I)
	Title IIA – Improving Teacher Quality State Grant
CFDA Numbers	84.027, 84.010, and 84.367, respectively
Pass Through Entity Numbers/Years	049908-6B-SF-03, 049908-C1-S1-03, and
	049908-TR-S1-03, respectively
Federal Oversight Agency	U.S. Department of Education

Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-87, Attachment B subsection 11.a. provides in part that compensation for personnel services is allowable to the extent it satisfies the specific requirements of the Circular; that total compensation for individual employees is reasonable for the service rendered and conforms to the established policy of the governmental unit; and it is supported as provided in subsection 11.h. of the Circular.

OMB Circular A-87, Attachment B subsection 11.h. provides in part that Salaries and Wages shall be based on payrolls documented in accordance with generally accepted practice of the governmental unit and approved by a responsible official. Where employees work on multiple activities or cost objectives, a distribution of compensation shall be supported by personnel activity reports that reflect the actual activity and total activity of the employee, unless certain time study requirements are met.

For the period from July 1, 1993 through June 30, 2003, the former Treasurer submitted several Classified Substitute Teacher Time Cards on her behalf for amounts which were paid from various federal programs. However, the amounts charged to these programs were in excess of the Board-approved annual salary amounts in effect for the former Treasurer and were not supported by a description of the duties performed or Board authorization as evidenced in the minute records. Additionally, the allocations to federal programs below were not supported by records of time spent on each federal program compared to total hours or time study documentation:

Federal Program Name and CFDA Number	Amount
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B),	\$8,166
#84.027	
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I),	8,211
#84.010	
Title IIA – Improving Teacher Quality State Grant,	2,656
#84.367	
Total	<u>\$19.033</u>

The compensation of the Treasurer should be made in accordance with the provisions of **Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.24**, which states that the Treasurer shall be paid from the general fund of the district. Reimbursement of a portion of the Treasurer's Board-approved annual salary to the general fund should only be made when such costs are supported by appropriate time and effort records.



Auditor of State Betty Montgomery 88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

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NORTHWEST LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

STARK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED APRIL 29, 2004