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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Waynesfield Goshen Local School District Auglaize County 500 N. Westminster Street Waynesfield, Ohio 45896

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of Waynesfield Goshen Local School District, Auglaize County, (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Waynesfield Goshen Local School District, Auglaize County, as of June 30, 2002, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 20, 2003, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomeny

March 20, 2003

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COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2002

Assets and Other Debits: Assets are Capital Projects Service Projects Assets are Capital Project Cash and Capital Equity in Pooled Cash and Capital Equity in Pooled Cash and Capital Equity and Pooled Cash and Capital Receivables: \$2,544,930 \$83,542 \$84,864 \$159,114 Receivables: 774,240 15,389 109,658 38,003 Accountis 224 932 109,658 38,003 Accounting Intergovernmental 1,429 109,658 38,003 Accounting Intergovernmental 6,273 \$4,000		Governmental Fund Types					
Reserved Figurity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equity in Pooled Cash Individents		General	•		•		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents \$2,544,930 \$83,542 \$84,864 \$159,114 Roceivables: Property Taxes 774,240 15,389 109,658 38,603 Accounts 224 932 750 Accounted Interest 1,429 1,600 1,600 Intergovernmental 6,273 84,224 1,600 Accounted Interest 1,429 1,600 1,600 Intergovernmental 6,273 84,224 1,600 Macerials and Supplies Inventory 85,273 85,273 85,273 Restricted Assets: 85,273 85,273 85,273 85,273 Prepaid Items 15,636 85,273<	Assets and Other Debits:				-		
Cash Equivalents \$2,544,930 \$83,542 \$84,864 \$159,114 Receivables: Property Taxes 774,240 15,389 109,658 38,603 Accounts 224 932 109,658 38,603 Account of Intergoremmental 1,429 1,534	Assets:						
Receivables:							
Property Taxes	Cash Equivalents	\$2,544,930	\$83,542	\$84,864	\$159,114		
Accounts 1,429 1	Receivables:						
Intergovernmental	Property Taxes	774,240	15,389	109,658	38,603		
Accrued Interest 1,429 Income Tax 181,342 Frepaid Items 6,273 Materials and Supplies Inventory Restricted Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents 15,636 Fixed Assets (net, where applicable, of accumulated depreciation)	Accounts	224	932				
Income Tax	Intergovernmental				750		
Prepaid Items	Accrued Interest	1,429					
Materials and Supplies Inventory Restricted Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents 15,636	Income Tax	181,342					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equity and Cash Equity and Other Credits:	Prepaid Items	6,273					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents 15,636 Striad Assets (net, where applicable, of accumulated depreciation) Other Debits: Amount Available in Debt Service Fund for Retirement of General Obligation Debt Striam Assets and Other Debits Striam Assets and Other Credits: Liabilities Striam Assets and Other Credits Striam Assets and Benefits Stria	Materials and Supplies Inventory						
Cash Equivalents 15,636	Restricted Assets:						
Fixed Assets (net, where applicable, of accumulated depreciation)	Equity in Pooled Cash and						
Other Debits: Amount Available in Debt Service Fund for Retirement of General Obligation Debt Amount to be Provided from Seneral Covernmental Resources Total Assets and Other Debits 3,524,074 99,863 194,522 198,467 Liabilities: Fund Equity, and Other Credits: Seneral Covernmental Resources 1,218 Accounts Payable 37,041 9,283 1,218 Accounts Payable 4,550 1,218 Accrued Wages and Benefits 323,124 2,822 Compensated Absences Payable 4,550 104,055 36,670 Deferred Revenue 734,903 14,601 104,055 36,670 Due to Students 52,024 1,339 104,055 36,670 Due to Others Asbestos Removal Loan Payable 52,024 1,151,642 28,045 104,055 37,888 Fund Equity and Other Credits: 1,151,642 28,045 104,055 37,888 <td c<="" td=""><td>Cash Equivalents</td><td>15,636</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td>Cash Equivalents</td> <td>15,636</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cash Equivalents	15,636				
Other Debits: Amount Available in Debt Service Fund for Retirement of General Obligation Debt Amount to be Provided from Fund for Retirement of General Governmental Resources Total Assets and Other Debits 3,524,074 99,863 194,522 196,467 Liabilities: 37,041 9,283 1,218 1,218 Accounts Payable 37,041 9,283 1,218 1,218 Accrued Wages and Benefits 323,124 2,822 2 2 1,218 2,202 1,339 1,550 1,550 1,550 1,550 1,4601 104,055 36,670 36,670 1,550 1,550 1,4601 104,055 36,670 36,670 1,550	Fixed Assets (net, where applicable,						
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund for Retirement of General Obligation Debt Amount to be Provided from General Governmental Resources Total Assets and Other Debits 3,524,074 99,863 194,522 198,467 Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits: Liabilities Accounts Payable 37,041 9,283 1,218 Accrued Wages and Benefits 323,124 2,822 Compensated Absences Payable 4,550 Intergovernmental Payable 52,024 1,339 Deferred Revenue 734,903 14,601 104,055 36,670 Due to Students Due to Others Asbestos Removal Loan Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable Total Liabilities Total Liabilities Fund Equity and Other Credits: Investment in General Fixed Assets Contributed Capital Retained Earnings: Fund Balance: Reserved for Property Taxes 39,337 788 5,603 1,932 Reserved for Property Taxes 39,337 788 5,603 1,932 Reserved for Budget Stabilization 15,636 Reserved for Prepaid Items 6,273 Designated for All Weather Track 60,000 Unreserved Designated Other Credits 90,467 160,579 Total Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits 90,467 160,579 Total Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits 90,467 160,579 Total Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits 90,467 160,579	of accumulated depreciation)						
Fund for Retirement of General Obligation Debt Amount to be Provided from General Governmental Resources Total Assets and Other Debits 3,524,074 99,863 194,522 198,467	Other Debits:						
Coligation Debt Community to be Provided from General Governmental Resources Total Assets and Other Debits 3,524,074 99,863 194,522 198,467	Amount Available in Debt Service						
Amount to be Provided from General Governmental Resources 3,524,074 99,863 194,522 198,467	Fund for Retirement of General						
Cameral Governmental Resources 3,524,074 99,863 194,522 198,467	Obligation Debt						
Total Assets and Other Debits	Amount to be Provided from						
Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits: Liabilities: 37,041 9,283 1,218 Accorust Payable 37,041 2,822 2 Compensated Absences Payable 4,550 1,339 1 Intergovernmental Payable 52,024 1,339 104,055 36,670 Due to Students 734,903 14,601 104,055 36,670 Due to Others Asbestos Removal Loan Payable 4,550 4,550 4,550 4,550 5,670 5,688 5,670 5,688 5,670 6,788 5,603 1,932 5,688 5,603 1,932 6,673 6,673 6,673 6,673 6,673 6,673 6,699 6,759 6,759 6,759 6,759 6,759 6,759 7,181 90,467 160,579 7,541 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 <	General Governmental Resources						
Liabilities: Accounts Payable 37,041 9,283 1,218 Accrued Wages and Benefits 323,124 2,822 2 Compensated Absences Payable 4,550 1 Intergovernmental Payable 52,024 1,339 104,055 36,670 Due to Students 734,903 14,601 104,055 36,670 Due to Others Asbestos Removal Loan Payable 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 8 6 7 8 8 6 7 8 8 1,932 8 8 7 8 8 8 1,932 8 8 8 1,932 8 8 8 1,932 8 8 8 1,932 8 8 8 1,932 8 8 1,932 8 </td <td>Total Assets and Other Debits</td> <td>3,524,074</td> <td>99,863</td> <td>194,522</td> <td>198,467</td>	Total Assets and Other Debits	3,524,074	99,863	194,522	198,467		
Liabilities: Accounts Payable 37,041 9,283 1,218 Accrued Wages and Benefits 323,124 2,822 2 Compensated Absences Payable 4,550 1 Intergovernmental Payable 52,024 1,339 104,055 36,670 Due to Students 734,903 14,601 104,055 36,670 Due to Others Asbestos Removal Loan Payable 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 8 6 7 8 8 6 7 8 8 1,932 8 8 7 8 8 8 1,932 8 8 8 1,932 8 8 8 1,932 8 8 8 1,932 8 8 8 1,932 8 8 1,932 8 </td <td>Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits:						
Accrued Wages and Benefits 323,124 2,822 Compensated Absences Payable 4,550 Intergovernmental Payable 52,024 1,339 Deferred Revenue 734,903 14,601 104,055 36,670 Due to Students Due to Others Asbestos Removal Loan Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable Total Liabilities 1,151,642 28,045 104,055 37,888 Fund Equity and Other Credits: Investment in General Fixed Assets Contributed Capital Reserved for Property Taxes 39,337 788 5,603 1,932 Reserved for Budget Stabilization 15,636 Reserved for Prepaid Items 62,773 Designated for All Weather Track 60,000 Unreserved 2,196,409 57,457 84,864 67,599 Total Liabilities, Fund Equity,	The state of the s						
Compensated Absences Payable	Accounts Payable	37,041	9,283		1,218		
Compensated Absences Payable	Accrued Wages and Benefits	323,124	2,822				
Intergovernmental Payable 52,024 1,339 14,601 104,055 36,670 104 to Students 104,055 36,670 104 to Others 1,151,642 28,045 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 37,888 104,055 104	-	4,550					
Due to Students Due to Others Asbestos Removal Loan Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable Total Liabilities 1,151,642 28,045 104,055 37,888 Fund Equity and Other Credits: Investment in General Fixed Assets Contributed Capital 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 104,055 37,888 1,932 8 8 9 9 1,932 8 8 1,932 8 8 1,932 8 1,932 8 1,932 8 1,932 1,	Intergovernmental Payable	52,024	1,339				
Due to Others	Deferred Revenue	734,903	14,601	104,055	36,670		
Asbestos Removal Loan Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable Total Liabilities 1,151,642 28,045 104,055 37,888 Fund Equity and Other Credits: Investment in General Fixed Assets Contributed Capital Retained Earnings: Fund Balance: Reserved for Property Taxes Reserved for Budget Stabilization Reserved for Encumbrances Reserved for Prepaid Items Cestion Contributed Stabilization Reserved for All Weather Track Unreserved Total Fund Equity and Other Credits 7,372,432 7,1818 1,04,055 37,888 1,04,055 37,888 1,04,055 37,888 1,04,055 37,888 1,04,055 37,888 1,04,055 1,04,05 1,04,05 1,04,055 1,04,055 1,04,055 1,04,055 1,04,055 1,04,055 1,04,05	Due to Students						
Total Liabilities 1,151,642 28,045 104,055 37,888	Due to Others						
Total Liabilities 1,151,642 28,045 104,055 37,888	Asbestos Removal Loan Payable						
Fund Equity and Other Credits: Investment in General Fixed Assets Contributed Capital Retained Earnings: Fund Balance: Reserved for Property Taxes 39,337 788 5,603 1,932 Reserved for Budget Stabilization 15,636 Reserved for Encumbrances 54,777 13,573 31,048 Reserved for Prepaid Items 6,273 Designated for All Weather Track 60,000 Unreserved 2,196,409 57,457 84,864 67,599 Total Fund Equity and Other Credits 2,372,432 71,818 90,467 160,579	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Investment in General Fixed Assets Contributed Capital Retained Earnings: Fund Balance: Reserved for Property Taxes 39,337 788 5,603 1,932 Reserved for Budget Stabilization 15,636 Reserved for Encumbrances 54,777 13,573 31,048 Reserved for Prepaid Items 6,273 Designated for All Weather Track 60,000 Unreserved 2,196,409 57,457 84,864 67,599 Total Fund Equity and Other Credits 2,372,432 71,818 90,467 160,579	Total Liabilities	1,151,642	28,045	104,055	37,888		
Contributed Capital Retained Earnings: Fund Balance: Reserved for Property Taxes 39,337 788 5,603 1,932 Reserved for Budget Stabilization 15,636 Reserved for Encumbrances 54,777 13,573 31,048 Reserved for Prepaid Items 6,273 Designated for All Weather Track 60,000 60,000 57,457 84,864 67,599 Total Fund Equity and Other Credits 2,372,432 71,818 90,467 160,579 Total Liabilities, Fund Equity,	Fund Equity and Other Credits:						
Retained Earnings: Fund Balance: 39,337 788 5,603 1,932 Reserved for Property Taxes 39,337 788 5,603 1,932 Reserved for Budget Stabilization 15,636 31,048 Reserved for Encumbrances 54,777 13,573 31,048 Reserved for Prepaid Items 6,273 50,000 60,000 60,000 Unreserved 2,196,409 57,457 84,864 67,599 Total Fund Equity and Other Credits 2,372,432 71,818 90,467 160,579 Total Liabilities, Fund Equity,	Investment in General Fixed Assets						
Fund Balance: Reserved for Property Taxes 39,337 788 5,603 1,932 Reserved for Budget Stabilization 15,636 Reserved for Encumbrances 54,777 13,573 31,048 Reserved for Prepaid Items 6,273 Designated for All Weather Track 60,000 6,273 57,457 84,864 67,599 Total Fund Equity and Other Credits 2,372,432 71,818 90,467 160,579 Total Liabilities, Fund Equity,	Contributed Capital						
Reserved for Property Taxes 39,337 788 5,603 1,932 Reserved for Budget Stabilization 15,636 31,048 Reserved for Encumbrances 54,777 13,573 31,048 Reserved for Prepaid Items 6,273 60,000 60,000 Unreserved 2,196,409 57,457 84,864 67,599 Total Fund Equity and Other Credits 2,372,432 71,818 90,467 160,579 Total Liabilities, Fund Equity, 10,579 10,579 10,579 10,579	Retained Earnings:						
Reserved for Budget Stabilization 15,636 Reserved for Encumbrances 54,777 13,573 31,048 Reserved for Prepaid Items 6,273 5,273 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,599 7,599 7,599 7,599 7,818 90,467 160,579 7,57	Fund Balance:						
Reserved for Encumbrances 54,777 13,573 31,048 Reserved for Prepaid Items 6,273 60,000 60,000 60,000 Unreserved 2,196,409 57,457 84,864 67,599 Total Fund Equity and Other Credits 2,372,432 71,818 90,467 160,579 Total Liabilities, Fund Equity, 60,000 60,000 60,000 60,000	Reserved for Property Taxes	39,337	788	5,603	1,932		
Reserved for Encumbrances 54,777 13,573 31,048 Reserved for Prepaid Items 6,273 60,000 60,000 Designated for All Weather Track 60,000 57,457 84,864 67,599 Total Fund Equity and Other Credits 2,372,432 71,818 90,467 160,579 Total Liabilities, Fund Equity, 100,579 100,579 100,579	• •						
Reserved for Prepaid Items 6,273 Designated for All Weather Track 60,000 60,000 Unreserved 2,196,409 57,457 84,864 67,599 Total Fund Equity and Other Credits 2,372,432 71,818 90,467 160,579 Total Liabilities, Fund Equity, 100,579 100,579 100,579	Reserved for Encumbrances		13,573		31,048		
Designated for All Weather Track 60,000 60,000 Unreserved 2,196,409 57,457 84,864 67,599 Total Fund Equity and Other Credits 2,372,432 71,818 90,467 160,579 Total Liabilities, Fund Equity,	Reserved for Prepaid Items	6,273					
Unreserved 2,196,409 57,457 84,864 67,599 Total Fund Equity and Other Credits 2,372,432 71,818 90,467 160,579 Total Liabilities, Fund Equity,	Designated for All Weather Track				60,000		
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity,	Unreserved	·	57,457	84,864			
	Total Fund Equity and Other Credits	2,372,432	71,818	90,467	160,579		
and Other Credits \$3,524,074 \$99,863 \$194,522 \$198,467	Total Liabilities, Fund Equity,						
	and Other Credits	\$3,524,074	\$99,863	\$194,522	\$198,467		

Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Types	Accour	nt Groups	
	Trust and	General Fixed	General Long-Term	Totals (Memorandum
Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
#05.040	# 40.400			#0.054.400
\$35,213	\$43,469			\$2,951,132
				937,890
				1,156 750
				1,429
				181,342
				6,273
3,719				3,719
				15,636
42,527		7,032,278		7,074,805
			90,467	90,467
			902,404	902,404
81,459	43,469	7,032,278	992,871	12,167,003
9,707	1,973			59,222
8,627				334,573
6,937			192,889	204,376
9,542			29,025	91,930
	33,645			890,229 33,645
	116			116
			957	957
			770,000	770,000
34,813	35,734		992,871	2,385,048
00		7,032,278		7,032,278
90				90
				47,660
				15,636
				99,398
				6,273
				120,000
46,556	7,735	7 000 070		2,460,620
46,646	7,735	7,032,278		9,781,955
\$81,459	\$43,469	\$7,032,278	\$992,871	\$12,167,003

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND SIMILAR FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		Governmental I	Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Type	Totals
		Special	Debt	Capital	Expendable	(Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Trust	Only)
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$790,122	\$15,674	\$106,668	\$39,448		\$951,912
Intergovernmental	2,645,325	107,884	13,315	35,559		2,802,083
Interest	66,037			1,591	507	68,135
Tuition and Fees	54,367					54,367
Extracurricular Activities		78,449				78,449
Gifts and Donations					1,500	1,500
Income Tax	449,023					449,023
Miscellaneous	40,050					40,050
Total Revenues	4,044,924	202,007	119,983	76,598	2,007	4,445,519
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	1,756,719	29,084		24,919	1,500	1,812,222
Special	265,010	29,397				294,407
Vocational	117,498					117,498
Support Services:						
Pupils	60,967					60,967
Instructional Staff	139,588	62,931		752		203,271
Board of Education	74,970					74,970
Administration	436,885					436,885
Fiscal	186,408	374	2,289	834		189,905
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	344,041	14,381				358,422
Pupil Transportation	231,024					231,024
Central	583			6,174		6,757
Non-Instructional Services	864	563				1,427
Extracurricular Activities	80,085	70,889				150,974
Capital Outlay				47,987		47,987
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement			55,000			55,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges			55,284			55,284
Total Expenditures	3,694,642	207,619	112,573	80,666	1,500	4,097,000
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	350,282	(5,612)	7,410	(4,068)	507	348,519
Other Financing Sources:						
Proceeds From Sale of Fixed Assets	1,850					
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing						
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	352,132	(5,612)	7,410	(4,068)	507	348,519
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,020,300	77,430	83,057	164,647	7,228	2,352,662
Fund Balances End of Year	\$2,372,432	\$71,818	\$90,467	\$160,579	\$7,735	\$2,701,181

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COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND SIMILARY FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		General Fund	d	Special Revenue Funds			
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:							
Property Taxes	\$802,000	\$784,650	(\$17,350)	\$16,000	\$15,534	(\$466)	
Intergovernmental	2,297,343	2,645,573	348,230	146,146	107,883	(38,263)	
Interest	60,000	64,608	4,608				
Tuition and Fees	39,400	54,144	14,744				
Extracurricular Activities				72,400	77,517	5,117	
Gifts and Donations							
Income Tax	435,666	409,240	(26,426)				
Miscellaneous	29,412	40,050	10,638				
Total Revenues	3,663,821	3,998,265	334,444	234,546	200,934	(33,612)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	2,014,714	1,781,330	233,384	3,814	30,944	(27,130)	
Special	312,806	269,155	43,651	3,351	38,445	(35,094)	
Vocational	133,784	119,482	14,302				
Other	4,000		4,000				
Support Services:							
Pupils	92,165	64,851	27,314				
Instructional Staff	169,324	143,687	25,637	4,965	61,138	(56,173)	
Board of Education	84,424	74,970	9,454				
Administration	517,863	448,188	69,675				
Fiscal	212,719	187,304	25,415	34	374	(340)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	463,858	368,803	95,055	2,991	17,827	(14,836)	
Pupil Transportation	266,455	223,101	43,354				
Central	5,250	583	4,667				
Non-Instructional Services	3864	3769	95	43	563	(520)	
Extracurricular Activities	88518	80483	8035	6768	78799	(72,031)	
Capital Outlay							
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement							
Interest and Fiscal Charges							
Total Expenditures	4,369,744	3,765,706	604,038	21,966	228,090	(206,124)	
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	(705,923)	232,559	938,482	212,580	(27,156)	(239,736)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	1,850	1,850					
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	88	.,000	(88)				
Operating Transfers Out	(8,642)		8,642				
Advances Out	(30,000)		30,000				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(36,704)	1,850	38,554				
Excess of Revenues and Other							
Financing Sources Over (Under)							
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(742,627)	234,409	977,036	212,580	(27,156)	(239,736)	
	(,0,)	201,100	277,000	,000	(=:,100)	(200,700)	
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	2,181,029	2,181,029		82,363	82,363		
(Includes prior year encumbrances appropriated)	66,100	66,100		5,480	5,480		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$1,504,502	\$2,481,538	\$977,036	\$300,423	\$60,687	(\$239,736)	

D	ebt Service	Fund	Capital Projects Funds		Expendable Trust Fund			
Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$109,000 13,000	\$105,862 13,315	(\$3,138) \$315	\$39,000 72,117 2,000	\$39,176 51,383 1,591	\$176 (20,734) (409)	300	957	657
			,	,	(/			
						500	1,500	1,000
122,000	119,177	(2,823)	113,117	92,150	(20,967)	800	2,457	1,657
			10,130	36,119	(25,989)	7,577	1,500	6,077
			1,731	752	979			
5,000	2,288	2,712	221	834	(613)			
			803	6,174	(5,371)			
			20,699	67,834	(47,135)	94	30	64
95,000	55,000	40,000						
100,260 200,260	55,285 112,573	44,975 87,687	33,584	111,713	(78,129)	7,671	1,530	6,141
(78,260)	6,604	84,864	79,533	(19,563)	(99,096)	(6,871)	927	7,798
(78,260)	6,604	84,864	79,533	(19,563)	(99,096)	(6,871)	927	7,798
78,260	78,260		131,827 14,584	131,827 14,584		6,778	6,778	
	\$84,864	\$84,864	\$225,944	\$126,848	(\$99,096)	(\$93)	\$7,705	\$7,798

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues: Sales	\$136,158
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries	57,868
Fringe Benefits	29,482
Purchased Services	1,783
Materials and Supplies	99,383
Depreciation	3,191
Other	99
Total Operating Expenses	191,806
Operating Loss	(55,648)
Non-Operating Revenues:	
Federal Donated Commodities	15,221
Interest	708
Federal and State Subsidies	38,992
Total Non-Operating Revenues	54,921
Net Loss	(727)
Retained Earnings at Beginning of Year	47,283
Retained Earnings at End of Year	46,556
•	· · ·
Contributed Capital at Beginning of Year	90
Contributed Capital at End of Year	90
Total Fund Equity at End of Year	\$46,646

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash Received from Sales	\$136,158
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(77,886)
Cash Payments for Contract Services	(2,000)
Cash Payments for Employee Services	(58,482)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(31,492)
Other Cash Payments	(99)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(33,801)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Cash Received from Operating Grants	38,992
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest Received	708
Cash flows from capital and related	
Financing Activities:	
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(7,234)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,335)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	36,548
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	35,213
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Operating Loss	(55,648)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	3,191
Donated Commodities Used During Year	15,221
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease in Materials and Supplies Inventory	(1,275)
Decrease in Compensated Absences Payable	(1,131)
Decrease in Intergovernmental Payable	(168)
Decrease in Deferred Revenue	(1,481)
Decrease in Accrued Wages and Benefits	(1,324)
Increase in Accounts Payable	8,814
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$33,801)

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NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1958 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area of approximately ninety-four square miles. It is located in Allen, Auglaize, and Logan Counties, and includes all of the Village of Waynesfield, and Wayne, Goshen, and parts of Union and Clay Townships.

The District is the 583rd largest in the State of Ohio (among 611 school districts) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by 29 classified employees, 45 certified teaching personnel, and three administrative employees who provide services to 616 students and other community members. The District currently operates an instructional building and an administration building.

A. Reporting Entity:

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District does not have any component units.

The District is associated with five jointly governed organizations and two public entity risk pools. These organizations are the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO), Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School, Auglaize County Local Professional Development Committee, West Central Regional Professional Development Center, West Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center, Mercer Auglaize Employee Benefit Trust, and the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 17 and 18 to the general-purpose financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its enterprise funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which is segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net available expendable resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories of governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds and trust funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the District's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds).

2. Proprietary Fund Type:

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities that are similar to those found in the private sector.

The following is the District's proprietary fund type:

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

3. Fiduciary Fund Types:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The District's fiduciary funds include an expendable trust fund and agency funds. The expendable trust fund is accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

4. Account Groups:

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, except those accounted for in proprietary funds or trust funds.

General Long-Term Obligations Account Group - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District, except those accounted for in proprietary funds or trust funds.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types and the expendable trust fund are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The proprietary fund type is accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Operating statements of these funds present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental, expendable trust and agency funds. The full accrual basis of accounting is followed for the proprietary fund type.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the modified accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days after fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, includes property and income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized on a modified accrual basis in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the revenue is available. Eligibility requirements included timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the revenue resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, grants, interest, tuition, and fees.

Deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2002, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2003 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and receivables that are not collected within the available period are recorded as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary funds. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported on the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control at the beginning of the year was the fund type level, and during the year amendments were made at the fund, function, object level. Any budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The Eisenhower and Drug Free special revenue funds are flow-through grants in which the Auglaize County Educational Service Center is the primary recipient. Budgetary information for these funds is included within the District's reporting entity for which the "appropriated budget" is adopted.

1. Tax Budget

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit, to the Board of Education, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Auglaize County Budget Commission for rate determination.

2. Estimated Resources

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates, as determined by the County Budget Commission, and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding fiscal year.

The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year 2002.

3. Appropriations

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources, based on final assessed values and tax rates, or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund type level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the appropriation at the legal level of control must be approved by the Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations as long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, several supplemental appropriation resolutions were legally enacted.

The budget figures that appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds, except agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

4. Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental fund types and the expendable trust funds, and reported in the notes to the financial statements for proprietary fund types.

5. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2002, investments were limited to non-negotiable certificates of deposit, which are reported at cost. No certificates of deposit were held at year-end.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2002 was \$66,037, which included \$1,306 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months, and not purchased from the pool, are reported as investments.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Inventory

Inventory in the proprietary fund is stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in the proprietary fund consists of donated food, purchased food, and school supplies held for resale and is expended when used.

F. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General Fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets represent Bureau of Worker's Compensation refunds whose use is restricted by S.B. 345. The Board plans to maintain this money for budget stabilization as previously required by State law.

G. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary fund are capitalized. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The District does not have any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Improvements to proprietary fund fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets. Interest incurred during the construction of general fixed assets is also not capitalized.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the proprietary funds is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five to twenty years.

H. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after ten years of service with the District.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using available expendable resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. In the enterprise funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable resources. Payments made more than sixty days after fiscal year end are considered not to have used current available expendable resources. Long-term loans and bonds are reported as liabilities in the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by the enterprise funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate fund.

J. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital represents resources from other funds, other governments, and private sources provided to the enterprise funds that is not subject to repayment. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expensed and closed to unreserved retained earnings at fiscal year end.

Because the District did not prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles prior to fiscal year 1995, the exact amount of contributed capital cannot be determined. Consequently, only those amounts that have been specifically identified have been classified as contributed capital in the accompanying combined financial statements. All other fund equity amounts pertaining to the proprietary fund have been classified as retained earnings.

K. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity that is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for property taxes, budget stabilization, encumbrances.

Designated represents money set aside by the District's Board for a specified purpose. Money has been designated with the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund for an all weather track.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents the worker's compensation amount required to be set aside by State statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, entitlements, and shared revenues are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Other than commodities, grants and entitlements for enterprise fund operations are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable. The District currently participates in several State and Federal programs, categorized as follows:

Entitlements

General Fund

State Foundation Program
State Property Tax Relief
School Bus Purchase Allocation

Non-Reimbursable Grants

Special Revenue Funds

Education Management Information Systems

Connectivity Grant

School Net Professional Development

Ohio Reads

Summer Intervention

Extended Learning

Safe School Help Line

Literacy Grant

Eisenhower

Title VI-B

Title I

Title VI

Drug Free

E-Rate

Title VI-R

Assistive Technology Infusion

Capital Projects Funds

SchoolNet Plus Technology Equity

Interactive Video Distance Learning

Emergency Building Repair

Reimbursable Grants

General Fund

Driver Education

Special Revenue Fund

Telecommunication

Enterprise Funds

National School Lunch Program Government Donated Commodities

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Grants and entitlements amounted to approximately 64 percent of the revenues of the District's governmental fund types during the 2002 fiscal year.

M. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Total Columns on General-Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general-purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

3. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances.

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual, All Governmental Fund Types and Similar Fiduciary Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- a. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- b. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- c. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and expendable trust funds, and as note disclosure in the proprietary fund types (GAAP basis).
- d. Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

3. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Fund Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

		Special	Debt	Capital	Expendable
_	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Trust
Budget Basis	\$234,409	(\$27,156)	\$6,604	(\$19,563)	\$ 927
Revenue Accruals	46,657	1,072	806	(15,553)	(450)
Expenditure Accruals	(7,962)	(2,383)		(1,218)	
Other					
Encumbrances	79,028	22,855		32,266	30
GAAP Basis	\$352,132	(\$5,612)	\$7,410	(\$4,068)	\$507

4. COMPLIANCE

The District had negative cash fund balances during the year which violated Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10.

The District adopted appropriations at the fund type level which violated Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-6-02. As a result of adopting appropriations at this level the District had numerous expenditures that were greater than appropriations which violated Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705. 41(B).

The District did not certify all expenditures as required by Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D).

The District did certify that adequate revenues would be available to maintain personnel and programs for the fiscal year as required by Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.412.

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- a. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- b. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- c. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- d. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- e. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and
- The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and the short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits - At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,966,768 and the bank balance was \$3,102,587. Of the bank balance, \$182,957 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$2,919,630 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2002 represent the collection of calendar year 2001 taxes. Real property taxes for 2002 were levied after April 1, 2002, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2002, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes for 2002 were levied after April 1, 2002, on the assessed values as of December 31, 2001, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2002 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2002 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes for 2002 were levied after April 1, 2001, on the value as of December 31, 2001. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The District receives property taxes from Allen, Auglaize, and Logan Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2002, are available to finance fiscal year 2003 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes that were measurable as of June 30, 2002. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

6. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2002, was \$39,337 in the General Fund, \$788 in the $\frac{1}{2}$ Mill Levy special revenue fund, \$5,603 in the Bond Retirement debt service fund, and \$1,932 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2001, was \$33,866 in the General Fund, \$648 in the $\frac{1}{2}$ Mill Levy special revenue fund, \$4,797 in the Bond Retirement debt service fund, and \$1,662 in the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2002 taxes were collected are:

	2001 Second- Half Collections		2002 Fi Half Colle	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$31,480,630	92.44%	\$32,430,980	91.57%
Public Utility	1,601,430	4.70%	1,543,620	4.36%
Tangible Personal	971,940	2.86%	1,443,490	4.08%
Total Assessed Value	\$34,054,000	100%	\$35,418,090	100%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$42.67		\$42.67	

7. INCOME TAXES

The District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was renewed on January 1, 2002, and will continue for five years. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

8. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2002, consisted of property and income taxes, accounts (student fees), intergovernmental and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. The Capital Projects Fund had an intergovernmental receivable in the amount of \$750.

9. FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the enterprise funds' fixed assets at June 30, 2002, follows:

Furniture and Equipment	\$109,370
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(66,843)
Net Fixed Assets	\$42,527

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

9. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2002 follows:

Asset Category	Balance at 6/30/01	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/02
Land and Improvements	\$156,893			\$156,893
Buildings and Improvements	4,878,036	\$24,994		4,903,030
Furniture and Equipment	1,263,981	26,881		1,290,862
Text and Library Books	232,356			232,356
Vehicles	395,807	53,330		449,137
Totals	\$6,927,073	\$105,205		\$7,032,278

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2002, the District contracted for the following insurance coverages.

Coverages provided by Utica National Insurance Group are as follows:

	Maximum Deductible	Coverage
Building and Contents - replacement cost (Includes boiler and machinery)	\$500	\$11,261,671
Commercial Auto/Business Auto	250	1,000,000
Musical Instruments	100	101,969
Audio Visual Equipment/Radios	100	9,976
Computers	100 mechanical 1,000 non-mechanical	605,000
Miscellaneous Scheduled Property	250	10,000

Coverages provided by Nationwide Insurance are as follows:

Maximum Deductible	Coverage	
n/a	\$1,000,000	
n/a	3,000,000	
	n/a	

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

10. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

B. Insurance Risk Pool

The District participates in the Mercer Auglaize Employee Benefit Trust (the "Trust"), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of eleven local school districts and two educational service centers. The District pays monthly premiums to the Trust for employee medical and dental insurance coverage. The Trust is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

C. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program - The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (Program), an insurance purchasing pool. The Program's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating Districts pay an enrollment fee to the Program to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the Program is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Program. The workers compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Program. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Program rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Program. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund."

This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Program. Participation in the Program is limited to school districts that can meet the Program's selection criteria. The firm of Gates, McDonald & Company provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Program.

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent; 9.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations for fiscal year 2002. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's required contribution for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000, were \$171,128, \$161,439, and \$92,433, respectively; 75 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2002 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2001 and 2000. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002, in the amount of \$43,452, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer-defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of the annual covered payroll; 5.46 percent was the portion to fund pension obligations for fiscal year 2002. For fiscal year 2001, 4.2 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000 were \$28,618, \$18,685, and \$23,939, respectively; 52 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2002 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2001 and 2000. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002, in the amount of \$13,670, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the State Teachers Retirement System or the School Employees Retirement System and have an option to choose Social Security or the State Teachers Retirement System/School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2002, four of the Board of Education members have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

12. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired classified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by the State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

12. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For fiscal year 2002, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 4.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount was \$81,061.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$3,011 billion at June 30, 2002. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$354,697,000, and STRS had 105,300 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit, must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For the fiscal year 2002, employer contributions to fund healthcare benefits were 8.54 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of 1.26 percent from fiscal year 2001. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2002, the minimum pay was established at \$12,400. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, was \$53,966 for fiscal year 2002.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2002 were \$182,946,777, and the target level was \$274.4 million. At June 30, 2002, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$335.2 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

13. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 200 days for certified employees, 200 days for administrative employees, and 195 days for classified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 46 days for certified and administrative employees, and 47 days for classified employees.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

13. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

B. Health Care Benefits

The District provides medical and dental benefits to employees through the Mercer Auglaize Employee Benefit Trust. The employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract. The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through CoreSource.

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2002 were as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/01	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 6/30/02
General Obligation Bonds:				-
1995 School Improvement Bonds 5.85-8.25%	\$235,000		\$5,000	\$230,000
1989 School Improvement Bonds 7.125%	585,000		45,000	540,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	820,000		50,000	770,000
Other Long-Term Obligations:				
1992 Asbestos Removal Loan	5,957		5,000	957
Compensated Absences Payable	177,670	15,219		192,889
Intergovernmental Payable	31,982		2,957	29,025
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	215,609	15,219	7,957	222,871
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$1,035,609	\$15,219	\$57,957	\$992,871

1995 School Improvement Bonds - On March 1, 1995, the District issued \$260,000 in voted general obligation bonds for a building addition. The bonds were issued for a twenty-four year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2019. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

1989 School Improvement Bonds - On September 1, 1989, the District issued \$1,033,000 in voted general obligation bonds for classroom additions. The bonds were issued for a twenty-three year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2013. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

1992 Asbestos Removal Loan - In fiscal year 1992, the District obtained an interest free loan, in the amount of \$53,457, for asbestos removal. The loan was issued for a ten-year period with final maturity in fiscal year 2003. The loan is being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

1996 School Facilities Loan - In fiscal year 1996, the District received \$2,309,966 for construction and improvements to its facilities under the State's "Classroom Facilities Program." Under this program the District entered into an agreement with the State of Ohio in which the State initially paid for a portion of the estimated project costs. Generally, the District repays the State for its contribution by levying an additional property tax of one-half mill for a twenty-three year period.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The District was notified by the Ohio School Facilities Commission that they would not be responsible for repaying the \$2,309,966 to the State because the District's adjusted valuation per pupil was less than the statewide median adjusted valuation per pupil. In lieu of the repayment, the District must set aside the funds that would have been used for repaying to the State for facilities maintenance. As part of the process, the District must submit a maintenance plan to the Ohio School Facilities Commission every five years until the twenty-three year period expires.

If the District's adjusted valuation per pupil increases above the statewide median adjusted valuation during the twenty-three year period, the District may become responsible for repayment of a portion of the State's contribution. Based on the District's adjusted valuation relative to the statewide median adjusted valuation, this possibility appears remote.

Compensated absences and intergovernmental payables, representing the District's contractually required pension contributions, will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general long-term obligations at June 30, 2002, were as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2003	\$55,957	\$51,460	\$107,417
2004	55,000	47,429	102,429
2005	60,000	43,219	103,219
2006	60,000	38,832	98,832
2007	60,000	34,564	94,564
2008 – 2012	310,000	109,864	419,864
2013 – 2017	130,000	27,533	157,533
2018 - 2020	40,000	2,520	42,520
Total	\$770,957	\$355,421	\$1,126,378

The District's overall debt margin was \$2,508,095, with an unvoted debt margin of \$35,418 at June 30, 2002.

15. SET ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years. Prior to S. B. 345, the District was required to set aside Bureau of Worker's Compensation refunds for budget stabilization. The District has decided to maintain these refunds for budget stabilization.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

15. SET ASIDE CALCULATIONS (Continued)

The following cash basis information identifies the changes in the fund balance reserves for textbooks, capital improvements, and budget stabilization during fiscal year 2002.

	Textbooks	Capital Improvements	Budget Stabilization
Balance June 30, 2001	(\$34,037)	(\$20,117)	\$15,636
Current Year Set Aside Requirement	70,731	\$70,731	
Qualifying Expenditures	(43,951)	(70,731)	
Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2003	(\$7,257)	(\$20,117)	\$15,636
Reserve Balance June 30, 2002			\$15,636

The District had qualifying expenditures during the year that reduced the textbooks and capital improvements set aside amounts below zero. The total reserve balance for the set asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$15,636.

16. SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The District maintains two enterprise funds to account for the operations of food service and uniform school supplies. The table below reflects the more significant financial data relating to the enterprise funds of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002.

	Food Service	Uniform School Supplies	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues	\$120,976	\$15,182	\$136,158
Depreciation Expense	3,191		3,191
Operating Income (Loss)	(54,112)	(1,536)	(55,648)
Federal Donated Commodities	15,221		15,221
Interest	708		708
Grants	38,992		38,992
Net Income (Loss)	810	(1,537)	(727)
Fixed Asset Additions	7,234		7,234
Net Working Capital	2,895	1,224	4,119
Total Assets	70,528	10,931	81,459
Total Liabilities	25,106	9,707	34,813
Total Equity	45,422	1,224	46,646

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

17. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Western Ohio Computer Organization

The District is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO), which is a computer consortium. WOCO is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Auglaize, Champaign, Hardin, Logan, and Shelby Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of WOCO consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county plus one representative from the fiscal agent. Financial information can be obtained from Sonny Ivey, who serves as Director, 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

B. Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School

The Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School (JVS) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio that provides vocational education to students. The JVS is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the eleven participating school districts' elected boards. The degree of control exercised by the District is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from the Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School, Eric Adelsberger, who serves as Treasurer, 2280 State Route 540, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

C. Auglaize County Local Professional Development Committee

The Auglaize County Local Professional Development Committee (LPDC) was established to plan, promote, and facilitate effective and efficient professional educator license renewal standards and staff development activities. The LPDC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its members. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the governing board. Financial information can be obtained from the Auglaize County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, 1045 Dearbaugh Street, Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895.

D. West Central Regional Professional Development Center

The West Central Regional Professional Development Center (the Center) is a jointly governed organization among the school districts in Allen, Auglaize, Hancock, Hardin, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, and Van Wert Counties. The organization was formed to establish an articulated regional structure for professional development in which school districts, the business community, higher education, and other groups cooperatively plan and implement effective professional development activities that are tied directly to school improvement, and in particular, to improvements in instructional programs.

The Center is governed by a fifty-two member board made up representatives from the participating school districts, the business community, and two institutions of higher learning. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from Brad Browne, Hancock County Educational Service Center, 7746 County Road 140, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

17. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

E. West Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center

The West Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (SERRC) is a jointly governed organization formed to initiate, expand, and improve special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents. The SERRC is governed by a fifty-two member board consisting of the superintendent of the fifty participating school districts, one representative from a non-public school, and one representative from Wright State University. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from Krista Hart, Hardin County Educational Service Center, 1211 West Lima Street, Suite A, Kenton, Ohio 43326-2385.

18. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

A. Mercer Auglaize Employee Benefit Trust

The Mercer Auglaize Employee Benefit Trust (the Trust) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of eleven local school districts and two educational service centers. The Trust is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, and vision benefits to the employees of the participants. Each participant's superintendent is appointed to an Administrative Committee, which advises the Trustee, Ohio Bank, concerning aspects of the administration of the Trust.

Each participant decides which plans offered by the Administrative Committee will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Trust is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Jim Mauntler; Schmidt, Long, and Associates, Inc.; 4159 Holland-Sylvania Road, Suite 103, Toledo, Ohio 43623.

B. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group-rating plan for worker's compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

19. GRANTS

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2002.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

21. STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional. The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient".

The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Waynesfield Goshen Local School District Auglaize County 500 N. Westminster Street Waynesfield, Ohio 45896

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the Waynesfield Goshen Local School District, Auglaize County (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated March 20, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2002-10206-001 through 2002-10206-004. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated March 20, 2003.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2002-10206-005.

One First National Plaza / 130 W. Second St. / Suite 2040 / Dayton, OH 45402 Telephone: (937) 285-6677 (800) 443-9274 Fax: (937) 285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us Waynesfield Goshen Local School District Auglaize County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, the reportable condition described above as item 2002-10206-005 is considered to be a material weakness. We also noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated March 20, 2003.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and the Board of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomeny

March 20, 2003

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2002

1. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2002-10206-001

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10 states that money paid into a fund must be used only for the purposes for which such fund has been established. As a result, a negative fund balance indicates that money from one fund was used to cover the expenses of another fund. The District had negative cash fund balances throughout the year as follows:

February 28, 2002, the Title I Fund had a negative cash balance of \$8,498.

June 30, 2002, the Title VI-B Fund had a negative fund balance of \$28,726.

From March 21, 2002 through June 30, 2002, the Extended Learning Opportunity Fund had a negative fund balance of \$2,873.

The District should develop procedures to assess the cash flow needs of each fund and to identify conditions that may potentially result in a negative cash fund balance. Money should be advanced or transferred into those funds that are likely to have a negative cash fund balance.

FINDING NUMBER 2002-10206-002

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B) states that no subdivision or taxing unit is to expend money unless it has been appropriated. Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-6-02, states that at a minimum, appropriation measures shall be classified to set forth separately, the amounts appropriated by fund. The District adopted their initial appropriations at the fund type level. Therefore, with the exception of those fund types with only one fund, the District did not have legally adopted appropriations until subsequent amendments were made throughout the year at the fund, function and object level. Due to the District's failure to adopt initial appropriations at the minimum level, all funds with the exception of the General Fund, Special Revenue Data Communication Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects School Net Fund, and Expendable Trust Fund, were in violation of Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B).

The District should implement review procedures to help assure that appropriations are adopted at the minimum legal level. To help assure accountability over District money, appropriations should be adopted at a lower level than the minimum level.

Waynesfield Goshen Local School District Auglaize County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2002-10206-003

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41 (D) states that no order or contract involving the expenditure of money is to be made unless there is a certificate of the fiscal officer that the amount required for the order or contract has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances.

The following exceptions to this basic requirement are provided by statute:

Then and Now Certificate: This exception provides that, if the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made and at the time that he is completing his certification, sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the taxing authority can authorize the drawing of a warrant. The taxing authority has 30 days from the receipt of such certificate to approve payment by resolution or ordinance. If approval is not made within 30 days, there is no legal liability on the part of the subdivision or taxing district.

Amounts less than \$1,000 for school districts may be paid by the fiscal officer without such certificate of the taxing authority upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the taxing authority.

Fifty-seven percent of the transactions tested were not certified by the Treasurer prior to making order for the expenditure of District funds. In addition, neither of the two exceptions above were utilized for these transactions. Procedures should be implemented not only to help ensure compliance with this requirement, but to help prevent the unauthorized obligation of District funds.

FINDING NUMBER 2002-10206-004

Ohio Rev. Code 5705.412 requires the treasurer, superintendent and president of the board of education to certify that adequate revenues will be available to maintain all personnel and programs for the current fiscal year and for a number of days in the succeeding fiscal years equal to the number of days instruction was held or is scheduled for the current fiscal year.

Section 5705.412 certificates should be executed for:

- appropriation measures;
- > increased salary or wage schedules and
- any other "qualifying contracts" (, including 1)negotiated agreements (e.g. professional association ["union"] contracts) and, 2) contracts for benefits (e.g., major health insurance contracts). A "qualifying contract" is "...any agreement for the expenditure of money under which aggregate payments from the funds included in the school district's five-year forecast under section 5705.391 of the revised code will exceed the lesser of \$500,000 or 1% of the general fund's total estimated revenues as certified in the district's most recent certificate of estimated resources under Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.36

Obligations that have not been certified as required are considered void. No payments may be made on void obligations. The Board approved appropriation measures did not include the certification required by this Code Section. As a result, all expenditures made by the District during 2002 could be considered void.

The District should implement procedures to help improve compliance with the requirement.

Waynesfield Goshen Local School District Auglaize County Schedule of Findings Page 3

FINDING NUMBER 2002-10206-005

Monitoring of Budget versus Actual Activity

The governing body of an entity should review and approve monthly budget versus actual activity reports to help determine if activity is in line with the adopted budget and to identify potential violations of budgetary laws. By performing this comparison, the governing body may be able to identify areas of concern and make appropriate budgetary adjustments. The District's Board did not review monthly budget versus actual reports.

The lack of a periodic review of budgetary reports by the District's Board could result in financial goals not being achieved and/or the violation of budgetary laws.

The Treasurer should provide the District's Board with monthly budgetary reports for their review and approval. The District should document this review and approval in the minutes. Periodically, the District's Board and/or Audit Committee should perform a review of the budgeted numbers presented in the accounting system to determine if they reflect the approved budget. Evidence of the performance of this procedure should be maintained by the District.



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WAYNESFIELD-GOSHEN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT AUGLAIZE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 15, 2003