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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS REPORT

Board of Education Bloomfield Mespo Local School District 2077 Park Road West N. Bloomfield, Ohio 44450

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Bloomfield Mespo Local School District, Trumbull County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Bloomfield Mespo Local School District, Trumbull County, as of June 30, 2002, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 27, 2003 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The accompanying federal awards expenditures schedule is presented for additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements. In our opinion, it is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Butty Montgomeny

January 27, 2003

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BLOOMFIELD-MESPO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2002

	Governmental Fund Types						
		General		Special Revenue		Capital Projects	
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS		_					
ASSETS:	Φ.	225 275	œ.	440 405	c	44.400	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	335,375	\$	112,425	\$	11,400	
Property taxes - current & delinquent		935,524		158.287		_	
Accounts.		4		5,000		_	
Due from other governments		· -		11,762		_	
Materials and supplies inventory		_		-		_	
Prepayments		4,239		-		-	
Restricted assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		74,800		-		-	
depreciation where applicable)		-		-		-	
OTHER DEBITS:							
Amount to be provided for retirement of							
general long-term obligations	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	
Total assets and other debits	\$	1,349,942	\$	287,474	\$	11,400	
LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS							
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$	2,943	\$	8,461	\$	_	
Accrued wages and benefits	·	234,240	•	36,246	•	-	
Compensated absences payable		2,273		-		-	
Pension obligation payable		34,610		4,156		-	
Early retirement incentive payable		3,750		-		-	
Deferred revenue		931,195		165,390		-	
Due to other governments		8,314		2,403		-	
Due to students		<u>-</u>					
Total liabilities		1,217,325		216,656		<u>-</u>	
EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS:							
Investment in general fixed assets		-		-		-	
Retained earnings: unreserved		-		-		-	
Fund balances:							
Reserved for encumbrances		11,997		3,602		-	
Reserved for prepayments		4,239		-		-	
Reserved for tax revenue unavailable for appropriation		4,329		-		-	
Reserved for BWC refunds		13,233		-		-	
Reserved for capital maintenance		61,567 37,252		67,216		11,400	
· ·							
Total equity and other credits		132,617		70,818		11,400	
Total liabilities, equity and other credits	\$	1,349,942	\$	287,474	\$	11,400	

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

	oprietary ind Type		duciary nd Type	Account Groups					
	nterprise		1		neral ked sets	C	eneral ng-Term ligations	(Me	Total emorandum Only)
\$	45,339	\$	76,232	\$	-	\$	-	\$	580,771
									1 002 011
	-		-		-		-		1,093,811 5,004
	8,228		_		_		_		19,990
	1,996		_		_		_		1,996
	-		-		-		-		4,239
	-		-		-		-		74,800
	1,602		-	2,	445,417		-		2,447,019
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		236,677		236,677
\$	57,165	\$	76,232	\$ 2,	445,417	\$	236,677	\$	4,464,307
\$	216	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	11,620
Ψ	5,542	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	276,028
	-		_		_		212,988		215,261
	5,207		-		-		23,689		67,662
	-		-		-		-		3,750
	-		-		-		-		1,096,585
	119		70,770		-		-		81,606
	<u> </u>		5,462	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		5,462
	11,084		76,232				236,677		1,757,974
	_		_	2.	445,417		_		2,445,417
	46,081		-	_,	-		-		46,081
	-		-		-		-		15,599
	-		-		-		-		4,239
	-		-		-		-		4,329
	-		-		-		-		13,233
	-		-		-		-		61,567
					<u>-</u>				115,868
	46,081		<u>-</u>	2,	445,417		<u>-</u>		2,706,333
\$	57,165	\$	76,232	\$ 2,	445,417	\$	236,677	\$	4,464,307

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COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Governmental Fund Types							
	General	Specia Revenu		Capital Projects		Total (Memorandum Only)		
Revenues:							3,	
From local sources:								
Taxes	887,798	\$ 15	8,917	\$	-	\$	1,046,715	
Tuition	22,348		-		-		22,348	
Earnings on investments	11,820		-		-		11,820	
Extracurricular activities	-		4,491		-		44,491	
Other local revenues	69,549		2,763		-		92,312	
Other revenue	.		5,000		-		5,000	
Intergovernmental - State	1,462,611		5,469		16,666		1,544,746	
Intergovernmental - Federal	<u>-</u>	34	5,222	-			345,222	
Total revenue	2,454,126	64	1,862		16,666		3,112,654	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular	972,883		9,971		18,985		1,241,839	
Special	231,642	25	0,933		-		482,575	
Vocational	39,273		-		-		39,273	
Other	3,424		-		-		3,424	
Pupil	75,588		4,394		-		79,982	
Instructional staff	107,007	2	21,013		-		128,020	
Board of Education	8,281		-		-		8,281	
Administration	261,657		7,799		-		269,456	
Fiscal	151,180		2,722		-		153,902	
Operations and maintenance	235,470		3,985		32,165		271,620	
Pupil transportation	208,699		5,261		-		213,960	
Central	1,429		3,205		-		4,634	
Extracurricular activities	45,272	5	8,248		-		103,520	
Facilities acquisition and construction	<u>-</u>		150		<u>-</u>		150	
Total expenditures	2,341,805	60	7,681		51,150		3,000,636	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	112,321	3	34,181		(34,484)		112,018	
Other financing sources:								
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	2,272		_		_		2,272	
1 Tocceus from sale of fixed assets	2,212	_					2,212	
Total other financing sources	2,272		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		2,272	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and								
other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)	114,593	3	4,181		(34,484)		114,290	
Fund balances, July 1	18,024	3	6,637		45,884		100,545	
Fund balances, June 30 \$	132,617		0,818	\$	11,400	\$	214,835	
	102,017	Ψ 1	0,010	Ψ	11,400	Ψ	217,000	

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	General			Special Revenue				
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$ 988,954	\$ 888,136	\$ (100,818)	\$ 177,627	\$ 158,917	\$ (18,710)		
Tuition	20,870	22,348	1,478	_	_	-		
Earnings on investments	12,566	13,456	890	_	_	_		
Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	42,550	44.492	1,942		
Other local revenues	26,647	28,534	1,887	21,871	22,869	998		
Intergovernmental - State		1,462,611	96,669	62,919	65,791	2,872		
Intergovernmental - Federal		1,402,011	-	325.700	340,564	14,864		
intergovernmentar - r ederal				020,700	340,304	17,007		
Total revenues	2,414,979	2,415,085	106	630,667	632,633	1,966		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:	1 007 175	070 464	117 711	250 674	240 620	0.046		
Regular	1,097,175	979,461	117,714	258,674	249,628	9,046		
Special	259,098	231,300	27,798	265,733	247,399	18,334		
Vocational	,	39,832	4,787	-	-	-		
Other	3,862	3,448	414	-	-	-		
Support services:								
Pupil	84,903	75,794	9,109	5,054	4,778	276		
Instructional staff	118,478	105,767	12,711	23,468	23,657	(189)		
Board of Education	9,896	8,835	1,061	-	-	-		
Administration	294,430	262,841	31,589	8,352	7,811	541		
Fiscal	146,105	130,430	15,675	2,925	2,723	202		
Operations and maintenance	263,545	235,270	28,275	3,778	3,535	243		
Pupil transportation	·	214,518	25,781	5,656	5,287	369		
Central	1,612	1,439	173	3,443	3,205	238		
Extracurricular activities	•	· ·		·	•			
	50,978	45,509	5,469	62,753	59,721	3,032		
Facilities acquisition and constructon		-	<u>-</u>	164	<u>158</u>	6		
Total expenditures	2,615,000	2,334,444	280,556	640,000	607,902	32,098		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(200,021)	80,641	280,662	(9,333)	24,731	34,064		
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	2,122	2,272	150	_	_	_		
Refund of prior year expenditure	,	43,235	2,859					
Total other financing sources (uses)	42 400	45,507	3,009					
Total other linariting sources (uses)	42,498	45,507	3,009		<u>-</u> _			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and								
other financing sources over (under)								
expenditures and other financing (uses).	(157,523)	126,148	283,671	(9,333)	24,731	34,064		
experiences and other initiationing (uses).	(101,020)	120,140	200,071	(3,333)	27,101	34,004		
Fund balances, July 1	173,586	173,586		70,361	70,361			
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	94,151	·	- -	5,270	5,270	- -		
i noi year encumbrances appropriated	<u>∂+, 131</u>	94,151		5,210	5,210			
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 110,214	\$ 393,885	\$ 283,671	\$ 66,298	\$ 100,362	\$ 34,064		

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

	Capital Projects		Tota	I (Memorandum	only)
Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$ - - - 16,666 - 16,666	\$ - - - 16,666 - 16,666	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ 1,166,581 20,870 12,566 42,550 48,518 1,445,527 325,700 3,062,312	\$ 1,047,053 22,348 13,456 44,492 51,403 1,545,068 340,564 3,064,384	\$ (119,528) 1,478 890 1,942 2,885 99,541 14,864
9,279 - - - - - - 15,721 - -	18,985 - - - - - - 32,165 - -	(9,706) (16,444)	1,365,128 524,831 44,619 3,862 89,957 141,946 9,896 302,782 149,030 283,044 245,955 5,055 113,731	1,248,074 478,699 39,832 3,448 80,572 129,424 8,835 270,652 133,153 270,970 219,805 4,644 105,230 158	117,054 46,132 4,787 414 9,385 12,522 1,061 32,130 15,877 12,074 26,150 411 8,501 6
25,000	51,150	(26,150)	3,280,000	2,993,496	286,504
(8,334)	(34,484)	(26,150)	(217,688)	70,888	288,576
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2,122 40,376	2,272 43,235	150 2,859
			42,498	45,507	3,009
(8,334)		(26,150)	(175,190)	116,395	291,585
12,985 32,899	12,985 32,899		256,932 132,320	256,932 132,320	
\$ 37,550	\$ 11,400	\$ (26,150)	\$ 214,062	\$ 505,647	\$ 291,585

BLOOMFIELD-MESPO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		orietary d Type
Occupation and account of	Ent	erprise
Operating revenues:		54 400
Sales/charges for services	<u>\$</u>	51,160
Total operating revenues		51,160
Operating expenses:		
Personal services		45,146
Contract services		1,712
Materials and supplies		52,553
Depreciation		41
Other		173
Total operating expenses		99,625
Operating loss		(48,465)
Nonoperating revenues:		
Operating grants		67,743
Federal commodities		10,632
Interest revenue		598
Total nonoperating revenues		78,973
Net income		30,508
Retained earnings, July 1		15,573
Retained earnings, June 30	\$	46,081

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENTS

BLOOMFIELD-MESPO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO COMBINDED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Proprietary Fund Type
Onch flows from an activities	Enterprise
Cash flows from operating activities:	\$ 51,160
Cash received from sales/service charges	
Cash payments for personal services	(52,038)
Cash payments for contract services	(2,070)
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(42,839)
Cash payments for other expenses	(173)
Net cash used in operating activities	(45,960)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Cash received from operating grants	59,515
Net cash provided by	
noncapital financing activities	<u>59,515</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition of capital assets	(1,643)
The same of the same	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1,643)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest received	697
Net cash provided by investing activities	697
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	12,609
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	32,730
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 45,339</u>
Reconciliation of operating loss to	
net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (48,465)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	
to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation	41
Federal donated commodities	10,632
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Increase in materials and supplies inventory	(84)
Decrease in accounts payable	(176)
Decrease in accrued wages and benefits	(406)
Increase in due to other governments	119
Decrease in compensated absences payable	(2,270)
Decrease in pension obligation payable	(4,335)
Decrease in deferred revenue	(1,016)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (45,960)

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

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NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Bloomfield - Mespo Local School District (the "District") is organized under Section 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio to provide educational services to students and other community members of the District. Under such laws there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the school district is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms by the citizens of the District.

The District serves an area of approximately 50 square miles in Trumbull County, including the townships of Bloomfield and Mesopotamia.

The District is the 606th largest by enrollment among the 705 public and community school districts in the state. It currently operates one elementary school and one comprehensive middle/high school. The District is staffed by 19 non-certified and 32 certificated personnel to provide services to approximately 396 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The general purpose financial statements (GPFS) of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989 to its proprietary activities unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District's reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>". A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable.

The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes for the organization. The financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The District has no component units. The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County school districts, and a treasurer from each county who must be employed by a participating school district, the fiscal agent or NEOMIN. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. To obtain a copy of NEOMIN's financial statements, write to the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 347 North Park Avenue, Warren, Ohio 44481.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP was established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in Proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the District's governmental fund types:

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with applicable Ohio statute.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary Funds).

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following are the District's proprietary fund types:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations, or have measurement focus. Agency funds are reported on a cash basis, with note disclosure regarding items which, in other fund types, would be subject to accrual. There were no accruals at June 30, 2002, which in other fund types, would be reported on the combined balance sheet.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of general nature, the following account groups are used:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary Fund Type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for Governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, which for the District is sixty days after the June 30 year-end. Revenues accrued at the end of the year include taxes, (to the extent they are intended to finance the current fiscal year), interest, and accounts (student fees and tuition). Current property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2002, but which are intended to finance fiscal 2003 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenues. Delinquent property taxes measurable and available (received within 60 days) and amounts available as advances on future tax settlements are recognized as revenue at year-end. Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue but not received by the District prior to June 30, 2002 are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for future appropriations. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating this revenue in accordance with ORC Section 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied and the resources are available. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met and the resources are available. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis.

The District reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Expenditures (decreases in net financial resources) are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred, with the following exception: general long-term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due; and costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as expenditures in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees. Allocations of cost such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense, with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities at fiscal year-end are reported as donated commodities revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from nonexchange transactions, such as grants, entitlements and donations, is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. The proprietary funds receive no revenue from property taxes.

D. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2002 is as follows:

- Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a
 proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget
 includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are
 publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget
 document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Trumbull County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2002.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.) Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Short-term interfund loans are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource, and are intended to be repaid.
- 6. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 8. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal 2002.
- Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward
 to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances
 may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund, function and/or object level.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized with District funds in the normal course of operations, for purchase orders and contract related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. For governmental fund types, encumbrances outstanding at year-end appear as a reserve to the fund balance on a GAAP basis and as the equivalent of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to demonstrate legal compliance. Note 14 provides a reconciliation of the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting. Encumbrances for enterprise funds are disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including Proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

Investments are reported at cost except for investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), which is reported at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market prices.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal 2002. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2002.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal 2002 amounted to \$11,820, which included \$4,426 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the Treasurer's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

F. Inventory

Inventories of proprietary funds are valued at the lower of cost (first-in/first-out method) or market and expensed when used rather than when purchased.

G. Prepaids

Prepayments for governmental funds represent cash disbursements which have occurred and are therefore not current expendable resources. These items are reported as fund assets on the balance sheet using the allocation method, which amortizes their cost over the periods benefitting from the advance payment. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

1. General Fixed Assets Account Group

General fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year in the general fixed assets account group. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$500 and a useful life of less than five years. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. No depreciation is recognized for assets in the general fixed assets account group. The District has not included infrastructure in the general fixed asset account group.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

2. Proprietary Funds

Equipment reflected in these funds are stated at historical cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

Depreciation has been provided, where appropriate, on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Life (years)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 - 20

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for sick leave is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty (50) or greater with at least ten (10) years of service and all employees with at least twenty (20) years of service regardless of their age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

Accumulated vacation and severance of governmental fund type employees meeting the above requirements have been recorded in the appropriate governmental fund as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be payable within the current available period. The balance of the liability is recorded in the general long term obligations account group. Vacation and sick leave for employees meeting the above requirements who are paid from proprietary funds is recorded as an expense when earned.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Payments made more than sixty days after year-end are generally considered not to have been paid with current available financial resources. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary funds.

K. Fund Equity

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, tax advance unavailable for appropriation, prepayments, Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) refunds and capital maintenance. The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under state statute. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds.

L. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the District has numerous transactions between funds. The most significant include:

- 1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund. The resources transferred are to be expended for operations by the receiving fund and are recorded as operating transfers, with the exception of agency funds, which do not show transfers of resources as operating transfers.
- 2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund.
- Short-term interfund loans made pursuant to Board of Education Resolution are reflected as "interfund loans receivable or payable." Such interfund loans are repaid in the following fiscal year.
- 4. Quasi-external transactions are similar to the purchase of goods or services from a vendor; i.e., the fund which provides a service records revenue, and the fund which receives that service records an expenditure/expense.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 5. Residual equity transfers are non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity, generally made when a fund is closed.
- 6. Long-term interfund loans that will not be repaid within the next year are termed "advances" and are shown as reservations of fund balances on the combined balance sheet for those funds that report advances to other funds as assets because they are not spendable, available resources.

M. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish a reserve for capital maintenance and for BWC refunds which are restricted in use by state statute. Fund balance reserves have also been established. See Note 16 statutory reserves.

N. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the GPFS are captioned (Memorandum Only) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with GAAP. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2002 included the following individual fund deficits:

	<u>Deficit Balance</u>
Special Revenue Funds	
Intervention Services	\$16
DPIA	49
Learning Opportunity	12

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end.

This GAAP-basis deficit will be funded by anticipated future intergovernmental revenues or other subsidies not recognized and recorded at June 30. The general fund provides transfers for deficit balances; however, transfers are made when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur. These deficits are caused by accruing wage, benefit and retirement obligation in accordance with GAAP. This fund complied with state statue which does not allow for a negative fund balance at year-end.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes require the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt investments rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

Deposits: At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$152,779 and the bank balance was \$223,711. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance; and
- 2. \$123,711 was uninsured and uncollateralized as defined by GASB although it was secured by collateral held by third party trustees, pursuant to section 135.181 Ohio Revised Code, in collateralized pools securing all public funds on deposit with specific depository institutions; these securities not being in the name of the District. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments: Investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or securities held by the District. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

The District had an investment of \$502,792 in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio is not categorized because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents on the combined balance sheet is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting".

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents on the combined balance sheet per GASB Statement No. 9 and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	Investments
Per GASB Statement No. 9 Investments of the cash management pool:	\$ 655,571	\$ 0
Investment in STAR Ohio	(502,792)	502,792
GASB Statement No. 3	<u>\$ 152,779</u>	<u>\$502,792</u>

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Distributions from the second half of the calendar year occur in a new fiscal year and are intended to finance the operations of that year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the District. Real property taxes and public utility taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by state law at 35% of appraised market value.

Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property, as well as land and improvements. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at varying rates of true value.

Tangible personal property taxes attach as a lien and are levied on January 1 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value. The first \$10,000 of assessed value is exempt from taxation. The District receives a state subsidy in lieu of tax revenue which would otherwise have been collected.

The assessed value upon which the 2001 taxes were collected was \$35,457,561. Agricultural/residential and public utility/minerals real estate represented 85.56% or \$30,337,600 of this total; commercial & industrial real estate represented 4.85% or \$1,719,360 of this total; public utility tangible represented 4.46% or \$1,580,290 of this total and general tangible property represented 5.13% or \$1,820,311 of this total. The voted general tax rate at the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 was \$56.00 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation for operations.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20.

The Trumbull County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of the District. The County Auditor periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. These tax "advances" are based on statutory cash flow collection rates. Final "settlements" are made each February and August.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2002. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, they are not (exclusive of advances) intended to finance current year operations. The net receivable (total receivable less amount available intended to finance the current year) is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue but not received by the District prior to June 30, 2002, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for future appropriations. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating this revenue in accordance with ORC Section 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year-end. Available tax advances at June 30, 2002 totaled \$4,329 in the general fund.

NOTE 6- RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2002 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), and intergovernmental grants (to the extent eligibility requirements have been met by year-end). Intergovernmental grants receivable have been presented as "Due From Other Governments" on the combined balance sheet. Taxes and intergovernmental receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes and the stable condition of state programs.

A summary of the principal items of receivables follows:

	Amounts
General Fund Taxes - current and delinquent	\$935,524
Special Revenue Funds Taxes - current and delinquent Accounts Due from other governments	158,287 5,000 11,762
Enterprise Funds Due from other governments	8,228

NOTE 7 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the changes in the general fixed assets account group during the fiscal year follows:

	Balance		_	Balance
	<u>July 1, 2001</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	June 30, 2002
Land/improvements	\$ 42,318	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,318
Buildings/improvements	1,330,699	79,788	-	1,410,487
Furniture/equipment	777,265	29,746	(35,375)	771,636
Vehicles	203,089	51,427	(33,540)	220,976
Construction-in-Progress	74,522	<u>5,266</u>	(79,788)	0
Total	<u>\$2,427,893</u>	<u>\$166,227</u>	<u>\$(148,703</u>)	<u>\$2,445,417</u>

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - FIXED ASSETS - (Continued)

There was no construction-in-progress at June 30, 2002.

A summary of the proprietary fixed assets at June 30, 2002 follows:

Furniture and equipment	\$ 75,292
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(73,690</u>)
Net fixed assets	<u>\$ 1,602</u>

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the year ended June 30, 2002, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Compensated absences and pension obligations will ultimately be paid from the fund in which the employee was paid.

	Balance <u>July 1, 2001</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	Balance June 30, 2002
Pension obligation payable Compensated absences Early retirement incentive	\$ 24,769 207,234 3,750	\$23,689 12,565 7,500	\$(24,769) (6,811) (11,250)	\$ 23,689 212,988 0
Total	<u>\$235,753</u>	<u>\$43,754</u>	<u>\$(42,830</u>)	<u>\$236,677</u>

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2002 are a voted debt margin of \$3,191,180 and an unvoted debt margin of \$35,458.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents, vehicles, and general liability.

Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. The liability limits are \$1,000,000 for each accident, medical coverage of \$5,000 per person, and uninsured motorist of \$1,000,000 for each accident with a collision deductible of \$500.

Real property and contents are fully insured. Real property is 90% co-insured. Limits of insurance on real property and equipment are \$6,605,800 with a deductible of \$1,000.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The District liability policy has a limit of \$1,000,000 for each occurrence and \$2,000,000 aggregate. The District's Employee Benefits liability policy has a \$1,000,000 loss limit for each occurrence and \$3,000,000 aggregate.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reductions in amounts of insurance coverage from fiscal 2001.

B. Health Self Insurance

The District has joined together with other school districts in the state to form the Trumbull County School Insurance Consortium Association, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 16 member school districts in Trumbull County. The District pays a monthly premium to Trumbull County School Insurance Consortium Association for its insurance coverage. It is intended that the Trumbull County School Insurance Consortium Association will be self-supporting through member premiums. The monthly premium includes a specific and aggregate stoploss premium paid to General American Insurance. The specific individual stoploss is \$100,000 per year. The aggregate stoploss is 105% of yearly anticipate claims.

The District provides health, vision and life insurance coverage for employees. The health insurance coverage is administered by United Healthcare, a third party administrator. Vision Service Plan administers the vision coverage. Medical Life Insurance Company provides the life insurance coverage.

The District pays the insurance premiums, as a fringe benefit for the employees.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 12. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2002, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP.

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - SEGMENT INFORMATION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The District maintains two enterprise funds to account for the operations of food service and uniform school supplies. The table below reflects, in a summarized format, the more significant financial data relating to the enterprise funds of the District as of and for the year ended June 30.

	Food Service	Uniform School Supplies	Total
Operating revenue	\$ 51,160	\$ -	\$ 51,160
Operating expenses before depreciation	99,584	-	99,584
Depreciation expense	41	-	41
Operating loss	(48,465)	-	(48,465)
Nonoperating revenue: Operating grants Donated federal commodities Interest revenue	67,743 10,632 598	- - -	67,743 10,632 598
Net income	30,508	-	30,508
Net working capital	40,397	4,082	44,479
Total assets	53,083	4,082	57,165
Total fund equity	41,999	4,082	46,081
Encumbrances outstanding as of 6/30/02	2,199	-	2,199

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215, or by calling (614) 222-5853.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which was 14 percent for 2002; 5.46 percent was the portion to fund pension obligations. The contribution rates of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the School Employees Retirement Board, up to maximum amounts allowed by state statute. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000 were \$48,113, \$43,713, and \$57,031, respectively; 49.49 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2002 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2001 and 2000. \$24,300, representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent; 9.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000 were \$189,657, \$171,598, and \$165,685, respectively; 83.36 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2002 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 200 and 2000. \$31,552, representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2002, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by SERS or STRS have an option to choose Social Security or SERS/STRS. As of June 30, 2002, five members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through STRS, and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through SERS. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by STRS and SERS based on authority granted by state statute. Both STRS and SERS are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For this fiscal year, the State Teachers Retirement Board allocated employer contributions equal to 4.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$60,961 during fiscal 2002.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve fund. The balance in the Health Care Reserve fund was \$3.256 billion at June 30, 2001 (the latest information available). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001 (the latest information available), net health care costs paid by STRS were \$300.772 million and STRS had 102,132 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with 10 or more years of qualifying service credit, and disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than 25 years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 8.54 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2002, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 2001 (the latest information available), were \$161.440 million and the target level was \$242.2 million. At June 30, 2001 (the latest information available), SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$315.7 million and SERS had approximately 50,000 participants receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including surcharge, equaled \$42,168 during the 2002 fiscal year.

NOTE 13 - SEVERANCE BUY-OUT PLAN

A Severance Buy-Out Plan (SBP) was implemented on August 16, 2000, and was offered to certified teaching staff. This plan is effective until June 15, 2003. In order to take advantage, employees were required to have 30 total years of service and notify the treasurer's office within 90 days prior to their retirement date. The retirees will receive \$7,500 in addition to payment for unused sick leave to the extent allowed according to the District's policy. Payments will be made in two equal installments beginning in the month following the employee's retirement, and the remaining payment will be made within one year. There were \$11,250 in SBP payments made in fiscal 2002.

A liability of \$3,750 has been recorded in the general fund at June 30, 2002. The general fund will be retiring this obligation with current expendable available resources.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance is done on a GAAP basis, the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Comparison - All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for governmental funds (GAAP basis);

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the governmental funds are as follows:

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over/(Under) Expenditures

Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Capital <u>Projects</u>
Budget basis	\$126,148	\$24,731	\$(34,484)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	39,041	9,229	-
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(23,651)	(11,842)	-
Net adjustment for other financing sources/(uses)	(43,235)	-	-
Encumbrances (budget basis)	16,290	12,063	_
GAAP basis	<u>\$114,593</u>	<u>\$34,181</u>	\$(34,484)

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 15- CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2002.

B. Litigation

The District is not involved in litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

C. State School Funding Decision

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations.

NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the reserve activity was as follows:

Materials	Instructional <u>Maintenance</u>	Capital <u>Refunds</u>	BWC
Set-aside cash balance as of July 1, 2001	\$ -	\$ 51,319	\$13,233
Current year set-aside requirement	50,974	50,974	-
Qualifying disbursements	<u>(68,098</u>)	<u>(40,726</u>)	
Balance June 30, 2002	<u>\$(17,124</u>)	<u>\$ 61,567</u>	<u>\$13,233</u>
Cash balance carried forward to FY 2003	<u>\$(17,124</u>)	<u>\$ 61,567</u>	<u>\$13,233</u>

Monies representing BWC refunds that were received prior to April 10, 2001, have been shown as a restricted asset and reserved fund balance in the general fund since allowable expenditures are restricted by state statute.

The District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the instructional materials set-aside amount below zero; this extra amount is being carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Continued)

NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES (continued)

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2002 follows:

Amount restricted for capital maintenance	\$61,567
Amount restricted for BWC refunds	13,233
Total restricted assets	\$74,800

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

ederal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE assed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution Program		10.550		\$7,472		\$6,628
National School Breakfast Program	05-PU- 02	10.553	11,567		11,567	
National School Lunch Program	LL-P4-02	10.555	43,439		43,439	
otal U.S. Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster			55,006	7,472	55,006	6,628
.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 'assed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Grants to Local Educational Agencies	04.04.00	0.4.04.0				
(ESEA Title I)	C1-S1-02 C1-S1-01	84.010 84.010	220,956 20,796		201,405 31,351	
Total Title I			241,752		232,756	
Special Education _Grants to States	6B-SF-02-P	84.027	33,464		33,464	
Innovative Educational Program	00.04.00	0.4.000				
Strategies	C2-S1-02 C2-S1-01	84.298 84.298	2,071 0		1,748 440	
			2,071		2,188	
ESEA Title VI-R - Class Size Reduction	CR-S1-02	84.340	5,329		13,078	
	CR-S1-01	84.340	37,543		26,023	
			42,872		39,101	
ESEA Title II Eisenhower Professional	C2-S1-02	84.281	5,570		4,107	
Development Grant			5,570		1,065 5,172	
ESEA Title IV Safe & Drug Free Schools	DR-S1-02	84.186	1,572		1,572	
•						
School Renovation Assistance	AT-S1-02	84.352	1,718		1,718	
otal Department of Education			329,019		315,971	
.S. OFFICE OF LIBRARY SERVICES 'assed Through State Library of Ohio						
LSTA Library Grant		45.310	11,571			
otals			\$395,596	\$7,472	\$370,977	\$6,628

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

BLOOMFIELD MESPO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES

NOTE A--SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B--FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance, such as food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and consumed. Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2002, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Bloomfield Mespo Local School District 2077 Park Road West N. Bloomfield, Ohio 44450

We have audited the financial statements of Bloomfield Mespo Local School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

January 27, 2003

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Education Bloomfield Mespo Local School District 2077 Park Road West N. Bloomfield, Ohio 44450

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Bloomfield Mespo Local School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2002. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2002.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Bloomfield Mespo Local School District Trumbull County Independent Accountants Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Major Federal Programs and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB CIRCULAR A-133 Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Betty Montgomery Auditor of State

Betty Montgomery

January 27, 2003

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505

BLOOMFIELD MESPO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY JUNE 30, 2002

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control	No
	weakness conditions reported at the	
	financial statement level (GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable	No
	control weakness conditions	
	reported at the financial statement	
	level (GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non-	No
	compliance at the financial statement	
	level (GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal	No
	control weakness conditions	
(0 (4) (1)	reported for major federal programs?	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable	No
	internal control weakness conditions	
(4)(4)(4)	reported for major federal programs?	I la su alifia d
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance	Unqualified
(al)(4)(;;)	Opinion	No
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings	No
(d)(4)(vii)	under § .510?	Title L CEDA: 94 040
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I, CFDA: 84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000
(d)(4)(ix)	Low Biok Auditor?	Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



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BLOOMFIELD MESPO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 1, 2003