

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

CLARK TOWNSHIP CLINTON COUNTY Regular Audit For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017



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Board of Trustees Clark Township 8113 Farmers Rd New Vienna, OH 45159

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Clark Township, Clinton County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2018. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Clark Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

November 5, 2019



TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	3
Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	4
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2017	11
Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017	12
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	20
Schedule of Audit Findings	22
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	26





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

August 26, 2019

Clark Township Clinton County 8113 Farmers Road New Vienna, OH 45159

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of **Clark Township**, Clinton County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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Clark Township Clinton County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Township does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Clark Township, Clinton County as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 2.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 26, 2019, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Perry & Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Kerry Marocutes CAN'S A. C.

Marietta, Ohio

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	G	eneral	Special levenue	Deb Servi			apital ojects	Perm	nanent	(Me	Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts											
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	23,814	\$ 105,538	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	129,352
Charges for Services		- 18,737	33,193 116,106		-		-		-		33,193 134,843
Intergovernmental Earnings on Investments		789	206		-		_		-		995
Miscellaneous		2,573	1,950		_		_		_		4,523
Misocharicous	-	2,010	 1,000								7,020
Total Cash Receipts		45,913	 256,993						-		302,906
Cash Disbursements											
Current:											
General Government		26,500	75,737		-		-		-		102,237
Public Safety Public Works		440	115,838 35,456		-		-		-		115,838 35,896
Debt Service:		440	35,450		-		-		-		33,690
Principal Retirement		_	45,405		_		_		_		45,405
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_	7,853		-		_		_		7,853
g			 .,			-					.,,,,,
Total Cash Disbursements		26,940	 280,289						-		307,229
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		18,973	(23,296)		-		-		-		(4,323)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		89,725	 275,427		325		4,782		8,510		378,769
Fund Cash Balances, December 31											
Nonspendable		-	-		-		-		5,000		5,000
Restricted		-	252,131		325		4,782		3,510		260,748
Unassigned		108,698	 				-		-		108,698
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	108,698	\$ 252,131	\$	325	\$	4,782	\$	8,510	\$	374,446

Clinton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Clark Township, Clinton County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services.

Public Entity Risk Pools

The Township participates in a jointly governed organizations and a public entity risk pool. Notes 7 & 12 to the financial statements provide additional information for these entities. The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types.

Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund The gasoline tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund The motor vehicle license tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

Ambulance and EMS Service Fund This fund receives property tax money and charges for services used for Emergency Medical Services.

Debt Service Funds These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The Township had the following significant Debt Service Fund.

Ambulance Bonds Debt Service Fund This fund receives property tax revenue used to service the debt for the Township's Emergency Vehicle Bonds.

Clinton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Project Funds These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Township had the following significant Capital Project Fund:

Issue II Fund The township received a grant from the state for capital improvements. The proceeds are restricted for capital improvement.

Permanent Funds These funds account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs (for the benefit of the government or its citizenry). The Township had the following significant Permanent Fund:

Cemetery Endowment Fund This fund receives interest earned on the nonexpendable corpus. These earnings are used for the general maintenance and upkeep of the Township cemetery.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

Estimated Revenues Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2018 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

Clinton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Township invests all available funds in an interest-bearing checking account or a certificate of deposit.

Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The Board can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Board amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by the Board or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Clinton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 3 - Compliance

Contrary to Ohio law, budgetary expenditures exceeded appropriation authority in the EMS Dept-Special Levy B Fund by \$29,373 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36(A)(4) the Township did not obtain an amended certificate of estimated resources when actual resources available were known to be less than estimated resources and the deficiency resulted in appropriations exceeding actual resources available in the Capital Project Fund during 2018.

Note 4 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2018 follows:

2018 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts										
	Budgeted			Actual						
Fund Type	R	Receipts Receipts		Receipts		Receipts		Receipts		/ariance
General	\$	51,300	\$	45,913	\$	(5,387)				
Special Revenue		424,800		256,993		(167,807)				
Capital Projects		283,000		-		(283,000)				
Total	\$	759,100	\$	302,906	\$	(456,194)				
2018 Budgeted vs. Actual Budg			Basi	s Expenditu	ires					
	App	oropriation	Вι	udgetary		_				
Fund Type	A	Authority Expenditures		\	/ariance					
General	\$	50,800	\$	27,290	\$	23,510				
Special Revenue		447,505		282,115		165,390				
Capital Projects		283,000				283,000				
Total	\$	781,305	\$	309,405	\$	471,900				

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2018
Demand deposits	\$ 367,446
Certificates of deposit	 7,000
Total deposits and investments	\$ 374,446

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Clinton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 6 - Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

Note 7 - Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Township's policy. The pool covers the following risks:

- -General liability and casualty
- -Public official's liability
- -Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- -Vehicles
- -Property
- -Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

	2018
Assets	\$33,097,416
Liabilities	7,874,610
Net Position	\$25,222,806

The Township participates in the Managed Care Organization (MCO) for worker's compensation. Each year the participants pay an enrollment fee to the program to cover the costs of administering the program.

Clinton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Township's employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2018.

Social Security

Several Township's employees contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Township contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2018.

Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2018. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2018.

Note 10 - Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Principal		Interest Rate
Fire Truck Acquisition Bonds 2011	\$	55,900	4.25%
Ambulance Acquisition Bonds 2013		103,700	3.5%
Truck Note 2014		9,868	2.71%
Total	\$	169,468	

In 2011, the Township issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$162,000 to finance the purchase of a new fire truck for the Township fire protection which is repaid with the Fire and Rescue, Ambulance and EMS Service Funds. In 2013, the Township issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$191,000 to finance the purchase of a new ambulance for emergency medical services which is repaid with the Fire and Rescue, Ambulance and EMS Service Funds. The Township's taxing authority collateralized the bonds. In 2014, the Township purchased a 2006 International truck for \$46,775 which is financed through US Bank which is repaid with the Gasoline Tax Fund.

Clinton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note 10 - Debt (Continued)

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	Fir	re Truck	An	nbulance		
Year Ending	Ac	quisition	Ac	equisition		
December 31:	Bor	Bonds 2011		Bonds 2013		uck Note
2019	\$	20,276	\$	22,930	\$	10,070
2020		20,215		23,054		-
2021		20,225		22,951		-
2022		-		22,926		-
2023		-		22,977		-
2024-2028		-		-		-
Total	\$	60,716	\$	114,838	\$	10,070

Note 11 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Note 12 - Jointly Governed Organizations

Trautwein Joint Township Cemetery – Dodson Township, Highland County and Clark and Jefferson Townships of Clinton County appoint a three-member Board of Trustees to direct cemetery operations. These entities also provide funding to meet the Cemetery's operating costs under the agreement which established the Cemetery. The Cemetery provides grounds maintenance, opening and closing of graves and the sale of graves. Dues from the three Townships are \$2,000 each for 2018.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Permanent	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts Property and Other Local Taxes Charges for Services Licenses, Permits and Fees	\$ 25,271 -	\$ 104,601 31,919	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 129,872 31,919
Intergovernmental Earnings on Investments	18,181 432	128,908 111	-	-	-	147,089 543
Miscellaneous	2,877	250				3,127
Total Cash Receipts	46,761	265,789			<u>-</u>	312,550
Cash Disbursements Current:						
General Government	26,122	77,730	_	_	_	103,852
Public Safety	20,122	78,890	_	_	_	78,890
Public Works	1,600	52,948	_	-	_	54,548
Health	2,000	-	=	=	=	2,000
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	=	43,748	-	=	=	43,748
Interest and Fiscal Charges		9,436				9,436
Total Cash Disbursements	29,722	262,752				292,474
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	17,039	3,037	-	-	-	20,076
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	72,686	272,390	325	4,782	8,510	358,693
Fund Cash Balances, December 31						
Nonspendable	-	- 075 407	-	4 700	5,000	5,000
Restricted Unassigned	89,725	275,427 	325	4,782	3,510	284,044 89,725
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 89,725	\$ 275,427	\$ 325	\$ 4,782	\$ 8,510	\$ 378,769

Clinton County

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

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The Township participates in a jointly governed organizations and a public entity risk pool and is associated with a related organization. Notes 7 & 12 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities. The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

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Clinton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Project Funds These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Township had the following significant Capital Project Fund:

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These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

Estimated Revenues Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2017 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

Clinton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Township invests all available funds in an interest-bearing checking account or a certificate of deposit.

Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The Board can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Board amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by the Board or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Clinton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Note 3 - Compliance

Contrary to Ohio law, budgetary expenditures exceeded appropriation authority in the Gasoline Tax fund by \$7,353 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36(A)(4) the Township did not obtain an amended certificate of estimated resources when actual resources available were known to be less than estimated resources and the deficiency resulted in appropriations exceeding actual resources available in the Capital Project Fund during 2017.

Note 4 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2017 follows:

2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts						
	Budgeted			Actual		_
Fund Type	R	Receipts Recei		eceipts	\	/ariance
General	\$	48,138	\$	46,761	\$	(1,377)
Special Revenue		407,821		265,789		(142,032)
Capital Projects		283,000		-		(283,000)
Total	\$	738,959	\$	312,550	\$	(426,409)
2017 Budgeted vs. A	l Budgetary	Basis	s Expenditu	res		
	App	propriation	В	udgetary		
Fund Type		Authority Expenditures		\	/ariance	
General	\$	42,660	\$	30,060	\$	12,600
Special Revenue		422,580		267,933		154,647
Capital Projects		283,000		-		283,000
Total	\$	748,240	\$	297,993	\$	450,247

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	 2017
Demand deposits	\$ 371,769
Certificates of deposit	 7,000
Total deposits and investments	\$ 378,769

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Clinton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Note 6 - Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

Note 7 - Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Coverage

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEED provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2017, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2017.

	2017
Assets	\$40,010,732
Liabilities	8,675,465
Net Position	\$31,335,267

Clinton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Note 7 - Risk Management (Continued)

At December 31, 2017 the liabilities above include approximately \$8.0 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$6.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,016 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2017. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2017, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$5,000.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

2017 Contributions to OTARMA			
\$	10,690		

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Township's employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2017.

Social Security

Several Township's employees contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Township contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2017.

Clinton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Note 9 - Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 1 percent during calendar year 2017.

Note 10 - Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Principal		Interest Rate	
Fire Truck Acquisition Bonds 2011	\$	73,000	4.25%	
Ambulance Acquisition Bonds 2013		122,400	3.5%	
Truck Note 2014		19,473	2.71%	
Total	\$	214,873		

In 2011, the Township issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$162,000 to finance the purchase of a new fire truck for the Township fire protection which is repaid with the Fire and Rescue, Ambulance and EMS Service Funds. In 2013, the Township issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$191,000 to finance the purchase of a new ambulance for emergency medical services which is repaid with the Fire and Rescue, Ambulance and EMS Service Funds. The Township's taxing authority collateralized the bonds. In 2014, the Township purchased a 2006 International truck for \$46,775 which is financed through US Bank which is repaid with the Gasoline Tax Fund.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	Fire Truck		Ambulance			
Year Ending	Acquisition		Ac	Acquisition		
December 31:	Во	Bond 2011		Bond 2013		uck Note
2018	\$	20,203	\$	22,984	\$	10,070
2019		20,276		22,930		10,070
2020		20,215		23,054		-
2021		20,225		22,951		-
2022		-		22,926		-
2023-2027		-		22,977		-
Total	\$	80,919	\$	137,822	\$	20,140

Note 11 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Clinton County

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Note 12 - Jointly Governed Organizations

Trautwein Joint Township Cemetery – Dodson Township, Highland County and Clark and Jefferson Townships of Clinton County appoint a three-member Board of Trustees to direct cemetery operations. These entities also provide funding to meet the Cemetery's operating costs under the agreement which established the Cemetery. The Cemetery provides grounds maintenance, opening and closing of graves and the sale of graves. Dues from the three Townships are \$1,500 each for 2017.





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749 Wheeling Ave., Suite 300 Cambridge, OH 43725 740.435.3417

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

August 26, 2019

Clark Township Clinton County 8113 Farmers Road New Vienna, OH 45159

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements by fund type of **Clark Township**, Clinton County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 26, 2019, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Clark Township Clinton County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2018-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings as items 2018-002 through 2018-004.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Perry and Associates

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Kerry & associates CAS A. C.

Marietta, Ohio

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2018-001

Material Weakness

Fund and Fund Balance Classifications

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, introduces five fund balance classifications and clarifies the existing governmental fund type definitions. The fund balance classifications relate to constraints placed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. The five classifications are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts.

Restricted Fund Balance – The restricted classification is used when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as though debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments (i.e. State Statutes); or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions (City Charter) or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residential classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Per GASB Codification 1300.108 Permanent Funds should be used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs – that is, for the benefit of the government of its citizenry.

Description	Adjustment	Reason
2018 Permanent Funds	\$5,000	To show the nonspendable
Nonspendable Fund Balance		portion of the Carr bequest.
2017 Permanent Funds	\$5,000	To show the nonspendable
Nonspendable Fund Balance		portion of the Carr bequest.

The accompanying financial statements have been adjusted to reflect these changes.

We recommend the Township review the GASB 54 statement and formally adopt the required fund balance policies. The policy should define whether the auditee considers restricted or unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available.

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2018-002

Noncompliance

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D) requires that no subdivision or taxing unit shall make any contract or give any order involving the expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required meeting any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance. Only the subdivision's fiscal officer need sign the certificate. Every contract made without such a certificate shall be void, and no warrant shall be issued in payment of any amount due thereon.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

- 1. "Then and Now" certificate If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the taxing authority can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The taxing authority has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution. Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the taxing authority.
- 2. Blanket Certificate Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The entity may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. Only one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any one line-item appropriation.

The Township did not properly certify the availability of funds prior to purchase commitment for 38% of the expenditures tested for 2018 and for 15% of the expenditures tested for 2017.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval.

To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Fiscal Officer certify that the funds are or will be available prior to an obligation being incurred by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2018-003

Noncompliance

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B), provides no subdivision shall make any expenditure of money unless it has been lawfully appropriated.

In 2018 expenditures exceeded appropriations in the EMS Dept-Special Levy B Fund and in 2017 expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Gasoline Tax Fund.

The budgeting process is an essential monitoring control that, when properly used, reduces the possibility of the Township encountering deficit spending.

The Fiscal Officer should not certify the availability of funds and should deny payment requests exceeding appropriations. The Fiscal Officer may request the Trustees to approve increased expenditure levels by increasing appropriations and amending estimated resources, if necessary.

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2018-004

Noncompliance

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36(A)(4) requires that when it is known that actual resources will be less than currently estimated resources, and the deficiency will reduce available resources below the current level of appropriation, an amended certificate of estimated resources should be obtained to reduce estimated resources available for appropriation. In addition, Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36(A)(5) limits appropriations to estimated resources, or any amendments thereof.

The following funds had estimated resources available that exceeded actual resources available, and the deficiency reduced available resources below the current level of appropriation contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36(A)(4) and Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36(A)(5):

	Ac	ctual				
Resources						
Year/Fund	<u>Ava</u>	<u>ilable</u>	<u>App</u>	<u>ropriations</u>	_	√ariance
2018						
Capital Project Fund	\$	4,782	\$	283,000	\$	(278,218)
2017						
Capital Project Fund	\$	4,782	\$	283,000	\$	(278,218)

We recommend that the Township implement procedures to ensure compliance with the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2016-001	Budgetary Controls	Not Corrected	Repeated as findings 2018-002 through 2018-004
2016-002	Fund and Fund Balance Classifications	Not Corrected	Repeated as finding 2018-001.





CLARK TOWNSHIP

CLINTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 19, 2019