



Jim Petro Auditor of State

STATE OF OHIO



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January 21, 2003

The attached audit was conducted and prepared for release prior to the commencement of my term of office on January 13, 2003. Thus, I am releasing this audit under the signature of my predecessor.

Betty Montgomery

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

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STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Northeastern Local School District Clark County 1414 Bowman Road Springfield, Ohio 45502

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Northeastern Local School District, Clark County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Northeastern Local School District, Clark County, as of June 30, 2002, and the respective changes in financial position and the cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2003, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Northeastern Local School District Clark County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

We conducted our audit to form opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards expenditures is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule of federal awards expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

January 10, 2003

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

The discussion and analysis of Northeastern Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2002 are as follows:

In total, net assets increased \$1,778,578 which represents a 18.71 percent increase from 2001.

General revenues accounted for \$22,570,965 in revenue or 90.32 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$2,419,365 or 9.68 percent of total revenues of \$24,990,330.

Total assets of governmental activities increased by \$3,902,979 as cash and cash equivalents increased by \$1,428,433, receivables increased by \$755,489 and capital assets increased by \$1,686,970.

The governmental activities of the School District had \$23,211,752 in expenses; only \$2,419,365 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$22,570,965 were adequate to provide for these programs.

Among major funds, the General Fund had \$20,947,715 in revenues and \$22,353,353 in expenditures. The General Fund's balance increased \$1,322,489 over 2001. This increase was anticipated by the Board of Education. The School District attributes this increase to additional tax revenue and the state contributing increased dollars via a newly established restricted account called Parity Aid. In addition, the board saved money due to the combining of the old prescription drug program into its new preferred provider health insurance plan.

Using this General Accepted Accounting Principles Report (GAAP)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Northeastern Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longerterm view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Northeastern Local School District, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2002?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the School District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the School District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities. The School District does not have any business-type activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 8. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund

Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities. The internal service fund is used to report activities that provide services to the School District's other funds and departments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2002 compared to 2001.

Table 1 Net Assets		
	2001	2002
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$14,488,653	\$16,704,662
Capital Assets	15,361,706	17,048,676
Total Assets	29,850,359	33,753,338
Liabilities		
Long-Term Liabilities	6,121,003	8,788,310
Other Liabilities	14,223,224	13,680,318
Total Liabilities	20,344,227	22,468,628
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	9,026,706	9,653,676
Restricted	829,720	1,357,045
Unrestricted	(350,294)	273,989
Total Net Assets	\$9,506,132	\$11,284,710

Total assets increased \$3,902,979. Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$1,428,433, receivables increased by \$755,489 and capital assets increased by \$1,686,970. Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day activities without constraints established by grants or legal requirements, of the School District increased by \$624,283 due to the loss of tax revenue and the conclusion of the first year of the new negotiated agreements.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2002. Since this is the second year the School District has prepared financial statements following GASB Statement 34, revenue and expense comparisons are available for the first time. Therefore, a comparative analysis of district-wide data is being presented, as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

Table 2

Changes in Net A	ssets	
	2001	2002
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$1,598,352	\$1,475,884
Operating Grants and Contributions	938,094	905,422
Capital Grants and Contributions	173,545	38,059
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	9,545,570	11,242,164
Grants and Entitlements	9,976,218	11,205,245
Other	245,588	123,556
Total Revenues	22,477,367	24,990,330
Program Expenses		
Instruction	12,141,605	12,184,651
Support Services:		
Pupils and Instructional Staff	2,252,889	2,505,762
Board of Education, Administration, and Fiscal	2,459,768	2,719,612
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,976,557	2,102,220
Pupil Transportation	1,198,622	1,321,360
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,298,144	1,347,970
Extracurricular Activities	570,162	702,956
Interest and Fiscal Charges	402,736	327,221
Total Expenses	22,300,483	23,211,752
Increase in Net Assets	\$176,884	\$1,778,578

Governmental Activities

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for the School District operations. Property taxes made up 45 percent of revenues for governmental activities for the Northeastern Local School District for fiscal year 2002.

The School District voters passed a four-year permanent improvement levy in March of 2000 for collection 2001 through 2004. This levy at 4.0 mills generates approximately \$1,436,000 in property tax revenue per year. The School District issued tax anticipation notes in order to replace the roofs at Northeastern High School, Northridge Elementary/Middle School and South Vienna Elementary/Middle School. There was a \$1,400,000 note outstanding that matured in May, 2002. The remaining revenue will be used for safety concerns, bus purchases, room additions and other equipment purchases. In addition, a \$2,700,000 HB 264 Energy Conservation debt was issued. The majority of the \$2,700,000 will be used to convert Kenton Ridge High School from electricity to gas. Some other improvements will be updating the lighting district-wide and also the energy management systems in each building will be updated. This project is anticipated to pay for itself within 10 years.

Instruction comprises 52 percent of district expenses. Support services expenses make up 37 percent of the expenses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3		
	Total Cost of Services 2002	Net Cost of Services 2002
Instruction	12,184,651	\$11,372,810
Support Services:		
Pupils and Instructional Staff	2,505,762	2,422,794
Board of Education, Administration, and Fiscal	2,719,612	2,695,208
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,102,220	2,085,807
Pupil Transportation	1,321,360	1,224,548
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,347,970	139,191
Extracurricular Activities	702,956	524,808
Interest and Fiscal Charges	327,221	327,221
Total Expenses	\$23,211,752	\$20,792,387

Instruction expenses include activities directly dealing with the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and pupil.

Pupils and instructional staff include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching pupils.

Board of education, administration, fiscal and business includes expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the district.

Operation and maintenance of plant activities involve keeping the school grounds, buildings, and equipment in an effective working condition.

Pupil transportation includes activities involved with the conveyance of students to and from school, as well as to and from school activities, as provided by state law.

Operation of non-instruction services includes the preparation, delivery, and servicing of lunches, snacks and other incidental meals to students and school staff in connection with school activities.

Extracurricular activities includes expenses related to student activities provided by the School District which are designed to provide opportunities for pupils to participate in school events, public events, or a combination of these for the purposes of motivation, enjoyment and skill improvement.

Interest and fiscal charges involve the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other related charges to debt of the School District.

The dependence upon tax revenues is apparent. Over 93 percent of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues; for all activities general revenue support is 90 percent. The community, as a whole, is the primary support for the Northeastern Local School District.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 16. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$24,981,644 and expenditures of \$24,889,901. The net change in fund balance for the year was most significant in the General Fund, an increase of \$1,294,362. This increase was anticipated by the Board of Education. The School District attributes this increase to increased tax revenue and the state's establishment of a restricted Parity Aid line item. Additionally, as mentioned previously, the Board issued \$2,700,000 in debt for an Energy Conservation HB 264 project. The Board has also realized a savings by combining their prescription drug plan with their health care coverage. As previously discussed, the School District received voter approval for a 4 mill permanent improvement levy in March 2000. This levy, which started collection in 2001, will be received through 2004, and will allow the District to make some needed permanent improvements without putting a strain on the General Fund.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of the 2002 fiscal year, the School District amended its General Fund budget several times, which resulted in appropriations increasing \$3,560,242, an 18% increase. The School District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. Prior to year-end, the School District requested an amended certificate of estimated resources that reflected actual revenue for the fiscal year and passed appropriations to match expenditures plus encumbrances.

Salary costs proved to be slightly higher than anticipated in the original budget. As anticipated, five halftime custodial positions were added to the staff. This was done in order to maintain the exterior of the facilities in a more efficient manner. With the addition of interior space over the years, the current custodial staff across the district was unable to keep up with the outside facilities.

For the General Fund, budget basis revenue and other financing sources was \$23,769,460, \$3,909,119 above the original budgeted estimates of \$19,860,341. This difference was due primarily to higher state revenue than anticipated because of increased enrollment and the addition of the restricted parity aid fund. The \$2,700,000 HB 264 energy conservation project was not anticipated at the beginning of the year, either. The District feels it is best to be conservative when projecting enrollment and revenue increases due to their uncertainty.

Capital Assets

At the end of the 2002 fiscal year, the School District had \$17,048,676 invested in land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal 2002 balances compared to 2001.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) at June 30,			
	2001	2002	
Land	\$268,349	\$268,349	
Land Improvement	170,693	172,532	
Buildings and Improvements	12,612,904	13,426,085	
Furniture and Equipment	1,509,722	1,450,075	
Vehicles	800,038	722,993	
Construction in Progress	0	1,008,642	
Total Expenses	\$15,361,706	\$17,048,676	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

Overall capital assets increased \$1,686,970 from fiscal year 2001 to fiscal year 2002. Increases in capital assets (primarily buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles) were offset by depreciation expense for the year.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2002, the School District had a bond issue of \$4,815,000 outstanding. It was originally passed in 1995 for \$5,300,000 for 23 years. Also outstanding at June 30, 2002 was \$2,700,000 in Energy Conservation Bonds. Pursuant to BH 264 these bonds were issued for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, and installing energy conservation measures. These bonds are at an interest rate of 4.6% and are payable over 10 years, starting in fiscal year 2003.

Table 5 Outstanding Debt at June 30,		
	2001	2002
2000/2001Permanent Improvement Fund Tax Anticipation Note	\$1,400,000	\$0
1996 Building Issue	4,935,000	4,815,000
2001 Energy Conservation Bonds	0	2,700,000
Total Debt	\$6,335,000	\$7,515,000

At June 30, 2002, the School District's overall legal debt margin was \$32,522,597.

Current Financial Issues and Concerns

The fund balance in the general fund increased this year by over \$900,000. The School District is proud of its community support of the public schools. To cope with the large student population, the Northridge and South Vienna facilities were broken down into separate K-5 and 6-8 buildings in 2001. This required the addition of two administrators, two secretaries and some additional guidance counseling time. Some vocal music instruction time was also added at Northridge. As our special education population increases across the District, teachers and aides have been added to meet the special needs of the students. In addition, for the 2002 fiscal year, five part-time custodians were added to staff district-wide. One was added to each physical school facility. Their main purpose is to maintain the outside plant. Also in 2002, the district added a full-time technology coordinator in an effort to keep up with technological advances made seemingly on a daily basis.

We are currently overcrowded in the majority of our buildings. For that reason, the Northridge Kindergarten classes were moved to Kenton Ridge. To facilitate this, some additional aide time was established for the kindergarten. The Northridge building was the most over-crowded prior to this move. In an effort to alleviate the overcrowding, the board and administration continue to recommend and request passage of a bond issue to build two new middle schools. It was first placed on the ballot in November, 2000. It failed at that time. It has been placed on the ballot four times since and has failed all four times. The board and administration feel that this is not an indication of voter disapproval, but more a barometer of the economy and the fact that the voters just passed the 4-mill Permanent Improvement levy in March of 2001. Another concern is voter discontent with the continuing issue of how the State of Ohio funds education. In an effort to attain voter approval, the bond issue was placed on the November ballot with a no new millage approach. The board promised the voters that the Permanent Improvement levy would be discontinued upon passage of the bond issue. The millage for each are almost identical, therefore allowing for the "no new millage" approach.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

Externally, the State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional system of school funding, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward school districts with little property tax wealth. The legislators and government officials continue to negotiate the plan for improvement of the financing of public school in the State of Ohio. An over-reliance on property taxes was also cited by the Supreme Court.

In comparison to other school districts in the state, the Northeastern Local School District would not be considered a School District suffering with low wealth. Therefore, the Northeastern Local School District has not anticipated any meaningful growth in State revenue other than from increased enrollment. There is a concern that, to meet the requirements of the court, the State may require a redistribution of commercial and industrial property tax. Approximately 10 percent of the School District's wealth is generated from business and industry.

Therefore, redistribution of this 10 percent to other districts could have a significant negative impact on the School District's residential taxpayers. Once again, this is at a time when the Ohio Supreme Court has already stated that there is an over-reliance on property taxes in the State of Ohio.

Yet another pitfall of not being considered a low wealth district is the distribution of a lower percentage of funds from the Ohio School Facilities' Commission (OSFC). Our neighboring city district will be receiving approximately 88 percent of the cost of replacing almost all their school buildings from the State merely by raising the other 12 percent locally. The Northeastern Local School District only qualifies for State funding of 32 percent while having to raise the remaining 68 percent of the master plan locally to qualify for state OSFC funding. This is another aspect of state funding that is confusing to the district voters and contributes to complicating the efforts of passing a bond issue.

The Northeastern Local School District has been working with the OSFC and the construction of two new middle schools falls within the confines of the OSFC's master plan.

Other items of importance that occurred during the 2002 fiscal year are as follows:

- -The district began direct deposit for payroll.
- -An Energy Conservation HB 264 proposal was approved for 2.7 million dollars. A large
 percentage of the project was the conversion from electric to gas at Kenton Ridge. The district is
 striving to make improvements that will not cost the taxpayers additional money.
- -A Best Practices grant was awarded to the district for a Principal's Leadership Academy and expansion to a Teacher's Leadership Academy.
- -The 2002 fiscal year saw the beginning of a three-year master contract that was negotiated in fiscal year 2001 and is in effect through 2004.
- The board approved the establishment of a virtual school on and off-campus. This was done to reach some students who otherwise may drop out of school and/or just need a few credits to graduate. Some of these students prefer not to attend school full-time and prefer less structure than a classroom environment.
- -The Northeastern Boosters were given approval to build 6 tennis courts and the Kenton Ridge Boosters were also credited with building tennis courts.
- -Interactive Video Distance Learning Classes began in January, 2002.
- -A one-half to full-time itinerant teaching position was established to accommodate the increasing number of pre-school students needing assistance.
- -An "Individual Education Plan Development and Evaluation Specialist" position was established to help with the growing number of special education students. This will be funded by federal funds.
- -With the retirement of an accounting employee, the position was established for a new Assistant Treasurer/CFO

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

The Board members of the district are extremely concerned about the school funding issues. They orchestrated a county-wide Board meeting May 9, 2002, at 6:30 a.m. at the Springfield/Clark Joint Vocational School to pass a resolution in opposition to the community schools house bill. This is very important since community schools receive financial resources from the State that might otherwise be available to conventional school districts. The President of the Board testified in front of the Ohio Senate Education Committee regarding this issue.

In conclusion, the Northeastern Local School District has committed itself to maintain a reliable system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls. It becomes increasingly difficult to deliver an excellent education with the tight economic times, and the continual eroding of the personal property tax base in the district. However, we have faith that our students will become a top priority with the legislature and their ongoing school funding issues. The School District is committed to maintain its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Denise D. Schneider, Chief Fiscal Officer at Northeastern Local School District, 1414 Bowman Road, Springfield, Ohio 45502 or email at <u>ne_tres@mveca.org</u>.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2002

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,449,863
Cash and Cash Equivalents In Segregated Accounts Accounts Receivable	4,000 69,969
	45,236
Intergovernmental Receivable Accrued Interest Receivable	2,976
Cash and Cash Equivalents With Fiscal Agents	11,763
Prepaid Items	27,945
Materials and Supplies Inventory	115,209
Taxes Receivable	11,967,701
Receivable for Payments in Lieu of Taxes	10,000
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	268,349
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	16,780,327
Total Assets	33,753,338
Liabilities and Fund Balances	
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	59,935
Contracts Payable	216,603
Accrued Wages	1,858,289
Intergovernmental Payable	711,842
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	49,848
Matured Special Termination Benefit Payable	256,256
Deferred Revenue	10,483,689
Matured Bonds Payable	10,000
Matured Interest Payable	1,763
Accrued Interest Payable	32,093
Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year	456,357
Due In More Than One Year	8,331,953
Total Liabilities	22,468,628
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for:	9,653,676
Capital Projects	412,753
Debt Service	605,902
Other Purposes	338,390
Unrestricted (Deficit)	273,989
Total Net Assets	\$11,284,710

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

			Program Revenue	95	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Governmental Activities:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Total Governmental Activities
Covernmental Activities.					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$9,518,069	\$425,956	\$74,999	\$38,059	(\$8,979,055)
Special	2,036,817	912	271,915		(1,763,990)
Vocational	569,554				(569,554)
Other	60,211				(60,211)
Support Services:					
Pupil	1,251,056		18,224		(1,232,832)
Instructional Staff	1,254,706	1,147	63,597		(1,189,962)
Board of Education	53,786				(53,786)
Administration	2,030,900		18,106		(2,012,794)
Fiscal	634,926		6,298		(628,628)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,102,220	1,944	14,469		(2,085,807)
Pupil Transportation	1,321,360	38	96,774		(1,224,548)
Services	1,347,970	888,211	320,568		(139,191)
Extracurricular Activities	702,956	157,676	20,472		(524,808)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	327,221				(327,221)
Total Governmental Activities	\$23,211,752	\$1,475,884	\$905,422	\$38,059	(\$20,792,387)
		General Reven Property Taxes			
		General Purp			9,383,124
		Debt Service			516,142
		Capital Outlay	1		1,342,898
			itlements not Restricted	l to	11,205,245
		Specific Progr			11,200,210
		Receivable in L			5,000
		Investment Ear			103,550
		Miscellaneous	Things		15,006
		Total General R	evenues		22,570,965
		Change in Net A	ssets		1,778,578

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Net Assets Beginning of Year

Net Assets End of Year

9,506,132

\$11,284,710

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:				* <i>· · • • • •</i> • •
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents:	\$3,141,725	\$237,158	\$1,045,759	\$4,424,642
In Segregated Accounts			4,000	4,000
With Fiscal Agents			11,763	11,763
Receivables:				
Taxes	10,032,260	1,372,409	563,032	11,967,701
Accounts	69,969		00.070	69,969
Intergovernmental	12,164		33,072	45,236
Accrued Interest Prepaid Items	2,976 27,945			2,976 27,945
Materials and Supplies Inventory	90,123		13,874	103,997
Receivable for Payments in Lieu of Taxes	10,000			10,000
Total Assets	\$13,387,162	\$1,609,567	\$1,671,500	\$16,668,229
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$53,322		\$6,613	\$59,935
Contracts Payable	216,603			216,603
Accrued Wages	1,764,892		93,397	1,858,289
Matured Compensated Absences Payable Matured Special Termination Benefit Payable	49,848 256,256			49,848 256,256
Intergovernmental Payable	461,454		20,998	482,452
Deferred Revenue	9,079,113	1,275,740	539,306	10,894,159
Matured Bonds Payable		, ,	10,000	10,000
Matured Interest Payable			1,763	1,763
Total Liabilities	11,881,488	1,275,740	672,077	13,829,305
Fund Balances				
Reserved for Encumbrances	722,275	71,421	63,227	856,923
Reserved for Material and Supplies Inventory	90,123	,	13,874	103,997
Reserved for Property Taxes	970,553	96,669	36,306	1,103,528
Unreserved:				
Designated for:				
Capital Acquisitions	267,508			267,508
Undesignated, Reported in: General Fund (Deficit)	(544,785)			(544,785)
Special Revenue Funds	(344,703)		322,312	322,312
Debt Service Fund			557,078	557,078
Capital Projects Funds		165,737	6,626	172,363
Total Fund Balances	1,505,674	333,827	999,423	2,838,924
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$13,387,162	\$1,609,567	\$1,671,500	\$16,668,229

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2002

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$2,838,924
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of: Land Construction in progress Depreciable capital assets Accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	\$268,349 1,008,642 28,801,029 (13,029,344)	17,048,676
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		25,221
		20,221
Other long-term assets are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Property Taxes Receivable in Lieu of Taxes Grants Accounts Receivable Interest Revenue	380,484 10,000 12,580 6,861 545	410,470
Federal donated commodities are not reported in the funds.		11,212
Intergovernmental Payable incudes contractually required pension contributions which are not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(229,390)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of: Bonds and notes payable Accrued interest on bonds Compensated absences Total liabilities	(7,515,000) (32,093) (1,273,310)	(8,820,403)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$11,284,710
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

Revenues: Import Import Sti 342.898 \$516,142 Sti 1242.064 Intergovernmental 11,005.007 148,179 857,655 Sti 1240.0641 Interest 303,230 10,968 2,734 106,447 Tuition and Fees 303,230 1171,469 171,469 Charges for Services 888,211 888,211 888,211 Contributions and Donations 66,057 66,057 66,057 Miscellaneous 13,609 29,616 43,225 Total Revenues 20,947,715 1,502,045 2,531,884 24,981,644 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 89,737,532 194,854 194,854 Support Services: 1,49,100 21,715 1,70,815 194,844 Vocational 51,996 51,996 51,996 51,996 Administration 1,88,700 115 1,748,178 60,211 Other 60,211 50,214 60,211 60,211 Support Services: 1,149,100 21,715 1,17		General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Intergovernmental 11.005.007 148,179 857.655 12.100.841 Interest 363.230 10,968 2.734 106.447 Tution and Fees 363.230 171.469 171.469 171.469 Charges for Services 28.211 686.211 686.057 66.057 Contributions and Donations 13.609 28.616 43.225 Total Revenues 20.947.715 1.502.045 2.531.844 24.881.644 Expenditures: Current: 1.855.806 264.048 1.919.854 Current: 1.855.806 264.048 1.919.854 114.781 Other 60.211 60.211 60.211 60.211 Support Services: 11.449.100 21.715 1.170.815 1.170.815 Pupil 1.149.100 21.715 1.170.815 2.049.139 54.781 Administration 1.866.780 115 179.41 1.90.486 Fiscal 562.091 21.796 14.870 58.271 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2.017.383	Revenues:				
Interest 12,745 10,968 2,734 106,447 Tution and Fees 363,230 363,230 363,230 363,230 Extracurricular Activities 363,230 171,469 171,469 171,469 Charges for Services 888,211 686,257 66,057 66,057 Miscellaneous 13,609 29,616 43,225 Total Revenues 20,947,715 1,502,045 2,531,884 24,981,644 Expanditures: Instruction: 88,211 680,217 60,211 Gurent: Instruction: 89,737,532 59,6194 178,938 9,737,532 Special 1,655,806 264,048 1,919,854 00,211 60,211 Support Services: 0,211 60,211 60,211 60,211 Pupil 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 1,170,815 Instructional Staff 1,006,945 107,480 1,114,225 Board of Education 51,896 2,449,139 9,44,870 Uppertation of Maintenance of Plant 2,017,333<	Property Taxes	\$9,383,124	\$1,342,898	\$516,142	\$11,242,164
Tution and Fees 363,230 171,469 171,469 Extracurricular Activities 171,469 171,469 171,469 Charges for Services 888,211 888,211 888,211 Contributions and Donations 13,609 29,616 43,225 Total Revenues 20,947,715 1,502,045 2,531,884 24,981,644 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 88,211 61,4781 Other 60,211 514,781 61,4781 61,4781 Other 60,211 60,211 60,211 519,96 Support Services: Pupil 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 Instructional Staff 1,006,945 17,942 1,220,695 Section 51,996 14,870 598,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Administration 1,886,790 115 1,197,792 1,220,695 Detation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 2,44,698 Operation of	Intergovernmental	11,095,007	148,179	857,655	12,100,841
Extracuricular Activities 171,469 171,469 Charges for Services 888,211 888,211 Contributions and Donations 66,057 66,057 Miscellaneous 13,609 29,816 43,225 Total Revenues 20,947,715 1,502,045 2,531,884 24,981,644 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 88,911 26,048 1919,854 Other 9,559,194 178,338 9,737,532 39,737,532 Support Services: 9,559,194 178,338 9,737,532 Pupit 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 Instructional Staff 10,06,945 107,480 1,114,425 Board of Education 51,996 17,941 1,904,846 Fiscal 520,901 21,796 14,870 59,677 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupit Instructional Services 22,753 1,197,942 1,20,069 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 De	Interest	92,745	10,968	2,734	106,447
Charges for Services 888.211 488.211 48.225 Total Revenues 20.947.715 1.502.045 2.531.884 24.981.644 43.225 Current Instruction: Regular 9.559.194 178.338 9.737.532 64.048 1191.854 151.4781 60.211 514.781 60.211 514.781 60.211 514.781 60.211 51.996 1.114.425 59.969 1.114.425 59.969 1.151.79.41 1.904.846 51.996 1.996.847.57 60.2715 51.996	Tuition and Fees	363,230			
Contributions and Donations 66,057 66,057 Miscellaneous 13,609 29,616 43,225 Total Revenues 20,947,715 1,502,045 2,531,884 24,981,644 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 9,559,194 178,338 9,737,532 Special 1,655,806 264,048 1919,854 104,781 514,781 Other 60,211 514,781 514,781 514,781 514,781 Support Services: 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 117,805 107,480 11,14,225 Pupil 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 114,904 514,781 514,781 Oberation and Maintenance of Plant 2,071,383 13,756 2,043,139 114,904 514,119,742 120,065 52,024 203,445 62,124 203,445 62,133 11,197,942 1,220,695 52,445,878 2,245,878 2,245,878 2,246,868 2,244,668 2,244,698 2,23,633 318,231 Total Expenditures 2,2,353,353 66,509					
Miscellaneous 13.609 29.616 43.225 Total Revenues 20.947,715 1.502,045 2,531,884 24,981,644 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 9,559,194 178,338 9,737,532 Special 1.655,806 264,048 1.919,854 514,781 264,048 1.919,854 Vocational 514,781 264,048 1.919,854 502,211 502,217,21 502,213,213 502,217,213 513,753 514,781 502,573 502,242,313 502,242,328,313 514,781 51					
Total Revenues 20,947,715 1,502,045 2,531,884 24,981,644 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 9,559,194 178,338 9,737,532 Special 1,655,806 264,048 1,919,854 Vocational 514,781 60,211 60,211 Support Services: Pupil 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 Pupil 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 Administration 1,888,790 115 17,941 Fiscal 562,091 21,796 14,870 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,753 1,197,942 1,20,069 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,286,698 Debt Service: 22,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Expenditures 2,700,000 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Instruction: 9,559,194 176,338 9,737,532 Special 1,655,806 264,048 1,919,854 Vocational 514,781 514,781 514,781 Other 60,211 60,211 60,211 Support Services: 11,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 Pupil 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 Instructional Staff 1,006,945 107,480 519,996 Administration 1,886,790 115 1,7941 1,904,846 Fiscal 562,091 21,796 14,870 598,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,792 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,753 1,197,942 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 Debt Service: 120,000 120,000 120,000 Principal Retirement 120,000 120,000 <td>Miscellaneous</td> <td>13,609</td> <td></td> <td>29,616</td> <td>43,225</td>	Miscellaneous	13,609		29,616	43,225
Current: Instruction: Regular 9,559,194 178,338 9,737,532 Special 1,655,806 264,048 1.919,854 Vocational 514,781 514,781 Other 60,211 60,211 Support Services: 11,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 Instructional Staff 1,006,945 107,480 1,114,425 Board of Education 519,996 519,996 519,996 Administration 1,886,790 115 17,941 1,904,846 Fiscal 562,091 21,796 14,870 598,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,792 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,753 1,197,942 1,220,695 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,689 Debt Service: 11,017,892 2,246,688 273,633 318,231 Total Expenditures 2,2,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901<	Total Revenues	20,947,715	1,502,045	2,531,884	24,981,644
Instruction: Pregular 9,559,194 178,338 9,737,532 Special 1,655,806 264,048 1,919,854 Vocational 514,781 60,211 60,211 Support Services: 60,211 60,211 60,211 Pupil 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 Instructional Staff 1,006,945 107,480 1,114,425 Board of Education 519,96 4 519,96 Administration 1,886,790 115 17,941 1,904,846 Fiscal 562,091 21,796 14,870 598,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,792 1,20,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 2,248,698 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 120,000 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 2,245,878 38,820 2,248,698 91,743 Other Financing Sources	•				
Regular 9,559,194 178,338 9,737,532 Special 1,655,806 264,048 1,919,854 Vocational 514,781 60,211 60,211 Support Services: 60,211 60,211 60,211 Support Services: 1,006,945 107,480 1,114,425 Board of Education 51,996 51,996 51,996 Administration 1,886,790 115 17,941 1,904,846 Fiscal 562,091 21,796 14,870 598,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,742 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 Debt Service: 120,000 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845					
Special 1,655,806 264,048 1,919,854 Vocational 514,781 514,781 514,781 Other 60,211 60,211 60,211 Support Services: 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 Pupil 1,149,000 21,715 1,170,815 Instructional Staff 1,006,945 107,480 1,114,425 Board of Education 51,996 519,996 519,996 Administration 1,886,790 115 17,941 1,904,846 Fiscal 562,091 21,795 14,870 598,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,922 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,753 1,197,942 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 Debt Service: 120,000 120,000 120,000 Principal Retirement 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(=0.000</td> <td></td>				(=0.000	
Vocational Other 514,781 60,211 514,781 60,211 Support Services: Pupil 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 Instructional Staff 1,006,945 107,480 1,114,425 Board of Education 519,996 107,480 1,114,425 Administration 1,886,790 115 17,941 1,904,846 Fiscal 562,091 21,716 1,170,815 1,1996 Administration 1,886,790 115 17,941 1,904,846 Fiscal 562,091 21,796 14,870 598,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,742 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 Det Service: 120,000 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 2,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-				
Other 60,211 60,211 Support Services: 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 Pupil 1,006,945 107,480 1,114,425 Board of Education 51,996 51,996 51,996 Administration 1,886,790 115 17,941 1,904,846 Fiscal 562,091 21,796 14,870 558,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,792 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,2753 1,197,942 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 21,45,638 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,0	•			264,048	
Support Services: 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 Pupil 1,006,945 107,480 1,114,425 Board of Education 51,996 51,996 Administration 1,886,790 1115 17,941 1,904,846 Fiscal 562,091 21,796 14,870 598,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,792 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,2753 1,197,942 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 21,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change					
Pupil 1,149,100 21,715 1,170,815 Instructional Staff 1,006,945 107,480 1,114,425 Board of Education 51,996 51,996 51,996 Administration 1,886,790 115 17,941 1,904,846 Fiscal 562,091 21,796 14,870 598,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,742 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,753 1,197,942 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 Capital Outay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 Debt Service: 120,000 120,000 120,000 Principal Retirement 120,000 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 2,700,000 24,889,901 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000		00,211			00,211
Instructional Staff 1,006,945 107,480 1,114,425 Board of Education 51,996 51,996 51,996 Administration 1,886,790 115 17,941 1,904,846 Fiscal 562,091 21,796 14,870 598,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,792 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,2753 1,197,942 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 Debt Service: 120,000 120,000 120,000 Principal Retirement 120,000 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 21,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000		1 149 100		21 715	1 170 815
Board of Education 51,996 51,996 Administration 1,886,790 115 17,941 1,904,846 Fiscal 562,091 21,796 14,870 598,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,792 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,753 1,197,942 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,248,688 Debt Service: 120,000 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 44,598 273,633 318,231 Total Expenditures 22,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000	•				
Administration 1,886,790 115 17,941 1,904,846 Fiscal 562,091 21,796 14,870 598,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,792 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,753 1,197,942 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 Debt Service: 120,000 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 22,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 <				107,400	
Fiscal 562,091 21,796 14,870 598,757 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,792 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,753 1,197,942 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 22,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396			115	17.941	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant 2,017,383 31,756 2,049,139 Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,792 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,753 1,197,942 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 Debt Service: 120,000 120,000 120,000 Principal Retirement 120,000 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 22,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/De					
Pupil Transportation 1,197,741 51 1,197,792 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,753 1,197,942 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 Debt Service: 120,000 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 22,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785	Operation and Maintenance of Plant		,		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services 22,753 1,197,942 1,220,695 Extracurricular Activities 422,684 203,445 626,129 Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 Debt Service: 120,000 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 44,598 273,633 318,231 Total Expenditures 22,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785 24,785					
Capital Outlay 2,245,878 38,820 2,284,698 Debt Service: 120,000 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 22,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Total Expenditures 22,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785				1,197,942	
Debt Service: 120,000 120,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 44,598 273,633 318,231 Total Expenditures 22,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785	Extracurricular Activities	422,684		203,445	626,129
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges 120,000 120,000 120,000 318,231 Total Expenditures 22,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785	Capital Outlay	2,245,878		38,820	2,284,698
Interest and Fiscal Charges 44,598 273,633 318,231 Total Expenditures 22,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785					
Total Expenditures 22,353,353 66,509 2,470,039 24,889,901 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources Proceeds from the Sale of Bonds 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785	•			,	,
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (1,405,638) 1,435,536 61,845 91,743 Other Financing Sources Proceeds from the Sale of Bonds 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785	Interest and Fiscal Charges		44,598	273,633	318,231
Other Financing Sources 2,700,000 2,700,000 Proceeds from the Sale of Bonds 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785	Total Expenditures	22,353,353	66,509	2,470,039	24,889,901
Proceeds from the Sale of Bonds 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,405,638)	1,435,536	61,845	91,743
Proceeds from the Sale of Bonds 2,700,000 2,700,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,700,000 2,700,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785	Other Financing Sources				
Net Change in Fund Balance 1,294,362 1,435,536 61,845 2,791,743 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785		2,700,000			2,700,000
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year 183,185 (1,101,709) 938,920 20,396 Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,700,000			2,700,000
Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory 28,127 (1,342) 26,785	Net Change in Fund Balance	1,294,362	1,435,536	61,845	2,791,743
	Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year	183,185	(1,101,709)	938,920	20,396
Fund Balances at End of Year \$1,505,674 \$333,827 \$999,423 \$2,838,924	Increase/Decrease in Reserve for Inventory	28,127		(1,342)	26,785
	Fund Balances at End of Year	\$1,505,674	\$333,827	\$999,423	\$2,838,924

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Balances		\$2,791,743
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over, their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, their amounts are:		
Fixed Asset Additions	\$2,433,962 (603,835)	
Current Year Depreciation Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets	(693,835) (53,157)	
	(33,137)	1,686,970
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Receivables in Lieu of Taxes	5,000	
Grants	2,806	
Tuition and Fees	1,043	
Interest Revenues	(163)	8,686
Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balances. In the government-wide statements, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the		
statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activities.		(2,700,000)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond principal retirement		120,000
F - F		-,
In the statement of activities interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest is expensed when due.		(8,990)
Donated commodities received (\$48,932) and used (\$48,493) are not recognized in the funds.		439
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Compensated Absences	(87,307)	
Intergovernmental Payable	(14,373)	
Change in Inventory	26,785	()
Total additional expenditures		(74,895)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. The net revenue of the internal service fund is reported with		
governmental activities.		(45,375)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$1,778,578
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues: Property Taxes	\$7,856,751	\$9,383,124	\$9,383,124	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	0 004 507	11 100 100	11 100 100	
Intergovernmental Interest	8,884,537 77,455	11,129,429 91,418	11,129,429 92,066	\$648
Tuition and Fees	321,738	383,030	383,000	(30)
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	7,944	10,000	10,000	(00)
Rent	.,•	526	526	
Charges for Services Contributions and Donations				
Customer Services				
Miscellaneous	11,916	13,105	13,105	
Total Revenues	17,160,341	21,010,632	21,011,250	618
Expenditures: Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	9,453,959	9,682,183	9,680,468	1,715
Special	1,738,490	1,715,419	1,714,678	741
Vocational Other	443,814 55.271	522,134	521,737	397
Support Services:	55,271	81,742	81,742	
Pupils	1,144,699	1,136,686	1,135,601	1,085
Instructional Staff	943,605	999,331	997,780	1,551
Board of Education	56,012	64,788	63,347	1,441
Administration	1,895,300	1,918,331	1,915,685	2,646
Fiscal	526,489	547,858	545,785	2,073
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,996,669	2,129,452	2,127,990	1,462
Pupil Transportation	1,373,605	1,210,010	1,209,213	797
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	11	1,011	1,000	11
Extracurricular Activities	387,744	436,697	420,675	16,022
Capital Outlay	80,642	2,854,691	2,854,213	478
Total Expenditures	20,096,310	23,300,333	23,269,914	30,419
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(2,935,969)	(2,289,701)	(2,258,664)	31,037
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from the Sale of Bonds	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,700,000	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditure		58,828	58,828	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,700,000	2,758,828	2,758,828	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Under Expenditures				
And Other Financing Uses	(235,969)	469,127	500,164	31,037
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,274,224	1,274,224	1,274,224	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	356,219	356,219	356,219	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$1,394,474	\$2,099,570	\$2,130,607	\$31,037

STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2002

	Governmental Activities: Internal Service Fund
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and	
Cash Equivalents	\$25,221
Net Assets:	
Unrestricted	\$25,221

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Governmental Activities: Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$77,083
Operating Expenses: Claims	122,458
Change in Net Assets	(45,375)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	70,596
Net Assets End of Year	\$25,221

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Governmental Activities: Internal Service Fund
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments for Claims	\$77,083 (158,531)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(81,448)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	(81,448) <u>106,669</u> 25,221
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	(45,375)
Adjustments: Decrease in Claims Payable	(36,073)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$81,448)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$4,053	\$107,572
In Segregated Accounts	10,000	
Receivables:		
Accrued Interest	20	
Total Assets	14,073	\$107,572
Liabilities		
Due to Students		\$107,572
Net Assets		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$14,073	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Private Purpose Trust
	Scholarship
Additions	
Contributions	\$1,500
Interest	379
Total Additions	1,879
Deductions	
Other	2,025
Total Deductions	2,025
Change in Net Assets	(146)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	14,219
Net Assets End of Year	\$14,073

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Northeastern Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1916 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 135 square miles. It is located in Clark County, and includes the Villages of South Vienna and Catawba, and the Townships of Moorefield, Pleasant, and Harmony.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Northeastern Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District does not have any component units.

The School District participates in the Miami Valley Educational Computer Association (MVECA), Springfield/Clark County Joint Vocational School, and the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) which are defined as jointly governed organizations, and the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), which is defined as an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are presented in Note 15 to the basic financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Northeastern Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and to its proprietary fund, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Government-wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is also eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

General Fund

The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund

The permanent improvement capital projects fund accounts for a property tax levy to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by the private purpose trust fund.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

3. **Proprietary Fund:**

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no enterprise funds.

Internal Service Fund

The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the School District accounts for its self-insured prescription drug plan.

4. Fiduciary Fund Types:

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for a scholarship program for students. The agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency fund accounts for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity and have students involved in the management of the program. This fund typically includes student activities which consists of a student body, student president, student treasurer, and faculty advisor.

C. Measurement Focus

1. Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

1. Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, and student fees.

2. Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2002, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2003 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

3. Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. The Treasurer is authorized to further allocate appropriations to the function and object level for all funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts certificate that was in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education. Prior to fiscal year-end, the School District requested an amended certificate of estimated resources that reflects actual revenue for the fiscal year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the balance sheet. The School District utilizes a financial institution to service bonded debt as principal and interest payments come due. The balance in this account is presented on the financial statements as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents" and represents deposits. The School District has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the School District's central bank account. These interest bearing depository accounts are presented in the combined balance sheet as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the School District treasury.

During fiscal year 2002, investments were limited to certificates of deposit, which are reported at cost.

The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2002 amounted to \$92,745, which includes \$28,816 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are reported as investments.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2002, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

I. Capital Assets

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Estimated Lives
10-99 years 50-100 years 5-50 years 20 years

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the funds from which the employees will be paid.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements and all payables from the proprietary fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the governmental funds. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. General obligation bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for the self insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, inventory of supplies and materials, and property taxes.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

O. Fund Designations

Fund balance designations are established to indicate tentative planned expenditures of financial resources. The designations reflect the School district's intentions and are subject to change. Designations are reported as part of unreserved fund balance. The designations represent monies set-aside for capital acquisition, as approved by the Board.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal 2002.

R. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

3. FUND DEFICITS

The title I special revenue fund had a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2002, of \$381. The general fund is liable for deficits in this fund and will provide operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

a. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

- b. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the fund liability is incurred (GAAP).
- c. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

A Net Change in Fund Balance GAAP Basis	\$1,294,362
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	122,309
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	89,649
Unrecorded Cash	54
Prepaids	4,863
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(1,011,073)
Budget Basis	\$500,164

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive monies are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim monies must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interim monies are to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- a. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- b. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- c. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- d. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- e. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- f. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- g. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- h. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand:

At year end, the School District had \$1,869 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the School District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Deposits:

At year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$4,585,382 and the bank balance was \$5,052,319. \$111,767 of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and \$4,940,552 considered uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the School District's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The School District did not have any investments at June 30, 2002.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the basic financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments on the basic financial statements and the classification per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/ Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement 9	\$4,027,251	\$560,000
Cash on Hand	(1,869)	0
Investments:		
Certificates of Deposit	560,000	(560,000)
GASB Statement 3	\$4,585,382	\$0

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the School District. Property tax revenue received during calendar 2002 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calendar 2001 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar 2002 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for calendar 2002 taxes.

2002 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2002, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2002, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2002 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31,2001, are levied after April 1, 2002, and are collected in 2003 with real property taxes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

6. **PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)**

2002 tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1, 2002, on the value as of December 31, 2001. Collections are made in 2002. Tangible personal property assessments are twenty-five percent of true value.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

	2001 Second - Half Collections		2002 First - Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$294,898,660	82.00%	\$341,449,530	83.70%
Public Utility Personal	18,179,480	5.06	14,816,160	3.63
Tangible Personal Property	46,534,539	12.94	51,703,340	12.67
Total	\$359,612,679	100.00%	\$407,969,030	100.00%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation	\$45.64		\$45.64	

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2002 taxes were collected are:

The School District receives property taxes from Clark County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by June 30, 2002, are available to finance fiscal year 2002 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The School District voters passed a four-year permanent improvement levy in March of 2000 for collection 2001 through 2004. This levy at 4.0 mills generates approximately \$1,436,000 in property tax revenue per year.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding, and real property, personal property and public utility taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2002, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not levied to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance is recognized as revenue. At June 30, 2002, \$970,553 was available as an advance to the general fund, \$96,669 in the permanent improvement fund and \$36,306 in the non-major governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

7. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2002, consisted of property taxes, accounts (tuition and student fees), intergovernmental grants and interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full and will be received within one year. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities:

Transportation and Tuition Costs	\$12,164
Eisenhower Grant	1,182
Title VI-B	23,731
Title VI Grant	8,159
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$45,236

8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/01	Additions	Deductions	6/30/02
Governmental Activities Capital Asset, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$268,349	\$0	\$0	\$268,349
Construction in Progress	0	1,008,642	0	1,008,642
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	268,349	1,008,642	0	1,276,991
Captial Assets, being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	537,464	6,296	0	543,760
Buildings and Improvements	22,689,108	1,225,397	0	23,914,505
Furniture and Equipment	2,869,527	189,632	(189,171)	2,869,988
Vehicles	1,468,781	3,995	0	1,472,776
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation:	27,564,880	1,425,320	(189,171)	28,801,029
Land Improvements	(366,771)	(1 157)	0	(371,228)
•	,	(4,457)		
Buildings and Improvements	(10,076,204)	(412,216)	0	(10,488,420)
Furniture and Equipment	(1,359,805)	(196,122)	136,014	(1,419,913)
Vehicles	(668,743)	(81,040)	0	(749,783)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(12,471,523)	(693,835)	136,014	(13,029,344)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	15,093,357	731,485	(53,157)	15,771,685
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$15,361,706</u>	<u>\$1,740,127</u>	<u>(\$53,157)</u>	<u>\$17,048,676</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

8. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

*Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$327,227
Special	40,037
Vocational	20,342
Support Services:	
Pupil	25,583
Instructional Staff	69,309
Administration	47,461
Fiscal	3,648
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	11,526
Pupil Transportation	82,484
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	34,775
Extracurricular Activities	31,443
Total Depreciation Expense	\$693,835

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2002, the School District contracted with Nationwide, Utica, Elkins, OliviaMeece, and Wausau Insurance for property and fleet insurance, liability insurance, crime, and automobile coverage. Coverage provided by these insurance companies is as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost	\$44,777,500
Boiler and Machinery	14,029,800
Crime Insurance	10,000
Automobile Liability (\$0 deductible)	2,000,000
Uninsured Motorists (\$0 deductible)	1,000,000
General Liability Per Occurrence Total Per Year	2,000,000 5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in the past three years. There has been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Self Insurance

The School District has established a self-funded prescription drug plan. The activity of this plan is recorded in an internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this plan. The School District covers all costs associated with claims, including an administrative fee to the third party administrator. The third party administrator, Ameriscript, reviews all claims which the School District then pays.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

9. **RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

The School District pays into the prescription drug internal service fund a premium for each employee based upon single or family coverage. The claims liability of \$0 reported in the fund at June 30, 2002, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and that the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. There were no claims after the balance sheet date.

In October 2001, the School District was no longer self insured. They now provide prescription drug coverage for their employees under their new health insurance plan. Upon Board Resolution, any cash remaining in the internal service fund will be redistributed back to the funds that originally contributed the money.

Changes in the fund's claims liability for the past two years were:

	Balance at July 1	Current Year Claims	Claim Payments	Balance at June 30,
2001	\$22,215	\$421,476	\$407,618	\$36,073
2002	36,073	122,458	158,531	0

C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2002, the School District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), a workers' compensation insurance purchasing pool (Note 15). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling fund" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Integrated Comp Incorporated provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 N. Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the Northeastern Local School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to cover health care benefits; for fiscal year 2002, 5.46 percent of annual covered salary was the portion to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2001, 4.2 percent was used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS's Retirement Board. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000 were \$220,050, \$120,577, and \$123,914, respectively; 52.14 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2002 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2001 and 2000. \$105,309 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salaries. Northeastern Local School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 9.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000 were \$1,071,935, \$1,064,412, and \$572,100, respectively; 83.47 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2002 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2001 and 2000. \$177,199 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002.

11. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefits recipients pay a portion of the hearth care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the STRS board currently allocates employer contributions equal to 4.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$507,759 for fiscal year 2002.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

11. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$3.256 billion at June 30, 2001 (the latest information available). For the year ended June 30, 2001, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$300,772,000 and STRS had 102,000 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, disability, and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 8.54 percent of covered payroll, a decrease of 1.26 percent from fiscal year 2001.

In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2002, the minimum pay was established at \$12,400. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, during the 2002 fiscal year equaled \$393,555.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001 (the latest information available), were \$161,439,934 and the target level was \$242.2 million. At June 30, 2001, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$315.7 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

12. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 225 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, unused sick leave up to the maximum of 225 days. Administrators retiring in fiscal year 2002 were eligible to receive payment of 40 percent of accrued, unused sick leave up to the maximum of 225 days.

B. Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance to most employees through Medical Life Insurance. Medical/surgical is offered to employees through EPC Insurance Consortium.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

12. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

C. Special Termination Benefit

The School District offered a special termination benefit plan during fiscal year 2002. To participate in the plan, an employee must opt for this program the first time they are eligible to retire with 30 years of experience, or the first year eligible according to STRS. The special termination benefit amount is \$20,000, payable over the next three years after retirement in three equal payments beginning on June 1, 2003, and ending June 1, 2005. For the School District, the liability as of June 30, 2002 is \$256,256.

13. SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During fiscal year 2002, the School District fully redeemed their \$1,400,000 Tax Anticipation Note.

	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2001	Additions	Deductions	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2002
Permanent Improvement Fund: Tax Anticipation Note - 4.85%	\$1,400,000	\$0	\$1,400,000	\$0

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2002 were as follows:

	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2001	Additions	Deductions	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2002	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds:					
1996 Building Issue					
5.125 to 6%	\$4,935,000	\$0	\$120,000	\$4,815,000	\$135,000
Energy Conservation Bonds:					
4.6% 10 years	0	2,700,000	0	2,700,000	220,000
Compensated Absences	1,186,003	314,556	227,249	1,273,310	101,357
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$6,121,003</u>	<u>\$3.014.556</u>	\$347,249	<u>\$8,788,310</u>	\$456,357

1996 General Obligation Bonds - On March 1, 1996, Northeastern Local School District issued \$5,300,000 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of an addition and improvement to the District's buildings. The bonds were issued for a twenty-two year period with final maturity at December 1, 2018. The bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

2001 Energy Conservation Bonds - On July 12, 2001, the School District issued \$2,700,000 in Energy Conservation Bonds pursuant to House Bill 264 for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, and installing energy conservation measures. These bonds are at an interest rate of 4.6% and are payable over 10 years, starting in fiscal year 2003.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$32,522,597, with an unvoted debt margin of \$408,269, and an energy conservation debt margin of (\$2,369,302) at June 30, 2002.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation and energy conservation debt outstanding at June 30, 2002, are as follows:

Fiscal year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Totals
2003	\$355,000	\$385,122	\$740,122
2004	380,000	366,223	746,223
2005	405,000	345,963	750,963
2006	430,000	324,343	754,343
2007	460,000	301,213	761,213
2008-2012	2,805,000	1,114,435	3,919,435
2013-2017	1,865,000	495,198	2,360,198
2018-2019	815,000	45,372	860,372
Total	\$7,515,000	\$3,377,869	\$10,892,869

15. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

A. Jointly Governed Organizations

Miami Valley Educational Computer Association - The School District is a participant in the Miami Valley Educational Computer System (MVECA) which is a computer consortium. MVECA is an association of public schools within the boundaries of Clark, Clinton, Fayette, Greene and Highland Counties and Cities of Springfield, Wilmington, Washington Court House, Xenia and Hillsboro. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. The governing board of MVECA consists of five Superintendents and two Treasurers of member school districts, with four of the five Superintendents and both Treasurers elected by a majority vote of all member school districts except the Greene County Career Center. The fifth Superintendent is from the Greene County Career Center. The School District paid MVECA \$102,106 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from Norma Stuart, Director, at 330 East Enon Road, Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

15. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL (Continued)

Springfield/Clark County Joint Vocational School - The Springfield/Clark County Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the seven participating school districts' elected boards, which possess its own budgeting and taxing authority. One member is appointed from the following: Clark-Shawnee Local School District, Mad River-Green Local School District, Northeastern Local School District, Northwestern Local School District, Southeastern Local School District, Tecumseh Local School District, and the Clark County Educational Service Center. Two members are appointed from the Springfield City School District. The School District did not have any financial transactions with this organization for fiscal year 2002. To obtain financial information, write to the Springfield/Clark County Joint Vocational School, Mary Beth Kemmer, who serves as Treasurer, 1901 Selma Road, Springfield, Ohio 45505-4239.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council -The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) is a purchasing cooperative made up of nearly 100 school districts in 12 counties. The purpose of the cooperative is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC. Each member district has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the member districts by the Fiscal Agent. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC shall forfeit its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations.

Payments to SOEPC are made from the general fund. During fiscal year 2002, the School District paid \$9,323 to SOEPC. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Robert Brown, who serves as Director, at 1831 Harshman Road, Dayton, Ohio 45424.

B. Insurance Purchasing Pool

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a fourteen member committee consisting of various GRP representatives that are elected by the general assembly. Either the superintendent or treasurer from each participating school district serves on the general assembly. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

16. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by yearend or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

16. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS (Continued)

	<u>Textbooks</u>	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>	Budget <u>Stabilization</u>
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2001	\$40,200	\$0	\$72,182
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	427,666	427,666	0
Additional Money Set-aside	0	267,508	0
Current Year Offsets	0	(1,342,898)	0
Qualifying Disbursements	(597,008)	(5,691,557)	(72,182)
Totals	(\$129,142)	(\$6,339,281)	\$0
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	(\$129,142)	\$267,508	\$0

The School District set-aside additional money in excess of statutory requirements for capital acquisitions. This amount is presented on the balance sheet as a designation of fund balance rather than as a reserve, and is not included in restricted assets. The \$267,508 represents the previous balance of the budget stabilization set-aside. This is kept in a separate account and may only be expended by Board resolution for acquisition, replacement, enhancement, maintenance, and repair of permanent improvements.

17. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2002.

B. Litigation

The School District's attorney estimates that any potential claims against the District not covered by insurance resulting from all other litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the District.

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

A. School Funding

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

B. Lease/Purchase Agreement

On September 27, 2002, the School District entered into a lease/purchase agreement with Fifth/Third Bank and the National School Fitness Foundation. This lease/purchase agreement is a three year agreement at an interest rate of 3.20%. The School District makes monthly payments of \$9,098.98 over the next 3 years to Fifth/Third Bank, \$327,563.27 in total. Then, once each monthly payment is verified by the National School Fitness Foundation, they will reimburse the School District for that payment. The School District is receiving several pieces of fitness equipment for their two high schools as a result of this agreement.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor Project Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (Passed Through Ohio Department of Education)						
Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution Program	N/A	10.550		\$49,286		\$48,493
National School Lunch Program	LL-P4-01 LL-P4-02	10.555	\$13,636 91,555		\$13,636 91,555	
Total National School Lunch Program			105,191		105,191	
Total US Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster			105,191	49,286	105,191	48,493
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (Passed Through Ohio Department of Education)						
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1-01 C1-S1-02	84.010	<u>52,066</u> 52,066		7,401 52,066 59,467	
Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to State Total Special Education - Grants to State	6B-SF-01 6B-SF-02	84.027	<u>182,628</u> 182,628		47,910 <u>156,077</u> 203,987	
		04.470	,			
Education Handicapped Pre-School Grant Total Special Education Cluster	PG-S1-02	84.173	<u>15,092</u> 197,720		<u> </u>	
Safe & Drug Free Schools & Communities	DR-S1-02	84.186	14,807		13,618	
Baldridge Deployment Grant	G2-S9-01	84.276	15,000			
Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants	MS-S1-00 MS-S1-01 MS-S1-02	84.281	<u>11,177</u> 11,177		50 3,854 <u>2,896</u> 6,800	
Innovative Education Program Strategy	C2-S1-00 C2-S1-01	84.298	1,442 8,023		7,559 9,069	
Total Innovative Education Program Strategy	C2-S1-02		5,658 15,123		<u>5,658</u> 22,286	
Class Size Reduction Grant	CR-S1-02	84.340	36,227		34,541	
Total US Department of Education			342,120		355,791	
U.S. Department of Land Management (Passed Through Clark County Auditor's Office)						
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	PL97-258	15.226	6,717		6,717	
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$454,028	\$49,286	\$467,699	\$48,493

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE A -- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B -- NUTRITION CLUSTER

Nonmonetary assistance, such as food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and consumed. Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2002, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.

NOTE C -- MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain federal programs require that the District contribute non-federal funds (matching funds) to support the federally-funded programs. The expenditure of non-federal funds is not included on the Schedule.

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STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

One First National Plaza 130 West Second Street Suite 2040 Dayton, Ohio 45402 Telephone 937-285-6677 800-443-9274 Facsimile 937-285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Northeastern Local School District Clark County 1414 Bowman Road Springfield, Ohio 45502

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the Northeastern Local School District, Clark County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated January 10, 2003.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated January 10, 2003. Northeastern Local School District Clark County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

January 10, 2003



STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

One First National Plaza 130 West Second Street Suite 2040 Dayton, Ohio 45402 Telephone 937-285-6677 800-443-9274 Facsimile 937-285-6688 www.auditor.state.oh.us

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Northeastern Local School District Clark County 1414 Bowman Road Springfield, Ohio 45502

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Northeastern Local School District, Clark County, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2002. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2002.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Northeastern Local School District Clark County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Major Federal Programs and Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

January 10, 2003

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 §.505 JUNE 30, 2002

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster – CFDA #'s 84.027, 84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

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NORTHEASTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

CLARK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 20, 2003