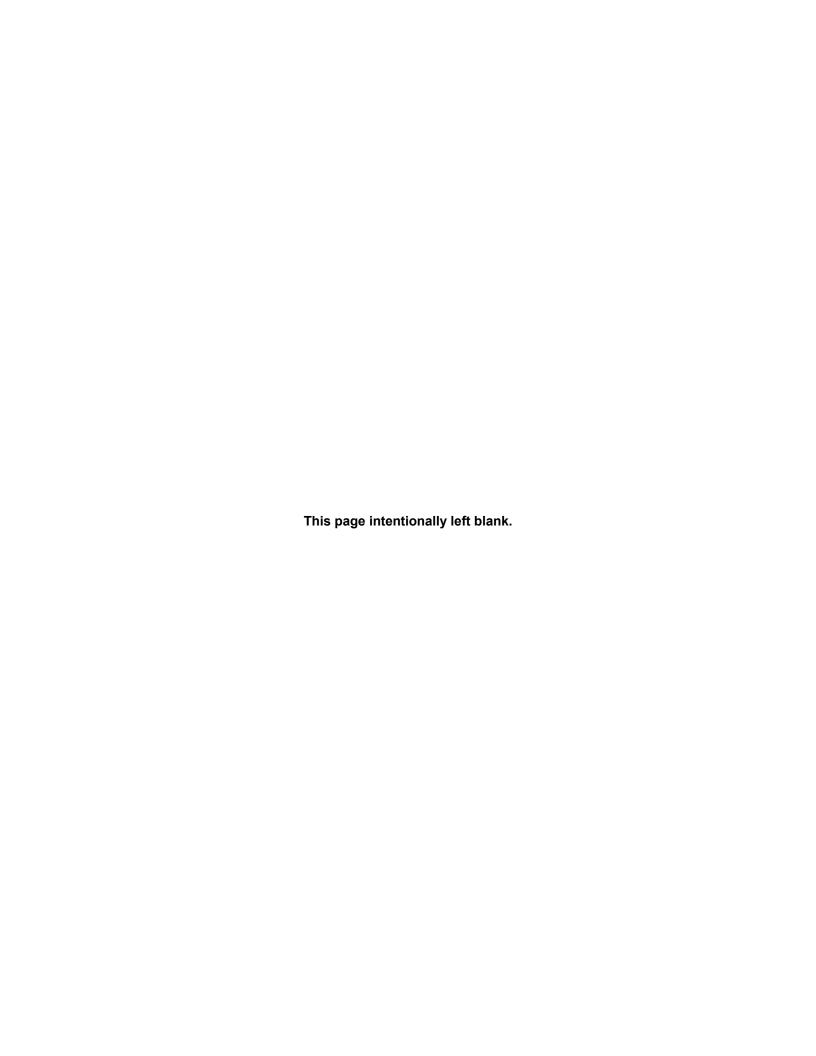




TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2003	3
Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash Balances - All Proprietary Fund Types and Similar Fiduciary Funds - For the Year Ended December 31, 2003	4
Combined Statement of Receipts - Budget and Actual - For the Year Ended December 31, 2003	5
Combined Statement of Disbursements and Encumbrances Compared with Expenditure Authority - For the Year Ended December 31, 2003	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	9
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required By Government Auditing Standards	23
Schedule of Findings	25
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	26





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

City of Van Wert Van Wert County 515 East Main Street Van Wert, Ohio 45891

To the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the City of Van Wert, Van Wert County, (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

Except as described in the following paragraphs, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Insurance claims reported in the self-insurance fund (an Internal Service Fund) are processed by a service organization that is independent of the City. The service organization did not provide us with evidence regarding the design or proper operation of its internal controls. We were unable to perform procedures to satisfy ourselves as to the proper processing of health insurance claims. Those claims represent 50 percent of the disbursements for the Internal Service Fund type.

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the City to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, as discussed in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements and notes have been prepared on a basis of accounting in accordance with standards established by the Auditor of State, for governmental entities that are not required to prepare annual reports in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. This basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, can not be determined at this time.

In our opinion, except for the effect of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had we been able to examine the evidence regarding insurance claims, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash, investments, and combined fund cash balances of the City as of December 31, 2003, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements and its combined budgeted and actual receipts and budgeted and actual disbursements and encumbrances, for the year then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

One First National Plaza / 130 W. Second St. / Suite 2040 / Dayton, OH 45402 Telephone: (937) 285-6677 (800) 443-9274 Fax: (937) 285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us City of Van Wert Van Wert County Independent Accountant's Report Page 2

Betty Montgomery

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2004 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, City Council and other officials authorized to receive this report under Section 117.26, Ohio Revised Code, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

June 22, 2004

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Governmental Fund Types			Total	
	-	Special	Debt	Capital	(Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Service	Project	` Only)
Receipts:					
Taxes	\$3,474,918	\$263,294		\$2,097,267	\$5,835,479
Charges For Services	309,082	11,315	8,640	705	329,742
Fines, Forfeitures, Licenses	350,648	62,215			412,863
Revovling Loan Repayments		64,461			64,461
Intergovernmental Receipts	493,228	731,801			1,225,029
Special Assessments			24,583		24,583
All Other Receipts	174,315	49,674	23,336	15,000	262,325
Total Receipts	4,802,191	1,182,760	56,559	2,112,972	8,154,482
Disbursements:					
Security of Persons & Property	3,292,855	124,318			3,417,173
Community Environment	57,925	665,396			723,321
Transportation		375,304		420,150	795,454
General Government	984,920	44,587			1,029,507
Leisure Time Activities	295,632				295,632
Health Services	99,982				99,982
Capital Outlay				1,653,654	1,653,654
Debt Service	41,600		96,695		138,295
Total Disbursements	4,772,914	1,209,605	96,695	2,073,804	8,153,018
Total Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	29,277	(26,845)	(40,136)	39,168	1,464
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating Transfers-In	90,683	4,000	45,930		140,613
Operating Transfers-Out	(45,930)	(94,683)			(140,613)
Sale of Fixed Assets	6,419				6,419
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	51,172	(90,683)	45,930		6,419
Total Receipts And Other Sources Over					
(Under) Disbursements And Other Uses	80,449	(117,528)	5,794	39,168	7,883
Fund Cash Balances January 1	817,546	966,783	19,033	2,305,776	4,109,138
Fund Cash Balances December 31	\$897,995	\$849,255	\$24,827	\$2,344,944	\$4,117,021

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Proprietary Fund Types		Fiduciary Funds		
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Non- Expendable Trust	Agency	Total (Memorandum Only)
Receipts:					
Charges For Services	\$3,456,384	\$1,092,911	0.45		\$4,549,295
Other Operating Receipts	35,107	41,539	345		76,991
Total Receipts	3,491,491	1,134,450	345		4,626,286
Disbursements:					
Personal Services	1,376,843	81,772			1,458,615
Contract Services		216,881			216,881
Claims		556,156			556,156
Supplies And Materials	895,753	90,899			986,652
Capital Outlay	301,263				301,263
Total Disbursements	2,573,859	945,708			3,519,567
Total Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	917,632	188,742	345		1,106,719
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)					
Transfers-in	146,923				146,923
Transfers- out	(146,923)				(146,923)
Proceeds of Bonds	838,626				838,626
Other Non-Operating Receipts				1,260,610	1,260,610
Other Non-Operating Disbursements	(584)			(1,320,624)	(1,321,208)
Debt Service	(1,644,061)				(1,644,061)
Taxes				35,175	35,175
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	(806,019)			(24,839)	(830,858)
Net Income	111,613	188,742	345	(24,839)	275,861
Fund Cash Balance January 1	2,454,288	141,955	29,665	132,256	2,758,164
Fund Cash Balance December 31	\$2,565,901	\$330,697	\$30,010	\$107,417	\$3,034,025

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS-BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

Fund Types/Fund	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
Governmental:			
General Fund	\$4,776,600	\$4,899,293	\$122,693
Special Revenue Funds	1,836,641	1,186,760	(649,881)
Debt Service Funds	114,000	102,489	(11,511)
Capital Project Funds	2,090,000	2,112,972	22,972
Proprietary:			
Enterprise Funds	4,919,626	4,477,040	(442,586)
Internal Service Funds	990,000	1,134,450	144,450
Fiduciary:			
Trust Funds	600	345	(255)
Total (Memorandum Only)	\$14,727,467	\$13,913,349	(\$814,118)

COMBINED STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS AND ENCUMBRANCES COMPARED WITH EXPENDITURE AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

Fund Types/Fund	Prior Year Carryover Appropriations	2003 Appropriations	Total
Governmental:			
General Fund	\$49,096	\$5,292,784	\$5,341,880
Special Revenue Funds	16,605	2,259,345	2,275,950
Debt Service Funds	,	98,285	98,285
Capital Project Funds	37,567	3,128,387	3,165,954
Proprietary:			
Enterprise Funds	92,800	5,120,827	5,213,627
Internal Service Funds		1,101,927	1,101,927
Fiduciary: Trust Funds			
Total (Memorandum Only)	\$196,068	\$17,001,555	\$17,197,623

Actual 2003 Disbursements	Encumbrances Outstanding At 12-31-03	Total	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
\$4,818,844	\$48,632	\$4,867,476	\$474,404
1,304,288 96,695	297566	1,601,854 96,695	674,096 1,590
2,073,804	328,786	2,402,590	763,364
4,365,427 945,708	219,130	4,584,557 945,708	629,070 156,219
\$13,604,766	\$894,114	\$14,498,880	\$2,698,743

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Van Wert (the City) is a home rule municipal corporation established and operated under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under the Mayor/Council form of government.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the City are not misleading. The primary government of the City of Van Wert consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. The City is segmented into many different activities and smaller accounting entities. These include a police force, a fire fighting force, a street maintenance force, planning and zoning departments, a parks and recreation system, a water system, a sewer system, and a staff to provide essential support to these service providers. The operation and control of these activities is provided by the City Council through the budgetary process and by the Mayor through administrative and managerial requirements and procedures. All are responsible to the citizens of Van Wert and are included as part of the primary government.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The City has no component units.

B. Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the City chooses to prepare its financial statements on the basis of accounting formerly prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State. This basis of accounting is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as formerly prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

C. Fund Accounting

The City maintains its accounting records in accordance with the principles of "fund" accounting. Fund accounting is a concept developed to meet the needs of governmental entities in which legal or other restraints require the recording of specific receipts and disbursements. The transactions of each fund are reflected in a self-balancing group of accounts, an accounting entity which stands separate from the activities reported in other funds. The restrictions associated with each type of funds are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 (Continued)

REPORTING ENTITY AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required by law or contract to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

To account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds

To account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds).

Debt Service Funds

To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. According to governmental accounting principles, the debt service fund accounts for the payment of long-term debt for governmental funds only. Under Ohio law, the debt service fund might also be used to account for the payment of the long-term debt of proprietary funds and the short-term debt of both governmental and proprietary funds. For purposes of this report, these funds have been classified into the proper groups, if practicable.

2. Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

To account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purpose.

Internal Service Fund

The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

3. Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds

To account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. These include non expendable trust funds and agency funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Budgetary Process

1. Budget

A budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the County Auditor, as secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

2. Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the County receives the official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected receipts of each fund. On or about January 1, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year.

Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from a fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources.

The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation measure. Budget receipts as shown in the accompanying financial statements do not include January 1 unencumbered fund balances. However, those fund balances are available for appropriations.

3. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation measure to control cash disbursements may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January to March 31. An annual appropriation measure must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources.

4. Encumbrances

The City is required to use the encumbrance method of accounting by virtue of Ohio law. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation.

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

B. Property, Plant and Equipment

Fixed assets acquired or constructed for general governmental service are recorded as expenditures. Depreciation is not recorded for these fixed assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records.

During 2003, investments were limited to STAROhio, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, money market investments, federal government agency securities and pension bonds. Investments are stated at cost.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during 2002. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2003.

Interest is distributed to the General, Street Maintenance and Repair, Motor Vehicle License, State Highway Improvement, Community Housing Improvement, CDBG Program Income and the Walter Emans Memorial Trust funds.

D. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave

Accumulated unpaid vacation and sick pay are not accrued under the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1. At December 31, 2003, and in accordance with the City's sick leave policy, management estimates that \$238,229 in sick leave and \$229,532 in vacation leave has been accumulated by the employees of the City. All leave will either be absorbed by time off from work, or within certain limitations, be paid to the employees. It is not practicable to determine the actuarial value of these benefits as of December 31, 2003.

E. Total Columns On Financial Statements

Total columns on the financial statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. This data is not comparable to a consolidation. Interfund-type eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City Auditor and City Treasurer are responsible for selecting depositories and investing funds. State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 (Continued)

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim moneys. Interim moneys are those moneys which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including pass book accounts. Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- a. United States Treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- b. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All Federal agency services shall be direct issuances of Federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- c. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- d. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- e. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or
 (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and
- f. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

- a. Bonds of the State of Ohio:
- b. Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, county, township, or other political subdivision of this State, as to which there is no default of principal, interest or coupons; and
- c. Obligations of the City.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 (Continued)

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Deposits: At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$3,236,948 and the bank balance was \$3,553,858. Of the bank balance, \$308,000 was covered by federal deposit insurance and \$3,245,858 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the City's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments: GASB Statement 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires that local governments disclose the carrying amounts and market value of investments, classified by risk. The government's investments are categorized as either (1) insured or registered, or securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name, (2) uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name or (3) uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name. Investments in STAROhio and mutual funds are not classified since they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Risk Category	Risk		
1	2	Carrying	Fair Value
176,000		176,000	176,000
	3,501,927	3,501,927	3,482,320
		236,171	236,171
\$176,000	\$3,501,927	\$3,914,098	\$3,894,491
	1 176,000	3,501,927	12Carrying176,000176,0003,501,9273,501,927236,171

4. DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2003 consisted of the following:

General Obligation Bonds Principal Outstanding Interest Rates	\$895,000 1.60 - 9.5%
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans Principal Outstanding Interest Rates	\$7,068,785 3.81 - 4.65%
Taxable Industrial Revenue Bond Principal Outstanding Interest Rate	\$227,492 7.25%
Police and Fire Pension Principal Outstanding Interest Rate	\$176,000 4.00%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 (Continued)

4. DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The City issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for street improvement and equipment for the wastewater system improvements and for additional improvements to the treatment facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged for repayment. The General Obligations bonds relate to 2 issues:

Westwood Drive Street Improvement Bonds, issued in 1990 for 20 years to cover the costs of improving Westwood Drive. A special assessment was levied on the property owners for their portion of the cost of improving Westwood Drive. All special assessments collected shall be used for the payment of the principal and interest on the bond until paid in full.

Various Purpose Bonds, issued in April of 2003 for the purpose of refunding the various purpose bond Series issued 1991 to acquire equipment for the municipal wastewater system and pay additional costs for improvements to the treatment facilities. The debt service on the municipal wastewater treatment facilities will be paid from municipal wastewater system revenues.

Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loans relate to 4 outstanding loans as follows: OWDA Loans number 2548 and 2549 relate to a Wastewater Sludge Processing project. The OWDA has approved up to \$1,137,460 in loans to the City for this project. The OWDA loan 2548 will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$37,668, including interest, over 20 years. The scheduled payments and principal amount reflected for OWDA loan 2548 includes capitalized interest of \$25,486. The OWDA loan number 2549 is being repaid in semiannual installments of \$3,340, including interest, over 20 years which is based upon an amortization schedule developed for a \$92,085 loan. Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan number 2550 relates to Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements project and includes capitalized interest of \$195,088. The City does not receive all of the funds for this project due to OWDA paying the contractors directly. The City does not have a schedule of payments and this loan is not included in the amortization schedule below, but semi-annual payments are estimated at \$209,061 and the principal balance outstanding at December 31, 2003 was \$5,095,341. Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan number 3576 was a loan that was drawn during 2001 to be used as a payment against OWDA loan number 2550 in 2002. Revenue of the utility facilities have been pledged to repay these costs. The City has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements.

The Taxable Industrial Revenue Bonds were issued in 1996 for a period of 15 years to purchase land in Vision Park Industrial Park. During 1997, the City made an early principal payment of \$150,000 reducing the maturity by four years to 2008. The debt is secured by a Purchase Money Mortgage. The City is to pay the bond principal and interest from non-tax revenues, consisting primarily of investment income and crop sales.

The Police and Fire Pension Bonds were issued on May 15, 2001 for a period of 6 years to pay off the employer's accrued liability to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund incurred when the State of Ohio established the statewide pension system for police and firefighters during 1967. The City is to pay the bond principal and interest from tax levy proceeds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 (Continued)

4. DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Amortization of the above bond (long term) debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending December 31	General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	OWDA <u>Loans</u>	Industrial Revenue <u>Bonds</u>	Police & Fire Pension <u>Bonds</u>
2004	134,920	172,208	65,828	43,160
2005	132,145	172,208	62,112	44,720
2006	134,280	172,208	58,439	46,800
2007	136,125	172,208	53,766	48,360
2006	132,460	172,208	25,500	0
Subsequent	372,390	1,936,719	0	0
Total	\$1,042,320	\$2,797,759	<u>\$265,645</u>	<u>\$183,040</u>

5. INCOME TAX

The City levies an income tax of 1.72 percent on all income earned within the City as well as incomes of residents earned outside the City. In the latter case the City allows a credit of 100 percent of the tax paid to another municipality, not to exceed the amount owed. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the City at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are also required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually. Income tax is allocated by ordinance and was credited to the following funds in 2003: General fund \$3,102,819, Street Construction fund \$1,449,581, Police and Fire Safety fund \$647,686.

6. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes are levied on assessed values which equal 35 percent of appraised value. The County Auditor reappraises all real property every six years with a triennial update. The last reappraisal was completed for tax year 1999.

Real property taxes become a lien on all non-exempt real property located in the County on January 1. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20 of the following year. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits later payment dates to be established.

The full tax rate applied to real property, for the calendar year ended December 31, 2003, was \$3.2 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. After adjustment of the rate for inflationary increases in property values, the effective tax rate was \$3.2 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for real property classified as residential/agricultural and \$3.2 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for all other real property. Real property owners tax bills are further reduced by homestead and rollback deductions, when applicable. The amount of these homestead and rollback reductions is reimbursed to the County by the State of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 (Continued)

6. PROPERTY TAX (Continued)

Owners of tangible personal property are required to file a list of such property including costs, by April 30 of each year. The property is assessed for tax purposes at varying statutory percentages of cost. The tax rate applied to tangible personal property for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003, was \$3.2 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

Real Property - 2002 Valuation	
Residential/Agricultural	\$95,572,820
Commercial/Industrial	37,286,980
Public Utilities	21,250
Tangible Personal Property - 2003 Valuation	
General	34,029,440
Public Utilities	<u>5,110,700</u>
Total Valuation	\$172.021.190

The Van Wert County Treasurer collects property tax on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The Van Wert County Auditor periodically remits to the taxing districts their portions of the taxes collected.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2003, the City contracted with Purmort Brothers Insurance Agency for general liability, property, law enforcement and public officials liability insurance. Coverages provided by the insurance are as follows:

Type of Coverage	f Coverage <u>Coverage</u>	
General Liability	Aggregate	\$4,000,000
	Per occurrence	2,000,000
Employee Practices Liability	Aggregate	3,000,000
	Per occurrence	1,000,000
Law Enforcement Occurrence Liability	Aggregate	3,000,000
	Wrongful Act	3,000,000
	Each Person	3,000,000
Building and Contents		23,308,000
Auto Liability	Per occurrence	2,000,000
Umbrella Excess Liability	Aggregate	1,000,000
	Per occurrence	1,000,000
Employee Benefits Administration	Aggregate	6,000,000
	Per occurrence	2,000,000

The City pays all elected officials' bonds per statute.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 (Continued)

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

B. Workers' Compensation

Workers' compensation benefits are provided through the State Bureau of Worker's Compensation. For 2003, the City did not participate in a group rating program because the City of Van Wert was penalty rated due to a 1997 claim. Since then, the City Administration has made strides to manage loss work claims to become eligible for a group-rating program. In an effort to reduce the cost of Workers' Compensation premiums, the City began participating in the BWC 10-step Premium Discount Program.

C. Employee Medical Benefits

The City established a medical self-insurance fund (an Internal Service Fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the medical self-insurance fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$35,000 for each individual. The City purchased commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund. The City has contracted with Variable Protection Agency to be the administrator of this Program. Settled claims have not exceeded the fund's coverage or stop-loss insurance coverage in 2003. The City does not anticipate being responsible for any costs that exceed the stop-loss insurance coverage.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the medical self-insurance fund based on a set rate per employee for single, family, employee/child, or employee/spouse coverage. During 2003 a total of \$216,881 was paid for administrative fees and premiums and \$556,156 was paid for claims and benefits.

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The City participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 E. Town St., Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 (Continued)

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2003, the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement or public safety participating in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salaries. Members participating in the traditional plan who were in law enforcement contributed 10.1 percent of their annual covered salary; members in public safety contributed 9 percent. The City's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2003 was 8.55 percent, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety. For those classifications, the City's pension contributions were 11.7 percent of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The City's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$288,052 \$279,062, and \$272,515 respectively; 92.30 percent has been contributed for 2003 and 100 percent for 2002 and 2001.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations while the City is required to contribute 11.75 percent for police officers and 16.25 percent for firefighters. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The City's contributions to the Fund for police and firefighters were \$182,190and \$210,165 for the year ended December 31, 2003, \$176,150 and \$199,833 for the year ended December 31, 2002, and \$183,449 and \$197,797 for the year ended December 31, 2001. The full amount has been contributed for 2002 and 2001. 76.73 percent for police and 76.68 percent for firefighters has been contributed for 2003.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by a State retirement system have an option to choose Social Security or the appropriate state system. As of December 31, 2003, six reserve firemen, three council members and one acting judge have elected Social Security. The City's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 (Continued)

9. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-employment Benefit as described in *GASB Statement No. 12*. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2003 local government employer contribution rate was 13.31 percent of covered payroll (16.7 percent for public safety and law enforcement); 5.00 percent of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2002, include a rate of return on investments of 8.00 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.00 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50 percent and 6.3 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.00 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 364,881. Actual employer contributions for 2003 which were used to fund post-employment benefits were \$106,292. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2002, (the latest information available) were \$10.0 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$18.7 billion and \$8.7 billion, respectively.

During December 2001, the Board adopted the Health Care "Choices" Plan. The Choices Plan will be offered to all persons newly hired in an OPERS covered position after January 1, 2003, with no prior service credit accumulated toward health care coverage. Choices will incorporate a cafeteria approach, offering a broader range of health care options. The Plan uses a graded scale from ten to thirty years to calculate a monthly health care benefit. This is in contrast to the ten-year "cliff" eligibility standard for the present Plan.

The benefit recipient will be free to select the option that best meets their needs. Recipients will fund health care costs in excess of their monthly health care benefit. The Plan will also offer a spending account feature, enabling the benefit recipient to apply their allowance toward specific medical expenses, much like a Medical Spending Account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003 (Continued)

9. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) provides postretirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school, or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in *GASB Statement No. 12*. The Ohio Revised Code provides the authority allowing the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's board of trustees to provide health care coverage and states that health care costs paid from the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-asyou-go basis. The total police employer contribution rate is 19.5 percent of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24 percent of covered payroll, of which 7.75 percent of covered payroll was applied to the post-employment health care program during 2003. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.

The City's actual contributions for 2003 that were used to fund post-employment benefits were \$72,409 for police and \$67,866 for firefighters. The OP&F's total health care expense for the year ended December 31, 2002 (the latest information available) was \$141,028,006, which was net of member contributions of \$12,623,875. The number of OP&F participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2002, was 13,527 for police and 10,396 for firefighters.

10. CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

The City had entered into the following contractual commitment as of December 31, 2003:

Alexander & Bebout, Inc.	Vehicle Impound Facility	\$232,548
Jutte Excavating	Water Treatment Plant Filter Improvements	479,392
SE Johnson Co, Inc.	Fox Road Construction	82,907
Alexander & Bebout, Inc.	Water Distribution Office	25,066
Mid-Ohio Sledge Management	Sludge Removal	24,995
Tumbusch Construction	Chestnut Street Waterline	58,220

11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A. Grants

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Van Wert Van Wert County 515 East Main Street Van Wert, Ohio 45891

To the City Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Van Wert (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2004, which was qualified for lack of evidence regarding the processing of claims and wherein we noted that the City has continued to follow the basis of accounting previously prescribed by the Auditor of State. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2003-001. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated June 22, 2004.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2003-002.

One First National Plaza / 130 W. Second St. / Suite 2040 / Dayton, OH 45402 Telephone: (937) 285-6677 (800) 443-9274 Fax: (937) 285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us City of Van Wert Van Wert County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we considered the reportable condition described above as item 2003-002 to be a material weakness. We also noted others matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated June 22, 2004.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and City Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomeny

June 22, 2004

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2003

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2003-001

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the auditor of state has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38.

Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the City to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The City prepared its financial statements on the basis of accounting formerly prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The City can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the City.

The City should begin developing the information necessary to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, including generating lists of fixed assets, including infrastructure, land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, and furniture and fixtures, accumulating historical cost information for these assets, maintaining records of all leave balances accumulated by City employees (sick, vacation, personal leave and compensatory time), preparing consumable inventory schedules at year end and assessing the value for these inventories.

FINDING NUMBER 2003-002

INSURANCE CLAIMS PROCESSING - SAS 70

The City contracts with a third party to administer health insurance claims. During 2003, the City had two different third party administrators, one which did not provide a SAS 70 audit and the other had a Tier I report which, as presented, does not provide sufficient information for us as a user auditor to obtain an understanding of those aspects of the service organization's controls that may be relevant to the City's internal control.

Internal controls that provide reasonable assurance that payment of insurance claims are made only after proper management approval should be implemented. Because of the failure to require approval from the proper level of management, and without a Tier II SAS 70 review of the third party administrator's internal control procedures, claims may be reimbursed without the approval or knowledge of management.

Procedures should be implemented requiring documentation of the accounting procedures performed to ensure health insurance charges are being sufficiently monitored. The City should enter into a contract with their third party administrator which would require them to have a yearly Tier II SAS 70 audit in accordance with AICPA guidelines.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2003

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2002-20281-001	Sections 43.3, 43.4 and 43.6 of Agreement #98- MED-01-0046 and Sections 42.3, 42.4 01- MED-01-0040 & ORC Sec. 117.28 - Finding for Recovery of public money illegally expended	No	Referred to Prosecuting Attorney
2001-20281-002	ORC Sec. 5735.28 - Finding for Adjustment for street paving project	Yes	
2001-20281-003	OAC Sec. 117-2-03 (B) — Preparing of financial statements in accordance with General Accepted Accounting Principles.	No	Not corrected. See Finding Number 2003-001
2001-20281-004	ORC Sec. 733.11 – Recording all revenues and expenditures	Yes	
2001-20281-005	ORC Sec. 5705.41(D) – Prior certification of funds	Partially	Repeated in Management Letter
2001-20281-006	Insurance Claims Processing – SAS 70	No	Not corrected. See Finding Number 2003-002



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CITY OF VAN WERT

VAN WERT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 21, 2004