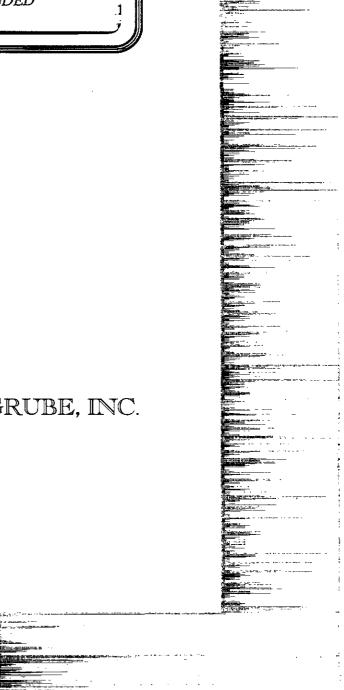
GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(AUDITED)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 1999

TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.





GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(AUDITED)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 1999

TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC. PAT PENNY, TREASURER

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Board of Education Anthony Wayne Local School District Whitehouse, Ohio

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Anthony Wayne Local School District, Lucas County, prepared by Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 1998 to June 30, 1999. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Anthony Wayne Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Auditor of State

January 5, 2000

TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

1445 WORTHINGTON WOODS BOULEVARD SUITE B WORTHINGTON, OHIO 43085 TELEPHONE 614.846.1899 FACSIMILE 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Anthony Wayne Local School District 11012 Shepler, P. O. Box 2487 Whitehouse, Ohio 43571

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Anthony Wayne Local School District, Lucas County, (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Anthony Wayne Local School District, Lucas County, as of June 30, 1999, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 1999 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the District, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Irimble, Julian & Frube, the.
Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc.

December 3, 1999

ANTHONY WAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 1999

		Governmen	Governmental Fund Types		Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Types	Account Groups	Jroups	
		Special	Debt	Capital		Trust and	General Fixed	General Long-Term	Total (Memorandum
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Investments. Receivables (net of allowances	\$1,612,869 2,500,000	\$181,025	\$637,509	\$846,848	\$45,937	\$279,452			\$3,603,640 2,500,000
Property taxes - current & delinquent	14,434,813		1,429,308		47				15,864,121
Accrued interest	15,732 41,272				ř				15,732 41,272
Due from other governments	23,128				11,158				11,158
Materials and supplies inventory Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash and	14,686				15,925				30,611
cash equivalents	413,464								413,464
applicable)					11,909		\$33,411,279		33,423,188
OTHER DEBITS: Amount available in Debt Scryles Fund, Amount to be provided for refreement of				÷				\$762,059	762,059
General Long-Term Obligations		-						14,949,828	14,949,828
Total assets and other debits	\$19,056,035	\$181,025	\$2,066,817	\$846,848	\$84,976	\$279,452	\$33,411,279	\$15,711,887	\$71,638,319

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

ANTHONY WAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 1999

!		Governmer	Governmental Fund Types		Proprietary Fund Type	Fiduciary Fund Types	Account Groups	Groups	F
ľ	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Enterprise	Trust and Agency	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Lotal (Memorandum Only)
Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits.	\$220,756 2,186,577 101,323	\$262 6,746			\$34,965 20,673	\$6,946 9		\$1,204,158	\$227,964 2,228,297 1,326,154
	333,778 12,607,650 28,858		\$1,304,758		41,272 8,624	6,190		71177	41,272 41,272 13,921,032 35,048
: : :						M ,961		14,274,494	14,274,494 110,463
Total liabilities	15,480,942	7,008	1,304,758		128,272	104,066		15,711,887	32,736,933
AQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS; Investment in general fixed assets. Contributed capital.					11,909		\$33,411,279		33,411,279 11,909 (55,205)
:	782,563	13,369		\$16,065	Cambook				811,997
	14,686 23,128								14,686 23,128
			734,282						784,487
unavailable for appropriation. Reserved for budget stabilization. Unreserved-underienated	205,311 413,464 2.135,941	160.648	777,72	830.783		175.386			233,088 413,464 3,302,758
Total equity and other credits	3 575 (103	174 017	050 692	846 848	(43.796)	175 386	33 411 279		38.901.386
	Colorato	1704	Cooken		Come Car 1	2025			
Total Habilities, equity and other credits, .	\$19,056,035	\$181,025	\$2,066,817	\$846,848	\$84,976	\$279,452	\$33,411,279	\$15,711,887	\$71,638,319

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

		Governmental	Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Type	Total
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trust	Total (Memorandum Only)
Revenues:			_	-		-
From local sources:				•		01 = 000 000
Taxes	\$13,931,803		\$1,388,463			\$15,320,266
Tuition	73,962				\$3,392	73,962 391,988
Earnings on investments	388,596	\$327,092	•		\$3,372	327,092
Donations.		25,060			133,722	158,782
Other local revenues.	136,648	79,320			15,168	231,136
Intergovernmental - State.	6,884,882	183,915	151,644	\$41,362	2-71	7,261,803
Intergovernmental - Federal	84,218	323,611	122,011	4 . 1,2 3 2		407,829
morgo vominima i data i vivi vivi vivi vivi vivi vivi vivi			,	······································		
Total revenue	21,500,109	938,998	1,540,107	41,362	152,282	24,172,858
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	9,979,595	206,075		24,795	54,637	10,265,102
Special	1,234,667	209,392			,	1,444,059
Vocational	276,589	887				277,476
Support services:						
Pupil , ,	808,593	_9,872				818,465
Instructional staff	357,859	64,585			•	422,444
Board of Education	555,101		_			555,101
Administration	1,425,607	18,908	32			1,444,547
Fiscal	496,183	10.000				496,183
Operations and maintenance	2,761,346	12,257				2,773,603
Pupil transportation.	1,110,049	7.016			•	1,110,049
Central		7,815		-	11,762	7,81 <i>5</i> 111,035
Community services	345,716	99,273 378,731			11,702	724,447
Facilities services	527,196	370,731				527,196
Capital outlay	86,129	-				86,129
Debt service:						00,125
Principal retirement	46,449		380,000	51,666		478,115
Interest and fiscal charges	8,006		770,249	301		778,556
Total expenditures	20,019,085	1,007,795	1,150,281	76,762	66,399	22,320,322
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,481,024	(68,797)	389,826	(35,400)	85,883	1,852,536
over (ander) expenditures	1,401,024	(00,797)	369,620	(33,400)	33,005	1,002,000
Other financing sources (uses):			-			
Operating transfers in		6,141		764,179		770,320
Operating transfers out	(371,502)		(398,818)			(770,320)
Proceeds from capital lease transaction	86,129				-	86,129
Proceeds from sale of assets	42		······			42
Total other financing sources (uses)	(285,331)	6,141	(398,818)	764,179		86,171
Excess of revenues and						
other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing (uses) .	1,195,693	(62,656)	(8,992)	728,779	85,883	1,938,707
Found teclamon Victor 1 (P)	200 000	227 772	mm1 0.01	110.070	00.500	2 (25 25 2
Fund balance, July 1 (Restated).	2,390,089	236,673	771,051	118,069	89,503	3,605,385
Decrease in reserve for inventory	(10,689) \$3,575,093	\$174,017	\$762,059	\$846,848	\$175,386	(10,689) \$5,533,403
rate datation, June 30 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		#1.74,V11	<u>₩/√4,VJ7</u>	9070,040	005.6136	۷۵,۵۵۵,۵۵۵ د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د

ANTHONY WAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LUCUS COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON (NOWADAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL GOYGRMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

		General Fund		Š	ecial Revenue			Dobt Service		ű	Capital Projects		Total (Total (Memorandum only)	
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Feverable (Unfavorable)	Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: From Jocal sources: Taxes	\$12,725,582	\$12,666,454	(\$59,128)				000'080'1\$	111,916,117	\$239,111				\$13,\$05,582 82,250	\$13,9\$5,565	870,1
Fartion investments.	368,963	373,799	4,836	25,600	\$6,14]	\$541				\$7,895	\$15,361	\$7,466	382,458 547,738	395,301 591,265	12,843
Other local revenues. Intergovernmental - State.	6,788,472	Ö	28,985	146,851	161,040	14,189	149,816	151,643	1,827	21,345	41,362	20,017	7,106,484	7,231,502	125,018
intergovernmental - Pederal	20,160,889	20,199,225	38,336	874,909	959,441	84,532	1,229,816	1,470,754	240,938	29,240	56,723	27,483	22,294,854	22,686,143	391,289
Expenditures:	10,027,339 820,825,1	oï	97,917	230,552	217,813	12,739 24,870				103,733	93,305	10,428	10,361,624 1,511,540	10,240,540 1,426,335 267,843	121,084 85,205 12,775
Vocational Support services:	781.838	787.383	(345)	11.630	11,622	> %							793,468	794,005	(537)
Instructional staff. Board of Education	360,428	349,923	10,505 142,194	65,433	26,799	7 2	3	ີ່ເ	9				425,861 707,865 1,483,101	414,722 565,671 1.611,516	142,194 (128,415)
Administration Fiscal Oversions and maintenance	1,462,272 482,181 3,012,163	452,105 452,105 2,781,001	30,076 30,076 231,162	12,257	12,257	ecc'i	2	5	3		,		482,181	452,105	30,076 231,162 116,219
Pupil transportation.	1,659,460	1,543,241	116,219	10,646	7,816	2,830							30,646 10,093	7,816	2,830
Continually services. Extracuricular activities. Pacilities services	367,030	337,937 752,866	29,093 557	100,095 401,004	388,531	12,473							768,034	726,468 752,866	41,566 557
Debt service: Principal retirement							380,000 770,249	380,000	00				380,000	340,000	0
Total expenditures	21,156,786	20,556,318	600,46\$	1,101,714	1,046,004	55,710	1,150,350	1,150,281	85	163,733	3305	10,428	23,512,583	77,845,706	CIRCON
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(995,897)	(157,093)	638,804	(226,805)	(86,563)	140,242	79,466	320,473	241,007	(74,493)	(36,582)	37,911	(1,217,729)	(159,765)	1,057,964
Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures	39,070	39,582	512		~					184 760	318 812	364,049	39,070	39,582	512 364,049
Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out) Advances (out)	(350,000)	(350,000)	00				(398,818)	(398,818)	0	ì			(748,818) (41,272)	(7 48,\$18) (41,272) 42	o o
Proceeds of sale of fixed assets	(352,161)	(351,648)	513				(398,818)	(398,818)	0	384,769	748,818	364,049	(366,210)	(1,648)	364,562
Excess of revenues and other (under) expections and other financing sources over (under) expectations and other financing (uses)	(1,348,058)	(708,741)	715,659	(226,805)	(86,563)	140,242	(319,352)	(78,345)	241,007	310,276	712,236	401,960	(9583,539)	(161,413)	1,422,526
Fund balance, July 1	3,868,643	3,868,643	00	32,814	221,143 32,814	0 0	715,854	715,854	0	107,325	107,325	00	4,912,965	4,912,965	0 0
Fund balance, June 30	\$2,975,926	53,615,243	416,9638	527,152	\$167,394	\$140,242	\$196,502	\$637,509	\$241,007	\$428,823	\$830,783	\$401,960	23,828,403	\$5,250,929	\$1,422,526

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED DEFICIT PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

	Proprietary Fund Type
Occuption recognition	Enterprise
Operating revenues: Tuition and fees	\$97,937
Sales/charges for services	567,533
Sales/charges for services	307,333
Total operating revenues	665,470
Operating expenses:	
Personal services	266,175
Contract services	421,666
Materials and supplies	116,328
Depreciation	2,459
Other	1,326
Total operating expenses	807,954
Operating loss	(142,484)
Nonoperating revenues:	
Operating grants	68,217
Federal commodities	25,101
Interest revenue	117
Total nonoperating revenues	93,435
Net loss	(49,049)
Addback of depreciation on fixed assets acquired from contributed capital	2,459
Accumulated deficit at July 1 (Restated)	(8,615)
Accumulated deficit at June 30	(\$55,205)

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

	Proprietary Fund Type
Cash flows from operating activities:	Enterprise
Cash received from tuition and fees	\$98,115
Cash received from sales/service charges	567,533
Cash payments for personal services	(251,500)
Cash payments for contract services	(421,666)
Cash payments supplies and materials	(96,101)
Cash payments for other expenses	(1,326)
Net cash used in	
operating activities.	(104,945)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	<i>(a.</i> 0 <i>(</i> 0
Cash received from operating grants	67,960
Cash received from interfund loans	41,272
Net cash provided by noncapital	
financing activities	109,232
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest received	117
Net cash provided by	
investing activities	117
Net increase in	
cash and cash equivalents	4,404
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year.	41,533
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$45,937
Reconciliation of operating loss to	
net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating loss	(\$142,484)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	, , ,
to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation	2,459
Federal donated commodities	25,101
Increase in supplies inventory	- (4,428)
Decrease in accounts receivable	. 178
Decrease in accrued wages & benefits	(2,105)
Increase in compensated absences payable.	3,109
Increase in pension obligation payable	13,671
Decrease in deferred revenue	(446)
Net cash used in	
operating activities	(\$104,945)

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Anthony Wayne Local School District (the "District") is located in Southwestern Lucas County including all of the Village of Whitehouse, Ohio, and portions of surrounding townships. The District serves an area of approximately 76.8 square miles.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District ranks as the 130th largest by enrollment among the 612 districts in the State. It currently operates 3 elementary schools, 1 middle school, and 1 comprehensive high school. The District employs 125 non-certified and 215 (including administrative) full-time and part-time employees to provide services to approximately 3,272 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. The Reporting Entity

The District's reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 1992. The financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The District has no component units. The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Penta County Joint Vocational School

The Vocational School District is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs of the students. The school accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school; however, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered to be part of the District.

Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA)

The District is a participant with 28 other school districts in a jointly governed organization to operate NWOCA. NWOCA was formed for the purpose of providing computer services. NWOCA is governed by a board of directors consisting of the superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the board. The District does not have an ongoing financial interest or responsibility in NWOCA.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, Proprietary and Fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in Proprietary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The following are the District's Governmental Fund Types:

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>General Fund</u> - The General fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary funds and Trust funds).

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following are the District's Proprietary fund types.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises—where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. These include Expendable Trust and Agency funds. Agency funds are presented on a budgetary basis, with note disclosure, if applicable, regarding items which, in other funds, would be subject to accrual.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the Proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District, other than those accounted for in the Proprietary funds.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All Governmental funds and the Expendable Trust fund are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All Proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for Governmental and Expendable Trust funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, which for the District is sixty days after the June 30 year-end. Revenues accrued at the end of the year include interest, tuition, grants and entitlements (to the extent they are intended to finance the current fiscal year), and accounts (student fees and rent). Current property taxes measurable as of June 30, 1999, and which are intended to finance fiscal 2000 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenues. Delinquent property taxes measurable and available (received within 60 days) and amounts available as an advance on future tax settlements are recognized as revenue at year-end. Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue but not received by the District prior to June 30, 1999, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for future appropriations. The District is prohibited, by law, from appropriating this revenue in accordance with ORC Section 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year end.

The District reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the recognition of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Expenditures (decreases in net financial resources) are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred with the following exceptions: general long-term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due; and the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as expenditures in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

D. Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 1999 is as follows.

- 1. Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Lucas County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 1999.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund, function, and object level of expenditures, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.) Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation, alter total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All departments/functions and funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal 1999 in the following amounts:

Fund	Increase	(Decrease)
General	\$1,178,630	
Special Revenue	45,371	
Debt Service	148,542	
Capital Projects		\$(24,908)
Enterprise	63,619	
Expendable Trust	67,667	
Agency	126.192	
Total	<u>\$1,630,021</u>	<u>\$(24,908</u>)

8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund, function and/or object level.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Encumbrance accounting is utilized with District funds in the normal course of operations, for purchase orders and contract-related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. For Governmental fund types, encumbrances outstanding at year-end appear as a reserve to the fund balance on a GAAP basis and as the equivalent of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to demonstrate legal compliance. Note 16 provides a reconciliation of the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting. Encumbrances for Enterprise funds are disclosed in Note 12.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including Proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" (both unrestricted and restricted) on the combined balance sheet.

During 1999, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and certificates of deposit.

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market prices.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 1999.

Under existing Ohio statute and Federal regulations all investment earnings are assigned to the General fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the General fund during fiscal year 1999 totaled \$388,596 which included \$95,957 assigned from other funds of the District.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Inventory

Inventories for all Governmental funds are valued at cost (first-in/first-out method). The purchase method is used to account for inventories. Under the purchase method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, material amounts of inventories at period-end are reported as assets of the respective fund, which are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation even though they are a component of reported assets.

Inventories of Proprietary funds are valued at the lower of cost (first-in/first-out method) or market and expensed when used rather than when purchased.

G. Prepaids

Prepayments for Governmental funds represent cash disbursements which have occurred and are therefore not current expendable resources. These items are reported as fund assets on the balance sheet using the allocation method, which amortizes their cost over the periods benefitting from the advance payment. At period-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future Governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

1. General Fixed Assets Account Group

General fixed assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$500 and a useful life of less than five years. No depreciation is recognized for assets in the General fixed assets account group. The District has not included infrastructure in the General fixed assets account group.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

2. Proprietary Funds

Equipment reflected in these funds are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. Depreciation has been provided, where appropriate, on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives.

Asset	Life (years)
Buildings	25 - 50
Furniture, Fixtures and	
Minor Equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	4 - 6

I. Intergovernmental Revenues

In Governmental funds, entitlements and non-reimbursable grants (to the extent such grants and entitlements relate to the current fiscal year) are recorded as receivables and revenue when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Grants for Proprietary fund operations are recognized as revenue when measurable and earned. The District currently participates in various state and federal programs categorized as follows:

Entitlements

General Fund
State Foundation Program
State Property Tax Relief

<u>Debt Service</u> State Property Tax Relief

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Non-Reimbursable Grants

Special Revenue Funds

Teacher Development

Management Information Systems

Teacher Development

Driver Education

Education for Economic Security

Title VI-B

Title I

Tîtle VI

Drug-Free School

Telecommunications Grant

Capital Projects Funds

School Net

Power-Up Technologies

Reimbursable Grants

General Fund

School Bus Purchases

Driver Education

Vocational Education Travel/Salary

Proprietary

National School Lunch Program

National School Milk Program

Pass-Through Grants

Special Revenue Funds

Auxiliary Services

Grants and entitlements amounted to over 30% of the District's operating revenue during the 1999 fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the District may have numerous transactions between funds. The most significant include:

- 1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund. The resources transferred are to be expended for operations by the receiving fund and are recorded as operating transfers, with the exception of agency funds, which do not show transfers of resources as operating transfers.
- 2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund. Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses.
- 3. Short-term interfund loans and accrued interfund reimbursements and accrued operating transfers are reflected as "interfund loans receivable or payable". The District had short-term interfund loans receivable and payable at June 30, 1999.
- 4. Long-term interfund loans that will not be repaid within the next year are termed "advances" and are shown as reservations of fund balances on the combined balance sheet for those funds that report advances to other funds as assets because they are not spendable, available resources. The District had no long-term advances receivable or payable at June 30, 1999.

An analysis of interfund transactions is presented in Note 5.

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty (50) or greater with at least ten (10) years of service; or twenty (20) years' service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

Accumulated vacation and severance of Governmental fund type employees meeting the above requirements have been recorded in the appropriate Governmental fund as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be payable within the current available period. The balance of the liability is recorded in the General long-term obligations account group. Vacation and sick leave for employees meeting the above requirements who are paid from Proprietary funds is recorded as an expense when earned.

L. Contributed Capital

Contributed capital reported in the Enterprise funds represents resources provided from other funds, other governments, and private sources that is not subject to repayment. These assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date contributed. Depreciation on those assets acquired or constructed with contributed resources is expensed and closed to contributed capital at year end. The amount of depreciation is then "added back" to retained earnings, because the cost of providing services in the Enterprise funds does not include depreciation expense on amounts of contributed capital. See Note 9 for the change in contributed capital during fiscal year 1999.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a Governmental fund when due or when resources have been accumulated in the Debt Service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a Governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the General long-term obligations account group.

Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from Proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

N. Statutory Reserves

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain General fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the reserve activity was as follows:

	<u>Textbooks</u>	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>	Budget Stabilization	Totals
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 1998 Current year set-aside requirement Current year offsets	\$ 406,163 (95,821)	\$ 406,163	\$210,383 203,081	\$ 210,383 1,015,407 (95,821)
Qualifying disbursements	(310,342)	(406,163)	<u> </u>	(716,505)
Cash balance carried forward to FY 2000	\$ 0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$413,464</u>	<u>\$ 413,464</u>

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 1999 follows:

Amount restricted for budget stabilization	<u>\$413,464</u>
Total restricted assets	<u>\$413,464</u>

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Fund Equity

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, debt service, tax revenue unavailable for appropriation and budget stabilization. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the Governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds.

P. Statement of Cash Flows

In September 1989, GASB issued Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. The District has presented a statement of cash flows for its Enterprise funds. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash equivalents to include all short term investments (maturity of 90 days or less from date of purchase).

Q. Financial Reporting for Proprietary and Similar Fund Types

The District's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. This Statement is effective for financial statements beginning after December 15, 1993. The District accounts for its proprietary activities in accordance with all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and its predecessors issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

R. Parochial Schools

Within the District boundaries, Lial Elementary is operated through the Toledo Catholic Diocese. Current state legislation provides funding to this parochial school. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The receipt and expenditure of these state monies by the District are reflected in a Special Revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

S. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

T. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish a budget stabilization reserve. This reserve is required by State statute. The budget stabilization reserve can be used only after receiving approval from the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. A schedule of statutory reserves is presented in Note 2.N.

U. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the GPFS are captioned (Memorandum Only) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Legal Compliance

The following fund had appropriations in excess of estimated revenues plus available balances for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 contrary to Section 5705.39 of the Ohio Revised Code:

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

Fund Type/Fund	Estimated Resources	Appropriations	Variances
Special Revenue Funds			
Teacher Development Block Grant	\$ 20,515	\$ 20,601	\$ 86
Management Information System	10,207	10,646	439
Telecommunication Grant	12,000	12,257	257
Enterprise Fund			
Food Service	455,822	690,110	234,288

B. Prior Period Adjustment

The District reported an interfund asset of \$9,055 in the General fund and an interfund liability of \$9,055 in the Food Service fund at June 30, 1998. These amounts were actually operating transfers. The effect of this correction at July 1, 1998 is as follows:

	Balance as Originally Presented June 30, 1998	Restated Effect of Correction	Balance July 1, 1998
General fund	\$2,399,144	\$(9,055)	\$2,390,089
Enterprise funds	(17,670)	9,055	(8,615)

C. Deficit Fund Balances/Retained Earnings

Fund balances/retained earnings at June 30, 1999 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit Fund Balance/ Retained Earnings
Special Revenue Fund Drug-Free School Grant	\$ (107)
Enterprise Fund Food Service	(101,189)

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year end. These deficit balances are caused by the application of GAAP. These deficits will be eliminated by intergovernmental revenues and other subsidies not recognized at June 30.

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, Notes, Debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bond and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instruments rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, <u>Deposits With Financial Institutions</u>, <u>Investments (including Repurchase Agreements)</u>, and <u>Reverse Repurchase Agreements</u>.

Deposits: At year-end the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,937,640 and the bank balance was \$2,649,768 (both amounts include \$2,500,000 in non-negotiable certificates of deposit). Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$200,000 was covered by federal deposit insurance.
- 2. \$2,449,768 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District held to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments: The District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured, registered, or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name. STAR Ohio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	Fair <u>Value</u>
Not Subject to Categorization Investment in State Treasurer's Investment Pool	<u>\$3,579,464</u>
Total Investments	<u>\$3,579,464</u>

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments per GASB Statement No. 9 on the combined balance sheet and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Pooled Cash and <u>Cash Equivalents</u>	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$4,017,104	\$2,500,000
Investments of the Cash	Ψ7,017,107	Ψ2,5 00,000
Management Pool: State Treasurer's Investment Pool	(2.570.464)	2 570 464
-	(3,579,464)	3,579,464
Certificates of Deposit	2,500,000	(2,500,000)
GASB Statement No. 3	<u>\$2,937,640</u>	<u>\$3,579,464</u>

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Loans Payable/Receivable

Interfund balances at June 30, 1999, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and/or payable:

	Interfund Loans <u>Receivable</u>	Interfund Loans (Payable)
General Fund	\$41,272	
Enterprise Food Service		<u>\$(41,272)</u>
Total Interfund Loans	<u>\$41,272</u>	<u>\$(41,272</u>)

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

B. The following is a summarized breakdown of the District's operating transfers for fiscal year 1999:

	Transfers In	Transfers (Out)
General Fund		\$(371,502)
Special Revenue Funds District Managed Student Activity	\$ 6,141	
Debt Service Bond Retirement		(398,818)
Capital Projects Fund Permanent Improvement	<u>764.179</u>	
Totals	<u>\$770,320</u>	<u>\$(770,320</u>)

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Distributions from the second half of the calendar year occur in a new fiscal year and are intended to finance the operations of that year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the District.

Real property taxes and public utility taxes are levied after November 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value.

Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property, as well as land and improvements. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at 100% of market value except for the personal property of rural electric companies which is assessed 50% of market and railroads which are assessed at 29%. Tangible personal property taxes attach as a lien and are levied on January 1 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed value upon which the 1998 taxes were collected was \$398,648,468. Agricultural/Residential and public utility real estate represented 69.15% or \$275,652,120 of this total; Commercial & Industrial real estate represented 12.57% or \$50,108,330; public utility tangible 6.87% or \$27,407,090 and general tangible property 11.41% or \$45,480,928. The voted general tax rate for operations at the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 was \$56.60 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation; the voted rate for debt service was \$3.60 per \$1000.00 of assessed valuation.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due January 20; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due January 20 with the remainder payable by June 20.

The Lucas County Treasurer collects property tax on behalf of the District. The County Auditor periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. These tax "advances" are based on statutory cash flow collection rates. Final "settlements" are made each February and August.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 1999. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, they are not (exclusive of advances) intended to finance current year operations. The net receivable (total receivable less amount available intended to finance the current year) is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 1999 consisted of taxes, accounts (tuition and student fees), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements (to the extent such grants and/or entitlements relate to the current fiscal year). All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes and the stable condition of State and Federal programs.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

A summary of the principal items of receivables follows:

	<u>Amounts</u>
General fund Taxes - current & delinquent Accrued interest	\$14,434,813 15,732
Debt Service fund Taxes - current & delinquent	1,429,308
Enterprise funds Due from other governments	11,158

NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS

The following changes occurred in the General Fixed Assets Account Group during the year:

	Balance 07/01/98	Additions	Disposals	Balance 06/30/99
Land/Improvements Buildings	\$ 232,385 24,173,973			\$ 232,385 24,173,973
Furniture/Equipment Vehicles	5,846,495 2,215,212	\$451,392 13,239	\$(55,687)	6,242,200 2,228,451
Construction in Progress		534,270		534,270
Total	<u>\$32,468,065</u>	<u>\$998,901</u>	<u>\$(55,687</u>)	\$33,411,279

A summary of the Proprietary fixed assets at June 30, 1999 follows:

Furniture and Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 \$ 227,061 (215,152)
Net Fixed Assets	\$ 11,9 <u>09</u>

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 9 - CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL

The following is a reconciliation of the change in the contributed capital for the Food Service fund:

Contributed Capital at Beginning of Year	\$14,368
Contributions During the Year	0
Depreciation on Fixed Assets Acquired by Contributed Capital	(2,459)
Contributed Capital at End of Year	\$11,909

NOTE 10 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior years and in the current year, the District has entered into capital leases for copiers, telephone equipment, musical instruments, and computers.

The terms of each agreement provide options to purchase the equipment. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement No. 13 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Fund. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

General fixed assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the General Fixed Assets Account Group in an amount equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. A corresponding liability was recorded in the General long-term obligations account group. Principal payments in the 1999 fiscal year totaled \$98,115. This amount is reflected as debt service principal retirement in the General fund and Capital Projects funds.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 10 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

The following is an analysis of leased equipment as of June 30, 1999:

	General Fixed Assets
Copier	\$213,411
Phone systems	38,250
Musical instruments	63,387
Computers	<u>404,348</u>
Carrying Value	<u>\$719,396</u>

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 1999.

	General Long-Term Obligations					
June 30 Year Ending	Copiers	Musical Instruments	Telephone System	Computers	Total	
2000 2001 2002 2003 Total Minimum	\$22,973 22,408 3,521 2,581	\$13,141 13,141 2,026	\$2,261	\$51,967	\$ 90,342 35,549 5,547 	
Lease Payments	<u>\$51,483</u>	\$28,308	<u>\$2,261</u>	<u>\$51,967</u>	<u>\$134,019</u>	
Less: Account Representing Interest (23.5						
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments \$110,46						

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT

All current general obligation bonds outstanding, issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of equipment and facilities, are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the General long-term obligations account group. Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the Debt Service fund. The source of payment is derived from a current 3.60 mill bonded debt tax levy.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

A. The following is a description of the Anthony Wayne Local School District bonds outstanding as of June 30, 1999:

	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Original Amount	Balance 07/01/98	Retired In Fiscal 1999	Bonds Out- Standing 06/30/99
<u>Purpose</u> New Elementary School							
and Building Renovations	5.75%	09/01/93	12/1/24	\$13,399,704	\$13,169,704	\$250,000	\$12,919,704
Refunding Issue	5.53%	07/01/93	11/1/99	2,004,790	1.484,790	130,000	1.354.790
				<u>\$15,404,494</u>	<u>\$14.654.494</u>	\$380,000	<u>\$14,274,494</u>

B. The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds:

Year Ending	Principal on General Obligation	Interest on General Obligation	
June 30	and Refunding Bonds	and Refunding Bonds	<u>Total</u>
2000	\$ 425,000	\$ 753,163	\$ 1,178,163
2001	295,000	737,294	1,032,294
2002	330,000	722,877	1,052,877
2003	370,000	706,268	1,076,268
2004	420,000	687,051	1,107,051
2005 - 2009	2,480,375	3,403,024	5,883,399
2010 - 2014	394,119	6,074,381	6,468,500
2015 - 2019	3,625,000	2,254,43 1	5,879,431
2020 - 2024	4,825,000	1,043,769	5,868,769
2025	1.110.000	31,912	1.141.912
Total	<u>\$14,274,494</u>	\$16,414,170	\$30,688,664

C. During the year ended June 30, 1999, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the General long-term obligations account group. Compensated absences and the pension obligation payable will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

	Balance 07/01/98	Increase	Decrease	Balance 6/30/99
Compensated Absences Sick Leave (severance) Vacation Total Compensated Absences	\$ 1,016,697 <u>57,307</u> 1,074,004	\$193,162 113,594 306,756	\$ (68,343) (108,259) (176,602)	\$ 1,141,516 62,642 1,204,158
Pension Obligation	111,844	122,772	(111,844)	122,772
General Obligations Bonds Refunding Bonds Total Bonds	13,169,704 <u>1,484,790</u> <u>14,654,494</u>		(250,000) (130,000) (380,000)	12,919,704 1,354,790 14,274,494
Capital Lease	122,449	86,129	(98.115)	110,463
Total	<u>\$15,962,791</u>	<u>\$515,657</u>	<u>\$(766,561</u>)	<u>\$15,711,887</u>

D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of a school district shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the district. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the district.

The effects of these debt limitations for the District at June 30, 1999 are a voted debt margin of \$22,139,989 (including available funds of \$536,121) and an unvoted debt margin of \$398,648.

NOTE 12 - SEGMENT INFORMATION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The District maintains two Enterprise funds to account for the operations of Food Services and Uniform School Supplies. The table below reflects, in a summarized format, the more significant financial data relating to the Enterprise Funds of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 12 - SEGMENT INFORMATION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS - (Continued)

	Food	Uniform School	
	Services	Supplies	Total
Operating Revenue	\$567,533	\$97,937	\$665,470
Depreciation	2,459		2,459
Operating Income (Loss)	(150,215)	7,731	(142,484)
Operating Grants	68,217		68,217
Net Income (Loss)	(56,780)	7,731	(49,049)
Net Working Capital	(81,335)	45,867	(35,468)
Total Assets	39,109	45,867	84,976
Long-Term Liabilities Payable from Fund Revenues	19,737		19,737
Contributed Capital	11,909		11,909
Total Fund Equity (Deficit)	(89,163)	45,867	(43,296)

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District does not have a "self-insurance" fund with formalized risk management programs. The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, injuries to employees and natural disasters.

During fiscal year 1999, the District purchased from Nationwide Insurance Company (through the Ohio School Boards Association) general liability insurance, which carried a \$1 million per occurrence/\$3 million annual aggregate limitation.

Fleet and property/casualty insurance are purchased through commercial carriers and traditionally funded, as are all benefit plans offered to employees. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

OSBA WORKER'S COMPENSATION GROUP RATING

The District is a member of the OSBA Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program established in April 1991. The program was created by the Ohio School Boards Association as a result of the Workers' Compensation group rating plan as defined in 4123.29, Ohio Revised Code. The group rating plan will allow school districts to group together to potentially achieve a lower premium rate than they may otherwise be able to acquire as individual employers.

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the School Employees Retirement Board. SERS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SERS. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent for 1999; 9.02 percent was the portion to fund pension obligations. The contribution rates are not determined actuarially, but are established by the School Employees Retirement Board within the rates allowed by State statute. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999, 1998, and 1997 were \$472,704, \$407,473, and \$370,489, respectively; 58 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 1999 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1998 and 1997. \$197,130, which represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 1999, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the General long-term obligations account group.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent; 6 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1999, 1998, and 1997 were \$1,452,106, \$1,350,193, and \$1,105,144, respectively; 84 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 1999 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1998 and 1997. \$236,862, which represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 1999, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 1999, members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients are required to pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. Through June 30, 1998, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 3.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. Beginning July 1, 1998, this allocation was increased to 8 percent. For the District, this amount equaled \$829,775 during the 1999 fiscal year.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$2.156 million at June 30, 1998. As of July 1, 1998, eligible benefit recipients totaled 91,999. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$219,224,000.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, disability, and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 4.98 percent of covered payroll, an increase from 4.21 percent for fiscal year 1997. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 1999, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

The target level for the health care reserve is 125 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 1998, were \$111,900,575 and the target level was \$139.9 million. At June 30, 1998 SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$160.3 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits. For the District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, equaled \$212,050 during the 1999 fiscal year.

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for governmental funds (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the governmental funds are as follows:

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

Governmental Fund Types

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects Funds
Budget Basis	\$ (708,741)	\$(86,563)	\$(78,345)	\$712,236
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	1,293,459	(20,443)	69,353	(15,361)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(366,549)	24,578		478
Net Adjustment for Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	66,317	6,141		15,361
Net Adjustment for Fund Reclassification	7,425			
Adjustment for Encumbrances	903,782	13.631		16.065
GAAP Basis	<u>\$1,195,693</u>	<u>\$(62,656</u>)	\$ (8,992)	<u>\$728,779</u>

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 1999.

B. Litigation

As of the balance sheet date, the District was not involved in any litigation as either defendant or plaintiff.

C. School Funding Decision

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in that system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program", which provides significant amounts of monetary support to this District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, the District received \$5,591,935 of school foundation support in total (all funds) support.

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the State legislature in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State has appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. As of June 30, 1999, the Ohio Supreme Court has not rendered an opinion on this issue. The decision of the Court of Common Pleas in Perry County has been stayed by the Ohio Supreme Court, and, as such, school districts are still operating under the laws that the Common Pleas Court declared unconstitutional.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES - (Continued)

As of the date of these financial statements, the District is unable to determine what effect if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under this program and on its financial operations.

NOTE 18 - YEAR 2000 ISSUE

The Year 2000 issue is the result of shortcomings in many electronic data processing systems and other equipment that may adversely affect the District's operations as early as fiscal year 1999.

The District has completed an inventory of computer systems and other equipment necessary to conducting District operations and has identified such systems as being financial reporting, payroll and employee benefits, and educational statistics reporting (through the State's Education Management and Information System [EMIS]).

The District uses the State of Ohio Uniform School Accounting System software for its financial reporting, the State of Ohio Uniform School Payroll System software for its payroll and employee benefits. The State is responsible for remediating these systems.

A letter dated February 19, 1998, from the Ohio Department of Education, Division of Information Management Services, State Software Development Team, addressed to All Users of the OECN State Software and Interested Parties, provided the following concerning the status of the OECN State Software in regards to the compliance requirements for the Year 2000.

- The payroll processing software supported with the OECN State Software is compliant with the Year 2000 beginning with the September 1997 release of USPS V4.0.
- The accounting software supported with the OECN State Software will be compliant with the Year 2000, beginning with the June 1998 release of USAS V6.1.
- The education management information system software supported with the OECN State Software will be compliant with the Year 2000 beginning with the September 1998 release of EMIS V1.7.

NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

NOTE 18 - YEAR 2000 ISSUE - (Continued)

Lucas County collects property taxes for distribution to the District. Lucas County is responsible for remediating its tax collection system.

The State of Ohio distributes a substantial sum of money to the District in the form of basic state aid "school foundation" and federal and state grant payments. Further, the State processes a significant amount of financial and non-financial information about the District through EMIS. The State is responsible for remediating these systems.

Because of the unprecedented nature of the Year 2000 issue, its effects and the success of related remediation efforts will not be fully determinable until the Year 2000 and thereafter. Management cannot assure that the District is or will be Year 2000 ready, that the District's remediation efforts will be successful in whole or in part, or that parties with whom the District does business will be Year 2000 ready.

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SUPPLEMEN	TAĽ DATA	\	

ANTHONY WAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(D) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	OTHER FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(D) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
Nutrition Grant Cluster:						
(A) (B) Food Distribution	10.550	N/A		\$24,655		\$25,101
(A) (C) National School Lunch Program	10,555	N/A	\$64,556		. \$64,556	
Total Nutrition Grant Cluster			64,556	24,655	64,556	25,101
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			64,556	24,655	64,556	25,101
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	048207-C1-\$1-98 048207-C1-\$1-99	147,374	-	24,166 133,006	
Total Title I			147,374		157,172	
Title VI-B - Education of the Handicapped Act	84,027 84,027 84,027 84,027	048207-6B-SF-95 048207-6B-SF-97 048207-6B-SF-98 048207-6B-SF-99	101,808		919 1,697 20,429 90,335	
Total Title VI - B			101,808		113,380	
Drug-Free Schools Grant	84.186	048207-DR-S1-98	13,602		3,661	
Eisenhower Professional Development Grant	84.281	048207-MS-S1-99	10,352		8,078	
Title VI	84.298	048207-C2-S1-99	13,071		25,362	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND LUCAS COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER:				_		
Safe and Drug-Free Schools State Grants	84.186	N/A	10,740		10,740	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF ALCOHOL AND DRUG ADDICTION SERVICES AND LUCAS COUNTY ALCOHOL AND DRUG ADDICTION SERVICES:						
Safe and Drug-Free Schools State Grants	84.186A	N/A	12,210		12,210	
PASSED THROUGH THE AMERITECH PHONE COMPANY						
E-Rate Telecommunications Grant	88.001	N/A	12,257		12,257	
Total U. S. Department of Education			321,414		342,860	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$385,970	\$24,655	\$407,416	\$25,101

⁽A) (B) (C) (D)

Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

The Food Distribution Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market prices.

Comingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis. This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

1445 Worthington Woods Boulevard Suite B Worthington, Ohio 43085 TELEPHONE 614,846,1899 FACSIMILE 614,846,2799

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Anthony Wayne Local School District 11012 Shepler, P.O. Box 2487 Whitehouse, Ohio 43571

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Anthony Wayne Local School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 1999. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Anthony Wayne Local School District's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 1999-48207-001. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to the management of Anthony Wayne Local School District in a separate letter dated December 3, 1999.

Board of Education Anthony Wayne Local School District Page 2

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Anthony Wayne Local School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to the significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgement, could adversely affect Anthony Wayne Local School District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 1999-48207-001.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that the reportable condition described above is not a material weakness. We also noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report that we have reported to management of Anthony Wayne Local School District in a separate letter dated December 3, 1999.

This report is intended for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Anthony Wayne Local School District, Lucas County, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc.

Trimble Julian & Lucle, thic.

December 3, 1999

TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ITS MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Education Anthony Wayne Local School District 11012 Shepler, P.O. Box 2487 Whitehouse, Ohio 43571

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Anthony Wayne Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999. Anthony Wayne Local School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Anthony Wayne Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Anthony Wayne Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

Board of Education Anthony Wayne Local School District Page 2

In our opinion, Anthony Wayne Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Anthony Wayne Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Anthony Wayne Local School District, Lucas County and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc.

December 3, 1999

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

Anthony Wayne Local School District Lucas County June 30, 1999

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program:	Title I, CFDA# 84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS - (Continued) OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

Anthony Wayne Local School District Lucas County June 30, 1999

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

T 1	1000 40007 001
Finding Number	1999-48207-001

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 in part requires that the total appropriation from each fund should not exceed total estimated revenues plus available balances.

It was noted during the audit that the total appropriations exceeded the total estimated revenues plus available balances for several funds.

Fund Type Fund	Estimated Resources	Appropriations	<u>Variances</u>
Special Revenue Funds			
Teacher Development			
Block Grant	\$ 20,515	\$ 20,601	\$ 86
Management Information			
System	10,207	10,646	439
Telecommunication Grant	12,000	12,257	257
Enterprise Fund			
Food Service	455,822	690,110	234,288

With appropriations exceeding revenues, the District is spending monies that are not lawfully appropriated for those purposes and can cause a fund deficit.

We recommend that the District comply with the Ohio Revised Code and Auditor of State Bulletin 97-010 by keeping more accurate appropriations versus estimated revenue records and amending the budget prior to year end. If it is determined that estimated resources will be greater than initially anticipated, the District should amend its official estimate in order to provide for any additional appropriations; however, appropriations should not exceed estimated resources. In addition, the District should monitor its budgetary process on a regular basis.



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ANTHONY WAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LUCAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

By: Susan Bobbitt

Date: JAN 132000