## **GENOA TOWNSHIP**

**DELAWARE COUNTY, OHIO** 

Financial Statements (Audited)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Trustees Genoa Township 5111 S. Old 3C Highway Westerville, Ohio 43082

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Genoa Township, Delaware County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2019. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Genoa Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

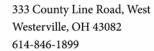
August 11, 2020



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## **Independent Auditor's Report**

Genoa Township Delaware County 5111 S. Old 3C Highway Westerville, Ohio 43082

To the Board of Trustees:

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Genoa Township, Delaware County, Ohio, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to Genoa Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of Genoa Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

## Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, Genoa Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though Genoa Township does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Genoa Township Delaware County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

## Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Genoa Township as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the years then ended.

## Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Genoa Township, Delaware County as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 1.

## **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 11 to the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of Genoa Township. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2020, on our consideration of Genoa Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Genoa Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, thre.

June 24, 2020

## Genoa Township

Delaware County, Ohio

# Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Special	Debt	Capital	Totals (Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Only)
Cash Receipts				<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$1,449,051	\$11,562,011	\$0	\$860,659	\$13,871,721
Charges for Services	50	312,726	0	0	312,776
Licenses, Permits and Fees	60,770	3,402	0	0	64,172
Fines and Forfeitures	31,338	1,495	0	0	32,833
Intergovernmental	246,646	1,488,177	0	8,239	1,743,062
Earnings on Investments	304,900	2,874	0	88,769	396,543
Miscellaneous	25,803	107,754	0	0	133,557
Total Cash Receipts	2,118,558	13,478,439	0	957,667	16,554,664
Cash Disbursements					
Current:					
General Government	1,451,084	122,501	0	4,642	1,578,227
Public Safety	0	8,056,348	0	0	8,056,348
Public Works	0	1,587,528	0	0	1,587,528
Health	0	5,216	0	0	5,216
Conservation-Recreation	210,542	0	0	0	210,542
Capital Outlay	44,702	1,790,278	0	641,755	2,476,735
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	0	0	0	780,000	780,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	0	284,740	284,740
Total Cash Disbursements	1,706,328	11,561,871	0	1,711,137	14,979,336
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	412,230	1,916,568	0	(753,470)	1,575,328
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)					
Sale of Bonds	0	0	0	7,000,001	7,000,001
Premium and Accrued Interest on Debt	0	0	0	940,268	940,268
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	0		0	7,940,269	7,940,269
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	412,230	1,916,568	0	7,186,799	9,515,597
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	2,537,256	13,243,277	1,387	2,362,729	18,144,649
Fund Cash Balances, December 31					
Restricted	0	15,159,845	1,387	6,882,911	22,044,143
Committed	0	0	0	2,666,617	2,666,617
Assigned	301,587	0	0	0	301,587
Unassigned (Deficit)	2,647,899	0	0	0	2,647,899
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$2,949,486	\$15,159,845	\$1,387	\$9,549,528	\$27,660,246

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

## Genoa Township

Delaware County, Ohio Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) Proprietary Fund Type For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Proprietary Fund
	Internal Service
Operating Cash Receipts	
Charges for Services	\$1,796,837
Total Operating Cash Receipts	1,796,837
Operating Cash Disbursements	
Purchased Services	403,769
Claims	1,360,631
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	1,764,400
Operating Income (Loss)	32,437
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	32,437
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	0
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$32,437
See accompanying notes to the financial statements	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Genoa Township, Delaware County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees and Township Fiscal Officer directs the Township. The Township provides zoning and development, parks, road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, police protection, fire protection, emergency medical services and other administrative services.

The Township participates in the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) public entity risk pool. OPRM is an unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered, self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to member Ohio governments. Note 7 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

## **B.** Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for the proprietary fund type which are organized on a fund type basis.

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below in Item D.

## C. Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Township values federal securities and commercial paper at cost. Money market mutual funds are recorded at share values the mutual funds report. Investment in STAR Ohio is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

A summary of 2019 deposits and investments appears below in Note 2.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

## 1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

## 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> - This fund receives property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

<u>Police Fund</u> - This fund receives property tax money and other revenues collected to fund the Township's police department.

<u>Fire District Fund</u> - This fund receives property tax money and other revenues collected to fund the Township's fire department.

## 3. Debt Service Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted to expenditure for principal and interest.

## 4. Capital Project Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Township had the following significant Capital Project funds:

<u>Police Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund is to account for transfers of excess funds from the Police Special Revenue Fund which are being set aside by the township for future purchases for the police department.

<u>Fire Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund is to account for transfers of excess funds from the Fire District Special Revenue Fund which are being set aside by the township for future purchases for the fire department.

<u>Police Station-Capital Projects</u> – This fund is to account for the construction of a new police station for the police department.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## **D.** Fund Accounting (Continued)

<u>Bond-Police Station</u> - This fund received property tax money from a \$7 million bond approved by the residents in November 2018 for the construction of a new police facility. The money will be used to make principal and interest payments on the outstanding Police Station General Obligation Bonds.

## 5. Internal Service Fund

This fund accounts for services provided by one department to other departments of the government unit. The Township had the following Internal Service Fund:

<u>Self-funded Insurance Medical Fund</u> - The self-funded insurance medical fund accounts for insurance premium payments from other funds to pay medical claims of employees enrolled in the health insurance plan.

## E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

## 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

## 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

## 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2019 budgetary activity appears below in Note 3.

## F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

## 1. Non-spendable

The Township classifies assets as *non-spendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## F. Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

## 3. Committed

Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

## 4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

## 5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## G. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

## H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

## 2. EQUITY IN POOLED DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Township maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## 2. EQUITY IN POOLED DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		2019
Demand Deposits		\$271,971
Certificates of Deposit		\$6,246,000
	<b>Total Deposits</b>	\$6,517,971
Commercial Paper		\$982,150
Federal Securities		\$5,265,000
Money Market		\$5,232,997
STAR Ohio		\$9,694,566
	<b>Total Investments</b>	\$21,174,713
Total Deposits and Investments		\$27,692,684

**Deposits:** Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

**Investments:** A financial institution's trust department holds the Township's commercial paper and Federal securities in book entry form in the Township's name.

Investments in STAR Ohio and money market mutual funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

## 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2019 as follows:

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

2013 Budgeted 188 Hethal Receipts			
	Budgeted	Actual	-
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$2,341,506	\$2,118,558	-\$222,948
Special Revenue	\$13,158,190	\$13,478,438	\$320,247
Capital Projects	\$8,870,998	\$8,897,935	\$26,938
 Internal Service Fund	\$2,333,284	\$1,796,837	-\$536,447
 Total	\$26,703,978	\$26,291,768	-\$412,210

2019 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$2,371,680	\$1,755,222	\$616,458
Special Revenue	\$14,170,467	\$11,985,935	\$2,184,532
Capital Projects	\$9,171,227	\$8,881,343	\$289,884
Internal Service Fund	\$2,333,284	\$1,764,400	\$568,884
Total	\$28,046,658	\$24,386,900	\$3,659,758

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## 4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

## 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

## Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - Township employees, other than full-time firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. township employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides postretirement health care, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### 5. **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

## Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued) Group B

Group A Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Group C

#### State and Local

## Age and Service Requirements:

## Age and Service Requirements:

Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit Age 60 with 60 months of service credit Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

## Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

## Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

## Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

#### **Public Safety**

## **Public Safety**

## **Public Safety**

Age and Service Requirements:

Age and Service Requirements:

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit

Age 52 with 25 years of service credit

## **Law Enforcement**

## Law Enforcement

## **Law Enforcement**

Age and Service Requirements: Age 52 with 15 years of service credit Age and Service Requirements:

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

## **Public Safety and Law Enforcement**

#### Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

## **Public Safety and Law Enforcement**

#### Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

## **Public Safety and Law Enforcement**

#### Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Retirement Rates	Year	Member Rate	Employer
			Rate
OPERS – Local	2012-2019	10%	14%
OPERS – Public Safety	2014-2019	12.00%	18.10%
OPERS – Law Enforcement	2014-2019	13.00%	18.10%

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payrolls.

The Township's has paid all contribution required through December 31, 2019.

## Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OPF)

Plan Description - Township full-time firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OPF. OPF provides postretirement health care and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OPF fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at <a href="www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OPF may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OPF offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years.

The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit. Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OPF benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2019 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee:	12.25 %	12.25 %
2019 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	0.50
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee:	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payrolls.

The Township's has paid all contribution required through December 31, 2019.

## Social Security

Some Township employees contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Township contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2019.

## 6. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Both OPERS and OP&F offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2019. OP&F contributes 0.5 percent to fund these benefits.

## 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

## **Commercial Insurance**

The Township has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## 7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## Risk Pool Membership

The Township belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) - formerly known as the Ohio Government Risk Management Plan, (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss. Effective November 1, 2016, the OPRM retained 50% of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 30% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Effective November 1, 2017, the OPRM retained 47% of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 30% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Effective November 1, 2018, the OPRM property retention remained unchanged, however, the Plan assumed 100% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. OPRM had 776 members as of December 31, 2019.

*Plan members are responsi*ble to notify the Plan of their intent to renew coverage by their renewal date. If a member chooses not to renew with the Plan, they have no other financial obligation to the Plan, but still need to promptly notify the Plan of any potential claims occurring during their membership period. The former member's covered claims, which occurred during their membership period, remain the responsibility of the Plan.

Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2019.

201	9
Assets	\$15,920,504
Liabilites	(\$11,329,011)
Members' Equity	\$4,591,493

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

## 8. SELF-INSURANCE MEDICAL INSURANCE

The Township is self-insured for employee's medical health insurance. The Self Insurance Fund pays covered claims to service providers, and recovers these costs from charges to other funds based on claims approved by the claims administrator. A comparison of Self Insurance Fund cash and investments to the actuarially measured liability as of December 31, 2019 follows:

	2019	
Cash & Investments		\$32,437
Actuarial Liabilities		\$140,800

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## 9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Township is defendant in a lawsuit. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of the suit, management believes that the resolution of these matters will not materially adversely affect the Township's financial condition.

## 10. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
General Obligation Bonds	\$6,220,000	5%
Total	\$6,220,000	

The Township issued general obligation bonds in 2019 to finance the construction of a new police facility to house Genoa Township Police Department. The Township's taxing authority collateralized the bonds. This bond will be paid from the bond-police station fund, a capital projects fund, in annual installments for 10 years with interest at 5%.

## 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Township. The Township's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the Township participates have incurred a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the Township's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

## Genoa Township

Delaware County, Ohio

# Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		a	D.L.	G. t. I	Totals
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	(Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Only)
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$1,438,227	\$11,504,455	\$0	\$0	\$12,942,682
Charges for Services	0	305,907	0	0	305,907
Licenses, Permits and Fees	48,755	2,552	0	0	51,307
Fines and Forfeitures	25,016	1,037	0	0	26,053
Intergovernmental	243,013	1,421,097	0	0	1,664,110
Earnings on Investments	160,337	2,197	0	2	162,536
Miscellaneous	22,078	189,437	0	0	211,515
Total Cash Receipts	1,937,426	13,426,682	0	2	15,364,110
Cash Disbursements					
Current:					
General Government	1,379,354	122,622	0	0	1,501,976
Public Safety	0	7,954,750	0	0	7,954,750
Public Works	0	1,887,874	0	0	1,887,874
Health	0	2,285	0	0	2,285
Conservation-Recreation	204,800	0	0	0	204,800
Capital Outlay	81,513	1,245,488	0	671,494	1,998,495
Total Cash Disbursements	1,665,667	11,213,019	0	671,494	13,550,180
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	271,759	2,213,663	0	(671,492)	1,813,930
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)					
Transfers In	239	0	0	102,000	102,239
Transfers Out	0	(102,000)	0	(239)	(102,239)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	239	(102,000)	0	101,761	0
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	271,998	2,111,663	0	(569,731)	1,813,930
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	2,265,257	11,131,615	1,387	2,932,460	16,330,719
Fund Cash Balances, December 31					
Restricted	0	13,243,278	1,387	0	13,244,665
Committed	0	0	0	2,362,729	2,362,729
Assigned	151,083	0	0	0	151,083
Unassigned (Deficit)	2,386,172	0	0	0	2,386,172
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$2,537,255	\$13,243,278	\$1,387	\$2,362,729	\$18,144,649

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ the\ basic\ financial\ statements$ 

## Genoa Township

Delaware County, Ohio
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements
and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis)
Proprietary Fund Type
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Proprietary Fund
	Internal Service
Operating Cash Receipts	
Charges for Services	\$1,674,445
Total Operating Cash Receipts	1,674,445
Operating Cash Disbursements	
Purchased Services	324,596
Claims	1,349,849
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	1,674,445
Operating Income (Loss)	0
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	0
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	0
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$0
See accompanying notes to the financial statements	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Genoa Township, Delaware County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees and Township Fiscal Officer directs the Township. The Township provides zoning and development, parks, road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, police protection, fire protection, emergency medical services and other administrative services.

The Township participates in the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) public entity risk pool. OPRM is an unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered, self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to member Ohio governments. Note 7 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

## **B.** Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for the proprietary fund type which are organized on a fund type basis.

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below in Item D.

## C. Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Township values federal securities at cost. Money market mutual funds are recorded at share values the mutual funds report. Investment in STAR Ohio is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

A summary of 2018 deposits and investments appears in Note 2.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

## 1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

## 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> - This fund receives property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

<u>Police Fund</u> - This fund receives property tax money and other revenues collected to fund the Township's police department.

<u>Fire District Fund</u> - This fund receives property tax money and other revenues collected to fund the Township's fire department.

## 3. Debt Service Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted to expenditure for principal and interest.

## 4. Capital Project Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Township had the following significant Capital Project funds:

<u>Police Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund is to account for transfers of excess funds from the Police Special Revenue Fund which are being set aside by the township for future purchases for the police department.

<u>Fire Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund is to account for transfers of excess funds from the Fire District Special Revenue Fund which are being set aside by the township for future purchases for the fire department.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## **D.** Fund Accounting (Continued)

## 5. Internal Service Fund

This fund accounts for services provided by one department to other departments of the government unit. The Township had the following Internal Service Fund:

<u>Self-funded Insurance Medical Fund</u> - The self-funded insurance medical fund accounts for insurance premium payments from other funds to pay medical claims of employees enrolled in the health insurance plan.

## E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

## 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

## 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

## 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2018 budgetary activity appears below in Note 3.

#### F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

## 1. Non-spendable

The Township classifies assets as *non-spendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

#### 2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## F. Fund Balance (Continued)

## 3. Committed

Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

## 4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

## 5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## G. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

## H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

## 2. EQUITY IN POOLED DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Township maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

## 2. EQUITY IN POOLED DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		2018
Demand Deposits		\$6,620,478
Certificates of deposit		\$3,833,000
	<b>Total Deposits</b>	\$10,453,478
Federal Securities		\$7,580,859
Money Market		\$46,986
STAR Ohio		\$63,326
	Total Investments	\$7,691,171
Total Deposits and Investments		\$18,144,649
Federal Securities Money Market STAR Ohio		\$10,453,4' \$7,580,8: \$46,96 \$63,3: \$7,691,1'

**Deposits:** Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

**Investments:** A financial institution's trust department holds the Township's Federal securities in book entry form in the Township's name.

Investments in STAR Ohio and money market mutual funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

## 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2018 as follows:

2018 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	_
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$1,754,260	\$1,937,665	\$183,405
Special Revenue	\$12,704,685	\$13,426,682	\$721,997
Capital Projects	\$261	\$102,000	\$101,739
Total	\$14,459,206	\$15,466,347	\$1,007,141

2018 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

Appropriation	Budgetary	
Authority	Expenditures	Variance
\$1,999,905	\$1,701,711	\$298,194
\$13,158,102	\$11,414,897	\$1,743,205
\$780,762	\$762,733	\$18,029
\$15,938,769	\$13,879,341	\$2,059,428
	Authority \$1,999,905 \$13,158,102 \$780,762	Authority         Expenditures           \$1,999,905         \$1,701,711           \$13,158,102         \$11,414,897           \$780,762         \$762,733

Contrary to Ohio law the Township did not account for Internal Service fund throughout the year, including budgetary.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

## 4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

## 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

## Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - Township employees, other than full-time firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. township employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides postretirement health care, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

## 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

State and Local

**Public Safety** 

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (Continued)

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013

# Age and Service Requirements: Age and Service Requirements: Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit Or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

State and Local

State and Local

**Public Safety** 

or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of

service for the first 30 years and 2.5% service for the first 30 years and 2.5% service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30 for service years in excess of 30 for service years in excess of 35

Age and Service Requirements:
Age and Service Requirements:
Age 48 with 25 years of service credit
Age 48 with 25 years of service credit
Age 52 with 25 years of service credit

Public Safety

or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit Age 52 with 15 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

Law EnforcementLaw EnforcementLaw EnforcementAge and Service Requirements:Age and Service Requirements:Age and Service Requirements:Age 52 with 15 years of service creditAge 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

Public Safety and Law EnforcementPublic Safety and Law EnforcementPublic Safety and Law EnforcementFormula:Formula:Formula:2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 252.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 252.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 2.25 percent.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

## 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

Retirement Rates	Year	Member Rate	Employer
			Rate
OPERS – Local	2012-2018	10%	14%
OPERS – Public Safety	2014-2018	12.00%	18.10%
OPERS - Law Enforcement	2014-2018	13.00%	18.10%

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payrolls.

The Township's has paid all contribution required through December 31, 2018.

## Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OPF)

Plan Description - Township full-time firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OPF. OPF provides postretirement health care and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OPF fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at <a href="https://www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OPF may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OPF offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years.

The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit. Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OPF benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

## 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2018 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer:	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee:	12.25 %	12.25 %
2018 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	0.50
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee:	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payrolls.

The Township's has paid all contribution required through December 31, 2018.

## Social Security

Some Township employees contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Township contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2018.

## 6. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Both OPERS and OP&F offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2018. OP&F contributes 0.5 percent to fund these benefits.

## 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

## **Commercial Insurance**

The Township has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

## 7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## Risk Pool Membership

The Township belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) - formerly known as the Ohio Government Risk Management Plan, (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss. Effective November 1, 2016, the OPRM retained 50% of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 30% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Effective November 1, 2017, the OPRM retained 47% of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 30% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Effective November 1, 2018, the OPRM property retention remained unchanged, however, the Plan assumed 100% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. OPRM had 774 members as of December 31, 2018.

*Plan members are responsi*ble to notify the Plan of their intent to renew coverage by their renewal date. If a member chooses not to renew with the Plan, they have no other financial obligation to the Plan, but still need to promptly notify the Plan of any potential claims occurring during their membership period. The former member's covered claims, which occurred during their membership period, remain the responsibility of the Plan.

Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2018.

Assets	<u>\$ 15,065,412</u>
Liabilities	\$ (10,734.623)
Members' Equity	\$ 4,330,789

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

## 8. SELF-INSURANCE MEDICAL INSURANCE

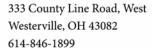
The Township is self-insured for employee's medical health insurance. The Self Insurance Fund pays covered claims to service providers, and recovers these costs from charges to other funds based on claims approved by the claims administrator. A comparison of Self Insurance Fund cash and investments to the actuarially measured liability as of December 31, 2018 follows:

	2018
Cash and investments	\$0
Actuarial liabilities	\$150,100

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

## 9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Township is defendant in a lawsuit. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of the suit, management believes that the resolution of these matters will not materially adversely affect the Township's financial condition.





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## Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Genoa Township Delaware County 5111 S. Old 3C highway Westerville, Ohio 43082

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements by fund type of Genoa Township, Delaware County, Ohio as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2020, wherein we noted Genoa Township followed the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Furthermore, as discussed in Note 11 to the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered Genoa Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of Genoa Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of Genoa Township's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider a significant deficiency. We consider finding 2019-001 to be a significant deficiency.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether Genoa Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Genoa Township
Delaware County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

## Genoa Township's Response to Finding

Julian & Sube, Elne.

Genoa Township's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not subject Genoa Township's response to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

## Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of Genoa Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Genoa Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

June 24, 2020

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS Finding Number 2019-001

## Significant Deficiency - Financial Statement Presentation

Accurate financial reporting is required in order to provide management and other stakeholders with objective and timely information to enable well-informed decisions. Presentation of materially correct financial statements and the related footnotes is the responsibility of management. This responsibility remains intact even if management decides to outsource this function for efficiency purposes or any other reason. In either case, it is important that control procedures are developed related to the financial statements that enable management to identify, prevent, detect and correct potential misstatements in the financial statements and footnotes. In general, an accounting and information system should be designed to provide management with accurate and timely information to enable well-informed business decisions to be made.

Certain adjustments were made to the financial statements and note disclosures for both years ending December 31, 2019 and 2018 to properly state amounts. The audited financial statements, note disclosures, and Township records have been adjusted for the misstatements identified during the audit.

Control procedures not properly developed related to the financial reporting process limit management's ability to identify, prevent, detect, and correct potential misstatements in the financial statements and footnotes. Additionally, management will not have the necessary information to make timely and well-informed business decisions.

We recommend Genoa Township implement additional control procedures that enable management to more-timely prevent or detect and correct potential misstatements in the financial statements and related notes prior to presenting them to the auditors. The Township should consider having an outside third-party or Board member with financial experience review the financial report prior to filing through the Hinkle System. Further, the Township should reach out to its auditor throughout the year if questions arise on how to properly account for receipts or disbursements.

<u>Client Response</u>: This occurred with the implementation of the Medical Self Insurance program and Police Station-Capital Projects fund; we were unfamiliar with the proper control procedures necessary in 2019. The Fiscal Office has implemented proper controls and, after discussions with the audit team, we are confident that going forward we are and will be compliant with this finding.

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

Finding Number	Year Initially Occurred	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2017-001	2017	Material Weakness/Noncompliance – Self-Insurance Reporting and Compliance: Ohio Revised Code Section 9.833 states each political subdivision shall reserve funds necessary for an individual or joint self-insurance program in a special fund. Ohio Revised Code 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision or taxing unit from expending money unless it has been appropriated. The Township is self-insured for employee health care benefits but did not establish the required self-insurance fund, resulting in noncompliance with budgetary laws and material adjustments to the Township's financial statements.	Partially Corrected	Corrective action taken in 2019 resulting in proper accounting for self-insurance activity and budgeting. Finding is reissued in Management Letter for 2018.



## **GENOA TOWNSHIP**

## **DELAWARE COUNTY**

## **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/25/2020