# GLOBAL AMBASSADORS LANGUAGE ACADEMY CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



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Board of Directors Global Ambassadors Language Academy 13442 Lorain Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44111

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Global Ambassadors Language Academy, Cuyahoga County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Global Ambassadors Language Academy is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 15, 2024

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## GLOBAL AMBASSADORS LANGUAGE ACADEMY CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Directors Global Ambassadors Language Academy Cuyahoga County 13442 Lorain Avenue Cleveland, OH 44111

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Global Ambassadors Language Academy (the "School"), Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Global Ambassadors Language Academy, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and pension and other post-employment benefit schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 7, 2024 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kea & Cassociates, Inc.

Rea & Associates, Inc. Cleveland, Ohio February 7, 2024 This page intentionally left blank.

The management's discussion and analysis of the Global Ambassadors Language Academy (the "School") financial performance provides an overall review of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review our notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements themselves to enhance their understanding of the School's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented, and is presented in the MD&A.

## **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for the School are as follows:

- The School's net position increased \$116,942 during the fiscal year.
- Total assets increased \$405,657 from the prior year.
- Total liabilities increased \$1,163,562 during this same 12-month period.

#### Using this Annual Financial Report

This financial report contains the management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and notes to the required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. As the School reports its operations using enterprise fund accounting, all financial transactions and accounts are reported as one activity, therefore the entity wide and the fund presentations information is the same.

#### Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position answers the question, "How did we do financially during the fiscal year?" This statement includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term, using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

This statement reports the School's net position; however, in evaluating the overall position and financial viability of the School, non-financial information such as the condition of the School's property and potential changes in the laws governing charter schools in the State of Ohio will also need to be evaluated.

#### **Financial Analysis**

Table 1 provides a summary of the School's net position at June 30, 2023 and 2022.

# (Table 1) Statement of Net Position

	2023	2022	Change	
Assets				
Current Assets	\$ 1,037,639	\$ 612,548	\$ 425,091	
Net OPEB Asset	255,651	181,935	73,716	
Capital Assets	959,898	1,053,048	(93,150)	
Total Assets	2,253,188	1,847,531	405,657	
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	1,386,576	1,281,951	104,625	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	982,279	629,025	353,254	
Long Term Liabilities	2,689,969	1,879,661	810,308	
Total Liabilities	3,672,248	2,508,686	1,163,562	
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	579,492	1,349,714	(770,222)	
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	459,898	214,145	245,753	
Restricted for Other Purposes	101,001	-	101,001	
Unrestricted	(1,172,875)	(943,063)	(229,812)	
Total Net Position	\$ (611,976)	\$ (728,918)	\$ 116,942	

Current assets increased primarily due to the increase in cash and cash equivalents and grants receivable. Capital assets decreased primarily due to depreciation and amortization exceeding additions. Current liabilities increased from the current portion of a loan payable related to the building used for the School's operations.

The net pension and net OPEB liabilities, net OPEB asset, and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB all fluctuated significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal yearend. These fluctuations are primarily the result of changes in benefit terms, changes in actuarial assumptions, and greater than expected returns on pension plan investments. This is the primary cause of the increase in long term liabilities.

## Global Ambassadors Language Academy Cuyahoga County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Table 2 provides a summary of the School's change in net position for fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

## (Table 2) Change in Net Position

	2023	2022	Change
Operating Revenue Non-Operating Revenue	\$ 2,449,169 1,924,995	\$ 2,287,229 1,513,855	\$ 161,940 411,140
Total Revenue	4,374,164	3,801,084	573,080
Operating Expenses Non-Operating Expenses Total Expenses	4,253,632 3,590 4,257,222	3,744,359 10,915 3,755,274	509,273 (7,325) 501,948
Change in Net Position	\$ 116,942	\$ 45,810	\$ 71,132

The collective increases in revenue and operating expenses are the result of increased foundation funding and costs related to educating more students compared to prior year.

#### **Capital Assets**

The School is no longer leasing a building that was used for its operations. Detailed information regarding capital asset activity is included in the Note 5 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### Debt

As of the fiscal year-end, the School's long-term obligations increased due to pension/OPEB fluctuations previously discussed. For more information on debt, see Note 12 to the basic financial statements.

#### **Contacting the School's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the Global Ambassadors Language Academy and to show the School's accountability for the monies it receives to all vested and interested parties, as well as meeting the annual reporting requirements of the State of Ohio. Any questions about the information contained within this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Fiscal Officer at 3320 West Market Street, Suite 300, Fairlawn, Ohio 44333.

#### Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

#### ASSETS

Cash & Cash Equivalents\$ 764,297Grant Funding Receivable33,297Intergovernmental Receivable30,180Prepaid Items9,865Total Current Assets9,865Net OPEB Asset255,651Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized700,965Capital Assets Reing Depreciated/Amortized, net228,933Total Noncurrent Assets1,215,549Total Assets2,253,188DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES1386,576Pension1,200,031OPEB186,545Total Deferred Outflows of Resources13,386,576LIABILITTES250,000Current Liabilities49,361Accounts Payable49,361Accounts Payable500,000Uncarned Revenue250,000Total Current Liabilities2,585,481Net OPEB Liabilities2,585,481Net OPEB Liabilities2,689,969Total Labilities2,689,969Total Labilities2,628,9469Total Labilities3,672,248DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES232,161Pension232,161OPEB347,331Total Deferred Inflows of Resources579,492NET POSITION232,161OPEB347,331Net Investment in Capital Assets459,898Restricted for Other Purposes101,001Unrestricted(1,172,875)Total Net Position\$ 6(11976)	Current Assets		
Grant Funding Receivable     233,297       Intergovernmental Receivable     30,180       Prepaid Items     9,865       Total Current Assets     1,037,639       Noncurrent Assets     255,651       Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized     700,965       Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized, net     258,933       Total Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized, net     228,933       Total Assets     2,253,188       DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES     1,200,031       Pension     1,200,031       OPEB     186,576       LIABILITIES     1,386,576       LIABILITIES     250,000       Current Liabilities     49,361       Accored Wages     182,918       Loan Payable     500,000       Uncarrent Current Liabilities     982,279       Long Term Liabilities     2,689,969       Total Long Term Liabilities     3,672,248       DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES     22,161       OPEB     347,331       Total Deferred Inflows of Resources     579,492       Net Depsion Liabilities     3,672,248       DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES     22,161       OPEB     347,331       Total Liabilities     3,672,248       DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES     579,492       Net Ino		\$	764 297
Intergovernmental Receivable     30,180       Prepaid Items     9,865       Total Current Assets     1,037,639       Net OPEB Asset     255,651       Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized     700,965       Capital Assets     2258,933       Total Noncurrent Assets     1,215,549       Total Assets     2,253,188       DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES     1,200,031       Pension     1,200,031       OPEB     186,545       Total Deferred Outflows of Resources     1,386,576       LIABILITIES     2       Current Liabilities     49,361       Accounts Payable     49,361       Accounts Payable     49,361       Loan Payable     250,000       Unearned Revenue     250,000       Total Liabilities     2,689,969       Total Liabilities     3,672,248       PEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES     2,689,969       Total Liabilities     3,672,248       DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES     2,689,969       Total Liabilities     3,672,248       DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES     2,689,969       Pension     2,22,161       OPEB     347,331       Total Liabilities     3,672,248       DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES     579,492       Pension	•	ψ	
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Total Current Assets     1,037,639       Noncurrent Assets     255,651       Net OPEB Asset     255,651       Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized, net     258,933       Total Noncurrent Assets     1,215,549       Total Assets     2,253,188       DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES     1,200,031       Pension     1,200,031       OPEB     186,545       Total Deferred Outflows of Resources     1,386,576       LIABILITIES     1       Current Liabilities     49,361       Accounts Payable     49,361       Loan Payable     500,000       Total Current Liabilities     2,585,481       Net OPEB Liabilities     2,689,969       Total Liabilities     3,672,248       DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES     232,161       Pension     232,161       OPEB     347,331       Total Liabilities     3,672,248       DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES     579,492       Pension     232,161       OPEB     347,331       Total Liabilities     3,672,248       DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES     579,492       Net Investment in Capital Assets     459,898       Restricted for Other Purposes     101,001       Unrestricted     (1,172,875)			
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Restricted for Other Purposes101,001Unrestricted(1,172,875)			
Unrestricted (1,172,875)			
	*		
<b>Total Net Position</b> \$ (611,976)			<u>`</u>
	Total Net Position	\$	(611,976)

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **OPERATING REVENUES**

Foundation Payments Casino Tax Other	\$ 2,394,847 18,578 35,744
Total Operating Revenues	 2,449,169
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries Fringe Benefits Purchased Services Supplies and Materials Depreciation and Amortization Other	1,957,661 959,744 826,380 145,112 222,987 141,748
Total Operating Expenses	 4,253,632
Operating Income (Loss)	 (1,804,463)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)	
Federal and State Grants Local Grants and Donations Interest Expense	 1,804,294 120,701 (3,590)
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	 1,921,405
Change in Net Position	116,942
Net Position Beginning of Year	 (728,918)
Net Position End of Year	\$ (611,976)

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash Received From State Aid	\$ 2,413,425
Cash Received Other Operating Sources	35,744
Cash Payments for Wages and Benefits	(2,527,526)
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(1,193,489)
Other Cash Payments	 (140,123)
Net Cash Used For Operating Activities	(1,411,969)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Payments for Capital Acquisitions	(116,554)
Cash Payments for Principal	(215,518)
Cash Payments for Interest	 (4,238)
Net Cash Used For Capital Financing Activities	 (336,310)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Cash Received From Federal and State Grants	1,887,199
Cash Received from Local Grants and Donations	120,701
	 120,701
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	 2,007,900
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	259,621
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	 504,676
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 764,297
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (1,804,463)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Depreciation/Amortization	222,987
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows:	
Prepaids	1,625
Deferred Outflows of Resources	(104,625)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(770,222)
Net OPEB Asset	(73,716)
Net Pension/OPEB Liability	1,310,308
Accounts Payable	(221,997)
Intergovernmental Payable	(7,964)
Accrued Wages and Benefits	 36,098
Total Adjustments	 392,494
Net Cash Used For Operating Activities	

## NON-CASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The School purchased capital assets on account for \$13,283 during fiscal year 2023.

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

## NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL AND REPORTING ENTITY

Global Ambassadors Language Academy (the School) is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Chapters 3314 and 1702 to address the language immersion needs of students in grades kindergarten through second grade. The School, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any school district and is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations. The School may sue and be sued, acquire facilities as needed, and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the School. The School qualifies as an exempt organization under Section 501c (3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Management is not aware of any course of action or series of events that have occurred that might adversely affect the school's tax exempt status.

The Ohio Council of Community Schools is the School's sponsor. The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the School and has the authority to deny renewal of the contract at its expiration or terminate the contract prior to its expiration. The School operates under the direction of a nine-member Board of Directors. The Board of Directors is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract, which include, but are not limited to, state-mandated standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers. The Board of Directors controls the School's one instructional/support facility.

## NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental nonprofit organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The School's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net position, financial position and cash flows.

#### Measurement Focus

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. The School's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each part gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School on a reimbursement basis.

Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

#### **Budgetary Process**

Community schools are statutorily required to adopt a budget by Ohio Revised Code 3314.032(C). However, unlike traditional public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow the specific budgetary process and limits set forth in the Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the contract between the School and its Sponsor. The contract between the School and its Sponsor does not require the School to follow the provisions Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705; therefore, no budgetary information is presented in the basic financial statements.

## Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The School maintains a capitalization threshold of \$500 dollars. The School does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land Improvements	10 years
Leasehold Improvements	5-10 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 years
Computer Equipment	3 years

The School was reporting intangible right to use assets related to leased buildings. These intangible assets were being amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

All monies received by the School are maintained in a demand deposit account.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond fiscal year-end are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense is reported in the year which services are consumed.

## **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statement of net position for pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). These deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are explained in Note 7 and Note 8.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. This deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Note 7 and Note 8.

## Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments. There was no net position restricted for enabling legislation at fiscal year-end. The School applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activities. For the School, these revenues are primarily foundation and related payments from the State. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the School. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

## Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the School has implemented GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, GASB Statement No. 93, paragraphs 13 and 14, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Available Payment Arrangements, GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, and certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

GASB Statement No. 93, paragraphs 13 and 14, provide an exception to the lease modifications guidance in GASB Statement No. 87, as amended, for certain lease contracts that are amended solely to replace an IBOR as the rate upon which variable payments depend. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 paragraphs 13 and 14, did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

GASB Statement No. 94 improves financial reporting by establishing the definitions of public-private and public-public partnership arrangements and availability payment arrangements as well as provides uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet the definitions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

GASB Statement No. 96 improves financial reporting by establishing a definition for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. The statement also enhances the relevance and reliability of the financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and discloses essential information about the arrangement. The note disclosures also allow the users to understand the scale and important aspects of the SBITA activities and evaluate the obligations and assets resulting from the SBITAs. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 96 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

GASB Statement No. 99 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 99 that relate to extension of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, and pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School.

## NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS

At fiscal year-end, the School's bank balance was \$729,180, of which \$479,180 was uninsured and uncollateralized. The School has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirement of state statute.

#### **NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consisted of grant and intergovernmental receivables. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

#### NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Ba	alance					I	Balance
	June	30, 2022	22 Additions		Deletions		Deletions June 30	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized:								
Land	\$	190,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	190,000
Construction In Progress		381,128	129	,837		-		510,965
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized:		571,128	129	,837		-		700,965
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized:								
Land Improvements		46,527		-		-		46,527
Building and Improvements		205,000		-		-		205,000
Leasehold Improvements		59,330		-		-		59,330
Furniture and Equipment		22,789		-		-		22,789
Computer Equipment		35,366		-	-			35,366
Leased Asset - Building (intangible)		404,997		-	(404,997)			-
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized:		774,009		-	(40	4,997)		369,012
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization:								
Land Improvements		(8,375)	(1	.861)		-		(10, 236)
Building and Improvements		(4,234)	(5	,256)		-		(9,490)
Leasehold Improvements		(28,222)	· ·	,750)		-		(33,972)
Furniture and Equipment		(17,463)		,551)		-		(21,014)
Computer Equipment		(31,296)	(4	.071)		-		(35,367)
Leased Asset - Building (intangible)		202,499)	(202	.,498)	40	4,997		-
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization:		292,089)	· · · · ·	.,987)	-	4,997		(110,079)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net		481,920	(222	2,987)		-		258,933
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,	053,048	\$ (93	,150)	\$	-	\$	959,898

#### **NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### **Property and Liability Insurance**

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year, the School contracted for commercial property liability, employee dishonesty liability, school leader's legal liability, cyber liability, general umbrella liability, and general liability. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

## Worker's Compensation

The School pays the State Worker's Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage. The premium is calculated by multiplying the annual total gross payroll by a factor that is calculated by the State.

## NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

## Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)*. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *accounts payable*.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 8 for the required OPEB disclosures.

## Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, may be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 2.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2023.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2023, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$43,708 for fiscal year 2023.

## Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a costsharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective August 1, 2017 – July 1, 2019, any member could retire with reduced benefits who had (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 27 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit regardless of age. Effective credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit and age 60; (2) and the provide the phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be

disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$219,512 for fiscal year 2023.

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS STRS			_	Total	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:						
Current Measurement Date		0.0072225%		0.00987323%		
Prior Measurement Date		0.0050587%		0.00862851%		
Change in Proportionate Share	0.0021638%			0.00124472%		
Proportionate Share of the Net						
Pension Liability	\$	390,649	\$	2,194,832	\$	2,585,481
Pension Expense	\$	77,040	\$	566,835	\$	643,875

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in pension expense beginning in the current period, using a straight line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five year period.

At June 30, 2023, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	15,822	\$ 28,097	\$	43,919
Net Difference between Projected and					
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-	76,374		76,374
Changes of Assumptions		3,855	262,655		266,510
Changes in Proportion and Differences between					
School Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions		83,304	466,704		550,008
School Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		43,708	219,512		263,220
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	146,689	\$ 1,053,342	\$	1,200,031
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	2,564	\$ 8,395	\$	10,959
Net Difference between Projected and					
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		13,632	-		13,632
Changes of Assumptions		-	197,704		197,704
Changes in Proportion and Differences between					
School Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions			 9,866		9,866
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	\$	16,196	\$ 215,965	\$	232,161

\$263,220 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS	 STRS	 Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2024	\$ 44,986	\$ 238,072	\$ 283,058
2025	38,620	161,214	199,834
2026	(19,475)	(4,011)	(23,486)
2027	 22,654	 222,590	 245,244
Total	\$ 86,785	\$ 617,865	\$ 704,650

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.00 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future
	retirees will be delayed for three years following
	commencement

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

**Cuyahoga County, Ohio** Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability for 2022 was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
School's Proportionate Share							
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	575,017	\$	390,649	\$	235,322	

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

2.50 percent
Varies by service from 2.50 percent to 8.50 percent
Varies by age from 2.50 percent to 12.50 percent
3.00 percent
7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
7.00 percent
0.00 percent effective July 1, 2017

For 2022, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality

improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For 2021, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation, were based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study, which is for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

\*Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

\*\*10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate**. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* The following table presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

		Current					
	19	6 Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase		
School's Proportionate Share							
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	3,315,591	\$	2,194,832	\$	1,247,016	

*Changes between the Measurement Date and the Reporting Date* The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00 percent for the June 30, 2022 valuation. Demographic assumptions were changed based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

## NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 7 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

## Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981 do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the

Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2023, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2023, the School's surcharge obligation was \$6,048, which is reported as an accounts payable. The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School's contractually required contribution to SERS was equal to its surcharge obligation for fiscal year 2023.

## Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

#### **OPEB** Liability (Asset), **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	 SERS	 STRS	 Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):			
Current Measurement Date	0.0074421%	0.00987323%	
Prior Measurement Date	 0.0047436%	 0.00862851%	
Change in Proportionate Share	 0.0026985%	 0.00124472%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 104,488	\$ (255,651)	
OPEB Expense	\$ 2,714	\$ (15,576)	\$ (12,862)

#### Global Ambassadors Language Academy Cuyahoga County, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in OPEB expense beginning in the current period, using a straight-line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five-year period.

At June 30, 2023, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS STRS		Total		
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	878	\$ 3,707	\$	4,585
Net Difference between Projected and					
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		545	4,450		4,995
Changes of Assumptions		16,622	10,890		27,512
Changes in Proportion and Differences between					
School Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions		96,427	46,978		143,405
School Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		6,048	 -		6,048
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	120,520	\$ 66,025	\$	186,545
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	66,839	\$ 38,390	\$	105,229
Changes of Assumptions		42,891	181,279		224,170
Changes in Proportion and Differences between					
School Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions		16,926	 1,006		17,932
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	\$	126,656	\$ 220,675	\$	347,331

\$6,048 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction/addition to the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

**Cuyahoga County, Ohio** Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	SERS		 STRS		Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2024	\$	(11,157)	\$ (28,131)	\$	(39,288)
2025		(5,896)	(43,904)		(49,800)
2026		(2,199)	(26,069)		(28,268)
2027		(745)	(10,921)		(11,666)
2028		780	(15,082)		(14,302)
Thereafter		7,033	 (30,543)		(23,510)
Total	\$	(12,184)	\$ (154,650)	\$	(166,834)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

## **Global Ambassadors Language Academy Cuyahoga County, Ohio** Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Fiduciary Net Position Depletion	Projected to be 2044
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Measurement Date	3.69 percent
Prior Measurement Date	1.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	
Measurement Date	4.08 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation
Prior Measurement Date	2.27 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Medicare	5.125 percent - 4.40 percent
Pre-Medicare	6.750 percent - 4.40 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	7.00 percent - 4.40 percent

Mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

#### Global Ambassadors Language Academy Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022, was 4.08 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2022 was 2.27 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the plan at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2022 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.69 percent at June 30, 2022 and 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability and what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.08 percent) and higher (5.08 percent) than the current discount rate (4.08 percent). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00 percent decreasing to 3.40 percent) and higher (8.00 percent decreasing to 5.40 percent) than the current rate (7.00 percent decreasing to 4.40 percent).

	Current							
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase			
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	129,775	\$	104,488	\$	84,074		
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase			
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	80,579	\$	104,488	\$	135,717		

### Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent	Varies by age from 2.5 percent to 12.50 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent	7.00 percent
Health Care Cost Trends		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	7.50 percent initial	5.00 percent initial
	3.94 percent ultimate	4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-68.78 percent initial	-16.18 percent initial
	3.94 percent ultimate	4 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	9.00 percent initial	6.50 percent initial
	3.94 percent ultimate	4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-5.47 percent initial	29.98 percent initial
	3.94 percent ultimate	4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For 2022, healthy retirees post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For 2021, healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

#### **Global Ambassadors Language Academy Cuyahoga County, Ohio** Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

\*Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

\*\*10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current     1% Decrease   Discount Rate   1% Increase								
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	\$	(236,342)	\$	(255,651)	\$	(272,190)			
	1%	Decrease		Current rend Rate	19	% Increase			
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)	\$	(265,172)	\$	(255,651)	\$	(243,633)			

### **NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

*Insurance Benefits* - The School has purchased insurance from Medical Mutual and Aetna Life Insurance Company to provide employee medical, dental, life, and vision.

# NOTE 10 – PURCHASED SERVICES

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, purchased service expenses for services rendered by various vendors were as follows:

Instruction Services	\$ 123,651
Other Professional and Technical Services	405,086
Repairs and Maintenance	25,441
Legal Services	19,870
Utilities	63,583
Sponsor Fee	71,845
Contracted Food Services	116,904
Total	\$ 826,380

#### **NOTE 11 - SPONSORSHIP FEES**

Under Paragraph D(4) of the Sponsor contract with OCCS, it states that the School "...shall pay to the Sponsor, the amount of three percent of all State funds received each year, in consideration for the time, organization, oversight, fees and costs of the Sponsor pursuant to this contract." Such fees are paid to OCCS monthly.

#### NOTE 12 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the fiscal year, the following activity occurred in long-term liabilities:

	]	Balance					Ba	alance	Am	ount Due
	Jun	e 30, 2022	Add	itions	D	eductions	June	30, 2023	0	ne Year
Lease Payable	\$	215,518	\$	-	\$	(215,518)	\$	-	\$	-
Direct Borrowing:										
Loan Payable		500,000		-		-		500,000		500,000
Net Pension/OPEB Liability:										
Pension		1,289,884	1,29	95,597		-	2,	585,481		-
OPEB		89,777	1	14,711		-		104,488		-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	2,095,179	\$1,31	0,308	\$	(215,518)	\$3,	189,969	\$	500,000

#### Lease Payable

The School had outstanding agreements to lease building space. The future lease payments were discounted based on the interest rate implicit in the lease or using the School's incremental borrowing rate. This discount was amortized over the life of the lease. The lease expired during fiscal year 2023.

# Loan Payable

In September 2021, the School issued a mortgage loan for the purchase of a building from Cleveland Municipal School District to be used for future instruction of its students.

Loan Payable								
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Principal							
2024	\$	500,000	\$	7,500				

# **NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### Grants

The School received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. The effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School at June 30, 2023, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time. However, in the opinion of the School, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the School at fiscal year-end.

# Litigation

The School is not involved in any litigation that, in the opinion of management, would have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On July 21, 2023, the School entered into a lease agreement for building space in Cleveland, Ohio. The initial term of the lease shall be 3 years ending in the fiscal year 2026, with the option two additional terms of 1 year each. Payments to the lessor shall be paid monthly with the payments increasing each year.

Cuyahoga County, Ohio

#### Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)		2023		2022		2021		2020
School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.	.0072225%	0	.0050587%	0	0.0049015%	(	).0040016%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	390,649	\$	186,651	\$	324,196	\$	239,423
School's Covered Payroll	\$	277,264	\$	174,614	\$	171,836	\$	137,281
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		140.89%		106.89%		188.67%		174.40%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.82%		82.86%		68.55%		70.85%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)								
School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0	00987323%	0.0	0862851%	0.0	00869772%	0.	00594909%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	2,194,832	\$	1,103,233	\$	2,104,539	\$	1,315,606
School's Covered Payroll	\$	1,283,564	\$	1,064,700	\$	1,049,679	\$	741,314
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		171.00%		103.62%		200.49%		177.47%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		78.90%		87.80%		75.50%		77.40%

(1) Information prior to 2018 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

	2019		2018
C	0.0028538%	0	.0047609%
\$	163,442	\$	284,453
\$	90,265	\$	162,001
	181.07%		175.59%
	71.36%		69.50%

0.0	0429996%	0.0	00218155%
\$	945,465	\$	518,232
\$	499,957	\$	260,130
	189.11%		199.22%
	77.30%		75.30%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Cuyahoga County, Ohio

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Contributions - Pension

Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 43,708	\$ 38,817	\$ 24,446	\$ 24,057
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (43,708)	 (38,817)	 (24,446)	 (24,057)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 312,200	\$ 277,264	\$ 174,614	\$ 171,836
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 219,512	\$ 179,699	\$ 149,058	\$ 146,955
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (219,512)	 (179,699)	 (149,058)	 (146,955)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,567,943	\$ 1,283,564	\$ 1,064,700	\$ 1,049,679
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

 2019	 2018	 2017
\$ 18,533	\$ 12,186	\$ 22,680
 (18,533)	 (12,186)	 (22,680)
\$ 	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 137,281	\$ 90,265	\$ 162,001
13.50%	13.50%	14.00%
\$ 103,784	\$ 69,994	\$ 36,418
 (103,784)	 (69,994)	 (36,418)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
\$ 741,312	\$ 499,957	\$ 260,130
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

# Global Ambassadors Language Academy Cuyahoga County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)		2023		2022		2021	 2020
School's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability		0.0074421%		0.0047440%		0.0049230%	0.0036280%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	104,488	\$	89,777	\$	106,986	\$ 91,244
School's Covered Payroll	\$	277,264	\$	174,614	\$	171,836	\$ 137,281
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		37.69% 30.34%		51.41% 24.08%		62.26% 18.17%	66.46% 15.57%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)							
School's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	C	).00987323%	(	0.00862900%	(	0.00869800%	0.00594900%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(255,651)	\$	(181,935)	\$	(152,867)	\$ (98,530)
School's Covered Payroll	\$	1,283,564	\$	1,064,700	\$	1,049,679	\$ 741,314
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		-19.92%		-17.09%		-14.56%	-13.29%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		230.73%		174.73%		182.10%	174.70%

(1) Information prior to 2018 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

 2019	 2018
0.0025812%	0.0044562%
\$ 71,609	\$ 119,593
\$ 90,265	\$ 162,001
79.33%	73.82%
13.57%	12.46%

0	.00429996%	0	.00218155%
\$	(69,096)	\$	85,116
\$	499,957	\$	260,130
	12 820/		22 720/
	-13.82%		32.72%
	176.00%		47.10%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School's Contributions - OPEB Last Seven Fiscal Years (2)

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	 2023	 2022	 2021	·	2020
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$ 6,048	\$ 5,152	\$ 865	\$	2,389
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(6,048)	(5,152)	(865)		(2,389)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 312,200	\$ 277,264	\$ 174,614	\$	171,836
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)	1.94%	1.86%	0.50%		1.39%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)					
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 	 	 		
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$	
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,567,943	\$ 1,283,564	\$ 1,064,700	\$	1,049,679
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%

(1) Includes surcharge

(2) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

 2019	 2018	 2017
\$ 686	\$ 451	\$ 694
 (686)	 (451)	 (694)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 
\$ 137,281	\$ 90,265	\$ 162,001
0.50%	0.50%	0.43%
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-
\$ -	\$ -	\$ _
\$ 741,312	\$ 499,957	\$ 260,130
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

# NOTE 1 - NET PENSION LIABILITY

There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms for the fiscal years reported unless otherwise stated below:

# Changes in Assumptions - SERS

For fiscal year 2022, the SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00 percent to 2.40 percent
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.50 percent to 1.75 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.50 percent to 0.85 percent
- Discount rate was reduced from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated.

For fiscal year 2017, the SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.50 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75 percent to 0.50 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

# **Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS**

For fiscal year 2022, cost-of-living adjustments were increased from 2.00 percent to 2.50 percent.

For fiscal year 2021, cost-of-living adjustments were reduced from 2.50 percent to 2.00 percent.

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.50 percent with a floor of zero percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

# Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board approved several changes to the actuarial assumptions. The salary increases were where changed from 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65 to varying by service from 2.50 percent to 8.50 percent. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the Pub-2010 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2020.

For fiscal year 2021, the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent.

For fiscal year 2018, the Retirement Board approved several changes to the actuarial assumptions in 2017. The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent, the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent, the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00 percent, and total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25 percent due to lower inflation. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

# **Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS**

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to zero.

# NOTE 2 - NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

#### **Changes in Assumptions – SERS**

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal year 2023	3.69 percent
Fiscal year 2022	1.92 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

× 1
4.08 percent
2.27 percent
2.63 percent
3.22 percent
3.70 percent
3.63 percent
2.98 percent

Pre-Medicare Trend Assumption

Fiscal year 2023 Fiscal year 2022 Fiscal year 2021 Fiscal year 2020 Fiscal year 2019 Fiscal year 2018	6.75 percent initially, decreasing to 4.40 percent 6.75 percent initially, decreasing to 4.40 percent 7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent 7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent 7.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent 7.50 percent initially, decreasing to 4.00 percent
Medicare Trend Assumption	
Fiscal year 2023	7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.40 percent
Fiscal year 2022	5.125 percent initially, decreasing to 4.40 percent
Fiscal year 2021	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2020	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	5.375 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	5.50 percent initially, decreasing to 5.00 percent

# **Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS**

There have been no changes to the benefit provisions.

#### Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2022, the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RPub-2010 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2020. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

For fiscal year 2022, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Projected salary increases from 3.25 to 10.75 percent, including wage inflation to varying by service from 2.50 to 8.50 percent
- Medicare medical health care cost trends from -16.18 percent initial to -68.78 percent initial and 4.00 percent ultimate to 3.94 percent ultimate
- Medicare prescription drug health care cost trends from 29.98 percent initial to -5.47 percent initial and 4.00 percent ultimate to 3.94 percent ultimate

For fiscal year 2021, valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent initially for fiscal year 2020 and changed for fiscal year 2021 to a range of -6.69 percent to 11.87 percent, initially.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from 6.00 percent to 11 percent initially and a 4.50 percent ultimate rate for fiscal year 2018 and changed for fiscal year 2019 to a range of -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent, initially and a 4.00 ultimate rate.

For fiscal year 2018, the blended discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees

and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

### Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS

For fiscal year 2021, there were no changes to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to .1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. This was subsequently extended, see above paragraph.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Global Ambassadors Language Academy Cuyahoga County 13442 Lorain Avenue Cleveland, OH 44111

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the Global Ambassadors Language Academy, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the "School") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 7, 2024.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Global Ambassadors Language Academy Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2 of 2

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kea & Associates, Inc.

Rea & Associates, Inc. Cleveland, Ohio February 7, 2024



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors Global Ambassadors Language Academy Cuyahoga County, Ohio 13442 Lorain Avenue Cleveland, OH 44111

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Global Ambassadors Language Academy's (the "School"), Cuyahoga County, Ohio, compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the School complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School's federal programs.

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2 of 3

### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the School's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3 of 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kea & associates, Inc.

Rea & Associates, Inc. Cleveland, Ohio February 7, 2024

# GLOBAL AMBASSADORS LANGUAGE ACADEMY CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing #	Grant Year	Expenditures	Total Provided to Subrecipients
U. S. Department of Education	0		1	<b>i</b>
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Title I	84.010A	2022/2023	\$ 138,757	\$-
Special Education Cluster:	04.007.4	2022/2022	20.262	
IDEA Part B IDEA Part B ECSE	84.027A 84.173A	2022/2023 2023	38,362 940	-
Total Special Education Cluster	04.1/JA	2023	39,302	-
Education Stabilization Fund				
COVID-19: Educations Stabilization Fund (ESSER II)	84.425D	2022/2023	56,239	-
COVID-19: Educations Stabilization Fund (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	2023	900,034	
Total Education Stabilization Fund			956,273	-
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Achievement	84.424A	2022/2023	13,245	-
21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287A	2023	88,801	-
Public Charter Schools Program	84.282A	2022/2023	230,780	-
Title III Language Instruction for English Learners	84.365A	2023	8,707	-
Title II-A Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367A	2023	13,732	-
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,489,597	-
U. S. Department of Treasury				
Passed Through Ohio Facilities Construction Commission:				
COVID-19: SLFRF - K1-2 School Safety Grant	21.027	2023	2,550	-
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			2,550	-
U. S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: Cash Assistance:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2022/2023	12,626	-
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2022/2023	54,143	-
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	2022/2023	36,175	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			102,944	-
COVID-19: State P-EBT Grants	10.649	2022/2023	1,242	-
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			104,186	-
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 1,596,333	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

# GLOBAL AMBASSADORS LANGUAGE ACADEMY CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(B)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

# **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Global Ambassadors Language Academy, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the School) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School.

# NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The School has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### NOTE C - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State Grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School assumes it expends federal monies first.

### GLOBAL AMBASSADORS LANGUAGE ACADEMY CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS 2 CFR §200.515 JUNE 30, 2023

(d) (1) (i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	None Reported
(d) (1) (iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	None Reported
(d) (1) (v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d) (1) (vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d) (1) (vii)	Major Programs (list):	
	Education Stabilization Fund: COVID-19 – ESSER II /COVID-19 – ARP ESSER	AL # 84.425D/84.425U
(d) (1) (viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: All others
(d) (1) (ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	Yes

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

#### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None were noted.

# 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None were noted.

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# GLOBAL AMBASSADORS LANGUAGE ACADEMY

# CUYAHOGA COUNTY

# AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/28/2024

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370