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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Clayton Township Perry County 9090 Township Road 169A NE New Lexington, Ohio 43764

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Clayton Township, Perry County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Township does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Clayton Township, Perry County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 5, 2020, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 5, 2020

Clayton Township

Perry County, Ohio Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General	Special Revenue	Permanent	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts			\$ 0	
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$55,416	\$66,405	\$0	\$121,821
Licenses, Permits and Fees	4,380	3,115	0	7,495
Intergovernmental	41,279	105,324	0	146,603
Earnings on Investments	189	0	0	189
Miscellaneous	315	1,600	0	1,915
Total Cash Receipts	101,579	176,444	0	278,023
Cash Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	66,044	0	0	66,044
Public Safety	0	56,380	0	56,380
Public Works	897	109,912	0	110,809
Health	9	11,240	0	11,249
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	9,609	0	9,609
Interest and Fiscal Charges	163	1,300	0	1,463
Total Cash Disbursements	67,113	188,441	0	255,554
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	34,466	(11,997)	0	22,469
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	53,954	71,173	9,756	134,883
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Nonspendable	0	0	9,756	9,756
Restricted	0	48,896	0	48,896
Committed	0	10,280	0	10,280
Assigned	54,884	0	0	54,884
Unassigned (Deficit)	33,536	0	0	33,536
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$88,420	\$59,176	\$9,756	\$157,352

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Clayton Township, Perry County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publically-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides general governmental services including road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection services and emergency medical services. The township contracts with the Village of Crooksville, Village of New Lexington and Reading Township to provide fire protection and emergency medical services.

The Township participates in one public entity risk pool, the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority. Note 8 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity.

Public Entity Risk Pool:

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members.

OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims exceeding the member's deductible.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

D. Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types which is organized on a fund type basis.

E. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund – This fund receives gasoline tax receipts for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

Fire Levy Fund – This fund receives monies from tax levies and other sources that are used to provide fire protection and emergency medical services for Township residents.

Permanent Funds

These funds are used to account for resources restricted by legally binding trust agreements. The Township had the following significant Permanent Fund:

Beard/Rockwell Cemetery Bequest Fund – This fund receives interest earned on the nonexpendable corpus from a trust agreement. These earnings are used for the general maintenance and upkeep of the Township cemetery.

F. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Clayton Township

Perry County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function and object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be re-appropriated.

G. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Township classifies assets as nonspendable when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

3. Committed

Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

H. Property, Plant and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets. The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

I. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave

2. EQUITY IN POOLED DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Township maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2018
Demand deposits	\$149,040
Certificates of deposit	8,312
Total deposits	157,352

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Township.

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2018 follows:

2018 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$71,692	\$101,579	\$29,887
Special Revenue	159,350	176,444	17,094
Total	\$231,042	\$278,023	\$46,981
2018 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures Appropriation Budgetary			
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$121,109	\$67,113	\$53,996
Special Revenue	212,218	188,441	23,777
Total	\$333,327	\$255,554	\$77,773

4. **PROPERTY TAX**

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 proceeding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Township Trustees. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as intergovernmental receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payments, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

5. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
People's National Bank - Truck	\$41,444	3%

This loan was for the purchase of a 2017 Chevrolet 1 ton Silverado plow and dump truck necessary for township services. This loan does not meet the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 133.

5. **DEBT** (Continued)

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	
December 31:	Truck Loan
2019	\$11,073
2020	\$11,073
2021	\$11,073
2022	\$11,073
Total	\$44,290

6. **RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

The Township's full-time employees and elected officials belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) of Ohio. PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 2018, PERS members contributed 10.0% of their wages, respectively. The Township contributed an amount equal to 14.00% of participant's gross salaries for 2018, respectively. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2018.

7. **POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

OPERS offers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plan, which includes multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. OPERS contributes 0 percent of the employer contribution to fund these benefits.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the (local entity's) policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

8. **RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

2018Cash and investments\$33,097,416Actuarial liabilities\$ 7,874,610

9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Any disallowed costs may require refunding to the grantor. Amounts which may be disallowed, if any, are not presently determinable. Management believes such refunds, if any, would not be material.

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Clayton Township

Perry County, Ohio Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Cash Demainta	General	Special Revenue	Permanent	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts Property and Other Local Taxes	\$52,896	\$67,878	\$0	\$120,774
Licenses, Permits and Fees	3,533	\$,950 5,950	φ0 0	9,483
Intergovernmental	28,210	98,979	0	127,189
Earnings on Investments	125	0	0	127,105
Miscellaneous	1,324	6,800	0	8,124
	7-	- ,		- 1
Total Cash Receipts	86,088	179,607	0	265,695
Cash Disbursements				
Current: General Government	65 269	0	0	65 269
Public Safety	65,368 0	60,296	0 0	65,368 60,296
Public Works	4,466	115,974	0	120,440
Health	4,400	13,335	0	13,335
Capital Outlay	10,000	51,058	0	61,058
Cupitul Guildy	10,000	01,000		01,000
Total Cash Disbursements	79,834	240,663	0	320,497
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	6,254	(61,056)	0	(54,802)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	0	51.050		51.050
Loans Issued	0	51,058	0	51,058
Other Financing Sources	0	85	0	85
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	0	51,143	0	51,143
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	6,254	(9,913)	0	(3,659)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	47,700	81,086	9,756	138,542
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Nonspendable	0	0	9,756	9,756
Restricted	0	67,296	0	67,296
Committed	0	3,877	0	3,877
Assigned	49,147	0	0	49,147
Unassigned (Deficit)	4,807	0	0	4,807
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$53,954	\$71,173	\$9,756	\$134,883

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Clayton Township, Perry County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publically-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides general governmental services including road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection services and emergency medical services. The township contracts with the Village of Crooksville, Village of New Lexington and Reading Township to provide fire protection and emergency medical services.

The Township participates in one public entity risk pool, the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority. Note 8 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity.

Public Entity Risk Pool:

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members.

OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims exceeding the member's deductible.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

D. Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types which is organized on a fund type basis.

E. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund – This fund receives gasoline tax receipts for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

Fire Levy Fund – This fund receives monies from tax levies and other sources that are used to provide fire protection and emergency medical services for Township residents.

Permanent Funds

These funds are used to account for resources restricted by legally binding trust agreements. The Township had the following significant Permanent Fund:

Beard/Rockwell Cemetery Bequest Fund – This fund receives interest earned on the nonexpendable corpus from a trust agreement. These earnings are used for the general maintenance and upkeep of the Township cemetery.

F. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Clayton Township

Perry County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function and object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be re-appropriated.

G. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

3. Committed

Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

H. Property, Plant and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets. The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

I. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave

2. EQUITY IN POOLED DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Township maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2017
Demand deposits	\$126,571
Certificates of deposit	8,312
Total deposits	134,883

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Township.

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2017 follows:

2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$77,920	\$86,088	\$8,168
Special Revenue	166,887	230,750	63,863
Permanent	4	0	(4)
Total	\$244,811	\$316,838	\$72,027

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$125,586	\$79,834	\$45,752
Special Revenue	242,215	240,663	1,552
Permanent	1,050	0	1,050
Total	\$368,851	\$320,497	\$48,354

4. **PROPERTY TAX**

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 proceeding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Township Trustees. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as intergovernmental receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payments, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30. The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

5. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
People's National Bank - Truck	\$51,058	3%

This loan was for the purchase of a 2017 Chevrolet 1 ton Silverado plow and dump truck necessary for township services. This loan does not meet the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 133.

5. **DEBT** (Continued)

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	
December 31:	Truck Loan
2018	\$11,073
2019	\$11,073
2020	\$11,073
2021	\$11,073
2022	\$11,073
Total	\$55,363

6. **RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

The Township's full-time employees and elected officials belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) of Ohio. PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 2017, PERS members contributed 10.0% of their wages, respectively. The Township contributed an amount equal to 14.00% of participant's gross salaries for 2017, respectively. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2017.

7. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OPERS offers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plan, which includes multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. OPERS contributes 1 percent of the employer contribution to fund these benefits.

8. **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees. The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA.

Clayton Township

Perry County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

8. **RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Coverage

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2017, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2017.

	2017
Assets	\$40,010,732
Liabilities	8,675,465
Net Position	\$31,335,267

At December 31, 2017 the liabilities above include approximately \$8.0 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$6.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,016 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2017. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2017, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$2,000.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

2017 Contributions to OTARMA \$4,701

Clayton Township

Perry County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

8. **RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Any disallowed costs may require refunding to the grantor. Amounts which may be disallowed, if any, are not presently determinable. Management believes such refunds, if any, would not be material.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Clayton Township Perry County 9090 Township Road 169A NE New Lexington, Ohio 43764

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements by fund type of Clayton Township, Perry County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2020 wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, that we consider a material weakness. We consider Finding 2018-001 to be a material weakness.

Clayton Township Perry County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2018-002.

Township's Response to Findings

The Township's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. We did not subject the Township's responses to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kuth Jobu

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 5, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

1. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2018-001

Material Weakness

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, Terms of Engagement, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

Auditor of State Bulletin 2015-007 states the notes to the financial statements, and all other components, are required to be included in the financial statements filed with the Auditor of State via the Hinkle System. The notes to the financial statements should include all pertinent information relating to the audit and be in a format that contains accurate and current information.

Furthermore, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 defined how fund balances were to be classified and was codified as follows: GASB Cod. 1800.168-169 requires reporting funds whose revenue has external legal constraints as Restricted. GASB Cod. 1800.170-172 requires reporting funds whose revenue had constraints imposed by the Board, which could not be changed without Board approval, as Committed. GASB Cod. 1800.173-176 requires funds without external or internal constraints to report Assigned fund balances for amounts encumbered or set aside to cover the excess of subsequent year appropriations exceeding estimated revenue. GASB Cod. 1800.177 designates Unassigned fund balance as the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Auditor of State Bulletin 2011-004 requires local governments which prepare cash basis financial statements to implement these fund balance classifications and governmental fund type definitions.

Our audit identified the following adjustments:

- We noted the Township improperly reported Homestead and Rollback receipts in the General Fund as Property Taxes rather than Intergovernmental receipts, in the amounts of \$5,585 and \$5,039, for the years ending December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- We noted the Township failed to record the proceeds of debt issued in 2017 and the related expenditure for the purchase of a truck in the amount of \$51,057.
- We noted the Township improperly reported subsequent year appropriations in excess of estimated receipts in the General Fund as Unassigned fund balance instead of as Assigned fund balance, in the amounts of \$54,884 and \$49,147, for the years ending December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- We noted the Township improperly reported the Road and Bridge Fund balances, which received its property tax revenue from inside the 10 mill limitation, as Restricted rather than as Committed, in the amounts of \$10,280 and \$3,877, for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- We noted the Township improperly reported the Cemetery Permanent Fund as Restricted rather than Nonspendable, in the amount of \$9,756, for both years ending December 31, 2018 and 2017.

We noted the Township's footnotes had the following errors:

• Demand Deposits reported in Note 2 were reported for 2018 as \$274,391 rather than \$149,040 and in 2017 as \$261,946 rather than \$126,571.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017 (Continued)

1. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2018-001 (Continued)

Material Weakness (Continued)

- For 2018 and 2017, deposits were stated to be insured by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool rather than stating deposits were insured by FDIC or collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution. While the Township fell within FDIC insured limits during the audit period, the Township's financial institution's practice is to pledge specific securities rather than an unallowable deposit pool or enrolling in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.
- Special Revenue Appropriations were reported for 2018 as \$218,218 rather than the amount determined to be formally approved of \$212,218 and for 2017 as \$246,715 rather than the amount determined to be formally approved of \$242,215. We also noted various mathematical errors in the budgetary disclosure.
- The debt principal balance for 2018 was reported as the original balance of \$51,058 rather than the balance outstanding at year-end of \$43,444. We also found that no amortization schedule was disclosed for both 2017 and 2018.

Audit adjustments, with which management has agreed, have been reflected in the accompanying financial statements. In addition to the adjustments listed above, we also identified additional immaterial unadjusted misstatements ranging from \$864 to \$3,727.

Incorrect financial statement account classifications and balances could result in inaccurate reporting of the Township's financial information.

The Fiscal Officer should refer to the Ohio Township Handbook for proper classification and take additional care in posting transactions to the Township's ledgers and annual financial report in order to ensure the Township's year-end financial statements reflect the appropriate sources and uses of the Township's receipts and disbursements. Additionally, the Township should utilize the Auditor of State website to access resources to assist in accurate completion of the notes to the financial statements.

Officials' Response: We will strive to be more efficient and compliant with budgetary duties. We will review all documentation before submission to the state.

FINDING NUMBER 2018-002

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 133 authorizes certain methods by which subdivisions may incur debt:

- Ohio Rev. Code § 133.22, a subdivision may issue anticipatory-securities if it meets the requirements outlined in the statute.
- Ohio Rev. Code § 133.10 permits a subdivision to issue anticipation securities in anticipation of current property tax revenues or in anticipation of current revenues in and for any fiscal year from any source or combination of sources, including distributions of any federal or state monies, other than the proceeds of property taxes levied by the subdivision.
- Ohio Rev. Code § 133.15, a subdivision is authorized to issue securities for the purpose of paying all or any portion of the costs of any permanent improvement that the subdivision is authorized, alone or in cooperation with other persons, to acquire, improve, or construct.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017 (Continued)

1. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2018-002 (Continued)

Noncompliance (Continued)

• Ohio Rev. Code § 133.18, the taxing authority of a subdivision, may by legislation submit to the electors of the subdivision the question of issuing any general obligation bonds, for one purpose, that the subdivision has power or authority to issue.

During 2017, the Township issued a promissory note in the amount of \$51,058. During 2018, the Township made principal payments on the outstanding promissory note in the amount of \$9,609. The promissory note was used by the Township to finance a truck for road maintenance.

This type of debt is not authorized in Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 133. Without a statutory provision authorizing this method for incurring debt, the Township was not permitted to use such a method. The Township had no statutory authority to incur debt through either installment loans or promissory notes with any banking institutions.

The Township should consult with legal counsel before incurring debt to determine if the debt is authorized by statute.

Officials' Response: We will strive to be more efficient and compliant with budgetary duties. We will review all documentation before submission to the state.

2. OTHER – FINDINGS FOR RECOVERY

In addition, we identified the following other issues related to Findings for Recovery. These issues did not impact our GAGAS report.

FINDING NUMBER 2018-003

Finding for Recovery Repaid Under Audit

State ex rel. McClure v. Hagerman, 155 Ohio St. 320 (1951), provides that expenditures made by a governmental unit should serve a public purpose. Typically the determination of what constitutes a "proper public purpose" rests with the judgment of the governmental entity, unless such determination is arbitrary or unreasonable. Even if a purchase is reasonable, Ohio Attorney General Opinion 82-006 indicates that it must be memorialized by a duly enacted ordinance or resolution and may have a prospective effect only. Auditor of State Bulletin 2003-005 Expenditure of Public Funds/Proper Public Purpose states that the Auditor of State's Office will only question expenditures where the legislative determination of a public purpose is manifestly arbitrary and incorrect.

The Township Trustees at their organizational meeting in January 2018 approved the pay rate and leave accrual for employee David Eveland. Mr. Eveland retired on December 28, 2018 and received a severance payment of \$4,358, which consisted of 184 hours of vacation leave, 49 hours of sick leave, and 16 hours of personal leave. The minutes of the 2018 organizational meeting indicated that his rate of pay would be \$17.50 and he would receive 80 hours of vacation leave, 80 hours of sick leave and 40 hours of personal leave for the year. However, it was determined that he was credited with 168 hours of vacation leave, 40 hours of sick leave, and 48 hours of personal leave. This resulted in a net of 56 additional hours and an over payment of \$980 in his severance payment.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017 (Continued)

2. OTHER – FINDINGS FOR RECOVERY (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2018-003 (Continued)

Finding for Recovery Repaid Under Audit (Continued)

In accordance with the foregoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public money illegally expended is hereby issued against David Eveland in the amount of \$980, and in favor of Clayton Township's Gasoline Tax Fund.

On January 28, 2020, a repayment of \$980 was received by the Township from the Fiscal Officer and posted to the credit of the Clayton Township Gasoline Tax Fund.

The Township officials should review employee payroll records to ensure only appropriate amounts are paid and correct leave amounts have been credited to Township employees.

Officials' Response: Reimbursement has been made to the Gasoline Fund.



CLAYTON TOWNSHIP

PERRY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 18, 2020

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