AUDITOR

CITY OF UHRICHSVILLE TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

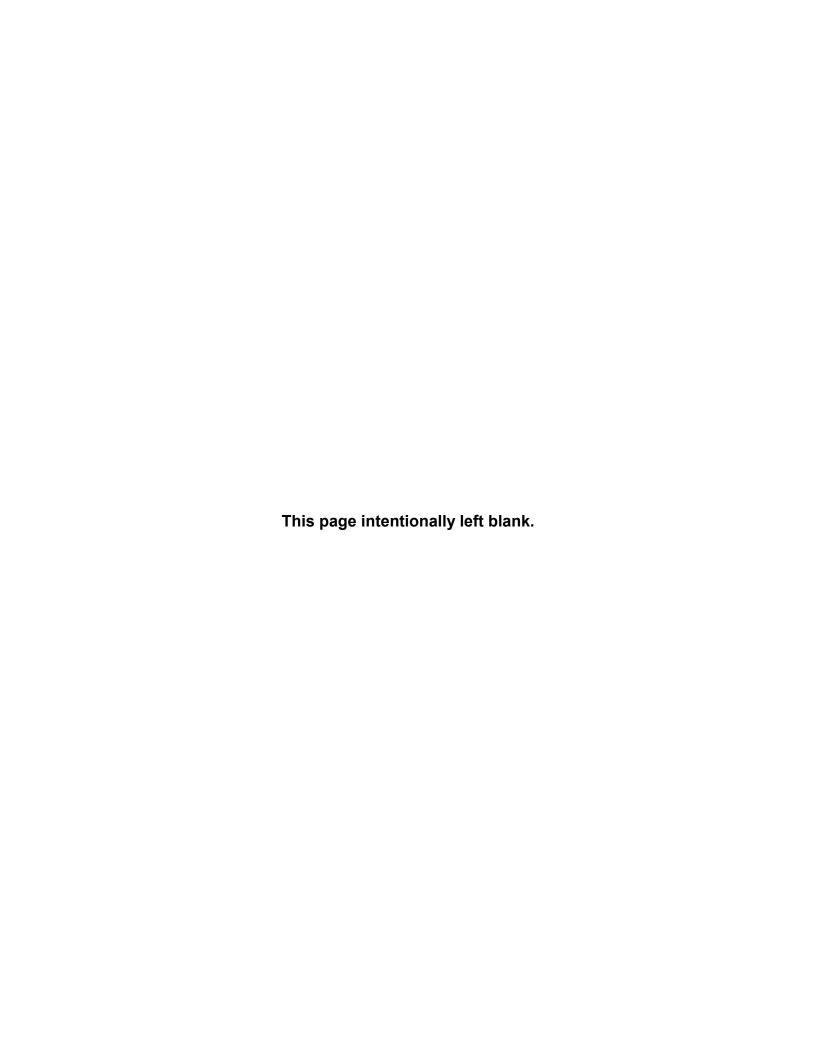
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000



CITY OF UHRICHSVILLE TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	<u>GE</u>
Report of Independent Accountants	. 1
Combined Balance Sheet - All Governmental Fund Types and Account Groups	. 4
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types	. 7
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual All Governmental Fund Types	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings Proprietary Fund Type	. 12
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund Type	. 13
Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements	. 15
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards	39
Notes to the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards	40
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by Government Auditing Standards	41
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	. 43
Schedule of Findings	45
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	49





111 Second Street, NW Fourth Floor Canton, Ohio 44702

Telephone 330-438-0617

800-443-9272

Facsimile 330-471-0001 www.auditor.state.oh.us

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

City of Uhrichsville Tuscarawas County 305 East Second Street Uhrichsville, Ohio 44683

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council:

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the City of Uhrichsville, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000, as listed in the Table of Contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Uhrichsville, as of December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The accompanying general purpose financial statements have been prepared assuming that the City will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 3 to the general purpose financial statements, the City has been declared to be in fiscal emergency by the Auditor of State which raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 3. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 20, 2001 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

City of Uhrichsville Tuscarawas County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

The accompanying Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 20, 2001

This page intentionally left blank.

City of Uhrichsville, Ohio Combined Balance Sheet All Governmental Fund Types and Account Groups December 31, 2000

	Gove	ernmental Fund Typ	oes
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects
Assets and Other Debit			
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash	•		
and Cash Equivalents	\$0	\$103,064	\$858,675
Receivables:	279 201	27.071	02 (51
Taxes	378,391	37,071	93,651
Accounts Accrued Interest	496 1,138	0	0
Interfund	1,138	0	1,327,746
Intergovernmental	74,598	10,159	0
Materials and Supplies	74,570	10,137	V
Inventory	3,562	2,943	0
Fixed Assets	0	0	0
Other Debit			
Amount to be Provided from			
General Government Resources	0	0	0
Total Assets and Other Debit	\$458,185	\$153,237	\$2,280,072
Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$2,708	\$2,026	\$19,327
Contracts Payable	0	0	112,934
Accrued Wages Payable	5,138	1,264	0
Compensated Absences Payable	736	2,175	0
Claims Payable	0	0	0
Interfund Payable	481,815	824,047	0
Intergovernmental Payable	75,935	22,265	0
Deferred Revenue	178,034	37,071	93,651
Police and Fire Pension	0	0	0
General Obligation Bonds Payable	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	744,366	888,848	225,912
Fund Equity and Other Credits			
Investment in General Fixed Assets	0	0	0
Retained Earnings (Deficit):			
Unreserved	0	0	0
Fund Balances (Deficit):			
Reserved for Encumbrances	769	31	0
Reserved for Inventory	3,562	2,943	0
Reserved for Interfund Receivable	0	0	1,327,746
Unreserved, Undesignated	(290,512)	(738,585)	726,414
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	(286,181)	(735,611)	2,054,160
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$458,185	\$153,237	\$2,280,072

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

Proprietary Fund Type	Agggun	t Groups	
Tunu Type	Account Groups		T-4-1-
¥ . •	General	General	Totals
Internal	Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
Service	Assets	Obligations	Only)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$961,739
0	0	0	509,113
0	0	0	496
0	0	0	1,138
0	0	0	1,327,746
0	0	0	84,757
0	0	0	6,505
0	1,956,123	0	1,956,123
0	0	547.270	5 47 270
0	0	547,270	547,270
\$0	\$1,956,123	\$547,270	\$5,394,887
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$24,061
0	0	0	112,934
0	0	0	6,402
0	0	139,246	142,157
14,277	0	0	14,277
21,884	0	0	1,327,746
0	0	42,203	140,403
0	0	0	308,756
0	0	345,321	345,321
0	0	20,500	20,500
36,161	0	547,270	2,442,557
0	1,956,123	0	1,956,123
(36,161)	0	0	(36,161)
0	0	0	800
0	0	0	6,505
0	0	0	1,327,746
0	0	0	(302,683)
(36,161)	1,956,123	0	2,952,330
\$0	\$1,956,123	\$547,270	\$5,394,887

(This page intentionally left blank.)

City of Uhrichsville, Ohio Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Revenues		General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Note		General	revenue	Trojects	Service	
Municipal Income Tax 1,094,892 0 0 1,094,892 Charges for Services 12,096 25,136 0 0 37,232 Fines, Licenses and Permits 66,449 3,599 10 0 70,048 Interest 23,807 0 0 0 23,807 Rent 2,855 0 0 0 2,855 Other 10,714 10,342 0 0 20,215,66 Total Revenues 1,705,564 1,082,888 212,663 0 3,001,115 Expenditures Current 362,404 489,272 0 0 874,725 Security of Persons and Property 826,854 47,871 0 0 874,725 Public Health and Welfare 5,911 0 0 0 251,423 Community Environment 0 25,586 0 0 255,586 Leisure Time Activities 0 40,228 0 0 373,635 Capital Outl						
Charges for Services 12,096 25,136 0 0 37,232 Fines, Licenses and Permits 66,49 3,599 0 0 70,048 Intergovernmental 297,064 1,002,411 116,300 0 1,715,775 Interest 23,807 0 0 0 23,807 Other 10,714 10,342 0 0 23,805 Other 1,705,564 1,082,888 212,663 0 3,001,115 Expenditures Current General Government 362,404 489,272 0 0 851,676 Security of Persons and Property 826,854 47,871 0 0 874,725 Public Health and Welfare 5,911 0 0 5,911 0 0 5,911 Transportation 0 251,423 0 0 295,586 0 0 295,586 Community Environment 0 295,586 0 0 37,635 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>. ,</td><td></td><td>* *</td><td></td></td<>			. ,		* *	
Fines, Licenses and Permits 66,449 3,599 0 0 70,048 Intergovernmental 297,064 1,002,411 116,000 0 1,415,775 Interest 23,807 0 0 0 23,807 Rent 2,855 0 0 0 28,855 Other 10,714 10,342 0 0 21,056 Other 1,705,564 1,082,888 212,663 0 3,001,115 Expenditures Current: 6 1,705,564 1,082,888 212,663 0 3,001,115 Expenditures Current: 6 1,082,888 212,663 0 3,001,115 Expenditures Current: 0 1,082,888 212,663 0 3,001,115 Expenditures 21,243 0 0 0 5,911 Expenditures 5,911 0 0 0 25,586 Leisure Time Activiti			*			
Intergovernmental				*	-	
Neterest 123,807 0						
Rent Other 2,855 Other 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					-	
Other 10,714 10,342 0 0 21,056 Total Revenues 1,705,564 1,082,888 212,663 0 3,001,115 Expenditures Current: C				*		
Total Revenues 1,705,564 1,082,888 212,663 0 3,001,115 Expenditures Current: General Government 362,404 489,272 0 0 851,676 Security of Persons and Property 826,854 47,871 0 0 0 874,725 Public Health and Welfare 5,911 0 0 0 5,911 Tansportation 0 251,423 0 0 295,586 Community Environment 0 295,586 0 0 295,586 Leisure Time Activities 0 40,228 0 0 295,586 Leisure Time Activities 0 0 373,635 0 373,635 Debt Service: ***			*	*	-	
Expenditures Current: General Government 362,404 489,272 0 0 0 851,676 Security of Persons and Property 826,854 47,871 0 0 0 0 874,725 Public Health and Welfare 5,911 0 0 0 0 5,911 Transportation 0 251,423 0 0 251,423 Community Environment 0 295,586 0 0 0 295,586 Leisure Time Activities 0 0 0 373,635 0 373,635 Capital Outlay 0 0 0 373,635 0 373,635 Capital Outlay 0 0 0 373,635 0 373,635 Capital Outlay 0 0 3,500 8,500 16,363 Interest and Fiscal Charges 14,817 0 743 1,536 17,096 Total Expenditures 1,214,349 1,124,380 377,878 10,036 2,726,643 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 491,215 (41,492) (165,215) (10,036) 274,472 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 0 (10,036) 0 (33,536) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 0 0 (33,536) Capital Transfers Out (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) (10,036) 0 Capital Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) (10,036) 0 (33,536) Capital Transfers Out (23,500)	Total Revenues			212,663	0	
Current: General Government 362,404 489,272 0 0 851,676 Security of Persons and Property 826,854 47,871 0 0 874,725 Public Health and Welfare 5,911 0 0 0 5,911 Transportation 0 251,423 0 0 251,423 Community Environment 0 295,586 0 0 295,586 Leisure Time Activities 0 40,228 0 0 40,228 Capital Outlay 0 0 373,635 0 373,635 Debt Service: 0 4,363 0 3,500 8,500 16,363 Interest and Fiscal Charges 14,817 0 743 1,536 17,096 Total Expenditures 491,215 (41,492) (165,215) (10,036) 274,472 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In 0 23,500 0 (10,036) 0 33,536 Total Other Financing Source						
General Government 362,404 489,272 0 0 851,676 Security of Persons and Property 826,854 47,871 0 0 874,725 Public Health and Welfare 5,911 0 0 0 5,911 Transportation 0 251,423 0 0 251,423 Community Environment 0 295,586 0 0 295,586 Leisure Time Activities 0 40,228 0 0 40,228 Capital Outlay 0 0 373,635 0 373,635 Debt Service: 0 373,635 0 373,635 Principal Retirement 4,363 0 3,500 8,500 16,363 Interest and Fiscal Charges 14,817 0 743 1,536 17,096 Total Expenditures 491,215 (41,492) (165,215) (10,036) 274,472 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 23,500 0 10,036 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Security of Persons and Property 826,854 47,871 0 0 874,725 Public Health and Welfare 5,911 0 0 0 5,911 Transportation 0 251,423 0 0 251,423 Community Environment 0 295,586 0 0 295,586 Leisure Time Activities 0 40,228 0 0 40,228 Capital Outlay 0 0 373,635 0 373,635 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 4,363 0 3,500 8,500 16,363 Interest and Fiscal Charges 14,817 0 743 1,536 17,096 Total Expenditures 491,215 (41,492) (165,215) (10,036) 2726,643 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 491,215 (41,492) (165,215) (10,036) 274,472 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 0 10,036 33,536 Total Other Financing Uses <td></td> <td>262.404</td> <td>400.272</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0.51 (7)</td>		262.404	400.272	0	0	0.51 (7)
Public Health and Welfare						
Transportation 0 251,423 0 0 251,423 Community Environment 0 295,586 0 0 295,586 Leisure Time Activities 0 40,228 0 0 40,228 Capital Outlay 0 0 373,635 0 373,635 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 4,363 0 3,500 8,500 16,363 Interest and Fiscal Charges 14,817 0 743 1,536 17,096 Total Expenditures 1,214,349 1,124,380 377,878 10,036 2,726,643 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 491,215 (41,492) (165,215) (10,036) 274,472 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In 0 23,500 0 10,036 33,536 Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 <				*		
Community Environment 0 295,586 0 0 295,586 Leisure Time Activities 0 40,228 0 0 40,228 Capital Outlay 0 0 373,635 0 373,635 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 4,363 0 3,500 8,500 16,363 Interest and Fiscal Charges 14,817 0 743 1,536 17,096 Total Expenditures 1,214,349 1,124,380 377,878 10,036 2,726,643 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 491,215 (41,492) (165,215) (10,036) 274,472 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out 0 23,500 0 10,036 33,536 Operating Transfers Out (Under) Expenditures (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) (*		
Leisure Time Activities 0 40,228 0 0 40,228 Capital Outlay 0 0 0 373,635 0 373,635 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 4,363 0 3,500 8,500 16,363 Interest and Fiscal Charges 14,817 0 743 1,536 17,096 Total Expenditures 1,214,349 1,124,380 377,878 10,036 2,726,643 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 491,215 (41,492) (165,215) (10,036) 274,472 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 23,500 0 10,036 33,536 Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 23,500 0 10,036 0 (33,536) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,479) (17,992) (-	
Capital Outlay Debt Service: 0 0 373,635 0 373,635 Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges 4,363 0 3,500 8,500 16,363 Interest and Fiscal Charges 14,817 0 743 1,536 17,096 Total Expenditures 1,214,349 1,124,380 377,878 10,036 2,726,643 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 491,215 (41,492) (165,215) (10,036) 274,472 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 23,500 0 10,036 33,536 Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 23,500 0 10,036 0 (33,536) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) (17,992) (175,251) 0 274,472 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>,</td></t<>					-	,
Debt Service: Principal Retirement 4,363 0 3,500 8,500 16,363 Interest and Fiscal Charges 14,817 0 743 1,536 17,096 Total Expenditures 1,214,349 1,124,380 377,878 10,036 2,726,643 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 491,215 (41,492) (165,215) (10,036) 274,472 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out 0 23,500 0 10,036 33,536 Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 23,500 0 10,036 0 33,536 Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 0 0 33,536 Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,479) (175,251) 0 274,472 F				•	-	
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges 4,363 14,817 0 3,500 743 8,500 16,363 17,096 Total Expenditures 1,214,349 1,124,380 377,878 10,036 2,726,643 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 491,215 (41,492) (165,215) (10,036) 274,472 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 23,500 0 10,036 33,536 Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 0 (10,036) 0 33,536 Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 23,500 0 10,036 33,536 Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 467,715 (17,992) (175,251) 0 274,472 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year (752,464) (714,573) 2,229,411 0 762,374 Decrease in Reserve for Inventory (1,432) </td <td></td> <td>v</td> <td>v</td> <td>373,032</td> <td>v</td> <td>373,030</td>		v	v	373,032	v	373,030
Total Expenditures 1,214,349 1,124,380 377,878 10,036 2,726,643 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 491,215 (41,492) (165,215) (10,036) 274,472 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out 0 23,500 0 10,036 33,536 Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 0 (10,036) 0 (33,536) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 467,715 (17,992) (175,251) 0 274,472 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year (752,464) (714,573) 2,229,411 0 762,374 Decrease in Reserve for Inventory (1,432) (3,046) 0 0 (4,478)		4,363	0	3,500	8,500	16,363
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 491,215 (41,492) (165,215) (10,036) 274,472 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out 0 23,500 0 10,036 33,536 Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 0 (10,036) 0 (33,536) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 467,715 (17,992) (175,251) 0 274,472 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year (752,464) (714,573) 2,229,411 0 762,374 Decrease in Reserve for Inventory (1,432) (3,046) 0 0 (4,478)	Interest and Fiscal Charges	14,817	0	743	1,536	17,096
Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 23,500 0 10,036 33,536 Operating Transfers In 0 23,500 0 (10,036) 0 (33,536) Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 467,715 (17,992) (175,251) 0 274,472 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year (752,464) (714,573) 2,229,411 0 762,374 Decrease in Reserve for Inventory (1,432) (3,046) 0 0 (4,478)	Total Expenditures	1,214,349	1,124,380	377,878	10,036	2,726,643
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out 0 (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 0 (10,036) 33,536 (33,536) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 467,715 (17,992) (175,251) 0 274,472 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year (752,464) (714,573) 2,229,411 0 762,374 Decrease in Reserve for Inventory (1,432) (3,046) 0 0 (4,478)	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	491,215	(41,492)	(165,215)	(10,036)	274,472
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out 0 (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 0 (10,036) 33,536 (33,536) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 467,715 (17,992) (175,251) 0 274,472 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year (752,464) (714,573) 2,229,411 0 762,374 Decrease in Reserve for Inventory (1,432) (3,046) 0 0 (4,478)	Other Fire and Green (Hear)					
Operating Transfers Out (23,500) 0 (10,036) 0 (33,536) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 467,715 (17,992) (175,251) 0 274,472 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year (752,464) (714,573) 2,229,411 0 762,374 Decrease in Reserve for Inventory (1,432) (3,046) 0 0 (4,478)	Oneroting Transfers In	0	22 500	0	10.036	22 526
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (23,500) 23,500 (10,036) 10,036 0 Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 467,715 (17,992) (175,251) 0 274,472 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year (752,464) (714,573) 2,229,411 0 762,374 Decrease in Reserve for Inventory (1,432) (3,046) 0 0 (4,478)			,		,	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 467,715 (17,992) (175,251) 0 274,472 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year (752,464) (714,573) 2,229,411 0 762,374 Decrease in Reserve for Inventory (1,432) (3,046) 0 0 (4,478)	Operating Transfers out	(23,300)		(10,030)		(33,330)
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses 467,715 (17,992) (175,251) 0 274,472 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year (752,464) (714,573) 2,229,411 0 762,374 Decrease in Reserve for Inventory (1,432) (3,046) 0 0 (4,478)	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(23,500)	23,500	(10,036)	10,036	0
and Other Financing Uses 467,715 (17,992) (175,251) 0 274,472 Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year (752,464) (714,573) 2,229,411 0 762,374 Decrease in Reserve for Inventory (1,432) (3,046) 0 0 (4,478)	Excess of Revenues and Other Financing					
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year (752,464) (714,573) 2,229,411 0 762,374 Decrease in Reserve for Inventory (1,432) (3,046) 0 0 (4,478)						
Decrease in Reserve for Inventory (1,432) (3,046) 0 0 (4,478)	and Other Financing Uses	467,715	(17,992)	(175,251)	0	274,472
	Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year	(752,464)	(714,573)	2,229,411	0	762,374
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year (\$286,181) (\$735,611) \$2,054,160 \$0 \$1,032,368	Decrease in Reserve for Inventory	(1,432)	(3,046)	0	0	(4,478)
	Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	(\$286,181)	(\$735,611)	\$2,054,160	\$0	\$1,032,368

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	General Fund		
			Variance
	Revised		Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Property and Other Taxes	\$182,500	\$197,687	\$15,187
Municipal Income Tax	775,000	1,069,681	294,681
Charges for Services	15,000	13,785	(1,215)
Licenses, Permits and Fees	50,000	78,017	28,017
Intergovernmental	227,900	279,320	51,420
Interest	15,000	24,320	9,320
Rent	2,000	2,855	855
Other	15,142	10,714	(4,428)
Total Revenues	1,282,542	1,676,379	393,837
Expenditures			
Current:			
General Government	400,100	362,090	38,010
Security of Persons and Property	832,740	770,102	62,638
Public Health and Welfare	6,400	5,911	489
Transportation	0	0	0
Community Environment	0	0	0
Leisure Time Activities	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	0	0	0
Debt Service:	V	· ·	v
Principal Retirement	4,363	4,363	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	14,817	14,817	0
interest and I isear Charges	11,017	11,017	
Total Expenditures	1,258,420	1,157,283	101,137
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	24,122	519,096	494,974
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Operating Transfers In	0	0	0
Operating Transfers Out	(23,500)	(23,500)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(23,500)	(23,500)	0
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing			
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures			
and Other Financing Uses	622	495,596	494,974
and other I maneing oses		,	
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year	(980,845)	(980,845)	0
Prior Vear Engumbrances Appropriated	1 120	1 120	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,120	1,120	
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	(\$979,103)	(\$484,129)	\$494,974

	oital Projects Fund	Сар		cial Revenue Fund	Spe
Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual	Revised Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual	Revised Budget
\$363	\$96,363	\$96,000	\$3,400	\$41,400	\$38,000
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1,372	25,172	23,800
116,300	0 116,300	0	2,679 (603,611)	3,679 1,008,089	1,000 1,611,700
110,500	0	0	(003,011)	1,008,089	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0		9,142	10,342	1,200
116,663	212,663	96,000	(587,018)	1,088,682	1,675,700
0	0	0	635,728	489,272	1,125,000
0	0	0	7,033	37,871	44,904
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	26,308	242,741	269,049
0	0	0	381 2,510	295,586 39,740	295,967 42,250
53,342	269,388	322,730	2,310	0	42,230
0 257	3,500 743	3,500 1,000	0	0	0
53,599	273,631	327,230	671,960	1,105,210	1,777,170
170,262	(60,968)	(231,230)	84,942	(16,528)	(101,470)
0	0	0	0	23,500	23,500
464	(10,036)	(10,500)	0	0	0
464	(10,036)	(10,500)	0	23,500	23,500
170,726	(71,004)	(241.720)	94 042	6 072	(77,970)
1/0,/26	(71,00 4)	(241,730)	84,942	6,972	(77,970)
0	2,230,991	2,230,991	0	(728,609)	(728,609)
0	3,830	3,830	0	623	623
\$170,726 (continued)	\$2,163,817	\$1,993,091	\$84,942	(\$721,014)	(\$805,956)

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual All Governmental Fund Types (continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	Debt Service Fund		
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Property and Other Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0
Municipal Income Tax	0	0	0
Charges for Services	0	0	0
Licenses, Permits and Fees	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	0	0	0
Interest	0	0	0
Rent	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0
Total Revenues	0	0	0
Expenditures			
Current:			
General Government:	0	0	0
Security of Persons and Property	0	0	0
Human Services	0	0	0
Transportation	0	0	0
Community Environment	0	0	0
Leisure Time Activities	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	0	0	0
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	10,300	8,500	1,800
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,000	1,536	464
Total Expenditures	12,300	10,036	2,264
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	(12,300)	(10,036)	2,264
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Operating Transfers In	12,300	10,036	(2,264)
Operating Transfers Out	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,300	10,036	(2,264)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing			
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures			
and Other Financing Uses	0	0	0
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	0	0	0
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$0	\$0	\$0

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

10410	(Welliorandulli O	Variance
Revised		Favorable
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
\$316,500	\$335,450	\$18,950
775,000	1,069,681	294,681
38,800	38,957	157
51,000	81,696	30,696
1,839,600	1,403,709	(435,891)
15,000	24,320	9,320
2,000	2,855	855
16,342	21,056	4,714
3,054,242	2,977,724	(76,518)
1,525,100	851,362	673,738
877,644	807,973	69,671
6,400	5,911	489
269,049	242,741	26,308
295,967	295,586	381
42,250	39,740	2,510
322,730	269,388	53,342
18,163	16,363	1,800
17,817	17,096	721
3,375,120	2,546,160	828,960
(320,878)	431,564	752,442
35,800	33,536	(2,264)
(34,000)	(33,536)	464
1,800	0	(1,800)
(319,078)	431,564	750,642
521,537	521,537	0
5,573	5,573	0
\$208,032	\$958,674	\$750,642

Totals (Memorandum Only)

City of Uhrichsville, Ohio
Statement of Revenues,
Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings
Internal Service Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	Self Insurance
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Other	\$125,568 8,187
Total Operating Revenues	133,755
Operating Expenses Contractual Services Claims Other	48,505 153,115 18
Total Operating Expenses	201,638
Operating Loss	(67,883)
Non-Operating Revenues Interest	151
Net Loss	(67,732)
Retained Earnings Beginning of Year	31,571
Retained Earnings (Deficit) End of Year	(\$36,161)

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

City of Uhrichsville, Ohio
Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	Self Insurance
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Quasi-External Transactions With Other Funds Other Cash Receipts Cash Payments for Goods and Services Other Cash Payments Cash Payments for Claims Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$125,568 8,187 (48,505) (18) (154,962) (69,730)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Advances In	21,884
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest on Investments	151
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(47,695)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	47,695
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$0
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities Operating loss Adjustments	(\$67,883)
Decrease in Claims Payable	(1,847)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$69,730)

See accompanying notes to the general purpose financial statements

(This page intentionally left blank.)

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Note 1 - Description of the City and Reporting Entity

The City of Uhrichsville (the "City") is located in Tuscarawas County, Ohio, approximately 40 miles southeast of the City of Canton and has a population of approximately 5,600. The City was incorporated as a Village on August 13, 1866, and began operating as a City on February 21, 1921. The City is a home rule municipal corporation regulated by Article XVIII of the Ohio Constitution and by Title 7 of the Ohio Revised Code. The City operates as a statutory city with the decision making process being directed by an elected City Council (Council) and Mayor.

On August 6, 1998, the Auditor of State's office declared the City of Uhrichsville to be in a state of fiscal emergency in accordance with Section 118.03, Ohio Revised Code. The declaration resulted in the establishment of a Financial Planning and Supervision Commission. The Commission is comprised of the Mayor of the City, Council President, three financial consultants from various corporations and/or organizations and two representatives from the State of Ohio. This Commission was required to adopt a financial recovery plan for the City, and the plan must be updated annually. Once the plan has been adopted, the City's discretion is limited in that all financial activity of the City must be in accordance with the plan.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of Uhrichsville, this includes police and fire protection, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and repair, and general administrative services. The City's departments include a public safety department, a street maintenance department, a parks and recreation department, a planning and zoning department, and staff to provide support (i.e., payroll processing, accounts payable, and revenue collection) to the service providers. The operation of each of these activities and entities is directly controlled by the City Council through the budgetary process.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and 1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or 2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The City has no component units.

The City is associated with the Community Improvement Corporation of Tuscarawas County, the Uhrichsville-Dennison-Mill Union Cemetery, the Twin City Water and Sewer District, and the Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council, which are defined as jointly governed organizations and with the Health Benefits Plan, a claims serving pool. These organizations are presented in Notes 14 and 15 to the general purpose financial statements.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not contradict or conflict with GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The City uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain City functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the City are grouped into the governmental fund types, proprietary fund type and account group categories.

Governmental Fund Types Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the City's governmental fund types:

General Fund This fund is the operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund This fund is used to account for the accumulations of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds These funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Proprietary Fund Type The proprietary fund is used to account for the City's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The following is the City's proprietary fund type:

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Account Groups To make a clear distinction between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

General Fixed Assets Account Group This account group is used to account for all fixed assets of the City.

General Long-term Obligations Account Group This account group accounts for all unmatured long-term indebtedness of the City.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is reflected as retained earnings. Proprietary operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made. The basis of accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

All governmental fund types are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. The available period for the City is sixty days after year end.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: interest, State levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees, gasoline tax, and local government assistance), fines and forfeiture and income tax withheld by employers.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

The City reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Current and delinquent property taxes measurable as of December 31, 2000, whose availability is indeterminate and which are not intended to finance the current period obligations, have been recorded as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the proprietary fund type. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and become measurable and expenses are recognized when they are incurred, if measurable.

C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provision of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restrictions that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All of the City's funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Budgetary information for the self insurance internal service fund is not reported because it is not included in the entity for which the "appropriated budget" is adopted, and the City does not maintain budgetary financial records. The legal level of budgetary control is at the object level within each department. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the City Council at the legal level of control.

Tax Budget During the first Council meeting in July, the Mayor presents the annual operating budget for the following year to City Council for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20th of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

Estimated Resources The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized property taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation ordinance. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include unencumbered fund balances at December 31 of the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if the city auditor determines, and the Budget Commission agrees, that an estimate needs to be either increased or decreased. The amounts reported on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2000.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Appropriations A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 to March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation ordinance fixes spending authority at the fund, department, and object level. The appropriation ordinance may be amended during the year as new information becomes available, provided total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year only by an ordinance of Council. During the year, several supplemental appropriations measures were passed. None, however, were significant in amount. The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications.

Budgeted Level of Expenditure Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of detailed line-item budgets. Appropriated funds may not be expended for purposes other than those designated in the appropriation ordinance without authority from Council. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations at the level of appropriation adopted by Council. The appropriations set by Council must remain fixed unless amended by Council ordinance.

Encumbrances As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and determine and maintain legal compliance. The Ohio Revised Code prohibits expenditures plus encumbrances from exceeding appropriations at the object level within each department. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures for governmental funds.

Lapsing of Appropriations At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried over for the subsequent year's expenditures and is not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the combined balance sheet.

The general fund, the street construction, maintenance and repair special revenue fund and the self insurance internal service fund had a negative cash balance at December 31, 2000. The capital improvements capital projects fund previously made advances to these funds to eliminate the negative cash balances. The general fund, the street construction, maintenance and repair special revenue fund and the self insurance internal service fund have interfund payables of \$481,815, \$824,047 and \$21,884, respectively. The capital improvements capital projects fund has a corresponding interfund receivable of \$1,327,746 on the combined balance sheet.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

During 2000, investments were limited to money market accounts and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. The general fund did not have a positive cash balance during 2000; the general fund did not earn any interest. Therefore, the \$23,807 credited to the general fund during 2000 was earned by other City funds.

For presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City, and not purchased from the pool, are considered to be cash equivalents.

E. Inventory

Inventory is stated at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the funds when purchased. Reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental fund which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

F. Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group.

All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost when no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction of general fixed assets is also not capitalized.

Public domain ("infrastructure") general fixed assets consisting of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems are not capitalized, as these assets are immovable and of value only to the City.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated.

G. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as grants awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, shared revenues, and entitlements are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when measurable and available. Reimbursement-type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

H. Interfund Assets and Liabilities

Interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables" on the combined balance sheet.

I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all eligible employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgements, compensated absences, special termination benefits and contractually required pension contributions are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current expendable available financial resources. Payments made more than sixty days after year end are generally considered not to have been paid with current available financial resources. Bonds are recognized as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

K. Interfund Transactions

During the normal course of operations, the City has transactions between funds. Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures. Transactions that constitute reimbursement to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund, and as reduction of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

L. Fund Equity

Reservations of fund balances are established to identify the existence of assets that, because of their nonmonetary nature or lack of liquidity, represent financial resources not available for current appropriations or expenditures, including amounts legally segregated for future use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, inventory and long-term interfund receivables.

M. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Totals (Memorandum Only) Columns

Totals columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

Note 3 - Accountability and Legal Compliance

A. Fund Deficits

At December 31, 2000, the following funds had deficit fund balances/retained earnings:

Fund	Fund Balance/Retained Earnings
General Fund	\$286,181
Street Construction, Maintenance	
and Repair Special Revenue Fund	829,625
Self Insurance Internal Service Fund	36,161

The general fund, the street construction, maintenance and repair special revenue fund, and the self insurance internal service fund concluded 2000 with a deficit balances of \$286,181, \$829,625 and \$36,161, respectively. The City was placed in a state of fiscal emergency under Ohio Revised Code Section 180.03 by the Auditor of State in 1998. The deficits in the general fund and the street construction, maintenance and repair special revenue fund are a result of the City's current financial difficulty. A Seven-member Financial Planning and Supervision Commission (Commission) is in place to oversee all fiscal decisions and activities of the City. The Commission's duties include monitoring the City's progress in implementing a financial recovery plan.

The deficit in the self insurance internal service fund is the result of the City's depositing insufficient monies into the fund to cover the claims incurred. The City is evaluating their self insurance plan.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

B. Legal Compliance

Contrary to Section 5705.39, Ohio Revised Code, the following funds had appropriations in excess of estimated revenues and carryover balances:

	Estimated Revenue Plus		
Fund	Carryover Balances	Appropriations	Excess
General Fund	\$302,817	\$1,281,920	\$979,103
Special Revenue:			
Street Construction, Maintenance and			
Repair Fund	(563,347)	253,092	816,439

Contrary to the Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41 (B), the City had disbursements, during the year, at the object level that were greater than appropriations.

The fiscal officer did not always certify that the required amount to meet certain obligations had been lawfully appropriated, contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41 (D).

The City had negative cash balances in the following funds indicating that revenues from other sources were used to pay obligations of these funds, contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.10:

General Fund	\$481,815
Street Construction, Maintenance	
and Repair Special Revenue Fund	824,047
Self Insurance Internal Service Fund	21,884

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget and to demonstrate compliance with State statute. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types (GAAP).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements on a fund type basis.

Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects
GAAP Basis	\$467,715	(\$17,992)	(\$175,251)
Net Adjustment for			
Revenue Accruals	(29,185)	5,794	0
Net Adjustment for			
Expenditure Accruals	57,835	19,201	126,851
Encumbrances	(769)	(31)	(22,604)
Budget Basis	\$495,596	\$6,972	(\$71,004)

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposits accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposits maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposits maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the city auditor by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies reported with the institution.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement exceeds the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; and
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payments for investments may be made upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements."

Deposits At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$961,739 and the bank balance was \$966,617.

- 1. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance,
- 2. \$444,617 was uncollateralized and uninsured, and

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

3. \$422,000 was not collateralized contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 135.18.

Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the financial institution's name and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."

Investments The City's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the City at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting." The City had no investments during the year 2000.

Note 6 - Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2000, consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), accrued interest, intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues. All receivables are considered fully collectible.

A. Property Tax

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2000 for real and public utility property taxes represent collections of 1999 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2000 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for 2000 taxes.

2000 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2000 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2000, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. 2000 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2001.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2000 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 1999, are levied after October 1, 2000, and are collected in 2001 with real property taxes.

2000 tangible personal property taxes are levied after October 1, 1999, on the value as of December 31, 1999. Collections are made in 2000. Tangible personal property assessments are at twenty-five percent of true value.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2000, was \$9.28 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2000 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Estate	\$39,725,240
Public Utility Property	2,752,730
Tangible Personal	6,039,408
Total Assessed Value	\$48,517,378

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, including the City of Uhrichsville. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes. Property taxes receivable represent real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which became measurable as of December 31, 2000. Although total property tax collections for the next year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at December 31, nor are they intended to finance 2000 operations. The receivable is offset by deferred revenue.

B. Income Tax

The City levies a municipal income tax of 1.75 percent on gross salaries, wages and other personal service compensation earned by residents of the City and on the earnings of nonresidents working within the City. This tax also applies to the net income of businesses operating within the City. Residents of the City are granted a credit up to 1.75 percent for taxes paid to other municipalities.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

The City's income tax of 1.75 percent income tax is comprised of 1 percent credited to the general fund and .75 percent credited to the general fund for a period of six years beginning in January 1999. After the six year period, .75 percent will be equally distributed between the general fund and capital improvement capital project fund.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

C. Intergovernmental Receivables

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables is as follows:

General Fund:	
Local Government	\$51,866
Estate Tax	12,344
Local Government Revenue Assistance	5,719
Other	4,669
Total General Fund	74,598
Special Revenue Funds:	
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair	8,571
Fire Uniform and Equipment	1,311
Police Uniform and Equipment	166
Drug Enforcement	111
Total Special Revenue Funds	10,159
Grand Total	\$84,757

Note 7 - Fixed Assets

A summary of changes in general fixed assets during 2000 follows:

	Balance January 1, 2000	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2000
Land and Improvements	\$46,358	\$416,381	\$0	\$462,739
Buildings	217,931	75,579	0	293,510
Machinery and Equipment	512,859	46,500	0	559,359
Vehicles Total	553,268 \$1,330,416	87,247 \$625,707	0 \$0	640,515 \$1,956,123

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the City during the year ended December 31, 2000, were as follows:

	Outstanding			Outstanding
	01/01/00	Additions	Reductions	12/31/00
Compensated Absences Payable	\$128,926	\$12,391	\$2,071	\$139,246
Intergovernmental Payable	47,369	42,203	47,369	42,203
Police and Fire Pension	349,684	0	4,363	345,321
General Obligation Bonds				
1997-6.05% Swimming Pool-\$35,000	17,500	0	7,000	10,500
1997-6.10% Service Truck-\$25,000	15,000	0	5,000	10,000
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$558,479	\$54,594	\$65,803	\$547,270

Compensated absences reported in the "compensated absences payable" account will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. The intergovernmental payable represents contractually required pension contributions paid outside the available period and will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid. The police and fire pension liability will be paid from taxes receipted in the general fund. General obligation bonds will be repaid from property tax revenues that were receipted into the capital improvements capital projects fund.

The City's overall legal debt margin was \$4,346,046 at December 31, 2000. The unvoted legal debt margin was \$48,517. Principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term debt obligations outstanding at December 31, 2000, are as follows:

	Police	General
	and Fire	Obligation
Year	Pension	Bonds
2001	\$19,180	\$13,339
2002	19,180	8,711
2003	19,180	0
2004	19,180	0
2005	19,180	0
2006-2010	95,898	0
2011-2015	95,898	0
2016-2020	95,898	0
2021-2025	95,898	0
2026-2030	95,898	0
2031-2035	85,449	0
Total Principal and Interest	660,839	22,050
Less: Interest	(315,518)	(1,550)
Total Principal Outstanding	\$345,321	\$20,500

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Note 9 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City pays an annual premium of \$35,976 to the Municipal Insurance Alliance, Gulf Insurance Group, for the following:

Coverage	Limit
Property	\$1,562,100
Crime/Bonds	
Theft	20,000
Employee Dishonesty	100,000
Liability	2,000,000
General Aggregate	2,000,000
Products/Completed Operations	2,000,000
Personal/Advertising Injury	2,000,000
Each Occurrence	50,000
Fire Damage	10,000
Medical Expense	1,000,000
Bodily Injury by Accident	1,000,000
Bodily Injury by Disease	1,000,000
Bodily Injury Aggregate	2,000,000
Employees Benefits Aggregate	2,000,000
Employees Benefits Each Employee	2,000,000
Public Officials Aggregate	2,000,000
Public Officials Each Wrongful Act	
Vehicles	
Liability	2,000,000
Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000
Underinsured Motorists	1,000,000
Electronic Data Processing	30,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three years and there has been no significant reduction in commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

The City participates in the Ohio Municipal League Group Rating Plan (OML) for workers' compensation. The intent of the OML is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the participants, foster safer working environments and foster cost-effective claims management skills by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the OML. The workers' compensation experience of the participating cities is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all cities in the OML. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the OML rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the OML. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the OML. Participation in the OML is limited to cities that can meet the OML's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Company provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the OML.

Medical coverage is provided on a self-insured basis through the Health Benefits Plan (Plan), a claims servicing pool (See Note 15). The Plan provides a major medical plan with a \$100 single and \$200 family deductible. The City purchases stop-loss coverage of \$15,000 per employee per year and an aggregate annual limit of \$1,000,000. A third party administrator, Medical Benefits Administrators, Inc., located in Newark, Ohio, reviews and pays all claims.

The claims liability of \$14,277 reported in the internal service fund at December 31, 2000, was estimated by the third party administrator and is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Financial information relating to the fund's claims liability in 1999 and 2000 includes:

	Balance at	Current	Claim	Balance at
	Beginning of Year	Year Claims	Payments	End of Year
1999	\$26,934	\$127,321	\$138,131	\$16,124
2000	16,124	153,115	154,962	14,277

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. Public Employees Retirement System

All full-time employees, other than non-administrative full-time police officers and firefighters, participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. For calendar year 2000, PERS instituted a temporary employer rate rollback for state and local governments. The 2000 employer pension contribution rate for City was 6.54 percent of covered payroll, reduced from 9.35 percent in 1999. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The City's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$17,120, \$24,014, and \$24,080, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 1999 and 1998. 82 percent has been contributed for 2000 with the remainder being reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the OP&F's Board of Trustees. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and by Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

Police and firefighters are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations and the City is required to contribute 12.25 percent for police and 16.75 percent for firefighters. For 1999, the City contributions were 12.5 percent for police and 17 percent for firefighters. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The City's contributions to the OP&F for police and firefighters were \$29,139 and \$39,058 for the year ended December 31, 2000, \$31,721 and \$38,847 for the year ended December 31, 1999, \$32,538 and \$38,683 for 1998. The full amount has been contributed for 1999 and 1998. 71.95 percent and 71.61 percent, respectively, have been contributed for 2000 with the remainder being reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group.

In addition to current contributions, the City pays installments on the accrued liability incurred when the State of Ohio established the statewide pension system for police and fire fighters in 1967. As of December 31, 2000, the unfunded liability of the City was \$345,321 payable in semi-annual payments through the year 2035. This is an accounting liability of the City which will not vary. The liability is reported in the general long-term obligations account group.

C. Social Security System

As of December 31, 2000, four of the Council members have elected Social Security. The Council's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Note 11 - Postemployment Benefits

A. Public Employees Retirement System

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2000 employer contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2000. For 1999, the contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.20 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 1999, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets.

The number of active contributing participants was 401,339. The City's actual contributions for 2000 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$7,690. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 1999, (the latest information available) were \$10,805.5 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$12,473.6 million and \$1,668.1 million, respectively.

For 2000, PERS elected to return to an actuarially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodolgy. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) provides postretirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides the authority allowing the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's board of trustees to provide health care coverage and states that health care costs paid from the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. The total police employer contribution is 19.5 percent of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24 percent of covered payroll, of which 7.25 percent of covered payroll was applied to the postemployment health care program during 2000. For 1999 the percent used to fund healthcare was 7 percent. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment.

The City's actual contributions for 2000 that were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$17,246 for police and \$16,905 for fire. The OP&F's total health care expenses for the year ended December 31, 1999, (the latest information available) were \$95,004,633, which was net of member contributions of \$5,518,098. The number of OP&F participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 1999, was 12,467 for police and 9,807 for firefighters.

Note 12 - Other Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Employees earn three to six weeks of vacation per year, depending on length of service. Employees may use accumulated vacation after the completion of one year of service with the City. Upon termination of service, an employee is entitled to receive payment for any unused vacation time plus accrued vacation time earned during the year but not yet credited to vacation leave balance. An employee of the City is not entitled to carry forward any vacation time or personal leave. For non-union employees and union firefighters, credit is given, and may be used for vacation time earned during the preceding calendar year. For union police employees, credit is given, and may be used for vacation earned during preceding year, based on the employee's anniversary date.

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 4.6 days per eighty hours of service. Unused sick leave accumulates without limit. Upon retirement or death, non-union employees and police employees with five years of service but less than ten years of service can be paid one-fourth of the outstanding sick leave accumulated up to 45 days. Non-union employees and police employees with more than ten years of service can be paid one-half of the outstanding sick leave accumulated up to 90 days. Upon retirement or death, firefighters with five years of service but less than ten years of service can be paid one-fourth of the outstanding sick leave accumulated up to 135 days. Firefighters with more than ten years of service can be paid one-half of the outstanding sick leave accumulated up to 270 days. As of December 31, 2000, the total liability for unpaid compensated absences was \$128,550.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

B. Life and Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance

The City provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to all eligible full-time union firefighters of \$22,000 and \$18,000, respectively, to all eligible full-time union police employees of \$20,000 and \$20,000, respectively, and to all eligible full-time non-union employees of \$20,000 and \$20,000, respectively, through CU Life Insurance Company of America.

Note 13 - Contingencies

A. Litigation

The City is party to legal proceedings. However, in the opinion of management, any possible loss will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the City.

B. Grants

The City received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2000.

Note 14 - Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Community Improvement Corporation of Tuscarawas County (Corporation)

The sole purpose of the Corporation is in advancing, encouraging and promoting the industrial, economic, commercial and civic development of the area. The Corporation is operated by Tuscarawas County, New Philadelphia, Dover, Uhrichsville, Dennison, Strasburg, Sugar Creek and Gnadenhutten. It is controlled by 25 trustees consisting of the three County Commissioners, the mayor of each participating city and fifteen self-elected trustees. The board exercises total control over the operations of the Corporation including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the board. During 2000, no monies were received from the City.

B. Uhrichsville-Dennison-Mill Union Cemetery (Cemetery)

The Cemetery is a jointly governed organization organized under Ohio Revised Code, Section 759.27, and is directed by an appointed three-member board. Uhrichsville, Dennison and Union Township each appoint one member to the board. The continued existence of the Cemetery is not dependent on the City's

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

participation. The Cemetery provides burial services and the upkeep of the grounds at the cemetery. During 2000, no monies were received from the City.

C. Twin City Water and Sewer District (District)

The District is a jointly governed organization organized under Ohio Revised Code, Section 6119.01, and is established to supply water and to provide for the collection, treatment and disposal of waste water within the Uhrichsville-Dennison district, or beyond with additional fees. The continued existence of the District is not dependent on the City's participation. The Cities of Uhrichsville and Dennison each appoint two of the five District's board members. The fifth board member is appointed by the other four board members. During 2000, no monies were received from the City.

D. Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council (TCTIRC)

The Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council (TCTIRC) is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. TCTIRC has 48 members, consisting of three members appointed by the County Commissioners, 18 members appointed by municipal corporations, 16 members appointed by township trustees, one member from the County Auditor's Office and ten members appointed by boards of education located within the County. The TCTIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. The body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the TCTIRC can make written recommendations to the legislative body that approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of the TCTIRC. The continued existence of the TCTIRC is not dependent upon the City's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists. The City does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility with this organization.

Note 15 - Claims Servicing Pool

The City participates in the Health Benefits Plan (Plan), a claims servicing pool for self-insurance. Participation in the Plan is limited to the City of Uhrichsville, the Twin City Water and Sewer District and the Uhrichsville-Dennison-Mill Union Cemetery. The firm of Medical Benefits Administrators, Inc. (MBA) provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan. The premium experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the Plan. Each participant pays an annual fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

The City may withdraw from the Plan, provided written notice is given to MBA thirty days prior to such action. However, the participant is not relieved of the obligation to pay any amounts owed to the Plan prior to withdrawal.

Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Note 16 - Interfund

Interfund balances at December 31, 2000, consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables, and also are identified in Note 2.

	Interfund	Interfund	
	Receivable	Payable	
General Fund	\$0	\$481,815	
Special Revenue Fund:			
Street Construction,			
Maintenance and Repair	0	824,047	
Capital Projects Fund:			
Capital Improvements	1,327,746		
Internal Service Fund:			
Self-Insurance	0	21,884	
Total	\$1,327,746	\$1,327,746	

(This page intentionally left blank.)

CITY OF UHRICHSVILLE TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed Through the Ohio Department of	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
Development:				
Community Development Block Grant Community Housing	A-C-98-188-1	14.228	\$246,205	\$274,001
Improvement Program	A-C-00-188-1		5,000	12,833
	B-F-99-072-1		79,963	79,963
Total Community Development Block Grant Community Housing Improvement Program			331,168	366,797
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Public Safety:				
Hazard Mitigation Grant	FEMA-DR-1227.0016	83.548	311,888	272,577
Public Assistance Grant	1227-DR-157-78176	83.544	8,023	15,480
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency			319,911	288,057
U.S Department of Justice Direct:				
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program		16.607	700	700
Total			\$651,779	\$655,554

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards.

CITY OF UHRICHSVILLE TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

NOTE A--SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the City's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B--ACCOUNTING METHOD FOR EXPENDITURES

Monies are commingled with local funds for the Community Development Block Grant. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.



111 Second Street, NW Fourth Floor Canton, Ohio 44702

Telephone 330-438-0617

800-443-9272

Facsimile 330-471-0001 www.auditor.state.oh.us

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Uhrichsville Tuscarawas County 305 East Second Street Uhrichsville, Ohio 44683

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the City of Uhrichsville, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated June 20, 2001. Our report also included an explanatory paragraph identifying conditions that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2000-21279-001 through 2000-21279-005.

We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated June 20, 2001.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2000-21279-006 and 2000-21279-007.

City of Uhrichsville
Tuscarawas County
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on
Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are considered to be material weaknesses. However, we do not consider the reportable conditions described above to be material weaknesses.

We also noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated June 20, 2001.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, City Council and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro
Auditor of State

June 20, 2001



111 Second Street, NW Fourth Floor Canton, Ohio 44702

Telephone 800-443-9272

330-471-0001 Facsimile www.auditor.state.oh.us

330-438-0617

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER **COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133**

City of Uhrichsville **Tuscarawas County** 305 East Second Street Uhrichsville, Ohio 44683

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Uhrichsville, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the City) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2000. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations. contracts and grants applicable to its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2000.

We noted certain instances of noncompliance that do not require inclusion in this report that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated June 20, 2001.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

City of Uhrichsville
Tuscarawas County
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, City Council and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim PetroAuditor of State

June 20, 2001

CITY OF UHRICHSVILLE TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 DECEMBER 31, 2000

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Hazard Mitigation Grant #83.548 Community Development Block Grant Community Housing Improvement Program CFDA #14.228
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Material Noncompliance

FINDING NUMBER 2000-21279-001

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D) requires that no subdivision or taxing unit shall make any contract or give any order involving expenditures of money unless there is attached thereto a certificate of the fiscal officer of the subdivision that the amount required to meet the obligation has been lawfully appropriated for such purpose and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances. This certificate need be signed only by the City's fiscal officer. Every contract made without such certificate shall be void and no warrant shall be issued in payment of any amount due thereon.

This section also provides for two "exceptions" to the above requirements:

- a. Then and Now Certificates If no certificate is furnished as required, upon receipt of the fiscal officer's certificate that a sufficient sum was, both at the time of the contract or order and at the time of the certificate, appropriated and free of any previous encumbrances, City Council may authorize the issuance of a warrant in payment of the amount due upon such contract or order by resolution within 30 days from the receipt of such certificate.
- b. If the amount involved is less than \$1,000, the City Auditor may authorize payment through a Then and Now Certificate without affirmation of City Council, if such expenditure is otherwise valid.

During 2000, 55% of the expenditures tested, which included 100% of the federal transactions tested, were not certified by the City Auditor prior to incurring the commitment. It was also found that neither of the two certification exceptions above were utilized for the items found to be in non-compliance. In addition, the city should certify the availability of funds prior to incurring any obligation. This will help prevent overspending. The City Auditor should inform all City employees of the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D). As deemed appropriate, the City should also implement the use of "Then and Now" Certificates as alternative means of certifying funds.

FINDING NUMBER 2000-21279-002

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B) requires that no subdivision or taxing unit is to expend money unless it has been appropriated.

27% of disbursement transactions tested throughout the year were not within the object level of control which is the City's legal level of appropriation control at the time of commitment. The City Auditor and City Council should monitor expenditures compared with the City's appropriation authority to help avoid overspending.

City of Uhrichsville Tuscarawas County Schedule of Findings Page 3

Material Noncompliance (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2000-21279-003

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10 states in part, that money paid into any fund shall be used only for the purpose for which such fund is established. The City had the following cash fund deficits at December 31, 2000:

General Fund	(\$481,815)
Special Revenue	
Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund	(824,047)
Self Insurance Internal Service Fund	(21,884)

A negative cash fund balance indicates money from another fund was used to pay for the obligations of these funds. In cooperation with the City's Financial Planning and Supervision Commission, the City should continue implementing recommendations from the City's 1998 Performance Audit to help reduce the City's cash fund deficits. The City should also evaluate the City's Self Insurance plan to determine if sufficient premiums are charged to cover the claims incurred.

FINDING NUMBER 2000-21279-004

Ohio Rev. Code Section 135.18 requires the treasurer of any public subdivision to require all depositories holding public funds to provide security for those public funds in an amount equal to the amount of deposit with the institution.

The City had funds on deposit with a financial institution at December 31, 2000 in the amount of \$422,000 which were not collateralized. To ensure public deposits are secured by either the federal deposit insurance, surety company bonds, or pledged securities; the City Auditor should require the financial institution to provide security for those public funds deposited. In addition, the City should periodically determine whether such collateral is being maintained.

FINDING NUMBER 2000-21279-005

Finding for Recovery Repaid Under Audit

The City is the Plan Administrator for the Medical Benefits Self Insurance Pool Fund (Fund) and contracts with Medical Benefits Administrators, Inc. (TPA) to administer the Fund program. As part of the contract, the TPA provides services including accounting, claims service, and bank account maintenance for the Fund. In July 2000, we noted the City paid \$13,930 to the TPA while the administrative costs for that month were \$6,638. However, the TPA did not deposit the net amount into the City's Investment Access Account. Rather, the amount remained in a pooled account of all monies collected from the TPA's clients. As a result, \$7,292 was improperly excluded from the City's Investment Access Account.

In accordance with the foregoing facts, and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.28, a Finding for Recovery of public monies collected and not accounted for is hereby issued against Medical Benefits Administrators, Inc. in the amount of \$7,292, and in favor of the City's Investment Access Account.

On April 2, 2001, the TPA credited \$7,292 to the City's Investment Access Account.

City of Uhrichsville Tuscarawas County Schedule of Findings Page 4

Reportable Conditions

FINDING NUMBER 2000-21279-006

The City prepares an annual reconciliation recap of activity posted by the City's self insurance third party administrator (TPA); however, that recap only reconciles activity posted by the TPA with the City's Investment Access Account and Checking Account balance maintained by the TPA. The recap does not include the administrative costs that are deducted by the TPA prior to making deposits into the City's Investment Access Account. As a result, with the information currently provided, the City is unable to reconcile monthly premiums paid to the TPA with the City's financial activity posted by the TPA. As noted in Finding Number 2000-21279-005, the City's TPA improperly excluded \$7,292 from the City's Investment Access Account. This error was not detected by the City.

To help the City Auditor reconcile the City's accounting records with the TPA's accounting records on a monthly basis, the City should request monthly administrative cost amounts and include these deductions on the monthly reconciliation. This will help ensure the completeness and accuracy of the transactions recorded for the month.

FINDING NUMBER 2000-21279-007

During our testing of fixed assets, we noted the following issues:

- 1. The City did not initially capitalize 11 properties purchased with Hazard Mitigation Flood Grant program monies. In addition, the two properties that were capitalized did not include all related legal and appraisal costs to place the asset in its intended location or condition for use
- 2. The City did not initially capitalize heating and air conditioning improvements made to the City building, a generator for the swimming pool or certain other machinery and equipment
- 3. Serial/VIN numbers for equipment were not included in the Fixed Asset Master Listing

These conditions initially resulted in the understatement of fixed assets by approximately \$459,000.

To help improve accountability over the City's fixed assets:

- 1. The City should consider performing a physical inventory of all fixed assets to ensure that all land and improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment and vehicles are included in the Fixed Asset Master Listing
- 2. The cost of fixed assets additions should include not only the purchase price but all costs incurred to place the asset in its intended location or condition for use. These capitalized costs include legal and title fees, closing costs, appraisal fees, land preparation costs, demolition costs, and architect and accounting fees
- 3. The Fixed Asset Master Listing should include serial/VIN numbers and asset identification tag numbers should be attached to the equipment

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

CITY OF UHRICHSVILLE TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2000

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain
1999-21279-001	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D) The City Auditor did not certify the availability of funds for 68% of transactions tested in 1999.	No	Not Corrected
1999-21279-002	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10 The City had the following cash fund deficits at December 31, 1999 in the General Fund (\$977,000) and Special Revenue Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund (\$816,847).	No	Not Corrected; improvement was made in reducing the General Fund cash deficit.
1999-21279-003	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B) -Twelve percent of disbursement transactions tested throughout the year were not within the object level of control which is the City's legal level of appropriation control at the time of commitment. In addition, object level expenditures had expenditures plus encumbrances which exceeded appropriations in the General and Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.	No	Not Corrected
1999-21279-004	Fixed Assets - The City did not compile a Fixed Asset listing in 1999 for financial statement reporting purposes. In addition, numerous errors and omissions were noted in the amounts reported.	No	Partially corrected. The City compiled a Master Fixed Asset listing; however, material fixed assets were initially omitted from the 2000 listing.



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

CITY OF UHRICHSVILLE

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 3, 2001