A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio

Independent Auditor's Reports and Financial Statements

December 31, 2018 and 2017





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Board of Trustees Paulding County Hospital 1035 W. Wayne Street Paulding, Ohio 45879

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Paulding County Hospital, Paulding County, prepared by BKD, LLP, for the audit period January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Paulding County Hospital is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 20, 2019



Paulding County Hospital A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio December 31, 2018 and 2017

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Paulding County Hospital Paulding, Ohio

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Paulding County Hospital (Hospital), a component unit of Paulding County, Ohio, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements which, collectively comprise the Hospital's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Paulding County Hospital, as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2018 the Hospital adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension and other postemployment benefit information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated April 11, 2019, on our consideration of the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fort Wayne, Indiana April 11, 2019

BKD,LLP

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Introduction

The management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Paulding County Hospital (Hospital) provides an overview of the Hospital's financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements of the Hospital. Management is responsible for the completeness and fairness of the financial statements and the related note disclosures along with the discussion and analysis. The information included within the management's discussion and analysis for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, have not been adjusted for the impact of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 75.

Financial Highlights

The Hospital's current assets increased by \$18,830 or 0.31 percent from the prior year compared to a \$512,197 or 7.71 percent decrease last year. The change in the prior year was primarily driven by a decrease in cash and cash equivalents as a result of using cash for certain capital assets purchases and transferring cash to assets limited as to use, as well as changes in estimated amounts due from third-party payers.

The Hospital's total liabilities increased \$2,155,348 or 12.77 percent from the prior year compared to a \$3,711,124 or 28.17 percent increase last year. The change in the current year was due primarily to an increase in the net pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability of \$2,244,886. In the prior year, the increase was due primarily to an increase in the net pension liability of \$3,740,937.

The Hospital's net position decreased \$7,062,161 or 70.85 percent from the previous year compared to a decrease of \$483,053 or 4.62 percent last year. This change was due primarily to a decrease of \$704,657 in net position and a decrease of \$6,357,504 due to the adoption of GASB 75 related to the OPEB liability.

The following table provides a breakdown of the Hospital's net position by category for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016:

	Year Ended December 31					
		2018		2017		2016
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,400,255	\$	7,063,697	\$	6,154,239
Restricted - net pension asset		144,549		57,910		68,112
Unrestricted		(4,639,216)		2,846,142		4,228,451

In the year ended December 31, 2018, the Hospital's revenue and other support were less than total expenses, creating a decrease in net position of \$704,657 prior to the adoption of GASB 75. The decrease for 2017 was \$483,053.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Using This Annual Report

This annual financial report includes the report of independent auditors, this management's discussion and analysis, the financial statements and notes to the financial statements. The Hospital's financial statements consist of three statements—a balance sheet; a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and a statement of cash flows. These statements and related notes provide information about the activities of the Hospital, including resources held but restricted. The Hospital is accounted for as a business-type activity and presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

One of the most important questions asked about any Hospital's finances is, "Is the Hospital as a whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The balance sheet and the statement of revenue, expenses and changes in net position report information about the Hospital as a whole and on its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all restricted and unrestricted assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources—using the accrual basis of accounting. Using the accrual basis of accounting means that all of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Hospital's net position and changes therein. The Hospital's total net position—assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources—is one measure of the Hospital's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Hospital's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Hospital's patient base, changes in legislation and regulations, measures of the quantity and quality of services provided to its patients and local economic factors should also be considered to assess the overall financial health of the Hospital.

The Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows reports cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from four defined types of activities. It provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for and what was the change in cash and cash equivalents during the reporting period.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Table 1: Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

	Year Ended December 31			2018/2017 Change				
	 2018		2017		2016		Amount	Percent
Assets								
Current assets	\$ 6,152,502	\$	6,133,672	\$	6,645,869	\$	18,830	0.31%
Assets limited as to use	8,252,961		8,193,123		7,199,769		59,838	0.73%
Capital assets	7,400,255		7,063,697		6,154,239		336,558	4.76%
Net pension asset	 144,549		57,910		68,112		86,639	149.61%
Total assets	21,950,267		21,448,402		20,067,989		501,865	2.34%
Deferred Outflows of Resources Total assets and deferred	2,926,438		5,516,201	_	4,076,698		(2,589,763)	-46.95%
outflows of resources	\$ 24,876,705	\$	26,964,603	\$	24,144,687	\$	(2,087,898)	-7.74%
Liabilities								
Current liabilities	\$ 2,264,728	\$	2,469,607	\$	2,520,835	\$	(204,879)	-8.30%
Noncurrent liabilities	455,972		340,631		319,216		115,341	33.86%
Net pension and OPEB liability	16,318,128		14,073,242		10,332,305		2,244,886	15.95%
Total liabilities	 19,038,828		16,883,480	_	13,172,356	_	2,155,348	12.77%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,932,289		113,374		521,529		2,818,915	2486.39%
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	7,400,255		7,063,697		6,154,239		336,558	4.76%
Restricted - net pension asset	144,549		57,910		68,112		86,639	149.61%
Unrestricted	(4,639,216)		2,846,142		4,228,451		(7,485,358)	-263.00%
Total net position Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	2,905,588		9,967,749		10,450,802		(7,062,161)	-70.85%
and net position	\$ 24,876,705	\$	26,964,603	\$	24,144,687	\$	(2,087,898)	-7.74%

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

As of December 31, 2018, the Hospital's total assets and deferred outflows of resources amounted to approximately \$24.9 million. Assets whose use is limited represented the Hospital's largest asset totaling approximately \$8.3 million, or 33 percent, of total assets and deferred outflows of resources. The Hospital's next largest asset, capital assets, net of depreciation, totaled approximately \$7.4 million, or 30 percent, of total assets and deferred outflows of resources.

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources decreased by approximately \$2.1 million from the prior year. This decrease was driven by:

• An increase of approximately \$87,000 in net pension assets as a result of changes in pension items under GASB 68.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

- An increase of approximately \$337,000 in capital assets as a result of the purchase of certain capital assets.
- A decrease of approximately \$2,590,000 in deferred outflows of resources as a result of changes in pension and OPEB items under GASB 68 and GASB 75, respectively.

As of December 31, 2017, the Hospital's total assets and deferred outflows of resources amounted to approximately \$27.0 million. Assets whose use is limited represented the Hospital's largest asset totaling approximately \$8.2 million, or 30 percent, of total assets and deferred outflows of resources. The Hospital's next largest asset, capital assets, net of depreciation, totaled approximately \$7.1 million, or 26 percent, of total assets and deferred outflows of resources.

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by approximately \$2.8 million from the prior year. This increase was driven by:

- An increase of approximately \$993,000 in assets limited as to use primarily due to movement of cash to assets limited as to use as a result of positive operating cash flow.
- An increase of approximately \$909,000 in capital assets as a result of the purchase of certain capital assets.
- An increase of approximately \$1,440,000 in deferred outflows of resources as a result of changes in pension items under GASB 68.

Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At December 31, 2018, the Hospital's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources were approximately \$22.0 million. Current liabilities, primarily consisting of accounts payable and accrued expenses, totaled approximately \$2.3 million or 11.9 percent of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net pension and OPEB liability totaled approximately \$16.3 million or 85.7 percent of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased approximately \$5.0 million from the prior year primarily due to an increase of approximately \$2.8 million in deferred inflows of resources and an increase of approximately \$2.2 million in the net pension and OPEB liability.

At December 31, 2017, the Hospital's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources were approximately \$17.0 million. Current liabilities, primarily consisting of accounts payable and accrued expenses, totaled approximately \$2.5 million or 14.5 percent of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net pension liability totaled approximately \$14.1 million or 82.8 percent of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased approximately \$3.3 million from the prior year primarily due to a decrease of approximately \$577,000 in estimated amounts due to third-party payers and an increase of approximately \$3.7 million in the net pension liability.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Net Position

Net position at December 31, 2018, totaled approximately \$2.9 million, or 12 percent of total assets and deferred outflows of resources. Net position – net investment in capital assets totaled approximately \$7.4 million, or 255 percent, of total net position. Unrestricted net deficit totaled approximately \$4.7 million, or (160) percent, of total net position.

Total net position decreased approximately \$7.1 million or 70.85 percent primarily as a result of changes in pension and OPEB items under GASB 68 and GASB 75, respectively, including the adoption of GASB 75, which was recorded as a cumulative effect of change in accounting principle of approximately \$6.4 million.

Net position at December 31, 2017, totaled approximately \$10.0 million, or 37 percent of total assets and deferred outflows of resources. Net position – net investment in capital assets totaled approximately \$7.1 million, or 71 percent, of total net position. Unrestricted net position totaled approximately \$2.9 million, or 29 percent, of total net position.

Total net position decreased approximately \$483,000, or 4.62 percent.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Table 2: Operating Results and Changes in Net Position

The following is a comparative analysis of the major components of the statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net position of the Hospital for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016:

		Year Ended December 31			2018/2017 Change			
		2018		2017	2016	1	Amount	Percent
Operating Revenue								
Net patient service								
revenue	\$	22,158,743	\$	21,762,462	\$ 20,704,332	\$	396,281	1.82%
Other		677,309		700,145	 802,529		(22,836)	-3.26%
Total operating								
revenues		22,836,052		22,462,607	 21,506,861		373,445	1.66%
Operating Expenses								
Salaries and wages		9,945,695		9,463,678	8,782,974		482,017	5.09%
Employee benefits								
and payroll taxes		3,963,939		4,280,467	2,877,458		(316,528)	-7.39%
Professional services								
and consultant fees		2,097,828		2,048,789	1,973,563		49,039	2.39%
Medical supplies								
and other		5,111,732		4,948,590	5,408,205		163,142	3.30%
Purchased services		1,298,713		1,215,692	1,160,664		83,021	6.83%
Depreciation and								
amortization		1,248,780		1,018,360	947,945		230,420	22.63%
Total operating		_						
expenses		23,666,687		22,975,576	 21,150,809		691,111	3.01%
Operating Income (Loss)	_	(830,635)		(512,969)	 356,052		(317,666)	61.93%
Nonoperating Revenue								
Investment income		62,278		45,492	27,486		16,786	36.90%
Contributions		38,419		54,361	3,145		(15,942)	-29.33%
Other income (expenses)		25,281		(69,937)	 39,728		95,218	-136.15%
Total other income		125,978		29,916	70,359		96,062	321.11%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		(704,657)	_	(483,053)	426,411		(221,604)	45.88%
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported		9,967,749		10,450,802	10,024,391		(483,053)	-4.62%
Cummulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle		(6,357,504)			 -		(6,357,504)	100.00%
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated		3,610,245		10,450,802	10,024,391		(6,840,557)	-65.45%
Net Position, End of Year	\$	2,905,588	\$	9,967,749	\$ 10,450,802	\$	(7,062,161)	-70.85%

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

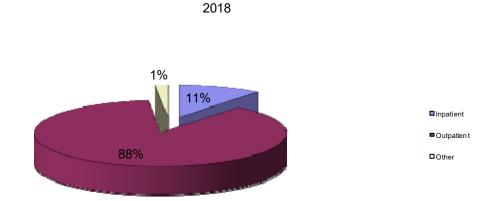
Operating Revenue

Operating revenue includes all transactions that result in the sales and/or receipts from goods and services, such as inpatient services, outpatient services, physician offices and the cafeteria.

Operating revenue changes were a result of the following factors:

- Gross patient revenue increased by 9.73 percent, while net patient service revenue increased by 1.82 percent. To calculate net patient service revenue, gross patient revenue is reduced by revenue deductions. These deductions are the amounts that are not paid to the Hospital under contractual arrangements primarily with Medicare, Medicaid, Anthem and other commercial carriers. These revenue deductions have varied over the past three years and were 51.99 percent in 2018, 42.94 percent in 2017 and 47.86 percent in 2016. The change in revenue deductions is due in part to third-party settlement estimates, state reimbursements for indigent care and changes in bad debt allowances.
- Other operating revenue decreased 3.26 percent for 2018, which was due to variations in items included in other operating revenue. In 2017 and 2016, other operating revenue decreased 12.76 percent and 48.79 percent, respectively.

The following is a graphic illustration of gross operating revenue by source:

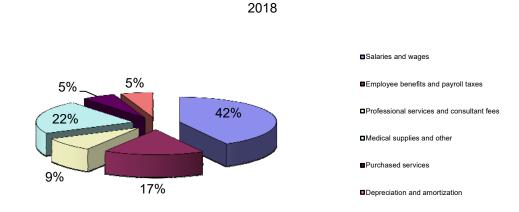


A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses are all the costs necessary to perform and conduct the services and primary purposes of the Hospital. The operating expense changes were the result of the following factors:

- Salary costs increased 5.09 percent, due primarily to continued management of staffing levels in the current year. Salary costs increased 7.75 percent for 2017 and increased 3.61 percent in 2016.
- Benefit costs decreased 7.39 percent, due primarily to decreased pension expense. Benefit costs increased 48.76 percent in 2017 and increased 18.67 percent in 2016.
- Professional services and consultant fees increased 2.39 percent due primarily to inflationary increases associated with various professional services and consultant fees. Professional services and consultant fees increased 3.81 percent in 2017 and 2.17 percent in 2016 primarily due to emergency room physician fees.
- Medical supplies and drugs increased 3.30 percent, due primarily to patient volume fluctuations. In 2017, medical supplies and drugs decreased 8.50 percent and in 2016 increased 13.98 percent.
- Purchased services increased 6.83 percent, primarily due to inflationary increases. Purchased services increased 4.74 percent and 3.01 percent in 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- The following is a graphic illustration of operating expenses by type:



A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Nonoperating Revenue and Expenses

Nonoperating revenue and expenses are all sources and uses that are primarily nonexchange in nature. They consist of investment income, other income/expenses and contributions.

There was an increase in nonoperating revenue from the prior year. This was due primarily to a loss on the sale of a capital asset in the prior year, which is included in other income (expenses).

The Hospital's Cash Flows

Another way to assess the financial health of a hospital is to look at the statement of cash flows.

Its primary purpose is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments of an entity during a period. The statement of cash flows also helps assess:

- An entity's ability to generate future net cash flows
- Its ability to meet its obligations as they come due
- Its needs for external financing

	Year	2018/2017		
	2018	2017	2016 (Restated)	Increase (Decrease)
Cash Provided by (Used in)				
Operating activities	\$ 1,009,751	\$ 2,459,967	\$ 1,417,900	\$ (1,450,216)
Noncapital financing activities	63,700	(15,576)	42,873	79,276
Capital and related financing activities	(1,610,537)	(1,893,517)	(450,449)	282,980
Investing activities	4,621	(898,690)	(519,432)	903,311
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(532,465)	(347,816)	490,892	(184,649)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	3,448,311	3,796,127	3,305,235	(347,816)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 2,915,846	\$ 3,448,311	\$ 3,796,127	\$ (532,465)

The Hospital's liquidity changed during the year. The following discussion amplifies the overview of cash flows presented above:

Cash provided by operating activities decreased approximately \$1.5 million over the prior year. Cash from operating activities increased approximately \$1.0 million in 2017 and decreased \$0.3 million in 2016.

Capital and related financing activities used cash of approximately \$1.6 million. Net capital purchases for 2017 and 2016 were approximately \$1.9 million and \$0.5 million, respectively.

Investing activities provided cash of \$4,621 in 2018. Investing activities used cash of approximately \$0.9 million in 2017 and approximately \$0.5 million in 2016.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Capital Assets

At December 31, 2018, the Hospital had \$29,322,860 invested in capital assets. Capital assets for 2017 and 2016 were \$27,737,522 and \$25,919,364, respectively. Depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$1,248,780 for the current year compared to \$1,018,360 in 2017 and \$947,945 in 2016. Details of these assets for the past three years are shown below:

	Year	Ended December	er 31	2018/2017 Increase
	2018	2017	2016	(Decrease)
Land	\$ 102,740	\$ 102,740	\$ 30,609	\$ -
Land improvements	371,244	233,994	349,009	137,250
Buildings and improvements	16,696,898	15,153,282	14,712,248	1,543,616
Equipment	12,104,023	11,368,158	10,827,498	735,865
Construction in progress	47,955	879,348	-	(831,393)
Total	29,322,860	27,737,522	25,919,364	1,585,338
Accumulated depreciation	(21,922,605)	(20,673,825)	(19,765,125)	(1,248,780)
Net carrying amount	\$ 7,400,255	\$ 7,063,697	\$ 6,154,239	\$ 336,558

Other Economic Factors

The Paulding County Hospital will continue to explore revenue enhancements, cost reductions and productivity improvements in an effort to remain an asset in the community. Its economic position is also closely tied to that of the local medical staff as it continually works with physicians in the community to ensure that the medical needs of the public are being met.

The Supplemental Upper Payment Limit and Health Care Assurance programs have continued to provide relief for our Medicaid shortfalls. As in the past, our Administrative Team will continue to monitor suggested changes with the Ohio Hospital Association and the Department of Job and Family Services.

Contacting the Hospital's Financial Management

This financial report is intended to provide our county and bondholders with a general overview of the Hospital's finances and to show the Hospital's accountability for the funds over which it has stewardship. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the chief financial officer.

Robert L. Goshia, II Chief Financial Officer

Paulding County Hospital A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio **Balance Sheets** December 31, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,166,993	\$ 1,701,639
Patient accounts receivable, net of allowance;	2 0 42 52 4	2.025.246
\$1,504,979 for 2018 and \$1,404,366 for 2017	2,842,534	2,835,346
Notes receivable	175,451	175,451
Inventory	736,526	715,612
Estimated amounts due from third-party payers	806,140	226,400
Prepaid expenses and other	424,858	479,224
Total current assets	6,152,502	6,133,672
Assets Limited as to Use	8,252,961	8,193,123
Capital Assets, Net	7,400,255	7,063,697
Net Pension Asset, Pension	144,549	57,910
Total assets	21,950,267	21,448,402
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension	2,388,437	5,516,201
Other postemployment benefits related	538,001	
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,926,438	5,516,201
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 24,876,705	\$ 26,964,603
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources		
and Net Position		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 886,297	\$ 1,214,066
Accrued expenses and other	1,378,431	1,255,541
Total current liabilities	2,264,728	2,469,607
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	455,972	340,631
Pension	9,374,715	14,073,242
Other postemployment benefits related	6,943,413	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	16,774,100	14,413,873
Total liabilities	19,038,828	16,883,480
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2 415 051	112 274
Pension	2,415,051	113,374
Other postemployment benefits related Total deferred inflows of resources	517,238 2,932,289	113,374
Net Position		
Net rosition Net investment in capital assets	7,400,255	7,063,697
Restricted - net pension asset	144,549	57,910
Unrestricted Unrestricted		
Total net position	(4,639,216) 2,905,588	2,846,142 9,967,749
•		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 24,876,705	\$ 26,964,603

Paulding County Hospital A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Operating Revenue		
Net patient service revenue, net of provision for uncollectible		
accounts; 2018 - \$1,102,095 and 2017 - \$523,747	\$ 22,158,743	\$ 21,762,462
Other	677,309	700,145
Total operating revenue	22,836,052	22,462,607
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and wages	9,945,695	9,463,678
Employee benefits and payroll taxes	1,492,797	1,288,091
Pension	1,878,958	2,992,376
Other postemployment benefits related	592,184	-
Medical supplies and other	5,111,732	4,948,590
Professional services and consultant fees	2,097,828	2,048,789
Purchased services	1,298,713	1,215,692
Depreciation	1,248,780	1,018,360
Total operating expenses	23,666,687	22,975,576
Operating Loss	(830,635)	(512,969)
Nonoperating Revenue		
Investment income	62,278	45,492
Contributions	38,419	54,361
Other income (expenses)	25,281	(69,937)
Total nonoperating revenue	125,978	29,916
Decrease in Net Position	(704,657)	(483,053)
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as previously reported	9,967,749	10,450,802
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle	(6,357,504)	
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated	3,610,245	10,450,802
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 2,905,588	\$ 9,967,749

Paulding County Hospital A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio **Statements of Cash Flows** Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Operating Activities Receipts from and on behalf of patients	\$ 21,571,815	\$ 21,300,552
Payments to suppliers and contractors	(8,777,391)	(7,823,314)
Payments to employees	(12,461,982)	(11,717,416)
Other receipts, net	677,309	700,145
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,009,751	2,459,967
Noncapital Financing Activities		
Noncapital grants, gifts and other	63,700	(15,576)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	63,700	(15,576)
Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Purchase of capital assets	(1,610,537)	(1,893,517)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1,610,537)	(1,893,517)
Investing Activities		
Investment income Purchases of assets limited as to use	62,278	45,492
Advances to physicians (notes receivable), net of forgiveness	(57,657)	(991,191) 47,009
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	4,621	(898,690)
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(532,465)	(347,816)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	3,448,311	3,796,127
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 2,915,846	\$ 3,448,311
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Balance Sheets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,166,993	\$ 1,701,639
Internally-designated cash included in noncurrent cash	1,748,853	1,746,672
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,915,846	\$ 3,448,311
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating loss	\$ (830,635)	\$ (512,969)
Depreciation	1,248,780	1,018,360
Provision for uncollectible accounts	1,102,095	523,747
Changes in operating assets and liabilities Patient accounts receivable	(1.100.292)	(617.504)
Inventory	(1,109,283) (20,914)	(617,594) 19,456
Prepaid expenses and other	54,366	416,000
Accounts payable	(302,570)	389,757
Accrued compensated expenses and other	1,447,652	2,026,729
Estimated amounts due to and due from third-party payers	(579,740)	(803,519)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,009,751	\$ 2,459,967
Accrued Compensated Expenses and Other Activities	Ф. 220.22	Φ 122.21-
Accrued expenses	\$ 238,231	\$ 123,248
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions Deferred outflows of resources - other postretirement benefits	3,127,764 (538,001)	(1,439,503)
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	2,301,677	(408,155)
Deferred inflows of resources - other postretirement benefits	517,238	-
Net pension asset - pensions	(86,639)	10,202
Net pension liability - pensions	(4,698,527)	3,740,937
Net pension liability - other postretirement benefits	585,909	
Net accrued compensated expenses and other activities	\$ 1,447,652	\$ 2,026,729
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities Capital asset acquisitions included in accounts payable	\$ 9,102	\$ 34,301

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

Paulding County Hospital (Hospital) is a 25-bed critical access hospital located in Paulding, Ohio. The Hospital operates under the authority of Section 339, Ohio Revised Code, to provide inpatient, outpatient and emergency care services for the residents of Paulding County, Ohio. A Board of Trustees appointed by the County Commissioners, the probate judge and the Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Paulding County governs the Hospital. The Hospital is considered a component unit of Paulding County, Ohio (County).

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The financial statements of the Hospital have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenue, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange transaction takes place, while those from government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions (principally federal and state grants and county appropriations) are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Operating revenue and expenses include exchange transactions and program-specific, government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions. Government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions that are not program specific (such as county appropriations), investment income and interest on capital assets-related debt are included in nonoperating revenues and expenses. The Hospital first applies restricted net position, if applicable, when an expense or outlay is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Hospital considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

Assets Limited as to Use and Investment Income

Assets limited as to use consist of cash equivalents and certificates of deposit plus accrued interest and include assets set aside by the Hospital's Board of Trustees for future capital improvements, over which the Board retains control and may, at its discretion, subsequently use for other purposes. Certificates of deposit are stated at cost, plus accrued interest, which approximates market value.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Investment income on Board-designated funds (funded depreciation) is recorded as nonoperating income.

Patient Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable from patients, insurance companies and governmental agencies are based on gross charges. An allowance for uncollectible accounts is established on an aggregate basis by using historical write-off rate factors applied to unpaid accounts based on aging. Loss rate factors are based on historical loss experience and adjusted for economic conditions and other trends affecting the Hospital's ability to collect outstanding amounts. Uncollectible amounts are written off against the allowance for doubtful accounts in the period they are determined to be uncollectible. An allowance for contractual adjustments and interim payment advances is based on expected payment rates from payers based on current reimbursement methodologies. This amount also includes amounts received as interim payments against unpaid claims by certain payers.

Inventory

Inventories, consisting primarily of medical supplies and drugs, are stated at the lower of cost, determined using the first-in, first-out method, or market.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or fair value at the date of donation if acquired by gift. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or their respective estimated useful lives. The following estimated useful lives are being used by the Hospital:

Land improvements	5-25 years
Buildings and building improvements	5-50 years
Fixed equipment	3-20 years
Major moveable equipment	3-20 years

Notes Receivable

Notes receivable represent loans to physicians under various cash flow support and loan arrangements. These loans are to be repaid in varying monthly installments, including varying interest rates ranging from the minimum applicable federal rate to prime plus 1 percent, and are unsecured. A majority of the physician notes receivable are forgiven over time under the terms specified in the physician loan agreement.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The Hospital reports increases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its balance sheets.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Compensated Absences

Paid time off is charged to operations when earned. The unused and earned benefits are recorded as a current or long-term liability in the financial statements depending on when amounts are expected to be paid. Employees accumulate vacation days at varying rates depending on years of service. Employees are not paid for accumulated sick leave if they leave before retirement. However, employees who retire from the Hospital may convert accumulated sick leave to termination payments equal to one-half of the accumulated balance calculated at the employee's base pay rate as of the retirement date. Employees hired after June 8, 2001, are only eligible to receive termination payments on one-half of the accumulated sick leave balance up to a maximum of 240 hours.

Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Hospital participates in two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, the Traditional Pension Plan and the Combined Plan (Plans). For purposes of measuring the net pension (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

The Hospital participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by the Ohio Public Employees retirement System (the OPEB Plan). For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Hospital reports decreases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its balance sheets.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Net Position

Net position of the Hospital is classified in three components. The net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. Restricted net position represents the net pension asset of the Hospital. Unrestricted net position represents the remaining assets less remaining liabilities that do not meet the definition of the net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Net Patient Service Revenue

The Hospital has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the Hospital at amounts different from its established rates. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments and a provision for uncollectible accounts. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and such estimated amounts are revised in future periods as adjustments become known.

Charity Care

The Hospital provides care without charge or at amounts less than its established rates to patients meeting certain criteria under its charity care policy. Because the Hospital does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, these amounts are not reported as net patient service revenue.

Income Taxes

As an instrumentality of a political subdivision of the state of Ohio, the Hospital is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. However, the Hospital is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

Risk Management

The Hospital is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; medical malpractice; and employee health, dental and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than employee health claims. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

The Hospital is self-insured for a portion of its exposure to risk of loss from employee health claims. Annual estimated provisions are accrued for the self-insured portion of employee health claims and include an estimate of the ultimate costs for both reported claims and claims incurred, but not yet reported.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Change in Accounting Principle

During 2018, the Hospital adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. GASB Statement No. 75 establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures based on the Hospital's proportionate share of the collective OPEB amounts for all participating employers in the defined benefit plan. The Hospital's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, OPEB expense, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB have been recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

The prior year balance sheet as of December 31, 2017 and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the year ended December 31, 2017 were not restated as a result of this change in accounting principle due to sufficient information not being available to calculate the prior year effect. Adoption of this statement resulted in a reduction to the beginning net position as of January 1, 2018 to recognize the cumulative effect of applying this statement to beginning net position as follows:

Net position, beginning of year, as previously reported	\$ 9,967,749
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(6,357,504)
• • • •	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	\$ 3,610,245

The decrease is attributed to a recognition of a net OPEB liability of approximately \$6,469,000 and deferred outflows of resources related to the Hospital's contributions made during the measurement period of December 31, 2016 through December 31, 2017 of approximately \$111,000

Note 2: Net Patient Service Revenue

The Hospital has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the Hospital at amounts different from its established rates. These payment arrangements include:

Medicare - Effective January 1, 2001, the Hospital received full accreditation from the Center for Medicare and Medicaid services for the critical access hospital designation. As a critical access hospital, the Hospital receives reasonable, cost-based reimbursement for both inpatient and outpatient services provided to Medicare beneficiaries.

Medicaid - Inpatient and outpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed under a cost reimbursement methodology for certain services and at prospectively determined rates for all other services. The Hospital is reimbursed for cost reimbursable services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Hospital and audits thereof by the Medicaid administrative contractor.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Approximately 46 and 40 percent of net patient service revenue is from participation in the Medicare and state-sponsored Medicaid programs for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation and change. As a result, it is reasonably possible that recorded estimates will change materially in the near term.

The Hospital has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the Hospital under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges and prospectively determined daily rates.

Note 3: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Chapter 135 of the Ohio Uniform Depositor Act authorizes local governmental units to make deposits in any national bank located in the state, subject to inspection by the superintendent of financial institutions, as eligible to become a public depository. Section 135.14 of the Ohio Revised Code allows the local government to invest in United States Treasury bills, notes, bonds or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States of America and bonds and other obligations of the state of Ohio. Investments in no-load money market mutual funds, repurchase agreements, commercial paper and bankers' acceptances are permitted subject to certain limitations that include completion of additional training, approved by the auditor of state, by the treasurer or governing board investing in these instruments.

The Hospital has designated seven banks for the deposit of its funds. Investment of interim funds is limited to bonds, notes, debentures or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, no-load money market mutual funds and the Ohio subdivision's fund (STAR Ohio).

Statutes require the classification of funds held by the Hospital into three categories:

Active Funds - Active funds are required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the Hospital. Such funds must be maintained either in depository accounts or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Inactive Funds - Inactive funds are not required for use within the current five-year period of designated depositories. Ohio law permits inactive monies to be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit, maturing not later than the end of the current period of designated depositories or as savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim Funds - Interim funds are funds which are not needed for immediate use but will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of deposit. Ohio law permits interim funds to be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- 1. Bonds, notes or other obligations guaranteed by the United States or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures or other obligations or securities issued by any federal governmental agency

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

- 3. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions
- 4. Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying for interim funds to be evidenced by time certificates of deposit, maturing not more than one year from date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including but not limited to passbook accounts
- 5. Bonds and other obligations of the state of Ohio
- 6. The Ohio State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio)
- 7. Commercial paper and bankers' acceptances which meet the requirements established by Ohio Revised Code SEC 135.142
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interest in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies

Protection of the Hospital's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer, by the financial institution or by single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public funds deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Hospital and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

The Hospital's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Hospital's deposits may not be returned to it. The Hospital does not have a specific deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2018, the Hospital had no bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Hospital believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. However, since all of the Hospital's bank deposits are collateralized, the Hospital believes it has maintained an acceptable risk level at these institutions.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Summary of Carrying Values

The Hospital's deposits are comprised of the following:

	2018	2017
Carrying value		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,166,993	\$ 1,701,639
Assets whose use is limited		
Money market funds	1,748,883	1,746,672
Certificates of deposit	6,364,768	6,307,153
Accrued interest	 139,310	 139,298
	\$ 9,419,954	\$ 9,894,762
Deposits		
Amount of deposits reflected on the accounts		
of the bank (without recognition of checks written but		
not yet cleared or of deposits in transit)	\$ 9,608,020	\$ 10,174,273
Amount of deposits covered by federal depository insurance	 (3,166,782)	(3,146,398)
Uninsured but collateralized	\$ 6,441,238	\$ 7,027,875

Investment Income

Investment income for the year ended December 31 consisted of:

	2018	2017	
Interest income	\$ 62,278	\$	45,492

Assets Limited as to Use

The composition of assets limited as to use, which are comprised of money market funds, certificates of deposit and accrued interest receivable at December 31 are described below:

	2	<u>018</u>	2017
Designated by the Board for capital improvements Deposits in financial institutions Accrued interest receivable	\$ 8	,113,651 139,310	\$ 8,053,825 139,298
Total assets limited as to use	\$ 8	,252,961	\$ 8,193,123

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Note 4: Patient Accounts Receivable

Patient accounts receivable at December 31 consisted of:

	2018	2017
Patient accounts receivable	\$ 7,250,278	\$ 6,861,313
Less		
Allowance for uncollectible amounts	1,504,979	1,404,366
Allowance for contractual adjustments	 2,902,765	 2,621,601
Patient accounts receivable, net	\$ 2,842,534	\$ 2,835,346

The Hospital grants credit without collateral to patients, most of whom are local residents and are insured under third-party payer agreements. The composition of receivables from patients and third-party payers consisted of:

	2018	2017
Medicare	43%	43%
Medical Mutual of Ohio	18%	17%
Medicaid	13%	11%
Other third-party payers	18%	19%
Patient pay	8%	10%
	100%	100%

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Note 5: Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the years ended December 31 were:

	2018			
	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Transfers	Disposals	Ending Balance
Land	\$ 102,740	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 102,740
Land improvements	233,994	137,250	_	371,244
Building and building improvements	15,153,282	1,543,616	_	16,696,898
Fixed equipment	1,366,957	-	_	1,366,957
Major moveable equipment	10,001,201	735,865	_	10,737,066
Construction in progress	879,348	(831,393)	_	47,955
	27,737,522	1,585,338	_	29,322,860
Less accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	218,913	15,000	_	233,913
Building and building improvements	10,709,772	486,452	_	11,196,224
Fixed equipment	1,366,957	-	_	1,366,957
Major moveable equipment	8,378,183	747,328	_	9,125,511
	20,673,825	1,248,780		21,922,605
Capital assets, net	\$ 7,063,697	\$ 336,558	\$ -	\$ 7,400,255

	2017			
	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Transfers	Disposals	Ending Balance
Land	\$ 30,609	\$ 72,131	\$ -	\$ 102,740
Land improvements	349,009	(115,015)	-	233,994
Building and building improvements	14,712,248	441,034	-	15,153,282
Fixed equipment	1,366,957	-	-	1,366,957
Major moveable equipment	9,460,541	738,321	(197,661)	10,001,201
Construction in progress	-	879,348	-	879,348
	25,919,364	2,015,819	(197,661)	27,737,522
Less accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	210,720	8,193	-	218,913
Building and building improvements	10,281,852	427,920	-	10,709,772
Fixed equipment	1,366,957	-	-	1,366,957
Major moveable equipment	7,905,596	582,247	(109,660)	8,378,183
	19,765,125	1,018,360	(109,660)	20,673,825
Capital assets, net	\$ 6,154,239	\$ 997,459	\$ (88,001)	\$ 7,063,697

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Note 6: Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the Hospital for the years ended December 31:

					2018		
	E	Beginning				Ending	Current
Other long-term obligations Accrued		Balance	 Additions	D	eductions	Balance	Portion
compensated absences Net pension	\$	640,631	\$ 459,840	\$	(344,499)	\$ 755,972	\$ 300,000
liability Net other		14,073,242	-		(4,698,527)	9,374,715	-
postemployment benefits related		-	6,943,413			6,943,413	-
Total other long-term obligations	\$	14,713,873	\$ 7,403,253	\$	(5,043,026)	\$ 17,074,100	\$ 300,000
					2017		
	E	Beginning				Ending	Current
Other long-term		Balance	 Additions	D	eductions	Balance	Portion
obligations Accrued compensated							
absences Net pension	\$	569,216	\$ 517,681	\$	(446,266)	\$ 640,631	\$ 300,000
liability		10,332,305	3,740,937			14,073,242	-
Total other long-term							
obligations	\$	10,901,521	\$ 4,258,618	\$	(446,266)	\$ 14,713,873	\$ 300,000

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Note 7: Medical Malpractice Claims

Based on the nature of its operations, the Hospital is at times subject to pending or threatened legal actions, which arise in the normal course of its activities.

The Hospital was insured against medical malpractice claims under a claims-made policy, whereby only the claims reported to the insurance carrier during the policy period are covered, regardless of when the incident giving rise to the claim occurred. Under the terms of the policy, the Hospital bears the risk of the ultimate costs of any individual claims exceeding \$1,000,000 or aggregate claims exceeding \$3,000,000 for claims asserted in the policy year. In addition, the Hospital has an umbrella policy with an additional \$5,000,000 of coverage.

Should the claims-made policy not be renewed or replaced with equivalent insurance, claims based on the occurrences during the policy term, but reported subsequent to the policy term, will be uninsured.

While there is pending litigation against the Hospital, management is not aware of any such medical malpractice claims, either asserted or unasserted, that would exceed the policy limits. The cost of the insurance policy represents the Hospital's cost for such claims for the year and it has been charged to operations as a current expense.

The Hospital is exposed to various risks of loss related to property and general losses and employee injuries (workers' compensation). The Hospital has purchased commercial insurance for claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three years. See Note 9 for discussion of self-insured health programs.

Note 8: Accrued Liabilities and Other

Accrued expenses included in current liabilities at December 31 consisted of:

	 2010	2017
Payroll and related items Compensated absences Health insurance claims	\$ 871,503 300,000 206,928	\$ 782,472 300,000 173,069
	 1,378,431	\$ 1,255,541

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Note 9: Self-insurance

The Hospital is partially self-insured under a plan covering all employees for employee health insurance. The plan is covered by a stop-loss policy that covers claims over \$65,000 per employee or total claims in excess of \$1,132,295. The plan policy year ends on December 31. Claims, charged to operations when incurred, were approximately \$1,133,000 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

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A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

A reconciliation of accrued health insurance at December 31, 2018, consists of the following:

Balance at January 1, 2017	\$ 84,082
Health insurance expense Payments made	 825,933 (736,946)
Balance at December 31, 2017	173,069
Health insurance expense Payments made	 1,133,346 (1,099,487)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 206,928

Note 10: Contingencies

Investigation

The Hospital is the subject of an investigation regarding specific third-party payer program billing issues. Management believes the Hospital's medical records fully support the codes used and billings submitted and intends to vigorously defend the Hospital should any assertions to the contrary be made. No provision has been made in the financial statements for any adverse outcome that might ultimately result from this matter, as the amount of any such loss is not reasonably estimable. Events could occur that would cause the estimate of ultimate loss to differ materially in the near term.

Litigation

In the normal course of business, the Hospital is, from time to time, subject to allegations that may or do result in litigation. Some of these allegations are in areas not covered by the Hospital's self-insurance program (discussed elsewhere in these notes) or by commercial insurance; for example, allegations regarding employment practices or performance of contracts. The Hospital evaluates such allegations by conducting investigations to determine the validity of each potential claim. Based upon the advice of legal counsel, management records an estimate of the amount of ultimate expected loss, if any, for each. Events could occur that would cause the estimate of ultimate loss to differ materially in the near term.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Note 11: Multiple-employer Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Plan Description

The Hospital contributes to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all employees. All employees are required to join OPERS. OPERS administers two defined benefit pension plans as described below:

- 1. The Traditional Pension Plan a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- 2. The Combined Plan a cost-sharing, multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan, a defined contribution pension plan discussed in greater detail under "Defined Contribution Plan" in this footnote.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. This report may be obtained by contacting the organization as follows:

OPERS 277 East Town Street Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 Telephone (800) 222-7377 www.opers.org

Benefits Provided

Plan benefits for OPERS are established under Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). Members are categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. Members who were eligible to retire on January 7, 2013, and those eligible to retire no later than five years after that date comprise transition group A. Members who have 20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013, or are eligible to retire no later than 10 years after January 7, 2013, are included in transition group B. Group C includes those members who are not in either of the other groups and members who were hired on or after January 7, 2013. Additionally, OPERS has three separate divisions with varying degrees of benefits: (1) state and local, (2) law enforcement and (3) public safety. The Hospital does not have any employees included in the law enforcement or public safety divisions.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Benefits in the Traditional Plan for state and local members are calculated on the basis of age, final average salary and service credit. State and local members in transition groups A and B are eligible for retirement benefits at age 60 with 60 contributing months of service credit or at age 55 with 25 or more years of service credit. State and local members of Group C are eligible for retirement at age 57 with 25 years of service or at age 62 with five years of service. For groups A and B, the annual benefit is based on 2.2 percent of final average salary multiplied by the actual years of service for the first 30 years of service credit and 2.5 percent for years of service in excess of 30 years. For group C, the annual benefit applies a factor of 2.2 percent for the first 35 years and a factor of 2.5 percent for the years of service in excess of 35. Final average salary represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career. Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefit receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

OPERS offers a combined plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. In the combined plan, employee contributions are invested in self-directed investments, and the employer contribution is used to fund a reduced defined benefit. Eligibility requirements under the combined plan for age and years of service are identical to the defined benefit plan described earlier. The benefit formula for the defined benefit component of the plan for state and local members in transition groups A and B applies a factor of 1.0 percent to the member's final average salary for the first 30 years of service. A factor of 1.25 percent is applied to years of service in excess of 30. The benefit formula for transition group C applies a factor of 1.0 percent to the member's final average salary and the first 35 years of service and a factor of 1.25 percent is applied to years in excess of 35. Members retiring before age 65 with less than 30 years of service credit receive a percentage reduction in benefit.

A cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is provided each year and is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Only active employees of the Hospital participate and are covered by the plan. At December 31, 2018 and 2017, approximately 230 and 200 employees, respectively, participated and were covered by the OPERS Pension Plans.

Contributions

The ORC provides OPERS statutory authority over employee and employer contributions. The required contractually determined contribution rates, respectively of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The contractually required contribution rates to OPERS for employees and the Hospital are as follows for each of the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	<u>OPERS</u>
Employees	10%
Hospital	14%

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

The Plan Administrator determines the allocation of the contributions between the defined benefit retirement plans and the OPEB plan. During 2018, all employer contributions to OPERS for members participating in the Traditional and Combined Plan were allocated to the respective retirement plan. During 2017, of the 14 percent of employer contributions to OPERS 13 percent was allocated to the defined benefit retirement plan and 1 percent was allocated to the OPEB plan.

Hospital contributions for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, were as follows:

	UPER5				
		2018		2017	
Traditional plan Combined plan	\$	1,167,901 66,782	\$	1,028,975 56,533	
Total	\$	1,234,683	\$	1,085,508	

Pension Assets and Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension asset and liability were measured as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset or liability were determined by actuarial valuations as of those dates. The Hospital reported an asset and a liability for OPERS of \$144,549 and \$9,374,715, respectively, as of December 31, 2018, and \$57,910 and \$14,073,242, for 2017, respectively, for its proportionate share of the total pension asset and liability. The Hospital's proportion of the net pension asset and liability was based on the Hospital's contributions to the Plans relative to the contributions of all participating employers to the Plans for the respective measurement periods. At December 31, 2018, the Hospital's proportion was 0.059757 percent for OPERS Traditional Pension Plan and 0.106183 percent for OPERS Combined Plan. At December 31, 2017, the Hospital's proportion was 0.061974 percent for OPERS Traditional Pension Plan and 0.104049 percent for OPERS Combined Plan. The Hospital's changes in proportion between the two years were (.2217) percent and 0.2134 percent for the OPERS Traditional Pension Plan and OPERS Combined Plan, respectively.

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A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Hospital recognized pension expense of \$1,878,958 and \$2,992,376, respectively. At December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Hospital reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2018											
		Traditio	nal	Plan		Combin	ed P	lan	<u>T</u>	otal Defined	Ben	efit Plans
	0	eferred utflows lesources		Deferred Inflows Resources	0	eferred utflows esources	Ī	eferred Inflows Resources	(Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	9,574	\$	184,746	\$	-	\$	43,062	\$	9,574	\$	227,808
on pension plan investments		-		2,012,628		-		22,806		-		2,035,434
Change in assumption		1,120,341		-		12,632		-		1,132,973		-
Change in the Hospital's proportion Hospital's contributions subsequent to the		-		151,809		11,207		-		11,207		151,809
measurement date		1,167,901		-		66,782		-	_	1,234,683		
	\$	2,297,816	\$	2,349,183	\$	90,621	\$	65,868	\$	2,388,437	\$	2,415,051

			_					_		_	
	Traditio	nal P	lan		Combin	ied Pl	an	<u></u>	otal Defined	Bene	fit Plans
0	utflows	lr	nflows	0	utflows	Ī	nflows	(Outflows	Ī	eferred nflows Resources
\$	19,075	\$	83,757	\$	-	\$	29,617	\$	19,075	\$	113,374
	2,095,830		-		14,129		-		2,109,959		-
	2,232,188		-		14,114		-		2,246,302		-
	41,400		-		13,957		-		55,357		-
	1,028,975		-		56,533		-		1,085,508		-
\$	5,417,468	\$	83,757	\$	98,733	\$	29,617	\$	5,516,201	\$	113,374
	of F	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 19,075 2,095,830 2,232,188 41,400 1,028,975	Deferred Outflows Ir of Resources of R \$ 19,075 \$ 2,095,830 2,232,188 41,400 1,028,975	Outflows of Resources Inflows of Resources \$ 19,075 \$ 83,757 2,095,830 - 2,232,188 - 41,400 - 1,028,975 -	Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 19,075 \$ 83,757 \$ 2,095,830 - - 2,232,188 - - 41,400 - - 1,028,975 - -	Traditional Plan Combin Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 19,075 \$ 83,757 \$ - 2,095,830 - 14,129 2,232,188 - 14,114 41,400 - 13,957 1,028,975 - 56,533	Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Outflows outflows of Resources 2,095,830 - 14,129 14,129 14,114 13,957 41,400 - 13,957 1,028,975 - 56,533	Traditional Plan Combined Plan Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 19,075 \$ 83,757 \$ - \$ 29,617 2,095,830 - 14,129 - 2,232,188 - 14,114 - 41,400 - 13,957 - 1,028,975 - 56,533 -	Traditional Plan Combined Plan T Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Outflows of Resources <t< td=""><td>Traditional Plan Combined Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 19,075 \$ 83,757 \$ - \$29,617 \$ 19,075 2,095,830 - 14,129 - 2,109,959 2,232,188 - 14,114 - 2,246,302 41,400 - 13,957 - 55,357 1,028,975 - 56,533 - 1,085,508</td><td>Traditional Plan Combined Plan Total Defined Beneral Deferred Outflows of Resources of Resour</td></t<>	Traditional Plan Combined Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 19,075 \$ 83,757 \$ - \$29,617 \$ 19,075 2,095,830 - 14,129 - 2,109,959 2,232,188 - 14,114 - 2,246,302 41,400 - 13,957 - 55,357 1,028,975 - 56,533 - 1,085,508	Traditional Plan Combined Plan Total Defined Beneral Deferred Outflows of Resources of Resour

At December 31, 2018, the Hospital reported \$1,167,901 and \$66,782 for the traditional and combined plans, respectively, as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Hospital contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a decrease (increase) to the net pension liability (asset) in the year ending December 31, 2019.

At December 31, 2017, the Hospital reported \$1,028,975 and \$56,533 for the traditional and combined plans, respectively, as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Hospital contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a decrease (increase) to the net pension liability (asset) in the year ending December 31, 2018.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2017, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u> Traditiona</u>	С	Combined	Total
2019	\$ 793,25	7 \$	(5,659)	\$ 787,598
2020	(299,25	2)	(6,283)	(305,535)
021	(886,25	5)	(11,393)	(897,648)
22	(827,01	8)	(10,853)	(837,871)
3		-	(2,845)	(2,845)
eafter			(4,996)	 (4,996)
	\$ (1,219,26	8) \$	(42,029)	\$ (1,261,297)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017, actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

OPERS	Traditional Plan	Combined Plan
Valuation date	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2017
Experience study	5-year period ended	5-year period ended
	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age	Individual entry age
Wage inflation	3.25%	3.25%
Salary increases	3.25% - 10.75% including	3.25% - 8.25% including
•	inflation at 3.25%	inflation at 3.25%
Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.50%
Cost-of-living adjustments	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%
5 3	simple	simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00% simple through 2018 Post 2018: 2.15% simple	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00% simple through 2018 Post 2018: 2.15% simple

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

OPERS	Traditional Plan	Combined Plan
Valuation date	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2016
Experience study	5-year period ended	5-year period ended
•	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age	Individual entry age
Wage inflation	3.25%	3.25%
Salary increases	3.25% - 10.75% including	3.25% - 8.25% including
•	inflation at 3.25%	inflation at 3.25%
Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.50%
Cost-of-living adjustments	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%
2	simple	simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%
	simple through 2018	simple through 2018

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Post 2018: 2.15% simple

Post 2018: 2.15% simple

Mortality rates for OPERS are the RP-2014 mortality table projected 20 years using Projection Scale AA. For males, 105 percent of the combined healthy male mortality rates were used. For females, 100 percent of the combined healthy female mortality rates were used.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPERS defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>OPERS</u>				
December 31, 2018 Asset Class	Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			
Domestic equities	19.0%	2.20%			
International equities	20.0%	6.37%			
Fixed income	23.0%	5.26%			
Real estate	10.0%	8.97%			
Private equity	10.0%	7.88%			
Other investments	18.0%	5.26%			
	100.0%				
	OPE				
December 31, 2017		Long-Term Expected Rate of			
Asset Class	Allocation	Return			
Domestic equities	20.7%	6.34%			
International equities	18.3%	7.95%			
Fixed income	23.0%	2.75%			
Real estate	10.0%	4.75%			
Private equity	10.0%	8.97%			
Other investments	18.0%	4.92%			
	100.0%				

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 7.5 percent for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that participating employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of the Hospital's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as of December 31, 2018, has been calculated using a discount rate of 7.5 percent. The following presents the Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using a discount rate 1 percent higher and 1 percent lower than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.5%	Dis	2018 scount Rate 7.5%	1%	% Increase 8.5%
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability - Traditional	\$ 16,647,105	\$	9,374,715	\$	3,311,733
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) - Combined	(78,575))	(144,549)		(190,068)

Pension Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

Defined Contribution Plan

OPERS also offers a defined contribution plan, the Member-Directed (MD) Plan – a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The MD Plan does not provide disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, postretirement health care benefits or death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are entirely dependent on the sum of contributions and investment returns earned by each participant's choice of investment options.

Pension expense recorded for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, for employer contributions to the Member-Directed Plan was approximately \$68,000 and \$71,000, respectively.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Other Postemployment Benefits

Prior to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, OPERS provided postemployment health care benefits to retirees with ten or more years of qualifying service credit. The plan benefits include a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) permits, but does not require OPERS to provide Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided in Chapter 145 of the ORC.

Each year the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the statutorily required contributions to the system that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits. For the calendar years ending December 31, 2017, OPERS allocated 1.0 percent of the employer contribution rate to fund the health care program for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan, with OPERS allocating 4.0 percent of the employer contribution rate for members participating in the Member-Directed plan to fund OPEB. Total contributions of the Hospital to the OPEB during 2017 were \$111,762.

Deferred Compensation Plan

All full-time employees of the Hospital may participate in a deferred compensation plan created by the state of Ohio under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457, *Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments*. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

Compensated assets deferred under a plan, all property, rights and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are held in trust at the state level for the benefit of the participants.

Note 12: Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Hospital contributes to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a statewide cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement plan that offers pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) covering substantially all faculty and staff. OPERS is administered by the plan's board of trustees appointed by the governor of Ohio or by plan member elections. The legislature of the state of Ohio maintains the authority to establish and amend benefits for both plans as authorized by Chapters 145 and 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Benefits Provided

OPERS provides post-employment health care benefits to eligible members of the Traditional, Combined and Member-Directed pension plans with OPEB funding assets accumulated in a single health care trust (the 115 Trust). Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, medical expenses, and prescription drugs. Prior to January 1, 2015, 10 or more years of service were required to qualify for health care coverage. Beginning January 1, 2015, generally, members must be at least age 60 with 20 years of qualifying service credit to qualify for health care coverage or 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefits is available. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB to its eligible members and beneficiaries.

Beginning in 2016, OPERS Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan retirees enrolled in Medicare A and B were eligible to participate in the OPERS Medicare Connector (Connector). The Connector, a vendor selected by OPERS, assists eligible retirees in the selection and purchase of Medicare supplemental coverage through the Medicare market. Retirees that purchase supplemental coverage through the Connector may receive a monthly allowance in their Health Reimbursement Account (HRA) that can be used to reimburse eligible health care expenses.

Contributions

The Ohio state legislature as authorized by Chapters 145 and 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code has the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the Hospital for OPERS. Under Ohio law, funds to pay health care costs are permitted but not mandated to be deducted from employer contributions.

Under OPERS, for employees of the Hospital the statutorily required employee contribution rate for the plan years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, was 10 percent of their annual pay. The Hospital's statutorily required employer contribution rate including pensions and OPEB for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, was 14 percent of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The plan administrator determines the allocation of the contributions between the defined benefit retirement plans and the OPEB plan. During 2018, all statutorily required employer contributions to OPERS for members participating in the Traditional and Combined Plan were allocated to the respective retirement plan. During 2017, of the 14 percent statutorily required employer contributions to OPERS 13 percent was allocated to the defined benefit retirement plan and 1 percent was allocated to the OPEB plan for members participating in the Traditional and Combined Plan. For members participating in the Member-Directed Plan, 4 percent of the statutorily required employer contribution rate was allocated to the defined benefit OPEB plan.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2018, the Hospital reported a liability of \$6,943,413 for its proportionate share of the OPERS net OPEB liabilities measured as of December 31, 2017. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of the respective date. The Hospital's proportions of the net OPEB liabilities for OPERS was based on actual Hospital employer contributions to the Plan during the respective measurement period in relation to total employer contributions to the Plan for the same period. At December 31, 2018, the Hospital's proportion of the OPERS net OPEB liability was 0.06394 percent.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Hospital recognized OPEB expenses for OPERS of \$592,184. At December 31, 2018, the Hospital reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS			
	Ō	eferred utflows esources	In	ferred flows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	5,409	\$	-
on pension plan investments		-		517,238
Change in assumption Hospital's contributions subsequent to the		505,554		-
measurement date		27,038		
	\$	538,001	\$	517,238

At December 31, 2018, the Hospital reported \$27,038 in deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the Hospital's contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB at December 31, 2018, will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

	<u>OPERS</u>	
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ 114,983 114,983 (106,932 (129,309	3 2)
2023 Thereafter		-
	\$ (6,275	5)

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuations rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2017, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Experience Study	5-Year Period Ended December 31, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual entry age normal
Single Discount Rate	3.85%
Investment rate of return	6.5%, net of OPEB Plan investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Rate	3.31%
Wage Inflation	3.25%
Projected Salary Increases	3.25% - 10.75%, including wage inflation at 3.25%
Health Care Cost Trend Rates	7.5% initial for 2018, decreasing 0.425% per

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employees and Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables, as appropriate with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale.

year to an ultimate rate of 3.25% in 2028

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of a five year period actuarial experience study ended December 31, 2015.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Fixed income	34.0%	1.88%
Domestic equities	21.0%	6.37%
REITs	6.0%	5.91%
International equities	22.0%	7.88%
Other investments	17.0%	5.39%
	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liabilities was 3.85 percent for OPERS for the plan year ended December 31, 2017. For OPERS, a single discount rate of 3.85 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2017. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) taxexempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.50 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.31 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that participating employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2034. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Sensitivity of the Hospital's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The Hospital's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability has been calculated using the discount rate of 3.85 percent. The following presents the Hospital's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using a discount rate 1 percent higher and 1 percent lower than the current discount rate:

	2018			
	1% Decrease 2.85%	Discount Rate 3.85%	1% Increase 4.85%	
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension				
liability - OPERS	\$ 9,224,624	\$ 6,943,413	\$ 5,097,936	

The Hospital's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability has been calculated using initial health care trend rates of 7.5 percent. The following presents the Hospital's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using health care cost trend rates 1 percent higher and 1 percent lower than the current health care cost trend rates:

	2018 Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension				
liability - OPERS	\$ 6,643,366	\$ 6,943,413	\$ 7,253,354	

OPEB Plan's Fiduciary net Position

Detailed information about OPERS fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report. The financial report for OPERS may be obtained online at www.opers.org or by writing to Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, Director-Finance, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

OPEB Plan's Payable to OPERS

At December 31, 2018, the Hospital reported no payables to OPERS for the outstanding amounts of contributions to the OPEB plan required for the year ended December 31, 2018.



Paulding County Hospital A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio

Schedule of Hospital's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability Defined Benefit Pensions (Cost-Sharing Plan – GASB 68)

Traditional	2018	2017	2016	2015
Hospital's proportion of the net pension liability	0.059757%	0.061974%	0.059651%	0.063288%
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,374,715	\$ 14,073,242	\$ 10,332,305	\$ 7,633,240
Hospital's covered-employee payroll	7,915,193	8,013,632	8,013,632	7,759,123
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a				
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	118.44%	175.62%	128.93%	98.38%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%
Combined	2018	2017	2016	2015
Combined Hospital's proportion of the net pension asset	2018 0.106183%	2017 0.104049%	2016 0.139970%	2015 0.134639%
	\$	\$ 	\$	\$
Hospital's proportion of the net pension asset	0.106183%	\$ 0.104049%	\$ 0.139970%	\$ 0.134639%
Hospital's proportion of the net pension asset Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension asset	0.106183% 144,549	\$ 0.104049% (57,910)	\$ 0.139970% (68,112)	\$ 0.134639% (51,839)
Hospital's proportion of the net pension asset Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension asset Hospital's covered-employee payroll	0.106183% 144,549	\$ 0.104049% (57,910)	\$ 0.139970% (68,112)	\$ 0.134639% (51,839)

Schedule of Hospital Contributions Defined Benefit Pensions (Cost-Sharing Plan – GASB 68)

Traditional	2018	2017	2017	2015
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	\$ 1,167,901 (1,167,901)	\$ 1,028,975 (1,028,975)	\$ 961,636 (961,636)	\$ 818,826 (818,826)
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Hospital's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,342,150 14.00%	\$ 7,915,192 13.00%	\$ 8,013,633 12.00%	\$ 6,823,550 12.00%
Combined	2018	2017	2017	2015
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	\$ 66,782 (66,782)	\$ 56,533 (56,533)	\$ 48,602 (48,602)	\$ 56,981 (56,981)
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Contributions deficiency (excess)	5 -	3 -	\$ -	2 -

The amounts presented in the Schedule of Hospital's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability are presented as of the measurement date for the respective reporting periods. The amounts presented in the Schedule of Hospital Contributions are presented as of the end of the respective reporting periods.

Paulding County Hospital A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio

Schedule of Hospital's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Other Post-Employment Benefits (Cost-Sharing Plan – GASB 75)

OPEB	2018
Hospital's proportion of the net pension liability	0.063940%
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,943,413
Hospital's covered-employee payroll	9,056,581
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a	
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	76.67%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	54.14%

Schedule of Hospital Contributions Other Post-Employment Benefits (Cost-Sharing Plan – GASB 75)

OPEB	2018
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	\$ 27,038 27,038
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ -
Hospital's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,495,107 0.28%

The amounts presented in the Schedule of Hospital's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability are presented as of the measurement date for the respective reporting periods. The amounts presented in the Schedule of Hospital Contributions are presented as of the end of the respective reporting periods.

A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Changes of Benefit Terms

Amounts reported in 2015 for OPERS reflect the following plan changes:

- The minimum age and number of years of service required to receive an unreduced benefit were each increased by two years for members in the state and local divisions. The minimum retirement age required for law enforcement members did not change, however, the minimum retirement age was increased by two years.
- Final average salary (FAS) increased to the highest five years (up from three years).
- The benefit multiplier used for the first 30 years (2.2 percent of FAS) was increased to the first 35 years of service.
- Age and service reduction factors changed to represent actuarially determined rates for each year a member retires before attaining full retirement.
- The Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) was changed for new retirees from a simple 3 percent applied to the benefit value at date of retirement, to a rate based on the change in the Consumer Price Index, not to exceed 3 percent.

Changes of Assumptions

In 2016, the OPERS' Board of Trustees' actuarial consultants conducted an experience study for the period 2011 through 2015, comparing assumptions to actual results. The experience study incorporates both a historical review and forward-looking projections to determine the appropriate set of assumptions to keep the plan on a path toward full funding. Information from this study led to changes in both demographic and economic assumptions for the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, used for the Hospital's 2017 fiscal year. Amounts reported in the Hospital's 2017 fiscal year for the OPERS pension plans reflect the following change of assumptions from the amounts reported for the 2016 fiscal year based on the experience study:

- Actuarially assumed expected rate of investment return decreased from 8.0 percent to 7.5 percent.
- Actuarially assumed wage inflation decreased from 3.75 percent to 3.25 percent.
- Projected salary increases range changed from 4.25 percent 10.05 percent to 3.25 percent 10.75 percent for the Traditional Pension Plan and changed from 4.25 percent 8.05 percent to 3.25 percent 8.25 percent.
- Mortality assumptions increased to reflect longer life expectancies.

Paulding County Hospital A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio

Defined Benefit Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions

Changes of Assumptions

Amounts reported in 2018 for OPERS reflect the following changes in assumptions based on an experience study for the five year period ending December 31, 2016:

- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.75 percent to 3.25 percent.
- Health care cost trend rate decreased from 9.50 percent, before levelling off to 3.75 percent in 2026 to 7.50 percent, before levelling off to 3.25 percent.
- Mortality assumptions increased to reflect longer life expectancies.



Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Paulding County Hospital Paulding, Ohio

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Paulding County Hospital (Hospital), a component unit of Paulding County, Ohio, which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2018, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 11, 2019. Our report contained an emphasis of matter paragraph regarding a change in accounting principle.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Hospital's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hospital's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fort Wayne, Indiana April 11, 2019

BKD,LLP

Paulding County Hospital
A Component Unit of Paulding County, Ohio
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
For the year ended December 31, 2017

Reference Number	Finding	Status
2017-001	Criteria or Specific Requirement – Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 9 requires a statement of cash flows to explain the change during the period in cash and cash equivalents, regardless of whether there are restrictions on their use. The Hospital did not include internally-designated cash balances in the total cash and cash equivalents in its 2016 statement of cash flows.	Resolved





PAULDING COUNTY HOSPITAL PAULDING COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 4, 2019