MIDDLETOWN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Single Audit Reports Year Ended June 30, 2018





Board of Education Middletown City School District 1 Donham Plaza, 4th Floor Middletown, OH 45042-1932

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Middletown City School District, Butler County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Middletown City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 20, 2018



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MIDDLETOWN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/Program Title U.S. Department of Agriculture: (Passed through Ohio Department of Education)	Pass-Through Entity <u>Number</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Federal <u>Revenues</u>	Federal Expenditures
Nutrition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)				
National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance	2018	10.555	\$ 85,227	85,227
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance Subtotal	2018 2018	10.553 10.555	1,161,727 2,928,872 4,090,599	1,161,727 2,928,872 4,090,599
Nutrition Cluster Total			4,175,826	4,175,826
Team Nutrition Grants - School Equipment Grant	16162OH811N7103	10.574	10,000	10,000
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			4,185,826	4,185,826
U.S. Department of Education: (Passed through Ohio Department of Education)				
Title I: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I School Improvement Sub A Title I School Improvement Sub A Title I School Improvement 1003 Title I Total	S010A160035 S010A180035 2017 2018 2018	84.010 84.010 84.010 84.010 84.010	798,315 2,992,368 12,652 - - 98,508 3,901,843	648,705 3,222,666 12,397 10,972 112,718 4,007,458
Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants Special Education Cluster Total	H027A160111 H027A180111 H173A180119	84.027 84.027 84.173	256,724 1,520,262 36,745 1,813,731	140,732 1,659,746 36,745 1,837,223
English Language Acquisition Grants English Language Acquisition Grants English Language Acquisition Grants (Immigrant)	S365A160035 S365A170035 S365A160035	84.365 84.365 84.365	22,045 52,517 101 74,663	23,367 54,223 - 77,590
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	S367A160034 S367A180034	84.367 84.367	43,861 494,297 538,158	11,388 567,607 578,995
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	S424A180036	84.424	22,464	39,097
Total U.S. Department of Education			6,350,859	6,540,363
Total Federal Awards			\$ 10,536,685	10,726,189

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS:

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Middletown City School District (the "School District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

NOTE B - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the entitlement value of the commodities received and disbursed.

NOTE D - NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Middletown City School District:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Middletown City School District (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2018, wherein we noted the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio December 11, 2018



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education
Middletown City School District:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Middletown City School District's ("School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material resects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weakness may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2018, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio December 11, 2018



MIDDLETOWN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? none

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

 Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: unmodified

Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

2 CFR 200.516(a)? none

Identification of major programs:

Nutrition Cluster:

CFDA 10.553 – School Breakfast Program CFDA 10.555 – National School Lunch Program

Special Education Cluster:

CFDA 84.027 – Special Education Grants to States CFDA 84.173 – Special Education – Preschool Grants

Dollar threshold to distinguish between

Type A and Type B Programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Section IV – Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

None



MIDDLETOWN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

MIDDLETOWN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PREPARED BY
TREASURER'S OFFICE
MR. RANDALL BERTRAM, TREASURER

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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MIDDLETOWN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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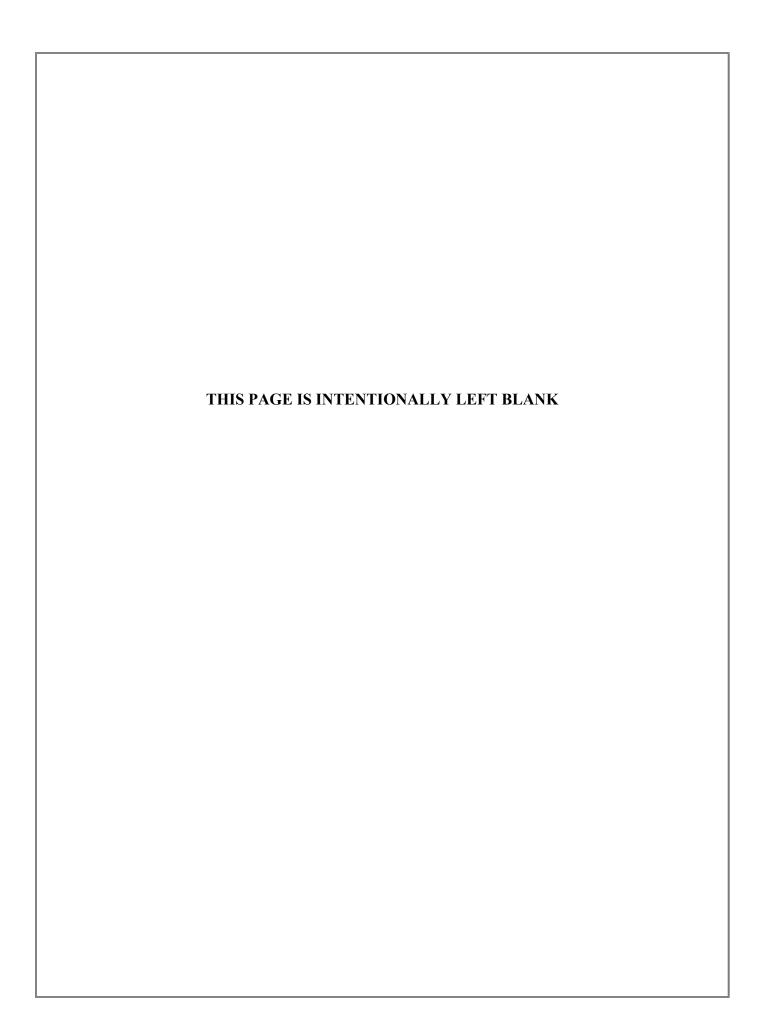
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Middletown City Schools

Office of the Treasurer

ONE DONHAM PLAZA 4th FLOOR MIDDLETOWN, OHIO 45042

www.middletowncityschools.com

December 11, 2018

To the Citizens and Board of Education of the Middletown City School District:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report [CAFR] of the Middletown City School District (the "District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, is hereby submitted. This report, prepared by the Treasurer's office, includes an opinion from our auditor, Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., and conforms to generally accepted accounting principles [GAAP] as applicable to governmental entities. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. This report will provide the residents of the Middletown City School District with comprehensive financial data in a format that will enable them to gain an understanding of the District's financial affairs. Copies will be available upon request to taxpayers, financial rating services, banking institutions and other interested parties.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A"). This transmittal letter is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Middletown City School District's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

The District provides a full range of traditional and non-traditional educational programs and services. These include elementary and secondary curriculum offerings at the general, college preparatory and vocational levels; a broad range of co-curricular and extracurricular activities; adult and community education offerings; special education programs and facilities; and community use facilities.

The District receives pass through grants from the State and distributes these grants to parochial/private schools located within the District. This activity is included in the entity as the Auxiliary Services Special Revenue Fund because of the District's administrative involvement in the program. The parochial/private school served is John XXIII Elementary School and Middletown Christian Schools. While these organizations share operational and service similarity with the District, each is a legally separate and distinct entity. Because of their independent nature, none of these organizations are included in this report.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The District is located in southwestern Ohio, midway between the cities of Cincinnati and Dayton, in the northeast corner of Butler County. The eastern boundary of the District is along Interstate 75, which runs from Canada to Florida, making it a desirable location for many businesses that require easy access to the nation's interstate system. Approximately 64 percent of the District's tax base is agricultural and residential properties; the remainder is composed of a wide range of manufacturing, commercial and other business properties. The overall economic outlook for the area remains guarded with unemployment rates at 3.7 percent for Butler County.

The District is continually challenged by the responsibility bestowed upon it by the community at large. We are always striving to provide the very best opportunities to every student, while carefully guarding the District's resources.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT

The District serves an area of 25 square miles, encompassing the City of Middletown and a portion of Lemon Township in the northeastern corner of Butler County, midway between Cincinnati and Dayton. It also encompasses a small portion of Franklin Township in Warren County. According to information from the U.S. Census Bureau, the population of the City of Middletown is approximately 48,813 residents. The tax base of the District is comprised of a unique blend of residential, commercial, and industrial property, with 36% of the tax revenue of the District paid by business and industry.

During the 2017-18 school year, the District had 6,537 students enrolled in 7 elementary schools, one sixth grade center, one middle schools serving grades 7-8 and one comprehensive high school for grades 9-12 including an alternative program. The District also operates a variety of other facilities, including a central administration building, bus garage, and several sports fields. The District has eleven active buildings with the average built year of 1984 but six buildings were in 2006 or after with two additional building remodeled in 2008. The high school has nearly completed a total renovation and is on schedule for year ending 2018, and the Middle School, which was completed in August 2018. The projected funded enrollment for fiscal year 2019 is 6,400.

The District provides a full range of programs and services for its students and citizens. These include elementary and secondary course offerings at the general and college preparatory levels; a broad range of co-curricular and extra-curricular activities to complement the students 11 curricular program; and adult education offerings for improvement beyond the high school level. The GED program is operated by Butler Tech.

ORGANIZATION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Board of Education of the Middletown City School District (Board) is composed of five members elected at large by the citizens of the District. The Board serves as the taxing authority, contracting body and policy initiator for the operation of the District. The Board is also responsible for the adoption of the tax budget, the annual operating budget and approves all expenditures of the District. The Board is a body politic and corporate, as defined by Section 3313.02 of the Ohio Revised Code, and has only those powers and authority conferred upon it by the Code.

The Board members represent a cross section of professions in the community. The Board members on June 30, 2018, were as follows:

Board Member	Began Service	Term Expires	Profession
Mrs. Cathie Mulligan	January, 2018	December, 2021	Retired Administrator/Educator
Dr. Chris Urso	January, 2016	December, 2019	College Professor
Ms. Michelle Novak	January, 2016	December, 2019	Nonprofit Development Consultant
Mrs. Anita Scheibert	January, 2016	December, 2019	Educator
Mr. Todd Moore	January, 2016	December, 2021	Senior Director

The Superintendent is the Chief Executive Officer of the District, responsible directly to the Board for all educational and support operations. Mr. Marlon Styles Jr. was appointed Superintendent in July, 2017. Prior to his appointment, Mr. Styles served as Director of Instructional Leadership in Lakota Local Schools, Butler County and was a high school principal in Wyoming City Schools and Mount Healthy City Schools prior to that. Mr. Styles holds a Masters Degree in Educational Administration from the University of Cincinnati and has 18 years of experience in education to which 14 years is in administration.

The Treasurer is the Chief Financial Officer of the District and is directly responsible to the Board for all financial operations, investments, and serves as Secretary to the Board. Mr. Randall Bertram became Treasurer August 1, 2014. Mr. Bertram holds a Bachelor's of Science in Business Administration and an Associates in Applied Science in Financial Management.

All other District employees, with the exception of the Treasurer's staff, are responsible to the Superintendent and are employed by the Board upon the recommendation of the Superintendent.

EMPLOYEE RELATIONS

The District employed 648 full and part-time staff members during the 2017-18 school year. This included classified employees who are responsible for the operation of the District's support services and the teaching and administrative staff of the District. Two organizations represent the teaching and classified employees. The District's administrative employees are not currently represented.

The Middletown Teachers Association (MTA), an affiliate of the Ohio Education Association (OEA), represents all certificated employees of the District. The MTA and District have negotiated a collective bargaining agreement on language, salary and fringe benefits that began July 1, 2017 and expires June 30, 2020. This contract includes modest increases in wages and maintains benefits on the part of the union members, which the Board applied unilaterally to all District employees.

The Middletown Classified Employees Association (MCEA), also an affiliate of the Ohio Education Association (OEA), represents a majority of the support staff of the District. Classified employees are responsible for providing the necessary support services of the District, including: transportation services, clerical support, building maintenance and custodial needs. The current MCEA collective bargaining is effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2020 that includes modest increases in wages and maintains benefits on the part of the union members, which the Board applied unilaterally to all District employees.

SERVICES PROVIDED

The District provides a wide variety of educational and support services as mandated by the Ohio Revised Code or Board directives.

Services provided by the District include transportation, school lunch support services, guidance, psychological and limited health services free of charge. The guidance services are designed to help students match their natural skills with vocational and/or academic programs to help them achieve their full potential in life. Psychological services include the testing and identification of students for special education programs.

MAJOR CURRENT AND FUTURE INITIATIVES

Middletown City School District has developed a three-year strategic plan beginning in the 2018-2019 school year that has four main pillars: Instructional Excellence, Valuing Diversity, Student and Family Wellness, Communication and Community Engagement. Major action work is unfolding under each of these pillars in year one of the strategic plan.

Under the first pillar Instructional Excellence, the Curriculum and Innovation department is focused on Universal Design for Learning to meet the variable needs of all students. We have set aggressive growth measures for every student in order to close the achievement gap. The department also has a Literacy and Math initiative to build the capacity of our teaching staff around best practice in these two content areas. Response to learning is another focus area so the district teachers respond in real time to support student learning using formative instructional practices.

The second pillar, Valuing Diversity is being led through the Human Resources Department with innovative practices around preparing teachers as Urban Educators. This is a unique district and preparing educators that are supported and equipped to meet the needs of diverse high poverty student population is essential. During a whole district inservice the entire staff participated in a poverty simulation to advance awareness of the challenges our student meet each day.

Student and Family Wellness is our third pillar and focuses on the health of the whole child and their family. Action steps for this pillar is the establishment of a Family wellness center in partnership with Premier Health. This center is being established at our high school and will open this school year. We are also focusing on family wellness due to the level of poverty in our district we are working to support families with healthy foods and lifestyle.

Finally, our fourth pillar is expanding our communication with the school and business community and reaching out to engage our community in two-way partnerships.

The strategic plan is both simple and complex and expands and layers on additional initiatives each of the three years to reach our goal of "Exceptional Learning Experiences for All Students Every day!"

The Middletown City School District is currently engaged in a school construction program within Classroom Facilities Assistance Program of the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission. The master plan is for the construction or renovation of all its school buildings at a cost that was estimated in 2002 to be \$150.8 million. This total project was divided into two phases. A \$75.8 million bond issue for construction of the six new and two renovated elementary schools was passed in November, 2003 and construction began in 2004.

Construction of three of the elementary schools, and the renovation of a fourth, was completed in the summer of 2006. Construction of the fifth elementary school began in the spring of 2005 and was completed in the summer of 2007. Construction of the sixth and seventh elementary buildings began in the spring of 2006 and was completed in early 2008. Finally, the renovation and addition of several classrooms to an existing elementary school began in the summer of 2007 with completion in the summer of 2008.

The second phase of the project consists of the construction of a new middle school and renovation of the current high school. The November 2013 ballot issue was defeated. In May 2014, the District successfully passed the \$55,000,000 bond issue for completing the District -wide construction program, to which only \$45,000,000 was used to complete the phase II projects. The District is currently working with Ohio Facilities Construction Commission, its architects, bond counsel, and bond underwriting and municipal advisors to complete this project by December 2018. This final phase includes the construction of a new middle school and arena next to the high school, renovating the high school and razing of other vacant school buildings. The ground breaking for these projects was in April 2016 and the ribbon cutting to open the new middle school, the renovated high school and the arena was September 1, 2018.

In May of 2010, the District combined and placed two existing emergency operating levies on the ballot as a substitute levy in the amount of \$18.3 million dollars. These emergency levies were due to expire December 31, 2010. The substitute levy successfully passed.

Currently, the remaining \$10,000,000 unused bond passage of 2014 will be used to add classroom space to Central Academy to relieve space issues from the other 6 elementary buildings. This new facility will be planned to educate up to 400 students in approximately 35,000 square feet with creative and innovative instruction design. Efficiency cost will be realized using Central Academy to expand because we currently transport students to this facility from the entire district. Other cost controls will be considered and used throughout the planning processes of both the curriculum and construction at this new facility.

While the District continually strives to control rising costs, and improve financial efficiencies, the District does not foresee the need to ask the voters for increased operating revenue in the foreseeable future.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

In June of 2006, the State legislature passed House Bill 66. House Bill 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general business, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property began being phased out in 2007 and was eliminated in 2009. The tax on telephone and telecommunication property began being phased out in 2009 and was eliminated in 2011. The tax is being phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The District was reimbursed fully for the lost revenue through May 2013; in the following six years, the reimbursements will be phased out according to current state law. In August 2015, the Middletown City School District's Board of Education worked with the district's treasurer to pass a General Fund Cash Reserve Policy benchmarking a minimum 10% cash reserve, and the District met this policy by June 30, 2017. The forecast continues to see increased carryover while initiating needed text book adoptions, technology and set asides for building maintenance and repairs.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The District's accounting system is organized on a "fund" basis. Each fund is a distinct, self-balancing entity. Records for general governmental operations are maintained on a budgetary basis system of accounting as prescribed by State statute. Cash basis accounting differs from generally accepted accounting principles [GAAP] as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board [GASB].

INTERNAL ACCOUNTING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

In developing the District's accounting system, much consideration was given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption that the cost of internal accounting controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived from their implementation.

The District utilizes a fully automated accounting system as well as an automated system of control for capital assets and payroll. These systems, coupled with the manual auditing of each voucher prior to payment, ensure that the financial information generated is both accurate and reliable.

At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Board adopts either a temporary appropriation measure or a permanent appropriation measure for that fiscal year. If a temporary appropriation is first adopted, the permanent appropriation measure must be adopted within three months.

Annual appropriations may not exceed the County Budget Commission's official estimate of resources. The County Auditor must certify that the Board's appropriation measures, including any supplements or amendments, do not exceed the amount set forth in the latest of those official estimates.

All disbursements and transfers of cash between funds require appropriation authority from the Board. Budgets are controlled at the object account level within a function and fund. All purchase order requests must be approved by the individual program managers and certified by the Treasurer; necessary funds are then encumbered and purchase orders are released to vendors.

The accounting system used by the District provides interim financial reports which detail year-to-date expenditures and encumbrances versus the original appropriation plus any additional appropriations made to date. In addition to interim financial statements, each program manager is furnished monthly reports showing the status of the budget accounts for which he or she is responsible. Each program manager may request additional financial reports during the month when necessary. As an additional safeguard, a blanket bond covers all employees involved with receiving and depositing funds and a separate, higher bond covers certain individuals in policy-making roles. The basis of accounting and the various funds utilized by the District are fully described in the notes to the basic financial statements. Additional information on the District's budgetary accounts can also be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The State of Ohio requires an annual audit by either the Ohio Auditor of State or by an independent public accounting firm. The Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co. performed the audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The auditor's unmodified opinion rendered on the District's basic financial statements, and their report on the combining and individual fund statements and schedules, is included in the financial section of this report. Pursuant to statute, the State prescribes a uniform accounting system to standardize accounting classification and financial reporting for all units of local education agencies in Ohio. The District adopted and has been in conformance with that system effective with its annual financial report since the 1979 calendar year.

AWARDS

GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement to the District for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

ASBO Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awards a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to school districts that publish Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports which substantially conform to the principles and standards of financial reporting as recommended and adopted by the Association of the School Business Officials. The award is granted only after an intensive review of the financial report by an all-expert panel of certified public accountants and practicing school business officials.

The District received the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The District believes that the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for fiscal year June 30, 2018, which will be submitted to ASBO for review, will conform to ASBO's principles and standards.

Ohio Auditor of State Award with Distinction

The Ohio Auditor awards is presented for excellence in financial reporting related to the district's publish Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports and compliance with applicable laws for the fiscal year ending 2017. This exemplary reporting serves as the standard for clean, accountable government, representing the highest level of service to Ohioans.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of the 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Middletown City School District was made possible by the combined efforts of the District's Finance Department and Julian & Grube, Inc. The publication of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the District is a major step in the reinforcing of the accountability of the District to the taxpayers of the community. Finally, sincere appreciation is extended to the Board of Education for its interest and support of this project.

Respectfully submitted,

Randall R. Bertram, Treasurer/CFO

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MIDDLETOWN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO

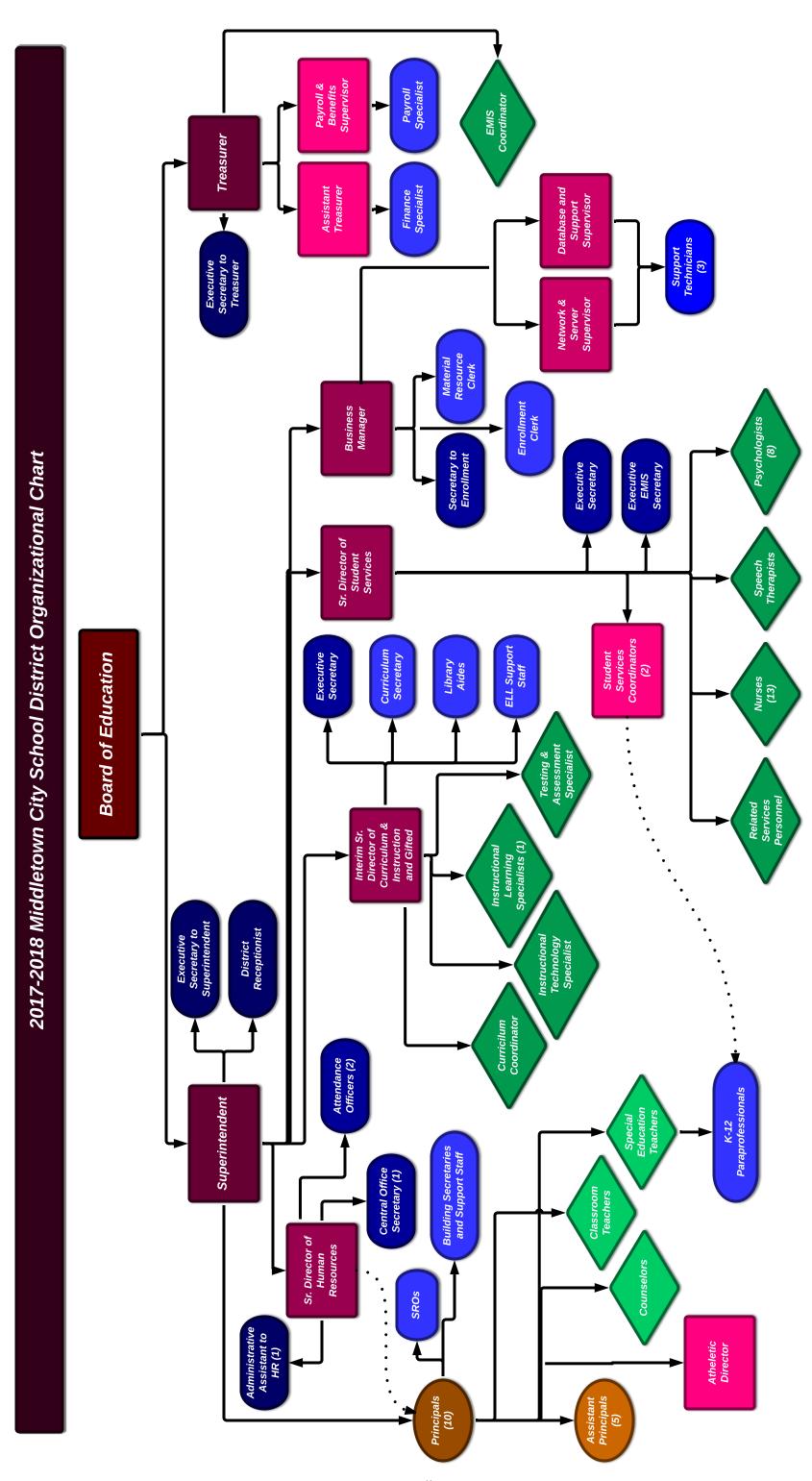
LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2018

BOARD OF EDUCATION

PresidentDr. Chris UrsoVice PresidentMr. Todd MooreBoard MemberMrs. Anita ScheibertBoard MemberMs. Michelle NovakBoard MemberMrs. Cathie Mulligan

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Superintendent Mr. Marlon Styles Treasurer Mr. Randall Bertram Director of Human Resources & Instructional Leadership Ms. Deborah Houser Interim Director of Curriculum & Instruction Temporarily Vacant Director of Special Education Mrs. Deborah Sander Curriculum Coordinator - Special Ed. Mrs. Dana Miller Curriculum Coordinator - Special Ed. Mr. Kevin Casey Curriculum Coordinator Ms. Beth Olthoff Director of Athletics Mr. Aaron Zupka Legal Counsel Don Crain, Esq. - Frost, Brown & Todd, Attorneys at Law





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

Middletown City School District Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Middletown City School District

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017.

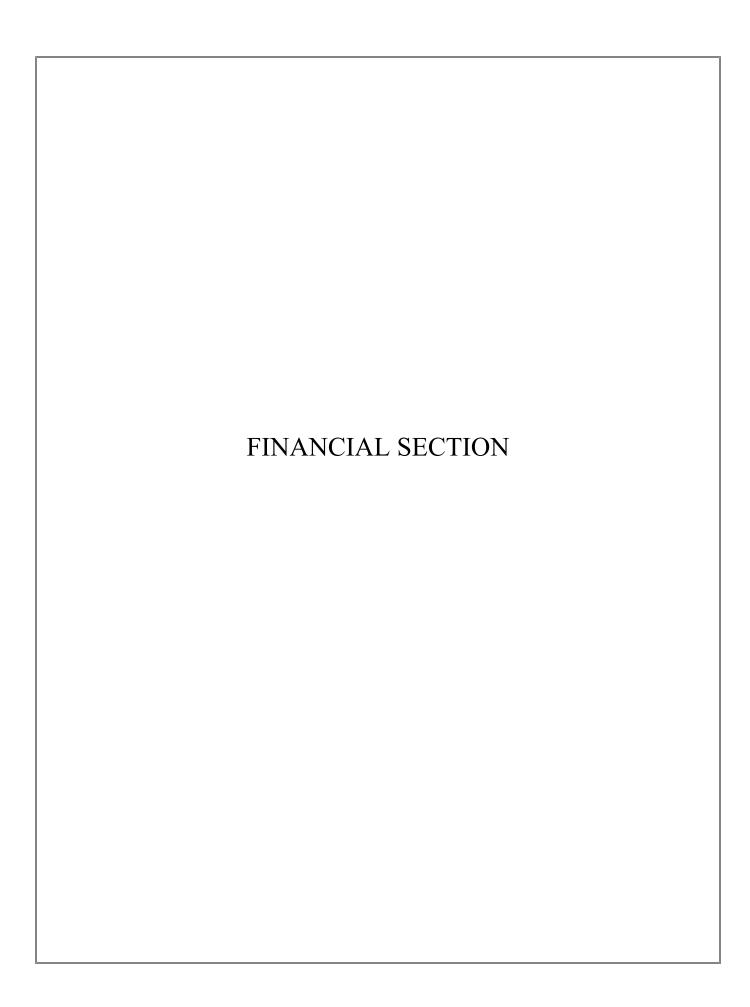
The CAFR has been reviewed and met or exceeded ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence standards.

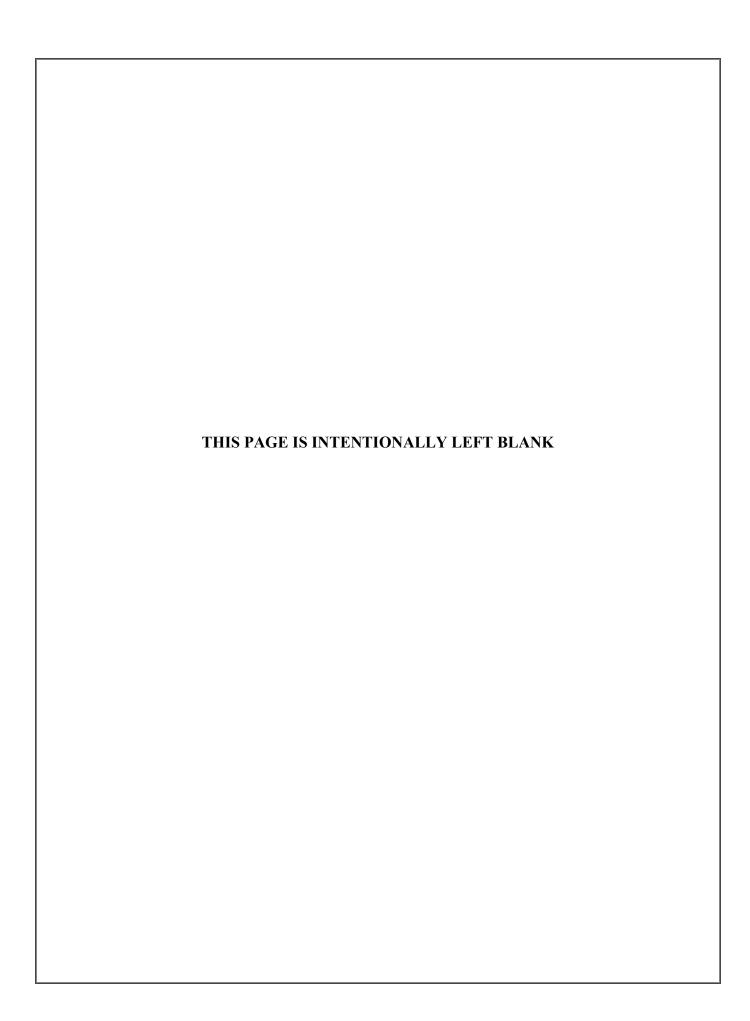


Charles E. Peterson, Jr., SFO, RSBA, MBA
President

Charless Seconson,

John D. Musso, CAE
Executive Director







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education
Middletown City School District:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Middletown City School District (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Middletown City School District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, introductory section and the statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

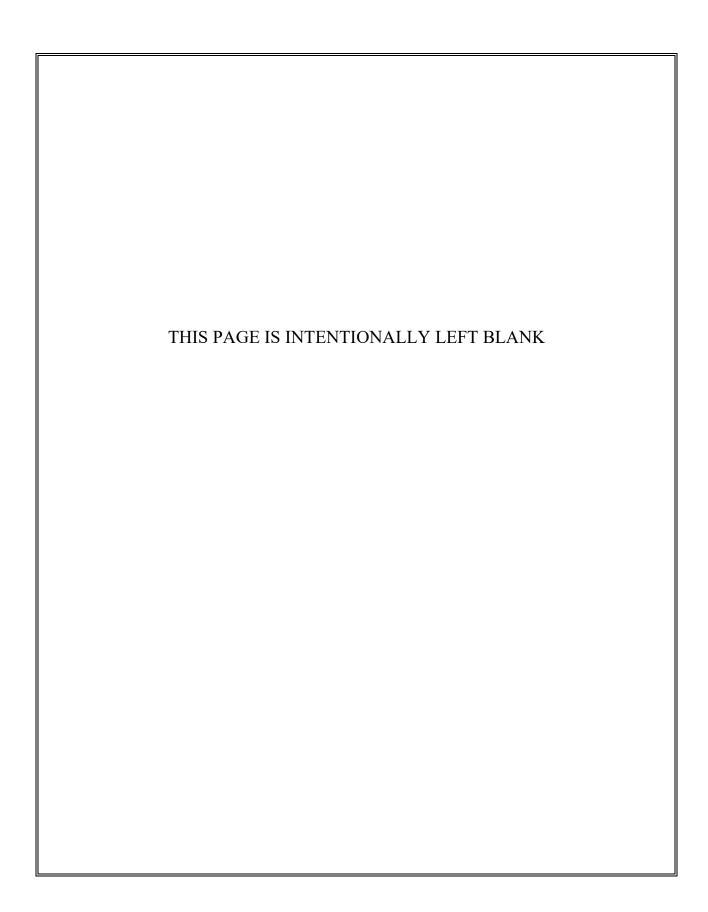
The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2018, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio December 11, 2018



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

The management discussion and analysis of the Middletown City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2018 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$35,261,165 which represents a 120.34% increase from June 30, 2017's restated net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$74,730,204 in revenue of 78.68% all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$20,245,221 or 21.32%.
- The District had \$59,714,260 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$20,245,221 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$74,730,204 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District has four major funds which include the general fund, the bond retirement fund, the building fund and the construction fund. The general fund had \$77,408,435 in revenues and other financing sources and \$75,297,421 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance increased \$2,111,014 from \$14,957,487 to \$16,768,501.
- The bond retirement fund had \$7,250,182 in revenues and \$6,603,949 in expenditures. The bond retirement fund's fund balance increased \$646,233 from \$4,344,381 to \$4,990,614.
- The building fund had \$70,731 in revenues and \$5,668,621 in expenditures. The building fund's fund balance decreased \$5,597,890 from \$7,876,500 to \$2,278,610.
- The construction fund had \$9,090,339 in revenues and \$25,350,078 in expenditures. The construction fund's fund balance decreased \$16.259,739 from \$24.846,858 to \$8.587,119.

Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The District has four major funds: the general fund, the bond retirement fund, the building fund and the construction fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2018?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, all deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, whether the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 19-20 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 14. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the bond retirement fund, the building fund and the construction fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-28 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some of its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in an agency fund. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position on pages 29 and 30. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 31-71 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's general fund budgetary information, net pension liability, net OPEB liability and contributions. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 74-92 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017. The net position at June 30, 2017 has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

Net Position

	1 CE I OSITION				
		Restated			
	Governmental	Governmental			
	Activities	Activities	Percent		
	2018	2017	<u>Change</u>		
<u>Assets</u>					
Current and other assets	\$ 92,886,038	\$ 118,669,683	(21.73) %		
Capital assets, net	141,298,225	112,029,328	26.13 %		
Total assets	234,184,263	230,699,011	1.51 %		
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Unamortized deferred loss on debt refunding	21,059	22,619	(6.90) %		
Pension	21,331,304	18,232,718	16.99 %		
OPEB	710,328	129,996	446.42 %		
Total deferred outflows of resources	22,062,691	18,385,333	20.00 %		
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	12,896,016	12,221,160	5.52 %		
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	2,293,292	2,554,241	(10.22) %		
Due in more than one year:					
Net pension liability	70,965,883	99,231,687	(28.48) %		
Net OPEB liability	15,802,093	20,182,125	(21.70) %		
Other amounts	100,600,343	102,420,651	(1.78) %		
Total liabilities	202,557,627	236,609,864	(14.39) %		
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property taxes and PILOTs levied for next year	35,446,462	32,267,013	9.85 %		
Unamortized deferred gain on debt refunding	465,304	520,588	(10.62) %		
Pension	9,615,430	8,987,658	6.98 %		
OPEB	2,201,745	<u> </u>	100.00 %		
Total deferred inflows of resources	47,728,941	41,775,259	14.25 %		
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	50,497,647	33,418,675	51.11 %		
Restricted	13,787,431	29,002,067	(52.46) %		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(58,324,692)	(91,721,521)	(36.41) %		
Total net position	\$ 5,960,386	\$ (29,300,779)	120.34 %		

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the District at June 30, 2018 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." For fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 75, the District is reporting a net OPEB liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at June 30, 2017, from (\$9,248,650) to (\$29,300,779).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2018, the District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$5,960,386. Net position increased \$35,261,165 from June 30, 2017's net position.

Assets of the District increased \$3,485,252 or 1.51%. Current assets decreased \$25,783,645 or 21.73%. The most significant decreases were in the areas of intergovernmental receivables and restricted cash and investments with trustee. The intergovernmental receivables decreased to the collection of the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OFCC) grant from the State. Restricted cash and investments decreased due to the spending down of cash for construction purposes. At year-end, capital assets represented 60.34% of total assets. Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, equipment and construction in progress. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, were \$50,497,647 and \$33,418,675, respectively. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

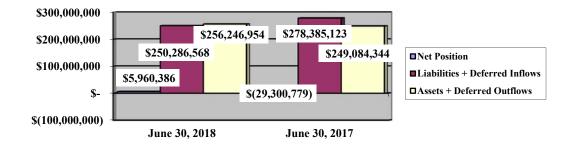
The capital assets increased due to current year additions of \$31,538,729 exceeding current year depreciation of \$2,170,325 and disposals of \$99,507, net of accumulated depreciation. The District major capital asset addition was construction in progress related to the District's building project.

Liabilities of the District decreased \$34,052,237 or 14.39%. Current liabilities increased \$674,856 or 5.52% due to an increase in accounts payable and an increase in accrued wages and benefits payable. Long-term liabilities decreased \$34,727,093. This decrease is mainly due to the decrease in the net pension liability, net OPEB liability and \$2.5 million in principal payments on debt. The net pension liability and net OPEB liability decreases were a result of overall decrease in net pension liability and net OPEB liability for both the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and School Employees Retirement System (SERS).

A portion of the District's net position, \$13,787,431, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Of the restricted net position, \$8,568,775 is restricted for capital projects. This amount is related to the District's State share of its Ohio Facilities Construction Commission (OFCC) project that has been unspent thus far. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is (\$58,324,692).

The graph below shows the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017. The net position at June 30, 2017 has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

Governmental Activities



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities	Percentage
	2018	2017	Change
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,626,894	\$ 1,558,968	4.36 %
Operating grants and contributions	18,618,327	18,491,315	0.69 %
General revenues:			
Taxes	31,622,971	28,820,905	9.72 %
Payment in lieu of taxes	679,322	677,978	0.20 %
Grants and entitlements not restricted	41,150,784	41,547,296	(0.95) %
Investment earnings	601,370	449,200	33.88 %
Other	675,757	379,368	78.13 %
Total revenues	94,975,425	91,925,030	3.32 %
Expenses			
Program expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular	7,241,362	22,090,312	(67.22) %
Special	3,913,313	9,519,030	(58.89) %
Vocational	38,781	91,922	(57.81) %
Adult/continuing	-	2,114	(100.00) %
Other	16,812,983	14,785,832	13.71 %
Support services:			
Pupil	3,271,201	4,193,175	(21.99) %
Instructional staff	1,521,814	2,759,968	(44.86) %
Board of education	39,207	69,441	(43.54) %
Administration	1,399,741	4,197,588	(66.65) %
Fiscal	881,107	1,541,679	(42.85) %
Business	195,559	279,945	(30.14) %
Operations and maintenance	9,354,087	8,833,372	5.89 %
Pupil transportation	5,148,422	4,244,506	21.30 %
Central	974,516	1,218,435	(20.02) %
Operations of non-instructional services	4,152,167	4,650,576	(10.72) %
Extracurricular activities	339,087	981,923	(65.47) %
Interest and fiscal charges	4,430,913	4,312,147	2.75 %
Total expenses	59,714,260	83,771,965	(28.72) %
Change in net position	35,261,165	8,153,065	332.49 %
Net position, beginning of year (restated)	(29,300,779)	<u>N/A</u>	-
Net position, end of year	\$ 5,960,386	\$ (29,300,779)	120.34 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

The information necessary to restate the 2017 beginning balances and the 2017 OPEB expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 75 is not available. Therefore, 2017 functional expenses still include OPEB expense of \$129,996 computed under GASB 45. GASB 45 required recognizing OPEB expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 75, OPEB expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of OPEB expense. Under GASB 75, the 2018 statements report negative OPEB expense of \$2,585,963. Consequently, in order to compare 2018 total program expenses to 2017, the following adjustments are needed:

Total 2018 program expenses under GASB 75	\$ 59,714,260
Negative OPEB expense under GASB 75 2018 contractually required contributions	2,585,963 172,656
Adjusted 2018 program expenses	62,472,879
Total 2017 program expenses under GASB 45	83,771,965
Decrease in program expenses not related to OPEB	\$ (21,299,086)

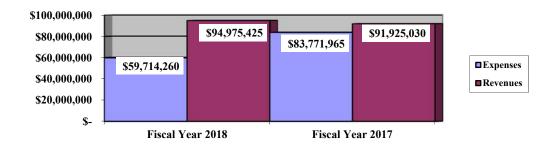
Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$35,261,165 in fiscal year 2018 and increased \$8,153,065 in fiscal year 2017. Total governmental expenses of \$59,714,260 were offset by program revenues of \$20,245,221 and general revenues of \$74,730,204 during fiscal year 2018. Program revenues supported 33.90% of the total governmental expenses during fiscal year 2018.

Revenues of the District increased \$3,050,395 or 3.32%. The most significant increase was in the area of property taxes. Property taxes increased \$2,802,066 or 9.72% due to better overall collections of property taxes during the fiscal year and fluctuations in the amount of tax collected and available for advance at fiscal year-end by the Butler County Auditor. Tax advances available are recorded as revenue under GAAP. The amount of tax advances available at June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was \$1,278,776, \$1,230,297 and \$4,623,724, respectively. The amount of tax advance available at year-end can vary depending upon when the county auditor distributes tax bills.

Expenses of the governmental activities decreased \$24,057,705 or 28.72%. This decrease is primarily the result of the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) indefinitely suspending the Cost of Living Adjustment ("COLA") and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) lowering the COLA from 3.00% to 2.50%. On an accrual basis, the District reported (\$25,457,862) in pension expense and (\$2,585,963) in OPEB expense mainly due to these benefit changes.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

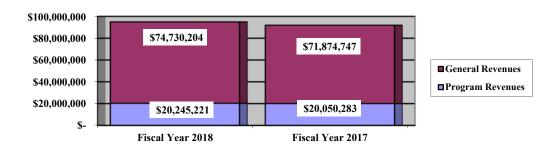
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2018	Net Cost of Services 2018	Total Cost of Services 2017	Net Cost of Services 2017
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 7,241,362	\$ 5,925,742	\$ 22,090,312	\$ 20,817,238
Special	3,913,313	(6,110,778)	9,519,030	377,304
Vocational	38,781	(353,021)	91,922	(179,043)
Adult/continuing	-	-	2,114	2,114
Other	16,812,983	16,812,983	14,785,832	14,785,832
Support services:				
Pupil	3,271,201	2,968,646	4,193,175	3,994,403
Instructional staff	1,521,814	(506,704)	2,759,968	405,960
Board of education	39,207	39,207	69,441	69,441
Administration	1,399,741	1,014,337	4,197,588	3,707,760
Fiscal	881,107	731,188	1,541,679	1,117,199
Business	195,559	195,559	279,945	279,945
Operations and maintenance	9,354,087	9,301,427	8,833,372	8,802,882
Pupil transportation	5,148,422	4,956,423	4,244,506	3,737,666
Central	974,516	970,204	1,218,435	1,191,726
Operations of non-instructional services	4,152,167	(1,029,119)	4,650,576	(658,703)
Extracurricular activities	339,087	122,032	981,923	957,811
Interest and fiscal charges	4,430,913	4,430,913	4,312,147	4,312,147
Total	\$ 59,714,260	\$ 39,469,039	\$ 83,771,965	\$ 63,721,682

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 58.11% of instruction activities were supported through taxes and other general revenues during fiscal year 2018. For all governmental activities, general revenue support was 66.10% in fiscal year 2018. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements are by far the primary support for District students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on pages 26-27) reported a combined fund balance of \$36,338,313, which is lower than last year's total of \$54,519,817. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2018 and 2017.

	Fund Balance <u>June 30,2018</u>	Fund Balance June 30,2017	_ Change	Percentage <u>Change</u>
General	\$ 16,768,501	\$ 14,657,487	\$ 2,111,014	14.40 %
Bond retirement	4,990,614	4,344,381	646,233	14.88 %
Building	2,278,610	7,876,500	(5,597,890)	(71.07) %
Construction	8,587,119	24,846,858	(16,259,739)	(65.44) %
Other Governmental	3,713,469	2,794,591	918,878	32.88 %
Total	\$ 36,338,313	\$ 54,519,817	\$ (18,181,504)	(33.35) %

General Fund

The general fund increased \$2,111,014 during fiscal year 2018.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2018	2017		Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change	Change
<u>Revenues</u>				
Taxes	\$ 27,483,827	\$ 23,944,187	\$ 3,539,640	14.78 %
Payment in lieu of taxes	683,589	666,839	16,750	2.51 %
Earnings on investments	263,325	109,363	153,962	140.78 %
Intergovernmental	46,955,810	46,613,104	342,706	0.74 %
Other revenues	1,981,040	1,614,663	366,377	22.69 %
Total	\$ 77,367,591	\$ 72,948,156	\$ 4,419,435	6.06 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 49,140,784	\$ 43,993,337	\$ 5,147,447	11.70 %
Support services	24,253,283	21,730,766	2,522,517	11.61 %
Operation of				
non-instructional services	38,759	39,374	(615)	(1.56) %
Extracurricular activities	84,516	113,162	(28,646)	(25.31) %
Facilities acquistion and const.	266,240	31,879	234,361	735.16 %
Debt service	267,548	403,971	(136,423)	(33.77) %
Total	\$ 74,051,130	\$ 66,312,489	\$ 7,738,641	11.67 %

Revenues of the general fund increased \$4,419,435 or 6.06%. The most significant increase was in the area of taxes which increased \$3,539,640 or 14.78%. This increase is the result of overall better collections during the fiscal year and due to fluctuations in the amount of tax collected and available for advance at fiscal year-end by the Butler County Auditor. The amount of tax advance available at year-end can vary depending upon when the county auditor distributes tax bills. Intergovernmental revenue increased 0.74% due to increases in State foundation funding related to a new State budget that provided more funding for the District.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

Expenditures of the general fund increased \$7,738,641 or 11.67%. The most significant increases were in the area of instruction and support services. Instruction and support services increased \$5,147,447 and \$2,522,517, respectively, due to increases in spending on regular teachers for salaries and benefits. Debt service decreased due to the District no longer paying for a House Bill (HB) 264 project.

Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund had \$7,250,182 in revenues and \$6,603,949 in expenditures. The bond retirement fund's fund balance increased \$646,233 from \$4,344,381 to \$4,990,614. This increase is primarily the result of property tax collections exceeding principal and interest payments on bonds.

Building Fund

The building fund had \$70,731 in revenues and \$5,668,621 in expenditures. The building fund's fund balance decreased \$5,597,890 from \$7,876,500 to \$2,278,610. The decrease is mainly due to the District incurring costs associated with the Locally Fund Initiative (LFI) portion of the District's OFCC project.

Construction Fund

The construction fund had \$9,090,339 in revenues and \$25,350,078 in expenditures. The construction fund's fund balance decreased \$16,259,739 from \$24,846,858 to \$8,587,119. This decrease was the result of the District spending down of bond proceeds and intergovernmental revenues for the District's ongoing project.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$77,733,581 were increased to \$77,818,485 in the final budget. The District increased its many various revenue categories but decreased expected advances in. Actual revenues and other financing sources increased \$210,102 to \$78,028,587. This increase from the final budget resulted from increased actual other local revenue and State foundation revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) were \$73,012,071 and were increased to \$78,152,762 in the final budget. The District primarily reallocated appropriations between various functions and increased the budget related to other instruction. These reclassifications were necessary to better associate the appropriation's activity with its function. Actual expenditures and other uses of \$77,157,356 were \$995,406 lower than final appropriations due to the District's conservative budget practices in all of the various functional expenditures.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2018, the District had \$141,298,225 invested in land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements and equipment. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

The following table shows June 30, 2018 balances compared to June 30, 2017.

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	_	Governmental Activities				
	_	2018	_	2017		
Land	\$	1,527,633	\$	1,527,633		
Construction in progress		83,325,852		52,320,226		
Buildings and improvements		55,404,377		57,160,324		
Equipment		1,040,363		1,021,145		
Total	\$	141,298,225	<u>\$</u> _	112,029,328		

The capital assets increased \$29,268,897. The capital assets increased due to current year additions of \$31,538,729 exceeding current year depreciation of \$2,170,325 and current year disposals of \$99,507, net of accumulated depreciation.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2018, the District had \$101,777,762 in general obligation bonds, House Bill (HB) 264 debt and capital lease obligations outstanding. Of this total, \$2,269,885 is due within one year and \$99,507,877 is due in greater than one year.

The following table summarizes the bonds, notes and capital lease obligations outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2017
General obligation bonds and HB 264 debt Premiums	\$ 95,247,639 6,503,579	\$ 97,140,249 6,864,592
Capital lease obligations	26,544	78,446
Total	\$ 101,777,762	\$ 104,083,287

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

For the Future

The District experienced a steady decline in student enrollment over the past several years as a result of students leaving Middletown schools to attend charter/community schools, other public schools (open enrollment), and participate in the state voucher program for parochial schools. Over 800 students attended charter/community schools other than Middletown in fiscal year 2018 while residing within the district boundaries. Another 311 were open enrolled to surrounding public schools while 142 EdChoice scholarships were awarded to students to attend area parochial schools. This has resulted in rising tuition costs and financial pressures that has a negative effect on the general fund carryover balance. Fiscal year 2019 indicated that enrollment has declined with a decrease of about 300 students for Average Daily Membership (ADM) funding purposes.

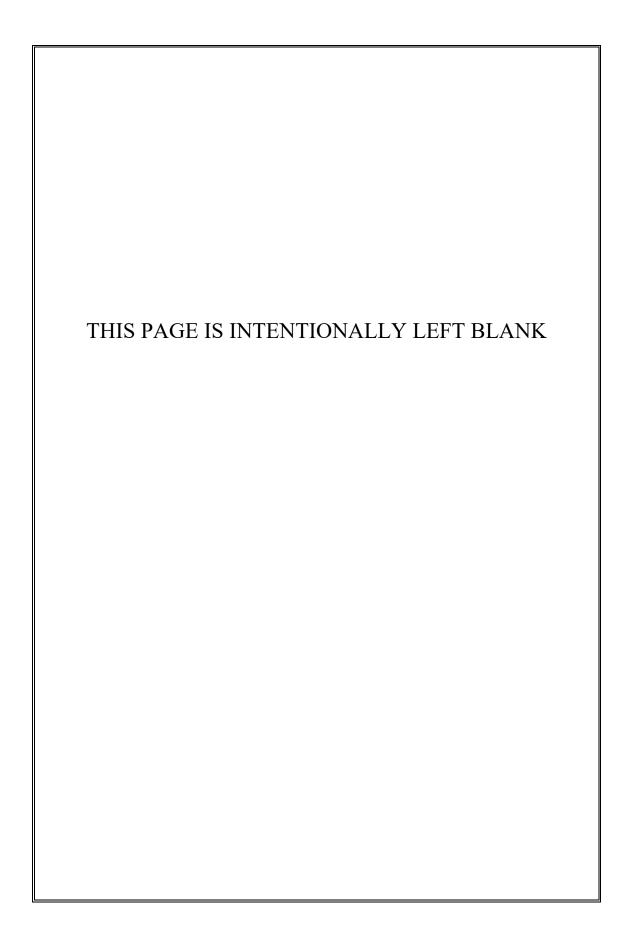
The District is taking measures to help control rising costs and improve financial efficiencies. The Board also recognized the need for stabilized local operating revenues. After several failed operating levies and one successful levy, the District combined and substituted two tax levies in May, 2010. The levies collected \$24.1 million in fiscal year 2017 with an expected growth of 2% annually. All operating levies are continuous. The Board also implemented a cash carryover policy in 2015 to require a minimum of 10% cash carryover of operating expenditures to which the District obtained June 30, 2016 with a cash balance of \$8,064,274. The District more than doubled their cash carryover to \$17,244,650 June 30, 2017 and again increased it to \$20,492,140 June 30, 2018 to end with 27.4% above fiscal year 2018 expenditures.

The District's efforts at cost savings and increased revenues have started to show as the ending cash balance as reported on the District's five year forecast in fiscal year 2016, 2017 and 2018 was \$8,064,274, \$17,244,650 and \$20,492,140 respectfully, and the forecast for fiscal year 2019 is showing an increased ending balance of \$22,647,652 that will slightly increase the following year, with deficit spending beginning in 2021 resulting in a forecasted ending balance of \$13,598,082 fiscal year 2023, which still maintains carryover in excess of board policy requirements. The District's revenue is forecasted to increase steadily due to increased state aide for the next five fiscal years and through increase tax collections.

The District's will need to maintain sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future. With careful planning and monitoring of the District's finances, the District's administration team is confident that the District can continue to provide a quality education, while modernizing its programs for our students and provide a secure financial future.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Randall Bertram, Treasurer/CFO, Middletown City School District, 1 Donham Plaza, Middletown, Ohio, 45042.



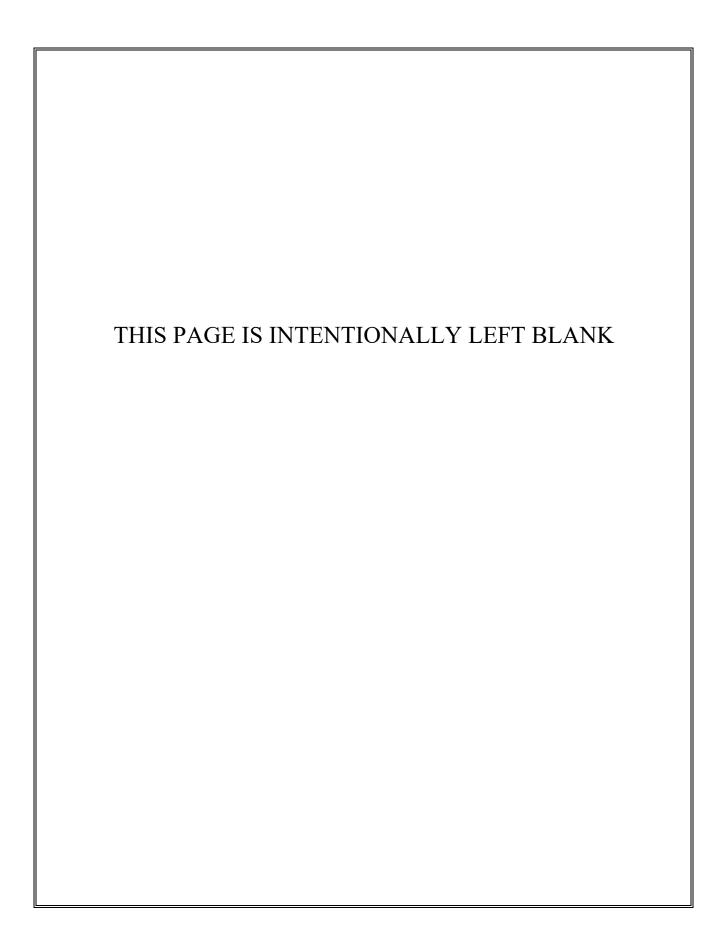
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 30,665,564
Cash in segregated accounts	1,083,903
Receivables:	20.700.225
Property taxes	38,780,235
Payment in lieu of taxes	665,610
Accounts	18,843
Accrued interest	24,775
Intergovernmental	7,450,074
Prepayments	82,814
Inventory held for resale	13,348 14,100,872
	14,100,872
Capital assets:	04 052 405
Nondepreciable capital assets	84,853,485 56,444,740
Depreciable capital assets, net	141,298,225
Capital assets, net	
Total assets	234,184,263
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Unamortized deferred loss on debt refunding	21,059
Pension	21,331,304
OPEB	710,328
Total deferred outflows of resources	22,062,691
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	1,445,555
Contracts payable	3,235,143
Retainage payable	1,083,903
Accrued wages and benefits payable	5,693,951
Intergovernmental payable	120,924
Pension and postemployment benefits payable.	967,435
Accrued interest payable	349,105
Long-term liabilities:	2 202 202
Due within one year	2,293,292
Due in more than one year:	70.065.003
Net pension liability	70,965,883
Net OPEB liability	15,802,093
Other amounts due in more than one year .	100,600,343
Total liabilities	202,557,627
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	34,787,724
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year	658,738
Unamortized deferred gain on refunding	465,304
Pension	9,615,430
OPEB	2,201,745
Total deferred inflows of resources	47,728,941
Not modified	
Net position: Net investment in capital assets	50,497,647
Restricted for:	30,497,047
Capital projects	8,568,775
Classroom facilities maintenance	987,370
Locally funded programs	73,344
State funded programs	89,280
Federally funded programs	1,902,053
Other purposes	2,166,609
Unrestricted (deficit)	(58,324,692)
	\$ 5,960,386
Total net position	\$ 3,900,386

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				Program	Revenu	es	Reve	let (Expense) nue and Changes n Net Position	
	-			harges for	Ope	rating Grants	Governmental		
		Expenses	Serv	ices and Sales	and (Contributions		Activities	
Governmental activities:									
Instruction:	¢.	7.241.262	¢.	1 052 520	¢.	262,002	¢.	(5.025.742)	
Regular	\$	7,241,362	\$	1,053,528	\$	262,092	\$	(5,925,742)	
Special		3,913,313		157,275		9,866,816		6,110,778	
Vocational		38,781		-		391,802		353,021	
Other		16,812,983		-		-		(16,812,983)	
Support services:		2 271 201		27.206		265 240		(2.0(0,(4()	
Pupil		3,271,201		37,206		265,349		(2,968,646)	
Instructional staff		1,521,814		-		2,028,518		506,704	
Board of education		39,207		-		205 404		(39,207)	
Administration.		1,399,741		2 527		385,404		(1,014,337) (731,188)	
Fiscal		881,107		3,527		146,392	`		
Business		195,559		50.240		2 412		(195,559)	
Operations and maintenance		9,354,087		50,248		2,412		(9,301,427)	
Pupil transportation		5,148,422		600		191,399		(4,956,423)	
Central		974,516		-		4,312		(970,204)	
Operation of non-instructional services:									
Other non-instructional services		562,671		314		872,162		309,805	
Food service operations		3,589,496		143,022		4,165,788		719,314	
Extracurricular activities		339,087		181,174		35,881		(122,032)	
Interest and fiscal charges		4,430,913		-		-		(4,430,913)	
Total governmental activities	\$	59,714,260	\$	1,626,894	\$	18,618,327		(39,469,039)	
	Pro G D C	eral revenues: operty taxes levied eneral purposes . ebt service lassroom facilities	mainter	nance				25,569,322 5,749,167 304,482	
	-	ments in lieu of t						679,322	
		ants and entitleme						41 150 704	
		specific programs						41,150,784 601,370	
		Č						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Mı	scellaneous						675,757	
	Total	general revenues						74,730,204	
	Chan	ge in net position						35,261,165	
	Net _I	oosition at beginr	ning of y	ear (restated)				(29,300,779)	
	Net _l	oosition at end of	year				\$	5,960,386	

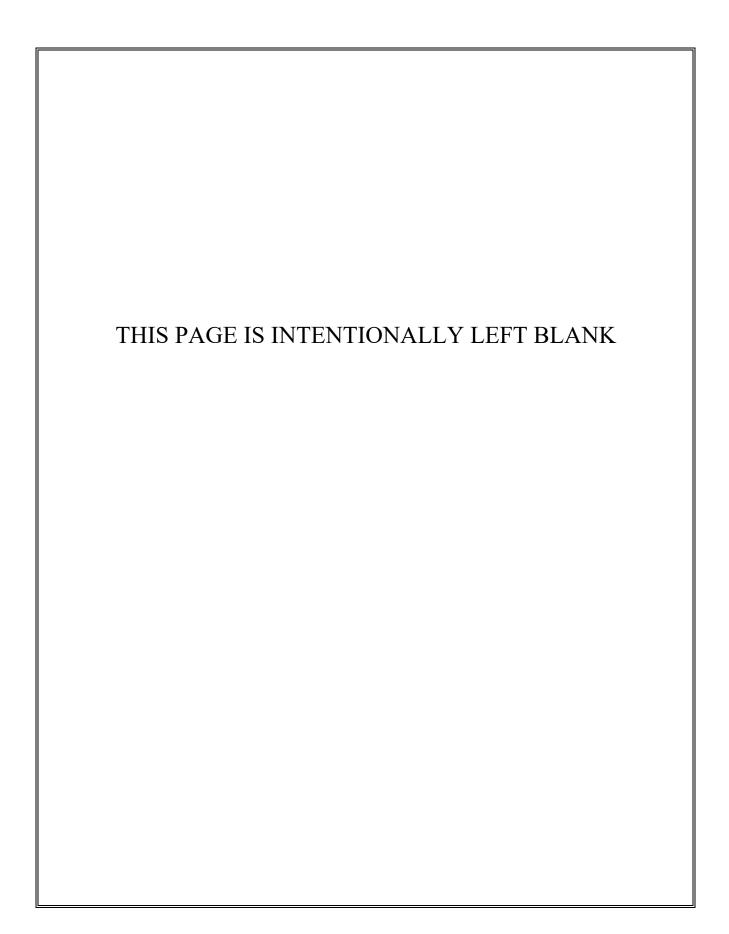
SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		General	1	Bond Retirement	-	Building		onstruction
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	21 442 469	\$	1765 202	\$		\$	
Cash in segregated accounts	Þ	21,443,468	Ф	4,765,283	Ф	-	Ф	1,083,903
Receivables:		_		_		_		1,005,705
Property taxes		32,689,860		5,780,128		-		-
Payment in lieu of taxes		665,610		-		-		-
Accounts		18,415		-		-		-
Accrued interest		18,485		-		1,374		4,916
Interfund loans		994,420		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		884,737		-		-		3,418,122
Prepayments		72,529		-		-		-
Restricted assets:		-		-		-		-
Equity in pooled cash								
and investments		-		-		3,079,359		11,021,513
Total assets	\$	56,787,524	\$	10,545,411	\$	3,080,733	\$	15,528,454
	_		_				_	
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,249,181	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contracts payable		-		-		800,749		2,434,394
Retainage payable		-		-		-		1,083,903
Accrued wages and benefits payable		4,984,146		-		-		-
Compensated absences payable		10,617		-		-		-
Intergovernmental payable		112,447		-		-		-
Pension and postemployment benefits payable .		819,912		-		-		-
Interfund loans payable		_		_		-		-
Total liabilities	_	7,176,303		_		800,749		3,518,297
				,				
Deferred inflows of resources:				= 000 cc0				
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		29,401,893		5,098,669		-		-
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.		658,738				-		-
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		2,244,860		456,128		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available		529,826		-		-		3,418,122
Accrued interest not available		531		-		1,374		4,916
Delinquent PILOTs not available		6,872				-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		32,842,720		5,554,797		1,374		3,423,038
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepayments		72,529		-		-		-
Debt service		_		4,990,614		-		_
Capital improvements		-		-		2,278,610		8,587,119
Classroom facilities maintenance		_		_		-		-
Food service operations		-		-		-		-
Non-public schools		_		_		_		_
Targeted academic assistance		_		_		_		_
Other purposes		_		_		_		_
Committed:								
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-
Assigned: Student instruction		71,765		_		-		_
Student and staff support		654,024		_		-		-
Operation of non-instructional		5,705		-		-		-
Facilities acquisition and construction		1,646,425		_		_		_
Other purposes		2,618		_		_		_
Unassigned (deficit)		14,315,435		-		-		-
Total fund balances		16,768,501		4,990,614	_	2,278,610	_	8,587,119
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances.	\$	56,787,524	\$	10,545,411	\$	3,080,733	\$	15,528,454
	_		_		_		_	

	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmenta Funds				
ø	4.456.912	¢.	20 ((5 5(4			
\$	4,456,813	\$	30,665,564			
	-		1,083,903			
	310,247		38,780,235			
	-		665,610			
	428		18,843			
	-		24,775			
	-		994,420			
	3,147,215		7,450,074			
	10,285		82,814			
	13,348		13,348			
	_		14,100,872			
\$	7,938,336	\$	93,880,458			
_	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ť	,,			
\$	196,374	\$	1,445,555			
Ψ	-	Ψ	3,235,143			
	_		1,083,903			
	709,805		5,693,951			
	702,003		10,617			
	8,477					
	147,523		120,924 967,435			
	994,420	994,42				
	2,056,599		13,551,948			
	2,036,399		13,331,948			
	287,162		34,787,724			
	-		658,738			
	12,747		2,713,735			
	1,868,359		5,816,307			
	-		6,821			
	-		6,872			
	2,168,268	_	43,990,197			
	10,285		82,814			
			4.000.614			
	-		4,990,614			
	-		10,865,729			
	974,623		974,623			
	2,166,609		2,166,609			
	63,418		63,418			
	113,727		113,727			
	113,750		113,750			
	-04-604		5 04.604			
	504,601		504,601			
			71 765			
	-		71,765			
	-		654,024			
	-		5,705			
	-		1,646,425			
	(222.544)		2,618			
	(233,544)		14,081,891			
	3,713,469		36,338,313			
\$	7,938,336	\$	93,880,458			
ψ	1,730,330	ψ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			



RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2018

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 36,338,313
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		141,298,225
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds.		
Property taxes receivable	\$ 2,713,735	
Payment in lieu of taxes receivable	6,872	
Accrued interest receivable	6,821	
Intergovernmental receivable	5,816,307	0.540.505
Total		8,543,735
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not		
recognized in the funds.		(6,503,579)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in		
the funds.		
Unamortized deferred loss on refunding	21,059	
Unamortized deferred gain on refunding	(465,304)	(444.045)
Total		(444,245)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(349,105)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and the related deferred inflows/		
outflows are not reported in governmental funds.		
Deferrred outflows of resources - pension	21,331,304	
Deferrred inflows of resources - pension	(9,615,430)	
Net pension liability	(70,965,883)	
Total	(1.1). 1.1).	(59,250,009)
The net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current		
period; therefore, the liability and the related deferred inflows/		
outflows are not reported in governmental funds.		
Deferrred outflows of resources - OPEB	710,328	
Deferrred inflows of resources - OPEB	(2,201,745)	
Net OPEB liability	(15,802,093)	
Total		(17,293,510)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.		
General obligation bonds payable	(94,335,023)	
Capital lease obligations	(26,544)	
Compensated absences	(1,105,256)	
Energy conservation notes payable	(912,616)	
Total		 (96,379,439)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 5,960,386

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Bond	B 1111	
Revenues:	General	Retirement	Building	Construction
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 27,483,827	\$ 5,751,614	\$ -	\$ -
Payment in lieu of taxes	683,589	\$ 3,731,014	φ - -	φ - -
Tuition.	1,087,728	_	_	_
Transportation fees	600	_	_	_
Earnings on investments	263,325	4,675	70,731	274,063
Charges for services	203,323	1,075	70,731	271,003
Extracurricular	45,396	_	_	_
Classroom materials and fees	42,048	_	_	_
Rental income	48,484	_	_	_
Contributions and donations	322,876	_	_	_
Contract services	78,522	_	_	_
Other local revenues	355,386	_	_	_
Intergovernmental - state	45,955,806	1,493,893	_	8,816,276
Intergovernmental - federal	1,000,004	1,475,075	_	0,010,270
Total revenues	77,367,591	7,250,182	70,731	9,090,339
Total revenues	77,307,371	7,230,102	70,731	7,070,337
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	24,324,491	=	-	-
Special	7,897,040	-	-	-
Vocational	106,270	=	-	-
Other	16,812,983	-	-	-
Support services:				
Pupil	4,633,308	=	-	-
Instructional staff	747,726	-	-	-
Board of education	53,264	-	-	_
Administration	4,135,288	-	-	_
Fiscal	1,065,437	73,458	1,793	11,280
Business	282,184	-	-	_
Operations and maintenance	7,247,875	-	-	-
Pupil transportation	4,921,021	-	-	-
Central	1,167,180	-	-	-
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	38,759	-	-	-
Food service operations	-	-	-	-
Extracurricular activities	84,516	-	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	266,240	-	5,666,828	25,338,798
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	219,515	2,315,000	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	48,033	4,215,491	-	-
Total expenditures	74,051,130	6,603,949	5,668,621	25,350,078
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	3,316,461	646,233	(5,597,890)	(16,259,739)
			_	_
Other financing sources (uses):	40.0			
Sale of capital assets	40,844	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	(1,246,291)	·		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,205,447)	<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balances	2,111,014	646,233	(5,597,890)	(16,259,739)
Fund balances at beginning of year	14,657,487	4,344,381	7,876,500	24,846,858
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 16,768,501	\$ 4,990,614	\$ 2,278,610	\$ 8,587,119

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
\$ 314,956	\$ 33,550,397	
\$ 314,930	683,589	
_	1,087,728	
_	600	
16,646	629,440	
146,632	146,632	
174,979	220,375	
-	42,048	
-	48,484	
82,499	405,375	
-	78,522	
14,149	369,535	
1,038,129	57,304,104	
10,883,532	11,883,536	
12,671,522	106,450,365	
354,627	24,679,118	
3,218,346	11,115,386	
-	106,270	
-	16,812,983	
266,222	4,899,530	
2,474,908	3,222,634	
-	53,264	
387,705	4,522,993	
136,869	1,288,837	
-	282,184	
2,087	7,249,962	
192,537	5,113,558	
3,007	1,170,187	
898,766	937,525	
3,604,098	3,604,098	
973,845	1,058,361	
488,069	31,759,935	
_	2,534,515	
_	4,263,524	
13,001,086	124,674,864	
13,001,000	124,074,004	
(329,564)	(18,224,499)	
2,151	42,995	
1,246,291	1,246,291	
-	(1,246,291)	
1,248,442	42,995	
918,878	(18,181,504)	
2,794,591	54,519,817	
\$ 3,713,469	\$ 36,338,313	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(18,181,504)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as			
depreciation expense.	e 21.529.720		
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 31,538,729 (2,170,325		
Total	(2,170,325	<u>')</u>	29,368,404
1000			25,500,.0.
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to			(00.505)
decrease net position.			(99,507)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in			
the funds.			
Property taxes	(1,927,426		
Payment in lieu of taxes	(4,267	*	
Earnings on investments	(17,587	*	
Intergovernmental Total	(9,525,660	<u>))</u>	(11,474,940)
10141			(11,474,940)
Repayment of bond, note and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Principal payments during the year were:			
General obligation bonds	2,315,000)	
Energy conservation bonds and notes payable	167,613		
Capital leases	51,902		
Total		_	2,534,515
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being			
reported in the statement of activities:	7 977	7	
Change in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	7,877 (590,003		
Amortization of bond premiums	361,013		
Amortization of deferred losses	(1,560		
Amortization of deferred gains	55,284	<u>1</u>	
Total			(167,389)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports			
these amounts as deferred outflows.			
Pension OPEB			5,278,756 172,656
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability/net OPEB liability are reported as pension expense/OPEB expense statement of activities.			
Pension OPEB			25,457,862 2,585,963
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities,			
such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures			
in governmental funds.			(213,651)
•			
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	35,261,165

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship			
			Agency	
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and investments	\$	24,774	\$	84,355
Total assets		24,774	\$	84,355
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		-	\$	6,903
Undistributed monies				77,452
Total liabilities		-	\$	84,355
Net position:				
Held in trust for scholarships		24,774		
Total net position	\$	24,774		

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Private-Purpose Trust	
	Sch	olarship
Additions:		
Gifts and contributions	\$	19,468
Total additions		19,468
Deductions:		
Scholarships awarded		12,137
Change in net position		7,331
Net position at beginning of year		17,443
Net position at end of year	\$	24,774

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT

The Middletown City School District (the "District"), Butler County, was originally chartered in 1837 by the Ohio State Legislature. In 1853, State laws were enacted to create local Boards of Education. Today, the District operates under current standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in division (D) of Section 3301.07 and Section 119.01 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by its charter or further mandated by State and/or Federal agencies. The Board controls the District's instructional and support facilities staffed by 118 classified personnel and 485 certified teaching and administrative personnel to provide services to students and other community members.

The District currently operates 7 elementary schools, one sixth grade center, one middle school serving grades 7 - 8, one comprehensive high school (grades 9-12) including an alternative program. The District encompasses a total of 25 square miles that includes the City of Middletown and portions of Lemon Township.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting entity for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization.

Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

<u>Parochial Schools</u> - The following parochial schools are located within the District: John XXIII Elementary School and Middletown Christian Schools. Parochial schools are operated independently of the District. Current State legislation provides partial funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as required by Ohio law. The accounting for these receipts and disbursements is reflected in a Special Revenue Fund for financial reporting purposes, because of the District's administrative responsibility.

The Southwestern Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA)

The Southwestern Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA) is a jointly governed organization among a four county consortium of school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports SWOCA based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. The Governing Board of SWOCA consists of six members elected by majority vote of all charter member schools plus one representative from the fiscal agent. The District paid SWOCA \$295,849 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from Mr. Michael Crumley, who serves as Director, at 3607 Hamilton-Middletown Rd., Hamilton, Ohio 45011.

The Butler Technology and Career Development Center

The Butler Technology and Career Development Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts' elected boards. It possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority.

Butler Technology and Career Development Center was formed to provide vocational education opportunities to the students of Butler County, including students of the District. Financial information can be obtained from Mr. Paul Carpenter, who serves as Treasurer, at 3603 Hamilton-Middletown Rd., Hamilton, Ohio 45011.

Butler Health Plan (BHP)

The District has elected to provide employee health and dental benefits through Butler Health Plan (BHP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. Butler Health Plan has provided competitive health and dental benefits to school districts in southwest Ohio for over 29 years. Building on that success, Butler Health Plan looked to the future and helped create a multi-state consortium, Optimal Health Initiatives that now includes over 80 public employers and represents more than 40,000 employees and their families. Allied Benefits and Anthem provide claims review and processing services for BHP. The District pays a monthly premium to the pool for its general insurance coverage. The employees share the cost of the monthly premium for the coverage with the Board. The risk of loss transfers entirely to BHP. To obtain financial information write to Butler Health Plan, 400 North Erie Blvd. Suite B., Hamilton, Ohio 45011.

B. Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the District are included on the Statement of Net Position. Fiduciary funds are not included in government-wide statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

C. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed.

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> - The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations from governmental resources when the District is obligated in some manner for the payment.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The building capital projects fund is used to account for the District's share of the school construction project. A portion of the general obligation bonds were recorded in this fund and will be used to pay for the project as it progresses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Construction Fund</u> - The school facilities capital projects fund accounts for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the District and the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

Nonmajor governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students which uses the economic resources measurement focus. The District has one agency fund that has no measurement focus. The student activity fund accounts for assets and liabilities generated by student managed activities.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, See Notes 12 and 13 for deferred outflows of resources related the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2018, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2019 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the District, See Notes 12 and 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position. In addition, deferred inflows of resources include a deferred gain on debt refunding. A deferred gain on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2018, the District invested in U.S. government money market mutual funds, Federal Farm Credit bank (FFCB) securities, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) securities, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and commercial paper.

During fiscal year 2018, the District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2018, there were no limitation or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2018 amounted to \$263,325, which includes \$74,919 assigned from other funds. The food service, classroom facilities maintenance and auxiliary services special revenue funds, bond retirement fund and permanent improvement fund also received interest of \$9,389, \$4,731, \$1,094, \$4,675 and \$1,432, respectively. The building fund and construction fund received interest of \$70,731 and \$274,063, respectively, which is assigned specifically to those funds due to the District's Ohio Facilities Construction Commission project.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

F. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are reported at cost and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food, purchased food and nonfood supplies.

G. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is nonspendable on the fund financial statements by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District's capitalization threshold is \$2,500 for capital assets. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	20 - 45 Years
Equipment	5 - 20 Years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vested payment method.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2018 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and notes are recognized on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

M. Bond Issuance Costs/Unamortized Bond Premium/Deferred Charges on Debt Refunding

On government-wide and fund financial statements, bond issuance costs are expensed in the year they occur.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For bond refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and is presented as a deferred inflow or outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 9.A.

N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - fund balances relate to money received from local, state or federal grants or maintained in segregated accounts for construction.

<u>Committed</u> - fund balances include amounts that can be used only for the specific purpose imposed by formal action (the highest level action via resolution) of the District's Board of Education.

<u>Assigned</u> - fund balances are balances the District administration have specified the future use. The District uses the policy of encumbering certain obligations within the general fund that are reported as an assigned fund balance. This is completed by the Treasurer's office as required by the Ohio Revised Code. The District also reports the cash balance of the principal support fund and neediest kids of all fund as assigned balances within the general fund. These funds are segregated by the accounting function within the Treasurer's office as required by the Ohio Revised Code.

<u>Unassigned</u> - fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In nonmajor governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

O. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets is capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. None of the District's restricted net position was restricted by enabling legislation.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the unspent bond proceeds held with the trustee for construction purposes.

R. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund activity between governmental funds is eliminated in the statement of activities.

S. Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarch established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

T. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The District Board requires in the general fund a minimum of 10% cash carryover of operating expenditures to which the District obtained as of June 30, 2018. This amount is included as part of the unassigned balance in the District's general fund.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles/Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2018, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension</u>", GASB Statement No. 81 "<u>Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements</u>" GASB Statement No. 85, "<u>Omnibus 2017</u>" and GASB Statement No. 86, "<u>Certain Debt Extinguishments</u>".

GASB Statement No. 75 improves the accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pension (OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 effected the District's postemployment benefit plan disclosures, as presented in Note 13 to the basic financial statements, and added required supplementary information which is presented after the notes to the basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 81 improves the accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 81 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 85 addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and OPEB. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 85 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 86 improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources - resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt - are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 86 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

A net position restatement is required in order to implement GASB Statement No 75. The governmental activities at July 1, 2017 have been restated as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Net position as previously reported	\$ (9,248,650)				
Deferred outflows - payments					
subsequent to measurement date	129,996				
Net OPEB liability	(20,182,125)				
Restated net position at July 1, 2017	\$ (29,300,779)				

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the District made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available. The restatement had no effect on fund balances.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2018 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>Deficit</u>
District Managed Activities	\$ 4,180
Title VI-B Grant	35,028
School Improvement Stimulus A Grant	2,508
Title III Grant	598
Improving Teacher Quality Grant	187,706

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate note interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$1,450 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$8,148,331 and the bank balance of all District deposits was \$8,366,200. Of the bank balance, \$644,287 was covered by the FDIC and \$7,721,913 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a reduced rate set by the Treasurer of State.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities							
Measurement/	M	easurement	6	months or		7 to 12		19 to 24	Gr	eater than
Investment type	_	Value		less	_	months	months		nths 24 montl	
Fair Value:										
FFCB	\$	1,884,276	\$	-	\$	890,136	\$	994,140	\$	-
FHLMC		490,520		-		-		490,520		-
FHLB		2,558,998		-		-		-	2	2,558,998
Negotiable CDs		1,486,782		1,486,782		-		-		-
Commercial paper		15,502,290		15,502,290		-		-		-
U.S. Government										
money market		198,289		198,289		-		-		-
Amortized Cost:										
STAR Ohio		15,688,532		15,688,532		_				
Total	\$	37,809,687	\$	32,875,893	\$	890,136	\$	1,484,660	\$ 2	2,558,998

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

The weighted average of maturity of investments is 0.30 years.

The District's investments in U.S. Government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The District's investments in federal agency securities (FHLB, FNMA, FFCB, FHLMC), commercial paper and negotiable CD's are valued using pricing sources provided by the investment manager (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments in commercial were rated either A-1 or A-1+ by Standard & Poor's. The District's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio Law requires that STAR Ohio and the U.S. Government money market maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2018:

Measurement/	Measurement	
<u>Investment type</u>	Value	% of Total
Fair Value:		
FFCB	\$ 1,884,276	4.98
FHLMC	490,520	1.30
FHLB	2,558,998	6.77
Negotiable CDs	1,486,782	3.93
Commercial paper	15,502,290	41.00
U.S. Government		
money market	198,289	0.52
Amortized Cost:		
STAR Ohio	15,688,532	41.50
Total	\$ 37,809,687	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2018:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	8,148,331
Investments		37,809,687
Cash on hand		1,450
Total	\$	45,959,468
Cash and investments per statement of net position	<u>n</u>	
Governmental activities	\$	45,850,339
Private purpose trust funds		24,774
Agency funds	_	84,355
Total	\$	45,959,468

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

	Amount
<u>Transfers from general fund to:</u>	
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 1,246,791

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

B. Interfund loans receivable/payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, as reported on the fund statement:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	994,420

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2018 represents collections of calendar year 2017 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2018 were levied after April 1, 2017, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2017, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2018 represents collections of calendar year 2017 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2018 became a lien December 31, 2016, were levied after April 1, 2017 and are collected in 2018 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35% of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Butler and Warren Counties. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2018, are available to finance fiscal year 2018 operations. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2018, \$1,043,107 in the general fund, \$225,331 in the bond retirement fund and \$10,338 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount available for advance at June 30, 2017, \$1,014,727 in the general fund, \$204,179 in the bond retirement fund and \$11,391 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2018 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2018 taxes were collected are:

	2017 Sec	ond	2018 First Half Collections			
	Half Collec	tions				
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential						
and other real estate	\$ 604,441,470	91.12	\$ 641,556,630	91.19		
Public utility personal	58,917,790	8.88	61,948,170	8.81		
Total	\$ 663,359,260	100.00	\$ 703,504,800	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:						
General	\$45.65		\$44.65			
Debt service	8.25		9.00			
Permanent improvement	0.50		0.50			

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2018 consisted of property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year. The intergovernmental receivable at June 30 consisted of federal grants and other receivables.

Governmental activities.		
Property taxes	\$	38,780,235
Payment in lieu of taxes		665,610
Accounts		18,843
Accrued interest		24,775
Intergovernmental:		
State foundation adjustments		33,673
Miscellaneous intergovernmental amounts		324,589
Medicaid School Program reimbursements		529,826
Ohio Facilities Construction Commission (OFCC)		3,418,122
Miscellaneous state grants		4,286
Title VI-B		1,007,050
School Improvement Stimulus A		82,476
Title III		40,787
Title I		1,517,842
Improving Teacher Quality		450,521
Title IV-A	_	40,902
Total	\$	46,939,537

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows.

	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities:	06/30/17	Additions	Deductions	06/30/18
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,527,633	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,527,633
Construction in progress	52,320,226	31,005,626		83,325,852
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	53,847,859	31,005,626		84,853,485
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	89,670,003	128,628	(2,058,788)	87,739,843
Equipment	15,776,361	404,475	(833,909)	15,346,927
Total capital assets, being depreciated	105,446,364	533,103	(2,892,697)	103,086,770
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(32,509,679)	(1,823,857)	1,998,070	(32,335,466)
Equipment	(14,755,216)	(346,468)	795,120	(14,306,564)
Total accumulated depreciation	(47,264,895)	(2,170,325)	2,793,190	(46,642,030)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 112,029,328	\$ 29,368,404	\$ (99,507)	<u>\$ 141,298,225</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :		
Regular	\$	179,624
Special		5,190
Support services:		
Pupil		117
Instructional staff		44,490
Administration		5,397
Business		1,912
Operations and maintenance		1,777,895
Pupil transportation		51,199
Central		53,888
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Other non-instructional services		21,417
Food service operations		13,815
Extracurricular activities	_	15,381
Total depreciation expense	\$	2,170,325

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2018, the following changes in governmental activities long-term obligations. The long-term obligations at June 30, 2017 have been restated as described in Note 3.A.

	Restated				Amount Due
	Balance			Balance	Within
	6/30/17	Additions	Deductions	6/30/18	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
2007 refunding bonds:					
2007 current interest and term bonds	\$ 26,670,000	\$ -	\$ (1,140,000)	. , ,	\$ -
Premium on 2007 refunding bonds	1,558,403	-	(107,472)	1,450,931	-
2015 general obligation bonds	43,765,000	-	(670,000)	43,095,000	120,000
Premium on 2015 general obligation bonds	4,167,955	-	(132,667)	4,035,288	-
2016 refunding bonds:					
Current interest and term	24,265,000	-	(505,000)	23,760,000	-
Capital appreciation bonds	955,000	-	-	955,000	955,000
Accreted interest on CABs	405,020	590,003	-	995,023	995,023
Premium on 2016 refunding bonds	1,138,234		(120,874)	1,017,360	
Total general obligation bonds	102,924,612	590,003	(2,676,013)	100,838,602	2,070,023
House Bill (HB) 264 notes					
HB 264 energy convervation note	370,229	-	(117,613)	252,616	123,318
2014 HB 264 energy conservation note	710,000		(50,000)	660,000	50,000
Total HB 264 notes	1,080,229		(167,613)	912,616	173,318
Other long-term obligations:					
Capital leases	78,446	_	(51,902)	26,544	26,544
Net pension liability	99,231,687	_	(28,265,804)	70,965,883	_
Net OPEB liability	20,182,125	_	(4,380,032)	15,802,093	_
Compensated absences	891,605	370,039	(145,771)	1,115,873	23,407
Total other long-term obligations	120,383,863	370,039	(32,843,509)	87,910,393	49,951
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 224,388,704	\$ 960,042	\$ (35,687,135)	\$ 189,661,611	\$ 2,293,292

General obligation bonds will be paid from the debt service fund and the HB264 energy conservation notes will be paid from the general fund. Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund. The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are paid primarily from the general fund and various nonmajor special revenue funds. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid, typically the general fund and special revenue funds.

On February 27, 2007, the District issued \$60,621,250 in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 5.02% of which \$55,465,000 was used to partially advance refund \$56,975,000 of outstanding construction bonds issued in March 2004. The net proceeds of \$59,855,611 (after payment of underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide all future debt service payment on the construction bonds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

As a result, \$56,975,000 of the construction bonds are considered to be defeased and the related liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position. At June 30, 2018, \$56,975,000 of bonds outstanding are considered to be defeased. The bonds issued had a premium of \$5,156,250 and have a final maturity date of December 1, 2031.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$74,841. This amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

In September 2004, the District issued \$1,421,541 in notes that was used for energy conservation within the District. The interest rate is 4.85% with the maturity date of September 22, 2019. The first payment on the notes was September 22, 2005.

In fiscal year 2014, the District issued \$845,000 in notes that was used for energy conservation within the District. The interest rate ranges from 3.00% to 4.75% with the notes maturing in fiscal year 2022. The first payment on the notes was made in fiscal year 2015.

In fiscal year 2015, the District issued \$45,000,000 in general obligations bonds as the local share of the school facilities project. The bonds were issued as serial bonds maturing in December 2034 of \$6,695,000 and three term bonds maturing in December 2031 for \$40,000, maturing in December 2040 for \$11,625,000 and maturing in December 2048 for \$26,640,000. The combined series has an interest rate of 5.23%. At June 30, 2018, there were \$5,721,366 in unspent bond proceeds.

During fiscal year 2016, the District issued \$25,485,000 in general obligation bonds to advance refund \$25,485,000 of the 2007 refunding bonds. The issuance proceeds were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018 was \$25,485,000.

The issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$24,530,000 and capital appreciation bonds par value \$955,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 0.98% - 3.036%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2018 (stated interest rate 39.54207%) at a redeption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$2,335,000.

The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$580,479. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2026. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$2,558,189 and resulted in an economic gain of \$2,194,605.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire debt outstanding at fiscal year-end are as follows:

Fiscal						
Year Ending	General Obli	gation Bonds	Capital Appr	eciation Bonds	HB 264 Box	nds & Notes
June 30	Principal	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Principal	Interest
2019	\$ 120,000	\$ 4,181,706	\$ 955,000	\$ 1,380,000	\$ 173,318	\$ 30,552
2020	2,600,000	4,157,096	-	-	179,298	23,071
2021	2,630,000	4,106,241	-	_	55,000	15,150
2022	2,890,000	4,046,080	-	-	55,000	13,500
2023	2,950,000	3,977,280	-	_	55,000	18,763
2024 - 2028	17,835,000	18,482,225	-	_	320,000	49,402
2029 - 2033	22,315,000	13,386,933	-	_	75,000	_
2034 - 2038	7,875,000	9,808,180	-	_	-	_
2039 - 2043	11,805,000	7,258,519	-	_	_	_
2044 - 2048	17,095,000	3,493,744	-	_	-	_
2049	4,270,000	112,088	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Total	\$ 92,385,000	\$ 73,010,092	\$ 955,000	\$ 1,380,000	\$ 912,616	\$ 150,438

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2018, are a voted debt margin of \$18,061,046 and an unvoted debt margin of \$703,505. During a prior fiscal year, the District issued \$45 million of voted general obligation bonds. Since the bonds are a voted bond issue, the \$43,095,000 balance at June 30, 2018 has been excluded from the legal debt margin calculation.

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL LEASES

In prior years, the District entered into a capital lease for copiers.

The lease meets the criteria of capital leases as defined by accounting standards, which defines a capital lease generally as one that transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments for the computers and copiers will be made from the general fund.

The equipment lease for fiscal year 2014 does qualify for capitalization resulting in \$248,273 being reported on the statement of net position. This amount represents the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Depreciation expense of \$49,655 was recognized during fiscal year 2018. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018 was \$223,446 leaving a current book value of \$24,827.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL LEASES - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of fiscal year end:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		mount
2019	\$	26,778
Total minimum lease payments		26,778
Less: amount representing interest		(234)
Total	\$	26,544

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

During the fiscal year, the District contracted with Liberty Mutual for general liability insurance coverage with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and a \$2,000,000 aggregate limit covering all employees and volunteers of the District. The policy holds a \$5,000 occurrence deductible, with no deductible on general liability.

The buildings and property of the District are protected under a blanket coverage basis with the Liberty Mutual. Property coverage is on a cost replacement basis with a deductible of \$5,000. The Liberty Mutual provides coverage for the District's boilers and machinery under a separate policy with similar limits.

Vehicle insurance coverage for the District's non-bus vehicles is provided by Indiana Insurance under a combined liability limit of \$1,000,000 per occurrence for bodily injury and property damage. The buses are provided by Petermann and not considered the District's asset.

The Liberty Mutual Company maintains a \$100,000 public official bond for the Treasurer and a \$20,000 performance bond for the Board President and Superintendent. A blanket school employee honesty bond in the amount of \$5,000 per position is secured for all employees maintaining a position of trust. This includes food service cashiers, school building cashiers, and other employees who handle cash as a part of their job requirements.

Medical and dental insurance benefits are offered to employees through the Butler Health Plan (BHP). The employees share the cost of the monthly premium for the coverage with the District. The District also provides life insurance through American United Life to all employees and access to accidental death and dismemberment insurance through Assurant Life.

There were no reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Also, there were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *pension and postemployment benefits payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5 percent. The remaining 0.5 percent of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$1,114,760 for fiscal year 2018. Of this amount, \$150,372 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2018, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2018 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$4,163,996 for fiscal year 2018. Of this amount, \$669,706 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	(0.25307420%		0.24111659%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	<u>(</u>	0.23860680%		0.23872508%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>(</u>	0.01446740%	-	0.00239151%	
Proportionate share of the net	-				
pension liability	\$	14,256,229	\$	56,709,654	\$ 70,965,883
Pension expense	\$	(850,390)	\$	(24,607,472)	\$ (25,457,862)

At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 613,537	\$ 2,189,864	\$ 2,803,401
Changes of assumptions	737,200	12,403,025	13,140,225
Difference between District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	85,909	23,013	108,922
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	1,114,760	4,163,996	5,278,756
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,551,406	\$ 18,779,898	\$ 21,331,304
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ -	\$ 457,058	\$ 457,058
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	67,672	1,871,486	1,939,158
Difference between District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	809,382	6,409,832	7,219,214
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 877,054	\$ 8,738,376	\$ 9,615,430

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

\$5,278,756 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS	STRS	 Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2019	\$ 235,467	\$ (158,433)	\$ 77,034
2020	627,635	2,364,417	2,992,052
2021	28,834	2,763,870	2,792,704
2022	(332,344)	907,672	 575,328
Total	\$ 559,592	\$ 5,877,526	\$ 6,437,118

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage inflation

3.00 percent

Future salary increases, including inflation

COLA or ad hoc COLA

Investment rate of return

3.00 percent

3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

2.50 percent

7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

Prior to 2017, an assumption of 3 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc COLA.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For 2017, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current				
	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)		
District's proportionate share					
of the net pension liability	\$ 19,783,941	\$ 14,256,229	\$ 9,625,643		

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS Ohio

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2016 are presented below:

	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2016
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to	12.25 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65	2.75 percent at age 70
Investment rate of return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, ,2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

For the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016. Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2017. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2017. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease (6.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)			
District's proportionate share	(0.4370)	(7.45%)	(8.4370)		
of the net pension liability	\$ 81,291,360	\$ 56,709,654	\$ 36,003,252		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *pension and postemployment benefits payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2018, .5 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2018, this amount was \$23,700. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2018, the District's surcharge obligation was \$131,369.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$172,656 for fiscal year 2018. Of this amount, \$136,938 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS	S STRS		 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability prior measurement date	0	.25565619%	(0.24111659%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability current measurement date	0	.24174950%	(0.23872508%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.01390669%		-(0.00239151%	
Proportionate share of the net			-		
OPEB liability	\$	6,487,921	\$	9,314,172	\$ 15,802,093
OPEB expense	\$	274,489	\$	(2,860,452)	\$ (2,585,963)

At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources		_	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 537,672	\$ 537,672
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	172,656		172,656
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 172,656</u>	\$ 537,672	\$ 710,328
Deferred inflows of resources			
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$ 17,133	\$ 398,110	\$ 415,243
Changes of assumptions	615,670	750,288	1,365,958
Difference between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	310,916	109,628	420,544
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 943,719	\$ 1,258,026	\$ 2,201,745

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

\$172,656 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 SERS	STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	_		_		_
2019	\$ (340,003)	\$	(153,234)	\$	(493,237)
2020	(340,003)		(153,234)		(493,237)
2021	(259,429)		(153,234)		(412,663)
2022	(4,284)		(153,234)		(157,518)
2023	-		(53,709)		(53,709)
Thereafter	 		(53,709)		(53,709)
Total	\$ (943,719)	\$	(720,354)	\$	(1,664,073)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage inflation

3.00 percent

3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

Investment rate of return

3.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Municipal bond index rate:

Measurement date3.56 percentPrior measurement date2.92 percent

Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,

including price inflation:

Measurement date3.63 percentPrior measurement date2.98 percent

Medical trend assumption:

Medicare5.50 to 5.00 percentPre-Medicare7.50 to 5.00 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2017 was 2.98 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.56 percent, as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.63%) and higher (4.63%) than the current discount rate (3.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.5% decreasing to 4.0%) and higher (8.5% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current rate.

1% Decrea (2.63%)			Current Discount Rate (3.63%)		1% Increase (4.63%)	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	7,834,991	\$	6,487,921	\$	5,420,698
	(6.5 %	6 Decrease 6 decreasing to 4.0 %)	T (7.5 %	Current rend Rate 6 decreasing to 5.0 %)	(8.5 %	% Increase % decreasing o 6.0 %)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	5,264,462	\$	6,487,921	\$	8,107,191

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Projected salary increases 12.50 percent at age 20 to

2.50 percent at age 65

Investment rate of return 7.45 percent, net of investment

expenses, including inflation

Payroll increases 3 percent

Cost-of-living adjustments 0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

(COLA)

Blended discount rate of return 4.13 percent

Health care cost trends 6 to 11 percent initial, 4.5 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Also since the prior measurement date, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. Subsequent to the current measurement date, the date for discontinuing remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements was extended to January 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2037. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2036 and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The blended discount rate of 4.13 percent, which represents the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent for the unfunded benefit payments, was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017. A blended discount rate of 3.26 percent which represents the long term expected rate of return of 7.75 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 2.85 percent for the unfunded benefit payments was used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 4.13 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13 percent) or one percentage point higher (5.13 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB liability as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	19	Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate (3.13%) (4.13%)			1% Increase (5.13%)	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	12,504,126	\$	9,314,172	\$	6,793,065
	19	% Decrease	T	Current Trend Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	6,471,087	\$	9,314,172	\$	13,056,004

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds.

However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2018, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is not party to any claims or lawsuits that would, in the District's opinion, have a material effect of the basic financial statements.

C. School District Funding

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2017-2018 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the school districts, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2018 Foundation funding for the District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year end set-aside amounts for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

		Capital
	<u>Im</u>	<u>provements</u>
Set-aside reserve balance June 30, 2017	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		1,115,082
Current year offsets		(841,328)
Prior year offset from bond proceeds		(273,754)
Total	\$	_
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2019	\$	_
Set-aside reserve balance June 30, 2018	\$	

Although the District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital improvements set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. The negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future fiscal years. The District has \$119,005,986 remaining from debt proceeds that will be available in future fiscal years as a capital improvements offset.

NOTE 16 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	•	Year-End
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	umbrances
General	\$	2,049,795
Building		829,554
Construction		4,801,422
Nonmajor governmental		690,355
Total	\$	8,371,126
10141	Ψ	0,5/1,120

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 17 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2018, the District had the following contractual commitments outstanding:

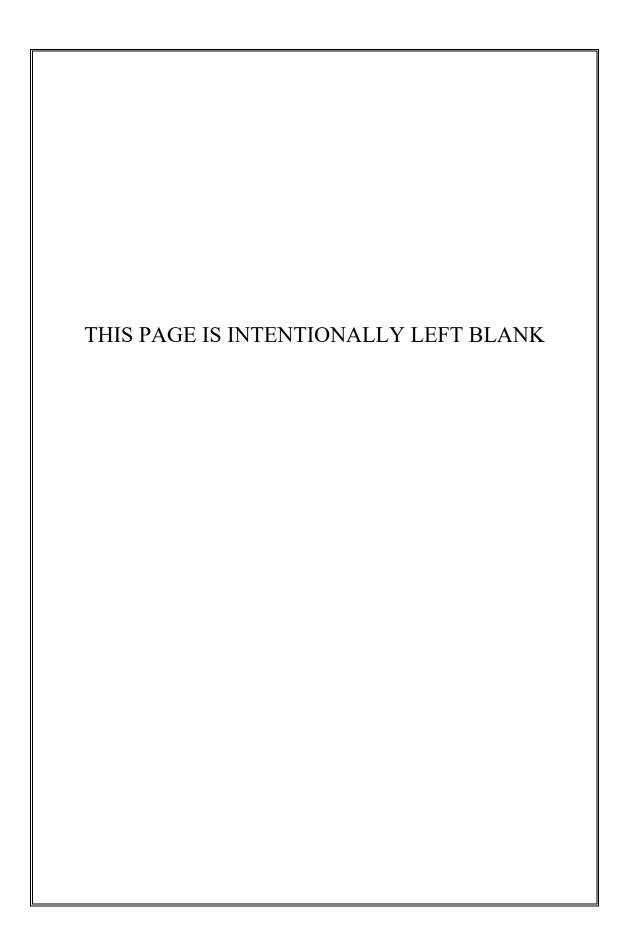
			Remaining
	Total	Amount	Commitment
Vendor	Contract	Paid	June 30, 2018
Fanning Howey Assoc.	\$ 4,139,017	\$ (2,986,140)	\$ 1,152,877
Conger Construction	50,116,306	(43,359,061)	6,757,245
Stan and Associates Inc.	251,080	(159,024)	92,056
Total	\$ 54,506,403	\$ (46,504,225)	\$ 8,002,178

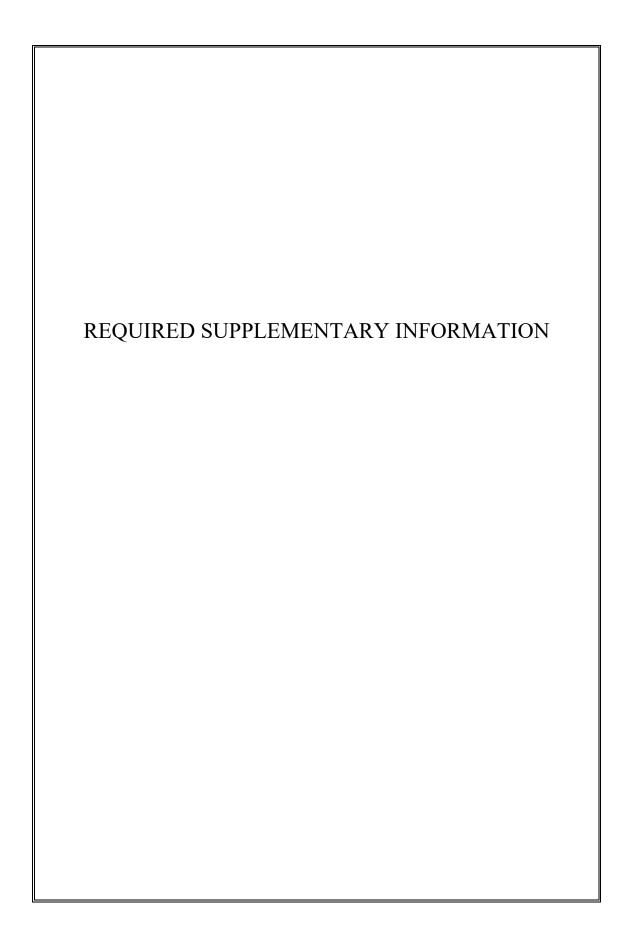
NOTE 18 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The City of Middletown provides tax abatements through two programs - Enterprise Zone Agreements and Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Agreements. Under the agreements, various businesses receive the abatement of property taxes to bring jobs and economic development to the City. The agreement affects the property tax receipts collected and distributed to the District. Under the agreements, the District property taxes were reduced by \$249,134 during fiscal year 2018.

NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On November 20, 2018, the District issued \$9,860,000 in School Improvement General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018 for the purpose of new construction improvements, renovations and additions to school facilities. The bonds carry interest rates ranging from 2.00-4.00% and have a final maturity of December 1, 2035.





SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	1 Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
From local sources:	\$ 26,792,782	\$ 27.450.000	¢ 27.455.447	¢ 5.447
Property taxes	\$ 26,792,782 639,588	\$ 27,450,000 639,588	\$ 27,455,447 639,588	\$ 5,447
Tuition	912,955	1,193,000	1,197,326	4,326
Transportation fees	-	1,000	600	(400)
Earnings on investments	95,556	240,000	240,923	923
Extracurricular	10	5,560	5,765	205
Classroom materials and fees	44,192	41,448	40,693	(755)
Rental income	24,221	47,000	48,484	1,484
Contributions and donations	271,000	304,500	304,000	(500)
Contract services	71,521	82,000	82,580	580
Other local revenues	40,297	153,405	271,487	118,082
Intergovernmental - intermediate	41,952	45,412	44,001	(1,411)
Intergovernmental - state	45,347,922	45,972,000	46,048,990	76,990
Intergovernmental - federal	74,281,996	76,329,985	157,757 76,537,641	2,685
Total revenues	/4,201,770	70,327,763	70,337,041	207,030
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	34,458,039	24,017,039	24,149,325	(132,286)
Special	10,469,883	7,869,165	7,725,442	143,723
Vocational	140,907	119,120	107,881	11,239
Other	-	17,125,571	16,846,074	279,497
Support services:				
Pupil	5,178,868	4,647,749	4,574,003	73,746
Instructional staff	1,034,244	1,003,799	891,009	112,790
Board of education	107,291	59,312	52,547	6,765
Administration	5,804,682	4,282,897	4,163,216	119,681
Fiscal	1,410,071 347,951	1,105,294 293,734	1,072,375 282,804	32,919 10,930
Operations and maintenance	7,784,078	7,513,782	7,200,677	313,105
Pupil transportation	4,528,724	4,443,354	4,379,818	63,536
Central	1,560,455	1,411,055	1,257,782	153,273
Other operation of non-instructional services .	30,303	44,158	43,580	578
Extracurricular activities	125,768	117,419	82,758	34,661
Facilities acquisition and construction	30,807	1,744,967	1,722,578	22,389
Debt service:				
Principal	-	169,736	167,613	2,123
Interest and fiscal charges	-	46,969	46,381	588
Total expenditures	73,012,071	76,015,120	74,765,863	1,249,257
Excess revenues over	1.000.005	214.065	1.551.550	1.456.012
expenditures	1,269,925	314,865	1,771,778	1,456,913
Other financine commen (1989)				
Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures	1 000 724	785,000	784,644	050
Refund of prior year's receipts	1,099,734	(152,642)	(152,642)	(356)
Transfers (out)	-	(1,235,000)	(1,244,431)	(9,431)
Advances in	2,310,377	665,000	665,126	126
Advances (out)	_,010,011	(750,000)	(994,420)	(244,420)
Sale of capital assets	41,474	38,500	41,176	2,676
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,451,585	(649,142)	(900,547)	(251,405)
Net change in fund balance	4,721,510	(334,277)	871,231	1,205,508
	.,,21,310	(551,217)	0,1,231	1,200,000
Fund balance at beginning of year	16,469,378	16,469,378	16,469,378	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	775,249	775,249	775,249	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 21,966,137	\$ 16,910,350	\$ 18,115,858	\$ 1,205,508

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

		2018		2017		2016	 2015	 2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.23860680%		0.25307420%			0.25062120%	0.25872000%	0.25872000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	14,256,229	\$	18,522,696	\$	14,300,689	\$ 13,093,672	\$ 15,385,248
District's covered payroll	\$	7,748,207	\$	8,169,900	\$	6,936,912	\$ 6,725,440	\$ 6,851,857
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		183.99%		226.72%		206.15%	194.69%	224.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		69.50%		62.98%		69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

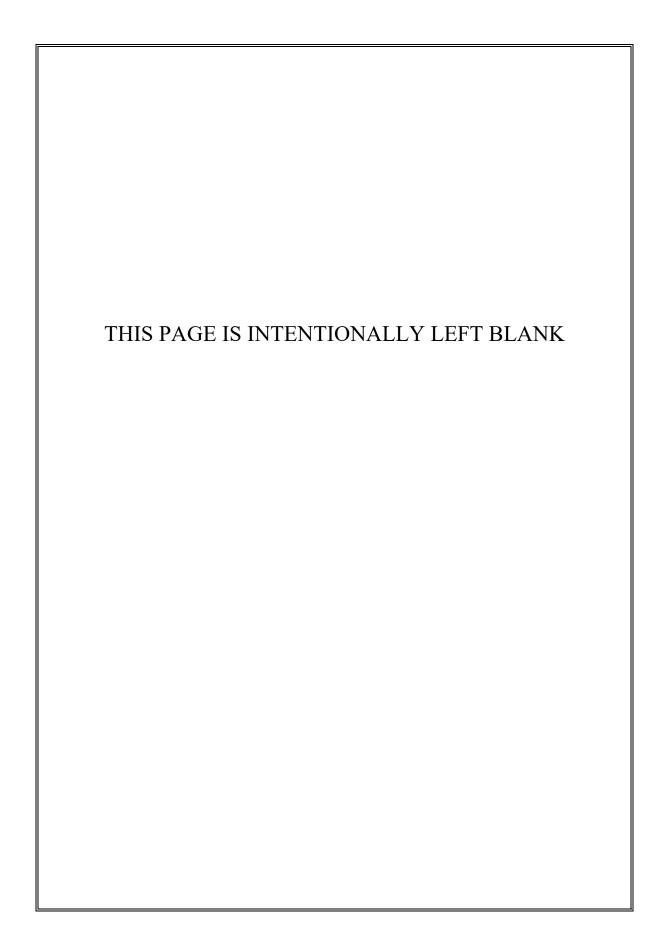
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

		2018		2017	 2016	2015		 2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.23872508%		0.24111659%		0.25476835%		0.28770674%	0.28770674%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	56,709,654	\$	80,708,991	\$ 70,410,520	\$	69,980,236	\$ 83,359,998
District's covered payroll	\$	28,499,043	\$	25,306,564	\$ 26,896,300	\$	30,217,564	\$ 30,267,971
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		198.99%		318.93%	261.79%		231.59%	275.41%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.30%		66.80%	72.10%		74.70%	69.30%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.



SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,114,760	\$ 1,084,749	\$ 1,143,786	\$ 914,285
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (1,114,760)	(1,084,749)	(1,143,786)	(914,285)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 8,257,481	\$ 7,748,207	\$ 8,169,900	\$ 6,936,912
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%

 2014	 2013	2012		 2011	 2010	2009		
\$ 932,146	\$ 948,297	\$	711,941	\$ 1,043,279	\$ 1,090,340	\$	698,131	
 (932,146)	 (948,297)		(711,941)	 (1,043,279)	 (1,090,340)		(698,131)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		
\$ 6,725,440	\$ 6,851,857	\$	5,293,242	\$ 8,299,753	\$ 8,052,733	\$	7,094,827	
13.86%	13.84%		13.45%	12.57%	13.54%		9.84%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2018	 2017	 2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,163,996	\$ 3,989,866	\$ 3,542,919	\$ 3,765,482
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(4,163,996)	 (3,989,866)	 (3,542,919)	(3,765,482)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$ _
District's covered payroll	\$ 29,742,829	\$ 28,499,043	\$ 25,306,564	\$ 26,896,300
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

 2014	 2013	2012		 2011	 2010	2009		
\$ 4,230,459	\$ 4,237,516	\$	4,277,136	\$ 4,668,933	\$ 4,798,681	\$	4,296,776	
 (4,230,459)	 (4,237,516)		(4,277,136)	 (4,668,933)	 (4,798,681)		(4,296,776)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		
\$ 32,541,992	\$ 32,596,277	\$	32,901,046	\$ 35,914,869	\$ 36,912,931	\$	33,052,123	
13.00%	13.00%		13.00%	13.00%	13.00%		13.00%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	(0.24174950%	(0.25565619%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	6,487,921	\$	7,287,147
District's covered payroll	\$	7,748,207	\$	8,169,900
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		83.73%		89.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		12.46%		11.49%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	 2018	 2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.23872508%	0.24111659%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 9,314,172	\$ 12,894,978
District's covered payroll	\$ 28,499,043	\$ 25,306,564
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	32.68%	50.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	47.10%	37.30%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 172,656	\$ 129,996	\$ 125,902	\$ 176,824
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (172,656)	(129,996)	(125,902)	 (176,824)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 8,257,481	\$ 7,748,207	\$ 8,169,900	\$ 6,936,912
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.09%	1.68%	1.54%	2.55%

 2014	 2013	2012		 2011	 2010	2009		
\$ 131,084	\$ 133,496	\$	162,455	\$ 256,125	\$ 165,066	\$	443,547	
 (131,084)	 (133,496)		(162,455)	(256,125)	 (165,066)		(443,547)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		
\$ 6,725,440	\$ 6,851,857	\$	5,293,242	\$ 8,299,753	\$ 8,052,733	\$	7,094,827	
1.95%	1.95%		3.07%	3.09%	2.05%		6.25%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2018	 2017	2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 <u> </u>		 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 29,742,829	\$ 28,499,043	\$ 25,306,564	\$ 26,896,300
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009
\$ 290,027	\$ 317,004	\$ 324,043	\$ 360,004	\$ 372,900	\$ 352,956
 (290,027)	 (317,004)	 (324,043)	 (360,004)	 (372,900)	 (352,956)
\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ -
\$ 32,541,992	\$ 32,596,277	\$ 32,901,046	\$ 35,914,869	\$ 36,912,931	\$ 33,052,123
1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the function level for the General Fund and the fund level for all other funds. The Treasurer has been given the authority to further allocate the Board's appropriations. Any budgetary modifications at the legal level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund and function level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. Budgetary controls require that the appropriation resolution, by fund, be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at the legal level of control. The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, these amendments were not significant.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS – (Continued)

The budgetary figures which appear in the "Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund" are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results with the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

Encumbrances:

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as assigned fund balance in the general fund and within the other funds respective fund balance classifications.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The schedule of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 871,231
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	701,197
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(1,546,437)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(302,879)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	11,642
Adjustment for encumbrances	2,376,260
GAAP basis	\$ 2,111,014

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the spotlight and neediest kids fund, the Medicaid reimbursement reserve fund, the special trust fund, the rotary fund, the adult education fund, and the public school support fund.

NOTE 2 - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE DISTRICT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changed in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%. There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2018.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE DISTRICT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY - (Continued)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

NOTE 3 - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE DISTRICT'S NET OPEB LIABILITY

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2017-2018.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate was increased from 2.98% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation was increased from 2.98% to 3.63%.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 3 - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE DISTRICT'S NET OPEB LIABILITY - (Continued)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

MAJOR FUNDS

General Fund

The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. A budgetary schedule for the general fund is presented as part of the required supplementary information. The level of detail presented in that schedule is greater than the legal level of budgetary control; therefore, a separate additional schedule is not presented.

Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis):

Spotlight and Neediest Kids & Medicaid Reserve

To account for all revenues and expenditures related to the Spotlight and Neediest Kids program and the Medicaid School Program (MSP) reserve fund.

Special Rotary

To account for all revenues and expenditures related to goods and /or services provided by the District, primarily those services provided by vocational classes to the general public. Activities in this fund are usually curricular in nature.

Public School Support

To account for specific local revenue sources (other than taxes) generated by individual school buildings (e.g. sale of pictures, profits from vending machines, etc.) Expenditures include field trips, materials, equipment and other items to supplement co-curricular and extra-curricular programs.

OTHER MAJOR FUNDS

Bond Retirement

The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations for governmental resources when the District is obligated in some manner for the payment.

Building

The building capital projects fund is used to account for the District's share of the school construction project. A portion of the general obligation bonds were recorded in this fund and will be used to pay for the project as it progresses.

Construction

The school facilities capital projects fund accounts for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the district and the Ohio Department of Education for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SPOTLIGHT & NEEDIEST KIDS & MEDICAID RESERVE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amou	ınts			Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
)riginal		Final		Actual	(No	egative)
Revenues:							
From local sources:							
Contributions and donations	\$ 1,660	\$	1,660	\$	3,915	\$	2,255
Other local revenues	85		85		200		115
Total revenues	1,745		1,745		4,115		2,370
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Support services:							
Pupil	72,000		530		1,832		(1,302)
Total expenditures	72,000		530	-	1,832		(1,302)
Net change in fund balance	(70,255)		1,215		2,283		1,068
Fund balance at beginning of year	810,629		810,629		810,629		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 740,374	\$	811,844	\$	812,912	\$	1,068

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SPECIAL ROTARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Original	Filiai	Actual	(Negative)
From local sources:				
Contributions and donations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000
Total revenues			1,000	1,000
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Special	4,583	4,628	3,010	1,618
Total expenditures	4,583	4,628	3,010	1,618
Excess of expenditures over				
revenues.	(4,583)	(4,628)	(2,010)	2,618
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	-	45	45	-
Total other financing sources	-	45	45	
Net change in fund balance	(4,583)	(4,583)	(1,965)	2,618
Fund balance at beginning of year	4,583	4,583	4,583	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,618	\$ 2,618

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amoi	unts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
)riginal		Final	Actual	(N	(egative)
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Extracurricular	\$ 52,201	\$	55,162	\$ 39,201	\$	(15,961)
Contributions and donations	3,607		3,812	3,961		149
Other local revenues	72,218		76,314	79,994		3,680
Total revenues	128,026		135,288	123,156		(12,132)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support services:						
Pupil	186,893		171,814	114,702		57,112
Operations and maintenance	7,789		7,094	4,736		2,358
Operation of non-instructional services	1,437		1,309	874		435
Total expenditures	196,119		180,217	120,312		59,905
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	(68,093)		(44,929)	 2,844		47,773
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out	(3,881)		(3,535)	(2,360)		1,175
Refund of prior year expenditure	189		200	-		(200)
Sale of capital assets	47		50	339		289
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,645)		(3,285)	(2,021)		1,264
Net change in fund balance	(71,738)		(48,214)	823		49,037
Fund balance at beginning of year	100,489		100,489	100,489		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,752		1,752	1,752		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 30,503	\$	54,027	\$ 103,064	\$	49,037

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BOND RETIREMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Property taxes	\$ 5,202,000	\$	5,202,000	\$ 5,730,461	\$	528,461
Earnings on investments	2,000		2,000	4,675		2,675
Intergovernmental - state	719,000		719,000	1,493,893		774,893
Total revenues	5,923,000		5,923,000	7,229,029		1,306,029
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support services:						
Fiscal	73,699		73,457	73,457		-
Debt service:						
Principal	2,322,613		2,315,000	2,315,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges	4,229,355		4,215,491	4,215,491		-
Total expenditures	6,625,667		6,603,948	6,603,948		-
Net change in fund balance	(702,667)		(680,948)	625,081		1,306,029
Fund balance at beginning of year	4,140,202		4,140,202	4,140,202		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,437,535	\$	3,459,254	\$ 4,765,283	\$	1,306,029

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BUILDING FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Earnings on investments	\$ 40,000	\$	103,000	\$ 103,028	\$	28
Total revenues	40,000		103,000	103,028		28
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support services:						
Fiscal	2,630		2,263	1,973		290
Facilities acquisition and construction	 8,651,370		8,350,095	 7,278,576		1,071,519
Total expenditures	8,654,000		8,352,358	7,280,549		1,071,809
Net change in fund balance	(8,614,000)		(8,249,358)	(7,177,521)		1,071,837
Fund balance at beginning of year	7,562,147		7,562,147	7,562,147		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,052,358		1,052,358	1,052,358		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 505	\$	365,147	\$ 1,436,984	\$	1,071,837

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CONSTRUCTION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amo	unts			riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	_		_			
From local sources:						
Earnings on investments	\$ 308,390	\$	312,860	\$ 333,119	\$	20,259
Intergovernmental - state	15,739,492		15,967,641	17,001,600		1,033,959
Total revenues	16,047,882		16,280,501	17,334,719		1,054,218
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support services:						
Fiscal	14,907		12,168	12,164		4
Facilities acquisition and construction	35,885,093		33,455,283	33,444,997		10,286
Total expenditures	35,900,000		33,467,451	33,457,161		10,290
Net change in fund balance	(19,852,118)		(17,186,950)	(16,122,442)		1,064,508
Fund balance at beginning of year	14,762,414		14,762,414	14,762,414		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	5,102,467		5,102,467	5,102,467		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 12,763	\$	2,677,931	\$ 3,742,439	\$	1,064,508

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds	Cap P	onmajor ital Projects Fund - ermanent ovement Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 3,952,212	\$	504,601	\$	4,456,813	
Property taxes	310,247		-		310,247	
Accounts.	428		-		428	
Intergovernmental	3,147,215 10,285		-		3,147,215 10,285	
Inventory held for resale	 13,348		<u>-</u>		13,348	
Total assets	\$ 7,433,735	\$	504,601	\$	7,938,336	
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 196,374	\$	-	\$	196,374	
Accrued wages and benefits	709,805		-		709,805	
Intergovernmental payable	8,477		-		8,477	
Pension and postemployment benefits payable Interfund loans payable	147,523		-		147,523	
Total liabilities	 994,420 2,056,599				994,420 2,056,599	
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next year	287,162		-		287,162	
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	12,747		-		12,747	
Intergovernmental revenue not available	 1,868,359				1,868,359	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 2,168,268				2,168,268	
Fund balances: Nonspendable:						
Prepayments	10,285		_		10,285	
Restricted:	10,203				10,203	
Classroom facilities maintenance	974,623		-		974,623	
Food service operations	2,166,609		-		2,166,609	
Non-public schools	63,418		-		63,418	
Targeted academic assistance	113,727		-		113,727	
Other puposes	113,750		-		113,750	
Capital improvements	-		504,601		504,601	
Unassigned (deficit)	 (233,544)				(233,544)	
Total fund balances	 3,208,868		504,601		3,713,469	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances .	\$ 7,433,735	\$	504,601	\$	7,938,336	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund - Permanent Improvement Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ 314,956	\$ -	\$ 314,956		
Earnings on investments	15,214	1,432	16,646		
Charges for services	146,632	-	146,632		
Extracurricular	174,979	-	174,979		
Contributions and donations	82,499	-	82,499		
Other local revenues	14,149	-	14,149		
Intergovernmental - state	1,038,129	-	1,038,129		
Intergovernmental - federal	10,883,532	-	10,883,532		
Total revenues	12,670,090	1,432	12,671,522		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	354,627	-	354,627		
Special	3,218,346	-	3,218,346		
Support services:					
Pupil	266,222	-	266,222		
Instructional staff	2,474,908	-	2,474,908		
Administration	387,705	-	387,705		
Fiscal	136,869	-	136,869		
Operations and maintenance	2,087	-	2,087		
Pupil transportation	192,537	-	192,537		
Central	3,007	-	3,007		
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Other non-instructional services	898,766	-	898,766		
Food service operations	3,604,098	-	3,604,098		
Extracurricular activities	973,845	-	973,845		
Facilities acquisition and construction	12,880	475,189	488,069		
Total expenditures	12,525,897	475,189	13,001,086		
Excess of expenditures over					
revenues	144,193	(473,757)	(329,564)		
Other financing sources:					
Sale of capital assets	2,151	-	2,151		
Transfers in	746,291	500,000	1,246,291		
Total other financing sources	748,442	500,000	1,248,442		
Net change in fund balances	892,635	26,243	918,878		
Fund balances					
at beginning of year	2,316,233	478,358	2,794,591		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,208,868	\$ 504,601	\$ 3,713,469		

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are established to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term proceeds of specific sources establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. A description of the District's special revenue funds follows:

Food Service

It accounts for all food service charges for services, state and federal grants specific to the fund service activity, as well as related food service expenditures.

Other Grants

This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, except for state and federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Classroom Facilities Maintenance

This fund is used to account for the proceeds of a levy for the maintenance of facilities.

District Managed Activities

This fund accounts for those student activity programs that have student participation in the activity, but do not have student management of the programs.

Auxiliary Services

This fund accounts for monies which provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the School District.

Public School Preschool Grant

This fund accounts for the costs of preschool programs for three to four year olds.

Data Communications Grant

This fund provides to account for money appropriated for Ohio Educational Computer Network Connections.

Alternative Schools

A fund used to account for alternative educational programs for existing and new at-risk and delinquent youth. Programs shall be focused on youth in one or more of the following categories: those who have been expelled or suspended, those who have dropped out of school or who are at risk of dropping out of school, those who are habitually truant or disruptive, or those on probation or on parole from a Department of Youth Services' facility.

Miscellaneous State Grants

This fund accounts for various monies received from State agencies that are not classified elsewhere. A separate special cost center must be used for each grant and be approved by the Auditor of State.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Title VI-B Grant

This fund accounts for federal funds for the provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary and secondary levels and to assist in the training of teachers, supervisors and other specialists in providing educational services to the handicapped.

School Improvement Stimulus A Grant

To account for restricted federal grant monies used for school improvements.

Title III Grant

This fund accounts for the School to develop and carry out elementary and secondary school programs, including activities at the pre-school level, to meet the educational needs of children of limited English proficiency.

Title I Grant

This fund accounts for federal funds expended for services provided to meet special educational needs of educationally deprived children.

EHA Preschool Grant

The Preschool Grant Program, Section 619 of Public Law 99-457, addresses the improvement and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three (3) through five (5) years.

Improving Teacher Quality Grant

This fund accounts for federal funds to be used to support the teachers in grades 1 through 3, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

Miscellaneous Federal Grants

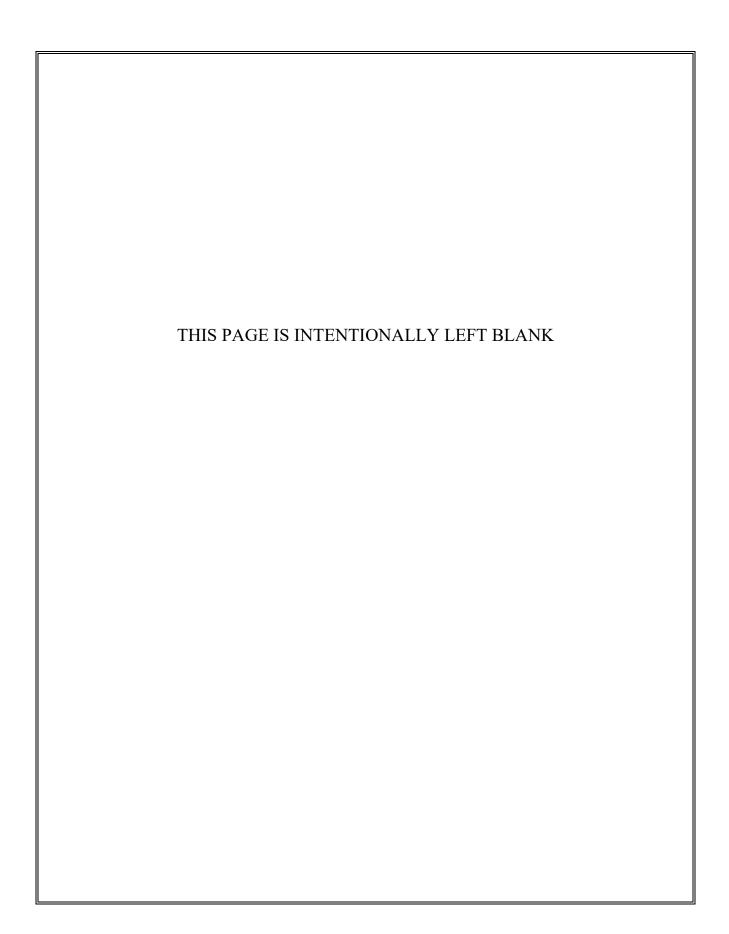
This fund accounts for other minor federal funds classified by the Ohio Department of Education to be recorded in this fund.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financing and acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, such as new school buildings or additions to existing buildings, and for major renovation projects including equipment purchases. The following is a description of the District's nonmajor capital project fund:

Permanent Improvement

This fund accounts for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of such permanent improvements as defined by Ohio Revised Code.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

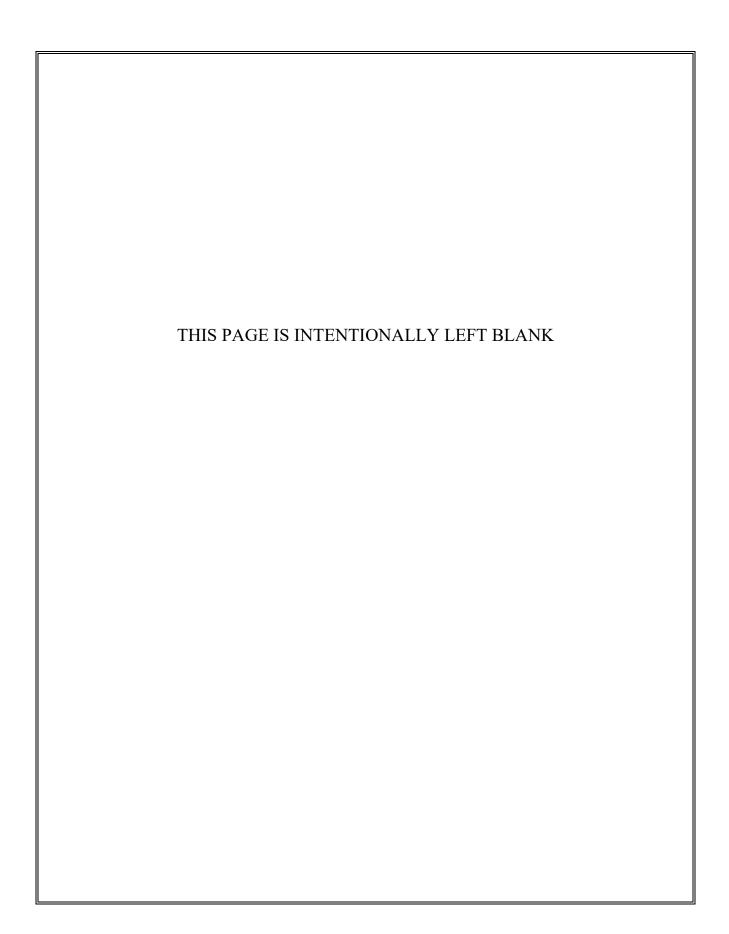
		Food Service		Other Grants		Classroom Facilities Maintenance		District Managed Activities	
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	2,153,261	\$	73,358	\$	973,557	\$	16,004	
Receivables:						210 247			
Property taxes		-		-		310,247		428	
Intergovernmental		-		122		-		2,225	
Prepayments		-		32		-		1,272	
Inventory held for resale		13,348		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	2,166,609	\$	73,512	\$	1,283,804	\$	19,929	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$	9,272	\$	5,156	
Accrued wages and benefits		-		130		-		11,417	
Due to other governments		-		2		-		166	
Pension and postemployment benefits payable Interfund loans payable		-		36		-		7,370	
Total liabilities		-		168		9,272		24,109	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		-		287,162		-	
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		-		12,747		-	
Intergovernmental revenue not available		-						<u>-</u>	
Total deferred inflows of resources						299,909			
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Prepayments		-		32		-		1,272	
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		-		974,623		_	
Food service operations		2,166,609		-		-		-	
Non-public schools		-		-		-		-	
Targeted academic assistance		-		-		-		-	
Other puposes		-		73,312		-		(5.452)	
Unassigned (deficit)		-				-		(5,452)	
Total fund balances (deficit)		2,166,609		73,344		974,623		(4,180)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances .	\$	2,166,609	\$	73,512	\$	1,283,804	\$	19,929	

Auxiliary Services		Data Communications Grant		Miscellaneous State Grants			Fitle VI-B Grant	School Improvement Stimulus A Grant		Title III Grant			Title I Grant
\$	166,115	\$	9,000	\$	34,343	\$	189,292	\$	7,215	\$	2,939	\$	193,882
	-		_		_		_		-		_		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,004		-		4,286		1,007,050		82,476		40,787		1,517,842
	720		-		-		1,840		128		80		6,009
	<u>-</u>					_	-		-				<u> </u>
\$	167,839	\$	9,000	\$	38,629	\$	1,198,182	\$	89,819	\$	43,806	\$	1,717,733
\$	43,589	\$	-	\$	3,534	\$	98,443	\$	-	\$	392	\$	1,629
	53,193 649		-		-		167,758 1,801		13,673 173		6,172 87		193,127
	6,270		-		-		59,706		1,758		2,795		2,023 48,018
	-		_		3,689		320,579		32,398		3,071		418,600
	103,701				7,223		648,287		48,002		12,517	_	663,397
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-				696		584,923		44,325		31,887		934,600
	-				696		584,923		44,325		31,887		934,600
	720		-		-		1,840		128		80		6,009
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	63,418		-		-		-		-		-		-
	03,418		-		-		-		-		-		113,727
	-		9,000		30,710		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		(36,868)		(2,636)		(678)		-
	64,138		9,000		30,710		(35,028)		(2,508)		(598)		119,736
\$	167,839	\$	9,000	\$	38,629	\$	1,198,182	\$	89,819	\$	43,806	\$	1,717,733

(Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2018

		nproving Feacher Quality Grant		cellaneous ral Grants		Total Nonmajor Special Venue Funds
Assets:				40.50	•	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	114,508	\$	18,738	\$	3,952,212
Property taxes		-		-		310,247
Accounts		-		-		428
Intergovernmental		450,521		40,902		3,147,215
Prepayments		204		-		10,285
Total assets.	\$	565,233	\$	59,640	\$	7,433,735
Total assets.		303,233		39,040	<u> </u>	7,433,733
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	32,472	\$	1,887	\$	196,374
Accrued wages and benefits		257,518		6,817		709,805
Due to other governments		3,492		1.594		8,477
Pension and postemployment benefits payable Interfund loans payable		19,986 183,390		1,584 32,693		147,523
		_				994,420
Total liabilities	-	496,858	-	43,065	-	2,056,599
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		-		287,162
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		-		12,747
Intergovernmental revenue not available		256,081		15,847		1,868,359
Total deferred inflows of resources		256,081		15,847		2,168,268
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepayments		204		-		10,285
Restricted:						
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		-		974,623
Food service operations		-		-		2,166,609
Non-public schools		-		-		63,418
Targeted academic assistance		-		700		113,727
Other puposes		(197.010)		728		113,750
Unassigned (deficit)		(187,910)				(233,544)
Total fund balances (deficit)		(187,706)		728		3,208,868
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances .	\$	565,233	\$	59,640	\$	7,433,735



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Food Service	Other Grants	Classroom Facilities Maintenance	District Managed Activities
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$	- \$ -	\$ 314,956	\$ -
Earnings on investments	9,38		4,731	-
Charges for services	146,63	-	-	-
Extracurricular			-	174,979
Contributions and donations		- 63,779	-	18,720
Other local revenues		-	25 210	14,149
Intergovernmental - state	4 261 52		25,319	-
Intergovernmental - federal	4,261,53		245 006	207.949
Total revenues	4,417,55	4 63,779	345,006	207,848
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular		- 33,764	-	-
Special		- 4,241	-	-
Support services:				
Pupil		- 1,345	-	-
Instructional staff		- 15	-	-
Administration		-	-	-
Fiscal.	88,87		3,998	-
Operations and maintenance	2,08	-	-	-
Pupil transportation		- 2 007	-	-
Central		- 3,007	-	-
Other non-instructional services				
Food service operations	3,604,09	8 -	_	_
Extracurricular activities	3,004,07	- 2,100	_	971,745
Facilities acquisition and construction			12,880	-
•	2 605 05	6 44.472		071 745
Total expenditures	3,695,05	6 44,472	16,878	971,745
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	722,49	8 19,307	328,128	(763,897)
Other financing sources:				
Sale of capital assets	2,15	1 -	_	_
Transfers in	2,13		_	746,291
Total other financing sources	2,15	1	<u> </u>	746,291
Total office infancing sources	2,13		_	/40,231
Change in fund balance	724,64	9 19,307	328,128	(17,606)
Fund balances (deficit)				
at beginning of year	1,441,96		646,495	13,426
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 2,166,60	9 \$ 73,344	\$ 974,623	\$ (4,180)

Auxiliary Services		Public Presch Grant	ool Co	Data Communications Grant		ernative chools	ellaneous e Grants	Title VI-B Grant	
\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	1,094		-	-		-	-		-
	-		-	-		-	-		-
	-		-	-		-	-		-
	-	200.0	-	-		-	-		-
	675,312	280,0	-	18,000		908	28,590		1,974,663
	676,406	280,0	000	18,000		908	 28,590	-	1,974,663
			_						
	-		-			366	_		109,117
	-	280,0	000	-		-	3,534		1,019,867
	_		_	_		_	_		264,371
	_		-	27,000		-	25,000		22,435
	-		-	-		-	-		298,304
	-		-	-		-	-		-
	-		-	-		-	-		150,300
	-		-	-		-	-		-
	600.051								50.01 6
	699,871		-	-		-	-		70,216
	-		-	-		-	-		-
	-		-	-		-	-		-
	699,871	280,0	000	27,000		366	28,534		1,934,610
	(23,465)		<u>-</u> _	(9,000)		542	56		40,053
	-		-	-		-	-		-
	_						 		
	(23,465)		-	(9,000)		542	56		40,053
	87,603		<u>-</u>	18,000		(542)	 30,654		(75,081)
\$	64,138	\$	- \$	9,000	\$	-	\$ 30,710	\$	(35,028)

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Impr Stim	chool ovement nulus A rant		le III rant	Title I Grant	Pr	EHA eschool Grant
Revenues:							
From local sources:							
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Earnings on investments		-		-	-		-
Charges for services		-		-	-		-
Extracurricular		-		-	-		-
Contributions and donations		-		-	-		-
Other local revenues		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental - state		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental - federal		137,451		67,315	 3,669,074		36,745
Total revenues		137,451		67,315	 3,669,074		36,745
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		_		10,235	_		_
Special		69,392		13,782	1,790,785		36,745
Support services:							
Pupil		-		506	-		-
Instructional staff		69,836		4,985	1,601,559		-
Administration		-		-	89,401		-
Fiscal		-		-	44,000		-
Operations and maintenance		-		-	-		-
Pupil transportation		-		-	42,237		-
Central		-		-	-		-
Operation of non-instructional services:				20 717	72 (00		
Other non-instructional services		-		38,717	73,699		-
Food service operations		-		-	-		-
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		-	-		-
		120 220		-	 2 (41 (01		26.745
Total expenditures		139,228	-	68,225	 3,641,681	-	36,745
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(1,777)		(910)	 27,393		
Other financing sources:							
Sale of assets		_		_	_		_
Transfers in		_		_	_		_
Total other financing sources					 		
Change in fund balance		(1,777)		(910)	27,393		-
Fund balances (deficit)							
at beginning of year		(731)		312	 92,343		
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	(2,508)	\$	(598)	\$ 119,736	\$	-

Improving Teacher Quality Grant	Miscellaneous Federal Grants	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 314,956
-	-	15,214
-	-	146,632
-	-	174,979
-	-	82,499
-	-	14,149
-	10,000	1,038,129
689,231	47,520	10,883,532
689,231	57,520	12,670,090
171,457	29,688	354,627
-	-	3,218,346
_	-	266,222
704,297	19,781	2,474,908
-	-	387,705
-	-	136,869
-	-	2,087
-	-	192,537
-	-	3,007
6,263	10,000	898,766
-	-	3,604,098
-	-	973,845
-	-	12,880
882,017	59,469	12,525,897
	<u> </u>	
(192,786)	(1,949)	144,193
		2,151
-	-	746,291
		748,442
		, .0, . 12
(192,786)	(1,949)	892,635
5,080	2,677	2,316,233
\$ (187,706)	\$ 728	\$ 3,208,868

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOOD SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	l Amoi	unts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
)riginal		Final		Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Earnings on investments	\$	8,910	\$	8,500	\$	8,645	\$	145
Charges for services		153,041		146,000		146,632		632
Intergovernmental - Federal		4,378,453		4,177,000		4,176,306		(694)
Total revenues		4,540,404		4,331,500		4,331,583		83
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Support services:								
Fiscal		236,636		222,538		188,871		33,667
Operations and maintenance		2,708		2,546		2,161		385
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations	-	4,160,656		4,510,177		3,827,853		682,324
Total expenditures		4,400,000		4,735,261		4,018,885		716,376
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		140,404		(403,761)		312,698	-	716,459
Other financing sources:								
Sale of capital assets		2,096		2,000		2,151		151
Total other financing sources		2,096		2,000		2,151		151
Net change in fund balance		142,500		(401,761)		314,849		716,610
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,101,471		1,101,471		1,101,471		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		635,261		635,261		635,261		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,879,232	\$	1,334,971	\$	2,051,581	\$	716,610

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) OTHER GRANTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
	C)riginal		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:							-	
From local sources:								
Contributions and donations	\$	95,681	\$	69,874	\$	63,779	\$	(6,095)
Total revenues		95,681		69,874		63,779		(6,095)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		64,008		83,116		40,777		42,339
Special		7,370		8,644		4,241		4,403
Pupil		2,669		3,131		1,536		1,595
Central		7,511		8,810		4,322		4,488
Extracurricular activities		3,650		4,280		2,100		2,180
Total expenditures		85,208		107,981		52,976		55,005
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		10,473		(38,107)		10,803		48,910
Other financing sources (uses):								
Advances out		(14,792)		(17,350)		(8,512)		8,838
Refund of prior year expenditure		11,103		8,108		8,109		1
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,689)		(9,242)		(403)		8,839
Net change in fund balance		6,784		(47,349)		10,400		57,749
Fund balance at beginning of year		48,675		48,675		48,675		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		6,858		6,858		6,858		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	62,317	\$	8,184	\$	65,933	\$	57,749

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CLASSROOM FACILITIES MAINTENANCE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted Driginal	Amou	ints Final		Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues:		g						
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	294,259	\$	294,259	\$	316,009	\$	21,750
Earnings on investments	Ψ	4,165	Ψ	4,165	Ψ	4,473	Ψ	308
Intergovernmental - state		23,576		23,576		25,319		1,743
Total revenues		322,000		322,000		345,801		23,801
Expenditures: Current:								
Support Services:								
Fiscal		29,395		6,784		3,998		2,786
Operations and maintenance		73,526		16,968		10,000		6,968
Facilities acquisition and construction		797,079		186,248		109,767		76,481
Total expenditures		900,000		210,000		123,765		86,235
Net change in fund balance		(578,000)		112,000		222,036		110,036
Fund balance at beginning of year		624,924		624,924		624,924		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		10,000		10,000		10,000		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	56,924	\$	746,924	\$	856,960	\$	110,036

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) DISTRICT MANAGED ACTIVITIES FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeto	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Extracurricular	\$ 165,743	\$ 173,625	\$ 174,551	\$ 926
Contributions and donations	17,776	18,621	18,720	99
Other local revenues	13,435	14,074	14,149	75
Total revenues	196,954	206,320	207,420	1,100
Expenditures:				
Current:	020 700	070 112	072 702	(220
Extracurricular activities	920,788	979,113	972,793	6,320
Total expenditures	920,788	979,113	972,793	6,320
Excess of expenditures over				
revenues	(723,834)	(772,793)	(765,373)	7,420
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	708,634	742,332	746,291	3,959
Transfers out	(43)	(45)	(45)	-
Advances out	(4,169)	(4,428)	(4,399)	29
Refund of prior year expenditure	3,054	3,199	3,216	17
Total other financing sources (uses)	707,476	741,058	745,063	4,005
Net change in fund balance	(16,358)	(31,735)	(20,310)	11,425
Fund balance at beginning of year	30,632	30,632	30,632	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,103	1,103	1,103	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 15,377	\$ -	\$ 11,425	\$ 11,425

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AUXILIARY SERVICES FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:		_				_		_
From local sources:								
Earnings on investments	\$	1,055	\$	1,046	\$	1,046	\$	-
Intergovernmental - state		680,984		675,312		675,312		
Total revenues		682,039		676,358		676,358		-
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Operation of non-instructional services		663,958		804,955		704,210		100,745
Total expenditures		663,958		804,955		704,210		100,745
Excess of expenditures over								
revenues		18,081		(128,597)		(27,852)		100,745
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year receipts		(20,186)		(21,786)		(19,059)		2,727
Refund of prior year expenditure		2,105		2,087		2,087		· -
Total other financing sources (uses)		(18,081)		(19,699)		(16,972)		2,727
Net change in fund balance		-		(148,296)		(44,824)		103,472
Fund balance at beginning of year		68,632		68,632		68,632		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		81,892		81,892		81,892		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	150,524	\$	2,228	\$	105,700	\$	103,472

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) PUBLIC SCHOOL PRESCHOOL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final	Actual	Variance Final Bu Positiv (Negati	dget ve
Revenues:			_	 		
Intergovernmental - state	\$ 280,000	\$	280,000	\$ 280,000	\$	-
Total revenues	280,000		280,000	280,000		-
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Special	 280,000		280,000	 280,000		
Total expenditures	 280,000		280,000	 280,000		
Net change in fund balance	-		-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year	 			 		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) DATA COMMUNICATION GRANT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental - state	\$ -	\$ 18,000	\$ 18,000	\$ -
Total revenues		18,000	18,000	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Support services:				
Instructional staff	18,000	36,000	27,000	9,000
Total expenditures	18,000	36,000	27,000	9,000
Net change in fund balance	(18,000	(18,000)	(9,000)	9,000
Fund balance at beginning of year	18,000	18,000	18,000	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,000	\$ 9,000

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALTERNATIVE SCHOOLS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amou			Varianc Final B Posit	udget ive
	<u>O</u> 1	riginal		Final	 Actual	(Nega	tive)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental - state	\$	-	\$	11,058	\$ 11,058	\$	-
Total revenues		-		11,058	11,058		-
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		3,110		14,168	14,168		-
Total expenditures		3,110		14,168	14,168		
Net change in fund balance		(3,110)		(3,110)	(3,110)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,110		3,110	3,110		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MISCELLANEOUS STATE GRANTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:		<u> </u>						8	
Intergovernmental - state	\$	25,000	\$	29,286	\$	25,000	\$	(4,286)	
Total revenues		25,000		29,286		25,000		(4,286)	
Expenditures: Current: Support services:									
Instructional staff		55,654		30,000		28,689		1,311	
Total expenditures		55,654		30,000		28,689		1,311	
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(30,654)		(714)		(3,689)		(2,975)	
Other financing sources:									
Advances in		-				3,689		3,689	
Total other financing sources		-		-		3,689		3,689	
Net change in fund balance		(30,654)		(714)		-		714	
Fund balance at beginning of year		30,654		30,654		30,654			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	29,940	\$	30,654	\$	714	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TITLE VI-B FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amou	ints				riance with nal Budget Positive
	C	riginal		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:	·					_		
Intergovernmental - federal	\$	2,141,210	\$	2,779,718	\$	1,776,986	\$	(1,002,732)
Total revenues		2,141,210		2,779,718		1,776,986		(1,002,732)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		103,151		126,265		96,804		29,461
Special		989,732		1,336,653		1,024,787		311,866
Support services:								
Pupil		301,047		368,503		282,524		85,979
Instructional staff		84,765		103,759		79,550		24,209
Administration		305,710		374,210		286,900		87,310
Pupil transportation		162,426		198,821		152,432		46,389
Operation of non-instructional services		75,224		92,080		70,596		21,484
Total expenditures		2,022,055		2,600,291		1,993,593		606,698
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		119,155		179,427		(216,607)		(396,034)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Advances in		-		-		320,579		320,579
Advances out		(232,521)		(284,623)		(218,215)		66,408
Refund of prior year expenditure		2,944		3,822		3,822		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(229,577)		(280,801)		106,186		386,987
Net change in fund balance		(110,422)		(101,374)		(110,421)		(9,047)
Fund balance at beginning of year		8,180		8,180		8,180		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		102,242		102,242		102,242		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	9,048	\$	1	\$	(9,047)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT STIMULUS A FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amoi	ınts		Fin	riance with aal Budget Positive
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental - federal	\$	11,859	\$	217,162	\$ 111,159	\$	(106,003)
Total revenues		11,859		217,162	111,159		(106,003)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Special		6,228		114,046	75,627		38,419
Instructional staff		5,609		102,717	65,412		37,305
Total expenditures		11,837		216,763	141,039		75,724
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		22		399	 (29,880)		(30,279)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Advances in		-		-	32,398		32,398
Advances out		(22)		(399)	(254)		145
Total other financing sources (uses)		(22)		(399)	32,144		32,543
Net change in fund balance		-		-	2,264		2,264
Fund balance at beginning of year		_		-	-		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,264	\$	2,264

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TITLE III FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	0	riginal		Final	Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues:					 		
Intergovernmental - federal	\$	67,752	\$	153,558	\$ 74,663	\$	(78,895)
Total revenues		67,752		153,558	 74,663		(78,895)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		11,470		13,425	10,456		2,969
Special		14,659		17,156	13,362		3,794
Support services:							
Pupil		13,924		16,297	12,693		3,604
Instructional staff		5,469		6,400	4,985		1,415
Operation of non-instructional services		23,415		48,258	 37,587		10,671
Total expenditures		68,937		101,536	 79,083		22,453
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		(1,185)		52,022	 (4,420)		(56,442)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Advances in		-		-	3,071		3,071
Advances out		(18,209)		(21,310)	(16,598)		4,712
Refund of prior year expenditure		_			 128		128
Total other financing sources (uses)		(18,209)		(21,310)	 (13,399)		7,911
Net change in fund balance		(19,394)		30,712	(17,819)		(48,531)
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,575		1,575	1,575		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		17,819		17,819	17,819		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	50,106	\$ 1,575	\$	(48,531)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ${\rm TITLE~I~FUND}$ FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amo	unts			ariance with inal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	((Negative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental - federal	\$ 3,855,900	\$	5,048,766	\$ 3,790,683	\$	(1,258,083)
Total revenues	3,855,900		5,048,766	3,790,683		(1,258,083)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Special	1,882,188		2,412,156	1,969,893		442,263
Support services:						
Instructional staff	1,942,922		2,229,185	1,820,469		408,716
Administration	95,254		109,289	89,251		20,038
Fiscal	46,960		53,878	44,000		9,878
Pupil transportation	68,468		78,556	64,153		14,403
Operation of non-instructional services	 83,635		95,958	 78,364		17,594
Total expenditures	 4,119,427		4,979,022	 4,066,130		912,892
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	 (263,527)		69,744	 (275,447)		(345,191)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Advances in	425,802		557,528	418,600		(138,928)
Advances out	(393,691)		(451,696)	(368,879)		82,817
Refund of prior year expenditure	 6,567		8,599	 6,456		(2,143)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 38,678		114,431	 56,177		(58,254)
Net change in fund balance	(224,849)		184,175	(219,270)		(403,445)
Fund balance at beginning of year	4,641		4,641	4,641		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 220,209		220,209	 220,209		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1	\$	409,025	\$ 5,580	\$	(403,445)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) EHA PRESCHOOL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 Budgeted	Amou			Varianc Final B Posit	udget ive
_	 riginal		Final	 Actual	(Nega	tive)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental - federal	\$ 36,745	\$	36,745	\$ 36,745	\$	-
Total revenues	36,745		36,745	36,745		-
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Special	36,745		36,745	36,745		-
Total expenditures	36,745		36,745	36,745		-
Net change in fund balance	_		-	_		_
č						
Fund balance at beginning of year	-		-	-		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) IMPROVING TEACHER QUALITY GRANT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	C	riginal		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Intergovernmental - federal	\$	436,384	\$	1,025,799	\$	538,158	\$	(487,641)
Total revenues		436,384		1,025,799		538,158		(487,641)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		4,348		9,414		6,755		2,659
Support services:								
Instructional staff		415,540		939,362		674,011		265,351
Operation of non-instructional services		5,710		12,365		8,872		3,493
Total expenditures		425,598		961,141		689,638		271,503
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		10,786		64,658		(151,480)		(216,138)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Advances in		-		-		183,390		183,390
Advances out		(30,740)		(66,561)		(47,759)		18,802
Refund of prior year expenditure		240		563		563		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(30,500)		(65,998)		136,194		202,192
Net change in fund balance		(19,714)		(1,340)		(15,286)		(13,946)
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,427		1,427		1,427		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		18,287		18,287		18,287		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	18,374	\$	4,428	\$	(13,946)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MISCELLANEOUS FEDERAL GRANTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Fina	ance with I Budget ositive
	0	riginal		Final	Actual	(Ne	egative)
Revenues:	-						
From local sources:							
Intergovernmental - state	\$	9,838	\$	11,260	\$ 10,000	\$	(1,260)
Intergovernmental - federal		22,101		25,295	22,465		(2,830)
Total revenues		31,939		36,555	32,465		(4,090)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		31,451		34,554	30,688		3,866
Instructional staff		25,079		27,553	24,470		3,083
Operation of non-instructional services		10,249		11,260	10,000		1,260
Total expenditures		66,779		73,367	65,158		8,209
Excess of expenditures over							
revenues		(34,840)		(36,812)	 (32,693)		4,119
Other financing sources:							
Advances in		32,163		36,812	32,693		(4,119)
Total other financing sources		32,163		36,812	32,693		(4,119)
Net change in fund balance		(2,677)		-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,677		2,677	2,677		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	2,677	\$ 2,677	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amou	unts		Fin:	ance with al Budget ositive
	 Driginal		Final	 Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Earnings on investments	\$ 1,202	\$	1,203	\$ 1,205	\$	2
Total revenues	 1,202		1,203	 1,205		2
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support services:						
Facilities acquisition and construction	500,000		500,300	576,228		(75,928)
Total expenditures	500,000		500,300	576,228		(75,928)
Excess of expenditures over						
revenues	 (498,798)		(499,097)	 (575,023)		(75,926)
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	498,798		499,097	500,000		903
Total other financing sources	498,798		499,097	500,000		903
Net change in fund balance	-		-	(75,023)		(75,023)
Fund balance at beginning of year	500,002		500,002	500,002		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 500,002	\$	500,002	\$ 424,979	\$	(75,023)

MIDDLETOWN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENTS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

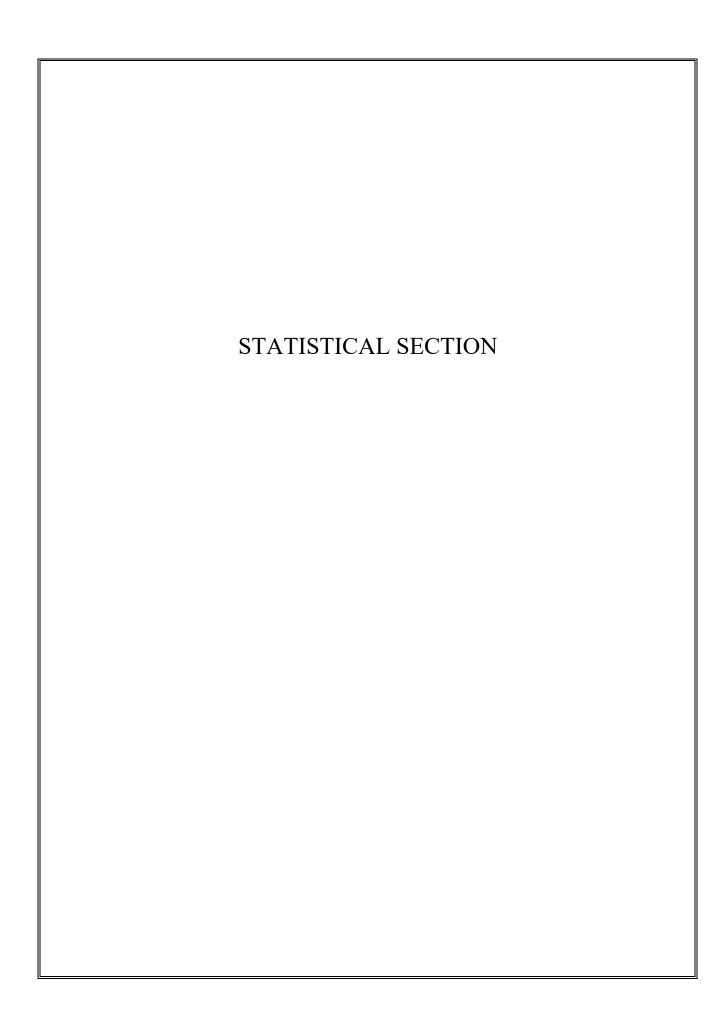
AGENCY FUND

Student Managed Activities Fund

To account for assets and liabilities generated by student managed activities.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES $A \mathsf{GENCY} \; \mathsf{FUND}$ FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	I	eginning Balance ly 1, 2017	Additions Deletions				Ending Balance June 30, 2018		
Student Activity									
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	88,782	\$	37,177	\$	41,604	\$	84,355	
Receivables Accounts		1,464				1,464			
Total assets	\$	90,246	\$	37,177	\$	43,068	\$	84,355	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	10,101	\$	6,903	\$	10,101	\$	6,903	
Loans payable		510		-		510		-	
Undistributed monies		79,635		30,274		32,457		77,452	
Total liabilities	\$	90,246	\$	37,177	\$	43,068	\$	84,355	



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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Middletown City School District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	134-143
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	144-149
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	150-155
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	156-157
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	158-169

Sources: Sources are noted on the individual schedules.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) SCHEDULE 1

	2018	2017 (1)			2016	2015
Governmental activities	 					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 50,497,647	\$	33,418,675	\$	8,826,190	\$ 3,847,066
Restricted	13,787,431		29,002,067		51,446,955	54,147,596
Unrestricted (deficit)	(58,324,692)		(91,721,521)		(77,674,860)	(90,343,892)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 5,960,386	\$	(29,300,779)	\$	(17,401,715)	\$ (32,349,230)

Source: School District financial records.

(1) Amounts have been restated as previously reported.

 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011		2010	 2009 (1)
\$ 3,003,649	\$ 6,234,371	\$ 8,239,520	\$ 8,243,758	\$	6,999,059	\$ 5,483,895
3,938,419	2,337,991	3,507,622	5,998,474		3,734,017	4,704,174
(93,507,156)	(3,394,825)	(3,138,373)	(2,282,638)		6,290,172	8,488,821
\$ (86,565,088)	\$ 5,177,537	\$ 8,608,769	\$ 11,959,594	\$	17,023,248	\$ 18,676,890

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) SCHEDULE 2

	2018		2017	2016	2015	
Expenses			 			
Governmental activities:						
Instruction	\$	28,006,439	\$ 46,489,210	\$ 45,802,884	\$	47,109,627
Support services:						
Pupil		3,271,201	4,193,175	3,895,910		3,746,251
Instructional staff		1,521,814	2,759,968	2,619,650		1,991,860
Board of education		39,207	69,441	70,619		59,556
Administration		1,399,741	4,197,588	3,912,734		4,154,176
Fiscal		881,107	1,541,679	1,470,168		1,671,371
Business		195,559	279,945	229,965		191,359
Operations and maintenance		9,354,087	8,833,372	7,631,480		7,408,158
Pupil transportation		5,148,422	4,244,506	4,125,548		4,007,357
Central		974,516	1,218,435	1,218,035		1,619,365
Operation of non-instructional services		4,152,167	4,650,576	4,652,290		4,781,569
Extracurricular activities		339,087	981,923	815,861		1,083,235
Interest and fiscal charges		4,430,913	4,312,147	 4,933,230		3,892,120
Total expenses		59,714,260	83,771,965	81,378,374		81,716,004

 2014	2013 (1)		2013 (1) 2012		2011		2010 (2)		 2009
\$ 49,646,486	\$	48,384,018	\$	46,929,114	\$	50,188,859	\$	49,044,574	\$ 47,565,415
4,442,512		4,265,190		4,655,026		5,585,042		4,919,527	4,664,923
3,389,719		3,868,239		4,939,816		5,229,348		5,980,662	5,950,980
66,159		43,835		56,405		52,578		103,269	39,990
4,663,891		4,445,825		4,530,426		5,343,818		5,899,057	5,918,107
785,642		688,210		723,250		670,419		1,455,723	1,350,653
209,337		254,239		441,139		469,884		511,414	484,511
9,294,379		7,914,945		7,792,863		7,399,143		7,712,461	8,501,464
4,022,409		3,812,314		3,758,699		3,682,543		3,685,251	3,292,293
2,669,861		1,486,066		3,397,181		5,344,434		1,963,221	2,330,840
4,795,795		4,543,308		4,369,441		3,886,436		3,651,317	3,843,355
900,838		890,157		1,025,636		1,028,730		1,002,233	1,022,353
2,672,184		2,713,127		2,703,229		2,840,830		2,857,619	 3,009,066
87,559,212		83,309,473		85,322,225		91,722,064		88,786,328	87,973,950

(Continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) SCHEDULE 2

Program Revenues		2018	2017	2016	2015
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
Instruction	\$	1,210,803	\$ 1,140,710	\$ 920,340	\$ 1,167,154
Support services		91,581	93,827	102,003	78,459
Operation of non-instructional services		143,336	318,107	166,004	153,619
Extracurricular activities		181,174	6,324	192,430	214,969
Operating grants and contributions		18,618,327	18,491,315	16,825,958	10,763,712
Capital grants and contributions		-	-	-	-
Total governmental program revenues		20,245,221	20,050,283	18,206,735	12,377,913
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental activities	\$	(39,469,039)	\$ (63,721,682)	\$ (63,171,639)	\$ (69,338,091)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position					
Governmental activities:					
Property taxes levied for:					
General purposes	\$	25,569,322	\$ 23,847,638	\$ 31,620,677	\$ 24,805,279
Debt service		5,749,167	4,702,755	5,567,012	3,979,176
Special revenue		304,482	270,512	341,335	-
Capital projects		-	-	-	249,633
Payment in lieu of taxes		679,322	677,978	886,632	431,267
Grants and entitlements not restricted					
to specific programs		41,150,784	41,547,296	38,775,910	42,131,982
Grants and entitlements restricted to					
to school facillities program		-	-	-	51,403,241
Investment earnings		601,370	449,200	448,314	202,447
Miscellaneous		675,757	379,368	479,274	350,924
Total governmental activities		74,730,204	71,874,747	78,119,154	123,553,949
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities	\$	35,261,165	\$ 8,153,065	\$ 14,947,515	\$ 54,215,858

Source: School District financial records.

- (1) Amounts have been reclassified to conform to fiscal year 2013's presentation.
- (2) Amounts have been reclassified to conform to fiscal year 2011's presentation.
- (3) Amounts have been reclassified to conform to fiscal year 2009's presentation.

	2014	2013			2012		2011	2010 (2)			2009
					_						
\$	1,328,997	\$	728,828	\$	760,855	\$	747,531	\$	708,352	\$	717,696
	74,984		60,921		101,071		169,629		206,090		178,057
	371,359		690,941		816,136		781,124		864,398		917,389
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	12,666,818		10,881,913		12,112,072		19,941,094		18,469,879		17,762,109
									316,140		66,437
	14,442,158		12,362,603		13,790,134		21,639,378		20,564,859		19,641,688
\$	(73,117,054)	\$	(70,946,870)	\$	(71,532,091)	\$	(70,082,686)	\$	(68,221,469)	\$	(68,332,262)
Ψ	(73,117,031)	Ψ	(70,710,070)	Ψ	(71,552,651)	Ψ	(70,002,000)	Ψ	(00,221,10)	Ψ	(00,332,202)
\$	30,753,332	\$	26,836,512	\$	27,947,132	\$	28,460,928	\$	15,443,139	\$	16,749,487
	3,317,360		2,907,788		3,816,214		3,477,334		3,404,818		3,862,804
	-		-		-		-		13,390,494		14,565,287
	167,982		132,316		113,113		-		-		-
	226,369		303,813		552,566		280,612		517,839		-
	40,073,523		37,215,406		35,874,604		32,733,997		33,774,716		33,102,516
	_		_		_		_		_		_
	1,166		1,923		9,601		28,936		26,337		228,509
	417,338		117,880		465,234		37,225		10,484		23,272
	74,957,070		67,515,638		68,778,464		65,019,032		66,567,827		68,531,875
\$	1,840,016	\$	(3,431,232)	\$	(2,753,627)	\$	(5,063,654)	\$	(1,653,642)	\$	199,613

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) SCHEDULE 3

	2018		 2017		2016	 2015	
General Fund:							
Nonspendable	\$	72,529	\$ 80,022	\$	-	\$ -	
Restricted		-	-		-	-	
Assigned		2,380,537	807,257		389,829	480,211	
Unassigned (deficit)		14,315,435	13,770,208		8,794,259	(1,204,805)	
Reserved		-	-		-	-	
Unreserved (deficit)	-		 	-		 	
Total general fund	\$	16,768,501	\$ 14,657,487	\$	9,184,088	\$ (724,594)	
All Other Governmental Funds:							
Nonspendable	\$	10,285	\$ 12,187	\$	-	\$ 93,564	
Restricted		19,288,470	39,450,727		58,695,362	53,563,718	
Committed		504,601	478,358		293,040	216,852	
Unassigned (deficit)		(233,544)	(78,942)		(31,238)	(24,845)	
Reserved		-	-		-	-	
Unreserved (deficit), reported in:							
Special revenue funds		-	-		-	-	
Capital projects funds		-	-		-	-	
Debt service funds			 			 	
Total all other governmental funds	\$	19,569,812	\$ 39,862,330	\$	58,957,164	\$ 53,849,289	
Total governmental funds	\$	36,338,313	\$ 54,519,817	\$	68,141,252	\$ 53,124,695	

Source: School District financial records.

(1) Amounts have been reclassified to conform to 2011's presentation.

Note: The School District implemented GASB 54 in fiscal year 2011.

 2014		2013		2012		2011		2010 (1)	2009	
\$ 24,610 65,935 (1,114,077)	\$	24,610 386,691 (3,932,766)	\$	24,610 306,347 (4,483,802)	\$	186,444 739,638 (3,717,700)	\$	1,305,189 2,589,792	\$	1,392,826 (1,245,433)
\$ (1,023,532)	\$	(3,521,465)	\$	(4,152,845)	\$	(2,791,618)	\$	3,894,981	\$	147,393
\$ 97,652 2,135,729 29,970 (112,278)	\$	48,607 2,212,418 8,463 (245)	\$	29,397 3,253,825 8,111 (25,155)	\$	41,988 4,631,246 51,081 (20,782)	\$	- - - 1,457,598 (469,675)	\$	2,351,469 3,774,571
 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		2,186,547 (907,311)		2,352,696 (1,265,409)
\$ 2,151,073	\$	2,269,243	\$	3,266,178	\$	4,703,533	\$	2,267,159	\$	7,213,327
\$ 1,127,541	\$	(1,252,222)	\$	(886,667)	\$	1,911,915	\$	6,162,140	\$	7,360,720

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) SCHEDULE 4

	 2018	 2017	 2016	2015
Revenues				
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 33,550,397	\$ 28,927,911	\$ 37,002,240	\$ 27,872,515
Payment in lieu of taxes	683,589	666,839	886,632	431,267
Tuition and fees	1,087,728	1,022,553	769,292	1,032,757
Transportation fees Earnings on investments	600 629,440	7,707 457,155	463,164	157,998
Charges for services	146,632	160,457	166,004	296,116
Extracurricular	220,375	225,693	243,929	243,266
Classroom materials and fees	42,048	43,426	43,605	243,200
Rental income	48,484	24,401	56,871	30,478
Contributions and donations	405,375	326,547	391,749	367,448
Contract services	78,522	71,536	97,832	-
Other local revenues	369,535	123,796	147,764	333,563
Intergovernmental	 69,187,640	 84,822,828	 64,399,778	 56,808,384
Total revenues	 106,450,365	 116,880,849	 104,668,860	 87,573,792
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	52,713,757	47,102,572	47,528,539	47,816,401
Support services:	4 800 530	4 227 600	2 044 122	2 977 467
Pupil Instructional staff	4,899,530	4,237,609	3,944,123	3,877,467
Board of education	3,222,634	2,764,612	2,877,401	2,019,362
Administration	53,264 4,522,993	70,196 4,340,891	58,127 3,949,199	59,556 4,278,161
Fiscal	1,288,837	1,558,948	1,460,099	1,662,170
Business	282,184	272,019	245,965	189,919
Operations and maintenance	7,249,962	6,324,072	6,000,716	6,371,641
Pupil transportation	5,113,558	4,301,151	4,049,294	3,926,956
Central	1,170,187	1,166,324	992,204	1,665,992
Operation of non-instructional services	4,541,623	4,765,732	4,627,836	4,754,045
Extracurricular activities	1,058,361	1,001,261	838,178	928,706
Capital outlay	31,759,935	45,880,282	4,716,122	2,216,640
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	2,534,515	2,428,067	3,338,619	3,273,410
Interest and fiscal charges	4,263,524	4,330,759	5,032,301	3,986,977
Bond issuance costs	<u>-</u>	 -	 243,537	
Total expenditures	 124,674,864	130,544,495	 89,902,260	87,027,403
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(18,224,499)	(13,663,646)	14,766,600	546,389
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1.246.201	1 204 470	1.070.247	606 570
Transfers in Transfers (out)	1,246,291 (1,246,291)	1,204,479 (1,204,479)	1,079,247 (1,079,247)	626,572
Sale of capital assets	42,995	42,211	6,419	(626,572) 340,087
Capital lease transaction	42,993	42,211	0,419	340,067
Issuance of long term debt	_	_	_	46,600,000
Payments to refunding bond escrow agent	_	_	(26,510,643)	-
Premium on the sale of refunding bonds	_	_	1,269,181	4,510,678
Insurance proceeds	-	-	· · ·	-
Issuance of bonds	 	 	 25,485,000	 <u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	 42,995	42,211	 249,957	 51,450,765
Net change in fund balances	\$ (18,181,504)	\$ (13,621,435)	\$ 15,016,557	\$ 51,997,154
Capital expenditures	\$ 31,538,729	\$ 45,731,277	\$ 6,394,237	\$ 3,316,732
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	7.30%	7.97%	10.02%	8.67%
Source: School District financial records.				

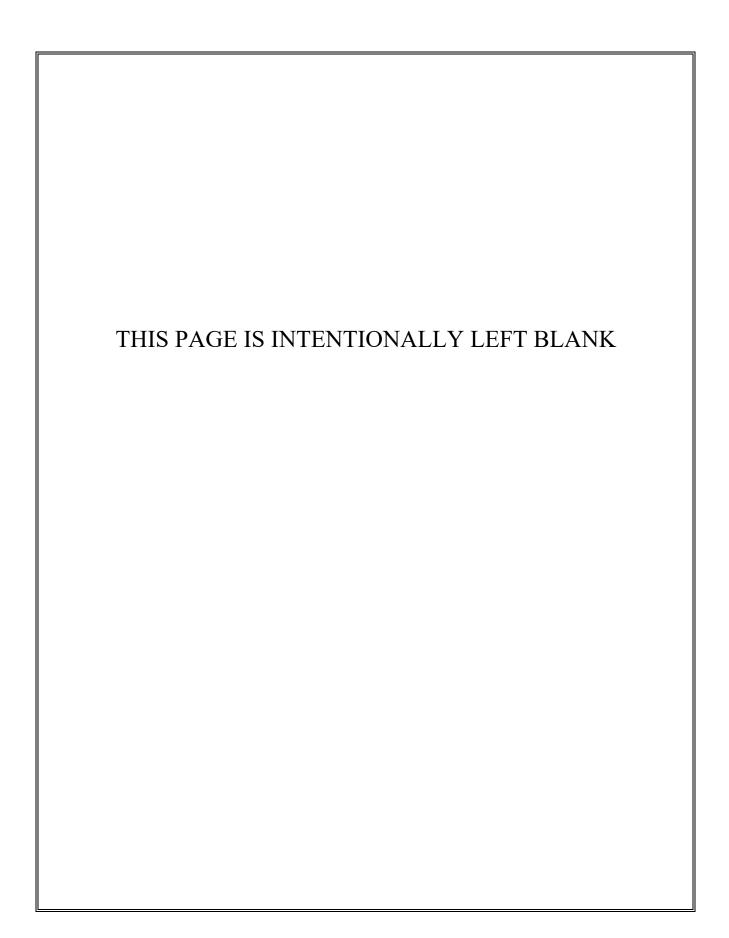
	2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009
	24.204.011	•	21.261.754	Φ.	21 241 222	Φ.	20.024.554	•	21 001 022		24 605 240
\$	34,294,811	\$	31,261,754	\$	31,341,229	\$	30,834,774	\$	31,981,033	\$	34,695,348
	497,553		444,506		148,212		279,392		511,536		493,420
	1,126,473		566,267		724,610		525,839		516,322		
	1,166		1,923		9,601		65,664 29,126		144,614 31,260		97,048 223,963
	349,214		651,126		588,504		561,722		614,698		667,441
	257,306		233,516		341,328		320,910		308,493		280,515
	237,300		233,310		341,326		138,801		109,042		142,369
	33,633		22,675		10,458		130,001		109,042		142,309
	262,615		46,956		110,623						
	202,015	40,930			110,025		_		_		_
	223,265		123,851		477,276		200,672		200,899		204,393
	50,921,081		48,067,339		48,553,938		51,866,741		53,233,060		51,642,603
			,,		,		2 -,0 0 0,1 1 -				2 2,0 12,000
	87,967,117		81,419,913		82,305,779		84,823,641		87,650,957		88,447,100
	49,279,372		48,133,204		47,192,759		48,974,881		47,816,574		45,381,711
	4,424,408		4,379,076		4,695,154		5,502,709		4,825,255		4,454,170
	3,417,238		3,832,870		4,964,134		5,182,361		5,827,474		5,809,655
	66,159		43,835		56,405		51,456		101,002		39,105
	4,656,085		4,456,818		4,517,281		5,327,370		5,809,833		5,702,554 1,329,362
	784,141		689,018		717,447		654,400	1,417,411			
	209,442		253,527	427,734 5,454,243		444,542 6 239 542		485,305 6 735 701		456,107	
	7,925,541		5,684,561				6,239,542		6,735,701		8,125,211
	3,905,361		3,689,610		3,629,508		3,527,369		3,472,888		3,379,531
	3,459,367		1,257,761		3,853,759		3,782,437		1,954,306		2,221,285
	4,754,840		4,518,730		4,382,701		3,834,439		3,583,679		3,756,691
	924,948		883,030		1,017,934		1,008,812		977,802		1,014,207
	433,676		8,723		397,027		2,050,587		510,385		1,684,649
	1,177,325		1,033,416		927,375		880,261		2,357,860		2,229,778
	2,865,082		2,921,769		2,881,709		3,007,587		3,036,523		3,167,536
								-			
	88,282,985		81,785,948		85,115,170		90,468,753		88,911,998		88,751,552
	(315,868)		(366,035)		(2,809,391)		(5,645,112)		(1,261,041)		(304,452)
	610,354		604,934		620,080		692,375		699,567		1,932
	(610,354)		(604,934)		(620,080)		(692,375)		(699,567)		(1,932)
	2,358		480		10,810		46,120		62,461		913
	248,273		_		-		1,348,767		-		478,000
	2,445,000		_		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -		- -		<u>-</u>		438,257
·	2,695,631		480	·	10,810		1,394,887	·	62,461	·	917,170
\$	2,379,763	\$	(365,555)	\$	(2,798,581)	\$	(4,250,225)	\$	(1,198,580)	\$	612,718
\$	1,526,035	\$	258,984	\$	1,442,769	\$	1,787,485	\$	485,751	\$	1,731,427
	4.66%		4.85%		4.55%		4.38%		6.10%		6.20%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS SCHEDULE 5

			Public				
	Real Property	Util	lities Personal	Total	Total	Total	
Tax	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed	Estimated	Direct	
Year	Value		Value	Value	Actual Value	Rate	Ratio
2017	\$ 641,556,630	\$	61,948,170	\$ 703,504,800	\$2,081,375,148	\$54.15	33.80%
2016	604,441,470		58,917,790	663,359,260	1,962,601,361	54.40	33.80%
2015	603,512,220		57,446,810	660,959,030	1,955,500,089	54.54	33.80%
2014	603,212,590		56,477,890	659,690,480	1,884,829,943	54.51	35.00%
2013	657,709,970		54,597,780	712,307,750	2,035,165,000	48.95	35.00%
2012	665,572,990		50,710,520	716,283,510	2,046,524,314	47.16	35.00%
2011	673,961,050		51,549,940	725,510,990	2,072,888,543	47.16	35.00%
2010	739,511,220		50,482,380	789,993,600	2,337,259,172	46.99	33.80%
2009	750,828,210		40,785,100	791,613,310	2,342,051,213	47.00	33.80%
2008	799,643,380		38,837,820	838,481,200	2,480,713,609	45.75	33.80%

Source: State of Ohio Department of Taxation tax year 2008 and forward: note that these values are a combination of Butler County and Warren County.

Note: The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates generated the property tax revenue to be received in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by 10 percent, 2 1/2 percent and homestead exemption exemptions before being billed.



DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS SCHEDULE 6

			Overlapping Rates							
		Voted								
Calendar Year	General	Emergency	Bond	manent ovement	Unvoted	Total		ounty		arren ounty
2017	\$39.73	\$ -	\$9.00	\$ 0.50	\$ 4.92	\$54.15	\$	9.72	\$	6.28
2016	40.73	-	8.25	0.50	4.92	54.40		9.72		7.78
2015	40.87	-	8.25	0.50	4.92	54.54		9.72		7.78
2014	18.27	22.83	8.25	-	5.16	54.51		9.72		7.78
2013	18.27	20.77	4.75	-	5.16	48.95		9.72		7.78
2012	18.27	18.98	4.75	-	5.16	47.16		9.72		7.78
2011	18.27	18.98	4.75	-	5.16	47.16		9.72		7.78
2010	18.27	18.81	4.99	-	4.92	46.99		9.72		5.78
2009	18.27	18.89	4.92	-	4.92	47.00		9.75		5.78
2008	18.27	17.82	4.74	-	4.92	45.75		9.75		5.21

Source: County Auditor

Note: Rates may only be raised by obtaining the approval of the voters at a public election.

(1) - Includes Franklin Township, Franklin Township - Joint Medical Services, Warren-Clinton Community Mental Health and Health Levy.

(2) - Includes Turtlecreek Township and the Turtlecreek Township - Warren-Clinton Community Mental Health Levy.

N/A - Information not available.

Overlapping Rates

								utler County nt Vocational School	Metroparks		Midpointe Library		Total Overlapping Rates		Total Overlapping and Direct Rates	
\$	3.87	\$	9.12	\$	6.90	\$ 1.93	\$	0.70	\$	0.75	\$	39.27	\$	93.42		
	3.87		9.12		6.90	1.93		0.50		0.75		40.57		94.97		
	3.87		9.12		6.90	1.93		0.50		0.75		40.57		95.11		
	3.87		9.12		6.90	1.93		0.50		0.75		40.57		95.08		
	3.87		9.12		6.72	1.93		0.50		0.75		40.39		89.34		
	3.87		9.12		5.90	1.93		N/A		N/A		38.32		85.48		
	3.87		9.12		5.90	1.93		N/A		N/A		38.32		85.48		
	3.87		0.61		5.90	1.93		N/A		N/A		27.81		74.80		
	4.00		1.61		5.90	1.93		N/A		N/A		28.97		75.97		
	7.17		1.61		5.90	1.93		N/A		N/A		31.57		77.32		

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (1) SCHEDULE 7

	Taxes Levied	Collected w Calendar Year		Collections	Total Collecti	ons to Date	Outstanding	Percentage Outstanding	
Calendar Year	for the Calendar Year (1)	Amount (2)	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Delinquent Taxes (3)	Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levied	
2017	\$ 36,787,345	\$ 34,938,752	94.97%	\$ 1,770,703	\$ 36,709,455	99.79%	\$4,003,024	10.88%	
2016	36,050,347	30,546,560	84.73%	1,676,407	32,222,967	89.38%	4,683,274	12.99%	
2015	35,954,046	30,512,832	84.87%	1,749,741	32,262,573	89.73%	4,291,273	11.94%	
2014	35,954,046	29,625,371	82.40%	1,667,238	31,292,609	87.04%	4,125,765	11.48%	
2013	31,531,399	29,625,371	93.96%	2,033,122	31,658,493	100.40%	3,898,991	12.37%	
2012	30,713,002	28,911,321	94.13%	2,421,728	31,333,049	102.02%	4,619,013	15.04%	
2011	32,633,101	31,682,293	97.09%	1,736,442	33,418,735	102.41%	5,357,474	16.42%	
2010	32,511,295	31,267,882	96.18%	918,290	32,186,172	99.00%	4,852,706	14.93%	
2009	35,638,317	30,469,584	85.50%	2,134,606	32,604,190	91.49%	4,202,583	11.79%	
2008	38,249,797	32,358,689	84.60%	2,393,834	34,752,523	90.86%	3,893,720	10.18%	

Source: Butler County Auditor's Office

- (1) Taxes levied and collected are presented on a cash basis.
- (2) State reimbursements of rollback and homestead exemptions are included.
- (3) Penalties and interest are included since by Ohio law they become part of the tax obligation as assessment occurs.

Note: The District understands that the information presented in the "collection from subsequent years" is not presented as required; however, this is how the information is supplied by the respective County Auditor. The amount in this column will sometimes result in the percentage of levy exceeding 100% for the respective calendar year.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT CALENDAR YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO SCHEDULE 8

		 2017	<u>'</u>
Taxpayer		Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
Duke Energy Ohio Inc.	1	\$ 47,055,090	6.69%
AK Steel Corp.	2	9,976,560	1.42%
AJB Realty	3	4,100,100	0.58%
Rockies Express Pipeline, LLC	4	4,060,930	0.58%
Boymel Family, LLC	5	3,955,660	0.56%
Faith-Village East Apartments	6	3,884,690	0.55%
Texas Eastern Transmission Corp.	7	3,558,880	0.51%
Middletown Coke Company, LLC	8	3,149,200	0.45%
Dynegy Dicks Creek, LLC	9	2,935,080	0.42%
CTR Partnership, LP	10	2,904,620	0.41%
		\$ 85,580,810	12.16%

		 2008	<u> </u>
Taxpayer	_	 Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
Cincinnati Gas and Electric	1	\$ 33,348,310	3.98%
AK Steel Corp.	2	15,095,550	1.80%
Ohio Bell Telephone	3	5,836,540	0.70%
Precision Strip Inc.	4	4,166,220	0.50%
Southwestern Ohio Steel	5	4,061,950	0.48%
Boymel Sam	6	3,567,860	0.43%
Bavarian Woods Apts.	7	2,955,990	0.35%
Chake-Chak LLC	8	2,033,000	0.24%
Texas Eastern Transmission	9	1,886,190	0.22%
Bay West Paper Corp	10	 1,817,680	0.22%
Total		\$ 74,769,290	8.92%

Source: Butler County Auditor's Office

OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SCHEDULE 9

	Governmental Activities (a)										Ratio of	
Fiscal Year	Construction Bond		Refunding Bonds		Long-Term Capital Notes		Capital Leases		Total Primary Government		Total Debt to Estimated Actual Value (d)	
2018	\$	47,130,288	\$	53,708,314	\$	912,616	\$	26,544	\$	101,777,762	4.89%	
2017		47,932,955		54,991,657		1,080,229		78,446		104,083,287	5.30%	
2016		48,825,622		56,139,983		1,372,934		128,808		106,467,347	5.44%	
2015		50,423,289		56,623,125		3,192,685		177,676		110,416,775	5.86%	
2014		1,680,000		56,864,375		3,407,487		911,284		62,863,146	3.09%	
2013		2,325,000		57,095,625		1,127,569		1,005,254		61,553,448	3.01%	
2012		2,930,000		57,258,498		1,288,149		1,258,090		62,734,737	3.03%	
2011		3,285,000		53,340,000		1,444,436		1,629,178		59,698,614	2.55%	
2010		3,610,000		53,380,000		1,596,629		643,479		59,230,108	2.53%	
2009		3,910,000		54,740,000		1,744,916		1,193,052		61,587,968	2.48%	

Source: School District financial records

⁽a) See notes to the financial statements regarding the District's outstanding debt information.

⁽b) See schedule "Demographic and Economic Statistic, Last Ten Years" for personal income, per capita, population and enrollment information.

⁽d) Assessed values are on a calendar year basis (i.e. fiscal year 2018 is calendar year 2017). See the table on page 145 for details on assessed values.

Percentage of Personal Income (b)	of Personal Per		Less: Bond Retirement Fund	Net Bond Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value (d)	Net General Bonded Debt Per Capita (b)	
10.03%	\$ 2,085	\$100,838,602	\$ 4,990,614	\$ 95,847,988	4.61%	\$ 1,964	
10.53%	2,135	102,924,612	4,344,381	98,580,231	5.02%	2,022	
10.80%	2,183	104,965,605	5,141,164	99,824,441	5.10%	2,047	
11.24%	2,271	107,046,414	5,446,025	101,600,389	5.39%	2,089	
6.40%	1,293	58,544,375	1,617,246	56,927,129	2.80%	1,171	
6.36%	1,266	59,420,625	1,332,329	58,088,296	2.84%	1,194	
6.54%	1,289	60,188,498	1,307,781	58,880,717	2.84%	1,210	
5.97%	1,226	56,625,000	725,144	55,899,856	2.39%	1,148	
5.88%	1,209	56,990,000	2,186,547	54,803,453	2.34%	1,118	
6.10%	1,198	58,650,000	2,352,696	56,297,304	2.27%	1,095	

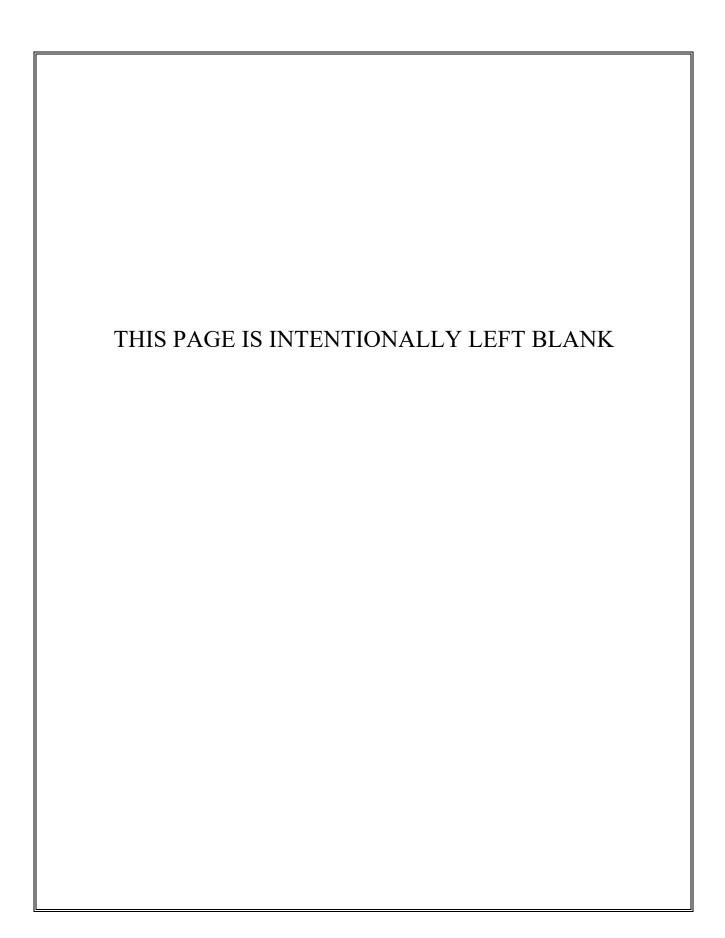
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2018 SCHEDULE 10

Governmental Unit	0	Debt outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Overlapping Debt:				
Butler County (2)	\$	40,637,000	8.81%	\$ 3,580,120
Warren County (2)		14,979,000	1.37%	205,212
City of Middletown (2)		21,085	91.88%	19,373
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt		55,637,085		3,804,705
District Direct Debt		101,777,762	100.00%	101,777,762
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt		157,414,847		105,582,467

Sources:

^{(1) -} Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the overlapping government located within the boundaries of the School District by the total assessed valuation of the government

^{(2) -} City of Middletown annual financial report for December 31, 2017.



LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SCHEDULE 11

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Assessed Valuation of District	\$ 703,504,800	\$ 663,359,260	\$ 660,959,030	\$ 659,690,480
Overall direct debt limit				
Direct debt limitation 9% of assessed valuation	63,315,432	59,702,333	59,486,313	59,372,143
Amount available in bond retirement fund	4,990,614	4,344,381	5,141,164	5,446,025
Gross indebtedness (2)	50,245,000	50,935,000	53,215,000	57,947,487
Legal margin within 9% limitation	\$ 18,061,046	\$ 13,111,714	\$ 11,412,477	\$ 6,870,681
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the limit	73.56%	79.53%	82.34%	89.40%
Unvoted direct debt limitation				
Unvoted debt limitation 0.1% of assessed valuation	\$ 703,505	\$ 663,359	\$ 660,959	\$ 659,690

Source: School District financial records

^{(1) -} Assessed values are on a calendar year basis (i.e. fiscal year 2018 is calendar year 2017)

^{(2) -} The general obligation bonds issued in fiscal year 2015 were a voted bond issue allowing the total outstanding balance to be excluded from the legal debt margin calcuation.

 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009
\$ 712,307,750	\$ 716,283,510	\$ 725,510,990	\$ 789,993,600	\$ 791,613,310	\$ 838,481,200
64,107,698	64,465,516	65,295,989	71,099,424	71,245,198	75,463,308
1,617,246	1,332,329	1,307,781	725,144	-	-
 59,253,771	 57,737,823	 62,734,737	 56,625,000	 59,290,000	 62,285,000
\$ 6,471,173	\$ 8,060,022	\$ 3,869,033	\$ 15,199,568	\$ 11,955,198	\$ 13,178,308
90.15%	87.75%	94.19%	78.84%	83.22%	82.54%
\$ 712,308	\$ 716,284	\$ 725,511	\$ 789,994	\$ 791,613	\$ 838,481

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS SCHEDULE 12

_	Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (Thousands of Dollars) (1)	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	Unemployment Rate (1)
	2017	48,813	\$ 1,014,627	\$ 20,786	3.7%
	2016	48,760	988,365	20,270	4.0%
	2015	48,760	985,476	20,345	4.3%
	2014	48,630	982,281	20,199	5.4%
	2013	48,630	982,281	20,199	7.8%
	2012	48,630	968,285	19,911	8.6%
	2011	48,660	959,385	19,716	10.1%
	2010	48,694	1,000,321	20,543	10.8%
	2009	49,000	1,006,607	20,543	11.2%
	2008	51,422	1,009,620	19,634	7.2%

Sources:

^{(1) -} Information is taken from the City of Middltown annual financial report as it encompasses 91% of the District and specific information related to the District is not available.

MAJOR EMPLOYERS CURRENT CALENDAR YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO SCHEDULE 13

2017

Number of Employees	Percentage of Total Employment
2.582	12.97%
1,817	9.13%
1,642	8.25%
833	4.19%
814	4.09%
795	3.99%
751	3.77%
731	3.67%
698	3.51%
648	3.26%
11,311	
19,900	
	2,582 1,817 1,642 833 814 795 751 731 698 648

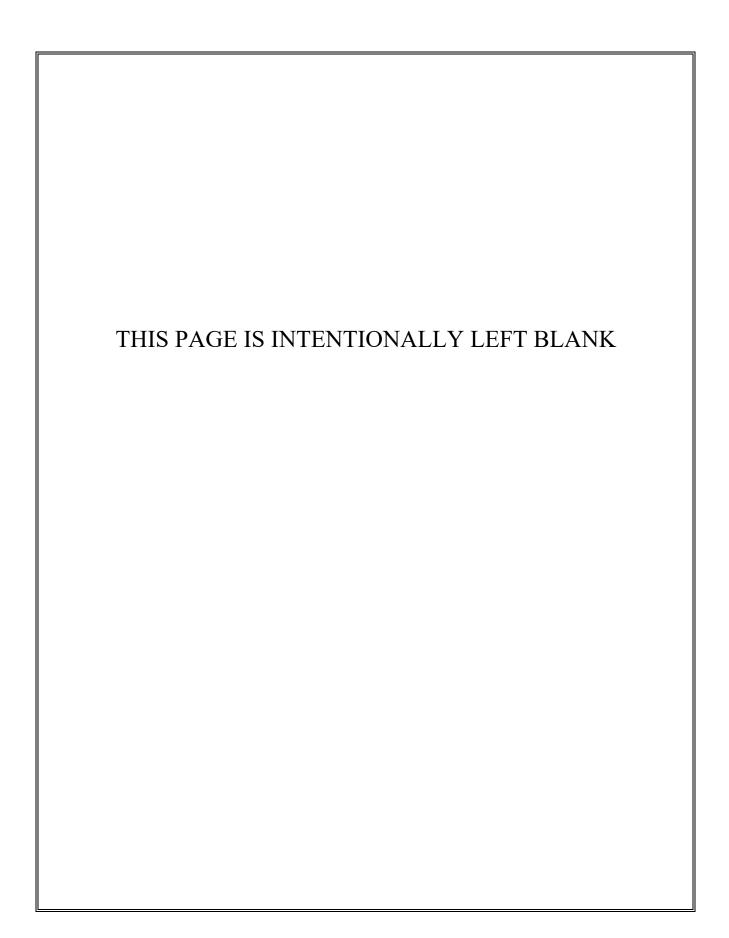
Employer	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total Employment
AK Steel	2,608	11.05%
CBS Personnel Services, LLC	2,219	9.40%
Atrium Medical Center	1,772	7.51%
Middletown City School District	1,274	5.40%
Graycor Industrial Construction	757	3.21%
Miami University	544	2.31%
McGraw/Kokosing	617	2.61%
CM Temporary Services, Inc.	611	2.59%
Garden Manor Extended Care	583	2.47%
Kroger Limited Partnership	566	2.40%
	11,551	
Total City Employment	23,600	

Source: City of Middletown annual financial report for December 31, 2017.

FULL TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SCHEDULE 14

Type	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Instruction										
Classroom teachers	311.58	315.65	306.00	351.00	367.00	368.00	324.29	342.49	380.05	401.00
Special education teachers and tutors	103.35	91.01	77.48	38.00	40.00	49.00	78.68	95.41	84.65	86.00
Educational aides	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	2.00	37.80	66.00	67.00
Special education aides and attendants	70.00	61.00	64.00	59.00	68.00	62.00	58.00	57.50	12.00	16.00
Total Instruction	484.93	467.66	447.48	448.00	476.00	480.00	462.97	533.20	542.70	570.00
Support Services										
Support personnel										
Librarians, nurses,										
counselors, visiting teachers	48.00	42.95	46.12	43.00	52.00	52.00	80.23	70.66	67.35	55.00
Principals	17.00	17.00	15.00	17.00	10.00	11.00	15.00	22.00	23.00	23.00
Central office administration	14.00	11.20	13.00	10.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	12.00	16.00	24.00
Secretaries and clerical	39.00	38.00	38.00	39.00	38.00	40.00	44.60	47.00	50.00	45.00
Transportation	37.00 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.81	43.81	47.00
Custodial	_	_	_	_	_	_	31.00	33.00	33.00	37.00
Maintenance and mechanics	_	_	_	_	_	_	7.00	16.00	16.00	8.00
Total Support Services	118.00	109.15	112.12	109.00	110.00	114.00	188.83	241.47	249.16	239.00
Total Support Scrvices	110.00	107.13	114.14	107.00	110.00	117.00	100.03	<u> </u>	277.10	237.00
Total	602.93	576.81	559.60	557.00	586.00	594.00	651.80	774.67	791.86	809.00

Source: School District records



OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SCHEDULE 15

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating penditures (1)	Cost per pupil (2)	Percent Change	Expenses (3)		ost per upil (4)
2018	6,537	\$ 86,116,890	13,174	8.66%	\$	59,714,260	\$ 9,135
2017	6,426	77,905,387	12,123	4.47%		83,771,965	13,036
2016	6,598	76,571,681	11,605	1.42%		81,378,374	12,334
2015	6,777	77,550,376	11,443	-10.66%		81,716,004	12,058
2014	6,543	83,806,902	12,809	6.25%		87,559,212	13,382
2013	6,534	78,766,846	12,055	-3.29%		83,029,498	12,707
2012	6,491	80,909,059	12,465	-6.87%		85,322,225	13,145
2011	6,540	87,537,905	13,385	2.08%		91,722,064	14,025
2010	6,601	86,554,138	13,112	6.80%		88,786,328	13,450
2009	6,750	82,876,238	12,278	8.19%		87,973,950	13,033

Source: School District records

- (1) Operating expenditure is total expenditures minus facilities acquisition and construction, capital outlay and debt service from schedule 4
- (2) Operating expenditure by enrollment
- (3) Expenses is total expenses from schedule 2
- (4) Expenses by enrollment
- (5) The District entered a new program for fiscal year 2014 where everyone is provided a free breakfast or lunch and the District receives a higher reimbursement rate.

Percent Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil/Teacher Ratio	of Free or Reduced Lunches (5)
-29.93%	485	13	100.00%
5.70%	454	14	100.00%
2.29%	432	15	100.00%
-9.90%	448	15	100.00%
5.31%	426	15	100.00%
-3.33%	490	13	72.10%
-6.28%	462	14	72.10%
4.27%	438	15	71.50%
3.20%	465	14	70.00%
7.06%	487	14	63.89%

SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SCHEDULE 16

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
School						
Elementary Schools						
Amanda Elementary (1961)						
Square feet	66,970	66,970	66,970	66,970	66,970	66,970
Capacity (students)	510	553	553	518	518	518
Enrollment	420	410	426	515	476	471
Percent of Capacity (3)	82%	74%	77%	99%	92%	91%
Site Acreage	17	17	17	17	17	17
New Central Academy Elementary (1966)						
Square feet	42,000	42,000	42,000	42,000	42,000	42,000
Capacity (students)	398	400	400	350	350	350
Enrollment	354	325	326	316	360	382
Percent of Capacity (3)	89%	81%	82%	90%	103%	109%
Site Acreage	7	7	7	7	7	7
New Creekview Elementary (2007)						
Square feet	59,970	59,970	59,970	59,970	59,970	59,970
Capacity (students)	567	525	525	503	503	503
Enrollment	482	461	458	575	453	470
Percent of Capacity (3)	85%	88%	87%	114%	90%	93%
Site Acreage	12	12	12	12	12	12
Highview Elementary (2007)						
Square feet	60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923
Capacity (students)	575	575	575	503	503	503
Enrollment	476	439	458	478	426	436
Percent of Capacity (3)	83%	76%	80%	95%	85%	87%
Site Acreage	5	5	5	5	5	5
Net Mayfield Elementary (2008)						
Square feet	60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923
Capacity (students)	624	575	575	503	503	503
Enrollment	486	531	518	552	505	475
Percent of Capacity (3)	78%	92%	90%	110%	100%	94%
Site Acreage	5	5	5	5	5	5

2012	2011	2010	2009	
66,970	66,970	66,970	66,970	
518	518	518	518	
490	396	410	411	
94%	76%	79%	79%	
17	17	17	17	
42,000	42,000	42,000	42,000	
350	350	350	350	
414	320	327	293	
118%	91%	93%	84%	
7	7	7	7	
59,970	59,970	59,970	59,970	
503	503	503	503	
423	449	425	455	
84%	89%	84%	90%	
12	12	12	12	
60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923	
503	503	503	503	
427	377	397	455	
84%	75%	79%	90%	
5	5	5	5	
60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923	
503	503	503	503	
469	445	452	376	
93%	88%	89%	75%	
5	5	5	5	

(Continued)

SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SCHEDULE 16

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
School						
Elementary Schools (continued)						
Miller Ridge Elementary (2008)						
Square feet	59,970	59,970	59,970	59,970	59,970	59,970
Capacity (students)	498	525	525	503	503	503
Enrollment	455	472	457	510	467	495
Percent of Capacity (3)	91%	90%	87%	101%	93%	98%
Site Acreage	37	37	37	37	37	37
Rosa Parks Elementary (2007)						
Square feet	60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923
Capacity (students)	651	575	575	503	503	503
Enrollment	578	590	555	772	699	595
Percent of Capacity (3)	89%	103%	97%	153%	139%	118%
Site Acreage	8	8	8	8	8	8
New Wildwood Elementary (1959) (4) (2008))					
Square feet	60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923
Capacity (students)	630	575	575	503	503	503
Enrollment	556	563	540	612	543	612
Percent of Capacity (3)	88%	98%	94%	122%	108%	122%
Site Acreage	4	4	4	4	4	4

2012	2011	2010	2009
_			
59,970	59,970	59,970	59,970
503	502	502	502
515	461	448	434
102%	92%	89%	86%
37	37	37	37
60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923
503	503	503	503
608	423	417	413
120%	84%	83%	82%
8	8	8	8
60,923	60,923	60,923	60,923
503	503	503	503
564	503	475	457
112%	100%	94%	91%
4	4	4	4

(Continued)

SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SCHEDULE 16

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
School						
Elementary Schools (continued)						
Middle Schools						
Steven Vail Middle (1923)						
Square feet	221,160	221,160	221,160	221,160	221,160	221,160
Capacity (students)	1,435	1,435	1,435	1,576	1,576	1,576
Enrollment	966	865	895	1,042	841	785
Percent of Capacity (3)	67%	60%	62%	66%	53%	50%
Site Acreage	3	3	3	3	3	3
George M. Verity Middle (1968)						
Square feet	(13)	(13)	(13)	81,589	81,589	81,589
Capacity (students)	(13)	(13)	(13)	653	653	653
Enrollment	(13)	(13)	(13)	-	-	-
Percent of Capacity (3)	(13)	(13)	(13)	0%	0%	0%
Site Acreage	(13)	(13)	(13)	39	39	39

_			
221,160	221,160	221,160	221,160
1,576	1,576	1,576	1,576
825	776	807	802
52%	49%	51%	51%
3	3	3	3
81,589	81,589	81,589	81,589
653	653	653	653
-	596	625	625
0%	91%	96%	96%
39	39	39	39

(Continued)

SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SCHEDULE 16

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
School						
High Schools	_					
Middletown High (1969)(2018)(14)						
Square feet	224,000	363,627	363,627	363,627	363,627	363,627
Capacity (students)	1,800	2,178	2,178	2,178	2,178	2,178
Enrollment	1,388	1,430	1,447	1,404	1,773	1,813
Percent of Capacity (3)	77%	66%	66%	64%	81%	83%
Site Acreage	8	8	8	8	8	8

Source: District records

- (2) Middletown City School District demolished Oneida Elementary
- (3) Enrollment divided by Capacity
- (4) Annexed 1993
- (5) Rosa Parks Elementary opened in fiscal year 2007
- (6) In 2008, due to construction, Wildwood students were housed at the Roosevelt building and Mayfield was housed at the old Creekview building. Original Roosevelt students have been dispersed amongst the District because the building is no longer in use after Wildwood students return after the Wildwood construction was completed.
- (7) Taft Elementary was being used for storage
- (8) Miller Ridge Elementary opened in fiscal year 2008
- (9) Rosedale Elementary was under renovation during fiscal year 2008, and was renamed New Central Academy
- (10) Roosevelt Elementary was unoccupied in 2009 awaiting demolition.
- (11) Demolished 2008
- (12) 2009 and forward houses Butler County Head Start
- (13) Sold building in 2015
- (14) High School Renovated in 2017-2018, Manchester toe down 2018

2012	2011	2010	2009
363,627	363,627	363,627	363,627
2,178	2,178	2,178	2,178
1,804	1,794	1,829	1,840
82%	82%	84%	84%
8	8	8	8

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MIDDLETOWN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

BUTLER COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 3, 2019