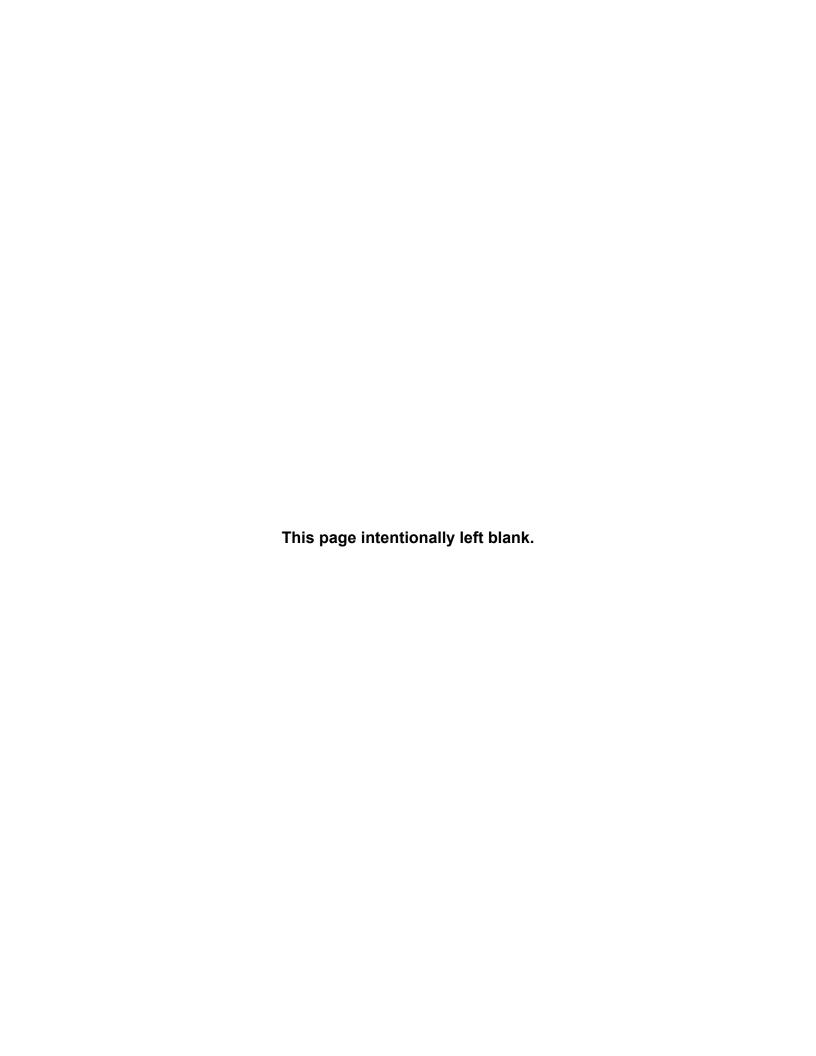




CAMBRIDGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT GUERNSEY COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Cambridge City School District Guernsey County 6111 Fairdale Road Cambridge, Ohio 43725

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cambridge City School District, Guernsey County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cambridge City School District, Guernsey County, as of June 30, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, during the year ended June 30, 2003, the District implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Managements Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2004, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 www.auditor.state.oh.us Cambridge City School District Guernsey County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to form opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

March 31, 2004

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Cambridge City School District financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2003 are as follows:

- □ General Revenues accounted for \$17.3 million in revenue or 80% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions accounted for \$4.3 million or 20% of total revenues of \$21.7 million.
- □ Total program expenses were \$22.6 million.
- □ In total, net assets decreased \$945,403, which represents a 2% decrease from 2002.
- Outstanding bonded debt decreased from \$8,112,810 to \$7,768,390 through the payment of bond principal.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the Cambridge City School District as a whole entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

A question typically asked about the School District's finances "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2003?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

These two statements report the School District's *net assets* and *changes in those assets*. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the School District is reported as a governmental activity.

☐ Governmental Activities - The School District's programs and services are reported here, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been safeguarded for specific activities or objectives. The School District uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The School District uses many funds to account for financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the classroom facilities fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and classroom facilities capital projects fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The School District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The governmental fund financial statements begin on page 13.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

Fiduciary Funds – The School District's fiduciary funds consist of Student Managed Activities and Private Purpose Trusts. The School District's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities. We exclude those activities from the School District's other financial statements because the assets can't be used by the District to finance operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 23.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2003 compared to 2002:

(Table 1) Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			
	2003	2002		
Assets				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 25,438,336	\$ 53,752,791		
Capital Assets	45,415,603	19,497,693		
Total Assets	70,853,939	73,250,484		
Liabilities				
Long-Term Liabilities	9,119,739	9,310,805		
Other Liabilities	8,424,967	9,530,577		
Total Liabilities	17,544,706	18,841,382		
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital Assets Net of Debt	37,687,793	11,384,883		
Restricted	13,298,932	39,544,761		
Unrestricted (Deficit)	2,322,508	3,324,992		
Total Net Assets	\$ 53,309,233	\$ 54,254,636		

Total assets decreased by approximately \$2.4 million. A decrease of approximately \$28.3 million in current and other assets is largely due to a decrease in cash and investments of \$19.4 million and a decrease of \$8.5 million in intergovernmental receivable. The increase of \$25.9 million of capital assets reflects additional purchases exceeding depreciation. Total liabilities decreased by \$1.3 million. The majority of this decrease was the result of a decrease in contracts payable of approximately \$1.5 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2003. Since this is the first year the School District has prepared financial statements following GASB Statement No. 34, revenue and expense comparisons to fiscal year 2002 are not available. This table will present two fiscal years in side-by-side comparisons in successive reporting years. This will enable the reader to draw further conclusion about the District's financial status and possibly project future problems.

(Table 2) Governmental Activities

	Governmental Activities
	2003
Revenues	
Program Revenues:	
Charges for Services	\$ 711,558
Operating Grants	3,608,812
General Revenue:	, ,
Property Taxes	5,643,088
Grants and Entitlements	10,655,304
Other	1,047,951
Total Revenues	21,666,713
Program Expenses	
Instruction:	
Regular	9,737,867
Special	2,299,444
Vocational	353,875
Other	544,864
Support Services:	
Pupils	965,650
Instructional Staff	915,123
Board of Education	44,239
Administration	2,107,507
Fiscal	513,516
Business	119,561
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,586,111
Pupil Transportation	918,391
Central	283,999
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	163,391
Food Service Operations	1,111,568
Extracurricular Activities	488,024
Interest and Fiscal Charges	458,986
Total Expenses	22,612,116
(Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ (945,403)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these service supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements. General revenues, including tax revenue, investment earnings, and unrestricted state entitlements, support the net cost of program services. Comparisons to 2002 have not been made since they are not available.

(Table 3) Governmental Activities

		2003				
	Total Cost of Service		Net Cost of Service			
Instruction						
Regular	\$	9,737,867	\$ 9,000,953			
Special		2,299,444	779,226			
Vocational		353,875	287,967			
Other		544,864	544,864			
Support Services:						
Pupils		965,650	776,215			
Instructional Staff		915,123	452,320			
Board of Education		44,239	44,239			
Administration		2,107,507	1,945,401			
Fiscal		513,516	511,457			
Business		119,561	119,561			
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,586,111	1,571,456			
Pupil Transportation		918,391	914,694			
Central		283,999	261,172			
Operation of Non-Instructional		163,391	16,614			
Food Service Operations		1,111,568	295,930			
Extracurricular Activities		488,024	310,691			
Interest and Fiscal Charges		458,986	458,986			
Total Expenses	\$	22,612,116	\$ 18,291,746			

Instruction and student support services comprise 66% of governmental program expenses. Interest/fiscal charges were 2%. Interest expense was attributable to the outstanding bonds, and fiscal expenses include payments to the County Auditor(s) for administrative fees. Pupil transportation, central and the operation/maintenance of facilities accounts for 12% of governmental program expenses.

The dependence upon tax revenues for governmental activities is apparent.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2003, the School District did modify its general fund budget several times. The School District uses site-based budgeting and budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, budget basis revenue was \$17.3, over the original budget estimates of \$17.2. Of this approximately \$100,000 increase, most was attributable to increased intergovernmental revenue.

Final appropriations of \$18.4 million, were \$800,000 less than the \$19.2 million in the original budget. The majority of the decrease in appropriations was due to a decrease in capital outlay expenditures.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2003, the School District had \$45.4 million invested in land, buildings, equipment, vehicles and construction in progress. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2003 balances compared with 2002.

(Table 4) Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			
	2003	2002		
Land	\$ 1,136,962	\$ 1,124,865		
Construction in Progress	39,480,072	14,143,888		
Land Improvements	93,222	98,872		
Buildings and Improvements	3,083,103	3,383,103		
Furniture and Fixtures	290,864	72,298		
Machinery and Equipment	832,750	265,230		
Vehicles	498,630	409,437		
Totals	\$ 45,415,603	\$ 19,497,693		

The \$25,917,910 increase in capital assets was attributable to the construction of new school buildings.

Ohio law requires school districts to set aside 3% of certain revenues for capital improvements and an additional 3% for textbooks. For fiscal year 2003, this amounted to \$362,860 for each set aside. The School District has qualifying disbursements or offsets exceeding these requirements for capital improvements and textbooks.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

Debt

At June 30, 2003, the School District had \$7,768,390 in bonds outstanding with \$220,000 due within one year. During fiscal year 2003, \$385,000 of general obligation bonds were retired. Table 5 summarizes bonds outstanding.

(Table 5) Outstanding Debt, at June 30

	Governmental Activities 2003	Governmental Activities 2002		
General Obligation Bonds: 1993 Energy Conservation 2000 School Facility	\$ 0 7,768,390	\$ 180,000 7,932,810		
Totals	\$ 7,768,390	\$ 8,112,810		

On May 1, 1993, the Cambridge City School District issued \$1,470,000 in unvoted general obligation bonds for the purpose of providing energy conservation measures for the School District, under the authority of Ohio Revised Code Sections 133.06(G) and 3313.372. The bonds were issued for a ten-year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2003.

On April 18, 2001, the School District issued \$8,231,979 in voted general obligation bonds to pay the local share of the school construction under the State of Ohio Classroom Facilities Assistance Program. The bonds were issued for a twenty-three year period with final maturity at December 1, 2022. The liability for the bonds is recorded in the Statement of Net Assets with annual principal and interest requirements retired from the debt service fund.

Current Issues

The Cambridge City School District continues to be supported by the residents of the School District based on passage of past tax levies. As the preceding information shows, the School District relies heavily on its local property taxpayers. There are no new levies in the works for the School District.

Real estate and personal property tax collections have shown small increases. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation due to Ohio House Bill 920 (passed in 1976). As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home was reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Thus, school districts dependent upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 26% of revenues for governmental activities for the Cambridge City School District in fiscal year 2003.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 Unaudited

The School District has also been affected by increased delinquency rates and changes in the personal property tax structure (utility deregulation) and commercial business/property uncertainties. Management has diligently planned expenses due to the aforementioned uncertainties. This has been made increasingly difficult with mandates in gifted education, rising utility costs, increased special education services required for our students, and significant increases in health insurance and property/liability/fleet insurance.

From a State funding perspective, the State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March, 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional education system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable". Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward school districts with little property tax wealth (which is unlike our District).

How the legislature plans to fund education programs during a weakened economy remains a concern.

All scenarios require management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years.

In addition, the School District's systems of budgeting and internal controls are well regarded. All of the School District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Bill Wilkinson, Treasurer of Cambridge City School District, 6111 Fairdale Road, Cambridge, Ohio 43725 or cam_bill@omeresa.net.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2003

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,664,893
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
In Segregated Accounts	8,898,706
Investments:	
In Segregated Accounts	11,898
Receivables:	
Taxes	6,126,019
Intergovernmental	4,687,072
Inventory Held For Resale	4,989
Inventory	44,759
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	40,617,034
Depreciable Capital Assets (Net)	4,798,569
Total Assets	70,853,939
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	75,607
Contracts Payable	1,544,031
Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,084,886
Intergovernmental Payable	580,277
Deferred Revenue	3,750,166
Claims Payable	390,000
Long Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	421,018
Due Within More Than One Year	8,698,721
Total Liabilities	17,544,706
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	37,687,793
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	12,596,557
Debt Service	507,702
Other Purposes	194,673
Unrestricted	2,322,508
Total Net Assets	\$ 53,309,233

Cambridge City School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

		Progra	m Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Asse
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 9,737,867	\$ 193,605	\$ 543,309	\$ (9,000,953)
Special	2,299,444	138,622	1,381,596	(779,226)
Vocational	353,875	0	65,908	(287,967)
Other	544,864	0	0	(544,864)
Support services:				
Pupils	965,650	35,977	153,458	(776,215)
Instructional staff	915,123	87,895	374,908	(452,320)
Board of education	44,239	0	0	(44,239)
Administration	2,107,507	30,787	131,319	(1,945,401)
Fiscal	513,516	391	1,668	(511,457)
Business	119,561	0	0	(119,561)
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,586,111	2,783	11,872	(1,571,456)
Pupil transportation	918,391	702	2,995	(914,694)
Central	283,999	4,335	18,492	(261,172)
Operation of non-instructional services	163,391	27,876	118,901	(16,614)
Food Service Operations	1,111,568	154,906	660,732	(295,930)
Extracurricular activities	488,024	33,679	143,654	(310,691)
Debt service:	400,024	33,079	143,034	(310,091)
Interest and fiscal charges	458,986	0	0	(458,986)
Total Governmental Activities	22,612,116	711,558	3,608,812	(18,291,746)
Totals	\$ 22,612,116	\$ 711,558	\$ 3,608,812	(18,291,746)
	General Revenues Property Taxes Levie General Purposes Debt Service	1 for:		4,953,641 689,447
	Grants and Entitlemen	nts not Restricted to Specific	Programs	10,655,304
	Investment Earnings	ns not restricted to specifi	of rograms	558,126
	Miscellaneous			479,502
	Gain on Sale of Capit	al Accete		10,323
	Gain on Saic of Capit	al Assets		10,323
	Total General Revenu	es		17,346,343
	Change in Net Assets			(945,403)
	Net Assets Beginning	of Year - Restated		54,254,636
	Net Assets End of Ye	ar		\$ 53,309,233

Cambridge City School District Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

		General	 Classroom Facilities Fund	 Other Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,384,232	\$ 0	\$ 1,837,647	\$	5,221,879
Cash and Cash Equivalents: In Segregated Accounts		0	8,898,706	0		8,898,706
Investments		O	0,070,700	O		0,070,700
In Segregated Accounts		11,898	0	0		11,898
Receivables:						
Taxes		5,338,948	0	787,071		6,126,019
Interfund		80,000	0	0		80,000
Intergovernmental		0	4,564,300	122,772		4,687,072
Inventory Held For Resale		40.222	0	4,989 4,526		4,989 44,759
Inventory		40,233	0	4,320		44,739
Total Assets	\$	8,855,311	\$ 13,463,006	\$ 2,757,005	\$	25,075,322
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	15,898	\$ 0	\$ 59,709	\$	75,607
Contracts Payable		0	1,544,031	0		1,544,031
Accrued Wages and Benefits		1,777,973	0	306,913		2,084,886
Interfund Payable		0	0	80,000		80,000
Intergovernmental Payable Deferred Revenue		324,466 3,772,917	0 3,636,569	52,246 556,206		376,712 7,965,692
Deferred Revenue		3,772,917	 3,030,309	 330,200		7,903,092
Total Liabilities		5,891,254	5,180,600	1,055,074		12,126,928
Fund Balances Fund Balance:						
Reserved for Encumbrances		21,407	4,881,017	278,589		5,181,013
Reserved for Inventory		40,233	0	9,515		49,748
Reserved for Tax Revenue Unavailable for Appropriation	1	1,566,031	0	230,865		1,796,896
Undesignated, Unreserved Reported in:		, ,				,,
General Fund		1,336,386	0	0		1,336,386
Special Revenue Funds		0	0	480,392		480,392
Debt Service Fund		0	0	278,448		278,448
Capital Projects Funds		0	 3,401,389	 424,122		3,825,511
Total Fund Balances		2,964,057	 8,282,406	 1,701,931		12,948,394
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,855,311	\$ 13,463,006	\$ 2,757,005	\$	25,075,322

Cambridge City School District Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets Governmental Activities June 30, 2003

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 12,948,394
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		45,415,603
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Grants Delinquent Property Taxes	3,636,569 578,957	4,215,526
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		53,014
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General Obligation Bonds Compensated Absences Intergovernmental Payable	(7,768,390) (1,351,349) (203,565)	(9,323,304)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 53,309,233

Cambridge City School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	General	Classroom Facilities Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 4,885,378	\$ 0	\$ 806,982	\$ 5,692,360
Intergovernmental	11,590,137	9,467,731	2,692,861	23,750,729
Investment income	132,577	406,557	11,960	551,094
Tuition and fees	110,641	0	0	110,641
Extracurricular activities	0	0	191,550	191,550
Charges for services	0	0	409,367	409,367
Miscellaneous	163,779	97,419	17,856	279,054
Total Revenues	16,882,512	9,971,707	4,130,576	30,984,795
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	8,258,704	0	726,598	8,985,302
Special	1,518,503	0	807,457	2,325,960
Vocational	355,779	0	0	355,779
Other	544,864	0	0	544,864
Support services:				
Pupils	744,416	0	205,794	950,210
Instructional staff	396,102	0	482,536	878,638
Board of education	42,691	0	0	42,691
Administration	1,878,087	0	164,881	2,042,968
Fiscal	478,433	0	18,942	497,375
Business	122,229	0	0	122,229
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,513,278	0	15,854	1,529,132
Pupil transportation	1,040,239	0	4,000	1,044,239
Central	95,250	0	186,559	281,809
Operation of non-instructional services	4,615	0	157,703	162,318
Food Service Operations	0	0	817,061	817,061
Extracurricular activities	268,256	0	191,830	460,086
Capital outlay	917	26,822,257	11,180	26,834,354
Debt service:	711	20,022,207	11,100	20,03 1,50 1
Principal retirement	0	0	385,000	385,000
Interest and fiscal charges	0	0	418,406	418,406
interest and risear charges			410,400	410,400
Total Expenditures	17,262,363	26,822,257	4,593,801	48,678,421
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(379,851)	(16,850,550)	(463,225)	(17,693,626)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from sales of Capital Assets	0	0	10,323	10,323
Operating transfers in	242,342	13,183	508,088	763,613
Operating transfers out	(763,613)	0	0	(763,613)
Operating transfers out	(703,013)			(703,013)
Total Financing Sources and (Uses)	(521,271)	13,183	518,411	10,323
Net Change in Fund Balance	(901,122)	(16,837,367)	55,186	(17,683,303)
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,865,179	25,119,773	1,637,230	30,622,182
Increase in reserve for inventory	0	0	9,515	9,515
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,964,057	\$ 8,282,406	\$ 1,701,931	\$ 12,948,394

Cambridge City School District
Reconciliation of the Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (17,683,303)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Fixed Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation	26,361,957 (444,047)	25,917,910
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds Grants	(9,486,613)	
Delinquent Property Taxes	(49,272)	(9,535,885)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond Principal		385,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of net activities do not use the current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences Pension Obligation Interest Expense for Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds Change in Inventory	(153,354) (52,186) (40,580) 9,515	(236,605)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		207,480
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ (945,403)

Cambridge City School District

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts			with	Variance Final Budget
	O	riginal		Final		Actual		Positive Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	5,550,000	\$	4,950,000	\$	4,788,465	\$	(161,535)
Intergovernmental		11,018,091	•	11,677,990	,	11,613,606	•	(64,384)
Investment Income		161,073		180,500		169,779		(10,721)
Tuition and Fees		104,968		110,000		110,641		641
Miscellaneous		155,381		132,000		163,779		31,779
Total Revenues		16,989,513		17,050,490		16,846,270		(204,220)
Expenditures:								
Current								
Instruction								
Regular		8,864,751		8,281,114		8,203,774		77,340
Special		1,514,495		1,511,713		1,510,954		759
Vocational		419,008		360,388		362,015		(1,627)
Other		514,956		554,956		544,707		10,249
Support Services								
Pupils		718,004		698,735		713,198		(14,463)
Instructional Staff		543,506		497,556		370,414		127,142
Board of Education		47,634		47,633		46,370		1,263
Administration		2,077,216		1,903,147		1,843,834		59,313
Fiscal		519,240		509,835		474,255		35,580
Business		93,703		113,703		123,411		(9,708)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,761,324		1,651,324		1,516,732		134,592
Pupil Transportation		1,099,404		1,024,539		1,000,675		23,864
Central		77,885		77,885		76,869		1,016
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		15,030		11,530		4,615		6,915
Extracurricular Activities		274,166		284,166		268,999		15,167
Capital Outlay		505,300		5,300		5,161		139
Total Expenditures		19,045,622		17,533,524		17,065,983		467,541
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,056,109)		(483,034)		(219,713)		263,321
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Advances Out		0		(80,000)		(80,000)		0
Operating Transfers In		242,342		242,342		242,342		0
Operating Transfers Out	-	(110,000)		(763,613)		(763,613)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		132,342		(601,271)		(601,271)		0
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over								
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(1,923,767)		(1,084,305)		(820,984)		263,321
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		3,884,019		3,884,019		3,884,019		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		291,469		291,469		291,469		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2,251,721	\$	3,091,183	\$	3,354,504	\$	263,321

Cambridge City School District Statement of Net Assets

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2003

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund	
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	443,014
Total Assets	Ψ	443,014
Liabilities Claims Payable		390,000
Total Liabilities		390,000
Net Assets Unrestricted		53,014
Total Net Assets	\$	53,014

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Proprietary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	2,703,891	
Total Operating Revenues		2,703,891	
Operating Expenses:			
Purchased services		271,777	
Claims		2,231,666	
Total Operating Expenses		2,503,443	
Operating income		200,448	
Non-Operating Revenues:			
Interest		7,032	
Total Non-Operating Revenues		7,032	
	-		
Change in Net Assets		207,480	
Net Assets (Deficit) Beginning of Year		(154,466)	
Net Assets End of Year	\$	53,014	

Cambridge City School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received from Transactions with Other Funds Cash Paid for Goods and Services Cash Paid for Claims	\$	2,703,891 (271,777) (2,266,666)
Net Cash Operating Activities		165,448
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Interest on Investments		7,032
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities		7,032
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		172,480
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		270,534
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	443,014
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:		
Operating Income	\$	200,448
Adjustments: Decrease in Claims Payable		(35,000)
Total Adjustments		(35,000)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	165,448

Cambridge City School District Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2003

	Private Purpose Trust			
	Scholarship		Agency	
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	514,223	\$	51,293
Liabilities Due to Students		0		51,293
Net Assets Held in Trust for Scholarships		514,223		
Total Net Assets	\$	514,223		

Cambridge City School District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2003

		Private Purpose Trust	
	Scl	holarship	
Additions			
Interest	\$	12,382	
Other Operating Revenues		10,725	
Total Additions		23,107	
Deductions			
Instruction: Regular		1,883	
Support Services: Instructional Staff		3,356	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		6,025	
Materials and Supplies		90	
Other Operating Expenses		9,475	
Total Deductions		20,829	
Change in Net Assets		2,278	
Net Assets Beginning of Year		511,945	
Net Assets End of Year	\$	514,223	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Cambridge City School District (the School District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five-members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines. The board controls the School District's eight instructional facilities and one support facility staffed by 131 non-certified employees and 216 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 2,694 students and other community members. The School District is located in Cambridge, Ohio. Cambridge City School District operated six elementary schools, one junior high school and one high school.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Cambridge City School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

1. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Cambridge City School District does not have any component units.

2. Jointly Governed Organizations

The School District is associated with three jointly governed organizations, the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency, the Mid-East Ohio Joint Vocational School District, and the East Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (ECO SERRC) and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, which is defined as a group insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are presented in Notes 16 and 17 to the general purpose financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and to its proprietary fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is also eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limitations. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Classroom Facilities Fund The classroom facilities capital projects fund accounts for financial resources provided by Ohio school facilities commission grants to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources, including food service operations, whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Type Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net asset, financial position, and cash flows. The following is the School District's proprietary fund type:

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for a self-insurance program for employee prescription drug benefits.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's fiduciary funds are agency which account for student activities and private purpose trust funds that account for scholarships.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund activities.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. (See Note 7.) Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees, and rentals.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2003, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2004 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2003, investments were limited to STAROhio, (the State Treasurer's Investment Pool), common stock and nonparticipating certificates of deposit.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2003.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2003 amounted to \$132,577, which includes \$35,917 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are reported as investments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2003, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. The School District does not have a prepaid expense balance at year end.

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets that result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land	N/A
Land Improvements	20 Years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50 Years
Improvements Other Than Buildings	20 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 - 20 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 20 Years
Vehicles	10 Years

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental columns of the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's amount of accumulated sick leave that will be paid as a termination benefit.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In governmental funds, the liability for unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted by other purposes include activities for food service operations and federal and state grants restricted for specified purposes.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriations or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for appropriation, in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances, inventory of materials and supplies and property taxes unavailable for appropriations.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute.

N. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2003.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. For all funds, the legal level of control was at the fund level. Budgetary modifications changing total fund appropriations may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Tax Budget Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Guernsey County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Commission certifies its actions to the School District by March 1. As part of the certification, the District receives the official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget ensuring that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2003.

Appropriations A temporary appropriations measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about July 1 of each year for the period July 1 to September 30. An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 to June 30. The appropriation resolution fixes spending authority at the legal level of control and may be amended during the year as new information becomes available provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed appropriations at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education. The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations provided the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the appropriation in the first complete appropriated budget, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

Encumbrances As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On fund financial statements, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on government-wide financial statements.

Lapsing of Appropriations At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

NOTE 3 - Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement of Fund Balances/Net Assets

Changes in Accounting Principles For fiscal year 2003, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments"; GASB Statement No. 37, "Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments: Omnibus", GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", GASB Interpretation No. 6, "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements" and GASB Statement 41 "Budgetary Comparison Schedules". At June 30, 2003, there was no effect on fund balance as a result of implementing GASB Statements No. 37 or No. 38.

GASB 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the School District's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented in total in one column.

The government-wide financial statements split the School District's programs for governmental activities and business-type activities, if any. The beginning net asset amount for governmental activities reflects the change in fund balance for governmental funds at June 30, 2002, caused by the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting and the reclassification of funds based on the guidance provided in Statement No. 34. Due to these fund reclassifications, there are no business type activities reported.

GASB Interpretation No. 6 clarifies the application of standards for modified accrual recognition of certain liabilities and expenditures in areas where differences have arisen, or potentially could arise, in interpretation and practice. The School District restated the fund liability of compensated absences, reported as "severance payable", which had not matured during fiscal year 2002 and has reported prepaid amounts for services not yet consumed.

GASB Statement No. 41 allows the presentation of budgetary schedules as required supplementary information based on the fund, organization, or program structure that the government uses for its legally adopted budget when significant budgetary perspective differences result in the school district not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the general and each major special revenue fund. The implementation of this statement did not have any effect on the presentation School District's budgetary financial statements for fiscal year 2003.

Restatement of Fund Balance It was determined that enterprise funds should be reclassified to special revenue funds. The restatements for GASB Statement No. 34 and GASB Interpretation No. 6 had the following effects on fund balance of the major and nonmajor funds of the School District as they were previously reported. The transition from governmental fund balance to net assets of the governmental activities is also presented.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	General	Classroom Facilities	Nonmajor	Total
Fund balances, June 30, 2002	3,865,179	25,119,773	1,637,230	30,622,182
GASB 34 adjustments:				
Capital assets				19,497,693
Compensated absences				(1,197,995)
Internal Service Fund				(154,466)
Pension obligations				(151,379)
Long-term (deferred) assets				13,751,411
Long-term liabilities				(8,112,810)
Governmental activities net assets, June 30, 2002				54,254,636
net assets, June 30, 2002				37,434,030

	Business-Type
	Activities
Fund Equity, June 30, 2002	(\$260,672)
Fund Reclassification	260,672
Adjusted Net Assets, June 30, 2002	\$0

Note 4 - Accountability

Fund balances at June 30, 2003 included the following individual fund deficits:

	 Deficit
Nonmajor Funds:	 _
Food Service	\$ (10,005)
DPIA	(61,372)
Title VI-B	 (40,984)
Total	\$ (112,361)

The deficits in those funds resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, is presented for the general fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	 General
GAAP Basis	\$ (901,122)
N. A.F. A. C. B. A. I.	(2(242)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(36,242)
Advances Out	(80,000)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	233,685
Adjustment for Encumbrances	 (37,305)
Budget Basis	\$ (820,984)

Note 6 – Equity in Pooled Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

State statute classifies monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive monies are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 6 – Equity in Pooled Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in a amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any on time; and,

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3 "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements."

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 6 – Equity in Pooled Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

Deposits: At year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$15,113,343 and the bank balance was \$15,891,257.

- 1. \$200,000 of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance; and
- 2. \$15,691,257 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District held to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments: The School District's investments are required to be categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. STAROhio and money market mutual funds are unclassified investments since they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Category					R	eported		Fair
		2	Uncategorized		Amount		Value	
Common stock	\$	11,898	\$	0	\$	11,898	\$	11,898
STAROhio		0		15,771		15,771		15,771
Total	\$	11,898	\$	15,771	\$	27,669	\$	27,669
		,		,		,		,

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments on the combined financial statements and the classification per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

		ash and Cash ivalents/Deposit	Inv	estments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$	15,129,114	\$	11,898
Investments which are part of a cash management pool:				
STAROhio		(15,771)		15,771
GASB Statement No. 3	<u>\$</u>	15,113,343	\$	27,669

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 7 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the School District. Property tax revenue received during calendar 2003 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calendar 2002 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar 2003 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for calendar 2003 taxes.

2003 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2003, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2003, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2003 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2002, are levied after April 1, 2003, and are collected in 2004 with real property taxes.

2003 tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1, 2002, on the value as of December 31, 2002. Collections are made in 2003. Tangible personal property assessments are twenty-five percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payments are due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2003 taxes were collected are:

	2002 Second-			2003 First-			
		Half Collection	ons	Half Collections			
		Amount	Percent	Amount		Percent	
Agricultural/Residential and							
Other Real Estate	\$	138,992,410	77.73%	\$	140,965,940	77.71%	
Public Utility		14,242,860	7.97%		14,338,910	7.90%	
Tangible Personal Property		25,569,630	14.30%		26,093,300	14.39%	
Total Assessed Value	\$	178,804,900	100.00%	\$	181,398,150	100.00%	
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed Valuation			\$ 41.20			\$ 41.14	

The School District receives property taxes from Guernsey County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2003, are available to finance fiscal year 2003 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 7 - Property Taxes (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding, the late settlement of personal property taxes and real property, personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2003. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2003 was \$1,796,896 and is recognized as revenue. \$1,566,031 was available to the General Fund, \$26,785 was available to the Special Revenue Fund, \$204,080 was available to the Debt Service Fund. At June 30, 2002, \$1,771,704 was available to the School District, \$1,469,118 was available to the General Fund, \$29,690 was available to the Special Revenue Fund, and \$272,896 was available to the Debt Service Fund.

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2003, consisted of property taxes and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year. A summary of principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Fund/Description	A	mounts
Non Major – Food Service	_	
Lunch and breakfast subsidy	\$	122,772
Major – Classroom Facilities		4.564.200
Ohio School Facilities Commission Grant		4,564,300
Total - All Funds	\$	4,687,072

Note 9 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance at 6/30/2002	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/2003
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,124,865	\$ 12,097	\$ 0	\$ 1,136,962
Construction in progress	14,143,888	25,336,184	0	39,480,072
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	15,268,753	25,348,281	0	40,617,034
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	112,997	0	0	112,997
Building and improvements	13,065,498	0	0	13,065,498
Furniture and fixtures	183,942	233,016	0	416,958
Machinery and equipment	692,166	613,060	0	1,305,226
Vehicles	1,141,379	167,600	(36,785)	1,272,194
Total capital assets, being depreciated	15,195,982	1,013,676	(36,785)	16,172,873
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(14,125	(5,650)	0	(19,775)
Building and improvements	(9,682,395	(300,000)	0	(9,982,395)
Furniture and fixtures	(111,644	(14,450)	0	(126,094)
Machinery and equipment	(426,936	(45,540)	0	(472,476)
Vehicles	(731,942	(78,407)	36,785	(773,564)
Total accumulated depreciation	(10,967,042	(444,047) *	36,785	(11,374,304)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	4,228,940	569,629	0	4,798,569
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 19,497,693	\$ 25,917,910	\$ 0	\$ 45,415,603

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 380,425
Special	18,318
Support Services:	
Pupils	4,442
Instructional Staff	964
Board of Education	657
Administration	5,423
Fiscal	534
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	11,425
Pupil Transportation	3,367
Food Service Operations	9,627
Extracurricular Activities	8,865
Total depreciation expense	\$ 444,047

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 10 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2003, the School District contracted with Selective Insurance Company through Marsh USA Inc. for property and fleet insurance, boiler and machinery coverage, and professional liability. The policies carry a \$5,000,000 aggregate limit.

Vehicles are covered by Marsh USA Insurance Company and hold a \$500 deductible for comprehensive and \$500 deductible for collision. Automobile liability has a \$2,000,000 combined single limit of liability.

A \$50,000 performance bond is maintained for the treasurer, while \$20,000 performance bonds are maintained for the superintendent, assistant superintendent, and board president.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

For fiscal year 2003, the School District participated in Ohio School Boards Association Workers Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 17). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers compensation premium to the State based on the rate for GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the Equity Pooling Fund.

The equity pooling arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

The School District maintains a self funded insurance program through Professional Claims Management for dental and medical coverage. The dental coverage premiums are \$60.00 monthly for family and single coverage and is offered to all School District employees. The health insurance option is offered to all employees of the School District. The School District is only responsible for claim amounts up to \$2,000,000 district wide.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 10 - Risk Management (Continued)

Premiums for the dental and medical coverage are paid to a third party administrator, Professional Claims Management. The claims are processed by the third party administrator and monitored by a School District insurance administrator in conjunction with the third party administrator. The self-insurance internal service fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payments by charging a monthly premium, per individual, to the various funds of the School District. These premiums go into the self-insurance internal service fund. Claims and contract services are paid from the self-insurance internal service fund. The claims liability of \$390,000 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2003, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by the increased claims adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. A summary of the funds' claims liability in 2003 and 2002 was:

	alance at ning of Year	C	urrent Year Claims]	Claim Payments	alance at d of Year
2002	\$ 529,665	\$	1,965,551	\$	2,070,216	\$ 425,000
2003	\$ 425,000	\$	2,231,666	\$	2,266,666	\$ 390,000

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 E. Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2003, 8.17% of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$153,322, \$140,690, and \$136,789, respectively; 47% has been contributed for fiscal year 2003 and 100% for fiscal years 2002 and 2001. \$80,648 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2003, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371, or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, plan members were required to contribute 9.3% of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14%; 13% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$966,940, \$930,256, and \$549,571, respectively; 83% has been contributed for fiscal year 2003 and 100% for fiscal years 2002 and 2001. \$165,514 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2003 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2003, one member of the Board of Education has selected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 12 - Postemployment Benefits

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium.

By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$101,783 for fiscal year 2003.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 2002, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$3.011 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2002, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$354,697,000 and STRS had 105,300 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75% of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14% contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 5.83% of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2003, the minimum pay was established at \$14,500. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2003 fiscal year equaled \$306,015.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 (the latest information available), were \$182,946,777 and the target level was \$274.4 million. At June 30, 2002, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$335.2 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 13 - Other Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation, personal and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators who work less than 260 days per year do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to 260 days for certified employees and 230 days for classified employees.

Upon retirement, certificated employees receive payment for one-fourth of the total sick leave accumulation up to a maximum of 160 unused sick leave days, or a maximum payment of 40 days, plus one day of severance pay for each ten days of accumulated sick leave beyond 160 days. An estimate of probable future payments for sick leave was made based upon historical employment information.

Upon retirement, classified employees, after 5 years of service, receive payment for one-third of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum of 105 unused sick leave days, or a maximum payment of 35 days plus one day of sick leave for each 20 days of accumulated sick leave beyond 105 days.

B. Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to contracted employees through Canada Life Insurance Company in the amount of \$30,000 for classified employees, \$25,000 for certified employees, and \$100,000 for administrators.

Note 14 – Contractual Commitments

The School District is continuing the Classroom Facilities Program and has the following outstanding commitments at June 30, 2003:

	Spent	Commitment
<u>Project</u>	to Date	Remaining
Classroom Facilities Program –		
Site/Construction Work	\$ 35,332,923	\$ 4,887,153

The future construction of the School District's new school buildings in accordance with the School Facilities Commission project are the commitments of the School District's Capital Projects Fund. This project is being funded by the proceeds of \$8,231,979 in general obligation bonds issued by the School District with the remaining portion funded through the Ohio School Facilities Commission. As of June 30, 2003, the School District recognized contracts payable in the amount of \$1,544,031 regarding this project.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2003 were as follows:

	Interest Rates	Balance at 6/30/2002	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/2003	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds 1993 Energy Conservation 2000 School Facility	4.87% 4.20-5.75%	\$ 180,000 7,932,810	\$ 0 40,580	\$ (180,000) (205,000)	\$ 0 7,768,390	\$ 0 220,000
Compensated Absences		1,197,995	153,354	0	1,351,349	201,018
Total General Long-Term Obligations		\$ 9,310,805	\$ 193,934	\$ (385,000)	\$ 9,119,739	\$ 421,018

A. Energy Conservation Bonds

On May 1, 1993, the Cambridge City School District issued \$1,470,000 in unvoted general obligation bonds for the purpose of providing energy conservation measures for the School District, under the authority of Ohio Revised Code Sections 133.06(G) and 3313.372. The bonds were issued for a ten-year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2003. The loan was paid from energy savings realized from the energy conservation measures transferred from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund.

B. Classroom Facilities General Obligation Bonds

On April 18, 2002, the Cambridge City School District issued \$8,231,979 in voted general obligation bonds to pay the local share of the school construction under the State of Ohio Classroom Facilities Assistance Program. The bonds were issued for a twenty-three year period with final maturity at December 1, 2022. The liability for the bonds is recorded in the Statement of Net Assets with annual principal and interest requirements retired from the debt service fund. Principal outstanding including the accretion at June 30, 2003 amounted to \$7,768,390. The bond issue consisted of serial, term, and capital appreciation bonds. The term bonds that mature in the year 2020 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption.

1. Sinking Fund Redemption

The mandatory sinking fund redemption is to occur on December 1, 2016, and on each December 1st thereafter at 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption according to the following schedule:

<u>Year</u>	Principal Amount to be Redeemed
2016	\$ 455,000
2017	\$ 480,000
2018	\$ 510,000
2019	\$ 540,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

2. Term Bonds

The term bonds due December 1, 2022 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. The mandatory sinking fund redemption is to occur on December 1, 2021, and on each December 1st thereafter at 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption according to the following schedule:

Year	Principal Amount to be Redeemed
2021	\$ 600,000

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2003 and thereafter are subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part on any date in order of maturity as determined by the School District and by lot within a maturity, at the option of the Board of Education on or after December 1, 2010.

3. Capital Appreciation Bonds

The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2007 and 2008. These bonds were purchased at a discount at the time of issuance and, at maturity all compound interest is paid and the bond holder collects the face value.

Since the interest associated with these bonds is earned and compounded semiannually, the value of the bond increases in proportion to the interest. Therefore, as the value increases, the accretion is recorded as principal. The maturity amount of these bonds is \$640,000. The accretion amount for fiscal year 2003 is \$40,580 and the total accretion amount is \$111,411, resulting in a total bond value of \$338,390.

The following is a summary of the School District's annual debt service principal and interest payments regarding the outstanding general obligation debt, as follows:

		School Facility Bonds					
			Principal	Interest			Total
Year ending June 30,	2004	\$	220,000	\$	398,875	\$	618,875
	2005		250,000		387,588		637,588
	2006		270,000		374,910		644,910
	2007		290,000		361,117		651,117
	2008		120,739		553,201		673,940
	2009-2013		1,481,240		1,846,196		3,327,436
	2014-2018		2,170,000		1,132,618		3,302,618
	2019-2023		2,966,411		426,986		3,393,397
					_	·	
Total		\$	7,768,390	\$	5,481,491	\$	13,249,881

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$16,325,834 with an unvoted debt margin of \$8,598,024 at June 30, 2003.

C. Other Long-Term Obligations

Compensated absences and the pension obligation, which represents contractually required pension contributions will be paid from the funds which the employees' salaries are paid.

Note 16 – Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency

The School District is a participant in the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency (OME-RESA), which is a computer consortium. OME-RESA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Belmont, Carroll, Columbiana, Coshocton, Guernsey, Harrison, Holmes, Jefferson, Muskingum, Noble and Tuscarawas Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The total amount paid to the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency from the School District for fiscal year 2003 was \$94,553.

The governing board of OME-RESA is selected by the member districts. OME-RESA possesses its own budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. To obtain financial information write to Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency, Treasurer, at 2023 Sunset Boulevard, Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

B. Mid-East Ohio Joint Vocational School District

The Mid-East Ohio Joint Vocational School District is a jointly governed organization providing vocational services to its thirteen member school districts. The joint vocational school is governed by a board of education comprised of thirteen members appointed by the participating schools and county boards of education. The continued existence of the joint vocational school is not dependent on the Cambridge City School District's continued participation and no equity interest exists.

C. East Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center

The East Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (ECO SERRC) is a special education regional resource center which selects its own board, adopts its own budget, and receives direct federal and state grants for its operation. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding, and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents. The ECO SERRC is governed by a board composed of superintendents of member school districts in east central Ohio, parents of children with disabilities, representatives of chartered non-public schools, representatives of county boards of MR/DD, and representatives of universities. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. There is no financial commitment made by the districts involved in ECO SERRC. ECO SERRC is not dependent upon the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for ECO SERRC. During fiscal year 2003, the School District paid \$7,359 to ECO SERRC. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Julie A Lynch, Treasurer at the Tuscarawas-Carroll-Harrison Education Service Center, 172 North Broadway, New Philadelphia, Ohio 44663.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 17 – Insurance Purchasing Pool

A. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Note 18 - State School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient..." The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations.

Note 19 – Statutory Reserves

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

In previous fiscal years, the School District was also required to set aside money for budget stabilization. Senate Bill 345, effective April 10, 2001, eliminated future set-aside requirements for the budget stabilization, reduced requirements related to the current set-aside, and placed restrictions on current budget stabilization money relating to the worker's compensation refunds.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set-aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition, and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 19 – Statutory Reserves (Continued)

	Budget Stabilization Reserve		Capital Improvements Reserve		Instructional Materials Reserve	
Set aside cash balances as of						
June 30, 2002	\$	91,517	\$	0	\$	0
Current year set-aside requirement		0	36	52,860		362,860
Qualifying Disbursements		91,517	34	1,093		361,344
Current year Requirement less Qualifying Disbursements		(91,517)	2	21,767		1,516
Beginning Carryover Offsets/Excess Disbursements		0	2,27	2,449		127,326
Current Year Offsets/Excess Disbursements		0	97	1,683		0
Total Available as Offsets/Excess Disbursements		0	3,24	4,132		127,326
Current Year Application of Offsets/Excess Disbursements Offsets/Excess Disbursements to be Carried Forward		0	(2	21,767)		(1,516)
to Future Years		0	3,22	22,365		125,810
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2003	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

Qualifying disbursements in excess of current year set-aside requirements cannot be carried forward as an offset to future set-aside requirements for capital improvements, but can be carried forward for textbooks and other instructional materials. Certain items eligible to be used as offsets to capital improvement set-aside requirements can be carried forward to apply to requirements of future years.

The School District's qualifying disbursements for textbooks and other instructional materials during the fiscal year were less than the required set-aside amount. However, the School District applied carryover excess disbursements so that a reserve balance was not required to be set-aside. The School District has elected to utilize levy proceeds for the repayment of school facilities debt as an offset. The school District had sufficient offsets to apply to the current fiscal year capital improvements set-aside reserve where no set-aside was required and additional offsets will be carried to future years.

Note 20 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditures of funds received under these programs generally require compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2003.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Note 20 – Contingencies (Continued)

B. Litigation

The School District is party to legal proceedings. The School District is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of claims will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

CAMBRIDGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT GUERNSEY COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/	Pass-Through Entity	Federal CFDA		Non-Cash		Non-Cash
Program Title	Number	Number	Receipts	Receipts	Disbursements	Disbursements
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTU Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:	<u>RE</u>					
Child Nutrition Cluster:						
Food Donation Program	N/A	10.550	\$0	\$31,800	\$0	\$31,800
School Breakfast Program	043695-05PU-2002 043695-05PU-2003	10.553 10.553	10,918 57,780		10,918 57,780	
Total School Breakfast Program			68,698		68,698	
National School Lunch Program	043695-LLP4-2002 043695-LLP4-2003	10.555 10.555	43,282 200,246		43,282 200,246	
Total National School Lunch Program			243,528		243,528	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	043695-23PU-2002 043695-24-PU-2002	10.559 10.559	2,207 217		2,424	
Total Summer Food Service Program for Children	l		2,424		2,424	
Total United States Department of Agriculture - Child	d Nutrition Cluster		314,650	31,800	314,650	31,800
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Title I Grants to Local						
Educational Agencies	043695-C1S1-2002 043695-C1SD-2002	84.010 84.010	26,512		182,171 10,355	
	043695-C1SD-2003 043695-C1S1-2003	84.010 84.010	12,501 705,103		4,950 523,259	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		04.010	744,116		720,735	
Special Education Grants						
to States (Title VI-B)	043695-6BSF-2002-P 043695-6BSF-2003-P	84.027 84.027	1,440 321,755		81,070 321,755	
Total Special Education Grants to States			323,195		402,825	
Safe and Drug Free Schools and	043695-DRS1-2002	84.186			8,102	
Communities State Grants	043695-DRS1-2003	84.186	21,221		10,134	
Total Drug Free Schools and Communities State	Grants		21,221		18,236	
Goals 2000 - State and Local Education Systematic Improvement Grants	043695-G2-S2-02	84.276			1,288	
Eisenhower Professional Development						
State Grants	043695-MSS1-2002	84.281	2,119		9,521	
Innovative Education Program Strategies (Title VI)	043695-C2S1-2002	04.200			4 044	
Strategies (Title VI)	043695-C2S1-2002 043695-C2S1-2003	84.298 84.298	16,949		4,211 8,962	
Total Innovative Education Program Strategies			16,949		13,173	
Education Technology State Grants (Title II-D)	043695-TJS1-2003	84.318	19,307		18,057	
Reading Excellence	043695-RNS2-2000	84.338			9,056	
Class Size Reduction (Title VI-R)	043695-CRS1-2002	84.340			59,729	
School Renovation Grant	043695-ATS3-2002	84.352	3,571		3,497	
Rural Education (Title VI-B)	043695-RUS1-2003	84.358	53,316		36,584	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title II-A)	043695-TRS1-2003	84.367	203,659		148,166	
	1.113 2000		1,387,453	0	1,440,867	0
Total United States Department of Education		51	1,307,453	U	1,440,807	0

CAMBRIDGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT GUERNSEY COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/	Pass-Through	Federal				
Pass-Through Grantor/	Entity	CFDA		Non-Cash		Non-Cash
Program Title	Number	Number	Receipts	Receipts	Disbursements	Disbursements
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND F Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities:	IUMAN SERVICES					
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid, Title XIX)	N/A	93.778	49,831		49,831	
Total United States Department of Health and Human S	Services		49,831		49,831	
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$1,751,934	\$31,800	\$1,805,348	\$31,800

The accompanying Notes to this Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures are an integral part of this Schedule.

CAMBRIDGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT GUERNSEY COUNTY

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) is a summary of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Program regulations do not require the Government to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the United States Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

Cash receipts from the United States Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2003, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Cambridge City School District Guernsey County 6111 Fairdale Road Cambridge, Ohio 43725

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Cambridge City School District, Guernsey County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2004, wherein we noted the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 34. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 www.auditor.state.oh.us Cambridge City School District Guernsey County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomery

March 31, 2004



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Cambridge City School District Guernsey County 6111 Fairdale Road Cambridge, Ohio 43725

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Cambridge City School District, Guernsey County, Ohio (the District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2003. The District's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results Section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2003.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

743 E. State St. / Athens Mall Suite B / Athens, OH 45701 Telephone: (740) 594-3300 (800) 441-1389 Fax: (740) 594-2110 www.auditor.state.oh.us Cambridge City School District
Guernsey County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable
to Major Federal Programs and Internal Control Over Compliance in
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomeny

March 31, 2004

CAMBRIDGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT GUERNSEY COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster – C.F.D.A. #10.550, #10.553, #10.555 & #10.559 and Special Education Grant to States (IDEA Part B) – C.F.D.A. 84.027
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

CAMBRIDGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT GUERNSEY COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

There were no findings related to the financial statements required to be reported herein.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

There were no findings related to federal awards that were required to be reported herein.



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CAMBRIDGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT GUERNSEY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 8, 2004