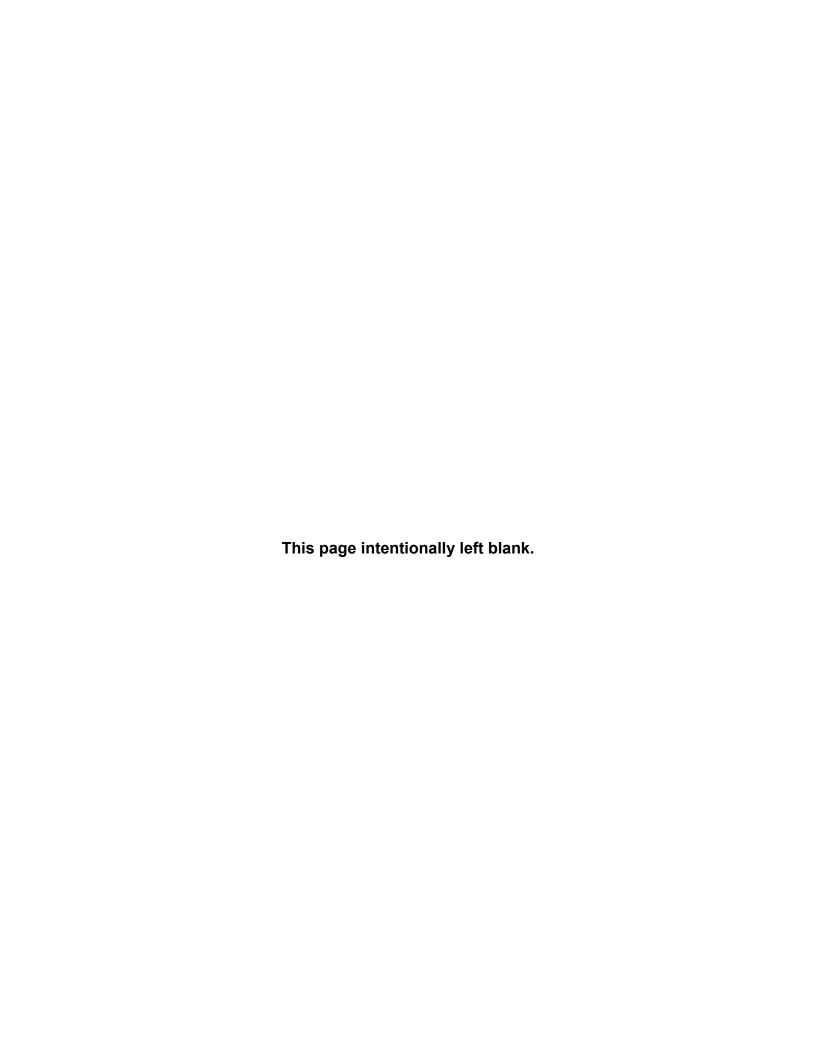




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SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

Federal Grantor/	Pass Through	Federal	
Pass Through Grantor	Entity	CFDA	
Program Title	Number	Number	Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Passed Through Ohio Department of Criminal Justice Services			
Drug Control and Systems Improvement-Formula Grant	01-DG-A01-7353	16.579	\$547,277
Total U.S. Department of Justice			547,277
Total			\$547,277

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES DECEMBER 31, 2002

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Expenditures (the Schedule) is a summary of the activity of the City's federal awards programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require that the City contribute non-federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The City has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-Federal matching funds is not included on the Schedule.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Blue Ash Hamilton County 4343 Cooper Road Blue Ash, Ohio 45242

To the City Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Blue Ash, Hamilton County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated August 22, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted a certain immaterial instance of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated August 22, 2003.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted a matter involving the internal control over financial reporting that does not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated August 22, 2003.

City of Blue Ash Hamilton County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of the management, City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

August 22, 2003

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

City of Blue Ash Hamilton County 4343 Cooper Road Blue Ash, Ohio 45242

To the City Council:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Blue Ash, Hamilton County, Ohio (the City), with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2002. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2002.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

City of Blue Ash
Hamilton County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control
Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Schedule of Federal Award Expenditures

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Blue Ash, Hamilton County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated August 22, 2003. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended for the information and use of the management, City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

August 22, 2003

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 DECEMBER 31, 2002

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Byrne Formula Grant Program (Drug Control & System Improvement) - CFDA #16.579
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A > \$300,000
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3	FINDINGS	FOR	FEDERAL	AWARDS	
٠.	LIMPINGS	FUR	FEDERAL	AWARDO	

None

Hamilton County, Ohio



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

THE CITY OF BLUE ASH, OHIO

HAMILTON COUNTY

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

Prepared by:
Department of Finance
Sherry L. Poppe, CPA



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Introductory Section





CITY OF BLUE ASH

4343 Cooper Road • Blue Ash, Ohio 45242 Marvin D. Thompson, City Manager

phone (513) 745-8513

fax (513)-745-8594

August 22, 2003

To The Council and The Citizens of the City of Blue Ash, Ohio:

Submitted for your review is the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Blue Ash, (the City) for the year ended December 31, 2002. While there is no legal requirement for the preparation of this report, it represents a commitment by the City of Blue Ash to conform to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operation of the City; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activity have been presented.

This CAFR was prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles established by statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative pronouncements, and incorporates the new reporting model as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

This letter should be read in conjunction with the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that can be found immediately following the Independent Accountants' Report.

This report is comprised of three major sections:

- 1. <u>The Introductory Section</u> includes this Letter of Transmittal that addresses the organization, accomplishments and operational structure of the City, a list of the Principal City Officials, and an Organizational Chart;
- 2. <u>The Financial Section</u> contains the Independent Accountants' Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements and Notes to the Basic Financial Statements;
- 3. <u>The Statistical Section</u> presents social, economic, and historical data, which can be used to identify financial trends, and data relative to the fiscal capacity of the City.

THE CITY OF BLUE ASH

The City of Blue Ash is a vibrant Ohio community located twelve miles northeast of Cincinnati. Its 7.7 square mile area serves an estimated residential population of 12,513 (2000 Census) and an estimated daytime population of 75,000. In 2002, approximately 2,190 businesses and organizations were located in Blue Ash. Blue Ash is a balanced community with approximately 35% of the area designated for residential use; approximately 35% for industrial and commercial use; and the remaining 30% used for municipal, educational, and agricultural purposes. Blue Ash was settled in 1791, incorporated as a village in 1955 and became a City in 1961. Blue Ash is a home-rule City with a Council/Manager form of government. The City's responsibilities and structure are outlined in the City Charter, which was adopted by residents in 1961 and was last amended in 1989.

The legislative body of Blue Ash consists of a seven-member Council, five of whom are elected by Ward, and two of whom are elected At-Large. Council chooses the Mayor and Vice Mayor among its members. All seven members are elected on a partisan basis for two-year terms, with the terms of current Council members expiring November 30, 2003.

The City Council appoints a City Manager, a Solicitor, and a Clerk of Council. The City Manager is responsible for appointing the Treasurer and an administrative staff. The City provides the following municipal services: police and fire emergency services, street construction and maintenance, planning and zoning services, pool and recreational facilities, championship golf course and a 37 acre sports complex.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Local Economy

Blue Ash is fortunate to have a diverse business base, with no dominant single industry. With that strong and diverse business base and the City's relatively low earnings tax rate of 1%, the City continues to be a major economic factor in the Greater Cincinnati region. The City's estimated daytime population is 75,000, representing the workforce of approximately 2,190 businesses and organizations.

Blue Ash continues to maintain strong local and national business leaders as a part of its corporate citizenry, including nationally and internationally recognized companies such as Procter & Gamble, Johnson & Johnson's Ethicon Endo-Surgery, Sara Lee Foods, Sears, Lighting Systems, Inc., Time Warner, and Fidelity Investments. In addition, several of the City's larger employers have corporate headquarters in Blue Ash, such as Ethicon, Sara Lee, and Lighting Systems, Inc. Blue Ash's largest employer is Procter & Gamble, which, in addition to its Sharon Woods Technical Center, continues to operate several offices and building sites throughout Blue Ash. Ethicon Endo-Surgery, the City's second largest employer, also has multiple Blue Ash office locations.

Blue Ash's economic development success continues to be a major factor in promoting the interests of the Sycamore and Princeton School Districts, highlighting the City's policy to not offer any form of tax abatement. The Blue Ash Council and Administration believe that in the long run, this pro-education position will contribute towards a better community, stronger school districts, and a sound relationship with its corporate citizens.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Capital Improvements

- A highlight for the City in 2002 was the relocation of the City's Service Department to a 3.75 acre, 60,000 square foot facility located at 6131 Interstate Circle. This new facility provides ample office and storage space, a 6100 square foot mechanics bay, a large truck wash (enough capacity for emergency vehicles), automated fuel management system and a warehouse area to house all service vehicles. Negotiations for an adjacent parcel began in 2002 for a future site of additional facilities and construction of a new salt dome.
- The City's largest current capital improvement project involves the construction of a new fire station at 10647 Kenwood Road, the former location of the Service Department. This new station will provide approximately 36,000 square feet of state-of-the-art facilities for the City's fire and rescue department. The basement will include an emergency operations center to provide an equipped command area to manage unforeseen emergencies. Estimated completion is early fall 2003.
- Plainfield Road Phase I improvements were essentially complete in 2002. Planning continued in 2002 for Phase II of the improvements. This project will widen Plainfield Road from Locust Lane to Cooper Road and significantly improve the intersection of Plainfield Road and Cooper Road. Estimated completion in late 2003.
- In 2002, the City continued it's major commitment to address storm drainage issues within several areas throughout Blue Ash.

For The Future

- In late 2002, Council authorized the purchase of approximately 8.5 acres of vacant property at 4420 Cooper Road across from the City's Recreation Center. The City's Administration believes this property may be appropriate for future recreational purposes.
- I-275/Reed Hartman improvements In 2002, the State began construction on the long-awaited improvements at this major intersection. In addition to the improvements underway at the interchange and nearby stretches of I-275, the City plans to expand on this road improvement. The City's improvements will provide six lanes on Reed Hartman Highway south of where the State's improvements began. Estimated completion dates are late 2003 for the State's portion and late in 2004 for the City's portion.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal and Budgetary Controls

It is the belief of the administrative and financial management personnel that the City's financial controls adequately safeguard existing assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary control is maintained within the personal services, operating expense, contractual services, and capital outlay categories within each department through the encumbering of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of formal purchase orders to vendors. Purchase order requisitions, which would result in an overrun above appropriated balances, are not approved until additional appropriations are made available via amendments to the annual appropriations ordinance. Open encumbrances as of December 31, 2002 are reported as reservations of fund balances within this report.

Risk Management

In May of 1992, as a result of a public bid and a thorough review of all proposals, the administration recommended to Council that the City join a local joint self-insurance pool in lieu of reliance upon conventional insurance. Effective July 1, 1992, the City of Blue Ash became the eleventh member of the Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA), headquartered in Kettering, Ohio. This pool currently has 17 members.

Cash Management

The investment program for interim funds of the City of Blue Ash conforms to the requirements of Chapter 135 of the Ohio Revised Code (The Uniform Depository Act). Although Blue Ash as a Charter City could establish its own investment policies, management has determined that the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code provide a safe, conservative framework for investment of the City's funds. Authorized investments are described in detail in Note 5 of the notes to the basic financial statements included within the financial section of this comprehensive annual financial report.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The Auditor of the State of Ohio audited the basic financial statements of the City of Blue Ash. The independent auditor's unqualified opinion has been included in this report.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Blue Ash, Ohio for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government finance reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Blue Ash has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last fifteen consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1987-2001). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Sincere appreciation is extended to the many individuals who have worked diligently and contributed much time and effort in making this report possible.

Finally, special thanks to the members of City Council and the City Administration whose support is necessary for the City of Blue Ash to conform to reporting requirements established for municipal governments and to maintain the sound financial position that the City has enjoyed for many years.

Respectfully submitted,

Marvin D. Thompson James S. Pfeffer Marvin D. Thompson

City Manager

Treasurer/Administrative

Services Director

Sherry L

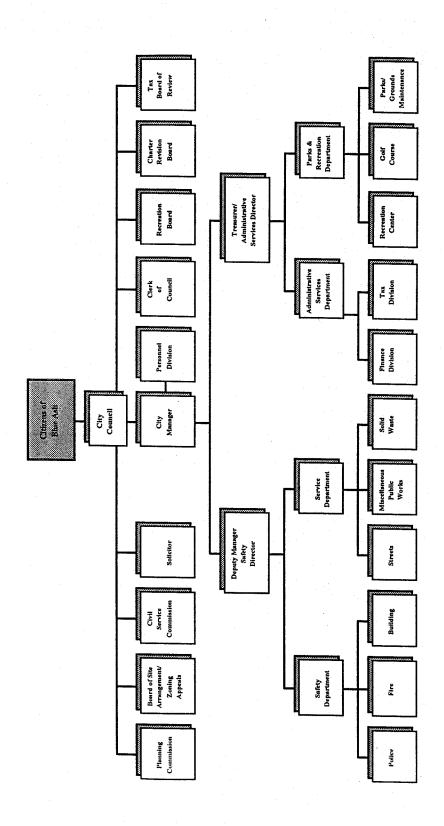
Finance Officer/

Deputy Treasurer

List of Principal Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

OFFICE HELD	NAME OF OFFICIAL
Administration:	
City Manager	Marvin D. Thompson
Deputy Manager/Safety Director	Bruce E. Henry
Treasurer/Administrative Services Director	James S. Pfeffer
Parks and Recreation Director	Charles D. Funk
Service Director	Dennis E. Albrinck
Tax and Finance:	
Tax Officer	Sharry K. Long
Finance Officer/Deputy Treasurer	Sherry L. Poppe
Timanee Officer/Deputy Treasurer	Sherry E. Toppe
Personnel:	
Personnel Officer	Julia E. Prickett
Public Safety:	
Community Development Director	Lois A. McKnight
Fire Chief	James W. Fehr
Police Chief	Chris Wallace
Parks and Recreation:	
Golf Superintendent	Daniel J. Walter
Parks and Grounds Superintendent	Rodney Clark
Golf Pro	William F. Mayer
Recreation/Sports Superintendent	Kathy Swensen
Service:	
Service Supervisor	Dennis Cunningham
Service Coordinator	Michael Melampy
City Coursells	
City Council:	Diale Derron
Mayor, Ward 3	Rick Bryan
Vice Mayor, Ward 4	Robert Buckman, Jr.
Ward 1	James W. Sumner
Ward 2	Stephanie Stoller
Ward 5	Mark F. Weber
At Large	Raymond L. MacNab Vacant
At Large	v acam
Solicitor	Mark A. Vander Laan
Clerk of Council	Susan K. Bennett

City Organizational Chart For the Year Ended December 31, 2002



Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

> Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

> > Presented to

City of Blue Ash, Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2001

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



President

Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

City of Blue Ash Hamilton County 4343 Cooper Road Blue Ash, Ohio 45242

To the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Blue Ash, Hamilton County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2002, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2002, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Street Construction Maintenance and Repair Fund, and Park and Recreation Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, during the year ended December 31, 2002, the City implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 22, 2003 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

City of Blue Ash Hamilton County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to form opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory, the combining and individual non-major fund statements and schedules and statistical section are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the combining and individual non-major fund statements and schedules to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

August 22, 2003

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the City of Blue Ash's financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2002 are as follows:

- □ In total, net assets decreased \$3,526,480. Net assets of governmental activities decreased \$3,390,614, which represents an 8% decrease from 2001. Net assets of business-type activities declined \$135,866 from 2001.
- □ General revenues accounted for \$22,329,571 in revenue or 83% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,502,842 or 17% of total revenues of \$26,832,413.
- □ The City had \$29,075,544 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$3,488,402 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$22,196,528 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- □ Among major funds, the general fund had \$21,687,396 in revenues and \$26,880,003 in expenditures. The general fund's fund balance declined \$5,192,607 to \$5,598,207.
- □ Net assets for enterprise funds declined slightly. This decline resulted from operating expenses of \$1,265,601 exceeding operating revenues of \$996,689.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

These statements are as follows:

- 1. <u>The Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- 2. <u>The Fund Financial Statements</u> These statements focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

Unaudited

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net assets and how they have changed. Net-assets (the difference between the City's assets and liabilities) is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as the City's tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into two categories:

- <u>Governmental Activities</u> Most of the City's program's and services are reported here including security of persons and property, public health and welfare services, leisure time activities, community environment, transportation and general government.
- <u>Business-Type Activities</u> These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The City's golf course is reported as a business activity.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

Unaudited

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

This is the first year for government-wide financial statements using the full accrual basis of accounting, therefore a comparison with prior year's information is not available. A comparative analysis will be provided in future years when prior year's information is available.

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
	2002	2002	2002
Current and other assets	\$19,819,745	\$45,332	\$19,865,077
Capital assets, Net	45,854,530	2,825,114	48,679,644
Total assets	65,674,275	2,870,446	68,544,721
Long-term debt outstanding	11,921,955	34,945	11,956,900
Other liabilities	14,703,103	36,392	14,739,495
Total liabilities	26,625,058	71,337	26,696,395
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets,			
net of related debt	45,844,856	2,825,114	48,669,970
Restricted	1,830,218	0	1,830,218
Unrestricted	(8,625,857)	(26,005)	(8,651,862)
Total net assets	\$39,049,217	\$2,799,109	\$41,848,326

Unaudited

Changes in Net Assets – The following table shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year 2002:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
	2002	2002	2002
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,488,163	\$1,014,440	\$2,502,603
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,012,192	0	1,012,192
Capital Grants and Contributions	988,047	0	988,047
General revenues:			
Income Taxes	16,636,788	0	16,636,788
Property Taxes	2,134,376	0	2,134,376
Other Local Taxes	682,029	0	682,029
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted			
to Specific Programs	2,368,203	0	2,368,203
Investment Earnings	277,000	0	277,000
Miscellaneous	445,767	0	445,767
Transfers	(145,384)	145,384	0
Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets	(202,251)	(12,341)	(214,592)
Total revenues	25,684,930	1,147,483	26,832,413
Program Expenses			
Security of Persons and Property	9,409,353	0	9,409,353
Leisure Time Activities	5,085,560	0	5,085,560
Community Development	698,927	0	698,927
Basic Utility Services	3,771,878	0	3,771,878
Transportation	3,721,127	0	3,721,127
General Government	5,519,943	0	5,519,943
Debt Service:			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	868,756	0	868,756
Golf Course	0	1,283,349	1,283,349
Total expenses	29,075,544	1,283,349	30,358,893
Total Change in Net Assets	(3,390,614)	(135,866)	(3,526,480)
Beginning Net Assets	42,439,831	2,934,975	45,374,806
Ending Net Assets	\$39,049,217	\$2,799,109	\$41,848,326

Unaudited

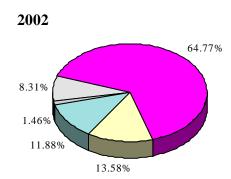
Governmental Activities

Net assets of the City's governmental activities decreased by \$3,390,614. This was due to a combination of factors including an unusually large income tax refund due to a business filing error and a decline in the economy as a whole.

The City also receives an income tax, which is based on 1.00% of all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned from businesses and residents living within the City.

Property taxes and income taxes made up 8.31% and 64.77% respectively of revenues for governmental activities for the City in fiscal year 2002. The City's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the following graph indicating 73.08% of total revenues from general tax revenues:

Revenue Sources	2002	Percent of Total
Property Taxes	\$2,134,376	8.31%
Income Taxes	16,636,788	64.77%
Program Revenues	3,488,402	13.58%
Shared Revenues	3,050,232	11.88%
General Other	375,132	1.46%
Total Revenue	\$25,684,930	100.00%



Business-Type Activities

Net assets of the business-type activities decreased by \$135,866. This decrease was the result of an increase in capital expenditures from 2001 to 2002.

Unaudited

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,359,787, which is a decrease from last year's balance of \$13,661,106. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance by fund type as of December 31, 2002 and 2001:

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	December 31, 2002	December 31, 2001	(Decrease)
General	\$5,598,207	\$10,790,814	(\$5,192,607)
Street Construction,			
Maintenance and Repair	448,901	620,360	(171,459)
Park and Recreation	271,894	178,340	93,554
Debt Service	48,216	103,123	(54,907)
Fire House Construction			
Capital Projects	(1,111,276)	927,392	(2,038,668)
Service Garage Construction			
Capital Projects	(3,629,407)	(1,112,173) $(2,517)$	
Other Governmental	733,252	2,153,250	(1,419,998)
Total	\$2,359,787	\$13,661,106 (\$11,301	

General Fund – The City's General Fund balance decrease is due to many factors. The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund:

	2002	2001	Increase
	Revenues	Revenues	(Decrease)
Property Taxes	\$2,058,148	\$2,107,022	(\$48,874)
Municipal Income Tax	16,532,390	19,509,547	(2,977,157)
Other Local Taxes	682,029	619,409	62,620
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,655,017	1,790,871	(135,854)
Charges for Services	142,240	209,334	(67,094)
Licenses and Permits	252,972	234,753	18,219
Investment Earnings	158,851	429,303	(270,452)
Fines and Forfeitures	205,339	229,325	(23,986)
All Other Revenue	390	1,236	(846)
Total	\$21,687,376	\$25,130,800	(\$3,443,424)

General Fund revenues in 2002 decreased approximately 13.7% compared to revenues in fiscal year 2001. The most significant factor contributing to this decrease was a decline in the economy effecting income tax revenue and the corresponding decrease in the rate of return on investments. Additionally, tax revenue decreased by 13.3% in 2002.

Unaudited

	2002 Expenditures	2001 Expenditures	Increase (Decrease)
Security of Persons and Property	\$8,562,545	\$7,889,570	\$672,975
Community Development	690,755	737,395	(46,640)
Basic Utility Services	3,714,209	3,053,246	660,963
General Government	4,350,054	4,956,057	(606,003)
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	2,715	2,497	218
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,101	1,319	(218)
Total	\$17,321,379	\$16,640,084	\$681,295

General Fund expenditures increased by \$681,295 over the prior year mostly due to increases in salary and wages, retirement contributions, and health insurance premiums for the City's employees and additional staffing needs of the City.

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2002 the City amended its General Fund budget several times, none significant.

For the General Fund, final budget basis revenue of \$23,733,578 did not significantly change over the original budget estimates of \$25,159,693. The General Fund had an adequate fund balance to cover expenditures.

Unaudited

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2002 the City had \$48,679,644 net of accumulated depreciation invested in land, buildings, infrastructure, equipment and vehicles. Of this total, \$45,854,530 was related to governmental activities and \$2,825,114 to the business-type activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2002 and 2001 balances:

_	Governı Activ	Increase (Decrease)	
	2002	2001	
Land and Land Improvements	\$12,096,397	\$12,078,397	\$18,000
Buildings	15,471,777	15,390,272	81,505
Improvements Other than Buildings	5,871,816	5,938,033	(66,217)
Infrastructure	17,368,466	16,980,139	388,327
Manchinery and Equipment	11,277,399	10,345,873	931,526
Construction In Progress	5,068,475	424,348	4,644,127
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(21,299,800)	(20,063,813)	(1,235,987)
Totals	\$45,854,530	\$41,093,249	\$4,761,281

	Business Activi	Increase (Decrease)	
	2002	2001	
Land	\$1,124,764	\$1,124,764	\$0
Buildings	1,190,908	1,193,044	(2,136)
Improvements Other than Buildings	1,940,715	1,905,980	34,735
Machinery and Equipment	1,086,807 1,060,751		26,056
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	$(2,518,080) \qquad (2,327,957)$		(190,123)
Totals	\$2,825,114	\$2,956,582	(\$131,468)

The primary increases occurred in machinery and equipment and construction in progress. The increase in construction in progress during 2002 resulted from work on the service garage and firehouse facilities.

As of December 31, 2002, the City has contractual commitments of \$5,450,400 for the construction of a firehouse and service garage, and improvements to the Glendale/Milford turn lane. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 10.

Unaudited

Debt

At December 31, 2002, the City had \$10,795,000 million in bonds outstanding, \$2,035,000 due within one year. The following table summarizes the City's debt outstanding as of December 31, 2002 and 2001:

	2002	2001
Governmental Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$10,795,000	\$12,830,000
Compensated Absences	1,117,281	967,600
Capital Leases Payable	9,674	12,389
Total Governmental Activities	11,921,955	13,809,989

Under current state statutes, the City's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 10.5% of the total assessed value of real and personal property. At December 31, 2002, the City's outstanding debt was below the legal limit. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 13.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The City has accepted two major grants to finance the Reed Hartman Highway improvements. The City was awarded a \$1,000,000 grant from the Ohio Public Works Commission and a \$100,000 grant from Hamilton County to assist it in completing the highway improvements. The City's budget for 2003 is very conservative. In an effort to control spending, City Council adopted a budget that held expenditure appropriations at fiscal year 2002 levels, with only a few adjustments for inflation.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Sherry Poppe, Finance Officer of the City of Blue Ash.



Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2002

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	12,084,071	\$	32,283	\$ 12,116,354
Receivables:					
Taxes		5,074,337		0	5,074,337
Accounts		50,025		16	50,041
Intergovernmental		2,441,841		748	2,442,589
Interest		13,969		0	13,969
Special Assessments		5,190		0	5,190
Inventory of Supplies at Cost		52,550		11,668	64,218
Prepaid Items		97,762		617	98,379
Capital Assets, Net		45,854,530		2,825,114	 48,679,644
Total Assets		65,674,275		2,870,446	68,544,721
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable		1,938,006		2,928	1,940,934
Accrued Wages and Benefits		816,966		33,070	850,036
Intergovernmental Payable		17,676		394	18,070
Deferred Revenue		2,327,090		0	2,327,090
Accrued Interest Payable		103,365		0	103,365
General Obligation Notes Payable		9,500,000		0	9,500,000
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Due Within One Year		2,037,955		0	2,037,955
Due in More Than One Year		9,884,000		34,945	 9,918,945
Total Liabilities		26,625,058		71,337	26,696,395
Net Assets:					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		45,844,856		2,825,114	48,669,970
Restricted For:					
Other Purposes		1,830,218		0	1,830,218
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(8,625,857)		(26,005)	(8,651,862)
Total Net Assets	\$	39,049,217	\$	2,799,109	\$ 41,848,326

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

			Program Revenues							
Governmental Activities:	Expenses		Charges for Services and Sales				Operating Grants and Contributions		•	al Grants and ntributions
Current:										
Security of Persons and Property	\$	9,409,353	\$	407,291	\$	1,012,192	\$	0		
Leisure Time Activities		5,085,560		680,730		0		0		
Community Development		698,927		179,487		0		0		
Basic Utility Services		3,771,878		0		0		0		
Transportation		3,721,127		12,189		0		988,047		
General Government		5,519,943		208,466		0		0		
Debt Service:										
Interest and Fiscal Charges		868,756		0		0		0		
Total Governmental Activities		29,075,544		1,488,163		1,012,192		988,047		
Business-Type Activities:										
Golf Course		1,283,349		1,014,440		0		0		
Total Business-Type Activities		1,283,349		1,014,440		0		0		
Totals	\$	30,358,893	\$	2,502,603	\$	1,012,192	\$	988,047		

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Debt Service

Municipal Income Taxes

Other Local Taxes

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets Beginning of Year

Net Assets End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue
and Changes in Net Assets

<u> </u>	Sovernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total
\$	(7,989,870)	\$ 0	\$	(7,989,870)
_	(4,404,830)	0	7	(4,404,830)
	(519,440)	0		(519,440)
	(3,771,878)	0		(3,771,878)
	(2,720,891)	0		(2,720,891)
	(5,311,477)	0		(5,311,477)
	(868,756)	0		(868,756)
	(25,587,142)	0		(25,587,142)
_	0	(268,909)		(268,909)
	0	(268,909)		(268,909)
	(25,587,142)	(268,909)		(25,856,051)
	2,058,148	0		2,058,148
	76,228	0		76,228
	16,636,788	0		16,636,788
	682,029	0		682,029
	2,368,203	0		2,368,203
	277,000	0		277,000
	445,767	0		445,767
	(145,384)	145,384		0
	(202,251)	(12,341)		(214,592)
	22,196,528	133,043		22,329,571
	(3,390,614)	(135,866)		(3,526,480)
	42,439,831	2,934,975		45,374,806
\$	39,049,217	\$ 2,799,109	\$	41,848,326

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2002

		General	Street onstruction, ntenance and Repair	1	Park and Recreation	Obli	General gation Bond etirement
Assets:	-	General	 Терин	Recreation		Remement	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,203,884	\$ 1,362,445	\$	416,313	\$	48,216
Taxes		4,991,411	0	·	0		82,926
Accounts		42,865	0		0		0
Intergovernmental		684,844	194,963		442		3,300
Interest		6,224	810		0		0
Special Assessments		0	0		0		0
Due from Other Funds		461	0		0		0
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost		17,650	25,264		9,636		0
Prepaid Items		29,393	602		50,632		0
Total Assets	\$	9,976,732	\$ 1,584,084	\$	477,023	\$	134,442
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable		276,210	960,762		108,678		0
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		659,100	44,530		95,609		0
Intergovernmental Payable		16,590	143		842		0
Due to Other Funds		0	0		0		0
Deferred Revenue		3,426,625	129,748		0		86,226
Accrued Interest Payable		0	0		0		0
General Obligation Notes Payable		0	 0		0		0
Total Liabilities		4,378,525	 1,135,183		205,129		86,226
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for Encumbrances		463,586	401,803		315,277		4,996
Reserved for Prepaid Items		29,393	602		50,632		0
Reserved for Supplies Inventory		17,650	25,264		9,636		0
Reserved for Debt Service		0	0		0		43,220
Undesignated/Unreserved		5,087,578	21,232		(103,651)		0
Total Fund Balances		5,598,207	 448,901		271,894		48,216
Total Liabilities and Funds Balances	\$	9,976,732	\$ 1,584,084	\$	477,023	\$	134,442

C	Firehouse Construction Capital Projects		Service Garage Construction Capital Projects		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
\$	3,688,748	\$	1,504,377	\$	860,088	\$	12,084,071	
Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	5,074,337	
	0		0		7,160		50,025	
	0		0		1,558,292		2,441,841	
	4,596		1,876		463		13,969	
	0		0		5,190		5,190	
	0		0		0		461	
	0		0		0		52,550	
	0		0		17,135		97,762	
\$	3,693,344	\$	1,506,253	\$	2,448,328	\$	19,820,206	
	394,898		24,392		173,066		1,938,006	
	0		0		17,727		816,966	
	0		0		101		17,676	
	0		0		461		461	
	0		0		1,523,721		5,166,320	
	9,722		11,268		0		20,990	
	4,400,000		5,100,000		0		9,500,000	
	4,804,620		5,135,660		1,715,076		17,460,419	
	2,893,196		1,329,458		154,810		5,563,126	
	0		0		17,135		97,762	
	0		0		0		52,550	
	0		0		0		43,220	
	(4,004,472)		(4,958,865)		561,307		(3,396,871)	
	(1,111,276)		(3,629,407)		733,252		2,359,787	
\$	3,693,344	\$	1,506,253	\$	2,448,328	\$	19,820,206	

Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balances To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities December 31, 2002

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 2,359,787
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	45,854,530
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	2,839,230
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, pension fund payables and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(12,004,330)
Net Assets of Governmental Funds	\$ 39,049,217



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	General	Street onstruction, intenance and Repair	Park and Recreation	Obli	General gation Bond etirement
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$ 2,058,148	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	76,228
Municipal Income Tax	16,532,390	0	0		0
Other Local Taxes	682,029	0	0		0
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,655,017	438,377	0		8,163
Charges for Services	142,240	11,839	680,730		0
Licenses and Permits	252,972	350	0		0
Investment Earnings	158,851	4,541	68		29
Fines and Forfeitures	205,339	0	0		0
All Other Revenue	390	896	 2,908		0
Total Revenue	21,687,376	456,003	683,706		84,420
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	8,562,545	0	0		0
Leisure Time Activities	0	0	4,115,009		0
Community Development	690,755	0	0		0
Basic Utility Services	3,714,209	0	0		0
Transportation	0	3,644,049	0		0
General Government	4,350,054	0	0		0
Capital Outlay	0	0	0		0
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	2,715	0	0		2,035,000
Interest & Fiscal Charges	 1,101	0	0		629,665
Total Expenditures	17,321,379	3,644,049	4,115,009		2,664,665
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		•			
Over Expenditures	4,365,997	(3,188,046)	(3,431,303)		(2,580,245)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from the Sale of Fixed Assets	20	0	0		0
Operating Transfers In	0	3,055,992	3,523,156		2,671,426
Operating Transfers Out	(9,556,510)	0	0		(146,088)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,556,490)	3,055,992	3,523,156		2,525,338
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,190,493)	(132,054)	91,853		(54,907)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	10,790,814	620,360	178,340		103,123
Increase (Decrease) in Inventory Reserve	 (2,114)	(39,405)	1,701		0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 5,598,207	\$ 448,901	\$ 271,894	\$	48,216

Firehouse Construction Capital Projects	Service Garage Construction Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,134,376
0	0	0	16,532,390
0	0	0	682,029
0	0	1,033,236	3,134,793
0	0	0	834,809
0	0	300	253,622
53,192	42,517	20,591	279,789
0	0	376,828	582,167
0	0	259,138	263,332
53,192	42,517	1,690,093	24,697,307
0	0	680,828	9,243,373
0	0	0	4,115,009
0	0	0	690,755
0	0	0	3,714,209
0	0	130,955	3,775,004
0	0	0	4,350,054
2,082,138	2,551,439	2,458,860	7,092,437
0	0	0	2,037,715
9,722	154,400	0	794,888
2,091,860	2,705,839	3,270,643	35,813,444
(2,038,668)	(2,663,322)	(1,580,550)	(11,116,137)
0	0	0	20
0	146,088	433,052	9,829,714
0	0	(272,500)	(9,975,098)
0	146,088	160,552	(145,364)
(2,038,668)	(2,517,234)	(1,419,998)	(11,261,501)
927,392	(1,112,173)	2,153,250	13,661,106
0	0	0	(39,818)
\$ (1,111,276)	\$ (3,629,407)	\$ 733,252	\$ 2,359,787

Reconciliation Of The Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Of Governmental Funds To The Statement Of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (11,261,501)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	4,963,552
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss	
on the disposal of fixed assets net of proceeds received.	(202,271)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	1,335,258
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	2,037,715
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(73,868)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as intergovernmental payables which represent contractually required pension contributions, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the	(180 400)
governmental funds. Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (3,390,614)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,994,150	\$ 1,994,150	\$ 2,058,148	\$ 63,998
Municipal Income Tax	20,180,000	18,930,000	16,518,921	(2,411,079)
Other Local Taxes	625,000	625,000	654,931	29,931
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,542,543	1,506,428	1,536,257	29,829
Charges for Services	121,100	121,100	141,706	20,606
Licenses and Permits	182,100	182,100	247,198	65,098
Investment Earnings	300,000	160,000	171,292	11,292
Fines and Forfeitures	212,800	212,800	205,339	(7,461)
All Other Revenues	2,000	2,000	1,032	(968)
Total Revenues	25,159,693	23,733,578	21,534,824	(2,198,754)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	9,047,786	9,077,733	8,670,056	407,677
Community Development	739,433	768,824	741,362	27,462
Basic Utility Services	4,632,348	4,539,109	4,200,135	338,974
General Government	8,700,515	8,393,339	4,551,356	3,841,983
Total Expenditures	23,120,082	22,779,005	18,162,909	4,616,096
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,039,611	954,573	3,371,915	2,417,342
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from the Sale of Fixed Assets	0	0	20	20
Operating Transfers Out	(11,690,144)	(10,583,684)	(9,556,510)	1,027,174
Advances In	175,000	175,000	150,000	(25,000)
Advances Out	(175,000)	(175,000)	(150,000)	25,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(11,690,144)	(10,583,684)	(9,556,490)	1,027,194
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(9,650,533)	(9,629,111)	(6,184,575)	3,444,536
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	7,788,505	7,788,505	7,788,505	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	1,862,026	1,862,026	1,862,026	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ (2)	\$ 21,420	\$ 3,465,956	\$ 3,444,536

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Special Revenue Fund – Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 395,000	\$ 395,000	\$ 427,992	\$ 32,992
Charges for Services	6,000	6,000	11,839	5,839
Licenses and Permits	500	500	350	(150)
Investment Earnings	4,000	4,000	4,240	240
All Other Revenues	600	600	896	296
Total Revenues	406,100	406,100	445,317	39,217
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Transportation	4,853,567	4,627,601	4,223,136	404,465
Total Expenditures	4,853,567	4,627,601	4,223,136	404,465
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,447,467)	(4,221,501)	(3,777,819)	443,682
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating Transfers In	3,725,640	3,514,288	3,055,992	(458,296)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	3,725,640	3,514,288	3,055,992	(458,296)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(721,827)	(707,213)	(721,827)	(14,614)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	0	0	0	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	721,827	721,827	721,827	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 0	\$ 14,614	\$ 0	\$ (14,614)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Special Revenue Fund – Parks and Recreation Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 652,101	\$ 652,100	\$ 680,730	\$ 28,630
All Other Revenues	5,700	5,700	2,908	(2,792)
Total Revenues	657,801	657,800	683,638	25,838
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Leisure Time Activities	5,478,353	4,847,668	4,449,614	398,054
Total Expenditures	5,478,353	4,847,668	4,449,614	398,054
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,820,552)	(4,189,868)	(3,765,976)	423,892
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating Transfers In	4,577,733	3,954,573	3,523,156	(431,417)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	4,577,733	3,954,573	3,523,156	(431,417)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(242,819)	(235,295)	(242,820)	(7,525)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,666	1,666	1,666	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	241,154	241,154	241,154	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1	\$ 7,525	\$ 0	\$ (7,525)

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund December 31, 2002

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund	
	Enterprise Fund	
	Golf Course	
Assets:		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$32,283	
Receivables:		
Accounts	16	
Intergovernmental	748	
Inventory of Supplies at Cost	11,668	
Prepaid Items	617	
Total Current Assets	45,332	
Non Current Assets:		
Capital Assets, Net	2,825,114	
Total Assets	2,870,446	
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	2,928	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	33,070	
Intergovernmental Payable	394	
Total Current Liabilities	36,392	
Long Term Liabilities:		
Compensated Absences Payable	34,945	
Total Liabilities	71,337	
Net Assets:		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,825,114	
Unrestricted	(26,005)	
Total Net Assets	\$2,799,109	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	Business-Type
	Activities
	Enterprise Fund
	Golf Course
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for Services	\$994,758
Other Operating Revenue	1,931
Total Operating Revenues	996,689
Operating Expenses:	
Personal Services	704,534
Contractual Services	127,690
Materials and Supplies	205,139
Depreciation	228,238
Total Operating Expenses	1,265,601
Operating Loss	(268,912)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):	
Loss on the Sale of Fixed Assets	(12,341)
Other Nonoperating Revenue	17,751
Other Nonoperating Expense	(17,748)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(12,338)
Loss Before Operating Transfers	(281,250)
Operating Transfers in	145,384
Change in Net Assets	(135,866)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	2,934,975
Net Assets End of Year	\$2,799,109

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund December 31, 2002

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Customers	\$994,914
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(350,695)
Cash Payments to Employees	(696,590)
Other Operating Cash Receipts	19,682
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(32,689)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Transfers In from Other Funds	145,384
Advances In from Other Funds	100,000
Advances Out to Other Funds	(100,000)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	145,384
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Acquisition and Construction of Assets	(168,332)
Proceeds from the Sale of Fixed Assets	21,221
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(147,111)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(34,416)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	66,699
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$32,283
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash	
<u>Used by Operating Activities:</u>	
Operating Loss	(\$268,912)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to	
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation Expense	228,238
Miscellaneous Nonoperating Income	17,751
Miscellaneous Nonoperating Expense	(17,667)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease in Accounts Receivable	156
Decrease in Intergovernmental Receivables	185
Decrease in Inventory	2,587
Decrease in Prepaid Items	556
Decrease in Accounts Payable	(3,527)
Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,563
Increase in Intergovernmental Payable	3
Increase in Compensated Absences	5,378
Total Adjustments	236,223
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(\$32,689)

Statement of Net Assets Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2002

	Agency
Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$5,665
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	500
Total Assets	6,165
Liabilities:	
Intergovernmental Payable	1,095
Due to Others	5,070
Total Liabilities	6,165
Total Net Assets	\$0

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Blue Ash, Ohio (the City) is a home-rule municipal corporation created under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under its own Charter. The current Charter, which provides for a Council/Manager form of government, was adopted in 1961 and has been amended five times (1967, 1976, 1980, 1988 and 1989).

The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 2002 and for the year then ended and have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification).

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the City (the primary government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the organization or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Based on the foregoing, the City's financial reporting entity has no component units but includes all funds, account groups, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government, which includes the following services: police and fire protection, emergency medical response, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance, refuse collection (on a contractual basis) and other governmental services. The City does serve as the fiscal agent for the Special County Arson Taskforce Unit (reported as an agency fund) for the purpose of receiving, allocating, and expending funds from federal, state, and local sources or from private contributions. The City has no administrative responsibility for the fund. In addition, the City owns and operates a golf course and associated restaurant which is reported as an enterprise fund.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures (expenses). The various funds are summarized by type in the general purpose financial statements. The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Funds - Those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary fund) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of "financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following are the City's major governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio, and the limitations of the City Charter.

<u>Street Construction</u>, <u>Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for state levied and controlled gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for street maintenance and repair.

<u>Park</u> and <u>Recreation</u> <u>Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of public recreational facilities.

<u>General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for payments of principal and interest on the City's general obligation bonds. Revenues for this purpose include ad valorem property taxes, intergovernmental revenues and investment income.

<u>Firehouse Construction</u> <u>Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for financial resources used for the construction of a new firehouse.

<u>Service Garage Construction Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for financial resources used for the construction of a new service garage facility.

Proprietary Fund

All proprietary funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus provides that all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City's major enterprise fund is the Golf Course fund which accounts for the City's operation of a golf course and a restaurant.

Fiduciary Funds

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for assets held by a government unit as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide</u> <u>Financial</u> <u>Statements</u> – The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental and business-type activities have been eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. These eliminations minimize the duplicating effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities total column.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses in the accounts and reported in the financial statements and relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds and agency funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which for the City is considered to be 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned and is available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the revenue is available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis.

Revenue considered susceptible to accrual at year end includes income taxes withheld by employers, interest on investments, and state levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees, gasoline tax, and local government assistance). Other revenue, including licenses, permits, certain charges for services, income taxes other than those withheld by employers and miscellaneous revenue, is recorded as revenue when received in cash because it is generally not measurable until actually received.

Special assessment installments, including related accrued interest, which are measurable but not available at December 31 are recorded as deferred revenue. Property taxes measurable as of December 31, 2002 but which are not intended to finance 2002 operations and delinquent property taxes, whose availability is indeterminate, are recorded as deferred revenue as further described in Note 6.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary fund. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting," the City follows GASB guidance as applicable to proprietary funds, as included in business-type activites and proprietary fund statements, and FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

E. Budgetary Process

The annual budgetary process is prescribed by Charter and by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. <u>Budgetary Process</u> (Continued)

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated; however, only governmental funds are required to be reported. The legal level of budgetary control is by fund at the major object level (personal services, materials and supplies, contractual services, capital outlay, and transfers) by department. Budgetary control is maintained by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations at the major object level for each department within each fund without the approval of City Council. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. Budgetary modifications above the major object level by fund may only be made by ordinance of the City Council. During 2002, all appropriations were approved as required and all funds and departments completed the year within their legally authorized appropriations.

1. Tax Budget

By July 15, the City Manager submits an annual tax budget for the following fiscal year to City Council for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20th of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

2. Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Budget Commission then certifies its actions to the City by September 1st of each year. By October 1st of each year, the City accepts, by resolution, the tax rate as determined by the Budget Commission. As part of the certification process, the City receives an official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected receipts by fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed or fall short of current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2002.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

3. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1st of each year for the period January 1 through March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1st of each year for the period January 1 through December 31. The appropriation ordinance establishes spending controls at the fund, department and object level, and may only be modified during the year by ordinance of the City Council. Total fund appropriations may not exceed the current estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the object level. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget note proceeds, contingency funds and intergovernmental grants. The supplemental appropriations decreased year end appropriations by approximately 0.3% over the appropriation ordinance approved in January 2002. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The budgetary figures which appear in the "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances--Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis" for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results with the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

4. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

5. <u>Budgetary Basis of Accounting</u>

The City's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on the cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Also under the budgetary basis, encumbrances are recognized as expenditures and note proceeds are recognized as an other financing source. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

5. Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds:

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

	Street Construction, Park and		
	General Fund	Maintenance and Repair Fund	Recreation Fund
GAAP Basis (as reported)	(\$5,190,493)	(\$132,054)	\$91,853
Increase (Decrease):			
Accrued Revenues at			
December 31, 2002			
received during 2003	(2,299,180)	(66,025)	(442)
Accrued Revenues at			
December 31, 2001			
received during 2002	2,146,775	55,492	434
Accrued Expenditures at			
December 31, 2002			
paid during 2003	951,900	1,005,435	205,129
Accrued Expenditures at			
December 31, 2001			
paid during 2002	(1,049,340)	(221,755)	(98,776)
2001 Prepaids for 2002	22,058	127	24,762
2002 Prepaids for 2003	(29,393)	(602)	(50,632)
Outstanding Encumbrances	(736,902)	(1,362,445)	(415,148)
Budget Basis	(\$6,184,575)	(\$721,827)	(\$242,820)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

During fiscal year 2002, cash and cash equivalents included amounts in demand deposits, repurchase agreements and the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is a very liquid investment and is reported as a cash equivalent in the general purpose financial statements.

The City pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in cash and cash equivalents represents the balance on hand as if each had maintained its own cash and cash investment account. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund considers its share of equity in pooled repurchase agreements and STAR Ohio to be cash equivalents. See Note 5, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution, the Ohio Revised Code, and the City Charter. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the City reports its investments at fair value. The City allocates interest among the various funds based upon applicable legal and administrative requirements. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, are recognized as revenue in the operating statements. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. See Note 5, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

The City has invested funds in the STAR Ohio during 2002. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2002.

H. <u>Inventory</u>

Inventory is stated at cost (first-in, first-out) in the governmental funds, and at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market in the proprietary fund. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in governmental funds and when purchased and expenses in the proprietary fund when used.

I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2002, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life threshold of three or more years.

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - Governmental Activities

Governmental activities capital assets are those not directly related to the business type funds. These generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years). These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets, but they are not reported in the Fund Financial Statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - Governmental Activities (Continued)

Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received. Captial assets include land, improvements to land, buildings, building improvements, machinery, equipment and infrastructure. Infrastructure is defined as long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significant number of years. Examples of infrastructure include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems. Estimated historical costs for governmental activities capital asset values were initially determined at December 31, 1985 by identifying historical costs when such information was available. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain capital assets, the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated year of acquisition.

2. <u>Property</u>, <u>Plant and Equipment</u> – <u>Business Type Activities</u>

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the proprietary funds are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including interest capitalized during construction and architectural and engineering fees where applicable. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received. These assets are reported in both the Business-Type Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and in the respective funds.

3. Depreciation

All capital assets are depreciated, excluding land. Depreciation on newly acquired/constructed streets begins in the year following acquisition. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental and	
	Business-Type Activities	
Description	Estimated Lives (in years)	
Buildings	15 - 25	
Improvements other than Buildings	25	
Machinery, Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures	3 - 10	

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation Fund

General Obligation Bonds

Debt Service Funds
(General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund)

Compensated Absences

General Fund
Special Revenue Funds
(Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund and Park and Recreation Fund)
Enterprise Fund
(Golf Course Fund)

L. Compensated Absences

All full-time City employees earn vacation at varying rates based upon length of service. An employee's vacation must be used during the period in which it is earned unless the City Manager allows the balance to be carried over to the following year. Upon separation from the City, the employee (or his estate) is paid for his accumulated unused vacation leave balance.

All full-time City employees earn sick leave at the rate of 1.25 days per calendar month of active service. Upon separation from the City, other than retirement under the PERS of Ohio or the OP&F Fund, an employee shall receive one hour of monetary compensation for each day of unused sick leave; the monetary compensation shall be at the hourly rate of compensation of the employee at the time of resignation if the employee is not given credit at his next place of employment.

Upon retirement from the City's service, an employee shall receive three hours of monetary compensation for each day of unused sick leave. The monetary compensation shall be at the hourly rate of compensation of the employee at the time of retirement.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," the City records a liability for vacation time and sick leave when the obligation is attributable to services previously rendered, to rights that vest or accumulate, and where payment of the obligation is probable and can be reasonably determined. For governmental funds, that portion of unpaid compensated absences for payments that come due each period upon the occurrence of the relevant event is reported as an expenditure in the fund from which the individual earning the leave is paid, and a corresponding liability is reflected in the account "Compensated Absences Payable." In the government wide statement of net assets, "Compensated Absences Payable" is recorded within the "Due within one year" account and the long-term portion of the liability is recorded within the "Due in more than one year" account. Compensated absences are expensed in the proprietary funds when earned and the related liability is reported within the fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction of improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Pensions

The provision for pension costs is recorded when the related payroll is accrued and the obligation is incurred.

O. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds. Interfund transactions are generally classified as follows:

- Operating transfers are reported as "Other Financing Sources and Uses" in the governmental funds, as "Operating Transfers In" by the recipient fund, and "Operating Transfers Out" by the disbursing fund.
- Residual equity transfers are nonroutine or nonrecurring transfers between funds and are reported as additions to or deductions from the fund equity balance. The City did not perform any residual equity transfers in 2002.

Transactions that would be treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses if they involved organizations external to the City are similarly treated when involving other funds of the City. The City also advances cash from one fund to another as necessary to meet current obligations.

P. Reservations of Fund Balance

Reserves indicate that a portion of fund balance is not available for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use. Fund balances are reserved for inventories of supplies and materials, prepaid items, debt service and encumbered amounts that have not been accrued at year end.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Council and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2002.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILITATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets</u>

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net assets of governmental funds as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. The following is a detailed listing of those reconciling items that are net adjustments or a combination of several transactions:

Other long-term assets not available to pay for current-period expenditures:

Deferred Tax Revenue	\$1,374,315
Grants Receivable	1,464,915
	\$2,839,230
Long-Term liabilities not reported in the funds:	
Accrued Interest Payable on G.O. Bond	\$82,375
G.O. Bonds Payable	10,795,000
Capital Leases Payable	9,674
Compensated Absences Payable	1,117,281
	\$12,004,330

NOTE 2 – RECONCILITATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

B. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities</u>

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government – wide statement of activities. The following is a detailed listing of those reconciling items that are net adjustments or a combination of several transactions:

Amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$7,039,125
Depreciation Expense	(2,075,573)
	\$4 963 552

Amount of loss on disposal of capital assets net of proceeds received:

Loss on Disposal of Capital Asset	(\$202,271)
Proceeds Received	0
	(\$202,271)

Governmental revenues not reported in the funds:

Increase in Delinquent Tax Revenue	\$214,379
Increase in Grants Receivable	1,123,668
Decrease in Interest Receivable	(2,789)
	\$1,335,258

Net amount of long-term debt issuance and bond and lease principal payments:

G.O. Bond Principal Payments	\$2,035,000
Capital Lease Payments	2,715
	\$2.037.715

Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources:

Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	(\$149,681)
Increase in Inventory	(39,818)
	(\$189,499)

NOTE 3 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

A. Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2002, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments"; GASB Statement No. 37, "Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments: Omnibus"; GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures"; and GASB Interpretation No. 6, "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statement." At December 31, 2001, there was no effect on fund balance as a result of implementing GASB Statements 36, 37 and 38, or Interpretation No. 6.

GASB 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the City's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented in total in one column.

The government-wide financial statements split the City's programs between business-type and governmental activities. Except for the restatement explained below, the beginning net asset amount for the business-type activities equals fund equity of the enterprise funds from last year. The beginning net asset amount for governmental programs reflects the change in fund balance for governmental funds at December 31, 2001, caused by the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting.

B. Restatement of Fund Balance

The changes to the beginning fund balance, as well as the transition from fund balance to net assets of the governmental activities are as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Fund Balance December 31, 2001	\$13,445,628
GASB 34 Adjustments:	
Capital Assets	41,308,727
Accrued Interest Payable	(8,507)
Long-Term Liabilities	(13,809,989)
Long-Term (Deferred) Assets	1,503,972
Net Assets, December 31, 2001	\$42,439,831

NOTE 4 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Equities - The fund deficits at December 31, 2002 of \$18,202 in the Task Force Grant Fund (special revenue fund) and \$84,374 in the Kenwood Road Construction Fund (capital projects fund) arose from the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting which are greater than expenditures recognized on the cash basis. The deficits of \$1,111,276 in the Firehouse Construction Fund and \$3,629,407 in the Service Garage Construction Fund (capital projects funds) arose from the recognition of general obligation notes payable under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, proceeds from the sale of notes are recognized as revenue and expenditures are recognized when paid, therefore, a deficit does not exist. Deficits do not exist on a cash basis. Operating transfers are provided when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of a majority of individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents." Ohio law requires the classification of funds held by the City into three categories.

Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in a "cash" or "cash equivalent" status for immediate use by the City. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States:
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal
 government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national
 mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan
 mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing
 association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government
 agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of
 the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the
 agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the
 agreement must not exceed thirty days;

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the
 first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations,
 provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through
 eligible institutions, and
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Ohio Law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the City places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The securities pledged as collateral are pledged to a pool for each individual financial institution in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of all public deposits held by each institution. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of any state, county, municipal corporation or other legally constituted authority of any other state or any instrumentality of such county, municipal corporation or other authority. Based upon criteria described in GASB Statement No. 3 "Deposits With Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," collateral held in single financial collateral pools with securities being held by the pledging financial institutions' agent in the pool's name are classified as Category 3.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has established risk categories for deposits and investments as follows:

Deposits:

Category 1	Insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent
	in the City's name.

- Category 2 Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.
- Category 3 Uncollateralized or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

Investments:

- Category 1 Insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.
- Category 2 Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.
- Category 3 Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Deposits

At year end the carrying amount of the City's deposits was an overdaft of \$2,281,156 and the bank balance was \$2,724,503. Federal depository insurance covered \$100,000 of the bank balance, and all remaining deposits were classified as Category 3.

B. Investments

The City's investments at December 31, 2002 are summarized below:

	Carrying	Fair
Non-Categorized Investments	Amount	Value
STAR Ohio	\$9,841,363	\$9,841,363
Total Investments	\$9,841,363	\$9,841,363

C. Reconciliation of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The classification of cash, cash equivalents and investments on the statement of net assets is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. Repurchase agreements and STAR Ohio are treated as cash and cash equivalents. The classification of cash and cash equivalents (deposits) for purposes of this note is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 3.

A reconciliation between classifications of cash and investments on the combined financial statements and the classifications per items A and B of this note are as follows:

	Equivalents *	Investments
Per GASB Statement No. 9	\$12,122,519	\$0
Investments:		
STAR Ohio	(9,841,363)	9,841,363
Per GASB Statement No. 3	\$2,281,156	\$9,841,363

^{*} Includes Cash with Fiscal Agent.

NOTE 6 - TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real estate and public utility property, and tangible personal property which is used in business, located in the City. Real property taxes (other than public utility) collected during 2002 were levied after October 1, 2001 on assessed values as of January 1, 2001, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the county auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be reappraised every six years and equalization adjustments are made in the third year following reappraisal. The last reappraisal was completed in 1999. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due January 20, with the remainder payable by June 20.

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of that calendar year, and at the tax rates determined in the preceding year. Tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) is currently assessed for ad valorem taxation purposes at 25 percent of its true value. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20 of the year assessed. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at 100 percent of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the City of Blue Ash. The County Auditor remits in February and August of each year the City's portion of the taxes collected.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2002 was \$3.08 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed value upon which the 2002 levy was based was \$829,806,860. This amount constitutes \$616,983,960 in real property assessed value, \$15,621,300 in public utility assessed value and \$197,201,600 in tangible personal property assessed value.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is .308% (3.08 mills) of assessed value.

NOTE 6 - TAXES (Continued)

B. Income Tax

The City levies a tax of 1% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned within the City as well as on incomes of residents earned outside the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100% of the tax paid to another municipality to a maximum of the total amount assessed.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employees' compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually. All income tax proceeds are received by the General Fund.

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2002 consisted of taxes, interest, accounts receivable, special assessments, interfund receivables and intergovernmental receivables arising from shared revenues. All receivables are considered collectible in full. Those receivables that relate to amounts not intended to finance the current fiscal year are offset by deferred revenue.

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES

Individual interfund balances at December 31, 2002 are as follows:

	Due from	Due to
Fund	Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund	\$461	\$0
Special Revenue Fund:		
Task Force Grant Fund	0	461
Totals	\$461	\$461

NOTE 9 - OPERATING TRANSFERS

Following is a summary of operating transfers in and out for all funds for 2002:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund	\$0	\$9,556,510
Special Revenue Funds:		
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund	3,055,992	0
Park and Recreation Fund	3,523,156	0
Total Special Revenue Funds	6,579,148	0
Debt Service Fund:		
General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund	2,671,426	146,088
Capital Projects Funds:		
Service Garage Construction Fund	146,088	0
Kenwood Road Construction Fund	150,000	0
Hartman Highway and Carver Road Improvement Fund	0	272,500
Reed Hartman Highway Improvement Fund	283,052	0
Total Capital Projects Funds	579,140	272,500
Enterprise Fund:		
Golf Course Fund	145,384	0
Totals	\$9,975,098	\$9,975,098

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NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets at December 31, 2002:

Historical Cost:	Restated				
	December 31,			December 31,	
Class	2001	Additions	Deletions	2002	
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$12,078,397	\$18,000	\$0	\$12,096,397	
Construction in Progress	424,348	4,811,517	(167,390)	5,068,475	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	15,390,272	283,129	(201,624)	15,471,777	
Improvements Other than Buildings	5,938,033	34,703	(100,920)	5,871,816	
Infrastructure	16,980,139	388,327	0	17,368,466	
Machinery and Equipment	10,345,873	1,670,840	(739,314)	11,277,399	
Total Cost	\$61,157,062	\$7,206,516	(\$1,209,248)	\$67,154,330	
Accumulated Depreciation:	Restated				
Ticeamaine Depressation.	December 31,			December 31,	
Class	2001	Additions	Deletions	2002	
Buildings	(\$8,360,601)	(\$639,662)	\$154,363	(\$8,845,900)	
Improvements Other than Buildings	(2,192,953)	(236,197)	30,198	(2,398,952)	
Infrastructure	(3,363,013)	(210,868)	0	(3,573,881)	
Machinery and Equipment	(6,147,246)	(988,846)	655,025	(6,481,067)	
Total Depreciation	(\$20,063,813)	(\$2,075,573) *	\$839,586	(\$21,299,800)	
Net Value:	\$41,093,249			\$45,854,530	

^{*} Depreciation expenses were charged to governmental functions as follows:

Security of Persons and Property	\$71,650
Leisure Time Activities	961,528
Community Development	6,928
Basic Utility Services	50,593
Transportation	283,431
General Government	701,443
Total Depreciation Expense	\$2,075,573

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities Capital Assets

Summary by Category at June 30, 2002:

Historical Cost:

	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2001	Additions	Deletions	2002
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$1,124,764	\$0	\$0	\$1,124,764
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,193,044	0	(2,136)	1,190,908
Improvements Other than Buildings	1,905,980	39,120	(4,385)	1,940,715
Machinery and Equipment	1,060,751	91,212	(65,156)	1,086,807
Total Cost	\$5,284,539	\$130,332	(\$71,677)	\$5,343,194
Accumulated Depreciation:				
	December 31,			December 31,
Class	2001	Additions	Deletions	2002
Buildings	(\$765,162)	(\$48,495)	\$1,402	(\$812,255)
Improvements Other than Buildings	(970,826)	(76,656)	1,605	(1,045,877)
Machinery and Equipment	(591,969)	(103,087)	35,108	(659,948)
Total Depreciation	(\$2,327,957)	(\$228,238)	\$38,115	(\$2,518,080)
Net Value:	\$2,956,582	(\$97,906)	(\$33,562)	\$2,825,114

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

All of the City's full-time employees participate in one of two separate retirement systems which are costsharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans.

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (the "Ohio PERS")

The following information was provided by the Ohio PERS to assist the City in complying with GASB Statement No. 27, "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government Employers."

All employees of the City, except full-time uniformed police officers and full-time firefighters, participate in the Ohio PERS, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The Ohio PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority to establish and amend benefits. The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Ohio PERS. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or 1-800-222-7377.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (the "Ohio PERS") (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. The employee contribution rate is 8.5%. The 2002 employer contribution rate for local government employer units was 13.55%, of covered payroll, 8.55% to fund the pension and 5.0% to fund health care. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the Public Employees Retirement Board. The City's contributions to the Ohio PERS for the years ending December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000 were \$840,296, \$763,951 and \$562,560, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

The Ohio PERS provides postemployment health care benefits to age and service retirants with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit and to primary survivor recipients of such retirants. Health care coverage for disability recipients is also available. The health care coverage provided by the Ohio PERS is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to the Ohio PERS is set aside for the funding of post retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to the Ohio PERS. The portion of the 2002 employer contribution rate (identified above) that was used to fund health care for the year 2002 was 5.0% of covered payroll which amounted to \$310,072.

The significant actuarial assumptions and calculations relating to postemployment health care benefits were based on the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2001. An entry age normal actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability. All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach assets are adjusted annually to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The investment assumption rate for 2001 was 8.0%. An annual increase of 4.0% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.0% base increase, were assumed to range from 0.5% to 6.3%. Health care costs were assumed to increase 4.0% annually.

Benefits are advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The number of active contributing participants was 402,041. The actuarial value of the Ohio PERS net assets available for OPEB at December 31, 2001 is \$11.6 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, based on the actuarial cost method used, were \$16.4 billion and \$4.8 billion, respectively.

NOTE 11 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (the "OP&F Fund")

All City full-time police officers and full-time firefighters participate in the OP&F Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The OP&F Fund provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Contribution requirements and benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the OP&F Fund. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by calling (614) 228-2975.

Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, while employers are required to contribute 19.5% and 24.0% respectively for police officers and firefighters. The City's contributions to the OP&F Fund for the years ending December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000 were \$519,667, \$512,020 and \$472,435 for police and \$405,094, \$399,240 and \$332,164 for firefighters, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

The OP&F Fund provides postemployment health care coverage to any person who received or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school, or under the age of 22 if attending school on a full-time or two-thirds basis. The health care coverage provided by the OP&F Fund is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides that health care costs paid from the funds of the OP&F Fund shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The Ohio Revised Code also provides statutory authority allowing the Fund's Board of Trustees to provide postemployment health care coverage to all eligible individuals from the employer's contributions to the OP&F Fund.

The portion of the 2002 covered payroll that was used to fund postemployment health care benefits was \$206,534 representing 7.75% of covered payroll for police and \$130,812 representing 7.75% of covered payroll for fire. Health care funding and accounting was on a pay-as-you-go basis. In addition, since July 1, 1992 most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. As of December 31, 2001, the date of the last actuarial evaluation available, the number of participants eligible to receive health care benefits was 13,174 for police and 10,239 for firefighters. The OP&F Fund does not provide separate data on the funded status and funding progress of postemployment health care benefits. The Fund's total health care expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001 were \$122,298,771, which was net of member contributions of \$6,874,699.

NOTE 12 - NOTES PAYABLE

The Ohio Revised Code provides that notes including renewal notes issued in anticipation of the issuance of general obligation bonds may be issued and outstanding from time to time up to a maximum period of 20 years from the date of issuance of the original notes. The maximum maturity for notes anticipating general obligation bonds payable from special assessments is five years. Any period in excess of five years must be deducted from the permitted maximum maturity of the bonds anticipated, and portions of the principal amount of notes outstanding for more than five years must be retired in amounts at least equal to and payable no later than those principal maturities that would have been required if the bonds had been issued at the expiration of the initial five year period.

		Balance		Balance
	Issue	January 1,	Issued	December 31,
	Date	2002	(Retired)	2002
Capital Projects Notes Payable:				
2.15% Service Garage Construction	12/20/01	\$4,500,000	(\$4,500,000)	\$0
1.94% Service Garage Construction	11/20/02	0	5,100,000	5,100,000
2.40% Firehouse Construction	05/20/02	0	4,200,000	
			(4,200,000)	0
1.94% Firehouse Construction	11/20/02	0	4,400,000	4,400,000
Total Capital Projects Notes Payable		4,500,000	5,000,000	9,500,000

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Detail of the changes in the bonds, compensated absences, and capital leases of the City for the year ended December 31, 2002 is as follows:

			Balance			Balance	Amount
			December 31,			December 31,	Due Within
			2001	Issued	(Retired)	2002	One Year
Governmental A	ctivities:						
General Obliga	tion Bonds:						
4.45 - 4.50%	Cornell Road						
	Improvement Bonds	1995	\$1,150,000	\$0	(\$575,000)	\$575,000	\$575,000
4.63 - 4.75%	Kenwood Road						
	Improvement Bonds	2000	11,680,000	0	(1,460,000)	10,220,000	1,460,000
Total Genera	l Obligation Bonds		12,830,000	0	(2,035,000)	10,795,000	2,035,000
Compensated	Absences		967,600	280,821	(131,140)	1,117,281	0
Capital Leases	Payable		12,389	0	(2,715)	9,674	2,955
Total G	overnmental Activities		\$13,809,989	\$280,821	(\$2,168,855)	\$11,921,955	\$2,037,955

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

	Balance			Balance	Due
	December 31,			December 31,	Within
	2001	Additions	(Reductions)	2002	One Year
Business-Type Activities					
Compensated Absences	29,567	5,378	0	34,945	0
Total Business-Type Activities	\$29,567	\$5,378	\$0	\$34,945	\$0

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, when approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxable value of property. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. The City has no debt within the 5.5% unvoted debt limitation or the 10.5% overall debt limitation. The City's total debt margin at December 31, 2002 was approximately \$87,129,720.

A. Principal and Interest Requirements

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2002 are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds						
Years	Principal	Interest	Total				
2003	\$2,035,000	\$506,945	\$2,541,945				
2004	1,460,000	413,180	1,873,180				
2005	1,460,000	344,560	1,804,560				
2006	1,460,000	275,940	1,735,940				
2007	1,460,000	207,320	1,667,320				
2008-2009	2,920,000	208,050	3,128,050				
Totals	\$10,795,000	\$1,955,995	\$12,750,995				

B. Conduit Debt

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of December 31, 2002, there were six series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable for the six series issued prior to December 31, 2002, could not be determined; however, their original issue amounts totaled \$6,480,000.

NOTE 14 - CAPITAL LEASE COMMITMENTS

Under capital leases the City leases a mail machine and collating equipment. The cost of the leased assets is accounted for in the General Fixed Assets Account Group and the related liability in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. The original cost of the assets under capital lease is \$14,886.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2002:

Year Ending December 31,	Capital Leases
2003	\$3,816
2004	3,816
2005	3,816
Minimum Lease Payments	11,448
Less: Amount representing interest at the City's	
incremental borrowing rate of interest	(1,774)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$9,674

NOTE 15 - CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2002, the City had the following commitments with respect to capital projects:

	Remaining Construction	Expected Date of
Project	Commitment	Completion
Service Garage Construction Project	\$1,362,187	January 2003
Firehouse Construction Project	3,924,739	June 2003
Glendale/Milford Turn Lane Improvement	163,474	September 2003
Total	\$5,450,400	

NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. In 1992 the City entered into a joint insurance pool, Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA, Inc.) with other local cities. As of December 31, 2002, the pool has seventeen members. The pool has been operational since December of 1988 and was formed in accordance with Section 2744 of the Ohio Revised Code. This jointly governed organization provides real and personal property, crime, surety, general liability, boiler and machinery, employment practices liability, police professional and public official liability coverage up to the limits stated below. Membership in MVRMA is intended to provide broad based coverage up to the limits stated below, with increased emphasis on safety and loss prevention and to create an opportunity for other local governments to participate. MVRMA is a non-profit corporation governed by a seventeen member board of trustees, consisting of a representative appointed by each of the member cities. The board of trustees elects the officers of the corporation, with each trustee having a single vote. Management is provided by an Executive Director, who is assisted by a Claims Manager, a full-time Loss Control Manager and office staff. The board is responsible for its own financial matters and the corporation maintains its own books of account. Budgeting and financing of MVRMA is subject to the approval of the board, and the organization is covered by policies, procedures, and formally adopted bylaws.

The seventeen participating cities and their respective pool contribution factors for the loss year ended December 31, 2002 are:

Entity	Percentage	Entity	Percentage
Beavercreek	8.14 %	Sidney	7.35 %
Blue Ash	7.96 %	Springdale	4.69 %
Indian Hill	2.54 %	Tipp City	2.49 %
Kettering	16.13 %	Troy	7.46 %
M adeira	1.22 %	Vandalia	4.63 %
Mason	8.20 %	West Carollton	3.77 %
Miamisburg	8.19 %	Wilmington	5.95 %
Montgomery	2.82 %	Wyoming	2.51 %
Piqua	5.95 %	Subtotal	38.85 %
Subtotal	61.15 %	Total	100.00 %

The 2002 pool contribution of the City of Blue Ash was \$223,921 representing 7.96% of the total collected from all members for that year's operating costs and projected loss reserves.

The individual MVRMA, Inc. members are <u>not</u> considered "participants having equity interest" as defined by GASB Statement No. 14 since members have no rights to any assets of MVRMA, Inc. other than possible residual claims upon dissolution. The risk of loss is transferred from the City to the pool. Therefore, MVRMA, Inc. is a multi-jurisdictional arrangement that has the characteristics of a joint venture but has additional features that distinguish it, for financial reporting purposes, from the traditional joint venture defined in GASB Statement No. 14.

NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The following is a summary of insurance coverages at year end:

Property	\$490,155,494	per occurrence
Crime / Employee Theft	1,000,000	per occurrence
Liability	11,000,000	per occurrence
Flood (Property in Zone C)	25,000,000	Aggregate
Flood (Property in Zone B)	500,000	Aggregate
Earthquake (Property)	25,000,000	Aggregate
Extra Expense	5,000,000	per occurrence

The member deductible per occurrence for most types of claims is \$2,500. The pool's self insured retention (SIR) for property claims is \$2,501 - \$250,000 per occurrence except Boiler and Machinery which is \$2,500 - \$5,000. The pool's SIR for liability claims is \$500,000 per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage, provided by commercial companies and an excess insurance pool is \$500,001 to the limits stated above. The City pays an annual premium to MVRMA which is intended to cover administrative expenses and any claims covered by the pool. The MVRMA Board of Trustees has the ability to require the member cities to make supplemental payments in the event reserves are not adequate to cover claims in a particular loss year. The City was not required to make any supplemental payments as of December 31, 2002, because an actuarial opinion issued as of that date reported actual MVRMA loss reserves of \$5,461,135 an amount in excess of the recommended net reserve of \$3,196,928. MVRMA reported Blue Ash's loss experience for years 2001, 2000 and 1999 as \$16,375, \$31,432, and \$72,524 respectively.

MVRMA issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MVRMA, Inc. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 4625 Presidential Way, Kettering, Ohio 45429-5706.

Workers' Compensation claims are covered under the State of Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation. The City participates in the Ohio Municipal League's Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program to benefit from the shared risk of a pooled group. The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based upon a rate per \$100 of payroll. The rate is determined based on the group's accident history and administrative costs. The City also pays unemployment claims to the State of Ohio as incurred.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including employee health and life insurance. Other than a reduction in aggregate coverage limits of \$1,000,000 in Flood Zone C (from \$100,000,000 in 2001), and a corresponding reduction in Earthquake coverage, there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from coverages in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.



Combining and Individual F_{UND} Statements and Schedules

T he following combining statements and schedules include the Major and Nonmajor Governmental Funds, and Fiduciary Funds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Municipal Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund

To account for county-levied motor vehicle registration fees designated for street construction, maintenance and repair.

State Highway Improvement Fund

To account for the portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for street maintenance and repair of state highways within the City.

Task Force Grant Fund

To account for grant funds received from the state to coordinate the operations of the local Drug Task Force.

Law Enforcement and Law Enforcement (DART) Fund

To account for the proceeds from the confiscation of contraband.

Drug Law Enforcement and Drug Law Enforcement (DART) Fund

To account for mandatory fines collected for drug offenses.

Education Enforcement (DUI) Fund

To account for financial resources used to educate and treat persons with alcohol related problems and to enhance law enforcement activities as a deterrent to the operation of motor vehicles while under the influence of alcohol.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for retirement of the City's general obligation and special assessment bonds.

Special Assessment Bond Retirement Fund

To account for payments of principal and interest on the City's special assessment bonds. Revenues for this purpose include special assessment collections and investment income.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

Kenwood Road Improvement Phase II Fund

To account for financial resources used for Phase II of the improvement of Kenwood Road.

Kenwood Road Construction Fund

To account for financial resources used for the construction of Kenwood Road.

Reed Hartman Highway and Carver Road Improvement Fund

To account for financial resources used for the improvement of the intersection.

Reed Hartman Improvement Fund

To account for financial resources used for the improvement of Reed Hartman Highway.

Land Purchase Fund

To account for financial resources used for the acquisition and improvement of recreational facilities.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2002

	Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds	najor Debt	Nonmajor pital Projects Funds	al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 602,512	\$ 0	\$ 257,576	\$ 860,088
for doubtful accounts):				
Accounts	0	0	7,160	7,160
Intergovernmental	545,488	0	1,012,804	1,558,292
Interest	254	0	209	463
Special Assessments	0	5,190	0	5,190
Prepaid Items	 17,135	 0	 0	 17,135
Total Assets	\$ 1,165,389	\$ 5,190	\$ 1,277,749	\$ 2,448,328
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	1,315	0	171,751	173,066
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	17,727	0	0	17,727
Intergovernmental Payable	101	0	0	101
Due to Other Funds	461	0	0	461
Deferred Revenue	 518,531	5,190	 1,000,000	1,523,721
Total Liabilities	 538,135	 5,190	1,171,751	1,715,076
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for Encumbrances	10,817	0	143,993	154,810
Reserved for Prepaid Items	17,135	0	0	17,135
Unreserved, Undesignated in:				
Special Revenue Funds	599,302	0	0	599,302
Capital Projects Funds	 0	 0	 (37,995)	 (37,995)
Total Fund Balances	 627,254	 0	105,998	 733,252
Total Liabilities and Funds Balances	\$ 1,165,389	\$ 5,190	\$ 1,277,749	\$ 2,448,328

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	703,942	\$	329,294	\$	1,033,236
Licenses and Permits		0		300		300
Investment Earnings		4,179		16,412		20,591
Fines and Forfeitures		376,828		0		376,828
All Other Revenue		0		259,138		259,138
Total Revenue		1,084,949		605,144		1,690,093
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property		680,828		0		680,828
Transportation		130,955		0		130,955
Capital Outlay		0		2,458,860		2,458,860
Total Expenditures		811,783		2,458,860		3,270,643
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		273,166		(1,853,716)		(1,580,550)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating Transfers In		0		433,052		433,052
Operating Transfers Out		0		(272,500)		(272,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		160,552		160,552
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)						
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		273,166		(1,693,164)		(1,419,998)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		354,088	1,799,162		2,153,250	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	627,254	\$	105,998	\$	733,252

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2002

	Veh	icipal Motor icle License 'ax Fund	State Highway Fund		Task Force Grant Fund	
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	138,840	\$ 58,966	\$	0	
for doubtful accounts):						
Intergovernmental		64,643	15,780		464,915	
Interest		186	68		0	
Prepaid Items		0	 0		87	
Total Assets	\$	203,669	\$ 74,814	\$	465,002	
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		0	0		0	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		0	0		17,727	
Intergovernmental Payable		0	0		101	
Due to Other Funds		0	0		461	
Deferred Revenue		43,096	 10,520		464,915	
Total Liabilities		43,096	10,520		483,204	
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for Encumbrances		0	0		0	
Reserved for Prepaid Items		0	0		87	
Unreserved, Undesignated in:						
Special Revenue Funds		160,573	64,294		(18,289)	
Total Fund Balances		160,573	 64,294		(18,202)	
Total Liabilities and Funds Balances	\$	203,669	\$ 74,814	\$	465,002	

Law l	Enforcement Fund	Law Enfo		rug Law cement Fund	Enf	rug Law forcement RT) Fund	Enfo	ocation orcement JI) Fund	al Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
\$	307,328	\$	49,955	\$ 29,650	\$	10,788	\$	6,985	\$ 602,512
	0		0	0		0		150	545,488
	0		0	0		0		0	254
	0		3,608	 0		13,440		0	 17,135
\$	307,328	\$	53,563	\$ 29,650	\$	24,228	\$	7,135	\$ 1,165,389
	1,072		0	243		0		0	1,315
	0		0	0		0		0	17,727
	0		0	0		0		0	101
	0		0	0		0		0	461
	0		0	0		0		0	518,531
	1,072		0	243		0		0	 538,135
	546		10,271	0		0		0	10,817
	0		3,608	0		13,440		0	17,135
	205 510		20.604	20.405		10.700		7.105	500 202
	305,710		39,684	 29,407		10,788		7,135	 599,302
	306,256		53,563	29,407		24,228		7,135	 627,254
\$	307,328	\$	53,563	\$ 29,650	\$	24,228	\$	7,135	\$ 1,165,389

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	icipal Motor le License Tax Fund	State Highway Fund		Task Force Grant Fund	
Revenues:	 				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 120,970	\$	35,545	\$	547,277
Investment Earnings	3,225		940		0
Fines and Forfeitures	 0		0		0
Total Revenue	124,195		36,485		547,277
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	0		0		549,027
Transportation	105,460		25,495		0
Total Expenditures	105,460		25,495		549,027
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	18,735		10,990		(1,750)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	 				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 0		0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)					
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	18,735		10,990		(1,750)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	141,838		53,304		(16,452)
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 160,573	\$	64,294	\$	(18,202)

	Law Enforcement Fund Law Enforcement (DART) Fund		Drug Law Enforcement Fund		Drug Law Enforcement (DART) Fund		Education Enforcement (DUI) Fund		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	150	\$	703,942
	0		14		0		0		0		4,179
3	303,235		64,714		2,620		4,473		1,786		376,828
3	303,235		64,728		2,620		4,473		1,936		1,084,949
	42,480		75,055		5,295		8,869		102		680,828
	0		0		0		0		0		130,955
	42,480		75,055		5,295		8,869		102		811,783
2	260,755		(10,327)		(2,675)		(4,396)		1,834		273,166
	0		0		0		0		0		0
2	260,755		(10,327)		(2,675)		(4,396)		1,834		273,166
	45,501		63,890		32,082		28,624		5,301		354,088
\$ 3	306,256	\$	53,563	\$	29,407	\$	24,228	\$	7,135	\$	627,254

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2002

	Impro	wood Road vement Phase II Fund	Kenwood Road Construction Fund		Reed Hartman Highway and Carver Road Improvement Fund	
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	136,588	\$	35,820	\$	69,945
for doubtful accounts):						
Accounts		0		7,160		0
Intergovernmental		0		12,804		0
Interest		162		47		0
Total Assets	\$	136,750	\$	55,831	\$	69,945
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		0		140,205		31,546
Deferred Revenue		0		0	-	0
Total Liabilities		0		140,205		31,546
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for Encumbrances		130,496		8,589		0
Unreserved, Undesignated in:						
Capital Projects Funds		6,254		(92,963)	-	38,399
Total Fund Balances		136,750		(84,374)		38,399
Total Liabilities and Funds Balances	\$	136,750	\$	55,831	\$	69,945

Reed Hartman Improvement Fund		I and F	Dumahaga Tumd	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds			
шрі	ovement rund	Land F	Purchase Fund		runus		
\$	4,908	\$	10,315	\$	257,576		
	0		0		7,160		
	1,000,000		0		1,012,804		
	0		0		209		
\$	1,004,908	\$	10,315	\$	1,277,749		
	0		0		171,751		
	1,000,000		0		1,000,000		
	1,000,000		0		1,171,751		
	4,908		0		143,993		
	0		10,315		(37,995)		
	4,908		10,315		105,998		
\$	1,004,908	\$	10,315	\$	1,277,749		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	Impro	Kenwood Road Improvement Phase II Fund		Kenwood Road Construction Fund		Reed Hartman Highway and Carver Road Improvement Fund	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	0	\$	119,438	\$	209,856	
Licenses and Permits		0		0		0	
Investment Earnings		4,664		11,748		0	
All Other Revenue		0		259,138		0	
Total Revenue		4,664		390,324		209,856	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Capital Outlay		220,245		1,635,030		325,441	
Total Expenditures		220,245		1,635,030		325,441	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(215,581)		(1,244,706)		(115,585)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating Transfers In		0		150,000		0	
Operating Transfers Out		0		0		(272,500)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		150,000		(272,500)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)							
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(215,581)		(1,094,706)		(388,085)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		352,331		1,010,332		426,484	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	136,750	\$	(84,374)	\$	38,399	

Reed Hartman Improvement Fund		Land P	urchase Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds		
					J	
\$	0	\$	0	\$	329,294	
	0		300		300	
	0		0		16,412	
	0		0		259,138	
	0		300		605,144	
	278,144		0		2,458,860	
	278,144		0		2,458,860	
	(278,144)		300		(1,853,716)	
	283,052		0		433,052	
	0		0		(272,500)	
	283,052		0		160,552	
	4,908		300		(1,693,164)	
	0		10,015		1,799,162	
\$	4,908	\$	10,315	\$	105,998	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

GENERAL FUND

	GENERAL FUI	ND		
Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Porperty Taxes	\$ 1,994,150	\$ 1,994,150	\$ 2.058.148	\$ 63.998
Municipal Income Taxes	20,180,000	18,930,000	16,518,921	(2,411,079)
Other Local Taxes	625,000	625,000	654,931	29,931
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,542,543	1,506,428	1,536,257	29,829
Charges for Services	121,100	121,100	141,706	20,606
Licenses and Permits	182,100	182,100	247,198	65,098
Investment Earnings	300,000	160,000	171,292	11,292
Fines and Forfeitures	212,800	212,800	205,339	(7,461)
All Other Revenues	2,000	2,000	1,032	(968)
Total Revenues	25,159,693	23,733,578	21,534,824	(2,198,754)
Expenditures:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police Division:				
Personal Services	4,454,800	4,454,800	4,305,758	149,042
Materials and Supplies	91,405	92,986	92,290	696
Contractual Services	420,066	442,294	398,697	43,597
Capital Outlay	231,109	230,989	229,325	1,664
Total Police Division	5,197,380	5,221,069	5,026,070	194,999
Fire Division:				
Personal Services	2,871,899	2,871,899	2,685,491	186,408
Materials and Supplies	70,547	77,016	65,226	11,790
Contractual Services	228,545	225,764	218,328	7,436
Capital Outlay	679,415	681,985	674,941	7,044
Total Fire Division	3,850,406	3,856,664	3,643,986	212,678
Total Security of Persons and Property	9,047,786	9,077,733	8,670,056	407,677
Community Development:				
Building Division:				
Personal Services	395,140	405,140	391,603	13,537
Materials and Supplies	4,174	4,056	2,511	1,545
Contractual Services	338,364	357,873	345,527	12,346
Capital Outlay	1,755	1,755	1,721	34
Total Building Division	739,433	768,824	741,362	27,462
Total Community Development	739,433	768,824	741,362	27,462

(Continued)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Basic Utility Services:				
Public Services Division:				
Personal Services	987,146	987,146	949,684	37,462
Materials and Supplies	71,799	70,770	65,354	5,416
Contractual Services	2,194,443	2,185,558	2,019,995	165,563
Capital Outlay	1,378,960	1,295,635	1,165,102	130,533
Total Public Services Division	4,632,348	4,539,109	4,200,135	338,974
Total Basic Utility Services	4,632,348	4,539,109	4,200,135	338,974
General Government:				
Legislative Services:				
Personal Services	66,800	66,800	59,916	6,884
Materials and Supplies	750	750	348	402
Contractual Services	282,783	283,410	243,144	40,266
Capital Outlay	1,000	1,000	0	1,000
Total Legislative Services	351,333	351,960	303,408	48,552
Judicial Services:				
Personal Services	172,000	172,000	146,827	25,173
Materials and Supplies	950	950	839	111
Contractual Services	10,000	10,000	6,839	3,161
Capital Outlay	500	500	424	76
Total Judicial Services	183,450	183,450	154,929	28,521
Tax and Finance Divisions:				
Personal Services	497,500	512,500	501,525	10,975
Materials and Supplies	3,640	3,640	2,857	783
Contractual Services	3,579,998	3,599,535	129,422	3,470,113
Capital Outlay	4,000	4,000	1,392	2,608
Total Tax and Finance Divisions	4,085,138	4,119,675	635,196	3,484,479
Administrative Services Division:				
Personal Services	550,390	550,390	529,687	20,703
Materials and Supplies	5,033	5,004	2,549	2,455
Contractual Services	9,625	9,625	7,577	2,048
Capital Outlay	3,000	3,000	1,911	1,089
Total Administrative Services Division	568,048	568,019	541,724	26,295

Variance with

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

GENERAL FUND

				Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Facilities Maintenance Division:				(8)
Personal Services	609,060	649,060	638,259	10,801
Materials and Supplies	133,064	136,177	123,791	12,386
Contractual Services	261,973	252,150	242,208	9,942
Capital Outlay	243,756	242,004	233,535	8,469
Total Facilities Maintenance Division	1,247,853	1,279,391	1,237,793	41,598
Insurance Services Division:				
Contractual Services	296,380	243,155	211,969	31,186
Total Insurance Services Division	296,380	243,155	211,969	31,186
General Government Services:				
Personal Services	402,800	402,800	374,760	28,040
Materials and Supplies	38,583	45,910	37,807	8,103
Contractual Services	950,490	671,942	605,022	66,920
Capital Outlay	576,440	527,037	448,748	78,289
Total General Government Services	1,968,313	1,647,689	1,466,337	181,352
Total General Government	8,700,515	8,393,339	4,551,356	3,841,983
Total Expenditures	23,120,082	22,779,005	18,162,909	4,616,096
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,039,611	954,573	3,371,915	2,417,342
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from the Sale of Fixed Assets	0	0	20	20
Operating Transfers Out	(11,690,144)	(10,583,684)	(9,556,510)	1,027,174
Advances In	175,000	175,000	150,000	(25,000)
Advances Out	(175,000)	(175,000)	(150,000)	25,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(11,690,144)	(10,583,684)	(9,556,490)	1,027,194
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(9,650,533)	(9,629,111)	(6,184,575)	3,444,536
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	7,788,505	7,788,505	7,788,505	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	1,862,026	1,862,026	1,862,026	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ (2)	\$ 21,420	\$ 3,465,956	\$ 3,444,536

STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND

	Origin	al Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual		Fina P	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	395,000	\$	395,000	\$	427,992	\$	32,992
Charges for Services		6,000		6,000		11,839		5,839
Licenses and Permits		500		500		350		(150)
Investment Earnings		4,000		4,000		4,240		240
All Other Revenues		600		600		896		296
Total Revenues		406,100		406,100		445,317		39,217
Expenditures:								
Transportation:								
Street Division:								
Personal Services		551,340		551,340		535,458		15,882
Materials and Supplies		240,754		239,548		191,919		47,629
Contractual Services		313,773		302,173		291,672		10,501
Capital Outlay	3	3,747,700		3,534,540		3,204,087		330,453
Total Expenditures		4,853,567		4,627,601		4,223,136		404,465
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	(4	1,447,467)	((4,221,501)		(3,777,819)		443,682
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating Transfers In	3	3,725,640		3,514,288		3,055,992		(458,296)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,725,640		3,514,288		3,055,992		(458,296)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)								
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(721,827)		(707,213)		(721,827)		(14,614)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0		0		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		721,827		721,827		721,827		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	14,614	\$	0	\$	(14,614)

PARK AND RECREATION FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$	652,101	\$	652,100	\$	680,730	\$	28,630
All Other Revenues		5,700		5,700		2,908		(2,792)
Total Revenues		657,801		657,800		683,638		25,838
Expenditures:								
Leisure Time Activities:								
Recreation Programming Division:								
Personal Services		1,059,700		1,113,700		1,104,410		9,290
Materials and Supplies		176,192		178,257		159,803		18,454
Contractual Services		853,387		856,074		844,484		11,590
Capital Outlay		58,100		92,000		79,853		12,147
Total Recreation Programming Division	2	2,147,379		2,240,031		2,188,550		51,481
Blue Ash Sports Center Division:								
Personal Services		324,450		349,450		342,879		6,571
Materials and Supplies		118,139		117,179		108,017		9,162
Contractual Services		60,459		76,877		57,230		19,647
Capital Outlay		132,122		131,958		130,674		1,284
Total Blue Ash Sports Center Division		635,170		675,464		638,800		36,664
Grounds Maintenance Division:								
Personal Services		558,750		588,750		574,717		14,033
Materials and Supplies		109,540		107,983		102,017		5,966
Contractual Services		234,684		330,549		297,899		32,650
Capital Outlay		1,792,830		904,891		647,631		257,260
Total Grounds Maintenance Division		2,695,804		1,932,173		1,622,264		309,909
Total Expenditures		5,478,353		4,847,668		4,449,614		398,054

(Continued)

PARK AND RECREATION FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,820,552)	(4,189,868)	(3,765,976)	423,892
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating Transfers In	4,577,733	3,954,573	3,523,156	(431,417)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,577,733	3,954,573	3,523,156	(431,417)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(242,819)	(235,295)	(242,820)	(7,525)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,666	1,666	1,666	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	241,154	241,154	241,154	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1	\$ 7,525	\$ 0	\$ (7,525)

GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	4 52 041	ф. 52 041	Φ 5.000	Ф. 2207
Porperty Taxes	\$ 73,841 7,190	\$ 73,841	\$ 76,228	\$ 2,387
Intergovernmental Revenues		7,190	8,163	973
Total Revenues	81,031	81,031	84,391	3,360
Expenditures:				
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	10,735,000	10,735,000	10,735,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	866,143	866,143	780,749	85,394
Total Expenditures	11,601,143	11,601,143	11,515,749	85,394
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(11,520,112)	(11,520,112)	(11,431,358)	88,754
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	9 700 000	9 700 000	9 700 000	0
Proceeds from General Obligation Notes	8,700,000	8,700,000	8,700,000	_
Operating Transfers In	2,731,960	2,731,960	2,671,426	(60,534)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	11,431,960	11,431,960	11,371,426	(60,534)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(88,152)	(88,152)	(59,932)	28,220
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	99,355	99,355	99,355	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	3,797	3,797	3,797	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 43,220	\$ 28,220

FIREHOUSE CONSTRUCTION FUND

	Orio	tinal Budget	Ein	al Budget	Actual	Fin 1	riance with nal Budget Positive Vegative)
Revenues:	Ong	illai Duuget	1.11	ai Budget	 Actual	(1	vegative)
Investment Earnings	\$	38,000	\$	38,000	\$ 48,319	\$	10,319
Total Revenues		38,000		38,000	48,319		10,319
Expenditures:							
Capital Outlay		4,439,050		5,433,251	 5,042,915		390,336
Total Expenditures		4,439,050		5,433,251	5,042,915		390,336
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,401,050)	(5,395,251)	(4,994,596)		400,655
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds from General Obligation Notes		4,200,000		4,400,000	 4,400,000		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		4,200,000		4,400,000	4,400,000		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)							
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(201,050)		(995,251)	(594,596)		400,655
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		932,259		932,259	932,259		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		62,991		62,991	62,991		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	794,200	\$	(1)	\$ 400,654	\$	400,655

SERVICE GARAGE CONSTRUCTION FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Investment Earnings	\$ 25,000	\$ 39,917	\$ 43,029	\$ 3,112	
All Other Revenues	0	1,520	0	(1,520)	
Total Revenues	25,000	41,437	43,029	1,592	
Expenditures:					
Capital Outlay	3,415,894	4,032,321	3,883,396	148,925	
Total Expenditures	3,415,894	4,032,321	3,883,396	148,925	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,390,894)	(3,990,884)	(3,840,367)	150,517	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from General Obligation Notes	0	600,000	600,000	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	600,000	600,000	0	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)					
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(3,390,894)	(3,390,884)	(3,240,367)	150,517	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,361,289	3,361,289	3,361,289	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances	29,605	29,605	29,605	0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 0	\$ 10	\$ 150,527	\$ 150,517	

MUNICIPAL MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE TAX FUND

				Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget Final Budget Actual		Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 114,000	\$ 114,000	\$ 118,556	\$ 4,556
Investment Earnings	1,000	1,000	3,275	2,275
Total Revenues	115,000	115,000	121,831	6,831
Expenditures:				
Transportation:				
Street Division:				
Personal Services	100,000	120,000	105,460	14,540
Total Expenditures	100,000	120,000	105,460	14,540
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	15,000	(5,000)	16,371	21,371
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	122,469	122,469	122,469	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 137,469	\$ 117,469	\$ 138,840	\$ 21,371

STATE HIGHWAY FUND

							ance with al Budget
						P	ositive
	Origi	nal Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	32,000	\$	32,000	\$ 34,702	\$	2,702
Investment Earnings		1,000		1,000	1,007		7
Total Revenues		33,000		33,000	 35,709		2,709
Expenditures:							
Transportation:							
Street Division:							
Contractual Services		28,811		24,912	5,476		19,436
Capital Outlay		40,000		40,000	20,019		19,981
Total Expenditures		68,811		64,912	25,495		39,417
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(35,811)		(31,912)	10,214		42,126
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		39,941		39,941	39,941		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		8,811		8,811	8,811		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	12,941	\$	16,840	\$ 58,966	\$	42,126

TASK FORCE GRANT FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	678,171	\$	547,277	\$	547,277	\$	0
Total Revenues		678,171	_	547,277		547,277		0
Expenditures:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Police Division:								
Personal Services		344,274		295,466		295,466		0
Materials and Supplies		16,600		4,800		4,800		0
Contractual Services		317,297		247,011		247,011		0
Total Expenditures	_	678,171		547,277		547,277		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		0		0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Advances In		75,000		75,000		50,000		(25,000)
Advances Out		(75,000)		(75,000)		(50,000)		25,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)								
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		0		0		0		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0		0		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

	Origi	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:								
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	16,500	\$	299,198	\$	303,235	\$	4,037
Total Revenues		16,500		299,198		303,235		4,037
Expenditures:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Police Division:								
Personal Services		3,000		30,075		10,075		20,000
Materials and Supplies		6,608		58,392		7,752		50,640
Contractual Services		40,036		204,234		10,167		194,067
Capital Outlay		4,000		52,000		15,032		36,968
Total Expenditures		53,644		344,701		43,026		301,675
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(37,144)		(45,503)		260,209		305,712
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		44,393		44,393		44,393		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		1,108		1,108		1,108		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	8,357	\$	(2)	\$	305,710	\$	305,712

LAW ENFORCEMENT (DART) FUND

	Origir	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:									
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	38,400	\$	62,972	\$	65,077	\$	2,105	
All Other Revenues		100		100		0		(100)	
Total Revenues		38,500		63,072		65,077		2,005	
Expenditures:									
Security of Persons and Property:									
Police Division:									
Personal Services		2,000		4,000		183		3,817	
Materials and Supplies		1,000		1,000		234		766	
Contractual Services		60,430		90,002		76,418		13,584	
Capital Outlay		10,000		3,000		0		3,000	
Total Expenditures		73,430		98,002		76,835		21,167	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(34,930)		(34,930)		(11,758)		23,172	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		51,364		51,364		51,364		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances		78		78		78		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	16,512	\$	16,512	\$	39,684	\$	23,172	

DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

	Origin	Original Budget Final Budge				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:									
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	2,620	\$	620	
Total Revenues		2,000		2,000		2,620		620	
Expenditures:									
Security of Persons and Property:									
Police Division:									
Materials and Supplies		1,000		1,000		267		733	
Contractual Services		24,101		23,779		3,227		20,552	
Capital Outlay		4,000		4,000		1,801		2,199	
Total Expenditures		29,101		28,779		5,295		23,484	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(27,101)		(26,779)		(2,675)		24,104	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		31,481		31,481		31,481		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances		601		601		601		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	4,981	\$	5,303	\$	29,407	\$	24,104	

DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT (DART) FUND

	Origina	al Budget	Fina	ıl Budget	Actual	Fin: P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:							
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	5,300	\$	7,279	\$ 7,279	\$	0
Total Revenues		5,300		7,279	 7,279		0
Expenditures:							
Security of Persons and Property:							
Police Division:							
Materials and Supplies		500		500	0		500
Contractual Services		27,463		29,442	20,919		8,523
Capital Outlay		3,000		3,000	1,236		1,764
Total Expenditures		30,963		32,942	22,155		10,787
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(25,663)		(25,663)	(14,876)		10,787
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		25,664		25,664	 25,664		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1	\$	1	\$ 10,788	\$	10,787

EDUCATION ENFORCEMENT (DUI) FUND

	Origi	nal Budget	Fina	ıl Budget	 Actual	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:							
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$ 1,961	\$	461
Total Revenues		1,500		1,500	1,961		461
Expenditures:							
Security of Persons and Property:							
Police Division:							
Contractual Services		1,800		1,800	102		1,698
Total Expenditures		1,800		1,800	102		1,698
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(300)		(300)	1,859		2,159
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		5,126		5,126	 5,126		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	4,826	\$	4,826	\$ 6,985	\$	2,159

KENWOOD ROAD IMPROVEMENT PHASE II FUND

	Orig	inal Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Fina Po	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:							
Investment Earnings	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$ 5,734	\$	1,734
Total Revenues		4,000		4,000	 5,734		1,734
Expenditures:							
Capital Outlay		654,643		650,283	 650,284		(1)
Total Expenditures		654,643		650,283	 650,284		(1)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(650,643)		(646,283)	(644,550)		1,733
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		78,704		78,704	78,704		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		571,938		571,938	571,938		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	(1)	\$	4,359	\$ 6,092	\$	1,733

KENWOOD ROAD CONSTRUCTION FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 170,800	\$ 170,800	\$ 167,157	\$ (3,643)
Investment Earnings	20,000	14,000	14,362	362
All Other Revenues	18,000	243,000	259,138	16,138
Total Revenues	208,800	427,800	440,657	12,857
Expenditures:				
Capital Outlay	1,739,459	2,108,459	2,095,206	13,253
Total Expenditures	1,739,459	2,108,459	2,095,206	13,253
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,530,659)	(1,680,659)	(1,654,549)	26,110
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating Transfers In	0	150,000	150,000	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	150,000	150,000	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(1,530,659)	(1,530,659)	(1,504,549)	26,110
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	178,252	178,252	178,252	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	1,352,408	1,352,408	1,352,408	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 26,111	\$ 26,110

REED HARTMAN HIGHWAY AND CARVER ROAD IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Orig	ginal Budget	Fir	nal Budget	Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues:							• • • • • •
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	220,000	\$	220,000	\$ 240,000	\$	20,000
Total Revenues		220,000		220,000	 240,000		20,000
Expenditures:							
Capital Outlay		525,619		525,619	 507,220		18,399
Total Expenditures		525,619		525,619	 507,220		18,399
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(305,619)		(305,619)	(267,220)		38,399
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating Transfers Out		(272,500)		(272,500)	(272,500)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(272,500)		(272,500)	 (272,500)		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)							
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(578,119)		(578,119)	(539,720)		38,399
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		103,787		103,787	103,787		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		474,332		474,332	474,332		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 38,399	\$	38,399

REED HARTMAN IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Origi	nal Budget	Fina	l Budget	A	ctual	Final l Pos	ce with Budget itive ative)
Revenues:								
Total Revenues	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Expenditures:								
Capital Outlay		750,000		283,052		283,052	1	0
Total Expenditures		750,000		283,052		283,052		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(750,000)	((283,052)	(283,052)		0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating Transfers In		750,000		283,052		283,052		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		750,000		283,052		283,052		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)								
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		0		0		0		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0		0		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

LAND PURCHASE FUND

n.	Origi	nal Budget	Fin	nl Budget	Actual	Fina Po	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:							
Licenses and Permits	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$ 300	\$	(700)
Total Revenues		1,000		1,000	300		(700)
Expenditures:							
Capital Outlay		7,000		7,000	0		7,000
Total Expenditures		7,000		7,000	 0		7,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(6,000)		(6,000)	300		6,300
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		10,015		10,015	10,015		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	4,015	\$	4,015	\$ 10,315	\$	6,300

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

Agency Funds

Mayor's Court Fund

To account for funds that flow through the Mayor's Court.

Ohio Board of Building Standards Assessment Fund

To account for funds from the three percent (3%) fees as required by Ohio Revised Code.

Arson Task Force Fund

To account for the collection and disbursement of funds related to the Arson Task Force.

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	Balance December 31, 2001	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2002
Mayor's Court				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	\$500	\$280,408	(\$280,408)	\$500
Total Assets	\$500	\$280,408	(\$280,408)	\$500
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$500	\$280,408	(\$280,408)	\$500
Total Liabilities	\$500	\$280,408	(\$280,408)	\$500
Ohio Board of Building Standards Assessments				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$422	\$4,424	(\$3,751)	\$1,095
Total Assets	\$422	\$4,424	(\$3,751)	\$1,095
Liabilities:				
Intergovernmental Payables	\$422	\$4,424	(\$3,751)	\$1,095
Total Liabilities	\$422	\$4,424	(\$3,751)	\$1,095
Arson Task Force				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,267	\$3,973	(\$3,670)	\$4,570
Total Assets	\$4,267	\$3,973	(\$3,670)	\$4,570
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$4,267	\$3,973	(\$3,670)	\$4,570
Total Liabilities	\$4,267	\$3,973	(\$3,670)	\$4,570
Totals - All Agency Funds				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,689	\$8,397	(\$7,421)	\$5,665
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	500	280,408	(280,408)	500
Total Assets	\$5,189	\$288,805	(\$287,829)	\$6,165
Liabilities:				
Intergovernmental Payables	\$422	\$4,424	(\$3,751)	\$1,095
Due to Others	4,767	284,381	(284,078)	5,070
Total Liabilities	\$5,189	\$288,805	(\$287,829)	\$6,165

$oldsymbol{C}_{APITAL}\,oldsymbol{A}_{SSETS}\,oldsymbol{U}_{SED}\,oldsymbol{I}_{N}\,oldsymbol{T}_{HE}$ Operation Of Governmental $oldsymbol{F}_{UNDS}$

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Source December 31, 2002

General Fixed Assets:

Land	\$12,096,397
Buildings	15,471,777
Improvements Other than Buildings	5,871,816
Infrastructure	17,368,466
Machinery and Equipment	11,277,399
Construction in Progress	5,068,475
Total General Fixed Assets	\$67,154,330

Investment in General Fixed Assets from:

General Fund	\$15,741,236
Special Revenue Funds	13,856,902
Capital Project Funds	37,441,880
Enterprise Fund	5,500
Capital Leases	108,812
Total Investment in General Fixed Assets	\$67,154,330

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity December 31, 2002

Function and Activity	Land	Buildings	Improvements Other Than Buildings
General Government:	Ф221 200	Φ1 010 2 02	ф 257.2 00
Administration	\$331,208	\$1,918,283	\$257,209
Legislative Judicial	0	7,375 0	0
Finance / Tax	0	44,030	0
Total	331,208	1,969,688	257,209
Security of Persons and Property:			
Police	0	548,963	0
Fire	0	917,302	1,900
Total	0	1,466,265	1,900
Transportation:			
Street	4,433,732	0	0
Leisure Time Activities:			
Park	2,065,036	8,502,424	1,816,094
Grounds Maintenance	2,380,333	3,112,211	3,654,285
Total	4,445,369	11,614,635	5,470,379
Basic Utility Services:			
Public Services	985,159	256,914	0
Community Development: Building	1,900,929	164,275	142,328
Construction in Progress			
Total General Fixed Assets	\$12,096,397	\$15,471,777	\$5,871,816

	Machinery	
Infrastructure	and Equipment	Total
mnastructure	Equipment	Total
\$0	\$1,574,152	\$4,080,852
0	4,242	11,617
0	5,715	5,715
0	73,185	117,215
0	1,657,294	4,215,399
0	1,728,074	2,277,037
0	3,129,621	4,048,823
0	4,857,695	6,325,860
17,368,466	292,411	22,094,609
0	904,111	13,287,665
0	1,437,752	10,584,581
0	2,341,863	23,872,246
0	2,080,291	3,322,364
0	47,845	2,255,377
		5,068,475
\$17,368,466	\$11,277,399	\$67,154,330

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule Changes by Function and Activity For Year Ended December 31, 2002

	Restated			D 1 21
Function and Activity	December 31, 2001	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 2002
T direction and Federal	2001	Tidditions .	Beletions	2002
General Government:				
Administration	\$3,996,328	\$186,642	(\$102,118)	\$4,080,852
Legislative	11,617	0	0	11,617
Judicial	5,715	0	0	5,715
Finance / Tax	115,395	16,591	(14,771)	117,215
Total	4,129,055	203,233	(116,889)	4,215,399
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police	2,194,804	242,674	(160,441)	2,277,037
Fire	3,582,855	717,143	(251,175)	4,048,823
Total	5,777,659	959,817	(411,616)	6,325,860
Transportation:				
Street	21,711,305	390,227	(6,923)	22,094,609
Leisure Time Activities:				
Park	13,370,335	68,132	(150,802)	13,287,665
Grounds Maintenance	10,358,033	435,458	(208,910)	10,584,581
Total	23,728,368	503,590	(359,712)	23,872,246
Basic Utility Services:				
Public Services	3,116,439	338,132	(132,207)	3,322,364
Community Development:				
Building	2,269,888	0	(14,511)	2,255,377
Construction in Progress	424,348	4,811,517	(167,390)	5,068,475
Total General Fixed Assets	\$61,157,062	\$7,206,516	(\$1,209,248)	\$67,154,330

STATISTICAL Section



STATISTICAL TABLES

T he following unaudited statistical tables reflect social and economic data, financial trends and fiscal capacity of the City.

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1) LAST TEN YEARS

	Year	Security of Persons and Property	Public Health and Welfare Services	Leisure Time Activities	Community Development	Basic Utility Services	Trans- portation	General Government	Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Total
	1993	5,152,218	0	1,874,691	422,779	2,109,417	841,730	1,973,176	2,557,422	1,680,636	\$16,612,069
	1994	5,468,384	0	2,029,496	449,421	2,288,764	781,061	2,120,087	2,916,587	2,056,584	18,110,384
	1995	5,865,231	0	2,248,390	466,267	2,460,579	830,549	2,176,341	3,811,853	1,999,432	19,858,642
	1996	6,306,607	0	2,360,714	550,319	2,435,148	859,185	2,275,129	3,256,844	2,653,414	20,697,360
S	1997	6,408,047	0	2,474,481	488,379	2,495,505	705,137	2,248,447	5,319,196	2,505,615	22,644,807
2 -	1998	7,286,579	0	3,353,772	583,527	4,034,811	2,994,004	3,137,228	0 (2)	2,394,257	23,784,178
	1999	7,192,329	0	4,152,781	628,447	3,833,087	5,715,500	5,154,243	0 (2)	2,305,270	28,981,657
	2000	7,737,772	0	3,772,561	757,186	3,000,095	4,128,592	3,380,758	0 (2)	1,560,466	24,337,430
	2001	8,595,712	0	3,485,880	737,395	3,053,246	3,190,539	4,956,057	0 (2)	2,050,327	26,069,156
	2002	9,243,373	0	4,115,009	690,755	3,714,209	3,775,004	4,350,054	7,092,437 (2)	2,832,603	35,813,444

⁽¹⁾ Includes General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Funds. Beginning in 2002, includes all Governmental Funds

⁽²⁾ Amounts previously reported as Capital Outlay are now reported within the various functions.

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE (1) LAST TEN YEARS

_	Year	Taxes	Inter- Governmental Revenue	Charges for Service	Licenses	Investment Earnings	Fines and Forfeitures	(2) All Other	Total
	1993	\$13,872,643	\$1,899,658	\$613,247	\$174,193	\$109,661	\$345,769	\$43,287	\$17,058,458
	1994	14,937,317	2,355,264	689,017	236,250	159,220	436,489	40,544	18,854,101
	1995	16,442,205	2,257,040	784,297	179,478	215,892	312,078	51,034	20,242,024
	1996	17,410,034	2,924,107	895,093	218,661	225,036	273,332	51,179	21,997,442
S	1997	22,856,328	2,813,726	811,921	253,230	375,305	318,255	55,372	27,484,137
3	1998	20,049,344	2,696,007	1,079,718	230,138	493,621	286,429	40,402	24,875,659
	1999	20,873,226	3,174,907	1,047,157	236,468	502,374	324,694	35,862	26,194,688
	2000	23,301,869	2,747,822	924,905	226,880	705,262	327,410	13,118	28,247,266
	2001	22,314,016	2,966,510	898,125	235,053	462,478	331,997	5,744	27,213,923
	2002	19,348,795	3,134,793	834,809	253,622	279,789	582,167	263,332	24,697,307

⁽¹⁾ Includes General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Funds Beginning in 2002, includes all Governmental Funds

⁽²⁾ Special Assessments are included in All Other.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Collection Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy	Accumulated Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percentage of Accumulated Delinquent Taxes To Total Tax Levy
1993	\$1,933,378	\$1,740,122	\$53,207	\$1,793,329	92.76%	\$75,186	3.89%
1994	2,143,137	1,916,189	84,031	2,000,220	93.33%	143,216	6.68%
1995	2,030,708	1,874,719	65,606	1,940,325	95.55%	90,671	4.46%
1996	2,106,380	2,012,203	71,425	2,083,628	98.92%	94,918	4.51%
1997	2,057,949	1,999,539	89,083	2,088,622	101.49%	98,427	4.78%
1998	2,114,767	2,070,720	91,897	2,162,617	102.26%	94,583	4.47%
1999	2,181,588	2,139,288	67,045	2,206,333	101.13%	83,881	3.84%
2000	2,336,051	2,286,424	60,817	2,347,241	100.48%	109,832	4.70%
2001	2,516,171	2,344,188	72,818	2,417,006	96.06%	101,837	4.05%
2002	2,519,618	2,318,799	45,121	2,363,920	93.82%	153,234	6.08%

ASSESSED VALUATIONS AND ESTIMATED TRUE VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

	Real Property			Public Utility Personal		Tangible Personal Property		Total		Assessed Value as a	
	Tax Year	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Percent of Actual Value	
	1993	\$437,257,810	\$1,249,308,029	\$23,891,510	\$23,891,510	\$175,156,050	\$700,624,200	\$636,305,370	\$1,973,823,739	32.24%	
	1994	441,847,770	1,262,422,200	25,212,500	25,212,500	177,464,250	709,857,000	644,524,520	1,997,491,700	32.27%	
	1995	439,080,970	1,254,517,057	23,274,300	23,274,300	159,456,930	637,827,720	621,812,200	1,915,619,077	32.46%	
S	1996	449,177,860	1,283,365,314	25,208,720	25,208,720	181,990,970	727,963,880	656,377,550	2,036,537,914	32.23%	
5 -	1997	458,131,740	1,308,947,829	26,622,970	26,622,970	192,107,880	768,431,520	676,862,590	2,104,002,319	32.17%	
	1998	468,557,320	1,338,735,200	27,082,230	27,082,230	201,112,020	804,448,080	696,751,570	2,170,265,510	32.10%	
	1999	530,995,970	1,517,131,343	26,288,200	26,288,200	212,285,540	849,142,160	769,569,710	2,392,561,703	32.17%	
	2000	542,886,730	1,551,104,943	23,990,460	23,990,460	201,143,860	804,575,440	768,021,050	2,379,670,843	32.27%	
	2001	560,081,250	1,600,232,143	17,946,800	17,946,800	203,011,200	812,044,800	781,039,250	2,430,223,743	32.14%	
	2002	616,983,960	1,762,811,314	15,621,300	15,621,300	197,201,600	788,806,400	829,806,860	2,567,239,014	32.32%	

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATIONS) LAST TEN YEARS

City of Blue Ash

	Collection Year	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total	Princeton * Sycamore ** School District	_	Hamilton County	Special Taxing Districts	Total
	1993	2.97	0.11	3.08	42.24	*	18.33	2.70	66.35 *
					54.14	**			78.25 **
	1994	2.97	0.11	3.08	42.24	*	18.30	2.70	66.32 *
					54.14	**			78.22 **
	1995	2.97	0.11	3.08	42.24	*	18.30	2.70	66.32 *
Š					54.14	**			78.22 **
6 -	1996	2.97	0.11	3.08	42.24	*	19.44	2.70	67.46 *
					54.14	**			79.36 **
	1997	2.97	0.11	3.08	42.24	*	19.44	2.70	67.46 *
					54.14	**			79.36 **
	1998	2.97	0.11	3.08	42.24	*	19.01	2.70	67.03 *
					54.14	**			78.93 **
	1999	2.97	0.11	3.08	42.24	*	19.54	2.70	67.56 *
					61.53	**			86.85 **
	2000	2.97	0.11	3.08	46.19	*	20.83	2.70	72.80 *
					60.84	**			87.45 **
	2001	2.97	0.11	3.08	46.19	*	19.92	2.70	71.89 *
					60.84	**			86.54 **
	2002	2.97	0.11	3.08	46.19	*	21.47	2.70	73.44 *
					60.84	**			88.09 **

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Collection Year	Amount Billed	Amount Collected	Percent Collected
1993	\$27,076	\$17,845	65.91%
1994	12,127	3,013	24.85%
1995	13,020	4,828	37.08%
1996	9,175	1,946	21.21%
1997	11,305	3,470	30.69%
1998	11,944	3,576	29.94%
1999	10,884	1,813	16.66%
2000	9,811	0	0.00%
2001	0	0	0.00%
2002	0	0	0.00%

These figures represent amounts certified to and collected by the Hamilton County Auditor.

COMPUTATION OF 5-1/2 % LEGAL DEBT MARGIN DECEMBER 31, 2002

Assessed Value		\$829,806,860
Unvoted Debt Limit		
5-1/2% Assessed Value		\$45,639,377
Total Unvoted Debt Outstanding		
at December 31, 2002	10,795,000	
Unvoted General Obligation Bonds		
Issued in Anticipation of the Collection of Lawfully available		
Municipal Income Tax to be Applied to Debt Service	(10,795,000)	
Subtotal	0	
Less: Bond Retirement Fund Balance	(48,216)	
Net Subject to 5-1/2% Limitation		0
Legal Debt Margin within 5-1/2% Limitation		\$45,639,377

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COMPUTATION OF 10-1/2 % LEGAL DEBT MARGIN DECEMBER 31, 2002

Assessed Value		=	\$829,806,860
Voted and Unvoted Debt Limit			
10-1/2% Assessed Value			\$87,129,720
Total Voted and Unvoted Debt Outstanding			
at December 31, 2002		10,795,000	
Unvoted General Obligation Bonds			
Issued in Anticipation of the Collection of Law	fully available		
Municipal Income Tax to be Applied to Debt S	=	(10,795,000)	
	Subtotal	0	
Less: Bond Retirement Fund Balance		(48,216)	
Net Subject to 10-1/2% Limitation			0
Legal Debt Margin within 10-1/2% Limitation		_	\$87,129,720

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RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

	<u>Y</u> ear	Population (1)	Assessed Value (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Debt Service Funds Available	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Valuation	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
	1993	11,923 (a)	\$636,305,000	\$0	\$20,924	\$0	0.00%	\$0
	1994	11,923 (a)	644,524,520	0	17,302	0	0.00%	0
	1995	11,923 (a)	621,812,200	0	32,161	0	0.00%	0
S	1996	11,923 (a)	656,377,550	0	118,934	0	0.00%	0
10 -	1997	11,923 (a)	676,862,590	0	106,719	0	0.00%	0
	1998	11,923 (a)	696,751,570	0	350,708	0	0.00%	0
	1999	11,923 (a)	769,569,710	0	916,388	0	0.00%	0
	2000	12,513 (b)	768,021,050	0	43,900	0	0.00%	0
	2001	12,513 (b)	781,039,250	0	103,123	0	0.00%	0
	2002	12,513 (b)	829,806,860	0	48,216	0	0.00%	0

⁽¹⁾ Source: U.S. Bureau of Census of Population - (a) U.S. Bureau of Census Revision, March 18, 1992 (b) U.S. Bureau of Census - Federal 2000 Census

⁽²⁾ Source: Hamilton County, Ohio: County Auditor

⁽³⁾ Annual debt charges are covenanted to be appropriated annually from lawfully available municipal income taxes.

RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES LAST TEN YEARS

	Year	Debt Principal	Interest and Fiscal Charges	Total Bonded Debt Service (1)	General Governmental Expenditures (2)	Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
	1993	\$1,120,000	\$525,827	\$1,645,827	\$16,612,069	9.91%
	1994	1,475,000	557,231	2,032,231	18,110,384	11.22%
	1995	1,475,000	496,958	1,971,958	19,858,642	9.93%
S	1996	2,050,000	585,197	2,635,197	20,697,360	12.73%
11 -	1997	2,050,000	451,926	2,501,926	22,644,807	11.05%
	1998	2,050,000	340,756	2,390,756	23,784,178	10.05%
	1999	2,050,000	252,022	2,302,022	28,981,533	7.94%
	2000	1,350,000	210,466	1,560,466	24,337,430	6.41%
	2001	1,350,000	689,574	2,039,574	26,069,156	7.82%
	2002	2,035,000	600,345	2,635,345	35,813,444	7.36%

⁽¹⁾ Includes Debt Principal, Interest and Fiscal Charges.

⁽²⁾ Excludes Operating Transfers-Out.

Beginning in 2002, includes all Governmental Funds

COMPUTATION OF ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2002

	Net Debt	Percentage Applicable to City	Amount Applicable
Jurisdiction	Outstanding	of Blue Ash (2)	to City of Blue Ash
Direct			
City of Blue Ash (1)	\$10,795,000	100.00%	\$10,795,000
Overlapping Subdivisions			
Sycamore Community School District	42,373,599	49.69%	21,055,441
Princeton City School District	0	1.95%	0
Great Oaks Joint Vocational School District	7,130,000	5.03%	358,639
Hamilton County	130,790,000	4.50%	5,885,550
		Subtotal	27,299,630
		Total	\$38,094,630

The percentage of gross indebtedness of the city's overlapping political subdivisions was determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed value within the City by its total assessed value.

- (1) Annual debt charges are covenanted to be appropriated annually from lawfully available municipal income taxes.
- (2) Decimal places have been rounded to the nearest hundredth for presentation.

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

		School	Unemployment Rate
Year	Population (1)	Enrollment (2)	Cincinnati Metropolitan Area (3)
1993	11,923 (a)	5,933	5.4%
1994	11,923 (a)	6,073	4.4%
1995	11,923 (a)	5,705	4.2%
1996	11,923 (a)	6,240	4.5%
1997	11,923 (a)	6,118	3.6%
1998	11,923 (a)	6,192	3.4%
1999	11,923 (a)	6,079	3.4%
2000	12,513 (b)	5,891	3.8%
2001	12,513 (b)	5,677	3.8%
2002	12,513 (b)	5,628	4.7%

 ⁽¹⁾ Source: U.S. Bureau of Census of Population - (a) U.S. Bureau of Census Revision, March 18, 1992
 (b) U.S. Bureau of Census - Federal 2000 Census

⁽²⁾ Source: Sycamore Community School District, Board of Education
Includes total Sycamore Community School District, a portion of which is located outside the City of Blue Ash.

⁽³⁾ Source: Greater Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce.

PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS LAST TEN YEARS

		Residential (1)		Commercial (1)		Bank
	Year	Number of Permits	Property Value	Number of Permits	Property Value	Deposits (2) _(in Thousands)
	1993	183	\$3,966,094	585	\$15,598,216	\$15,290,052
	1994	213	8,344,727	658	24,367,109	17,301,493
	1995	205	3,511,468	569	13,255,821	18,661,138
	1996	175	4,637,008	588	22,089,526	21,598,936
	1997	180	5,566,446	692	26,184,190	18,070,437
	1998	185	6,024,905	564	27,970,404	24,305,322
	1999	183	6,344,046	451	33,417,090	41,302,569
	2000	157	5,024,456	430	53,781,171	76,137,192
	2001	172	5,401,293	433	29,705,662	133,025,841
	2002	158	4,281,071	405	14,552,239	145,359,134

(1) Source: City of Blue Ash Building Department.

(2) Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland - amounts are for Hamilton County.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS (PROPERTY TAX) DECEMBER 31, 2002

Taxpayer	2002 Assessed Valuation (Tax Duplicate)	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Duke Realty Ltd Partnership	\$41,839,870	5.04%
2. The Procter and Gamble Company	16,145,410	1.95%
3. Ethicon, Inc.	9,684,300	1.17%
4. Harold R. Silverman LLC	8,638,440	1.04%
5. Cinergy	8,294,640	1.00%
6. Hills Real Estate Group	6,315,080	0.76%
7. Charleston at Blue Ash	6,170,860	0.74%
8. Knickerbocker Properties	5,610,910	0.68%
9. Blue Ash Embassy Associates	5,526,080	0.67%
10. Blue Ash Oxford & Associates Ltd	5,424,300	0.65%
Sub-Total	113,649,890	13.70%
All Others	716,156,970	86.30%
Total	\$829,806,860	100.00%

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS DECEMBER 31, 2002

	Employer	Number of Employees *
1.	The Procter and Gamble Company	3,025
2.	Ethicon, Inc.	1,479
3.	Fidelity Investments	1,114
4.	Ingersoll-Rand (Steelcraft)	976
5.	Belcan Engineering Services	477
6.	Time Warner	452
7.	LSI Industries, Inc.	451
8.	Xerox	444
9.	Wornick Company	438
10.	Sara Lee	375

Source: City of Blue Ash City Tax Office.

^{*} Full-time Equivalents.

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS DECEMBER 31, 2002

Date of Incorporation 1955 (Village) 1961 (City)
Form of Government Charter (adopted 1961, last amended 1989)

Area	7.7 Square Miles	Building Permits Issued in 2002	563
Miles of Streets	62.60 (154.45 Lane Miles)		
Number of Street Lights	1,049	Recreation and Culture:	
(per Light bill)		Golf Course	18 Holes
		Number of Parks	10
Police Protection:			
Number of Stations	1	Number of Libraries	1
Number of Policemen and Officers	37	(Operated by Hamilton County)	
Fire/Emergency Medical Services:		Employees:	
Number of Stations	2	Full-time	149
Number of Full-time		Variable Part-Time	
Officers and Firefighter/Paramedics	28		
Number of Part-time			
Firefighter/Paramedics	18	Education (K-12) (Public Only) *	
-		Number of Schools	7
		Number of Classrooms	315
		Number of Teachers	518
		Number of Students	5,628

^{*} Total School District data provided by the Sycamore Community School District.





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CITY OF BLUE ASH

HAMILTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003