



Rea & associates *a brighter way*

Development Finance Authority of Summit County Summit County, Ohio

Audited Financial Statements

For the Years Ended
December 31, 2019 and 2018

OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE
KEITH FABER



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Board of Directors
Development Finance Authority of Summit County
47 N Main Street
Akron, Ohio 44308

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Development Finance Authority of Summit County, Summit County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Development Finance Authority of Summit County is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Keith Faber".

Keith Faber
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

October 5, 2020

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Summit County, Ohio
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August 12, 2020

Development Finance Authority of Summit County
Summit County, Ohio
47 N. Main Street, Suite 407
Akron, Ohio 44308

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Development Finance Authority of Summit County, Summit County, Ohio, (the Authority) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Development Finance Authority of Summit County, Summit County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As described in Note 23 to the financial statements, during 2020, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Authority. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis*, *Schedule of Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability*, *Schedule of the Authority's Pension Contributions*, *Schedule of Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability*, and *Schedule of the Authority's OPEB Contributions* as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 12, 2020 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rea & Associates, Inc.

New Philadelphia, Ohio

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

General

The Management of the Development Finance Authority of Summit County (the "Authority") provides the readers of the Authority's financial statements this brief narrative overview of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

The Authority is an independent political subdivision of the State of Ohio. The Authority was established in 1999 for the purpose of providing community and economic development financing activities in Summit County, Ohio. Since then, the Authority has expanded its service capacity through Cooperative Agreements with several Ohio counties. The Authority engages in this activity by managing activities through issuance of various revenue bonds. In addition, the Authority is co-manager of an industrial park on property owned by the Akron-Canton Airport.

In 2011, the Authority created the Community Development Entity ("CDE"); the Development Fund of the Western Reserve ("DFWR") a private, not-for profit 501(c)(3) to apply for certification through the U.S. Treasury Community Development Financial Institutions Fund ("CDFI") to become eligible for allocations of New Markets Tax Credits ("NMTC"). DRWR, a certified Community Development Entity ("CDE") of the U.S. Treasury, serves an 18-county area of northeast Ohio and is the only CDE exclusively focused on NMTC financing activity in northeast Ohio. The Authority assists with the management of DFWR through a service agreement.

In 2011, the CDFI notified DFWR that it had been certified and in 2012, CDFI awarded a \$20 million NMTC allocation. During 2012 and 2013, DFWR used all \$20 million of the credits to fund three projects in the cities of Kent, Ohio, Lorain, Ohio, and Akron, Ohio.

In June 2015, the CDFI notified the Authority that the DFWR had been awarded a \$45 million NMTC allocation. During 2015 and 2016, the DFWR deployed \$38.25 million of the credits to fund seven projects in Youngstown, Ohio, Euclid, Ohio, Oberlin, Ohio, Akron, Ohio and Conneaut, Ohio.

In 2017, DFWR used the final \$6.75 million NMTC allocation to help capitalize the Akron Community Revitalization Fund (ACRF), which leveraged \$2 million in philanthropic grants raised by DFWR along with \$2 million in private loans and investments.

Also, in 2017, the Authority, with the assistance of Summit County and Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC), created and expanded the Akron-Summit County Energy Special Improvement District (ESID), to enable property owners to finance energy efficiency projects within Summit County.

In 2018, ACRF closed six loans ranging from \$580,000 to \$1.67 million. DFWR manages the fund, without recourse or fiduciary obligation to the Authority. In 2018 and 2019, several more Summit County communities joined the ESID.

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In June 2019, DFWR was awarded a \$30 million NMTC allocation and deployed \$5 million for a project in Warren, Ohio.

Overview

The Authority engages in economic development finance activities that are conduit stand-alone and/or Jobs and Investment Fund ("Bond Fund") projects. In 2018 the Bond Fund was upgraded to an A- Rating by Standard and Poor's. The Authority issued \$5.51 million to fund one project in 2019. Conduit projects have included the Akron Civic Theater, Bridgestone Americas Tech Center, the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Headquarters and numerous other projects.

In 2019, tax-exempt conduit bond financing was provided to assist with financing improvements for the Summit County 47 N Main St project, the Akron Urban League in Akron, Ohio and the Lawrence Schools project in Sagamore Hills, Ohio.

It is noteworthy to consider the following regarding all of the Authority's finance projects:

1. All conduit transactions are non-recourse to the Authority and require a lender to look only to the borrower's lease or debt service payments and any certain specific revenue sources and cash reserves to provide sufficient funds to meet lease payments and/or debt service payments.
2. Bond Fund transactions require the Authority to look only to the borrower lease or loan payments for debt service unless a default arises, in which case the reserve mechanisms in the Bond Fund will make the debt service payments to the extent sufficient funds are available. As of December 31, 2019, the Authority had issued \$118.505 million to fund 35 projects with an outstanding principal balance of \$68.33 million.
3. As of December 31, 2019, the Bond Fund contained \$7,309,158 in reserves with an additional reserve of \$3,730,506 for Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) projects.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

Condensed Statement of Net Position Information

The table below provides a summary of the Authority's financial position and operations for 2019 and 2018. Increases in restricted assets and other liabilities is primarily caused by projects issued in the current year offset by scheduled payment activity on outstanding issues.

Comparison of 2019 vs. 2018 Results:

| | 2019 | 2018 | Change | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | | | Amount | % |
| Assets: | | | | |
| Current assets | \$ 6,612,686 | \$ 5,881,008 | \$ 731,678 | 12.4% |
| Capital assets - net | 1,175,000 | 1,200,000 | (25,000) | -2.1% |
| Restricted assets | <u>96,663,325</u> | <u>95,084,112</u> | <u>1,579,213</u> | <u>1.7%</u> |
| Total assets | <u>104,451,011</u> | <u>102,165,120</u> | <u>2,285,891</u> | <u>2.2%</u> |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | <u>281,820</u> | <u>120,614</u> | <u>161,206</u> | <u>133.7%</u> |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | 104,732,831 | 102,285,734 | 2,447,097 | 2.4% |
| Liabilities and net position: | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Current liabilities | 5,197,132 | 4,445,628 | 751,504 | 16.9% |
| Other liabilities | <u>88,749,265</u> | <u>87,377,519</u> | <u>1,371,746</u> | <u>1.6%</u> |
| Total liabilities | <u>93,946,397</u> | <u>91,823,147</u> | <u>2,123,250</u> | <u>2.3%</u> |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | <u>25,668</u> | <u>145,632</u> | <u>(119,964)</u> | <u>-82.4%</u> |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | <u>93,972,065</u> | <u>91,968,779</u> | <u>2,003,286</u> | <u>2.2%</u> |
| Net position: | | | | |
| Investment in capital assets | 1,175,000 | 1,200,000 | (25,000) | -2.1% |
| Restricted | 7,309,159 | 6,991,483 | 317,676 | 4.5% |
| Unrestricted | <u>2,276,607</u> | <u>2,125,472</u> | <u>151,135</u> | <u>7.1%</u> |
| Total net position | <u>\$ 10,760,766</u> | <u>\$ 10,316,955</u> | <u>\$ 443,811</u> | <u>4.3%</u> |

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

The table below provides a summary of the Authority's financial position and operations for 2018 and 2017.

Comparison of 2018 vs. 2017 Results:

| | 2018 | 2017 | Change | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | | Amount | % |
| Assets: | | | | |
| Current assets | \$ 5,881,008 | \$ 4,638,121 | \$ 1,242,887 | 26.8% |
| Capital assets - net | 1,200,000 | 1,225,000 | (25,000) | -2.0% |
| Restricted assets | <u>95,084,112</u> | <u>72,988,367</u> | <u>22,095,745</u> | <u>30.3%</u> |
| Total assets | 102,165,120 | 78,851,488 | 23,313,632 | 29.6% |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | <u>120,614</u> | <u>252,880</u> | <u>(132,266)</u> | <u>-52.3%</u> |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | 102,285,734 | 79,104,368 | 23,181,366 | 29.3% |
| Liabilities and net position: | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Current liabilities | 4,445,628 | 3,670,884 | 774,744 | 21.1% |
| Other liabilities | <u>87,377,519</u> | <u>65,250,447</u> | <u>22,127,072</u> | <u>33.9%</u> |
| Total liabilities | 91,823,147 | 68,921,331 | 22,901,816 | 33.2% |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | <u>145,632</u> | <u>8,509</u> | <u>137,123</u> | <u>1611.5%</u> |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | <u>91,968,779</u> | <u>68,929,840</u> | <u>23,038,939</u> | <u>33.4%</u> |
| Net position: | | | | |
| Investment in capital assets | 1,200,000 | 1,225,000 | (25,000) | -2.0% |
| Restricted | 6,991,483 | 6,821,088 | 170,395 | 2.5% |
| Unrestricted | <u>2,125,472</u> | <u>2,128,440</u> | <u>(2,968)</u> | <u>-0.1%</u> |
| Total net position | <u>\$ 10,316,955</u> | <u>\$ 10,174,528</u> | <u>\$ 142,427</u> | <u>1.4%</u> |

The increase to restricted assets and other liabilities from 2018 to 2019 is primarily due to bond fund activity. The Authority funded one new project in 2019.

The net pension liability (NPL) is one of the largest single liabilities reported by the Authority at December 31, 2019 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." During 2018, the Authority adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability or net OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the Authority's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Authority is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits,

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the Authority's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Long Term Debt

Additional information on the outstanding debt can be found in Notes 5, 10, 11 and 14. The following table summarizes outstanding debt.

| | Balance at January 1, 2019 | Additions | Reductions | Balance at December 31, 2019 |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Notes Payable | \$ 5,937,996 | \$ 123,339 | \$ (75,000) | \$ 5,986,335 |
| Revenue Bonds | 18,635,000 | - | (865,000) | 17,770,000 |
| Bond Fund Transactions | 66,015,000 | 5,510,000 | (3,195,000) | 68,330,000 |
| | <u>\$ 90,587,996</u> | <u>\$ 5,633,339</u> | <u>\$ (4,135,000)</u> | <u>\$ 92,086,335</u> |

| | Balance at January 1, 2018 | Additions | Reductions | Balance at December 31, 2018 |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Notes Payable | \$ 2,405,829 | \$ 3,607,167 | \$ (75,000) | \$ 5,937,996 |
| Revenue Bonds | 19,455,000 | - | (820,000) | 18,635,000 |
| Bond Fund Transactions | 45,800,000 | 24,375,000 | (4,160,000) | 66,015,000 |
| | <u>\$ 67,660,829</u> | <u>\$ 27,982,167</u> | <u>\$ (5,055,000)</u> | <u>\$ 90,587,996</u> |

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

Capital Assets

Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note 7 to the Authority's financial statements. A summary of the activity in the Authority's capital assets during the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 is as follows:

| | Balance at January 1, 2019 | Additions | Deletions | Balance at December 31, 2019 |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 500,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 500,000 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,000,000 | - | - | 1,000,000 |
| Less accumulated depreciation: | | | | |
| Buildings | (300,000) | (25,000) | - | (325,000) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 700,000 | (25,000) | - | 675,000 |
| Capital assets, net | <u>\$ 1,200,000</u> | <u>\$ (25,000)</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 1,175,000</u> |

| | Balance at January 1, 2018 | Additions | Deletions | Balance at December 31, 2018 |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 500,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 500,000 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,000,000 | - | - | 1,000,000 |
| Less accumulated depreciation: | | | | |
| Buildings | (275,000) | (25,000) | - | (300,000) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 725,000 | (25,000) | - | 700,000 |
| Capital assets, net | <u>\$ 1,225,000</u> | <u>\$ (25,000)</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 1,200,000</u> |

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Information

The Authority's net position increased by \$443,811 in 2019 and increased by \$408,446 in 2018. Key elements of these changes are summarized below. Operating revenues slightly decreased by 1.25% in 2019 primarily due to decreases in project and administrative fees, and New Market Tax Credit financing activities offset by an increase in loan processing fees. Operating expenses increased primarily due to salaries and benefits related to the OPERS pension and OPEB contributions. The change in non-operating activity is primarily due to a note receivable forgiveness in the prior year and increases in interest income offset by grant expenses.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 | Change | |
|--|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| | | | Amount | % |
| Operating revenues: | | | | |
| Project management and administrative fees | \$ 700,748 | \$ 906,599 | \$ (205,851) | -22.7% |
| CAK Business Park - lease administrative revenue | 81,993 | 84,530 | (2,537) | -3.0% |
| Loan processing fees | 915,580 | 722,775 | 192,805 | 26.7% |
| Summit County economic development grant | 75,000 | 75,000 | - | 0.0% |
| Property lease and rentals | - | 7,522 | (7,522) | -100.0% |
| New Market Tax Credit financing revenue | 290,000 | 292,296 | (2,296) | -0.8% |
| Total operating revenues | 2,063,321 | 2,088,722 | (25,401) | -1.2% |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Salaries and benefits | 704,899 | 553,675 | (151,224) | -27.3% |
| Professional services | 102,399 | 128,082 | 25,683 | 20.1% |
| Office and occupancy | 85,787 | 67,987 | (17,800) | -26.2% |
| Depreciation expense | 25,000 | 25,000 | - | 0.0% |
| Bank fees | 76,082 | 78,822 | 2,740 | 3.5% |
| Other operating expenses | 670,472 | 665,987 | (4,485) | -0.7% |
| Total operating expenses | 1,664,639 | 1,519,553 | (145,086) | -9.5% |
| Operating (loss) income | 398,682 | 569,169 | (170,487) | -30.0% |
| Non-operating revenues (expenses): | | | | |
| Interest Income | 261,727 | 146,996 | 114,731 | 78.1% |
| Non-operating grant revenue | 72,500 | 72,500 | - | 0.0% |
| Grant expenses | (250,000) | - | (250,000) | 100.0% |
| Change in equity interests | (41,598) | (11,890) | (29,708) | 249.9% |
| Forgiveness of note receivable | - | (358,329) | 358,329 | -100.0% |
| Other (expense) revenue, net | 2,500 | (10,000) | 12,500 | -125.0% |
| Total non-operating revenue (expenses) | 45,129 | (160,723) | 205,852 | -128.1% |
| Pass-through revenue (expenses) | | | | |
| Project deposits - B&W | 845,000 | - | 845,000 | -100.0% |
| Pass-through expenses - B&W | (845,000) | - | (845,000) | 100.0% |
| Project deposits - ABIA | - | 102,000 | (102,000) | -100.0% |
| Pass-through expenses - ABIA | - | (102,000) | 102,000 | -100.0% |
| Project deposits - Bowery | 48,489 | 2,000,000 | (1,951,511) | -97.6% |
| Pass-through expenses - Bowery | (48,489) | (2,000,000) | 1,951,511 | -97.6% |
| Total pass-through revenues (expenses) | - | - | - | 0.0% |
| Change in net position | 443,811 | 408,446 | 35,365 | 8.7% |
| Net position - beginning of year | 10,316,955 | 9,908,509 | 408,446 | 4.1% |
| Net position - end of year | \$ 10,760,766 | \$ 10,316,955 | \$ 443,811 | 4.3% |

* 2018 beginning net position is after cumulative effect of GASB 75 implementation.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

The Authority's net position increased by \$408,446 in 2018 and increased by \$16,407 in 2017. Key elements of these changes are summarized below. Operating revenues increased in 2018 primarily due to increases in project and administrative fees, loan processing fees and New Market Tax Credit financing activities. The change in non-operating activity is primarily due to a note receivable forgiveness in 2018 that did not occur in 2017.

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DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

| | 2018 | 2017 | Change | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | | Amount | % |
| Operating revenues: | | | | |
| Project management and administrative fees | \$ 906,599 | \$ 448,934 | \$ 457,665 | 101.9% |
| CAK Business Park - lease administrative revenue | 84,530 | 80,030 | 4,500 | 5.6% |
| Loan processing fees | 722,775 | 173,250 | 549,525 | 317.2% |
| Summit County economic development grant | 75,000 | 75,000 | - | 0.0% |
| Property lease and rentals | 7,522 | 6,916 | 606 | 8.8% |
| New Market Tax Credit financing revenue | 292,296 | 178,346 | 113,950 | 63.9% |
| Total operating revenues | <u>2,088,722</u> | <u>962,476</u> | <u>1,126,246</u> | <u>117.0%</u> |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Salaries and benefits | 553,675 | 609,965 | 56,290 | 9.2% |
| Professional services | 128,082 | 156,419 | 28,337 | 18.1% |
| Office and occupancy | 67,987 | 74,325 | 6,338 | 8.5% |
| Depreciation expense | 25,000 | 25,000 | - | 0.0% |
| Bank fees | 78,822 | 78,556 | (266) | -0.3% |
| Other operating expenses | 665,987 | 123,227 | (542,760) | -440.5% |
| Total operating expenses | <u>1,519,553</u> | <u>1,067,492</u> | <u>(452,061)</u> | <u>-42.3%</u> |
| Operating (loss) income | 569,169 | (105,016) | 674,185 | -642.0% |
| Non-operating revenues (expenses): | | | | |
| Interest Income | 146,996 | 44,355 | 102,641 | 231.4% |
| Non-operating grant revenue | 72,500 | 72,500 | - | 0.0% |
| Change in equity interests | (11,890) | (27,106) | 15,216 | -56.1% |
| Forgiveness of note receivable | (358,329) | - | (358,329) | 100.0% |
| Other (expense) revenue, net | (10,000) | 31,674 | (41,674) | -131.6% |
| Total non-operating revenue (expenses) | <u>(160,723)</u> | <u>121,423</u> | <u>(282,146)</u> | <u>-232.4%</u> |
| Pass-through revenue (expenses) | | | | |
| Project deposits - ABIA | 102,000 | 102,000 | - | 0.0% |
| Pass-through expenses - ABIA | (102,000) | (102,000) | - | 0.0% |
| Project deposits - Bowery | 2,000,000 | - | 2,000,000 | 100.0% |
| Pass-through expenses - Bowery | (2,000,000) | - | (2,000,000) | 100.0% |
| Total pass-through revenues (expenses) | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>0.0%</u> |
| Change in net position | 408,446 | 16,407 | 392,039 | 2389.5% |
| Net position - beginning of year | 10,174,528 | 10,158,121 | 16,407 | 0.2% |
| Cumulative effect of GASB 75 implementation | (266,019) | - | (266,019) | 100.0% |
| Net position - beginning of year, as restated | <u>9,908,509</u> | <u>10,158,121</u> | <u>(249,612)</u> | <u>100.2%</u> |
| Net position - end of year | <u>\$ 10,316,955</u> | <u>\$ 10,174,528</u> | <u>\$ 142,427</u> | <u>1.4%</u> |

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

The information necessary to restate the 2017 beginning balances and the 2017 OPEB expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 75 is not available. Therefore, 2017 functional expenses still include OPEB expense of \$3,704 computed under GASB 45. GASB 45 required recognizing OPEB expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 75, OPEB expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of OPEB expense. Under GASB 75, the 2018 statements report OPEB expense of \$20,700. Consequently, in order to compare 2018 total operating expenses to 2017, the following adjustments are needed:

| | <u>Business-Type Activities</u> |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Total 2018 operating expenses under GASB 75 | \$ 1,519,553 |
| OPEB expense under GASB 75 | <u>(20,700)</u> |
| Adjusted 2018 operating expenses | 1,498,853 |
| Total 2017 operating expenses under GASB 45 | <u>1,067,492</u> |
| Increase in operating expenses not related to OPEB | <u><u>\$ 2,566,345</u></u> |

Factors Expected to Impact the Authority's Future Financial Position or Results of Operations

In 2019, revenue from operations and deal flow was healthy and indicators point to a continued active project pipeline in 2020, including a possible project with Crystal Clinic Orthopaedic Center in collaboration with the Columbus-Franklin County Finance Authority (CCFA). During 2020, the Authority anticipates continued expansion of the Akron-Summit County ESID and will focus on the creation of a new private 501(c)(3) non-profit, the Western Reserve Community Fund (WRCF), which will apply for certification as a CDFI lender. WRCF will be managed by the Authority's staff through a service agreement. Also in 2020, the Authority intends to issue bonds with CCFA for a project in Grandview, Ohio and may provide TIF financing for a project in Stark County, Ohio.

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Authority. The Authority's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the Authority participates have incurred a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the Authority's future operating costs, revenues and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

Contacting the Authority's Finance Department

The financial statements are designed to provide the public, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to show the Authority's accountability for funds it receives and generates. If you have any questions about these financial statements or need additional financial information, please contact Christopher Burnham, President, and/or Laurie Ann Stoddard, Fiscal Officer.

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DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2019 and 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| Unrestricted assets | | |
| Cash | \$ 1,939,595 | \$ 1,660,671 |
| Accounts receivable | 7,874 | 82,354 |
| Administrative fee receivable | 61,727 | 72,947 |
| Prepaid expenses | 9,546 | 11,092 |
| Total unrestricted assets, current | 2,018,742 | 1,827,064 |
| Restricted assets | | |
| Current portion of lease receivable | 1,028,944 | 978,944 |
| Current portion of bond fund receivable | 3,565,000 | 3,075,000 |
| Total restricted assets, current | 4,593,944 | 4,053,944 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 6,612,686 | 5,881,008 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| Restricted assets | | |
| Cash - board restricted | 1,471,291 | 1,123,031 |
| Investment - board restricted | 320,642 | 295,161 |
| Restricted cash - Bond fund program reserve | 7,309,158 | 6,965,253 |
| Restricted cash - State 166 loan program reserve | 2,000,001 | 2,026,230 |
| Restricted cash - Energy loan program reserve | 3,730,506 | 3,607,167 |
| Equity in Akron BioInvestment Fund II, LLC | 1,700 | 49,148 |
| Equity in Headsense Medical, Ltd. | - | 21,658 |
| Equity in P-Cure, Ltd. | 32,102 | 32,102 |
| Equity in Dentaray, Ltd. | 3,615 | 3,615 |
| Equity in Akron Fusion Investment Partners | 29,861 | - |
| Note receivable - Akron Summit County ESID | 40,000 | 30,000 |
| Convertible note receivable - Headsense | - | 2,128 |
| Interest receivable on convertible note - Headsense | - | 225 |
| Lease receivable - Akron Civic Theater | 11,955,000 | 12,460,000 |
| Lease receivable - A&K Summit | 104,449 | 218,394 |
| Lease receivable - Bridgestone | 4,900,000 | 5,310,000 |
| Bond fund transactions (see Note 5) | 64,765,000 | 62,940,000 |
| Total restricted assets, non-current | 96,663,325 | 95,084,112 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
 STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION
 December 31, 2019 and 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Capital assets | | |
| Land | \$ 500,000 | \$ 500,000 |
| Buildings | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Total | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | (325,000) | (300,000) |
| Net book value of capital assets | 1,175,000 | 1,200,000 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | 97,838,325 | 96,284,112 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 104,451,011 | 102,165,120 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Deferred outflows - Pension | 240,540 | 100,021 |
| Deferred outflows - OPEB | 41,280 | 20,593 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 281,820 | 120,614 |
| TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | \$ 104,732,831 | \$ 102,285,734 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2019 and 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| LIABILITIES | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| Payable from unrestricted assets | | |
| Deposits held | \$ 495,329 | \$ 208,995 |
| Accounts payable | 96,180 | 130,898 |
| Accrued expenses | 16,532 | 16,248 |
| Total payable from unrestricted assets, current | 608,041 | 356,141 |
| Payable from restricted assets | | |
| Note payable - Summit County, current portion | 75,000 | 75,000 |
| Revenue bonds - Akron Civic Theater, current portion | 505,000 | 470,000 |
| Revenue bonds - Bridgestone, current portion | 410,000 | 395,000 |
| Revenue bonds - Bond Fund projects, current portion | 3,565,000 | 3,075,000 |
| 47 North Main Street tenant liability | 34,091 | 74,487 |
| Total payable from restricted assets, current | 4,589,091 | 4,089,487 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 5,197,132 | 4,445,628 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| Unearned lease revenue | 103,839 | 122,438 |
| Payable from restricted assets | | |
| Note payable - Summit County | 180,829 | 255,829 |
| Note payable - State of Ohio | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 |
| Energy loan loss reserve escrow | 3,730,506 | 3,607,167 |
| Net pension liability | 753,991 | 402,242 |
| Net OPEB liability | 360,100 | 279,843 |
| Revenue bonds - Akron Civic Theater | 11,955,000 | 12,460,000 |
| Revenue bonds - Bridgestone | 4,900,000 | 5,310,000 |
| Bond Fund transactions (see Note 5) | 64,765,000 | 62,940,000 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | 88,749,265 | 87,377,519 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 93,946,397 | 91,823,147 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Deferred inflows - Pension | 21,235 | 118,163 |
| Deferred inflows - OPEB | 4,433 | 27,469 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 25,668 | 145,632 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
 STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION
 December 31, 2019 and 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| NET POSITION | | |
| Investments in capital assets | \$ 1,175,000 | \$ 1,200,000 |
| Restricted | 7,309,159 | 6,991,483 |
| Unrestricted | 2,276,607 | 2,125,472 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | 10,760,766 | 10,316,955 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION | \$ 104,732,831 | \$ 102,285,734 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
For the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|------------|-------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES | | |
| Project management and administrative fees | \$ 700,748 | \$ 906,599 |
| CAK Business Park - lease administrative revenue | 81,993 | 84,530 |
| Loan processing fees | 915,580 | 722,775 |
| Summit County economic development grant | 75,000 | 75,000 |
| Property lease and rentals | - | 7,522 |
| New market tax credit financing revenue | 290,000 | 292,296 |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES | 2,063,321 | 2,088,722 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | |
| Salaries and benefits | 704,899 | 553,675 |
| Professional services | 102,399 | 128,082 |
| Office and occupancy | 85,787 | 67,987 |
| Depreciation expense | 25,000 | 25,000 |
| Bank fees | 76,082 | 78,822 |
| Project related expenses | 670,472 | 665,987 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 1,664,639 | 1,519,553 |
| OPERATING INCOME | 398,682 | 569,169 |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | |
| Interest income | 261,727 | 146,996 |
| Non-operating grant revenue | 72,500 | 72,500 |
| Grant expenses | (250,000) | - |
| Change in equity interests | (41,598) | (11,890) |
| Forgiveness of note receivable | - | (358,329) |
| Other revenue (expense), net | 2,500 | (10,000) |
| Total non-operating revenues (expenses), net | 45,129 | (160,723) |
| Pass-through revenue (expenses) | | |
| Project deposits - Bowery | 845,000 | 2,000,000 |
| Pass-through expenses - Bowery | (845,000) | (2,000,000) |
| Project deposits - ABIA | - | 102,000 |
| Pass-through expenses - ABIA | - | (102,000) |
| Project deposits - Bowery - Civic Theatre Building G | 48,489 | - |
| Pass-through expenses - Bowery - Civic Theatre Building G | (48,489) | - |
| Total non-operating pass-through revenues (expenses) | - | - |
| TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | 45,129 | (160,723) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
 STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
 For the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | \$ 443,811 | \$ 408,446 |
| NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR | 10,316,955 | 10,174,528 |
| CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF GASB 75 IMPLEMENTATION | - | (266,019) |
| NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED | 10,316,955 | 9,908,509 |
| NET POSITION - END OF YEAR | \$ 10,760,766 | \$ 10,316,955 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Cash received from development projects | \$ 2,341,756 | \$ 1,972,995 |
| Cash received from operating grants | 75,000 | 75,000 |
| Cash payments to and on behalf of employees | (553,779) | (506,015) |
| Cash payments for other operating expenses | (1,008,308) | (990,293) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | 854,669 | 551,687 |
| NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Borrowings on energy loan loss reserve escrow | 123,339 | 3,607,167 |
| Payments on line of credit/note payable | (75,000) | (75,000) |
| Borrowings on Akron Summit County ESID | (10,000) | - |
| Cash payments for grant expenses | (250,000) | - |
| Repayments on lease receivable | 113,945 | 113,944 |
| Cash received from revenue bonds - Akron Civic | 470,000 | 435,000 |
| Cash received from revenue bonds - Bridgestone | 395,000 | 385,000 |
| Cash payments from revenue bonds - Akron Civic | (470,000) | (435,000) |
| Cash payments from revenue bonds - Bridgestone | (395,000) | (385,000) |
| Bond Fund: | | |
| Cash received from borrowings on revenue bonds | 5,510,000 | 24,375,000 |
| Cash received from repayments on revenue bonds | 3,195,000 | 4,160,000 |
| Cash payments from borrowings on revenue bonds | (5,510,000) | (24,375,000) |
| Cash payments from repayments on revenue bonds | (3,195,000) | (4,160,000) |
| Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities | (97,716) | 3,646,111 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Cash payments for net purchase of investments | (253,589) | (3,596,153) |
| Cash received from interest on investments | 123,820 | 27,689 |
| Cash payments for convertible debt for equity interests | - | (2,352) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (129,769) | (3,570,816) |
| NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 627,184 | 626,982 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR | 2,783,702 | 2,156,720 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR | \$ 3,410,886 | \$ 2,783,702 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION | | |
| Cash - unrestricted | \$ 1,939,595 | \$ 1,660,671 |
| Cash - board restricted | 1,471,291 | 1,123,031 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR | \$ 3,410,886 | \$ 2,783,702 |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | \$ 398,682 | \$ 569,169 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | | |
| Depreciation | 25,000 | 25,000 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities | | |
| Accounts receivable | 74,480 | 24,764 |
| Administrative fees receivables | 11,220 | (46,301) |
| Prepaid expenses | 1,546 | 1,036 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | (161,206) | 135,970 |
| Deposits held | 286,334 | (592) |
| Accounts payable | (34,718) | 53,366 |
| 47 North Main Street tenant liability | (40,396) | (103,817) |
| Accrued payroll and payroll taxes | 284 | 5,787 |
| Net pension liability | 432,006 | (231,220) |
| Deferred revenue | (18,599) | (18,598) |
| Deferred inflows of resources | (119,964) | 137,123 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | \$ 854,669 | \$ 551,687 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Development Finance Authority of Summit County (the "Authority") was formed, pursuant to Ohio Revised Code 4582.21 to 4582.59, by the Summit County Council in 1993 to preserve key railroad lines from abandonment in an era of rail mergers and consolidations. In 1999, County Council recognized the expanding role of port authorities within the state and passed legislation enabling the Authority to use the economic development powers allowed under the Ohio Revised Code.

The Authority engages in community and economic development finance, creating employment opportunities, and providing financing and tax incentives to local businesses in order to provide a foundation to compete in the international marketplace. The Authority is directed by a seven-member Board appointed by the Summit County Executive, in accordance with the procedures provided by the Summit County Charter.

The Authority's activities are financed and operated as an enterprise fund such that the costs and expenses of providing services are recovered primarily through user charges. The Authority's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Authority is financially accountable.

Fund Accounting

The Authority maintains its accounting records in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. Fund accounting is a concept developed to meet the needs of government entities in which legal or other restraints require the recording of specific receipts and disbursements. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Authority uses an enterprise fund to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Basis of Presentation

The Authority's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenue, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. The Authority uses a single enterprise fund to maintain its financial records during the year.

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. For financial statement presentation purposes, the Authority utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

The Authority's activities are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the Authority's operations are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Authority finances and meets the cash flows of its enterprise activity. The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues generally result from closing fees and servicing fees. Operating expenses for the Authority include the cost of providing these services, including administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. Non-operating revenues include pledged revenue to support repayment of bonds issued through the Jobs and Investment Bond Fund Program, assigned tax increment financing payments revenues related to other financing projects, energy grants, contribution revenues, loan financing revenues and interest earnings. Non-operating expenses include pass through tax increment financing payments related to other financing projects, interest payments on bonds, bond issuance costs, fiscal charges and developer expenses related to projects financed through the Jobs and Investment Bond Fund Program. Non-operating expenses also include changes in the fair value of the Authority's investments.

Conduit Debt and Capital Leases

As part of its efforts to promote economic development within northeastern Ohio, over the past several years, the Authority has issued debt obligations and loaned the proceeds to industrial, commercial, governmental and nonprofit organizations, primarily located within Summit County and other northeast Ohio counties. The obligations are secured by the property financed and other security and are payable solely from the payments received by the trustee from the borrowers or other sources designated in the related agreements.

Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and requires an annual budget. This budget includes estimated receipts and appropriations. In addition, the Rules and Regulations of the Authority require the Board to adopt an appropriation resolution. The Authority maintains budgetary control by not permitting expenditures to exceed their respective appropriations without amendment of appropriations from the Board of Directors.

Cash and Investments

Summit County is the fiscal agent for the Authority's operations. Accordingly, the Summit County Fiscal Officer maintains a portion of the Authority's cash in a Custodial fund on the County's financial records. The Authority's Secretary of the Board is the fiscal agent for the Authority's development projects. The Authority maintains some of its cash with one local bank. This account is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to the maximum allowed.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, all bank deposits, including investments in short-term certificates of deposit, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio ("STAR Ohio") and overnight investments of excess deposits in repurchase agreements are considered to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash - Board Restricted

The Authority's cash is designated by the Board of Directors and invested in short-term certificates of deposit. These investments are considered cash equivalents and could be deemed unrestricted per action of the Board of Directors through issuance of specific resolutions. These accounts include the Supplemental Bond Fund Account, 47 Operating Expense Account, Home Avenue Project Fund Account, Huntington Restricted Account (money market), 47 N. Main Capital Reserve Account and the County Grant Reserve Account.

Also included as restricted cash – board restricted are funds relating to the Project Activity Fund Account and the Land Bank Account, which are pass-through monies to the Authority used to service ongoing projects currently under contract.

Restricted Cash - Bond Fund Program Reserve

The Authority's investments are governed by the trust indenture and State of Ohio statutes, which allow the Authority to invest in certain obligations including State of Ohio obligations. The balance is invested in government obligations, commercial paper sweep and a certificate of deposit and is considered cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash – State 166 Loan Program Reserve

The Authority's investments are governed by the trust indenture and State of Ohio statutes, which allow the Authority to invest in certain obligations including State of Ohio obligations. The balance is invested in government obligations and a certificate of deposit and is considered cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash – Energy Loan Program Reserve

The Authority's investments are governed by the trust indenture and State of Ohio statutes, which allow the Authority to invest in certain obligations including State of Ohio obligations. The balance is invested in government obligations and a certificate of deposit and is considered cash equivalents.

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time based on relevant market information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could affect the estimates.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

Capital Assets

All capital assets are capitalized at historical cost. The Authority maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Consistent with its capital asset policy, the Authority's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over a range of 3 to 39 years depending on the specific asset class.

Compensated Absences

It is the Authority's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacation pay is accrued and reported as a liability when earned by the Authority's employees. A change to the accrual of vacation was adopted in 2018 with the new employee policy handbook. Beginning in January 2019, vacation earned during the calendar year must be used in the same year and will not be accrued in the next calendar year.

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Authority, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statements of net position for pension/OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension/OPEB are explained in Notes 8 and 9.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the Authority, deferred inflows of resources include pension/OPEB, which are explained in Notes 8 and 9.

Non-Operating Grant and Pass-Through Revenue and Expenses

Non-operating grant revenue and expenses are those that are not generated by the Authority's primary mission and relate to the transfer of resources from one governmental entity to another. The Authority recognized non-operating grant revenue and expenses related to the Summit County grant in the amount of \$72,500 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

The Authority recognized non-operating pass through grant revenue and expenses related to the Austen BioInnovation Institute in Akron ("ABIA") in the amount of \$0 and \$102,000 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The Authority recognized non-operating pass through grant revenue and expenses related to the Bowery - Civic Theatre Building G project in Akron, Ohio in the amount of \$48,489 and \$0 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The Authority recognized non-operating pass through grant revenue and expenses related to the Bowery B&W project in Akron, Ohio in the amounts of \$845,000 and \$2,000,000 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the Authority has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through August 12, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 – IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES, PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENTS AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Authority has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. GASB Statement No. 95 postpones the effective dates of certain provisions in the statements that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

The following statements are postponed by one year:

Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities

Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests

Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

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Certain provisions in the following statements are postponed by one year:

Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

The following statement is postponed by 18 months:

Statement No. 87, Leases

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Authority has early implemented GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, and GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests and amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.

GASB No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to a capital asset should recognize a liability based on the guidance of GASB No. 83. This statement establishes criteria necessary to determine the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. The implementation of GASB No. 83 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

GASB No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, provides improved guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial statement purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments and further states any activity meeting this criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements as well as presenting a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The implementation of GASB No. 84 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the authority.

GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

GASB No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's major equity interests in legally separate organizations as well as improving the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. This statement defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. The implementation of GASB No. 90 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

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For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Authority has implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017* and GASB Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishments*.

GASB Statement No. 75 improves the accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 effected the Authority's postemployment benefit plan disclosures, as presented in Note 9 to the basic financial statements and added required supplementary information which is presented after the notes to the basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 85 addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and OPEB. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 85 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

GASB Statement No. 86 improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources - resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt - are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 86 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

A net position restatement is required in order to implement GASB Statement No 75. The governmental activities and business-type activities at January 1, 2018 have been restated as follows:

| | <u>Business-Type Activities</u> |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Net position as previously reported | \$ 10,174,528 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 3,704 |
| Net OPEB liability | <u>(269,723)</u> |
| Restated net position at January 1, 2018 | <u>\$ 9,908,509</u> |

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NOTE 3 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is a market-based measurement that is determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing as asset or liability. As a basis for considering such assumptions, the Authority uses a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

- Level 1 — Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;
- Level 2 — Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 — Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of are as follows:

| | December 31, <u>2019</u> | December 31, <u>2018</u> |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Investment - Huntington | \$ 320,642 | \$ 295,161 |
| Investment - Bond Fund Reserve | 7,309,158 | 6,965,253 |
| Investment - State 166 Loan Reserve | 2,000,001 | 2,026,230 |
| Investment - Energy Loan Loss Reserve | 3,730,506 | 3,607,167 |
| Equity in Akron BioInvestment Fund II, LLC | 1,700 | 49,148 |
| Equity in Headsense Medical, LTD | - | 21,658 |
| Equity in P-Cure, Ltd. | 32,102 | 32,102 |
| Equity in Dentaray, Ltd. | 3,615 | 3,615 |
| Equity in Akron Fusion Investment Partners I,LP | 29,861 | - |

The classification of fair value measurements within the hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the measurement. Valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value are as follows:

- Investment and reserves are comprised of money markets, certificate of deposits, and U.S. treasuries: Valued based at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.
- Equity investments: Value based using the net asset value of the underlying partnerships as a practical expedient of fair value. The assets of each underlying entity are valued at fair value using a market approach. In reaching its determination of fair value, many factors are considered, including, but not limited to, the financial statements and tax returns of the entities prepared by

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independent accountants and the expected proceeds the Authority would receive through an ordinary sale of the investment using market participant data and assumptions.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The Authority's depository requirements are governed by state statutes and require that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loans located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the Authority places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value at least equal to the amount of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). Collateral that may be pledged is limited to obligations of the following entities: the U.S. government and its agencies, the State of Ohio, and any legally constituted taxing subdivision within the State of Ohio.

Custodial Credit Risk

The Authority's carrying amount of cash on deposit with the County, which is included in the carrying amount balances disclosed above, was \$3,410,886 and \$2,783,701 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The Summit County Fiscal Officer is responsible for maintaining adequate depository collateral for all funds in the Summit County's pooled and deposit accounts and ensuring that all monies are invested in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code.

Investments

The Authority's investment policies are governed by state statutes which authorize the Authority to invest in obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State of Ohio obligations; certificates of deposit; money market mutual funds; and repurchase transactions and commercial paper. Repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions as discussed in "Deposits" above or any eligible dealer who is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of 30 days and must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based.

These securities must be obligations of, or guaranteed by, the United States and must mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. The market value of the securities subject to a repurchase agreement must exceed the value of the principal by 2% and be marked to market daily. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the Authority's name.

The Authority is prohibited from investing in any financial instrument, contract or obligation whose value or return is based upon, or linked to, another asset or index, or both, separate from the financial instrument, contract or obligation itself (commonly known as a "derivative"). The Authority is also prohibited from investing in reverse repurchase agreements.

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Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority's investment policies limit its investment portfolio to maturities of five years or less, which is in accordance with Ohio law.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The Authority places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Credit Risk

The Authority's investment policy addresses credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities, pre-qualifying financial institutions, brokers, intermediaries and financial advisors and by diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed income generated from the remaining portfolio.

Equity Investments

In January 2008, the Authority purchased 0.75 of one membership unit in the Greater Akron Investment Partners, LLC ("GAIP") for \$75,000. The net profits and losses of GAIP are allocated among the Members in proportion to the number of units owned by each member in accordance with the operating agreement. The Authority contributed an additional \$75,000 into the equity interest annually through 2010 as part of a three-year commitment. This equity interest was dissolved December 31, 2015 and ownership interests were transferred on a pro-rata basis to Startvest (2006) LP ("Startvest 06").

The Authority received 45 membership units in Startvest 06 which results in an 11.25% share. The net profits and losses of Startvest 06 are allocated among the Members in proportion to the number of units owned by each member in accordance with the operating agreement. The Authority recognized realized losses of \$24,071 at December 31, 2018 on this equity interest. This equity interest was dissolved December 31, 2018 and ownership interests were transferred on a pro-rata basis to P-Cure, Ltd. and Dentaray, Ltd.

The Authority received 10,560 ordinary membership units in P-Cure, Ltd., which results in an 0.091% share. The net profits and losses of P-Cure, Ltd. are allocated among the Members in proportion to the number of units owned by each member in accordance with the operating agreement. The Authority recognized unrealized losses of \$0 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 on this equity interest. The Authority's equity interest in P-Cure, Ltd. was \$32,102 at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

The Authority received 338 ordinary membership units in Dentaray, Ltd. and 1,365 Preferred A shares in Dentaray, Ltd., which results in an 0.05% share. The net profits and losses of Dentaray, Ltd. are allocated among the Members in proportion to the number of units owned by each member in accordance with the operating agreement. The Authority recognized unrealized losses of \$0 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018

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on this equity interest. The Authority's equity interest in P-Cure, Ltd. and Dentaray, Ltd. was \$3,615 at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

In 2015, 2012 and 2011, Summit County directed the Authority to make an equity contribution of \$25,333, \$75,000 and \$25,000 respectively, into Startvest 09, LP ("Startvest 09"), which results in a 2.65% share as of December 31, 2019 and 2018. The unrealized loss values being utilized for 2019 are based on the Startvest 09 prior year information as the current year financial statements and K-1 are not yet available due to unavailable foreign income reporting. The Authority recognized no unrealized losses at December 31, 2019 and 2018 on this equity interest. The Authority's equity interest in Startvest 09 was \$0 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

In 2013 and 2014, Summit County directed the Authority to make an equity contribution of \$50,000 into Headsense Medical, LTD ("Headsense"), which results in a 0.6% share as of December 31, 2019 and 2018. The Authority was notified during 2019 that Headsense was in the process of dissolution and retained no value. The Authority recognized an unrealized gain of \$12,189 and loss of \$24,011 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 on this equity interest. The Authority's equity interest in Headsense was \$0 and 21,658 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. This equity interest is expected to be formally dissolved during 2020.

In 2015, Summit County directed the Authority to make an equity contribution of \$50,000 into Akron Bioinvestments Fund II, LLC. This equity interest was credited by the investor as of January 1, 2016 and results in a 1.74% share as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The Authority was notified during 2019 that Headsense was in the process of dissolution and that ownership interests were being transferred to Akron Fusion Investment Partners I, LP and Intellirod Spine, Inc. on a pro-rata basis. The Authority recognized unrealized losses of \$17,587 and \$8 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively on this equity interest. The Authority's equity interest in Akron Bioinvestments was \$1,700 and \$49,148 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018. This equity interest is expected to be formally dissolved during 2020.

The Authority received 17.40 ordinary membership units in Akron Fusion Investment Partners I, LP., which results in an 1.74% share. The net profits and losses of Akron Fusion Investment Partners I, LP are allocated among the Members in proportion to the number of units owned by each member in accordance with the operating agreement. The Authority recognized unrealized losses of \$0 as of December 31, 2019 on this equity interest. The Authority's equity interest in Akron Fusion Investment Partners I, LP was \$29,861 as of December 31, 2019.

The Authority had not received ordinary membership units in Intellirod Spine, Inc. as of December 31, 2019. This transaction was finalized during 2020 and the Authority received 3,453 ordinary membership units in Intellirod Spine, Inc., which results in an 1.804% share.

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Fair Value

The amortized cost, gross unrealized holding gains, gross unrealized holding losses, and fair value of available-for-sale investment securities by major security type and class of security as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

| | December 31, 2019 | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------|------------|---------|
| | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Financial assets: | | | | |
| Investment - Huntington | \$ 320,642 | \$ - | \$ 320,642 | \$ - |
| Investment - Bond Fund Reserve | 7,309,158 | - | 7,309,158 | - |
| Investment - State 166 Loan Reserve | 2,000,001 | - | 2,000,001 | - |
| Investment - Energy Loan Loss Reserve | 3,730,506 | - | 3,730,506 | - |
| Equity in Akron BioInvestment Fund II, LLC | 1,700 | - | - | 1,700 |
| Equity in P-Cure, Ltd. | 32,102 | - | - | 32,102 |
| Equity in Dentaray, Ltd. | 3,615 | - | - | 3,615 |
| Equity in Akron Fusion Investment Partners I,LP | 29,861 | | | 29,861 |

| | December 31, 2018 | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------|------------|---------|
| | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Financial assets: | | | | |
| Investment - Huntington | \$ 295,161 | \$ - | \$ 295,161 | \$ - |
| Investment - Bond Fund Reserve | 6,965,253 | - | 6,965,253 | - |
| Investment - State 166 Loan Reserve | 2,026,230 | - | 2,026,230 | - |
| Investment - Energy Loan Loss Reserve | 3,607,167 | | 3,607,167 | |
| Equity in Akron BioInvestment Fund II, LLC | 49,148 | - | - | 49,148 |
| Equity in Headsense Medical, LTD | 21,658 | - | - | 21,658 |
| Equity in P-Cure, Ltd. | 32,102 | - | - | 32,102 |
| Equity in Dentaray, Ltd. | 3,615 | - | - | 3,615 |

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Certain secured financing arrangements require the Authority to post cash collateral or maintain minimum cash balances in reserves. These amounts are reported in the balance sheets within money market - board restricted and restricted cash. At December 31, 2019, such restricted amounts were \$320,642, \$7,309,158, \$2,000,001 and \$3,730,506. At December 31, 2018, such restricted amounts were \$295,161, \$6,965,253, \$2,026,230 and \$3,607,167.

| | <u>Maturity Date</u> | <u>December 31,</u> <u>2019</u> | <u>December 31,</u> <u>2018</u> |
|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Bond Reserve Investment</u> | | | |
| First American Government Obligated Funds | N/A | \$ 576,571 | \$ 233,303 |
| US Bank National Association Commercial Paper Sweep | N/A | 249,255 | 248,618 |
| Natixis Funding Corp | 7/15/2027 | <u>6,483,332</u> | <u>6,483,332</u> |
| | | 7,309,158 | 6,965,253 |
| <u>State 166 Reserve</u> | | | |
| First American Government Obligated Funds | N/A | 1 | 26,230 |
| US Bank National Association Certificate of Deposit | N/A | <u>2,000,000</u> | <u>2,000,000</u> |
| | | 2,000,001 | 2,026,230 |
| <u>Energy Loan Loss Reserve</u> | | | |
| First American Government Obligated Funds | N/A | 3,737 | 1,364,214 |
| US Treasury Bill | 5/21/2020 | <u>3,726,768</u> | <u>2,242,953</u> |
| | | 3,730,505 | 3,607,167 |

NOTE 5 – JOBS AND INVESTMENT BOND FUND PROGRAM

The Authority has established a Bond Fund Program to provide long-term, fixed interest rate financing for qualified industrial, commercial, and public projects. The primary objective of the Bond Fund Program is to further economic development efforts and investments in Summit County through the retention and creation of quality, private-sector jobs.

The State of Ohio Department of Development ("ODOD") awarded the Authority a grant of \$2 million, received in April 2001, which was deposited into the Bond Fund Program Reserve account. The conditional grant from ODOD is for a 20-year term, with 100% of the interest earned on the fund remitted back to ODOD through December 2011. Beginning in 2012 and continuing through December 2021, 50% of the interest earned is required to be remitted back to ODOD. In February 2001, the Authority obtained a \$3 million grant from Summit County for the Bond Fund Program, which was also deposited into the Bond Fund Program Reserve account.

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Under the Program, debt service requirements on each bond issue are to be secured by a pledge of amounts to be received under lease or loan agreements with borrowers who utilize the financed facilities. In addition, all borrowers are required to provide cash or a letter of credit as additional security for the related bonds. Amounts in the Bond Fund Program Reserve may be used for debt service in the event the borrower is unable to make the required payments under the lease. Amounts held in the Authority's Bond Fund Program Reserve were \$7,309,158 and \$6,965,253 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and are included in restricted assets in the accompanying statement of net position.

In January 2010, the Authority obtained a commitment from the Ohio Manufacturers' Association ("OMA"), the Ohio Edison Company, the Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, and the Toledo Edison Company (collectively the "Companies") for \$2.4 million to be paid in three equal installments from January 2010 through July 2011. The Authority was required to deposit these funds into the Bond Fund Program Reserve account, and to the fullest extent reasonable under the Bond Fund Program, these funds should be used by OMA members which are also the Authority's customers.

In April 2017, the Authority obtained an investment of \$2 million from Summit County for the Bond Fund Program, which was deposited to the Bond Fund Program Reserve account, with 100% of the interest earnings remitted to the County's General Fund. In August 2017, the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) provided a 166 Direct Loan of \$2 million to the Authority to further increase the Bond Fund Reserves and the Authority's lending capacity. Interest earnings on the additional \$2 million of reserves are 100% remitted to ODSA and the loan has a single repayment at the end of the 40-year term.

The following Revenue Bonds were issued during 2019 and 2018 through the Bond Fund Program:

In April 2019, the Authority issued \$5,510,000 in Taxable Revenue Bonds to assist with public infrastructure improvements for the Founders Park project in Columbus, Ohio.

In January 2018, the Authority issued \$5,675,000 in Taxable PACE (Property Assessed Clean Energy) Revenue Bonds to assist in financing energy efficiency improvements for One Cascade Plaza located in Akron, Ohio.

In February 2018, the Authority issued \$5,500,000 in Taxable Revenue Bonds, for plant and equipment acquisition costs as part of the Spray Products Corporation project in Medina, Ohio.

In May 2018, the Authority issued \$4,100,000 in Taxable PACE Revenue Bonds to finance energy efficiency improvements for the Crystal Clinic, LLC medical office project in Bath Township, Ohio.

In July 2018, the Authority issued \$3,640,000 in Tax Exempt Revenue Bonds, secured by Tax Increment Financing (TIF), to assist in the financing of public infrastructure improvements for the Maplecrest development project in Brimfield Township, Ohio.

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In September 2018, the Authority issued \$2,520,000 in Taxable PACE Revenue Bonds to finance energy efficiency improvements for Akron Rubber Development Laboratories located in Barberton, Ohio.

In October 2018, the Authority issued \$2,940,000 in Taxable Revenue Bonds, secured by Tax Increment Financing, to assist in the refunding of a portion of the City of Green's 2015 bonds used to construct public infrastructure to support the Spring Hill Senior Living, LLC in Green, Ohio.

Changes in the Authority's Bond Fund program for the year ended December 31, 2019 were as follows:

| | Balance January 1, 2019 | Increase | Decrease | Balance December 31, 2019 | Due Within One Year |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Cavalier project | \$ 3,330,000 | \$ - | \$ (355,000) | \$ 2,975,000 | \$ 375,000 |
| Plaza Schroer project | 740,000 | - | (130,000) | 610,000 | 20,000 |
| Shearer's Food project | 2,465,000 | - | (300,000) | 2,165,000 | 325,000 |
| City of Cleveland - Flats East project | 4,390,000 | - | (90,000) | 4,300,000 | 90,000 |
| University Edge project | 5,420,000 | - | (515,000) | 4,905,000 | 540,000 |
| IRG Rubber City project | 5,890,000 | - | (245,000) | 5,645,000 | 255,000 |
| Garfield Heights project | 910,000 | - | (195,000) | 715,000 | 200,000 |
| Village of Seville project | 1,020,000 | - | (125,000) | 895,000 | 125,000 |
| Summit County Workforce-1 project | 2,420,000 | - | (275,000) | 2,145,000 | 275,000 |
| Summit County Workforce-2 project | 1,255,000 | - | (50,000) | 1,205,000 | 50,000 |
| Summit County Workforce-3 project | 65,000 | - | - | 65,000 | - |
| Dublin Bridge Park project | 4,790,000 | - | (130,000) | 4,660,000 | 135,000 |
| Family & Community Services project | 2,550,000 | - | (100,000) | 2,450,000 | 100,000 |
| Hercules Motor Company project | 2,460,000 | - | (45,000) | 2,415,000 | 95,000 |
| Yankee Trace project | 4,000,000 | - | - | 4,000,000 | 175,000 |
| Cascades (PACE) project | 5,675,000 | - | (180,000) | 5,495,000 | 190,000 |
| Spray Products project | 5,435,000 | - | (270,000) | 5,165,000 | 285,000 |
| Crystal Clinic (PACE) project | 4,100,000 | - | (190,000) | 3,910,000 | 200,000 |
| Maplecrest project | 3,640,000 | - | - | 3,640,000 | - |
| ARDL (PACE) project | 2,520,000 | - | - | 2,520,000 | 130,000 |
| Spring Hill TIF project | 2,940,000 | - | - | 2,940,000 | - |
| Founders Park project | - | 5,510,000 | - | 5,510,000 | - |
| Total | \$ 66,015,000 | \$ 5,510,000 | \$ (3,195,000) | \$ 68,330,000 | \$ 3,565,000 |

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Changes in the Authority's Bond Fund program for the year ended December 31, 2018 were as follows:

| | Balance January 1, 2018 | Increase | Decrease | Balance December 31, 2018 | Due Within One Year |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Superior Roll Forming project | \$ 1,955,000 | \$ - | \$ (1,955,000) | \$ - | \$ - |
| Cavalier project | 3,665,000 | - | (335,000) | 3,330,000 | 355,000 |
| Plaza Schroer project | 755,000 | - | (15,000) | 740,000 | 20,000 |
| Shearer's Food project | 2,740,000 | - | (275,000) | 2,465,000 | 300,000 |
| City of Cleveland - Flats East project | 4,470,000 | - | (80,000) | 4,390,000 | 85,000 |
| University Edge project | 5,915,000 | - | (495,000) | 5,420,000 | 515,000 |
| IRG Rubber City project | 6,125,000 | - | (235,000) | 5,890,000 | 245,000 |
| Garfield Heights project | 1,100,000 | - | (190,000) | 910,000 | 190,000 |
| Village of Seville project | 1,145,000 | - | (125,000) | 1,020,000 | 125,000 |
| Summit County Workforce-1 project | 2,680,000 | - | (260,000) | 2,420,000 | 275,000 |
| Summit County Workforce-2 project | 1,295,000 | - | (40,000) | 1,255,000 | 50,000 |
| Summit County Workforce-3 project | 65,000 | - | - | 65,000 | - |
| Dublin Bridge Park project | 4,790,000 | - | - | 4,790,000 | 130,000 |
| Family & Community Services project | 2,640,000 | - | (90,000) | 2,550,000 | 100,000 |
| Hercules Motor Company project | 2,460,000 | - | - | 2,460,000 | 45,000 |
| Yankee Trace project | 4,000,000 | - | - | 4,000,000 | - |
| Cascades (PACE) project | - | 5,675,000 | - | 5,675,000 | 180,000 |
| Spray Products project | - | 5,500,000 | (65,000) | 5,435,000 | 270,000 |
| Crystal Clinic (PACE) project | - | 4,100,000 | - | 4,100,000 | 190,000 |
| Maplecrest project | - | 3,640,000 | - | 3,640,000 | - |
| ARDL (PACE) project | - | 2,520,000 | - | 2,520,000 | - |
| Spring Hill TIF project | - | 2,940,000 | - | 2,940,000 | - |
| Total | \$ 45,800,000 | \$ 24,375,000 | \$ (4,160,000) | \$ 66,015,000 | \$ 3,075,000 |

Approximate annual principal and interest payments, required to be made by the Authority, for the next five years and thereafter are:

| Year | Principal | Interest | Total |
|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 2020 | \$ 3,565,000 | \$ 3,169,317 | \$ 6,734,316 |
| 2021 | 4,025,000 | 2,997,000 | 7,022,000 |
| 2022 | 4,240,000 | 2,807,654 | 7,047,654 |
| 2023 | 4,370,000 | 2,609,057 | 6,979,057 |
| 2024 | 4,515,000 | 2,398,957 | 6,913,957 |
| 2025 - 2029 | 17,295,000 | 9,113,506 | 26,408,506 |
| 2030 - 2034 | 14,715,000 | 5,538,379 | 20,253,379 |
| 2035 - 2039 | 8,675,000 | 2,610,825 | 11,285,825 |
| 2040 - 2044 | 4,330,000 | 894,573 | 5,224,573 |
| 2045 - 2049 | 2,600,000 | 299,547 | 2,899,547 |
| Total | \$ 68,330,000 | \$ 32,438,815 | \$ 100,768,815 |

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NOTE 6 – CONDUIT DEBT AND CAPITAL LEASE FINANCING PROJECTS

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards, the following revenue bonds and capital lease financing projects issued by the Authority are considered conduit debt and do not create a liability and therefore are not presented on the Authority's financial statements. The Authority has no responsibility for the payment of the following debt and the loan payments are paid directly to the respective trustee by the borrower. Total amount of conduit debt outstanding was \$252,470,660 and \$305,725,350 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Conduit Debt:

Akron Community Service Center and Urban League, Inc.

In March 2019, the Authority issued \$2.75 million in Development Revenue Refunding Bonds to assist in the refinancing of the construction costs of a new community center in Akron, Ohio.

County of Summit – 47 N. Main

In November 2019, the Authority issued \$6.7 million in Taxable Development Revenue and Refunding Bonds to assist the County in refinancing the Series 2011 ABIA bonds and retiring the State 166 Loan.

Tom Benson Hall of Fame Stadium and Youth Sports Fields Project

In June 2018, the Authority issued \$10.03 million in non-rated, Tax-Exempt Development Revenue TIF bonds to assist in the financing of public infrastructure for the Tom Benson Hall of Fame Stadium and Youth Sports Fields project in Canton, Ohio.

Akron Fire Station #4 and Administrative Building Project

In July 2018, the Authority issued \$9.585 million in Tax-Exempt Development Revenue Bonds to assist in the financing the acquisition, construction, and renovation of the Akron Fire Station #4 and Administrative Building project in Akron, Ohio.

Franciscan University of Steubenville Project

In December 2018, the Authority issued \$19.75 million in Taxable Higher Education Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 A and Series 2018B, to assist in the refinancing of capital projects for the Franciscan University of Steubenville project in Steubenville, Ohio.

Fairlawn GIG Project

In May 2016, the Authority issued \$10.175 million of Lease Revenue Bonds to finance the costs of acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of a municipal broadband utility to provide wireless and fiber optic high speed internet services to Fairlawn, Ohio as well as to the Akron, Fairlawn, Bath Joint Economic Development District (JEDD).

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Village of Reminderville Project

In June 2015, the Authority issued \$8.2 million of Development Lease Revenue Bonds. The bonds were used to finance the costs of the project which included construction of a new facility consisting of a 42,000 square foot Recreation Center in Reminderville, Ohio.

The Ramco Project

In April 2015, the Authority issued \$13.6 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds were used to finance the costs of the project which includes construction of a new facility consisting of 165,000 square foot RAMCO facility in Hudson, Summit County, Ohio.

Star of the West Milling Company of Ohio Project

In July 2014, the Authority issued up to \$10 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds were used to finance the costs of the project which included construction of a new facility consisting of a 30,000 square foot mill, a 15,000 square foot combination warehouse and office building and related storage silos, in Willard, Ohio. The Authority has leased the project facilities to Star of the West Milling Company of Ohio (the "Lessee") pursuant to the lease dated as of August 1, 2014 and ending on August 1, 2024. During the lease term, the Lessee is required to make rental payments sufficient to pay the principal and interest accruing, and any premium due on the bonds through the maturity date. In November 2019, the bonds were fully paid off by an optional redemption.

Summa Health System Obligated Group Project

In October 2014, the Authority issued up to \$13.675 million of Refunding Revenue Bonds for the purpose of refunding the Series 2006 Bonds. The bond proceeds were used to finance the construction and equipping of a wellness facility to be leased by Summa Health Systems ("Summa"). Summa and the Authority entered into a financing lease agreement pertaining to this facility. The lease is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The operation and maintenance of the buildings is the responsibility of Summa.

Concord Testa Hotel Associates, LLC Project

In November 2014, the Authority issued up to \$14.4 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds were used to finance the costs of the project which included constructing, improving, and equipping a 146 room multi-story hotel located at 41 Furnace Street in Akron, Ohio. The Authority has leased the project facilities to Concord Testa Hotel Associates, LLC (the "Lessee") pursuant to the lease dated as of November 13, 2014 and ending on December 1, 2019. During the lease term, the Lessee is required to make rental payments sufficient to pay the principal and interest accruing, and any premium due on the bonds through the maturity date. The bonds are anticipated to be refinanced during 2020.

Summit County Combined General Health District Project

In August 2013, the Authority issued \$5 million of Facilities Revenue Bonds. The bonds were used to finance the costs of the project. The Authority has entered into a loan agreement with the Summit County Combined General Health District (the "Health District"), and under the loan agreement, the Health District

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has agreed to pay loan payments sufficient in time and amount to pay the principal and interest accruing, and any premium due on the bonds through August 1, 2033, the maturity date. The bonds were fully paid in March 2020.

Canal Park Project

In November 2012, the Authority issued \$3.6 million of Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds were used to finance the costs of the project. The principal and interest payments relating to the Bonds are secured by and payable from (i) Appropriation Payments to be made by the City of Akron under the Cooperative Agreement, (ii) certain Revenues received by the Authority and (iii) moneys on deposit under the Indenture. The City is not party to the Indenture but is a third-party beneficiary under the Indenture. Akron Baseball, LLC, the Construction Agent, constructed the Project on behalf of the Authority in accordance with the Cooperative Agreement dated as of November 2012.

Goodyear County Bond Project

In March 2012, the Authority issued \$15.815 million of Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds were used to finance the costs of the project. The principal and interest payments relating to the Bonds will be secured by and be payable solely from County Revenue Payments received by the Trustee. The County Revenue Payments consist of payments made from the Nontax Revenues of Summit County Ohio paid directly to the Trustee.

KB Compost Project

In February 2012, the Authority issued \$28 million of Exempt Facilities Revenue Bonds. The bonds were used to finance the costs of the project. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with the KB Compost Services, Inc. KB Compost Services, Inc. and the Authority entered into a financing loan agreement pertaining to this project. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project. In 2018, the Series 2012A and 2012B Bonds were reissued to benefit the borrower for a total value of \$12,636,541.

Goodyear Parking Deck Project

In October 2011, the Authority issued up to \$44.3 million of Taxable Construction Development Revenue Bonds. On June 25, 2014, the final bond was issued in the amount of \$44,165,851. The bonds were used to finance the costs of the project. The principal and interest payments relating to the Bonds are secured by and payable from (i) revenues and (ii) the payment of bond service charges on the bond are secured by the Issuer's assignment of its rights under the lease and the sublessor's assignment of its rights under the sublease. Each payment of lease balance made pursuant to the lease shall be deemed to be a payment of the outstanding principal amount of the bond. The bonds were fully paid as part of the borrower's refinancing in March 2019.

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The University of Akron Student Housing Project

In May 2011, the Authority issued \$33.8 million of Lease Revenue Bonds. The bonds were used to finance (i) the acquisition, construction, equipping and installation of a student housing facility containing approximately 531 beds for the benefit of students of The University of Akron (the "University"), together with site preparation, sidewalks, landscaping, miscellaneous capital expenditures, and related facilities and improvements; (ii) capitalized interest on the Series 2011 Bonds for a specified period; and (iii) payment of other costs and expenses incident to the issuance of the Series 2011 Bonds. The real property on which the Project is located is leased to the Authority pursuant to a Ground Lease Agreement between the Authority and the University. The Authority will sublease the land and lease the project to the University pursuant to the Facilities Lease Agreement between the University and the Authority. Pursuant to the terms of the University Lease Agreement, the University will make lease payments to the Authority in such amounts as will be sufficient to pay when due the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Series 2011 Bonds. The bonds were refunded June 2016 with an outstanding principal of the reissued bond of \$18.555 million as of December 31, 2016. On November 26, 2019, the Series 2011 Bonds were refunded and defeased with an escrow account held by US Bank for the first optional redemption date of January 1, 2021.

Western Reserve Academy Projects

In May 2011, the Authority issued \$19.6 million of Multi-Mode Variable Rate Refunding Revenue Bonds. The principal amount was issued for the purpose of making a loan to assist the Western Reserve Academy in refunding of the Multi-Mode Variable Rate Revenue Bonds, Series 2002 originally issued by the County of Summit, Ohio for the purpose of the acquisition, construction, renovation, installation, furnishing or equipping of real and/or personal property comprising facilities owned by the Borrower in conjunction with the Borrower's private secondary education facility located in the City of Hudson, Summit County, Ohio. The bond is secured by assets of the project. The bonds were refunded in July 2017 with a reissuance of \$19.822 million in Series 2017A Revenue Bonds.

In July 2017, the Authority issued \$19.82 million in refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A and \$7.93 million in new Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B to assist in the renovation and modernization of historic Seymour Hall. The financing will be used as needed to support donor pledge payments. First National Bank of Pennsylvania served as the private placement bond purchaser.

The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company Headquarters Project

In April 2011, the Authority issued up to \$120 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. On June 25, 2014, the final bond was issued in the amount of \$105,564,405. The bonds were used to finance the costs of the construction of a new, approximately 639,000 square foot headquarters facility that will house both the Global and North America Headquarters of Goodyear. The principal and interest payments relating to the Bonds will be secured by and be payable from rent payments due under the sublease payable by Goodyear as well as first mortgage on the project and all other assets funded from bond proceeds. The financing is structured as a capital lease between the Authority and Purchaser to provide sales tax savings

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on the construction materials associated with the construction of the Project. In 2019, this issuance was refinanced.

Austen BioInnovation Institute in Akron ("ABIA") Project

In March 2011, the Authority issued \$7.4 million of Tax-Exempt Private Activity Bonds. The bonds were used to provide financing for the renovation, construction and improvement of a building located at 47 North Main Street in the City of Akron, Ohio. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from pledged revenues, being generally (a) Loan Payments made by or on behalf of ABIA under the Loan Agreement, (b) all of the moneys received or to be received by the Port Authority or the Trustee in respect of the loan under the Loan Agreement, (c) Contribution Payments that the county is required to make under the Cooperative Agreement if loan payments made by ABIA are insufficient to cover Bond Service Charges or there is a deficiency in the funds required to be on deposit in the Bond Reserve Fund, (d) amounts in the Special Funds, including the Bond Reserve Fund, and (e) income from investments in the foregoing. The bond is secured by assets of the project with a mortgage agreement in place. In November 2019, the bonds were refunded with the issuance of the \$6.7 million County of Summit, 47 N. Main Revenue Bonds and an escrow established for the execution of the December 2020 optional redemption.

Kent State University Project

In September 2010, the Authority issued \$13.745 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds were used to provide financing for the acquisition, construction, equipping, furnishing, and improvement of real and personal property comprising port authority facilities to be used as an auxiliary and educational facility for the benefit of Kent State University, including without limitation, construction of an approximately 44,000 square foot building and improvements thereto on an approximately 12 acre site that is a portion of the real property located in the City of Twinsburg, Summit County, Ohio. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with Kent State University. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project.

Akron YMCA Project

In November 2009, the Authority issued \$12.1 million of Variable Rate Civic Facility Improvement and Revenue Bonds. The bonds were used to pay back existing bonds outstanding in the amount of \$6.1 million and the remaining bonds will be used to finance costs of acquiring, constructing, furnishing, improving, and equipping facilities for the YMCA. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with the YMCA. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project. The bonds were redeemed in April 2019.

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Snap-on Business Solutions Project

In October 2008, the Authority issued \$16 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds were used to finance the costs of the Snap-on Business Solutions, Inc. project. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with Snap-on, Inc. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project. The bonds were fully paid off in 2018.

Barberton YMCA Project

In June 2007, the Authority issued \$4.1 million of Summit County Port Authority Facility Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds were used to facilitate the financing of "port authority facilities" and enhancing economic development of such facilities. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with The Young Men's Christian Association. The Young Men's Christian Association and the Authority entered into a loan agreement pertaining to this facility. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by an irrevocable letter of credit.

Callis Towers, LLC Project

In October 2007, the Authority issued \$12 million of Summit County Port Authority Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds were used to make a mortgage loan insured by the Federal Housing Administration ("FHA") to Callis Towers, LLC, to finance a portion of the acquisition, renovation, rehabilitation, and equipping of a 277-unit, 15 story residential building located on 2.5 acres in Akron, Ohio. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with Callis Towers, LLC. Callis Towers, LLC and the Authority entered into a financing loan agreement pertaining to this project. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project.

Collinson Apartments Project

In December 2006, the Authority issued \$4 million of Summit County Port Authority Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds were used to finance the costs of acquiring, renovating, and equipping a rental facility in the City of Akron. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with New Hillwood I Associate, LLC. New Hillwood I Associate, LLC and the Authority entered into a financing loan agreement pertaining to this project. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project.

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Lawrence School Project

In August 2005, the Authority issued \$10.475 million of Summit County Port Authority Adjustable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds (Series 2005). The bond proceeds were used to finance the cost of acquisition of a 47-acre parcel located in Sagamore Hills, Ohio, and the construction, equipping, and improvement of a private school building on that site, to be owned by Lawrence School. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with Lawrence School. Lawrence School and the Authority entered into a financing lease agreement pertaining to this project. The lease is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project. The revenue bonds were refunded in 2015 with the reissuance of \$7.7 million of refunding revenue bonds. In September 2019, the Series 2017 bonds were refunded and reissued with \$6.649 million of development refunding revenue bonds.

Conduit Lease Financing Projects:

Crystal Clinic Embassy, LLC.

In December 2019, the Authority issued \$73,125,000 in Taxable Development Lease Bonds and entered into a five-year term capital lease with CC Embassy, LLC relating to the construction of a new surgical specialty hospital in Fairlawn, Ohio.

Akron Law Building

In August 2019, the Authority issued \$18.5 million in Taxable Development Lease Bonds and entered into a triple net capital lease for a minimum five-year term with 159 Development LLC and Akron Development Property, LLC. relating to the redevelopment of the Law Building.

Akron- Romig Road Distribution Facility

In July 2019, the Authority entered into a capital lease for a maximum term of thirty years with Akron Romig Road LLC relating to the construction of a distribution facility in Akron, Ohio.

East End Babcock & Wilcox Headquarters

In July 2019, the Authority entered into a capital lease financing of \$16.3 million for a maximum term of twenty-five years with IRG RC Market Offices, II, LLC relating to the renovation of former Goodyear Headquarters for Babcock & Wilcox in Akron, Ohio.

Akron Children's Hospital – Mansfield

In February 2018, the Authority entered into capital lease financing of \$6.3 million with Raemelon Park Developers, LLC relating to the construction of a medical office facility in Mansfield, Ohio. The lease agreement terminated with the completion of the project in April 2019.

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NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

| | Balance at January 1, 2019 | Additions | Deletions | Balance at December 31, 2019 |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 500,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 500,000 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,000,000 | - | - | 1,000,000 |
| Less accumulated depreciation: | | | | |
| Buildings | (300,000) | (25,000) | - | (325,000) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 700,000 | (25,000) | - | 675,000 |
| Capital assets, net | <u>\$ 1,200,000</u> | <u>\$ (25,000)</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 1,175,000</u> |

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

| | Balance at January 1, 2018 | Additions | Deletions | Balance at December 31, 2018 |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 500,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 500,000 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,000,000 | - | - | 1,000,000 |
| Less accumulated depreciation: | | | | |
| Buildings | (275,000) | (25,000) | - | (300,000) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 725,000 | (25,000) | - | 700,000 |
| Capital assets, net | <u>\$ 1,225,000</u> | <u>\$ (25,000)</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 1,200,000</u> |

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statements of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee on a deferred payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

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The net pension liability represents the Authority's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code (ORC) limits the Authority's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Authority cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Authority does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB Statement No. 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plans' board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in accrued expense.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – Authority employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) system. OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. Authority employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

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Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

| Group A | Group B | Group C |
|--|--|--|
| Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013 | 20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013 | Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013 |
| State and Local | State and Local | State and Local |
| Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit | Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit | Age and Service Requirements: Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit |
| Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30 | Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30 | Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35 |
| Combined Plan Formula: 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30 | Combined Plan Formula: 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30 | Combined Plan Formula: 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35 |

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3.00% simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.00%.

Benefits in the Combined Plan consist of both an age-and-service formula benefit (defined benefit) and a defined contribution element. The defined benefit element is calculated on the basis of age, FAS, and years of service. Eligibility regarding age and years of service in the Combined Plan is the same as the

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Traditional Pension Plan. The benefit formula for the defined benefit component of the plan for State and Local members in transition Groups A and B applies a factor of 1.00% to the member's FAS for the first 30 years of service.

A factor of 1.25% is applied to years of service in excess of 30. The benefit formula for transition Group C applies a factor of 1.00% to the member's FAS and the first 35 years of service and a factor of 1.25% is applied to years in excess of 35. Persons retiring before age 65 with less than 30 years of service credit receive a percentage reduction in benefit. The defined contribution portion of the benefit is based on accumulated member contributions plus or minus any investment gains or losses on those contributions. Members retiring under the Combined Plan receive a 3.00% COLA adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their benefit.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the OPERS's Board of Trustees. Member-Directed Plan and Combined Plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the Combined Plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the Member-Directed Plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20% each year. For additional information, see the Plan Statement in the OPERS CAFR.

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Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

| | State and Local | |
|---|------------------------|-------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates | | |
| Employer | 14.0% | 14.0% |
| Employee*** | 10.0% | 10.0% |
| Actual Contribution Rates | | |
| Employer: | | |
| Pension | 14.0% | 14.0% |
| Post-employment Health Care Benefits | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Total Employer | 14.0% | 14.0% |
| Employee | 10.0% | 10.0% |

*** Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance

**** This employer health care rate is for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contribution for the member-directed plan is 4.00%

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The Authority's contractually required contribution for the traditional pension plan was \$53,111 and \$48,449 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Of these amounts, \$1,530 and \$1,214 is reported as an accrued expense for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS traditional pension plan was measured as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

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Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

| | OPERS | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Proportion of the Net Pension Liability: | | |
| Current Measurement Period | 0.00275300% | 0.00256400% |
| Prior Measurement Period | 0.00256400% | 0.00283412% |
| Change in Proportion | <u>0.00018900%</u> | <u>-0.00027012%</u> |
| Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | \$ 753,991 | \$ 402,242 |
| Pension Expense | \$ 167,413 | \$ 69,622 |

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | OPERS | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | |
| Net Difference between Projected and Actual | | |
| Earnings on Pension Plan Investments | \$ 102,341 | \$ - |
| Differences between Expected and Actual Experience | 36 | 412 |
| Changes of Assumptions | 65,636 | 48,070 |
| Changes in Proportionate Percentage / Difference | | |
| Between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions | 19,416 | 3,090 |
| Authority Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date | 53,111 | 48,449 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | <u>\$ 240,540</u> | <u>\$ 100,021</u> |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
| Net Difference between Projected and Actual | | |
| Earnings on Pension Plan Investments | \$ - | \$ 86,355 |
| Differences between Expected and Actual Experience | 9,900 | 7,928 |
| Changes in Proportionate Percentage / Difference | | |
| Between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions | 11,335 | 23,880 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | <u>\$ 21,235</u> | <u>\$ 118,163</u> |

\$53,111 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2020.

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Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| | | <u>OPERS - Traditional</u> | |
|--------------------------|------|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Year Ending December 31: | | | |
| | 2020 | \$ | 67,043 |
| | 2021 | | 42,062 |
| | 2022 | | 9,496 |
| | 2023 | | 47,593 |
| Total | | <u>\$</u> | <u>166,194</u> |

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67.

Actuarial Information

2018 and 2017 Measurement Period

| | |
|--|---|
| Wage inflation | 3.25% |
| Future salary increases, including inflation | 3.25% to 10.75% including wage inflation |
| COLA or ad hoc COLA | Pre 1/7/2013 retirees 3.00%, simple Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple through 2018, then 2.15% simple |
| Investment rate of return | |
| Current Measurement Period | 7.20% |
| Prior Measurement Period | 7.50% |
| Actuarial cost method | Individual entry age |

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was

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then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2018, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 2.94% for 2018.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the OPERS Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans.

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The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2018 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

| <u>Asset Class</u> | <u>Target Allocation</u> | <u>Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)</u> |
|------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Fixed income | 23.00 % | 2.79 % |
| Domestic equities | 19.00 | 6.21 |
| Real estate | 10.00 | 4.90 |
| Private equity | 10.00 | 10.81 |
| International equities | 20.00 | 7.83 |
| Other investments | <u>18.00</u> | <u>5.50</u> |
| Total | <u>100.00 %</u> | <u>5.95 %</u> |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 7.20%, post-experience study results, for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability prior to December 31, 2018 was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

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Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.20%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.20%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

| | <u>1% Decrease (6.20%)</u> | <u>Current Discount Rate (7.20%)</u> | <u>1% Increase (8.20%)</u> |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for 2019 | \$ 1,113,864 | \$ 753,991 | \$ 454,933 |

| | <u>1% Decrease (6.50%)</u> | <u>Current Discount Rate (7.50%)</u> | <u>1% Increase (8.50%)</u> |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for 2018 | \$ 714,279 | \$ 402,242 | \$ 142,097 |

NOTE 9 – POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the Authority's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Authority's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Authority cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the Authority does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

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GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net OPEB liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on the accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for Member-Directed Plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, Member-Directed Plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 75. See OPERS CAFR referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

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Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-employment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, health care is not being funded.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2019, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2018 decreased to 0 percent for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan 4% for the years ending December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Authority's did not have any contractually required contributions to fund health care in 2019 or 2018.

Net OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. The Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Authority's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

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Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

| | OPERS | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Proportion of the Net Pension Liability: | | |
| Current Measurement Period | 0.00276200% | 0.00267000% |
| Prior Measurement Period | 0.00257700% | 0.00257700% |
| Change in Proportion | <u>0.00018500%</u> | <u>0.00009300%</u> |
| Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | \$ 360,100 | \$ 279,843 |
| Pension Expense | \$ 36,534 | \$ 20,700 |

At December 31, 2019, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | OPERS | |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 121 | \$ 218 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | 16,509 | - |
| Changes of assumptions | 11,610 | 20,375 |
| Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/difference between employer contributions | 13,040 | - |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | <u>\$ 41,280</u> | <u>\$ 20,593</u> |

| | OPERS | |
|--|-----------------|------------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 977 | \$ - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | - | 20,846 |
| Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/difference between employer contributions | 3,456 | 6,623 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | <u>\$ 4,433</u> | <u>\$ 27,469</u> |

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The Authority did not make any contributions subsequent to the measurement date for OPEB.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year Ending December 31: | OPERS |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| 2020 | \$ 16,163 |
| 2021 | 9,452 |
| 2022 | 2,915 |
| 2023 | 8,316 |
| 2024 | 1 |
| Total | \$ 36,847 |

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018.

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The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

| <u>Actuarial Information</u> | <u>2018 and 2017 Measurement Period</u> |
|---|--|
| Wage inflation | 3.25% |
| Projected salary increases, including inflation | 3.25% to 10.75% including wage inflatio |
| Single discount rate: | |
| Current measurement date | 3.96% |
| Prior measurement date | 3.85% |
| Investment rate of return | |
| Current measurement date | 6.00% |
| Prior measurement date | 6.50% |
| Municipal bond rate | |
| Current measurement date | 3.71% |
| Prior measurement date | 3.31% |
| Health care cost trend rate | |
| Current measurement date | 10.00%, initial 3.25%, ultimate in 2029 |
| Prior measurement date | 7.50%, initial 3.25%, ultimate in 2028 |
| Actuarial cost method | Individual entry age |

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2018, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets

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for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio is 5.60% for 2018.

The allocation of investment assets with the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit.

The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2018 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

| <u>Asset Class</u> | <u>Target Allocation</u> | <u>Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)</u> |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Fixed Income | 34.00 % | 2.42 % |
| Domestic Equities | 21.00 | 6.21 |
| Real Estate | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Real Estate Investr | 6.00 | 5.98 |
| International Equitie | 22.00 | 7.83 |
| Other investments | 17.00 | 5.57 |
| Total | <u>100.00 %</u> | <u>5.16 %</u> |

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.96 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2018. A single discount rate of 3.85 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2017. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate

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of 3.71 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2031. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2031, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.96 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.96 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (4.96 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (2.96%) | Current Discount Rate (3.96%) | 1% Increase (4.96%) |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Authority's Proportionate Share of the of the net OPEB liability for 2019 | \$ 460,702 | \$ 360,100 | \$ 280,094 |
| | | | |
| | 1% Decrease (2.85%) | Current Discount Rate (3.85%) | 1% Increase (4.85%) |
| Authority's Proportionate Share of the of the net OPEB liability for 2018 | \$ 371,784 | \$ 279,843 | \$ 205,464 |

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate

Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

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Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2019 is 10.00 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.25 percent in the most recent valuation.

| | <u>1% Decrease</u> | <u>Current Health Care Trend Rate Assumption</u> | <u>1% Increase</u> |
|---|--------------------|--|--------------------|
| Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for 2019 | \$ 346,134 | \$ 360,100 | \$ 376,184 |
| | | | |
| | <u>1% Decrease</u> | <u>Current Health Care Trend Rate Assumption</u> | <u>1% Increase</u> |
| Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for 2018 | \$ 267,750 | \$ 279,843 | \$ 292,335 |

NOTE 10 – AKRON CIVIC THEATER PROJECT

In September 2001, the Authority issued \$14.6 million of Summit County Port Authority Revenue Bonds, comprised of \$13.6 million of Current Interest Bonds and \$1 million of Capital Appreciation Bonds. The proceeds from the revenues bonds were primarily used to fund the renovation of the Akron Civic Theater facility. These bonds are payable solely from the proceeds received by the Authority under its lease with the Akron Civic Theater.

In 2012, the Authority issued \$15,295,000 of Port Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, for the purpose of (1) refunding the Development Finance Authority's outstanding Revenue Bonds issued in 2001 to provide the funds to pay the costs of a project to be leased to The Community Hall Foundation, Inc., dba Akron Civic Theatre, and (2) paying issuance costs of the Series 2012 Bonds. The bonds refunded in the 2001 issue mature on December 1, 2033. The balance outstanding on the revenue bonds were \$12,460,000 and \$12,930,000 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The Akron Civic Theater and the Authority entered into a financing lease agreement pertaining to the civic theater facility. The lease is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. Lease payments will be derived from the County Bed Tax revenues, through agreement among Summit County, National Inventors Hall of Fame and the Authority. In addition, the City of Akron guarantees the bonds.

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All expenses related to the revenue bonds were paid out of the bond proceeds. The operation and maintenance of the theater is the responsibility of the Akron Civic Theater. In 2002, there was a shortfall in fundraising revenue committed to the project by the Civic Theater which led to the notes payable and receivable explained in Note 11.

Approximate future annual receipts and payments for the refunding bonds are:

| Year | Principal | Interest | Total |
|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 2020 | \$ 505,000 | \$ 470,019 | \$ 975,019 |
| 2021 | 540,000 | 458,025 | 998,025 |
| 2022 | 585,000 | 443,850 | 1,028,850 |
| 2023 | 625,000 | 427,763 | 1,052,763 |
| 2024 | 675,000 | 409,013 | 1,084,013 |
| 2025 - 2029 | 3,455,000 | 1,546,588 | 5,001,588 |
| 2030 - 2033 | 6,075,000 | 503,232 | 6,578,232 |
| Total | <u>\$ 12,460,000</u> | <u>\$ 4,258,490</u> | <u>\$ 16,718,490</u> |

NOTE 11 – NOTES PAYABLE AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

Note Payable with Summit County

The Authority has an unsecured note payable with Summit County. The purpose of the note was for renovation costs for the Akron Civic Theater. The balance outstanding on the unsecured note payable was \$255,829 and \$330,829 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Approximate annual principal payments, required to be made by the Authority, under this debt for the next five years and thereafter are:

| Year | Amount |
|-------|-------------------|
| 2020 | 75,000 |
| 2021 | 75,000 |
| 2022 | 75,000 |
| 2023 | 30,829 |
| Total | <u>\$ 255,829</u> |

Note Receivable with Akron Civic Theater

In connection with entering the note payable with Summit County, the Authority entered into a note receivable agreement with the Akron Civic Theater. The note receivable is unsecured and non-interest bearing. The note receivable is structured such that the Akron Civic Theater pays the Authority for all amounts due under the note payable/line of credit based on the schedule noted below, and the Authority then repays Summit County. The agreement states that if certain terms of the agreement are met and there

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is no default on the loan, that the outstanding balance of \$358,829 at the end of the term will be discharged by the Authority.

During 2016, the Board of Directors of the Authority approved the forgiveness of \$300,000 of principal, interest and other fees owed by the Akron Civic Theater and amended the loan agreement effective January 1, 2017.

During 2018, the Board of Directors of the Authority approved the forgiveness of \$358,329 representing the remaining principal, interest and other fees owed by the Akron Civic Theater and closing the loan agreement as of December 20, 2018.

Note Payable with State of Ohio

During 2017, the Authority entered into an agreement with the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) as part of the State 166 Loan Program. This agreement provided a \$2,000,000 loan to the Authority to increase loan loss reserves of the Jobs and Investment Bond Fund Program. The loan does not accrue interest. The only payments on this program are investment earnings from the principal amount held in the bond fund reserve. The loan is due in a balloon payment to ODSA in the year 2057. The outstanding balance is \$2,000,000 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Energy Loan Loss Reserve Escrow

During 2018, the Authority entered into an additional loan loss reserve agreement with ODSA. The agreement provides additional loan loss reserves on eligible loans for energy projects. Total amounts awarded, approved and remitted by ODSA totaled \$3,730,506 and \$3,607,167 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018. There is currently no repayment schedule for this loan. Upon termination, any amounts in the additional reserve that no longer are pledged to supplement eligible loans for energy projects shall be returned to the ODSA.

NOTE 12 – AIRDOCK REMEDIATION

In January 2007, the Authority entered into an agreement with the Director of Development of the State of Ohio for a Brownfield Revolving Fund Loan for the Airdock Project. The Authority also entered into an agreement with the Clean Ohio Council for Clean Ohio Revitalization Fund ("CORF") grant for the Airdock Project. The purpose of the loan and grant was to conduct interior remediation activities including cleaning dust and debris from the building interior structure, at the Airdock site located in Akron, Ohio which is owned by the Authority and leased to Lockheed Martin Corporation. The amount of the loan and grant was \$2 million and \$3 million, respectively. This loan is a debt obligation of the Lockheed Martin Corporation and payments are made on a monthly basis under their agreement with ODSA. The Authority recognizes administration fees as a result of the agreement with Lockheed Martin.

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NOTE 13 – LEASES

In March of 2011, the Authority agreed to lease approximately 36,000 square feet of the 47 North Main Street building (excluding non-rentable common area) to ABIA, beginning in December 2011 until November 2033 as part of the conduit debt issued for the ABIA Project. At any time during the lease, the tenant has the option to purchase the building. The annual base rent during the term of the lease is \$1 per year. The tenant has also agreed to pay its proportional share of the common area maintenance, utilities, and related expenses. The Authority received \$208,661 and \$268,991 from ABIA under this Agreement for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

In March of 2011, the Authority agreed to lease approximately 25,000 square feet of the 47 North Main Street building (excluding non-rentable common area) to Summit County – DJFS, beginning in March 2011 for a period of five years. This lease was not renewed. The annual base rent during the term of the lease was \$86,793 per year. The tenant had also agreed to pay its proportional share of the common area maintenance, utilities, and related expenses.

Effective November 1, 2012, the Authority and Lockheed Martin Corporation entered into an amended equipment lease agreement which states that Lockheed Martin Corporation has agreed to purchase existing project equipment and the Authority has agreed to acquire and lease to Lockheed Martin Corporation additional project equipment. In consideration of Lockheed Martin Corporation entering into this amendment, the Authority agrees that Lockheed Martin Corporation may draw on, and the Authority shall approve disbursement from, any funds held in the Project Fund and available to purchase project equipment under the equipment lease agreement to pay: (1) the existing project equipment purchase price which was appraised at \$87,000, and (2) upon exercise by Lockheed Martin Corporation of the option to purchase the additional project equipment, the additional project equipment purchase price of \$30,000. A \$30,000 lease receivable and the related unearned lease revenue were originally recorded in the Statement of Net Position. During 2014, the Authority recognized \$15,000 of rental income from equipment leased under this agreement. A new lease agreement was signed in November 2015 with Lockheed Martin Corporation. Under the terms of this new agreement, Lockheed Martin Corporation agreed to pay \$15,000 to lease this equipment through October 2016. This lease was not renewed as Lockheed Martin notified The Authority of their intent to exercise the option to purchase the equipment for \$30,000. The sale was finalized in January 2017.

In December of 2012, the Authority agreed to lease the 1034 Home Avenue building to A&K Summit Holdings, LLC, beginning in December 2012 for a period of one year. The annual base rent during the initial lease term is \$12,000 per year. Rental payments during the post-option exercise lease term shall be in monthly installments as follows: (a) \$2,656 for month's one through nine and (b) \$9,495 for months ten through ninety-six. The Authority recognized \$113,944 of rental income from property leased under this agreement in both 2019 and 2018. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the balance on the lease receivable was \$218,394 and \$332,338, respectively. The future fixed rental payments the Authority is scheduled to receive under the Lease Agreement total \$113,944 in 2020.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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In December 2017, the Authority entered into a lease agreement with the Bowery Development Group, LLC (lessee), which is undertaking to redevelop a part of Downtown Akron. The project is a mixed-use purpose project located on .7 acres neighboring the historic Akron Civic Theatre on South Main Street. The new development, which is now under construction with an expected overall completion date in 2020, is anticipated to include office, retail, entertainment, apartments and a public arcade. The Authority holds fee simple title to the project site. The Authority and the lessee have entered into a lease under which the Authority is leasing the project to the lessee for \$1.00 per year, with all of the lease receivable collected in 2018. In 2018, the Authority and the lessee entered into an amended and restated lease agreement to provide for the construction of the project and payment of project costs. The lease is a triple net lease. The amended and restated lease agreement provides that the lessee is required to construct the project as leasehold improvements and pay all of the project costs. The lessee is responsible for securing all sources of financing required for project costs, controls the design and operation of the project, and oversees the administration of all contracts. The delivery date and any cost overruns associated with the project are solely the responsibility of the lessee. The sources and terms of the project financing are the sole responsibility of the lessee. The Authority assisted the lessee, on a non-recourse basis, with financing sources for the project.

NOTE 14 – BRIDGESTONE PROJECT

On December 1, 2010, the Authority issued \$7,450,000 of Federally Taxable Recovery Zone Economic Development Revenue Bonds and \$100,000 of Federally Taxable Revenue Bonds as part of the Bridgestone Project. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to provide funds to pay a portion of the costs of constructing the new technical center which is being constructed as the international technical center and research and development headquarters for Bridgestone Americas Tire Operations, LLC ("BATO"). BATO will operate the technical center project, which will provide research and development and technical support for BATO's operations. The technical center project comprises the technical center buildings, a multi-level parking facility for approximately 475 vehicles, and an elevated pedestrian walkway connecting the tech center and the parking facility. The parking facility and a portion of the pedestrian walkway are the projects being financed with the 2010 bond proceeds.

Pursuant to the terms of the Cooperative Agreements, Summit County will make its County Revenue Payments to the Trustee from the County Nontax Revenues in amounts sufficient to pay Bond Service Charges on the Nontax Revenue Bonds when due.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

The balance outstanding on the revenue bonds was \$5,310,000 and \$5,705,000 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Approximate future annual principal and interest payments for this obligation are:

| Year | Principal | Interest | Total |
|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 2020 | \$ 410,000 | 341,422 | \$ 751,422 |
| 2021 | 420,000 | 319,774 | 739,774 |
| 2022 | 435,000 | 295,078 | 730,078 |
| 2023 | 450,000 | 269,500 | 719,500 |
| 2024 | 460,000 | 243,040 | 703,040 |
| 2025 - 2029 | 2,560,000 | 753,666 | 3,313,666 |
| 2030 | 575,000 | 40,653 | 615,653 |
| Total | <u>\$ 5,310,000</u> | <u>\$ 2,263,133</u> | <u>\$ 7,573,133</u> |

NOTE 15 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. Commercial insurance has been obtained to cover damage or destruction to the Authority's property and for public liability, personal injury, and third-party property damage claims. Settled claims have not exceeded the Authority's commercial insurance coverage for any the past three years. No substantial changes in insurance coverage have occurred in any major risk category in 2019 and 2018; settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

Employee health care benefits are provided under a group insurance arrangement and the Authority is insured through the State of Ohio for workers' compensation benefits.

NOTE 16 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

At times, the Authority uses certain Summit County employees without reimbursement. However, in November 2017, the Authority entered into a six-month Project Management Agreement with the County to retain general project management services for approximately 24 hours per week. During 2018, the contract was extended through December 2019. At the end of year 2019, the contractual agreement ended with the employee's retirement from the County.

In addition, the Authority received a \$75,000 and \$177,000 grant from Summit County for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. \$75,000 of the grant funds were used for economic development and job creation purposes in both 2019 and 2018. Of this amount, the County specified that the grant funds be used for specific initiatives. During 2018, \$102,000 of the grant funds were applied to

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
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December 31, 2019 and 2018

debt service payments on certain State of Ohio R&D Loan payments due during both 2018 and 2017 in relation to 47 N Main St. Akron, Ohio and ABIA. See Note 1, Non-Operating Grant Revenue and Expenses.

NOTE 17 – LETTER OF CREDIT

The Authority has a \$5 million, unsecured letter of credit with a bank in order to support issuance of development bonds via the Authority's Bond Fund Program. The \$5 million, unsecured letter of credit was renewed through October 31, 2020 with no significant changes in the terms. No amounts were outstanding on this letter of credit as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

NOTE 18 – COMMITMENTS

Kelso - Brimfield TIF Project

In May 2010, the Authority authorized up to \$1 million in subordinate tax-exempt revenue bonds to reimburse Kelso Development LLC for costs incurred related to the acquisition of land and construction of improvements in connections with the Brimfield Plaza Development. Costs will be reimbursed after the original TIF bonds are paid off and only to the extent there are excess proceeds. Development at the site includes a medical office building and retail.

Summit County - 47 North Main Street Project

The County sold the project site to the Authority at a price equivalent to the appraised value of the property, plus approximately \$190,000, which is the amount of improvement indebtedness owed by the county on the property. The purchase was based on the Fiscal Officer's appraisal of \$2,490,000. In March 2011, the Authority issued \$8.5 million of Tax-Exempt Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds were used to provide financing for the renovation, construction, and improvement of a building located at 47 North Main Street in the City of Akron, Ohio. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from pledged revenues, being generally (a) loan payments made by or on behalf of ABIA under the Loan Agreement, (b) all of the moneys received or to be received by the Authority or the Trustee in respect of the loan under the Loan Agreement, (c) contribution payments that the county is required to make under the Cooperative Agreement if loan payments made by ABIA are insufficient to cover bond service charges or there is a deficiency in the funds required to be on deposit in the Bond Reserve Fund, (d) amounts in the Special Funds, including the Bond Reserve Fund, and (e) income from investments in the foregoing. The bond is secured by assets of the project and a guarantee of payments from the County's non-tax revenues.

The Authority issued a 22 year note in the amount of \$2,490,000 upon purchase of the project site which is secured by a mortgage in the project site. The estimated annual principal payment for years 1 through 20 is \$86,793. The estimated annual principal payment for years 21 and 22 is \$377,070.

In April 2016, the County Executive proposed and the Authority, by Board resolution, approved a deferment of payments on the note for the period of March 15, 2017 to March 15, 2021, with the deferred payments

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

being added to the final payment due in 2033 under the terms of the Loan and note. As a part of the refinancing of the ABIA bonds in November 2019, the County released the Authority of the note.

The Authority leases floors one, two, three, and a portion of the basement of the project site to Austen BioInnovation Institute in Akron ("ABIA"). ABIA entered into subleases with other non-profit health care providers. The Authority leased floors four, five, six, and the balance of the basement to the County for its Department of Job and Family Services ("DJFS") through March 2016. The Authority uses approximately 2,040 square feet of floor four of the project site as its offices. As of December 31, 2019, the Authority has recorded a liability in the amount of \$40,396 and \$27,782 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively for estimated payments received which were greater than the total operating expenses allocated for the years then ended.

Macedonia TIF Project

In August 2007, the Authority authorized \$2.5 million in subordinate tax-exempt revenue bonds to reimburse the developer for costs incurred related to the construction of public improvements in connection with an Independent Living/Assisted Living Facility and an Active Adult Community in Macedonia Ohio. Costs will be reimbursed after the original TIF bonds are paid off and only to the extent there are excess proceeds. New development at the site includes installing a road, sidewalks and handicap ramps, street lighting, water lines, storm and sanitary sewer lines, fire hydrants, and landscaping. Construction was completed during 2010 and the City accepted the improvements in May 2010. As of February 2018, the bonds were paid in full.

8 and 80 Holdings TIF Project

The Project is located in the Village of Boston Heights and consists of certain public improvements constructed by 8 & 80 Holdings, LLC (the Developer) and dedicated to the Village in support of the acquisition, construction, and installation of an approximately 150,000 sq. ft. Costco general merchandise store; including 700 parking spaces and a fuel station, and the development of seven additional retail outlet parcels. The costs of the project are being advanced by the Developer under a separate construction loan. The Village of Boston Heights has agreed to pay a portion of the Service Payments to the Developer for the costs of the project. The Village and the Developer requested that the Authority issue a series of revenue bonds to secure the Village's obligation to pay the Service Payments to the Developer when due.

NOTE 19 – CONTINGENCIES

The Authority, in the normal course of its activities, could be exposed to various claims and pending litigation. In the opinion of Authority management, the disposition of these other matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Authority.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

NOTE 20 – RELATED ORGANIZATION

Development Fund of the Western Reserve, Inc.

The Development Fund of the Western Reserve, Inc., an Ohio non-profit corporation (the "Corporation"), was formed on May 26, 2011 to serve or provide investment capital for Low-Income Communities ("LICs"), as defined in Section 45D(e) of the Internal Revenue Code and the Treasury Regulations thereunder, or low-income persons ("Low-Income Persons"). The Corporation's original members were the Authority (Development Finance Authority of Summit County) and ConxusNEO (formerly known as Summit Workforce Solutions). In October 2017, ConxusNEO (formerly known as Summit Workforce Solutions) withdrew from the Corporation leaving the Authority as the sole member. The Corporation is certified as a qualified community development entity (CDE) under the New Markets Tax Credit ("NMTC") Program. One hundred percent (100%) of the Corporation's activities are targeted to Low- Income Persons of LICs. The Corporation's service area is comprised of an eighteen-county area in Northeast Ohio.

Pursuant to the Management Services Agreement ("Management Agreement") between the Corporation and the Authority, the Authority agreed to provide management, financial, operational compliance and administrative services as necessary to assist the Corporation in fulfilling its on-going, day-to-day responsibilities. In exchange for these services, the Corporation pays the Authority a fee in an amount equal to: (a) fifty percent (50%) of (i) closing fees and (ii) any ongoing administrative fees received by the Corporation from time to time under the NMTC Program for investments, loans and/or transactions consummated thereunder; and (b) all out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Authority and its service personnel consisting of travel, outside consultants, conference calls, postage, courier costs and other miscellaneous expenses. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Corporation paid support services expenses of 290,000 and \$292,296, respectively, to the Authority. In addition to the fees described above, in 2017 the Corporation paid a one-time fee of \$25,000 for services associated with the preparation and submittal of the Corporation's NMTC 2017 application.

In December 2017, the Management Agreement was amended and commencing in 2018, pursuant to the Amended Management Agreement, the Corporation will pay the Authority a fee in an amount equal to (a) \$200,000, payable in quarterly installments, to compensate the Authority for the use of its staff and resources; (b) in the event the Corporation closes on future projects, fifty percent (50%) of all (i) closing fees and (ii) any ongoing administrative fees received by the Corporation after January 1, 2018, not to exceed \$200,000 per year; and (c) all out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Authority and its service personnel consisting of travel, outside consultants, conference calls, postage, courier costs and other miscellaneous expenses. In addition to the fees described above, in 2018, the Corporation also paid the Authority a one-time fee of \$35,000 for services associated with the preparation and submittal of the Corporation's 2018 NMTC application. In April 2019, the Amended Management Agreement was further amended to increase the annual fee to \$220,000, payable in quarterly installments. Financial information can be obtained from the Development Fund of the Western Reserve, Inc., Managing Director at 47 North Main Street, No. 407, Akron, Ohio 44308.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

NOTE 21 – AKRON SUMMIT COUNTY ESID EXPANSION PROJECT

In August 2017, the Authority entered into a two-year, renewable Cooperative Agreement with the County of Summit and the Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC) for the expansion of the City of Akron's Energy Special Improvement District (ESID) throughout the rest of Summit County. This joint effort will enable private and public property owners to finance energy-related improvements in a number of ways; through special assessments, the NOPEC Revolving Loan Fund, the Authority's Jobs & Investment Bond Fund, or various private lenders. The Cooperative parties are jointly assisting ESID project applicants of both private and public projects with the ESID petition process and are providing ESID legal counsel as requested. The ESID Board of Directors includes a representative from each new municipality or township that approves its addition to the ESID.

During 2017, the Authority loaned \$30,000 to the ESID to facilitate the issuance of expansion project loans. The Authority is the designated ESID Program Administrator which includes disbursement of the ESID project loans and receipt of the special assessment payments, which are known as Energy Special Improvement District assessments, from the Summit County Fiscal Officer in the tax year following disbursement of each ESID project loan. During 2019, the Authority loaned an additional \$10,000 to the ESID to further facilitate issuance of expansion project loans. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, as Program Administrator, the Authority disbursed \$7,809 and \$18,271 for six ESID expansion project loans each year.

NOTE 22 – WESTERN RESERVE COMMUNITY FUND, INC.

Western Reserve Community Fund, Inc, (WRCF) a nonprofit organization, was incorporated on March 7, 2019 to provide increased access to capital in low-income areas and to apply for certification as a Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFI) lender. WRCF's target market is minority-owned and disadvantaged businesses located in CDFI eligible census tracts within Summit, Medina, Portage, Stark and Wayne counties.

Also in March 2019, in a joint effort with Summit County, the Authority agreed to make a grant of \$250,000, which the County matched, and entered into a grant agreement with WRCF to capitalize the newly created entity.

The Authority entered into a Management Services Agreement with WRCF on November 12, 2019 with quarterly payments beginning on March 15, 2020. WRCF receives management services, office space, and related utilities as part of the Management Services Agreement. The annual management fee anticipated for 2020 is \$15,000. Financial information can be obtained from the Western Reserve Community Fund, Inc., Executive Director at 47 North Main Street, Suite 407, Akron, Ohio 44308

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

NOTE 23 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Authority anticipates the following projects to close in 2020, which have been authorized by the Board:

Entering into capital lease financing to assist with the East End Phase III Residential Project, Akron, Ohio.

Issuing approximately \$3.1 million in Development Revenue Refunding Bonds for Canal Park Stadium, Akron, Ohio.

As part of a collaborative effort with Stark County Port Authority, issuing approximately \$3.1 million in tax exempt Development Revenue Bonds to assist with public infrastructure improvements relating to the Greens At Belden project in Jackson Township, Ohio.

Issuing up to \$3.9 million in tax exempt Development Revenue Bonds to assist Columbus Franklin County Finance Authority and the Cities of Columbus and Grandview Heights in financing public infrastructure improvements relating to the Grandview Crossing project I Grandview Heights, Ohio.

Assisting the Civic Theatre with the Phase III Grand Lobby Restoration in Akron, Ohio.

In cooperation with the Stark County Port Authority and the Canton Energy Special Improvement District (ESID), entering into a capital lease and issuing approximately \$3.04 million in Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) bonds.

Additional Noted Events:

Terminating the lease with ABIA (Austen Bioinnovation Institute in Akron) and entering into a lease with Akron Children's Hospital for 47 N. Main Street, Akron, Ohio and a related Memorandum of Understanding with the County of Summit.

Entering into a grant agreement with Western Reserve Community Fund, Inc. (WRCF) to assist with a forgivable loan with QT Equipment in a joint economic development effort with the County of Summit, the City of Akron, and the Summit County Land Bank.

Entering into a collaborative effort with the County of Summit and the City of Akron in the creation of a Minority Contractor Capital Access Program (MCCAP).

Receiving a fee from DFWR for closing the financing on a new community facility in the City of Canton.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2019 and 2018

Executing a two-year renewal through October 2023 of the Huntington Bank unsecured Letter of Credit for the Authority' Jobs and Investment Bond Fund with no significant changes in terms.

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Authority. The Authority's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the Authority participates have incurred a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the Authority's future operating costs, revenues and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
 OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 LAST SIX YEARS

| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS) Traditional Plan: | | | | | | |
| Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability | 0.002753% | 0.002564% | 0.002834% | 0.002764% | 0.002873% | 0.002873% |
| Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | \$ 753,991 | \$ 402,242 | \$ 643,582 | \$ 478,796 | \$ 346,561 | \$ 338,734 |
| Authority's Covered-Employee Payroll | \$ 346,064 | \$ 370,357 | \$ 352,500 | \$ 350,625 | \$ 352,277 | \$ 331,592 |
| Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll | 217.88% | 108.61% | 182.58% | 136.56% | 98.38% | 102.15% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability | 74.70% | 84.66% | 77.25% | 81.08% | 86.45% | 86.36% |

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Authority's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
 OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 LAST SEVEN YEARS

| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> | <u>2013</u> |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS) | | | | | | | |
| Contractually Required Contribution | \$ 53,111 | \$ 48,449 | \$ 48,146 | \$ 42,300 | \$ 42,075 | \$ 42,273 | \$ 43,107 |
| Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution | <u>(53,111)</u> | <u>(48,449)</u> | <u>(48,146)</u> | <u>(42,300)</u> | <u>(42,075)</u> | <u>(42,273)</u> | <u>(43,107)</u> |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Authority's covered-employee payroll | \$ 379,364 | \$ 346,064 | \$ 370,357 | \$ 352,500 | \$ 350,625 | \$ 352,277 | \$ 331,592 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 14.00% | 14.00% | 13.00% | 12.00% | 12.00% | 12.00% | 13.00% |

Note: Information prior to 2013 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
 OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 LAST THREE YEARS

| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS) | | | |
| Authority's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability | 0.0027620% | 0.0025770% | 0.0026704% |
| Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability | \$ 360,100 | \$ 279,843 | \$ 269,723 |
| Authority's Covered-Employee Payroll | \$ 346,064 | \$ 370,357 | \$ 352,500 |
| Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll | 104.06% | 75.56% | 76.52% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability | 46.33% | 54.14% | 54.05% |

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Authority's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
 OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 LAST SEVEN YEARS

| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> | <u>2013</u> |
|--|-------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS) | | | | | | | |
| Contractually Required Contribution | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 3,704 | \$ 7,050 | \$ 7,010 | \$ 7,007 | \$ 3,315 |
| Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(3,704)</u> | <u>(7,050)</u> | <u>(7,010)</u> | <u>(7,007)</u> | <u>(3,315)</u> |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Authority's covered-employee payroll | \$ 379,364 | \$ 346,064 | \$ 370,357 | \$ 352,500 | \$ 350,625 | \$ 352,277 | \$ 331,592 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 0.00% | 0.00% | 1.00% | 2.00% | 2.00% | 1.99% | 1.00% |

Note: Information prior to 2013 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY
NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
December 31, 2019 and 2018

PENSION

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2019.

Changes in assumptions:

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016.

For 2017, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50%, (b) for defined benefit investments, decreasing the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25% and (c) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.05% to 3.25%-10.75%.

There were no changes in assumptions for 2018.

For 2019 the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of return and discount rate were reduced from 7.50% down to 7.20%.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2019.

Changes in assumptions:

There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017.

For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 4.23% down to 3.85%.

For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.85% up to 3.96%, (b) The investment rate of return was decreased from 6.50% percent down to 6.00%, (c) the municipal bond rate was increased from 3.31% up to 3.71% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 7.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2028 up to 10.00%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2029.

August 12, 2020

Development Finance Authority of Summit County
Summit County, Ohio
47 N. Main Street, Suite 407
Akron, Ohio 44308

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Development Finance Authority of Summit County, Summit County, Ohio (the Authority) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 12, 2020, in which we noted in our report the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Authority.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Development Finance Authority of Summit County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*
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Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kea & Associates, Inc.

New Philadelphia, Ohio

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OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY

SUMMIT COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 10/20/2020

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This report is a matter of public record and is available online at
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