



CONNEAUT AREA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Prepared by Management:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual ESSER Fund	20
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	21
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (SERS)	
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (STRS)	
Schedule of School District Pension Contributions (SERS)	60
Schedule of School District Pension Contributions (STRS)	
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (SERS)	64

CONNEAUT AREA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

TITLE

PAGE

Prepared	by	Management:

Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (STRS)	65
Schedule of School District OPEB Contributions (SERS)	
Schedule of School District OPEB Contributions (STRS)	
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	70
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	79
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	80
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	
Schedule of Findings	



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County 230 Gateway Avenue, Suite B Conneaut, Ohio 44030

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Conneaut Area City School District, Ashtabula County, Ohio (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Conneaut Area City School District, Ashtabula County, Ohio as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 22, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 22, 2024

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Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Conneaut Area City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2023 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased \$895,276 from fiscal year 2022, due to increases in intergovernmental receivables related to grants coupled with decreases in the net OPEB liability and also a reduction of outstanding bonds and notes. The effects of GASB 68 and 75 distort the comparative analysis to follow in this MD&A due to the significant reduction to total expenses on a full accrual basis.
- The general fund and the ESSER special revenue fund are the only funds reported as major.
- During fiscal year 2023, the District paid down outstanding debt obligations by \$530,000 and leases by \$32,444.
- The District actively pursues grants and controls expenses while still maintaining the high academic standards the residents expect of the District.
- The District's net pension liability increased to \$18,449,085 from \$10,550,206 and the OPEB liability decreased to \$972,694, from \$1,389,681, a combined net increase of \$7,481,892. For more information on this liability see Notes 12 and 13 to the basic financial statements.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and ESSER special revenue fund are the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 Unaudited

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2023?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and willingness of the community to support the District.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the District's activities are classified as governmental. All of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and ESSER special revenue fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year- end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 Unaudited

The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2023 compared to June 30, 2022.

Net Position (Table 1) - Governmental Activities

			Increase
	2023	2022	(Decrease)
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$20,430,355	\$19,691,868	\$738,487
Capital Assets, Net	23,465,788	25,023,353	(1,557,565)
Total Assets	43,896,143	44,715,221	(819,078)
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	5,129,720	4,127,914	1,001,806
OPEB	415,785	492,123	(76,338)
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,545,505	4,620,037	925,468
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	2,471,968	2,655,816	(183,848)
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due within One Year	669,059	665,852	3,207
Due in More than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	18,449,085	10,550,206	7,898,879
Net OPEB Liability	972,694	1,389,681	(416,987)
Other Amounts	1,550,563	2,134,953	(584,390)
Total Liabilities	24,113,369	17,396,508	6,716,861
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	4,610,516	5,310,260	(699,744)
Pension	2,229,958	9,280,799	(7,050,841)
OPEB	2,732,290	2,487,452	244,838
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,572,764	17,078,511	(7,505,747)
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	22,624,718	23,619,839	(995,121)
Restricted	5,114,750	5,339,646	(224,896)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(11,983,953)	(14,099,246)	2,115,293
Total Net Position	\$15,755,515	\$14,860,239	\$895,276

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2023 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68. The School District also adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting the net OPEB asset, and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 Unaudited

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a District's financial position. At June 30, 2023, the District's net position was \$15,755,515, an increase of \$895,276 from the prior fiscal year. The overall increase in net position is due to decreases in the net pension and net OPEB liability.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives further details regarding the results of activities for fiscal year 2023 and 2022.

Change in Net Position						
	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)			
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$788,523	\$760,222	\$28,301			
Operating Grants and Contributions	5,169,741	4,971,422	198,319			
Capital Grants and Contributions	40,560	56,475	(15,915)			
Total Program Revenues	5,998,824	5,788,119	210,705			
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	5,893,657	6,041,578	(147,921)			
Intergovernmental	12,707,603	12,567,213	140,390			
Investment Earnings	420,847	27,966	392,881			
Miscellaneous	74,841	104,122	(29,281)			
Total General Revenues	19,096,948	18,740,879	356,069			
Total Revenues	\$25,095,772	\$24,528,998	\$566,774			
Program Expenses						
Current:						
Instruction	14,990,845	12,589,387	2,401,458			
Support Services	8,053,025	7,382,680	670,345			
Operation of Non-Instructional/Food Services	604,057	667,424	(63,367)			
Extracurricular Activities	528,825	503,229	25,596			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	23,744	28,637	(4,893)			
Total Program Expenses	24,200,496	21,171,357	3,029,139			
Change in Net Position	895,276	3,357,641	(2,462,365)			
Net Position Beginning of Year	14,860,239	11,502,598	3,357,641			
Net Position End of Year	\$15,755,515	\$14,860,239	\$895,276			

Table 2 Change in Net Position

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a voted levy does not increase solely as a result of inflation. It increases as a result of new construction or collection from a new voted levy. Although school districts experience inflationary growth in expenses, tax revenue does not keep pace with the increased expenses due to House Bill 920. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home was reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become 0.5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00 and the District would collect the same dollar value the levy generated in the year it passed. The 10 percent rollback on all residential/agricultural property and the 2.5 percent rollback on all owner occupied homes would reduce the amount of taxes paid.

Thus, the District's dependence upon property taxes is hampered by a lack of revenue growth so it must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 23 percent of revenues for governmental activities for Conneaut Area City School District in fiscal year 2023, 25 percent in fiscal year 2022 and 25 percent in fiscal year 2021. Calendar year 2020 was a reappraisal year for the District and historically the District could count on a 20 percent increase in assessed valuations. Due to the current housing market only a 3.6 percent increase in assessed valuations was realized with this appraisal. Calendar year 2023 was an update year so assessed values were reevaluated once again. The District has not gone to the community for a continuing operating levy since 1991. The District successfully passed a 5 year, 6.9 mill emergency levy in November 2000. Since the expiration of the emergency levy, the District successfully appealed to the community for a five-year, 5.0 mill emergency levy that will yield \$1,029,652 in tax collections for years 2018 thru 2022. The District voters supported the 5.0 mill emergency levy again in May of 2022.

Although the District relies upon local property taxes to support its operations, the District does actively solicit and receive additional grant and entitlement funds to help offset operating costs. Overall expenses increased due mostly to the change in pension and OPEB assumptions. The District continues to make every effort to control costs without affecting the education of its students.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2023 compared to 2022.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 Unaudited

Table 3 - Total and Net Cost of Program Services

	20	23	2022		
	Total Cost Net Cost		Total Cost	Net Cost	
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services	
Instruction	\$14,990,845	\$10,509,634	\$12,589,387	\$8,538,831	
Support Services:					
Pupils and Instructional Staff	1,545,445	1,196,694	1,575,569	1,256,215	
Board of Education,					
Administration and Fiscal	2,594,979	2,410,630	2,207,386	2,124,670	
Business and Operation and					
Maintenance of Plant	2,120,024	2,075,401	2,022,297	1,917,742	
Pupil Transportation	1,204,245	1,201,244	908,477	908,477	
Central	588,332	550,924	668,951	480,364	
Operation of Non-					
Instructional/Food Services	604,057	(132,746)	667,424	(230,531)	
Extracurricular Activities	528,825	366,147	503,229	358,833	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	23,744	23,744	28,637	28,637	
Total Expenses	\$24,200,496	\$18,201,672	\$21,171,357	\$15,383,238	

The District's Funds

Information about the District's major funds starts on the balance sheet. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$25,201,047 and expenditures of \$23,890,430, excluding other financing sources and uses. The District's funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11,265,399, which is 13 percent higher than last year's total of \$9,954,782. The increase in receivables and revenue was the main factor in the overall increase in fund balances of the District this fiscal year.

General Fund The general fund balance increased \$1,489,902 during fiscal year 2023, an increase of 30 percent from the previous fiscal year, in large part due a reduction of transfers out to other funds this fiscal year of almost two million dollars.

ESSER Fund The ESSER fund balance increased \$9,209 during fiscal year 2023, or 4 percent from the previous fiscal year, in large part due to grant funds received and not all spent by fiscal year-end.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

Budgeting is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. Essentially, the budget is the District's appropriations which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code.

During fiscal year 2023, the District amended its general fund revenue budget as needed. Actual revenues excluding other financing sources, were \$71,401 more than the final certification, due to an increase in interest revenue received.

Actual expenditures, excluding other financing uses, were \$841,364 less than final appropriations due mainly to a conservative budgeting approach and the diligence of management to keep costs low while still providing the services the School District citizens expect. The District uses a site based budgeting system designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. Building principals are given a per pupil allocation for textbooks, instructional materials and equipment.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 Unaudited

Capital Assets and Long-Term Obligations

Capital Assets Table 4 shows fiscal year 2023 balances compared to fiscal year 2022:

(Table 4) Capital Assets at June 30 Net of Depreciation/Amortization

	2023	2022
Land	\$1,020,916	\$1,020,916
Land Improvements	981,351	1,059,752
Buildings and Improvements	19,653,779	20,966,234
Furniture, Equipment and Fixtures	1,469,929	1,483,517
Vehicles	271,967	392,522
Intangible Right to Use Lease	67,846	100,412
Total	\$23,465,788	\$25,023,353

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$1,557,565 is due to current year depreciation/amortization of \$1,898,074 exceeding capital outlays of \$340,509.

Ohio law requires school districts to set aside three percent of certain revenues for capital improvements. For fiscal year 2023, this set aside amounted to \$340,513. See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District capital assets and Note 18 for additional information regarding required set-asides.

Long-Term Obligations

Table 5 summarizes the District's outstanding debt for fiscal year 2023 compared to fiscal year 2022:

(Table 5) Outstanding Long-Term Obligations

	2023	2022	Change
Classroom Facilities Improvement Refunding Bonds-2017	\$425,000	\$840,000	\$415,000
Energy Conservation Term Bonds	345,000	460,000	115,000
Leases	71,070	103,514	32,444
Compensated Absences	1,378,552	1,397,291	18,739
Net Pension Liability	18,449,085	10,550,206	(7,898,879)
Net OPEB Liability	972,694	1,389,681	416,987
Totals	\$21,641,401	\$14,740,692	(\$6,900,709)

2010 Classroom Facilities Improvement Refunding general obligation bonds were retired by the issuance of 2017 Classroom Facilities Improvement Refunding bonds during fiscal year 2018.

Additional information concerning debt issuances can be found in note 15 to the basic financial statements.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 Unaudited

Challenges and Opportunities

Conneaut Area City School District has continued to maintain the highest standards of service to our students, parents and community. The District is always presented with challenges and opportunities. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. In the past, national events have had an adverse impact on the District and the surrounding area are very much under consideration year to year. Historically, economic recession has had a major impact on our industries. We have limited local industry, but we are a diversified community with many residents working outside our District in varying types of employment.

The District is not without its share of challenges. The need for additional funds for operations is seen as the newest challenge for the District the last couple fiscal years. The passage of a five (5) year Emergency Levy in May of 2017 and again in May of 2022 demonstrates community support but the District continues to consider the value that each expenditure will provide. The investment landscape is trending upward for potential increase in investment revenues as a result of the high rate of borrowing, which limits the district against any need for permanent or capital improvements. This is evident from the growth of interest revenue during fiscal year 2023. And finally, actions of local and state governments continue to impact the District. Like many school districts in the State of Ohio, the District remains vigilant to financially meet the academic needs of all of the students as well as remain cost efficient in its operations.

As a result of the challenges mentioned, it is imperative the District's management continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet student needs over the next several years. All of the District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Jackie Miranda, Treasurer/CFO, at Conneaut Area City School District, 230 Gateway Avenue, Suite B, Conneaut, Ohio 44030 or email at <u>IMiranda@cacsk12.org</u>.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental
T	Activities
Assets	#10 760 600
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$10,762,639
Accounts Receivable	35,299
Intergovernmental Receivable	2,088,135
Property Taxes Receivable	5,794,854
Materials and Supplies Inventory	29,198
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset	1,720,230
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,020,916
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	22,444,872
Total Assets	43,896,143
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	5,129,720
Other Postemployment Benefits	415,785
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,545,505
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	189,348
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,659,096
Intergovernmental Payable	533,118
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	88,252
Accrued Interest Payable	2,154
Long-Term Liabilities:	2,104
Due Within One Year	669,059
Due In More Than One Year:	000,000
Net Pension Liability	18,449,085
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	972,694
Other Amounts Due in More than One Year	1,550,563
Other Andulus Due in More than One Tear	1,000,000
Total Liabilities	24,113,369
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	4,610,516
Pension	2,229,958
Net Other Postemployment Benefits	2,732,290
Net onler i osempioynem benenis	2,102,200
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,572,764
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	22,624,718
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	2,501,336
Debt Service	417,363
Other Purposes	2,196,051
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(11,983,953)
Total Net Position	¢16 766 616
	\$15,755,515

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
_	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$10,294,772	\$56,400	\$1,829,736	\$0	(\$8,408,636)
Special	3,841,059	497,355	2,028,447	0	(1,315,257)
Vocational	43,478	0	_,,	0	(43,478)
Other	811,536	0	69,273	0	(742,263)
Support Services:	011,000	Ū	00,210	Ũ	(112,200)
Pupils	1,216,812	0	180,554	0	(1,036,258)
Instructional Staff	328,633	0	168,197	0	(160,436)
Board of Education	31,004	0	0	0	(31,004)
Administration	2,030,445	0	178,976	0	(1,851,469)
Fiscal	533,530	0	5,373	0	(528,157)
Business	42,587	0	42,744	0	157
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,077,437	0	1,879	0	(2,075,558)
Pupil Transportation	1,204,245	0	3,001	0	(1,201,244)
Central	588,332	0	37,408	0	(550,924)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	604,057	117,964	618,839	0	132,746
Extracurricular Activities	528,825	116,804	5,314	40,560	(366,147)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	23,744	0	0	0	(23,744)
Total Governmental Activities =	\$24,200,496	\$788,523	\$5,169,741	\$40,560	(18,201,672)
		General Revenues Property Taxes Lev General Purposes Debt Service	ied for:		5,398,964 197,235
		Capital Outlay			223,133
		Other Purposes			74,325
		Grants and Entitlem	ients not		,
		Restricted to Spec			12,707,603
		Investment Earning			420,847
		Miscellaneous			74,841
		Total General Reven	ues		19,096,948
		Change in Net Posit	ion		895,276
		Net Position Beginni	ng of Year		14,860,239

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Net Position End of Year

\$15,755,515

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County, Ohio

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Assets	General	ESSER Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$5,424,706	\$22,526	\$5,007,113	¢10 464 946
Restricted Assets:	\$5,424,100	\$ 22,020	\$5,001,115	\$10,454,345
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0	0	308,294	308,294
Accounts Receivable	21,738	0	13,561	35,299
Interfund Receivable	1,907,858	0	10,001	1,907,858
Intergovernmental Receivable	212,132	1,519,823	356,180	2,088,135
Property Taxes Receivable	5,412,692	0	382,162	5,794,854
Materials and Supplies Inventory	29,198	0	002,102	29,198
	20,100	Ŭ	Ũ	20,100
Total Assets	\$13,008,324	\$1,542,349	\$6,067,310	\$20,617,983
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$112,783	\$8,405	\$68,160	\$189,348
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,247,784	197,792	213,520	1,659,096
Intergovernmental Payable	449,804	32,055	51,259	533,118
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	88,252	0	0	88,252
Interfund Payable	0	1,540,578	367,280	1,907,858
Total Liabilities	1,898,623	1,778,830	700,219	4,377,672
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	4,334,918	0	275,598	4,610,516
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	331,581	0	32,815	364,396
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4 000 400	1 770 000	200.410	4.074.010
Total Delerred Innows of Resources	4,666,499	1,778,830	308,413	4,974,912
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	29,198	0	0	29,198
Restricted	0	0	3,227,451	3,227,451
Committed	386,560	0	2,000,000	2,386,560
Assigned	238,361	0	0	238,361
Unassigned (Deficit)	5,789,083	(236,481)	(168,773)	5,383,829
Total Fund Balances	6,443,202	(236,481)	5,058,678	11,265,399
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$13,008,324	\$1,542,349	\$6,067,310	\$20,617,983

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2023

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$11,265,399
Amounts reported for governmental activi	ities in the	
statement of net position are different be	ecause	
Capital assets used in governmental activit		
resources and therefore are not reported	in the funds.	23,465,788
Other long-term assets are not available to	pay for current-	
period expenditures and therefore are re revenue in the funds:	ported as unavailable	
Delinquent Property Taxes		364,396
The net pension and OPEB liabilities (asset)) are not due and payable	
in the current period and, therefore, are r		
Net OPEB Asset	1,720,230	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	5,129,720	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(2,229,958)	
Net Pension Liability	(18,449,085)	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	415,785	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(2,732,290)	
Net OPEB Liability	(972,694)	
Total		(17,118,292)
In the statement of activities, interest is acc	rued on outstanding	
general obligation bonds, whereas in gov	vernmental	
funds, an interest expenditure is reported	l when due.	(2,154)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payab	le in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in t	the funds:	
General Obligation Bonds	(770,000)	
Leases	(71,070)	
Compensated Absences	(1,378,552)	
Total		(2,219,622)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$15,755,515

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

n	General	ESSER Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	#E 40E 000	# 0	MEOO 110	
Property Taxes Tuition and Fees	\$5,495,822	\$0 0	\$503,110 0	\$5,998,932
	553,755 400,821	0	20,026	553,755
Interest Charges for Services	400,821	0	,	420,847
Charges for Services Extracurricular Activities	0	0	117,964 116,804	117,964 116,804
Contributions and Donations	5,314	0	40,560	45,874
Intergovernmental	12,586,190	2,502,135	2,783,705	45,874
Miscellaneous	55,343	2,002,100	19,498	74,841
Miscenaneous	55,545	0	19,490	14,041
Total Revenues	19,097,245	2,502,135	3,601,667	25,201,047
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	7,194,240	1,547,000	284,996	9,026,236
Special	2,145,073	631,117	1,163,848	3,940,038
Vocational	45,740	0	0	45,740
Other	739,595	13,118	58,823	811,536
Support Services:				
Pupils	778,188	97,600	385,968	1,261,756
Instructional Staff	68,970	66,965	175,817	311,752
Board of Education	31,004	0	0	31,004
Administration	1,891,197	47,054	138,126	2,076,377
Fiscal	551,443	5,353	11,266	568,062
Business	0	42,587	0	42,587
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,937,535	1,872	301,523	2,240,930
Pupil Transportation	1,162,888	2,990	0	1,165,878
Central Operation of Non-Instructional/Food Services	531,354 0	37,270 0	-	568,624
Extracurricular Activities	-	0	677,235	677,235
Capital Outlay	309,489 0	0	163,725 62,157	473,214
Debt Service:	0	0	02,101	62,157
Principal Retirement	147,444	0	415,000	562,444
Interest and Fiscal Charges	13,050	0	11,810	24,860
Interest and Liscal Charges	15,050			24,000
Total Expenditures	17,547,210	2,492,926	3,850,294	23,890,430
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,550,035	9,209	(248,627)	1,310,617
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		
Transfers In	0	0	60,133	60,133
Transfers Out	(60,133)	0	0	(60,133)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(60,133)	0	60,133	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,489,902	9,209	(188,494)	1,310,617
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	4,953,300	(245,690)	5,247,172	9,954,782
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$6,443,202	(\$236,481)	\$5,058,678	\$11,265,399

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$1,310,617
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/ amortization expense. This is the amount by which depreciation/ amortization exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Capital Outlay 340,509 Current Year Depreciation/Amortization (1,898,074)	
Total	(1,557,565)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property Taxes	(105,275)
Repayment of long-term debt/lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	562,444
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued Interest on Bonds	1,116
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.	
Pension 1,775,254	
OPEB 50,369	
Total	1,825,623
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.	
Pension (1,621,485)	
OPEB 461,062	
Total	(1,160,423)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures	18 720
in governmental funds.	18,739
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$895,276
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$5,659,802	\$5,667,412	\$5,561,966	(\$105,446)
Tuition and Fees	622,669	623,506	554,234	(\$100,440) (69,272)
Interest	26,516	26,552	400,821	374,269
Intergovernmental	12,449,360	12,466,099	12,385,742	(80,357)
Miscellaneous	61,018	61,100	13,307	(47,793)
Total Revenues	18,819,365	18,844,669	18,916,070	71,401
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	7,201,342	7,343,696	7,466,646	(122,950)
Special	2,425,676	2,473,626	2,203,785	269,841
Vocational	99,939	101,915	62,266	39,649
Other	877,218	894,559	739,595	154,964
Support Services:				
Pupils	967,396	986,519	812,123	174,396
Instructional Staff	107,682	109,811	78,164	31,647
Board of Education	24,857	25,348	31,803	(6,455)
Administration	1,984,320	2,023,545	1,998,738	24,807
Fiscal	660,075	673,123	580,381	92,742
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,105,118	2,146,731	2,015,764	130,967
Pupil Transportation	1,126,023	1,148,282	1,205,092	(56,810)
Central	637,887	650,497	559,736	90,761
Extracurricular Activities	316,727	322,988	305,183	17,805
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	112,771	115,000	115,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	9,969	10,166	10,166	0
Total Expenditures	18,657,000	19,025,806	18,184,442	841,364
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	162,365	(181,137)	731,628	912,765
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Refund of Prior Year Expenditure	0	15,000	13,979	(1,021)
Advances In	275,000	275,000	665,012	390,012
Advances Out	(200,000)	(200,000)	(1,907,858)	(1,707,858)
Transfers Out	(100,000)	(5,133)	(260,133)	(255,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	75,000	84,867	(1,489,000)	(1,573,867)
Net Change in Fund Balance	237,365	(96,270)	(757,372)	(661,102)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	4,906,602	4,906,602	4,906,602	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	537,772	537,772	537,772	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$5,681,739	\$5,348,104	\$4,687,002	(\$661,102)

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual ESSER Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$4,967,321	\$4,923,613	\$1,417,452	(\$3,506,161)
Total Revenues	4,967,321	4,923,613	1,417,452	(3,506,161)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,237,965	3,237,965	1,467,085	1,770,880
Special	1,040,747	1,040,747	631,117	409,630
Other	155,099	155,099	13,118	141,981
Support Services:		000 555	07.000	000 155
Pupils	299,757	299,757	97,600	202,157
Instructional Staff Administration	226,332	226,332	66,965 100	159,367
Business	341,372 90,194	341,372 90,194	42,587	341,272 47,607
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,000	2,000	1,872	41,001
Pupil Transportation	203,673	2,000	2,990	200,683
Central	189,551	189,551	37,270	152,281
Central	109,001	109,001	51,210	152,201
Total Expenditures	5,786,690	5,786,690	2,360,704	3,425,986
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(819,369)	(863,077)	(943,252)	(80,175)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances In	1,500,000	1,540,578	1,540,578	0
Advances Out	(673,966)	(605,721)	(603,501)	2,220
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	826,034	934,857	937,077	2,220
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,665	71,780	(6,175)	(77,955)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	0	0	0	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	6,175	6,175	6,175	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$12,840	\$77,955	\$0	(\$77,955)

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Conneaut Area City School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Section 2 of the Constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1962 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area of approximately 58 square miles. It is located in Ashtabula County. It is staffed by 96 non-certified employees and 137 certified full-time teaching and administrative personnel who provide services to 1,476 students and other community members. The District currently operates four instructional buildings, a maintenance building, athletic complex and a bus garage.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure the basic financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, agencies and offices that are not legally separate from the District. For Conneaut Area City School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The District has no component units.

The District is associated with two jointly governed organizations and a risk sharing pool. These organizations are the Ashtabula County Technical & Career Center, the Northeast Ohio Management Information Network and the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments, which are presented in Notes 16 and 17 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The School District has no proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund – The ESSER fund accounts for emergency relief grants related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources, and capital projects of the District whose uses are restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Fund Types Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into the following four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

that has certain characteristics. The School District has no private purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The School District has no custodial funds.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenditures) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements for the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unavailable revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal values, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on refunding, pension and OPEB reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 12 and 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position and balance sheets report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2023, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2024 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide of statement of net position (see Notes 12 and 13).

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the object level for the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. The Treasurer has been given the authority to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within all funds, except the general fund, without resolution by the Board of Education.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2023, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2023, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, twenty-four hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transactions to \$250 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2023 amounted to \$400,821 which includes \$201,139 assigned from other funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

G. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

H. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District's capitalization threshold is three thousand dollars for the current fiscal year. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated/amortized. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation/amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	5 - 10 years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture, Equipment and Fixtures	8 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 years
Intangible Right to Use Lease	5 - 10 years
Textbooks	6 years

I. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental columns of the statement of net position.

J. Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after ten years of service.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund or funds from which the employees who have accumulated the leave are paid.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the District Board of Education.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include operation of instructional services, food service operations and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

O. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB systems report investments at fair value.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2023, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations", GASB Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements", GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements", and GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

GASB Statement No. 91 aims to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by users, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 94 aims to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to publicprivate and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscriptionbased information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The implementation of GASB Statement No. 96 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 99 focuses on enhancing comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

Note 4 – Fund Deficits

Fund balances at June 30, 2023 included the following individual fund deficits:

Major Governmental Fund:	Deficit
ESSER	\$236,481
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Public School Preschool	25,150
IDEA Part B	34,258
Title I Fund	97,299
Improving Teacher Quality	12,066

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The deficits in the special revenue funds are due to adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Note 5 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the District is reporting its financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund and ESSER special revenue fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than restricted, committed or assigned fund balances (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances-In and Advances-Out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 5. *Certain funds have legally separate adopted budgets (budget basis) but are included in the General Fund (GAAP basis).

*As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the General fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the public-school support, workers' compensation and termination benefits special revenue funds.

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund and ESSER special revenue fund:

iter enange in i ana balance				
	General	ESSER		
GAAP Basis	\$1,489,902	\$9,209		
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(348,699)	(1,084,683)		
Advances In	665,012	1,540,578		
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(539,554)	154,748		
Net Adjustment for Funds Budgeted as Special Revenue	181,503	0		
Advances Out	(1,907,858)	(603,501)		
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(297,678)	(22,526)		
Budget Basis	(\$757,372)	(\$6,175)		

Net Change in Fund Balance

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories. Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawals on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local government;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. At June 30th, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,129,787, while \$1,221,295 of the District's bank balance of \$1,471,295 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the investment of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had STAR Ohio as the only investment with an amount of \$9,632,652 and an average maturity less than six months.

Interest Rate Risk As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the District's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within five years from the date of purchase and that the District's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

Custodial Credit Risk For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that requires securities purchased pursuant to this division shall be delivered into the custody of the treasurer or governing board or an agent designated by the treasurer or governing board.

Credit Risk STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk The School District places no limit on the account it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2023, STAR Ohio represented 100 percent of all District investments.

Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2023:

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Cash and Investments per Note Disclo	sure	Cash and Investments per Stateme	ent of Net Position
Carrying amount of deposits	\$1,129,787	Governmental activities	\$10,762,639
Investments	9,632,652		
Cash on hand	200		
Total	\$10,762,639		\$10,762,639

Note 7 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the school district fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the school district in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2023 represent collections of calendar year 2022 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2023 were levied after April 1, 2022, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2022, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2023 represents collections of calendar year 2022 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2023 became a lien December 31, 2021, were levied after April 1, 2022 and are collected in 2023 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Ashtabula County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2023, are available to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2023 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2023 was \$746,193 in the general fund, \$28,412 in the bond retirement fund, \$34,003 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund and \$11,334 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2022, was \$812,337 in the general fund, \$30,005 in the bond retirement fund, \$35,762 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund and \$11,973 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2023 taxes were collected are:

	2022 Second Half Collections		2023 Fir Half Collec	
Real Estate	Amount \$221,748,310	Percent 94.4%	Amount \$219,637,370	Percent 94.1%
Public Utility Personal	13,069,090	5.6%	13,787,800	5.9%
	\$234,817,400	100.0%	\$233,425,170	100.0%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed v	aluation \$44.2	9	\$39.84	

Note 8 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

			Nonmajor	
Fund Balances	General	ESSER	Governmental	Total
Nonspendable				
Inventory	\$29,198	\$0	\$0	\$29,198
Restricted for				
Food Service Operations	0	0	495,154	495,154
College Scholarships	0	0	136,646	136,646
Classroom Maintenance	0	0	572,627	572,627
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	125,572	125,572
Other Grants	0	0	269,584	269,584
Student Wellness	0	0	533,292	533,292
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	0	0	194,092	194,092
Debt Service Payments	0	0	406,065	406,065
Capital Improvements	0	0	486,814	486,814
Other Purposes	0	0	7,605	7,605
Total Restricted	0	0	3,227,451	3,227,451
Committed to				
Capital Improvements	0	0	2,000,000	2,000,000
Employee Retirements	386,560	0	0	386,560
Total Committed	386,560	0	2,000,000	2,386,560
Assigned to				
Other Purposes	53,466	0	0	53,466
Encumbrances	184,895	0	0	184,895
Total Assigned	238,361	0	0	238,361
Unassigned (Deficit)	5,789,083	(236,481)	(168,773)	5,383,829
Total Fund Balances	\$6,443,202	(\$236,481)	\$5,058,678	\$11,265,399

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 9 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023 consisted of accounts, taxes and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current guarantee of Federal funds.

Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2023 totaled \$2,088,135. This amount included a Medicaid reimbursement in the general fund in the amount of \$212,132, a grant to the ESSER fund of \$1,519,823 and grants to other non-major special revenue funds totaling \$356,180.

Note 10 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/22	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/23
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$1,020,916	\$0	\$0	\$1,020,916
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	3,126,421	90,400	0	3,216,821
Buildings and improvements	47,680,322	60,146	0	47,740,468
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4,658,512	189,963	0	4,848,475
Vehicles	2,445,014	0	0	2,445,014
Textbooks	1,107,757	0	0	1,107,757
Intangible Right to Use Lease**	162,830	0	0	162,830
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	59,180,856	340,509	0	59,521,365
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Land improvements	(2,066,669)	(168,801)	0	(2,235,470)
Buildings and improvements	(26,714,088)	(1,372,601)	0	(28,086,689)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(3,174,995)	(203,551)	0	(3,378,546)
Vehicles	(2,052,492)	(120,555)	0	(2,173,047)
Textbooks	(1,107,757)	0	0	(1,107,757)
Intangible Right to Use Lease**	(62,418)	(32,566)	0	(94,984)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(35,178,419)	(1,898,074) *	0	(37,076,493)
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	24,002,437	(1,557,565)	0	22,444,872
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$25,023,353	(\$1,557,565)	\$0	\$23,465,788

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

*Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$1,539,680
Special	314
Vocational	1,452
Support Services:	
Pupil	1,230
Instructional Staff	24,728
Administration	1,968
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	40,736
Pupil Transportation	119,705
Central	59,732
Operation of Non-Instructional/Food Services	10,640
Extracurricular Activities	97,889
Total Depreciation Expense	\$1,898,074

**Of the current year depreciation/amortization total of \$1,898,074, \$32,566 is presented as a regular instruction expense on the Statement of Activities related to the District's intangible asset of copiers, which are included in the table above as an Intangible Right to Use Lease. With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases,* a lease meeting the criteria of this statement requires the lessee to recognize the lease liability and an intangible right to use asset.

Note 11 - Other Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees and the Treasurer earn ten to thirty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave shall accumulate during active employment on a continuous year-to-year basis. Maximum sick leave accumulation for certified employees is 315 days, and for classified employees it is 320 days. For all employees, retirement severance is paid to each employee retiring from the District at a per diem rate of the annual salary at the time of retirement. Any employee receiving retirement severance pay is entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to one-fourth of all accumulated sick leave credited to that employee up to 70 days for classified employees and for certified employees.

Insurance

Life insurance is offered to employees through Minnesota Life Insurance Company. Certified and classified employees are covered for \$40,000 with payments of \$4.20 per month. The superintendent is covered for \$150,000 with payments of \$15.75 per month. The treasurer is covered for \$100,000 with payments of \$10.50 per month.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Health Insurance Benefits

The District provides employee medical and surgical insurance, prescription drug, dental, and vision insurance through the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments.

Note 12 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

A. Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions-between an employer and its employees-of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee-on a deferred-payment basis-as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net OPEB asset* or long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the required OPEB disclosures.

B. School Employees Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> - District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. Established in 1937, SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to non-teaching employees of Ohio's public K-12 school districts. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or Before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to Retire on or After August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA, is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for calendar years 2018, 219 and 2020. SERS approved a 0.5 percent COLA for eligible retirees and beneficiaries for calendar year 2023.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2023, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$396,059 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount \$217,800 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

C. State Teachers Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> - District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a costsharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a standalone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The CO Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the CO Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the CO Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or CO Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

A DB or CO Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,379,195 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount \$228,376 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Prior Measurement Date Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.07151730%	0.06187617%	
Current Measurement Date	0.06804570%	0.06643527%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00347160%	0.00455910%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,680,441	\$14,768,644	\$18,449,085
Pension Expense	\$170,109	\$1,451,376	\$1,621,485

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$149,061	\$189,056	\$338,117
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	0	513,916	513,916
Change of Assumptions	36,316	1,767,363	1,803,679
Change in Proportionate Share	10,495	688,259	698,754
District contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	396,059	1,379,195	1,775,254
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$591,931	\$4,537,789	\$5,129,720
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$24,162	\$56,496	\$80,658
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	128,432	0	128,432
Change of Assumptions	0	1,330,316	1,330,316
Change in Proportionate Share	129,174	561,378	690,552
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$281,768	\$1,948,190	\$2,229,958

\$1,775,254 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2024	(\$39,857)	\$41,475	\$1,618
2025	(76,001)	14,658	(61,343)
2026	(183,467)	(343,510)	(526,977)
2027	213,429	1,497,781	1,711,210
Total	(\$85,896)	\$1,210,404	\$1,124,508

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2132.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed)
Inflation	2.40 Percent
Future Salary Increases, Including Inflation	3.25 Percent to 13.58 Percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.0 Percent, Net of Investment Expense, Including Inflation
COLA or Ad hoc COLA	2.0 Percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future
	retirees will be delayed for 3 years following commencement

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Asset Class	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Cash	2.00	%	(0.45) 9	%
U.S. Equity	24.75		5.37	
Non-U.S. Equity Developed	13.50		6.22	
Non-U.S. Equity Emerging	6.75		8.22	
Fixed Income/Global Bond	19.00		1.20	
Private Equity	11.00		10.05	
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00		4.87	
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00		3.39	
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	-	5.38	
Total	100.00	%		

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent. The discount rate determination does not use a mechanical bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 22-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.0 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money-weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments was 28.18 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount **Rate** Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.0 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate.

	Current			
	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$5,417,433	\$3,680,441	\$2,217,048	

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 Percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by Service from 2.5% to 8.5%
Investment Rate of Return	7.0 Percent, Net of Investment Expenses, Including Inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00 Percent
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0 Percent

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study which is for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**	_
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60	%
International Equity	22.00	6.80	
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75	
Alternatives	19.00	7.38	
Real Estate	10.00	5.75	
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00	-
Total	100.00 %	7.00	%

*Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1. 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

**10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.0 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount **Rate** The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.0 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$22,310,045	\$14,768,644	\$8,390,954	

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting date In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. These demographic measures include retirement, salary increase, disability/termination and mortality assumptions. In March 2022, the STRS Board approved benefit plan changes to take effect on July 1, 2022. These changes include a onetime three percent cost-of-living increase (COLA) to be paid to eligible benefit recipients and the elimination of the age 60 requirement for retirement age and service eligibility that was set to take effect in 2026. The effect on the net pension liability is unknown.

E. Social Security System

Effective, July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio. As of June 30, 2023, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

Note 13 – Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

See note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2023, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2023, the District's surcharge obligation was \$50,369.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$50,369 for fiscal year 2023, all of which was reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be continued indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/(Asset), **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to **OPEB**

The net OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability/(asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Prior Measurement Date	0.07342780%	0.06187617%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Current Measurement Date	0.06927970%	0.06643527%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00414810%	0.00455910%	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$972,694	(\$1,720,230)	(\$747,536)
OPEB Expense	(\$116,592)	(\$344,470)	(\$461,062)

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$8,178	\$24,940	\$33,118
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	5,058	29,947	35,005
Change of Assumptions	154,719	73,275	227,994
Change in Proportionate Share	69,227	72	69,299
District contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	50,369	0	50,369
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$287,551	\$128,234	\$415,785
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$622,207	\$258,353	\$880,560
Change of Assumptions	399,297	1,219,811	1,619,108
Change in Proportionate Share	159,952	72,670	232,622
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$1,181,456	\$1,550,834	\$2,732,290

\$50,369 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2024	(\$228,334)	(\$429,018)	(\$657,352)
2025	(209,152)	(423,023)	(632,175)
2026	(170,598)	(186,929)	(357,527)
2027	(110,170)	(77,626)	(187,796)
2028	(81,760)	(101,365)	(183,125)
Thereafter	(144,260)	(204,639)	(348,899)
Total	(\$944,274)	(\$1,422,600)	(\$2,366,874)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.0 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.69 percent
Prior Measurement Date	1.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	4.08 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.27 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	7.00 to 4.40 percent

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2022. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.0 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 12 for details.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was 4.08 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2022 was 2.27 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic pension benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in determination of the single equivalent interest rate for both the June 30, 2021 and the June 30, 2022 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by the long-term as projected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.69 percent at June 30, 2022 and 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.08%) and higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate (4.08%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.0% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.0% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (7.0 percent decreasing to 4.40 percent).

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	1% Decrease (3.08%)	Current Discount Rate (4.08%)	1% Increase (5.08%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$1,208,101	\$972,694	\$782,657
	1% Decrease (6.0 % decreasing to 3.40 %)	Current Trend Rate (7.0% decreasing to 4.40 %)	1% Increase (8.0 % decreasing to 5.40 %)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$750,116	\$972,694	\$1,263,410

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Projected salary increases	Varies by Service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.0 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.0 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.0 percent
Health Care Cost Trends:	
Medical	
Pre-Medicare	7.50 percent initial, 3.94 percent ultimate
Medicare	(68.78) percent initial, 3.94 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug	
Pre-Medicare	9.0 percent initial, 3.94 percent ultimate
Medicare	(5.47) percent initial, 3.94 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 12.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.0 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.0 percent was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.0 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.0%)	(7.0%)	(8.0%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,590,308)	(\$1,720,230)	(\$1,831,520)
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,784,297)	(\$1,720,230)	(\$1,639,361)

Note 14 – Public Entity Risk Pool

The District has contracted with the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments ("the Council") to provide employee medical/surgical, prescription drug, dental and vision benefits. The Council is organized under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code and is comprised of seven Ashtabula County School districts. Rates are set by the Council's board of directors. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Council is a separate and independent entity governed by its own set of by-laws and constitution. All assets and liabilities are the responsibility of the Council. The program is operated as a full indemnity program with no financial liability (other than monthly premiums) or risk to the District. The Council shall pay the run out claims for a withdrawing member. Any member which withdraws from the Council pursuant to the Council Agreement shall have no claim to the Council's assets.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 15 – Long-Term Obligations

Original issue amounts and interest rates of the District's debt and lease issues are as follows:

Debt Issue	Interest Rate	Or	iginal Issue	Year of Maturity
2017 Classroom Facilities Improvement Refunding Bonds	3.00% to 4.00%	\$	2,430,000	2023
2018 School Improvement Bonds	4.50%		215,000	2023
Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds	5.15%		1,712,161	2023
Lease	3.25%		162,830	2025

A summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

					Amounts
	Outstanding 6/30/22	Additions	Deductions	Outstanding 6/30/23	due in One Year
General Obligation Bonds:	0,00,22	Induitions	Doddononis	0,00,20	<u>ene reu</u>
2017 Classroom Facilities Improvement					
Refunding Bonds	\$840,000	\$0	(\$415,000)	\$425,000	\$425,000
Energy Conservation					
Improvement Bonds	460,000	0	(115,000)	345,000	115,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	1,300,000	0	(530,000)	770,000	540,000
Other Long-Term Obligations:					
Lease	103,514	0	(32,444)	71,070	33,514
Compensated Absences	1,397,291	84,669	(103,408)	1,378,552	95,545
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	1,500,805	84,669	(135,852)	1,449,622	129,059
Total Before Net Pension & OPEB Liability	2,800,805	84,669	(665,852)	2,219,622	669,059
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	7,911,425	6,857,219	0	14,768,644	0
SERS	2,638,781	1,041,660	0	3,680,441	0
Total Net Pension Liability	10,550,206	7,898,879	0	18,449,085	0
Net OPEB Liability:					
SERS	1,389,681	0	(416,987)	972,694	0
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$14,740,692	\$7,983,548	(\$1,082,839)	\$21,641,401	\$669,059

On July 20, 2010, the District issued \$4,629,999 in general obligation bonds to refund the classroom facilities improvement bonds in order to take advantage of lower interest rates. The outstanding bond liability was currently refunded in fiscal year 2018.

The bonds were sold at a premium of \$216,279. Proceeds of \$4,741,516 were placed in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. On June 30, 2023, \$865,000 of the defeased bonds are still outstanding.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

On September 6, 2017, the District issued \$2,430,000 in general obligation bonds to refund the 2010 classroom facilities improvement refunding bonds in order to take advantage of lower interest rates. The bonds included term bonds in the amount of \$2,430,000 and were issued for a six year period with a final maturity at December 1, 2023. The outstanding bond liability was retired in full from the debt service fund.

On September 1, 2010, the District issued \$1,712,161 in Energy Conservation Improvement bonds for the installation, modification, and remodeling of school buildings to conserve energy. The bonds are term bonds, have a final maturity date of December 1, 2025 and will be paid from the debt service fund. These bonds were Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) in accordance with the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA). These bonds are Direct Payment QSCBs.

The term bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements on December 1 in the years and in the principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount
2024	\$115,000
2025	115,000
2026	115,000
	\$345,000

The remaining principal amount of the term bonds (\$345,000) will mature at the stated maturity on December 1, 2025.

Lease Payable – The District had a lease agreement outstanding at the beginning of the year for copiers. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, this lease has met the criteria of a lease thus requiring it to be recorded by the District. This lease will be amortized over the lease term since it is shorter than the useful life due to the District not taking ownership of the equipment.

Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and the food service, early childhood education, title VI-B, title I, classroom reduction and miscellaneous federal grants special revenue funds. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 12 and 13.

The District's overall legal debt margin was \$20,644,330 with an unvoted debt margin of \$233,425 at June 30, 2023.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds and the lease are as follows:

	Classroom	Facilities	Energy Cor	nservation		
Fiscal	Refunding Bonds - 2017		Improvement Bonds		Copier Lease - 2021	
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	\$425,000	\$4,038	\$115,000	\$14,807	\$33,514	\$814
2025	0	0	115,000	8,884	34,620	708
2026	0	0	115,000	2,961	2,936	8
Total	\$425,000	\$4,038	\$345,000	\$26,652	\$71,070	\$1,530

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 16 – Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District contracted with Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority for various types of insurance. Coverage is as follows:

Coverage	Amount
Buildings and Business Property (\$2,500 Deductible)	\$95,717,570
Equipment Breakdown (\$2,500 Deductible)	95,717,570
Crime Coverage (\$1,000 Deductible)	100,000
Educator's Legal Liability (\$5,000 Deductible/Per Occurrence)	1,000,000
Automobile Liability (\$0 Deductible, \$1,000,000 limit)	10,000,000
General Liability (\$0 Deductible, \$1,000,000 limit)	10,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District participates in the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments, a shared risk pool (Note 14) to provide employee medical/surgical, prescription drug, dental and vision benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which the claim payments are made for all participating districts. Certified employees pay monthly premiums in the amount of \$258 for family and \$100 for single coverage. Classified employees pay monthly premiums of \$134 for family and \$52 for single benefits.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2023, workers' compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Note 17 – Jointly Governed Organizations

Ashtabula County Technical & Career Center The Ashtabula County Career & Technical Center (A-Tech) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education to students. The A-Tech is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating School Districts' elected boards. The degree of control exercised by the School District is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board is its own budgeting and taxing authority. The School District did not make any contributions in fiscal year 2023. Financial information can be obtained from Lindsey Elly, Treasurer at Ashtabula County Technical & Career Center, 1565 State Route 167, Jefferson, Ohio 44047.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN) NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among various school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member Service Centers. Each of the districts support NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County districts, and a principal and treasurer (non-voting members who must be employed by a participating school district, the fiscal agent or NEOMIN). The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. To obtain a copy of NEOMIN's financial statements, write to the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

Note 18 – Set Asides

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital
	Improvements
Set-Aside Restricted Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$0
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	340,513
Qualifying Disbursements	0
Current Year Offsets	(399,978)
Total	(\$59,465)
Set-Aside Balance Carried Forward to	
Future Fiscal Years	\$0

Although the District had offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 19 – Interfund Activity

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major Governmental Fund:		
General	\$0	\$60,133
Non-major Governmental Funds:		
Food Service	5,133	0
District Managed Student Activity Fund	55,000	0
	\$60,133	\$60,133

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financials. All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

Interfund Advances

The District interfund receivables/payables at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
Major Governmental Funds:		<u> </u>
General	\$1,907,858	\$0
ESSER	0	1,540,578
Non-major Governmental Funds:		
IDEA Part B Fund	0	183,417
Title I Supplemental Fund	0	3,000
Title I Fund	0	172,419
Improving Teacher Quality Fund	0	7,296
Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund	0	1,148
	\$1,907,858	\$1,907,858

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 20 – Contingencies

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is not party to any legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending at June 30, 2023, which would have a significant effect on the financial statements.

C. School District Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. The final adjustment was not material and is not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

Note 21 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID- 19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2022 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the District received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. The District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the District participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06804570%	0.07151730%	0.07057590%	0.06833650%	0.07031120%	0.07657510%	0.07689960%	0.07448520%	0.07333000%	0.07333000%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,680,441	\$2,638,781	\$4,668,039	\$4,088,693	\$4,026,853	\$4,575,193	\$5,628,341	\$4,250,198	\$3,711,190	\$4,360,700
School District's Employee Payroll	\$2,541,400	\$2,382,029	\$2,474,236	\$2,338,080	\$2,296,193	\$2,533,957	\$2,426,614	\$2,263,407	\$2,113,403	\$2,030,394
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Employee Payroll	144.82%	110.78%	188.67%	174.87%	175.37%	180.56%	231.94%	187.78%	175.60%	214.77%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.82%	82.86%	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06643527%	0.06187617%	0.06570355%	0.06562625%	0.06724958%	0.07253782%	0.06904085%	0.06927763%	0.07015721%	0.07015721%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$14,768,644	\$7,911,425	\$15,897,921	\$14,512,851	\$14,786,673	\$17,231,515	\$23,110,054	\$19,146,311	\$17,064,661	\$20,327,313
School District's Employee Payroll	\$8,636,900	\$7,635,114	\$7,929,393	\$7,762,479	\$7,645,143	\$7,974,643	\$7,364,580	\$7,168,129	\$7,323,310	\$7,397,112
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Employee Payroll	170.99%	103.62%	200.49%	186.96%	193.41%	216.08%	313.80%	267.10%	233.02%	274.80%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	78.90%	87.80%	75.48%	77.40%	77.30%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Pension Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Contractually Required Pension Contribution (1)	\$396,059	\$355,796	\$333,484	\$346,393
Pension Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$396,059)	(\$355,796)	(\$333,484)	(\$346,393)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$2,828,993	\$2,541,400	\$2,382,029	\$2,474,236
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
(1) includes surcharge				

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information and amounts presented in Note 12

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$315,641	\$321,467	\$354,754	\$339,726	\$298,317	\$292,918
(\$315,641)	(\$321,467)	(\$354,754)	(\$339,726)	(\$298,317)	(\$292,918)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
			<u> </u>		• -
\$2,338,080	\$2,296,193	\$2,533,957	\$2,426,614	\$2,263,407	\$2,113,403

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Pension Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Contractually Required Pension Contribution	\$1,379,195	\$1,209,166	\$1,068,916	\$1,110,115
Pension Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$1,379,195)	(\$1,209,166)	(\$1,068,916)	(\$1,110,115)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$9,851,393	\$8,636,900	\$7,635,114	\$7,929,393
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information and amounts presented in Note 12

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$1,086,747	\$1,070,320	\$1,116,450	\$1,031,041	\$1,003,538	\$951,900
(\$1,086,747)	(\$1,070,320)	(\$1,116,450)	(\$1,031,041)	(\$1,003,538)	(\$951,900)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$0 \$7,762,479	<u>\$0</u> \$7,645,143	\$0 \$7,974,643	\$ 0 \$ 7,364,580	\$0 \$7,168,129	\$0 \$7,323,310

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.06927970%	0.07342780%	0.07090540%	0.06973750%	0.07109970%	0.07757150%	0.07757150%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$972,694	\$1,389,681	\$1,541,006	\$1,753,751	\$1,972,498	\$2,081,815	\$2,211,075
School District's Employee Payroll	\$2,541,400	\$2,382,029	\$2,474,236	\$2,338,080	\$2,296,193	\$2,533,957	\$2,426,614
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Employee Payroll	38.27%	58.34%	62.28%	75.01%	85.90%	82.16%	91.12%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	30.34%	24.08%	18.17%	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

(1) Information prior to 2016 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.06643527%	0.06187617%	0.06570355%	0.06562650%	0.06724958%	0.07253782%	0.07253782%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$1,720,230)	(\$1,304,609)	(\$1,154,739)	(\$1,086,928)	(\$1,080,632)	\$2,830,158	\$3,879,341
School District's Employee Payroll	\$8,636,900	\$7,635,114	\$7,929,393	\$7,762,479	\$7,645,143	\$7,974,643	\$7,364,580
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Employee Payroll	-19.92%	-17.09%	-14.56%	-14.00%	-14.13%	35.49%	52.68%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	230.70%	174.73%	182.13%	174.74%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

(1) Information prior to 2016 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District OPEB Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Contractually Required OPEB Contributions	\$50,369	\$43,721	\$45,713	\$34,526
OPEB Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$50,369)	(\$43,721)	(\$45,713)	(\$34,526)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$2,828,993	\$2,541,400	\$2,382,029	\$2,474,236
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	1.78%	1.72%	1.92%	1.40%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information and amounts presented in Note 13

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$52,878	\$37,385	\$41,656	\$38,599	\$61,965	\$39,511
(\$52,878)	(\$37,385)	(\$41,656)	(\$38,599)	(\$61,965)	(\$39,511)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
<u> </u>	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$0	\$0 \$2,296,193	\$0 \$2,533,957	\$0 \$2,426,614	\$0 \$2,263,407	\$0 \$2,113,403

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District OPEB Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Contractually Required OPEB Contributions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$9,851,393	\$8,636,900	\$7,635,114	\$7,929,393
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information and amounts presented in Note 13

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$0	\$0	\$ 0	\$0	\$0	\$73,233
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$73,233)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$7,762,479	\$7,645,143	\$7,974,643	\$7,364,580	\$7,168,129	\$7,323,310
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc Cola. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 & Prior
Wage Inflation	3.00 Percent	3.25 Percent
Future Salary Increases, Including Inflation	3.50 Percent to 18.20 Percent	4.00 Percent to 22.00 Percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 Percent Net of Investment	7.75 Percent Net of Investment
	Expense, Including Inflation	Expense, Including Inflation

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, mortality assumptions use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Fiscal Year 2022

*Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%

*Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%

- *Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%
- *Cost-of-Living-Adjustments was reduced from 2.50% to 2.00%

*The discount rate was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%

*Rates of withdrawal, compensation, participation, spouse coverage assumption, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.

*Mortality among active members was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

*Mortality among service retired members was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Employee Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

*Mortality among contingent survivors was updated to the following: PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

*Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set

forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS (continued)

Fiscal Year 2023

*Cost-of-Living-Adjustments was increased from 2.00% to 2.50%

Changes of Benefit and Funding Terms – SERS

In fiscal year 2019, post-retirement increases in benefits included the following changes:

*Members, or their survivors, retiring prior to January 1, 2018, receive a COLA increase of 3 percent of their base benefit on the anniversary of their initial date of retirement.

*Members, or their survivors, retiring on and after January 1, 2018, receive a COLA increase on each anniversary of their initial date of retirement equal to the annual rate of increase in the CPI-W measured as of the June preceding the beginning of the applicable calendar year. The annual rate of increase shall not be less than 0 percent, nor greater than 2.5 percent. COLAs are suspended for calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020.

*Members, or their survivors, retiring on and after April 1, 2018, will have their COLA delayed for three years following their initial date of retirement.

Fiscal Year 2022-2023 None

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2018		
Inflation	2.50 Percent		
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 Percent at Age 20 to 2.50 Percent at Age 65		
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 Percent, Net of Expenses, Including Inflation		
Payroll Increases	3.00 Percent		
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0 Percent, Effective July 1, 2017		

	Fiscal Year 2017 & Prior
Inflation	2.75 Percent
Projected Salary Increases	12.25 Percent at Age 20 to 2.75 Percent at Age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 Percent, Net of Expenses, Including Inflation
Payroll Increases	3.50 Percent
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	2 Percent Simple applied as follows:
	For Members Retiring Before August 1, 2013
	3 percent per year.
	For Members retiring August 1, 2013 or later,
	2 percent COLA commences on 5th anniversary date

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality rates are based on RP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are setback two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Fiscal Year 2022

The investment and discount rate of return changed from 7.45 percent to 7.0 percent.

Fiscal Year 2023

*The investment and discount rate remained at 7.0 percent.

*Demographic assumptions were changed based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014 - 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019 - 2021.

Fiscal Year 2022-2023 None

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment	
expense, including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Fiscal Year 2022

*The discount rate was changed from 2.63% to 2.27%.

*The investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%.

*Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%

*Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%

*Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%

*Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience. *Rate of health care participation for future retirees and spouses was updated to reflect recent experience.

*Mortality among active members was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

*Mortality among service retired members was updated to the following: PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females.

*Mortality among beneficiaries was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females.

*Mortality among disabled member was updated to the following: PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females.

*Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS (continued)

Fiscal Year 2023

*The discount rate was changed from 2.27% to 4.08%. *The health care trend rates were updated.

Changes of Benefit and Funding Terms – SERS

In fiscal year 2019, SERS' funding policy allowed a 2.0 percent health care contribution rate to be allocated to the Health Care fund. The 2.0 percent is a combination of 0.5 percent employer contributions and 1.5 percent surcharge.

In fiscal year 2020, SERS' funding policy allowed a 1.5 percent health care contribution rate to be allocated to the Health Care fund. The 1.5 percent is a combination of 0.0 percent employer contributions and 1.5 percent surcharge.

Fiscal Year 2022 SERS changed the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) of 2.5% to 2.0%.

Fiscal Year 2023 None

Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Assumptions – STRS OPEB

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)* and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

Fiscal Year 2022

In 2021 the investment and discount rate of return changed from 7.45 percent to 7.0 percent.

Fiscal Year 2023

Demographic assumptions were reviewed and adopted by the Board on February 17, 2022 as part of an experience study performed (report dated and accepted March 11, 2022) covering the period from July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2021, with changes going into effect June 30, 2022.

From Plan Year Ending June 30, 2022 to Plan Year Ending June 30, 2023, Medicare projected medical cost decreased 42%, the Medicare projected net pharmacy cost increased 6% and the premium charged to Medicare Eligible Retirees dropped 15%. The Non Medicare projected medical, pharmacy and premium charged to retirees increased 3%, slightly less than expected.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS OPEB

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

For fiscal year 2021, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Fiscal Year 2022

The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055 percent to 2.100 percent. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in current year 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Fiscal Year 2023

The change in the 2023 subsidy percentage and the base amount for all participants, went from 2.1% per year to 2.2% per year, max 30 years, as well as the changes in Primary Care Physician office visit copays, the PBM network changes for Medicare, and the increase of the Part B premium reimbursement to \$30 per month for all retirees and surviving spouses.

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CONNEAUT AREA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce: Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program 10.553 2023 \$147,642 COVID-19 - School Breakfast Subsidy FY22 Carryover 10.555 2023 446,801 COVID-19 - School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 446,761 COVID-19 - School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 45,476 COVID-19 - School Lunch Subsidy FY22 Carryover 10.555 2023 36,107 Special Milk Program 10.555 2023 2,575 Sub-Total - Child Nutrition Cluster 750,176 750,176 COVID-19 - Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) 10.649 2023 628 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 750,804 732,876 336,648 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce: 732,876 336,648 336,648 Special Education Cluster 936,648 2022 203,972 732,876 Sub-Total - Title I 84,010A 2022 203,972 732,876 Sub-Total - Title I	FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program 10.553 2023 \$\$147,642 COVID-19 - School Breakfast Subsidy FY22 Carryover 10.553 2023 24,600 National School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 45,476 COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 45,476 COVID-19 - School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 45,476 COVID-19 - School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 73,385 Non-Cash Food Commodities 10.555 2023 36,107 Sub-Total - Child Nutrition Cluster 750,176 750,176 COVID-19 - Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) 10.649 2023 628 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 750,804 732,876 36,884 Sub-Total - Title 1 School Subsidy 84.010A 2022 203,972 Title I School Subsidy 84.010A 2022 203,972 36,848 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Cluster: 36,844 366,848 322,876 Sub-Total - Title 1 84.027A 2022				
School Breakfast Fuogram 10.553 2023 \$147,642 COVID-19 - School Breakfast Subsidy FY22 Carryover 10.553 2023 24.600 National School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 46.371 COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 46.476 COVID-19 - School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 45.476 COVID-19 - School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 77.385 Non-Cash Food Commodities 10.556 2023 36.107 Special Milk Program 10.556 2023 628 COVID-19 - Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) 10.649 2023 628 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Subsidy FY22 Carryover 10.553 2023 24,600 National School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 416,391 COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 47,476 COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 47,708 COVID-19 - School Lunch Subsidy FY22 Carryover 10.555 2023 36,107 Special Milk Program 10.556 2023 2,575 Sub-Total - Child Nutrition Cluster 750,176 750,176 COVID-19 - Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) 10.649 2023 628 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 750,804 2023 732,876 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 84.010A 2022 203,972 Title 1 School Subsidy 84.010A 2023 732,876 Sub-Total - Title I 936,848 936,848 936,848 Special Education Cluster: 936,848 936,848 936,848 Special Education Cluster 2023 2,234 643,332 Total - Special Education Cluster 84,027A 2023 2,244,214 Special Education Cluster </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
National School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 416.391 COVID-19 - National School Lunch Subsidy FY22 Carryover 10.555 2023 45.76 OOVID-19 - School Lunch Subsidy FY22 Carryover 10.555 2023 36.107 Special Mik Program 10.555 2023 36.107 Special Mik Program 10.555 2023 2.575 Sub-Total - Child Nutrition Cluster 750.176 750.176 COVID-19 - Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) 10.649 2023 628 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 750.804 750.804 750.804 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 84.010A 2022 203.972 7111 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce: 750.804 936.848 936.848 Special Education Cluster: 84.010A 2022 203.972 732.876 Special Education Cluster: 936.844 936.844 936.844 936.844 Special Education Cluster 2023 543.322 543.322 Total U.S Department of Education Fund (ESSER) 1 84.027A 2022	•			
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program 10.555 2023 45.476 COVID-19 - School Lunch Subsidy FY22 Carryover 10.555 2023 77.385 Non-Cash Food Commodities 10.555 2023 25.75 Sub-Total - Child Nutrition Cluster 10.556 2023 2.575 COVID-19 - Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) 10.649 2023 628 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 750.804 750.804 U.S. DEPARTIMENT OF EDUCATION 750.804 2023 73.855 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce: 750.804 2023 73.876 Title 1 School Subsidy 84.010A 2022 203.972 73.876 Special Education Cluster: 84.010A 2023 73.28.76 Special Education Grants to States - (IDEA Part B) 84.027A 2022 4.2.14 Special Education Cluster 84.027A 2022 24.3.32 Total - Special Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) 1 84.425D 2023 2.028.914 COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) 1 84.425D 2023 2.02.9.914 COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (RP) ESSER				
COVID-19 - School Lunch Subsidy FY22 Carryover 10.555 2023 77.385 Non-Cash Food Commodities 10.555 2023 36.107 Special Milk Program 10.556 2023 2.575 Sub-Total - Child Nutrition Cluster 750,176 750,176 COVID-19 - Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) 10.649 2023 628 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 750,804 750,804 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 782,876 732,876 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce: 732,876 936,848 Special Education Cluster: 936,848 936,848 Special Education Cluster: 936,848 936,848 Special Education Cluster: 936,848 94.027A 2022 4,214 Special Education Grants to States - (IDEA Part B) 84.027A 2023 543,332 Total - Special Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) I 84.425D 2022 2,25,146 COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) I 84.425D 2023 2,029,914 COVID-19 - ESSER II 84.425D 2023 2,029,914 2,338,175 Title II, Part A - Improving	•			
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Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States - (IDEA Part B)84.027A20224,214Special Education Grants to States - (IDEA Part B)84.027A2023543,332Total - Special Education Cluster84.027A2023543,332COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) I84.425D2022225,146COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) I84.425D20232,029,914COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan (ARP) ESSER84.425U202383,115Sub-Total - ESSER84.367A202386,392Rural and Low Income Grant84.358B20227,893Rural and Low Income Grant84.358B202327,258Sub-Total - Rural and Low Income Grant3,944,1123,944,112	Title I School Subsidy	84.010A	2023	732,876
Special Education Grants to States - (IDEA Part B)84.027A20224,214Special Education Grants to States - (IDEA Part B)84.027A2023543,332Total - Special Education Cluster547,546COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) I84.425D2022225,146COVID-19 - ESSER II84.425D20232,029,914COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan (ARP) ESSER84.425U20232,029,914Sub-Total - ESSER20232,029,914202383,115Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality84.367A202386,392Rural and Low Income Grant84.358B20227,893Rural and Low Income Grant84.358B202327,258Sub-Total - Rural and Low Income Grant35,15135,151Total U.S Department of Education3,944,112	Sub-Total - Title I			936,848
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Rural and Low Income Grant84.358B20227,893Rural and Low Income Grant84.358B202327,258Sub-Total - Rural and Low Income Grant35,15135,151Total U.S Department of Education	Sub-Total - ESSER			2,338,175
Rural and Low Income Grant84.358B202327,258Sub-Total - Rural and Low Income Grant35,151Total U.S Department of Education3,944,112	Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367A	2023	86,392
Rural and Low Income Grant84.358B202327,258Sub-Total - Rural and Low Income Grant35,151Total U.S Department of Education3,944,112	Rural and Low Income Grant	84.358B	2022	7.893
Sub-Total - Rural and Low Income Grant 35,151 Total U.S Department of Education 3,944,112				
	Sub-Total - Rural and Low Income Grant			
Totals	Total U.S Department of Education			3,944,112
	Totals			\$4,694,916

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

CONNEAUT AREA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Conneaut Area City School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE F - TRANSFERS BETWEEN FEDERAL PROGRAMS

During fiscal year 2023, the District made an allowable ESEA flexibility transfer of \$48,330 from Title IV-A (#84.424) program to the Title I (#84.010) program. The Schedule shows the District spent approximately \$48,330 on the Title IV-A program which is excluded from the Schedule. The amount transferred to the Title I program is included as Title I expenditures when disbursed. The following table shows the gross amount drawn for the Title IV-A program during fiscal year 2023 and the amount transferred to the Title I program.

Title IV-A	\$48,330
Transfer to Title I	(48,330)
Total Title IV-A	<u>\$0</u>



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County 230 Gateway Avenue, Suite B Conneaut, Ohio 44030

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Conneaut Area City School District, Ashtabula County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 22, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 22, 2024



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County 230 Gateway Avenue, Suite B Conneaut, Ohio 44030

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Conneaut Area City School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Conneaut Area City School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Conneaut Area City School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Conneaut Area City School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Conneaut Area City School District Ashtabula County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we find the consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 22, 2024

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CONNEAUT AREA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	AL# 10.553/10.555/10.556 – Child Nutrition Cluster; AL# 84.010A – Title I; AL# 84.425D – ESSER; AL# 84.425U – ARP ESSER
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



CONNEAUT AREA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

ASHTABULA COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/28/2024

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370