CITY OF CLEVELAND CUYAHOGA COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000



Jim Petro Auditor of State

STATE OF OHIO

CITY OF CLEVELAND CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2000 Federal Grant/ Pass Through Federal Pass Through Grantor/ CFDA Entity Federal Program Title Number Number Expenditures Department of Agriculture Direct Programs: Summer Lunch Program 1998 10.559 203 \$ 10.559 Summer Lunch Program 1999 18,199 Summer Lunch Program 2000 10.559 182,155 **Total Department of Agriculture** 200,557 \$ **Department of Commerce** Direct Programs: Minority Business Development Center 1997 11.800 (2,022)**Total Department of Commerce** \$ (2,022) Department of Energy Pass Through Programs: Ohio Department of Development: Weatherization Assistance 1997 81.042 D-97-111 \$ (17) Weatherization Assistance 1998 81.042 D-98-111 (110) Weatherization Assistance 1999 81.042 D-99-111 101.596 116,415 Weatherization Assistance 2000 D-00-111 81.042 Subtotal 217,884 (247) State Weatherization 1997 81.000 S-97-111 State Weatherization 1998 81.000 S-98-111 (11)State Weatherization 1999 81.000 S-99-111 244,190 State Weatherization 2000 418,040 Subtotal 661,972 Total Department of Energy 879,856 **Department of Health and Human Services** Direct Programs: Healthy Family/Healthy Start VI 93.926 \$ 63 Healthy Family/Healthy Start IV 93.926 (5.065)Healthy Family/Healthy Start I 93.926 (22,397) Healthy Family/Healthy Start Yr2 93.926 177,105 Healthy Family/Healthy Start Phll/Yrlll 93.926 1,825,607 Healthy Family/Healthy Start Phll/Yr4 93.926 643,348 Subtotal 2,618,661 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 58,477 Subtotal 58,477 Pass Through Programs: Federation for Community Planning: 93.268 Immunization Action Plan 1998 (1, 297)Immunization Action Plan 1999 28,849 93.268 Immunization Action Plan 2000 93.268 103,994 Subtotal 131,546 Ohio Department of Health: Aids community Based Care 93.917 23,400 139-B Aids community Based Care 1998 93.917 18-2-01-F-CE-GRF (3,325) 18-2-01-F-CE-GRF Aids community Based Care 1999 93.917 (25) Ryan White Plan & Eval Project 18-2-01-F-BV-392 2,765 93.917 18-2-01-F-BV-392 Ryan White Plan & Eval Project 93.917 16,650 Subtotal 39,465

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES

For The Year Ended	December 3	31, 2000	
Federal Grant/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Health and Human ServicesContinued Pass Through ProgramsContinued:			
Ohio Department of Aging:			
Geriatric Outreach Workers 1998	93.044	-	90
Geriatric Outreach Workers 1999	93.044	-	8,334
Geriatric Outreach Workers 2000	93.044	-	125,847
		Subtotal	134,271
Cuyahoga County Board of Health:			
Health Promotion Block Grant 1998	93.991	139-N-98	(596)
Health Promotion Block Grant 1999	93.991	139-N-99	10,198
Health Promotion Block Grant 2000	93.991	139-N-00	54,832
		Subtotal	64,434
Ohio Department of Health:			
Childhood Lead Poisoning 1996	93.197	139-U-96	(8,983)
Childhood Lead Poisoning 1997	93.197	139-U-97	2,732
Childhood Lead Poisoning 1998-1999	93.197	139-U-98	594
Childhood Lead Poisoning 1999-2000	93.197	18-2-01-F-BD	195,755
Childhood Lead Poisoning 2000-2001	93.197	18-2-01-F-BD	206,162
		Subtotal	396,260
Health Services for Residents of CMHA 98	93.927	CSH-000145-07	228
		Subtotal	228
Ohio Department of Health:			
Sexually Transmitted Diseases Program 1998	93.997	139-H-95-98	(3,014)
Sexually Transmitted Diseases Program 1999	93.997	18-2-01-P-BX-392	5,989
Sexually Transmitted Diseases Program 2000	93.997	18-2-01-P-BX-392	79,475
		Subtotal	82,450
Ohio Department of Alcohol and Drug Addiction Services:			
Centerpoint/Reward 1998	93.992	-	(19)
Centerpoint/Reward 1998-1999	93.992	-	(16,371)
Centerpoint/Reward 2000	93.992	-	163,684
Centerpoint/Reward 2001	93.992	-	169,817
Drug Management 2000	93.992	-	(2,610)
Drug Management 2000	93.992	-	29,234
Drug Management 2001	93.992	-	35,631
Focus Continuation 1998 Focus Continuation 1998-1999	93.992	-	(488)
Student Assistance 98-99	93.992	-	2,684
Student Assistance 2000	93.992 93.992	-	1,287 30,896
Student Assistance 2000	93.992	-	22,508
Student Assistance 2001	93.992	Subtotal	436,253
Infant Mortality Reduction Initiative Yr2	93.994	18-2-001-1-DM-01	106,101
Infant Mortality Reduction Initiative Tr2	93.994 93.994	18-2-001-1-DM-01	23,151
State Child Lead Poisoning 1999	93.994 93.994	-	(44)
State Child Lead Poisoning 2000	93.994	-	26,863
State Child Lead Poisoning 2000	93.994	-	15,417
g	- 2.000	Subtotal	171,488

For The Year Ended December 31, 2000

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES

For The Year Ended	d December 3	31, 2000	
Federal Grant/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Health and Human ServicesContinued Pass Through ProgramsContinued:			
Ohio Department of Development:			
Federal Aids Prevention 1997	93.940	139-Z	5,274
Federal Aids Prevention 1998	93.940	18-2-01-P-AS-392	8,205
Federal Aids Prevention 1999	93.940	18-2-01-P-AS-392	722,162
		Subtotal	735,641
Ohio Department of Development:			
Low Income Home Energy Assistance 1997	93.568	H-97-111	(493
Low Income Home Energy Assistance 1998	93.568	H-98-111	(27
Low Income Home Energy Assistance 1999	93.568	H-99-111	205,502
Low Income Home Energy Assistance 2000	93.568	H-00-111	583,876
		Subtotal	788,858
Ohio Department of Health:			
Supplemental Empowerment Zone - Title XX	93.585	G-98-01-244	92,264
		Subtotal	92,264
Total Departm	ent of Health an	d Human Services	\$ 5,750,296
Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Direct Programs:			
Community Development Block Grants:			
CDBG XXI	14.218	-	\$ 213,893
CDBG XXII	14.218	-	588,010
CDBG XXIII CDBG XXIV	14.218 14.218	-	1,311,485
CDBG XXV	14.218	-	5,458,953 16,859,958
CDBG XXVI	14.218	-	6,244,710
Special Purpose 1994	14.218	-	28,31
CDBG Float Loan	14.218	-	3,948,215
Supplemental Empowerment Zone	14.218	_	5,860,513
	11.210	Subtotal	40,514,052
Federal Home Program 1992	14.239	_	1,065,617
Federal Home Program 1996	14.239	-	3,890
Federal Home Program 1997	14.239	-	928,31
Federal Home Program 1998	14.239	-	654,090
Federal Home Program 1999	14.239	-	1,130,328
Federal Home Program 2000	14.239	-	650,918
Perry - Payne Repayments	14.239	-	77,541
		Subtotal	4,510,707
Emergency Shelter 1997	14.231	-	15,391
Emergency Shelter 1998	14.231	-	214,934
Emergency Shelter 1999	14.231	-	974,518
		Subtotal	1,204,843
Housing Opportunities for People with Aids 1996	14.241	-	210,969
Housing Opportunities for People with Aids 1997	14.241	-	592,000
			101 500
Housing Opportunities for People with Aids 1998	14.241	-	481,500
Housing Opportunities for People with Aids 1998 Housing Opportunities for People with Aids 1999	14.241 14.241	Subtotal	481,500 338,878 1,623,347

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES

Federal Grant/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number		Federal penditures
Department of Housing and Urban DevelopmentContinu Direct ProgramsContinued:	Jed			
Community Development Block Grants:				
Lead Based Paint Abatement 111	14.900	-		600,998
Toxic Substance Control	14.900	-		16,193
		Subtotal		617,191
Empowerment Zones Program	14.244	-		4,736,026
		Subtotal		4,736,026
Total Departme	ent of Housing and	l Urban Development	\$	53,206,166
Department of Justice				
Direct Programs:				
COPS Universal	16.710	-	\$	86,991
Problem Solving Partnership Program	16.710	-		10,253
Distressed Neighborhood Grant	16.710	-		3,434,215
		Subtotal		3,531,459
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant 98	16.592	-		2,000,000
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant 99	16.592	-		1,022,773
		Subtotal		3,022,773
Pass Through Programs: Office of Criminal Justice Services:				
Byrne Grant\Caribbean Gang Task Force 1999	16.579	99-DG-A01-7424		33,358
Byrne Grant/Caribbean Gang Task Force 2000	16.579	00-DG-A01-7424		32.867
		Subtotal		66,225
Violence Against Women	16.588	99-WF-VA2-8670		43,618
J. J		Subtotal		43,618
Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grant	16.523	98-JB-013-A006		305,646
Т	otal Department of	Subtotal	\$	305,646
	eta. Bopartment Of		Ψ	0,000,721
Department of Treasury				
Direct Programs:	04.050	00400040		000 50
G.R.E.A.T. 1999	21.053	99429046		283,594
G.R.E.A.T. 2000	21.053	ATC000066		126,625

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

Total Department of Treasury

410,219 410,219

Subtotal

\$

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES

Pass Through Programs: Process Ohio Bureau Of Employment Services: JTPA-Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 2 JTPA-Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 22 JTPA-Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 22 JTPA-Systp 17.250 - 23 JTPA-Atile ILA 77% PY 97 17.250 - 24 JTPA-Atile IL-C 82% PY 97 17.250 - 24 JTPA-Atile IL-C 82% PY 97 17.250 - 21 JTPA-Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 22 JTPA-Py 98 Training ILA-77% 17.250 - 22 JTPA-PY 98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 - 23 JTPA-PY 98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 - 22 JTPA-PY 98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 22 JTPA-PY 98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 76 JTPA-PY 98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 92 JTPA-PY 98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 -		nded December 3	,		
Pass Through Programs: Process Ohio Bureau Of Employment Services: JTPA-Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 2 JTPA-Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 22 JTPA-Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 22 JTPA-Systp 17.250 - 23 JTPA-Atile ILA 77% PY 97 17.250 - 24 JTPA-Atile IL-C 82% PY 97 17.250 - 24 JTPA-Atile IL-C 82% PY 97 17.250 - 21 JTPA-Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 22 JTPA-Py 98 Training ILA-77% 17.250 - 22 JTPA-PY 98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 - 23 JTPA-PY 98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 - 22 JTPA-PY 98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 22 JTPA-PY 98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 76 JTPA-PY 98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 92 JTPA-PY 98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 -	Pass Through Grantor/	CFDA	Entity	Ex	
Ohio Bureau Of Employment Services: 720 S JTPA Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 2 JTPA Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 2 JTPA Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 2 JTPA Stelle LA 77% PY 97 17.250 - 2 JTPA Attile IL-0 82% PY 97 17.250 Y.97.20-00-01 4 JTPA Attile IL-0 82% PY 97 17.250 Y.97.20-00-01 4 JTPA Attile IL-0 82% PY 97 17.250 Y.97.20-00-01 4 JTPA Attile IL-0 82% PY 97 17.250 Y.97.20-00-01 4 JTPA Attile Uncomployment Program 17.250 - 2 JTPA Attile Uncomployment Program 17.250 - 2 JTPA Y98 Training ILA-77% 17.250 -98-20-00-00 42 JTPA Attraining ILA-77% 17.250 -98-20-00-00 23 JTPA Y98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 -99-20-00-01 1,22 JTPA THE II EL WA X% 17.250 -99-20-00-01 1,22 JTPA THE II EL WA X% 17	Department of Labor				
Ohio Bureau Of Employment Services: 720 S JTPA Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 2 JTPA Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 2 JTPA Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 2 JTPA Stelle LA 77% PY 97 17.250 - 2 JTPA Attile IL-0 82% PY 97 17.250 Y.97.20-00-01 4 JTPA Attile IL-0 82% PY 97 17.250 Y.97.20-00-01 4 JTPA Attile IL-0 82% PY 97 17.250 Y.97.20-00-01 4 JTPA Attile IL-0 82% PY 97 17.250 Y.97.20-00-01 4 JTPA Attile Uncomployment Program 17.250 - 2 JTPA Attile Uncomployment Program 17.250 - 2 JTPA Y98 Training ILA-77% 17.250 -98-20-00-00 42 JTPA Attraining ILA-77% 17.250 -98-20-00-00 23 JTPA Y98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 -99-20-00-01 1,22 JTPA THE II EL WA X% 17.250 -99-20-00-01 1,22 JTPA THE II EL WA X% 17	Pass Through Programs:				
JTPA-Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - \$ JTPA-Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 20 JTPA-Title II-A Trike II-A Trike II-A Trike II-A Systep 17.250 A.97-20-00-01 23 JTPA-Assistance For Dislocated Worker 17.250 A.97-20-00-01 4 JTPA-Title II-C 82% PY '97 17.250 Y-97-20-00-01 4 JTPA-Assistance For Dislocated Worker 17.250 - 20 JTPA-Assistance For Dislocated Worker 17.250 - 21 JTPA-Assistance For Dislocated Worker 17.250 - 21 JTPA-Assistance For Condition 17.250 - 22 JTPA-P Y98 Training IIA-77% 17.250 - 22 JTPA-P Y98 Systep IIB 17.250 Y-98-20-00-00 23 JTPA-PY '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 7 JTPA-PY '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 7 JTPA-PY '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 7 JTPA-Title III E S% NY '99 17.250 - 7 JTPA-Trible III E S% NY '99 17.250 S-99-20-00-01 112					
JTPA. Systp 17.250 - JTPA. Title II.A 77% PY '97 17.250 A.97.20-00-01 JTPA. Title II.C 82% PY '97 17.250 A.97.20-00-01 JTPA. Title II.C 82% PY '97 17.250 J.72.200-0-01 JTPA. Sistance For Dislocated Worker 17.250 I.97.20-00-01 4 JTPA. Attitle II.C 82% PY '97 17.250 - I. JTPA. Attitle II.C 82% PY '97 17.250 - I. JTPA. Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - I. JTPA. PY '98 Training IIA-77% 17.250 -98-20-00-00 23. JTPA. PY '98 Youth Training Program IIC-82% 17.250 Y-98-20-00-00 23. JTPA. PY '98 State Education COULC-8% 17.250 - I.22. JTPA. PY '98 Youth Training Program IIC-82% 17.250 Y-98-20-00-01 23. JTPA. Y99 State Education COULC-8% 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 12.22. JTPA. Y99 Systpl IIB 17.250 9-9-20-00-01 12.22. JTPA. Title II.A -8% 1999 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 133. JTPA. Title II.A -8% 1999 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 141.		17.250	-	\$	806
JTPA- Title II-A 77% PF '97 17.250 0-97-20-00-01 23 JTPA- Assistance For Dislocated Worker 17.250 A-97-20-00-01 4 JTPA- Title II-C 82% PF '97 17.250 - - JTPA- Kate Educ Co-Ordination 17.250 - - JTPA- Jobs for Clevelanders 17.250 - - JTPA- Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - - JTPA- P' '98 Training IIA-77% 17.250 0-98-20-00-00 42 JTPA- P' '98 Training IIA-77% 17.250 Y-98-20-00-00 23 JTPA- P' '98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 Y-98-20-00-00 23 JTPA- P' '98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 Y-98-20-00-00 23 JTPA- Y'98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 -98-20-00-01 23 JTPA- Y'98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 -99-20-00-01 49 JTPA- Title II EDWAA 17.250 A-99-20-00-01 49 JTPA- TY'98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 A-99-20-00-01 49 JTPA- TY'98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 A-99-20-00-01 49 JTPA Title II EDWA 17.250 <td>JTPA- Administrative Cost Pool</td> <td>17.250</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>25,29</td>	JTPA- Administrative Cost Pool	17.250	-		25,29
JTPA-Assistance For Dislocated Worker 17 250 A-97-20-00-01 4 JTPA-Title II-C 82% PY '97 17.250 - - JTPA-High Unemployment Program 17.250 - - JTPA-Abits Educ Co-Ordination 17.250 - - JTPA-Abits for Clevelanders 17.250 - - JTPA-Pry '98 Training IIA-77% 17.250 - 22 JTPA-Pry '98 Syste IB 17.250 - 22 JTPA-Pry '98 Syste IB 17.250 - 22 JTPA-Pry '98 Syste IB 17.250 - 22 JTPA-Pry '98 Syste Education Cord IC-82% 17.250 - - 7 JTPA-Pry '98 Syste IB 17.250 - - 7 JTPA-Pry '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - (2 7 JTPA-Pry '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - (2 7 JTPA-Y99 Systep IB 17.250 - (2 7 JTPA-Title III A -8% 1999 17.250 - 5 30 JTPA-Title III A -5% 1999 17.250 - 1.18 1.18 <	JTPA- Syetp	17.250	-		74
JTPA- Title II-C 82% PY '97 17 250 Y-97-20-00-01 44 JTPA- State Educ Co-Ordination 17.250 - J JTPA- Alph Unemployment Program 17.250 - 2 JTPA- Jobs for Clevelanders 17.250 - 2 JTPA- Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 2 JTPA- PY '98 Training IIA-77% 17.250 0-98-20-00-00 (8 JTPA- PY '98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 4-98-20-00-00 23 JTPA- PY '98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 - 22 JTPA- PY '98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 - 7 JTPA- PY '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 7 JTPA- File III EDWAAS 17.250 - 7 JTPA- Title III EDWAAS 17.250 - 9 JTPA- Title III EDWAAS 17.250 - 9 JTPA- Title III EDWAAS 17.250 - 9 JTPA- Title III EDWAAS 17.250 - 0 JTPA- Title III EDWAAS 17.250 - 1 JTPA- Title III COVAANTUM Opportunities 17.25	JTPA- Title II-A 77% PY '97	17.250	0-97-20-00-01		234,31
JTPA-State Educ Co-Ordination 17.250 - JTPA-High Unemployment Program 17.250 - JTPA-Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - JTPA-Pry 98 Training IIA-77% 17.250 - JTPA-Pry 98 Training IIA-77% 17.250 - JTPA-Pry 98 Systep IIB 17.250 - JTPA-Pry 98 Systep IIB 17.250 - JTPA-Pry 98 Systep IIB 17.250 - JTPA-Pry 98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 - JTPA-Pry 99 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 - JTPA-Pry 99 Training IIA-77% 17.250 - (2) JTPA-Title III EDWAA 17.250 - (2) JTPA-Trible IIIE EDWAA 17.250 - (2) JTPA-Title III A -8% 1999 17.250 - (2) JTPA-The III A -8% 1999 17.250 - 30 JTPA-Title II A -8% 1999 17.250 - 30 JTPA-Title II Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 30 JTPA-Title II Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 118 JTPA-Title II Quantum Opportunitie	JTPA- Assistance For Dislocated Worker	17.250	A-97-20-00-01		1,59
JTPA- High Unemployment Program 17.250 - JTPA- Jobs for Clevelanders 17.250 - JTPA- Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - JTPA- PY '98 Training IIA-77% 17.250 0.98-20-00-00 (42) JTPA- PY '98 Training IVA-77% 17.250 Y-98-20-00-00 (23) JTPA- PY '98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 Y-98-20-00-00 93 JTPA- Y'99 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 Y-98-20-00-00 94 JTPA- PY '99 Training IIA-77% 17.250 Y-98-20-00-00 94 JTPA- PY '99 Training IIA-77% 17.250 O-99-20-00-01 122 JTPA- PY '99 Stept IIB 17.250 S-99-20-00-01 49 JTPA- Title III EDWAA 17.250 - 50 JTPA- Title III C 82% PY '99 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 111 JTPA- Title III A - 8% 1999 17.250 - 300 JTPA- Title II A - 8% 1999 17.250 - 0.00 JTPA- Title II A - 8% 1999 17.250 - 1,18 JTPA- Title II A - 8% 1999 17.250 - 1,18 JTPA- Y9 Title III Covenor's R	JTPA- Title II-C 82% PY '97	17.250	Y-97-20-00-01		42,66
JTPA- Jobs for Clevelanders 17.250 - 22 JTPA- PY '98 Training IIA-77% 17.250 - 22 JTPA- PY '98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 Y-98.20-00-00 42 JTPA- PY '98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 Y-98.20-00-00 23 JTPA- PY '98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 Y-98.20-00-00 23 JTPA- PY '98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 Y-98.20-00-00 23 JTPA- PY '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 Y-98.20-00-00 23 JTPA- PY '99 Training IIA-77% 17.250 Y-99.20-00-01 122 JTPA- Y99 Syetp IIB 17.250 Y-99.20-00-01 33 JTPA- Title IIL C 82% PY '99 17.250 Y-99.20-00-01 111 JTPA- Title IIL A - 5% 1999 17.250 Y-99.20-00-01 111 JTPA- Title IIL A - 5% 1999 17.250 Y-99.20-00-01 114 JTPA- Title IIL A - 5% 1999 17.250 Y-99.20-00-01 114 JTPA- Title IIL A - 5% 1999 17.250 Y-99.20-00-01 124 JTPA- Title IIL Governor's Reserve 17.250 S-0 30 JTPA- Title III	JTPA- State Educ Co-Ordination	17.250	-		62
JTPA- Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 22 JTPA- PY '98 Training IIA-77% 17.250 0-98-20-00-00 42 JTPA- PY '98 Youth Training Program IIC-82% 17.250 Y-98-20-00-00 23 JTPA- PY '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 4-98-20-00-00 93 JTPA- PY '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 77 JTPA- Y98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - (22 JTPA- Y98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - (22 JTPA- PY '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - (22 JTPA- Tritle III EDWAA 17.250 A-99-20-00-01 1.22 JTPA- Tritle III EDWAA 17.250 S-99-20-00-01 133 JTPA- Tritle III Covenor's Reserve 17.250 - 30 JTPA- Tritle II- Covenor's Reserve 17.250 - 30 JTPA- Title III Covenor's Reserve 17.250 - 9 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 9 JTPA- Title IV Aution Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 9 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 -			-		10
JTPA- PY '98 Training IIA-77% 17.250 0-98-20-00-00 422 JTPA- PY '98 Syetp IIB 17.250 5-98-20-00-00 (8) JTPA- PY '98 Training Program IIC-82% 17.250 Y-98-20-00-00 23 JTPA- PY '98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 4-98-20-00-00 23 JTPA- PY '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - (2) JTPA- PY '98 Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - (2) JTPA- Title III EDWAA 17.250 A-99-20-00-01 493 JTPA- Ty '98 Syetp IIB 17.250 5-99-20-00-01 433 JTPA- Title III EDWAA 17.250 5-99-20-00-01 133 JTPA- Title III EDWAA 17.250 4-99-20-00-01 133 JTPA- Title III A 5% 1999 17.250 4-99-20-00-01 133 JTPA- Title II A - 5% 1999 17.250 - 300 JTPA- Title II A 5% 1999 17.250 - 1,161 JTPA- Y9 Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 1,161 JTPA- Y9 Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 1,161 JTPA- Y9 Y 9 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>3,23</td>			-		3,23
JTPA- PY '98 Systp IIB 17.250 5-98-20-00-00 (8 JTPA- PY '98 Youth Training Program IIC-82% 17.250 Y-98-20-00-00 23 JTPA- PS 8 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 - 7 JTPA- Y98 Abbs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 7 JTPA- Y98 Abinistrative Cost Pool 17.250 - (20 JTPA- Y199 Training IIA-77% 17.250 -99-20-00-01 4.93 JTPA- Y199 Systp IIB 17.250 A-99-20-00-01 4.93 JTPA- Title III EDWAA 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 111 JTPA- Title III - 6.2% 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 111 JTPA- Title III - 6.2% 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 111 JTPA- TITLE III - 6.3% 1999 17.250 - - 30 JTPA- TITLE III - 8.3% 1999 17.250 - - 30 JTPA- TYPA TITLE III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - - 30 JTPA- TYPA Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - - 11.81 JTPA- TYPA Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - - - -					22,70
JTPA- PY '98 Youth Training Program IIC-82% 17.250 Y-98-20-00-00 23 JTPA- 98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 4-98-20-00-00 9 JTPA- 798 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 - 7 JTPA- 798 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 - 7 JTPA- Y98 Torlining IIA-77% 17.250 - 7 JTPA- Title III EDWAA 17.250 A-99-20-00-01 14.22 JTPA- Title III BUWAA 17.250 S-99-20-00-01 33 JTPA- Title III EDWAA 17.250 S-99-20-00-01 111 JTPA- Title III E DWAA 17.250 S-99-20-00-01 141 JTPA- Title III C 82% PY '99 17.250 - 50 JTPA- Title III C 82% PY '99 17.250 - 30 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 30 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 11.8 JTPA- Sols for Clevelanders 17.250 - 9 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 9 JTPA- Sols for Clevelanders 17.250 - 9 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>422,74</td></tr<>					422,74
JTPA- 98 State Education Cord IIC-8% 17.250 4-98-20-00-00 9 JTPA- PY '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 77 JTPA- PY '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - (21 JTPA- PY '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 0-99-20-00-01 1,222 JTPA- Title III EDWAA 17.250 0-99-20-00-01 49 JTPA- Title III Coll 17.250 7-99-20-00-01 33 JTPA- Title III - 5% 1999 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 111 JTPA- Title II A - 5% 1999 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 111 JTPA- Title II A - 5% 1999 17.250 4-99-20-00-00 144 JTPA- Title II A - 5% 1999 17.250 4-99-20-00-00 144 JTPA- Title II A - 5% 1999 17.250 5-90-20-00-01 12 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 F-9-20-00-01 22 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 B-97-20-00-01 22 Services for Older Individuals 199-2000 17.250 - 118 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 307 12 Service					(84,86
JTPA- PY '98 Jobs For Clevelanders 17.250 - 77 JTPA- '98 Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - (22 JTPA- Title III EDWAA 17.250 A-99-20-00-01 1.22 JTPA- Title III EDWAA 17.250 A-99-20-00-01 49 JTPA- Title III C 82% PY '99 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 133 JTPA- Title II- 62% PY '99 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 111 JTPA- Title II- A 5% 1999 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 141 JTPA- Title II- A 5% 1999 17.250 - 30 JTPA- Title II- A 5% 1999 17.250 - 30 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 30 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 B-97-20-00-01 29 Services for Older Individuals 1999-2000 17.250 - 1,18 JTPA- PY 97 Title II Governor's Reserve 17.250 - 99 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - - VIA 2000 17.255 - 30 - WIA 2000 17.255 - 30 -					235,47
JTPA- '98 Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - (21 JTPA- PY '99 Training IIA-77% 17.250 0-99-20-00-01 12.22 JTPA- PY '99 Syetp IIB 17.250 5-99-20-00-01 49 JTPA- PY '99 Syetp IIB 17.250 5-99-20-00-01 133 JTPA- Title II- 6 28% PY '99 17.250 5-99-20-00-01 111 JTPA- Title II- 6 28% PY '99 17.250 4-99-20-00-00 144 JTPA- Title II- 8 % 1999 17.250 - 30 JTPA- Title II- 8 % 1999 17.250 - 30 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 30 JTPA- 79 Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 118 JTPA- PY '97 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - 118 JTPA- PY 97 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - 99 Services for Older Individuals 199-2000 17.250 - - Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - 30 WIA 2000 17.255 - 3.07 WIA 2000 17.255 - 3.07 WIA 2000 1					94,87
JTPA- PY '99 Training IIA-77% 17.250 0-99-20-00-01 12.22 JTPA- Title III EDWAA 17.250 A-99-20-00-01 493 JTPA- Title III EDWAA 17.250 S-99-20-00-01 333 JTPA- Title III C 2% PY '99 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 111 JTPA- Title II A - 5% 1999 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 111 JTPA- TITLE II A - 5% 1999 17.250 4-99-20-00-00 144 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 4-99-20-00-01 144 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 F5485-5-00-80-60 344 JTPA- 79 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 F5485-5-00-80-60 344 JTPA- 79 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - 11.88 JTPA- 79 Y Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - 99 Services for Older Individuals 199-2000 17.250 - 99 WIA 2000 17.255 - 3.07 3.07 WIA 2000 17.255 - 3.07 3.11 Total Department of Labor \$ 8.48 4.48 3.11 Direct Programs:					76,91
JTPA- Title III EDWAA 17.250 A-99-20-00-01 49. JTPA- PY '99 Syetp IIB 17.250 S-99-20-00-01 33. JTPA- Title II-C 82% PY '99 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 11. JTPA- Title II-C 82% PY '99 17.250 - 55. JTPA- TITLE II A - 5% 1999 17.250 - 30. JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 30. JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 30. JTPA- Y99 Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 11. JTPA- Y9 Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 1.1. JTPA- PY 97 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - 1.1. Services for Older Individuals 1999-2000 17.250 - 9. Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - 30. VIA 2000 17.255 - 3.0. WIA 2000 17.255 - 3.0. Subtotal 5.37. 3.0. 3.11. Total Department of Labor \$ 8.48. Operatument of Transportation: - \$ 2.2					(28,53
JTPA- PY '99 Syste IIB 17.250 5-99-20-00-01 33 JTPA- Title II-C 82% PY '99 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 111 JTPA- Title II A - 5% 1999 17.250 Y-99-20-00-00 144 JTPA- TITLE II A - 8% 1999 17.250 - 55 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 300 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 301 JTPA- PY 97 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - 1,18 JTPA- PY 97 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - 1,18 JTPA- PY 97 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - 99 Services for Older Individuals 199-2000 17.250 - 99 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - 99 3,111 VIA 2000 17.255 - 3,077 3,111 Total Department of Labor \$ 8,48 Department of Transportation 17.255 - 3,077 3,111 Total Department of Labor \$ 8,48 Direct Programs: Federal Aviation Administration: - - 755 - 3,211 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,229,10</td>					1,229,10
JTPA- Title II-C 82% PY '99 17.250 Y-99-20-00-01 111 JTPA- TITLE II A - 5% 1999 17.250 - 55 JTPA- TITLE II A - 8% 1999 17.250 - 30 JTPA- TITLE IV A uantum Opportunities 17.250 - 30 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 30 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 30 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 1.18 JTPA- 199 Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 1.18 JTPA- 101/viduals 1999-2000 17.250 - 99 Services for Older Individuals 1999-2000 17.250 - 99 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - 99 WIA 2000 17.255 - 3.07 WIA Aging 2000-2001 17.255 - 3.07 Subtotal 5.311 5.11 5.11 Copartment of Transportation 17.255 - 3.07 Direct Programs: Federal Aviation Administration: - 7.55 Airport Improvement Program 47 20.106 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>493,88</td>					493,88
JTPA-TITLE II A - 5% 1999 17.250 - 55 JTPA-TITLE II A - 8% 1999 17.250 4-99-20-00-00 144 JTPA-TITLE II A - 8% 1999 17.250 - 300 JTPA-TITLE Vacantum Opportunities 17.250 - 300 JTPA-Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 11.88 JTPA-Title II Governor's Reserve 17.250 - 1.188 JTPA-PY 97 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - 1.188 JTPA-PY 97 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 - 99 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - 99 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - - Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - - WIA 2000 17.255 - 3.07 WIA 2000 17.255 - 3.11 Total Department of Labor \$ 8.48 Department of Transportation \$ 2.22 Direct Programs: - - 5.22 Federal Aviation Administration: - \$ 2.22 Airport Imp					332,509 113,349
JTPA- TITLE II A - 8% 1999 17.250 4-99-20-00-00 144 JTPA- Jobs for Clevelanders 17.250 - 300 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 F5485-500-80-60 344 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 F-9485-500-80-60 344 JTPA- Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 F-97-20-00-01 22 Services for Older Individuals 1999-2000 17.250 - 96 Services for Older Individuals 172.50 - 96 Services for Older Individuals 172.50 - 96 Services for Older Individuals 172.50 - - VIA 2000 17.255 - 307 WIA 2000 17.255 - 307 WIA 2000 17.255 - 307 WIA Aging 2000-2001 17.255 - 307 Direct Programs: Federal Aviation Administration: - \$ 222 Airport Improvement Program 47 20.106 - \$ 222 Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 - 4,18 -			1-33-20-00-01		53,43
JTPA- Jobs for Clevelanders 17.250 - 30 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 F5485-500-80-60 34 JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 - 1,18 JTPA- '99 Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 1,18 JTPA- PY 97 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 B-97-20-00-01 22 Services for Older Individuals 1999-2000 17.250 - 99 Services for Older Individuals 1999-2000 17.250 - 99 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - - 99 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - - - Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - - - - WIA 2000 17.255 - 30 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>146,29</td></td<>			-		146,29
JTPA- Title IV Quantum Opportunities 17.250 F5485-5-00-80-60 343 JTPA- '99 Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 1,180 JTPA- PY 97 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 B-97-20-00-01 20 Services for Older Individuals 1999-2000 17.250 - 90 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - 90 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - - Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - - Services for Older Individuals 17.255 - - WIA 2000 17.255 - - - WIA Aging 2000-2001 17.255 - - - WIA Aging 2000-2001 17.255 - - - Department of Transportation Subtotal - - - Direct Programs: - - \$ 222 Airport Improvement Program 47 20.106 - - 7 Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 - 4,18 - Ohio Department of Development: Highway Planning and Const					307,64
JTPA- '99 Administrative Cost Pool 17.250 - 1,180 JTPA- PY 97 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 B-97-20-00-01 24 Services for Older Individuals 1999-2000 17.250 - 99 Services for Older Individuals 199-2000 17.250 - 99 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - - 99 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>F5485-5-00-80-60</td><td></td><td>343,30</td></td<>			F5485-5-00-80-60		343,30
JTPA- PY 97 Title III Governor's Reserve 17.250 B-97-20-00-01 22 Services for Older Individuals 1999-2000 17.250 - 98 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - 98 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - 98 Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - - Services for Older Individuals 17.250 - - WIA 2000 17.255 - 307 WIA 2000 17.255 - - - WIA Aging 2000-2001 17.255 - - - - WIA Aging 2000-2001 17.255 -<			-		1,180,73
Services for Older Individuals 1999-200017.250-99Services for Older Individuals17.250Services for Older Individuals17.250Subtotal5,37WIA 200017.255WIA Aging 2000-200117.255Department of Transportation3,11Direct Programs: Airport Improvement Program 4720.106-\$222Airport Improvement Program 4920.1061,14Airport Improvement Program 5020.106-4,18Ohio Department of Development: Highway Planning and Construction20.205-80			B-97-20-00-01		26,18
Services for Older Individuals17.250-Subtotal5,374WIA 200017.255-WIA Aging 2000-200117.255-33Subtotal3,11Total Department of Labor\$Several Aviation Administration:-\$Airport Improvement Program 4720.106-Airport Improvement Program 4920.106-Airport Improvement Program 5020.106-Airport Improvement Program 5020.106-Ohio Department of Development:-4,18:Highway Planning and Construction20.205-804-804					98,48
Subtotal 5,37 WIA 2000 17.255 - 3,07 WIA Aging 2000-2001 17.255 - 33 Subtotal 3,11 - 3,11 Total Department of Labor \$ 8,48 Department of Transportation - \$ 222 Direct Programs: - \$ 222 Airport Improvement Program 47 20.106 - \$ Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 - 1,144 Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 - 4,183 Ohio Department of Development: - 4,183 6,302 Ohio Department of Development: - 80.401 6,302	Services for Older Individuals	17.250	-		68
WIA 2000 17.255 - 3,07 WIA Aging 2000-2001 17.255 - 33 Subtotal 3,11 3,11 Total Department of Labor \$ 8,48 Department of Transportation - \$ 223 Direct Programs: - \$ 223 Federal Aviation Administration: - \$ 223 Airport Improvement Program 47 20.106 - 753 Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 - 1,144 Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 - 4,183 Ohio Department of Development: - 4,183 6,303 Ohio Department of Development: - 80.405 - 80.405	Services for Older Individuals	17.250	-		1,38
WIA Aging 2000-2001 17.255 - 33 Subtotal 3,11 Total Department of Labor \$ 8,48 Department of Transportation 5 8,48 Direct Programs: - \$ 22: Airport Improvement Program 47 20.106 - \$ 22: Airport Improvement Program 49 20.106 - 1,14 Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 - 4,18: Ohio Department of Development: Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 - 80/					5,375,694
Subtotal Total Department of Labor 3,11 Subtotal 3,11 \$ 8,48 Department of Transportation Direct Programs: Federal Aviation Administration: Airport Improvement Program 47 20.106 Airport Improvement Program 49 20.106 20.106 - Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 Airport Improvement Program 51& 52 20.106 Bubtotal 6,300 Ohio Department of Development: 20.205 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205	WIA 2000	17.255	-		3,072,99 ²
Total Department of Labor \$ 8,48 Department of Transportation Direct Programs: - \$ 222 Federal Aviation Administration: Airport Improvement Program 47 20.106 - \$ 222 Airport Improvement Program 49 20.106 - \$ 222 Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 - 1,144 Airport Improvement Program 51& 52 20.106 - 4,183 Ohio Department of Development: - 4,183 6,303 Ohio Department of Development: - 80.405 - 80.405	WIA Aging 2000-2001	17.255	-		38,536
Department of Transportation Direct Programs: Federal Aviation Administration: Airport Improvement Program 47 20.106 - \$ 222 Airport Improvement Program 49 20.106 - 753 Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 - 1,144 Airport Improvement Program 51& 52 20.106 - 4,183 Ohio Department of Development: - 4,1904 6,300 Ohio Department of Development: - 80.400 - 80.400					3,111,527
Direct Programs: Federal Aviation Administration: Airport Improvement Program 47 Airport Improvement Program 49 20.106 Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 - 4,18: Subtotal Ohio Department of Development: Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 - 80- 80- 80- 80- 80- 80- 80-		Total Dep	partment of Labor	\$	8,487,22
Federal Aviation Administration: Airport Improvement Program 47 20.106 - \$ 223 Airport Improvement Program 49 20.106 - 755 Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 - 1,144 Airport Improvement Program 51& 52 20.106 - 4,183 Subtotal 6,303 Ohio Department of Development: - 800 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 - 800	Department of Transportation				
Airport Improvement Program 4720.106-\$222Airport Improvement Program 4920.106-75Airport Improvement Program 5020.106-1,14Airport Improvement Program 51& 5220.106-4,18Subtotal6,302Ohio Department of Development: Highway Planning and Construction20.205-800	Direct Programs:				
Airport Improvement Program 49 20.106 - 755 Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 - 1,14 Airport Improvement Program 51& 52 20.106 - 4,183 Subtotal 6,303 Ohio Department of Development: - 800 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 - 800					
Airport Improvement Program 50 20.106 - 1,144 Airport Improvement Program 51& 52 20.106 - 4,183 Subtotal 6,303 Ohio Department of Development: - 20.205 - 800			-	\$	223,118
Airport Improvement Program 51& 52 20.106 - 4,18 Subtotal 6,30 Ohio Department of Development: - 80 Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 - 80			-		752,23
Subtotal 6,30 Ohio Department of Development:	· · · ·		-		1,146,638
Ohio Department of Development:	Airport Improvement Program 51& 52	20.106	-		4,183,93
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 - 80			Subtotal		6,305,92
		~~~~			
	Hignway Planning and Construction	20.205	- Cukt-t-l		804,38
	<b>T</b> -	tal Danastraant of To	Subtotal	¢	804,38 ² 7,110,309

#### For The Year Ended December 31, 2000

#### SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES

For The	e Year Ended December 3	1, 2000		
Federal Grant/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	E	Federal xpenditures
Environmental Protection Agency				
Direct Programs:				
Air Pollution Control 1994	66.001	-	\$	839
Air Pollution Control 1998	66.001	-		(1,222)
Air Pollution Control 1999	66.001	-		4,525
Air Program FY 2000	66.001	-		845,097
Air Program PM2.5 Monitor FY 1999	66.001	-		(8
Air Program PM2.5 Monitor FY 2000	66.001	-		102,581
Air Program Carryover 1998	66.001	-		25,956
Air Program 2001	66.001	-		766,657
Air Program PM2.5 FY2001	66.001	-		48,383
		Subtotal		1,792,808
Pass Through Programs:				
Ohio Environmental Protection Agency:				
Air Pollution Control 1997	66.001	-		32
Air Pollution Control 1998	66.001	-		(33,538
Air Pollution Control 1999	66.001	-		11,704
		Subtotal		(21,802)
	Total Environmental Prote	ction Agency	\$	1,771,006
		Grand Total	\$	84,783,329

#### For The Year Ended December 31, 2000

#### City of Cleveland Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For The Year Ended December 31, 2000

Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures includes the federal grant activity of the City of Cleveland (the "City") and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non- Profit Organizations.* 

#### Contingencies:

The City's Job Training Partnership Act ("JTPA") program and the Empowerment Zone's One-Stop Career Center program administered by JTPA are currently under special audit by the Auditor of the State of Ohio as a result of certain allegations of misappropriated funds. The results of this audit were not available at the date of the release of this report.

In July 2000, the Auditor of State of Ohio began a special audit of the City's Air Pollution Control program. The results of this audit were not available at the date of the release of this report.

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	Sup	City of plemental Sche For the Perio	City of Cleveland (SDA 20) Cleveland, Ohio Supplemental Schedule - Job Training Partnership Act For the Period Ending December 31, 2000	20) g Partnership <i>F</i> er 31, 2000	ţ		
Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor Program Titles	Grant Period	CFDA Number	Allocation	Transfers	Revenue	Expenditures	Unexpended Allocation
<u>United States Department of Labor</u> Ohio Bureau of Employment Services							
JTPA Title II 0-97-20-00-00 0-98-20-00-00 0-99-20-00-00	07/01/96-12/31/99 07/01/97-12/31/99 07/01/99-12/31/99	17.250 17.250 17.250	866,866 1,764,856 3,993,484		866,866 1,764,856 645,339	866,866 1,764,856 645,339	0 0 3,348,145
1-99-20-00-00	07/01/99-12/31/99	17.250	261,149		33,407	33,407	227,742
Ү-99-20-00-00	07/01/99-12/31/99	17.250	529,998	812,088	487,809	487,809	854,277
5-99-20-00-00	07/01/99-12/31/99	17.250	4,373,908	(812,088)	3,497,794	3,497,794	64,026
JTPA Title III A-98-20-00-00 A-99-20-00-00	l 07/01/98-12/31/99 07/01/99-12/31/99	17.250 17.250	183,780 1,270,218		183,780 891,761	183,780 891,761	- \$378,457
B-99-20-00-00 Total CFDA #17.250	07/01/99-12/31/99	17.250 <mark>-</mark>	58,492 \$13,302,751	- \$0	- \$8,371,612	- \$8,371,612	58,492 \$4,931,139
WIA TRANSITION FUND T-99-20-03-00	<b>ITION FUND</b> 03/24/00-9/30/00	17.255	400,000	T	27,204	27,204	\$372,796
Total CFDA #17.255 Total Pass Through Ohio Bureau of Employment Services	nployment Services		\$400,000 \$13,702,751	0\$ \$0	\$27,204 \$8,398,816	\$27,204 \$8,398,816	\$372,796 \$5,303,935
<b>Ohio Department of Education</b>							
<b>JTPA Title IIA 8%</b> 4-97-20-00-00 07/ 4-98-20-00-00 07/ 4-99-20-00-00 07/0	A 8% 07/01/97-12/31/99 07/01/98-12/31/99 07/01/99-12/31/99	17.250 17.250 17.250	199,727 344,931 379,901		199,727 223,135 -	199,727 218,054 -	126,877 379,901
Total CFDA #17.250 Total Pass Through Ohio Department of Education Total Expenditure of Federal Award	of Education		\$924,559 \$924,559 \$14,627,310	0\$ \$0	\$422,862 \$422,862 \$8,821,678	\$417,781 \$417,781 \$8,816,597	\$506,778 \$506,778 \$5,810,713

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

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## City of Cleveland (SDA 20) Cleveland, Ohio Analysis of Cost Limitations and Budget to Actual Title IIA 77% For the Period Ending December 31, 2000

0-97-20-00-00	Totals	Administration	Program
Allocation			
Allocation Amount Transfer From IIC	3,047,677	609,535	2,438,142
Total Allocation	3,047,677	609,535	2,438,142
Expenditures			
Expenditures 07/01/97-12/31/97 Expenditures 01/01/98-12/31/98 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment as of 12/31/98 Expenditures 01/01/99-12/31/99 1999 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment Expenditures 01/01/00-09/30/00 2000 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment Total Expenditure	579,707 583,765 690,878 248,220 78,241 236,361 630,504 3,047,677	101,135 4,837 445,633 8,728 (2,483) 10,151 41,534 609,535	478,572 578,928 245,245 239,492 80,724 226,211 588,970 2,438,142
Unexpended Funds	0	0	0
Percentage of Allocation	100.00%	20.00%	80.00%
Budget			
2000 Budget Percentage Achieved	866,866 100.00%	51,685 100.00%	815,181 100.00%
0-98-20-00-00			
Allocation			
Allocation Amount Transfer From IIC	3,839,827 -	767,965 -	3,071,862
Total Allocation	3,839,827	767,965	3,071,862
Expenditures			
Expenditures 07/01/98-12/31/98 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment as of 12/31/98 Expenditures 01/01/99-12/31/99 1999 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment Expenditures 01/01/00-09/30/00 2000 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment	466,839 79,446 864,229 664,457 358,718 1,406,139	46,323 54,396 103,527 412,528 71,743 79,448	420,516 25,050 760,702 251,929 286,974 1,326,691
Total Expenditure	3,839,827	767,966	3,071,862
Unexpended Funds	0	0	0
Percentage of Allocation	100.00%	20.00%	80.00%
Budget			
2000 Budget Percentage Achieved	1,764,856 100.00%	151,191 8.57%	1,613,665 91.43%

#### City of Cleveland (SDA 20) Cleveland, Ohio Analysis of Cost Limitations and Budget to Actual Title IIA 77% For the Period Ending December 31, 2000

0-99-20-00-00	Totals	Administration	Program
Allocation			
Allocation Amount Transfer From IIC	3,993,484 0	798,697 0	3,194,787 0
Total Allocation	3,993,484	798,697	3,194,787
Expenditures			
FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment as of 12/31/99 Expenditures 01/01/99-12/31/99 1999 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment Expenditures 01/01/00-09/30/00 2000 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment	- 0 - 1,588,654 (943,315)	- 123,806 (188,663)	0 0 1,464,848 (754,652)
Total Expenditure	645,339	-64,857	710,196
Unexpended Funds	3,348,145	863,554	2,484,592
Percentage of Allocation	16.16%	-1.62%	8.00%
2000 Budget Percentage Achieved	3,993,484 16.16%	798,697 -1.62%	3,194,787 17.78%
85% Analysis			
Expenditures Obligations Total	645,339  645,339		
Percentage Achieved	16.16%		

# City of Cleveland (SDA 20) Cleveland, Ohio Analysis of Cost Limitations and Budget to Actual Title IIA 5% For the Period Ending December 31, 2000

1-99-20-00-00	Totals	Administration	Program
Allocation			
Allocation Amount Transfer From	265,647	53,129 -	212,518
Total Allocation	265,647	53,129	212,518
Expenditures			
Expenditures 07/01/99-12/31/99 1999 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment Expenditures 01/01/00-09/30/00 Stand In Cost 2000 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment	4,498 53,432 (24,532) 4,507	- 2,204 - - 4,507	2,294 53,432 (24,532) -
Total Expenditure	37,905	6,711	31,194
Unexpended Funds	227,742	46,418	181,324
Percentage of Allocation	14.27%	2.53%	11.74%
Budget			
2000 Budget Percentage Achieved	261,149 22.19%	50,925 1.73%	210,224 20.46%
85% Analysis			
Expenditures Obligations Total	37,905 		
Percentage Achieved	14.51%		

# City of Cleveland (SDA 20) Cleveland, Ohio Analysis of Cost Limitations and Budget to Actual Title IIA 8% For the Period Ending December 31, 2000

4-97-20-00-00	Totals	Administration	Program
Allocation			
Allocation Amount Transfer From IIC	288,894	57,779	231,115
Total Allocation	288,894	57,779	231,115
Expenditures			
Expenditures 07/01/97-12/31/98 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment as of 12/31/98 Expenditures 01/01/99-12/31/99	196,865 (86,034) -	21,312 51,356 -	175,553 (137,390) -
1999 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment Expenditures 01/01/00-09/30/00	(21,664) 624	(17,951)	(3,713) 624
2000 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment	199,104	39,821	159,283
Total Expenditure	288,894	94,537	194,357
Unexpended Funds	(0)	(36,759)	36,758
Percentage of Allocation	100.00%	32.72%	67.28%
Budget			
2000 Budget Percentage Achieved	199,727 99.69%	3,062 19.94%	196,665 79.75%
4-98-20-00-00			
Allocation			
Allocation Amount Transfer From IIC	366,663 -	73,333	293,330
Total Allocation	366,663	73,333	293,330
Expenditures			
Expenditures 07/01/98-12/31/98 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment as of 12/31/98 Expenditures 01/01/99-12/31/99	14,400 2,451 -	1,732 1,678	12,668 773
1999 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment Expenditures 01/01/00-09/30/00	4,881 94,879	3,029 18,976	1,852 75,903
2000 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment	123,175	24,635	98,540
Total Expenditure	239,786	50,050	189,736
Unexpended Funds	126,877	23,283	103,595
Percentage of Allocation	65.40%	13.65%	51.75%
Budget			
2000 Budget Percentage Achieved	344,931 63.22%	66,894 12.64%	278,038 50.57%

### City of Cleveland (SDA 20) Cleveland, Ohio Analysis of Cost Limitations and Budget to Actual Title IIA 8% For the Period Ending December 31, 2000

4-99-20-00-00	Totals	Administration	Program
Allocation			
Allocation Amount Transfer From IIC	379,901 -	75,980	303,921
Total Allocation	379,901	75,980	303,921
Expenditures			
FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment as of 12/31/99 Expenditures 01/01/99-12/31/99 1999 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment Expenditures 01/01/00-09/30/00 2000 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment	- - - (145,441)	- - - - (29,088)	- - - (116,353)
Total Expenditure	(145,441)	(29,088)	(116,353)
Unexpended Funds	234,460	46,892	187,568
Percentage of Allocation	-38.28%	-38.28%	-38.28%
Budget			
2000 Budget Percentage Achieved	379,901 -38.28%	75,980 -38.28%	303,921 -38.28%
85% Analysis			
Expenditures Obligations Total	-		
Percentage Achieved	0.00%		

#### City of Cleveland (SDA 20) Cleveland, Ohio Analysis of Cost Limitations and Budget to Actual Title III For the Period Ending December 31, 2000

5-99-20-00-00

Allocation			
Allocation Amount Transfer From 5-99-20-00-00	4,604,921 (812,088)	920,984 (162,418)	3,683,937 (649670)
Total Allocation	3,792,833	758,566	3,034,267
Expenditures			
Expenditures 07/01/99-12/31/99 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment as of 12/31/99 Expenditures 01/01/00-09/30/00 2000 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment	137,979 93,034 2,142,907 1,354,887	726 47,066 219,798 1,056,142	137,254 45,968 1,923,109 298,745
Total Expenditure	3,728,807	1,323,732	2,405,076
Unexpended Funds	64,026	(565,165)	629,191
Percentage of Allocation	98.31%	34.90%	63.41%
Budget			
2000 Budget Percentag	4,373,908 79.97%	873,193 29.17%	3,500,715 50.80%
85% Analysis			
Expenditures Obligations	3,728,807		
Total	3,728,807		
Percentage Achieved	85.25%		

#### City of Cleveland (SDA 20) Cleveland, Ohio Analysis of Cost Limitations and Budget to Actual Title IIC For the Period Ending December 31, 2000

#### Y-99-20-00-00

Allocation			
Allocation Amount Transfer From 5-99-20-00-00	584,338 812,088	116,868 162,417	467,470 649,670
Total Allocation	1,396,426	279,285	1,117,140
Expenditures			
Expenditures 07/01/99-12/31/99 1999 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment Expenditures 01/01/00-09/30/00 *2000 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment	80,000 (25,660) 119,911 381,029	- - 12,175 76,206	80,000 (25,660) 107,737 304,823
Total Expenditure	555,280	58,563	483,586
Unexpended Funds	841,146	220,721	633,554
Percentage of Allocation	39.76%	0	34.63%
Budget			
2000 Budget Percentage Achieved	529,998 109.62%	116,868 16.68%	387,470 77.84%
85% Analysis			
Expenditures Obligations Total	555,280 		
Percentage Achieved	104.77%		

*Adjustment made in 2000 for 1999 FIFO.

#### City of Cleveland (SDA 20) Cleveland, Ohio Analysis of Cost Limitations and Budget to Actual Title III

For the Period Ending December 31, 2000

A-98-20-00-00	Totals	Administration	Program
Allocation			
Allocation Amount Transfer From IIA	1,291,597 296,984	258,319 59,397	1,033,278 237,587
Total Allocation	1,588,581	317,716	1,270,865
Expenditures			
Expenditures 07/01/98-12/31/98 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment as of 12/31/98 Expenditures 01/01/99-12/31/99 1999 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment Expenditures 01/01/00-09/30/00 *2000 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment	535,708 (6,056) 427,822 447,327 0 183,779	35,453 (11,112) (10,535) 274,713 - (50,432)	500,255 5,056 438,357 172,615 - 234,211
Total Expenditure	1,588,581	238,087	1,350,494
Unexpended Funds	0	79,629	(79,629)
Percentage of Allocation	100.00%	14.99%	85.01%
Budget			
2000 Budget Percentage Achieved	183,780 100.00%	29,198 100.00%	154,582 100.00%
A-99-20-00-00			
Allocation			
Allocation Amount Transfer From IIA	1,270,218	254,044	1,016,174
Total Allocation	1,270,218	254,044	1,016,174
Expenditures			
Expenditures 07/01/99-12/31/99 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment as of 12/31/99 1999 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment Expenditures 01/01/00-09/30/00 *2000 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment	971,251 (209,134)	- - - - (36,038)	- 875,201 (173,096)
Total Expenditure	762,117	60,012	702,105
Unexpended Funds	508,101	194,032	314,069
Percentage of Allocation	60.00%	4.72%	55.27%
Budget			
2000 Budget Percentage Achieved	1,270,218 60.00%	254,044 4.72%	1,016,174 55.27%
85% Analysis			
Expenditures Obligations Total	762,117		
Percentage Achieved	60.00%		

*Adjustment made in 2000 for 1999 Expenditure.

#### City of Cleveland (SDA 20) Cleveland, Ohio Analysis of Cost Limitations and Budget to Actual Title III For the Period Ending December 31, 2000

B-99-20-00-00	Totals	Administration	Program
Allocation			
Allocation Amount Transfer From IIA	58,492	11,698 -	46,794
Total Allocation	58,492	11,698	46,794
Expenditures			
Expenditures 07/01/98-12/31/98 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment as of 12/31/98 Expenditures 01/01/99-12/31/99 1999 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment Expenditures 01/01/00-09/30/00 2000 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -
Total Expenditure	0	0	0
Unexpended Funds	58,492	11,698	46,794
Percentage of Allocation	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Budget			
2000 Budget Percentage Achieved	58,492 0.00%	11,698 0.00%	46,794 0.00%

#### City of Cleveland (SDA 20) Cleveland, Ohio **WIA TRANSITION FUND** For the Period Ending December 31, 2000

T-99-20-03-00	Totals	Administration	Program
Allocation			
Allocation Amount Transfer From IIA	400,000	400,000	
Total Allocation	400,000	400,000	0
Expenditures			
Expenditures 01/01/00-09/30/00 2000 FIFO & Cost Pool Adjustment	27,204	27,204	-
Total Expenditure	27,204	27,204	0
Unexpended Funds	372,796	372,796	0
Percentage of Allocation	6.80%	6.80%	0.00%
Budget			
2000 Budget Percentage Achieved	400,000 6.80%	400,000 6.80%	0 0.00%

#### City of Cleveland (SDA 20) Cleveland, Ohio **Schedule of Stand-in-Costs** For the Period Ending December 31, 2000

Title II	Administration	Program	Total
0-97-20-00-00	\$0	\$0	\$0
0-98-20-00-00	-	-	-
0-99-20-00-00	-	-	-
1-99-20-00-00	24,532	-	24,532
Y-99-20-00-00	-	-	-
4-97-20-00-00	-	-	-
4-98-20-00-00	-	-	-
4-99-20-00-00	-	-	-
5-99-20-00-00	-	-	-
Total CFDA #17.250	\$24,532	\$0	\$24,532
Title III			
A-98-20-00-00	-	-	-
A-99-20-00-00	-	-	-
B-99-20-00-00	-	-	-
Total CFDA #17.246	\$24,532	\$0	\$24,532
Transition			
T-99-20-03-00	27,204	-	\$27,204
Total CFDA #17.255	\$51,736	\$0	\$51,736

For the Period Ending December 31, 2000

Unexplained Variance		'					ı					
Total Explained Variance	632,554 1,431,635 (583,764)	(20,025)	(42,661) (235,479) 374,464	199,103 123,175 (146,297)	(744) 84,861 3,165,285	(1,598) 183,780 397,872	(26,186)	974	(806) (25,291) 0	(22,709) (3,237) 28,535	(76,918) (1,180,737) (307,642)	
Rounding Variance		15										
Error in Reporting	2,050	(24,535)				320,437		974				
FIFO and Cost Pool Adjustment	630,504 1,406,139 (943,315)	4,495	(42,661) (235,479) 381,029	199,103 123,175 (145,441)	(744) 84,861 1,354,887	(1,598) 183,780 (209,134)	(26, 186)		(806) (26,443) 0	(22,709) (3,237) (213,028)	(91,647) (1,184,940) (310,096)	
GAAP Conversion Adjustment	- 25,496 359,551		(6,565)	- - (856)	1,810,398	- 286,569			1,152	241,563	14,728 4,203 2,454	23
Variance	632,554 1,431,635 (583,764)	(20,025)	(42,661) (235,479) 374,463	199, 103 123, 175 (146, 297)	(744) 84,861 3,165,285	(1,598) 183,780 397,872	(26,186)	974	(806) (25,291) 0	(22,709) (3,237) 28,535	(76,918) (1,180,737) (307,642)	
Audit Report	234,312 333,222 1,229,103	53,432	42,661 235,479 113,346	624 94,879 146,297	744 (84,861) 332,509	1,598 493,889	26,186	26,230	806 25,291	22,709 3,237 (28,535)	76,918 1,180,737 307,642	4,868,454 le
POWER*Ohio	866,866 1,764,857 645,339	33,407	487,809	199,727 218,054 -	3,497,794	183,780 891,761	ı	27,204				8,816,598 I part of this schedu
-	0-97-20-00-00 0-98-20-00-00 0-99-20-00-00	1-99-20-00-00	Y -97-20-00-00 Y -98-20-00-00 Y -99-20-00-00	4-97-20-00-00 4-98-20-00-00 4-99-20-00-00	5-97-20-00-00 5-98-20-00-00 5-99-20-00-00	A-97-20-00-00 A-98-20-00-00 A-99-20-00-00	B-98-20-00-00	T-99-20-03-00	Admin Cost Pool PY95 Admin Cost Pool PY96 Job For Clavel andres (TCP) PV0	ddmin Cost Pool PY97 Job For Clevelanders (TCP) PY5 Admin Cost Pool PY98	Job For Clevelanders (TCP) PY£ Admin Cost Pool PY99 Job For Clevelanders (TCP) PY£	8,816,598 The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

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#### City of Cleveland Notes to the Supplemental Schedules - Job Training Partnership Act For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying supplemental schedules summarize the activity of the City of Cleveland Job Training Partnership Act programs. The schedules have been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.



STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

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#### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Michael R. White, Mayor, Members of Council, and the Audit Committee:

We have audited the financial statements of City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2000-20818-001 and 2000-20818-002. We also noted an immaterial instances of noncompliance, which we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated June 29, 2001.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgement, could adversely affect the City's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2000-20818-003 through 2000-20818-013.

City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we consider item 2000-20818-003 to be a material weakness. We also noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated June 29, 2001.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, City Council, federal awarding agencies and pass through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 29, 2001



STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

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#### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Ave. Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Michael R. White, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the City) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2000. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of law, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal programs are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2000.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with *OMB Circular A-133* Page 2

We noted a certain matter involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over compliance that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City's ability to administer a major federal program in accordance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items as 2000-20818-003, 2000-20818-005 and 2000-20818-007.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we consider item 2000-20818-003 to be a material weakness. We noted other matters involving the internal control over federal compliance that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated June 29, 2001.

#### Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures

We have audited the general-purpose financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2001. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. The supplemental data on pages 9 through 22, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, City Council, federal awarding agencies and pass through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 29, 2001

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

A-133 §.505	1	1
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	Yes
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Sec510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list)	CDBG 14.218 Federal Home 14.239 Empowerment Zone 14.244 Airport Improvement 20.106 JTPA 17.250 Healthy Family Healthy Start 93.926 COPS 16.710 Local Law Enforcement Block Grant 16.592 WIA 17.255
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$2,543,500 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

#### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

The comments appearing with an asterisk (*) denotes a comment that was previously brought to management's attention for which corrective action has not been taken. The subject of the comments marked "IA" denotes a subject for which the City's internal audit department issued a report.

#### MATERIAL CITATIONS

Finding Number	2000-20818-001
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#### Budgetary Compliance - ORC 5705.41 (D)- IA

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41 (D), provides that no subdivision or taxing authority shall make any contract or give any order involving the expenditure of money unless there is attached thereto a certificate of the fiscal officer certifying that the amount required for the order or contract has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances.

The following exceptions to this basic requirement are provided by statute:

<u>Then and Now Certificate</u>: This exception provides that, if the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made and at the time that he is completing his certification, sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the taxing authority can authorize the drawing of a warrant. The taxing authority has 30 days from the receipt of such certificate to approve payment by resolution or ordinance. If approval is not made within 30 days, there is no legal liability on the part of the subdivision or taxing district.

Amounts of less than \$1,000, may be paid by the fiscal officer without such affirmation of the taxing authority upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the taxing authority.

We compared order/invoice date to the date of the purchase order. There were 34 instances out of 94 tested in which the purchase order was dated after the order/invoice date. Thus the certificate of the fiscal officer was prepared after the order/invoice date. Furthermore, a "then and now" certificate was not issued.

This weakness allowed goods and services to be ordered and received without proper approval. Further, the City may allow goods or services to be ordered and received without having adequate monies and/or appropriations available to pay for the obligation.

We recommend the City prepare purchase orders certifying the availability of funds and encumbering the expenditure account prior to ordering of any goods and/or services.

Finding Number	2000-20818-002
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#### Budgetary Compliance - ORC 5705.39

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39, states that no appropriation measure is to become effective until the County Auditor files a certificate that the total appropriations from each fund do not exceed the total official estimate or amended official estimate.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (Continued)

#### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **MATERIAL CITATIONS (Continued)**

Finding Number	2000-20818-002
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#### Budgetary Compliance - ORC 5705.39 (Continued)

The City failed to submit its temporary appropriation ordinance to the County for the 2000 calendar year and submitted the temporary appropriation ordinance for the 2001 calendar year on March 16, 2001. In addition a supplemental appropriation ordinance was passed in December 2000 which was not submitted to the County. Consequently, the City permitted appropriation measures for the 2000 and 2001 calendar years to become effective without having the required County Auditor's Certificate. From January 1, 2000 until March 31, 2000 the City expended \$122,852,556 against an appropriation measure that was not certified by the County.

We recommend the City submit their appropriation measures to the County Auditor in a timely manner and obtain the required certificate before expending funds.

#### MATERIAL WEAKNESS

#### Cash and Investment Accounts *

A necessary step in the internal control over financial reporting is to determine the accuracy of both the balance of the bank and the balance of cash in the accounting records. A bank reconciliation means accounting for the differences between the balance appearing on the bank statements and the balance of cash according to the City's records. Reconciliations should be prepared and reviewed on a timely basis. Without accurate bank reconciliations the City has no assurance that the cash balances recorded in the City's records are correct. Consequently, the City may be spending money that it does not have available.

Cash and investment accounts were not reconciled on a timely basis during 2000. At year end, cash and investments totaled approximately \$1.2 billion. The year end reconciliation for the City's main account was not completed until May of 2001. The reconciliations of the cash and investment accounts provided no evidence that they were reviewed by a supervisor.

Demand checks were not being properly recorded in the accounting system, creating reconciling items for two accounts (111 and 116). Reconciling items on some of the account reconciliations were not cleared for several months. Miscellaneous bank charges were not being recorded as expenditures, but as reductions of revenue, in the accounting system. Furthermore, checks outstanding for over one year were still maintained on the current outstanding checks list.

Failure to perform monthly bank reconciliations in a timely manner can make it more difficult to identify reconciling items and compromises the controls designed to aid in the detection of errors and/or irregularities which could lead to a loss/theft of City assets. Recording various bank fees as reductions of revenues and not as expenditures understates expenditures and revenues. Maintaining checks over one year old (stale dated checks) on the outstanding check list impedes the City's reconciliation process. In addition, the management of the City is not provided with timely fiscal information that is vital to the continued operations of the City, which could also have a negative material effect or impact on the City's financial statements.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (Continued)

#### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **MATERIAL WEAKNESS (Continued)**

Finding Number	2000-20818-003

#### Cash and Investment Accounts (Continued)

We recommend that timely reconciliations be prepared and reviewed for all accounts and that adequate documentation be retained to support reconciling items. All reconciling items should be resolved on a timely basis. Bank fees should be recorded as expenditures and not as a reduction of revenues. The City should remove stale dated checks from the outstanding check list and place these funds in an Agency Fund for unclaimed funds. Any amount that is not claimed within five years of the issuance of the check should revert to the fund of origin.

#### **REPORTABLE CONDITIONS**

Finding Number	2000-20818-004
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#### Wire Transfers -IA

Over the past several years, the City has encountered significant control failures with wire transfer activity. These failures have resulted in duplicate payments, erroneous payments and \$131 million in transfers of funds to improper bank accounts. During our audit we noted the following:

1. Vendor Wires

The processing of wire transfer payments requires specific information be provided regarding the transaction including proper authorization. Payment vouchers are to be complete and provide the required information regarding goods or services received. The Division of Accounts submits a "Detail Wire Register" to the Treasurer's office for the authorization of wire payments made to the vendor.

The 60 items selected for testing totaled \$13,428,774. The required signatures were not present on 8 of the 60 items tested for a 13 percent failure rate. The errors totaled \$1,034,343. The box that is to be checked indicating that payment was a wire transfer and the bank to which the funds were to be wired was not listed on 7 of the 60 items tested for a 12 percent failure rate. The errors totaled \$542,866. The "Detailed Wire Register Report" and the form authorizing the wire transfer from the Commissioner of the Division of Accounts were not found for 20 of the 60 items tested for a 33 percent failure rate. The errors totaled \$698,496.

Incorrect and/or unauthorized wire transfer payments have resulted in duplicate payments and erroneous payments. Failure to detect these errors or the inability to recover these payments from vendors could result in a loss of City funds.

We recommend payment vouchers be completed, listing the drawee bank, properly authorized by the appropriate official, and that the form authorizing payment be received by the Treasurer's office prior to wiring funds.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (Continued)

#### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)**

Finding Number	2000-20818-004
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Wire Transfers (Continued)

#### 2. Investment Wires

The Treasury Division records wire transfers for investments on an Investment Journal Entry Form. Then, it is forwarded to Financial Reporting and Control (FRC) to post the entries to the PeopleSoft system. During our testing of these investment wire transfers, it was noted that investment wire transfers were not posted within 3 days. In a test of 60, 81% of these wire transfers were not posted into the system timely. Investment wire transfers should be posted within 3 business days from the day the bank transfer is made. It was discovered that an error was found in 6% of the transactions tested. Those errors include incorrectly entered amounts and account fields. In addition, some transactions that should have been recorded as debits were recorded as debits in the accounting records, resulting in inaccurate records.

In a test of 170 investment wire transfers, 3 were initially transferred to the incorrect bank account and the original source of a fourth wire transfer could not be determined. Within 18 days of the error, the Treasurer's office corrected the three wire transfers that were initially transferred to the wrong bank account. The source of the fourth transfer remained undetermined.

Proper and timely posting provides a system of control and accountability that serves to prevent and/or detect irregularities. When the entries are not made properly or timely, the risk of error or loss going undetected increases.

We recommend the Investment Journal Entry Forms be completed and sent to FRC on a daily basis, entered into the system in a timely manner, and reviewed by the Cash Manager for accuracy before it is entered into the PeopleSoft system. We also recommend the appropriate Treasury personnel review bank to bank investment transfers to help ensure they are being credited to the correct bank account.

Finding Number	2000-20818-005
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#### PeopleSoft - Security Administration of the NT Server

The PeopleSoft system operates on a Windows NT platform. Responsibility for the administration of the Windows NT platform, including the administration of access security, has been informally divided between the Division of Information Systems Services (ISS) and the Division of Financial Reporting and Control (FRC). ISS is responsible for hardware and operating system maintenance, and FRC is responsible for the creation of user accounts associated with the use of the PeopleSoft system. Staff have not received sufficient training to properly set up security on the system. Several significant security weaknesses were noted.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (Continued)

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)**

Finding Number 2000-20818-005

PeopleSoft - Security Administration of the NT Server (Continued)

- 1. Twenty-one accounts used by FRC, ISS and consultant staff have system administration privileges. Accountability for system maintenance and security administration is lost when an excessive number of users have administrator privileges. Because these privileges provide the user with the ability to control the system and modify security parameters, they should be restricted to only a minimum number of users who require access. All others, including consultants, should only be provided the rights necessary to perform their job duties. If administrator access is required, it should be provided on an as needed basis and closely monitored.
- 2. Unauthorized users could gain access by repeatedly guessing passwords without detection. Passwords only have to be a minimum of three characters and are not changed. User accounts are not locked out of the system after a minimal number of unsuccessful password attempts. The auditing functions are only enabled for logon failures and not successful logon attempts and the audit log is not reviewed on a daily basis.

The responsibility for administering the NT server security should be clearly defined and the assigned staff should receive training in NT security and administration. In addition the City should enhance their NT security by enacting the following:

- Administrator privileges should be restricted to a few users.
- Passwords should be at least 6 characters.
- Unsuccessful logon attempts should be restricted to 3. Upon the third unsuccessful attempt the user account should be deactivated and require the user to request reactivation from the NT security administrator.
- Rules for auditing security events and the audit parameters should be enabled and procedures for review of security events should be also be implemented.

In addition, the internal audit staff should perform periodic reviews of NT security controls to ensure that they are in place and operational.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (Continued)

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

### **REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)**

Finding Number	2000-20818-006
	2000 20010 000

Access to the Customer Information System

To ensure a proper segregation of duties, access to functions within a software application should be restricted to only those individuals who have need of such access to perform their job functions.

Cleveland Public Power (CPP) recently implemented a new, vendor supplied, customer information system. Users have not been restricted to specific functions within the application. CPP intends to segregate users within the application once they become acquainted with the software package. However, approximately 140 users with access to the system have the ability to perform all functions. The lack of access segregation increases the risk that users will intentionally or accidentally create transactions for which they have not been provided authorization.

Cleveland Public Power should review the access currently provided to the users of the customer information system, determine the minimum level of access needed for each employee to effectively perform their job duties, and alter the application security parameters accordingly.

Finding Number 2000-20818-007
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### Budget Control Cycle

The City is required to prepare reports on financial activity on a monthly basis, including one that reflects budgeted to actual revenues and one that reflects budgeted to actual expenditures. In addition, the reports on financial activity should be distributed to the appropriate City officials on a timely basis. The City has an annual budget of approximately \$1.4 billion.

From January 1, 2000 through September 30, 2000, the City was unable to prepare and distribute monthly reports on financial activity, including one that reflected budgeted to actual revenues and one that reflected budgeted to actual expenditures. In addition, when the City did prepare monthly reports, they were not always distributed to all appropriate department(s), divisions and/or were not distributed within 30 days of month end.

These weaknesses reduce the City officials' ability to monitor the financial activity and could allow actual expenditures plus encumbrances to exceed budgeted expenditures and/or available resources.

Computer system problems or constraints prevented the City from performing this key procedure throughout most of calendar year 2000. However, reports for January 2000 through November 2000 were distributed prior to year end. The December 2000 report was distributed in January 2001.

We recommend the City continue to prepare reports on financial activity, including one that reflects budgeted to actual revenues and one that reflects budgeted to actual expenditures, on a monthly basis. In addition, the City should review and evaluate their report distribution process to ensure that all appropriate City officials are receiving timely financial reports.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (Continued)

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

### **REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)**

Finding Number	2000-20818-008
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Accrued Benefits - Pension Payments

During 2000, our office received correspondence indicating the City's reporting of employee service credit to the Police and Fire Disability & Pension Fund (PFDPF) and employee pension contributions to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) for 1998 and 1999 were inaccurate. As a result of this correspondence and a review of the documents provided, our office has been monitoring the City's reconciliation of employee retirement contributions and service credit reported to the retirement systems.

During 2000, the City's reconciliation process resulted in the identification of \$145,355 for 1998 and \$72,939 for 1999 of employee contributions which the City failed to remit to PERS when due. These amounts were remitted in July 2000 and in October 2000, respectively. At the end of 2000, the City was still in the process of reconciling payroll and service credit information. Additionally, the City did not provide information required to finalize members' pensions.

These situations forced the pension funds to estimate the pension benefits that it pays to some members that retired during this period, resulting in inaccurate payments. Correcting these payments is a protracted and complicated process. Members are entitled to receive a pension based on accurate service credit and contribution information.

The City has a fiduciary responsibility to its employees to accurately report service credit and to make the correct contribution payments in a timely manner. Therefore we recommend that the City perform a reconciliation for the payroll system earnings, pension withholdings and service credit information with the corresponding information and payments submitted to the pension funds.

### Charges for Services Revenue Control Cycle (Gateway Parking)

1. The City was not actively monitoring daily parking revenue procedures performed by the outside management company.

This increases the risk that errors and/or discrepancies could occur in the monthly net revenue distributions made to the City which may not be detected on a timely basis.

The City should periodically monitor the daily parking revenue procedures performed by the outside management company. The monitoring should include a review of the tickets issued, rate(s) utilized, monies collected, shortages documented, register tapes prepared and other supporting documentation. In addition, the daily supporting documentation and/or reports should be reconciled to monthly reports to ensure that the payment to the City is correct. Further, reduction expenditures, management fees and incentive fees should be reviewed for accuracy and completeness. All monitoring review(s) should be formally documented, performed at regular intervals throughout the calendar year, and be evidenced by the initials and date of the reviewers.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (Continued)

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

### **REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)**

Finding Number

2000-20818-009

Charges for Services Revenue Control Cycle (Gateway Parking) (Continued)

- 2. Neither the City nor the outside management company could provide supporting documentation, related to daily collections for six selected days during the 2000 calendar year. Missing records for two out of sixty days selected relating to the North Garage and four out of the sixty days selected relating to the East Garage. In addition, they could not provide supporting documentation for six out of the thirty expenditures tested, which were reported as reductions of gross revenues on the monthly financial reports provided to the City by the management company. The missing records include:
  - 1) Daily Register Tapes,
  - 2) Daily Shift Reports Transient Parking & Special Events,
  - 3) Data Entry Forms,
  - 4) Deposit Slips,
  - 5) Time Cards and/or Time Sheets.

This weakness increases the risk that errors and/or discrepancies could occur in the amount of monthly net revenue distributions made to the City by the management company and potentially in a loss of parking revenue for the City.

The City should obtain and maintain all documentation supporting daily parking collections prepared by the outside management company. In addition, the City should obtain and maintain all documentation supporting reduction(s) in gross revenues related to management fees, incentive fees and expenditures. Documentation maintained should include daily and special event parking tickets, register tapes, shift reports, data entry forms, deposit slips, invoices, check copies, time cards/time sheets and any other relevant support.

Finding Number	2000-20818-010

### Implementation of GASB 33 & 34 *

In December 1998, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions". This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for nonexchange transactions involving financial or capital resources, for example, most taxes, grants and private donations.

In June 1999, GASB issued Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments". This Statement establishes financial reporting standards, requiring that the City's basic financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) consist of the following:

 Management's Discussion and Analysis - Providing management's analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (Continued)

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

### **REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)**

Finding Number	2000-20818-010
	2000 20010 010

Implementation of GASB 33 & 34 *(Continued)

- Basic Financial Statements The basic financial statements will consist of Government-wide financial statements, which will include a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, prepared on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These statements will report all assets including significant infrastructure assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and gains and losses of the City. The basic financial statements also will consist of the more familiar fund financial statements, but they will focus on the City's "Major" funds as defined in the Statement.
- In addition, for the first the City will have to determine the cost of its infrastructure (roads, bridges, sidewalks, etc.). The identification and recording of these assets will require substantial planning and an extended period of time to implement.
- Required Supplementary Information Budgetary comparison schedules and certain "modified approach" infrastructure information.

These accounting standards are effective for the City for the year ended December 31, 2002 financial statements. Inability to follow the required standards issued by GASB may result in a qualified or adverse opinion being issued on the financial statements and restricting the City from obtaining a "Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting" as presented by the Government Finance Officers Association and have negative impact on the City's bond rating resulting in higher borrowing costs.

Although the City created a GASB 34 Task Force which met in December 2000, it is lagging behind in the process of developing a comprehensive GASB 33 and 34 implementation plan. The City needs to be in the position to have GASB 34 beginning fund balances on January 1, 2002. We recommend that the City begin to review the new standards and develop a written implementation plan as soon as possible. The new standards will materially affect the preparation and presentation of the financial statements of the City and require a restatement to its beginning fund balances as of January 1, 2002.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (Continued)

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

### **REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)**

Finding Number	2000-20818-011

### Fixed Assets

In order to report the value of the City's fixed assets, the City must have a complete and up-to-date fixed asset listing.

During testing of the General Fixed Asset Account Group (GFAAG), the following conditions were noted:

- The detailed list of fixed assets purchased by capital leasing totaled \$1,052,000 less than what is reported on the City's financial statements.
- The City has not recorded transfers of assets between the general fixed assets account group and the enterprise funds since 1996.
- The City's fixed asset listing contains 393 items valued at \$486,986 that are under the capitalization threshold contained in the City's fixed asset policy.
- The City did not include 2 helicopters that were purchased in 2000 on the fixed asset list. The helicopters were purchased for \$1,095,206 each or \$2,190,412 in total.
- The City does not require the departments to fill out a fixed asset retirement form when an item is no longer needed and scheduled for disposal. The City places GFAAG fixed assets on the deletion list after the item has been in use for 15 years. The City does not check to determine whether the fixed asset is still in existence.

During testing of the Internal Service - Motor Vehicle Maintenance Fixed Assets, we noted that 24 out of 50 assets tested on the fixed asset listing were no longer in existence. Most of these assets were fully depreciated. An inaccurate listing of fixed assets results in inaccurate financial information and impedes the timely detection of potential theft or misuse of City assets.

To enhance the accuracy and accountability of the City's detailed fixed asset listing, we recommend the following:

- The City should take steps to identify and develop a complete listing of furniture, fixtures, and equipment. It should also develop a more comprehensive fixed asset policy including mechanisms to better account for additions, deletions and transfers between divisions.
- The City should take steps to identify assets that have been transferred to the enterprise funds since 1996 and properly account for these transfers.
- The City should remove all assets from the general fixed assets account group that do not meet the current threshold for capitalization and restate the beginning balance of the account group to reflect the amount of assets that were removed.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (Continued)

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

### **REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)**

Finding Number	2000-20818-011
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Fixed Assets (Continued)

- The City should take steps to identify assets that are no longer in existence. For future disposals of
  fixed assets, the City should develop procedures to ensure that all fixed assets no longer in existence
  are removed from the fixed asset list and ensure that fixed assets still in existence are included on the
  fixed asset list regardless of the age of the asset.
- The City should perform a physical inventory of fixed assets annually, reconcile the physical count with the fixed asset listing, and investigate any discrepancies.

Finding Number	2000-20818-012
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### Airport Vendor Revenue

The Department of Port Control (the Department) should monitor revenues due from airport vendors. The vendors submit a monthly financial statement and calculation of the rent due, based on the statement. During fiscal year 2000, the Department did not conduct testing of data submitted by the vendors. Subsequent to 2000, the Department did issue a request for proposal to conduct a review of 8 of the 78 vendors at the airport. Not verifying the financial data submitted could effect the amount collected by the Department.

We recommend the Department test that vendor payments are in compliance with the contract on a regular basis.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (Continued)

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

### **REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)**

Finding Number 2000-20818-013
-------------------------------

Airport Detention Basin- IA

The Department of Port Control constructed a consolidated car rental facility for the airport, which included a detention basin. The City paid approximately \$1,000,000 to the construction manager and \$1,600,000 to the designer for this project. In addition, the City paid approximately \$7,600,000 for the construction of the facility including the detention basin. The contracting documents did not provide a breakdown of the costs associated with the detention basin. Our office received information that the size of the detention basin was designed and constructed to be large enough to accommodate both the airport car rental facility and an adjacent private industrial park.

Airport funds are to be used strictly for airport operations and improvements. In this case Airport funds were used to benefit a private industrial park.

The City has prepared a draft settlement agreement dated June 2001 to recover \$219,120 from the private developer. The draft agreement has been submitted to the Federal Aviation Administration for approval.

We recommend the City of Cleveland finalize and execute the agreement as soon as possible. The money received from the developer should be paid to the Department of Port Control and its use should be restricted to airport purposes.

### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None specific to federal programs.

### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b)

Finding <u>Number</u>	Finding <u>Summary</u>	Fully <u>Corrected</u> ?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <u>Explain</u> :
99-1	Cash Reconciliation	No	Comment reissued in 2000. See finding number 2000-20818-003.
99-2	CDBG - Inaccurate financial reporting	Yes	
99-3	JTPA - Questioned Cost	No	No questioned cost for 2000, however, management letter comment in regard to internal control documentation issued.
99-4	JTPA - Equipment and Real Property Management	Yes	
99-5	Local Law Enforcement Block Grant - Late Financial Reporting	No	Filing delay was determined to be less significant. Management letter comment issued for 2000.

# **CLEVELAND** Comprehensive Annual Financial Report





For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2000

# CITY OF CLEVELAND



### Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the year ended December 31, 2000

Issued by the Department of Finance

Kelly E. Clark Director

Nancee Murphy, CPA City Controller

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### **CITY OF CLEVELAND**

Michael R. White, Mayor Department of Finance Kelly E. Clark Finance Director Nancee Murphy City Controller

601 Lakeside Avenue Room 18 City Hall Cleveland, Ohio 44114 (216) 664-3881

June 29, 2001

Honorable Mayor Michael R. White City Council The Audit Committee and Citizens of the City of Cleveland, Ohio

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Cleveland (the "City") for the year ended December 31, 2000. This report, prepared by the Department of Finance, includes general purpose financial statements that summarize the various operations and cash flows related to the City's 2000 activities. Our intention is to provide a clear, comprehensive, and materially accurate overview of the City's financial position at the close of last year. The enclosed documentation has been designed to allow the reader to gain an understanding of the City's finances, including financial trends, financial instruments, and fund performances. The City of Cleveland has complete responsibility for all information contained herein.

To maximize clarity and readability, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is organized in three sections: the introductory section contains the table of contents, this transmittal letter, a listing of City officials, a listing of City Council, the Government Finance Officers Association Certificate of Achievement for the 1999 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, the City's organizational structure, and Financial Highlights; the Financial Section contains the Report of Independent Accountants, general purpose financial statements, notes to the financial statements and fund and account group statements and schedules; and lastly the statistical section highlighting comparative fiscal trends for selected years.

The City of Cleveland has applied guidelines established in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "*The Financial Reporting Entity*." Provisions outlined in this statement define the operational, functional and organizational units for which the City (acting as Primary Government) assumes full reporting accountability. Full financial accountability requires the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Under these provisions, the City's financial reporting entity acts as a single rather than multi-component unit. The provisions permit the entity to include all funds, account groups, agencies, and boards and commissions that by definition comprise components within the primary government itself. For the City of Cleveland, these components include police and fire protection services, waste collection, parks and recreation, health, select social services, and general administrative services. Primary enterprise activities owned and operated by the City include a water system, sewer system, an electric distribution system, two airports, several parking lots, and a convention center.

The laws of the State of Ohio as well as the Charter of the City of Cleveland govern the various functions and operations constituting the City of Cleveland. The Charter was adopted by the electorate in 1913 and includes local ordinances, rules, and regulations. As required by the Charter, Cleveland operates under a mayor-council form of government. The City's Chief Executive and Administrative Officer is the Mayor, who is elected to a four-year term. The Mayor oversees the daily operations of the City's departments and their hiring practices. The Mayor also submits a detailed annual budget appropriation called "The Mayor's Estimate." The current term of the Office of Mayor expires on December 31, 2001. Legislative authority is vested in a 21-member council. All members are elected from individual wards to serve in a full-time capacity for a four-year term. Cleveland City Council oversees public policy formulation by introducing, reviewing, and enacting proposed ordinances and resolutions that typically address a variety of municipal interests and purposes, including city services, tax levies, appropriations and borrowings, licensing and regulating of businesses and trades. The Council also sets compensation of City officials and maintains final authority over decisions impacting the City's annual budget. The Mayor has the power to veto any legislation passed by City Council. The present term of all City Council members expires on December 31, 2001.

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK**

The City of Cleveland, located on the southern shores of Lake Erie, is the core city within the largest metropolitan area in the State of Ohio, and is home to 478,403 residents.

Summary of Local Economy: Perhaps the single most impressive indicator of Cleveland's re-emergence as a comeback City is the increasing value of its housing stock. Previously hampered by out-migration and stagnant values for several decades, the City of Cleveland experienced a dramatic reversal. In 2000, Cleveland's appraised housing values increased by over 19.7% from the previous year. This figure has Cleveland outpacing many area suburbs, whose average housing values increased by 12.2%. This data justified other information showing that housing starts in 2000 also put Cleveland impressively out in front of most other area municipalities. Taken together, the data strongly indicates new demand for area housing not seen since the early 1950s.

Significantly, this data serves to reinforce, at the neighborhood level, the impressive growth and expansion of the local economy that began in the mid-to-late 1980's and has continued until the recent market corrections which are reflective of the nation's economy as a whole. It is a local economy marked by both growth and change. Founded in 1796, Cleveland quickly established economic strengths in heavy industry, including iron and steel, and combined with its favorable location on major shipping channels soon emerged as the dominant manufacturing and business center of Northeast Ohio. Though manufacturing continues to play a key role in Cleveland's local economy, the emergence of newer non-smokestack related industries, mainly in services and trade, are likely to gain in prominence over the next several decades.

As evidence of this trend, in 2000 several greater Cleveland technology firms received nearly \$125 million in venture capital funds to initiate start up and expansion activities. Types of businesses include Internet communications, software development, gene-based therapies, and information technology consulting.

Cleveland's economic condition also draws strength and stability from its evolving role as the focal point of a growing and substantial regional economy. The re-emergence of downtown Cleveland as a vibrant center for national and regional entertainment and major cultural activities signals a turning point in the City's overall fortunes and are paving the way for further economic expansion that will be significantly more entrepreneurial in scope. The statistics cited above generated 8.1 million tourists into the City in 2000.

The overall unemployment rate within the Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (PMSA) has held steady at approximately 4.4% for the past three years. Total employment growth from 1999 to 2000 was 0.6%. Income tax collections, the largest source of City revenues, increased by 1.9% overall in 2000. Inflation in 2000 rose by 3.4%.

Another key indicator of the City's continued economic recovery is construction activity, as indicated by the value of building permits issued. The construction value of building permits issued over the past five years is exhibited below.

Year	Value
1996	\$ 403,166,832
1997	523,655,516
1998	768,911,015
1999	502,186,592
2000	483,444,810

It should be noted that a portion of the 1998 value is attributed to the construction of the new Cleveland Browns stadium, accounting for the one year surge.

*Major Industries Affecting The Cleveland Economy*: Resulting from the City's aggressive business development and expansion policies, the greater Cleveland area continues to provide an attractive and competitive location for business and industry. Seven Fortune 500 industrial and service companies are now located within the City of Cleveland, while another four are located within the PMSA, making the total Fortune 500 industrial and service companies within the greater Cleveland area equal to eleven. Aggressive outreach and financial assistance by the City to small and minority-owned businesses continues to elevate their stature in the local economy. Wages earned from these smaller enterprises are likely to replace those from manufacturing-related jobs as the latter assume less prominence.

Cleveland's major employers, representing some of the largest "players" in the local economy, include internationally recognized health care institutions, municipal and federal government agencies, and banking and insurance firms. Therefore, the City's economic health is no longer based solely upon the success or failure of its large manufacturing firms.

The following list of the top 10 Cleveland employers in 2000 illustrates the City's diverse service, trade and manufacturing employment:

EMPLOYER	NATURE OF BUSINESS	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES ⁽¹⁾
	W 11 0	<b>2</b> 0.001
Cleveland Clinic Health System	Health Care	20,891
University Hospitals Health System	Health Care	15,312
Cuyahoga County	Government	9,987
United States of America	Government	9,962
Cleveland Municipal School District	Education	9,773
City of Cleveland	Government	8,653
KeyCorp	Commercial Banking	7,700
U.S. Postal Service	Government	6,065
National City Corp	Commercial Banking	5,513
LTV Corp	Manufacturing	5,370

⁽¹⁾ Data collected from *Crains Cleveland Business*, March 12, 2001. Includes employees in Cuyahoga County.

*Future Economic Outlook*: Since 1990, aggressive business expansion, retention, and recruitment efforts undertaken by the City of Cleveland have been key to the economic growth and stability not only of its Central Business District, but its neighborhoods as well. In 2000, for example, aggressive outreach policies including financial and technical assistance was provided to 1500 local companies. Outreach has served as a critical component of a traditionally strong public-private partnership, and will continue to shape Cleveland's long-term economic performance.

High profile successes contributing to Cleveland's overall economic fortunes are spreading to its neighborhoods. The resurgence of Cleveland's neighborhoods can perhaps best be measured by demand for housing. A dramatic increase in demand throughout the late 1990s was documented in data showing increases in appraised residential property values surpassing 19%. Though inflationary trends seem uncertain for the immediate future, and unemployment remains flat, increased demand in housing indicates strong synergy between business expansion and development, and quality of life choices made by employers and employees who decide to reside in the City. This synergy, if continued, will gain further momentum with the continued completion of retail, industrial, and housing projects that have shaped Cleveland's local economy for the past decade. Examples of initiatives and projects underway or forthcoming in 2001 are cited below.

- Over \$60 million in loans and grants were made, stimulating nearly \$300 million in private investment, resulting in the retention of 2,384 jobs and the creation of 2,083 jobs.
- Ten new office buildings or factories were developed or started in 2000 at sites in the City's eight industrial parks.
- Construction of a new 9,000 foot runway began at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport.
- Assisted Predevelopment funding and land assembly activities for five huge neighborhood housing developments began construction in 2000.

- Working with four neighborhood-based partners, over \$12 million in loans were approved or closed by the Empowerment Zone, stimulating at least \$54 million in investments, including significant developments undertaken by minority owned businesses.
- Bradley Construction Company, a prominent minority-owned firm, secured financing to build it's \$1.3 million World Headquarters on St. Clair Avenue in Glenville.
- Critical parcels of land were acquired to support a major technology park in a central City neighborhood business district known as MidTown Cleveland and are estimated to create over \$25 million in investments.

2000 was the most productive year ever for neighborhood retail development and investment.

- Glenville Town Center, an \$8.5 million shopping center surrounding the East Side Market, was completed.
- Lee-Harvard Plaza, the City's largest neighborhood shopping center underwent a \$26.3 million overhaul.
- Puritas Plaza, began a \$6.5 million restoration.
- Expertise and financing was given to reinvigorate the West Side Market and Shaker Square.
- The Arcade, a historical downtown arcade received a \$52 million restoration.

The City's Neighborhood Reinvestment Program is a joint effort by the City's Department of Community Development and several area banks to offer creative home financing, consumer credit, small business loans, and various financing options for low to moderate income residents. The following amounts, including more recent renewals, were committed from 1991 through 2000:

National City Bank	\$	665 million
Key Bank		990 million
Firstar Bank		528 million
Bank One		366 million
FirstMerit Bank		271 million
Fifth Third Bank		268 million
Huntington National Bank		248 million
Charter One		69 million
Total	\$3.	.405 billion

Additionally, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), a secondary market lender, has committed a total of \$700 million since 1993. This brings the total commitments for all lending institutions to over \$4.1 billion since 1991.

We have consistently adhered to prudent fiscal policies during a long period of economic expansion and have been fortunate to reap the benefits. As the long economic expansion shows signs of weakening, municipal governments across the county, including Cleveland, will have to adjust accordingly.

### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

*Current Year Projects*: The 2000 budget focused on continuing the City's commitment to improving the quality of life by strengthening our neighborhoods, continuing to foster a favorable business climate, and providing superior services, while simultaneously committing significant resources to computer remediation and upgrade needs. All goals were accomplished within a balanced budget largely due to increased revenues from nearly all revenue sources.

Continued prudent fiscal planning in 2000 enabled the City to achieve the following programmatic goals without an income tax increase:

- Initiated 233 housing starts.
- Over 1,000 new jobs were created through economic development assistance programs.
- Immunized over 5,700 of our most vulnerable citizens against the flu virus in the midst of a serious epidemic.
- Recruited new companies to Cleveland.
- Continued assistance with the development of the City's 7th new hotel in 10 years which will surpass the 4,500 hotel room mark for the first time.

Furthermore, the City graduated 59 additional uniformed Police cadets. Training agreements between Police, Memphis Diversity Institute, and the Greater Cleveland Roundtable continue to address community multi-cultural concerns. Aggressive anti-crime enforcement practices in 2000 by Police continue to result in decreased violent crime rates from the previous year. The new millennium brought about an increase in arrests and convictions by our Fire Investigation Unit. There was also a corresponding decrease in the number of arson fires for the year. Statistically, there was a 39 percent decrease from 1990 and a 10 percent drop from the previous year. The Fire Prevention Bureau exceeded their projected goal of inspections by 18 percent. There was also a Senior Citizen Initiative and Battalion School Inspection Program begun in the year 2000.

The staffing of Cleveland EMS units at 21 ambulances for 24 hours each day was maintained, which decreased the average response time to all types of calls to below 7 minutes in the year 2000. A program was initiated to train city personnel, outside of EMS, in the use of automatic external defibrillators for early treatment of critical heart attack patients. An aggressive program of blood pressure evaluations in City Hall and throughout the community was commenced. The continuation of cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) training, combined with the new initiatives in public access to early heart attack treatment and blood pressure monitoring demonstrates the City's concern for the health and welfare of all the residents and visitors.

*Future Projects*: Leading economic indicators reveal an uncertain outlook for the national economy. Undercurrents of inflationary pressures caused by rising fuel prices and accompanied by increases in prime lending rates, may usher in a "soft" economic landing, or alternatively strain the ability of municipalities to see increases in revenues. If trends remain favorable, however, we project 2001 income tax collections and local government fund revenues to remain constant. The third largest source of revenues, property taxes, will likely see a slight increase of less than 1% in 2001.

Given the City's continued prudent fiscal policy, additional resources can be directed to efficient programs that improve the quality of life. Action will be taken to improve housing, expand recreational activities, improve on the quality of life for senior citizens, and continue to improve upon the level of safety within the City. Key programs contained in the 2001 budget are noted below:

- An additional 20 housing inspectors, and support personnel, for the Division of Building and Housing.
- Expansion of the summer pool and playground season from 10 to 12 weeks.
- Free pneumonia vaccines for seniors, the chronically ill and an expanded list of flu shot sites.
- One new police class totaling 80 new cadets.
- Fire safety programs will be conducted for 37,000 school children.
- An additional \$1,500,000 deposit into our Rainy Day Reserve Fund.
- Approximately, \$3 million in new concrete sidewalks, aprons, and curbs will be completed on City streets.
- 600 Empowerment Zone residents will be placed in jobs through Labor Force Development Centers.
- Continuation of the City's popular vacant lot servicing program.

In 2001, the City began construction of a new 9,000-foot runway at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. The runway is expected to increase airfield capacity by nearly 50% and significantly reduce aircraft delays. Other planned expansion projects at Hopkins include construction of a Consolidated Maintenance Facility, reconstruction of an auxiliary road, upgrading FAA facilities, rehabilitation of the ramp at Concourse C, and a structural rebuild of the Long Term Parking Garage.

2000 Service Level Achievements: Since 1995, all Departments at City Hall have been subjected to rigorous annual performance targets that hold personnel accountable for both efficiency and effectiveness. Based on departmental performance targets, the Department of Health was named "Department of the Year" for its far ranging accomplishments. In addition to those noted previously, notable achievements by the Department of Health in 2000 include the following:

- Immunized more than 7,500 children.
- More than 2,450 people were immunized since a new free pneumonia immunization campaign targeting seniors and adults with chronic illnesses began in May 2000.
- 5,701 senior citizens received the flu vaccine despite a vaccine shortage.
- Over \$2.5 million was distributed to 26 agencies for HIV/AIDS prevention and services.
- The Health Advisory Committee which began in July 2000 has led to increased and new collaboration among member organizations and the creation of a new health promotion initiative.

#### **Financial Information**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse. Internal control structures in place ensure that accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurances that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

*Single Audit*: As a recipient of federal financial assistance, the City is responsible for maintaining a rigorous internal control structure that ensures full compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management, external auditors, and the internal audit staff of the City.

The City is required to undergo an annual audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. As a part of our Single Audit, the City has taken the initiative to centralize its grants administration under one manager within the Division of Internal Audit. The information related to the Single Audit, including the schedule of federal financial assistance, findings and recommendations, and auditor's reports on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations will be included in a separate report.

**Budgetary System**: Detailed provisions regulating the City's budget, tax levies, and appropriations are set forth in the Ohio Revised Code and the City Charter. The Mayor is required to submit his appropriation budget, called "The Mayor's Estimate," to City Council by February 1 of each year. The Council may adopt a temporary appropriation measure for the first three months of the year, but must adopt a permanent appropriation measure for the fiscal year by April 1. The Cuyahoga County Auditor must certify that the City's appropriation measure does not exceed the amounts set forth in the County Budget Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources.

The City maintains budgetary control on a non-GAAP basis at the character level (personnel and related expenditures, other expenditures, debt service and capital outlay) within each division. Lower levels within each character are accounted for and reported internally. Lower levels are referred to as the program level. Estimated expenditure amounts must be encumbered prior to release of purchase orders to vendors or finalization of other contracts. Encumbrances that would exceed their available character level appropriation are not approved or recorded until the City Council authorizes additional appropriations or transfers. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each calendar year.

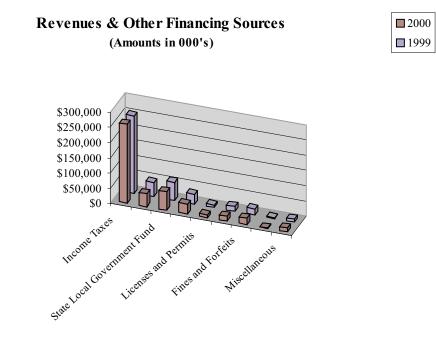
In addition to the budgetary controls mentioned above, the City's Office of Budget and Management prepares a detailed monthly operating plan that is used to monitor revenues and expenditures. City management reviews this plan monthly. As an additional control over expenditures, the City Charter requires that all contracts in excess of \$10,000 shall first be authorized and directed by ordinance of City Council.

**The Accounting System**: The City's accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The types of funds to be used are determined by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and the number of individual funds established is determined by sound financial administration.

The City's records are maintained on a modified accrual basis for all governmental and fiduciary fund types. Accordingly, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., both measurable and available). Expenditures, other than interest on long-term debt, are recorded as fund liabilities when incurred. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by all proprietary funds. A more detailed explanation of the basis of accounting for the various funds is included in the *Notes To Financial Statements* located in the Financial Section of this report.

### **General Fund**

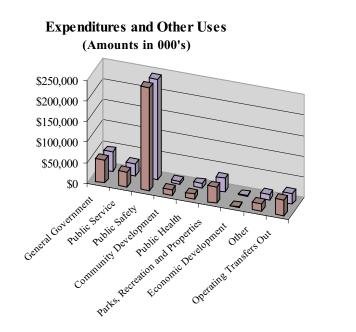
**Revenues**: General Fund revenues and other financing sources totaled \$454,786,000 in 2000, an increase of 1.7% from 1999. The amount of revenues and other financing sources on a GAAP basis, including the increases (decreases) over the prior year are shown in the following graph and tabulation:



	2000	% of	1999	% of	Increase (Decrease)	%
	Actual	Total	Actual	Total	Over 1999	Change
			(Amounts	in 000's)		
REVENUES AND OTHER						
FINANCING SOURCES						
Income Taxes	\$258,255	56.78% \$	253,403	56.64%	\$4,852	1.9%
Property Taxes	41,806	9.19%	46,195	10.32%	(4,389)	-9.5%
State Local Government Fund	60,015	13.20%	59,413	13.27%	602	1.0%
Other Shared Revenues	32,252	7.09%	31,722	7.09%	530	1.7%
Licenses and Permits	9,155	2.01%	8,984	2.01%	171	1.9%
Charges for Services	16,685	3.67%	15,599	3.49%	1,086	7.0%
Fines and Forfeits	20,990	4.62%	19,070	4.26%	1,920	10.1%
Investment Earnings	1,938	0.43%	2,980	0.67%	(1,042)	-35.0%
Miscellaneous	13,690	3.01%	10,055	2.25%	3,635	36.2%
TOTAL REVENUES AND						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$454,786	100.00%	\$447,421	100.00%	\$7,365	1.7%

During 2000, income tax receipts, the largest General Fund revenue source, increased by 1.9% from 1999.

*Expenditures*: General Fund expenditures and other uses totaled \$487,651,000 in 2000, an increase of 18.4% from 1999. The amount of expenditures and other uses by function on a GAAP basis, including the increases (decreases) over the prior year are shown in the following graph and tabulation:



2000

1999

	2000 Actual	% of Total	1999 Actual	% of Total	Increase (Decrease) Over 1999	% Change
			(Amounts i	n 000's)		
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES						
Current:						
General Government	\$55,559	11.39%	\$47,543	11.54%	\$8,016	16.9%
Public Service	35,804	7.34%	29,345	7.12%	6,459	22.0%
Public Safety	274,864	56.37%	242,977	58.98%	31,887	13.1%
Community Development	13,654	2.80%	6,059	1.47%	7,595	125.4%
Public Health	12,507	2.57%	10,728	2.61%	1,779	16.6%
Parks, Recreation and Properties	38,624	7.92%	33,502	8.14%	5,122	15.3%
Economic Development	1,068	0.22%	1,079	0.26%	(11)	-1.0%
Other	18,306	3.75%	14,458	3.51%	3,848	26.6%
Operating Transfers Out	37,265	7.64%	26,249	6.37%	11,016	42.0%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES						
AND OTHER USES	\$487,651	100.00%	\$411,940	100.00%	\$75,711	18.4%

Overall, expenditures in part rose in 2000 as a result of a 3.5% pay increase granted to City employees in April 2000, pursuant to the current three year agreement with various bargaining units. While there was also some increase in salary related fringe benefits, hospitalization and dental care costs were held down by the continued shift to managed health care plans. Employees also continued to make a modest contribution towards their health insurance premiums through payroll deductions.

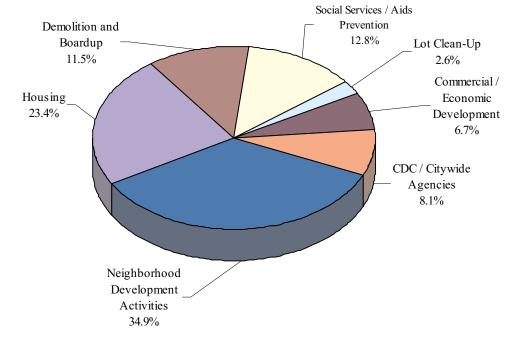
*Fund Balance*: The 2000 General Fund operating results reflect the increase in expenditures for Public Safety improvements to continually improve the quality of neighborhood-based City services.

### **Special Revenue Funds**

The Special Revenue Funds are used for certain revenue sources, primarily grant, which are restricted by law or other formal action to expend for specific purposes. Certain Special Revenue Funds are subject to an annual budget, while others are not. Special Revenue Funds not subject to an annual budget consist primarily of state and federal grants, including the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), the Federal HOME Program, Emergency Shelter Program, Housing Opportunities for Persons with Aids (HOPWA) Program, State of Ohio-Home Weatherization Assistance Program (HWAP), Urban Development Action Grant (UDAG), the WorkForce Investment Act (WIA) and the Empowerment Zone.

**Community Development Block Grant**: The Community Development Block Grant, which the City of Cleveland receives on an annual basis under Title I from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, is administered by the Department of Community Development. The annual entitlement for the program year 2000, CDBG Year XXVI, was \$30,065,000. The primary objective of the CDBG program is the development of a viable urban community including decent housing, a suitable living environment, and expanded economic opportunities principally for low and moderate income individuals.

The 2000 CDBG allocation breakdown is illustrated below:



Additional details for the CDBG program is included in the City's Grant application called "Consolidated Plan".

*Federal HOME Program*: The HOME Program authorized by the HOME Investment Partnership Act was enacted under Title II of the National Affordable Housing Act. Purposes of the HOME Program include expanding the supply of decent, affordable housing for low-income families with emphasis on rental housing, to assisting state and local governments in carrying out affordable housing programs, and providing coordinated assistance to participants in the development of affordable low-income housing.

The City's Federal HOME Program allocation for 2000 was \$8,033,000:

<u>Activity</u> Rehabilitation loans to homeowners	<u>Allocation</u> \$5,012,000	<u>% of Budget</u> 62.4 %
Rehabilitation of rental housing by community based organizations	\$2,000,000	24.9 %
Development of rental housing trust funds	\$1,021,000	12.7 %

State of Ohio-Home Weatherization Assistance Program (HWAP): During 2000, the City of Cleveland was awarded \$2,538,339 for HWAP by the State of Ohio enabling about 892 low-income households to be weatherized free of charge. This represents the nineteenth year of funding for this program.

*Neighborhood Development Investment Fund (NDIF)*: Since 1995, the City of Cleveland has dedicated in excess of \$49.3 million generated from Cleveland Public Power cash and bond proceeds, accompanying interest earnings, and NDIF loan repayments, to industrial, commercial and residential economic development throughout the City of Cleveland. The NDIF Advisory Committee and Cleveland Citywide Development Corporation recommended, and the City's Department of Economic Development funded, economic development projects totaling in excess of \$2.6 million during 2000.

Funded NDIF projects in 2000 include the Lee Harvard Shopping Center, Puritas Plaza, Shaker Square Retail Center, the Eliza Jennings Group, and the Tower Press housing project.

Those Special Revenue Funds subject to an annual budget are the Division of Streets Fund, Restricted Income Tax Fund, Reserve Fund, Rainy Day Reserve Fund, and the Schools Recreational and Cultural Activities Fund. The Division of Streets Fund maintains and improves the City's streets. This fund's primary revenue sources are the City's share of the state collected license plate fees and gasoline taxes, as well as a subsidy from the General Fund. The Restricted Income Tax Fund, representing one-ninth of the total income tax collected, was utilized entirely for capital improvements and debt service. The Rainy Day Reserve Fund consists of deposits set aside for economic downturns, while the Schools Recreational and Cultural Activities Fund is devoted to the activities of Cleveland school children.

#### **Debt Administration**

General obligation bonds are recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Revenue bonds and mortgage revenue bonds are recorded in the applicable Enterprise Fund. The principal amounts outstanding at December 31, 2000 are as follows:

	Balance	Debt Issued	Debt Refunded	Debt Retired	Balance December 31, 2000
	January 1, 2000	Issueu	(Amount in 000's)	Keureu	December 31, 2000
General Long-Term Obligations:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$312,225	\$26,795		(\$22,070)	\$316,950
Urban Renewal Bonds	9,430			(270)	9,160
Subordinated Income Tax Bonds	70,700			(1,200)	69,500
Non-tax Revenue Bond					
Anticipation Notes	10,000				10,000
Certificates of Participation	174,485			(7,106)	167,379
Enterprise Fund Debt:					
Revenue Bonds and Notes	1,521,601			(38,625)	1,482,976
Ohio Water Development Loans	8,175			(763)	7,412
Total	\$2,106,616	\$26,795	\$0	(\$70,034)	\$2,063,377

Funds used to meet the debt service requirement on the City's general obligation bonds are from certain ad valorem taxes, restricted income taxes, interest earnings, and enterprise reimbursements from the Convention Center. Ad valorem taxes, the primary source of funds, amounted to \$22,907,000 in 2000 which represents 59% of the debt service requirement on the general obligation bonds recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. These taxes were derived from a levy of \$4.35 per \$1,000 of assessed property. The City issues its general obligation bonds within the context of its Capital Improvement Program. Programs which have benefitted due to the issuance of general obligation debt include, but are not limited to, public service improvements, bridge and roadway improvements, recreational facilities, cemeteries, and urban redevelopment. The City's Enterprise Funds implement their own individual capital improvement programs and issue revenue debt necessary to fund their programs.

Effective September 15, 2000 the City issued \$26,795,000 Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds, Series 2000. The proceeds are being used to finance various capital improvements to certain of the City's properties and assets, including parks and recreation facilities and bridges and roadways, and to pay costs of issuance.

The City's 2000 Bond Ratings for general obligation and revenue bonds are as follows:

	Moody's Investors Service	Standard & Poor's	Fitch Investors Service
General Obligation Bonds	A1	A+	А
Waterworks Mortgage:			
Revenue Bonds	Aa3	AA-	
Cleveland Public Power:			
Revenue Bonds	A2	A-	
Airport System:			
Revenue Bonds	A3	А	
Municipal Parking Lots:			
Revenue Bonds (Insured rati	ngs) Aaa	AAA	AAA

In August of 1999, Standard and Poor's Rating Service upgraded the City's General Obligation Bond rating from A to A+. This was followed by an upgrade of the City's G.O. Bond rating from Moody's Investor Service in October 1999 from A2 to A1.

The ratio of net general bonded debt to assessed valuation and the amount of bonded debt per capita are useful indicators of the City's debt position to management, citizens and investors. Net general bonded debt is total general bonded debt supported by taxes less amounts available in the Debt Service Fund. This data at December 31, 2000 was:

Net General Bonded Debt \$310,370,000

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to AssessedValuation 5.65 %

Net General Bonded Debt Per Capita \$648.76

### **Capital Projects Fund**

The Capital Projects Fund includes all major capital improvement projects of the City other than those accounted for in the Proprietary and Special Revenue Fund Types. The primary sources for financing the City's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) are General Obligation Bond proceeds, Certificates of Participation proceeds, Urban Renewal Bond proceeds, interest earned on funds prior to and during the construction period, restricted income taxes, and funds from the State Issue 2 and Local Transportation Improvement Programs. Capital Projects capital outlays for the year amounted to over \$60 million. The City's CIP has three primary goals: 1) Preservation and revitalization of Cleveland's neighborhoods; 2) Economic development and job creation, and; 3) Provision of cost-effective, basic City services to Cleveland residents and the business community.

The City-wide five-year capital improvement program is annually revised through a centralized planning process. Funding is anticipated from a variety of local, state and federal sources. Capital projects fall into three major groups and are classified under the following ten functional areas:

<u>Major Groups</u>	Functional Areas
Basic Services	<ul> <li>Transportation (roads and bridges)</li> <li>Public buildings and facilities</li> <li>Vehicles and major equipment</li> <li>Parks and recreation</li> </ul>
Development	- Economic - Community
Major Enterprise Services	<ul> <li>Airports</li> <li>Water system</li> <li>Electric utility</li> <li>Collector sewer system</li> </ul>

### **Enterprise Funds**

Cleveland operates four major Enterprise Funds encompassing two airports, a water system, an electrical distribution system, and a local sewer system. The City also operates other minor Enterprise Funds consisting of cemeteries, a convention center, golf courses, municipal parking lots, and public market facilities.

**Department of Port Control**: The Airports' operating revenue in 2000 amounted to \$86.7 million. From 1999 to 2000, operating revenues increased by 12.9%. For the period 1995 through 2000, operating revenues increased 82.8%, from \$47.4 million to \$86.7 million. Cleveland Hopkins International Airport served 13.3 million passengers in 2000, a record high. This reflects a 2.1% increase from 1999 passengers served. Over the past 5 years, the net increase in passengers has been 17.6%, increasing from a level of 11.3 million passengers in 1995. This increase is attributable to a long economic recovery, greater numbers of passengers, and additional flights by Continental and Southwest Airlines.

The City's Department of Port Control, consists of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International Airport and Burke Lakefront Airport, which employ approximately 400 individuals in administration, airfield and building maintenance, vehicle maintenance, and aircraft rescue and fire fighting. Currently, 26 passenger airlines provide scheduled airline service at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. Burke Lakefront Airport, a federally certified commercial and general aviation reliever airport, provides the majority of its services to air taxi operators serving the City's downtown business activities.

**Division of Water**: The Division of Water was created in 1853 and charged with the responsibility of collecting, treating, pumping and distributing potable water and providing related water service to customers within its service areas. The Division operates a major public water supply system, the 10th largest in the United States, that serves not only the City of Cleveland, but also 73 suburban municipalities in Cuyahoga, Medina, Summit and Geauga counties. The Division is an emergency standby provider for systems in 4 other counties. The present service area covers over 640 square miles and serves over 1.5 million people. In 2000, the aggregate metered consumption of water in the City of Cleveland constituted 37% of the total metered consumption in the service area, while consumption in the direct service communities and master meter communities constituted 53% and 10%, respectively.

Operating revenue in 2000 decreased 0.6% to \$203.5 million from \$204.8 million in 1999. Metered sales revenue were down 1.3% in 2000 mainly due to a 6.6% decrease in consumption and a rate increase. Operating expenses, exclusive of depreciation, increased 9.5% to \$109.1 million compared to \$99.7 million in 1999.

**Division of Cleveland Public Power**: The Division of Cleveland Public Power supplies electrical service to over 78,600 accounts in the City of Cleveland. The Division is responsible for supplying, transmitting and distributing electricity and providing related electrical services to customers within its service area.

Cleveland Public Power's 2000 operating revenue increased 2.7% to \$134.2 million from \$130.6 million in 1999. The number of customers decreased 2.9% while kilowatt hour (kwh) sales rose 0.6% to 1,579 million kwh. Purchased power expense decreased 2.9% to \$68.6 million in 2000 from \$70.6 million in 1999, primarily because of the absence of the extraordinary demand of June and July of 1999. Operating expenses, exclusive of depreciation and purchased power, increased 25.9% to \$36.3 million compared to \$28.8 million a year ago.

**Division of Water Pollution Control**: The Division of Water Pollution Control is responsible for the network of sewers conveying sanitary sewage and industrial waste in the City from their point of origin to the treatment facilities for treatment and disposal. The Division also maintains, cleans, repairs and improves sewers and their appurtenances, including catch basins and relaying of sewer connections.

The Division reported a 3% decrease in 2000 operating revenue to \$18.2 million compared to \$18.8 million in 1999 primarily due to a 6.8% decrease in consumption and a rate increase. Operating expenses, exclusive of depreciation, rose 4.6% to \$13.5 million from \$12.9 million a year ago.

### **General Fixed Assets**

The general fixed assets of the City as of December 31, 2000 total \$719,552,000 and include all fixed assets of the City except those recorded in the Proprietary Fund Types and infrastructure assets such as streets and bridges. Infrastructure assets are not recorded because they are immovable and of use only to the City. Fixed asset additions and deductions for fiscal year 2000 amounted to \$26,911,000 and \$3,694,000 respectively. The additions were funded primarily from the Certificates of Participation, General Fund, General Obligation Bonds proceeds and Other Revenues.

### **Cash Management**

Currently, the City's policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Accordingly, \$31,390,000 of bank deposits are either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized with the collateral being held by the City or by its agent in the City's name, and \$114,675,000 are uninsured and uncollateralized. Of the \$585,242,000 of classified investments, \$402,745,000 are classified in the category of lowest credit risk established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and \$141,780,000 represents investments held in the City's name by the counter party's trust department. The remaining \$40,717,000 represents repurchase agreements held by a counter party or its trust department but not in the City's name.

The City's investment policies ensure the most efficient and profitable use of the City's cash resources and reduce the credit and market risks associated with the deposit and investment of City funds. Significant elements of the City's current cash management program include the following objectives:

- A more streamlined bank account structure.
- On-line connection to concentration banks that advise the City of funds available each day for disbursement and investment
- Improved control over the timing of disbursements.
- More sophisticated management of the City's investment portfolio.
- Reconciliation of investments to the market value of the collateral pledged.
- Investments transacted on a delivery versus payment basis.

#### **Risk Management**

The City has developed a risk management program involving law, finance and personnel to further promote its fundamental responsibility and financial capability to provide basic services to the citizens of Cleveland. The risk management program serves to implement qualitative controls, programs and safeguards in the delivery of basic City services for the protection of both the public and City employees. In addition, the program identifies and controls exposures the City may have to financial loss. Periodic review of the City's funding arrangements with respect to general liability and employee benefits maintains the City's assumption of risk at a reasonable and affordable level.

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The Independent Audit: The City Charter requires an annual audit of the financial statements of all accounts of the City by an independent certified public accountant. Accordingly, this year's audit was completed by the Auditor of State. The fiscal year ended December 31, 2000, represents the twentieth consecutive year the City has prepared a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). In addition to the independent auditors, the City maintains its own Internal Audit division. Along with its duty of assisting the independent auditors, the Internal Audit division is responsible for strengthening and reviewing the City's internal controls. Internal Audit performs its own independent operational and financial audits of the City's many funds, departments and divisions. We believe that the City's internal control structure adequately safeguards assets and provides reasonable assurance of proper recording of all financial transactions.

GFOA Certificate of Achievement Award: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Cleveland, Ohio for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Cleveland has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 16 consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1984-1999). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

Acknowledgments: The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the Finance Department, particularly the Financial Reporting and Control division and the Internal Audit division. We would also like to thank the Mayor, his cabinet and members of City Council. Without their continued support the Department of Finance could not have maintained the financial management practices required to ensure the financial integrity of the City. In addition, we would like to thank the Auditor of State for their efforts and professional conduct throughout the audit engagement.

Sincerely,

Kelly E. Clark, Director Department of Finance

Nancee Murphy, CPA City Controller

### CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO City Officials

### Michael R. White, Mayor

### **EXECUTIVE STAFF**

Judith Zimomra	$\dots$ Chief of Staff / Executive Assistant for Policy
Susan E. Axelrod	Executive Assistant for Health & Human Services
Nicholas P. Jackson	Executive Assistant for Services
Kenneth Silliman	Executive Assistant for Development
Nina Turner	Executive Assistant for Legislative Affairs
Barry Withers	Executive Assistant for Administration

### ADMINISTRATION

Dolores Alexander Director, Department of Aging
Lucille Ambroz Director, Office of Equal Opportunity
Kelly E. Clark Director, Department of Finance
Cornell P. Carter Director, Department of Law
Dennis D. Dove Director, Community Relations Board
Martin L. Flask Police Chief
Kevin G. Gerrity Fire Chief
Henry Guzman Director, Department of Public Safety
Linda M. Hudecek Director, Department of Community Development
Alfred T. Miller, Jr Director, Department of Parks, Recreation & Properties
Michael Konicek Director, Department of Public Utilities
Valarie J. McCall Director, Empowerment Zone
Hunter Morrison Director, City Planning Commission
Jeffery K. Patterson Director, Personnel & Human Resources
Mark Ricchiuto Director, Department of Public Service
Reueben Shepard Director, Department of Port Control
Christopher P. Warren Director, Economic Development
Gregory J. Wilson Secretary, Civil Service Commission
Michele C. Whitlow Director, Department of Public Health

### CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO

### **City Council**

Michael D. Polensek	President of Council / Ward 11
Ruby F. Moss	Clerk of Council
Joseph T. Jones	
Robert J. White	
Zachary Reed	
Kenneth L. Johnson	
Frank G. Jackson	
Patricia J. Britt	
Fannie M. Lewis	
William W. Patmon	
Craig E. Willis	
Roosevelt Coats	
Edward W. Rybka	
Joe Cimperman	
Nelson Cintron, Jr	
Merle R. Gordon	
Michael C. O'Malley	
Timothy J. Melena	
Jay Westbrook	
Dona Brady	
Martin J. Sweeney	
Michael A. Dolan	

## Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

### City of Cleveland, Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual **Financial Report** for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 1999

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

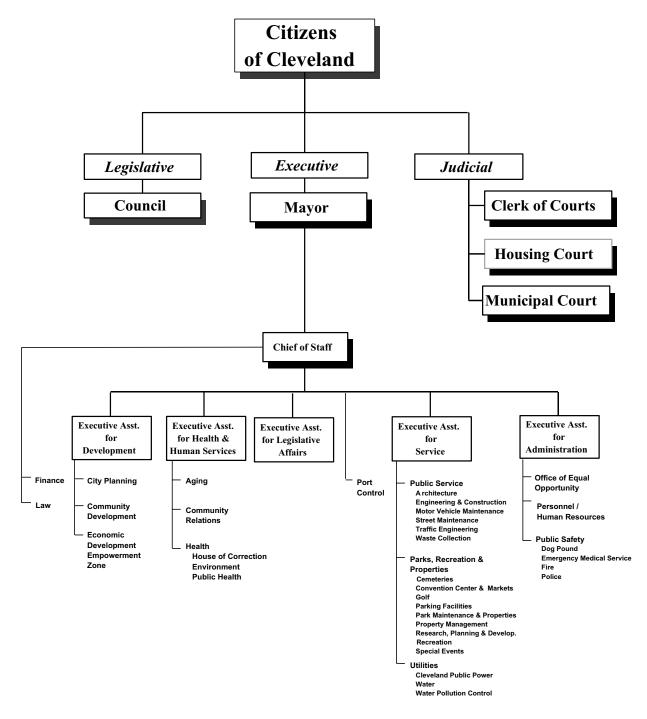


Anne Anay Kinney President

Executive Director

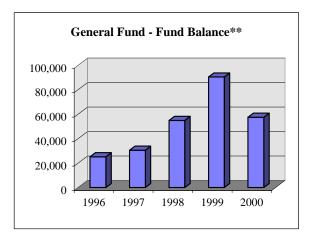
### **CITYOF CLEVELAND, OHIO**

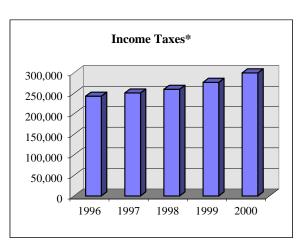
### **ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION CHART**

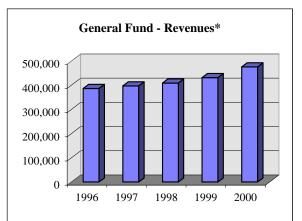


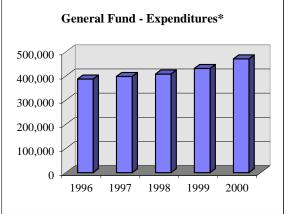
### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

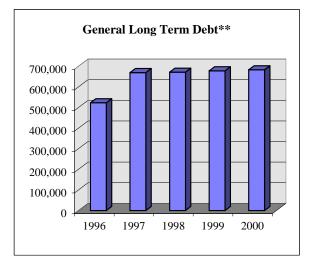
(in thousands of dollars)

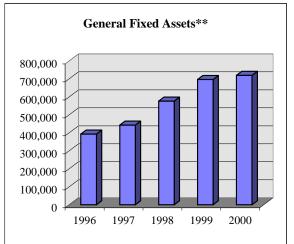












For	General	General	General		General	General
Year	Fund	Fund	Long Term	Income	Fund	Fixed
Ended	Balance**	Revenues*	Debt**	Taxes*	Expenditures*	Assets**
1996	25,174	387,104	522,536	242,860	387,431	393,492
1997	30,507	397,778	668,874	250,590	398,183	443,283
1998	54,843	409,666	670,753	259,721	408,232	576,865
1999	90,324	432,125	677,052	276,627	430,956	696,335
2000	57,459	476,608	682,482	299,592	470,825	719,552

* Budget Basis

** GAAP Basis

# FINANCIAL SECTION



STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

Lausche Bldy 615 W Superior Ave Floor 12 Cleveland OH 44113 - 1801 Telephone 216-787-3665 800-626-2297 Facsimile 216-787-3361 Www.auditor.state.oh.us

#### **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS**

City of Cleveland Honorable Mayor Michael R. White City Council, and Audit Committee 601 Lakeside Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44114

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note T to the general purpose financial statements, the City changed its method of accounting for loan activity requiring a restatement to beginning fund balance.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2001 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements of the City, taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such fiscal year 2000 information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not audit the data included in the introductory and statistical sections of this report and therefore express no opinion thereon.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 29, 2001

### CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO

### COMBINED BALANCE SHEET-ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

### December 31, 2000

(Amounts in 000's)

	Governmental Fund Types								
	General Fund			Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects	
ASSETS								- <b>J</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,925	\$	126,638	\$	2,356	\$	75,491	
Investments at fair value						7,628		47,790	
Receivables:									
Taxes		85,829		5,054		31,986			
Accounts		10,859		4,591					
Loans				177,007					
Unbilled revenue									
Accrued interest		647		891		59		1,101	
Assessments								13	
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		(2,000)							
Receivables, net		95,335		187,543		32,045		1,114	
Due from other funds		44,038		26,279		4,392		4,171	
Due from other governments		14,012		37,490		y		6,842	
Inventory of supplies		,		469				-,	
Prepaid expenses and other assets									
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents								15,393	
Investments at fair value								10,070	
Accrued interest receivables									
Bond retirement reserve									
Accrued passenger facility charge									
								15,393	
Fixed assets in service:									
Land									
Land improvements									
Utility plant in service									
Buildings, structure and improvements									
Furniture, fixtures and equipment									
Less: Accumulated depreciation									
Construction in progress									
Amount available in Debt Service Funds									
Amount to be provided for retirement of									
general long-term obligations:									
Debt									
Other Obligations									
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	166,310	\$	378,419	\$	46,421	\$	150,801	

See notes to financial statements.

Proprietary Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Type			Account	t Gro	ups	To	tals		
F	Enterprise Fund	 Internal Service		Agency Fund		General Fixed Assets	L	General ong-Term bligations	(Memorandum Onl 2000 19		
	runa	Service		r ulla		Assets	0	ongations	2000		1999
\$	75,734 222,549	\$ 8,268	\$	47,067	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 348,479 277,967	\$	280,860 264,200
				17,502					140,371		60,179
	85,359	22							100,831		99,934
									177,007		169,657
	32,451								32,451		34,698
	4,249	46		24					7,017		5,383
									13		124
	(3,029)								(5,029)		(18,688)
	119,030	68		17,526					452,661		351,287
	9,937	4,732							93,549		98,990
	343	y		284					58,971		120,921
	8,495	2,487							11,451		12,177
	14,652	,							14,652		15,789
	399,039								414,432		448,035
	157,868								157,868		164,249
	3,050								3,050		3,047
	53								53		53
	2,224								2,224		2,213
	562,234								577,627		617,597
	162,641	663				37,240			200,544		199,186
	206,489	3				54,205			260,697		249,673
	1,219,690								1,219,690		1,213,704
	721,312	1,605				503,756			1,226,673		1,199,963
	138,621	9,368				87,442			235,431		203,193
	(734,334)	(10,725)							(745,059)		(682,485)
	1,714,419	914				682,643			2,397,976		2,383,234
	120,813					36,909			157,722		102,591
								15,091	15,091		15,846
								316,950	316,950		312,225
								350,441	350,441		348,981
\$	2,848,206	\$ 16,469	\$	64,877	\$	719,552	\$	682,482	\$ 5,073,537	\$	4,924,698

Continued

## COMBINED BALANCE SHEET-ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS-Continued

## December 31, 2000

(Amounts in 000's)

	Governmental Fund Types							
		General Fund		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	5,204	\$	7,784	\$	-	\$	11,193
Estimated claims payable		781						
Deferred revenue		52,077		19,769		31,330		13
Due to other funds		8,699		45,384				8,108
Due to other governments		221		4,398				
Accrued wages and benefits		41,869		3,120				
Police and fire overtime								
Police and fire deferred vacation								
Sundry liabilities								
Accrued interest								
Accounts payable from restricted assets								
Capital lease obligations								
Certificates of participation								
Urban renewal increment bonds								
Subordinated income tax refunding bond								
Non-tax revenue bonds								
Notes payable								
General obligation bonds payable								
Construction loans								
Deferred payment obligation								
Revenue bonds payable								
TOTAL LIABILITIES		108,851		80,455		31,330		19,314
FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS								
Investment in general fixed assets								
Contributed capital - City of Cleveland and others								
Retained earnings:								
Reserve for debt retirement								
Unreserved								
TOTAL RETAINED EARNINGS								
Fund balances:								
Reserve for loans				172,609				
Reserve for inventory				469				
Reserve for debt service						15,091		
Reserve for encumbrances		9,144		8,125				23,144
Reserve for rainy day reserve fund		8,792		- 7 -				- 7
Reserve for reserve fund		- ,		5,000				
Unreserved:				, -				
Designated for future capital improvements				24,226				80,708
Undesignated		39,523		87,535				27,635
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		57,459		297,964		15,091		131,487
TOTAL FUND EQUITY								
AND OTHER CREDITS		57,459		297,964		15,091		131,487
TOTAL LIARD THES FUND FOURY								
AND OTHER CREDITS	\$	166,310	\$	378,419	\$	46,421	\$	150,801
TOTAL LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS	\$	166,310	\$	378,419	\$	46,421	\$	150,8

Proprietary Fund Types			Fiduciary Fund Types	Account	t Groups	То	tals		
1 414 1 1 100		Fund Types	General	General	(Memoran		n Only)		
Enterprise			Internal		Fixed	Long-Term	(intenioral	uun	romy)
	Fund		Service	Agency	Assets	Obligations	2000		1999
\$	27,196	\$	2,993	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,370	\$	57,865
						2,394	3,175		4,000
							103,189		240,979
	13,039		2,384	15,935			93,549		98,990
	40,820			37,152			82,591		78,197
	23,428		2,623			35,753	106,793		73,426
						64,803	64,803		54,155
						1,193	1,193		927
				11,790			11,790		9,809
	47,607						47,607		46,312
	11,543						11,543		18,626
						1,350	1,350		1,859
						167,379	167,379		174,485
						9,160	9,160		9,430
						69,500	69,500		70,700
						10,000	10,000		10,000
	40,000					4,000	44,000		44,250
						316,950	316,950		312,225
	7,412						7,412		8,175
	27,810						27,810		28,993
	1,347,521						1,347,521		1,379,659
	1,586,376		8,000	64,877		682,482	2,581,685		2,723,062
					719,552		719,552		696,335
	343,722		2,965				346,687		335,692
	44,196						44,196		39,388
	873,912		5,504				879,416		798,858
	918,108		5,504				923,612		838,246
							172,609		
							469		649
							15,091		15,846
							40,413		35,432
							8,792		7,531
							5,000		
							104,934		114,275
							154,693		157,630
							502,001		331,363
	1,261,830		8,469		719,552		2,491,852		2,201,636
	1,201,030		0,707		117,002		2,771,052		2,201,030
\$	2,848,206	\$	16,469	\$ 64,877	\$ 719,552	\$ 682,482	\$ 5,073,537	\$	4,924,698

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES

#### IN FUND BALANCES-ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

### (Amounts in 000's)

			Governmenta	al Fu	ind Types	
	General		Special		Debt	Capital
	Fund		Revenue		Service	Projects
REVENUES						
Income taxes	\$ 258,255	5\$	33,259	\$	- \$	-
Property taxes	41,800	5			24,836	
State local government fund	60,01					
Other shared revenues	32,252	2	11,374			
Licenses and permits	9,155	5	100			
Charges for services	16,685	5	1,685			
Fines and forfeits	20,990	)				
Investment earnings	1,938	8	4,288		773	7,328
Grants			66,846		364	16,124
Contributions						84
Miscellaneous	13,690	)	34,429		98	6,278
TOTAL REVENUES	454,786	5	151,981		26,071	29,814
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	55,559	)	13,838			
Public service	35,804		27,894			
Public safety	274,864		4,676			
Human resources	274,00	r	8,471			
Community development	13,654	L	39,471			
Public health	12,50		9,345			
Parks, recreation and properties	38,624		1,317			
Economic development	1,068		15,003			
Other	18,300		15,005		1,119	
Capital outlay	10,500	,	8,071		1,117	43,515
Debt service:			0,071			+5,515
Principal retirement					23,540	7,106
Interest					20,639	8,186
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	450,380	5	128,086		45,298	58,807
	450,500	,	120,000		45,270	50,007
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	4,400	)	23,895		(19,227)	(28,993)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in			24,536		18,501	14,012
Operating transfers out	(37,265	5)	(18,529)		(29)	(2,000)
Proceeds from sale of non-tax						
revenue bonds						
Proceeds from sale of general						
obligation bonds, net						26,335
Proceeds from sale of certificates						
of participation, net						
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(37,265	5)	6,007		18,472	38,347
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	(32,865	5)	29,902		(755)	9,354
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated see Note T)	90,324		268,062	,	15,846	122,133
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 57,459	) \$	297,964	\$	15,091 \$	131,487

Totals								
	(Memoran	dum	•					
	2000		1999					
¢	201 514	¢	285 047					
\$	291,514 66,642	\$	285,947 70,937					
	,		,					
	60,015		59,413					
	43,626		43,121					
	9,255		9,099					
	18,370		17,850					
	20,990		19,070					
	14,327		14,621					
	83,334		107,455					
	84 54 405		62,394					
	54,495		47,171					
	662,652		737,078					
	69,397		63,476					
	63,698		52,792					
	279,540		249,160					
	8,471		7,520					
	53,125		50,750					
	21,852		21,071					
	39,941		41,738					
	16,071		18,754					
	19,425		15,031					
	51,586		133,490					
	- ,		,					
	30,646		48,442					
	28,825		29,304					
	682,577		731,528					
			<u> </u>					
	(10.025)		5 550					
	(19,925)		5,550					
	57,049		66,270					
	(57,823)		(67,679)					
	(37,823)		(07,079)					
			10,000					
			10,000					
	26,335		25,778					
	20,555		25,778					
			20,000					
	25,561		54,369					
	25,501		54,507					
	5,636		59,919					
	3,030		59,919					
	496,365		271,444					
¢	502,001	¢						
\$	502,001	\$	331,363					

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL, BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE AND BUDGETED DEBT SERVICE FUND TYPES

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

(Amounts in 000's)

		(Allo	ounts in 000	Budgeted							
		Genera	al Fund				Revenue Fu	inds			
	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)			
REVENUES		<b>•</b> • • • • • • • •			<b>* ••</b>	* ** =**	<b>•</b> • • • • • • •	<b>*</b> (1.0 <b>0</b> 0)			
Income taxes	\$ 251,993	\$ 269,901	\$ 268,786	\$ (1,115)	\$ 32,000	\$ 32,734	\$ 30,806	\$ (1,928)			
Property taxes	43,998	43,997	45,131	1,134							
State local government fund	57,815	57,815	59,488	1,673							
Other shared revenues	30,177	30,177	32,871	2,694	11,300	11,300	11,011	(289)			
Licenses and permits	8,647	8,647	9,339	692	400	400		(400)			
Charges for services	14,527	14,527	16,177	1,650	2,000	2,000	1,784	(216)			
Fines and forfeits	16,145	16,145	17,843	1,698							
Investment earnings		3,283	2,526	(757)							
Grants											
Miscellaneous	26,289	26,739	24,447	(2,292)	5,104	5,104	6,050	946			
TOTAL REVENUES	449,591	471,231	476,608	5,377	50,804	51,538	49,651	(1,887)			
EXPENDITURES	- ,		,	- ,	,	- ,	- ,	( ))			
Current:											
General government	53,839	58,417	55,922	2,495							
Public service	33,450	34,250	33,580	670	24,724	25,324	24,944	380			
Public safety	260,577	263,695	261,480	2,215	,,	,	,,				
Community development	16,184	16,184	12,583	3,601							
Public health	12,925	12,920	12,365	455							
Parks, recreation and properties	38,877	38,877	37,574	1,303	2,000	4,000	4,000				
Economic development	1,230	1,080	1,014	66	2,000	4,000	4,000				
Other	1,250	17,265	16,742	523							
	17,205	17,205	10,742	525	20.924	25 610	25 610	9			
Capital outlay					20,834	25,619	25,610	9			
Debt service: Principal retirement											
Interest											
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	434,347	442,688	431,360	11,328	47,558	54,943	54,554	389			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	·	,	,	· · ·	· · · ·	,	,				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	15,244	28,543	45,248	16,705	3,246	(3,405)	(4,903)	(1,498)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Operating transfers in					8,736	8,736	14,591	5,855			
Operating transfers out	(39,165)	(39,465)	(39,465)		(17,150)	(12,650)	(12,650)				
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES (USES)	(39,165)	(39,465)	(39,465)		(8,414)	(3,914)	1,941	5,855			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES											
(USES) OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(23,921)	(10,922)	5,783	16,705	(5,168)	(7,319)	(2,962)	4,357			
Decertification of prior year											
encumbrances		13,100	13,100			98	98				
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,660	3,660	3,660		14,826	14,826	14,826				
Fund balances at end of year	\$ (20,261)	\$ 5,838	\$ 22,543	\$ 16,705	\$ 9,658	\$ 7,605	\$ 11,962	\$ 4,357			

			geted ⁄ice Funds					
	)riginal Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)
					\$ 283,993	\$ 302,635	\$ 299,592	\$ (3,043)
\$	22,921	\$ 22,921	\$ 22,907	\$ (14)	¢ 205,995 66,919	¢ 502,055 66,918	68,038	1,120
Ψ	22,721	$\psi$ 22,721	φ 22,707	φ (14)	57,815	57,815	59,488	1,120
					41,477	41,477	43,882	2,405
					9,047	9,047	43,882 9,339	2,403
					16,527	16,527	17,961	1,434
	075	075	651	276	16,145	16,145	17,843	1,698
	275	275	651	376	275	3,558	3,177	(381)
	729	729	364	(365)	729	729	364	(365)
			98	98	31,393	31,843	30,595	(1,248)
	23,925	23,925	24,020	95	524,320	546,694	550,279	3,585
					53,839	58,417	55,922	2,495
					58,174	59,574	58,524	1,050
					260,577	263,695	261,480	2,215
					16,184	16,184	12,583	3,601
					12,925	12,920	12,365	455
					40,877	42,877	41,574	1,303
					1,230	1,080	1,014	66
					17,265	17,265	16,742	523
					20,834	25,619	25,610	9
					20,034	23,017	25,010	,
	23,270	23,270	23,270		23,270	23,270	23,270	
	20,179	20,479	20,473	6	20,179	20,479	20,473	6
	43,449	43,749	43,743	6	525,354	541,380	529,657	11,723
	(19,524)	(19,824)	(19,723)	101	(1,034)	5,314	20,622	15,308
	41,262	41.262	17,320	(23,942)	49,998	49,998	31,911	(18,087)
	,202		1,,020	(20,7 . 2)	(56,315)	(52,115)	(52,115)	(10,007)
	41,262	41,262	17,320	(23,942)	(6,317)	(2,117)	(20,204)	(18,087)
	21,738	21,438	(2,403)	(23,841)	(7,351)		418	(2,779)
\$	9,585 31,323	445 9,585 \$ 31,468	445 9,585 \$ 7,627	\$ (23,841)	<u>28,071</u> \$ 20,720	13,643 28,071 \$ 44,911	13,643 28,071 \$ 42,132	\$ (2,779)
-	,-=0		,0=/	. (,0.1)	- 10,720	,,,11		(=,)

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND

#### CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS-ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

(Amounts in 000's)

		Proprietary	Fun	d Types	Totals			
	E	nterprise		Internal	(Memorandu	m Only)		
		Fund		Service	2000	1999		
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	458,014	\$	32,073 \$	490,087 \$	477,588		
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		458,014		32,073	490,087	477,588		
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Operations		164,905		31,058	195,963	182,268		
Maintenance		51,773		3,972	55,745	45,299		
Purchased power		68,597			68,597	70,619		
Depreciation		72,962		70	73,032	65,605		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		358,237		35,100	393,337	363,791		
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>		99,777		(3,027)	96,750	113,797		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest income		46,454		1,331	47,785	29,659		
Interest expense		(73,595)			(73,595)	(64,316)		
Litigation settlement						6,500		
AEP Refund per FERC ruling		2,864			2,864			
Passenger facility charge revenue		16,642			16,642	16,753		
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		(731)			(731)	(11,039)		
Other revenues (expenses), net		(5,123)			(5,123)	(16,384)		
TOTAL NON-OPERATING								
<b>REVENUES</b> (EXPENSES)		(13,489)		1,331	(12,158)	(38,827)		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS		86,288		(1,696)	84,592	74,970		
OI ERAING IRANSFERS		80,288		(1,090)	04,392	74,970		
Operating transfers in				1,926	1,926	2,249		
Operating transfers out		(1,152)			(1,152)	(840)		
NET INCOME		85,136		230	85,366	76,379		
Retained earnings at beginning of year		832,972		5,274	838,246	761,867		
Retained earnings at end of year	\$	918,108	\$	5,504 \$	923,612 \$	838,246		

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

(Amounts in 000's)

	Proprietary F	und Types	Totals			
	Enterprise	Internal	(Memorandum	Only)		
	Fund	Service	2000	1999		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash received from customers	\$ 452,681 \$	, · · ·	485,511 \$	470,735		
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(113,109)	(22,144)	(135,253)	(104,976)		
Cash payments to employees for services	(108,601)	(12,267)	(120,868)	(117,410)		
Cash payments for purchased power	(67,701)		(67,701)	(69,874)		
Cash receipts of customer deposits	219		219	682		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	163,489	(1,581)	161,908	179,157		
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Advance from General Fund		1,005	1,005			
Cash received through operating transfers from other funds		434	434	2,249		
Cash receipts for passenger facility charges	16,630		16,630	16,768		
Cash received from litigation settlement				6,500		
AEP refund per FERC ruling	2,864		2,864			
Cash payments for sound insulation of homes and other	(12,283)		(12,283)	(22,442)		
Cash transfer to debt service	(327)		(327)			
Cash receipts from hotel tax				3,609		
Other	6,192		6,192	2,380		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY						
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	13,076	1,439	14,515	9,064		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from sale of revenue bonds and notes				84,583		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(121,354)		(121,354)	(180,503)		
Principal paid on long-term debt	(39,388)		(39,388)	(34,316)		
Interest paid on long-term debt	(76,952)		(76,952)	(78,473)		
Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding				(45,793)		
Capital grant proceeds	9,437		9,437	13,888		
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL						
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(228,257)		(228,257)	(240,614)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Purchase of investment securities	(302,230)		(302,230)	(418,167)		
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities	286,772		286,772	347,303		
Interest received on investments	50,478	1,300	51,778	41,219		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY						
(USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	35,020	1,300	36,320	(29,645)		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH						
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(16,672)	1,158	(15,514)	(82,038)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	491,445	7,110	498,555	580,593		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 474,773 \$	8,268 \$	483,041 \$	498,555		

Continued

## **COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES-Continued**

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

(Amounts in 000's)

	<b>Proprietary Fund Types</b>			nd Types	Totals				
	E	nterprise		Internal	(Memorandum Only)				
		Fund		Service	2000	1999			
<b>RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO</b>									
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	\$	99,777	\$	(3,027) \$	96,750 \$	113,797			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash									
provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation		72,962		70	73,032	65,605			
Non-cash rental income		(3,389)			(3,389)	(3,106)			
Loss on disposal of equipment		1,070			1,070				
Change in assets and liabilities:									
Accounts receivable, net		(13,226)		525	(12,701)	380			
Unbilled revenue		2,240			2,240	(5,457)			
Due from other funds		(3,339)		218	(3,121)	(2,169)			
Inventory of supplies		1,847		(1,307)	540	3,549			
Prepaid expenses		(105)			(105)	313			
Landing fee adjustment		2,174			2,174	4,446			
Accounts payable		2,268		1,179	3,447	2,696			
Due to other funds		(5,824)		(85)	(5,909)	3,528			
Due to other governments		(1,413)			(1,413)	2,826			
Accrued wages and benefits		8,447		846	9,293	(7,251)			
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		63,712		1,446	65,158	65,360			
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED FOR) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	163,489	\$	(1,581) \$	161,908 \$	179,157			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE A - DESCRIPTION OF CITY OPERATIONS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

*The City*: The City of Cleveland, Ohio (the "City") operates under an elected Mayor/Council (21 members) administrative/legislative form of government.

*Reporting Entity*: The accompanying financial statements of the City present the financial position of the various fund types and account groups, the results of operations of the various fund types, and the cash flows of the proprietary funds. The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 2000, and for the year then ended, and have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification).

In evaluating how to define the governmental reporting entity, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "*The Financial Reporting Entity*", under which the financial statements include all the organizations, activities, functions, and component units for which the City (Primary Government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

On this basis, the City's financial reporting entity has no component units but includes all funds, account groups, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government, including police and fire protection, waste collection, parks and recreation, health, certain social services and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates ten enterprise activities, the major ones consisting of a water system, a sewer system, an electric distribution system, two airports, municipal parking lots.

The following entities are related organizations to the City of Cleveland but the City's accountability does not extend beyond appointing authority:

- *Cuyahoga Metropolitan Housing Authority* Created under the Ohio Revised Code, the Cuyahoga Metropolitan Housing Authority provides public housing services. The five member board consists of two appointed by the Mayor of the City, two appointed by City Council and one appointed by the City Manager of the City of Cleveland Heights with approval from its City Council.
- *Cleveland-Cuyahoga County Port Authority* Created under the Ohio Revised Code, the Cleveland-Cuyahoga County Port Authority conducts port development and operations. The nine member Board of Directors consists of three appointed by the County Commissioners and six appointed by the City of Cleveland.
- *Cleveland Public Schools* In November 1998 the Mayor of the City of Cleveland was given appointing authority for the Cleveland Public Schools. As approved by the State legislature, the Ohio Revised Code provided for the Mayor to appoint a Chief Executive Officer who was to be approved by the Board of Education. The Board of Education is comprised of nine members. The members of the Board are appointed by the Mayor from a pool of 18 candidates presented to the Mayor by an independent nominating panel.

The following entity is a jointly governed organization to the City of Cleveland but the City has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility:

*Gateway Economic Development Corporation of Greater Cleveland (Gateway)* - Gateway is responsible for the operating of a sports complex and related economic development. The five member board consists of two members appointed by the City, two members appointed by the Board of County Commissioners and one by the President of the Board of County Commissioners with concurrence of the Mayor of the City of Cleveland.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

**Basis of Presentation**: The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for using a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures (expenses). The various funds are summarized by type in the general purpose financial statements.

Amounts in the "totals-memorandum only" columns represent a summation of the general purpose financial statement line items of the fund types and account groups and are presented only for analytical purposes. The summation includes fund types and account groups that use different bases of accounting, both restricted and unrestricted amounts, interfund transactions that have not been eliminated, and the caption "amount to be provided," which is not an asset in the usual sense. Consequently, amounts shown in the "totals-memorandum only" columns are not comparable to a consolidation and do not represent the total resources available or total revenues and expenditures (expenses) of the City.

The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

#### **Governmental Funds**

*General Fund*: This fund, which is the major operating fund of the City, accounts for the general operating revenues and expenditures of the City not recorded elsewhere. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, income taxes and the state local government fund.

*Special Revenue Funds*: These funds are used to account for specific governmental revenues (other than revenues for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. These funds include most major federal and state grants.

**Debt Service Funds**: These funds are used to account for the resources received and used to pay principal and interest on debt reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group and certain enterprise funds. Revenues and financing resources are derived primarily from property taxes, reimbursements from enterprise funds and operating transfers by enterprise funds.

*Capital Projects Funds*: These funds are used to account for the acquisition or construction of capital assets other than those financed by special revenue, enterprise and internal service fund operations. Revenues and financing resources are derived primarily from the issuance of bonds, certificates of participation and the receipt of grants.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

*Enterprise Funds*: These funds are used to account for operations that provide services which are financed primarily by user charges, or activities where periodic measurement of income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control or other purposes.

*Internal Service Funds*: These funds are used to account for the goods or services provided to certain City departments and funds or to other governments on a cost reimbursement basis.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

*Agency Funds*: These funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for others and include the Central Collection Agency, the Cleveland Municipal Court and payroll deductions withheld and awaiting payment.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Account Groups**

*General Fixed Assets Account Group*: This account group is used to present the general fixed assets of the City utilized in its general operations, exclusive of those used in enterprise and internal service funds. General fixed assets include land, buildings, improvements and equipment owned by the City, and the City's share of the Justice Center Building.

*General Long-Term Obligations Account Group*: This account group is used to account for all long-term obligations of the City except those accounted for in the enterprise funds.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the more significant accounting policies for the City is described below:

Basis of Accounting: All financial transactions for Governmental and Fiduciary Funds are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this accounting method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues accrued at the end of the year primarily consist of reimbursements from other governments for grant expenditures, revenues from other governmental entities for services rendered, state local government fund revenues, other shared revenues, delinquent property taxes, and income taxes receivable arising from payroll tax withholdings for individuals in December and quarterly and annual payments of income taxes pertaining to net profits, self-employment and residents received within 60 days after year end. Governmental and fiduciary fund expenditures are accrued when the fund liability is incurred except for interest on long-term debt, which is recorded when due. Financial transactions for proprietary funds are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting; revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized as incurred. Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities", all Proprietary Funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, Proprietary Funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

*Measurement Focus*: All Governmental Funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Resources not available to finance expenditures or commitments of the current period are recognized as deferred revenue. Liabilities for claims, judgments, compensated absences, police and fire overtime and police and fire deferred vacation which will not be currently liquidated using expendable financial resources are shown in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

All Proprietary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus.

**Budgetary** Accounting and Control: The City is required by state law to adopt annual budgets for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds including the Division of Streets, Restricted Income Tax, Rainy Day Reserve Fund, Reserve Fund, Schools Recreation and Cultural Activities Fund, and Debt Service Funds (except for Urban Renewal and Urban Renewal Reserve Funds). Modifications to the original budget are approved by City Council throughout the year. The City maintains budgetary control by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations for personnel costs (including benefits), other costs, debt service and capital outlay within a division of the City without the approval of City Council. Adjustments to the budget can only be made within a division and then within each category. Further legislation is needed in order to move budget authority from "personnel" to "other" or vice versa, or between divisions. City Council adopted an additional supplemental appropriation for 2000.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

Unencumbered appropriations for annually budgeted funds lapse at year end. Budgetary data are not presented for the Proprietary Funds due to the nature of the funds. There is no GASB requirement to report on such budgets.

The actual results of operations as compared to the amended appropriations passed by Council are presented in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)-General, Budgeted Special Revenue and Budgeted Debt Service Fund Types, in accordance with the City's budgetary process (budget basis) to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget for those governmental funds for which annual budgets are prepared.

The City's budgetary process does not include annual budgeting for grant funds and capital project funds. Appropriations in these funds remain open and carry over to succeeding years (i.e., multi-year) until the related expenditures are made or until they are modified or canceled. Appropriations for these funds are controlled on a project basis and; therefore, budgetary comparison statements on an annual basis do not provide meaningful information and, accordingly, are not presented.

The City's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis.

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- (2) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash or encumbered (budget) as opposed to when goods or services are received (GAAP). Encumbrances are recorded as expenditures (budget) as opposed to reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

	General Fund		Special Revenues		De	bt Service
GA A P Basis	\$	(32,865)	\$	29,902	\$	(755)
Less: funds not budgeted on an annual basis	+	(,)	\$	11,981	\$	376
GAAP basis for budgeted funds	\$	(32,865)	\$	17,921	\$	(1,131)
Increase (Decrease):						
Accrued Receivables at December 31, 2000, not recognized in the 2000 budget	\$	(145,806)	\$	(30,417)	\$	(32,653)
Accrued Receivables at December 31, 1999, recognized in the 2000 budget	\$	156,989	\$	19,544	\$	25,615
Net impact of encumbrances on budget basis expenditures and other adjustments	\$	180	\$	(6,993)	\$	(98)
Accrued Liabilities at December 31, 2000, not recognized in the 2000 budget	\$	101,272	\$	5,846	\$	27,579
Accrued Liabilities at December 31, 1999, recognized in the 2000 budget	\$	(73,987)	\$	(8,863)	\$	(21,715)
Budget basis for budgeted funds	\$	5,783	\$	(2,962)	\$	(2,403)

### Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Pooled Cash and Investments**: Cash resources of certain individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments which is managed by the City Treasurer. Investments in the Pooled Cash Account, consisting of certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, U.S. government securities, Star Ohio and time deposits, are carried at fair value (see Note C). Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is distributed to the appropriate funds utilizing a formula based on the average weekly balance of cash and investments of each fund.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents*: Cash and cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

*Investments*: The City follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, "*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*," which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 2000. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2000.

Unbilled Revenue: Unbilled revenues are estimates for services rendered but not billed to customers at year end.

*Inventory of Supplies*: Inventory is valued at average cost except Special Revenue Funds and Airport Enterprise Fund inventory which is valued at cost. Inventory generally consists of construction and utility plant supplies not yet placed into service. Inventory costs are charged to operations when consumed.

*Restricted Assets*: Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside for payment of enterprise fund general obligation debt and revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by applicable bond indentures.

*Fixed Assets and Depreciation*: Property, plant and equipment is stated on the basis of historical cost, or if contributed, at fair value at the date received. Infrastructure, pertaining to Governmental Fund Type activities, including streets, bridges and sidewalks, is not capitalized by the City. Depreciation is not provided in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Depreciation for the Proprietary Fund Types is determined by allocating the cost of fixed assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. When property is disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Utility plant in service	6 to 100 years
Buildings, structures and improvements	10 to 65 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 to 33 years

Capital Outlay: The City reports capital outlays in the fund which provides the resources.

*Idle Facilities*: In April 1977, the Division of Cleveland Public Power closed its generation plant and since that time the Division's revenues have been derived primarily from the distribution of purchased power. Management has several options available for rehabilitating the plant and returning it to operation. With the present availability of competitively priced purchased power, the plant will remain idle until such time as returning it to operation is economically desirable.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

**Capitalization of Interest**: The City's policy is to capitalize interest on Proprietary Fund Type construction projects until substantial completion of the project. Capitalized interest is amortized on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of such assets. The City applies Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 62, *Capitalization of Interest Cost in Situations Involving Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowings and Certain Gifts and Grants*, for its Waterworks Improvement First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, its Public Power Improvement First Mortgage Revenue Bonds and its Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds. This Statement requires capitalization of interest cost of the borrowings less interest earned on investment of the bond proceeds from the date of the borrowing until the assets constructed from the bond proceeds are ready for their intended use.

For 2000, interest expense incurred for the Proprietary Funds was \$92,757,000 which was reduced by \$19,162,000 of interest expense capitalized. For 2000, total interest income earned by the Proprietary Funds was \$57,736,000 which was reduced by \$9,951,000 of interest income capitalized.

*Swap Agreements*: The City may enter into interest rate swap agreements to modify interest rates on outstanding debt. Other than the net interest expense resulting from these agreements, no amounts are recorded in the financial statements. As further described in Note D, the City has one swap agreement outstanding at December 31, 2000 for its Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds.

*Contributed Capital*: Contributed capital represents federal and state grants and other financial resources supplied to the City's Proprietary Funds which are not subject to mandatory repayment.

*Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues*: Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement programs are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs, if available. Federal reimbursement-type grants for the acquisition of fixed assets of Proprietary Fund Types are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and contributed capital when the related expenses occur. Other federal reimbursement-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditures (expenses) are incurred. The City accounts for loans receivable related to the Economic Development Funds, Urban Development Action Funds, Community Development Block Grants and Supplemental Empowerment Zone as a reservation of fund balance to the extent that these loans do not have to be repaid to the Federal Government. Loans Receivable is presented net of allowance for doubtful accounts on the balance sheet. The loan proceeds are earmarked for future reprogramming under federal guidelines and are not available to fund current operating expenditures of the City.

The City participates in the State Issue 2 program and the Local Transportation Improvement Program. Through these programs, the State of Ohio (State) provides financial assistance to the City for its various road and bridge improvements and storm water detention facilities. The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) is the State agency which oversees the allocation of State bond proceeds and tax revenue to selected projects which have met funding requirements. Upon approval of the OPWC, the City and the State create project agreements establishing each entity's financial contribution toward each project. Through December 31, 2000, the State funded \$66,327,568 of road and bridge improvement projects. Also funded was \$4,575,000 for storm water detention facilities recorded in the Enterprise Fund's Division of Water Pollution Control.

*Encumbrances*: Encumbrance accounting is employed in the General, certain Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds. Purchase orders and requisitions, contracts, and other commitments for expenditures are recorded as encumbrances to reserve the applicable portion of the appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are carried forward to the next fiscal year.

*Interfund Transactions*: During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds, including transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets and service debt. Such transactions are generally reflected as operating transfers or reimbursements in the accompanying financial statements.

*Statement of Cash Flows*: The City utilizes the direct method of reporting cash flows from operating activities in the Statement of Cash Flows as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 9. In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*Compensated Absences*: In conformity with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", the City accrues vacation including the related fringe benefits as earned by its employees. The sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. For Governmental Fund Types, the liability not currently due and payable at year end is recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

Normally, all vacation time is to be taken in the year available unless written approval for carryover of vacation time is obtained. Sick days not taken may be accumulated until retirement. An employee is paid one-third of accumulated sick leave, calculated at current wage rates, upon retirement or death with the balance being forfeited.

*Police and Fire Deferred Vacation*: Uniformed police and fire employees are eligible to defer earned vacation time, with the appropriate approvals, until retirement. Once deferred, the employee cannot use deferred time as vacation. Deferred vacation is paid to the employee upon retirement, calculated using the hourly rate and their related fringe benefits at the date of retirement.

*Future Capital Improvements*: Certain resources have been designated by City management to fund future capital improvements. These resources are classified as "Designated for future capital improvements" in the fund balance of the Governmental Fund Types.

*Rainy Day Reserve Fund*: The Rainy Day Reserve Fund was established to account for assets that are only eligible to be used during significant periods of economic downturn or to fund unanticipated one-time General Fund obligations.

*Reserved Fund Balance*: Fund balances are reserved to indicate that they do not constitute available financial resources and have been specifically reserved by City ordinance or other requirements.

#### NOTE C - POOLED AND SEGREGATED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Monies for the Debt Service Funds, certain Capital Projects Funds, Central Collection Agency, Municipal Courts, Department of Port Control, Division of Water, Division of Water Pollution Control, Division of Cleveland Public Power, Division of Municipal Parking Lots and certain Special Revenue Funds are deposited or invested in individual segregated bank accounts. Monies for the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) Grants, Neighborhood Development Investment Funds, Economic Development Funds, Supplemental Empowerment Zone and other Special Revenue Funds are also deposited in segregated bank accounts.

Monies of all other funds of the City, including the accounts of the General Fund, other Special Revenue Funds, other Capital Projects Funds, other Enterprise Funds, Internal Service Funds and other Agency Funds, are maintained or invested in a common group of bank accounts. Collectively these common bank accounts and investments represent the Pooled Cash Account (PCA). Each fund whose monies are included in the PCA has equity therein.

Certain funds have made disbursements from the PCA in excess of their individual equities in the PCA. Such amounts have been classified as interfund receivables and payables between the Restricted Income Tax Fund and the respective funds that have made disbursements in excess of their individual equities in the PCA.

The City has a restrictive arrangement for certain segregated monies held in escrow at the banks' trust departments in which the City must act in conjunction with a trust officer in order to make investments. The City's role is that of investment manager and the trust officer's role is that of purchasing agent. For other segregated monies, the City acts alone in placing investments with the banks. Amounts held in escrow are designated for a special purpose and are entrusted to a third party to fulfill certain legal provisions.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

**Deposits**: Ohio law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or building and loan associations located in Ohio. The City's policy is to place deposits only with major commercial banks having offices within the City of Cleveland. Any public depository in which the City places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Further, City ordinance requires such collateral amounts to exceed deposits by ten percent. Collateral that may be pledged is limited to obligations of the following entities: the United States and its agencies, the State of Ohio, and any legally constituted taxing subdivision within the State of Ohio. The City also requires that non-pooled securities pledged be held by either the Federal Reserve Bank or other trust institution, as designated by the City, as trustee. This collateral is held in joint custody with the financial institution pledging the collateral, and cannot be sold or released without written consent from the City.

GASB statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the City to categorize its deposits into one of three categories:

Category 1: Insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name.

Category 2: Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions's trust department or agent in the entity's name.

Category 3: Uncollateralized (This includes any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the entity's name).

Monthly, the City determines that the collateral has a market value adequate to cover the deposits and that it has been segregated either physically or in book entry form. At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits including certificates of deposit was \$82,043,000 and the actual bank balance totaled \$146,065,000. The difference represents outstanding warrants payable and normal reconciling items. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 3, \$31,390,000 of the bank balance was insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

The remaining balance of \$114,675,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized (which includes any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by its trust department but not in the City's name). Of this amount, \$61,970,000 was invested in two bank investment contracts (BIC). The first BIC, with a cost of \$55,790,000, is secured by repurchase agreements of government securities held as collateral by the City's trustee in the name of the trustee. The second BIC of \$6,180,000 is secured by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the City's name. The remaining amount, \$52,705,000 was secured by a collateral pool held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the respective depository bank which pledges a pool of collateral against all public deposits it holds.

*Investments:* The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State of Ohio obligations; certificates of deposit; U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (Star Ohio), guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions as discussed in "Deposits" above or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained. Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S. government securities, certificates of deposit, investments in certain money market mutual funds and State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (Star Ohio). Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the bank's commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institution's separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statute prohibits the use of Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit. Market values of securities fluctuate based on the magnitude of changing market conditions; significant changes in market conditions could materially affect portfolio value.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," requires the City to categorize its investments into one of three categories:

Category 1: includes insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name;

Category 2: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name;

Category 3: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The categorized investments shown in the following table include those which are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 9:

Tune of Lucy stars and	Catagoria	Fair		Cast
Type of Investment	Category	Value		Cost
		(Amounts	s in (	000's)
U.S. Agency Obligations	1	\$ 402,745	\$	401,716
U.S. Treasury Bonds	2	13,179		12,899
U.S. Treasury Bills	2	80,385		79,815
U.S. Treasury Notes	2	34,043		33,840
Certificates of Participation	2	14,173		14,342
Repurchase Agreements	3	40,717		40,717
Reserve Fund (Star Ohio)	n/a	154,281		154,281
Investments in Mutual Funds	n/a	83,731		83,731
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	n/a	293,449		293,449
Total Investments		1,116,703		1,114,790
Total Deposits		82,043		82,043
Total Deposits and Investments		\$ 1,198,746	\$	1,196,833

Star Ohio is an investment pool created pursuant to Ohio Statutes and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. Amounts invested with Star Ohio, mutual funds and guaranteed investment contracts are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 3.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

## NOTE D - BONDS, DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

A summary of all outstanding debt and other obligations of the City as of December 31, 2000 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	<b>January 1, 2000</b>	Additions	(Reductions)	December 31, 2000
		(Amour	nts in 000's)	
General Long-Term Obligations and Notes				
General Obligation Bonds due through 2020,				
3.5% to 9.875%	\$312,225	\$26,795	(\$22,070)	\$316,950
Other Obligations:				
Urban Renewal Bonds due through 2018,				
3.60% to 6.75%	9,430		(270)	9,160
Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds				
due through 2024, 4.88%	70,700		(1,200)	69,500
Non-tax Revenue Bonds, 5.75% - Stadium	10,000			10,000
Certificates of Participation - 1992 and 1995	17,370		(5,611)	11,759
Certificates of Participation - Stadium	157,115		(1,495)	155,620
Capital lease obligations	1,859		(509)	1,350
Gateway Note Payable	4,250		(250)	4,000
Accrued wages and benefits	35,021	732		35,753
Police and fire overtime	54,155	10,648		64,803
Police and fire deferred vacation	927	266		1,193
Estimated claims payable (Note G)	4,000		(1,606)	2,394
Total General Long-Term Obligations and Notes	\$677,052	\$38,441	(\$33,011)	\$682,482
Enterprise Funds				
Airport System Revenue Bonds:				
Series 1990 due through 2006, 6.50% to 7.30%	\$31,251		(\$7,305)	\$23,946
Series 1996 due through 2000, 0.50% to 7.55%	80,770		(1,540)	79,230
Series 1997 due through 2027, 4.36% to 7.95%	272,055		(3,255)	268,800
Airport Surplus Revenue Notes:	272,055		(3,233)	208,800
	40.000			40.000
Series 1999 due in 2001, 6.375%	40,000			40,000
Public Power System Revenue Bonds:	44.995		(1, 740)	42 145
Series 1991 due through 2017, 5.85% to 7.00%	44,885		(1,740)	43,145
Series 1994 due through 2013, 6.30% to 7.00%	74,910		(4,725)	70,185
Series 1996 due through 2024, 5.00% to 6.00%	122,380			122,380
Series 1998 due through 2017, 4.00% to 5.25%	44,760			44,760
Waterworks Improvement Revenue Bonds:	10.005			10.005
Series 1977 due in 2008, 6.13%	12,905			12,905
Series 1986 due through 2015, 5.00% to 7.00%	15,350		<i></i>	15,350
Series 1992 due through 2016, 5.50% to 6.25%	88,480		(1,165)	87,315
Series 1993 due through 2021, 4.60% to 5.50%	212,475		(11,230)	201,245
Series 1996 due through 2026, 4.25% to 5.75%	96,540		(5,645)	90,895
Series 1998 due through 2028, 4.00% to 5.25%	305,650		(225)	305,425
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans				
due through 2003, 4.18% to 6.25%	8,175		(763)	7,412
Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds				
due through 2022, 4.45% to 6.00%	79,190		(1,795)	77,395
Total Enterprise Debt	1,529,776	0	(39,388)	1,490,388
Less: Unamortized (discount) premium-net	(44,345)		2,966	(41,379)
Unamortized loss on debt refunding	(57,597)		3,521	(54,076)
Total Enterprise Debt, net	\$1,427,834	\$0	(\$32,901)	\$1,394,933
Total Debt	\$2,104,886	\$38,441	(\$65,912)	\$2,077,415

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A summary of the City's future debt service requirements for tax supported general obligations, enterprise fund self-supporting obligations, urban renewal obligations and subordinated income tax refunding bonds as of December 31, 2000 follows:

	General Lo Obliga Bonds P	tions	Enter _] Obliga		Urban R Obliga		S ubordi Income Refundin	e Tax
Due In	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
			(4	Amounts in 00	0's)			
2001	\$23,570	\$16,388	\$84,200	\$75,432	\$285	\$595	\$1,300	\$3,564
2002	24,270	15,209	42,491	76,269	300	578	1,300	3,496
2003	24,410	13,984	45,158	74,291	320	559	1,400	3,426
2004	23,155	12,774	47,126	72,086	340	539	1,500	3,351
2005	24,005	11,602	49,270	69,722	360	518	1,600	3,270
2006-2010	114,650	39,805	297,950	285,014	2,190	2,188	9,800	14,937
2011-2015	61,230	14,147	327,583	201,182	3,020	1,327	13,600	11,924
2016-2020	21,660	2,544	303,865	115,870	2,345	244	18,800	7,753
2021-2025			234,870	42,937			20,200	2,124
2026-2030			57,875	3,126			-	-
Total	\$316,950	\$126,453	\$1,490,388	\$1,015,929	\$9,160	\$6,548	\$69,500	\$53,845

A detailed summary of general obligation bonds and enterprise debt by purpose as of December 31, 2000 is as follows:

	Original Issue Amount	Balance January 1, 2000	Issued 2000	Refunded/ Retired 2000	Balance December 31, 2000
		(An	nounts in 000'	s)	
General Obligation Bonds					
Public Facilities	\$100,950	\$36,895	\$9,260	\$2,920	\$43,235
Public Service	8,145	995		215	780
Convention Center	27,090	6,105		1,335	4,770
Residential Redevelopment	13,595	7,235	2,145	370	9,010
Bridges & Roadways	147,450	70,055	10,200	5,390	74,865
Public Safety	27,545	1,790		370	1,420
Parks & Recreation	64,355	23,385	5,190	1,850	26,725
Waterways	2,740	545		155	390
Parking	10,000	1,245		415	830
Refunding Bonds	229,925	162,255		8,515	153,740
Judgement/Settlement	14,500	1,720		535	1,185
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$646,295	\$312,225	\$26,795	\$22,070	\$316,950
Revenue Bonds					
Airport	\$477,666	\$424,076		\$12,100	\$411,976
Public Power	454,595	286,935		6,465	280,470
Waterworks	1,381,735	731,400		18,265	713,135
Parking Facilities	81,105	79,190		1,795	77,395
Loans and Other					
Waterworks	3,134	302		302	
Water Pollution Control	8,596	7,873		461	7,412
Total Enterprise Debt	\$2,406,831	\$1,529,776	\$0	\$39,388	\$1,490,388

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

#### **General Obligations Bonds and Notes**

*General Obligations Bonds*: General obligation bonds of the City are bonds not authorized by a vote of the electors, and notes issued in anticipation of such bonds, payable from ad valorem property taxes levied within the limitations provided by law, irrespective of whether such bonds or notes are secured by other receipts of the City in addition to such ad valorem property taxes.

In 2000, the City issued \$26,795,000 of Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds, Series 2000. The proceeds are being used to finance various capital improvements to certain of the City's properties and to pay costs of issuance.

Under the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code, the City at December 31, 2000 had the capacity to issue \$302,383,472 of additional debt under the direct debt limit. However, significantly less could be issued under the indirect debt limit.

#### **Other Obligations**

*Urban Renewal Bonds*: In 1993, the City issued \$10,800,000 of Urban Renewal Increment Bonds (Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum Project) for the purpose of paying a portion of the costs of the acquisition and construction of a "port authority educational and cultural facility" to conduct programs of an educational and instructional nature relating to the field of contemporary music, including rock and roll music, which constituted the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum ("the Facility"). The net proceeds were contributed to the Cleveland-Cuyahoga County Port Authority which owns and leases the facility to Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum, Inc., an Ohio non-profit corporation. The Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum opened in September 1995. The Urban Renewal Increment Bonds are not general obligations of the City and are not secured by the full faith and credit of the City nor are they payable from the general revenues or assets of the City. Urban Renewal Bonds are secured solely by pledged receipts, consisting of payments to be made in lieu of real property taxes pursuant to Development Agreements between the City and certain property owners and interest income on those payments.

Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds: Effective June 1, 1994, the City issued \$74,700,000 of Subordinated Income Tax Variable Rate Refunding Bonds, Series 1994 (the "Bonds"). The proceeds were used to fund the City's obligation for the employer's accrued liability to the Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund of the State of Ohio ("the Fund"). The principal use of the proceeds was for the current refunding of the City's obligation to the Fund for the employer's accrued liability in the amount of \$104,686,400, which was payable in semi-annual installments of \$2,696,243 through May 15, 2035. Pursuant to Section 742.30 (C) of the Ohio Revised Code, the City and the Fund entered into an agreement that permitted the City to make a one time payment to the Fund to extinguish the City's obligation. The payment amount of \$70,493,204 was calculated by applying a 35% discount factor to the \$104,686,400 accrued liability plus adding accrued interest of \$2,447,044. The Bonds are not general obligations of the City and are not secured by its full faith and credit. The Bonds are unvoted special obligations secured by a pledge of and a lien on the unrestricted municipal income taxes of the City, to the extent that such income taxes are not needed to pay debt service on the City's currently outstanding unvoted general obligation bonds or unvoted general obligation bonds issued in the future. The Bonds bear interest at a variable rate, determined from time to time by the remarketing agent in accordance with the indenture. As a result of a Tax Court ruling on similar bonds issued by the City of Columbus, Ohio, the City's Special Tax Counsel, Squire, Sanders & Dempsey L.L.P., issued an opinion on August 7, 1998, that the Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds are tax exempt. As of that date, the bonds were remarketed as variable rate tax-exempt bonds.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In 1999, the City entered into an interest rate swap transaction for the purpose of hedging the exposure of the City against interest rate fluctuations arising from the variable rates borne by these bonds. Under the swap agreement the City will be the fixed rate payor, paying the fixed rate of 4.88% and the counter party will be the floating rate payor, paying the actual variable rate borne by the Series 1994 Bonds. The stated termination date under the swap agreement is May 15, 2024, the maturity date of the Series 1994 Bonds. The swap agreement may be terminated prior to its stated termination date under certain circumstances. Upon termination, a payment may be owed by the City to the counter party, or by the counter party to the City, depending upon the prevailing economic circumstances at the time of the termination. The obligation of the City under the swap agreement to make the periodic fixed rate payments (but not the termination payment) is secured by a subordinate pledge of the income tax receipts, subordinate to the pledge of the income tax receipts made under the General Bond Ordinance securing the bonds. The debt service requirements to maturity for these bonds presented on the schedule on page 47 are based on the fixed rate of 5.18%, which includes remarketing and credit facility fees.

*Non-tax Revenue Bonds*: In 1999, the City issued non-tax revenue bonds totaling approximately \$10,000,000 to assist in the construction of the new football stadium. These bonds bear interest at 5.75% until maturity. Principal on these bonds is due each December 1 beginning December 1, 2007 through December 1, 2020. These bonds do not represent a general obligation debt or pledge of the faith, credit or taxing power of the City, and are payable solely from non-tax revenues of the City.

*Certificates of Participation-1992 and 1995*: Certificates of Participation were issued to fund the acquisition of certain motor vehicles and communication equipment for lease to the City. The City will make basic lease payments during successive renewal periods of one year or less through July 1, 2003, if the City Council appropriates funds each year for that purpose. The Certificates do not constitute a debt or a pledge of the faith and credit of the City, and the City is not a party to the Certificates. If the Lease is renewed through July 1, 2003, and the City makes a purchase payment and complies with certain other conditions, the City will acquire title to the property. The following is a schedule of the future lease payments for these Certificates of Participation at December 31, 2000:

		Principal		I	nterest	
			(Amounts in 000's)			
2001		\$	4,788	\$	614	
2002			3,887		345	
2003			3,084		126	
	Total	\$	11,759	\$	1,085	

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

*Certificates of Participation-Stadium*: In June 1997, Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$139,345,000 were issued to assist in the construction of an open-air stadium for the play of professional football and other events. In October 1999, Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$20,545,000 were issued to retire the Non-tax Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes. The City will make lease payments subject to annual appropriation by City Council and certification by the Director of Finance as to the availability of funds from those appropriations. These obligations do not constitute a debt or pledge of the full faith and credit of the City. The following is a schedule of the future payments for the Series 1997 and 1999 Certificates of Participation outstanding as of December 31, 2000:

-	Principal	Interest		
_	(Amounts in 000's)			
2001	\$1,520	\$7,164		
2002	1,690	7,094		
2003	1,860	7,015		
2004	2,065	6,925		
2005	2,260	6,824		
2006-2010	40,933	39,675		
2011-2015	42,172	29,533		
2016-2020	21,685	14,443		
2021-2025	28,045	8,082		
2026-2030	13,390	1,063		
Total	\$155,620	\$127,818		

*Capital Lease Obligations*: The City has entered into agreements to lease equipment. Such agreements are treated as lease purchases (capital leases) and are classified as long-term lease obligations in the financial statements. The lease contracts contain annual one-year renewal options that can be exercised by the City if sufficient funds are appropriated by City Council. Upon the exercise of each annual one-year renewal option and satisfaction of the lease obligations related thereto, title to the equipment will pass to the City. Future minimum lease payments under capital leases at December 31, 2000, are \$597,000 per year through year 2002 and \$248,000 in 2003. Of these amounts, \$92,000 represents interest resulting in a capital lease obligation outstanding of \$1,350,000 at December 31, 2000. During 2000, operating lease payments for the City were immaterial.

*Gateway Note Payable*: In October 1996, the City and Cuyahoga County each agreed to pay \$5,000,000 for additional costs associated with the Gateway Sports Complex. The amounts are to be repaid in annual installments of \$250,000 for 20 years. The monies will be deducted from the monthly distribution of the State local government fund. The first deduction was made in March 1997. This liability is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

Accrued Wages and Benefits: Accrued wages and benefits included in the general long-term debt account group consist of the non-current portion of vacation and sick pay benefits earned by employees of the City. The City accrues vacation benefits when earned and accures sick pay benefits using the termination method.

*Police and Fire Overtime and Deferred Vacation Pay:* Uniformed employees of the Police and Fire Divisions accumulate overtime compensation in accordance with the union contracts and the requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act. In addition, uniformed employees may defer earned vacation time, with the appropriate approvals, until retirement. The liabilities for overtime and deferred vacation time, at current pay rates including their related fringe benefits and converted to straight time hours, at December 31, 2000, follow:

	Over	Overtime		l Vacation
Division	Hours	Dollars	Hours	<b>Dollars</b>
		(Amounts in	n 000's)	
Police	2,449	\$ 60,327	-	\$ -
Fire	190	4,476	50	1,193
Total	2,639	\$ 64,803	50	\$1,193

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Such employees are entitled to receive cash payments for their accumulated hours upon retirement or other termination from the City's payroll. For employees not terminating, accumulated overtime is paid once a year up to the budgeted amount for such purpose. Accumulated overtime is paid in June upon receiving requests in the first quarter. If requests exceed the budgeted amount, the requests are to be paid on a pro-rata basis. No accumulated overtime was paid subsequent to year end during the available and measurable period, therefore, the full amount is included in the general long-term debt account group. Deferred vacation is available to the employee only as a cash payment upon retirement or other termination from the City's payroll. The accumulated hours are paid at the employee's hourly rate at the date of retirement, other termination or at the date of the payment pursuant to a request, which may differ from the rate used to determine the liability above.

#### **Enterprise Fund Obligations**

*Airport System Revenue Bonds*: These bonds are secured by the pledge of all airport revenues, as defined in the revenue bond indenture. Further, the City has assigned to the trustee all its interests in and rights to the airline use agreements under the revenue bond indenture.

Of the Airport System Revenue Bonds issued in 1990, \$15,276,000 were issued in the form of Capital Appreciation Bonds. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Bonds is payable only as a component of their appreciated principal amount at maturity or redemption. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Bonds is compounded semiannually on each interest payment date beginning July 1990. As of December 31, 2000, the Department of Port Control has recorded a liability in the amount of \$17,058,000 for compounded interest payable on the Capital Appreciation Bonds.

*Airport Surplus Revenue Notes*: In June 1999, the Department of Port Control issued \$40,000,000 of Airport Surplus Revenue Notes, Series 1999. These are two year notes which will mature in June 2001. The proceeds of the Notes were used to pay a portion of the cost of acquiring real property for future airport expansion, to pay all of the interest on the Series 1999 Notes, to reimburse the Surplus Fund of the Airport for a portion of the payment made to acquire real property and to pay the costs of issuance. The Series 1999 Notes are special obligations of the City and do not constitute general obligations or a pledge of the faith, credit or taxing power of the City.

**Public Power System Revenue Bonds:** These bonds are payable from the net revenues derived from the public power system, and are secured by a pledge of and lien on such net revenues plus a first mortgage lien upon all property of the public power system, including any improvements, additions, replacements and extensions thereto.

*Waterworks Improvement Revenue Bonds:* These bonds are payable from the revenues derived from operations of the waterworks system after the payment of all operating and maintenance expenses (net revenue) and are secured by a pledge of and lien on such net revenues plus a first mortgage lien upon all property of the waterworks system, including any improvements, additions, replacements and extensions thereto.

*Ohio Water Development Authority Loans*: These loans are payable from net revenues derived from the waterworks and water pollution control systems. These obligations do not have a lien on revenues of the Water or Water Pollution Control Divisions.

*Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds*: These bonds are payable from net revenues generated from certain parking facilities and other operating revenues of the Division of Municipal Parking Lots, including parking meter revenue. In addition, the City has pledged other non-tax revenue to meet debt service requirements. The City has pledged and assigned to the Trustee a first lien on pledged revenues consisting of fines and penalties collected as a result of the violation of municipal parking ordinances and fines, waivers and costs relating to citations for misdemeanor offenses and the special funds as defined within the bond indenture (see Note P).

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

**Debt Covenants:** The Enterprise Funds' related indentures have certain restrictive covenants and principally require that bond reserve funds be maintained and changes for fees to customers be in sufficient amounts, as defined to satisfy the obligations under the indenture agreements. In addition, special provisions exist regarding covenant violations, redemption of principal and maintenance of properties in good condition.

During 1999, contrary to the above covenants, funds from the Division of Water, "Water Improvement Fund", the Department of Port Control's airport funds, and Cleveland Public Power funds were transfered into the General Fund. During 2000, the City repaid the Water Improvement Fund, the Department of Port Control's airport funds, and the Cleveland Public Power funds the amounts that were transfered plus interest from the General Fund.

### **Defeasance of Debt**

The City has defeased certain debt by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

The aggregate amount of defeased debt outstanding at December 31, 2000 is as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>			
	(Amounts in 000's)			
Voted Tax Supported General Obligations:				
	\$80			
Unvoted Tax Supported General Obligations:	\$60			
1988	\$9,130			
1990	17,195			
1991	32,135			
1992	16,320			
1994	25,465			
Waterworks Improvement Bonds:				
Series F, 1992	\$180,120			
Series H, 1996	102,340			
Public Power System Bonds:				
Series 1991	\$12,170			
Series 1994	131,440			
Parking Facilities Bonds:				
Series 1992	\$65,270			
Airport System Revenue Bonds:				
Series 1994B	\$7,950			

### **Airport Special Facilities Revenue Bonds**

Airport Special Revenue Bonds, Series 1990, totaling \$76,320,000 were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of terminal, hanger and other support facilities leased to Continental Airlines at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. These bonds were refunded in 1999 by the issuance of Airport Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1999, totaling \$71,440,000. Airport Special Revenue Bonds, Series 1998, totaling \$75,120,000 were issued in 1998 to finance the design and construction of certain airport facilities leased to Continental Airlines, including a new regional jet concourse. Because principal and interest on these bonds is unconditionally guaranteed by Continental Airlines and paid directly by Continental Airlines, these bonds do not constitute a debt, liability or general obligation of the City or a pledge of the City's revenues. As such, no liabilities relating to these bonds are included in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE E - DEFERRED PAYMENT OBLIGATION / I-X CENTER

In January 1999, the City purchased the International Exposition ("I-X") Center and the land on and around it for \$66.5 million as part of its master plan to expand Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. As part of the purchase agreement, the City leased the building back to the former owner for 15 years, after which the City plans on tearing the building down to make way for a new runway. Of the \$66.5 million purchase price, \$36.5 million was paid in cash in 1999. The remaining \$30.0 million, including interest at 7.75%, is being deferred by the seller and will be offset by future lease payments owed to the City over the 15 year lease period. The future lease payments are equal to the remaining purchase price plus interest at 7.75%, and as such, no cash will be exchanged between the City and the lessee over the term of the lease. The deferred payment is reported as "Deferred Payment Obligation" in the accompanying balance sheet.

In the event that either a similar facility is developed that exceeds a specified size, or there is an expansion of an existing facility that exceeds a specified size within the municipal boundary of the City of Cleveland, the lessee has the right to terminate the lease. Such termination would require the City to pay the lessee the remaining portion of the deferred purchase price. Subsequent to the agreement, the City of Brook Park (the city in which the I-X Center is located) officially announced its intention to acquire the I-X Center through an eminent domain court case. In connection with the proceedings, the City and other defendants filed various counterclaims against Brook Park, of which all counterclaims have been dismissed by the Probate Court. The Probate Court found that Brook Park's alleged public purpose of economic development and of establishing a municipally owned convention center and exhibition hall are valid and proper public purposes. A preliminary hearing on the Petition for Appropriation began on September 11, 2000, and testimony was concluded on October 2, 2000. The parties submitted proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and closing arguments were presented on November 9, 2000.

On November 28, 2000, the Probate Court issued its decision dismissing Brook Park's Petition for Appropriation and finding in part that Brook Park did not have the authority to take the I-X Property by eminent domain. The Probate Court's decision recognizes that the City had a prior public use of the I-X Property for both current airport uses and for future airport uses, which were reasonably likely to occur. Brook Park appealed the Probate Court's ruling.

On February 6, 2001, the Mayors of the City of Cleveland and the City of Brook Park announced a preliminary agreement (the "I-X Property Agreement") designed to end the appeal by Brook Park of the Probate Court's decision. The I-X Property Agreement, which allocates various tax revenues and other monetary compensation to Brook Park, shifts the geographical borders of (i) the City of Cleveland to include the I-X Property and 90 acres of land south of the I-X Property, and (ii) the City of Brook Park to include the NASA Glenn / Research Center and 45 acres of land near the Airport. The I-X Property Agreement must be approved by the City Councils of Cleveland and Brook Park. *The City gives no assurance regarding whether the I-X Property Agreement as announced will be approved by the City Councils of Cleveland and Brook Park and consummated by their respective cities.* 

	Deferred Payment Obligation			Future
	Principal	Interest	Total	Minimum Rentals
		(Amounts in (	000's)	
2001	\$1,278	\$2,111	\$3,389	\$3,389
2002	1,381	2,008	3,389	3,389
2003	1,492	1,897	3,389	3,389
2004	1,612	1,777	3,389	3,389
2005	1,741	1,648	3,389	3,389
Thereafter	20,306	7,083	27,389	27,389
	\$27,810	\$16,524	\$44,334	\$44,334

Minimum principal and interest payments due by the City on the deferred payment obligation and future minimum lease rentals due to the City under this lease for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

### NOTE E - DEFERRED PAYMENT OBLIGATION / I-X CENTER- Continued

Rental income recognized by the City under this agreement totaled \$3,388,000 in 2000, of which \$2,205,515 was offset against interest expenses and \$1,183,078 was offset against the principal balance of the deferred payment obligation.

### NOTE F -ACCUMULATED DEFICITS, SUBSIDIES AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE

At December 31, 2000, the following enterprise funds had accumulated deficits:

	Accumulated	Contributed	Total
Fund Name	Deficit	Capital	Fund Equity
	(A	mounts in 000	s)
Convention Center	(\$49,808)	\$65,443	\$15,635
West Side Market	(1,144)	6,597	5,453
Municipal Parking Lots	(2,436)	21,079	18,643
East Side Market	(324)	2,943	2,619

The above deficits arise principally from the depreciation of fixed assets funded by grants recorded as contributed capital.

As of December 31, 2000, the following internal service funds have accumulated deficits which are subsidized by the general fund:

Fund Name	Su	Total bsidies unt in 000's)
Information System Services Telephone Exchange City Storeroom and Warehouse	\$ \$ \$	1,478 69 13
Sinking Fund	\$	366

The General Fund is required to subsidize an Internal Service Fund that shows a loss in any fiscal year.

The City did not obtain prior certification for all commitments as required by Ohio Revised Code. The City did not file their approved appropriation measure with the County Budget Commission by the date required by Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE G - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City does not carry commercial insurance for such risks, except for certain proprietary funds and the new football stadium (see Note H). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Governmental fund type liabilities are recorded in the general fund if amounts are payable with available expendable financial resources. Amounts not currently payable are reported in the general long-term debt account group. As of December 31, 2000, the total of such liabilities for governmental fund type liabilities are recorded in the general long-term debt account group. Proprietary fund type liabilities are recorded in their respective fund. As of December 31, 2000, the total amount of proprietary fund type liabilities was approximately \$1,026,000 and is included within accounts payable.

Changes in the estimated claims payable for all funds during the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2000	1999
Estimated Claims payable, January 1	\$4,304,000	\$3,855,000
Current year claims and changes in estimates	5,715,550	2,946,000
Claim payments	(6,599,550)	(2,497,000)
Estimated Claims payable, December 31	\$3,420,000	\$4,304,000

In addition to the above stated claims payable, the City paid \$781,000 of claims during the available period.

The estimated claims liability was based on the estimated cost of settling claims (including incremental claim adjustment expenses) through a case-by-case review of all outstanding claims and by using historical experience. The estimates do not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

*Insurance*: Certain proprietary funds carry insurance to cover certain liability risks and property protection. Otherwise, the City is generally self-insured. No material losses, including incurred but not reported losses, occurred in 2000. The City reported no significant decrease in any insurance coverages in 2000. In addition, the City reported no amounts of insurance settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

The City provides the choice of six separate health insurance plans for its employees. These plans are provided by four different insurers through commercial insurance. Operating funds are charged a monthly rate per employee, by type of coverage. The City participates in the State of Ohio Workers' Compensation program.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

#### **NOTE H - COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENCIES**

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, those claims which are considered "probable" are accrued, while those claims which are considered "reasonably possible" are disclosed but not accrued. The potential losses resulting from all claims which are reasonably possible, excluding condemnation proceedings, is approximately \$15,890,000 as of December 31, 2000. In addition, probable claims totaling approximately \$3,420,000 have been accrued for. These estimates were based on a case-by-case review of outstanding claims by the City's in-house legal department.

*Cleveland Browns Stadium*: In March 1996, the City of Cleveland and the National Football League (NFL) reached a settlement in litigation relating to the relocation of the Cleveland Browns football team. The settlement obligated the NFL to provide an NFL franchise to play in Cleveland for the 1999 NFL season. In return, the City pledged to build a new stadium in downtown Cleveland for the play of professional football.

The City financed construction of the new stadium primarily through borrowings, contributions from the new owner of the Cleveland Browns, and grants from the State of Ohio. As of December 31, 2000, outstanding debt borrowed by the City to construct the new stadium totaled approximately \$166 million. Such debt is being funded by the following revenue sources: an 8% off-street parking tax; an increase in admissions tax from 6% to 8%; and, an increase in the motor vehicle leasing transaction tax from \$4 to \$6 per transaction. In addition, voters of Cuyahoga County approved an extension of the existing County-wide tax on alcohol and cigarettes from August 1, 2005 through July 31, 2015. In 1998, the Cleveland Browns further agreed to pay 50% of any additional costs to build the new stadium in excess of \$283 million, up to \$5 million.

In August 1999, construction of the Stadium was completed. Total costs paid or accrued by the City as of December 31, 2000 for construction of the new stadium under all approved contracts amounted to approximately \$283.5 million. Outstanding change orders submitted by stadium contractors through June 2000 would bring the total to approximately \$308.5 million. Of the over runs, \$2 million has been accrued for and the other \$26.8 million has not been accured for in these financial statements. This is due to the fact that the City is in the process of negotiating these over-runs with the contractors and the amount is subject to change. Additionally, as discussed above, part of the over-runs will be funded by the Cleveland Browns.

The asset related to the Stadium is recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and the related debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. The activity related to the construction of the new stadium is reflected within the Cleveland Stadium Construction subfund of the Capital Projects fund.

*Stadium Team Lease*: The City and the Cleveland Browns have entered into a 30-year lease agreement for the new stadium beginning in 1999. Under the terms of the lease, the Cleveland Browns are required to pay the City an annual rent of \$250,000. In return, the Cleveland Browns receive all revenues from the operation of the stadium and pay all expenses, except for real property taxes and insurance, which are the responsibilities of the City of Cleveland. The City is in the process of requesting a property tax abatement for the new stadium. Additionally, the City is required to fund certain capital repairs as described in the lease agreement.

*Contingencies Under Grant Programs*: The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs, principal of which are Community Development Block Grant, Job Training Partnership Act Grant, the Urban Development Action Grants, the Healthy Start Initiative, Federal HOME Program and FAA Airport Improvement Grant Programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. As of December 31, 2000, the audits of certain programs have not been completed. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The City believes that disallowed costs, if any, would not be material.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE I - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City maintains enterprise funds which provide water, sewer (Water Pollution Control), light and power service (Cleveland Public Power), airport (Port Control), cemetery, convention center, golf courses, municipal parking and public market facilities. Segment information for the year ended December 31, 2000 for the enterprise funds is summarized as follows:

		Water Pollution	Cleveland Public	Port	Convention	West Side
-	Water	Control	Power	Control	Center	Market
	(Amounts in 000's)					
Total operating revenue	\$199,223	\$18,021	\$108,127	\$86,653	\$2,720	\$953
Operating revenue from						
other city divisions	4,312	214	26,025	40		
Depreciation and						
amortization expense	26,515	3,905	14,885	23,103	2,303	174
Operating income (loss)	67,861	801	14,378	16,210	(2,721)	(218)
Operating transfers (out) in, net					(1,152)	
Net income (loss)	66,307	2,730	6,416	9,093	1,107	(202)
Current capital and grant contributions		270		8,425		2,243
Restricted assets	281,268		22,339	236,499		
Fixed assets additions	31,578	2,293	11,593	46,170	2,292	
Fixed assets disposals	5,594	714	1,583	6,059		
Net working capital	178,959	26,104	45,948	9,439	1,851	571
Total assets	1,376,425	132,539	392,691	811,964	21,462	5,672
Revenue bonds, notes, and loans payable	679,863		233,954	404,413		
Payables from restricted assets	3,603	324	560	7,036	3	
Other long-term liabilities				27,810		
Total fund equity	653,747	80,603	140,177	330,382	15,635	5,453

		Municipal			
	East Side Parking		Golf		
	Market	Lots	Cemeteries	Courses	Total
	(Amounts in 000's)				
Total operating revenue	\$57	\$7,713	\$1,452	\$1,967	\$426,886
Operating revenue from					
other city divisions		537			31,128
Depreciation and					
amortization expense	122	1,696	124	135	72,962
Operating income (loss)	(117)	4,467	(924)	40	99,777
Operating transfers (out) in, net					(1,152)
Net income (loss)	(112)	368	(669)	98	85,136
Current capital and grant contributions			16		10,954
Restricted assets		16,492	5,636		562,234
Fixed assets additions			15	324	94,265
Fixed assets disposals					13,950
Net working capital	287	(649)	97	1,952	264,559
Total assets	2,623	89,789	10,243	4,798	2,848,206
Revenue bonds, notes, and loans payable		69,291			1,387,521
Payables from restricted assets		17			11,543
Other long-term liabilities					27,810
Total fund equity	2,619	18,643	9,922	4,649	1,261,830

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

#### NOTE J - DUE TO AND DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS

Due to and Due from other funds as of December 31, 2000 are as follows:

	Due From			
	(Amount in 0	00's)		
GENERAL FUND	\$44,038	\$8,699		
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS:				
Division of Streets	0	244		
Restricted Income Tax	23,223	373		
Rainy Day Reserve Fund	0	8,792		
Community Development Block Grants	875	6,112		
Community Development Funds	0	4,477		
Economic Development Funds	0	50		
Home Weatherization Grants	0	2,125		
Air Pollution Control Grants	7	356		
Jobs Training Partnership Act Grants	19	0		
W.I.A.	315	2,149		
Rental Car Transportation Fees	91	0		
General Government Funds	1,639	2,372		
Public Safety Funds	4	1,673		
Public Health Funds	9	1,969		
Public Service Grants	61	166		
Parks, Recreation and Properties Grants	36	1,078		
Neighborhood Development	0	457		
Supplemental Empowerment Zone	0	12,991		
	26,279	45,384		
DEBT SERVICE FUNDS:				
Unvoted Tax Supported Obligations Fund	4,392	0		
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS:				
Capital/Urban Renewal Bond Construction	111	1,191		
Grant Improvement	0	6,842		
Capital Improvement	2,060	0		
Cleveland Stadium Construction	2,000	75		
	4,171	8,108		
ENTERPRISE FUNDS:				
Division of Water	5,675	1,060		
Division of Water Pollution Control	957	4,177		
Division of Cleveland Public Power	1,486	656		
Department of Port Control	1,313	2,361		
Convention Center	119	4,695		
West Side Market	0	15		
Municipal Parking Lots	387	12		
Cemeteries	0	12		
Golf Courses	0	51		
	9,937	13,039		
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS:				
Information Systems Services	1,590	1,005		
Motor Vehicle Maintenance	1,200	67		
Printing and Reproduction	65	1		
City Storeroom and Warehouse	13	0		
Utilities Administration	0	2		
Office of Radio Communications	131	111		
Municipal Income Tax Administration	204	741		
Telephone Exchange	1,529	457		
AGENCY FUNDS:	4,732	2,384		
Municipal Courts	0	4,248		
Central Collection Agency	0	11,687		
contrait concertion regency	0	15,935		
	\$93,549	\$93,549		
50	\$73,5 <del>4</del> 7	φ,σ,σ,τ,σ		

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

#### NOTE K - INCOME TAXES

During 2000, the City income tax rate remained at 2% and the credit provided to City residents for income taxes paid to other municipalities remained at 50%. A portion of the City income tax is restricted in its use to capital expenditures and debt service and is included in the Special Revenue Funds. All other income tax proceeds are included in the General Fund.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income taxes on employee compensation and remit withholdings to the City at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

#### NOTE L - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the City. The 2000 levy was based upon an assessed valuation of approximately \$6.065 billion. Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 10 mills of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is 4.4 mills, of which 4.35 mills is dedicated to debt service and .05 mills is dedicated to the payment of police and fire pension obligations. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every six years, with a statistical update every third year. Assessed values are established by the Cuyahoga County (County) Auditor. The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the City.

Real property taxes, excluding public utility property, are all assessed at 35% of appraised market value. Pertinent real property tax dates are:

- Collection Dates January 20 and June 20 of the current year
- Lien Date January 1 of the year preceding the collection year
- Levy Date October 1 of the year preceding the collection year

Tangible personal property taxes are based on assessed values determined at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of the current calendar year. For the collection year 2000, the percentage used to determine taxable value of personal property and inventory was 25%. Pertinent tangible personal property tax dates are:

- Collection Dates April 30 and September 30 of the current year
- Listing Date January 1 of the current year
- Levy Date October 1 of the year preceding the collection year

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at 100% of its true value except for rural electric companies (50%) and railroads (25%). Pertinent public utility tangible personal property tax dates are:

- Collection Dates January 20 and June 20 of the current year
- Lien Date December 31 of the second year preceding the collection year
- Levy Date October 1 of the year preceding the collection year

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

#### NOTE M - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

All full-time employees, other than non-administrative full-time police officers and firefighters, participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund-pension obligations. For calendar year 2000, PERS instituted a temporary employer rate rollback for state and local governments. The 2000 employer pension contribution rate for the City was 6.54 percent of covered payroll, reduced from 9.35 percent in 1999. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The City's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$25,503,358, \$29,609,000, and \$28,600,000, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2000, 1999, and 1998.

#### **B. OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND**

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the OP&F's Board of Trustees. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and by Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Police and firefighters are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations and the City is required to contribute 12.25 percent for police and 16.75 percent for firefighters. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The City's contributions to the OP&F for police and firefighters were \$18,333,527 and \$11,943,540 for the year ended December 31, 2000, \$19,101,885 and \$12,153,795 for the year ended December 31, 1999, \$14,944,227 and \$9,656,773 for the year ended December 31, 1998. The full amount has been contributed for 2000, 1999, and 1998.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

### NOTE N - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2000 employer contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2000. For 1999, the contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.20 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 1999, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The number of active contributing participants was 401,339. The City's actual contributions for 2000 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$9,881,374. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 1999 (the latest information available) were \$10,805.5 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$12,473.6 million and \$1,668.1 million, respectively.

For 2000, PERS elected to return to an acturially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodology. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

#### **B. OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND**

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) provides postretirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides the authority allowing the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's board of trustees to provide health care coverage and states that health care costs paid from the Oho Police and Fire Pension Fund shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. The total police employer contribution is 19.5 percent of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24 percent of covered payroll, of which 7.25 percent of covered payroll was applied to the postemployment health care program during 2000. For 1999 the percent used to fund healthcare was 7 percent. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment.

The City's actual contributions for 2000 that were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$6,816,311 for police and \$3,483,532 for fire. The OP&F's total health care expenses for the year ended December 31, 1999, (the latest information available) were \$95,004,633, which was net of member contributions of \$5,518,098. The number of OP&F participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 1999, was 12,467 for police and 9,807 for firefighters.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

### NOTE O - GENERAL FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	Balance January 1,				Balance December 31,	
-	2000	Additions	(Deductions)	Transfers	2000	
	(Amount in 000's)					
Land	\$37,070			\$170	\$37,240	
Land Improvements	54,006			199	54,205	
Buildings, structures and improvements	489,325			14,431	503,756	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	83,734	\$7,402	(\$3,694)		87,442	
Construction in progress	32,200	19,509		(14,800)	36,909	
Total	\$696,335	\$26,911	(\$3,694)	\$0	\$719,552	

At December 31, 2000, general fixed assets include \$4,943,000 of equipment under capitalized leases and \$26,625,000 of equipment acquired through certificates of participation financing.

Construction in progress is composed of the following at December 31, 2000:

	Project Expended to		
-	Authorization	December 31, 2000	Committed
General Government	\$10,193	\$2,223	\$7,970
Dog Pound	54	41	13
Health	423	249	174
Police	16,195	15,702	493
Fire	2,323	1,488	835
Park Maintenance and Properties	21,469	15,473	5,996
Recreation	2,056	1,733	323
Total	\$52,713	\$36,909	\$15,804

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

#### NOTE P - GATEWAY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

The City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County and Gateway Economic Development Corporation of Greater Cleveland (Gateway) entered into a three party agreement whereby Gateway was authorized to construct, own and provide for the operation of a professional sports facility, which includes a baseball stadium, an arena, and a joint development site. Gateway was incorporated on May 31, 1990 and is a governmental not-for-profit corporation legally separate from any other entity. In 1990, voters in Cuyahoga County agreed to levy an excise tax for the purpose of constructing such professional sports facility. The sports facility for the Cleveland Indians (Jacobs Field) opened in April 1994. The multi-functional arena (Gund Arena) opened in October 1994.

The bonds that were issued to construct the sports facilities described above are not a debt or liability of the City of Cleveland. To enhance the security of the bonds, the City has agreed to pledge annually 50% of admissions taxes on Cleveland Cavaliers games held at the arena to pay debt service if other revenue sources are not sufficient. Any exempted admissions tax not required for debt service will be reimbursed to the City. The City's current admissions tax rate is 8%. For the year ended December 31, 2000, the City pledged \$1,851,486.

In 1992, the Division of Municipal Parking Lots (Division) issued \$71,000,000 of Parking Facilities Improvement Revenue Bonds to finance the construction of three parking facilities including two which will directly service the sports facilities. In 1996, the Division issued \$81,105,000 of Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1996 to advance refund these bonds. Debt service is covered by net revenues from the new parking facilities and other operating revenues of the Division, including all parking meter revenue. In addition, the City has pledged all amounts received by the General Fund for parking violations, waivers and criminal fines to the extent needed for the payment of debt service on the bonds. The first garage on the Gateway site was completed in January 1994. The second garage was completed in August 1994. The third parking facility, Willard Park Garage, was completed in April 1996.

In accordance with an agreement with Gateway, Gateway is required to reimburse the City for the excess of the debt service requirements of the Parking Facility Improvement Revenue Bonds attributed to the two Gateway garages over the net revenues generated by the two Gateway garages. In 2000, net revenues generated by the two Gateway garages were less than the debt service payments attributed to those garages by \$2,189,000. Cumulative debt service payments funded by the City that are due from Gateway total \$16,868,000 at December 31, 2000. Due to the uncertainty of collecting such amounts, an allowance has been recorded to offset the amounts in full.

#### NOTE Q - CHANGES IN CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL

During the year ended December 31, 2000, the following Proprietary funds had changes in contributed capital:

	Water Pollution Control	Port Control	Cemeteries	West Side Market	Motor Vehicle Maintenance
Contributed capital, January 1	\$43,329	\$170,738	\$5,694	\$4,354	\$2,364
Additions	270	8,425	16	2,243	42
Contributed capital, December 31	\$43,599	\$179,163	\$5,710	\$6,597	\$2,406

#### NOTE R - AEP REFUND PER FERC RULING

On January 12, 2000, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) granted American Electric Power Services (AEP) permission to issue an interim refund for amounts collected in excess of a load ratio share of annual revenue requirements. This resulted in a refund to Cleveland Public Power in the amount of \$2,864,000 which included interest of \$779,000.

#### NOTE S - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Effective February 2001, the Department of Port Control issued \$573,190,000 of Airport System Revenue Bonds, Series 2000A-C. The proceeds will be used to pay a portion of the costs of improvements to the Airport System, including the construction of a new runway; to fund capitalized interest on the Series 2000 Bonds, to make the required deposits to the bond service reserve fund, to the Renewal and Replacement fund, and to pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2000 bonds. The Series C bonds in the total amount of \$149,000,000 were issued as varible rate bonds.

On June 15, 2001, the City of Cleveland issued the Series 2001 Taxable Airport Surplus Revenue Notes for \$44,950,000. These notes were issued to pay off the Series 1999 Taxable Airport Surplus Revenue Notes, which matured on June 15, 2001. The Series 2001 Taxable Airport Surplus Revenue Notes are due June 1, 2003.

#### NOTE T - RESTATED FUND BALANCE

Special Revenue fund balances at December 31, 1999 were restated by \$165,002,000 from \$103,060,000 to \$268,062,000 due to an overstatement of deferred revenue for loans receivable. The restatement increases the excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses from \$6,908,000 to \$13,763,000.

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO GENERAL FUND

## **COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

THE GENERAL FUND IS ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR ALL FINANCIAL RESOURCES EXCEPT FOR THOSE REQUIRED TO BE ACCOUNTED FOR IN ANOTHER FUND

## BALANCE SHEET-GENERAL FUND

		31,		
		2000		1999
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,925	\$	7,322
Receivables:				
Taxes		85,829		38,832
Accounts		10,859		11,828
Accrued interest		647		1,005
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		(2,000)		(2,000)
		95,335		49,665
Due from other funds		44,038		52,997
Due from other governments		14,012		54,327
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	166,310	\$	164,311
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	5,204	\$	4,499
Estimated claims payable	Ψ	781	Ψ	1,199
Deferred revenue		52,077		39,374
Due to other funds		8,699		9,617
Due to other governments		221		225
Accrued wages and benefits		41,869		20,272
TOTAL LIABILITIES		108,851		73,987
FUND BALANCE				
Reserve for encumbrances		9,144		8,302
Reserve for rainy day reserve fund		8,792		6,031
Unreserved:				
Undesignated		39,523		75,991
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		57,459		90,324
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCE	\$	166,310	\$	164,311

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES

#### IN FUND BALANCE-GENERAL FUND

		ember 31, 1999	
REVENUES			
Income taxes	\$	258,255 \$	253,403
Property taxes		41,806	46,195
State local government fund		60,015	59,413
Other shared revenues		32,252	31,722
Licenses and permits		9,155	8,984
Charges for services		16,685	15,599
Fines and forfeits		20,990	19,070
Investment earnings		1,938	2,980
Miscellaneous		13,690	10,055
TOTAL REVENUES		454,786	447,421
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government		55,559	47,543
Public service		35,804	29,345
Public safety		274,864	242,977
Community development		13,654	6,059
Public health		12,507	10,728
Parks, recreation and properties		38,624	33,502
Economic development		1,068	1,079
Other		18,306	14,458
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		450,386	385,691
EXCESS OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES		4,400	61,730
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Operating transfers out		(37,265)	(26,249)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		(37,265)	(26,249)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)			
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		(32,865)	35,481
Fund balance at beginning of year		90,324	54,843
Fund balance at end of year	\$	57,459 \$	90,324

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	General Fund							
	Original Revised Budget Budget Actual						Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES		0		0				,
Income taxes	\$ 25	51,993	\$	269,901	\$	268,786	\$	(1,115)
Property taxes	4	3,998		43,997		45,131		1,134
State local government fund	5	57,815		57,815		59,488		1,673
Other shared revenues		30,177		30,177		32,871		2,694
Licenses and permits		8,647		8,647		9,339		692
Charges for services	1	4,527		14,527		16,177		1,650
Fines and forfeits		6,145		16,145		17,843		1,698
Investment earnings				3,283		2,526		(757)
Miscellaneous	2	26,289		26,739		24,447		(2,292)
TOTAL REVENUES		9,591		471,231		476,608		5,377
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government								
Council and clerk of council								
Personnel		3,000		3,000		2,733		267
Other		2,111		2,111		1,967		144
Total council and clerk of council		5,111		5,111		4,700		411
Office of the Mayor								
Personnel		1,369		1,369		1,363		6
Other		249		249		248		1
Total office of the Mayor		1,618		1,618		1,611		7
Office of personnel								
Personnel		1,177		1,177		1,123		54
Other		493		612		515		97
Total office of personnel		1,670		1,789		1,638		151
Landmarks commission								
Personnel		97		97		95		2
Other		7		7		6		1
Total landmarks commission		104		104		101		3
Board of building standards and appeals								
Personnel		82		82		72		10
Other		7		19		17		2
Total board of building standards and appeals		89		101		89		12
Fair campaign finance commission								
Other		10		10				10
Other		10		10				10

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

				Genera	al Fı	und			
		riginal udget		Revised Budget		Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Board of zoning appeals	¢	220	¢	220	¢	222	¢	<i>.</i>	
Personnel	\$	238	\$	238	\$	232	\$	6	
Other		13		29		19		10	
Total board of zoning appeals		251		267		251		16	
Civil service commission									
Personnel		647		647		621		26	
Other		579		579		369		210	
Total civil service commission		1,226		1,226		990		236	
Community relations board									
Personnel		900		858		768		90	
Other		46		88		80		8	
Total community relations board		946		946		848		98	
City planning commission									
Personnel		1,254		1,264		1,264			
Other		51		86		64		22	
Total city planning commission		1,305		1,350		1,328		22	
Boxing and wrestling commission									
Personnel		9		9		1		8	
Total boxing and wrestling commission		9		9		1		8	
Office of equal opportunity									
Personnel		559		509		465		44	
Other		45		48		44		4	
Total office of equal opportunity		604		557		509		48	
Board of examiners of plumbers and electricians									
Personnel		96		96		75		21	
Other		3		3		3		21	
Total board of examiners of plumbers and electricians		99		99		78		21	
Municipal court-judicial division									
Personnel		12,968		12,958		12,825		133	
Other		1,771		12,938		12,823		53	
Total municipal court-judicial division		14,739		14,739		14,553		186	
Municipal court-housing division									
Personnel		2,051		2,016		1,843		173	
Other		2,031 94		129		1,843 94		35	
						1,937		208	
Total municipal court-housing division		2,145		2,145		1,937		208	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	General Fund							
		riginal Budget		evised udget		Actual	Variano Favoral (Unfavora	ble
Municipal court-clerks division		0		0			<u>`</u>	,
Personnel	\$	6,284	\$	6,034	\$	5,749	\$	285
Other		1,901		2,151		2,110		41
Total municipal court-clerks division		8,185		8,185		7,859		326
Office of budget and management								
Personnel		627		627		621		6
Other		41		41		40		1
Total office of budget and management		668		668		661		7
Department of aging								
Personnel		230		230		206		24
Other		64		64		63		1
Total department of aging		294		294		269		25
Department of law								
Personnel		6,295		4,795		4,795		
Other		2,413		8,013		7,952		61
Total department of law		8,708		12,808		12,747		61
Division of harbors								
Personnel		55		55				55 55
Total division of harbors		55		55				55
Finance administration								
Personnel		352		352		345		7
Other		33		33		33		
Fotal finance administration		385		385		378		7
Division of accounts								
Personnel		821		881		877		4
Other		403		608		511		97
Fotal division of accounts		1,224		1,489		1,388		101
Division of assessments and licenses								
Personnel		964		964		891		73
Other		188		188		183		5
Total division of assessments and licenses		1,152		1,152		1,074		78
Division of treasury								
Personnel		432		432		402		30
Other		72		72		68		4
Total division of treasury		504		504		470		34

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	General Fund							
		iginal ıdget	Revised Budget		Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Division of purchases and supplies								
Personnel	\$	639	\$	639	\$	466	\$	173
Other		93		93		90		3
Total division of purchases and supplies		732		732		556		176
Bureau of internal audit								
Personnel		368		498		441		57
Other		230		168		165		3
Total bureau of internal audit		598		666		606		60
Division of financial reporting and control								
Personnel		975		975		854		121
Other		433		433		426		7
Total division of financial reporting and control		1,408		1,408		1,280		128
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT		53,839		58,417		55,922		2,495
Public Service								
Public service administration								
Personnel		418		418		410		8
Other		19		19		19		
Total public service administration		437		437		429		8
Division of architecture								
Personnel		573		573		538		35
Other		33		33		33		
Total division of architecture		606		606		571		35
Division of waste collection and disposal								
Personnel		14,828		14,578		14,438		140
Other		11,973		13,223		13,160		63
Total division of waste collection and disposal		26,801		27,801		27,598		203
Division of engineering and construction								
Personnel		5,076		4,876		4,633		243
Other		530		530		349		181
Total division of engineering and construction		5,606		5,406		4,982		424
TOTAL PUBLIC SERVICE		33,450		34,250		33,580		670

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	General Fund							
	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)				
Public Safety	0	0		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Public safety administration								
Personnel	\$ 3,742	\$ 3,397	\$ 3,230	\$ 167				
Other	608	680	576	104				
Total public safety administration	4,350	4,077	3,806	271				
Division of police								
Personnel	152,607	153,338	152,335	1,003				
Other	10,217	10,757	10,662	95				
Total division of police	162,824	164,095	162,997	1,098				
Division of fire								
Personnel	69,349	70,924	70,454	470				
Other	2,964	3,309	3,289	20				
Total division of fire	72,313	74,233	73,743	490				
Division of emergency medical services								
Personnel	15,511	15,511	15,403	108				
Other	1,089	1,289	1,289					
Total division of emergency medical services	16,600	16,800	16,692	108				
Division of traffic engineering								
Personnel	2,938	2,788	2,740	48				
Other	769	919	837	82				
Total division of traffic engineering	3,707	3,707	3,577	130				
Division of dog pound								
Personnel	685	685	570	115				
Other	98	98	95	3				
Total division of dog pound	783	783	665	118				
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	260,577	263,695	261,480	2,215				
Community Development								
Division of administration services								
Personnel	1,889	1,889	1,017	872				
Other	424	424	351	73				
Total division of administration services	2,313	2,313	1,368	945				
Division of neighborhood services								
Personnel	1,150	1,150	957	193				

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	General Fund								
	-	Original Revised Budget Budget Actual						Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Division of neighborhood development				-					
Personnel	\$ 1	,668	\$	1,668	\$	824	\$	844	
Other		200		200		199		1	
Total division of neighborhood development	1	,868		1,868		1,023		845	
Division of building and housing									
Personnel	9	,952		8,360		6,935		1,425	
Other		457		2,049		2,036		13	
Total division of building and housing	10	,409		10,409		8,971		1,438	
Director's office									
Personnel		444		444		264		180	
Total director's office		444		444		264		180	
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	16	,184		16,184		12,583		3,601	
Public Health									
Public health administration									
Personnel		832		832		741		91	
Other		93		143		137		6	
Total public health administration		925		975		878		97	
Division of correction									
Personnel	4	,591		4,466		4,400		66	
Other	1,	,143		1,493		1,462		31	
Total division of correction	5.	,734		5,959		5,862		97	
Division of health									
Personnel	2.	,485		2,205		2,204		1	
Other		,268		1,268		1,244		24	
Total division of health		,753		3,473		3,448		25	
Division of environment									
Personnel	2	,215		2,100		1,924		176	
Other		298		413		353		60	
Total division of environment		,513		2,513		2,277		236	
TOTAL PUBLIC HEALTH	12	,925		12,920		12,465		455	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	General Fund						
	Original Budget		Revised Budget		Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable	
Parks, Recreation and Properties							
Parks, recreation and properties administration							
Personnel	\$ 58		\$ 588	\$	572	\$	16
Other	17		172		172		
Total parks, recreation and properties administration	76	0	760		744		16
Division of research, planning and development							
Personnel	64	1	641		624		17
Other	7	8	78		68		10
Total division of research, planning and development	71	9	719		692		27
Division of recreation							
Personnel	9,67	6	9,676		8,773		903
Other	3,01	5	3,015		3,000		15
Total division of recreation	12,69	1	12,691		11,773		918
Division of parking							
Personnel	75	1	751		650		101
Other		6	36		34		2
Total division of parking	78	7	787		684		103
Division of park maintenance and properties							
Personnel	9,50	1	9,001		8,830		171
Other	3,42		3,922		3,922		
Total division of park maintenance and properties	12,92	3	12,923		12,752		171
Division of property management							
Personnel	8,74	0	8,440		8,386		54
Other	2,25	7	2,557		2,543		14
Total division of property management	10,99	7	10,997		10,929		68
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION							
AND PROPERTIES	38,87	7	38,877		37,574		1,303

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	General Fund							
		Original Revised Budget Budget		Actual		F	ariance- avorable favorable)	
Economic Development								
Economic development administration								
Personnel	\$	1,143	\$	993	\$	968	\$	25
Other		87		87		46		41
Total economic development administration		1,230		1,080		1,014		66
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Non-departmental expenditures		1,230		1,080		1,014		66
Other		17,265		17,265		16,742		523
TOTAL NON-DEPARTMENTAL EXPENDITURES		17,265		17,265		16,742		523
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		434,347		442,688		431,360		11,328
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		15,244		28,543		45,248		16,705
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b> Operating transfers out		(39,165)		(39,465)		(39,465)		
		(39,165)		(39,465)		(39,465)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(23,921)		(10,922)		5,783		16,705
Decertification of prior year encumbrances				13,100		13,100		
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,660		3,660		3,660		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	(20,261)	\$	5,838	\$	22,543	\$	16,705

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

## **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR THE PROCEEDS OF SPECIFIC REVENUE SOURCES (OTHER THAN MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS) THAT ARE RESTRICTED BY LAW AND ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION TO EXPENDITURES FOR SPECIFIED PURPOSES

Division of Streets	To account for Motor Vehicle License Tax and Gasoline Excise Tax used for the repair and building of streets.
Restricted Income Tax	To account for one-ninth of the City's income tax collec- tions. Monies are to be used for capital improvement pur- poses and repayment of debt.
Reserve Fund	To account for revenue which is to be used during Significant periods of economic downturn, as mandated By the State of Ohio.
Rainy Day Reserve Fund	To account for revenue which is eligible to be used during significant periods of economic downturn.
Schools Recreation and Cultural Activites Fund	To account for revenue from special taxes earmarked for Cleveland Public Schools for recreation and cultural ac- tivities.
Community Development Block Grants	To account for revenue from the federal government and expenditures as prescribed under the Community Devel- opment Block Grant Program.
Community Development Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for City-wide develop- ment.
Urban Development Action Funds	To account for revenue from the federal government un- der the Urban Development Action Grant Program.
Economic Development Funds	To account for revenue earmarked to revitalize distressed cities by stimulating economic development.
Home Weatherization Grants	To account for revenue from the State of Ohioand expendi- tures as prescribed under the Home Weatherization Assis- tance Program.

Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA)	To account for revenue from the State of Ohio and
Grants	expenditures under the Job Training Partnership Act Program.
Air Pollution Control Grants	To account for revenue primarily used to reduce levels of air pollution and continue progress to- wards meeting the federal clean air standards.
Workforce Investment Act (WIA)s	To account for revenue and expenditures from the State of Ohio under the Work Force Investment Act.
General Government Funds	To account for special revenue earmarked for gen- eral government activities.
Public Service Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for the Litter Control and Recycling Program.
Public Safety Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for public safety activities.
Public Health Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for the improve- ment of public health.
Parks, Recreation, and Properties Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for maintenance, parks and recreation activities.
Judgment/Settlement Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for the payment of certain judgments.
Gateway Shared Income Tax Funds	To account for municipal income tax revenue de- rived from persons employed at the Gund Arena and Jacobs Field with 50% of the revenues shared with the other taxing districts in the City.
Neighborhood Development Investment Fund	To account for revenue earmarked for the Neighborhood Development Investment Fund.
Supplemental Empowerment Zone	To account for revenue from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Program de- signed to help rebuild specific urban communities.
Rental Car Transportation Fees	To account for revenues from vehicle rentals at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport earmarked for providing airport shuttle services

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

December 31, 2000

		vivision Streets		estricted come Tax		Reserve Fund		tainy Day Reserve Fund	R an	Schools ecreation d Cultural vities Fund	]	Total Budgeted Funds
ASSETS	¢	2 700	¢		¢	5 000	¢	0.700	¢	0.007	¢	10.466
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,700	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	8,729	\$	2,037	\$	19,466
Receivables:				5.054								5 054
Taxes		1.075		5,054								5,054
Accounts		1,075										1,075
Loans				172				(2)		10		252
Accrued interest		1,075		173 5,227				63 63		16 16		<u> </u>
		1,075		3,227				03		10		0,381
Due from other funds				23,223								23,223
Due from other governments		813		23,223								813
Inventory of supplies		469										469
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,057	\$	28,450	\$	5,000	\$	8,792	\$	2,053	\$	50,352
		- ,		- /		- ,	-	- ,		,		)
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	1,469	\$	-							\$	1,469
Deferred revenue												
Due to other funds		244		373				8,792				9,409
Due to other governments												
Accrued wages and benefits		2,575										2,575
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,288		373				8,792				13,453
FUND BALANCE												
Reserve for loans												
Reserve for inventory		469										469
Reserve for encumbrances		2,376		5,749								8,125
Reserve for rainy day reserve fund												
Reserve for reserve fund						5,000						5,000
Unreserved:												
Designated for future												
capital improvements		1,161		22,328								23,489
Undesignated		(2,237)								2,053		(184)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		1,769		28,077		5,000				2,053		36,899
TOTAL LIABILITIES												
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	6,057	\$	28,450	\$	5,000	\$	8,792	\$	2,053	\$	50,352

Dev	ommunity velopment ck Grants		ommunity evelopment Funds	Urban Development Action Funds			Economic Development Funds		Home		o Training ortnership ct (JTPA) Grants	Air Pollution Control Grants		Pollution Control			WIA Grants
\$	-	\$	3,696	\$	11,171	\$	15,770	\$	1,813	\$	3,312	\$	328	\$			
	1,713 17,695		6		63 112,189		159 5,751 163		263								
	19,408		6		112,252		6,073		263								
	875 6,224		3,562						1,355		19	\$	7 355		31: 2,64		
\$	26,507	\$	7,264	\$	123,423	\$	21,843	\$	3,431	\$	3,331	\$	690	\$	2,964		
Ŧ		-	.,	Ŧ		Ŧ		-	-,	-	-,	+		+	_,, ,		
\$	2,700	\$	677 696	\$	-	\$	260	\$	92 1,214	\$	41 3,282	\$	- 334	\$	63		
	6,112		4,477				50 2,708		2,125		5,202		356		2,14		
							9				8				18		
	8,812		5,850				3,027		3,431		3,331		690		2,964		
	17,695				112,189		3,043										
			1,414		11,234		737 15,036										
	17,695		1,414		123,423		18,816										

21,843 \$

26,507 \$

\$

123,423 \$

7,264 \$

Continued

690 \$

2,964

3,331 \$

3,431 \$

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS-Continued

December 31, 2000

					N	on-Budgeted	1			
		General wernment Funds		Public Service Funds		Public Safety Funds		Public Health Funds		Parks, Recreation, d Properties Funds
ASSETS	¢	00 ((1	¢	202	¢	7 1 1 1	¢	2 200	¢	4 502
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Taxes	\$	29,664	\$	293	\$	7,111	\$	3,309	\$	4,503
Accounts Loans		146				1		24		12
Accrued interest		158				16				
		304				17		24		12
Due from other funds		1,639		61		4		9		36
Due from other governments Inventory of supplies		688				1,010		1,191		553
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	32,295	\$	354	\$	8,142	\$	4,533	\$	5,104
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	888			\$	121	\$	415	\$	139
Deferred revenue		785	\$	33		4,252		1,629		1,767
Due to other funds		2,372		166		1,673		1,969		1,078
Due to other governments										
Accrued wages and benefits TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>38</u> 4,083		199		26 6,072		235 4,248		2,984
FUND BALANCE										
Reserve for loans										
Reserve for inventory										
Reserve for encumbrances										
Reserve for rainy day reserve fund										
Reserve for reserve fund										
Unreserved:										
Designated for future										
capital improvements		29 212		155		2 070		295		2 1 2 0
Undesignated TOTAL FUND BALANCE		28,212 28,212		155 155		2,070		285 285		2,120
		20,212		155		2,070		203		2,120
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	32,295	\$	354	\$	8,142	\$	4,533	\$	5,104

				Non-	Budg	geted			_			
Se	ldgment/ ettlement Funds	ateway Shared Income Tax Funds	D	ighborhood evelopment nvestment Fund		upplemental npowerment Zone	Rental Car ansportation Fee	Total Non- Budgeted Funds		<u>Tot</u> 2000	als	1999
\$	13	\$ 2,533	\$	21,756	\$	-	\$ 1,900	\$ 107,172	\$	126,638	\$	105,707
								-		5,054		4,854
				812			317	3,516		4,591		1,663
				21,874		19,498		177,007		177,007		169,657
				302				639		891		306
				22,988		19,498	317	181,162		187,543		176,480
							91	3,056		26,279		23,662
						19,090		36,677		37,490		30,149
										469		649
\$	13	\$ 2,533	\$	44,744	\$	38,588	\$ 2,308	\$ 328,067	\$	378,419	\$	336,647
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 612	\$ 6,315	\$	7,784	\$	10,818
						5,517		19,769		19,769		179,766
				457		12,991		35,975		45,384		36,971
						1,690		4,398		4,398		4,655
						44		545		3,120		1,377
				457		20,242	612	67,002		80,455		233,587
						1 - 000						
				21,874		17,808		172,609		172,609		640
										469		649
										8,125		4,333
										5 000		1,500
										5,000		
								737		24,226		15,225
	13	2,533		22,413		538	1,696	87,719		87,535		81,353
	13	2,533		44,287		18,346	1,696	261,065		297,964		103,060
\$	13	\$ 2,533	\$	44,744	\$	38,588	\$ 2,308	\$ 328,067	\$	378,419	\$	336,647

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES

#### IN FUND BALANCES-ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

			Bu	Idgeted		
	Division of Streets	Restricted Income Tax	Reserve Fund	Rainy Day Reserve Fund	Schools Recreation and Cultural Activities Fund	Total Budgeted Funds
REVENUES						
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ 33,259	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,259
Other shared revenues	11,374					11,374
Licenses and permits	100					100
Charges for services	1,685					1,685
Investment earnings	18	583			53	654
Grants						
Miscellaneous	5,432					5,432
TOTAL REVENUES	18,609	33,842			53	52,504
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government					2,000	2,000
Public service	27,126					27,126
Public safety						
Human resources						
Community development						
Public health						
Parks, Recreation and Properties						
Economic development						
Capital outlay		8,071				8,071
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	27,126	8,071			2,000	37,197
XCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(8,517)	25,771			(1,947)	15,307
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>						
Operating transfers in	6,536		5,000		2,000	13,536
Operating transfers out	0,000	(18,529)	2,000		2,000	(18,529)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		(10,527)				(10,52))
SOURCES (USES)	6,536	(18,529)	5,000		2,000	(4,993)
XCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						
AND OTHER USES	(1,981)	7,242	5,000		53	10,314
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated)	3,750	20,835			2,000	26,585
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,769	\$ 28,077	\$ 5,000	\$-	\$ 2,053	\$ 36,899

			Non-B	udgeted			
Community Development Block Grants	Community Development Funds	Urban Development Action Funds	Economic Development Funds	Home Weatherization Grants	Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) Grants	Air Pollution Control Grants	WIA Grants
\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-
34,531	8 3,014	- 692	821 2,064	2 1,610	5,301	18	3,170
54,551	1,925	1,768	4,509	1,010	5,501	10	5,170
34,531	4,947	2,460	7,394	1,612	5,301	18	3,170
33,304	4,139			2,028	5,301	18	3,170
		2,992	4,367				
33,304	4,139	2,992	4,367	2,028	5,301	18	3,170
1,227	808	(532)	3,027	(416)			
	500						
	500						
1,227	1,308	(532)	3,027	(416)			
	1,500		5,027	(10)			
16,468	106	123,955	15,789	416	ф.	ф.	ф.
\$ 17,695	\$ 1,414	\$ 123,423	\$ 18,816	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Continued

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES

#### IN FUND BALANCES-ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

			Non-Budgeted		
	General Government Funds	Public Service Funds	Public Safety Funds	Public Health Funds	Parks, Recreation, and Properties Funds
REVENUES					
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other shared revenues					
Licenses and permits					
Charges for services					
Investment earnings	603	13	132	2	153
Grants	699	155	3,929	9,326	817
Miscellaneous	4,176	83	705	18	1,266
TOTAL REVENUES	5,478	251	4,766	9,346	2,236
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	9,970				
Public service		768			
Public safety			4,676		
Human resources					
Community development					
Public health				9,327	
Parks, Recreation and Properties					1,317
Economic development					
Capital outlay					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,970	768	4,676	9,327	1,317
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,492)	(517)	90	19	919
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	10,500				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	10,500				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES					
AND OTHER USES	6,008	(517)	90	19	919
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated)	22,204	672	1,980	266	1,201
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 28,212	\$ 155	\$ 2,070	\$ 285	\$ 2,120

				Non-B	ıdgete	ed				_			
Sett	gment/ lement		e Tax	Neighborhood Development Investment Fund		upplemental mpowerment	Rental Car ansportation	Ві	Total Non- udgeted			tals	
F	unds	Fu	nds	Fund		Zone	Fee	]	Funds		2000		1999
\$	_	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	33,259	\$	32,544
											11,374		11,399
											100		115
											1,685		2,251
	1			1,490	)	409			3,634		4,288		3,932
				,		1,520			66,846		66,846		75,886
			623	610	5	10,263	\$ 3,045		28,997		34,429		35,860
	1		623	2,100	5	12,192	3,045		99,477		151,981		161,987
							1,868		11,838		13,838		15,933
									768		27,894		23,447
									4,676		4,676		6,183
									8,471		8,471		7,520
									39,471		39,471		44,691
									9,345		9,345		10,343
									1,317		1,317		8,236
				974	1	6,670			15,003		15,003		17,675
											8,071		11,532
				974	1	6,670	1,868		90,889		128,086		145,560
	1		623	1,132	2	5,522	1,177		8,588		23,895		16,427
									11,000		24,536 (18,529)		8,983 (18,502)
									11,000		6,007		(9,519)
	1		623	1,132	2	5,522	1,177		19,588		29,902		6,908
	12		1,910	43,155		12,824	519		241,477		268,062		96,152
\$	13	\$	2,533	\$ 44,287	7 \$	18,346	\$ 1,696	\$	261,065	\$	297,964	\$	103,060

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-

#### BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

		Divisio	n of Streets			Restricte	d Income Ta	ax
				Variance-				Variance-
	Original	Revised		Favorable	Original	Revised		Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES					* ** ***	* /		
Income taxes	*	* • • • • • • •	*		\$ 32,000	\$ 32,734	\$ 30,806	\$ (1,928)
Other shared revenues	\$ 11,300	\$ 11,300	\$ 11,011					
Licenses and permits	400	400		(400)				
Charges for services	2,000	2,000	1,784	(216)				
Miscellaneous	5,104	5,104	5,473	369			401	401
TOTAL REVENUES	18,804	18,804	18,268	(536)	32,000	32,734	31,207	(1,527)
EXPENDITURES								
Public Service								
Salaries & Benefits	14,201	13,401	13,366	35				
Other	10,523	11,923	11,578	345				
Parks, Recreation and Properties	- ,	· · ·	y- · -					
Capital outlay					20,834	25,619	25,610	9
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	24,724	25,324	24,944	380	20,834	25,619	25,610	9
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	(5.020)	(6.500)		(150)	11.1.4	<b>7</b> 117	5 507	(1.510)
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(5,920)	(6,520)	(6,676)	(156)	11,166	7,115	5,597	(1,518)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in	6,236	6,236	6,536	300				
Operating transfers out					(17,150)	(12,650)	(12,650)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						(1.8 7.0)		
SOURCES (USES)	6,236	6,236	6,536	300	(17,150)	(12,650)	(12,650)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES								
AND OTHER USES	316	(284)	(140)	144	(5,984)	(5,535)	(7,053)	(1,518)
	210	(_31)	(110)		(2,201)	(0,000)	(,,,,,,,,))	(1,010)
Decertification of prior year encumbrances		98	98					
Fund balances at beginning of year	(239)	(239)	(239)		5,534	5,534	5,534	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 77	\$ (425)	\$ (281)	\$ 144	\$ (450)	\$ (1)	\$ (1,519)	\$ (1,518)

	Rese	rve Fund				Rainy	Day H	Reserve F	und		Schools	Recreation	and Cultu	ral Activities
Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)		ginal lget	Revis Budg		Actual	Varianc Favorab (Unfavora	ole	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-											
								139		139			37	37
								139		139			37	37
											\$ 2,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ -
											2,000	4,000	4,000	
								139		139	(2,000)	(4,000)	(3,963)	37
		5,000	5,000	\$	500	\$5	500 3	\$ 1,055	\$	555	2,000	2,000	2,000	
		5,000	5,000		500	5	500	1,055	:	555	2,000	2,000	2,000	
		5,000	5,000		500	5	500	1,194		694		(2,000)	(1,963)	37
		5,000	5,000		500		,00	1,174				(2,000)	(1,703)	57
					,531	7,5		7,531			2,000	2,000	2,000	
\$ -	\$-	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$8	3,031	\$ 8,0	)31 3	\$ 8,725	\$	694	\$ 2,000	\$ -	\$ 37	\$ 37

Continued

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

		Tota	als			
	Driginal Budget	Revised Budget		Actual	Varian Favora (Unfavoi	able
REVENUES	0	8				<i>,</i>
Income taxes	\$ 32,000	\$ 32,734	\$	30,806	\$ (1	1,928)
Other shared revenues	\$ 11,300	\$ 11,300	\$	11,011		(289)
Licenses and permits	\$ 400	\$ 400	\$	-		(400)
Charges for services	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$	1,784		(216)
Miscellaneous	\$ 5,104	\$ 5,104	\$	6,050		946
TOTAL REVENUES	 50,804	51,538		49,651	(1	1,887)
EXPENDITURES						
Public Service						
Salaries & Benefits	\$ 14,201	\$ 13,401	\$	13,366		35
Other	\$ 10,523	\$ 11,923	\$	11,578		345
Parks, Recreation and Properties	\$ 2,000	\$ 4,000	\$	4,000		
Capital outlay	\$ 20,834	\$ 25,619	\$	25,610		9
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 47,558	54,943		54,554		389
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,246	(3,405)		(4,903)	(1	1,498)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in	\$ 8,736	\$ 8,736	\$	14,591	4	5,855
Operating transfers out	\$ (17,150)	\$ (12,650)	\$	(12,650)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(8.414)	(3,914)		1.941		5.855
Sources (CSES)	 (0,+1+)	(3,714)		1,741		,055
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1	(2.04.2)		(0.0		
AND OTHER USES	(5,168)	(7,319)		(2,962)	2	4,357
Decertification of prior year encumbrances		\$ 98	\$	98		
Fund balances at beginning of year	 14,826	14,826	\$	14,826		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 9,658	\$ 7,605	\$	11,962	\$ 4	4,357

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

## **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR THE ACCUMULATION OF RESOURCES FOR THE PAYMENT OF DEBT REPORTED IN THE GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATION ACCOUNT GROUP AND PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST OF CERTAIN PROPRIETARY FUNDS' GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

Unvoted Tax Supported Obligations Fund	To account for the accumulation of resources for the pay- ment of general obligation bonds of the City not requiring a vote of the electors, other than self-supporting obliga- tions, payable from ad valorem property taxes levied within the limitations provided by law.
Stadium Bond Fund	The account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of the stadium certificates of participation from pledged city taxes.
Subordinated Income Tax Fund	To account for the accumulation of resources for the pay- ment of subordinated income tax variable rate refunding bonds payable from pledged income taxes.
Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund	The account is to be maintained at an amount equal to the maximum bond service charges required to be paid in any of the subsequent six month period.
Urban Renewal Fund	To account for the accumulation of resources for the pay- ment of tax increment urban renewal bonds payable from deposits made in lieu of taxes.
Urban Renewal Reserve Fund	The account is to be maintained at an amount equal to one year's maximum annual debt service on certain Urban Re- newal Bonds and can be used to cover any debt insuffi- ciency payable from certain urban renewal bonds.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2000

	Budgeted											
	Unvoted Tax Supported Obligations Fund			Stadium Bond Fund	~	ıbordinated ncome Tax Fund	Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund					
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,509	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Investments at market		17		2		958		4,776				
Taxes Receivable		31,986										
Accrued interest		6						20				
Due from other funds		4,392										
Due from other governments												
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	37,910	\$	2	\$	958	\$	4,796				
LIABILITIES												
Deferred revenue	\$	31,330										
TOTAL LIABILITIES		31,330										
FUND BALANCE												
Reserve for debt service		6,580		2		958		4,796				
TOTAL LIABILITIES		,						,				
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	37,910	\$	2	\$	958	\$	4,796				

 Non-B	udgete	d	-			
 Urban Renewal Fund	R	Urban Cenewal erve Fund		<u>To</u> 2000	tals	1999
\$ 847	\$	-	\$	2,356	\$	1,387
285		1,590		7,628		10,523
				31,986		
15		18		59		85
				4,392		3,240
						22,326
\$ 1,147	\$	1,608	\$	46,421	\$	37,561
			\$	31,330	\$	21,715
				31,330		21,715
 1,147		1,608		15,091		15,846
\$ 1,147	\$	1,608	\$	46,421	\$	37,561

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-ALL DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	Unvoted Tax Supported Obligations Fund	Stadium Bond Fund	Subordinate Income Tax Fund	
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 22,952		- \$	- \$ -
Investment earnings	374		- 3	9 230
Grants	364			
Miscellaneous	98			
TOTAL REVENUES	23,788	3	3	9 230
EXPENDITURES				
Principal retirement	22,070	)	1,20	0
Interest	16,515	5	3,51	3
Other			36	52
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	38,585	5	5,07	5
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(14,797	7)	(5,03	6) 230
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b> Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	13,802	2	4,67	0
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	13,802	2	4,67	0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	(995	i)	(36	6) 230
Fund balances at beginning of year	7,575	5	2 1,32	4,566
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 6,580		2 \$ 95	

		0						
	Urban Renewal Fund	Urban Renewal Reserve Fund		Totals 2000	1999			
\$	1,884	\$ -	\$	24,836 \$	24,742			
φ	42	ф - 88	φ	24,830 \$ 773	491			
	72	00		364	1,520			
				98	8			
	1,926	88		26,071	26,761			
	270			23,540	41,625			
	611			20,639	20,711			
	757			1,119	573			
	1,638			45,298	62,909			
	288	88		(19,227)	(36,148)			
		29		18,501	38,030			
	(29)			(29)	(33)			
	(29)	29		18,472	37,997			
_			_					
	259	117		(755)	1,849			
	888	1,491		15,846	13,997			
\$	1,147	\$ 1,608	\$	15,091 \$	15,846			

Non-Budgeted

93

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-BUDGETED DEBT SERVICE FUNDS-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

		Unv Tax Suj Oblig Fu	oported ations		Stadium Bond Fund						
	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)			
REVENUES	<b>\$22.021</b>	<b>\$22.021</b>	<b>***</b>	<b>•</b> (1.1)	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	¢	<b>.</b>			
Property taxes	\$22,921	\$22,921	\$22,907	\$ (14)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Investment earnings	275	275	384	109							
Grants	729	729	364	(365)							
Miscellaneous	22.025	22.025	98	98							
TOTAL REVENUES	23,925	23,925	23,753	(172)							
EXPENDITURES											
Principal retirement	22,070	22,070	22,070								
Interest	16,729	16,516	16,515	1		445	445				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	38,799	38,586	38,585	1		445	445				
		,	,								
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
<b>OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>	(14,874)	(14,661)	(14,832)	(171)		(445)	(445)				
			· · · ·	. ,							
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>											
Operating transfers in - Convention Ctr	2,800	2,800		(2,800)							
Operating transfers in - Cleve Stadium					21,312	21,312		(21,312)			
Operating transfers in - Restricted Inc Tax	12,500	12,500	12,650	150							
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	15,300	15,300	12,650	(2,650)	21,312	21,312		(21,312)			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	426	639	(2,182)	(2,821)	21,312	20,867	(445)	(21,312)			
Decertification of prior year encumbrances						445	445				
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,708	3,708	3,708		3	3	3				
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 4,134	\$ 4,347	\$ 1,526	\$(2,821)	\$21,315	\$21,315	\$ 3	\$(21,312)			

	Subord Incom Fu	ne Tax			Incon	dinated ne Tax ve Fund					
Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)	Original Budget	Revised Budget			Original Budget	Revised Budget	tals Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 40	\$ - 40	\$-	\$ -	\$- 227	\$ - 227	\$ 22,921 275 729	\$ 22,921 275 729	\$ 22,907 651 364 98	\$ (14) 376 (365) 98
1,200	1,200	40	40			227	227	23,925 23,270	23,925 23,270	24,020 23,270	95
3,450	3,518	3,513	5					20,179	20,479	20,473	6
4,650	4,718	4,713	5					43,449	43,749	43,743	6
(4,650)	(4,718)	(4,673)	45			227	227	(19,524)	(19,824)	(19,723)	101
4,650	4,650	4,670	20					2,800 21,312 17,150	2,800 21,312 17,150	17,320	(2,800) (21,312) 170
4,650	4,650	4,670	20					41,262	41,262	17,320	(23,942)
	(68)	(3)	65			227	227	21,738	21,438	(2,403)	(23,841)
1,325	1,325	1,325		4,549	4,549	4,549		9,585	9,585	9,585	
\$ 1,325	\$ 1,257	\$ 1,322	\$ 65	\$ 4,549	\$ 4,549	\$ 4,776	\$ 227	\$ 31,323	\$ 31,468	\$ 7,627	\$(23,841)

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# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

## **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR FINANCIAL RESOURCES TO BE USED FOR THE ACQUISITION OR CONSTRUCTION OF MAJOR CAPITAL FACILITIES OTHER THAN THOSE FINANCED BY SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Capital / Urban Renewal Bond Construction	To account for all bond proceeds and capital projects costs of bond-funded capital acquisitions, tax increment urban renewal bond issues and construction within the City.
Grant Improvement	To account for capital grant revenues which fund capital improvement projects within the City.
Capital Improvement	To account for miscellaneous revenues which fund capital projects.
Certificates of Participation	To account for certificates of participation proceeds which fund certain capital acquisitions.
Cleveland Stadium Construction	To account for bond proceeds and capital projects costs of the Stadium construction.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

## December 31, 2000

	Capital/ Urban Renewal Bond Construction			Grant Capital				rtificates of		Cleveland Stadium	Totals			
ASSETS		Distruction	Im	provement	Im	provement	Pa	articipation	U	onstruction		2000		1999
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	54,514	\$	-	\$	7,311	\$	_	\$	13,666	\$	75,491	\$	58,193
Investments at market	Ψ	47,790	φ		Ψ	7,511	Ψ		Ψ	15,000	Ψ	47,790	Ψ	57,517
Receivables:		17,750										17,720		57,517
Accrued interest		962						-		139		1,101		1,048
Assessments		13										13		124
		975								139		1,114		1,172
												-,:		-,
Due from other funds		111				2,060				2,000		4,171		9,022
Due from other governments				6,842		,				,		6,842		12,892
Restricted cash and cash														
equivalents								5,183		10,210		15,393		15,161
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	103,390	\$	6,842	\$	9,371	\$	5,183	\$	26,015	\$ 3	150,801	\$	153,957
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable					\$	9,193			\$	2,000	\$	11,193	\$	18,085
Deferred revenue	\$	13										13		124
Due to other funds		1,191	\$	6,842						75		8,108		13,615
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,204		6,842		9,193				2,075		19,314		31,824
FUND BALANCE														
Reserve for encumbrances		19,786								3,358		23,144		22,797
Unreserved:														
Designated for future														
capital improvements		54,943					\$	5,183		20,582		80,708		99,050
Undesignated		27,457				178						27,635		286
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		102,186				178		5,183		23,940		131,487		122,133
TOTAL LIABILITIES														
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	103,390	\$	6,842	\$	9,371	\$	5,183	\$	26,015	\$ 3	150,801	\$	153,957

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

#### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	Capital/ Urban Renewal Bond Construction	Grant Improvement	Capital Improvement	Certificates of Participation	Cleveland Stadium Construction	<u> </u>	tals
REVENUES	Construction	Improvement	Improvement	i ai ucipation	Construction	2000	1333
Investment earnings	\$ 5,528	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 114	\$ 1,683	\$ 7,328	\$ 7,218
Grants	• 5,520	ф 11,901	ψ J	φ 111	4,223	16,124	30,049
Contributions		<i>y-</i> -			84	84	62,394
Miscellaneous	6,278					6,278	1,248
TOTAL REVENUES	11,806	11,901	3	114	5,990	29,814	100,909
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay	17,256	11,901	13		14,345	43,515	121,958
Principal retirement				5,611	1,495	7,106	6,817
Interest				955	7,231	8,186	8,593
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	17,256	11,901	13	6,566	23,071	58,807	137,368
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES							
OVER REVENUES	(5,450)		(10)	(6,452)	(17,081)	(28,993)	(36,459)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
(USES)							
Operating transfers in				5,879	8,133	14,012	19,257
Operating transfers out					(2,000)	(2,000)	(22,895)
Proceeds from sale of non-tax revenue bonds							10,000
Proceeds from sale of general							
obligation bonds,net	26,335					26,335	25,778
Proceeds from sale of certificates of participation, net Payments to refund bonds							20,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	26,335			5,879	6,133	38,347	52,140
FINANCING SOURCES	20,333			5,079	0,155	30,347	52,140
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	20,885		(10)	(573)	(10,948)	9,354	15,681
Fund balances at beginning of year	81,301		188	5,756	34,888	122,133	106,452
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 102,186	\$-	\$ 178	\$ 5,183	\$ 23,940	\$ 131,487	\$ 122,133

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO ENTERPRISE FUNDS

## **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR OPERATIONS THAT ARE FINANCED AND OPERATED IN A MANNER SIMILAR TO PRIVATE SECTOR BUSINESSES WHERE THE INTENT IS THAT THE EXPENSE (INCLUDING DEPRECIATION) OF PROVIDING GOODS OR SERVICES PRIMARILY OR SOLELY TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC BE FINANCED OR RECOVERED PRIMARILY THROUGH USER CHARGES

Division of Water	The Division of Water is a segment of the Depart- ment of Public Utilities of the City. The Division of Water was created for the purpose of supplying water services to customers within the Cleveland metropolitan area.
Division of Water Pollution Control	The Division of Water Pollution Control is a seg- ment of the Department of Public Utilities of the City. The Division of Water Pollution Control was created for the purpose of providing sewage ser- vices to customers and to maintain the local sewer system of the City.
Division of Cleveland Public Power	The Division of Cleveland Public Power is a seg- ment of the Department of Public Utilities of the City. The Division of Cleveland Public Power was established by the City to provide electrical ser- vices to customers within the City.
Department of Port Control	The Department of Port Control was established to provide airport facilities for the City and its neigh- boring communities.
Convention Center	The Convention Center Division was established to provide facilities for conventions, trade shows, sporting events and fine arts programs.

West Side Market	The West Side Market provides a public market where Cleveland area residents can purchase a variety of quality foods in a centralized location.
East Side Market	The East Side Market provides a public market where Cleveland area residents can purchase a variety of quality foods in a centralized location.
Municipal Parking Lots	The Division of Parking was established to provide mu- nicipal parking within the City's limits.
Cemeteries	The Division of Cemeteries was established to provide in- terment and cremation services for the City and its neigh- boring communities.
Golf Courses	The Golf Course Division was established to provide the City and its neighboring communities with recreational facilities for golfing and cross country skiing.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS

December 31, 2000

	Division of Water	Î	Water Pollution Control	leveland Public Power	epartment of Port Control
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,75	51 \$	14,048	\$ 24,128	\$ 5,181
Investments at fair value	162,98	33	20,239	17,529	21,798
Receivables:					
Accounts	17,22	24	33,512	22,634	7,046
Unbilled revenue	22,59	99	2,161	2,179	5,512
Accrued interest receivable	3,00	55	274	264	593
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,44	18)	(574)	(536)	(428)
Receivables, net	41,44	40	35,373	24,541	12,723
Due from other funds	5,6	75	957	1,486	1,313
Due from other governments					343
Inventory of supplies	4,70	)3	233	3,065	240
Prepaid expenses and other assets	5,90	52		2,802	4,672
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	216,08	36		14,134	160,401
Investments at fair value	63,87	70		8,102	72,488
Accrued interest reveivable	1,3	2		103	1,333
Bond retirement reserve					53
Accrued passenger facility charge					2,224
	281,20	58		22,339	236,499
Fixed assets in service:					
Land	5,27	71	297	4,863	133,949
Land improvements	12,12	25		2,134	187,652
Utility plant in service	783,53		106,323	329,828	
Buildings, structure and improvements	172,98	38		42,453	364,691
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	89,78		107	25,127	19,963
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(283,85		(45,522)	(120,540)	(211,152)
1	779,85		61,205	283,865	495,103
Construction in progress	70,78	35	484	12,936	34,092
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,376,42		132,539	\$ 392,691	\$ 811,964

С	onvention	W	Vest Side	Е	ast Side		Municipal Parking				Golf		Tot	als	
	Center	l	Market	N	Aarket		Lots	C	Cemeteries		Courses		2000		1999
\$	2,798	\$	745	\$	279	\$	2,568	\$	175	\$	2,061	\$	75,734	\$	58,571
Ŧ	_,	Ŧ		Ŧ	,	Ŧ	_,_ ~ ~ ~	Ŧ		Ŧ	_,	Ŧ	222,549	-	196,160
	4,768		45		2		109		19				85,359		85,916
													32,451		34,698
	16								21		16		4,249		2,862
	(26)						(17)						(3,029)		(16,688)
	4,758		45		2		92		40		16		119,030		106,788
	119						387						9,937		6,596
													343		1,012
					10		17		203		24		8,495		10,344
							1,216						14,652		15,789
							6,502		1,916				399,039		432,874
							9,688		3,720				157,868		164,249
							302						3,050		3,047
													53		53
													2,224		2,213
							16,492		5,636				562,234		602,436
	4,261		198		413		12,929		252		208		162,641		161,453
					484		1,264		7		2,823		206,489		195,664
													1,219,690		1,213,704
	61,625		5,639		2,400		65,200		4,655		1,661		721,312		709,033
	1,410		37		450		694		485		562		138,621		110,143
	(53,509)		(3,118)		(1,415)		(11,070)		(1,266)		(2,891)		(734,334)		(671,839)
	13,787		2,756		2,332		69,017		4,133		2,363		1,714,419		1,718,158
			2,126						56		334		120,813		70,391
\$	21,462	\$	5,672	\$	2,623	\$	89,789	\$	10,243	\$	4,798	\$	2,848,206	\$	2,786,245

Continued

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS-Continued

December 31, 2000

	Division of Water			Water Pollution Control	(	Cleveland Public Power	Department of Port Control	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	5,823	\$	65	\$	11,120	\$	9,220
Due to other funds		1,060		4,177		656		2,361
Due to other governments				38,432				2,113
Accrued wages and benefits		13,066		1,526		4,649		3,112
Accrued interest		19,263				1,575		25,517
Accounts payable from restricted assets		3,603		324		560		7,036
Notes Payable								40,000
Construction loans				7,412				
Deferred payment obligation								27,810
Revenue bonds payable		679,863				233,954		364,413
TOTAL LIABILITIES		722,678		51,936		252,514		481,582
CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL AND RETAINED								
EARNINGS (DEFICIT)		2 407		42 500		10 102		170 172
Contributed capital - City of Cleveland and others Retained earnings (deficit):		2,407		43,599		12,183		179,163
Reserve for debt retirement		20,605		546		6,855		14,315
Unreserved (deficit)		630,735		36,458		121,139		136,904
TOTAL RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT)		651,340		37,004		127,994		151,219
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		653,747		80,603		140,177		330,382
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	1,376,425	\$	132,539	\$	392,691	\$	811,964

С	onvention	v	Vest Side		East Side	I	Municipal Parking				Golf		Το	tals	
	Center		Market		Market		Lots	Ce	emeteries		Courses		2000		1999
\$	466	\$	123	\$	1	\$	318	\$	14	\$	46	\$	27,196	\$	22,662
Ŧ	4,695	+	15	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	12	+	12	Ŧ	51	+	13,039	-	18,863
	203						72						40,820		42,232
	460		81	\$	3		184		295		52		23,428		14,982
							1,252						47,607		46,312
	3						17						11,543		18,626
													40,000		40,000
													7,412		8,175
													27,810		28,993
							69,291						1,347,521		1,379,659
	5,827		219		4		71,146		321		149		1,586,376		1,620,504
	65,443		6,597		2,943		21,079		5,710		4,598		343,722		332,769
							1,875						44,196		39,388
	(49,808)		(1,144)		(324)		(4,311)		4,212		51		873,912		793,584
	(49,808)		(1,144)		(324)		(2,436)		4,212		51		918,108		832,972
	15,635		5,453		2,619		18,643		9,922		4,649		1,261,830		1,165,741
\$	21,462	\$	5,672	\$	2,623	\$	89,789	\$	10,243	\$	4,798	\$	2,848,206	\$	2,786,245

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES

#### IN RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT)-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	D	Division of Water	Р	Water ollution Control	C	Cleveland Public Power	epartment of Port Control
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	203,535	\$	18,235	\$	134,152	\$ 86,693
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		203,535		18,235		134,152	86,693
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Operations		88,067		6,486		13,403	47,380
Maintenance		21,092		7,043		22,889	
Purchased power						68,597	
Depreciation		26,515		3,905		14,885	23,103
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		135,674		17,434		119,774	70,483
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>		67,861		801		14,378	16,210
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)							
Interest income		21,525		2,217		3,255	17,859
Interest expense		(22,348)		(288)		(16,317)	(29,354)
Litigation settlement							
AEP Refund per FERC ruling						2,864	
Passenger facility charge revenue							16,642
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		(731)					
Other revenues (expenses)						2,236	(12,264)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING							
<b>REVENUES</b> (EXPENSES)		(1,554)		1,929		(7,962)	(7,117)
INCOME (LOSS)		cc 207		2 720		C 41 C	0.002
BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS		66,307		2,730		6,416	9,093
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out							
NET INCOME (LOSS)		66,307		2,730		6,416	9,093
Retained earnings (deficit) at beginning of year		585,033		34,274		121,578	142,126
Retained earnings (deficit) at end of year	\$	651,340	\$	37,004	\$	127,994	\$ 151,219

C	onvention	West Side	East Side	Municipal Parking		Golf				
	Center	Market	Market	Lots	Cemeteries	Courses	2000	1999		
\$	2,720	\$ 953	\$ 57	\$ 8,250	\$ 1,452	\$ 1,967	\$ 458,014	\$ 446,429		
	2,720	953	57	8,250	1,452	1,967	458,014	446,429		
	2,631	908	36	2,053	2,244	1,697	164,905	154,522		
	507	89	16	34	8	95	51,773	41,828		
							68,597	70,619		
	2,303	174	122	1,696	124	135	72,962	65,527		
	5,441	1,171	174	3,783	2,376	1,927	358,237	332,496		
	(2,721)	(218)	(117)	4,467	(924)	40	99,777	113,933		
			_							
	75	16	5	1,189	255	58	46,454	28,690		
				(5,288)			(73,595)	(64,316)		
							• • • • •	6,500		
							2,864	16750		
							16,642	16,753		
	4.005						(731)	(11,039)		
	4,905						(5,123)	(16,384)		
	4,980	16	5	(4,099)	255	58	(13,489)	(39,796)		
	2,259	(202)	(112)	368	(669)	98	86,288	74,137		
								328		
	(1,152)						(1,152)	(840)		
	1,107	(202)	(112)	368	(669)	98	85,136	73,625		
	(50,915)	(942)	(212)	(2,804)		(47)		759,347		
\$	(49,808)	\$ (1,144)	\$ (324)	\$ (2,436)	\$ 4,212	\$ 51	\$ 918,108	\$ 832,972		

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	Division of Water	Water Pollution Control	Cleveland Public Power	Department of Port Control
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$ 201,419	\$ 18,091	\$ 134,426	\$ 82,961
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(53,280	) (6,168)		(30,161)
Cash payments to employees for services	(56,699	) (6,652)		(17,985)
Cash payments for purchased power			(67,701)	
Cash receipts of customer deposits	80		139	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	91,520	5,271	29,107	34,815
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received through operating transfers from other funds				
Cash receipts for passenger facility charges				16,630
Cash received from litigation settlement				
AEP Refund per FERC ruling			2,864	
Cash payments for sound insulation of homes and other				(12,283)
Cash transfer to debt service				
Cash receipts from hotel tax				
Other			2,235	19
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)			<b>5</b> 000	1.2.55
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			5,099	4,366
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale of revenue bonds, loans and notes				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(51,779	) (1,487)	(13,804)	(54,235)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(18,567	) (461)	(6,465)	(12,100)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(38,993	) (288)	(11,669)	(21,310)
Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding				
Capital grant proceeds				9,437
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(109,339	) (2,236)	(31,938)	(78,208)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of investment securities	(162,254	) (4,498)	(14,576)	(89,963)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities	133,734	, , , ,	17,782	94,061
Interest received on investments	26,163		3,375	17,992
NET CASH PROVIDED BY	20,103	1,001	5,575	11,,>>2
(USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(2,357	) 3,252	6,581	22,090
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)				
IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(20,176	) 6,287	8,849	(16,937)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	260,013	7,761	29,413	182,519
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 239,837	\$ 14,048	\$ 38,262	\$ 165,582

nvention Center	West Side Market	e	East Side Market	Municipal Parking Lots	Cemeteries	Golf Cours		Total 2000	s 1999
\$ 2,819 (4,118) (2,063)	(6	11 \$ 81) 97)	55 (23) (27)	\$ 8,517 (1,110) (734)	\$ 1,464 (563) (1,598)	\$ 2	2,018 \$ (956) (838)	452,681 \$ (113,109) (108,601) (67,701) 219	442,116 (84,607) (106,555) (69,874) 682
(3,362)	(	67)	5	6,673	(697)		224	163,489	181,762
								16,630	328 16,768 6,500
							(327)	2,864 (12,283) (327)	(22,442)
3,938								6,192	3,609 2,380
3,938							(327)	13,076	7,143
	(	49)		(1,795) (4,692)				(121,354) (39,388) (76,952)	84,583 (180,503) (34,316) (78,473)
								9,437	(45,793) 13,888
	(	49)		(6,487)				(228,257)	(240,614)
59		16	5	(23,504) 26,015 1,074	(7,435) 8,915 268		41	(302,230) 286,772 50,478	(418,167) 347,303 40,225
59		16	5	3,585	1,748		41	35,020	(30,639)
635		00)	10	3,771	1,051		(62)	(16,672)	(82,348)
2,162 2,797		45 45 \$	269 279 S	5,299 \$ 9,070	1,040 \$ 2,091	4	2,124	491,445	573,793

Continued

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	 vision of Water	Water Pollution Control		Cleveland Public Power		Department of Port Control	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	\$ 67,861	\$	801	\$	14,378	\$	16,210
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to							
net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:							
Depreciation	26,515		3,905		14,885		23,103
Non-cash rental income							(3,389)
Loss on disposal of equipment							1,070
Change in assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable, net	(1,882)		(3,314)		(3,070)		(4,059)
Unbilled revenue	(1,348)		231		(358)		3,715
Due from other funds	(1,953)		129		(702)		(846)
Inventory of supplies	(683)		68		2,402		35
Prepaid expenses	(28)						(77)
Landing fee adjustment							2,174
Accounts payable	1,231		(140)		2,411		(1,605)
Due to other funds	(3,041)		622		(2,459)		(1,813)
Due to other governments			2,290				(629)
Accrued wages and benefits	4,848		679		1,620		926
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	23,659		4,470		14,729		18,605
NET CASH PROVIDED BY							
(USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 91,520	\$	5,271	\$	29,107	\$	34,815

C	onvention	West Side	East Side	Municipal Parking		Golf	Totals	1
	Center	Market	Market	Lots	Cemeteries	Courses	2000	1999
\$	(2,721) 5	\$ (218)	\$ (117)	\$ 4,467	\$ (924)	\$ 40	\$ 99,777 \$	113,933
	2,303	174	122	1,696	124	135	\$ 72,962 \$ (3,389)	65,527 (3,106)
	(1,026)	(45)	(2)	160	12		\$ 1,070 (13,226)	380
	(77)	3	(-)	107			2,240 (3,339)	(5,457) 664
	(17)	5		28	1	(4)	1,847 (105)	3,940 313
	149	(29)	1	285	(31)	(4)		4,446 2,162
	792 (2,957)	15		10 (117)	7	43	(5,824) (1,413)	2,893 2,826
	175	33	1	37	114	14	8,447	(6,759)
	(641)	151	122	2,206	227	184	63,712	67,829
\$	(3,362) \$	\$ (67)	\$5	\$ 6,673	\$ (697)	\$ 224	\$ 163,489 \$	181,762

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# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

## **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR THE FINANCING OF GOODS OR SERVICES PROVIDED BY ONE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY TO OTHER DEPARTMENTS OF THE CITY ON A COST-REIMBURSEMENT BASIS

Information Systems Services	The Information Systems Services Division was estab- lished to provide centralized data processing services for certain City divisions.
Motor Vehicle Maintenance	The Division of Motor Vehicle Maintenance was estab- lished to provide centralized maintenance, repairs and fueling of certain City vehicles.
Printing and Reproduction	The Division of Printing and Reproduction was estab- lished to provide printing and reproduction services for all City divisions.
City Storeroom and Warehouse	The City's Storeroom and Warehouse Division was estab- lished to provide centralized storeroom services.
Utilities Administration	The Division of Utilities Administration was established to provide administrative assistance to the Department of Public Utilities.
Sinking Fund Administration	The Sinking Fund Administration Fund was established to account for the personnel and other operating expendi- tures related to the administration of the Debt Service fund.
Municipal Income Tax Administration	The Municipal Income Tax Administration Fund was es- tablished to account for operating expenditures related to the collection of Municipal Income Tax for Cleveland and other municipalities.
Telephone Exchange	The Division of Telephone Exchange was established to operate the communications system for the City at mini- mal cost.
Radio Communications	The Office of Radio Communications was established to operate the 800MHZ radio communication system.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2000

	S	ormation Systems Services	1	Motor Vehicle intenance	Printing and Repro- duction	 City oreroom and arehouse
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	4,521	\$ 698	\$ 1
Accounts receivable, net					2	
Accrued interest receivable				30		
Due from other funds		1,590		1,200	65	13
Inventory of supplies				2,442	45	
Fixed assets in service:						
Land				663		
Land improvements				3		
Buildings, structures and improvements				1,605		
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		7,209		1,680	464	6
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(7,208)		(3,039)	(464)	(6)
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1 1,591	\$	912 9,105	\$ 810	\$ 14
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	14	\$	1,204	\$ 81	\$ 8
Due to other funds		1,005		67	1	
Accrued wages and benefits		314		1,064	84	\$ 6
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,333		2,335	166	14
CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL AND RETAINED EARNINGS						
Contributed capital-City of Cleveland and others		258		2,406	301	
Retained earnings-unreserved				4,364	 343	 
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		258		6,770	644	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	1,591	\$	9,105	\$ 810	\$ 14

	Utilities Adminis-				Sinking Fund Adminis-	I	Municipal ncome Tax Adminis-		<b>`elephone</b>	Radio Commun-		tals	
	tration		tration		tration	I	Exchange	ications	2000		1999		
\$	875	\$	107	\$	1,220	\$	312	\$ 534	\$ 8,268	\$	7,110		
							20		22		527		
								16	46				
					204		1,529	131	4,732		3,473		
									2,487		1,184		
									663		663		
									3		3		
									1,605		1,605		
							9		9,368		9,316		
							(8)		(10,725)		(10,646)		
							1		914		941		
\$	875	\$	107	\$	1,424	\$	1,862	\$ 681	\$ 16,469	\$	13,235		
\$	25	\$	9	\$	87	\$	1,354	\$ 211	\$ 2,993	\$	1,801		
	2				741		457	111	2,384		1,463		
	469		35		596		51	4	2,623		1,774		
	496		44		1,424		1,862	326	8,000		5,038		
									2,965		2,923		
	379		63					355	5,504		5,274		
	379		63					355	8,469		8,197		
											<u> </u>		
\$	875	\$	107	\$	1,424	\$	1,862	\$ 681	\$ 16,469	\$	13,235		

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN

#### **RETAINED EARNINGS-ALL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	S	Information Systems Services		Motor Vehicle aintenance	Printing and Repro- duction	City Storeroom and Warehouse	
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	106	\$	17,328	\$ 1,158	\$	655
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		106		17,328	1,158		655
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Operations		1,917		13,240	1,069		729
Maintenance		1		2,638	48		
Depreciation		2		65			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		1,920		15,943	1,117		729
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>		(1,814)		1,385	41		(74)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES							
Interest income		6		67	11		
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES		6		67	11		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS	\$	(1,808)	\$	1,452	\$ 52	\$	(74)
Operating transfers out							
Operating transfers in		1,478					13
NET INCOME (LOSS)		(330)		1,452	52		(61)
Retained earnings at beginning of year		330		2,912	291		61
Retained earnings at end of year	\$	-	\$	4,364	\$ 343	\$	-

Utilities Adminis-		F	nking Fund minis-	In	Iunicipal come Tax Adminis-	т	elephone	C	Radio commun-		Tot	ole		
	ration		ation	tration			Exchange	ications			2000	1999		
\$	2,517	\$	-	\$	4,371	\$	4,829	\$	1,109	\$	32,073	\$	31,159	
	2,517				4,371		4,829		1,109		32,073		31,159	
	2,625		379		5,570		4,652		877		31,058		27,746	
	124						243		918		3,972		3,471	
							3				70		78	
	2,749		379		5,570		4,898		1,795		35,100		31,295	
	(232)		(379)		(1,199)		(69)		(686)		(3,027)		(136)	
	12				1,199				36		1,331		969	
	12				1,199				36		1,331		969	
\$	(220)	\$	(379)	\$	-	\$	(69)	\$	(650)	\$	(1,696)	\$	833	
			366				69				1,926		1,921	
	(220)		(13)						(650)		230		2,754	
	599		76						1,005		5,274		2,520	
\$	379	\$	63	\$	-	\$	-	\$	355	\$	5,504	\$	5,274	

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	S	ormation ystems ervices	Motor Vehicle aintenance	Printing and Repro- duction	Sto	City reroom and rehouse
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash received from customers	\$	106	\$ 17,348	\$ 1,307	\$	655
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services		(1,300)	(10,624)	(553)		(672)
Cash payments to employees for services		(467)	(5,073)	(501)		(48)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(1,661)	1,651	253		(65)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Advance from General Fund Cash transfer to debt service fund Cash received through operating transfers from other funds		1,005				
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		1,005				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received on investments		6	51	11		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY		0	51	11		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		6	51	11		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(650)	1,702	264		(65)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		650	2,819	434		66
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	-	\$ 4,521	\$ 698	\$	1
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b> Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$	(1,814)	\$ 1,385	\$ 41	\$	(74)
Depreciation		2	65			
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		20		(2)		
Due from other funds			(31)	151		
Inventory of supplies			(1,299)	(8)		
Accounts payable		7	1,069	81		8
Due to other funds			62	1		
Due to other governments		124	400	(11)		1
Accrued wages and benefits TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		124 153	400 266	(11) 212		9
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		155	200	212		7
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(1,661)	\$ 1,651	\$ 253	\$	(65)

	tilities Iminis-	F	nking 'und minis-	Inc	unicipal ome Tax dminis-	Т	elephone	C	Radio Commun-	Totals	
tı	ration	tr	ation	t	ration		Exchange		ications	2000	1999
\$	3,044 (377) (2,266)	\$	(298) (69)	\$	4,550 (2,225) (3,520)	\$	4,843 (4,577) (287)	\$	977 (1,518) (36)	\$ 32,830 \$ (22,144) (12,267)	28,619 (20,369) (10,855)
	401		(367)		(1,195)		(21)		(577)	(1,581)	(2,605)
										1,005	
			366				68			434	1,921
			366				68			1,439	1,921
	12				1,199				21	1,300	994
	12				1,199				21	1,300	994
	413		(1)		4		47		(556)	1,158	310
	462		108		1,216		265		1,090	7,110	6,800
\$	875	\$	107	\$	1,220	\$	312	\$	534	\$ 8,268 \$	7,110
\$	(232)	\$	(379)	\$	(1,199)	\$	(69)	\$	(686)	\$ (3,027) \$	(136)
							3			70	78
	527						(20)			525	
	52.		5		189		35		(131)	218	(2,833)
	_		-				_		<b>-</b>	(1,307)	(391)
	8		3		(207)		3		207	1,179	534 635
	(2)				(179)				33	(85)	635
	100		4		201		27			846	(492)
	633		12		4		48		109	 1,446	(2,469)
\$	401	\$	(367)	\$	(1,195)	\$	(21)	\$	(577)	\$ (1,581) \$	(2,605)

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# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO AGENCY FUNDS

## **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### AGENCY FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR ASSETS RECEIVED AND HELD BY THE CITY ACTING IN THE CAPACITY OF AN AGENT OR CUSTODIAN

Payroll Agency	To account for payroll taxes and other related payroll de- ductions collected for other governmental units or funds.
Municipal Courts	To account for assets received and disbursed by the Mu- nicipal Courts as agent or custodian related to Civil and Criminal Court matters.
Central Collection Agency	To account for the collection of the Municipal Income Tax for the City of Cleveland and any other municipali- ties that employ the Central Collection Agency as their agency.
Other Agencies	To account for miscellaneous assets held by the City for other funds, governmental units or individuals.

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES-

#### ALL AGENCY FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	В	alance at eginning of Year	Additions	I	Deductions	Balance at End of Year
PAYROLL AGENCY						
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,950	\$ 269,267	\$	265,207	\$ 7,010
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,950	\$ 269,267	\$	265,207	\$ 7,010
LIABILITIES						
Due to other governments	\$	2,402	\$ 6,539	\$	2,365	\$ 6,576
Sundry liabilities		548	262,728		262,842	434
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	2,950	\$ 269,267	\$	265,207	\$ 7,010
MUNICIPAL COURTS						
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,349	\$ 61,971	\$	60,991	\$ 8,329
Accrued interest		77	24		77	24
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,426	\$ 61,995	\$	61,068	\$ 8,353
LIABILITIES						
Due to other funds	\$	1,742	\$ 23,641	\$	21,135	\$ 4,248
Sundry liabilities		5,684	38,354		39,933	4,105
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	7,426	\$ 61,995	\$	61,068	\$ 8,353
CENTRAL COLLECTION AGENCY						
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,811	\$ 436,038	\$	442,434	\$ 19,415
Taxes receivable		16,493	17,502		16,493	17,502
Due from other governments		215	284		215	284
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	42,519	\$ 453,824	\$	459,142	\$ 37,201
LIABILITIES						
Due to other funds	\$	16,719	\$ 310,265	\$	315,297	\$ 11,687
Due to other governments		25,800	143,559		143,845	25,514
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	42,519	\$ 453,824	\$	459,142	\$ 37,201

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES-

#### ALL AGENCY FUNDS-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	В	alance at eginning of Year	Additions	1	Deductions		Balance at End of Year
OTHER AGENCIES							
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,460	\$ 9,132	\$	3,279	\$	12,313
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,460	\$ 9,132	\$	3,279	\$	12,313
LIABILITIES							
Due to other governments	\$	2,883	\$ 5,370	\$	3,191	\$	5,062
Sundry liabilities		3,577	3,762		88		7,251
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	6,460	\$ 9,132	\$	3,279	\$	12,313
TOTALS-ALL AGENCY FUNDS							
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	42,570	\$ 776,408	\$	771,911	\$	47,067
Taxes receivable		16,493	17,502		16,493		17,502
Accrued interest		77	24		77		24
Due from other governments		215	284		215		284
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	59,355	\$ 794,218	\$	788,696	\$	64,877
LIABILITIES							
Due to other funds	\$	18,461	\$ 333,906	\$	336,432	\$	15,935
Due to other governments		31,085	155,468		149,401	•	37,152
Sundry liabilities		9,809	304,844		302,863		11,790
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	59,355	\$ 794,218	\$	788,696	\$	64,877

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP

THIS ACCOUNT GROUP IS USED TO PRESENT THE GENERAL FIXED ASSETS OF THE CITY UTILIZED IN ITS GENERAL OPERATIONS, EXCLUSIVE OF THOSE USED IN ENTERPRISE AND INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

GENERAL FIXED ASSETS INCLUDE LAND, BUILDINGS, BETTERMENTS AND EQUIPMENT OWNED BY THE CITY AND THE CITY'S INVESTMENT IN THE JUSTICE CENTER BUILDING

## SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY SOURCES

December 31, 2000

General Fixed Assets: Land Land improvements	\$ 37,240 54,205
Buildings, structures and improvements	503,756
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	87,442
Construction in progress TOTAL GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	36,909 \$ 719,552
Investment in General Fixed Assets:	
General obligation bonds	\$ 251,401
General Fund and other revenues	319,116
Special Revenue Fund revenues:	
Restricted income taxes	68,532
Federal grants	43,623
Certificates of participation	26,625
Gifts	10,255
TOTAL INVESTMENT IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	\$ 719,552

## SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

### December 31, 2000

	Total	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings, Structures and Improvements	Capitalized Leased Equipment	Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment
General Government:			*	•	* *	* *
General government	\$ 298,588	\$ 208	\$ -	\$ 286,243	\$ 8	\$ 12,129
City Hall	20,476			20,476		
Justice Center	29,725			29,306	150	269
Charles V. Carr Municipal Center	22,102	2,540		19,562		
TOTAL GENERAL						
GOVERNMENT	370,891	2,748	-	355,587	158	12,398
Public Service:						
Waste collection	21,936	1,057		8,138	7,332	5,409
Engineering and construction	2,934				60	2,874
Streets	19,774	258	20	12,922	2,854	3,720
Other	3,663			1,317		2,346
TOTAL PUBLIC SERVICE	48,307	1,315	20	22,377	10,246	14,349
Public Health:						
Correction	7,190	135		6,638	78	339
Health and environment	10,671	1,116	56	8,868	53	578
TOTAL PUBLIC HEALTH	17,861	1,251	56	15,506	131	917
Public Safety:						
Police	58,188	4,560	316	33,529	5,548	14,235
Fire	41,948	1,619		22,036	13,650	4,643
Emergency medical service	4,107			125	669	3,313
Traffic engineering	2,238			155	363	1,720
Dog pound	717			630	31	56
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	107,198	6,179	316	56,475	20,261	23,967
Parks, Recreation and Properties						
Park maintenance and properties	58,046	23,170	24,829	8,083	674	1,290
Research, planning and development	3,897		3,383	164		350
Recreation	71,334	920	24,140	44,980	27	1,267
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES	133,277	24,090	52,352	53,227	701	2,907
Community Development:						
Community development	4,929	1,657	1,331	584	71	1,286
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	4,929	1,657	1,331	584	71	1,286
Economic Development:						
Economic development	180		130			50
TOTAL ECONOMIC						
DEVELOPMENT	180	-	130	-	-	50
TOTAL BY DINOTION	(00 (10	07.040	54 005	500 <b>7</b> 5 5	01 570	55 0 <b>7</b> 1
TOTAL BY FUNCTION	682,643	37,240	54,205	503,756	31,568	55,874
Construction in progress	36,909		9,855	27,054		
TOTAL GENERAL FIXED ASSETS						

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

		Balance anuary 1, 2000	A	dditions	D	eductions	Т	ransfers		Balance cember 31, 2000
General Government:	<b>.</b>		<b>•</b>	10.1	<b>_</b>	(4.44)	<b>.</b>	10040	<b>.</b>	<b>2</b> 00 <b>5</b> 00
General government	\$	284,385	\$	404	\$	(141)	\$	13,940	\$	298,588
City Hall		20,476								20,476
Justice Center		29,725								29,725
Charles V. Carr Municipal Center	-	22,102	<i>•</i>	10.1	<b></b>	(4.44)	<i>•</i>	10.040	<i>•</i>	22,102
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$	356,688	\$	404	\$	(141)	\$	13,940	\$	370,891
Public Service:										
Waste collection		21,026		1,877		(682)		(285)		21,936
Engineering and construction		2,852		214		(24)		(108)		2,934
Streets		18,527		1,119		(148)		276		19,774
Other		2,701		1,061		(17)		(82)		3,663
TOTAL PUBLIC SERVICE		45,106		4,271		(871)		(199)		48,307
Public Health:										
Correction		7,166		24						7,190
Health and environment		10,733		7		(69)				10,671
TOTAL PUBLIC HEALTH		17,899		31		(69)		-		17,861
Public Safety:										
Police		58,106		135		(559)		506		58,188
Fire		41,321		1,443		(895)		500 79		41,948
Emergency medical service		4,879		1,443		(932)		1)		4,107
Traffic engineering		1,655		511		(10)		82		2,238
Dog pound		739		511		(10)		62		2,238
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY		106,700		2,249		(2,418)		667		107,198
Maintenance, Parks and Recreation		<b>57</b> 00 C		240		(170)		170		50.046
Park maintenance and properties		57,806		240		(170)		170		58,046
Research, planning and development		3,858		30				9		3,897
Recreation		71,007		128				199		71,334
TOTAL MAINTENANCE, PARKS AND RECREATION		132,671		398		(170)		378		133,277
Community Development:										
Community development		4,890		49		(24)		14		4,929
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		4,890		49		(24)		14		4,929
Economic Development:										
Economic development		181				(1)				180
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		181		-		(1)		-		180
Construction in progress		32,200		19,509				(14,800)		36,909
TOTAL GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	\$	696,335	\$	26,911	\$	(3,694)	\$		\$	719,552

# STATISTICAL SECTION

CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO GENERAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION-(BUDGET BASIS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

9,339 17,843 2,526 12,465 268,786 45,131 59,488 16,177 0 0 0 \$476,608 \$55,922 33,580 261,480 12,583 37,574 32,871 24.447 2000 8.759 245,844 56,923 31,187 4,435 0 0 0 \$49,837 252,723 11,98436,150 45,964 8,731 13,671 31,222 6,581 16,611 1999 S 9.508 \$230,863 43,026 54,255 10,303 14,975 15,914 0 0 0 \$45,902 30,669 240,717 10,418 34,385 26,581 4,241 \$409.666 6,461 1998 8,886 13,570 2,159 417 16,898 40,84450,762 26,122 15,375 0 0 30,208 234,064 5,94310,274 34,952 \$222,745 \$42.352 77 7953 1997 2,177 17.298 48,689 8,403 225,669 5,920 33,263 40,844 24,820 13,191 14,422 1,3840 0 \$41,623 29,537 10,037 \$215,876 5 1996 5 534 16.367 40,145 46,407 17,879 6,964 12,160 13,360 2,060\$39,189 30,357 217,825 6,461 10,261 31,121 \$209,154 365.030 1995 (Amounts in 000's) 38,722 43,431 10,147 6,488 15,038 13,890 1,1060 0 419 20,234 \$37,445 29,435 207,541 6,04010,545 30,126 \$196,309 1994 21.522 29,310 9,862 5,7331,006200,874 6,366 10,421 39,309 40,107 14,394 13,947 0 0 17 \$36,643 30,798 \$191,005 36.902 1993 19,181 28,098 40,423 37,570 8,454 5,98111,44013,745 199 \$35,856 31,362 94,675 7,164 10,604 1,121 \$184,805 \$322.919 1992 5,45027,613 6,250 21.84631,320 37,320 39,379 9,796 11,627 1,9443,965 462 192,352 7,158 10,381 \$183,139 \$35.290 \$321.1781991 Cleveland Public Power repayment Workers compensation settlement Parks, Recreation and Properties State local government fund Community Development **EXPENDITURES AND** Other shared revenues Licenses and permits Charges for services Investment earnings General Government Fines and forfeits Sale of city assets **OTHER USES** Public Service Property taxes Miscellaneous Public Health and refunds Public Safety Income taxes REVENUES

1,01416,742

1,128 16,553 24,778

1,067 14,963 23,650

1,039 14,575

1,10314,071

1,017 12,843 16,392

11,876

12,580

9,784 5,282

9,203

469

7,928

**Operating Transfers Out** 

Economic Development

Other

\$321,714

43

9,253

12,125

1,026

932

39,465

\$470,825

\$430.956

\$408.232

\$398,183

\$387,43

\$365,466

\$346,159

\$337.177

.268

24,776

26,208

## GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES

AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION AND OTHER USES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Amounts in 000's)

	1991	1992	1993	1994
<b>REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES</b>				
Income taxes	\$205,957	\$211,417	\$217,082	\$222,651
Property taxes	55,850	61,367	58,994	60,949
State local government fund	39,289	37,569	40,515	43,634
Other shared revenues	16,958	19,392	20,644	22,339
Licenses and permits	5,837	6,519	6,096	6,924
Charges for services	11,672	14,492	14,832	15,682
Fines and forfeits	11,950	13,839	13,856	13,726
Investment earnings	8,355	6,276	5,898	6,731
Grants	65,502	67,612	76,864	81,507
Contributions	98	116	122	0
Sale of City assets	0	0	0	0
Cleveland Public Power repayment	3,965	0	4,370	35,609
Workers compensation settlement and refunds	436	0	249	303
Enterprise reimbursements	7,319	6,157	6,038	4,161
Miscellaneous	26,598	25,610	30,442	25,723
Operating transfers in	16,124	21,001	20,553	53,613
Resources from capitalized leases	2,191	2,363	0	0
Proceeds from sale of bonds-net	63,129	35,380	136,456	139,708
Proceeds from sale of certificates of participation	0	17,125	0	19,790
	\$541,230	\$546,235	\$653,011	\$753,050
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES				
Current:				
General government	\$38,060	\$39,047	\$36,291	\$38,061
Public service	51,867	50,610	54,357	49,959
Public safety	202,545	199,584	205,801	210,118
Human resources	8,865	199,384	7,726	6,724
	36,166	39,768	45,511	50,065
Community development Public health	13,231	15,901	45,511	
	28,494	28,515	29,931	20,201 31,409
Maintenance, parks and recreation Economic development	12,547	28,313 8,206	4,944	7,668
Other	6,227	8,200 9,107	4,944	10,227
	807	9,107	(131)	10,227
Rebatable arbitrage	45,135	49,273	(151) 88,960	
Capital outlay Debt service:	45,155	49,275	88,900	81,622
Principal retirement	16,150	15,810	16,972	112,119
Interest	14,822	13,810		
			16,820	22,616
Enterprise debt service	6,470 18 157	6,178 20,560	5,199 20,723	4,577 53 226
Operating transfers out	18,157	20,560	20,723	53,226
Payments to refund notes, bonds and	26 012	10 156	00 050	0
certificates of participation	26,913	10,156	99,858 \$662,642	<u> </u>
	\$526,456	\$520,789	\$662,642	\$698,592

Note: Includes all Governmental Fund Types

1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
\$237,081	\$243,213	\$255,925	\$272,309	\$285,947	\$291,514
62,630	63,968	64,354	66,662	70,937	66,642
52,625	50,865	50,217	53,998	59,413	60,015
29,098	34,590	37,561	37,393	43,121	43,626
7,466	8,714	9,252	10,574	9,099	9,255
13,056	13,744	16,326	16,648	17,850	18,370
13,402	14,771	15,572	14,766	19,070	20,990
10,276	9,963	10,492	23,890	14,621	14,327
97,841	90,412	92,276	100,255	107,455	83,750
0	0	0	0	62,394	84
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
916	2,095	0	0	0	0
2,878	1,342	116	0	0	0
25,704	38,494	36,232	67,005	47,171	57,366
28,769	47,568	41,580	42,673	66,270	57,049
3,891	0	0	0	0	0
0	58,491	214,166	48,736	35,778	26,335
19,171	0	0	0	20,000	0
\$604,804	\$678,230	\$844,069	\$754,909	\$859,126	\$749,323
\$39,901	\$44,268	\$44,568	\$54,789	\$63,476	\$69,397
50,619	50,246	47,975	53,898	52,792	63,698
223,488	227,572	236,426	241,632	249,160	279,540
8,919	9,494	9,549	9,920	7,520	8,471
58,502	57,509	56,754	52,178	50,750	54,352
20,981	22,560	22,343	19,814	21,071	21,852
32,889	34,528	36,858	42,645	41,738	39,941
13,242	22,285	18,439	13,368	18,754	25,738
14,523	12,980	19,546	14,876	15,031	19,425
0	0	0	0	0	0
63,457	42,314	81,222	184,528	133,490	49,586
18,824	21,935	25,003	26,511	48,442	30,646
26,439	23,444	26,488	30,293	29,304	28,825
2,810	2,602	352	0	0	0
30,455	48,497	40,981	42,074	67,679	57,823
19,171	16,644	47,665 \$714,160	24,823	0	0 \$740.204
\$624,220	\$636,878	\$714,169	\$811,349	\$799,207	\$749,294

CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS-REAL, UTILITY AND TANGIBLE TAXES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Tax Year/	Ċ		Ē	Č	Current		1-7- L	Total Collections	
Collection Year	Levy	Levy (1)	1 otal Levy	Collection	Levy Collected	Collection	1 otal Collections	AS Fercent of Current Levy	Cumulauve Delinquencies
1990/1991	55,216,283	11,565,961	66,782,244	52,854,525	95.7%	2,547,649	55,402,174	100.3%	9,883,006
1991/1992	61,331,722	10,980,125	72,311,847	56,886,685	92.8%	2,632,169	59,518,854	97.0%	10,200,350
1992/1993	60,086,819	11,399,652	71,486,471	55,724,076	92.7%	2,164,940	57,889,016	96.3%	12,217,231
1993/1994	61,438,787	12,569,653	74,008,440	56,476,156	91.9%	2,421,817	58,897,973	95.9%	10,772,864
1994/1995	63,537,979	11,399,864	74,937,843	58,758,206	92.5%	2,403,005	61,161,211	96.3%	10,975,479
1995/1996	64,041,017	12,339,642	76,380,659	59,133,403	92.3%	2,850,250	61,983,653	96.8%	12,752,255
1996/1997	65,060,514	14,986,362	80,046,876	59,733,751	91.8%	3,023,595	62,757,346	96.5%	14,222,919
1997/1998	68,518,965	13,796,053	82,315,018	62,883,792	91.8%	2,785,155	65,668,947	95.8%	14,128,110
1998/1999	69,516,994	14,138,999	83,655,993	63,427,067	91.2%	4,219,704	67,646,771	97.3%	13,869,371
1999/2000	69,830,697	14,601,538	84,432,235	62,471,564	89.5%	4,214,775	66,686,339	95.5%	16,484,006

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office

(1) Levy includes adjustments, abatements, additions and penalties against current delinquent levy.

**ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE** CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS **OF TAXABLE PROPERTY** 

				(Amoun	(Amounts in 000's)				
ľ	Real Property (1)	perty (1)	Personal Property (2)	operty (2)	Public Utilities (3)	lities (3)	Total	tal	
Tax Year/ Collection Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Total Assessed Value To Total Estimated Actual Value
1990/1991	3,014,356	8,612,446	958,519	3,550,070	499,998	966,996	4,472,873	13,162,512	34.0%
1991/1992	3,580,628	10,230,366	905,638	3,483,223	518,619	1,037,238	5,004,885	14,750,827	33.9%
1992/1993	3,510,905	10,031,157	868,719	3,474,876	519,073	1,038,146	4,898,697	14,544,179	33.7%
1993/1994	3,526,652	10,076,150	862,181	3,448,724	503,658	572,338	4,892,491	14,097,212	34.7%
1994/1995	3,666,719	10,476,340	816,921	3,267,684	517,663	588,253	5,001,303	14,332,277	34.9%
1995/1996	3,700,852	10,573,863	820,959	3,283,836	484,244	550,277	5,006,055	14,407,976	34.7%
1996/1997	3,767,013	10,762,894	856,832	3,427,327	476,677	541,678	5,100,522	14,731,899	34.6%
1997/1998	4,015,815	11,473,757	885,245	3,540,980	474,182	538,843	5,375,242	15,553,580	34.6%
1998/1999	4,085,338	11,672,394	913,154	3,652,616	478,752	544,036	5,477,244	15,869,046	34.5%
1999/2000	4,100,737	11,716,391	952,829	3,811,316	444,315	504,903	5,497,881	16,032,610	34.3%

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office

(2) For the collection year 1998, the percentage used to determine taxable value of personal property and inventory was 25%.(3) In the case of public utilities, real property is assessed at 35% of true (market) value and personal property property is assessed at 88% of true value

except personal property of railroads which is assessed at 25% of true value in 1998.

⁽¹⁾ The assessed valuation level for real property in Cuyahoga County is 35% of market value, except for certain agricultural land.

## AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAX RATES

## DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION)

_		Cit	ty of Clevela	nd		_		
Tax Year/ Collection Year	General Fund	Bond Retirement	Police Pension	Fire Pension	Total City Rate	County	Library & School	Total
1990/1991	7.75	4.05	0.30	0.30	12.40	16.80	51.00	80.20
1991/1992	7.75	3.95	0.30	0.30	12.30	16.80	51.90	81.00
1992/1993	7.75	3.95	0.30	0.30	12.30	16.80	52.70	81.80
1993/1994	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.80	51.40	80.90
1994/1995	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.80	51.10	80.60
1995/1996	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.60	51.10	80.40
1996/1997	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.60	64.00	93.30
1997/1998	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.60	64.00	93.30
1998/1999	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	15.30	65.00	93.00
1999/2000	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	15.30	64.80	92.80

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office

#### RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population(1)	Assessed Value (2) (Amounts in 000's)	Gross General Bonded Debt (3)	Less Balance in Debt Service Fund (4)	Net General Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
1991	505,616	4,472,873	240,870,000	12,943,932	227,926,068	5.10%	450.79
1992	505,616	5,004,885	251,060,000	9,447,394	241,612,606	4.83%	477.86
1993	505,616	4,898,697	272,380,000	9,397,000	262,983,000	5.37%	520.12
1994	505,616	4,892,491	296,800,000	9,157,000	287,643,000	5.88%	568.90
1995	505,616	5,001,303	280,650,000	9,729,000	270,921,000	5.42%	535.82
1996	505,616	5,006,055	291,665,000	8,460,000	283,205,000	5.66%	560.12
1997	505,616	5,100,522	299,100,000	5,408,000	293,692,000	5.76%	580.86
1998	505,616	5,375,242	306,165,000	6,083,000	300,082,000	5.58%	593.50
1999	505,616	5,477,243	312,225,000	7,575,000	304,650,000	5.56%	602.53
2000	478,403	5,497,881	316,950,000	6,580,000	310,370,000	5.65%	648.76

(1) Bureau of Census.

- (2) Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office. Values listed for year of collection.
- (3) General Obligation Debt Outstanding December 31.
- (4) Balance in Debt Service Fund excludes the balance in the Stadium Fund, Urban Renewal Fund, Urban Renewal Reserve Fund, Subordinated Income Tax Fund and Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund.

### COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (1)

#### December 31, 2000

Total of all City Debt Outstanding Debt Exempt From Direct Debt Limitation:		\$ 1,895,998,000	
Tax Supporting:			
Tax Supporting Issues after 1980	\$ 313,355,000		
Self-Supporting:			
Revenue Bonds and Notes	1,482,976,000		
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans	7,412,000		
Urban Renewal Bonds	9,160,000		
Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds	69,500,000		
Non-tax Revenue Bonds	10,000,000		
Total Exempt Debt		1,892,403,000	
Net Indebtedness (Voted and Unvoted) Subject to 10.50% Debt Limitation		3,595,000	I
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund		6,580,000	1
Net Indebtedness Subject to 10.50% Limitation		\$ -	_
Net Indebtness (Unvoted) Subject to 5.50% Legal Debt Limitation		\$ 3,595,000	
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund		6,580,000	_
Net Indebtedness Subject to 5.50% Limitation		\$0	=
Assessed Valuation of City (1998 for 1999 Collection)		\$ 5,497,881,312	_
10.50% of Valuation (Maximum Voted and Unvoted General Obligation Debt Net Indebtedness Subject to 10.50% Debt Limitation	Allowed)	\$ 577,277,538	
Legal 10.50% Margin		\$ 577,277,538	
		. /	-
5.50% of Valuation (Maximum Unvoted Non-exempt General Obligation Debt Net Indebtness Subject to 5.50% Debt Limitation	Allowed)	\$ 302,383,472	
Legal 5.50% Margin		\$ 302,383,472	_
200m cic cic cimebin		÷ 562,565,172	=

(1) Computation of Legal Debt Margin based on Section 133, the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.

#### COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

December 31, 2000

	Gross Debt (1)	Debt Service Fund (2)		Net Debt	Percent Applicable (1)	City's Share
City of Cleveland	\$ 316,950,000	\$ 6,580,000	(5)	\$ 310,370,000	100.00%	\$ 310,370,000
Cleveland School District (3)	85,460,000	29,939,000	(3)	55,521,000	98.48%	54,677,081
Shaker Heights School District (3)	18,854,223	1,004,769	(3)	17,849,454	0.87%	155,290
Berea School District (3)	12,265,000	634,476	(3)	11,630,524	0.65%	75,598
Polaris St. Vocational School District (3)	0	1,376	(3)	(1,376)	0.00%	0
Cuyahoga County (3)	231,044,636	2,100,017	(2)	228,944,619	21.20%	48,536,259
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT						

- (1) Percent applicable column is calculated using current assessed valuation of the City area overlapping the applicable taxing district divided by total current assessed valuation of that taxing district.
- (2) Balance in Debt Service Fund excludes the balance in the Stadium Fund, Urban Renewal Fund, Urban Renewal Reserve Fund, Subordinated Income Tax Fund and Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund.

(3) Cuyahoga County Budget Commission

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECT DEBT (1)

#### December 31, 2000

#### DIRECT DEBT

Long-Term Debt:			
General Obligation Bonds and Notes:			
Various Purpose		\$ 316,950,000	
Revenue Bonds:			
Airport		371,976,000	
Waterworks		713,135,000	
Public Power System Improvement		280,470,000	
Parking Facilities		77,395,000	
Urban Renewal Bonds		9,160,000	
Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds		69,500,000	
Non-tax Revenue Bonds		10,000,000	
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans		7,412,000	
Total Long-Term Debt			\$ 1,855,998,000
Short Term Debt - Airport Surplus Revenue Notes			40,000,000
Gross Direct Debt			1,895,998,000
Deduct:			
General Obligation Debt Service Fund		6,580,000 (	(2)
Exempt Tax-Supporting General Obligations:			
General Obligation Bonds Issued after 1980		313,355,000	
Revenue Bonds:			
Airport	371,976,000		
Waterworks Improvement	713,135,000		
Public Power System Improvement	280,470,000		
Parking Facilities	77,395,000		
Total Revenue Bonds		1,442,976,000	
Urban Renewal Bonds		9,160,000	
Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds		69,500,000	
Non-tax Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes		10,000,000	
Short Term Debt - Airport Surplus Revenue Notes		40,000,000	
Total Deductions			1,891,571,000
Net Direct Debt			\$ 4,427,000

(1) Statement of Direct Debt is based on Section 133 of the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.

(2) Balance in Debt Service Fund excludes the balance in the Stadium Fund, Urban Renewal Fund, Urban Renewal Reserve Fund, Subordinated Income Tax Fund and Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund.

### RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE FOR GENERAL BONDED

### DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES-(BUDGET BASIS)

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Debt Service on General Tax Supported Debt	Debt Service on Self-Supporting Debt	General Fund Expenditures (1)	Ratio of Tax Supported Debt Service to General Fund Expenditures	Ratio of Self-Supporting Debt Service to General Fund Expenditures
1991	30,972,700	6,469,481	321,714,000	9.63%	2.01%
1992	33,504,835	6,177,438	323,268,000	10.36%	1.91%
1993	32,204,093	5,198,337	337,177,000	9.55%	1.54%
1994	33,182,285	4,576,925	346,159,000	9.59%	1.32%
1995	33,960,155	2,810,246	366,659,000	9.26%	0.77%
1996	34,890,298	2,601,657	387,431,000	9.01%	0.67%
1997	35,157,587	352,168	398,183,000	8.83%	0.09%
1998	35,603,010	0	408,232,000	8.72%	0.00%
1999	36,590,983	0	430,956,000	8.49%	0.00%
2000	38,584,776	0	470,825,000	8.20%	0.00%

(1) Expenditures and other financing uses based on budget basis accounting.

### **REVENUE BOND COVERAGE-AIRPORT BONDS**

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Gross Revenue (1)	Direct Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Annual Debt Service Requirement (3)	Coverage
1991	39,965,000	26,203,000	13,762,000	10,547,056	1.30
1992	43,872,000	27,236,000	16,636,000	10,168,562	1.64
1992	44,398,000	28,098,000	16,300,000	10,057,216	1.62
1994	54,875,000	28,610,000	26,265,000	10,028,565	2.62
1995	56,876,000	29,992,000	26,884,000	15,626,785	1.72
1996	61,778,000	34,050,000	27,728,000	16,771,815	1.65
1997	56,335,000	31,864,000	24,471,000	16,411,660	1.49
1998	68,259,000	34,263,000	33,996,000	19,133,000	1.78
1999	77,943,000	40,252,000	37,691,000	27,127,792	1.39
2000	90,205,000	47,381,000	42,824,000	32,431,700	1.32

(1) Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income.

(2) Direct operating expenses are calculated in accordance with bond indenture.

(3) Annual debt service requirements include principal and interest of both self-supported revenue and self-supported general obligation bonds.

#### **REVENUE BOND COVERAGE-WATER BONDS**

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Gross Revenues (1)	Direct Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Annual Debt Service Requirement (3)	Coverage
1991	135,068,000	85,815,000	49,253,000	30,129,809	1.63
1992	133,180,000	89,673,000	43,507,000	25,932,187	1.68
1993	146,739,000	88,562,000	58,177,000	41,492,806	1.40
1994	158,282,000	93,326,000	64,956,000	38,917,184	1.67
1995	165,654,000	96,719,000	68,935,000	42,606,553	1.62
1996	176,968,000	100,882,000	76,086,000	43,107,346	1.77
1997	187,151,000	100,286,000	86,865,000	50,927,000	1.71
1998	204,021,000	102,462,000	101,559,000	49,796,000	2.04
1999	213,777,000	99,700,000	114,077,000	57,666,000	1.98
2000	225,060,000	109,159,000	115,901,000	59,131,675	1.96

(1) Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income.

-

- (2) Direct operating expenses include operating expenses less depreciation.
- (3) Annual debt service requirements include principal and interest of both self-supported revenue and self-supported general obligation bonds.

#### **REVENUE BOND COVERAGE-PUBLIC POWER SYSTEM BONDS**

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Gross Revenues (1)	Direct Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Annual Debt Service Requirement (3)	Coverage
1991	55,470,000	42,007,000	13,463,000	4,823,566	2.79
1992	60,426,000	48,294,000	12,132,000	5,632,570	2.15
1993	67,788,000	54,128,000	13,660,000	5,912,677	2.31
1994	79,696,000	62,330,000	17,366,000	5,901,327	2.94
1995	92,073,000	71,315,000	20,758,000	17,471,701	1.19
1996	99,881,000	68,566,000	31,315,000	17,033,000	1.84
1997	111,663,000	77,015,000	34,648,000	20,561,000	1.69
1998	121,896,000	87,658,000	34,238,000	20,797,000	1.65
1999	132,651,000	99,436,000	33,215,000	19,240,000	1.73
2000	137,407,000	104,889,000	32,518,000	19,445,000	1.67

(1) Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income.

- (2) Direct operating expenses include operating expenses less depreciation.
- (3) Annual debt service requirements include principal and interest of both self-supported revenue and self-supported general obligation bonds.

### REVENUE BOND COVERAGE-SEWER AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL BONDS

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Gross Revenues (1)	Direct Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Annual Debt Service Requirement	Coverage
1991	15,015,000	9,987,000	5,028,000	4,247,886	1.18
1992	15,487,000	9,883,000	5,604,000	4,044,932	1.39
1993	16,120,000	10,672,000	5,448,000	3,634,158	1.50
1994	17,112,000	11,282,000	5,830,000	3,068,983	1.90
1995	16,844,000	11,071,000	5,773,000	2,251,648	2.56
1996	17,556,000	11,998,000	5,558,000	2,087,048	2.66
1997	18,423,000	13,303,000	5,120,000	906,000	5.65
1998	19,835,000	12,735,000	7,100,000	1,109,000	6.40
1999	20,087,000	12,931,000	7,156,000	850,000	8.42
2000	20,452,000	13,529,000	6,923,000	749,000	9.24

(1) Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income.

(2) Direct operating expenses include operating expenses less depreciation.

### REVENUE BOND COVERAGE-SEWER AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL BONDS

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Gross Revenues (1)	Direct Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Annual Debt Service Requirement	Coverage
1991	15,015,000	9,987,000	5,028,000	4,247,886	1.18
1992	15,487,000	9,883,000	5,604,000	4,044,932	1.39
1993	16,120,000	10,672,000	5,448,000	3,634,158	1.50
1994	17,112,000	11,282,000	5,830,000	3,068,983	1.90
1995	16,844,000	11,071,000	5,773,000	2,251,648	2.56
1996	17,556,000	11,998,000	5,558,000	2,087,048	2.66
1997	18,423,000	13,303,000	5,120,000	906,000	5.65
1998	19,835,000	12,735,000	7,100,000	1,109,000	6.40
1999	20,087,000	12,931,000	7,156,000	850,000	8.42
2000	20,452,000	13,529,000	6,923,000	749,000	9.24

(1) Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income.

(2) Direct operating expenses include operating expenses less depreciation.

#### PROPERTY VALUES, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS

Year	Total Estimated Actual Value (1) (Amounts in 000's)	Bank Deposits at December 31 (2) (Amounts in 000's)	Building Permits Issued (3)
1991	13,162,512	18,392,243	5,376
1992	14,750,827	19,379,280	5,355
1993	14,544,179	21,009,421	5,957
1994	14,097,212	20,885,453	6,666
1995	14,332,277	22,458,573	6,850
1996	14,407,976	27,068,211	8,077
1997	14,731,899	53,941,971	9,728
1998	15,553,580	58,904,596	9,216
1999	15,869,046	57,816,942	8,882
2000	16,032,610	61,943,764	9,194

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

- (1) Estimated actual value for real, personal and public utilities-Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office. Value listed for year of collection.
- (2) Bank deposits at year-end for banks headquartered in the City of Cleveland-Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland (total demand, time and saving deposits).
- (3) Building permits issued-Division of Building and Housing, City of Cleveland.

#### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

#### December 31, 2000

The largest property taxpayers with respect to property located in the City, based on assessed valuation of property for the 1999 tax collection year, are as follows:

Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business		Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Assessed Valuation by Category
Real Property (1)				
City of Cleveland, Ohio	Government	\$	80,962,360	2.10%
ZML - Cleveland Public Square LLC	Commercial Real Estate Holdings	Ψ	56,306,250	1.46%
Lakeside Associates	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		35,350,000	0.92%
The LTV Corporation	Steel Manufacturing and Processing		32,400,450	0.84%
BRE/City Center LLC	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		31,819,000	0.83%
600 Superior Place Partnership	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		24,850,000	0.65%
Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland	Government		23,721,670	0.62%
Erieview Joint Venture	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		22,925,000	0.60%
PHS Mt. Sinai, Incorporated	Hospital System		21,294,000	0.55%
Tower City	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		17,406,860	0.45%
	FOTAL	\$	347,035,590	9.02%
Total Asses	sed Valuation-Real	\$	3,847,401,220	74.29%
Tangible Personal Property (other th	an Public Utilities)			
The LTV Corporation	Steel Manufacturing and Processing	\$	70,548,610	7.97%
B.F. Goodrich Company	Automotive Products	+	14,468,070	1.64%
PPG Industries, Incorporated	Automotive Finishes, Coatings & Resins		10,759,120	1.22%
IBM Credit Corporation	Real Estate Agents and Managers		10,424,420	1.18%
ICG Equipment, Incorporated	Telephone Components		9,470,540	1.07%
TRW, Incorporated	Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories		8,249,630	0.93%
Midland Steel	Steel Manufacturing and Processing		8,001,730	0.90%
General Electric Company	Electric Components		7,767,820	0.88%
Cargill, Incorporated	Salt Mining		7,372,770	0.83%
Ferry Cap & Set Screw Company	Fastener Manufacturing		7,265,210	0.82%
	FOTAL	\$	154,327,920	17.44%
Total Assessed Val	luation-Tangible Personal	\$	884,704,635	17.09%
Public Utilities (Real and Tangible P	ersonal Property)			
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	Electric	\$	268,621,200	60.16%
Ameritech	Telephone		130,471,670	29.22%
East Ohio Gas Company	Natural Gas		47,392,150	10.62%
	ГОТАL	\$	446,485,020	100.00%
Total Assessed V	aluation-Public Utilities	\$	446,485,020	8.62%
Total Assessed V	aluation-All Categories	\$	5,178,590,875	100.01%

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office. (1) Includes Public Utilities Real Property.

### SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE

### December 31, 2000

Type of Coverage / Name of Carrier	Policy Number	Policy Period	Annual Premium
AIRPORTS: 1) COMPREHENSIVE GENERAL LIABILITY INSURANCE - A) Great American Insurance Co. Primary Airport General Liability Insurance	PR174701	10/10/00-10/10/01	\$103,000
<ul> <li>B) Underwriters at Lloyd's of London</li> <li>Excess Airport Liability Insurance</li> </ul>	JDDNX09803501	10/10/00-10/10/01	\$ 60,000
2) PROPERTY DAMAGE AND EARNINGS INSURANCE - A) Arkwright Mutual Insurance Co.	NB348	02/06/98-02/06/03	\$118,284
3) VEHICLE LIABILITY INSURANCE:			
A) St. Paul Mercury Insurance Co.	GP09302278	07/03/00-07/03/01	\$ 47,740
CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER: 1) PROPERTY COVERAGE: A) Lloyd's of London Property Insurance Coverage	PL023800	08/29/00-08/29/01	\$ 117,188
B) Lloyd's of London Boiler and Machinery Coverage	PL023800	08/29/00-08/28/01	(included above)

#### **Details of Coverage**

#### Liability Limit

Bodily injury and property damage including airport operations hazard, products-completed operations hazard, contractual hazard, non-owned aircraft hazard, liquor liability hazard and hangarkeepers liabilit.

Excess liability coverage

Property damage, gross earnings, demolition, and increased cost of construction

Earthquake and flood

Debris removal (greater of)

Extra expense, service interruption bodily injury, EDP-media, property damage/bodily injury (automatic coverage or errors and omissions), transit and expediting expense

Bodily injury or property damage arising out of the ownership, maintenance, operation and use of all owned, non-owned, leased and/or hired vehicles

Blanket real and personal property special form coverage for insured perils; newly acquired location; fire brigade charges and extinguishing services

Pollutant removal

Comprehensive coverage including production machinery (including breakdown )

Water damage Expediting expenses Hazardous substance Ammonia contanimation \$20 million annual aggregate. Self-insured retention of \$100,000.

\$180 million annual aggregate, excess to \$50 million primary coverage.

\$391,084,000.

\$100 million annual aggregate.

25% of value or \$5 million.

\$1 million with deductibles of \$100,000 per occurrence and \$500,000 annual aggregate.

\$1 million per occurrence; \$1,000 deductible per accident withannual aggregate deductible of \$10,000. Uninsured Motorist \$50,000 per vehicle

\$82,093,565 per occurrence;\$250,000 deductible for turbines,\$100,000 deductible for one location;\$5,000 deductible for three locations.

\$50,000 per occurrence.

\$20,000,000 per accident;
\$250,000 deductible for turbines/generators.
\$25,000 per occurrence.
20,000 KVA or larger,
\$10,000 per occurrence for transformer under 20,000KVA.

\$100,000 per accident \$100,000 per accident \$100,000 per accident \$100,000 per accident

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE

#### December 31, 2000

Type of Coverage/	Policy	Policy	Annual
Name of Carrier	Number	Period	Premium
NEW CLEVELAND BROWNS' STADIUM CON	<b>NSTRUCTION:</b>		
American Guarantee and Liability Company			

American Guarantee and Liability Company			
General liability coverage	ERP3589292	04/23/00-04/23/01	\$75,600

#### **Details of Coverage**

#### Liability Limit

Commercial General Liability Coverage, wrap program; products/completed operations coverage; personal & advertising injury coverage

Fire damage Medical expense Builders' risk property coverage Earthquake coverage, Flood coverage \$30,000,000 per occurrence.\$30,000,000 aggregate.\$10,000 deductible per occurence.\$100,000 aggregate deductible.

\$50,000 any one fire \$5,000 any one person. \$210,000,000 limit \$25,000 deductible \$5,000,000 limit \$100,000 deductible

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS**

#### December 31, 2000

The population of the City, the County, the PMSA and the State for each decade from 1950 to 1990 (U.S. Bureau of the Census) is as follows:

	Population					
Year	City	County	PMSA	State		
1950	914,808	1,389,532	1,532,574	7,946,627		
1960	876,050	1,647,895	1,909,483	9,706,397		
1970	750,903	1,721,300	2,063,729	10,652,017		
1980	573,822	1,498,400	1,898,825	10,797,630		
1990	505,616	1,412,140	1,831,122	10,847,115		
2000	478,403	1,393,978	2,250,871	11,353,140		

#### AGE DISTRIBUTION (1), (2) (3)

	1990			
	Ma	ales	Females	
Age	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Under 5 Years	22,579	9.5%	21,577	8.0%
5-9 yrs	19,524	8.2%	19,069	7.1%
10-14 yrs	17,439	7.4%	16,848	6.3%
15-19 yrs	17,080	7.2%	16,937	6.3%
20-24 yrs	18,289	7.7%	20,205	7.6%
25-34 yrs	43,747	18.4%	47,501	17.7%
35-44 yrs	30,917	13.0%	33,503	12.5%
45-54 yrs	20,002	8.4%	23,968	8.9%
55-64 yrs	20,558	8.7%	25,120	9.4%
65-74 yrs	17,310	7.3%	24,006	8.9%
75 and over	9,766	4.2%	19,671	7.3%
Total	237,211	100.0%	268,405	100.0%
Median age	29.9		32.5	

# DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES BY INCOME BRACKET (average 2.2 persons) (1), (2), (3)

	19	90	1	980
Income	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
\$0-4,999	33,323	16.7%	52,258	23.9%
\$5,000- 9,999	31,029	15.5%	40,191	18.4%
\$10,000- 14,999	22,925	11.5%	33,290	15.3%
\$15,000- 19,999	21,224	10.6%	29,231	13.4%
\$20,000- 24,999	17,680	8.9%	23,682	10.8%
\$25,000- 34,999	29,632	14.8%	25,639	11.7%
\$35,000- 49,999	25,866	13.0%	10,967	5.0%
\$50,000- 74,999	14,060	7.0%	2,961	1.3%
\$75,000- 99,999	2,568	1.3%	224	.1%
Over \$100,000	1,310	.7%	56	.1%
Total	199,617	100.0%	218,499	100.0%
Median Family Income (1)	\$ 22,448		\$ 15,991	
Per Capita Income (1)	\$ 9,258		\$ 5,770	

Source: (1) U.S. Census of Population 1980, 1990, 2000

(2) Northern Ohio Data & Information Service, College of Urban Affairs, Cleveland State University

(3) U.S. Census of Population in these areas not available at time of printing.

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS**

#### December 31, 2000

#### Employment

The following table indicates the distribution of employees among major industrial classifications in the Cleveland - Lorain - Elyria PMSA for the years 1996 through 2000:

	n of Employee	•			
(A	mounts in 000 2000 ⁽¹⁾	1999 ⁽³⁾	<b>1998</b> ⁽²⁾	<b>1997</b> ⁽²⁾	<b>1996</b> ⁽²⁾
Good Producing Industries:					
Construction	44.9	45.4	46.6	44.2	41.9
Primary Metal	18.9	20.5	21.4	21.6	21.7
Fabricated Metal	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.4	37.7
Industrial Machinery	34.9	35.5	37.5	36.3	36.9
Electrical Equipment	15.1	15.4	15.4	16.0	16.5
Transportation Equipment	21.5	21.3	21.4	22.2	22.7
Printing & Publishing	17.0	17.2	16.8	17.0	17.8
Chemical Products	17.8	17.8	17.5	17.4	17.7
Rubber & Plastic Products	14.4	15.0	14.5	14.6	14.4
Other	41.1	42.0	40.3	39.7	40.1
<b>Total Goods Producing Industries</b>	264.2	268.7	270.0	267.4	267.4
Service Producing Industries:					
Transportation & Public Utilities	47.6	47.4	45.8	45.4	45.1
Wholesale Trade	76.0	75.3	73.9	72.7	71.1
Retail Trade	209.1	209.8	202.6	198.3	195.5
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	80.5	80.0	75.5	74.1	71.9
Health Services	113.4	112.3	109.0	106.2	104.3
Other Services	245.4	243.6	239.4	228.9	221.8
Federal Government	20.5	20.9	21.2	21.5	22.3
State Government	9.2	9.2	9.1	9.0	9.1
Local Government	120.3	119.0	115.9	114.0	111.3
Total Service Producing Industries	922.0	917.5	892.4	870.1	852.4
Grand Total	1,186.2	1,186.2	1,162.4	1,137.5	1,119.8
Goods Producing Percentage	22.3%	22.7%	23.2%	23.5%	23.9%
Service Producing Percentage	77.7%	77.3%	76.8%	76.5%	76.1%

Service Froducing Fercentage //.//6 //.5/6

Source: Ohio Bureau of Employment Services, Labor Market Information Divison

(1) Office of Research, Assessment, & Accountability, Bureau of Labor Market Information,

Labor Market Review, December 2000

(2) Effective January 1, 1994 the Cleveland PMSA was modified to include Lorain and Ashtabula counties.

(3) Revised

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS**

#### December 31, 2000

#### Employment

The following table compares estimated employment statistics for Cuyahoga County and the Cleveland - Lorain - Elyria PMSA including comparisons with unemployment rates for the State of Ohio and the United States:

	Emp	oloyed	Unem	ployed	t	J <b>nemploy</b>	ment Rat	e
Years ⁽¹⁾	County	PMSA	County	PMSA	County	PMSA	Ohio	U.S.
1991	635,700	1,019,400	39,400	68,600	5.8%	6.3%	6.4%	6.8%
1992	629,200	1,011,100	48,800	82,900	7.2%	7.6%	7.3%	7.5%
1993	627,900	1,008,500	46,000	75,100	6.8%	6.9%	6.5%	6.9%
1994	636,300	1,023,900	39,400	64,200	5.8%	5.9%	5.5%	6.1%
1995	644,100	1,037,000	31,800	55,400	4.7%	5.1%	4.8%	5.6%
1996	655,700	1,046,100	34,300	57,100	5.0%	5.2%	4.9%	5.4%
1997	651,900	1,061,600	33,000	53,500	4.8%	4.8%	4.6%	4.9%
1998	644,400	1,088,700	30,000	49,400	4.4%	4.3%	4.3%	4.5%
1999 ⁽³⁾	649,900	1,093,400	31,300	49,100	4.6%	4.3%	4.3%	4.2%
2000 ^{(2)*}	657,200	1,081,900	27,400	46,600	4.0%	4.1%	4.3%	4.2%

Source: Ohio Bureau of Employment Services - U.S. Department of Larbor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

(1) Effective January 1, 1994 the Cleveland PMSA was modified to include Lorain and Ashtabula C

(2) Office of Research Assessments & Accountablity, Bureau of Labor Market Information,

Labor Market Review, December 2000.

(3) Revised

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS**

#### December 31, 2000

#### **Corporate Headquarters**

The following table shows the corporations among Fortune magazine's listing of the five hundred largest U.S. corporations in the United States which are located in the Cleveland - Lorain - Elyria PMSA:

	Ranked by Revenues ⁽¹⁾				
Rank	Company	Worldwide Revenues (\$ millions)(A)	Worldwide Assets (\$ millions)(B)	Major Product or Services	
114	TRW. Incorporated	\$17,231.1	\$16,467.0	Automotive and Electronics	
213	Eaton Corporation	8,988.0	8,180.0	Automotive and Electronics	
210	National City Corporation	9,050.8	88,534.6	Commercial Banking	
226	KeyCorp	8,471.0	87,270.0	Commercial Banking	
277	Progressive	6,771.0	10,051.6	Insurance	
337	Sherwin Williams	5,211.6	3,750.7	Paints	
330	Parker Hannifin Corporation	5,355.3	4,646.3	Hydraulic Components	
339	OfficeMax	5,156.4	2,293.3	Retail Office Supplies	
352	LTV	4,934.0	5,358.0	Steel Manufacturing	

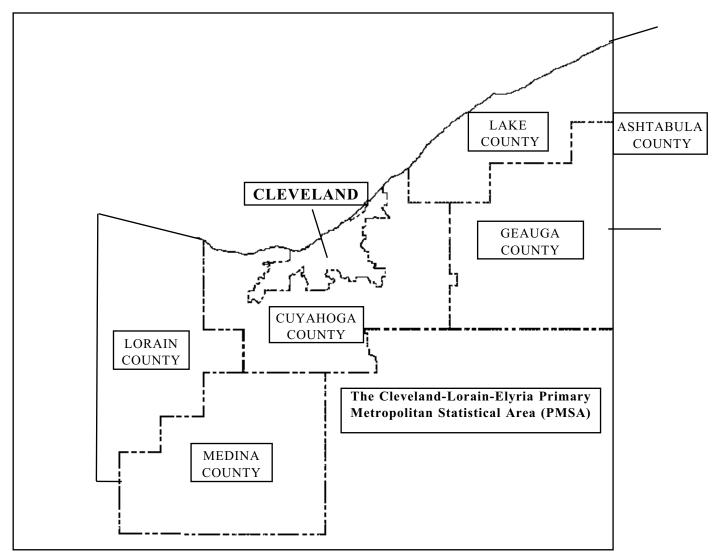
### The 500 Largest Industrial and Service Corporations Ranked by Revenues⁽¹⁾

Source: (A) The Fortune 500, Vol. 143, No. 8, April 16, 2001

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS - Continued**

#### December 31,2000

#### **METROPOLITAN CLEVELAND**



2,223,300 million people

6 counties

Largest metropolitan area in Ohio

1,176,000 employed labor force

(1) Effective January 1, 1994, Ashtabula and Lorain counties were added to the Cleveland PMSA.
 (2) Office of Research Assessement & Accountablity, Bureau of Labor Market Information, Labor Market Review, December 2000.

#### **MISCELLANEOUS DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS**

### December 31, 2000

DATE OF INCORPORATION DATE OF ADOPTION OF ORIGINAL CITY CHARTER FORM OF GOVERNMENT	AYOR AND TWENTY-ONE COUNCILMEN
MILES OF SHORELINE ON CUYAHOGA RIVER MILES OF SHORELINE ON LAKE ERIE	
ELECTION OF NOVEMBER, 1998 (Gubernatorial) Number of Registered Voters-Last General Election Number of Ballots Cast-Last General Election Percentage of Registered Votes Cast	
AIRPORTS Cleveland Hopkins International Airport	
Enplaned Passengers Total Airport Landing Weight (1,000 lbs) Number of Scheduled Aircraft Departures per day (Average at Ho Miles from City Hall to Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. Miles from City Hall to Burke Lakefront Airport	
WATER SYSTEM	
Number of Customer Billings.Daily Average Pumpage-GallonsGreatest Pumpage for a Single Day (August 30, 2000)Maximum-Filtration Plant Capacity per day-gallonsMaximum-Intake Capacity per day-gallons	
Number of Miles of Watermains Owned by City         Number of Miles of Watermains Owned by Suburbs         Population Served	
FIRE DEPARTMENT Number of Stations Number of Employees (Uniform)	
POLICE DEPARTMENT Number of Districts Number of Employees (Uniform)	
BUILDINGS Permits Issued Estimated Cost of Construction Inspections under Ohio Basic Building Code	\$483,444,810
PARKS AND RECREATION Number of Parks (District, Community, Neighborhood and Urban)	145
Number of Ball Diamonds (at 74 sites)	
Total Playgrounds Recreation Centers Pools:	
Indoor	
Outdoor       Golf Courses (2-18 hole courses at each)	
Ice Rink	
Roller Rink (indoor)	
Tennis Courts (at 32 sites)         Soccer Fields	
Cudell Fine Arts Center	
Rockefeller Park Public Greenhouse	
Camp George L. Forbes Total Park Acreage (not including golf courses)	

### SCHEDULE OF STATISTICS-GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2000

### **OPERATING RATIOS: GENERAL FUND-BUDGET BASIS**

### **REVENUE DOLLAR BY SOURCE**

Where the money came from

a. Income taxes	\$ 0.56
b. Property taxes	0.10
c. State local government fund	0.12
d. Other shared revenues	0.07
e. Licenses and permits	0.02
f. Charges for services	0.03
g. Fines and forfeits	0.04
h. Miscellaneous	0.06
	\$ 1.00

### **EXPENDITURE DOLLAR BY FUNCTION**

Where the money was spent

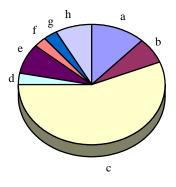
a. General government	\$ 0.12
b. Public service	0.07
c. Public safety	0.56
d. Public health	0.03
e. Maintenance, parks and recreation	0.08
f. Community development	0.03
g. Other	0.03
h. Operating transfers out	 0.08
	\$ 1.00

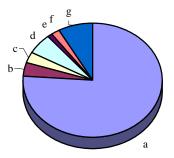
#### EXPENDITURE DOLLAR BY OBJECT

What the money was spent on

a. Salaries, wages, and related benefits	\$ 0.76
b. Interdepartmental charges	0.04
c. Utilities	0.03
d. Contractual services	0.06
e. Materials and supplies	0.01
f. Miscellaneous	0.02
g. Operating transfers out	 0.08
	\$ 1.00







# **SPECIAL THANKS TO:**

## The Financial Reporting & Control Staff

Faranak Arab, Assistant City Controller Michael Chambers, Assistant City Controller Celina Chaves Vincent Conte Angela Holmes Michael Klein, Supervisor Yanping Liu Antoine Pink Ray Pring, Supervisor Va'Kedia Stiggers Sharon Teter Gary Walker

# **Information Technologies Staff**

Robert Dolan, Project Coordinator

### **Internal Audit Staff**

## **Sinking Fund Staff** Elizabeth C. Hruby, Assistant Secretary

## Photography

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### CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES CUYAHOGA COUNTY

## **REGULAR AUDIT**

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000 & 1999



Jim Petro Auditor of State

STATE OF OHIO

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

Lausche Bldg 615 W Superior Ave Floor 12 Cleveland OH 44113 - 1801 Telephone 216-787-3665 800-626-2297 Facsimile 216-787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us

#### **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS**

Division of Parking Facilities Department of Parks, Recreation and Properties City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Ave. Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Michael R. White, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Division of Parking Facilities, Department of Parks, Recreation and Properties, City of Cleveland, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Division of Parking Facilities' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. The financial statements of the Division of Parking Facilities, Department of Parks, Recreation and Properties, City of Cleveland, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999 were audited by other auditors whose report dated July 27, 2000, expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present only the Division of Parking Facilities and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City of Cleveland and the results of the City of Cleveland's operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the 2000 financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division of Parking Facilities, as of December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 29, 2001

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# DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES

# DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES

#### BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2000 and 1999

	(in thousands of dollars) <b>December 31,</b>			
		2000		1999
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,568	\$	2,030
Accounts receivable-net of allowance for doubtful accounts				
of \$17 in 2000 and \$15 in 1999		92		252
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		387		494
Inventory of supplies, at cost		17		45
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		3,064		2,821
UNAMORTIZED BOND ISSUANCE EXPENSE		1,216		1,307
RESTRICTED ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents		6,502		3,269
Investments at fair value		9,688		12,130
Accrued interest receivable		302		248
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS		16,492		15,647
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				
Land		12,929		12,929
Land Improvements		1,264		1,264
Buildings, structures and improvements		65,200		65,200
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		694		694
TOTAL PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		80,087		80,087
Less: accumulated depreciation		11,070		9,375
		69,017		70,712
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	89,789	\$	90,487

	<i>(in thousands of dollars)</i> December 31,		
		2000	1999
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	1,875 \$	1,795
Accounts payable		318	34
Due to other governments		72	189
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		12	2
Accrued interest payable		1,252	1,276
Accrued wages and benefits		184	147
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,713	3,443
PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS		17	16
LONG TERM DEBT			
Revenue bonds		67,416	68,753
TOTAL LIABILITIES		71,146	72,212
EQUITY			
Contributed capital		21,079	21,079
Accumulated deficit		(2,436)	(2,804)
TOTAL EQUITY		18,643	18,275
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$	89,789 \$	90,487

See notes to financial statements.

### DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

#### For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999

		in thousands of a For the Ears Ended Dece 2000	ne	
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	8,250 \$	7,529	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operations		2,053	1,677	
Maintenance		34	45	
Depreciation		1,696	1,700	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		3,783	3,422	
OPERATING INCOME		4,467	4,107	
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Interest income		1,189	1,089	
Interest expense		(5,197)	(4,972)	
Amortization of bond issuance costs		(91)	(93)	
TOTAL NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)	_	(4,099)	(3,976)	
NET INCOME	\$	368 \$	131	

See notes to financial statements.

### DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999

	00	(in thousands of dollars) Contributed Accumulated Capital Deficit			Total
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 1998	\$	21,079	\$	(2,935) \$	18,144
Net income				131	131
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 1999		21,079		(2,804)	18,275
Net income				368	368
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2000	\$	21,079	\$	(2,436) \$	18,643

See notes to financial statements.

### DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

#### For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999

	(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 31,		
		2000	1999
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from customers	\$	8,517 \$	7,040
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	Ψ	(1,110)	(1,096)
Cash payments to employees for services		(734)	(592)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)		(/01)	(0)=)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		6,673	5,352
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets			(238)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(1,795)	(1,715)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(4,692)	(4,451)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL			· · · · ·
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(6,487)	(6,404)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of investment securities		(23,504)	(15,436)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities		26,015	8,665
Interest received on investments		1,074	1,037
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		3,585	(5,734)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		3,771	(6,786)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		5,299	12,085
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	9,070 \$	5,299

(in thousands of dollars) For the				
		ember 31, 1999		
\$	4,467 \$	4,107		
	1,696	1,700		
	160	(83)		
	107	(406)		
	28			
	285	34		
	(117)	(1)		
	10	(15)		
	37	16		
	2,206	1,245		
\$	6.673 \$	5,352		
	Y	For the Years Ended Dece 2000 \$ 4,467 \$ 1,696 160 107 28 285 (117) 10 37		

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### NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Division of Parking Facilities ("Division") is reported as an enterprise fund of the City of Cleveland's Department of Parks, Recreation and Properties and is a part of the City of Cleveland's primary government. The Division was created for the purpose of providing moderately priced off-street parking facilities to citizens within the City of Cleveland (the "City"). The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

*Basis of Accounting:* The Division's financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized as incurred.

*Revenues*: Revenues are derived primarily from fees charged to users of City-owned parking garages and facilities operated by the Division including the net income from the Gateway garages and on-street parking meter revenue. Parking rates are authorized by City Council. Parking fees are collected on a daily basis or monthly basis at certain locations.

Statement of Cash Flows: The Division utilizes the direct method of reporting for the statement of cash flows as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents*: Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and cash deposits maintained by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Division. Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

*Investments*: The Division follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pool," which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding changes in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. Investment fair values at year-end are based on market quotes, where available.

The City has invested funds in the Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 2000 and 1999. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment Company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2000 and 1999.

*Restricted Assets*: Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside in various fund accounts for payment of debt are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by the underlying loan agreement.

### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES -Continued

*Fixed Assets and Depreciation:* Property, plant and equipment is stated on the basis of historical cost, or if contributed, at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation for the Proprietary Fund types is determined by allocating the cost of fixed assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. A fixed asset is defined as a tangible item with a useful life of five years or more and a value equal to or greater than \$5,000, with the exception of computer equipment and software which have a value equal to or greater than \$1,500. When property is disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

*Bond Issuance Expenses and Discount and Unamortized Loss on Debt Refunding:* Bond issuance expenses are carried on the Division's books as an asset and unamortized bond discounts are netted against long-term debt. Both are amortized over the lives of the applicable bonds. Unamortized loss on debt refunding is netted against long-term debt and is amortized over the shorter of the life of the old bond or the new bond.

*Contributed Capital:* Contributed capital represents contributions of land, buildings and equipment from the City of Cleveland which are not subject to mandatory repayment. All contributions received are credited directly to contributed capital.

Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities", all Proprietary Funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, Proprietary Funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

### NOTE B - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 is as follows:

	Outstanding				
		Principa	ıl An	ount	
Interest Rate		2000	1999		
	(i	dollars)			
4.45%-6.00%	\$	77,395	\$	79,190	
		(7,068)		(7,597)	
		(1,036)		(1,045)	
		(1,875)		(1,795)	
	\$	67,416	\$	68,753	
		(ii	Interest Rate         Principa           4.45%-6.00%         \$ 77,395           (in thousan)         (7,068)           (1,036)         (1,875)	Interest Rate         Principal Am           4.45%-6.00%         \$ 77,395 \$           (7,068)         (1,036)           (1,875)         \$ (1,875)	

0-4-4----

#### **NOTE B-LONG-TERM DEBT- Continued**

Minimum principal and interest payments on long-term debt for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

Pr	incipal	Interest			Total
	(in th	ousa	inds of do	llar	s)
\$	1,875	\$	4,294	\$	6,169
	1,965		4,207	\$	6,172
	2,075		4,104	\$	6,179
	2,175		3,995	\$	6,170
	2,305		3,864	\$	6,169
	67,000		37,937	\$	104,937
\$	77,395	\$	58,401	\$	135,796
	\$	\$ 1,875 1,965 2,075 2,175 2,305 67,000	(in thousa \$ 1,875 \$ 1,965 2,075 2,175 2,305 67,000	(in thousands of do. \$ 1,875 \$ 4,294 1,965 4,207 2,075 4,104 2,175 3,995 2,305 3,864 67,000 37,937	(in thousands of dollar: \$ 1,875 \$ 4,294 \$ 1,965 4,207 \$ 2,075 4,104 \$ 2,175 3,995 \$ 2,305 3,864 \$ 67,000 37,937 \$

The proceeds from the Parking Facility Improvement Revenue Bonds Series 1992 were used to construct two new parking garages around the Gateway site and a new Willard Park Garage behind City Hall. The City's first garage on the Gateway site was completed in January 1994. The second garage was completed in August 1994. The Willard Park Garage construction was completed in April 1996.

The City has pledged the net revenues of the parking facilities, as defined in the trust indenture, as well as the additional pledged revenues which consist of General Fund parking meter and other non-tax revenues, to meet debt service requirements, if necessary. In 2000 and 1999, no additional pledged revenue was required to meet the debt service on the parking bonds. The trust indenture requires, among other things, that the Division will fix parking rates and will charge and collect fees for the use of the Parking Facilities, and will restrict Operating Expenses. As of December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999, the Division was in compliance with the terms and requirements of the trust indenture.

*Defeasance of Parking Facility Improvement Revenue Bonds*: In 1996 the Division defeased 1992 Parking Facility Revenue Bonds by placing the proceeds of 1996 Parking Facility Revenue Bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in these financial statements. The aggregate amount of this defeased debt at December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999 are \$65,270,000 and \$66,380,000.

### NOTE C-RECEIVABLE FROM GATEWAY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

In accordance with an agreement with Gateway Economic Development Corporation ("Gateway"), Gateway is required to reimburse the City for the excess of the debt service requirements of the Parking Facility Improvement Revenue Bonds attributed to the two Gateway garages over the net revenues generated by the two Gateway garages.

### NOTE C - RECEIVABLE FROM GATEWAY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION - Continued

In 2000 and 1999, net revenues generated by the two Gateway garages were less than the debt service payments attributed to those garages by \$2,189,000 and \$2,543,000, respectively. Cumulative debt service payments funded by the City that are due from the Gateway totaled \$16,868,000 and \$14,679,000 at December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively. Due to the uncertainty of collecting such amounts, an allowance has been recorded to offset the amounts in full.

#### Note D - Deposits and Investments

*Deposits:* The Division's carrying amount of deposits for years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999 totaled \$5,760,000 and \$6,077,000, respectively. The Division's bank balances for 2000 and 1999 were \$6,230,000 and \$6,206,000. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," for years ended 2000 and 1999, \$49,000 and \$25,000 of the bank balances were insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name. The remaining balance of \$6,181,000 for each year was uninsured and uncollateralized and was invested in a bank investment contract (BIC). This BIC is secured by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the City's name.

*Investments*: The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State obligations; certificates of deposit; U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (Star Ohio), guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions as discussed in "Deposits" above or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained. Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S. Government securities, certificates of deposit, investments in certain money market mutual funds, and State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (Star Ohio). Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the bank's commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institution's separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statute prohibits the use of Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit. Market values of securities fluctuate based on the magnitude of changing market conditions; significant changes in market conditions could materially affect portfolio value.

#### **NOTE D - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued**

GASB statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the City to categorize its investments into one of three categories:

Category 1: includes insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

Category 2: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category 3: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter party, or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The categorized investments shown in the following table include those which are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 9:

Type of			2000 Fair	2000		1999 Fair	1999
Investment	Category		Value	Cost		Value	Cost
		(in thousand of dollars)					
U.S. Treasury Bills	2	\$	9,688	\$ 9,527	\$	9,161	\$ 9,063
State Treasury Asset							
Reserve Fund (Star Ohio)	n/a		3,025	3,025		2,154	2,154
Mutual Funds	n/a		285	285		37	37
Total Investments			12,998	12,837		11,352	11,254
Total Deposits			5,760	5,760		6,077	6,077
Total Deposits and Investments		\$	18,758	\$18,597	\$	17,429	\$ 17,331

Certain investments included above are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheets since they have a maturity of three months or less.

Star Ohio is an investment pool created pursuant to Ohio statutes and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. Star Ohio investments and investments in mutual funds are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 3.

### NOTE E - EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT PLAN

All full-time employees participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disabliity benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual salary to fund pension obligations. For calendar year 2000, PERS instituted a temporary employer rate rollback for state and local governments. The 2000 employer pension contribution rate for the City was 6.54 percent of covered payroll, reduced from 9.35 percent in 1999. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The Division's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31,2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$81,000, \$70,000, and \$70,000, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2000, 1999, and 1998.

### NOTE F-OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2000 employer contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2000. For 1999, the contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.20 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 1999, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employee) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The number of active contributing participants was 401,339. The Division's actual contributions for 2000 and 1999 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$25,700 and \$22,000. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 1999, (the latest information available) were \$10,805.5 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$12,473.6 million and \$1,668.1 million, respectively.

### **NOTE F - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued**

For 2000, PERS elected to return to an actuarially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodology. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

### NOTE G - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Revenues and Accounts Receivable: The Division provides parking facilities at usual and customary rates to various departments and divisions of the City of Cleveland.

The Division operates certain garages and parking lots on behalf of other City divisions. The professional management fees recorded by the Division to operate the garages and parking lots are as follows:

	2000	1999
	(in thousand	s of dollars)
Division of Convention Center	\$ 223	\$ 298
Department of Community Development	333	325
Municipal Court	0	20

*Operating Expenses*: The Division is provided various services by other City divisions. Charges are based on actual usage or on a reasonable pro rata basis. The more significant expenses included in the statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999 are as follows:

	_	2000	1999
	(1	in thousand	ds of dollars)
Parks maintenance	\$	91	\$ 113
Motor vehicle maintenance		19	12

The following entity is a jointly governed organization to the City of Cleveland but the City has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility:

*Gateway Economic Development Corporation of Greater Cleveland (Gateway)* - Gateway is responsible for the operating of a sports complex and related economic development. The five member board consists of two members appointed by the City, two members appointed by the Board of County Commissioners, and one by the President of the Board of County Commissioners with concurrence of the Mayor of the City of Cleveland.

### NOTE H-COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Various claims are pending against the City involving the Division for personal injuries, property damage and other matters. The City is responsible for the suits. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occured and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The City's management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the Division's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### **NOTE I-LEASES**

The Division leases the land for various parking facilities to managing companies under non-cancelable lease agreements, which expire at various times through the year 2056. Revenues generated from such leases totaled \$180,000 in 2000 and 1999. Future minimum rentals on non-cancelable leases are as follows:

2001	\$ 180,000
2002	180,000
2003	180,000
2004	180,000
2005	180,000
Thereafter	6,900,000
	<u>\$ 7,800,000</u>

# CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY

# **REGULAR AUDIT**

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000 & 1999



Jim Petro Auditor of State

STATE OF OHIO

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

Lausche Bldg 615 W Superior Ave Floor 12 Cleveland OH 44113 - 1801 Telephone 216-787-3665 800-626-2297 Facsimile 216-787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us

#### **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS**

Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports Department of Port Control City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Ave. Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Michael R. White, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports, Department of Port Control, City of Cleveland, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. The financial statements of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports, Department of Port Control, City of Cleveland, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999 were audited by other auditors whose report dated July 27, 2000, expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present only the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City of Cleveland and the results of the City of Cleveland's operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the 2000 financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports, as of December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports Department of Port Control City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the 2000 financial statements of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports taken as a whole. The Schedule of Airport Revenue and Operating Expenses as Defined in the Airline Use Agreement is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International statements taken as a whole.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 29, 2001

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# **CITY OF CLEVELAND**

#### DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS

# BALANCE SHEETS

#### December 31, 2000 and 1999

	(in thousands of dollars) <b>December 31,</b>			
ASSETS		2000		1999
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,181	\$	9,783
Investments		21,798		26,913
Receivables:				
Accounts receivable-net of allowance for doubtful accounts		6 610		2 5 5 0
of \$428 in 2000 and \$428 in 1999		6,618		2,559
Unbilled revenue		5,512		9,227
Accrued interest receivable		593		536
Total Receivables		12,723		12,322
Prepaid expenses		240		163
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		1,313		467
Due from Federal government		343		1,012
Materials and supplies, at cost		240		275
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		41,838		50,935
DEFERRED BOND ISSUANCE EXPENSE		4,432		4,742
RESTRICTED ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents		160,401		172,736
Investments		72,488		69,395
Accrued interest receivable		1,333		1,256
Bond retirement reserve		53		53
Passenger facility charges receivable		2,224		2,213
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS		236,499		245,653
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				
Land		133,949		132,753
Land Improvements		187,652		177,035
Buildings, structures and improvements		364,691		353,931
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		19,963		21,252
		706,255		684,971
Less: accumulated depreciation		211,152		193,038
		495,103		491,933
Construction in progress		34,092		15,265
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET		529,195		507,198
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	811,964	\$	808,528

		ollars)		
		2000		1999
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	14,315	\$	12,100
Current portion of deferred payment obligations		1,278		1,183
Accounts payable		3,081		4,866
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		2,361		4,174
Accrued wages and benefits		3,112		2,186
Due to other governments		2,113		2,742
Landing fee adjustment-payable to Airlines		6,139		3,965
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		32,399		31,216
PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS				
Bond service fund-accrued interest		25,517		23,713
Construction fund		7,036		9,000
TOTAL PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS		32,553		32,713
LONG TERM DEBT-excluding amounts due within one year:				
Deferred Payment Obligation		26,532		27,810
Revenue bonds		350,098		363,925
Notes Payable (see note B)		40,000		40,000
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT		416,630		431,735
TOTAL LIABILITIES		481,582		495,664
EQUITY				
Contributions in aid of construction:				
Federal and State		175,591		167,166
Municipal		3,572		3,572
Total contributions in aid of construction		179,163		170,738
Retained earnings		151,219		142,126
TOTAL EQUITY		330,382		312,864
				·
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$	811,964	\$	808,528

# **CITY OF CLEVELAND DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL** DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS STATEMENTS OF INCOME

### For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999

	<u> </u>	(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 1999			
OPERATING REVENUES					
Landing fees:					
Scheduled airlines	\$	31,020 \$	27,280		
Adjustments of landing fees as			,		
provided in airline use agreements		(6,139)	(3,965)		
Other		2,834	2,714		
		27,715	26,029		
Terminal and concourse rentals:					
Scheduled airlines		15,847	12,229		
Other		15,957	13,909		
		31,804	26,138		
Concessions		20,427	17,756		
Utility sales and other		6,747	6,850		
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		86,693	76,773		
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operations, maintenance and administrative		47,380	40,252		
Depreciation and amortization		23,103	19,089		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		70,483	59,341		
<b>OPERATING (LOSS) INCOME</b>		16,210	17,432		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Passenger facility charges revenue		16,642	16,753		
Interest income		17,859	14,923		
Non-operating expenses		(12,264)	(22,442)		
Interest expense		(28,561)	(25,144)		
Amortization of bond issuance expense		(793)	(885)		
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES), NET		(7,117)	(16,795)		
NET INCOME	\$	9,093 \$	637		

### **CITY OF CLEVELAND** DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999

	(in thousands of dollars) Contributions In Aid of Construction							
	-	Federal nd State		Municipal	• 	Retained Earnings		Total
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 1998	\$	156,470	\$	3,572	\$	141,489	\$	301,531
Grants Net income		10,696				637		10,696 637
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 1999		167,166		3,572		142,126		312,864
Grants Net income		8,425				9,093		8,425 9,093
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2000	\$	175,591	\$	3,572	\$	151,219	\$	330,382

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999

For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999
------------------------------------------------

	(in thousands of a For the Years Ended Deco 2000	,
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$ 82,961 \$	78,626
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(30,161)	(20,370)
Cash payments to employees for services	(17,985)	(16,345)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	34,815	41,911
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash payments for sound insulation of homes	(12,283)	(15,697)
Cash receipts (payments) for other non-operating costs	19	(6,745)
Cash receipts for passenger facility charges	16,630	16,768
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)	 ,	· · · ·
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	4,366	(5,674)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(54,235)	(100,106)
Proceeds from revenue notes, net of costs and discounts	(0,,200)	39,791
Principal paid on long-term debt	(12,100)	(8,450)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(21,310)	(21,549)
Capital grant proceeds	9,437	13,308
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 (78,208)	(77,006)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investment securities	(89,963)	(131,050)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities	94,061	139,382
Interest received on investments	17,992	15,354
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)	 17,772	15,554
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	 22,090	23,686
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(16,937)	(17,083)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 182,519	199,602
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 165,582 \$	182,519

	<i>(in thousands of dollars)</i> For the Years Ended December 31,		
		2000	1999
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
OPERATING (LOSS) INCOME	\$	16,210 \$	17,432
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income			
to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		23,103	19,089
Non-cash rental income		(3,389)	(3,106)
Loss on disposal of equipment		1,070	
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net		(4,059)	3,423
Unbilled revenue		3,715	(3,036)
Prepaid expenses		(77)	96
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		(846)	1,449
Materials and supplies, at cost		35	(4)
Accounts payable		(1,605)	2,600
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		(1,813)	(814)
Accrued wages and benefits		926	(459)
Due to Other Governments		(629)	795
Landing fee adjustment-payable to airlines		2,174	4,446
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		18,605	24,479
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	34,815 \$	41,911

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#### **CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO** DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the years December 31, 2000 and 1999

### NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports (the "Divisions") are reported as an enterprise fund of the City of Cleveland's Department of Port Control and are part of the City of Cleveland's (the "City") primary government. The Divisions were created for the purpose of operating the airports within the Cleveland metropolitan area. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

*Basis of Accounting*: The Divisions' financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized as incurred. Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities", all Proprietary Funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, Proprietary Funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

*Statement of Cash Flows*: The Divisions utilize the direct method of reporting for the statement of cash flows as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Government Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents*: Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and cash deposits maintained by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Divisions. Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

*Investments*: The Divisions follow the provisions of GASB Statement No.31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools," which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 2000 and 1999. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2000 and 1999.

*Restricted Assets*: Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside in various fund accounts for payment of revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by the bond indentures.

### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

*Fixed Assets and Depreciation:* Property, plant and equipment is stated on the basis of historical cost, or if contributed, at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation for the Proprietary Fund Types is determined by allocating the cost of fixed assets over the estimated useful life of the assets using the straight-line method. A fixed asset is defined as a tangible item with a useful life of five years or more and a value equal to or greater than \$5,000, with the exception of computer equipment and software which have a value equal to or greater than \$1,500. When property is disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings, structures and improvements. . . . . . 10 to 65 years Furniture, fixtures and equipment. . . . . . . . . . . . 5 to 33 years

The Divisions' policy is to capitalize interest on construction projects up to the point in time that the project is substantially completed. Capitalized interest is included in the cost of the assets and is depreciated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of such assets. The Divisions apply Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 62, "Capitalization of Interest Cost in Situations Involving Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowings and Certain Gifts and Grants," for its Airport System Revenue Bonds. This statement requires capitalization of interest cost of the eligible borrowings less interest earned on investment of the related bond proceeds from the date of borrowing until the assets constructed from the bond proceeds are ready for their intended use. During 2000 and 1999, the interest to be capitalized was immaterial.

*Bond Issuance Expense and Discount and Unamortized Loss on Debt Refunding:* Bond issuance expense is carried on the Divisions' book as an asset and deferred bond discounts are netted against long-term debt. Both are amortized over the lives of the applicable bonds. Unamortized loss on debt refunding is netted against long-term debt and is amortized over the shorter life of the new debt or old debt.

*Contributions in Aid of Construction:* Contributions in aid of construction represent federal, state and municipal capital grants not subject to mandatory repayment.

*Environmental Expenditures:* Environmental expenditures consist of costs incurred for remediation efforts to Airport property. Environmental expenditures that relate to current operations are expensed or capitalized, as appropriate. Environmental expenditures that relate to an existing condition caused by past operations and which do not contribute to future revenues are expensed. Liabilities are recorded when remedial efforts are probable and the costs can be reasonably estimated.

*Non-operating Expenses:* Non-operating expenses relate to expenses of the Divisions incurred for purposes other than the operations of the Airport and consist primarily of costs incurred for noise abatement for residents of communities surrounding Cleveland Hopkins Airport. The funding for non-operating costs are from non-operating revenues (passenger facility charges and interest income).

### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

*Interfund Transactions*: During the course of normal operations, the Divisions have numerous transactions between other City divisions and departments. Such transactions are generally reflected as due to or due from in the accompanying financial statements.

Due to and Due from other funds at December 31, 2000 and 1999 are as follows:

	2	000		2000	1	999		1999
	<b>Due From</b>		D	<b>Due To</b>		From	D	ue To
			(in th	(in thousands of dollars)				
City of Cleveland General Fund	\$		\$	1,183	\$		\$	4,150
Division of Water				110				1
Division of Water of Water Pollution Control				138				17
Division of Cleveland Public Power				13				6
Division of Research Planning & Development		30						
Special Revenues - Trans Fee		(91)						
PFC Revenue Transfer from Oper & Maint		917		917				
Division of Telephone Exchange		457				467		
	\$	1,313	\$	2,361	\$	467	\$	4,174

### NOTE B - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 is as follows:

			ng nount		
	Interest Rate		1999		
-		(	in thousand	ds of	dollars)
Airport System Revenue Bonds:					
Series 1990, due through 2006	6.50%-7.30%	\$	23,946	\$	31,251
Series 1994, due through 2024	4.80%-7.95%		79,230		80,770
Series 1997, due through 2027	4.25%-7.00%	268,800			272,055
Airport Surplus Revenue Notes:					
Series 1999, due in 2001	6.375%		40,000		40,000
		\$	411,976	\$	424,076
Less:					
Unamortized discount			(5,140)		(5,457)
Unamortized loss on debt refunding			(2,423)		(2,594)
Current portion			(14,315)		(12,100)
Total Long-Term Debt		\$	390,098	\$	403,925

### NOTE B - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Principal and interest payments on long-term debt for the next five years are as follows:

	F	Principal Interest			Total				
		(in thousands of dollars)							
2001	\$	54,315	\$	20,235	\$	74,550			
2002		10,783		22,740	\$	33,523			
2003		10,916		22,584	\$	33,500			
2004		11,104		22,351	\$	33,455			
2005		11,348		22,103	\$	33,451			
Thereafter		313,510		203,073	\$	516,583			
	\$	411,976	\$	313,086	\$	725,062			

In June 1999, the Department of Port Control issued \$40,000,000 of Taxable Airport Surplus Revenue Notes, Series 1999. These are two-year notes which will mature in June 2001. The proceeds of the Notes were used to pay a portion of the cost of acquiring real property for future airport expansion (See Note M), to pay all of the interest on the Series 1999 Notes, to reimburse the Surplus Fund of the Airport for a portion of the payment made to acquire real property and to pay the costs of issuance. The Series 1999 Notes are special obligations of the City and do not constitute general obligations or a pledge of the faith, credit or taxing power of the City.

Of the Airport System Revenue Bonds issued in 1990, \$15,276,000 were issued in the form of Capital Appreciation Bonds. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Bonds is payable only as a component of their appreciated principal amount at maturity or redemption. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Bonds is compounded semiannually on each interest payment date beginning July 1990. As of December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999, the Department of Port Control has recorded a liability in the amount of \$17,058,000 and \$14,862,000 for compounded interest payable on the Capital Appreciation Bonds.

The Airport System Revenue Bonds are secured by the pledge of all airport revenues, as is defined in the revenue bond indenture. Further, the City has assigned all its rights and interest in and to the airline use agreements to the trustee under the revenue bond indenture. Amounts held in trust may be invested by the City Treasurer or the Trustee in permitted investments. However, the use of funds is limited by the bond indenture and such funds are classified as restricted assets in these financial statements.

The indenture as amended requires, among other things, that the Divisions: (1) make equal monthly deposits to a Bond Service Fund to have sufficient assets available to meet debt service requirements on the next payment date; (2) maintain the Bond Service Reserve Fund equal in amount to the maximum annual debt service to be paid in any year; (3) as long as any revenue bonds are outstanding, charge such rates, fees and charges for use of the airport system to produce in each year, together with other available funds, net revenues (as defined) at least equal to the greater of (a) 116% of the annual debt service due in such year on all outstanding revenue bonds and general obligation debt or (b) 125% of the annual debt service due in

### NOTE B - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

such year on all outstanding revenue bonds.

During 1999, contrary to the above covenants, funds from the Department of Port Control's airport funds were placed into the General Fund. During 2000, the City repaid the airport funds the amount placed in the General Fund and the interest that would have been earned in the airport funds.

*Defeasance of Airport System Revenue Bonds*: In prior years, the City defeased certain Airport System Revenue Bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. The aggregate amount of defeased debt outstanding at December 31, 2000 and 1999 is as follows:

Bond Issue	2000	<u>1999</u>
	(In thousa	nds of dollars)
Series 1994	\$ 7,950	\$ 7,950
Series 1990		\$ 18,520

### NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits: The Divisions' carrying amount of deposits at years-ended December 31, 2000 and December 31,1999 totaled approximately \$3,303,000 and \$7,898,000 and the Divisions' bank balances were approximately \$11,161,000 and \$16,936,000. Based on the criteria described in the GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," all of the bank balance was insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

*Investments:* The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, bonds and other State of Ohio obligations; certificates of deposit, U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio), guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions as discussed in "Deposits" above or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained. Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S. Government securities, certificates of deposits, investments in certain money market mutual funds and State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio). Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the bank's commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institution's separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statutes prohibit the use of Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

#### **NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued**

GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the City to categorize its investments into one of three categories:

Category 1: includes insured or registered, or securites held by the City or its agent in the City's name;

Category 2: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name;

Category 3: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The categorized investments shown in the following table include those which are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with provisions of GASB Statement No. 9:

Type of		2000 Fair	2000	1999 Fair	1999
Investment	Category	Value	Cost	Value	Cost
			(in thousand	d of dollars)	
U.S. Agency Obligations	1	\$ 89,606	\$ 89,408	\$ 96,411	\$ 97,102
U.S. Treasury Bills	2	4,538	4,533	3,671	3,668
U.S. Treasury Notes	2	1,274	1,268	3,835	3,813
State Treasury Asset					
Reserve Fund (Star Ohio)	n/a	31,728	31,728	9,940	9,940
Guaranteed Investment Contract	n/a	129,419	129,419	157,072	157,072
Total Investments		256,565	256,356	270,929	271,595
Total Deposits		3,303	3,303	7,898	7,898
Total Deposits and Investments	5	\$259,868	\$259,659	\$278,827	\$279,493

Certain investments included above are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheets since they have a maturity of three months or less.

Star Ohio is an investment pool created pursuant to Ohio Statutes and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. Star Ohio investments and guaranteed investment contracts are not classified by risk categorie because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 3.

### NOTE D-SPECIAL FACILITY REVENUE BONDS

Airport Special Revenue Bonds, Series 1990, totaling \$76,320,000 were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of a terminal, hangar and other support facilities of Continental Airlines at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. These bonds were refunded in 1999 by the issuance of Airport Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1999, totaling \$71,440,000. Airport Special Revenue Bonds, Series 1998, totaling \$75,120,000 were issued in 1998 to finance the design and construction of certain airport facilities leased to Continental Airlines, including a new regional jet concourse.

Because all principal and interest on these bonds is unconditionally guaranteed by Continental Airlines and paid directly by Continental Airlines, these bonds do not constitute a debt, liability or general obligation of the City or a pledge of the Divisions' revenues. As such, no liabilities relating to these bonds are included in the accompanying financial statements.

### NOTE E-LEASES AND CONCESSIONS

The Divisions' lease specifies terminal and concourse areas to the various airlines under terms and conditions of the airline use agreements. These agreements will remain in effect until December 31, 2005 and, under the terms of the agreements, rental payments and landing fees paid by the airlines are adjusted annually to provide airport revenues sufficient to meet the financial requirements of the airport system. Other areas are leased to various occupants under separate agreements.

The Divisions have various concession agreements that permit the concessionaires and certain others to operate on airport property. These agreements usually provide for payments based on a percentage of the revenues, with an annual minimum payment guarantee and in certain circumstances for the offset of percentage rents to the extent of certain improvements made to the leased property.

### NOTE F-CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Various claims are pending against the City involving the Divisions for personal injuries, property damage and other matters as well as various environmental remediation projects in its ordinary course of business. The City is responsible for the suits and environmental remediation actions. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occured and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The City's management is of the opinion that the ultimate settlement of such claims and remediation actions will not result in a material adverse effect on the Divisions' financial position or results of operations.

The Divisions received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreeements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Divisions. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Divisions at December 31, 2000 and 1999.

### **NOTE F - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES - Continued**

As of December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999, the Divisions had capital expenditure purchase commitments outstanding of approximately \$31 million and \$71 million.

### NOTE G-EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT PLAN

All full-time employees participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. For calendar year 2000, PERS instituted a temporary employer rate rollback for state and local governments. The 2000 employer pension contribution rate for the City was 6.54 percent of covered payroll, reduced from 9.35 percent in 1999. Contributions are authorized by the State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The Division's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$1,902,000, \$1,611,000, and \$1,568,000, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2000, 1999, and 1998.

### NOTE H-OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statue. The 2000 employer contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2000. For 1999, the contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.20 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 1999, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no changes in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investments assets. The number of active contributing participants was 401,339. The Divisions' actual contributions for 2000 and 1999 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$604,000 and \$499,000. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's

### NOTE H -OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 1999, (the latest information available) were \$10,805.5 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$12,473.6 million and \$1,668.1 million, respectively.

For 2000, PERS elected to return to an actuarially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodology. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

### NOTE I-RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Divisions are provided various services by other City divisions. Charges are based on actual usage or a reasonable pro rata basis. The more significant expenses included in the statements of income, for the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999, were as follows:

	2000	1999
City central services including police	\$ 4,290	\$ 3,598
Electricity purchased	220	175
Motor vehicle maintenance	330	251

# NOTE J-LANDING FEE ADJUSTMENT AND INCENTIVE COMPENSATION

Under the terms of the airline use agreements, if the annual statement for the preceding term demonstrates that airport revenues over expenses (both as defined) is greater or less than that used in calculating the landing fee for the then current term, such difference shall be charged or credited to the airlines over the remaining billing periods in the current term. The landing fee adjustment for 2000 was a payable to the airlines in the amount of \$6,139,455 and in 1999 a payable to the airlines of \$3,965,000.

The airline use agreements also provide an incentive for the City of Cleveland to provide the highest quality management for the airport system. There was no incentive compensation expense in 2000 and 1999.

### NOTE K-PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES

Cleveland Hopkins International Airport collects passenger facility charges (PFC's) subject to Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 158. PFC's are fees imposed on enplaned passengers by public agencies controlling commercial service airports for the strict purpose of supporting airport planning and development projects. The charge is collected by the airlines and remitted to the airport operator net of an administrative fee to be retained by the airline and refunds to passengers. Under its federally approved program, the airport expects to collect approximately \$287 million of which an estimated 32% will be spent on noise abatement for the residents of communities surrounding the airport, 41% on the runway expansion, and 27% on airport development. PFC revenues and related interest earnings are recorded as non-operating revenues, and non-capitalized expenses funded by PFC revenues are recorded as non-operating expenses.

### NOTE L-MAJOR CUSTOMER

In 2000 and 1999, operating revenues from one airline group for landing fees, rental and other charges amounted to approximately 31% and 27%, respectively, of total operating revenue.

### NOTE M-ACQUISITION OF INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION CENTER

In January 1999, the City purchased the International Exposition ("I-X") Center and the land on and around it for \$66.5 million as part of its master plan to expand Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. As part of the purchase agreement, the City leased the building back to the former owner for 15 years, after which the City plans on tearing the building down to make way for a new runway. Of the \$66.5 million purchase price, \$36.5 million was paid in cash in 1999. The remaining \$30.0 million, including interest at 7.75%, is being deferred by the seller and will be offset by future lease payments owed to the City over the 15 year lease period. The future lease payments are equal to the remaining purchase price plus interest at 7.75%, and as such, no cash will be exchanged between the City and the lessee over the term of the lease. The deferred payment is reported as "Deferred Payment Obligation" in the accompanying balance sheet.

In the event that either a similar facility is developed that exceeds a specified size, or there is an expansion of an existing facility that exceeds a specified size within the municipal boundary of the City of Cleveland, the lessee has the right to terminate the lease. Such termination would require the City to pay the lessee the remaining portion of the deferred purchase price. Subsequent to the agreement, the City of Brook Park (the city in which the I-X Center is located) officially announced its intention to acquire the I-X Center through an eminent domain court case. In connection with the proceedings, the City and other defendants filed various counterclaims against Brook Park, of which all counterclaims have been dismissed by the Probate Court. The Probate Court found that Brook Park's alleged public purpose of economic development and of establishing a municipally owned convention center and exhibition hall are valid and proper public purposes. A preliminary hearing on the Petition for Appropriation began on September 11, 2000, and testimony was concluded on October 2, 2000. The parties submitted proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and closing arguments were presented on November 9, 2000.

### NOTE M-ACQUISITION OF INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION CENTER-Continued

On November 28, 2000, the Probate Court issued its decision dismissing Brook Park's Petition for Appropriation and finding in part that Brook Park did not have the authority to take the I-X Property by eminent domain. The Probate Court's decision recognizes that the City had a prior public use of the I-X Property for both current airport uses and for future airport uses, which were reasonably likely to occur. Brook Park appealed the Probate Court's ruling.

On February 6, 2001, the Mayors of the City of Cleveland and the City of Brook Park announced a preliminary agreement (the "I-X Property Agreement") designed to end the appeal by Brook Park of the Probate Court's decision. The I-X Property Agreement, which allocates various tax revenues and other monetary compensation to Brook Park, shifts the geographical borders of (i) the City of Cleveland to include the I-X Property and 90 acres of land south of the I-X Property, and (ii) the City of Brook Park to include the NASA Glenn / Research Center and 45 acres of land near the Airport. The I-X Property Agreement must be approved by the City Councils of Cleveland and Brook Park. *The City gives no assurance regarding whether the I-X Property Agreement as announced will be approved by the City Councils of Cleveland and Brook Park and consummated by their respective cities.* 

Minimum principal and interest payments due by the City on the deferred payment obligation and future minimum lease rentals due to the City under this lease for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	Deferred Payment Obligation							
	Pi	rincipal		Interest		Total	Fut	ure Minimum Rentals
				(in thousand	ls of	dollars)		
2001	\$	1,278	\$	2,111	\$	3,389	\$	3,389
2002		1,381		2,008		3,389		3,389
2003		1,492		1,897		3,389		3,389
2004		1,612		1,777		3,389		3,389
2005		1,741		1,648		3,389		3,389
Thereafter	_	20,306		7,083		27,389		27,389
	\$	27,810	\$	16,524	\$	44,334	\$	44,334

Rental income recognized by the City under this agreement totaled \$3,388,000 in 2000, of which \$2,205,515 was offset against interest expenses and \$1,183,078 was offset against the principal balance of the deferred payment obligation.

### **NOTE N - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Effective February 2001, the Department of Port Control issued \$573,190,000 of Airport System Revenue Bonds, Series 2000A-C. The proceeds will be used to pay a portion of the costs of improvements to the Airport System, including the construction of a new runway; to fund capitalized interest on the Series 2000 Bonds, to make the required deposits to the bond service reserve fund, to the Renewal and Replacement fund, and to pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2000 bonds. The Series C bonds in the total amount of \$149,000,000 were issued as variable rate bonds.

On June 15, 2001, the City of Cleveland issued the Series 2001 Taxable Airport Surplus Revenue Notes for \$44,950,000. These notes were issued to pay off the Series 1999 Taxable Airport Surplus Revenue Notes, which matured on June 15, 2001. The Series 2001 Taxable Airport Surplus Revenue Notes are due June 1, 2003.

## **CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO** DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS SCHEDULE OF AIRPORT REVENUES AND OPERATING EXPENSES AS DEFINED IN THE AIRLINE USE AGREEMENTS For the Year ended December 31, 2000

	(in thousands of dollars)					s)
	С	leveland				
	Н	lopkins	B	urke		
	Inte	ernational	Lak	efront		Total
REVENUE Airline revenue: Landing fees, as adjusted per airline use agreements Terminal rental Other	\$	24,880 15,847 3,460 44,187	\$		\$	24,880 15,847 3,460 44,187
Operating revenues from other sources:						
Concessions		20,127		273		20,400
Rentals		14,580		138		14,718
Landing fees		2,691		143		2,834
Other		4,324		230		4,554
		41,722		784		42,506
Non-operating revenue:						
Interest income		3,512				3,512
TOTAL REVENUE	\$	89,421	\$	784	\$	90,205
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries and wages		\$14,351		\$684		\$15,035
Employee benefits		3,762		225		\$3,987
City Central Services, including police		4,455		190		\$4,645
Materials and supplies		6,524		208		\$6,732
Contractual services		16,640	*	341	*	\$16,981
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$	45,732	\$	1,648	\$	47,380

CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY

**REPORT ON PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES** 

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000



JIM PETRO AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF OHIO

#### DIVISIONS OF CLEVELAND HOPKINS INTERNATIONAL AND BURKE LAKEFRONT AIRPORTS DEPARTMENT OF PORT CONTROL REPORT ON PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES CITY OF CLEVELAND TABLE OF CONTENTS

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STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

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#### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH *PFC PART 158*

Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports Department of Port Control City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 5300 Riverside Drive Cleveland, Ohio 44135-3193

To the Honorable Michael R. White, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports, Department of Port Control, City of Cleveland, Ohio, (the Airports) with the compliance requirements described in the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies,* issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (Guide), for its passenger facility charge program for the year ended December 31, 2000. Compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations applicable to its passenger facility charge program is the responsibility of the Airport's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Airport's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Guide. Those standards and the Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect occurred on the passenger facility charge program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Airport's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Airport's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Airports complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its passenger facility charge program for the year ended December 31, 2000.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of the Airports is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws and regulations applicable to the passenger facility charge program. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Airport's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the passenger facility charge program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Guide.

Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International and Burke Lakefront Airports Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Passenger Facility Charge Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with *PFC Part 158* Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws and regulations that would be material in relation to the passenger facility charge program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over passenger facility charge program compliance that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of the Airports in a separate letter dated June 29, 2001.

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges

We have audited the general-purpose financial statements of the City of Cleveland as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2001. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as specified by the Guide and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and the Federal Aviation Administration and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 29, 2001

Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins Airport and Burke Lakefront Airport Department of Port Control City of Cleveland

# Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges December 31, 2000

	Approved Project Budget	Cummulative Expenditures at 12/31/99	1st Quarter 2000 Expenditures	2nd Quarter 2000 Expenditures	3rd Quarter 2000 Expenditures	4th Quarter 2000 Expenditures	Total 2000 Expenditures	Cummulative Expenditures at 12/31/00
Insulate Residences - full program phase I Extension of Taxiway "Q"	16,960,400 2,500,000	14,641,965 2,155,743			2,289,558	(54,449)	2,235,109	16,877,074 2,155,743
Lanu Acquisition - Resident Relocation Sewer Construction	16,883,240 5,500,000	12,623,503 5,500,000	8,250	165		1,584,831	1,593,246	14,216,749 5,500,000
Asbestos Kemoval in Terminal CHIA	1,000,000	725,083		4,759			4,759	729,842
Acquisition of Analex Office Building and Vacant Land Waste Water-Glycol	13,025,000	13,025,000						13,025,000
Collection System Construction NASA Econitation 2010	6,320,642					74,294	74,294	74,294
NASA FastsDinty and Fre- engineering Study Land Acquisition Sound Insulation	355,000 30,360,000 8,675,000	23,410,491 6,954,453	890	824,804	1,013,665 1,692,460	355,000 (910,424) (1,817,839)	355,000 104,131 699,426	355,000 23,514,622 7,653,879
Environmental Assessment/Impact Studies	2,309,570	1,806,447		100,583	402,540		503,123	2,309,570
Terminal Passenger Flow and Security Study	300,000							
Railway System/Vehicular Ingress-Egress Study	200,000							
кunway эк Extension Engineering	140,000							
Runway 5R Extension Design Runway 5R Construction FIS Facility Construction	3,118,000 38,175,000 37,017,000							
FIS Facilty Design Brook Park Land Transfer	3,656,000 8,750,000							
Analex Demolition	1,229,000 20,000,000					2 557 705	2 557 705	2 557 705
Baggae Claim/Expansion	9,526,087		40,212	88,245	19,026		147,483	147,483
l ug Koad Keplacement Interim Commuter Ramp	1,019,000 5,560,338							
Concourse D Ramp/Site Utilities	51,305,804							
Burke Runway Overaly 6L/24R	530,286							
Install Instrument Landing System-Burke	2,181,400							
	286,596,767	80,842,685	49,352	1,018,556	5,417,249	1,789,118	8,274,275	89,116,960

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#### Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins Airport and Burke Lakefront Airport Department of Port Control City of Cleveland

#### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

### General

The accompanying schedule presents all activity of the Airport's Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) program. The Airport's reporting entity is defined in Note A to the Airport's financial statement.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule is presented on the cash basis of accounting.

## CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER CUYAHOGA COUNTY

# **REGULAR AUDIT**

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000 & 1999



Jim Petro Auditor of State

STATE OF OHIO

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

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#### **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS**

Division of Cleveland Public Power Department of Public Utilities City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Ave. Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Michael R. White, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Division of Cleveland Public Power, Department of Public Utilities, City of Cleveland, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Division of Cleveland Public Power's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. The financial statements of the Division of Cleveland Public Power, Department of Public Utilities, City of Cleveland, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999 were audited by other auditors whose report dated July 27, 2000, expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present only the Division of Cleveland Public Power and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City of Cleveland and the results of the City of Cleveland's operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the 2000 financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division of Cleveland Public Power, as of December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 29, 2001

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## CITY OF CLEVELAND DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2000 and 1999

	(in thousands of dollars) <b>December 31,</b>			
		2000		1999
ASSETS				
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				
Land	\$	4,863	\$	4,863
Land Improvements		2,134		1,919
Utility plant in service		329,828		323,269
Buildings, structures and improvements		42,453		41,167
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		25,127		23,177
		404,405		394,395
Less: accumulated depreciation		120,540		105,774
-		283,865		288,621
Construction in progress		12,936		11,078
<b>PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET</b>		296,801		299,699
RESTRICTED ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents		14,134		19,834
Investments at fair value		8,102		3,238
Accrued interest receivable		103		104
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS	-	22,339		23,176
		*		*
UNAMORTIZED BOND ISSUANCE EXPENSE		2,748		3,107
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents		24,128		9,579
Investments at fair value		17,529		25,242
Accounts receivable-net of allowance for doubtful accounts				
of \$536 in 2000 and \$536 in 1999		22,098		19,021
Unbilled revenue		2,179		1,828
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		1,486		783
Materials and supplies-at average cost, net of allowance				
for obsolescence of \$1,099 in 2000 and \$685 in 1999		3,065		5,468
Prepaid expenses		54		54
Accrued interest receivable	_	264		286
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		70,803		62,261
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	392,691	\$	388,243

	<i>(in thousands of dollars)</i> December 31,			
		2000 1999		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY				
Contributed capital	\$	12,183 \$	12,183	
Retained earnings		127,994	121,578	
TOTAL EQUITY		140,177	133,761	
LIABILITIES				
LONG TERM DEBT-excluding amounts due within one year:				
Mortgage revenue bonds		227,099	230,956	
PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS		560	725	
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Current portion of long-term debt		6,855	6,465	
Accounts payable		9,770	7,700	
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		656	3,114	
Accrued interest payable		1,575	1,623	
Accrued wages and benefits		4,649	3,029	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		1,350	870	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		24,855	22,801	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		252,514	254,482	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	\$	392,691 \$	388,243	

See notes to financial statements.

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## **CITY OF CLEVELAND** DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999

	(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 1999			
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	134,152 \$	130,601	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Purchased power		68,597	70,619	
Operations		13,403	13,705	
Maintenance		22,889	15,112	
Depreciation		14,885	13,646	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		119,774	113,082	
OPERATING INCOME		14,378	17,519	
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Interest income		3,255	2,050	
Interest expense		(13,809)	(12,211)	
AEP Refund per FERC ruling (Note J)		2,864		
Amortization of bond issuance expense		(2,508)	(2,597)	
Litigation settlement (Note G)			6,500	
Other		2,236	1,609	
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES), NET		(7,962)	(4,649)	
NET INCOME		6,416	12,870	
<b>RETAINED EARNINGS, beginning of year</b>		121,578	108,708	
<b>RETAINED EARNINGS, end of year</b>	\$	127,994 \$	121,578	

See notes to financial statements.

# CITY OF CLEVELAND DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

#### For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999

		(in thousands of dollars) For the		
		Years Ended Deco 2000	ember 31, 1999	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$	134,426 \$	125,235	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services		(16,049)	(4,587)	
Cash payments to employees for services		(21,708)	(20,660)	
Cash payments for purchased power		(67,701)	(69,874)	
Cash receipts of customer deposits, net		139	59	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		29,107	30,173	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from litigation settlement			6,500	
AEP Refund per FERC-ruling		2,864		
Other		2,235	1,609	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		5,099	8,109	
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED) FOR CAPITAL AND RELAT FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	ED			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(13,804)	(21,895)	
Proceeds from bond issue, net of issue cost			44,778	
Principal paid on long-term debt		(6,465)	(6,210)	
Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding			(45,793)	
Interest paid on long-term debt		(11,669)	(13,486)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL				
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(31,938)	(42,606)	
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITI	ES			
Purchase of investment securities		(14,576)	(41,400)	
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities		17,782	49,162	
Interest received on investments		3,375	3,190	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)				
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		6,581	10,952	
NET INCREASE				
IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		8,849	6,628	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	29,413	22,785	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	38,262 \$	29,413	

		(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 1999		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIE	S	2000		
OPERATING INCOME	\$	14,378 \$	17,519	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		14,885	13,646	
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net		(3,070)	(5,157)	
Unbilled revenue		(358)	(209)	
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		(702)	509	
Materials and supplies, net		2,402	3,954	
Prepaid expenses			(12)	
Accounts payable		2,072	299	
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		(2,459)	885	
Accrued wages and benefits		1,620	(1,320)	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		339	59	
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		14,729	12,654	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	29,107 \$	30,173	

See notes to financial statements.

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## NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Division of Cleveland Public Power ("Division") is reported as an enterprise fund of the City of Cleveland's Department of Public Utilities and is a part of the City of Cleveland's ("City") primary government. The Division was created for the purpose of supplying electrical services to customers within the City of Cleveland. To provide electrical services to its customers, the Division purchases electrical power under the terms of various short-term, limited-term and long-term contracts. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

Basis of Accounting: The Division's financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized as incurred. Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities", all Proprietary Funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, Proprietary Funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

*Revenues*: Revenues are derived primarily from sales of electricity to residential and commercial customers based upon actual consumption. Electricity rates are authorized by City Council and billings are made on a cycle basis. Estimates for services between the ends of the various cycles and the end of the year are recorded as unbilled revenue.

*Statement of Cash Flows*: The Division utilizes the direct method of reporting for the statement of cash flows as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents*: Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and cash deposits maintained by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Division. Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased and include certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury bills, Star Ohio (See Note I) and repurchase agreements. The City's policy is to enter into repurchase agreements with local commercial banks and to obtain confirmation of securities pledged.

*Investments*: The Division follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools," which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. Investments fair values at year-end are based on market quotes, where available.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 2000 and 1999. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2000 and 1999.

## NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

*Restricted Assets:* Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside in various fund accounts for payment of revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by the bond indentures.

*Fixed Assets and Depreciation:* Property, plant and equipment is stated on the basis of historical cost, or if contributed, at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation is determined by allocating the cost of fixed assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. A fixed asset is defined as a tangible item with a useful life of five years or more and a value equal to or greater than \$5,000, with the exception of computer equipment and software which have a value equal to or greater than \$1,500. When property is disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Utility plant in service	ars
Buildings, structures and improvements 10 to 65 year	ars
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	rs

The Division's policy is to capitalize interest on construction projects up to the point in time that the project is substantially completed. Capitalized interest is included in the cost of the assets and is depreciated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of such assets. The Division applies Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 62, "Capitalization of Interest Cost in Situations Involving Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowings and Certain Gifts and Grants," for its Mortgage Revenue Bonds. This statement requires capitalization of interest cost of the eligible borrowings less interest earned on investment of the related bond proceeds from the date of borrowing until the assets constructed from the bond proceeds are ready for their intended use.

For 2000 and 1999 total interest expense incurred amounted to \$13,819,000 and \$14,211,000 respectively, which was reduced by \$10,000 and \$2,000,000, respectively, of interest expense capitalized. Total interest income earned amounted to \$3,476,000 and \$3,094,000, respectively, which was reduced by \$221,000 and \$1,044,000, respectively, of interest income capitalized.

Bond Issuance Expense and Discount and Unamortized Loss on Debt Refunding: Bond issuance expense is carried on the Division's books as an asset and unamortized bond discounts are netted against long-term debt. Both are amortized over the lives of the applicable bonds. Unamortized loss on debt refunding is netted against long-term debt and is amortized over the lives of the refunded bonds, with such amortization included within interest expense over the shorter life of the old bond or the new bond.

*Contributed Capital*: Contributed capital represents federal grants and contributions from the City of Cleveland which are not subject to mandatory repayment.

# NOTE B-LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 is as follows:

		 Outstanding Principal Amount			
	Interest Rate	2000		1999	
		(in thousan	ds of	dollars)	
Power Mortgage Revenue Bonds					
Series 1991, due through 2017	5.85%-7.00%	\$ 43,145	\$	44,885	
Series 1994, due through 2013	7.00%	21,850		26,575	
Series 1994, Zero Coupon bonds due					
through 2015	-	48,335		48,335	
Series 1996, due through 2024	5.00%-6.00%	122,380		122,380	
Series 1998, due through 2017	4.00%-5.25%	44,760		44,760	
		\$ 280,470	\$	286,935	
Less:					
Unamortized loss on debt refunding		(16,081)		(16,930)	
Unamortized discount - zero coupon bonds		(22,391)		(24,005)	
Unamortized discount - current interest bonds		(8,044)		(8,579)	
Current portion		 (6,855)		(6,465)	
Total Long-Term Debt		\$ 227,099	\$	230,956	

Minimum principal and interest payments on mortgage revenue bonds for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	P	Principal	Interest			Total
		(in th	ous	ands of do	llar.	s)
2001	\$	6,855	\$	12,604	\$	19,459
2002		7,255		12,195		19,450
2003		8,390		11,755		20,145
2004		8,900		11,247		20,147
2005		9,230		10,699		19,929
Thereafter		239,840		115,656		355,496
	\$	280,470	\$	174,156	\$	454,626

## NOTE B-LONG-TERM DEBT-Continued

In January 1999, Cleveland Public Power issued \$44,840,000 of Power Mortgage Revnue Bonds, Series 1998. The proceeds were used to advance refund certain outstanding Series 1991 and Series 1994 Mortgage Revenue Bonds and to pay costs of issuance. Net proceeds of \$45,793,000 were placed in an irrevocable escrow account which including interest earned, will be used to pay the principal, interest and redemption premium on the refunded bonds. The proceeds are invested in non-callable United States Treasury Obligations. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the long term debt. The total aggregate principal amount of bonds refunded by the Series 1998 Bonds was \$40,900,00.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the debt of \$5,847,000. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to interest expense through the year 2025 using a method of amortization which approximates the effective interest method. The City completed the advance refunding and cash defeasance to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 28 years by \$4,985,000 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3,224,000.

*Defeasance of Power Mortgage Revenue Bonds:* In addition to the defeased debt described above, in prior years, the City defeased certain Power Mortgage Revenue Bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old funds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. The aggregate amount of defeased debt outstanding at December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999 is as follows:

Bond Issue	<u>Amount</u>			
(In thousands of dollars)				
Series 1991	\$ 12,170			

Series 1994

Power Mortgage Revenue Bonds are payable from the revenues derived from operations of the public power system, after the payment of all operating and maintenance expenses (net revenues). The bonds are collateralized by a pledge of and lien on such net revenues plus a first mortgage lien upon all property of the public power system, including any improvements, additions, replacements, and extension thereto.

131,440

The indenture requires that at all times the Division will charge rates and fees for the products and services of the public power system. Revenues will be at least sufficient to provide funds for the payment in each year of the necessary operating and maintenance expenses of the power system and an amount equal to 1.25 times the payments of principal and interest on the revenue bonds then outstanding due in that year.

During 1999, contrary to the above covenants, funds from the Division of Cleveland Public Power were placed into the General Fund. During 2000, the city repaid the Division the amount placed in the General Fund and the interest that would have been earned by the Division.

The indenture establishes the following fund accounts for the application of revenues:

## NOTE B - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

*Revenue Fund:* All revenues will be deposited into this fund and will be used for payment of current operating expenses and deposits into other funds.

*Debt Service Fund:* Monthly deposits will be made from the revenue fund to cover succeeding principal and interest payments as they become due on the Mortgage Revenue Bonds.

*Debt Service Reserve Fund:* Deposits will be made to this fund if the amount in the debt service fund at any time is less than the debt service reserve requirement. However, the City has elected, pursuant to provisions of the indenture governing the Divisions's bonds, to satisfy the bond reserve requirement with a surety bond in an aggregate amount at least equal to the bond reserve requirement.

*Renewal and Replacement Fund:* The balance in this fund is maintained at \$1,000,000 to be applied against the cost of repair or replacement of capital assets in order to maintain the system.

*Construction Fund*: The proceeds from Series 1994 and Series 1991 bonds of \$79,386,000 and \$12,050,000, respectively, were deposited into this fund to be used, along with earnings from investments of amounts held therein, for the payment of capital costs. As of December 31, 2000 and 1999, the Division had \$18,750,000 and \$14,057,000, respectively, of outstanding commitments for future construction costs which will be funded by available bond proceeds and operating revenue. Capital costs include all costs of additions, extensions, renewals, replacements, alterations, betterments and any other capital improvements to the system. Amounts held in this fund are subject to a lien in favor of bondholders and may be used to pay principal of outstanding bonds to the extent that amounts in all other funds are insufficient. No payment needs to be made into a fund if the amounts in such fund are equal to the required fund balance, if any.

Amounts held in trust may be invested by the City Treasurer or the Trustee in permitted investments, however, the use of funds is limited by the bond indenture and , accordingly, the amounts are classified as restricted assets in the financial statements.

# NOTE C-EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

All full-time employees participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund-pension obligations. For calendar year 2000, PERS instituted a temporary employer rate rollback for state and local governments. The 2000 employer pension contribution rate for the City was 6.54 percent of covered payroll, reduced from 9.35 percent in 1999. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The Division's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$2,417,000, \$2,068,000, and \$2,219,000, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2000, 1999, and 1998.

## NOTE D-OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2000 employer contribution rate was 10.84 of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2000. For 1999, the contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.20 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 1999, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The number of active contributing participants was 401,339. The Division's actual contributions for 2000 and 1999 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$767,000 and \$641,000. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 1999 (the latest information available) were \$10,805.5 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$12,473.6 million and \$1,668.1 million, respectively.

For 2000, PERS elected to return to an actuarially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodology. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

## NOTE E - IDLE GENERATION FACILITIES

In April 1977, the Division closed its generation plant and since that time the Division's revenues have been derived primarily from the distribution of purchased power. With the present availability of competitively priced purchased power, the plant will remain idle. The Division continued its past practice of depreciating the plant at rates which completed the amortization of the plant in 1999.

# NOTE F - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

*Revenues and Accounts Receivable*: The Division provides electricity to the City of Cleveland, including its various departments and divisions. The usual and customary rates are charged.

*Operating Expenses*: The Division is provided various intra-city services. Charges are based on actual usage or on a reasonable pro rata basis. The more significant of these costs, included in the statements of income, for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2000		1999	
	(in thoursands of dollars)			
City Administration	\$	950	\$	2,031
Motor Vehicle Maintenance		423		342
Employee and other Services provided				
by the Division of Water		325		386
Utilities Administration and Fiscal Control		443		443
Telephone Exchange		293		233

# NOTE G -CONTINGENCIES

Various claims are pending against the City involving the Division for personal injuries, property damage and other matters. The City is responsible for the suits. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occured and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The City's management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the Division's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In 1999, the Division settled litigation against a contractor related to a construction contract from the mid 1990's resulting in the Division receiving cash payments from the contractor of \$6,500,000 in 1999 in full settlement of litigation.

## NOTE H -CUYAHOGA COUNTY REAL PROPERTY TAXES

The Division is required by ordinance to keep records of the estimated property taxes which would be payable to Cuyahoga County were it subject to such taxes. For the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999 the estimated property taxes for the Division, based on book value of real estate at the current tax rates, would have been approximately \$1,352,000 and \$929,000, respectively.

# NOTE I - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

*Deposits*: The Division's carrying amount of deposits at years ended December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999 totaled \$368,000 and \$1,360,000 and the Division's bank balances were \$333,000 and \$1,201,000 and were insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

*Investments*: The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State obligations; certificates of deposit; U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (Star Ohio), guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions as discussed in "Deposits" above or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained. Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S. Government securities, certificates of deposit, investments in certain money market mutual funds, and State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (Star Ohio). Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the bank's commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institution's separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statute prohibits the use of Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit. Market values of securities fluctuate based on the magnitude of changing market conditions; significant changes in market conditions could materially affect portfolio value.

GASB statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the City to categorize its investments into one of three categories:

Category 1: includes insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

Category 2: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category 3: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter party, or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

## **NOTE I - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued**

The categorized investments shown in the following table include those which are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 9:

Type of		2000 Fair	2000	1999 Fair	1999
Investment	Category	Value	Cost	Value	Cost
U.S. Agency Obligations	1	\$17,438	\$17,428	\$25,242	\$25,499
U.S. Treasury Bills	2	14,803	14,712	3,237	3,237
State Treasury Asset					
Reserve Fund (Star Ohio)	n/a	25,499	25,499	1,968	1,968
Investment in Mutual Funds	n/a	5,785	5,785	26,086	26,086
Total Investments		63,525	63,424	56,533	56,790
Total Deposits		368	368	1,360	1,360
Total Deposits and Investments		\$63,893	\$63,792	\$57,893	\$58,150

Certain investments included above are classified as cash and cash equivalent in the accompanying balance sheets since they have a maturity of three months or less.

Star Ohio is an investment pool created pursuant to Ohio statutes and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. Star Ohio investments and investments in mutual funds are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 3.

## NOTE J - AEP REFUND PER FERC RULING

On January 12, 2000, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) granted American Electric Power Services (AEP) permission to issue an interim refund for amounts collected in excess of a load ratio share of annual revenue requirements. This resulted in a refund to Cleveland Public Power in the amount of \$2,864,000 which includes interest of \$779,000.

# CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER CUYAHOGA COUNTY

# **REGULAR AUDIT**

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000 & 1999



Jim Petro Auditor of State

STATE OF OHIO

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

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#### **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS**

Division of Water Department of Public Utilities City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Ave. Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Michael R. White, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Division of Water, Department of Public Utilities, City of Cleveland, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Division of Water's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. The financial statements of the Division of Water, Department of Public Utilities, City of Cleveland, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999 were audited by other auditors whose report dated July 27, 2000, expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present only the Division of Water and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City of Cleveland and the results of the City of Cleveland's operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the 2000 financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division of Water, as of December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 29, 2001

### **CITY OF CLEVELAND** DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2000 and 1999

	(in thousands of dollars) <b>December 31,</b>		
	 2000		1999
ASSETS			
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
Land	\$ 5,271	\$	5,279
Land Improvements	12,125		12,132
Utility plant in service	783,539		785,386
Buildings, structures and improvements	172,988		172,992
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	89,786		61,969
	1,063,709		1,037,758
Less: accumulated depreciation	283,851		262,016
	779,858		775,742
Construction in progress	70,785		43,531
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET	 850,643		819,273
RESTRICTED ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	216,086		236,723
Investments at fair value	63,870		74,286
Accrued interest receivable	1,312		1,439
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS	 281,268		312,448
UNAMORTIZED BOND ISSUANCE EXPENSE	5,738		6,220
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	23,751		23,290
Investments at fair value	162,983		122,339
Accounts receivable-net of allowance for doubtful accounts			
of \$1,448 in 2000 and \$1,011 in 1999	15,776		13,894
Unbilled revenue	22,599		21,251
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds	5,675		3,722
Accrued interest receivable	3,065		1,679
Materials and supplies-at average cost, net of allowance			
for obsolescence of \$600 in 2000 and \$606 in 1999	4,703		4,020
Prepaid expenses	224		196
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	 238,776		190,391
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,376,425	\$	1,328,332

	(in thousands of dollars) December 31,			
		2000		1999
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY				
Contributions in aid of construction	\$	2,407	\$	2,407
Retained earnings		651,340		585,033
TOTAL EQUITY		653,747		587,440
LIABILITIES				
LONG TERM DEBT-excluding amounts due within one year:				
Mortgage revenue bonds		659,258		677,400
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT		659,258		677,400
PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS		3,603		8,394
		5,005		0,574
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Current portion of long-term debt		20,605		18,567
Accounts payable		2,947		1,712
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		1,060		4,101
Accrued expenses		300		304
Accrued interest payable		19,263		19,700
Accrued wages and benefits		13,066		8,218
Customer deposits and other liabilities		2,576		2,496
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	59,817		55,098
TOTAL LIABILITIES		722,678		740,892
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	\$	1,376,425	\$	1,328,332

See notes to financial statements.

### CITY OF CLEVELAND DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999

	7	dollars) ember 31, 1999	
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	203,535 \$	204,839
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operations		88,067	80,878
Maintenance		21,092	18,822
Depreciation		26,515	24,761
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		135,674	124,461
OPERATING INCOME		67,861	80,378
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)			
Interest income		21,525	8,938
Interest expense		(21,374)	(17,035)
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		(731)	(11,039)
Amortization of bond issuance expense		(974)	(1,013)
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES), NET		(1,554)	(20,149)
NET INCOME		66,307	60,229
<b>RETAINED EARNINGS, beginning of year</b>		585,033	524,804
<b>RETAINED EARNINGS, end of year</b>	\$	651,340 \$	585,033

See notes to financial statements.

### **CITY OF CLEVELAND** DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999

	(in thousands of a For the Years Ended Dece 2000	,
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$ 201,419 \$	206,271
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(53,280)	(45,656)
Cash payments to employees for services	(56,699)	(58,504)
Cash receipts from customers deposits, net	80	623
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	91,520	102,734
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(51,779)	(54,839)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(18,567)	(17,457)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(38,993)	(38,621)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)		
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(109,339)	(110,917)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investment securities	(162,254)	(210,311)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities	133,734	134,533
Interest received on investments	 26,163	19,084
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	 (2,357)	(56,694)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(20,176)	(64,877)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 260,013	324,890
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 239,837 \$	260,013

		(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 31 2000 1999			
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	5				
OPERATING INCOME	\$	67,861 \$	80,378		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income		,	,		
to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation		26,515	24,761		
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable, net		(1,882)	3,165		
Unbilled revenue		(1,348)	(1,735)		
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		(1,953)	(649)		
Materials and supplies, net		(683)	90		
Prepaid expenses		(28)	229		
Accounts payable		1,235	(540)		
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		(3,041)	699		
Accrued expenses		(4)	(321)		
Accrued wages and benefits		4,848	(3,966)		
Customer deposits and other liabilities			623		
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		23,659	22,356		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	91,520 \$	102,734		

See notes to financial statements.

### NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES

The Division of Water ("Division") is reported as an enterprise fund of the City of Cleveland's Department of Public Utilities and is a part of the City of Cleveland's ("City") primary government. The Division was created for the purpose of supplying water services to customers within the metropolitan area. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

*Revenues*: Revenues are derived primarily from sales of water to residential, commercial and industrial customers based upon actual water consumption. Water rates are authorized by City Council and billings are made on a cycle basis. Estimates for services between the ends of the various cycles and the end of the year are recorded as unbilled revenue.

Basis of Accounting: The Division's financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized as incurred. Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities", all Proprietary Funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, Proprietary Funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

*Statement of Cash Flows*: The Division utilizes the direct method of reporting for the statement of cash flows as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 9 "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents*: Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and cash deposits maintained by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Division. Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased and include certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury bills, Star Ohio (See Note H) and repurchase agreements. The City's policy is to enter into repurchase agreements with local commercial banks and to obtain confirmation of securities pledged.

*Investments*: The Division follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools," which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 2000 and 1999. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2000 and 1999.

### NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES-Continued

*Restricted Assets*: Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside in various fund accounts for payment of revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by the bond indentures.

*Fixed Assets and Depreciation:* Property, plant and equipment is stated on the basis of historical cost, or if contributed, at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation for the Proprietary Fund types is determined by allocating the cost of fixed assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. A fixed asset is defined as a tangible item with a useful life of five years or more and a value equal to or greater than \$5,000, with the exception of computer equipment and software which have a value equal to or greater than \$1,500. When property is disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Utility plant in service.	6 to 100 years
Buildings, structures and improvements	10 to 65 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment.	.5 to 33 years

The Division's policy is to capitalize interest on construction projects up to the point in time that the project is substantially completed. Capitalized interest is included in the cost of the assets and is depreciated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of such assets. The Division applies Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 62, "Capitalization of Interest Cost in Situations Involving Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowings and Certain Gifts and Grants," for its Mortgage Revenue Bonds. This statement requires capitalization of interest cost of the eligible borrowings less interest earned on investment of the related bond proceeds from the date of borrowing until the assets constructed from the bond proceeds are ready for their intended use.

For 2000 and 1999, total interest expense incurred amounted to \$40,527,000 and \$41,506,000, respectively, which was reduced by \$19,152,000 and \$24,471,000, respectively, of interest expense capitalized. For 2000 and 1999, total interest income earned amounted to \$30,030,000 and \$19,798,000, respectively, which was reduced by \$9,730,000 and \$10,860,000, respectively, of interest income capitalized.

*Bond Issuance Expense and Discount and Unamortized Loss on Debt Refunding Bond*: Bond issuance expense is carried on the Division's books as an asset and unamortized bond discounts are netted against long-term debt. Both are amortized over the lives of the applicable bonds. Unamortized loss on debt refunding is netted against long-term debt and is amortized over the lives of the refunded bonds, with such amortization included within interest expense.

*Contributions in Aid of Construction*: Contributions in aid of construction represent federal grants which are not subject to repayment.

# NOTE B-LONG- TERM DEBT

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 is as follows:

		Outstanding				
		<b>Principal Amount</b>			ount	
	Interest Rate		2000		1999	
		(i	n thousan	ds of	dollars)	
Water Mortgage Revenue Bonds:						
Series A, 1997, due through 2008	6.13%	\$	12,905	\$	12,905	
Series D, 1986, due through 2015	5.00%-7.00%		15,350		15,350	
Series F, 1992, due through 2016	5.50%-6.25%		87,315		88,480	
Series G, 1993, due through 2021	4.60%-5.50%		201,245		212,475	
Series H, 1996, due through 2026	4.20%-5.75%		90,895		96,540	
Series I, 1998, due through 2028	4.00%-5.25%		305,425		305,650	
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan,						
payable semi-annually through 2000	9.47%				302	
		\$	713,135	\$	731,702	
Less:						
Unamortized loss on debt refunding			(28,504)		(30,475)	
Unamortized discount			(4,768)		(5,260)	
Current portion			(20,605)		(18,567)	
Total Long-Term Debt		\$	659,258	\$	677,400	

Minimum principal and interest payments on long-term debt for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	P	rincipal	]	Interest		Total
		(in th	llars	s)		
2001	\$	20,605	\$	37,984	\$	58,589
2002		21,910		36,840		58,750
2003		23,310		35,592		58,902
2004		24,600		34,258		58,858
2005		26,025		32,835		58,860
Thereafter		596,685		290,167		886,852
	\$	713,135	\$	467,676	\$1	,180,811

### NOTE B-LONG-TERM DEBT-Continued

*Defeasance of Mortgage Revenue Bonds*: In prior years, the Division defeased certain Mortgage Revenue Bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Division's financial statements. The aggregate amount of defeased debt outstanding at December 31, 2000 and 1999 is as follows:

Bond Issue	<u>Amount</u> (in thousands of dollars)
Series F, 1992	\$180,120
Series H, 1996	\$102,340

Mortgage revenue bonds are payable from the revenues derived from operations of the waterworks system, after the payment of all operating and maintenance expenses (net revenues). The bonds are collateralized by a pledge of and lien on such net revenues plus a first mortgage lien upon all property of the waterworks system, including any improvements, additions, replacements and extensions thereto.

The Division's indentures have certain restrictive covenants and principally require that bond reserve funds be maintained and charges for fees to customers be in sufficient amounts, as defined, to satisfy the obligations under the indenture agreements. In addition, special provisions exist regarding covenant violations, redemption of principal and maintenance of properties in good condition.

The indenture requires that at all times the Division will charge rates and fees for the products and services of the waterworks system, so that revenues will be at least sufficient to provide funds for the payment in each year of the necessary operating and maintenance expenses of the waterworks system and the greater of (1) an amount equal to 1.25 times the payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest on the revenue bonds then outstanding due in that year or (2) an amount sufficient to maintain the required balances in all funds and accounts created under the mortgage.

During 1999, contrary to the above covenants, funds from the Division of Water "Water Improvement Fund" were placed into the General Fund. During 2000, the City repaid the Water Improvement Fund the amount placed in the General Fund and the interest that would have been earned in the Water Improvement Fund.

The indenture establishes the following fund accounts for the application of revenues:

*Revenue Fund*: All revenues will be deposited into this fund and will be used for payment of current operating expenses and deposits into other funds. On the 25th day of each month, an amount equal to one-sixth of the operating expenses, before depreciation, for the preceding fiscal year must be maintained in this fund.

*Debt Service Fund*: Deposits will be made from the revenue fund to cover succeeding principal and interest payments as they become due on the mortgage revenue bonds.

### **NOTE B-LONG-TERM DEBT-Continued**

*Debt Service Reserve Fund*: Deposits will be made to this fund if the amount in the debt service fund at any time is less than the debt service reserve requirement. Amounts in the fund were deposited from the proceeds of the mortgage revenue bonds and represent the maximum annual debt service requirement of these bonds.

Contingency Fund: The balance in this fund must be maintained at \$3,500,000.

*Construction Fund*: Proceeds from the mortgage revenue bonds were deposited into this fund to be used, along with earnings from investments of amounts held therein, for the payment of capital costs. As of December 31, 2000 and 1999, the Division had \$158,138,000 and \$168,729,000 of outstanding commitments for future construction costs which will be funded by available bond proceeds and operating revenues. Capital costs include all costs of additions, extensions, renewals, replacements, alterations, betterments and any other capital improvements to the waterworks system. Amounts held in this fund are subject to a lien in favor of bondholders and may be used to pay principal of outstanding mortgage revenue bonds to the extent that amounts in all other funds are insufficient. No payment need be made into a fund if the amounts in such fund are equal to the required fund balance, if any.

Amounts held in any fund may be invested by the City Treasurer or the Trustee in permitted investments, however, the use of funds is limited by the bond indenture and, accordingly, are classified as restricted assets in the accompanying financial statements.

### NOTE C-EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

All full-time employees participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. For calendar year 2000, PERS instituted a temporary employer rate rollback for state and local governments. The 2000 employer pension contribution rate for the City was 6.54 percent of covered payroll, reduced from 9.35 percent in 1999. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The Division's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$6,104,000, \$5,851,000, and \$6,001,000, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2000, 1999, and 1998.

### NOTE D-OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2000 employer contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2000. For 1999, the contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.20 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 1999, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employee) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The number of active contributing participants was 401,339. The Division's actual contributions for 2000 and 1999 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$1,937,000 and \$1,814,000. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 1999, (the latest information available) were \$10,805.5 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$12,473.6 million and \$1,668.1 million, respectively.

For 2000, PERS elected to return to an actuarially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodology. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

### NOTE E-CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Various claims are pending against the City involving the Division for personal injuries, property damage and other matters. The City is responsible for the suits. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occured and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The City's management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the Division's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

### NOTE F-RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

*Revenues and Accounts Receivable*: The Division provides water services to the City of Cleveland, including its various departments and divisions. Standard consumption rates are charged, except for the Division of Fire, public buildings and certain other facilities owned by the City of Cleveland, which by ordinance are provided free water services.

The Division performs billing and collection services for the Division of Water Pollution Control for a fee. This fee is based on the number of billings made on behalf of that division during the year at the same rates as charged to other users of the billing system. Revenue realized from the Division of Water Pollution Control for such services was approximately \$2,180,000 and \$2,202,000 in 2000 and 1999, respectively. The Division also provides miscellaneous services to other departments and divisions of the City. Revenue realized from such services was approximately \$1,610,000 and \$2,307,000 in 2000 and 1999, respectively.

*Operating Expenses*: The Division is provided various intra-city services. Charges are based on actual use or on a reasonable pro rata basis. The more significant costs for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2000			1999	
	(in thousands of dollars				
Electricity purchases	\$	11,158	\$	12,091	
Street construction and maintenance		953		818	
City administration		1,600		1,544	
Motor vehicle maintenance		1,813		1,854	
Telephone exchange		393		343	
Utilities Administration and Fiscal Control	1	1,498		1,124	

# NOTE G-CUYAHOGA COUNTY REAL PROPERTY TAXES

The Division is required by ordinance to keep records of the estimated property taxes which would be payable to Cuyahoga County were it subject to such taxes. The estimated property taxes for the Division, based on book value of real estate at the current tax rates, would have been approximately \$3,295,000 and \$3,748,000 for the years ended December 31,2000 and 1999, respectively.

### NOTE H-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

*Deposits*: The Division's carrying amount of deposits at years ended December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999 totaled \$52,106,000 and \$8,918,000 and the Division's bank balances were \$57,178,000 and \$57,039,000. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No.3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," \$115,000 and \$221,000 of these amounts were insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name, and \$55,789,000 (for both 2000 and 1999) was invested in Bank Investment Contracts secured by repurchase agreements of government securities held as collateral by the City's trustee in the name of the trustee. The remaining balances of \$1,274,000 and \$1,029,000 were secured by a collateral pool held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the respective depository bank which pledges a pool of collateral against all public deposits it holds.

*Investments*: The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State obligations; certificates of deposit; U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (Star Ohio), guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions as discussed in "Deposits" above or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained. Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S. Government securities, certificates of deposit, investments in certain money market mutual funds, and State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (Star Ohio). Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the bank's commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institution's separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statute prohibits the use of Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit. Market values of securities fluctuate based on the magnitude of changing market conditions; significant changes in market conditions could materially affect portfolio value.

GASB statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the City to categorize its investments into one of three categories:

Category 1: includes insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

Category 2: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category 3: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter party, or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

### **NOTE H - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued**

The categorized investments shown in the following table include those which are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 9:

		2000	2000	1999	1999
Type of		Fair		Fair	
Investment	Category	Value	Cost	Value	Cost
			(in thousand	ls of dollars)	
U.S. Agency Securities	1	\$164,640	\$164,118	\$139,791	\$140,878
U.S. Government Bonds	2	13,179	12,899	13,139	12,899
U.S. Government T-Bills	2	6,754	6,691	6,695	6,691
Repurchase Agreements	3	40,718	40,718	38,586	38,586
State Treasury Asset					
Reserve Fund (Star Ohio)	n/a	3,910	3,910	27,727	27,727
Investment in Mutual Funds	n/a	21,640	21,640	26,242	26,242
Guaranteed Investment Contract	n/a	163,744	163,744	195,540	195,540
Total Investments		414,585	413,720	447,720	448,563
Total Deposits		52,106	52,106	8,918	8,918
Total Deposits and Investments		\$466,691	\$465,826	\$456,638	\$457,481

Certain investments included above are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheets since they have a maturity of three months or less.

Star Ohio is an investment pool created pursuant to Ohio statutes and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. Star Ohio investments, guaranteed investment contracts and investments in mutual funds are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No.3.

### CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL CUYAHOGA COUNTY

# **REGULAR AUDIT**

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000 & 1999



Jim Petro Auditor of State

STATE OF OHIO

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

Lausche Bldg 615 W Superior Ave Floor 12 Cleveland OH 44113 - 1801 Telephone 216-787-3665 800-626-2297 Facsimile 216-787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us

#### **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS**

Division of Water Pollution Control Department of Public Utilities City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Ave. Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Michael R. White, Mayor, Members of Council and the Audit Committee:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Division of Water Pollution Control, Department of Public Utilities, City of Cleveland, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Division of Water Pollution Control's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. The financial statements of the Division of Water Pollution Control, Department of Public Utilities, City of Cleveland, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999 were audited by other auditors whose report dated July 27, 2000, expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present only the Division of Water Pollution Control and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City of Cleveland and the results of the City of Cleveland's operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the 2000 financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division of Water Pollution Control, as of December 31, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

June 29, 2001

### CITY OF CLEVELAND DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2000 and 1999

		thousands of dollars December 31,	
ASSETS	 2000		1999
ASSE15			
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
Land	\$ 297	\$	297
Utility plant in service	106,323		105,049
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	107		107
	106,727		105,453
Less: accumulated depreciation	45,522		42,295
	 61,205		63,158
Construction in progress	 484		401
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET	 61,689		63,559
RESTRICTED ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents			5
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS			5
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	14,048		7,756
Investments at fair value	20,239		21,666
Accounts Receivable- Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of			
\$574 in 2000 and \$221 in 1999	32,938		29,624
Unbilled revenue	2,161		2,392
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds	957		1,086
Accrued interest receivable	274		327
Materials and supplies-at average cost	 233		301
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	 70,850		63,152
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 132,539	\$	126,716

		(in thousands of dollars) December 31,		
		2000	1999	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY	¢	40 154	¢ 20.995	
Contributions in aid of construction	\$	40,154	\$ 39,885	
Contributed capital		3,445	3,444	
Retained earnings		37,004	34,274	
TOTAL EQUITY	Y	80,603	77,603	
LIABILITIES				
LONG TERM DEBT-excluding amounts due within one year		6,866	7,412	
PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS	324		491	
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Current portion of long-term debt		546	461	
Accounts payable			141	
Amounts due for billings on behalf of others		38,432	36,142	
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		4,177	3,555	
Accrued expenses		65	64	
Accrued wages and benefits		1,526	847	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	s —	44,746	41,210	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	s —	51,936	49,113	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	S \$	132,539	\$ 126,716	

See notes to financial statements.

# **CITY OF CLEVELAND**

# DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999

	(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 1999			
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	18,235	\$	18,815
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operations		6,486		6,003
Maintenance		7,043		6,928
Depreciation		3,905		3,387
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		17,434		16,318
OPERATING INCOME		801		2,497
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Interest income		2,217		1,272
Interest expense		(288)		(366)
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES), NET		1,929		906
NET INCOME		2,730		3,403
<b>RETAINED EARNINGS, beginning of year</b>		34,274		30,871
<b>RETAINED EARNINGS, end of year</b>	\$	37,004	\$	34,274

See notes to financial statements.

# CITY OF CLEVELAND DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

#### For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999

	(in thousands of dollars) For the Years Ended December 31, 2000 1999			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<b>.</b>	40.004		
Cash received from customers	\$	18,091 \$	18,338	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services		(6,168)	(7,112)	
Cash payments to employees for services		(6,652)	(6,385)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)		5 071	4 0 4 1	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		5,271	4,841	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Agency activity on behalf of other sewer authorities, net			771	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)				
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			771	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,487)	(3,419)	
Principal paid on long-term debt		(461)	(484)	
Proceeds from water pollution control loan		()	14	
Interest paid on long-term debt		(288)	(366)	
Capital grant (uses) proceeds			580	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL				
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(2,236)	(3,675)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of investment securities		(4,498)	(14,770)	
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities		6,249	10,486	
Interest received on investments		1,501	1,105	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)		,	·	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		3,252	(3,179)	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)				
IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		6,287	(1,242)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		7,761	9,003	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	14,048 \$	7,761	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH ACTIVITY				
Fixed assets acquired by capital contribution		269		

		<i>(in thousands of dollars)</i> For the		
		Years Ended I 2000	mber 31, 1999	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIE	S			
OPERATING INCOME	\$	801	\$	2,497
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		3,905		3,387
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net		(3,314)		29
Unbilled revenue		231		(477)
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		129		(249)
Materials and supplies		68		(95)
Accounts payable		(141)		(759)
Amounts due for billings on behalf of others		2,290		
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		622		1,008
Accrued expenses		1		9
Accrued wages and benefits		679		(509)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		4,470		2,344
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	5,271	\$	4,841

See notes to financial statements.

### NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Division of Water Pollution Control ("Division") is reported as an enterprise fund of the City of Cleveland's Department of Public Utilities and is a part of the City of Cleveland's ("City") primary government. The Division was created for the purpose of providing sewage services to customers and to maintain the local sewer system of the City of Cleveland. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

*Revenue*: Revenues are derived primarily from sales of sewage services to residential, commercial and industrial customers based upon actual water consumption. Sewage rates are authorized by City Council and billings are made on a cycle basis. Estimates for services between the ends of the various cycles and the end of the year are recorded as unbilled revenue.

The Division of Water provides billing and collection services for sewage fees and assessments charged by the Division of Water Pollution Control and other municipalities. The accounts receivable from users, cash received in payment thereof and the liability for amounts billed on behalf of these systems, but not remitted, are included in the accounts of the Division. Cash and investments collected and due to other municipalities included in the accompanying balance sheets total \$11,814,000 and \$10,117,000 at December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

Basis of Accounting: The Division's financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized as incurred. Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities", all Proprietary Funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, Proprietary Funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

*Statement of Cash Flows*: The Division utilizes the direct method of reporting for the statement of cash flows as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of proprietary and Non-expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents*: Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and cash deposits maintained by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Division. Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased and include certificates of deposits, U.S. Treasury bills, Star Ohio (See Note H) and repurchase agreements. The City's policy is to enter into repurchase agreements with local commercial banks and to obtain confirmation of securities pledged.

### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES -Continued

*Investments:* The Division follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools," which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognized the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. Investment fair values at year-end are based on market quotes, where available.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 2000 and 1999. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2000 and 1999.

*Restricted Assets:* Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside in various fund accounts for payment of debt are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by the loan agreements.

*Fixed Assets and Depreciation:* Property, plant and equipment is stated on the basis of historical cost, or if contributed, at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation for the Proprietary Fund types is determined by allocating the cost of fixed assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. A fixed asset is defined as a tangible item with a useful life of five years or more and a value equal to or greater than \$5,000, with the exception of computer equipment and software which have a value equal to or greater than \$1,500. When property is disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Utility plant in service 6 to 100 years
Buildings, structures and improvements 10 to 65 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment

Contributed Capital: Contributed capital represents contributions from the City of Cleveland which are not subject to mandatory repayment.

*Contributions in Aid of Construction*: Contributions in aid of construction represent federal and other grants which are not subject to repayment. The Division participates in the State Issue 2 program and the Local Transportation Improvement Program. Through these programs, the State of Ohio ("State") provides financial assistance to the Division for its storm water detention facilities. The Ohio Public Works Commission ("OPWC") is the State agency which oversees the allocation of State bond proceeds and tax revenue to selected projects which have met funding requirements. Upon approval by the OPWC, the Division and the State create project agreements establishing each entity's financial contribution toward each project. As of December 31, 2000 and 1999 the State funded \$6,098,000 and \$5,820,000 respectively, for storm water detention facilities.

# NOTE B-LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 is as follows:

		Outstanding				
		Principa	al Amount			
	Interest Rate	2000	1999			
		(in thousands of dollars)				
Ohio Water Development Authority						
Construction Loans due in annual						
installments of \$282,000 including						
interest, through 2003	5.25%-6.25%	\$ 634	\$ 863			
Water Pollution Control loans - due in annual installments of \$295,000 to \$521,000 including interest,						
through 2017	4.04%-4.18%	6,778	7,010			
Less:		7,412	7,873			
Current portion		(546)	(461)			
Total Long-Term Debt	-	\$ 6,866	\$ 7,412			

Minimum principal and interest payments on long-term debt for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	Pri	ncipal	Interest			Total
		(in thousands of dollars)				)
2001	\$	546	\$	315	\$	861
2002		578		287		865
2003		467		257		724
2004		347		236		583
2005		362		221		583
Thereafter		5,112		1,297		6,409
	\$	7,412	\$	2,613	\$	10,025

### NOTE B-LONG TERM DEBT-Continued

The Ohio Water Department Authority Construction Loans are payable from the revenues derived from operations of the Water Pollution Control system.

*Water Pollution Control Loans*: Under Title VI of the Clean Water Act, Congress created the State Revolving Fund (SRF). The SRF program provides federal capitalization grants to states, that along with 20% state matching funds, are used to capitalize state level revolving loan funds. Besides the traditional types of municipal wastewater treatment projects, Congress expanded the potential use of SRF funds to include correction of combined sewer overflows, major sewer rehabilitation and new collector sewers.

In Ohio, this SRF program is known as the Water Pollution Control Loan Fund and is jointly administered by the Ohio EPA and the Ohio Water Development Authority. Principal balances on loans increase as project costs are incurred. Interest accrues on principal amounts outstanding during the construction period and is combined with the principal balance upon completion of the project. The repayment period for each loan commences no later than the 1st January or July following the expected completion date of the project to which it relates utilizing an estimate of total eligible project costs as the preliminary loan amount. Construction loans and design loans are to be repaid in semi-annual payments of principal and interest over a period of twenty years and five years, respectively. The Division had seven SRF loan awards related to projects as of December 31, 2000 and 1999.

### NOTE C-EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

All full-time employees participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. For calendar year 2000, PERS instituted a temporary employer rate rollback for state and local governments. The 2000 employer pension contribution rate for the City was 6.54 percent of covered payroll, reduced from 9.35 percent in 1999. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The Division's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$724,000, \$637,000, and \$657,000, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2000, 1999, and 1998.

### NOTE D-OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employers's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2000 employer contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2000. For 1999, the contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll; 4.20 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 1999, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employee) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The number of active contributing participants was 401,339. The Division's actual contributions for 2000 and 1999 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$230,000 and \$190,000. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 1999, (the latest information available) were \$10,805.5 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$12,473.6 million and \$1,668.1 million, respectively.

For 2000, PERS elected to return to an actuarially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodology. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

### NOTE E-CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Various claims are pending against the City involving the Division for personal injuries, property damage and other matters. The City is responsible for the suits. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occured and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The City's management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the Division's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Division received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Division. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the Division at December 31, 2000.

### NOTE F - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Division provides sewage service to the City of Cleveland, including its various departments and divisions. All non self-support municipal functions of the City are provided free sewage service.

The Division of Water performs billing and collection services for the Division. The fee for these services was based on the number of billings made on behalf of the Division during the year at the same rates as charged to other users of the billing system. In 2000 and 1999, the expense of the billing services was approximately \$2,180,000 and \$2,202,000, respectively.

The Division is provided various other intra-city services. Charges are based on actual use or on a reasonable pro-rata basis. The more significant costs, included in the statements of income, for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2000	1999
	(in thousan	ds of dollars)
Employee and other services provided		
by the Division of Water	\$ 312	\$ 290
City administration	120	371
Motor vehicle maintenance	331	294
Street maintenance	211	384
Electricity	148	141
Utilities Administration and Fiscal Control	174	169

### NOTE G-CUYAHOGA COUNTY REAL PROPERTY TAXES

The Division is required by ordinance to keep records of the estimated property taxes which would be payable to Cuyahoga County were it subject to such taxes. For the year ended December 31, 2000 and 1999, the estimated property taxes for the Division, based on book value of real estate at the current tax rates, would have been approximately \$14,200 and \$16,000, respectively.

### NOTE H-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

*Deposits*: The Division's carrying amount of deposits at years ended December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999 totaled \$1,186,000 and \$1,502,000 and the Division's bank balances were \$2,700,000 and \$1,368,000. These amounts were insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

Investments: The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State obligations; certificates of deposit; U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (Star Ohio), guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions as discussed in "Deposits" above or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained. Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S. Government securities, certificates of deposit, investments in certain money market mutual funds, and State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (Star Ohio). Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the bank's commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institution's separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statute prohibits the use of Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit. Market values of securities fluctuate based on the magnitude of changing market conditions; significant changes in market conditions could materially affect portfolio value.

GASB statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the City to categorize its investments into one of three categories:

Category 1: includes insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

Category 2: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category 3: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter party, or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

### **NOTE H - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued**

The categorized investments shown in the following table include those which are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 9:

Туре		2000 Fair	2000	1999 Fair	1999
of Investment	Category	Value	Cost	Value	Cost
U.S. Agency Obligations	1	\$20,239	\$20,202	\$22,452	\$22,739
State Treasury Asset Reserve Fund (Star Ohio)	n/a	12,862	12,862	5,473	5,473
Total Investments		33,101	33,064	27,925	28,212
Total Deposits		1,186	1,186	1,502	1,502
Total Deposits and Investr	nents	\$34,287	\$34,250	\$29,427	\$29,714

Certain investments included above are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheets since they have a maturity of three months or less.

Star Ohio is an investment pool created pursuant to Ohio statutes and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. Star Ohio investments are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 3.



STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

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Facsimile 614-466-4490

# **CITY OF CLEVELAND**

# **CUYAHOGA COUNTY**

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED AUGUST 28, 2001