

RIVER VIEW LOCAL SCHOOL  
DISTRICT  
COSHOCOTON COUNTY, OHIO

*SINGLE AUDIT*

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED  
JUNE 30, 2024



Rea & associates

[www.reacpa.com](http://www.reacpa.com)



# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER

65 East State Street  
Columbus, Ohio 43215  
ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov  
800-282-0370

Board of Education  
River View Local School District  
26496 State Route 60 North  
Warsaw, Ohio 43844

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the River View Local School District, Coshocton County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The River View Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.



Keith Faber  
Auditor of State  
Columbus, Ohio

February 18, 2025

**This page intentionally left blank.**

**RIVER VIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT  
COSHOCOTON COUNTY, OHIO**

June 30, 2024

*Table of Contents*

Independent Auditor's Report.....	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis .....	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position .....	14
Statement of Activities.....	15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds .....	16
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities.....	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds .....	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities .....	19
Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund .....	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund .....	21
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund .....	22
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Fund .....	23
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Fund .....	24
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements .....	25
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund .....	62
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund .....	63
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability .....	64
Schedule of School District Contributions – Pension .....	66
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) ..	68
Schedule of the School District's Contributions - OPEB.....	70
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.....	72

**RIVER VIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT  
COSHOCOTON COUNTY, OHIO**

June 30, 2024  
*Table of Contents*

*(Continued)*

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.....	78
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.....	80
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards .....	83
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards .....	84
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs .....	85
Corrective Action Plan .....	87
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings .....	88

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Board of Education  
River View Local School District  
Coshocton County, Ohio  
26496 State Route 60 North  
Warsaw, OH 43844

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### ***Opinions***

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the River View Local School District, Coshocton County, Ohio (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### ***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules and pension and other post-employment benefit schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information



in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### ***Supplementary Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2024 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Rea & Associates, Inc.*

Rea & Associates, Inc.  
New Philadelphia, Ohio  
December 19, 2024

This page intentionally left blank

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

The discussion and analysis of the River View Local School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

***Financial Highlights***

Key financial highlights for 2024 are as follows:

- Net position increased \$2,057,458 from 2023.
- Capital assets increased \$1,482,213 during fiscal year 2024.
- During the fiscal year, outstanding debt decreased from principal payments.

***Using this Annual Report***

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the River View Local School District as a whole entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the River View Local School District, the general fund is the most significant fund.

***Reporting the School District as a Whole***

***Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities***

While the basic financial statements contain the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2024?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, Governmental Activities include the School District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, extracurricular activities, and non-instructional services, i.e., food service operations and community services.

***Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds***

***Fund Financial Statements***

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions; however, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and elementary and secondary school emergency relief (ESSER) fund.

***Governmental Funds*** Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

***Proprietary Fund*** The School District maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the School District's various functions. The School District uses an internal service fund to account for its health insurance benefits. Because this service predominately benefits governmental functions, it has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

***Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities***

The School District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in custodial funds. The School District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the School District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the School District to finance its operations.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

**The School District as a Whole**

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2024 compared to 2023:

**Table 1**  
**Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		
	2024	2023	Change
<b>Assets</b>			
Current & Other Assets	\$ 21,626,397	\$ 21,952,963	\$ (326,566)
Net OPEB Asset	1,274,874	1,776,129	(501,255)
Capital Assets	9,368,595	7,886,382	1,482,213
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>32,269,866</u>	<u>31,615,474</u>	<u>654,392</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Pension & OPEB	4,357,273	4,915,370	(558,097)
<i>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</i>	<u>4,357,273</u>	<u>4,915,370</u>	<u>(558,097)</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Current & Other Liabilities	2,761,663	2,658,339	103,324
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	100,052	104,502	(4,450)
Due In More Than One Year:			
Pension & OPEB	19,898,419	21,056,128	(1,157,709)
Other Amounts	926,882	926,405	477
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>23,687,016</u>	<u>24,745,374</u>	<u>(1,058,358)</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Property Taxes	7,847,515	7,726,573	120,942
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	100,907	80,929	19,978
Pension & OPEB	4,890,705	5,934,430	(1,043,725)
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>12,839,127</u>	<u>13,741,932</u>	<u>(902,805)</u>
<b>Net Position</b>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,078,756	7,829,066	1,249,690
Restricted	3,387,777	1,859,977	1,527,800
Unrestricted	(12,365,537)	(11,645,505)	(720,032)
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u>\$ 100,996</u>	<u>\$ (1,956,462)</u>	<u>\$ 2,057,458</u>

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

Collectively, the net pension liability (NPL), reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27* and the net OPEB liability, pursuant to GASB Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, are the largest liabilities reported by the School District year-end. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (NOA/NOL) to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and the net OPEB assets.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension/OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these assets/liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. For STRS, the plan's fiduciary net OPEB position was sufficient to cover the plan's total OPEB liability resulting in a net OPEB asset that is allocated to each school based on its proportionate share. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability reported by the retirement boards. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, intangible right to use, and vehicles. These capital assets are used to provide services to students and are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the School District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net position is a deficit balance.

Construction in progress for HVAC replacement and the completion of the high school gym renovations contributed to the increase in capital assets.

There was a significant change in net pension/OPEB liability/asset for the School District. These fluctuations are due to changes in the actuarial liabilities/assets and related accruals that are passed through to the School District's financial statements. All components of pension and OPEB accruals contribute to the fluctuations in deferred outflows/inflows and NPL/NOL/NOA and are described in more detail in their respective notes.

*This space intentionally left blank*

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2024 and 2023.

**Table 2**  
**Changes in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		
	2024	2023	Change
<b>Revenues</b>			
<i>Program Revenues</i>			
Charges for Services	\$ 1,379,688	\$ 1,381,901	\$ (2,213)
Operating Grants	4,653,296	5,378,879	(725,583)
Capital Grants	-	15,500	(15,500)
<i>Total Program Revenues</i>	<u>6,032,984</u>	<u>6,776,280</u>	<u>(743,296)</u>
<b>General Revenues</b>			
Property Taxes	8,879,916	8,990,881	(110,965)
Grants & Entitlements	10,180,241	10,160,240	20,001
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	184,057	144,087	39,970
Other	418,518	249,926	168,592
<i>Total General Revenues</i>	<u>19,662,732</u>	<u>19,545,134</u>	<u>117,598</u>
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>25,695,716</u>	<u>26,321,414</u>	<u>(625,698)</u>
<b>Program Expenses</b>			
Instruction:			
Regular	8,889,219	8,345,342	543,877
Special	3,255,167	3,247,386	7,781
Vocational	265,483	246,732	18,751
Adult/Continuing	16,892	16,184	708
Student Intervention Services	561	818	(257)
Support Services:			
Pupils	1,284,730	1,207,962	76,768
Instructional Staff	460,614	456,487	4,127
Board of Education	105,274	110,140	(4,866)
Administration	1,793,684	1,730,223	63,461
Fiscal	758,246	688,160	70,086
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,283,429	2,239,818	43,611
Pupil Transportation	2,174,083	2,039,566	134,517
Central	442,493	406,630	35,863
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:			
Food Service Operations	1,016,191	1,011,082	5,109
Community Services	208,060	186,341	21,719
Extracurricular Activities	683,228	700,819	(17,591)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	904	1,445	(541)
<i>Total Expenses</i>	<u>23,638,258</u>	<u>22,635,135</u>	<u>1,003,123</u>
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	<u>2,057,458</u>	<u>3,686,279</u>	<u>(1,628,821)</u>
<i>Net Position Beginning of Year</i>	<u>(1,956,462)</u>	<u>(5,642,741)</u>	<u>3,686,279</u>
<i>Net Position End of Year</i>	<u>\$ 100,996</u>	<u>\$ (1,956,462)</u>	<u>\$ 2,057,458</u>



**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

Overall, operations of the School District were fairly consistent with prior years. Certain changes in program expenses are primarily associated to changes in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, net OPEB liability/asset and related accruals. As previously indicated, these items are explained in detail within their respective notes.

***Governmental Funds***

The School District's major funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

General fund revenues and expenditures remained fairly consistent with prior year. Fund balance decreased slightly as a result of normal operations.

The fund balance of the ESSER fund increased as a result of the timing of grant drawdowns to cover expenditures.

***General Fund Budgeting Highlights***

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2024, the School District amended its general fund budget. The School District uses site-based budgeting and budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

***Original Budget Compared to Final Budget*** The original estimated resources were adjusted primarily to account for higher projected intergovernmental receipts, specifically for poverty-based assistance and student wellness programs. The original budget appropriations were also increased, with the most significant changes allocated to regular instruction and central support services. Additionally, other financing uses rose due to increased advances made to provide supplementary resources to other funds.

***Final Budget Compared to Actual Results*** The most notable difference between the final estimated resources and actual revenue was in intergovernmental revenue, which fell short of expectations. Actual expenditures were lower than the final budget appropriations, primarily in the areas of operation and maintenance of facilities, as well as pupil support services.

The most significant variance in other financing sources was in advances out, which were lower than anticipated.

***Capital Assets and Debt Administration***

***Capital Assets***

The School District's capital assets increased in comparison with prior year-end due to construction costs for HVAC and the completion of the high school gym renovations. See Note 5 for more information about the capital assets of the School District.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

**Debt**

The School District's debt decreased due to current year principal payments. See Note 12 for additional details.

***Current Issues***

The School District's cash fund balance remains strong financially at June 30, 2024; however, the five-year forecast projects minimal deficit spending for fiscal years 2025 through 2027, with significant deficit spending in fiscal year 2028. As the preceding information shows, the School District relies heavily on its local property taxpayers. The last operating levy renewed by the residents of the School District was in 2021.

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation due to Ohio House Bill 920 (passed in 1976). As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35 annually in taxes. If three years later the home was reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35. The School District has been reduced to the minimum amount of millage required by the State of Ohio for funding; however, the School District does realize some gain from reappraisals for residential and agricultural properties within the District. The tax base of the School District has become a major concern due to devaluation and closure of the Coal-Burning Power Plant located within the School District. The Power Plant was a major tax source for the School District. In October, 2017, the School District was notified of a significant reduction in Public Utility Tax Valuation due to a ruling on an impairment filed with the Ohio Department of Taxation with regard to the Power Plant. Then in October 2018, the Power Plant announced it would reduce operations in May 2019 and would close the Power Plant in May 2020. The School District has experienced a loss of tax income from the closure to be approximately \$2.2 million. The School District placed an income tax levy on the ballot in November 2019 and March 2020 to replace \$2 million of the loss revenue; however, both attempts were defeated. As a result, the Board has begun to reduce services to students through reduction in force as well as other instructional and service-related reductions. At the conclusion of the 2022-2023 school year, the School District closed two of its older elementary buildings in an effort to reduce its footprint and reduce operating expenses to better serve the School District's students. Transitioning to the three-building configuration has proven to be beneficial financially. The School District intends to dispose of the two vacant elementary buildings, as well as a vacant property located in Roscoe within the next few years. Additionally, the School District has begun making significant investments in its current buildings and facilities, updating the High School Gymnasium and HVAC System, Running Track, renovating classrooms at the Intermediate School, updating classroom technology in the Intermediate and Elementary Schools, and connectivity upgrades at all buildings.

The School District has also been affected by changes in the personal property tax structure (House Bill 66) and commercial business/property uncertainties. Managing and monitoring the finances of the School District has become increasingly more difficult with House Bill 66, mandates in gifted education, rising utility costs, increased special education services required for our students, unpredictable fuel prices, mandates related to College Credit Plus, and increases in health insurance and property/liability/fleet insurance costs.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

The School District has seen a shift in its state share index and is being funded under the new Fair School Funding Model. This new funding has a phase-in period and it also has some guarantees built into its calculations that will keep the funding level consistent with previous years; however, once the guarantees are lifted, the School District may see a loss of revenue due to the continual decline in enrollment and the state of the local economy as a result of the closure of many businesses and the national pandemic. In the interim, the School District will continue to monitor its financial outlook. The concern with the State Funding is that, to meet the educational requirements of the Court and the requirements of No Child Left Behind Act, now referred to as Every Student Succeeds Act, the Federal and State mandates may require redistribution of state funding based upon each district's property wealth and local needs. This could have a significant impact on the School District.

All scenarios require management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years.

In addition, the School District's systems of budgeting and internal controls are well regarded. All of the School District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future.

***Contacting the School District's Financial Management***

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Kara Kimes, Treasurer of River View Local School District, 26496 SR 60 North, Warsaw, Ohio 43844 or [kara.kimes@rvbears.org](mailto:kara.kimes@rvbears.org).

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Statement of Net Position*  
*June 30, 2024*

	Governmental Activities
<b>Assets</b>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 12,210,459
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	383,301
Intergovernmental Receivable	444,316
Taxes Receivable	8,487,414
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	100,907
Net OPEB Asset	1,274,874
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated/Amortized	2,865,332
Capital Assets, being Depreciated/Amortized	6,503,263
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>32,269,866</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	
Pension	3,619,203
OPEB	738,070
<i>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</i>	<u>4,357,273</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>	
Accounts Payable	99,804
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,556,604
Accrued Vacation Payable	119,228
Contracts Payable	212,904
Retainage Payable	46,831
Intergovernmental Payable	318,827
Claims Payable	366,000
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	41,465
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	100,052
Due In More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability	18,539,646
Net OPEB Liability	1,358,773
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	926,882
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>23,687,016</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year	7,847,515
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	100,907
Pension	2,389,004
OPEB	2,501,701
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>12,839,127</u>
<b>Net Position</b>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,078,756
Restricted for:	
Capital Outlay	1,314,476
OPEB Asset	1,274,874
Other Purposes	798,427
Unrestricted	(12,365,537)
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u>\$ 100,996</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Statement of Activities*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Governmental Activities
Expenses			
<b>Governmental Activities</b>			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$ 8,889,219	\$ 381,070	\$ 687,527
Special	3,255,167	489,250	818,740
Vocational	265,483	-	2,510
Adult/Continuing	16,892	-	-
Student Intervention Services	561	-	-
Support Services:			
Pupils	1,284,730	7,896	212,806
Instructional Staff	460,614	-	139,342
Board of Education	105,274	-	-
Administration	1,793,684	-	201,934
Fiscal	758,246	-	-
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,283,429	1,557	1,562,834
Pupil Transportation	2,174,083	-	8,610
Central	442,493	-	6,085
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:			
Food Service Operations	1,016,191	229,974	797,892
Community Services	208,060	52,038	147,420
Extracurricular Activities	683,228	217,903	67,596
Interest and Fiscal Charges	904	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 23,638,258</b>	<b>\$ 1,379,688</b>	<b>\$ 4,653,296</b>

**General Revenues**

Property Taxes Levied for:	
General Purposes	8,493,478
Capital Outlay	386,438
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	10,180,241
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	184,057
Investment Earnings	369,849
Miscellaneous	48,669
<b>Total General Revenues</b>	<b>19,662,732</b>
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	<b>2,057,458</b>
<b>Net Position Beginning of Year</b>	<b>(1,956,462)</b>
<b>Net Position End of Year</b>	<b>\$ 100,996</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Balance Sheet*  
*Governmental Funds*  
*June 30, 2024*

	General	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Assets</b>				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 8,975,659	\$ 982,961	\$ 2,251,839	\$ 12,210,459
Interfund Receivable	1,315,849	-	-	1,315,849
Intergovernmental Receivable	25,926	57,514	360,876	444,316
Taxes Receivable	8,109,760	-	377,654	8,487,414
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	100,907	-	-	100,907
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$ 18,528,101</u>	<u>\$ 1,040,475</u>	<u>\$ 2,990,369</u>	<u>\$ 22,558,945</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Accounts Payable	\$ 57,559	\$ -	\$ 42,245	\$ 99,804
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,384,668	9,667	162,269	1,556,604
Contracts Payable	-	23,404	189,500	212,904
Retainage Payable	-	-	46,831	46,831
Intergovernmental Payable	278,826	2,911	37,090	318,827
Interfund Payable	-	1,004,493	311,356	1,315,849
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	41,465	-	-	41,465
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>1,762,518</u>	<u>1,040,475</u>	<u>789,291</u>	<u>3,592,284</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>				
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year	7,498,334	-	349,181	7,847,515
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	100,907	-	-	100,907
Unavailable Revenue	187,438	36,562	180,908	404,908
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>7,786,679</u>	<u>36,562</u>	<u>530,089</u>	<u>8,353,330</u>
<b>Fund Balances</b>				
Restricted	-	-	1,819,378	1,819,378
Committed	32,269	-	-	32,269
Assigned	4,471,369	-	-	4,471,369
Unassigned	4,475,266	(36,562)	(148,389)	4,290,315
<i>Total Fund Balance</i>	<u>8,978,904</u>	<u>(36,562)</u>	<u>1,670,989</u>	<u>10,613,331</u>
<i>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$ 18,528,101</u>	<u>\$ 1,040,475</u>	<u>\$ 2,990,369</u>	<u>\$ 22,558,945</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to*  
*Net Position of Governmental Activities*  
*June 30, 2024*

<b>Total Governmental Fund Balances</b>		<b>\$ 10,613,331</b>
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:</i>		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		9,368,595
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:		
Intergovernmental	\$ 235,875	
Delinquent Property Taxes	<u>169,033</u>	404,908
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds.		
The assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		17,301
The net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset are not due and payable in the current period, therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.		
Net OPEB Asset	1,274,874	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	3,619,203	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	738,070	
Net Pension Liability	(18,539,646)	
Net OPEB Liability	(1,358,773)	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(2,389,004)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	<u>(2,501,701)</u>	(19,156,977)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Leases	(30,104)	
Accrued Vacation Leave Payable	(119,228)	
Compensated Absences	<u>(996,830)</u>	(1,146,162)
<i>Net Position of Governmental Activities</i>		<u><u>\$ 100,996</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances*  
*Governmental Funds*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

	General	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Revenues</b>				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 8,523,572	\$ -	\$ 387,697	\$ 8,911,269
Intergovernmental	10,045,855	1,748,874	2,753,075	14,547,804
Investment Income	363,482	-	3,967	367,449
Tuition and Fees	865,400	-	-	865,400
Extracurricular Activities	16,110	-	208,455	224,565
Charges for Services	57,813	-	231,212	289,025
Rent	698	-	-	698
Contributions and Donations	76,269	-	90,413	166,682
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	184,057	-	-	184,057
Miscellaneous	17,554	-	8,910	26,464
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>20,150,810</u>	<u>1,748,874</u>	<u>3,683,729</u>	<u>25,583,413</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	8,258,651	187,822	512,199	8,958,672
Special	2,444,416	50,679	764,940	3,260,035
Vocational	257,358	-	2,510	259,868
Adult/Continuing	16,892	-	-	16,892
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,073,316	159,737	44,048	1,277,101
Instructional Staff	349,776	6,750	131,212	487,738
Board of Education	105,087	-	-	105,087
Administration	1,549,272	-	202,246	1,751,518
Fiscal	745,652	-	10,267	755,919
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,797,586	1,306,385	583,030	3,687,001
Pupil Transportation	1,923,949	2,136	3,495	1,929,580
Central	371,140	-	95,153	466,293
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:				
Food Service Operations	-	1,308	1,009,690	1,010,998
Community Services	62,765	-	132,091	194,856
Extracurricular Activities	609,633	-	279,115	888,748
Capital Outlay	-	-	157,623	157,623
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	27,212	-	-	27,212
Interest and Fiscal Charges	904	-	-	904
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>19,593,609</u>	<u>1,714,817</u>	<u>3,927,619</u>	<u>25,236,045</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>557,201</u>	<u>34,057</u>	<u>(243,890)</u>	<u>347,368</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	10,955	-	-	10,955
Insurance Recoveries	11,250	-	-	11,250
Transfers In	-	-	369,290	369,290
Transfers Out	(669,290)	-	-	(669,290)
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>(647,085)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>369,290</u>	<u>(277,795)</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	<u>(89,884)</u>	<u>34,057</u>	<u>125,400</u>	<u>69,573</u>
<i>Fund Balances Beginning of Year</i>	<u>9,068,788</u>	<u>(70,619)</u>	<u>1,545,589</u>	<u>10,543,758</u>
<i>Fund Balances End of Year</i>	<u>\$ 8,978,904</u>	<u>\$ (36,562)</u>	<u>\$ 1,670,989</u>	<u>\$ 10,613,331</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.



**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes*  
*in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

<b>Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>69,573</b>
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</i>		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense.		
Capital Asset Additions	\$ 2,167,404	
Current Year Depreciation/Amortization	<u>(677,753)</u>	1,489,651
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.		(7,438)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Intergovernmental	115,084	
Property Taxes	<u>(31,353)</u>	83,731
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Leases		27,212
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		
Pension	1,716,471	
OPEB	<u>53,986</u>	1,770,457
Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.		
Pension	(923,345)	
OPEB	<u>294,970</u>	(628,375)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		(690,688)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued Vacation Leave Payable	(33,426)	
Compensated Absences	<u>(23,239)</u>	(56,665)
<i>Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities</i>	<u><u>\$</u></u>	<u><u>2,057,458</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Statement of Fund Net Position*  
*Proprietary Fund*  
*June 30, 2024*

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
<b>Assets</b>	
<i>Current Assets:</i>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	\$ 383,301
<i>Current Liabilities:</i>	
Claims Payable	366,000
<b>Net Position</b>	
Unrestricted	17,301
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 17,301

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position*  
*Proprietary Fund*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
<b>Operating Revenues</b>	
Charges for Services	\$ 3,942,846
<i>Total Operating Revenues</i>	<u>3,942,846</u>
<b>Operating Expenses</b>	
Purchased Services	985,175
Materials and Supplies	194
Claims	3,954,532
<i>Total Operating Expenses</i>	<u>4,939,901</u>
<i>Operating Income (Loss)</i>	<u>(997,055)</u>
<b>Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)</b>	
Interest	6,367
<i>Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)</i>	<u>6,367</u>
<i>Change in Net Position Before Transfers</i>	(990,688)
Transfers In	300,000
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	(690,688)
<i>Net Position Beginning of Year</i>	<u>707,989</u>
<i>Net Position End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$ 17,301</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Statement of Cash Flows*  
*Proprietary Fund*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>	
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 3,942,846
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(194)
Cash Payments for Services and Benefits	(985,175)
Cash Payments for Claims	(4,003,537)
<i>Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities</i>	<u>(1,046,060)</u>
<b>Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities</b>	
Transfers In	<u>300,000</u>
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>	
Interest	<u>6,367</u>
<i>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equivalents</i>	(739,693)
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year</i>	<u>1,122,994</u>
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$ 383,301</u></u>
<b>Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities</b>	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (997,055)
Adjustments:	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:	
Claims Payable	<u>(49,005)</u>
<i>Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities</i>	<u><u>\$ (1,046,060)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Statement of Fiduciary Net Position*  
*Custodial Fund*  
*June 30, 2024*

---

	<u>Custodial</u>
<b>Assets</b>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 311</u>
<b>Net Position</b>	
Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	<u><u>\$ 311</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position*  
*Custodial Fund*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

	<u>Custodial</u>
<i>Net Position Beginning of Year</i>	<u>\$ 311</u>
<i>Net Position End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$ 311</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

**NOTE 1 - NATURE OF BASIC OPERATIONS AND DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY**

The River View Local School District (the School District) was formed on January 8, 1962, with the consolidation of the Three Rivers Local, Union Local, and Warsaw Local School Districts. The combined high school, River View Local High School, was built in 1965, with the first class graduating in 1966.

The River View Local School District operates under a locally-elected five member board form of government and provides educational services as authorized and mandated by State and Federal agencies.

***Reporting Entity***

The reporting entity is required to be comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to, or can otherwise access, the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provides financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes for the organization. The School District does not have any component units.

The School District is involved with the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency and the Coshocton County Career Center which are defined as jointly governed organizations.

***Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA)*** The Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA) is jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. OME-RESA provides financial accounting services, and educational management information system, cooperative purchased services and legal services to member districts. OME-RESA has eleven participating counties consisting of Belmont, Carroll, Columbiana, Coshocton, Guernsey, Harrison, Jefferson, Monroe, Muskingum, Noble, and Tuscarawas Counties. OME-RESA operates under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center office serves as the fiscal agent and receives funding from the State Department of Education. The continued existence of OME-RESA is not dependent on the School District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. OME-RESA has no outstanding debt. To obtain financial information write to the Treasurer, Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency, 2230 Sunset Boulevard, Suite 2, Steubenville, OH 43952.

***Coshocton County Career Center*** Coshocton County Career Center (Career Center) is a jointly governed organization providing vocational services to its three member school districts. The Career Center is governed by a five-member board of education of which two members are appointed by the River View Local School District, two members are appointed by the Coshocton City School District and one member is

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

appointed by the Ridgewood Local School District. The board controls the financial activity of the Career Center. The Career Center receives no direct funding from the member school districts. The continued existence of the Career Center is not dependent on the School District's continued participation and no equity interest exists.

**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The basic financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

***A. Basis of Presentation***

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

***Government-wide Financial Statements*** - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

***Fund Financial Statements*** - During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

***B. Fund Accounting***

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.



**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

**Governmental Funds** - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balances. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** – The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund** – This fund accounts for Federal funds for expenditures directly related to the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic as well as “other activities that are necessary to maintain the operation of continuity of services.”

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources.

**Proprietary Funds** - Proprietary funds focus on the determination of changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The School District's only proprietary fund is an internal service fund.

**Internal Service Fund** – The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund is a self insurance fund that accounts for prescription drug, dental and medical claims of School District employees.

**Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into the following four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

The School District's fiduciary funds are custodial funds. Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the School District as fiscal agent for athletic tournaments.

### **C. Measurement Focus**

**Government-wide Financial Statements** - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases, (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

***Fund Financial Statements*** - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of this fund are included on the Statement of Fund Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service fund.

The custodial fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and is excluded from the governmental activities. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fiduciary net position. The statement of changes in fiduciary net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

***D. Basis of Accounting***

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the basic financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

***Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions*** - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. (See Note 4.) Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees, and rentals.

***Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources*** In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 10 and 11.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2024, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2025 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue may include delinquent property taxes, grants and entitlements and miscellaneous revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. (See Notes 10 and 11).

***Expenses/Expenditures*** - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

***E. Cash and Investments***

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, excluding the internal service fund, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as “equity in pooled cash and investments” on the financial statements.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

There were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more is appreciated. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million per day.

The School District has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the School District's central bank account. This interest bearing depository account is presented as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the School District's treasury.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2024 amounted to \$363,482 which includes \$90,124 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the basic financial statements as "equity in pooled cash and investments." Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are reported as "investments."

#### ***F. Inventory***

Inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method, which means that the costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when consumed.

Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

#### ***G. Capital Assets***

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date donated. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for personal property and \$2,500 for equipment. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	10-80 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 Years
Vehicles	10 Years

The School District is reporting intangible right to use assets related to leased equipment. These intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

***H. Interfund Balances***

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as “interfund receivables/payables.” These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Position.

***I. Compensated Absences***

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees’ rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees’ wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District’s termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after ten years of service based on historical trends.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account “matured compensated absences payable” in the funds from which the employee will be paid.

***J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations***

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

***K. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)***

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense; information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

***L. Interfund Activity***

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayment from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

***M. Net Position***

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include instructional activities and grants.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

***N. Fund Balance***

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the School District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed or assigned.

*Restricted* – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

*Committed* – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

*Assigned* – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

*Unassigned* – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

***O. Operating Revenues and Expenses***

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Any revenues and expenses not meeting the definitions of operating are reported as nonoperating.

***P. Extraordinary and Special Items***

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during the fiscal year.

***Q. Estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

***R. Implementation of New Accounting Principles***

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the School District has implemented certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022* and GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*.

GASB Statement No. 99 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 99 that relate to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 100 enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide a more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessment accountability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 100 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

**NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet the demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the School District's Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;



**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed 30 days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed 180 days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed 270 days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

**Deposits** - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$500,160 of the School District's bank balance of \$5,824,884 was uninsured and collateralized.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by:

- Eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS required the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

***Investments***

As of June 30, 2024, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

S&P			Investment Maturities			
Global		Measurement	12 Months	12 to 36	More Than 36	Percent
Ratings	Investment Type	Value	or Less	Months	Months	of Total
	Net Asset Value (NAV):					
AAAm	STAR Ohio	\$ 690,994	\$ 690,994	\$ -	\$ -	10.78%
AAAm	Money Market	1,642,502	1,642,502	-	-	25.63%
	Fair Value:					
AA+	US Treasury Bill	974,709	974,709	-	-	15.21%
N/A	Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	3,100,001	343,975	2,656,263	99,763	48.38%
	Total Investments	\$ 6,408,206	\$ 3,652,180	\$ 2,656,263	\$ 99,763	100.00%

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The above table identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024. The School District's fair value investments are Level 2 since valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored which could require the need to acquire further market data.

***Interest Rate Risk*** As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, and according to state law, the School District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

***Credit Risk.*** The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and that the money market fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of June 30, 2024, is 47 days.

***Custodial Credit Risk.*** For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State Statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

***Concentration of Credit Risk.*** The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The preceding table includes the percentage to total of each investment type held by the School District at June 30, 2024.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

**NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES**

from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2024 represents collections of calendar year 2023 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2024 were levied after April 1, 2023, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2023, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2024 represents collections of calendar year 2023 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2024 became a lien December 31, 2022, were levied after April 1, 2023, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Coshocton, Licking, and Muskingum Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2024, are available to finance fiscal year 2024 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2024, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2024 taxes were collected are:

	2023 Second-Half Collections		2024 First-Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$ 359,448,991	84%	\$ 371,696,159	84%
Public Utility Personal Property	70,443,300	16%	71,839,420	16%
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$ 429,892,291</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 443,535,579</u>	<u>100%</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed value	<u>\$ 31.30</u>		<u>\$ 31.30</u>	

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

**NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2024
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
<i><b>Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized</b></i>				
Land	\$ 404,917	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 404,917
Construction in Progress	1,422,197	1,470,160	(431,942)	2,460,415
<i>Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized</i>	<u>1,827,114</u>	<u>1,470,160</u>	<u>(431,942)</u>	<u>2,865,332</u>
<i><b>Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized</b></i>				
Land Improvement	1,642,786	437,109	-	2,079,895
Building and Improvements	13,711,820	445,130	-	14,156,950
Furniture and Equipment	4,517,911	214,947	(157,615)	4,575,243
Intangible Right-to-Use - Equipment	133,631	-	-	133,631
Vehicles	3,772,291	32,000	-	3,804,291
<i>Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized</i>	<u>23,778,439</u>	<u>1,129,186</u>	<u>(157,615)</u>	<u>24,750,010</u>
<i><b>Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization</b></i>				
Land Improvement	(939,641)	(98,307)	-	(1,037,948)
Building and Improvements	(10,203,562)	(192,923)	-	(10,396,485)
Furniture and Equipment	(3,878,287)	(126,310)	150,177	(3,854,420)
Intangible Right-to-Use - Equipment	(93,541)	(26,726)	-	(120,267)
Vehicles	(2,604,140)	(233,487)	-	(2,837,627)
<i>Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization</i>	<u>(17,719,171)</u>	<u>(677,753)</u>	<u>150,177</u>	<u>(18,246,747)</u>
<i>Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net</i>	<u>6,059,268</u>	<u>451,433</u>	<u>(7,438)</u>	<u>6,503,263</u>
<i>Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net</i>	<u>\$ 7,886,382</u>	<u>\$ 1,921,593</u>	<u>\$ (439,380)</u>	<u>\$ 9,368,595</u>

\*Depreciation expense/amortization was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 104,194
Special	3,742
Vocational	5,893
Student Intervention	561
Support Services:	
Pupils	3,773
Instructional Staff	3,937
Board of Education	187
Administration	36,409
Fiscal	1,497
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	117,730
Pupil Transportation	232,294
Central	3,770
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
Food Service Operations	26,075
Community Service	12,769
Extracurricular Activities	124,922
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense	<u>\$ 677,753</u>

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

**NOTE 6 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

***Interfund Balances***

Interfund balances at June 30, 2024, consist of the following:

Fund	Receivable	Payable
General Fund	\$ 1,315,849	\$ -
ESSER Fund	-	1,004,493
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	311,356
Total	<u>\$ 1,315,849</u>	<u>\$ 1,315,849</u>

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances are expected to be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

***Interfund Transfers***

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consist of the following:

	Transfers Out	Transfers In
General Fund	\$ 669,290	\$ -
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	369,290
Internal Service Fund	-	300,000
Total	<u>\$ 669,290</u>	<u>\$ 669,290</u>

The primary purpose of the general fund transfers was to provide additional resources for capital projects and self-insurance activity. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

**NOTE 7 – RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2024, consisted of taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, interfund, and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of the state programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

**NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

***A. Property and Liability***

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2024, the School District has insurance with American Family Home Insurance Company.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

***B. Other Employee Benefits***

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

The School District has elected to provide dental, medical, and prescription drug coverage benefits through a self-insurance program. The School District maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. This plan provides a dental plan with a \$72 family and \$29 single premium, a medical plan with a \$1,902 family and \$681 single premium, and a four-tier prescription plan with a \$0 generic premium, \$10 upper generic, \$30 formulary, or 25 percent of the cost with a maximum of \$50 for the non-formulary premium. The monthly premium coverage for this prescription plan is \$206 family and \$85 single premium. The School District has negotiated with its employees to pay a portion of their medical insurance premiums. The School District is responsible for payment of all medical, prescription and dental claim amounts in excess of the employee payment percentages established in the Plan document. The Board also provides single vision coverage through VSP to all full-time employees, with a premium of \$9, and the option to purchase additional coverage. The premium for this plan is \$9 for spouse, \$11 for children and \$22 for family coverage.

Beginning October 1, 2023, the District began using MedBen Rx Pharmacy Solutions for prescription coverage.

The School District is a member of the Ohio PPO Connect network through AultCare with Aultra Administrative Group as the third party administrator.

The claims liability reported in the internal service fund is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30, which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be reported. Changes in the fund's claims liability amount for 2023 and 2024 were:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Claims	Payments	Balance at End of Year
2023	\$ 313,460	\$ 3,779,975	\$ 3,678,430	\$ 415,005
2024	\$ 415,005	\$ 3,954,532	\$ 4,003,537	\$ 366,000

**NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

***A. Compensated Absences***

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees and administrators who are contracted to work 260 days per year earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators who work less than 260 days per year do not earn vacation time.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 225 days. Upon retirement with 10 or more years of service with the State, any political subdivision, or School District, payment is made for one-fourth of the total unused sick leave at the employee's current rate. The maximum number of days of sick leave accruable for the purpose of severance pay is 220 days.

***B. Life Insurance***

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through One America –American United Life Insurance Company in the amount of \$25,000 for certificated employees and \$25,000 for classified employees.

***C. Retirement Incentive***

In addition to severance benefits and STRS pension benefits, certified employees are offered a one-time retirement incentive of \$10,000 during the first year of eligibility for retirement. The employee has only one opportunity to accept or reject the bonus incentive opportunity. The certified employee must be able to retire by August 22 of the year of the request for benefit. If rejected in the initial year of opportunity, the employee does not have a second chance to select the bonus option. The benefit is paid in the next calendar year following the year of retirement.

**NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

***Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)***

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 11 for the required OPEB disclosures.

***Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)***

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, may be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 2.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2023.



**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2024, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$451,427 for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount, \$32,891 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

***Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)***

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org).

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent upon a determination by its actuary that it was necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Effective July 1, 2022, a one-time ad-hoc COLA of 3 percent of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2023 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2018. Effective July 1, 2023, a one-time ad-hoc COLA of 1 percent of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2024 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2019. Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code 3307.67(E) the STRS Ohio Retirement Board may adjust the COLA upon a determination by the board's actuary that a change will not materially impair the fiscal integrity of the system or is necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the system. Eligibility charges will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 34 years of service credit at any age.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 11.09 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 2.91 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The 2024 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For 2024, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,265,044 for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount, \$212,908 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

***Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions***

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.0800525%	0.06555085%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.0848760%	0.06859407%	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>-0.0048235%</u>	<u>-0.00304322%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$ 4,423,310	\$ 14,116,336	\$ 18,539,646
Pension Expense	\$ 270,555	\$ 652,790	\$ 923,345

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in pension expense beginning in the current period, using a straight line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five-year period.

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 190,124	\$ 514,651	\$ 704,775
Changes of Assumptions	31,332	1,162,558	1,193,890
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	4,067	-	4,067
School District Contributions Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date	451,427	1,265,044	1,716,471
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<u>\$ 676,950</u>	<u>\$ 2,942,253</u>	<u>\$ 3,619,203</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ -	\$ 31,325	\$ 31,325
Net Difference between Projected and			
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	62,173	42,305	104,478
Changes of Assumptions	-	875,070	875,070
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	189,412	1,188,719	1,378,131
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<u>\$ 251,585</u>	<u>\$ 2,137,419</u>	<u>\$ 2,389,004</u>

\$1,716,471 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2025	\$ (30,922)	\$ (642,665)	\$ (673,587)
2026	(236,236)	(869,853)	(1,106,089)
2027	237,800	1,265,075	1,502,875
2028	3,296	(212,767)	(209,471)
Total	<u>\$ (26,062)</u>	<u>\$ (460,210)</u>	<u>\$ (486,272)</u>

***Actuarial Assumptions - SERS***

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2137.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 are presented below:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of System expenses
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.0 percent, on or after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. As of June 30, 2023:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	0.75 %
US Equity	24.75	4.82
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	5.19
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	5.98
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	2.24
Private Equity	12.00	7.49
Real Estate/Real Assets	17.00	3.70
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.64
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability for 2023 was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The discount rate did not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 21-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarially determined contribution rate of fiscal year 2023 was 14.00 percent. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long term assumed investment rate of return, 7.00 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, for fiscal year 2023 was 6.90 percent.

**Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,528,584	\$ 4,423,310	\$ 2,650,023

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

***Actuarial Assumptions - STRS***

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2023, and 2022, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary Increases	From 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent, based on service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.00 percent, effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation, were based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study, which is for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

\*Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

\*\*10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023.

**Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 21,707,798	\$ 14,116,336	\$ 7,696,034

**Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date** Demographic assumptions were changed based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021.

**NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

See Note 10 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

**Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)**

**Health Care Plan Description** - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981, do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

The Health Care program is financed through a combination of employer contributions, recipient premiums, investment returns, and any funds received on behalf of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. The System's goal is to maintain a health care reserve account with a 20-year solvency period in order to ensure that fluctuations in the cost of health care do not cause an interruption in the program. However, during any period in which the 20-year solvency period is not achieved, the System shall manage the Health Care Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2024, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2024, this amount was \$30,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.00 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.50 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2024, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$53,986, which is reported as an intergovernmental payable. The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was equal to its surcharge obligation for fiscal year 2024.

***Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)***

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Health care premiums were reduced by a Medicare Part B premium credit beginning in 2023. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org) or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.



**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

***OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB***

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):			
Current Measurement Date	0.0824776%	0.06555085%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.0866678%	0.06859407%	
Change in Proportionate Share	<u>-0.0041902%</u>	<u>-0.00304322%</u>	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,358,773	\$ (1,274,874)	
OPEB Expense	\$ (171,388)	\$ (123,582)	\$ (294,970)

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in OPEB expense beginning in the current period, using a straight-line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five-year period.

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 2,831	\$ 1,987	\$ 4,818
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	10,532	2,274	12,806
Changes of Assumptions	459,438	187,810	647,248
Changes in Proportion and Differences between School District Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	2,641	16,571	19,212
School District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	53,986	-	53,986
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<u>\$ 529,428</u>	<u>\$ 208,642</u>	<u>\$ 738,070</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 700,771	\$ 194,454	\$ 895,225
Changes of Assumptions	385,906	841,141	1,227,047
Changes in Proportion and Differences between School District Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	339,224	40,205	379,429
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<u>\$ 1,425,901</u>	<u>\$ 1,075,800</u>	<u>\$ 2,501,701</u>

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

\$53,986 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction/addition to the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2025	\$ (291,090)	\$ (399,812)	\$ (690,902)
2026	(256,695)	(179,991)	(436,686)
2027	(168,883)	(63,923)	(232,806)
2028	(103,621)	(86,671)	(190,292)
2029	(65,653)	(78,977)	(144,630)
Thereafter	(64,517)	(57,784)	(122,301)
Total	<u>\$ (950,459)</u>	<u>\$ (867,158)</u>	<u>\$ (1,817,617)</u>

***Actuarial Assumptions - SERS***

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

*This space intentionally left blank.*

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2023, are presented below:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including Inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment expense
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Fiduciary Net Position is Projected to be Depleted	2048
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Measurement Date	3.86 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.69 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	
Measurement Date	4.27 percent
Prior Measurement Date	4.08 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.40 percent
Pre-Medicare	6.75 to 4.40 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Measurement Date	6.75 to 4.40 percent
Prior Measurement Date	7.00 to 4.40 percent

Mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table. Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. As of June 30, 2023:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	0.75 %
US Equity	24.75	4.82
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	5.19
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	5.98
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	2.24
Private Equity	12.00	7.49
Real Estate/Real Assets	17.00	3.70
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.64
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2023, was 4.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2023, was 4.08 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the plan at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2048 by SERS' actuaries. The Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent interest rate for both the June 30, 2022, and the June 30, 2023, total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.86 percent at June 30, 2023, and 3.69 percent at June 30, 2022.

**Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates** The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability and what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.27 percent) and higher (5.27 percent) than the current discount rate (4.27 percent). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.75 percent decreasing to 3.40 percent) and higher (7.75 percent decreasing to 5.40 percent) than the current rate (6.75 percent decreasing to 4.40 percent).

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,736,901	\$ 1,358,773	\$ 1,060,604
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 998,244	\$ 1,358,773	\$ 1,836,524

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

***Actuarial Assumptions – STRS***

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2023, and 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent	Varies by service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent	3.00 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent	7.00 percent
Health Care Cost Trends		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	7.50 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate	7.50 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate
Medicare	-10.94 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate	-68.78 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	-11.95 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate	9.00 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate
Medicare	1.33 percent initial 4.14 percent ultimate	-5.47 percent initial 3.94 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

Healthy retirees post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation is based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

\*Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

\*\*10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023.

**Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate** The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	\$ (1,079,014)	\$ (1,274,874)	\$ (1,445,447)
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	\$ (1,453,362)	\$ (1,274,874)	\$ (1,059,887)

**Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date** Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experiences as well as benefit changes effective January 1, 2024.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

**NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the fiscal year 2024 were as follows:

	Outstanding 6/30/2023	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 6/30/2024	Due Within One Year
<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
<i>Net Pension and Net OPEB Liability</i>					
Pension	\$ 19,839,303	\$ -	\$ (1,299,657)	\$ 18,539,646	\$ -
OPEB	<u>1,216,825</u>	<u>141,948</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,358,773</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Total Net Pension and Net OPEB Liability</i>	<u>21,056,128</u>	<u>141,948</u>	<u>(1,299,657)</u>	<u>19,898,419</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Other Long-Term Obligations</i>					
Compensated Absences	973,591	130,284	(107,045)	996,830	72,287
Leases	<u>57,316</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(27,212)</u>	<u>30,104</u>	<u>27,765</u>
<i>Total Other Long-Term Obligations</i>	<u>1,030,907</u>	<u>130,284</u>	<u>(134,257)</u>	<u>1,026,934</u>	<u>100,052</u>
<i>Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Obligations</i>	<u>\$ 22,087,035</u>	<u>\$ 272,232</u>	<u>\$ (1,433,914)</u>	<u>\$ 20,925,353</u>	<u>\$ 100,052</u>

The School District has an outstanding lease for copiers. Due to the implementation of GASB 87, the lease is included in long-term obligations. Payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements for the governmental funds. A liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments. Principal payments are paid by the general fund.

The compensated absences will be paid from the general and food service funds. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are primarily made from the General Fund. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 10 and 11.

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Lease	
	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 27,765	\$ 351
2026	<u>2,339</u>	<u>4</u>
	<u>\$ 30,104</u>	<u>\$ 355</u>

**NOTE 13 – SET ASIDES**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

	<u>Capital Improvements</u>
Set-aside Restricted Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$ -
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	343,414
Offset -Permanent Improvement Levy	<u>(429,264)</u>
Totals	<u>\$ (85,850)</u>
 Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2025	 <u>\$ -</u>
 Set Aside Restricted Balance as of June 30, 2024	 <u>\$ -</u>

The School District had offset credits during the fiscal year that reduced the capital acquisition set-aside below zero. This amount may not be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years.

**NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES**

***A. Grants***

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2024, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

***B. Litigation***

The School District is not party to any claims or lawsuits that would, in the School District's opinion, have a material effect of the basic financial statements.

*This space intentionally left blank.*



**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

**NOTE 15 – FUND BALANCE**

Fund balance can be classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

	General	ESSER	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Restricted for:				
Capital Outlay	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,046,816	\$ 1,046,816
Food Service	-	-	507,646	507,646
State Funded Programs	-	-	128,027	128,027
Student Activities	-	-	73,949	73,949
Other Purposes	-	-	62,940	62,940
Total Restricted	-	-	1,819,378	1,819,378
Committed for:				
Underground Storage	11,000	-	-	11,000
Bus Reimbursement	21,269	-	-	21,269
Total Committed	32,269	-	-	32,269
Assigned for:				
Instruction	467,372	-	-	467,372
Support Services	608,963	-	-	608,963
Extracurricular	1,085	-	-	1,085
Subsequent Year Appropriations	3,376,210	-	-	3,376,210
Public School Support	17,739	-	-	17,739
Total Assigned	4,471,369	-	-	4,471,369
Unassigned	4,475,266	(36,562)	(148,389)	4,290,315
Total Fund Balance	\$ 8,978,904	\$ (36,562)	\$ 1,670,989	\$ 10,613,331

Other governmental funds included the following individual fund deficits at June 30, 2024:

<i>Non-Major Governmental Funds</i>	Deficit
Early Childhood Education	\$ 20,822
Idea B	39,096
Title I	83,578
Title IV-A	352
IDEA Early Childhood Special Education	1,359
Title II-A	3,182
Total	<u>\$ 148,389</u>

Fund deficits resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

**NOTE 16 – COMMITMENTS**

***Encumbrance Commitments***

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At fiscal year end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund	Amount
General	\$ 1,078,285
ESSER	959,559
Nonmajor Governmental	1,122,233
	<u>\$ 3,160,077</u>

***Contractual Commitments***

At June 30, 2024, the School District had the following contractual commitments:

Project	Vendor	Amount of Contract	Expenditures as of 6/30/2024	Amount Remaining on Contract
High School HVAC Replacement	Cline Mechanical	\$3,406,500	\$ 2,240,415	\$1,166,085
High School Bleachers Replacement	H2I Group	365,290	65,004	300,286

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in*  
*Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual*  
*General Fund*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
<b>Revenues</b>				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 8,324,124	\$ 8,746,124	\$ 8,735,538	\$ (10,586)
Intergovernmental	9,724,995	11,089,914	10,041,498	(1,048,416)
Investment Income	302,017	302,017	361,935	59,918
Tuition and Fees	720,138	869,638	857,459	(12,179)
Extracurricular Activities	45,184	45,184	100	(45,084)
Charges for Services	28,731	28,731	12,004	(16,727)
Rent	270	270	698	428
Contributions and Donations	47,216	60,216	52,983	(7,233)
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	191,711	191,711	184,057	(7,654)
Miscellaneous	12,316	12,316	14,868	2,552
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<i>19,396,702</i>	<i>21,346,121</i>	<i>20,261,140</i>	<i>(1,084,981)</i>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	7,138,717	8,333,155	8,455,307	(122,152)
Special	2,488,114	2,602,927	2,540,906	62,021
Vocational	234,670	259,788	258,507	1,281
Adult/Continuing	16,648	16,717	16,892	(175)
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,052,946	1,099,483	985,269	114,214
Instructional Staff	284,644	372,183	341,331	30,852
Board of Education	127,969	130,707	106,161	24,546
Administration	1,623,323	1,617,459	1,588,111	29,348
Fiscal	762,323	885,962	786,911	99,051
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,968,795	2,057,952	1,915,494	142,458
Pupil Transportation	1,964,050	1,971,861	1,920,493	51,368
Central	411,357	728,500	685,906	42,594
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:				
Community Services	5,250	7,004	6,694	310
Extracurricular Activities	603,147	637,592	574,302	63,290
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	27,212	27,212	27,212	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	904	904	904	-
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<i>18,710,069</i>	<i>20,749,406</i>	<i>20,210,400</i>	<i>539,006</i>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<i>686,633</i>	<i>596,715</i>	<i>50,740</i>	<i>(545,975)</i>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	1,082	11,082	10,955	(127)
Insurance Recoveries	-	11,250	11,250	-
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	81,091	81,091	96,333	15,242
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(580)	(11,080)	(10,830)	250
Advances In	-	2,142,276	2,142,274	(2)
Advances Out	(150,000)	(1,650,000)	(1,315,849)	334,151
Transfers Out	-	(675,000)	(669,290)	5,710
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<i>(68,407)</i>	<i>(90,381)</i>	<i>264,843</i>	<i>355,224</i>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	<i>618,226</i>	<i>506,334</i>	<i>315,583</i>	<i>(190,751)</i>
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	<i>6,995,251</i>	<i>6,995,251</i>	<i>6,995,251</i>	<i>-</i>
<i>Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated</i>	<i>499,412</i>	<i>499,412</i>	<i>499,412</i>	<i>-</i>
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<i>\$ 8,112,889</i>	<i>\$ 8,000,997</i>	<i>\$ 7,810,246</i>	<i>\$ (190,751)</i>

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in*  
*Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual*  
*Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
<b>Revenues</b>				
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,264,478	\$ 5,343,390	\$ 2,297,251	\$ (3,046,139)
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	40,650	263,928	251,791	12,137
Special	29,727	51,942	52,891	
Support Services:				
Pupils	-	182,871	173,327	9,544
Instructional Staff	-	7,500	6,750	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,543,674	2,458,276	2,433,340	24,936
Pupil Transportation	-	3,644	2,208	1,436
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:				
Food Service Operations	-	658	1,316	(658)
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>3,614,051</u>	<u>2,968,819</u>	<u>2,921,623</u>	<u>47,395</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>(349,573)</u>	<u>2,374,571</u>	<u>(624,372)</u>	<u>(2,998,943)</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Other Financing Uses	(2,475)	-	-	-
Advances In	-	1,000,000	1,004,493	4,493
Advances Out	-	(2,026,924)	(2,026,924)	-
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>(2,475)</u>	<u>(1,026,924)</u>	<u>(1,022,431)</u>	<u>4,493</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	<u>(352,048)</u>	<u>1,347,647</u>	<u>(1,646,803)</u>	<u>(2,994,450)</u>
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>1,646,803</u>	<u>1,646,803</u>	<u>1,646,803</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<u>\$ 1,294,755</u>	<u>\$ 2,994,450</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (2,994,450)</u>

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability*  
*Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
<b><i>School Employees Retirement System (SERS)</i></b>				
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0800525%	0.0848760%	0.0845403%	0.0916266%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,423,310	\$ 4,590,754	\$ 3,119,292	\$ 6,060,376
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,305,014	\$ 3,134,529	\$ 2,919,600	\$ 3,160,857
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	133.84%	146.46%	106.84%	191.73%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	76.06%	75.82%	82.86%	68.55%
<b><i>State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)</i></b>				
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06555085%	0.06859407%	0.07117165%	0.07367956%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 14,116,336	\$ 15,248,549	\$ 9,099,935	\$ 17,827,832
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 8,915,600	\$ 8,774,757	\$ 8,987,393	\$ 8,765,379
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	158.33%	173.78%	101.25%	203.39%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	80.02%	78.90%	87.80%	75.50%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
0.0947826%	0.1001330%	0.0982655%	0.1002229%	0.0946791%	0.0956070%
\$ 5,671,009	\$ 5,734,802	\$ 5,871,147	\$ 7,335,392	\$ 5,402,481	\$ 4,838,616
\$ 3,377,859	\$ 3,274,511	\$ 3,360,207	\$ 3,130,164	\$ 3,259,810	\$ 3,396,162
167.89%	175.13%	174.73%	234.35%	165.73%	142.47%
70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%
0.07653087%	0.07703542%	0.08004287%	0.08416038%	0.08160867%	0.08601254%
\$ 16,924,342	\$ 16,938,359	\$ 19,014,355	\$ 28,171,016	\$ 22,554,249	\$ 20,921,226
\$ 9,029,393	\$ 8,652,771	\$ 8,899,457	\$ 8,572,064	\$ 8,483,471	\$ 9,400,569
187.44%	195.76%	213.66%	328.64%	265.86%	222.55%
77.40%	77.31%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of School District Contributions - Pension*  
*Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
<b><i>School Employees Retirement System (SERS)</i></b>				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 451,427	\$ 462,702	\$ 438,834	\$ 408,744
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(451,427)</u>	<u>(462,702)</u>	<u>(438,834)</u>	<u>(408,744)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,224,479	\$ 3,305,014	\$ 3,134,529	\$ 2,919,600
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
<b><i>State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)</i></b>				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,265,044	\$ 1,248,184	\$ 1,228,466	\$ 1,258,235
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(1,265,044)</u>	<u>(1,248,184)</u>	<u>(1,228,466)</u>	<u>(1,258,235)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,036,029	\$ 8,915,600	\$ 8,774,757	\$ 8,987,393
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.



<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
\$ 442,520	\$ 456,011	\$ 442,059	\$ 470,429	\$ 438,223	\$ 429,643
<u>(442,520)</u>	<u>(456,011)</u>	<u>(442,059)</u>	<u>(470,429)</u>	<u>(438,223)</u>	<u>(429,643)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 3,160,857	\$ 3,377,859	\$ 3,274,511	\$ 3,360,207	\$ 3,130,164	\$ 3,259,810
14.00%	13.50%	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%
\$ 1,227,153	\$ 1,264,115	\$ 1,211,388	\$ 1,245,924	\$ 1,200,089	\$ 1,187,686
<u>(1,227,153)</u>	<u>(1,264,115)</u>	<u>(1,211,388)</u>	<u>(1,245,924)</u>	<u>(1,200,089)</u>	<u>(1,187,686)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 8,765,379	\$ 9,029,393	\$ 8,652,771	\$ 8,899,457	\$ 8,572,064	\$ 8,483,471
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)*  
*Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)*

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
<b><i>School Employees Retirement System (SERS)</i></b>				
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.0824776%	0.0866678%	0.0868849%	0.0943270%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,358,773	\$ 1,216,825	\$ 1,644,368	\$ 2,050,032
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,305,014	\$ 3,134,529	\$ 2,919,600	\$ 3,160,857
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	41.11%	38.82%	56.32%	64.86%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	30.02%	30.34%	24.08%	18.17%
<b><i>State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)</i></b>				
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	0.06555085%	0.06859407%	0.07117165%	0.07368000%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$ (1,274,874)	\$ (1,776,129)	\$ (1,500,603)	\$ (1,294,925)
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 8,915,600	\$ 8,774,757	\$ 8,987,393	\$ 8,765,379
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-14.30%	-20.24%	-16.70%	-14.77%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)	168.52%	230.73%	174.73%	182.10%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
0.0969547%	0.1007935%	0.0995021%	0.1010123%
\$ 2,438,207	\$ 2,796,284	\$ 2,670,375	\$ 2,879,225
\$ 3,377,859	\$ 3,274,511	\$ 3,360,207	\$ 3,130,164
72.18%	85.40%	79.47%	91.98%
15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%
0.07653087%	0.07703542%	0.08004287%	0.08416038%
\$ (1,267,537)	\$ (1,237,881)	\$ 3,122,977	\$ 4,500,919
\$ 9,029,393	\$ 8,652,771	\$ 8,899,457	\$ 8,572,064
-14.04%	-14.31%	35.09%	52.51%
174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Required Supplementary Information*  
*Schedule of the School District's Contributions - OPEB*  
*Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<b><i>School Employees Retirement System (SERS)</i></b>				
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$ 53,986	\$ 60,850	\$ 55,992	\$ 54,490
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(53,986)</u>	<u>(60,850)</u>	<u>(55,992)</u>	<u>(54,490)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,224,479	\$ 3,305,014	\$ 3,134,529	\$ 2,919,600
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)	1.67%	1.84%	1.79%	1.87%
<b><i>State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)</i></b>				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,036,029	\$ 8,915,600	\$ 8,774,757	\$ 8,987,393
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

(1) Includes surcharge

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
\$ 57,032	\$ 75,229	\$ 67,311	\$ 53,238	\$ 48,742	\$ 73,580
<u>(57,032)</u>	<u>(75,229)</u>	<u>(67,311)</u>	<u>(53,238)</u>	<u>(48,742)</u>	<u>(73,580)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 3,160,857	\$ 3,377,859	\$ 3,274,511	\$ 3,360,207	\$ 3,130,164	\$ 3,259,810
1.80%	2.23%	2.06%	1.58%	1.56%	2.26%
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 8,765,379	\$ 9,029,393	\$ 8,652,771	\$ 8,899,457	\$ 8,572,064	\$ 8,483,471
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Required Supplementary Information*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

**NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS**

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Budgetary modifications at this level require resolution of the Board of Education. The Treasurer has been given authority to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

**NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, is presented on the budgetary basis for the general fund and ESSER fund. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are:

- 1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3) Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP), but have separate legally adopted budgets.
- 5) The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund and ESSER fund.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Required Supplementary Information*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

**Net Change in Fund Balance**

	<u>General</u>	<u>ESSER</u>
GAAP Basis	\$ (89,884)	\$ 34,057
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	2,444,716	1,552,870
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(916,968)	(2,250,766)
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere	12,706	-
Adjustment for Encumbrances	<u>(1,134,987)</u>	<u>(982,964)</u>
Budget Basis	<u>\$ 315,583</u>	<u>\$ (1,646,803)</u>

\*\* As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies, public school support, and underground storage tank funds.

**NOTE 3 - NET PENSION LIABILITY**

There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms for the fiscal years reported unless otherwise stated below:

***Changes in Assumptions - SERS***

Amounts reported in 2022 incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in prior years are presented as follows:

	<u>Fiscal Year 2022</u>	<u>Fiscal Years 2021-2017</u>	<u>Fiscal Years 2016 and Prior</u>
Wage Inflation	2.40%	3.00%	3.25%
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25% to 13.58%	3.50% to 18.20%	4.00% to 22.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% net of system expenses	7.50% net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75% net of investment expenses, including inflation

Beginning in 2022, amounts reported use mortality rates based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP2020 projection scale generationally.

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, on each anniversary of the initial retirement, the allowance of all retirees and survivors may be increased by the annual rate of increase in the CPI-W measured as of the June preceding the beginning of the applicable calendar year. The annual rate of increase shall not be less than 0 percent nor greater than 2.5 percent.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Required Supplementary Information*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

Amounts report for 2017 through 2021 use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

***Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS***

For fiscal year 2022, COLA were increased from 2.00 percent to 2.50 percent.

For fiscal year 2021, COLA were reduced from 2.50 percent to 2.00 percent.

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.50 percent with a floor of zero percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

***Changes in Assumptions – STRS***

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal years 2018-2021 and fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented as follows:

	<u>Fiscal Years 2022 and 2023</u>	<u>Fiscal Years 2021-2018</u>	<u>Fiscal Years 2017 and Prior</u>
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	2.75%
Projected Salary Increases	From 2.50% to 12.50% based on age	From 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65	From 12.25% at age 20 to 2.75% at age 70
Investment Rate of Return, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00%	7.45%	7.75%
Payroll Increases	3.00%	3.00%	3.50%

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on the RP2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.



**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Required Supplementary Information*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

***Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS***

For fiscal year 2023, the Board approved a one-time 3 percent COLA effective on the anniversary of a benefit recipient's retirement date for those eligible during fiscal year 2023 and eliminated the age 60 requirement to receive unreduced retirement that was scheduled to go into effect August 1, 2026.

For fiscal year 2018, the COLA was reduced to zero.

Fiscal year 2017 and prior, COLA was 2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013 or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date

**NOTE 4 - NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)**

***Changes in Assumptions – SERS***

Amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by SERS in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2021 and prior are presented below:

	<u>Fiscal Years 2023 and 2022</u>	<u>Fiscal Years 2021-2017</u>
Inflation	2.40%	3.00%
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25% to 13.58%	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment Rate of Return, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00%	7.50%

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

	<u>Fiscal Year</u>							
<u>Assumption</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.86%	3.69%	1.92%	2.45%	3.13%	3.62%	3.56%	2.92%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation	4.27%	4.08%	2.27%	2.63%	3.22%	3.70%	3.63%	2.98%

***Changes in Assumptions – STRS***

For fiscal year 2023, the projected salary increases were changed from age based (2.5 percent to 12.50 percent) to service based (2.5 percent to 8.5 percent).

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Required Supplementary Information*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

For fiscal year 2022, the discount rate was decreased from 7.45 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.00.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

For fiscal year 2018, the blended discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

***Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS***

Effective January 1, 2024, Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience as well as benefit changes.

For fiscal year 2023, health care trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience

For fiscal year 2022, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, premium based on June 30, 2021, enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022, from 2.055 percent to 2.1 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D Subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in calendar year 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely

For fiscal year 2021, there were no changes to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to .1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Required Supplementary Information*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. This was subsequently extended, see above paragraph.

**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance  
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with  
*Government Auditing Standards***

To the Board of Education  
River View Local School District  
Coshocton County, Ohio  
26496 State Route 60 North  
Warsaw, OH 43844

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of River View Local School District, Coshocton County, Ohio (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2024.

**Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2024-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **School District's Response to Findings**

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Rea & Associates, Inc.*

Rea & Associates, Inc.  
New Philadelphia, Ohio  
December 19, 2024

**Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and  
Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance**

To the Board of Education  
River View Local School District  
Coshocton County, Ohio  
26496 State Route 60 North  
Warsaw, OH 43844

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We have audited River View Local School District's, Coshocton County, Ohio (the "School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

***Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

***Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

**Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in*

*internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Rea & Associates, Inc.*

Rea & Associates, Inc.  
New Philadelphia, Ohio  
December 19, 2024



**RIVER VIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT  
COSHOCTON COUNTY, OHIO  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024**

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	ALN	Grant Number	Federal Disbursements	Passed Through to Subrecipients
<b>U. S. Department of Agriculture</b>				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce:</i>				
<i>Child Nutrition Cluster:</i>				
School Breakfast Program	(D)	10.553	2024 \$ 164,152	\$ -
National School Lunch Program	(D)	10.555	2024 495,147	-
COVID-19: National School Lunch Program	(D)	10.555	2024 46,062	-
National School Lunch Program (Non-Cash)	(E)	10.555	2024 79,542	-
Total National School Lunch Program			620,751	-
<i>Total Child Nutrition Cluster</i>			<u>784,903</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Total U.S. Department of Agriculture</b>			<u><b>784,903</b></u>	<u><b>-</b></u>
<b>U. S. Department of Education</b>				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce:</i>				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	2023	71,970	-
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	2024	748,042	-
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Expanding Opportunities for Each Child Non-Competitive Grant	84.010A	2023	4,871	-
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			824,883	-
<i>Special Education Cluster:</i>				
Special Education Grants to States	84.027A	2023	45,593	-
Special Education Grants to States	84.027A	2024	400,486	-
COVID-19: Special Education Grants to States - ARP	84.027X	2023	3,722	-
Total Special Education Grants to States			449,801	-
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173A	2023	1,122	-
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173A	2024	8,252	-
Total Special Education Preschool Grants			9,374	-
<i>Total Special Education Cluster</i>			<u>459,175</u>	<u>-</u>
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - Title II-A	84.367A	2023	11,765	-
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - Title II-A	84.367A	2024	93,077	-
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			104,842	-
Student Support and Academic Enrichment - Title IV-A	84.424A	2023	1,904	-
Student Support and Academic Enrichment - Title IV-A	84.424A	2024	55,525	-
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment			57,429	-
<i>Education Stabilization Fund:</i>				
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - ESSER II	84.425D	2023	64,324	-
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - ARP	84.425U	2023	576,140	-
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - ARP	84.425U	2024	1,294,412	-
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - ARP Homeless Round II	84.425W	2024	3,778	-
Total Education Stabilization Fund			1,938,654	-
<b>Total U.S. Department of Education</b>			<u><b>3,384,983</b></u>	<u><b>-</b></u>
<b>Total Federal Assistance</b>			<u><b>\$ 4,169,886</b></u>	<u><b>\$ -</b></u>

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards*  
*2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

---

**NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of River View Local School District (the School District's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

**NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

**NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE**

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

**NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

**NOTE F – TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS**

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to subsequent fiscal year's program. The School District transferred the following amounts from 2023 to 2024 programs:

Program Title	ALN	Amount Transferred
ARP ESSER	84.425U	\$ 2,350,993
ARP Homeless Round II	84.425W	11,463
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	360,639
Supporting Effective Instruction - Title II-A	84.367A	21,190
Student Support and Academic Enrichment - Title IV-A	84.424A	40,775
Special Education Grants to States	84.027A	63,311
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173A	577

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*  
*2 CFR Section 200.515*  
*June 30, 2024*

**1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	None Reported
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):  Child Nutrition Cluster  Title I – Grants to Local Agencies	ALN  10.553, 10.555  84.010A
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	Yes

**River View Local School District**  
**Coshocton County, Ohio**  
*Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*  
*2 CFR Section 200.515*  
*June 30, 2024*  
*(continued)*

<b>2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS</b>
---

**Finding Number:** 2024-001

**Significant Deficiency – Internal Controls over Financial Reporting**

**Criteria:** The AICPA establishes auditing standards generally accepted in the United States that certified public accountants and government auditors must follow in conducting audits of state and local governments. AU-C 265 establishes standards, responsibilities and guidance for auditors during a financial statement audit engagement for identifying and evaluating a client's internal control over financial reporting. This standard requires the audit to report in writing to management and the governing body any control deficiencies found during the audit that are considered significant deficiencies and/or material weaknesses. To this end, AU-C 265 lists specific control deficiencies that should be regarded as at least a significant deficiency and a strong indicator of a material weakness in internal control.

**Condition:** There were audit adjustments made to the financial statements presented for audit. Misstatements identified during the audit and posted to the financial statements presented for audit include:

- Intergovernmental receivable and deferred inflows of resources were overstated in ESSER fund by \$701,124 on the modified accrual basis.
- Intergovernmental receivable and operating grants revenue in Governmental Activities were overstated by \$701,124 on the accrual basis.

**Cause:** There was an error identified in calculating reimbursable expenses for the ESSER fund which resulted in an overstatement of grants receivable. The internal controls over the final review of the financial statements did not identify potential misstatements.

**Effect:** The financial statements presented for audit contained misstatements.

**Recommendation:** To ensure the School District's financial statements and notes to the financial statements are complete and accurate, the School District should adopt policies and procedures, including a final review of the statements and notes by the Treasurer to identify and correct errors and omissions.

**Management's Response/ Corrective Action:** See Corrective Action Plan.

<b>3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS</b>
--

None



# River View Local School District

*"Building Educational Excellence for Tomorrow. . .Today"*

*Office of the Treasurer*

26496 SR 60 North, Warsaw, Ohio 43844

(740) 824-3521

[www.rvbears.org](http://www.rvbears.org)

## River View Local School District

**Coshocton County, Ohio**

*Corrective Action Plan*

*2 CFR Section 200.511(c)*

*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024*

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2024-001	The District will implement additional controls over financial statement review to ensure financial statements are accurate.	June 30, 2025	Kara Kimes, Treasurer



# River View Local School District

*"Building Educational Excellence for Tomorrow. . . Today"*

*Office of the Treasurer*

26496 SR 60 North, Warsaw, Ohio 43844

(740) 824-3521

[www.rvbears.org](http://www.rvbears.org)

## River View Local School District

**Coshocton County, Ohio**

*Schedule of Prior Audit Findings*

*2 CFR Section 200.511(b)*

*June 30, 2024*

<b>Finding Number</b>	<b>Finding Summary</b>	<b>Status</b>	<b>Additional Information</b>
2023-001	Significant Deficiency – Internal Controls over Payroll	Fully Corrected	N/A

# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



**RIVER VIEW LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**COSHOCTON COUNTY**

## **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



**Certified for Release 3/4/2025**

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215  
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at  
[www.ohioauditor.gov](http://www.ohioauditor.gov)