SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



TOWNSEND COMMUNITY SCHOOL ERIE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Prepared by Management:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023	
Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023	
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	
Schedules of Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio Last Eight Fiscal Years	
Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio Last Eight Fiscal Years	
Schedule of School Pension Contributions School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio Last Nine Fiscal Years	
Schedule of School Pension Contributions State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio Last Nine Fiscal Years	
Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio Last Seven Fiscal Years	
Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio Last Seven Fiscal Years	

TOWNSEND COMMUNITY SCHOOL ERIE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

TITLE	(PAGE
School Employ	ol OPEB Contributions ees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio Il Years	52
State Teachers	ol OPEB Contributions Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio I Years	
Notes to the Requ	ired Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Expend	litures of Federal Awards	61
Notes to the Sched	ule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	62
Financial Reporting	Report on Internal Control Over and on Compliance and Other Matters nment Auditing Standards	63
Applicable to the M	Report on Compliance with Requirements ajor Federal Program and on Internal Control Over ed by the Uniform Guidance	65
Schedule of Findings.		69



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Townsend Community School Erie County 207 Lowell Street Castalia, Ohio 44824-9332

To the Board of Directors:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of Townsend Community School, Erie County, Ohio (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Townsend Community School, Erie County, Ohio as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Townsend Community School Erie County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities / (asset) and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Townsend Community School Erie County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 14, 2024, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial control ov

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 14, 2024

This page intentionally left blank.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The management discussion and analysis of the Townsend Community School's (the School) financial performance provides an overall review of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2023 are as follows:

- In total, net position was a balance of \$3,510,463 at June 30, 2023.
- The School had operating revenues of \$5,069,944, operating expenses of \$3,907,865, non-operating revenues of \$2,434,014, and \$2,472 in interest and fiscal charges for fiscal year 2023. Total change in net position for the fiscal year was an increase of \$3,593,621 from June 30, 2022.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand the School's financial activities. The statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position provide information about the activities of the School, including all short-term and long-term financial resources and obligations.

Reporting the School's Financial Activities

These documents look at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during 2023?" The statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School as a whole, the financial position of the School has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not.

The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School finances and meets the cash flow needs of its operations.

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the School's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/(asset).

THIS SPACE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The table below provides a summary of the School's net position at June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Net Position

	2023	2022
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 8,186,526	\$ 5,925,190
Net OPEB asset	264,487	276,134
Capital assets, net	4,466,361	4,228,889
Total assets	12,917,374	10,430,213
Deferred outflows of resources	1,078,114	1,609,582
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	937,804	920,071
Long-term liabilities:		
Net pension liability	3,060,740	2,177,159
Net OPEB liability	188,477	234,968
Other amounts	2,738,331	3,046,243
Total liabilities	6,925,352	6,378,441
Deferred inflows of resources	3,559,673	5,744,512
<u>Net Position</u>		
Net investment in capital assets	4,421,789	4,177,888
Restricted	512,564	341,106
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,423,890)	(4,602,152)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 3,510,463	\$ (83,158)

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School at June 30, 2023 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The School adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and net OPEB (asset).

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/(asset) to equal the School's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" - that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/(asset), respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Analysis of Net Position

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2023, the School's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$3,510,463.

At year-end, capital assets represented 34.58% of total assets. Capital assets include construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment and intangible right to use - leased equipment. Net position invested in capital assets at June 30, 2023, was \$4,421,789. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the School's investment in capital assets are reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

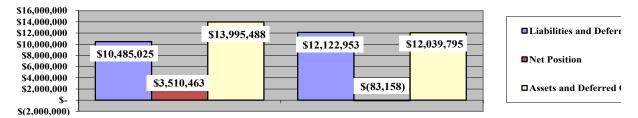
A portion of the School's net position, \$512,564, is restricted in use. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$1,423,890.

The School has reported long-term liabilities for overpayments of Foundation revenue from the State of Ohio in current and prior fiscal years. The amounts due on these obligations in the subsequent fiscal year are reported as current liabilities with the remainder being reported as long-term liabilities. Non-current liabilities also include the School net pension liability and net OPEB liability. These obligations are outside of the control of the School. The School makes its contractually required contributions to the pension systems; however, the pension systems distribute pensions and OPEB benefits to School employees, not the School. See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for more information on the School's long-term obligations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The net pension liability increased \$883,581 or 40.58% and deferred inflows of resources related to pension decreased \$2,078,654 or 42.87%. These changes were the result of changes at the pension system level for the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Primarily, net investment income on investments at both pension systems were negative for the fiscal year 2022 measurement date that are used for the fiscal year 2023 reporting. This caused a large decrease in their respective fiduciary net positions which was a drastic change from the previous fiscal year's large positive investment returns.

The graph below illustrates the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and net position at June 30, 2023 and 2022.



The table below shows the changes in net position for 2023 and 2022.

Change in Net Position

	20	23	2022		
Operating Revenues: State foundation	\$ 5	,069,944	\$	6,265,899	
Charges for services	ų J	-	Ψ	57,880	
Total operating revenue	5	,069,944		6,323,779	
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries and wages	2	,048,018		1,896,686	
Fringe benefits		290,032		383,792	
Purchased services		774,257		602,158	
Materials and supplies		445,875		310,527	
Other		199,243		170,065	
Depreciation/amortization		150,440		164,600	
Total operating expenses	3	,907,865		3,527,828	
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):					
Federal and state grants	2	,399,347		1,142,523	
Interest revenue		13,613		2,063	
Miscellaneous		21,054		8,589	
Interest and fiscal charges		(2,472)		(1,834)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	2	,431,542		1,151,341	
Change in net position	3	,593,621		3,947,292	
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year		(83,158)		(4,030,450)	
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ 3	,510,463	\$	(83,158)	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Pension and OPEB expenses are a component of program expenses reported on the statement of activities. To assess fluctuations in program expenses, the increase or decrease in pension and OPEB expenses should be factored into the analysis. Pension and OPEB expenses (net) for 2023 and 2022 were (\$804,634) and (\$539,628), respectively. Pension and OPEB expenses reported in 2023 represent an increase of \$265,006 from pension and OPEB expenses reported in 2022. Pension and OPEB expenses are reported as a component of fringe benefits.

The School's foundation revenue was \$5,069,944 in fiscal year 2023 which decreased 19.09% from the prior fiscal year. Salaries and wages increased \$151,332 or 7.98%. Purchased services and materials supplies increased as a result of the increase in students the School serves.

The School also received \$2,399,347 in state and federal grants and earned interest revenues of \$13,613. Miscellaneous receipts, consisting of various refunds and rebates, totaled \$21,054.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$4,466,361 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization) invested in construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures, equipment and intangible right to use - leased equipment. See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for more detail on capital assets.

Debt Administration

The School had \$3,111,357 in prior year foundation adjustments due to ODE at June 30, 2023. Of this total, \$414,285 is due in one year and \$2,697,072 is due in more than one year. The School also had lease obligations at June 30, 2023 of \$44,572. Of this total, \$17,596 is due in one year and \$26,976 is due in more than one year. See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for more information.

Current Financial Related Activities

The School is sponsored by Margaretta Local School District. The School is reliant upon State Foundation monies and State and Federal Grants to offer quality educational services to students. In order to continually provide learning opportunities to the School's students, the School will apply resources to best meet the needs of its students. It is the intent of the School to apply for other State and Federal funds that are made available to finance its operations.

Contacting the Government's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our clients and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to show the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Kelsey Kromer, Treasurer, Townsend Community School, 207 Lowell Street, Castalia, Ohio 44824.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Current assets: S 7,363,174 Receivable: 34 Accounts 34 Intergovernmental 781,304 Prepayments 37,014 Materials and supplies inventory. 30 Not OPEB asset 264,487 Not OPEB asset 277,066 Depreciable/amortized capital assets, net. 4,730,848 Total assets 12,917,374 Deferred outflows of resources: 1078,114 Liabilitics: 302,396 Current liabilities: 20,227 Accounds payable 8,185 Contracts payable 28,833 Componsted absences 54,166 Intergovernmental payable 26,976 Accrued interest payable 26,976 Lease obligation	Assets:	
Receivables: 34 Accounts 34 Intergovernmental 37,014 Materials and supples inventory. 50,000 Total current assets. 8,186,526 Non-current assets. 264,487 Nondepreciable/amortized capital assets. 327,006 Depreciable/amortized capital assets. 4,130,848 Total one-rurent assets. 4,130,848 Total assets. 12,917,374 Deferred outflows of resources: 90,23,488 Pension 775,718 OPEB 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources. 1,078,114 Liabilities: 225,569 Current liabilities: 225,569 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable. 248,323 Accrued mages and benefits 225,569 Compensated absences. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable. 2,697,072 Lease obligation 26,976 Total current liabilities. 5,987,548 Total one-current liabilities. 2,597,548 Total	Current assets:	
Accounts 34 Intergovermmental 781,304 Prepayments 37,014 Materials and supplies inventory. 5,000 Total current assets: 8,186,526 Non-current assets: 264,487 Nondepreciable/amorized capital assets. 22,006 Depreciable/amorized capital assets. 4,139,355 Total ournent assets: 4,139,355 Total ournent assets. 12,917,374 Deferred outflows of resources: 775,718 Pension 775,718 OPER 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources. 1,078,114 Liabilities: 8,185 Current liabilities: 8,185 Cournet spayable. 98,683 Retainage payable. 98,683 Retainage payable. 225,569 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable. 48,328 Accrued interest payable. 24,393,284 Cournert liabilities: 14,283 Intergovernmental payable. 2,697,072 Lease obligation 12,596 Total ournert liabilities 6,	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,363,174
Intergovernmental. 781,304 Prepayments 37,014 Materials and supplies inventory. 5,000 Total current assets. 8,186,526 Non-current assets. 264,487 Nondoptrociable/amotized capital assets. 232,006 Depreciable/amotized capital assets. 4,139,355 Total non-current assets. 4,730,848 Total assets. 12,917,374 Deferred outflows of resources: 775,718 Pension 775,718 OPEB 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources. 1,078,114 Liabilities: 8,185 Courtacts payable. 98,863 Retainage payable. 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 2255,569 Compensated absences. 11,7596 Total current liabilities: 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 937,804 Compensated absences. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable. 2,697,072 Lease obligation 2,697,072 Lease obligation 2,697,072 Lease	Receivables:	
Prepayments 37,014 Materials and supplies inventory. 5,000 Total current assets. 8,186,526 Non-current assets. 264,487 Nondepreciable/amoritzed capital assets. 22,006 Depreciable/amoritzed capital assets. 4,139,355 Total our-current assets. 4,730,848 Total assets. 12,917,374 Deferred outflows of resources: 775,718 Persion 775,718 OPEB. 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,078,114 Liabilities: 20,227 Accound interst payable. 98,683 Retainage payable. 20,227 Accound interst payable. 943,328 Accound interst payable. 443,328 Accound interst payable. 17,596 Total our-current liabilities: 26,976 Compensated absences. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable. 26,976 Compensated absences. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable. 26,976 Compensated absences. 14,283	Accounts	34
Materials and supplies inventory. 5,000 Total current assets: 8,186,526 Non-current assets: 327,006 Depreciable/amortized capital assets. 4,139,355 Total non-current assets: 4,139,355 Total non-current assets: 4,730,848 Total assets. 12,917,374 Deferred outflows of resources: 775,718 Pension 775,718 OPEB 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources. 1,078,114 Liabilities: 20,227 Current liabilities: 8,185 Contracts payable. 20,256 Compensated absences. 25,569 Compensated absences. 25,569 Compensated absences. 24,376 Accrued interest payable. 483,328 Contracts payable. 443,328 Orterest payable. 26,976 Non-current liabilities. 937,804 Non-current liabilities. 26,976 Corread sensees. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable. 2,6976 Net opreB liability.	Intergovernmental.	781,304
Total current assets 8,186,526 Non-current assets 264,487 Nondepreciable/amortized capital assets. 327,006 Depreciable/amortized capital assets. 4,139,355 Total non-current assets. 4,730,455 Total assets. 12,917,374 Deferred outflows of resources: 775,718 Pension 775,718 OPEB 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources. 1,078,114 Liabilities: 8,185 Cournent liabilities: 225,569 Courned ages and benefits 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 225,569 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable. 483,328 Non-current liabilities 937,804 Non-current liabilities 26,976 Net OPEB designion. 26,976 Net OPEB liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB designion 2,897,643 Order dissences 14,283 Intergovernmental payable. 2,6976 Net OPEB liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability 3,055,0673 Net OPEB lia	Prepayments	37,014
Non-current assets: 264.487 Nondepreciable/amoritzed capital assets. 327,006 Depreciable/amoritzed capital assets. 4,139,355 Total non-current assets. 4,139,355 Total non-current assets. 4,139,355 Total assets. 12,917,374 Deferciable/amoritzed capital assets. 12,917,374 Deferred outflows of resources: 775,718 Pension 775,718 OPEB 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources. 1,078,114 Liabilities: 20,227 Current liabilities: 20,226 Accrued wages and benefits 225,569 Compensated absences. 54,176 Charled absences. 443,328 Accrued interest payable. 483,328 Accrued interest payable. 443,328 Non-current liabilities: 17,596 Total current liabilities. 937,804 Non-current liabilities. 26,970,702 Lease obligation 26,976 Net opensin liability 3,060,740 Lease obligation 26,976 <	Materials and supplies inventory	5,000
Net OPEB asset 264,487 Nondepreciable/amorized capital assets. 327,006 Depreciable/amorized capital assets. 4,139,355 Total non-current assets. 4,730,848 Total assets. 12,917,374 Deferred outflows of resources: 775,718 Pension 775,718 OPEB 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources. 1,078,114 Liabilities: 8,185 Courrent liabilities: 8,185 Accrued wages and benefits 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 255,569 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable. 443,328 Accrued interest payable. 443,328 Accrued interest payable. 443,328 Compensated absences. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable. 26,97,072 Lease obligation 26,976,072 Lease	Total current assets	8,186,526
Nondepreciable/amortized capital assets. 327,006 Depreciable/amortized capital assets. 4,139,355 Total non-current assets. 4,730,848 Total assets. 12,917,374 Deferred outflows of resources: 775,718 Pension 705,718 OPEB 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources. 1,078,114 Liabilities: 202,277 Current liabilities: 202,277 Accounts payable. 202,277 Accrued wages and benefits 202,277 Accrued wages and benefits 205,576 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable 443,328 Accrued interest payable. 40 Lease obligation 26,697,072 Lease obligation 2,6,976,072 Lease obligat	Non-current assets:	
Depreciable/amortized capital assets, net. 4.139.355 Total non-current assets. 4.730.848 Total assets. 12,917.374 Deferred outflows of resources: 775.718 Pension 775.718 OPEB 302.396 Total deferred outflows of resources 1.078.114 Liabilities: 8.185 Cornent liabilities: 202.227 Accounts payable. 205.569 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable 40 Lease obligation 17.596 Total ourrent liabilities: 2433.28 Compensated absences. 14.283 Intergovernmental payable 40 Lease obligation 17.596 Total current liabilities: 26.971.072 Compensated absences. 14.283 Intergovernmental payable 26.971.072 Lease obligation 26.971.072 Lease obligation 26.976 Net pension liability 3.060.740 Net OPEB liability 5.987.548 Total liabilities	Net OPEB asset	264,487
Total non-current assets. 4,730,848 Total assets. 12,917,374 Deferred outflows of resources: 775,718 Pension 775,718 OPEB. 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources. 1.078,114 Liabilities: 8,185 Current liabilities: 20,227 Accounts payable. 98,683 Retainage payable. 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 202,27 Accrued usges and benefits 202,27 Accrued interest payable. 433,328 Accrued interest payable. 433,328 Accrued interest payable. 433,328 Accrued interest payable. 443,328 Accrued interest payable. 443,328 Accrued interest payable. 443,328 Accrued interest payable. 442,83 Intergovermental payable. 26,97,072 Lease obligation 26,97,072 Lease obligation 25,976 Net pension liabilities. 59,87,548 Total labilities. 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 789,056 Total labilities. </td <td>Nondepreciable/amortized capital assets</td> <td>327,006</td>	Nondepreciable/amortized capital assets	327,006
Total non-current assets. 4,730,848 Total assets. 12,917,374 Deferred outflows of resources: 775,718 Pension 775,718 OPEB. 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources. 1.078,114 Liabilities: 8,185 Current liabilities: 20,227 Accounts payable. 98,683 Retainage payable. 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 202,27 Accrued usges and benefits 202,27 Accrued interest payable. 433,328 Accrued interest payable. 433,328 Accrued interest payable. 433,328 Accrued interest payable. 443,328 Accrued interest payable. 443,328 Accrued interest payable. 443,328 Accrued interest payable. 442,83 Intergovermental payable. 26,97,072 Lease obligation 26,97,072 Lease obligation 25,976 Net pension liabilities. 59,87,548 Total labilities. 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 789,056 Total labilities. </td <td>Depreciable/amortized capital assets, net</td> <td>4,139,355</td>	Depreciable/amortized capital assets, net	4,139,355
Deferred outflows of resources: 775,718 Pension 775,718 OPEB 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources 1.078,114 Liabilities: 8,185 Corrent liabilities: 98,683 Retainage payable 98,683 Retainage payable 20,227 Accounts payable 20,227 Accured wages and benefits 20,327 Accured wages and benefits 93,2804 Merror wages and benefits 93,804 Non-current liabilities 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 26,697,07 Lease obligation 26,697,07 Lease obligation 26,697,07 Net pension liability 3,060,740 Net OPE liability 188,477 Total deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 PEB	Total non-current assets.	4,730,848
Pension 775,718 OPEB 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,078,114 Liabilities: 8,185 Current liabilities: 8,185 Contracts payable 98,683 Retainage payable 98,683 Retainage payable 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 255,569 Compensated absences 54,176 Intergovernmental payable 483,328 Accrued interest payable 40 Lease obligation 17,596 Total current liabilities: 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 2,697,072 Cease obligation 2,697,072 Lease obligation 2,697,673 Total deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 OPEB 798,056 Total deferred inflows of resources: 3,559,6733 N	Total assets.	12,917,374
Pension 775,718 OPEB 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,078,114 Liabilities: 8,185 Current liabilities: 8,185 Contracts payable 98,683 Retainage payable 98,683 Retainage payable 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 255,569 Compensated absences 54,176 Intergovernmental payable 483,328 Accrued interest payable 40 Lease obligation 17,596 Total current liabilities: 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 2,697,072 Cease obligation 2,697,072 Lease obligation 2,697,673 Total deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 OPEB 798,056 Total deferred inflows of resources: 3,559,6733 N		
OPEB. 302,396 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,078,114 Liabilities: 8,185 Courrent liabilities: 98,683 Retainage payable. 98,683 Retainage payable. 98,683 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable 4483,328 Accrued interest payable. 40 Lease obligation 17,596 Total current liabilities. 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 26,976 Compensated absences. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable 26,976 Lease obligation 26,976 Lease obligation 26,976 Lease obligation 26,976 Lease obligation 26,977 Lease obligation 26,976 Deferred inflows of resources: 29,987,548 Total liabilities 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 Pension 2,770,617 OPEB 3,559,673 Net position: 3,559,673 Net		
Total deferred outflows of resources 1,078,114 Liabilities: 8,185 Current liabilities: 8,185 Contracts payable 98,683 Retainage payable 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 2055,569 Compensated absences 54,176 Intergovernmental payable 433,328 Accrued interest payable 4433,328 Accrued interest payable 443,328 Accrued interest payable 17,596 Total current liabilities: 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 937,804 Compensated absences 14,283 Intergovernmental payable 2,697,072 Lease obligation 2,697,072		775,718
Liabilities: 8,185 Current liabilities: 8,185 Contracts payable. 98,683 Retainage payable. 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 225,569 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable. 483,328 Accrued interest payable. 433,328 Accrued interest payable. 433,328 Accrued interest payable. 433,328 Non-current liabilities 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 937,804 Compensated absences. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable. 26,976 Net pension liability. 3,060,740 Lease obligation 26,976 Net pension liability. 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability. 5,987,548 Total liabilities. 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 Pension. 2,770,617 OPEB 3,559,673 Net investment in capital assets. 3,559,673 Net position: 3,872 Restricted for food service operatio		
Current liabilities: 8,185 Accounts payable. 98,683 Retainage payable. 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 255,569 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable 483,328 Accrued interest payable. 40 Lease obligation 17,596 Total current liabilities: 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 26,977,072 Lease obligation 26,976,072 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 OPEB 78,056 Total liabilities 2,770,617	Total deferred outflows of resources	1,078,114
Current liabilities: 8,185 Accounts payable. 98,683 Retainage payable. 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 255,569 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable 483,328 Accrued interest payable. 40 Lease obligation 17,596 Total current liabilities: 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 26,977,072 Lease obligation 26,976,072 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 OPEB 78,056 Total liabilities 2,770,617	Liabilition	
Accounts payable. 8,185 Contracts payable. 98,683 Retainage payable. 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 255,569 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable. 483,328 Accrued interest payable 40 Lease obligation 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 937,804 Compensated absences. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable 26,977,072 Lease obligation 26,976 Net pension liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability 188,477 Total non-current liabilities 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 PEB 789,056 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,559,673 Net position: 4,421,789 Net investment in capital assets. 39,872 Restricted for 39,872 Restricted for for dearal programs. 99,992 Restricted for for dearal programs. 90,992 Restricted for for bate programs. 2,550 Restricted for for bate programs. 2,550 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td></tr<>		
Contracts payable. 98,683 Retainage payable. 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 255,569 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable 483,328 Accrued interest payable. 40 Lease obligation 17,596 Total current liabilities: 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 26,970 Compensated absences. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable 2,697,072 Lease obligation 2,697,67 Net pension liability 188,477 Total non-current liabilities 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 Pension 2,770,617 OPEB 789,056 Total leabilities 3,559,673 Net position: 4,421,789 <		<u> 9</u> 195
Retainage payable. 20,227 Accrued wages and benefits 255,569 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable. 483,328 Accrued interest payable 40 Lease obligation 17,596 Total current liabilities. 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 937,804 Compensated absences. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable 2,697,072 Lease obligation 2,697,074 Lease obligation 2,697,674 Total non-current liabilities 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 OPEB 2,770,617		·
Accrued wages and benefits 255,569 Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable 40 Lease obligation 17,596 Total current liabilities 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 937,804 Compensated absences. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable 2,697,072 Lease obligation 26,970 Lease obligation 26,970 Net opension liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability 188,477 Total non-current liabilities 5,987,548 Total liabilities 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 Pension 2,799,056 Total deferred inflows of resources: 3,559,673 Net investment in capital assets 3,559,673 Net investment in capital assets 3,559,673 Net investment in capital assets 39,872 Restricted for food service operations 39,872 Restricted for food service operations 2,550 Restricted for studen activities 2,550 Restricted for OPEB 200,690 Unrestricted (deficit) </td <td></td> <td>,</td>		,
Compensated absences. 54,176 Intergovernmental payable 483,328 Accrued interest payable 40 Lease obligation 17,596 Total current liabilities. 937,804 Non-current liabilities. 937,804 Compensated absences. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable 2,697,072 Lease obligation 26,970 Lease obligation 26,970 Lease obligation 26,977 Lease obligation 26,970 Vet pension liability 188,477 Total non-current liabilities 5,987,548 Total liabilities 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 Pension 789,056 Total deferred inflows of resources . 3,559,673 Net investment in capital assets 4,421,789 Restricted for 39,872 Restricted for food service operations 39,9		-
Intergovernmental payable 483,328 Accrued interest payable 40 Lease obligation 17,596 Total current liabilities 937,804 Non-current liabilities 937,804 Non-current liabilities 14,283 Compensated absences 14,283 Intergovernmental payable 26,697,072 Lease obligation 26,977 Net pension liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability 188,477 Total non-current liabilities 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 Pension 2,597,673 Net position: 3,559,673 Net position: 39,872 Restricted for food service operations 39,872 Restricted for food service operations 99,992 Restricted for student activities 2,550 Restricted for food service operations 2,550 Restricted for OPEB 200,690 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,423,890)		,
Accrued interest payable 40 Lease obligation 17,596 Total current liabilities 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 26,97,072 Lease obligation 26,976 Net pension liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability 188,477 Total non-current liabilities 5,987,548 Total liabilities 5,987,548 Total liabilities 2,770,617 OPEB 22,770,617 OPEB 23,559,673 Net position: 4,421,789 Restricted for 39,872 Restricted for food service operations 39,872 Restricted for food service operations 99,992 Restricted for federal programs 169,460 Restricted for foot student activities 2,550 Restricted for OPEB 200,690 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,423,890)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Lease obligation 17,596 Total current liabilities 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 2,697,072 Lease obligation 2,697,072 Lease obligation 2,697,072 Lease obligation 2,697,072 Lease obligation 26,976 Net pension liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability 188,477 Total non-current liabilities 5,987,548 Total liabilities 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 Pension 2,770,617 OPEB 789,056 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,559,673 Net investment in capital assets 4,421,789 Restricted for: 39,872 Restricted for food service operations 39,872 Restricted for federal programs 169,460 Restricted for federal programs 2,550 Restricted for OPEB 200,690 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,423,890)		·
Total current liabilities 937,804 Non-current liabilities: 14,283 Intergovernmental payable 2,697,072 Lease obligation 26,976 Net pension liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability 188,477 Total non-current liabilities 5,987,548 Total liabilities 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 OPEB 2,770,617 OPEB 2,770,617 OPEB 3,559,673 Net position: 4,421,789 Restricted for: 39,872 Restricted for food service operations 39,872 Restricted for federal programs 99,9992 Restricted for student activities 2,550 Restricted for OPEB 200,690 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,423,890)		
Non-current liabilities: 14,283 Compensated absences. 2,697,072 Lease obligation 26,976 Net pension liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability 188,477 Total non-current liabilities 5,987,548 Total non-current liabilities 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 PEB 2,770,617 OPEB 3,559,673 Net position: 4,421,789 Restricted for: 39,872 Restricted for food service operations 39,872 Restricted for federal programs 99,992 Restricted for student activities 2,550 Restricted for OPEB 200,690 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,423,890)		
Compensated absences. 14,283 Intergovernmental payable 2,697,072 Lease obligation 26,976 Net pension liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability 188,477 Total non-current liabilities 5,987,548 Total non-current liabilities 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 2,770,617 PEB 2,770,617 OPEB 3,559,673 Net position: 3,559,673 Net investment in capital assets 4,421,789 Restricted for: 39,872 Restricted for food service operations 39,872 Restricted for federal programs 99,992 Restricted for state programs 99,992 Restricted for OPEB 2,550 Restricted for OPEB 200,690 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,423,890)		
Intergovernmental payable 2,697,072 Lease obligation 26,976 Net pension liability 3,060,740 Net OPEB liability 188,477 Total non-current liabilities 5,987,548 Total non-current liabilities 6,925,352 Deferred inflows of resources: 6,925,352 Pension 2,770,617 OPEB 789,056 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,559,673 Net position: 4,421,789 Restricted for 39,872 Restricted for food service operations 39,872 Restricted for federal programs 99,992 Restricted for student activities 2,550 Restricted for OPEB 200,690 Unrestricted (deficit) (1,423,890)		
Lease obligation26,976Net pension liability3,060,740Net OPEB liability188,477Total non-current liabilities5,987,548Total liabilities6,925,352Deferred inflows of resources: Pension2,770,617OPEB789,056Total deferred inflows of resources3,559,673Net position: Restricted for: Restricted for food service operations4,421,789Restricted for food service operations39,872Restricted for food service operations169,460Restricted for student activities99,992Restricted for OPEB2,550Restricted for OPEB200,690Unrestricted (deficit)(1,423,890)		
Net pension liability3,060,740Net OPEB liability188,477Total non-current liabilities5,987,548Total liabilities6,925,352Deferred inflows of resources: Pension2,770,617OPEB789,056Total deferred inflows of resources3,559,673Net position: Net investment in capital assets4,421,789Restricted for: Restricted for food service operations39,872Restricted for state programs169,460Restricted for student activities99,992Restricted for OPEB2,550Restricted for OPEB200,690Unrestricted (deficit)(1,423,890)		
Net OPEB liability188,477Total non-current liabilities5,987,548Total non-current liabilities6,925,352Deferred inflows of resources: Pension6,925,352Deferred inflows of resources: Pension2,770,617OPEB789,056Total deferred inflows of resources3,559,673Net position: Net investment in capital assets4,421,789Restricted for: Restricted for food service operations39,872Restricted for food service operations169,460Restricted for federal programs99,992Restricted for oPEB2,550Restricted for OPEB200,690Unrestricted (deficit)(1,423,890)		
Total non-current liabilities5,987,548Total liabilities6,925,352Deferred inflows of resources: Pension2,770,617OPEB789,056Total deferred inflows of resources3,559,673Net position: Net investment in capital assets4,421,789Restricted for: Restricted for food service operations39,872Restricted for food service operations169,460Restricted for federal programs99,992Restricted for student activities2,550Restricted for OPEB200,690Unrestricted (deficit)(1,423,890)		
Total liabilities6,925,352Deferred inflows of resources: Pension.2,770,617OPEB789,056Total deferred inflows of resources3,559,673Net position: Net investment in capital assets.4,421,789Restricted for: Restricted for food service operations39,872Restricted for food service operations169,460Restricted for foedral programs.99,992Restricted for OPEB2,550Restricted for OPEB200,690Unrestricted (deficit).(1,423,890)		
Deferred inflows of resources:Pension.2,770,617OPEB.789,056Total deferred inflows of resources3,559,673Net position:3,559,673Net investment in capital assets.4,421,789Restricted for:39,872Restricted for food service operations.39,872Restricted for state programs.169,460Restricted for student activities.2,550Restricted for OPEB.200,690Unrestricted (deficit).(1,423,890)		5,987,548
Pension.2,770,617OPEB789,056Total deferred inflows of resources3,559,673Net position:4,421,789Net investment in capital assets4,421,789Restricted for:39,872Restricted for food service operations39,872Restricted for state programs169,460Restricted for student activities2,550Restricted for OPEB200,690Unrestricted (deficit)(1,423,890)	Total liabilities	6,925,352
Pension.2,770,617OPEB789,056Total deferred inflows of resources3,559,673Net position:4,421,789Net investment in capital assets4,421,789Restricted for:39,872Restricted for food service operations39,872Restricted for state programs169,460Restricted for student activities2,550Restricted for OPEB200,690Unrestricted (deficit)(1,423,890)	Deferred inflows of recourses:	
OPEB789,056Total deferred inflows of resources3,559,673Net position:3,559,673Net investment in capital assets4,421,789Restricted for:39,872Restricted for food service operations39,872Restricted for state programs169,460Restricted for federal programs99,992Restricted for student activities2,550Restricted for OPEB200,690Unrestricted (deficit)(1,423,890)		2 770 617
Total deferred inflows of resources3,559,673Net position:4,421,789Net investment in capital assets4,421,789Restricted for:39,872Restricted for food service operations39,872Restricted for state programs169,460Restricted for federal programs99,992Restricted for student activities2,550Restricted for OPEB200,690Unrestricted (deficit)(1,423,890)		
Net position:Net investment in capital assets.Net investment in capital assets.Restricted for:Restricted for:Restricted for food service operations.Restricted for state programs.Restricted for federal programs.Pestricted for student activities.Restricted for OPEB.Unrestricted (deficit).Net investricted (deficit).		
Net investment in capital assets.4,421,789Restricted for:39,872Restricted for food service operations.39,872Restricted for state programs.169,460Restricted for federal programs.99,992Restricted for student activities.2,550Restricted for OPEB.200,690Unrestricted (deficit).(1,423,890)		
Restricted for:39,872Restricted for food service operations169,460Restricted for state programs.169,460Restricted for federal programs.99,992Restricted for student activities.2,550Restricted for OPEB.200,690Unrestricted (deficit).(1,423,890)	•	
Restricted for food service operations39,872Restricted for state programs.169,460Restricted for federal programs.99,992Restricted for student activities.2,550Restricted for OPEB.200,690Unrestricted (deficit).(1,423,890)	•	4,421,789
Restricted for state programs.169,460Restricted for federal programs.99,992Restricted for student activities.2,550Restricted for OPEB.200,690Unrestricted (deficit).(1,423,890)		20.052
Restricted for federal programs.99,992Restricted for student activities.2,550Restricted for OPEB.200,690Unrestricted (deficit).(1,423,890)	•	·
Restricted for student activities.2,550Restricted for OPEB.200,690Unrestricted (deficit).(1,423,890)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Restricted for OPEB. 200,690 Unrestricted (deficit). (1,423,890)		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		,
S 3,510,463	Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,423,890)
	Total net position.	\$ 3,510,463

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Operating revenues:	
Foundation payments.	\$ 5,069,944
Operating expenses:	
Salaries and wages.	2,048,018
Fringe benefits.	290,032
Purchased services.	774,257
Materials and supplies	445,875
Other	199,243
Depreciation/amortization	 150,440
Total operating expenses	 3,907,865
Operating income	 1,162,079
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Federal and state grants.	2,399,347
Interest revenue	13,613
Other non-operating revenues.	21,054
Interest and fiscal charges	(2,472)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 2,431,542
Change in net position	3,593,621
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year	 (83,158)
Net position at end of year	\$ 3,510,463

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from state foundation	\$	4,675,161
Cash received from charges for services		568
Cash payments for salaries and wages		(2,070,806)
Cash payments for fringe benefits		(1,091,153)
Cash payments for purchased services		(754,020)
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(462,455)
Cash payments for other expenses		(186,912)
Net cash provided by operating activities		110,383
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Cash received from grants and subsidies		1,831,514
Cash received from miscellaneous receipts		24,950
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		1,856,464
Cash flows from capital and related		
financing activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets		(261,741)
Principal retirement on lease obligation		(13,690)
Interest and fiscal charges		(2,452)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities.		(277,883)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received		13,613
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,702,577
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		5,660,597
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	7,363,174
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	7,363,174
Reconciliation of operating income to net	\$	7,363,174
	\$	7,363,174
Reconciliation of operating income to net	\$ \$	7,363,174
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079 150,440
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079 150,440 (9,643)
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079 150,440
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079 150,440 (9,643) 14,821
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079 150,440 (9,643) 14,821 11,647
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079 150,440 (9,643) 14,821 11,647 393,687
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079 150,440 (9,643) 14,821 11,647 393,687 137,781 (14,990) 6,978
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079 150,440 (9,643) 14,821 11,647 393,687 137,781 (14,990) 6,978 (23,177)
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079 150,440 (9,643) 14,821 11,647 393,687 137,781 (14,990) 6,978 (23,177) (371,491)
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079 150,440 (9,643) 14,821 11,647 393,687 137,781 (14,990) 6,978 (23,177) (371,491) 883,581
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079 150,440 (9,643) 14,821 11,647 393,687 137,781 (14,990) 6,978 (23,177) (371,491) 883,581 (46,491)
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079 150,440 (9,643) 14,821 11,647 393,687 137,781 (14,990) 6,978 (23,177) (371,491) 883,581 (46,491) (2,078,654)
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income		1,162,079 150,440 (9,643) 14,821 11,647 393,687 137,781 (14,990) 6,978 (23,177) (371,491) 883,581 (46,491)

Noncash transaction:

During fiscal year 2023, the School entered into a lease obligation in the amount of \$7,261 which resulted in an intangible right to use asset of \$7,261.

During fiscal year 2023, the School purchased \$118,910 in capital assets on account.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL

Townsend Community School, Erie County, Ohio (the School) is a state nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Chapters 3314 and 1702 to maintain and provide a school exclusively for any educational, literary, scientific and related teaching service. The School, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any school district. The School may sue and be sued, acquire facilities as needed, and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the School.

The School was approved for operation under contract with Margaretta Local School District (the Sponsor) in previous audits. The current contract is effective for the period of July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021. The contract was renewed April 19, 2021 to extend the contract to June 30, 2023. The School operates under a self-appointing five-member Board of Directors (the Board). The School's Code of Regulations specifies that vacancies that arise on the Board be filled by the appointment of a successor director by a majority vote of the then existing directors. The Board is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract with the Sponsor, which includes, but is not limited to, state mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers School has three instructional support facilities, which include two leased locations, staffed by 15 classified employees and 23 certified employees who provide services to an enrollment of 489 students.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the School have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The School's reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units", and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity Omnibus and Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School. For the School, this includes general operations of the School. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School is financially accountable. The School is financially accountable for an organization if the School appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization or the School is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School in that the School approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes for the organization. The financial statement of the reporting entity includes only those of the School (the primary government). The School has no component units.

The following organization is described due to its relationship to the School:

Public Entity Risk Pools

The School participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority Board (SORSA), an insurance purchasing pool. SORSA's business affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of directors consisting of a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and five delegates. SORSA was created to provide joint self-insurance coverage and to assist members to prevent and reduce losses and injuries to the School's property and persons. It is intended to provide liability and property insurance at reduced premiums for the participants. SORSA is organized as a nonprofit corporation under provisions of Ohio Revised Code 2744.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The School also participates in Jefferson Health Plan, a claims servicing pool established under Ohio Revised Code Chapter 167.

B. Basis of Presentation

The School uses enterprise accounting to report on its financial activities. Enterprise accounting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Enterprise accounting may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services.

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the School. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the School. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on the statement of net position. Operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

D. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Notes 9 and 10 for deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. See Notes 9 and 10 for deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

E. Budgetary Process

Community schools are statutorily required to adopt a budget by Ohio Revised Code 3314.032(C). However, unlike traditional public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow the specific budgetary process and limits set forth in the Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the contract between the School and its Sponsor. The contract between the School and its Sponsor does not require the School to follow the provisions Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705; therefore, no budgetary information is presented in the basic financial statements.

Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.03 (11) (d), states that community schools must comply with Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.391 which requires each community school to submit to the Ohio Department of Education and Workforce (DEW) a five-year forecast no later than October 31 of each year.

F. Cash

All monies received by the School are deposited into demand deposit accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for scholarships.

The School applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

H. Intergovernmental Revenue

The School currently participates in the State Foundation Program, the Title I-A grant, the Title I grant, the Title II-A grant, the Title IV-A grant, the IDEA B grants, the ESSER grants, the expanding opportunities for each child grant, the data communication grants, school safety grants, and Child Nutrition Cluster. Revenue from the State Foundation Program is recognized as operating revenue in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Amounts awarded under State Foundation Program for the 2023 school year excluding federal and State grants totaled \$5,069,944.

Revenues received from the remaining programs are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accompanying financial statements. Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility includes timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School on a reimbursement basis. State and federal grants revenue for the fiscal year 2023 received was \$2,399,347.

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the School consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the School and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service and all employees with at least twenty years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees are considered expected to become with GASB Statement No. 16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

See Note 11 for further detail on the compensated absences policies.

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation/Amortization

All capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values on the date donated. The School maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School does not have any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated/amortized. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation/amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	40 years
Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 years
Intangible leased equipment	5 years

K. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

L. Materials and Supplies Inventory

Purchased inventories are presented at lower of cost or market and are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed/expended when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

M. Prepayments

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2023 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year which services are consumed.

N. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2023, the School has implemented GASB Statement No. 91, "<u>Conduit Debt Obligations</u>", GASB Statement No. 94, "<u>Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements</u>", GASB Statement No. 96, "<u>Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements</u>", certain questions and answers of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "<u>Omnibus 2022</u>".

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

GASB Statement No. 94 is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 96 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of School's deposits was \$7,363,174 and the bank balance of School's deposits was \$7,456,846. None of the bank balance was subject to custodial credit risk, as described below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2023, none of the School's financial institutions participated in OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School to a successful claim by the FDIC. There are no significant statutory restrictions regarding the deposit and investment of funds by the non-profit corporation.

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2023 totaled \$781,338. These receivables consisted of intergovernmental grants and entitlements of \$764,139, \$17,124 due from the Ohio Department of Education from FTE adjustments, \$41 from employer premium refunds, and \$34 in various accounts receivable. These receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 6 - PURCHASED SERVICES

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, purchased services expenses were as follows:

Professional services	\$ 641,667
Property rental and services	26,757
Travel, mileage and meetings	16,093
Communications	36,257
Utilities	43,657
Tuition and similar payments	 9,826
Total purchased services	\$ 774,257

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The School's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following changes.

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2022	A	Additions	R	eductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2023	-	Amounts Due in One Year
Net pension liability	\$	2,177,159	\$	883,581	\$	-	\$	3,060,740	\$	-
Net OPEB liability		234,968		-		(46,491)		188,477		-
Lease obligations		51,001		7,261		(13,690)		44,572		17,596
Compensated absences		24,715		-		(437)		24,278		9,995
Intergovernmental payable		3,495,924		-		(384,567)		3,111,357		414,285
Total	\$	5,983,767	\$	890,842	\$	(445,185)	\$	6,429,424	\$	441,876

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Net Pension Liability:

See Note 9 for information on the School's net pension liability. The School pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

Net OPEB Liability:

See Note 10 for information on the School's net OPEB liability. The School pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

Lease obligations:

On February 13, 2019, the School entered into a lease agreement for the right to use postage meters with Pitney Bowes for a term of 60 months. Payments are due quarterly and the lease matures on January 13, 2024. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, the School has reported an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the lease agreement. Lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures on the fund financial statements.

On December 28, 2021, the School entered into a lease agreement for the right to use copiers with ComDoc for a term of 60 months. Payments are due monthly and the lease matures on November 28, 2026. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, the School has reported an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the lease agreement. Lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures on the fund financial statements.

On April 1, 2023, the School entered into a lease agreement for the right to use building space from Pontifex, Inc for a term of 15 months. Payments are due monthly and the lease matures on June 30, 2024. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, the School has reported an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the lease agreement. Lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures on the fund financial statements.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the School's lease obligations:

Fiscal		Lease Obligations				
Year Ended,	Principal		I	nterest		Total
2024	\$	17,596	\$	1,905	\$	19,501
2025		10,753		1,151		11,904
2026		11,327		577		11,904
2027		4,896		64		4,960
Total	\$	44,572	\$	3,697	\$	48,269

Intergovernmental payable

As a result of FTE Reviews performed by DEW (see Note 13.B), the School has reported a \$3,111,357 long-term liability at June 30, 2023 due to overpayments of State Foundation made in prior fiscal years. The repayment plan of 4.5% of all State Foundation Funding for fiscal year 2021 and 8% for all remaining fiscal years until all FTE liabilities have been repaid was agreed upon October 1, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future repayments which are being made via deductions from the School's Foundation revenue in fiscal years 2023 through 2031:

Fiscal Year	Amount
2024	\$ 414,285
2025	414,285
2026	414,285
2027	414,285
2028	414,285
2029 - 2031	1,039,932
	\$ 3,111,357

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance	A 11'4'	D' 1	Balance	
	June 30, 2022	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2023	
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:					
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 327,006	\$ -	\$ 327,006	
Non-depreciable/amortized capital assets		327,006		327,006	
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:					
Buildings and improvements	4,944,066	6,599	-	4,950,665	
Equipment	522,173	13,186	(48,112)	487,247	
Vehicles	-	33,860	-	33,860	
Intangible right to use:					
Leased equipment	58,869	7,261	-	66,130	
Depreciable/amortized capital assets	5,525,108	60,906	(48,112)	5,537,902	
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization:					
Buildings and improvements	(795,913)	(123,767)	-	(919,680)	
Equipment	(491,661)	(10,524)	48,112	(454,073)	
Vehicles	-	(1,693)	-	(1,693)	
Intangible right to use:					
Leased equipment	(8,645)	(14,456)	-	(23,101)	
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(1,296,219)	(150,440)	48,112	(1,398,547)	
Capital assets, net	\$ 4,228,889	\$ 237,472	\$ -	\$ 4,466,361	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/(asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions - between an employer and its employees - of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee–on a deferred-payment basis - as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability/(asset) represent the School's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability/(asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability/(asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability/(asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 10 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability/(asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on the accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017			
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit		
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit		

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2022, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2023.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the School is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2023, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$82,642 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount, \$7,947 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS Ohio. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service, who is determined to be disabled, may qualify for a disability benefit. New members, on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$213,011 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount, \$39,899 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS			STRS		Total
Proportion of the net pension						
liability prior measurement date	0.01362230%		0.01309674%			
Proportion of the net pension						
liability current measurement date	0.01460670%		0.01021450%			
Change in proportionate share	0.00098440%		-0.00288224%			
Proportionate share of the net						
pension liability	\$	790,044	\$	2,270,696	\$	3,060,740
Pension expense	\$	(310,077)	\$	(195,656)	\$	(505,733)

At June 30, 2023, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	31,998	\$	29,071	\$	61,069
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		79,013		79,013
Changes of assumptions		7,797		271,734		279,531
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		42,870		17,582		60,452
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		82,642		213,011		295,653
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	165,307	\$	610,411	\$	775,718
		SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected and	¢	5 100	¢	0 (05	¢	12 971
actual experience	\$	5,186	\$	8,685	\$	13,871
Net difference between projected and		27 569				27 569
actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes of assumptions		27,568		204,538		27,568 204,538
Difference between employer contributions		-		204,558		204,558
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		243,551		2,281,089		2,524,640
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	276,305	\$	2,494,312	\$	2,770,617

\$295,653 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS STR		STRS	Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2024	\$ (226,258)	\$	(820,636)	\$	(1,046,894)
2025	24,376		(851,604)		(827,228)
2026	(2,660)		(859,494)		(862,154)
2027	 10,902		434,822		445,724
Total	\$ (193,640)	\$	(2,096,912)	\$	(2,290,552)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	2.40%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
COLA or ad hoc COLA:	
Current measurement date	2.00%
Prior measurement date	2.00%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date	7.00% net of system expenses
Discount rate:	
Current measurement date	7.00%
Prior measurement date	7.00%
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

		Current						
	1%	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
School's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$	1,162,907	\$	790,044	\$	475,912		

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%	12.50% at age 20 to
		2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

* Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

**10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

		Current						
	1%	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
School's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$	3,430,195	\$	2,270,696	\$	1,290,119		

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date - STRS approved a one-time 1.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2023. It is unknown what effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

See Note 9 for a description of the net OPEB liability/(asset).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for noncertificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2023, the School's surcharge obligation was \$1,885.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$1,885 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount, \$1,885 is reported as intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the School's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Proportion of the net OPEB						
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.	01241520%	0	.01309674%		
Proportion of the net OPEB						
liability/asset current measurement date	0.01342420%		0.01021450%			
Change in proportionate share	0.00100900%		-0.00288224%			
Proportionate share of the net						
OPEB liability	\$	188,477	\$	-	\$	188,477
Proportionate share of the net						
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(264,487)	\$	(264,487)
OPEB expense	\$	(52,061)	\$	50,698	\$	(1,363)

At June 30, 2023, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	1,583	\$	3,836	\$	5,419
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		981		4,607		5,588
Changes of assumptions		29,983		11,264		41,247
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		98,010		150,247		248,257
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		1,885				1,885
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	132,442	\$	169,954	\$	302,396

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	120,566	\$	39,722	\$	160,288
Changes of assumptions		77,371		187,546		264,917
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		357,368		6,483		363,851
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	555,305	\$	233,751	\$	789,056

\$1,885 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS	Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2024	\$ (77,091)	\$	37,707	\$	(39,384)	
2025	(95,219)		(12,915)		(108,134)	
2026	(97,646)		(28,854)		(126,500)	
2027	(86,061)		(12,835)		(98,896)	
2028	(51,183)		(16,239)		(67,422)	
Thereafter	 (17,548)		(30,661)		(48,209)	
Total	\$ (424,748)	\$	(63,797)	\$	(488,545)	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022 are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	2.40%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Prior measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Current measurement date	3.69%
Prior measurement date	1.92%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Current measurement date	4.08%
Prior measurement date	2.27%
Medical trend assumption:	
Current measurement date	7.00 to 4.40%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.400%
Pre-Medicare	6.750 to 4.400%

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial 5-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022, was 4.08%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2022, was 2.27%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2022 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.69% at June 30, 2022 and 1.92% at June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.08%) and higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate (4.08%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.40%).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	Current								
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1% Increase				
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	234,091	\$	\$ 188,477		151,654			
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase				
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	145,350	\$	188,477	\$	244,809			

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, are presented below:

	June 3	0, 2022	June 30, 2021				
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%				
Projected salary increases	Varies by service	e from 2.50%	12.50% at age 20 to				
	to 8.50%		2.50% at age 65				
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of inv	vestment	7.00%, net of investment				
	expenses, inclue	ding inflation	expenses, inclue	ding inflation			
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%				
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%				
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.00%				
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A				
Health care cost trends							
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate			
Medical							
Pre-Medicare	7.50%	3.94%	5.00%	4.00%			
Medicare	-68.78%	3.94%	-16.18%	4.00%			
Prescription Drug							
Pre-Medicare	9.00%	3.94%	6.50% 4.00%				
Medicare	-5.47%	3.94%	29.98% 4.00%				

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For the prior measurement date, for healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00% for the June 30, 2022 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - Salary increase rates were updated based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021 and were changed from age based to service based.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

* Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

**10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB (asset) as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB (asset) as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	Current								
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase				
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	(244,920)	\$	(264,487)	\$	(281,598)			
				Current					
	1% Decrease		Т	rend Rate	1% Increase				
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	(274,338)	\$	(264,487)	\$	(252,054)			

NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees accumulate sick leave at a rate of 15 days per year. Unused sick leave may accumulate up to 250 days. Some employees accumulate vacation leave at a rate of up to 20 days per year. Unused vacation leave may accumulate up to a maximum of 60 days. A liability for unused vacation leave in the amount of \$44,181 at June 30, 2023 is recorded on the statement of net position.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The School is a member of the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA). SORSA is a member owned organization having approximately 150 members. SORSA is a joint self-insurance pool. SORSA assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the School's policy. SORSA covers the following risks, as applicable:

- Property
- Electronic Data Processing
- Boiler and Machinery
- Crime
- General Liability
- Automobile Liability and Physical Damage
- School Board Errors and Omissions.

The School contributes to the funding, operating and maintaining of the SORSA joint self-insurance pool. The School's contributions cover deductible losses, loss fund contribution, insurance costs, and administration cost.

The School paid \$13,909 in premiums to SORSA for fiscal year 2023 coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

SORSA financial statements are available by contacting SORSA at:

Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, Inc. 8050 North High Street, Suite 160 Columbus, Ohio 43235

B. Workers' Compensation

The School pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage. The premium is calculated by multiplying the monthly gross total payroll by a factor that is calculated by the State.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Health Insurance

The School contracts with the Jefferson Health Plan to provide medical and prescription drug coverage for its elected officials and full time workers and their dependents; providing the dependents do not have coverage elsewhere. Premiums are paid by the School to the Jefferson Health Plan who contracts with Aetna for medical coverage and CVS/Caremark for prescription coverage.

The Jefferson Health Plan (the Consortium) is a claims servicing pool established pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 167. The legislative body of the Consortium is an assembly consisting of a designee from each of its members. The membership of the assembly appoints a Board of Directors, which acts as the managerial body of the Consortium. The Consortium provides a cooperative program to administer medical, prescription, vision, dental and life benefits for employees of the participating entities and their eligible dependents. The School's coverage is combined with other small member entities within the Consortium to form a pool (the Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the School's policy.

Member contributions are calculated to annually produce a sufficient sum of money within the self-insurance pool adequate to fund administrative expenses of the Consortium and to create adequate reserves for claims and allocated expenses. For all individual claims exceeding \$500,000, stop loss coverage is purchased, as well as for an annual total plan aggregate claims amount.

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of June 30, 203.

	 2022
Cash and investments	\$ 215,983,380
Actuarial liabilities	\$ 43,093,447

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School at June 30, 2023, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. However, there is an important nexus between attendance and enrollment for Foundation funding purposes. Community schools must provide documentation that clearly demonstrates students have participated in learning opportunities. The Ohio Department of Education and Workforce (DEW) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end.

Under Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.08, DEW may also perform a FTE review for the fiscal year that may result in an additional adjustment to the enrollment information as well as claw backs of Foundation funding due to a lack of evidence to support student participation and other matters of noncompliance. DEW performed such a review on the School for fiscal year 2023, which resulted in an immaterial receivable (asset) from DEW to the School.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

In addition, the School's contracts with their Margaretta Local School District requires payment based on revenues received from the State. As discussed above, additional FTE adjustments for fiscal year 2023 have been finalized. Any amount due to or from the School will be received or paid through monthly state Foundation Program revenues or deductions.

C. Litigation

The School is not involved in any litigation that, in the opinion of management, would have a material effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 14 - SPONSOR AGREEMENT

Margaretta Local School District, Erie County, Ohio (the Sponsor) sponsored the School in fiscal year 2023. The sponsor agreement was renewed on April 19, 2021 to extend the sponsorship agreement until June 30, 2023. The Sponsor receives 3% of the operating expenses received by the School from the State of Ohio, excluding federal funds and restricted grants, lottery funds, or facilities funds as set forth in the Shared Services Agreement. The School has also entered into a ground lease agreement and other lease agreements with the Sponsor for areas that housed the staff of the School. The School fulfilled its debt obligation for the ground lease during fiscal year 2021. Going forward, the School pays a monthly rental fee of \$200. In addition, the School has entered into agreements with the Sponsor for shared professional and technical services.

This page intentionally left blank.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	2023		2022		2021		2020	
School's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	1460670%	0.	01362230%	(0.03096540%	C	0.02785030%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	790,044	\$	502,623	\$	2,048,117	\$	1,666,332
School's covered payroll	\$	614,436	\$	491,629	\$	1,041,200	\$	968,956
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		128.58%		102.24%		196.71%		171.97%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.82%		82.86%		68.55%		70.85%

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2019 2018		2018		2017	2016			
0	0.03008310%	C	0.02160560%		0.01584500%		.01093240%		
\$	1,722,915	\$	1,290,887	\$	1,159,708	\$	623,813		
\$	962,956	\$	617,600	\$	\$ 492,086		363,088		
	178.92%		209.02%		235.67%		171.81%		
	71.36%		69.50%		62.98%		69.16%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	2023		2022		2021		2020	
School's proportion of the net pension liability	0	0.01021450%	().01309674%	(0.02623841%	().02728554%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,270,696	\$	1,674,536	\$	6,348,762	\$	6,034,033
School's covered payroll	\$	1,304,050	\$	1,390,693	\$	3,139,436	\$	3,176,436
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		174.13%		120.41%		202.23%		189.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		78.88%		87.78%		75.48%		77.40%

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2019		2018		2017		2016
C).02672077%	0	0.01873897%		0.01199208%	C).00976560%
\$	5,875,297	\$	4,451,482	\$	4,014,111	\$	2,707,483
\$	3,157,071	\$	2,140,557	\$	\$ 1,276,429		1,031,657
	186.10%		207.96%		314.48%		262.44%
	77.31%		75.30% 66.80%		72.10%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2023		2022		2021		2020	
Contractually required contribution	\$	82,642	\$	86,021	\$	68,828	\$	145,768
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(82,642)		(86,021)		(68,828)		(145,768)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School's covered payroll	\$	590,300	\$	614,436	\$	491,629	\$	1,041,200
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%

Note: Information prior to 2015 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

 2019	 2018	2018 20		2016		2017 2016		 2015
\$ 130,809	\$ 129,999	\$	86,464	\$	68,892	\$ 47,855		
 (130,809)	 (129,999)		(86,464)		(68,892)	 (47,855)		
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		
\$ 968,956	\$ 962,956	\$	617,600	\$	492,086	\$ 363,088		
13.50%	13.50%		14.00%		14.00%	13.18%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
Contractually required contribution	\$ 213,011	\$ 182,567	\$ 194,697	\$ 439,521
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (213,011)	 (182,567)	 (194,697)	 (439,521)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
School's covered payroll	\$ 1,521,507	\$ 1,304,050	\$ 1,390,693	\$ 3,139,436
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

Note: Information prior to 2015 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	2015		
\$ 444,701	\$ 441,990	\$ 299,678	\$ 178,700	\$	144,432	
 (444,701)	 (441,990)	 (299,678)	 (178,700)		(144,432)	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$		
\$ 3,176,436	\$ 3,157,071	\$ 2,140,557	\$ 1,276,429	\$	1,031,657	
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

		2023		2022		2021		2020
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0	01342420%	0.	.01241520%	().02841440%	0	.02527150%
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	188,477	\$	234,968	\$	617,538	\$	635,525
School's covered payroll	\$	614,436	\$	491,629	\$	1,041,200	\$	968,956
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		30.67%		47.79%		59.31%		65.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		30.34%		24.08%		18.17%		15.57%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2019		2018	2017				
0	.02720940%	0	.01964670%	0.	01437401%			
\$	754,862	\$	527,266	\$	409,713			
\$	962,956	\$	617,600	\$	492,086			
	78.39%		85.37%		83.26%			
	13.57%		12.46%		11.49%			

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	0.01021450%	0.01309674%	0.02623841%	0.02728554%
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (264,487)	\$ (276,134)	\$ (461,140)	\$ (451,914)
School's covered payroll	\$ 1,304,050	\$ 1,390,693	\$ 3,139,436	\$ 3,176,436
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(20.28%)	(19.86%)	(14.69%)	(14.23%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/(asset)	230.73%	174.73%	182.10%	174.70%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2019	 2018		2017
0.02672077%	0.01873897%	0	0.01199208%
\$ (429,375)	\$ 731,125	\$	641,340
\$ 3,157,071	\$ 2,140,557	\$	1,276,429
(13.60%)	34.16%		50.24%
176.00%	47.10%		37.33%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,885	\$ 1,037	\$ 444	\$ 667
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (1,885)	 (1,037)	 (444)	 (667)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
School's covered payroll	\$ 590,300	\$ 614,436	\$ 491,629	\$ 1,041,200
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.32%	0.17%	0.09%	0.06%

Note: Information prior to 2015 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	2015		
\$ 4,947	\$ 4,815	\$ 171	\$ 52	\$	2,803	
 (4,947)	 (4,815)	 (171)	 (52)		(2,803)	
\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$		
\$ 968,956	\$ 962,956	\$ 617,600	\$ 492,086	\$	363,088	
0.51%	0.50%	0.03%	0.01%		0.77%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 	 	 	 -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School's covered payroll	\$ 1,521,507	\$ 1,304,050	\$ 1,390,693	\$ 3,139,436
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Information prior to 2015 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	6 2015		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
 -	 -	 -	 -		-	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$ -	\$		
\$ 3,176,436	\$ 3,157,071	\$ 2,140,557	\$ 1,276,429	\$	1,031,657	
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms :

- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2015.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2016.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2019, with the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, SERS changed from a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) of 2.5% to 2.0%.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2023.

Changes in assumptions :

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2015.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2016.
- ^D For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2018.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.

^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2023.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PENSION (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2015.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2016.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2022.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2023.

Changes in assumptions :

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2015.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2016.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- ^D For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the projected salary increases went from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms :

- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2018.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2019.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2022.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2023.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO (CONTINUED)

Changes in assumptions :

- ^a For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.
- For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.
- For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%, and (c) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.22% to 2.63%.
- ^D For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.
- ^a For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) municipal bond index rate went from 1.92% to 3.69%, (b) single equivalent interest rate when from 2.27% to 4.08% and (c) medical trend assumptions went from 5.125% to 4.40% Medicare and 6.75% to 4.40% Pre-Medicare to 7.00% to 4.40%.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms :

^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017.

- ^a For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.
- ^D For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.
- ^a For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.
- ^D For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2023.

Changes in assumptions :

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.
- ^a For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.
- ^D For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO (CONTINUED)

Changes in assumptions (continued):

- ^a For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (c) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical Medicare from -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- ^D For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) projected salary increase went from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to varies by services from 2.50% to 8.50% and (b) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: Pre-Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate to 7.50% initial 3.94% ultimate; medical Medicare from -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate to -68.78% initial 3.94% ultimate; prescription drug Pre-Medicare from 6.50% initial 3.94% ultimate; Medicare from 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate to -5.47% initial 3.94% ultimate.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce		
Child Nutrition Cluster:		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ 7,732
National School Lunch Program	10.555	29,596
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	10,568
Total National School Lunch Program		40,164
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		47,896
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		47,896
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY		
Passed Through Ohio Office of Budget and Management		
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	8,993
Total U.S. Department of Treasury		8,993
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION		
Direct Program		
COVID-19 Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009	135,772
Total Federal Communications Commission		135,772
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce		
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):		
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027A	168,964
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	223,928
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	15,598
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	25,643
Education Stabilization Fund:		
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	625,890
COVID-19 Emergency Relief - Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	2,195
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	758,782
Total Education Stabilization Fund		1,386,867
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,821,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Townsend Community School, Erie County, Ohio (the School) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The School has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar state grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with Ohio Department of Education and Workforce's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The School transferred the following amounts from 2023 to 2024 programs:

Program Title	<u>AL Number</u>	Amt.	Transferred
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	\$	655,001
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027A	\$	451,588
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	\$	30,356
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	\$	26,039
American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary			
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	\$	2,022,235
Emergency Relief - Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	\$	30,849



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Townsend Community School Erie County 207 Lowell Street Castalia, Ohio 44824-9332

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of Townsend Community School, Erie County, (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 14, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Townsend Community School Erie County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Schools's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 14, 2024



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Townsend Community School Erie County 207 Lowell Street Castalia, Ohio 44824-9332

To the Board of Directors:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited Townsend Community School, Erie County, Ohio's (the School) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Townsend Community School's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. Townsend Community School's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Townsend Community School complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Townsend Community School Erie County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The School's management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
 a test basis, evidence regarding the School's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the School's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Townsend Community School Erie County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 14, 2024

This page intentionally left blank.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (list):	Educational Stabilization Fund AL #84.425
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

This page intentionally left blank.



TOWNSEND COMMUNITY SCHOOL

ERIE COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/28/2024

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370