CITY OF STEUBENVILLE JEFFERSON COUNTY, OHIO

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017



City Council City of Steubenville 115 South Third Street Steubenville, Ohio 43952

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Steubenville, Jefferson County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Steubenville is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

September 5, 2018



CITY OF STEUBENVILLE JEFFERSON COUNTY, OHIO

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGES</u>
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	1
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Required by Government Auditing Standards	2 - 3
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable	
to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance	
and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
required by Uniform Guidance	4 - 5
Schedule of Findings 2 CFR § 200.515	6



CITY OF STEUBENVILLE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE		CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH / ENTITY GRANT NUMBER	(A) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DI	EPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
(B) (B) (B)	Direct CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster: Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218 14.218 14.218	B-14-MC-39-0020 B-15-MC-39-0020 B-16-MC-39-0020	\$ 138,176 242,491 249,194
	Total CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster			629,861
	Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			629,861
U.S. DI	EPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
Passed	through the Ohio Department of Transportation:			
	Highway Planning and Construction Cluster: Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	90234 90235	776,514 273,031
	Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			1,049,545
	Total U.S. Department of Transportation			1,049,545
U.S. DI	EPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
	Direct Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response Grant	97.083	EMW-2013-FH-00057	50,103
	Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			50,103
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,729,509

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS:

- (A) This schedule includes the federal award activity of the City of Steubenville under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2017 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Steubenville, it is not intended to and does not represent the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of Steubenville.
- (B) The City has a revolving loan fund (RLF) program to provide low-interest loans to businesses to create jobs for low to moderate income persons. The federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants money for these loans to the City. The Schedule reports loans made and administrative costs as disbursements on the Schedule. Subsequent loans are subject to the same compliance requirements imposed by HUD as the initial loans. These loans are collateralized by a lien against the equipment of the borrower. Activity in the CDBG revolving loan fund during 2017 is as follows:

Beginning loans receivable balance as of January 1, 2017	\$	15,852
Loans Made		-
Loan principal repaid		(4,607)
	\$	11,245
Cash balance on hand in the revolving loan fund as of December 31, 2017:	\$	29,075
Administrative costs expended during 2017:	S	_

(C) CFR Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. The City has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.





Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

City of Steubenville Jefferson County 115 South Third Street Steubenville, Ohio 43952

To the Members of Council and Mayor:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Steubenville, Jefferson County, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Steubenville's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City of Steubenville's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City of Steubenville's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City of Steubenville's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Members of Council and Mayor City of Steubenville

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City of Steubenville's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City of Steubenville's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Steubenville's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

June 26, 2018



Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Required by *Uniform Guidance*

City of Steubenville Jefferson County 115 South Third Street Steubenville, Ohio 43952

To the Members of Council and Mayor:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Steubenville's compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the City of Steubenville's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2017. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the City of Steubenville's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The City of Steubenville's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the City of Steubenville's compliance for the City of Steubenville's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Steubenville's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the City of Steubenville's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Steubenville's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Steubenville complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Members of Council and Mayor City of Steubenville

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The City of Steubenville's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the City of Steubenville's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the City of Steubenville's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Steubenville as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Steubenville's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated June 26, 2018. We conducted our audit to opine on the City of Steubenville's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility and was derived from and relates to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

June 26, 2018

CITY OF STEUBENVILLE JEFFERSON COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS UNIFORM GUIDANCE 2 CFR § 200.515 DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS				
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified		
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR §.516(a)?	No		
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	Highway Planning and Construction Cluster		
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A:>\$750,000 Type B: all others		
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes		

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





Municipal Building

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017



PREPARED BY:

DAVID R. LEWIS, FINANCE DIRECTOR

115 SOUTH THIRD STREET STEUBENVILLE, OHIO 43952

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	INTRODUCTORY SECTION
	Letter of Transmittal
II.	FINANCIAL SECTION
	INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
	MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:
	Government-Wide Financial Statements:
	Statement of Net Position
	Fund Financial Statements:
	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
	Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis): General Fund
	Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds
	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds
	Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Fiduciary Funds
	Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

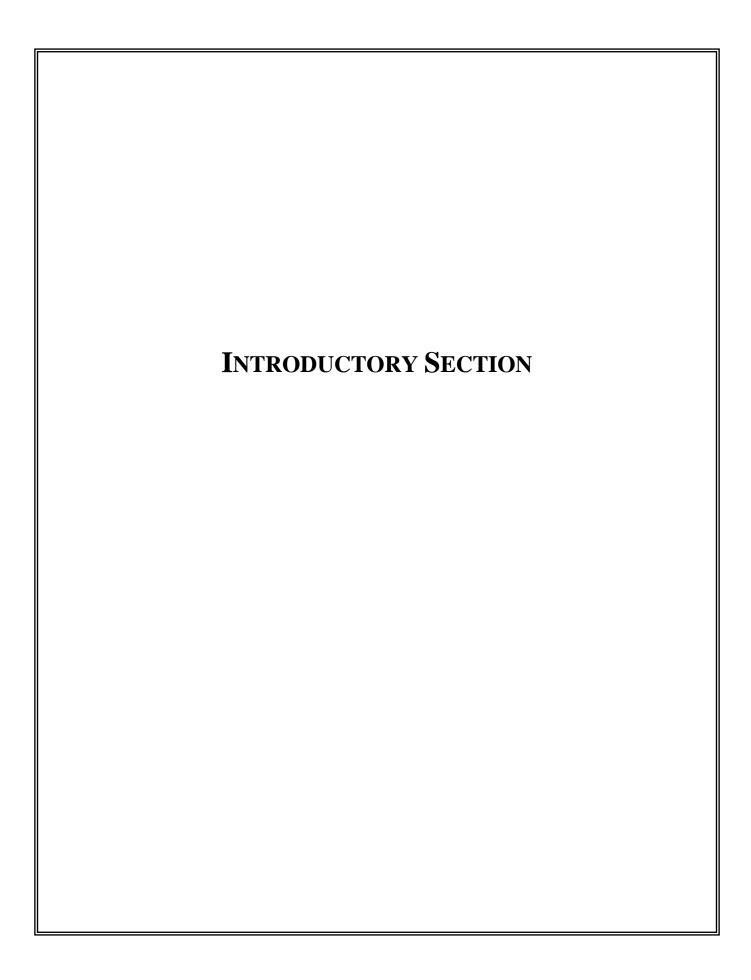
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Net Pension Asset:	
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) Ohio Police and Fire (OP&F) Pension Fund	9
Schedule of City Contributions:	
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) Ohio Police and Fire (OP&F) Pension Fund	96-9 98-9
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	10
COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES:	
Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules - Governmental Funds:	
Fund Descriptions - Governmental Funds	103-10
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund	108-11
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Unclaimed Monies Fund	11
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Safety Fund	11
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Reserve Fund	11
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) .7% City Income Tax - Street Improvement Fund	11
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	11
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	11
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	118-12
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	126-13
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
Street Maintenance and Repair Fund State Highway Improvement Fund Litter Fund Hotel/Motel Tax Fund Improvement Bond Escrow Fund Floto Historical Site Fund Indigent Drivers Fund Enforcement and Education Fund Law Enforcement Trust Fund	13 13 13 13 13 13 14
Court Security Fund	14 14

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES (CONTINUED):

	South End Economic Development Fund	143
	Property Maintenance Code Enforcement Fund	144
	Drug Dog Fund	145
	Summer Food Program Fund	146
	Special Assessments Fund	147
	Municipal Court Special Project Fund - Probation	148
	Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund	149
	Zoning and Planning Fund	150
	Police Education Trust Fund	151
	Special Projects Fund	152
	IDIAM Court Fund	153
	Court Community Correction Act Grant Fund	154
	Belleview Park Pool Fund	155
	Fiber Infrastructure Fund	156
	Food Fund	157
	EPSDT Fund	158
	Mears Relief Fund	159
	Swimming Pool Fund	160
	Route 7 Project Fund	161
	Community Development Fund	162
	CDP - Revolving Loan Fund	163
	CHIP Loan Fund	164
	Municipal Court Special Project Fund	165
	General Bond Retirement Fund	166
	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	168-169
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
	Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	170-171
	Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
	Capital Improvement Fund	172
	Municipal Court Improvement Fund	173
	.7% City Income Tax - Equipment Improvement Fund	174
	.7% City Income Tax - Recreation Improvement Fund	175
	Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules - Proprietary Funds:	
		1776
	Fund Descriptions - Proprietary Funds	176
	Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity -	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
	W. F. J	1.77
	Water Fund	177
	Sewer Fund	178
	Refuse Fund	179
	Health Assurance Fund	180
		101
	Fund Descriptions - Agency Funds	181
	Combining Statement of Changes in At 1	
	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and	102 102
	Liabilities - Agency Funds	182-183
ш	STATISTICAL SECTION	
111.	STATISTICAL SECTION	
	Table of Contents	185
	THOIC OF COROLLO	103
	Net Position by Component - Last Ten Years	186-187
	1.001 control of component Date 1011 1 card	100 107

STATISTICAL SECTION (CONTINUED):

Net Position Chart by Year - Last Ten Years	188
Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Years	190-193
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Years	194-195
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Years	196-197
General Fund Expenditures Chart by Department - Current Year	198
Enterprise Fund Expenses Chart by Department - Current Year	199
Assessed Valuation and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Years	200-201
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Years	202-203
Principal Property Taxpayers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago	204
Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Years	205
Income Tax Rate and Collections - Last Ten Years	206
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Years	208-209
Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Bonded Debt Per Capita - Last Ten Years	210
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt as of December 31, 2017	211
Water OWDA Pledged Revenue Coverage - Last Ten Years	212
Water Revenue Bond Pledged Revenue Coverage – Last Four Years	213
Sewer OWDA Pledged Revenue Coverage - Last Ten Years	214
Sewer Revenue Bond Pledged Revenue Coverage – Last Four Years	215
Computation of Legal Debt Margin - Last Ten Years	216-217
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years	218
Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago	219
Full Time Equivalent City Employees by Function/Program - Last Ten Years	220-221
Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Years	222-223
Capital Assets Statistics by Function - Last Ten Years	224-225





City of Steubenville Finance Office

115 South Third Street • Suite 106 • Steubenville, Ohio 43952 • Phone: 740.283.6000 ext. 1300

Fax: 740.283.6165 • Website: www.cityofsteubenville.us • Email: finance@cityofsteubenville.us

June 26, 2018

Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council And Citizens of Steubenville Steubenville, Ohio

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Steubenville, Ohio (City) is hereby presented. This CAFR represents the official report of the City of Steubenville's operations and financial position for the year ended December 31, 2017, and has been developed to accurately detail the status of the City finances to Steubenville residents and elected officials, investment banks and underwriters and all other interested parties. This report is presented in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments". It is intended to provide all pertinent and necessary information to the citizens of Steubenville.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data contained herein, for the completeness and fairness of the presentation and for all disclosure rests with the City's management. To the best of the City's knowledge, the financial and other data contained in this report fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the City. All necessary disclosures to enable the citizens and other readers to understand the City's financial activities are included in this report.

The City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to protect its assets from loss, theft or misuse. Furthermore, the accounting system must be adequate to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The City is required by State law to have an annual audit performed by the Auditor of State's Office or an independent public accounting firm, if permitted by the Auditor of State. Julian & Grube, Inc. performed the audit for the year ended December 31, 2017, and they have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion. The Independent Auditor's Report on the City's financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this report.

As a part of the City's independent audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's independent audit for the year ended December 31, 2017 provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

This transmittal letter is designed to provide historical information about the City, as well as compliment the required Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. The City's MD&A, which focuses on the government-wide statements, can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Community Profile

The City of Steubenville is located in east central Ohio along the west bank of the Ohio River. Founded in 1797, Steubenville operates under a council-manager form of government which was adopted by its voters in 1984. The City is governed by an elected Mayor and a seven member City Council. During its heyday of the 1940s, Steubenville was popularly known as "Little Chicago" due to its prolific industry and downtown bustle. The City is now known as the "City of Murals" because of over 25 murals located in and around the downtown area. Today, the City of Steubenville covers an area of approximately ten square miles and is the largest city in Jefferson County with a population of 18,072. The City is also the Jefferson County Seat.

The City is served by diversified transportation facilities. Approximately 20 motor freight carriers and local haulers serve the Jefferson County area. Railway service is provided by the Norfolk Southern Railway, the Wheeling Lake Erie Railway, and the Ohio Central Rail Corporation. Nationwide bus transportation service to the area is provided by Greyhound. Local bus service is provided by the Steel Valley Transit Authority. Airline services to the area are provided by the Jefferson County Airport and the Pittsburgh International Airport, which is approximately 22 miles east of the City. The City also has a port on the Ohio River.

The major highways in the City are State Route 7, which runs north-south through the City, and U.S. Route 22, which runs east-west and directly links the City with Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. The City is located within a day's drive of 60 percent of the U.S. population.

The City is served by a number of commercial banks and savings and loan associations with headquarters outside the City.

Primary education services are provided by the Steubenville City School District. The western portion of the City is served by the Indian Creek Local School District. Secondary and post-secondary educational services are provided by a number of public and private colleges and universities located within the City or within commuting distance. The Franciscan University of Steubenville and Eastern Gateway Community College are both located within the City. The University of Pittsburgh, Bethany College, West Liberty University, West Virginia Northern Community College, and Carnegie-Mellon University are all located within commuting distance of the City. The City is served by the Public Library of Steubenville and Jefferson County, which was named for and funded by industrialist Andrew Carnegie.

The City provides a full range of municipal services mandated by statute or charter, including police and fire protection, parks, recreation, street maintenance, planning, zoning and other general government services. In addition, water, sewer and refuse services are provided under the enterprise fund concept with user charges set to ensure adequate coverage of operating expenses and payments on outstanding debt.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Local Economy

Steubenville's local economy has evolved in recent years from a center of steel and coal production to one of education and healthcare. Today's local economy is supported to a large extent by the employment at The Franciscan University of Steubenville and Eastern Gateway Community College. Also, an abundance of nursing homes and healthcare facilities including Trinity Healthcare System employ many, and are one of the largest sources of local income tax revenue. These facilities provide a steady employment base and are a source of much of the building construction currently going on in the City.

A rather large number of local citizens work in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania and its suburbs. There is a base of small manufacturing and service sector jobs that don't exist as much in Steubenville. The City, through the local economic development group, "Jefferson County Port Authority," has been promoting increasing manufacturing jobs in the area. The success has been mixed so far, but the City is optimistic that improvement is coming.

The State of Ohio, Jefferson County, and the Tri-State Area has seen positive impacts from the natural gas and oil industry. With the majority of the activity within the eastern portion of Ohio, Jefferson County and Steubenville should continue to see an increase in economic development and employment.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The rise in the local unemployment rate over the past few years has caused some reason for concern regarding the City's long-term financial planning. Any significant unfavorable change in the unemployment rate usually leads to lower income tax collections. Fortunately, the City's income tax revenues have remained stable or have increased. However, in order to avoid any potential revenue shortfalls should income tax collections decline significantly; the City has taken a conservative approach with current spending. Budget restraints have been implemented in order to curb spending and help maintain a sufficient spending reserve as a hedge against future revenue shortfalls.

City Council is required to adopt a final budget no later than the close of the year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared at the legal level of budgetary control, which is by office, department, and division, and within each, appropriated for personal services level for all funds.

With the decrease in revenue from the State of Ohio, the City has had to make difficult decisions in regards to employee benefits and downsizing of staff. Any increase in income tax revenue from economic development will assist in offsetting the decrease in revenue received from the State.

Major Initiatives

The City recently completed a \$2 million roundabout project on Lovers Lane and Fort Steuben Drive. Work on the Sunset Boulevard and Lovers Lane intersection continued in 2017. Work continued on the Chestnut Alley Rehab project and the Wilshire Waterline projects. The 2017 Hot Mix project included resurfacing on parts of Portland Boulevard, Adams Street and West Adams Street. The 2017 CDBG Hot Mix project included resurfacing of parts of Logan Street, North Court Street and North Commercial Street. The City completed a water line replacement project on Aberdeen Road. The City also continued the process of making over \$4 million in improvements to the wastewater plant and wastewater operations.

The City has many recent, current, and upcoming projects to enhance the economic development within the City. Trinity Health Systems is starting an expansion project at a cost of \$75 million. Franciscan University is in the process of completing a major development on the former green strip property called Franciscan Square. The first building at Franciscan Square was an \$8.7 million Best Western Plus hotel, also called The Inn at Franciscan Square. Two other buildings were in the process of being constructed at Franciscan Square in 2017. One of the buildings opened in 2018. The new businesses that opened include Rubi's Pizza, Brooklyn Bagel and Nationwide Insurance. The other building is expected to open in 2019 and will include a Bennigan's restaurant and office space. Rural King recently completed a renovation to move into space previously occupied by K-Mart. Pilot J gas station also opened a new fuel center off State Route 7. A \$7 million convent on Lovers Lane was under construction and a \$600,000 improvement to a monastery on Belleview Boulevard also progressed in 2017. Harding Middle School added on a cafeteria and had an improvement to Harding Stadium under construction. A Breakfast Club restaurant was also under construction in Hollywood Plaza. The Kroger Grocery store in Hollywood Plaza also started a major renovation project which includes space for a new Starbucks Coffee. The Downtown Public Library started a \$2.8 million addition. Jefferson County has an upcoming \$3 million HVAC project at the tower building. River Rail continues to have expansion projects. Easter Gateway Community College also has a \$1.6 million addition project under construction. There are also two oil and gas wells being drilled on the west end of town.

The City has recently completed a new Comprehensive Plan and has begun the implementation phase. This plan is a guide to shape a better Steubenville and will act as a vision and business plan for growth and development for the next ten to twenty years. The following elements are the basis of the plan: improve the image of Steubenville, promote a healthier lifestyle in Steubenville, reinvest in first ring neighborhoods, celebrate Steubenville's history and culture, enhance community connectivity and mobility, leverage of Steubenville's natural resources and environmental qualities, and promote partnerships.

Use of this Report

The report is published to provide the City Council, as well as to our citizens and other interested persons, detailed information concerning the financial condition of the City, with particular emphasis placed on the utilization of resources during the past year. It is also intended that this report will serve as a guide in formulating policies and in conducting the City's future day-to-day activities.

We believe the information, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial activities of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

In today's bond market environment, it is increasingly important that public agencies prepare soundly conceived annual financial reports which are independently audited by a qualified firm or agency. It has become almost required practice that such reports be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and the major bond rating agencies review the data presented in such reports before determining a public agency's bond rating.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States of America and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Steubenville, Ohio for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended December 31, 2016. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of State and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Steubenville, Ohio has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last nine consecutive years (2008-2016). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and are submitting it to the GFOA.

The City was also presented the Ohio Auditor of State Award with Distinction for the year ended December 31, 2016. The award was presented for excellence in financial reporting on the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for year ended December 31, 2016. The City has received the Ohio Auditor of State Award with Distinction for the last three years. The Auditor of State's Office noted that the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) serves as the standard for clean, accountable government, representing the highest level of service to Ohioans.

In order to be awarded the Auditor of State Award with Distinction the City had to file the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) and timely financial reports in accordance with GAAP, as well as receive a "clean" audit report. The "clean" audit report means that the City's financial audit did not contain findings for recovery, material citations, material weaknesses, significant deficiencies, Single Audit findings or any questioned costs.

Acknowledgements

It is with great pride and pleasure that we submit this CAFR for review and wish to express appreciation to the members of City Council for supporting us in this endeavor and other members of the Finance Office who contributed time and effort in completing this project. We would also like to acknowledge our consultant, Julian & Grube, Inc., who provided us with expert technical assistance in all phases of preparing the report and the cooperation of the team from Julian & Grube, Inc., who conducted a thorough audit of our finances.

Sincerely,

David R. Lewis Finance Director

arrid R Lewis

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2017

Elected Officials

Mayor Domenick Mucci Jr.*

City Council:

Urban Project Director

Council-at-Large Kimberly Hahn 1st Ward Councilman Gerald DiLoreto Mike Johnson** 2nd Ward Councilman 3rd Ward Councilman **Eric Timmons** 4th Ward Councilman Scott Dressel 5th Ward Councilman William Paul 6th Ward Councilman Bob Villamagna Municpal Court Judge John J. Mascio

Appointed Officials

City Manager James Mavromatis
Law Director Costa Mastros
Finance Director David R. Lewis

Parks and Recreation Director Lori Fetherolf
Fire Chief Carlo Capaldi

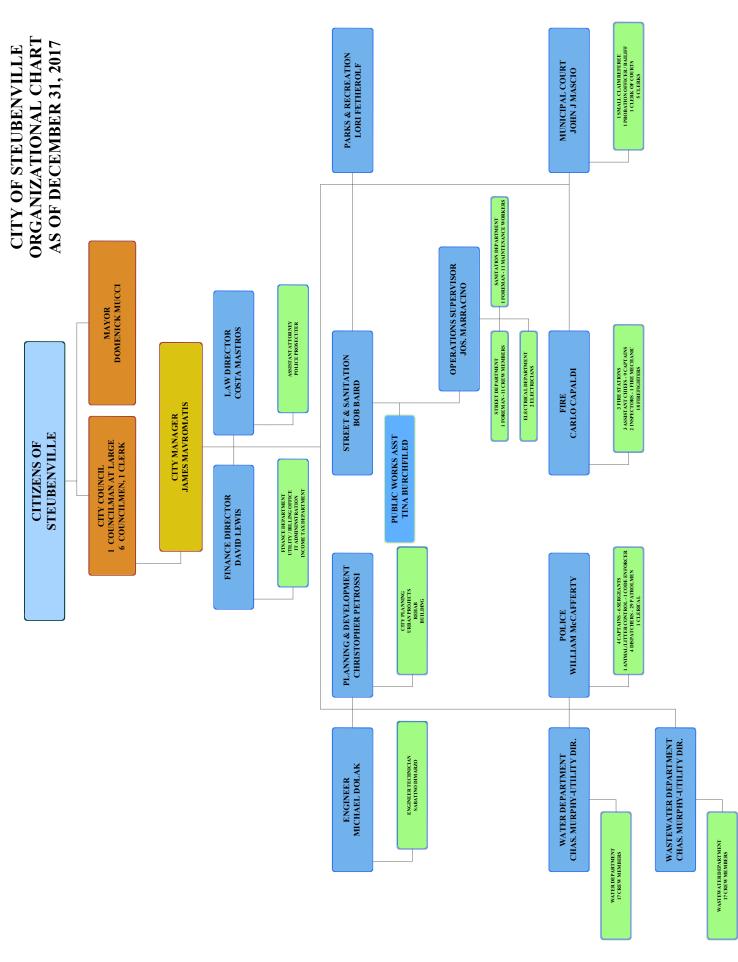
Police Chief William A. McCafferty

Christopher Petrossi

City Engineer Michael Dolak
Clerk of Council Karly Haley
Utility Director Charles Murphy
Street and Sanitation Superintendent Robert Baird

^{*} Effective 1/1/18 - Gerald Barilla was elected Mayor

^{**} Effective 1/1/18 - Craig Petrella was elected 2nd Ward Councilman





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

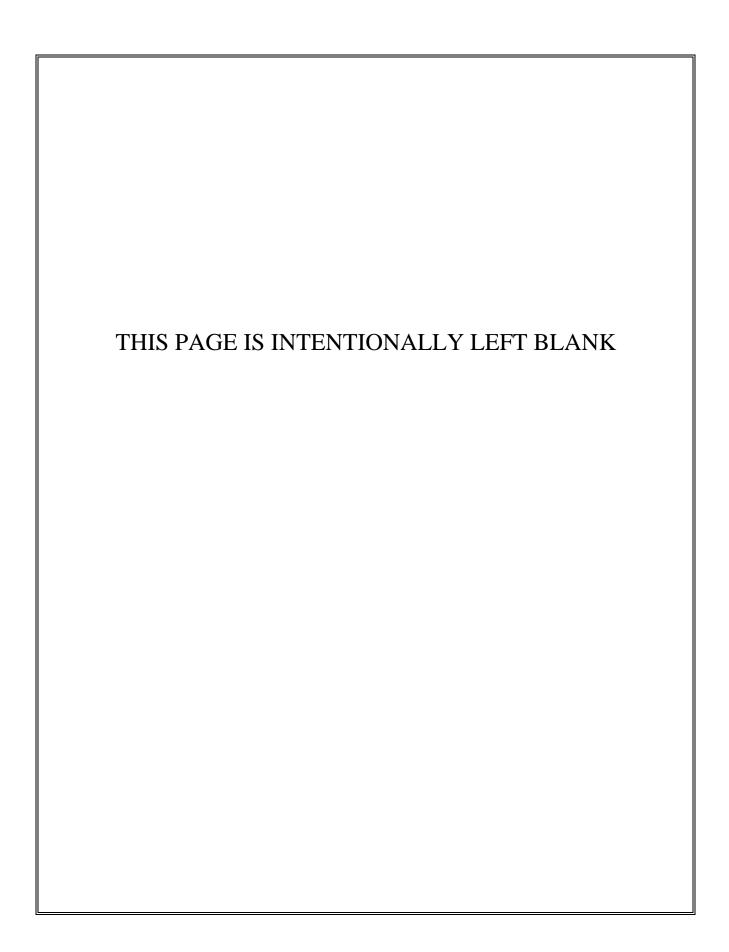
City of Steubenville Ohio

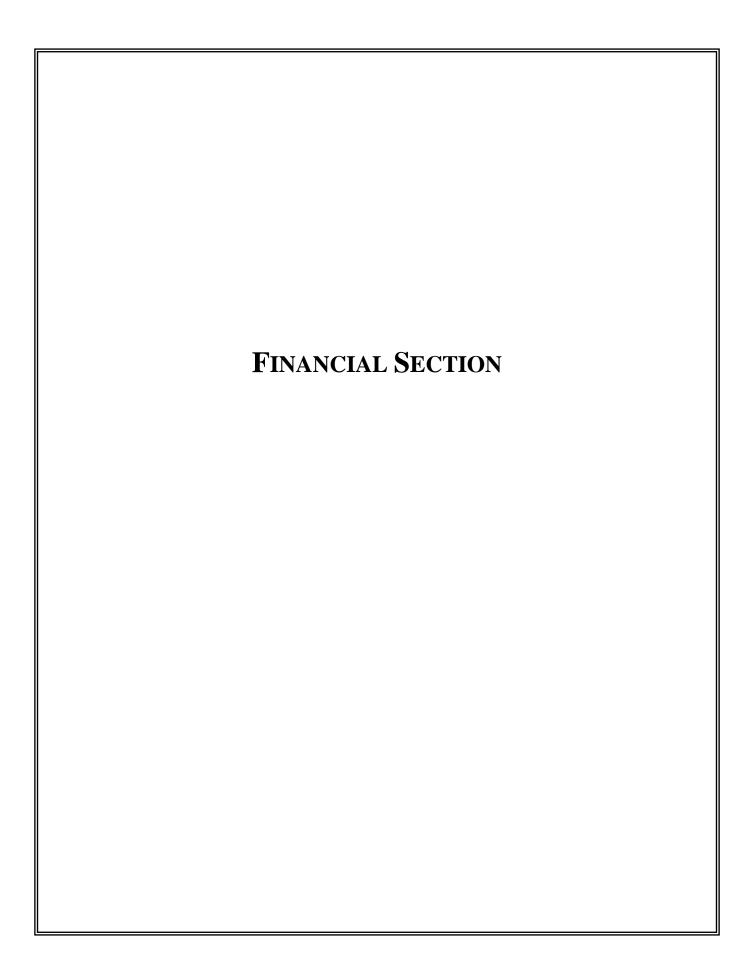
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report

City of Steubenville Jefferson County 115 South Third Street Steubenville, Ohio 43952

To the Members of Council and Mayor:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Steubenville, Jefferson County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Steubenville's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City of Steubenville's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City of Steubenville's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Independent Auditor's Report City of Steubenville

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Steubenville, Jefferson County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension liability / net pension asset and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City of Steubenville's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Independent Auditor's Report City of Steubenville

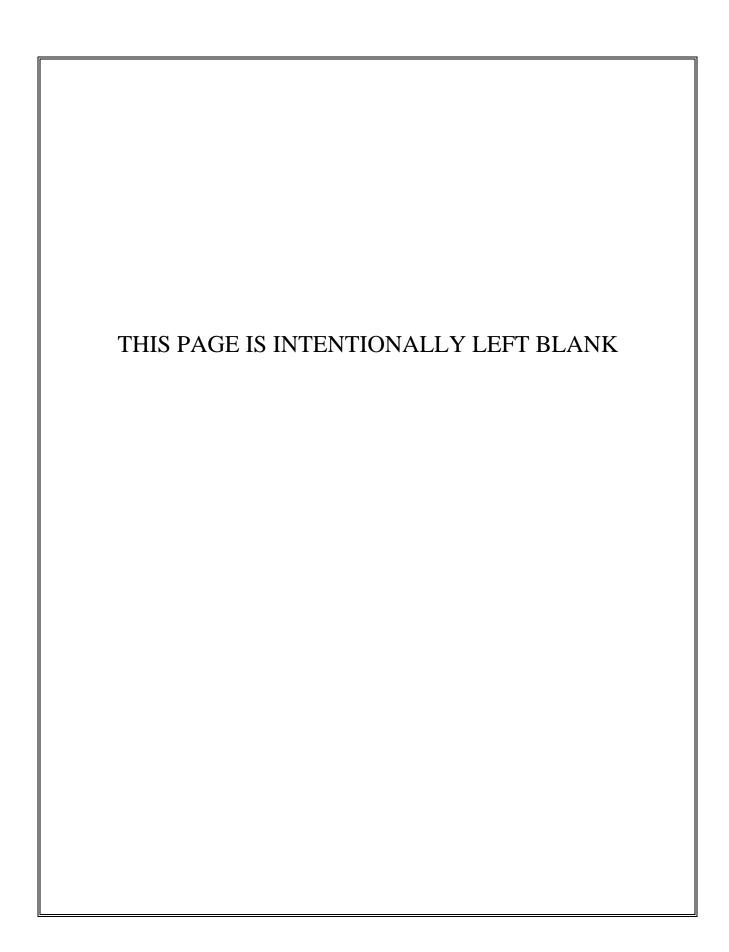
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Steubenville's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Steubenville's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

June 26, 2018



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the City of Steubenville's (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2017 are as follows:

- The total net position of the City increased \$1,739,264 or 3.07% from 2016 net position. Net position of governmental activities increased \$1,160,652 or 4.07% from 2016 net position. Net position of business-type activities increased \$578,612 or 2.06% over 2016 net position.
- For General revenues accounted for \$12,999,172, or 66.71% of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for \$6,485,776 or 33.29% of total governmental activities revenue.
- ➤ The City had \$18,318,626 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$6,485,776 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. The remaining expenses of the governmental activities of \$11,832,850 were offset by general revenues (primarily property taxes, income taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$12,999,172.
- The City's major governmental funds are the general fund and .7% City income tax street improvement fund. The general fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$12,417,286 in 2017. This represents a decrease of \$116,166 from 2016 revenues and other financing sources. The expenditures of the general fund, which totaled \$12,479,321 in 2017, increased \$523,563 from 2016. The net decrease in fund balance for the general fund was \$62,035, from a balance of \$4,786,777 to a balance of \$4,724,742.
- The .7% City income tax street improvement fund had \$2,632,149 in revenues in 2017. The expenditures of the .7% City income tax street improvement fund totaled \$3,347,048 in 2017. The net decrease in fund balance for the .7% City income tax street improvement fund was \$714,899 from a balance of \$2,062,245 to a balance of \$1,347,346.
- Net position for the business-type activities, which are made up of the water, sewer, and refuse enterprise funds, increased in 2017 by \$578,612.
- In the general fund, the actual revenues and other financing sources came in \$109,763 less than the final budgeted revenues and other financing sources. Actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$352,430 less than the amount in the final budget. Budgeted revenues and expenditures were amended a few times throughout the year.

Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

The City's annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the City of Steubenville as a total financial and operating entity. The individual statements provide a detailed look at specific financial activities.

The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) City-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a long-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell the reader how services were financed in the short-term, as well as the amount of funds remaining for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's major funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the City to provide programs and activities, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2017?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the City's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required community programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the City is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the City's programs and services are reported here including police, fire and rescue, street maintenance, capital improvements and general administration. These services are funded primarily by property and income taxes and intergovernmental revenues including federal and State grants and other shared revenues.

Business-type activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The City's water, sewer, and refuse operations are reported here.

The City's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 27-29 of this report.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. The analysis of the City's major governmental and proprietary funds begins on page 22.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. The City has segregated these funds into major funds and nonmajor funds. The City's major governmental funds are the general fund and .7% City income tax street improvement fund. Information for major funds is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 31-34 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, and refuse functions. All of the City's enterprise funds are considered major funds. The internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36-41 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 42 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 43-91 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's net pension liability. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 94-100 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The table below provides a summary of the City's assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and net position at December 31, 2017 and 2016.

	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Assets Current and other assets	\$ 17,005,648	\$ 16,373,522	\$ 14,095,639	\$ 16,266,525	\$ 31,101,287	\$ 32,640,047	
Capital assets, net	37,404,979	35,020,245	61,881,999	61,433,149	99,286,978	96,453,394	
Total assets	54,410,627	51,393,767	75,977,638	77,699,674	130,388,265	129,093,441	
Deferred outflows of resources							
Pension	3,943,373	4,714,607	1,723,866	1,283,122	5,667,239	5,997,729	
Total deferred							
outflows of resources	3,943,373	4,714,607	1,723,866	1,283,122	5,667,239	5,997,729	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	1,968,112	1,061,890	748,236	633,099	2,716,348	1,694,989	
Long-term liabilies:							
Due within one year	278,126	283,964	3,108,463	3,011,683	3,386,589	3,295,647	
Net pension liability	17,018,315	17,359,346	4,317,925	3,328,545	21,336,240	20,687,891	
Other amounts	7,300,056	7,459,385	40,652,762	43,734,216	47,952,818	51,193,601	
Total liabilities	26,564,609	26,164,585	48,827,386	50,707,543	75,391,995	76,872,128	
Deferred inflows of resources							
Property taxes	1,299,120	1,275,235	-	-	1,299,120	1,275,235	
Pension	782,645	121,580	101,983	81,730	884,628	203,310	
Total deferred							
inflows of resources	2,081,765	1,396,815	101,983	81,730	2,183,748	1,478,545	
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	33,099,183	31,429,821	23,062,614	20,119,667	56,161,797	51,549,488	
Restricted	3,484,681	3,247,094	-	-	3,484,681	3,247,094	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(6,876,238)	(6,129,941)	5,709,521	8,073,856	(1,166,717)	1,943,915	
Total net position	\$ 29,707,626	\$ 28,546,974	\$ 28,772,135	\$ 28,193,523	\$ 58,479,761	\$ 56,740,497	

During 2015, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27" and GASB Statement 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68" which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At December 31, 2017, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$58,479,761. At year-end, net position was \$29,707,626 and \$28,772,135 for the governmental activities and the business-type activities, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the City's assets. At year-end, capital assets represented 76.15% of total assets. Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure and construction-in-progress. The City's net investment in capital assets at December 31, 2017, was \$33,099,183 and \$23,062,614 in the governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The increase in current liabilities of the governmental activities is primarily due to an increase in the amount of contracts payable outstanding at December 31, 2017. The majority of these contract payables at December 31, 2017 were for street construction projects.

A portion of the City's net position, \$3,484,681, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

THIS SECTION IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

The following table shows the changes in net position for 2017 and 2016.

Change in Net Postion

	Governmental Activities 2017	Business-type Activities 2017	Governmental Activities 2016	Business-type Activities 2016	Total 2017	Total 2016
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,643,524	\$ 11,834,172	\$ 1,602,552	\$ 12,077,940	\$ 13,477,696	\$ 13,680,492
Operating grants and contributions	1,520,203	-	2,042,812	-	1,520,203	2,042,812
Capital grants and contributions	3,322,049	532,019	784,409	57,000	3,854,068	841,409
Total program revenues	6,485,776	12,366,191	4,429,773	12,134,940	18,851,967	16,564,713
General revenues:						
Property taxes	1,277,437	-	1,259,002	-	1,277,437	1,259,002
Income taxes	10,256,467	-	9,876,223	-	10,256,467	9,876,223
Hotel taxes	289,645	-	220,403	-	289,645	220,403
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	832,759	-	863,425	-	832,759	863,425
Investment earnings	2,497	-	5,477	-	2,497	5,477
Miscellaneous	340,367	78,921	126,718	12,827	419,288	139,545
Total general revenues	12,999,172	78,921	12,351,248	12,827	13,078,093	12,364,075
Total revenues	19,484,948	12,445,112	16,781,021	12,147,767	31,930,060	28,928,788
Expenses:						
General government	3,917,931	-	3,242,172	-	3,917,931	3,242,172
Security of persons and property	8,566,230	-	8,785,738	-	8,566,230	8,785,738
Public health and welfare	275,602	-	532,254	-	275,602	532,254
Transportation	3,628,421	-	3,507,256	-	3,628,421	3,507,256
Community environment	775,607	-	1,238,946	-	775,607	1,238,946
Leisure time activity	832,191	-	726,855	-	832,191	726,855
Interest and fiscal charges	322,644	-	294,219	-	322,644	294,219
Water	-	4,994,976	-	4,860,258	4,994,976	4,860,258
Sewer	-	4,059,096	-	4,133,204	4,059,096	4,133,204
Refuse		2,818,098		1,675,400	2,818,098	1,675,400
Total expenses	18,318,626	11,872,170	18,327,440	10,668,862	30,190,796	28,996,302
Increase (decrease) in net position						
before transfers	1,166,322	572,942	(1,546,419)	1,478,905	1,739,264	(67,514)
Transfers	(5,670)	5,670	56,742	(56,742)		
Change in net position	1,160,652	578,612	(1,489,677)	1,422,163	1,739,264	(67,514)
Net position at beginning of year	28,546,974	28,193,523	30,036,651	26,771,360	56,740,497	56,808,011
Net position at end of year	\$ 29,707,626	\$ 28,772,135	\$ 28,546,974	\$ 28,193,523	\$ 58,479,761	\$ 56,740,497

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

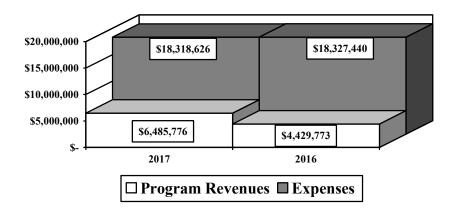
Governmental activities net position increased \$1,160,652 in 2017. Expenses remained flat in 2017, however revenues increased, which resulted in an increase in net position. The primary reason for the increase in revenues was due to capital grants received from the state and federal governments for street projects.

Security of persons and property, which primarily supports the operations of the police and fire departments, had expenses of \$8,566,230, which accounted for 28.38% of the total expenses of the City. These expenses were partially funded by \$215,850 in direct user charges and \$98,996 in operating grants and contributions. The remaining security of persons and property expenses were funded by general revenues. General government expenses totaled \$3,917,931 or 12.98% of the total expenses of the City, which was partially funded by \$1,003,695 in direct user charges and \$126,824 in operating grants and contributions. The state and federal government contributed to the City a total of \$1,520,203 in operating grants and contributions, and \$3,322,049 in capital grants and contributions.

General revenues totaled \$12,999,172 and amounted to 66.71% of total governmental revenues. These revenues primarily consist of property and income tax revenue of \$11,533,904. The other primary source of general revenues is grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs, including local government revenue and property tax reimbursements received from the State, making up \$832,759.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. As can be seen in the graph below, the City is highly dependent upon property and income taxes as well as unrestricted grants and entitlements to support its governmental activities.

Governmental Activities – Program Revenues vs. Total Expenses



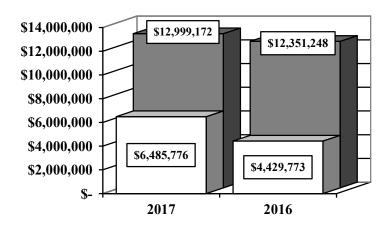
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

	 otal Cost of Services 2017	N	Net Cost of Services 2017	T	otal Cost of Services 2016	_	Net Cost of Services 2016
Program expenses:							
General government	\$ 3,917,931	\$	2,787,412	\$	3,242,172	\$	2,100,424
Security of persons and property	8,566,230		8,251,384		8,785,738		7,910,410
Public health and welfare	275,602		152,278		532,254		205,334
Transportation	3,628,421		(590,863)		3,507,256		2,107,723
Community environment	775,607		176,713		1,238,946		613,261
Leisure time activity	832,191		733,282		726,855		666,296
Interest and fiscal charges	 322,644		322,644		294,219	_	294,219
Total	\$ 18,318,626	\$	11,832,850	\$	18,327,440	\$	13,897,667

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, with 64.60% and 75.83% of expenses supported through taxes and other general revenues for 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Governmental Activities – General and Program Revenues



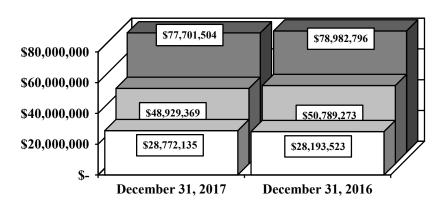
☐ Program Revenues ☐ General Revenues

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities include the water, sewer, and refuse enterprise funds. These programs had program revenues of \$12,366,191, general revenues of \$78,921, transfers in of \$5,670, and expenses of \$11,872,170 for 2017. Expenses of the business-type activities increased approximately \$1.2 million in 2017 due to the purchase of refuse carts for users. These expenses were not capitalized as each cart was under the capitalization threshold. The net position of the business-type activities increased \$578,612 from 2016. The graph below shows the business-type activities assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and net position at year-end.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Net Position in Business-type Activities



□ Net Position □ Liabilities & Deferred Inflows ■ Assets & Deferred Outflows

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at year-end.

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$9,574,423, which is \$553,038 less than the previous year's fund balance of \$10,127,461. The schedule below indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balances as of December 31, 2017 for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fu	and Balances 12/31/17	Fu	and Balances 12/31/16	Increase (Decrease)
Major funds:					
General	\$	4,724,742	\$	4,786,777	\$ (62,035)
.7% City income tax - street improvement		1,347,346		2,062,245	(714,899)
Other nonmajor governmental funds		3,502,335		3,278,439	223,896
Total	\$	9,574,423	\$	10,127,461	\$ (553,038)

General Fund

The City's general fund balance decreased \$62,035. The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

	2017	2016	Percentage
	<u>Amount</u>	Amount	<u>Change</u>
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 10,039,340	\$ 10,109,777	(0.70) %
Charges for services	30,575	28,168	8.55 %
Licenses and permits	721,078	713,443	1.07 %
Fines and forfeitures	321,556	301,286	6.73 %
Investment income	2,497	5,477	(54.41) %
Intergovernmental	913,264	1,208,364	(24.42) %
Rental income	96,869	90,446	7.10 %
Other	291,307	74,791	289.49 %
Total	\$ 12,416,486	\$ 12,531,752	(0.92) %

Tax revenue represents 80.86% of all general fund revenue. Tax revenue decreased slightly due to a decrease in property tax revenue. Intergovernmental revenue decreased due to the City not receiving the SAFER grant during 2017. Other revenue increased primarily due to refunds from the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation. All other revenue remained consistent between 2016 and 2017.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2017	2016	Percentage
	Amount	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Change</u>
Expenditures:			
General government	\$ 3,112,640	\$ 2,691,259	15.66 %
Security of persons and property	7,574,982	7,335,812	3.26 %
Public health and welfare	184,060	455,695	(59.61) %
Transportation	936,850	847,825	10.50 %
Community environment	70,868	74,628	(5.04) %
Leisure time activity	413,103	348,059	18.69 %
Debt service	186,818	191,480	(2.43) %
Total	\$ 12,479,321	\$ 11,944,758	4.48 %

General fund expenditures of the City increased 4.48% in 2017. Public health and welfare expenditures decreased because the City closed its health department on May 31, 2017. The City now receives health services from the Jefferson County General Health District. General government expenditures increased due to higher costs for the Municipal Court.

.7% City Income Tax - Street Improvement Fund

The .7% City income tax - street improvement fund had \$2,632,149 in revenues in 2017. The expenditures of the .7% City income tax - street improvement fund totaled \$3,347,048 in 2017. The City undertook several street improvement projects during 2017, which include the Sunset Blvd/Lovers Lane improvement, the Hot Mix paving program, the Lovers Lane/Ft Steuben Drive improvement project and Chestnut Alley rehab. Several projects were primarily financed with federal grants passed through ODOT. The net decrease in fund balance for the .7% City income tax - street improvement fund was \$714,899 from a balance of \$2,062,245 to a balance of \$1,347,346.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The City's budgeting process is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). Essentially the budget is the City's appropriations which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the ORC. Therefore, the City's plans or desires cannot be totally reflected in the original budget. If budgeted revenues are adjusted due to actual activity then the appropriations can be adjusted accordingly.

In the general fund, estimated revenues and other financing sources increased \$220,611. Appropriations were increased by \$281,780 during 2017. Increases to the appropriations were primarily due to increased expenditure estimates for the health insurance. Actual revenues and other financing sources of \$12,876,725 were less than final budgeted revenues and other financing sources by \$109,763. Actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$13,912,494 came in \$352,430 less than the final budgeted amounts.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, except in more detail. The only difference between the amounts reported as business-type activities and the amounts reported in the proprietary fund statements are interfund eliminations between proprietary funds and internal balances due to governmental activities for internal service activities. The interfund activity reported in the government wide statements are those between business-type activities and governmental activities (reported as internal balances and transfers) whereas interfund amounts between various enterprise funds are reported in the proprietary fund statements, as well as internal balances between the governmental and business-type funds due to the allocation of the internal service fund (reported as internal balances) which are not reported on the proprietary statements.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of 2017, the City had \$99,286,978 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, buildings, improvements, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure and construction in progress. Of this total, \$37,404,979 was reported in governmental activities and \$61,881,999 was reported in business-type activities. Additional details are provided in Note 7 of the notes to the financial statements. The following table shows 2017 balances compared to 2016:

Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Land	\$ 790,014	\$ 469,112	\$ 66,000	\$ 66,000	\$ 856,014	\$ 535,112	
Construction- in-progress	884,671	721,746	549,050	991,672	1,433,721	1,713,418	
Buildings	5,445,553	5,599,158	26,093,584	26,821,680	31,539,137	32,420,838	
Improvements	3,093,661	3,283,366	4,486,581	4,143,830	7,580,242	7,427,196	
Equipment	752,338	762,981	1,610,916	1,737,515	2,363,254	2,500,496	
Vehicles	1,206,930	1,365,990	1,160,373	622,420	2,367,303	1,988,410	
Infrastructure	25,231,812	22,817,892	27,915,495	27,050,032	53,147,307	49,867,924	
Totals	\$ 37,404,979	\$ 35,020,245	\$ 61,881,999	\$ 61,433,149	\$ 99,286,978	\$ 96,453,394	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

The City's largest capital asset category is infrastructure which includes roads constructed from 1980 through 2017. These items are immovable and of value only to the City, however, the annual cost of purchasing these items is quite significant. The net book value of the City's infrastructure (cost less accumulated depreciation) represents approximately 67.46% of the City's total governmental capital assets.

The City's business-type infrastructure capital asset category primarily includes water and sewer lines. These items play a vital role in the income producing ability of the business-type activities. The net book value of the City's infrastructure (cost less accumulated depreciation) represents approximately 45.11% of the City's total business-type capital assets.

Debt Administration

The City had the following long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2017 and 2016. Additional details are provided in Note 10 of the notes to the financial statements.

Governmental Activities

		2017		2016
Loans payable	\$	469,873	\$	491,019
Compensated absences	*	1,379,328	*	1,388,046
Bonds payable		4,025,682		4,094,245
Capital lease obligation payable		-		1,460
Police and fire pension liability		1,575,160		1,635,030
Total long-term obligations	\$	7,450,043	\$	7,609,800

Business-type Activities

	2017	2016
OWDA loans	\$ 33,602,751	\$ 35,927,718
OPWC loans	107,543	127,655
Capital lease obligation payable	144,279	198,981
Landfill closure/postclosure	1,471,788	1,545,349
Compensated absences	191,738	167,520
Bonds payable	8,001,174	8,522,220
Total long-term obligations	\$ 43,519,273	\$ 46,489,443

Economic Conditions and Outlook

The unemployment rates as of December 31, 2017 are 4.1% for the United States, 4.9% for the State of Ohio and 6.6% for Jefferson County. The rate for Jefferson County has decreased from 2016, which corresponds to the increasing City income tax revenue for 2017. The reduction in local government revenue from the State, and the elimination of the estate tax in 2013, has been a cause for concern. The City is constantly balancing the fluctuating revenues in the general fund to the services the City provides.

The City continues to grapple with the high cost of providing water and sewer services to its customers while meeting the demands of federal and State environmental authorities. This City has undertaken several projects to improve the City's water and sewer treatment and distribution systems. These projects have been financed through loans obtained through the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) and through the issuance of bonds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

The City has also undertaken several other projects. The City was involved in the following street improvement projects during 2017: Sunset Blvd/Lovers Lane improvement, the Hot Mix paving program, the Lovers Lane/Ft Steuben Drive improvement project and Chestnut Alley rehab.

Continued diligence to control costs will be practiced by the City to meet its financial projections.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Mr. David Lewis, Finance Director, City of Steubenville, 115 South Third Street, Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 9,616,585	\$ 12,696,688	\$ 22,313,273	
Income taxes	2,801,879	-	2,801,879	
Property and other taxes	1,662,422	-	1,662,422	
Accounts	64,541	1,290,483	1,355,024	
Special assessments	36,792	-	36,792	
Due from other governments	2,459,386	-	2,459,386	
Materials and supplies inventory	243,688	-	243,688	
Prepayments	114,303	49,656	163,959	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	-	52,387	52,387	
Net pension asset	6,052	6,425	12,477	
Land and construction in progress	1,674,685	615,050	2,289,735	
Depreciable capital assets, net	35,730,294	61,266,949	96,997,243	
Total capital assets, net	37,404,979	61,881,999	99,286,978	
Total assets	54,410,627	75,977,638	130,388,265	
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Pension - OPERS	1,577,184	1,723,866	3,301,050	
Pension - OP&F	2,366,189	· · · · -	2,366,189	
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,943,373	1,723,866	5,667,239	
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	205,230	50,140	255,370	
Contracts payable	792,448	350,775	1,143,223	
Accrued wages and benefits	223,279	91,518	314,797	
Accrued vacation payable	531,230	174,341	705,571	
Due to other governments	184,515	50,071	234,586	
Accrued interest payable Long-term liabilities:	31,410	31,391	62,801	
Due within one year	278,126	3,108,463	3,386,589	
Net pension liability	17,018,315	4,317,925	21,336,240	
Other amounts due in more than one year	7,300,056	40,652,762	47,952,818	
Total liabilities	26,564,609	48,827,386	75,391,995	
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	1,299,120	-	1,299,120	
Pension - OPERS	154,523	101,983	256,506	
Pension - OP&F	628,122		628,122	
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,081,765	101,983	2,183,748	
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	33,099,183	23,062,614	56,161,797	
Capital projects	189,969	-	189,969	
Street construction, maintenance and repairs.	1,376,077	-	1,376,077	
Community development programs	963,685	-	963,685	
Police programs	240,530	-	240,530	
Court programs	179,410	-	179,410	
Municipal court improvements	86,225	-	86,225	
Other purposes	448,785	-	448,785	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(6,876,238)	5,709,521	(1,166,717)	
Total net position	\$ 29,707,626	\$ 28,772,135	\$ 58,479,761	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Program Revenues						
		C	harges for	Opei	rating Grants	Caj	oital Grants	
	 Expenses	Serv	ices and Sales	and (Contributions	and C	Contributions	
Governmental activities:	 _			·	_	-	_	
General government	\$ 3,917,931	\$	1,003,695	\$	126,824	\$	-	
Security of persons and property	8,566,230		215,850		98,996		-	
Public health and welfare	275,602		104,587		18,737		-	
Transportation	3,628,421		22,851		902,728		3,293,705	
Community environment	775,607		260,494		338,400		-	
Leisure time activity	832,191		36,047		34,518		28,344	
Interest and fiscal charges	322,644		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities	 18,318,626		1,643,524		1,520,203		3,322,049	
Business-type activities:								
Water	4,994,976		6,304,482		-		532,019	
Sewer	4,059,096		3,671,555		-		-	
Refuse	2,818,098		1,858,135		-		-	
Total business-type activities	 11,872,170		11,834,172		-		532,019	
Total primary government	\$ 30,190,796	\$	13,477,696	\$	1,520,203	\$	3,854,068	

General revenues: Property taxes levied for: General purposes Debt service. Income taxes levied for: General purposes Street improvements. Equipment improvement. Recreation improvement. Other taxes levied for: Hotel occupancy taxes. Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total general revenues Change in net position Net position at beginning of year. Net position at end of year.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

G	overnmental		nges in Net Posit usiness-type			
	Activities	ь	Activities	Total		
	Activities		Activities	-	Total	
\$	(2,787,412)	\$	_	\$	(2,787,412	
•	(8,251,384)	•	_	•	(8,251,384	
	(152,278)		_		(152,278	
	590,863		_		590,863	
	(176,713)		_		(176,713	
	(733,282)		_		(733,282	
	(322,644)				(322,644	
	(11,832,850)				(11,832,850	
	(11,032,030)				(11,032,030	
	_		1,841,525		1,841,525	
	-		(387,541)		(387,541	
	_		(959,963)		(959,963	
	-		494,021		494,021	
	(11,832,850)		494,021		(11,338,829	
	1,058,482		-		1,058,482	
	218,955		-		218,955	
	9,094,023		-		9,094,023	
	748,367		-		748,367	
	310,558		-		310,558	
	103,519		-		103,519	
	289,645		-		289,645	
	832,759		-		832,759	
	2,497		-		2,497	
	340,367		78,921		419,288	
	12,999,172		78,921		13,078,093	
	(5,670)		5,670			
	1,160,652		578,612		1,739,264	
	28,546,974		28,193,523		56,740,497	
\$	29,707,626	\$	28,772,135	\$	58,479,761	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	General	Ir	.7% City ncome Tax Street nprovement	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:	 						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 4,391,734	\$	1,584,028	\$	3,447,989	\$	9,423,751
Income taxes	2,491,613		200,389		109,877		2,801,879
Real and other taxes	1,361,145		-		301,277		1,662,422
Accounts	64,541		-		-		64,541
Special assessments	-		-		36,792		36,792
Due from other governments	378,996		730,323		1,350,067		2,459,386
Prepayments	110,553		2,300		1,450		114,303
Materials and supplies inventory	 206,188				37,500		243,688
Total assets	\$ 9,004,770	\$	2,517,040	\$	5,284,952	\$	16,806,762
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 48,373	\$	87,275	\$	69,582	\$	205,230
Contracts payable	-		792,448		-		792,448
Accrued wages and benefits	216,214		4,278		2,787		223,279
Due to other governments	 180,227		2,654		1,634		184,515
Total liabilities	 444,814		886,655		74,003		1,405,472
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	1,047,600		-		251,520		1,299,120
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	306,566		-		42,778		349,344
Special assessments revenue not available	-		-		36,792		36,792
Income tax revenue not available	2,085,108		191,032		109,877		2,386,017
Intergovernmental revenue not available	331,399		92,007		1,267,647		1,691,053
Licenses and permits revenue not available	 64,541		-				64,541
Total deferred inflows of resources	 3,835,214		283,039		1,708,614		5,826,867
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	339,279		2,300		38,950		380,529
Restricted	-		-		2,296,470		2,296,470
Committed	-		1,345,046		1,166,915		2,511,961
Assigned	707,091		-		-		707,091
Unassigned	 3,678,372				-		3,678,372
Total fund balances	 4,724,742		1,347,346		3,502,335		9,574,423
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 9,004,770	\$	2,517,040	\$	5,284,952	\$	16,806,762

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2017

Total governmental fund balances		\$	9,574,423
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			37,404,979
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Income taxes receivable Property and other taxes receivable Accounts receivable Intergovernmental receivable Special assessments receivable Total	\$ 2,386,017 349,344 64,541 1,691,053 36,792	-	4,527,747
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net position.			192,834
Interest is accrued on outstanding loans and bonds on the statement of net position whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due.			(31,410)
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds.			(128,139)
Vacation is accrued for leave accrued on the statement of net position, whereas in the funds, vacation leave expenditures are reported when taken.			(531,230)
The net pension asset and net pension liability are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current period, respectively; therefore, the asset, liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Net pension liability Total	6,052 3,943,373 (782,645) (17,018,315)		(13,851,535)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Police and fire pension liability General obligation bonds payable Loans payable	1,379,328 1,575,160 4,025,682 469,873		
Total			(7,450,043)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	29,707,626

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Revenues: S 8.851,807 \$ 724,466 \$ 400,000 \$ 9,976,273 Municipal income taxes 1,187,533 - 361,596 1,549,129 Charges for services. 30,575 1,510 - 320,85 Licenses and permits 721,078 20,129 57,448 798,655 Fines and forfeitures 321,556 - 319,476 641,032 Intergovernmental 913,264 1,875,593 1,572,230 4,361,087 Special assessments - - - 10,552 105,552 Investment income 2,497 - 12,000 108,869 Contributions and donations 6,770 - - 6,770 Other 284,537 10,451 50,103 345,091 Total revenues - - 325,134 3,437,774 Security of persons and property 7,574,982 - 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare 184,060 - 90,507 27,575 Tansportation		General	.7% City Income Tax Street Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Property and other taxes.	Revenues:				
Charges for services. 30,575 1,510 - 32,085 Licenses and permits 721,078 20,129 57,448 798,655 Fines and forfeitures 321,556 - 319,476 641,032 Intergovernmental 913,264 1,875,593 1,572,230 4,361,087 Special assessments - - 105,552 105,552 Investment income 2,497 - 12 2,509 Rental income 96,889 - 12,000 108,869 Contributions and donations 6,770 - - - 6,770 Other 284,537 10,451 50,103 345,091 Total revenues 12,416,486 2,632,149 2,878,417 17,927,052 Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property 7,574,982 - 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,850 169,729 510,487	Municipal income taxes	\$ 8,851,807	\$ 724,466	\$ 400,000	\$ 9,976,273
Charges for services. 30,575 1,510 - 32,085 Licenses and permits 721,078 20,129 57,448 798,655 Fines and forfeitures 321,556 - 319,476 641,032 Intergovernmental 913,264 1,875,593 1,572,230 4,361,087 Special assessments - - 105,552 105,552 Investment income 2,497 - 12 2,509 Rental income 96,889 - 12,000 108,869 Contributions and donations 6,770 - - - 6,770 Other 284,537 10,451 50,103 345,091 Total revenues 12,416,486 2,632,149 2,878,417 17,927,052 Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property 7,574,982 - 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,850 169,729 510,487	Property and other taxes	1,187,533	-	361,596	1,549,129
Fines and forfeitures 321,556 - 319,476 641,032 Intergovernmental. 913,264 1,875,593 1,752,230 4,361,087 Special assessments - 105,552 105,552 Investment income 2,497 - 12,200 108,869 Rental income 96,869 - 12,000 108,869 Contributions and donations 6,770 - - 6,770 Other 284,537 10,451 50,103 345,091 Total revenues 12,416,486 2,632,149 2,878,417 17,927,052 Expenditures: Current: General government 3,112,640 - 325,134 3,437,774 Security of persons and property 7,574,982 - 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare. 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,850 169,729 510,487 1,617,066 Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,510</td> <td>-</td> <td>32,085</td>			1,510	-	32,085
Fines and forfeitures 321,556 - 319,476 641,032 Intergovernmental. 913,264 1,875,593 1,752,230 4,361,087 Special assessments - 105,552 105,552 Investment income 2,497 - 12,200 108,869 Rental income 96,869 - 12,000 108,869 Contributions and donations 6,770 - - 6,770 Other 284,537 10,451 50,103 345,091 Total revenues 12,416,486 2,632,149 2,878,417 17,927,052 Expenditures: Current: General government 3,112,640 - 325,134 3,437,774 Security of persons and property 7,574,982 - 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare. 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,850 169,729 510,487 1,617,066 Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 </td <td>Licenses and permits</td> <td>721,078</td> <td>20,129</td> <td>57,448</td> <td>798,655</td>	Licenses and permits	721,078	20,129	57,448	798,655
Intergovernmental. 913,264 1,875,593 1,572,230 4,361,087 Special assessments		321,556	· -	319,476	641,032
Special assessments - 1 05,552 105,552 Investment income. 2,497 - 12 2,509 Rental income. 96,869 - 12,000 108,869 Contributions and donations. 6,770 - - 6,770 Other 284,537 10,451 50,103 345,091 Total revenues. 12,416,486 2,632,149 2,878,417 17,927,052 Expenditures: Curent: General government 3,112,640 - 325,134 3,437,774 Security of persons and property 7,574,982 - 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare. 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,850 169,729 510,487 1,617,066 Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 386,281 Leisure time activity 413,103 - 308 413,411 Capital outlay - 3,11,657 1,179,951 4,291,608		913,264	1,875,593		4,361,087
Investment income. 2,497 - 12 2,509 Rental income. 96,869 - 12,000 108,869 Contributions and donations. 6,770 - 6,770 Other 284,537 10,451 50,103 345,091 Total revenues 12,416,486 2,632,149 2,878,417 17,927,052 Expenditures:		_	-		
Rental income 96,869 1,2,000 108,869 Contributions and donations. 6,770 - - 6,770 Other 284,537 10,451 50,103 345,091 Total revenues. 12,416,486 2,632,149 2,878,417 17,927,052 Expenditures: Current: General government 3,112,640 - 325,134 3,437,774 Security of persons and property 7,574,982 - 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare. 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,850 169,729 510,487 1,617,066 Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 386,281 Leisure time activity 413,103 - 308 413,411 Capital outlay - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: - - 65,739 65,739 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 <	-	2,497	_	,	
Contributions and donations. 6,770 Other. 284,537 284,537 10,451 50,103 345,091 Total revenues. 12,416,486 2,632,149 2,878,417 17,927,052 Expenditures: Current: Current: Security of persons and property. 7,574,982 3,437,774 Security of persons and property. 7,574,982 4,982 5,048 3,437,774 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare. 184,060 5,06 5,09 5,007 274,567 169,729 510,487 16,17,066 Transportation. 936,850 169,729 510,487 16,17,066 169,729 510,487 16,17,066 167,066 20,000 20	Rental income	96,869	_	12,000	
Other 284,537 10,451 50,103 345,091 Total revenues 12,416,486 2,632,149 2,878,417 17,927,052 Expenditures: Current: General government 3,112,640 - 325,134 3,437,774 Security of persons and property 7,574,982 - 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,850 169,729 510,487 1,617,066 Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 386,281 Leisure time activity 413,103 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: Principal retirement 81,330 21,146 29,261 131,737 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total revenues 12,416,486 2,632,149 2,878,417 17,927,052 Expenditures: Current: 3,112,640 - 325,134 3,437,774 Security of persons and property 7,574,982 - 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,850 169,729 510,487 1,617,066 Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 386,281 Leisure time activity 413,103 - 308 413,411 Capital outlay - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: - - 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: - - 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: - - - 1,179,951 4,291,608 Payment of accreted interest on CABs. - - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521	Other		10,451	50.103	
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property 7,574,982 - 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare. 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,850 169,729 510,487 1,617,066 Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 386,281 Leisure time activity 413,103 - 308 413,411 Capital outlay - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: Principal retirement. 81,330 21,146 29,261 131,737 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs. 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521 18,480,890 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. 800 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 800 Net change in fund balances 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461 Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461					
Current: General government 3,112,640 - 325,134 3,437,774 Security of persons and property 7,574,982 - 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare. 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,880 169,729 510,487 1,617,066 Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 386,281 Leisure time activity 413,103 - 308 413,411 Capital outlay - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: - - 2,261 131,737 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs. - - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838)					
Current: General government 3,112,640 - 325,134 3,437,774 Security of persons and property 7,574,982 - 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare. 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,880 169,729 510,487 1,617,066 Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 386,281 Leisure time activity 413,103 - 308 413,411 Capital outlay - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: - - 2,261 131,737 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs. - - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838)	Expenditures:				
Security of persons and property 7,574,982 - 6,027 7,581,009 Public health and welfare. 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,850 169,729 510,487 1,617,066 Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 386,281 Leisure time activity 413,103 - 308 413,411 Capital outlay - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: - 81,330 21,146 29,261 131,737 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs. - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521 18,480,890 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	-				
Public health and welfare. 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,850 169,729 510,487 1,617,066 Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 386,281 Leisure time activity 413,103 - 308 413,411 Capital outlay - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: Principal retirement 81,330 21,146 29,261 131,737 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs - - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521 18,480,890 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (71	General government	3,112,640	-	325,134	3,437,774
Public health and welfare. 184,060 - 90,507 274,567 Transportation 936,850 169,729 510,487 1,617,066 Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 386,281 Leisure time activity 413,103 - 308 413,411 Capital outlay - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: Principal retirement 81,330 21,146 29,261 131,737 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs - - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521 18,480,890 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (71	Security of persons and property	7,574,982	-	6,027	7,581,009
Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 386,281 Leisure time activity 413,103 - 308 413,411 Capital outlay - - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: - - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Petrocipal retirement 81,330 21,146 29,261 131,737 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs. - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521 18,480,890 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses): 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777		184,060	-	90,507	274,567
Community environment 70,868 - 315,413 386,281 Leisure time activity 413,103 - 308 413,411 Capital outlay - - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: - - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Petrocipal retirement 81,330 21,146 29,261 131,737 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs. - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521 18,480,890 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses): 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777	Transportation	936,850	169,729	510,487	1,617,066
Leisure time activity 413,103 - 308 413,411 Capital outlay - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: Principal retirement 81,330 21,146 29,261 131,737 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs. - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521 18,480,890 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses): 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461	Community environment	70,868		315,413	
Capital outlay - 3,111,657 1,179,951 4,291,608 Debt service: Principal retirement. 81,330 21,146 29,261 131,737 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs. - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521 18,480,890 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses): 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461		413,103	_	308	413,411
Debt service: Principal retirement. 81,330 21,146 29,261 131,737 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs. - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521 18,480,890 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses): 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461		-	3,111,657	1,179,951	4,291,608
Principal retirement. 81,330 21,146 29,261 131,737 Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs. - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521 18,480,890 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses): 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461			, ,	, ,	, ,
Interest and fiscal charges 105,488 44,516 131,694 281,698 Payment of accreted interest on CABs. - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521 18,480,890 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses): 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461		81.330	21,146	29,261	131,737
Payment of accreted interest on CABs. - - 65,739 65,739 Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521 18,480,890 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses): 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses). 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year. 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461	*	,	,	,	
Total expenditures 12,479,321 3,347,048 2,654,521 18,480,890 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses): 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461		-	-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		12,479,321	3,347,048		
over (under) expenditures. (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses): 800 - - 800 Sale of capital assets. 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461	1				
over (under) expenditures. (62,835) (714,899) 223,896 (553,838) Other financing sources (uses): 800 - - 800 Sale of capital assets. 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461	Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
Sale of capital assets. 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	(62,835)	(714,899)	223,896	(553,838)
Sale of capital assets. 800 - - 800 Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461	Other financing sources (uses):				
Total other financing sources (uses) 800 - - 800 Net change in fund balances (62,035) (714,899) 223,896 (553,038) Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461		800	_	_	800
Net change in fund balances	-				
Fund balances at beginning of year 4,786,777 2,062,245 3,278,439 10,127,461	Total other imalients sources (uses)				
	Net change in fund balances	(62,035)	(714,899)	223,896	(553,038)
Fund balances at end of year	Fund balances at beginning of year				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Fund balances at end of year	\$ 4,724,742	\$ 1,347,346	\$ 3,502,335	\$ 9,574,423

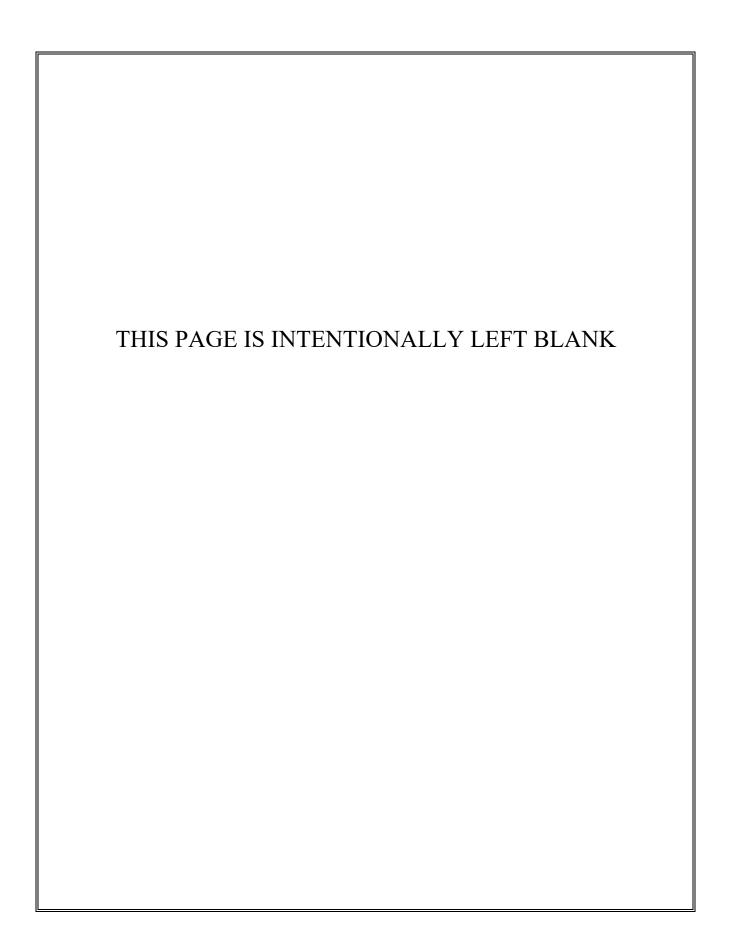
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the current period. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (cic., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Income taxes Property and other taxes Income taxes Property and other taxes Property	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (553,038)
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the current period. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total Z,392,495 The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Income taxes Income taxes Property and other taxes Licenses and permits revenue Intergovernmental revenues Intergovernmental revenues Intergovernmental revenues Repayment of bond, loan and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Decrease in accrued interest on capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Total In the statement of activities, vacation leave is accrued when carned, whereas in governmental funds, an expenditure is reported when due. Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Total (40,946) In the statement of activities, vacation leave is accrued when carned, whereas in governmental funds, an expenditure is reported when vacation leave is taken. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds, an expenditure in governmental funds, bovever, the statement of an expenditure in governmental funds, bovever, the statement of entity its, such as a compensated absences, do			
capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Income taxes 280,194 Property and other taxes 17,953 Licenses and permits revenue (3,696) Intergovernmental revenues 17,721 Special assessments (50,467) Total 261,705 Repayment of bond, loan and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on agaital appreciation bonds (46,437) Amortization of bond premiums 5,410 In the statement of activities, vacation leave is accrued when earned, whereas in governmental funds, an expenditure is reported when vacation leave is taken. In the statement of activities, vacation leave is accrued when earned, whereas in governmental funds, an expenditure is reported when vacation leave is taken. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Contractually required pension contributions are reported as an expenditure in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension asset/liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. Contractually required pension contributions are reported as an expenditure in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. License for amounts reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. Contractually required pension contributions	However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the current period. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$	2,392,495
the funds. Income taxes 280,194 Property and other taxes 17,953 Licenses and permits revenue (3,6966) Intergovernmental revenues 17,721 Special assessments (50,467) Total 261,705 Repayment of bond, loan and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Decrease in accrued interest payable 81 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds (46,437) Amortization of bond premiums 5,410 Total (40,946) In the statement of activities, vacation leave is accrued when earned, whereas in governmental funds, an expenditure is reported when vacation leave is taken. 10,369 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds, however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. 1,252,181 Except for amounts reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (2,343,255) The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund used by management to the reported the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported the reported the reported expenditures and the related internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund used by	capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to		(7,761)
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Total In the statement of activities, vacation leave is accrued when earned, whereas in governmental funds, an expenditure is reported when vacation leave is taken. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds, lowever, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Contractually required pension contributions are reported as an expenditure in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension asset/liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (2,343,255) The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (17,292)	current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Income taxes Property and other taxes Licenses and permits revenue Intergovernmental revenues Special assessments	17,953 (3,696) 17,721	261,705
bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Total In the statement of activities, vacation leave is accrued when earned, whereas in governmental funds, an expenditure is reported when vacation leave is taken. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Contractually required pension contributions are reported as an expenditure in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension asset/liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (2,343,255) The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (17,292)	governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term		197,476
In the statement of activities, vacation leave is accrued when earned, whereas in governmental funds, an expenditure is reported when vacation leave is taken. 10,369 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 8,718 Contractually required pension contributions are reported as an expenditure in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. 1,252,181 Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension asset/liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (2,343,255) The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (17,292)	bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums	(46,437)	(40.946)
absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Contractually required pension contributions are reported as an expenditure in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension asset/liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (2,343,255) The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (17,292)			, ,
governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension asset/liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (17,292)	absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore		8,718
pension asset/liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (2,343,255) The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (17,292)	governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts		1,252,181
insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (17,292)			(2,343,255)
of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (17,292)	insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related		
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 1,160,652			 (17,292)
	Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,160,652

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final		Actual		Negative)
Revenues:							_
Municipal income taxes	\$ 9,070,501	\$	8,875,000	\$	8,774,808	\$	(100,192)
Property and other taxes	1,174,266		1,198,461		1,188,491		(9,970)
Charges for services	41,000		30,114		30,575		461
Licenses and permits	625,280		717,951		721,078		3,127
Fines and forfeitures	300,500		330,000		321,556		(8,444)
Intergovernmental	852,341		899,739		907,610		7,871
Investment income	5,000		5,000		2,497		(2,503)
Rental income	91,989		99,485		96,869		(2,616)
Contributions and donations	-		6,770		6,770		-
Other	605,000		823,168		825,671		2,503
Total revenues	12,765,877		12,985,688		12,875,925		(109,763)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	5,064,596		5,161,174		5,008,006		153,168
Security of persons and property	6,803,399		6,733,992		6,628,176		105,816
Public health and welfare	241,964		238,989		221,642		17,347
Transportation	1,276,999		1,096,976		1,039,882		57,094
Community environment	82,261		66,243		64,951		1,292
Leisure time activity	457,325		412,278		394,565		17,713
Debt service:	/		,		,		.,
Principal retirement	20,000		20,000		20,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges	36,600		36,600		36,600		-
Total expenditures	 13,983,144		13,766,252		13,413,822		352,430
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	 (1,217,267)		(780,564)		(537,897)		242,667
Other financing sources (uses):							
Sale of capital assets	3,600		800		800		_
Transfers (out).	-		(498,672)		(498,672)		_
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,600		(497,872)		(497,872)		_
Not shames in fined halon	(1.212.667)	_	(1 279 426)	_	(1.025.7(0)		242 ((7
Net change in fund balances	(1,213,667)		(1,278,436)		(1,035,769)		242,667
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,234,299		3,234,299		3,234,299		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 435,402		435,402		435,402		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,456,034	\$	2,391,265	\$	2,633,932	\$	242,667



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	B	ınds	Governmental Activities -		
	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Total	Internal Service Fund
Assets:	***************************************	Server	Iteruse	1000	Service I unu
Current assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 3,307,101	\$ 5,156,474	\$ 4,233,113	\$ 12,696,688	\$ 192,834
Accounts	733,828	418,654	138,001	1,290,483	-
Prepayments	16,820	19,631	13,205	49,656	-
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents .			52,387	52,387	
Total current assets	4,057,749	5,594,759	4,436,706	14,089,214	192,834
Noncurrent assets:					
Net pension asset	2,365	2,252	1,808	6,425	-
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress	161,275	423,775	30,000	615,050	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	38,861,562	21,335,095	1,070,292	61,266,949	
Total capital assets, net	39,022,837	21,758,870	1,100,292	61,881,999	
Total noncurrent assets	39,025,202	21,761,122	1,102,100	61,888,424	
Total assets	43,082,951	27,355,881	5,538,806	75,977,638	192,834
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Pension - OPERS	618,421	586,787	518,658	1,723,866	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 618,421	\$ 586,787	\$ 518,658	\$ 1,723,866	\$ -

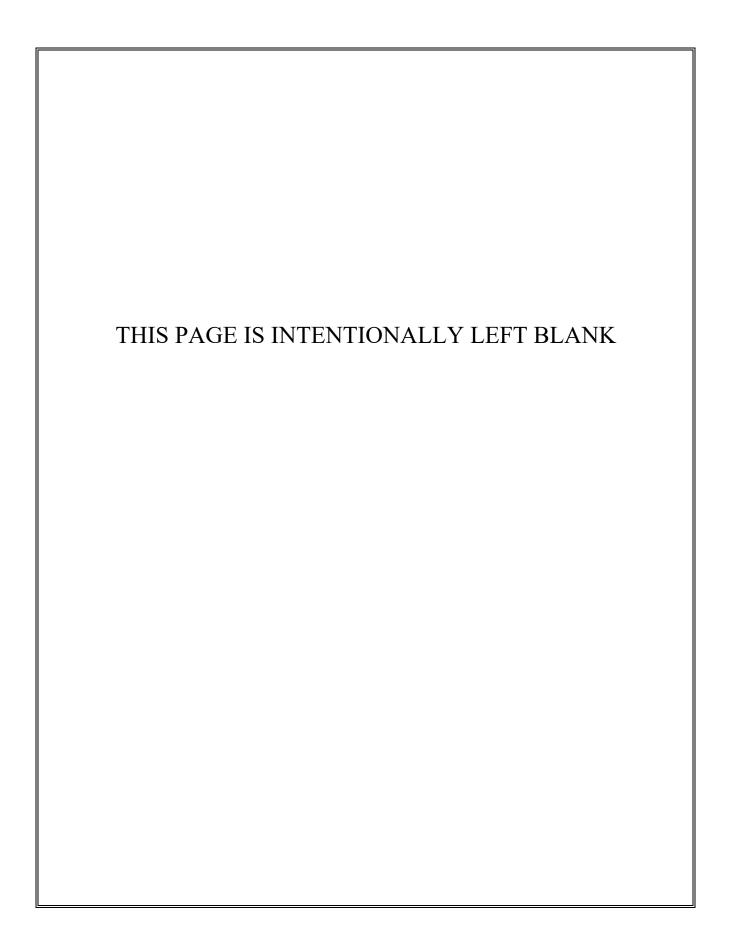
^{- -} Continued

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Bu	ınds	Governmental Activities -		
	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Total	Internal Service Fund
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 8,979	\$ 9,158	\$ 32,003	\$ 50,140	\$ -
Contracts payable	-	350,775	-	350,775	-
Accrued wages and benefits	32,902	31,588	27,028	91,518	-
Due to other governments	18,001	17,282	14,788	50,071	-
Accrued vacation payable	68,668	63,842	41,831	174,341	-
Accrued interest payable	9,398	21,993	_	31,391	-
Current portion of compensated absences	8,285	5,733	2,066	16,084	-
Current portion of OPWC loans	17,080	-	-	17,080	-
Current portion of OWDA loans	1,988,298	421,646	-	2,409,944	-
Current portion of general obligation bonds	205,750	159,250	-	365,000	-
Current portion of revenue bonds	96,174	73,000	_	169,174	_
Current portion of landfill closure/postclosure.		-	75,000	75,000	_
Current portion of capital lease obligations	14,193	41,988	<u> </u>	56,181	
Total current liabilities	2,467,728	1,196,255	192,716	3,856,699	
Long-term liabilities:					
Compensated absences	50,841	66,634	58,179	175,654	-
OWDA loans payable	18,782,777	12,410,030	-	31,192,807	-
OPWC loans payable	90,463	-	-	90,463	-
General obligation bonds payable	2,806,459	4,440,493	-	7,246,952	-
Revenue bonds payable		462,000	-	462,000	-
Capital lease obligations payable	44,984	43,114	-	88,098	-
Landfill closure/postclosure	· -	-	1,396,788	1,396,788	-
Net pension liability	1,589,408	1,513,327	1,215,190	4,317,925	
Total long-term liabilities	23,364,932	18,935,598	2,670,157	44,970,687	
Total liabilities	25,832,660	20,131,853	2,862,873	48,827,386	
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Pension - OPERS	13,548	78,300	10,135	101,983	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	13,548	78,300	10,135	101,983	
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	17,014,584	4,947,738	1,100,292	23,062,614	_
Unrestricted	840,580	2,784,777	2,084,164	5,709,521	192,834
Total net position	\$ 17,855,164	\$ 7,732,515	\$ 3,184,456	\$ 28,772,135	\$ 192,834

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Total	Internal Service Fund				
Operating revenues:	- vater	Sewei	Refuse	Total	Service Fund				
Charges for services	\$ 6,304,482 24,317	\$ 3,671,555 26,899	\$ 1,858,135 18,891	\$ 11,834,172 70,107	\$ 22,868				
Total operating revenues	6,328,799	3,698,454	1,877,026	11,904,279	22,868				
Operating expenses:									
Personal services	1,704,743	1,488,133	1,217,133	4,410,009	-				
Contract services	-	-	343,312	343,312	40,160				
Maintenance and operations	1,399,864	1,045,324	1,073,779	3,518,967	-				
Depreciation	1,085,019	831,897	183,874	2,100,790	-				
Total operating expenses	4,189,626	3,365,354	2,818,098	10,373,078	40,160				
Operating income (loss)	2,139,173	333,100	(941,072)	1,531,201	(17,292)				
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Interest and fiscal charges	(805,350)	(693,742)	-	(1,499,092)	-				
Gain on change in estimate for landfill	-	-	8,814	8,814	-				
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(805,350)	(693,742)	8,814	(1,490,278)					
Income (loss) before capital contributions	1,333,823	(360,642)	(932,258)	40,923	(17,292)				
Capital contributions	532,019	5,670		537,689					
Change in net position	1,865,842	(354,972)	(932,258)	578,612	(17,292)				
Net position at beginning of year	15,989,322	8,087,487	4,116,714	28,193,523	210,126				
Net position at end of year	\$ 17,855,164	\$ 7,732,515	\$ 3,184,456	\$ 28,772,135	\$ 192,834				



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Bus	Governmental Activities -			
	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Total	Internal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from charges for services	\$ 6,203,733	\$ 3,663,593	\$ 1,835,092	\$ 11,702,418	\$ 22,868
Cash received from other operations	24,317	26,899	18,891	70,107	-
Cash payments for personal services	(1,485,852)	(1,293,344)	(1,012,157)	(3,791,353)	-
Cash payments for contractual services	-	-	(348,842)	(348,842)	(40,160)
Cash payments for maintenance and operations .	(1,454,166)	(1,158,632)	(1,065,378)	(3,678,176)	
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities	3,288,032	1,238,516	(572,394)	3,954,154	(17,292)
Cash flows from capital and related					
financing activities:					
Acquisition of capital assets	(850,181)	(404,823)	(712,590)	(1,967,594)	-
Cash received from OPWC grant	135,981	-	-	135,981	-
Cash received from capital grant	70,000	-	-	70,000	-
Cash used for landfill closure/postclosure	-	-	(64,747)	(64,747)	-
Principal retirement on OPWC loans	(20,112)	-	-	(20,112)	-
Principal retirement on OWDA loans	(1,919,246)	(405,721)	-	(2,324,967)	-
Principal retirement on revenue bonds	(94,046)	(72,000)	-	(166,046)	-
Principal retirement on G.O. bonds	(203,500)	(151,500)	-	(355,000)	-
Principal retirement on capital lease	(13,811)	(40,891)	-	(54,702)	-
Interest and fiscal charges	(816,704)	(699,798)		(1,516,502)	
Net cash used in capital					
and related financing activities	(3,711,619)	(1,774,733)	(777,337)	(6,263,689)	
Net decrease in cash and					
cash equivalents	(423,587)	(536,217)	(1,349,731)	(2,309,535)	(17,292)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year.	3,730,688	5,692,691	5,635,231	15,058,610	210,126
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 3,307,101	\$ 5,156,474	\$ 4,285,500	\$ 12,749,075	\$ 192,834

- - Continued

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Bus	siness	s-type Activiti	ies - E	Enterprise Fu	nds		Ac	ernmental tivities -
	Water		Sewer		Refuse		Total		nternal vice Fund
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	 								
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,139,173	\$	333,100	\$	(941,072)	\$	1,531,201	\$	(17,292)
Adjustments:									
Depreciation	1,085,019		831,897		183,874		2,100,790		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:									
(Increase) in accounts receivable	(100,749)		(7,962)		(23,043)		(131,754)		-
(Increase) in prepayments	(2,726)		(1,448)		(2,118)		(6,292)		-
Decrease (increase) in net pension asset	(250)		2		(355)		(603)		-
(Increase) in deferred outflows - pension - OPERS	(152,279)		(90,048)		(198,417)		(440,744)		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(54,269)		(112,782)		2,904		(164,147)		-
Increase in accrued wages	7,119		2,392		8,059		17,570		-
Increase (decrease) in intergovernmental payable.	1,922		(928)		2,957		3,951		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated									
absences payable	(457)		8,916		15,759		24,218		-
Increase in accrued vacation payable.	1,483		3,982		4,866		10,331		-
Increase in net pension liability	380,189		224,736		384,455		989,380		-
Increase (decrease) in									
deferred inflows - pension - OPERS	 (16,143)		46,659		(10,263)		20,253		
Net cash provided by (used in)									
operating activities	\$ 3,288,032	\$	1,238,516	\$	(572,394)	\$	3,954,154	\$	(17,292)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Non-cash transactions:

At December 31, 2016, the water fund purchased \$41,567 in capital assets on account.

At December 31, 2017, the sewer fund purchased \$350,775 in capital assets on account.

At December 31, 2016, the sewer fund purchased \$58,870 in capital assets on account.

During 2017, the water fund received \$326,038 in capital contributions from developers.

During 2017, the sewer fund received \$5,670 in capital contributions from governmental activities.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Agency
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 362,479
Cash in segregated accounts	 8,011
Total assets	\$ 370,490
Liabilities:	
Deposits held and due to others	\$ 362,479
Undistributed monies	 8,011
Total liabilities	\$ 370,490

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY

The City of Steubenville, (the "City"), is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

Beginning June 1, 1984, the City has operated under a council-manager form of government as provided by 705.51 to 705.60, Ohio Revised Code, inclusive. The powers and functions of the municipal governments are distributed among the municipality, its citizens, the various officers, boards, and commissions. The Mayor is the official head of the municipality for ceremonial purposes. Administration is not part of the duties of the Mayor. The City Council is composed of seven members, six of whom are elected by their respective electors within their designated wards. The Councilman at large, the seventh member of Council, is elected by the voters of the City at large. The City Council, by a majority vote, appoints the administrative City Manager.

The charter created two administrative departments: The Department of Finance and the Department of Law. The Directors of these departments are appointed by the City Manager and are approved by the Council.

Several board and commissions that serve the citizens of the City in various capacities are an integral part of the municipality's government. The boards and commissions include: Civil Service Commission, Planning and Zoning Commission, Board of Engineering and Building Appeals and Parks and Recreation Board. All members of these boards and commissions are appointed by the Mayor and are approved by Council.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City's financial statement includes all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and departments for which the City is financially accountable. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by the GASB, exists if the City appoints a voting majority of an organization's Governing Board and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on, the City. The City may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations with a separately elected Governing Board, a Governing Board appointed by another government, or a jointly appointed Board that is fiscally dependent on the City. The City also took into consideration other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based upon the application of these criteria, the City has no component units.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The primary government of the City consists of all funds, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate from the City. The primary government includes the City departments and agencies that provide the following services: police and fire protection, planning, zoning, refuse collection, street maintenance and repairs, community development, parks and recreation and water and sewer utilities. The preceding financial statements include all funds of the City (the primary government).

The following organizations are described due to their relationship with the City.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

<u>Jefferson County Regional Planning Commission</u>: The City participates in the Jefferson County Regional Planning Commission (the Commission) which is a statutorily created political subdivision of the State of Ohio under Ohio Revised Code Chapter 713. The Commission is jointly governed among Jefferson County and municipalities and townships within Jefferson County. The Commission includes the three Jefferson County Commissioners, fourteen municipal mayors, fourteen township trustees, and six non-governmental representatives appointed by the member governments. Each member's control over the operation of the Commission is limited to its representation on the Board.

The Commission makes studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environment, social, economic and governmental functions and services of Jefferson County and applies for Community Development Block Grants on behalf of member governments. The Board exercises total control of the budgeting, appropriation, contracting and management. The City contributed a fee of \$250 in 2017. Continued existence of the Commission is not dependent on the continued participation of the City. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Jefferson County Regional Planning Commission, Steubenville, Ohio.

<u>Jefferson County Family and Children First Council</u>: The Jefferson County Family and Children First Council (the Council) is a jointly governed organization created under Ohio Revised Code Section 121.37. The Council is currently governed by a 24 member Board, which includes the Health Commissioner of the City of Steubenville. During 2017, the City made no contributions to the Council. Continued existence of the Council is not dependent on the City's continued participation.

<u>Jefferson County Port Authority</u>: The Jefferson County Port Authority (the "Authority") was created in April 2012 and is a jointly governed organization between Jefferson County, the City of Steubenville and the Jefferson County Regional Planning Commission. The Authority was established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 4582.21. The purpose of the Authority is to enhance, foster, aid, provide or promote transportation, economic development, housing, recreation, education, governmental operations, culture, research and the creation and preservation of jobs and employment opportunities.

The Authority is governed by a Board consisting of nine appointed members, four appointed by Jefferson County, four appointed by the City of Steubenville, and one appointed by the Jefferson County Regional Planning Commission.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The City's financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activities of the internal service fund are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental functions are self-financing or draw from the general revenues of the City. The City does not eliminate interfund services provided or used when consolidating activities.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

C. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>.7% City income tax - street improvement fund</u> - The .7% city income tax - street improvement fund is used to account for income tax revenue committed for, and grants restricted for, improvement of streets within the City

Other governmental funds of the City are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise funds or internal service funds.

<u>Enterprise funds</u> - The enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Water fund</u> - This fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to its residential and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Sewer fund</u> - This fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Refuse fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations providing refuse waste removal to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's internal service fund reports on the activity of the centralized City self-insurance health program.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's only fiduciary funds are agency funds, which primarily account for Municipal Court activity and for funds held in trust for deposits.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the financial statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities and deferred outflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within thirty-one days of year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (See Note 5.B.). Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5.A.). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: income tax, State-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax, local government funds and permissive tax), fines and forfeitures and licenses and permits and fees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, see Note 12 for deferred outflows of resources related to the City's net pension liability.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2017, but which were levied to finance 2018 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, income taxes, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the City, see Note 12 for deferred inflows of resources related to the City's net pension liability. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

F. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. The legal level of budgetary control is by office, department, and division, and within each, appropriated for personal services. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the City Council at the legal level of budgetary control.

Tax Budget - During the first Council meeting in July, the Finance Director presents the annual operating budget for the following year to City Council for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Estimated Resources - The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. On or before December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include unencumbered cash balances at December 31 of the preceding year.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources at the time final appropriations were adopted.

Appropriations - A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 to March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation ordinance fixes spending authority at the legal level of budgetary control. The appropriation ordinance may be amended during the year as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for the fund that covers the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

Lapsing of Appropriations - At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. Encumbrances are carried forward and are not re-appropriated as part of the subsequent year appropriations.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. During 2017, interest revenue credited to the general fund amounted to \$2,497, which includes \$2,132 assigned from other City funds.

For purpose of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net position, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments, to the extent that the investment was purchased from a specific fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The City has segregated bank accounts for Municipal Court monies held separate from the City's central bank account. These interest bearing depository accounts are presented on the financial statements as "cash in segregated accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the City treasury.

An analysis of the City's depository accounts at year-end is provided in Note 4.

H. Inventories of Materials and Supplies

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at cost. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset as a component of nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The City's infrastructure consists of streets, irrigation systems, traffic lights, and water and sewer lines. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized for business-type activities.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Description	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities Estimated Lives
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Improvements	10 - 15 years	10 - 15 years
Buildings	50 years	50 years
Equipment	10 - 20 years	10 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 20 years	5 - 20 years
Infrastructure:	-	
Sewer and water lines	N/A	50 years
Roads, traffic lights	10 - 65 years	10 - 65 years

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the City consist of sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences is attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the City and the employee. Vacation earned in the current year must be used by December 31 of the following year.

In conformity with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at December 31 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments and by those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination (severance) benefits in the future.

The total liability for sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the financial statement date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus applicable additional salary related payments. City employees are granted sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated sick leave at various rates.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. For proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

K. Prepaid Items

Prepayments made to vendors for services that will benefit future periods beyond December 31, 2017 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which it was consumed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, net pension liability, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of City Council (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by Ordinance of City Council, which includes giving the Finance Director the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of Council and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The City had no extraordinary or special items during 2017.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the governmental-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expense in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes primarily consists of amounts restricted for special assessments and public health programs.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for the water, sewer and refuse enterprise funds and charges for services to other departments for the self-insurance internal service fund. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

S. Unamortized Bond Premiums

Bond premiums are amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

On the fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the current period. The reconciliation between the bond's face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 10.

T. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable". Receivables and payables for services provided by one fund to another fund are classified as "due to/from other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances. The City had no interfund balances at December 31, 2017.

U. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Certain resources set aside for the payment of landfill closure and post-closure costs are classified as restricted assets on the financial statements because their use is limited by a legal settlement.

V. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

W. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction and from contributions from governmental funds. During 2017, the water fund received contributions of capital in the amount of \$205,981 from the State of Ohio and \$326,038 from developers. During 2017, the sewer fund received \$5,670 in contributions of capital from the governmental activities.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Change in Accounting Principles

For 2017, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14", GASB Statement No. 81 "Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements", and GASB Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73".

GASB Statement No. 80 amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 80 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 81 improves the accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 81 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 82 addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 82 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the City Council has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

- 1. Bonds of the State of Ohio;
- 2. Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, county, township, or other political subdivision of this State, as to which there is no default of principal interest, or coupons; and,
- 3. Obligations of the City.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Finance Director by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Finance Director or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash in Segregated Accounts

At year end, the City had \$8,011 deposited with a financial institution for monies related to the Municipal Court which is reported as an agency fund. The entire balance is covered by the FDIC. The amount is not included in the City's depository balance below.

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2017, the carrying amount of all City deposits was \$22,728,139. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2017, \$21,379,346 of the City's bank balance of \$22,731,502 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$1,352,156 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the City and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2017, the City's financial institutions did not participate in the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash as reported in the note above to cash as reported on the statement of net position as of December 31, 2017:

Casn	ana	casn	eq	uıv	7ai	eni	IS '	per	not	e
			_				_			

Carrying amount of deposits	\$	22,728,139
Cash in segregated accounts	_	8,011
Total	\$	22,736,150

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents per statement of net position

Governmental activities	\$ 9,616,585
Business type activities	12,749,075
Agency funds	370,490
Total	\$ 22,736,150

NOTE 5 - TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2017 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2016, are levied after October 1, 2017, and are collected in 2018 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of Steubenville. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes, delinquent tangible personal property taxes and other outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2017 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the current portion receivable has been offset by a deferred inflow since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2017 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes has been offset by a deferred inflow since the collection of the taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is a deferred inflow.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 5 - TAXES - (Continued)

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$7.90 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and public utility property upon which 2017 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real property	
Residential/agricultural	\$ 148,771,380
Commercial/industrial/mineral	77,779,270
Public utility	
Real	51,860
Personal	 19,742,340
Total assessed value	\$ 246,344,850

B. Municipal Income Tax

The City's municipal income tax of 2.0 percent is levied on gross salaries, wages and other personal service compensation earned by residents both in and out of the City and on the earnings of nonresidents (except certain transients) earned in the City. This tax also applies to net income of business organizations within the City. Residents of the City are allowed a credit for all income taxes paid to other municipalities up to 100% of the City's current rate.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return annually. The income tax is collected by RITA and remitted to the City monthly.

Municipal income taxes are allocated by City ordinance as follows: 100% of the original one percent of the City income tax is for the general fund; .7% of the second one percent is allocated in various amounts to the general, street improvement, equipment and recreation funds; and .3% of this second one percent is allocated in various amounts to the general and street improvement funds.

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2017 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and special assessments. Receivables have been recorded to the extent that they are measurable at December 31, 2017.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

A summary of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Income taxes	\$ 2,801,879
Property and other taxes	1,662,422
Accounts	64,541
Special assessments	36,792
Due from other governments	2,459,386

Business-type activities:

Accounts 1,290,483

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year, with the exception of special assessments which will be collected over the life of the assessment.

THIS SPACE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities:	12/31/16	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	12/31/17
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 469,112	\$ 320,902	\$ -	\$ 790,014
Construction in progress	721,746	2,078,193	(1,915,268)	884,671
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	1,190,858	2,399,095	(1,915,268)	1,674,685
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	7,926,176	-	-	7,926,176
Improvements	6,327,161	109,850	-	6,437,011
Equipment	2,000,446	173,364	-	2,173,810
Vehicles	4,757,720	196,626	(165,370)	4,788,976
Infrastructure	52,503,100	4,167,250		56,670,350
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	73,514,603	4,647,090	(165,370)	77,996,323
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(2,327,018)	(153,605)	-	(2,480,623)
Improvements	(3,043,795)	(299,555)	-	(3,343,350)
Equipment	(1,237,465)	(184,007)	-	(1,421,472)
Vehicles	(3,391,730)	(347,925)	157,609	(3,582,046)
Infrastructure	(29,685,208)	(1,753,330)		(31,438,538)
Total accumulated depreciation	(39,685,216)	(2,738,422)	157,609	(42,266,029)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	33,829,387	1,908,668	(7,761)	35,730,294
-				
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 35,020,245	\$ 4,307,763	\$ (1,923,029)	\$ 37,404,979

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

		Balance						Balance
Business-type activities:	_	12/31/16	_	Additions	_	<u>Disposals</u>		12/31/17
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	66,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	66,000
Construction in progress		991,672		920,075		(1,362,697)		549,050
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,057,672	_	920,075	_	(1,362,697)	_	615,050
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		37,898,452		=		-		37,898,452
Improvements		4,628,450		439,876		-		5,068,326
Equipment		2,424,324		68,877		-		2,493,201
Vehicles		2,157,341		852,186		-		3,009,527
Infrastructure		33,142,314	_	1,631,323			_	34,773,637
Total capital assets, being depreciated		80,250,881	_	2,992,262				83,243,143
Less: accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings		(11,076,772)		(728,096)		-		(11,804,868)
Improvements		(484,620)		(97,125)		-		(581,745)
Equipment		(686,809)		(195,476)		-		(882,285)
Vehicles		(1,534,921)		(314,233)		-		(1,849,154)
Infrastructure		(6,092,282)	_	(765,860)			_	(6,858,142)
Total accumulated depreciation		(19,875,404)		(2,100,790)		<u>-</u>	_	(21,976,194)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	60,375,477		891,472	_			61,266,949
Business-type activities capital								
assets, net	\$	61,433,149	\$	1,811,547	\$	(1,362,697)	\$	61,881,999

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 222,233
Security of persons and property	304,311
Transportation	1,873,653
Community environment	6,390
Leisure time activity	331,835
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,738,422

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Business-type activities:

Water	\$ 1,085,019
Sewer	831,897
Refuse	183,874
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 2,100,790

NOTE 8 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Vacation - Employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. Vacation earned in any one year must be used within the following year with no carryover. At time of separation employees are entitled to any earned and unused vacation leave.

Sick leave - Sick leave is accrued according to contracts. Members of AFSCME, police and non-union personnel are credited with 120 hours at the beginning of each year and fire department personnel are credited with 168 hours. There is no limit to the amount employees can accumulate during their service time with the City. Upon termination, an employee with less than 10 years is entitled to 25% of accumulated sick hours. An employee with 10 years or more is entitled to 50% of accumulated sick hours. For AFSCME union members and non-union personnel there is a limit of 2,000 hours of accumulated sick hours that can be paid; police and fire personnel have no limit that can be paid.

NOTE 9 - LEASES

In the current year and prior years, the City entered into capitalized lease agreements for copiers, an excavator and a van mounted sewer camera system. The lease for copiers is recorded in the governmental activities and the leases for the excavator and van mounted sewer camera system are recorded in the business-type activities. These lease agreements meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by generally accepted accounting principles, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

For the copiers, general capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the statement of net position in the amount of \$24,995. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of December 31, 2017 was \$24,995, leaving a current book value of \$0. A corresponding liability was recorded in the statement of net position. Principal payments in 2017 totaled \$1,460 paid by the general fund.

For the excavator and associated equipment, capital assets consisting of equipment and vehicles have been capitalized in the statement of net position in the amount of \$103,267. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of December 31, 2017 was \$8,259, leaving a current book value of \$95,008. A corresponding liability was recorded in the statement of net position. Principal payments on the lease totaled \$13,811 paid by the water fund during 2017.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 9 - LEASES - (Continued)

For the van mounted sewer camera system, capital assets consisting of vehicles have been capitalized in the statement of net position in the amount of \$210,087. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of December 31, 2017 was \$83,007, leaving a current book value of \$127,080. A corresponding liability was recorded in the statement of net position. Principal payments in 2017 totaled \$40,891 paid by the sewer fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2017:

	Business-type Activities						
Year Ended <u>December 31,</u> 2018 2019	E2	era System Amount					
2018	\$	15,833	\$	44,271			
2019		15,834		44,270			
2020		15,833		-			
2021		15,832					
Total		63,332		88,541			
Less: amount representing interest		(4,155)		(3,439)			
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	59,177	\$	85,102			

THIS SPACE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During 2017, the following changes occurred in the City's governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Interest Rate	Balance 12/31/16	Additions Reductions		Balance 12/31/17	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:						
<u>Loans:</u>						
Sunset Blvd (ODOT)	3.00%	\$ 491,019	\$ -	\$ (21,146)	\$ 469,873	\$ 52,325
Total loans		491,019		(21,146)	469,873	52,325
General obligation bonds:						
Current interest bonds - series 2010	2%-5%	2,880,000	-	-	2,880,000	-
Capital appreciation bonds - series 2010		92,612	-	(29,261)	63,351	24,742
Accreted interest - series 2010		161,633	46,437	(65,739)	142,331	55,586
Current interest bonds - series 2014	1%-4%	960,000		(20,000)	940,000	20,000
Total general obligation bonds		4,094,245	46,437	(115,000)	4,025,682	100,328
Other long-term liabilities:						
Police and fire pension liability		1,635,030	-	(59,870)	1,575,160	62,442
Capital lease obligation		1,460	-	(1,460)	-	-
Net pension liability		17,359,346	718,248	(1,059,279)	17,018,315	-
Compensated absences		1,388,046	79,226	(87,944)	1,379,328	63,031
Total other long-term liabilities		20,383,882	797,474	(1,208,553)	19,972,803	125,473
Total governmental activities						
long-term liabilities		\$ 24,969,146	\$ 843,911	<u>\$(1,344,699)</u>	24,468,358	\$ 278,126
		Un	namortized prer	nium on bonds	128,139	
		Tota	al on statement	of net position	\$ 24,596,497	

<u>ODOT loan</u> - During 2000, the City obtained a loan through the Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) to fund the Sunset Boulevard widening project. This loan bears an interest rate of 3.00% and matures in 2025. The loan is paid from the .7% City income tax - street improvement fund. Payment is derived from income tax levies.

<u>Police and fire pension liability</u> - The police and fire pension obligation payable was entered into in 1973 with a total principal amount financed of \$2,574,594. These obligations payable were offered to assist governments throughout the State of Ohio to fund their unfunded pension costs associated with police and fire service. Payments are due in May and November of each year, with the final payment due in May 2035. This obligation is being repaid through the use of local property tax revenues in the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>General obligation bonds - series 2010</u> - On November 17, 2010, the City issued general obligation bonds to retire the municipal building note, which provided funds for construction of a new municipal building. These bonds are general obligations of the City for which the full faith and credit of the City is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the City are accounted for on the statement of net position. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as expenditures in the general bond retirement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

This issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$3,405,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$92,612. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 2.00% to 5.00%. The remaining capital appreciation bonds mature, December 1, 2018 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 3.64%), December 1, 2019 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 3.92%) and December 1, 2020 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 4.31%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the remaining capital appreciation bonds is \$285,000. A total of \$142,331 in accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds has been included on the statement of net position at December 31, 2017.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2040.

<u>General obligation bonds - series 2014</u> - On November 25, 2014, the City issued general obligation bonds, which provided funds for demolition of buildings and structures and related clearing and site preparation for urban redevelopment programs. These bonds are general obligations of the City for which the full faith and credit of the City is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the City are accounted for on the statement of net position. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as expenditures in the general fund.

This issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$1,000,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.00% to 4.00%.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2044.

The proceeds of the general obligation bonds - series 2014 were not used to purchase capital assets.

<u>Capital lease obligation</u> - Capital lease payments are made from the general fund. See Note 9 for lease details.

<u>Net pension liability</u> - The City's net pension liability is described in Note 12. The City pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service, which for the City's governmental activities, is the general fund, .7% City income tax - street improvement fund and the community development fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

<u>Compensated absences</u> - Compensated absences for governmental activities will be paid from the fund in which the employee who has earned the leave is paid from, which, for the City, is the general fund, .7% City income tax - street improvement fund and the community development fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. The annual requirements amortize governmental activities long-term obligations outstanding as of December 31, 2017, are as follows:

Year	Current 1	rrent Interest Bonds - series 2010		Capital Appreciation Bonds - series 2010					
Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total			
2018 2019	\$ - -	\$ 131,694 131,693	\$ 131,694 131,693	\$ 24,742 20,920	\$ 70,258 74,080	\$ 95,000 95,000			
2020	-	131,694	131,694	17,689	77,311	95,000			
2021	95,000	131,693	226,693	-	-	-			
2022	100,000	127,894	227,894	-	-	-			
2023 - 2027	550,000	577,470	1,127,470	-	-	-			
2028 - 2032	675,000	453,393	1,128,393	-	-	-			
2033 - 2037	845,000	281,788	1,126,788	-	-	-			
2038 - 2040	615,000	62,500	677,500						
Totals	\$ 2,880,000	\$ 2,029,819	\$ 4,909,819	\$ 63,351	\$ 221,649	\$ 285,000			
Year	Police	and Fire Pension	Liability		nterest Bonds - s	series 2014			
Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total			
2018	\$ 62,442	\$ 66,288	\$ 128,730	\$ 20,000	\$ 36,300	\$ 56,300			
2019	65,123	63,606	128,729	20,000	36,000	56,000			
2020	67,922	60,809	128,731	20,000	35,600	55,600			
2021	70,838	57,891	128,729	25,000	35,200	60,200			
2022	73,882	54,849	128,731	25,000	34,200	59,200			
2023 - 2027	419,819	223,829	643,648	135,000	155,800	290,800			
2028 - 2032	518,063	125,784	643,847	160,000	126,800	286,800			
2033 - 2037	297,071	18,963	316,034	190,000	92,400	282,400			
2038 - 2042	-	-	-	235,000	50,800	285,800			
2043 - 2044				110,000	6,600	116,600			
Totals	\$ 1,575,160	\$ 672,019	\$ 2,247,179	\$ 940,000	\$ 609,700	\$ 1,549,700			
Year		ODOT Loan							
Ended	Principal	Interest	Total						
2018	\$ 52,325	\$ 14,849	\$ 67,174						
2019	54,038	13,135	67,173						
2020	55,809	11,365	67,174						
2021	57,637	9,536	67,173						
2022	59,526	7,647	67,173						
2023 - 2025	190,538	10,981	201,519						
Totals	\$ 469,873	\$ 67,513	\$ 537,386						

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

C. During 2017, the following changes occurred in the City's business-type activities long-term obligations:

	Interest Rate	_	Balance 12/31/16		Additions		Reductions	_	Balance 12/31/17		Oue Within One Year
Business-type activities:											
OWDA loans:											
Sewer - OWDA #3868	3.53%	\$	119,044	\$	-	\$	(16,599)	\$	102,445	\$	17,190
Sewer - OWDA #4791	4.11%		9,292,060		-		(266,562)		9,025,498		277,631
Sewer - OWDA #6194	3.45%		3,826,293		-		(122,560)		3,703,733		126,825
Water - OWDA #3441	3.90%		3,075,606		-		(464,407)		2,611,199		482,696
Water - OWDA #5093	4.95%		3,645,056		-		(91,116)		3,553,940		95,682
Water - OWDA #3686	3.95%		1,819,396		-		(212,877)		1,606,519		221,368
Water - OWDA #4427	3.25%		14,150,263		_	_	(1,150,846)		12,999,417		1,188,552
Total OWDA loans			35,927,718			_	(2,324,967)		33,602,751		2,409,944
OPWC loans:											
Water - OPWC #CU19S	0.00%		42,725		-		(2,191)		40,534		2,191
Water - OPWC #CN729	0.00%		3,032		-		(3,032)		-		-
Water - OPWC #CN038	0.00%		81,898				(14,889)		67,009		14,889
Total OPWC loans			127,655				(20,112)		107,543		17,080
Revenue bond:											
Water - water utility bond	2.25%		190,220		_		(94,046)		96,174		96,174
Sewer - wastewater utility bond	3.08%		607,000		_		(72,000)		535,000		73,000
Total revenue bonds			797,220		_		(166,046)		631,174	_	169,174
General obligation bonds:											
Water refunding bonds	2%-5%		600,750		-		(58,500)		542,250		60,750
Sewer refunding bonds	2%-5%		734,250		-		(71,500)		662,750		74,250
Water various purpose bonds	1%-4%		2,485,000		-		(145,000)		2,340,000		145,000
Sewer various purpose bonds	1%-4%		3,905,000		-		(80,000)		3,825,000		85,000
Total general obligations bonds			7,725,000	_	-	_	(355,000)		7,370,000		365,000
Other long-term liabilities:											
Compensated absences	n/a		167,520		24,635		(417)		191,738		16,084
Water - capital lease	n/a		72,988		-		(13,811)		59,177		14,193
Sewer - capital lease	n/a		125,993		-		(40,891)		85,102		41,988
Net pension liability	n/a		3,328,545		989,380		-		4,317,925		-
Landfill closure/postclosure	n/a		1,545,349		-		(73,561)		1,471,788		75,000
Total other long-term liabilities		_	5,240,395		1,014,015	_	(128,680)	_	6,125,730	_	147,265
Total business-type											
long-term obligations		\$	49,817,988	\$	1,014,015	\$	(2,994,805)		47,837,198	\$	3,108,463
				Una	mortized pre	miı	ım on bonds		241,952		
				Total	l on statemer	nt o	f net position	\$	48,079,150		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>OWDA loans</u> - The City has entered into debt financing arrangements through the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) to fund construction projects. The amounts due to the OWDA are payable from water and sewer revenues. The loan agreements function similar to a line-of-credit agreement. At December 31, 2017, the City has outstanding borrowings of \$33,602,751. The loan agreements require semi-annual payments based on the permissible borrowings rather than the actual amount loaned.

The City has pledged future water revenues to repay OWDA loans. The loans are payable solely from water fund revenues and are payable through 2039. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the water OWDA loans is \$25,038,617. Annual principal and interest payments on the loans are expected to require 81.32 percent of net revenues and 38.22 percent of total revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year were \$2,621,914, total net revenues were \$3,224,192 and total revenues were \$6,860,818.

The City has pledged future sewer revenues to repay OWDA loans. The loans are payable solely from sewer fund revenues and are payable through 2038. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the sewer OWDA loans is \$18,748,548. Annual principal and interest payments on the loans are expected to require 78.04 percent of net revenues and 24.54 percent of total revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year were \$909,173, total net revenues were \$1,164,997 and total revenues were \$3,704,124.

<u>OPWC loans</u> - The City received loans from OPWC to fund improvements of the water plant. The payments on the loans are made from the water fund in semi-annual payments over 20 years. During 2017, the City made principal payments of \$20,112 on the water improvement OPWC loans. There is no interest on these loans.

<u>General obligation bonds - series 2010</u> - On November 17, 2010, the City issued bonds to retire the 2005 water and sewer bonds. The 2010 bonds are general obligation bonds and are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged for repayment. The 2010 bond issue is comprised of \$927,000 in water bonds and \$1,133,000 in sewer bonds. The bonds will be retired with user charges in the water and sewer funds. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% and mature on December 1, 2025.

General obligation bonds - series 2014 - On November 25, 2014, the City issued bonds to pay for the costs of water and sewer improvements. The 2014 bonds are general obligation bonds and are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged for repayment. The 2014 bond issue is comprised of \$2,765,000 in water bonds and \$4,065,000 in sewer bonds. The bonds will be retired with user charges in the water and sewer funds. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 1.00% to 4.00% and mature on December 1, 2044. \$1,920,000 represents the balance of the water meter replacement bonds at December 31, 2017. This balance is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets because the items purchased were not capitalized. \$1,591,164 of the sewer bonds are unspent at December 31, 2017.

<u>Water utility revenue bonds</u> - In 2013, the City issued \$460,000 in water utility revenue bonds for the construction of super pulsator covers at the water treatment plant. These bonds are direct obligations of the City's water utility and the revenues derived from charges for water are pledged to repay this debt.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The City has pledged future water customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the 2013 water utility revenue bonds. The 2013 water utility revenue bonds are payable solely from water customer net revenues and are payable through 2018. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the 2013 water utility revenue bonds is \$97,800. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 3.03 percent of net revenues and 1.43 percent of total revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year were \$97,800, total net revenues were \$3,224,192 and total revenues were \$6,860.818.

<u>Wastewater utility revenue bonds</u> - In 2014, the City issued \$748,000 in wastewater utility revenue bonds for the acquisition of a sludge press. These bonds are direct obligations of the City's sewer utility and the revenues derived from charges for sewer are pledged to repay this debt.

The City has pledged future sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the 2014 wastewater utility revenue bonds. The 2014 wastewater utility revenue bonds are payable solely from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2024. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the 2014 water utility revenue bonds is \$593,321. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 7.69 percent of net revenues and 2.42 percent of total revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year were \$89,587, total net revenues were \$1,164,997 and total revenues were \$3,704,124.

Landfill closure/post-closure liability - See Note 15 for landfill information.

<u>Capital lease obligation</u> - Capital lease payments are made from the water and sewer funds. See Note 9 for lease details.

<u>Compensated absences</u> - Compensated absences for business-type activities will be paid from the water, sewer and refuse funds.

<u>Net pension liability</u> - The City's net pension liability is described in Note 12. The City pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service, which for the City's business-type activities, are the water, sewer and refuse funds.

D. The annual requirements amortize business-type activities long-term obligations outstanding as of December 31, 2017, are as follows:

Year		Water &	er & Sewer Refunding Bonds				Water Utility Revenue Bonds						
Ended]	Principal		Interest		Total	Pr	rincipal	I1	nterest		Total	
2018	\$	135,000	\$	45,669	\$	180,669	\$	96,174	\$	1,626	\$	97,800	
2019		135,000		41,619		176,619		-		-		-	
2020		140,000		37,400		177,400		-		-		-	
2021		145,000		31,800		176,800		-		-		-	
2022		155,000		26,000		181,000		-		-		-	
2023 - 2025		495,000		40,000		535,000							
Totals	\$	1,205,000	\$	222,488	\$	1,427,488	\$	96,174	\$	1,626	\$	97,800	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Totals

\$ 6,165,000

Year		OWDA Loans	5		OPWC Loans	
Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 2,409,944	4 \$ 1,131,567	\$ 3,541,511	\$ 17,080	\$ -	\$ 17,080
2019	2,498,073	3 1,054,264	3,552,337	17,080	-	17,080
2020	2,589,473	3 974,109	3,563,582	17,080	-	17,080
2021	2,684,26	7 890,993	3,575,260	17,080	-	17,080
2022	2,782,584	4 804,805	3,587,389	9,644	-	9,644
2023 - 2027	10,402,67	7 2,873,465	13,276,142	10,955	-	10,955
2028 - 2032	4,084,97	3 1,643,770	5,728,743	10,955	-	10,955
2033 - 2037	5,013,40	1 774,856	5,788,257	7,669	-	7,669
2038 - 2039	1,137,359	9 36,585	1,173,944			
Totals	\$ 33,602,75	1 \$ 10,184,414	\$ 43,787,165	\$ 107,543	\$ -	\$ 107,543
Year	Water &	Sewer Various Pu	ırpose Bonds	Wastew	ater Utility Rever	nue Bonds
Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 230,000	0 \$ 231,350	\$ 461,350	\$ 73,000	\$ 15,354	\$ 88,354
2019	235,000	0 227,900	462,900	74,000	13,094	87,094
2020	240,000	0 223,200	463,200	75,000	10,599	85,599
2021	240,000	0 218,400	458,400	76,000	8,266	84,266
2022	255,000	0 208,800	463,800	78,000	6,095	84,095
2023 - 2027	1,430,000	0 883,000	2,313,000	159,000	4,913	163,913
2028 - 2032	1,110,000	0 597,200	1,707,200	-	-	-
2033 - 2037	875,000	0 418,600	1,293,600	-	-	-
2038 - 2042	1,060,000	0 228,600	1,288,600	-	-	-
2043 - 2044	490,000	0 29,600	519,600			

\$ 9,431,650

535,000

593,321

58,321

E. The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The assessed valuation used in determining the City's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in calculating the City's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2017, the City's total debt margin was \$22,237,593 and the unvoted debt margin was \$13,548,967.

\$ 3,266,650

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City was part of the Ohio Municipal Alliance, an insurance purchasing pool, for all property, crime, liability, boiler and machinery, and public official liability. The City has transferred its risk of loss to the insurance carrier to the extent of the limits shown below.

Type of Coverage	<u>Deductible</u>	Limits of <u>Coverage</u>
Property	\$ 25,000	\$108,783,200
Employee dishonesty	1,000	100,000
Money and securities	1,000	25,000
Vehicle	2,500	1,000,000
General liabilities	25,000	1,000,000
Law enforcement	25,000	1,000,000
Public officials liability	25,000	1,000,000
Employment practices	25,000	1,000,000
Umbrella liability	N/A	2,000,000

B. Health Insurance

On January 1, 2015, the City joined the Ohio Public Entity Consortium Healthcare Cooperative (OPEC-HC), a risk-sharing pool, which provides employee health care benefits for all full-time employees who wish to participate in the plan. The OPEC-HC consists of one hundred sixty (160) political subdivisions that pool risk for basic hospital, surgical and prescription drug coverage for approximately 3,300 employees. The OPEC-HC is governed by a seven member Board of Directors consisting of: three (3) duly elected representatives of the member organizations; the Plan Administrator; a representative of the plan's marketing firm; the Executive Director of the Ohio Public Entity Consortium (OPEC); the OPEC Board Chairman. The Board elects a chairman, vice-chairman, and recording secretary. The Board is responsible for its own financial matters and the Plan Administrator maintains the plan's books of account. Budgeting and financing of the OPEC-HC are subject to the approval of the Board. The City pays monthly contributions to the OPEC-HC, which are used to purchase excess loss insurance for the OPEC-HC, to pay current claims and related claim settlement expenses, and to establish and maintain sufficient reserves. The monthly contribution is determined for each member in accordance with the number of covered officers and employees, and the prior loss experience of the respective member group. The Board shall determine annually, on or before the annual meeting, the percentage increase or decrease in the excess reserves for future operations. The funds are maintained in a bank trust account established for the sole purpose and benefit of the OPEC-HC's operations. Financial information for the OPEC-HC can be obtained from Erin Patton, President, Ohio Public Entity Consortium, 8120 Corporate Blvd, Suite 102, Plain City, Ohio 43064.

The OPEC-HC has entered into an agreement for individual and aggregate excess loss coverage with a commercial insurance carrier. The individual excess loss coverage has been structured to indemnify the OPEC-HC for medical claims in excess of \$500,000 per participant. In the event that the losses of the consortium in any year exceeds amounts paid to the OPEC-HC, together with all stop-loss, reinsurance and other coverage then in effect, then the payment of all uncovered losses shall revert to and be the sole obligation of the political subdivision against which the claim was made.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The City currently has no specified percentage share of the OPEC-HC. The only time at which a percentage share would be calculated occurs if the OPEC-HC voted to terminate ongoing operations. After a vote to terminate the OPEC-HC, the Board would wind-up the OPEC-HC's business as quickly as practicable, but in any event would complete this process no later than six months after the termination date. During such period, the OPEC-HC would continue to pay all claims and expenses until the OPEC-HC's funds are exhausted. After payment of all claims and expenses, or upon the termination of the aforesaid six month period, any remaining surplus funds held by the OPEC-HC would be paid to the members of the OPEC-HC who are members as of the termination date. The Board would determine the manner in which such surplus funds would be distributed, and would consider the percentage relationship which each member's contributions to the OPEC-HC for the prior three calendar years of the OPEC-HC bore to all members' contributions to the OPEC-HC for that same period, and the loss experience of each plan in which the member participated for the prior three years of the OPEC-HC. The City's payment for health insurance coverage to OPEC-HC in 2017 was \$2,204,614.

Dental, vision and life insurance benefits are also provided. The family and single rates are not gender and age sensitive, and are the same for each class of employees.

C. Workers' Compensation

Workers' compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year in any category of risk. Claims have not exceeded coverage limitations in any of the past three years.

Post-employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 13. As such, no funding provisions are required by the City.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability/Asset

The net pension liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability/asset represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes any net pension liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits or overfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* or *net pension asset*, respectively, on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *due to other governments* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan and the Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the Member-Directed Plan and the Combined Plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' Traditional Pension Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension Plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the Traditional Pension Plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Group A						
Eligible to retire prior to						
January 7, 2013 or five years						
after January 7, 2013						

ten years after January 7, 2013 State and Local

Group C Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Loc

Age and Service Requirements:

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to

January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

State and Local

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3.00% simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 2.25%.

Benefits in the Combined Plan consist of both an age-and-service formula benefit (defined benefit) and a defined contribution element. The defined benefit element is calculated on the basis of age, FAS, and years of service. Eligibility regarding age and years of service in the Combined Plan is the same as the Traditional Pension Plan. The benefit formula for the defined benefit component of the plan for State and Local members in transition Groups A and B applies a factor of 1.00% to the member's FAS for the first 30 years of service.

A factor of 1.25% is applied to years of service in excess of 30. The benefit formula for transition Group C applies a factor of 1.0% to the member's FAS and the first 35 years of service and a factor of 1.25% is applied to years in excess of 35. Persons retiring before age 65 with less than 30 years of service credit receive a percentage reduction in benefit. The defined contribution portion of the benefit is based on accumulated member contributions plus or minus any investment gains or losses on those contributions. Members retiring under the Combined Plan receive a 2.25% COLA adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their benefit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the OPERS's Board of Trustees. Member-Directed Plan and Combined Plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the Combined Plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the Member-Directed Plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20% each year. For additional information, see the Plan Statement in the OPERS CAFR.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local
2017 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %
2017 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	13.0 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	1.0 %
Total Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The City's contractually required contribution for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was \$653,834 for 2017. Of this amount, \$90,771 is reported as due to other governments.

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at www.opf.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.50% for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.00% for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.50% for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72.00% of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OPF benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2017 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %
2017 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50 %	0.50 %
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$935,024 for 2017. Of this amount \$128,614 is reported as due to other governments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

In addition to current contributions, the City pays installments on a specific liability of the City incurred when the State of Ohio established the statewide pension system for police and fire fighters in 1967. As of December 31, 2017, the specific liability of the City was \$1,575,160 payable in semi-annual payments through the year 2035.

Pension Liabilities/Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability and net pension asset for the OPERS Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan, respectively, were measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability or asset used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2016, to December 31, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension liability or asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

			OPERS -		
	OPERS -	OPERS -	Member-		
	Traditional	Combined	Directed	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset prior measurement date	0.03855300%	0.02377000%	0.02932100%	0.21778200%	
Proportion of the net pension liability/asset current measurement date	0.03692700%	0.02221400%	0.02723300%	0.20446700%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.00162600</u> %	- <u>0.00155600</u> %	- <u>0.00208800</u> %	- <u>0.01331500</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,385,494	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,950,746	\$ 21,336,240
Proportionate share of the net					
pension asset	-	12,364	113	-	12,477
Pension expense	1,717,332	8,932	140	1,521,814	3,248,218

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

						PERS -				
		OPERS - Traditional		PERS - ombined		Member- Directed		OP&F		Total
Deferred outflows		raditional		omomed		Directed		UP&F		Total
of resources										
Differences between										
expected and										
actual experience	\$	11,366	\$	-	\$	1,155	\$	3,664	\$	16,185
Net difference between										
projected and actual earnings										
on pension plan investments		1,248,794		3,015		95		1,259,402		2,511,306
Changes of assumptions		1,330,040		3,013		128		-		1,333,181
Changes in employer's										
proportionate percentage/										
difference between										
employer contributions		49,609		-		-		168,099		217,708
City contributions										
subsequent to the		604.401		11.500		15.004		005.004		1 500 050
measurement date		624,421		11,529		17,884		935,024		1,588,858
Total deferred outflows of resources	•	3,264,230	•	17.557	•	10.262	Ф.	2,366,189	Ф.	5,667,238
outlows of resources	\$	3,204,230	\$	17,557	\$	19,262	\$	2,300,189	\$	3,007,238
Deferred inflows										
of resources										
Differences between										
expected and										
actual experience	\$	49,907	\$	6,324	\$	=	\$	29,819	\$	86,050
Changes in employer's										
proportionate percentage/										
difference between										
employer contributions		200,275		-		-		598,303		798,578
Total deferred										
inflows of resources	\$	250,182	\$	6,324	\$	-	\$	628,122	\$	884,628

^{\$1,588,858} reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2018.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		OPERS -	OPERS -	OPERS - Member-		
	7	raditional	Combined	Directed	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:						
2018	\$	969,564	\$ 587	\$ 203	\$ 401,130	\$ 1,371,484
2019		1,018,286	585	201	401,129	1,420,201
2020		438,383	456	195	286,231	725,265
2021		(36,605)	(612)	159	(163,391)	(200,449)
2022		(1)	(500)	163	(110,397)	(110,735)
Thereafter			(812)	457	(11,659)	(12,014)
Total	\$	2,389,627	\$ (296)	\$ 1,378	\$ 803,043	\$ 3,193,752

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. In 2016, the Board's actuarial consultants conducted an experience study for the period 2011 through 2015, comparing assumptions to actual results. The experience study incorporates both a historical review and forward-looking projections to determine the appropriate set of assumptions to keep the plan on a path toward full funding. Information from this study led to changes in both demographic and economic assumptions, with the most notable being a reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50%, for the defined benefit investments, decreasing the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25% and changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.05% to 3.25%-10.75%. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Wage inflation Future salary increases, including inflation COLA or ad hoc COLA

Investment rate of return Actuarial cost method

3.25%
3.25% to 10.75% including wage inflation
Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
through 2018, then 2.15% simple
7.50%
Individual entry age

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table. For males, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015. For females, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvements back to the observation period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2010. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 for males and 2010 for females. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2016, OPERS managed investments in four investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the 401(h) Health Care Trust portfolio, the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The 401(h) Health Care Trust portfolio was closed as of June 30, 2016 and the net position transferred to the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio on July 1, 2016. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. The Defined Benefit portfolio historically included the assets of the Member-Directed retiree medical accounts funded through the VEBA Trust. However, the VEBA Trust was closed as of June 30, 2016 and the net position transferred to the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio on July 1, 2016. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 8.3% for 2016.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the OPERS Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2016 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

		Weighted Average Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Fixed income	23.00 %	2.75 %
Domestic equities	20.70	6.34
Real estate	10.00	4.75
Private equity	10.00	8.97
International equities	18.30	7.95
Other investments	18.00	4.92
Total	100.00 %	5.66 %

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 7.50%, post-experience study results, for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. A discount rate of 8.00% was used in the previous measurement period. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.50%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

Current			
1% Decrease (6.50%)	Discount Rate (7.50%)		1% Increase (8.50%)
\$ 12,810,715	\$	8,385,494	\$ 4,697,853
889		(12,364)	(22,658)
272		(113)	(272)
	(6.50%) \$ 12,810,715 889	1% Decrease Disc (6.50%) (7	1% Decrease Discount Rate (6.50%) (7.50%) \$ 12,810,715 \$ 8,385,494 889 (12,364)

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2016 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2016 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2016, are presented below:

Valuation date January 1, 2016

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Investment rate of return 8.25%

Projected salary increases 4.25% - 11.00%

Payroll increases 3.75%

Inflation assumptions 3.25%

Cost of living adjustments 2.60% and 3.00% simple

Rates of death are based on the RP2000 Combined Table, age-adjusted as follows. For active members, set back six years. For disability retirements, set forward five years for police and three years for firefighters. For service retirements, set back zero years for police and two years for firefighters. For beneficiaries, set back zero years. The rates are applied on a fully generational basis, with a base year of 2009, using mortality improvement Scale AA.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016. The recommended assumption changes based on this experience study were adopted by OPF's Board and were effective beginning with the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OPF's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2016 are summarized below:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Year Expected Real Rate of Return **	30 Year Expected Real Rate of Return **			
Asset Class	Anocation	Real Rate of Return	Real Rate of Return			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %					
Domestic Equity	16.00	4.46 %	5.21 %			
Non-US Equity	16.00	4.66	5.40			
Core Fixed Income *	20.00	1.67	2.37			
Global Inflation						
Protected Securities *	20.00	0.49	2.33			
High Yield	15.00	3.33	4.48			
Real Estate	12.00	4.71	5.65			
Private Markets	8.00	7.31	7.99			
Timber	5.00	6.87	6.87			
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	6.92	7.36			
Total	120.00 %					

Note: assumptions are geometric.

OPF's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.25%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.25%), or one percentage point higher (9.25%) than the current rate.

	Current							
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase					
	(7.25%)	(8.25%)	(9.25%)					
City's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$ 17,248,844	\$ 12,950,746	\$ 9,308,029					

^{*} levered 2x

^{**} numbers include inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date - In October 2017, the OP&F Board adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of January 1, 2017. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 8.25% to 8.00%. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, it has the potential to impact the City's net pension liability.

NOTE 13 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - OPERS administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member Directed Plan—a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for Member Directed Plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, Member-Directed Plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2016 CAFR for details.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the OPERS Board of Trustees (OPERS Board) in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the healthcare plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy - The post-employment healthcare plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code Section 401(h). State statute requires that public employers fund post-employment healthcare through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to the Traditional or Combined Plans is set aside for the funding of post-employment health care.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active employees. In 2017, local government employers contributed 14.00% of covered payroll. Each year the OPERS' Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for the funding of the postemployment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to fund post-employment healthcare for members in the Traditional Plan and Combined Plan for 2017 was 1.00%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 13 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment healthcare plan.

The City's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$56,072, \$105,028, and \$98,170, respectively; 87.21% has been contributed for 2017 and 100% has been contributed for 2016 and 2015. The remaining 2017 post-employment health care benefits liability has been reported as due to other governments on the basic financial statements.

Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under State Bill 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4.00% of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The City contributes to the OP&F Pension Fund sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-employment health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by visiting the website at www.op-f.org.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts, one account is for health care benefits under an Internal Revenue Code Section 115 trust and the other account is for Medicare Part B reimbursements administered as an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 13 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan into the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was .5% of covered payroll from January 1, 2017 thru December 31, 2017. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that the pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contributions to OP&F which were allocated to fund post-employment healthcare benefits for police officers and firefighters were \$12,108 and \$10,105 for the year ended December 31, 2017, \$11,637 and \$10,475 for the year ended December 31, 2016, and \$11,871 and \$10,614, for the year ended December 31, 2015. 100% has been contributed for 2016 and 2015. 85.80% has been contributed for police and 87.31% has been contributed for firefighters for 2017. The remaining 2017 post-employment health care benefits liability has been reported as due to other governments on the basic financial statements.

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- 2. Expenditures/expenses and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- 3. In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- 4. Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements (as reported in the fund financial statements) to the budgetary basis statements for all governmental funds for which a budgetary basis statement is presented.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General					
Budget basis	\$	(1,035,769)				
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(470,866)				
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		565,797				
Funds budgeted elsewhere		237,504				
Adjustment for encumbrances		641,299				
GAAP basis	\$	(62,035)				

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the unclaimed monies fund, the safety fund and the general reserve fund.

NOTE 15 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its municipal landfill site and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the closed landfill site for thirty years after closure. The landfill is no longer being used; however, the final cover as required by State and federal laws has not been placed on the landfill. In an agreement with the Ohio EPA, the City does not have to place a final cover on the landfill unless enough oil and gas royalties are generated to pay for it (see Note 17). Under the terms of the agreement with the Ohio EPA, the City is required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill through 2034. The estimated liability for the landfill is \$1,471,788. The estimated cost of landfill closure and post-closure care expenses is based on the amount that would be paid if all materials and services required to monitor and maintain the closed landfill were acquired as of December 31, 2017. However, the actual costs of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The City receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2017.

B. Litigation

The City has been named in various lawsuits, however, according to the City's legal counsel pending litigation will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 17 - OIL AND GAS LEASE

On February 28, 2012, the City entered into an oil and gas lease with Hess Ohio Development, LLC (Hess). The lease gives Hess the right to explore and drill for oil and gas on approximately 111 acres of City land. The City received a one-time nonrefundable payment from Hess in the amount of \$597,256. In addition, the City will receive a 19% royalty on any oil or gas that is recovered from the land. The City recorded the one-time payment in the refuse fund during 2012 and is required to record any future royalty revenue in the refuse fund. This revenue is restricted and will be used to pay for expenses incurred in the closing of the City's landfill.

NOTE 18 - CONDUIT DEBT

To provide funds to finance the cost of acquiring, constructing, installing and equipping certain hospital facilities and refunding prior debt obligations, the City has issued \$43,930,000 hospital facilities revenue refunding bonds, series 2010 (Trinity Health System Obligated Group). These bonds are special limited obligations of the City, payable solely from and secured by a sublease and pledged receipts. The bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the City and, accordingly, have not been reported in the accompanying financial statements.

At December 31, 2017, hospital facilities revenue refunding bonds outstanding aggregated \$32,700,000.

NOTE 19 - TAX ABATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2017, the City provides tax abatements through the Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) program. This program relates to the abatement of property taxes.

CRA - Under the authority of Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 3735.67, the CRA program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real property tax exemptions for property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings. CRA's are areas of land in which property owners can receive tax incentives for investing in real property improvements. Under the CRA program, local governments petition to the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) for confirmation of a geographical area in which investment in housing is desired. Once an area is confirmed by the ODSA, local governments may offer real property tax exemptions to taxpayers that invest in that area. Property owners in the CRA can receive temporary tax abatements for renovation of existing structures and new construction in these areas. Property owners apply to the local legislative authority for approval to renovate or construct in the CRA. Upon approval and certification of completion, the amount of the abatement is deducted from the individual or entity's property tax bill.

The City has no "clawback" provisions to recapture abated taxes, however a review board annually evaluates future status of each CRA. The total value of the City's share of taxes abated for 2017 was \$26.848.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 20 - FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

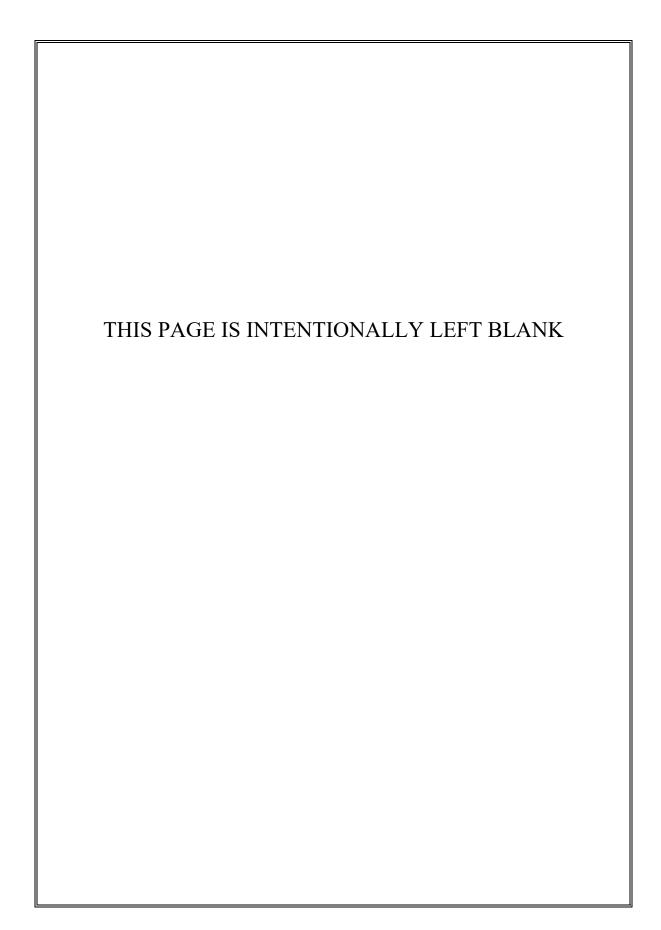
Fund balance	 General	Ir	.7% City ncome Tax Street nprovement	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies inventory	\$ 206,188	\$	-	\$ 37,500	\$	243,688
Prepaids	110,553		2,300	1,450		114,303
Unclaimed monies	 22,538			 		22,538
Total nonspendable	 339,279		2,300	 38,950		380,529
Restricted:						
Capital improvements	-		-	189,969		189,969
Street construction,						
maintenance and repair	-		-	1,078,852		1,078,852
Municipal court improvements	-		-	86,225		86,225
Community development	-		-	134,780		134,780
Court programs	-		-	149,445		149,445
Police and fire programs	-		-	240,530		240,530
Other purposes	 			 416,669		416,669
Total restricted	 <u>-</u>			 2,296,470		2,296,470
Committed:						
Debt service	-		-	254,735		254,735
Capital improvements	-		-	10,000		10,000
Street construction,						
maintenance and repair	-		1,345,046	-		1,345,046
Equipment improvement	-		-	607,196		607,196
Recreation purposes	-		-	206,127		206,127
Other purposes	 			 88,857		88,857
Total committed	 <u>-</u>		1,345,046	 1,166,915		2,511,961
Assigned:						
Legal aid	8,938		-	-		8,938
Hospitalization insurance	448,295		-	-		448,295
Street and traffic lighting	35,897		-	-		35,897
Safety programs	90,323		-	-		90,323
Other purposes	 123,638		_	 		123,638
Total assigned	 707,091			 	_	707,091
Unassigned	 3,678,372		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		3,678,372
Total fund balances	\$ 4,724,742	\$	1,347,346	\$ 3,502,335	\$	9,574,423

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 21 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the City's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	-	Year-End
<u>Fund</u>	<u>En</u>	cumbrances
General fund	\$	613,857
.7% City income tax - street improvement		184,332
Other governmental		635,336
Total	\$	1,433,525





SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/NET PENSION ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST FOUR YEARS

	2017		2016	2015		2014	
Traditional Plan:							
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.036927%	0.038553%		0.038777%		0.038777%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	8,385,494	\$ 6,677,866	\$	4,676,940	\$	4,571,303
City's covered payroll	\$	4,846,842	\$ 4,823,992	\$	4,755,025	\$	4,674,669
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		173.01%	138.43%		98.36%		97.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.25%	81.08%		86.45%		86.36%
Combined Plan:							
City's proportion of the net pension asset		0.022214%	0.023770%		0.024124%		0.024124%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$	12,364	\$ 11,567	\$	9,288	\$	2,531
City's covered payroll	\$	86,475	\$ 84,508	\$	88,175	\$	91,208
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		14.30%	13.69%		10.53%		2.77%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset		116.55%	116.90%		114.83%		104.56%
Member Directed Plan:							
City's proportion of the net pension asset		0.027233%	0.029321%		n/a		n/a
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$	113	\$ 112		n/a		n/a
City's covered payroll	\$	111,917	\$ 163,300		n/a		n/a
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.10%	0.07%		n/a		n/a
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset		103.40%	103.91%		n/a		n/a

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST FOUR YEARS

	 2017	 2016	 2015		2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.20446700%	0.21778200%	0.19982550%	(0.19982550%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 12,950,746	\$ 14,010,025	\$ 10,351,794	\$	9,732,129
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,422,511	\$ 4,434,530	\$ 4,230,338	\$	4,368,467
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	292.84%	315.93%	244.70%		222.78%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.36%	66.77%	72.20%		73.00%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	 2017	 2016	 2015	2014	
Traditional Plan:					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 624,421	\$ 581,621	\$ 578,879	\$	570,603
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (624,421)	 (581,621)	(578,879)		(570,603)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ <u> </u>	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,803,238	\$ 4,846,842	\$ 4,823,992	\$	4,755,025
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%		12.00%
Combined Plan:					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 11,529	\$ 10,377	\$ 10,141	\$	10,581
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (11,529)	 (10,377)	 (10,141)		(10,581)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$ 88,685	\$ 86,475	\$ 84,508	\$	88,175
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%		12.00%
Member Directed Plan:					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 17,884	\$ 13,430	\$ 19,596		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (17,884)	(13,430)	 (19,596)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 		
City's covered payroll	\$ 178,840	\$ 111,917	\$ 163,300		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.00%	12.00%	12.00%		

Note: Information prior to 2010 for the Combined Plan was unavailable.

Note: Information prior to 2015 for the Member Directed Plan was unavailable.

2013	 2012	2011 2010		2009		2008	
\$ 607,707	\$ 515,295	\$	533,244	\$ 455,322	\$ 480,843	\$	468,907
 (607,707)	 (515,295)		(533,244)	 (455,322)	 (480,843)		(468,907)
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
\$ 4,674,669	\$ 5,152,950	\$	5,332,440	\$ 5,104,507	\$ 5,914,428	\$	6,698,671
13.00%	10.00%		10.00%	8.92%	8.13%		7.00%
\$ 11,857	\$ 10,141	\$	10,301	\$ 12,291			
(11,857)	(10,141)		(10,301)	(12,291)			
\$ -	\$ 	\$		\$ 			
\$ 91,208	\$ 127,560	\$	129,572	\$ 126,842			
13.00%	7.95%		7.95%	9.69%			

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST TEN YEARS

		2017	2016	2015	2014
Police:	<u> </u>				
Contractually required contribution	\$	460,097	\$ 442,219	\$ 439,244	\$ 417,225
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(460,097)	(442,219)	(439,244)	(417,225)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$	2,421,563	\$ 2,327,468	\$ 2,311,811	\$ 2,195,921
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%
Fire:					
Contractually required contribution	\$	474,927	\$ 492,335	\$ 498,839	\$ 478,088
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(474,927)	(492,335)	(498,839)	(478,088)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
City's covered payroll	\$	2,020,966	\$ 2,095,043	\$ 2,122,719	\$ 2,034,417
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%

 2013	 2012	 2011	2010		2010 2009		2008	
\$ 361,470	\$ 289,845	\$ 297,135	\$	310,558	\$	307,577	\$	341,429
 (361,470)	 (289,845)	 (297,135)		(310,558)		(307,577)		(341,429)
\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
\$ 2,276,259	\$ 2,273,294	\$ 2,330,471	\$	2,435,749	\$	2,412,369	\$	2,677,875
15.88%	12.75%	12.75%		12.75%		12.75%		12.75%
\$ 426,392	\$ 343,993	\$ 356,041	\$	355,947	\$	368,987	\$	374,888
 (426,392)	 (343,993)	 (356,041)		(355,947)		(368,987)		(374,888)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
\$ 2,092,208	\$ 1,994,162	\$ 2,064,006	\$	2,063,461	\$	2,139,055	\$	2,173,264
20.38%	17.25%	17.25%		17.25%		17.25%		17.25%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

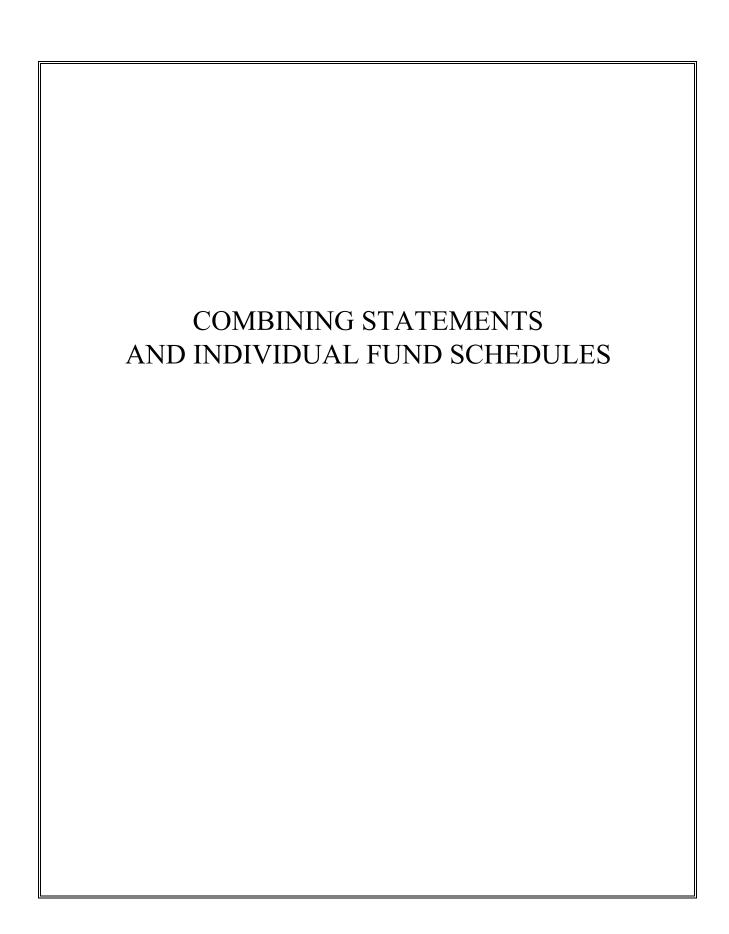
Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2017.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016. For 2017, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50%, (b) for defined benefit investments, decreasing the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25% and (c) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.05% to 3.25%-10.75%.

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2017.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2017. See the notes to the basic financial statements for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.



THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City and/or the general laws of Ohio.

FUNDS INCLUDED IN THE GENERAL FUND

The following funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis):

Unclaimed Monies Fund

This fund accounts for uncashed checks issued by the City.

Safety Fund

This fund accounts for monies and grants used for programs and equipment to prevent employee injuries and maintain a reasonable workers' compensation rate.

General Reserve Fund

This fund accounts for monies set-aside by the City for future expenses.

MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

.7% City Income Tax - Street Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for income tax revenue committed for, and Ohio Department of Transportation grants restricted for, improvement of the streets within the City.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are used to account for all specific financial resources (other than major capital projects) that are restricted or committed for specified expenditure purposes. The following are the special revenue funds which the City operates:

Street Maintenance and Repair Fund

This fund accounts for the portion of State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for the maintenance of the streets within the City.

State Highway Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for the portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of State highways within the City.

Litter Fund

This fund accounts for grants for litter prevention.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund

This fund accounts for hotel occupancy taxes levied for operation of the Steubenville Convention and Visitors Bureau.

Improvement Bond Escrow Fund

This fund accounts for miscellaneous escrow funds.

Floto Historical Site Fund

This fund accounts for money held to improve a historical site in Steubenville.

Indigent Drivers Fund

This fund accounts for fees and fines to be used as payment of the cost of attendance at an alcohol and drug addiction treatment program.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Enforcement and Education Fund

This fund accounts for grant monies received from DUI arrests to be used for enforcement and education and for DUI housing reimbursements pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 4511.191.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from Federal Law Enforcement agencies designated for law enforcement purposes.

Court Security Fund

This fund accounts for fines and forfeitures designated for municipal court improvements.

South End Economic Development Fund

This fund accounts for designated funds for the development of the South End of Downtown Steubenville.

Property Maintenance Code Enforcement Fund

This fund accounts for fines and forfeitures used to pay for property maintenance expenses and dilapidated property demolitions.

Drug Dog Fund

This fund accounts for monies received to purchase a drug dog and to cover expenses relating to the drug dog.

Summer Food Program Fund

This fund accounts for federal grants to provide meals to school-aged children during summer months.

Special Assessments Fund

This fund accounts for special assessments charged to property owners for City services.

Municipal Court Special Project Fund - Probation

This fund accounts for fees used to offset expenses of the Municipal Court Probation Department, including staff salaries, equipment and facilities.

Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund

This fund accounts for fees from license plates to be used for street improvements within the City.

Zoning and Planning Fund

This fund accounts for fees paid by residents applying for a zoning permit.

Police Education Trust Fund

This fund accounts for monies designated to be used for police training and education.

Special Projects Fund

This fund accounts for the proceeds of the \$10 increase in municipal court criminal/traffic court costs.

IDIAM Court Fund

The Indigent Driver's Interlock and Monitoring (IDIAM) fund is used to account for court costs and fines in funding Interlock and SCRAM.

Court Community Correction Act Grant Fund

This fund accounts for all activity associated with the Court Community Corrections Act State Grant. The purpose of this grant is to provide community service, treatment, and house arrest as an alternative to jail time. The State grant is a complement to the Federal Stimulus Grant.

Belleview Park Pool Fund

This fund accounts for fundraisers, donations and grants used for the operation and maintenance of the Belleview Park pool.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Fiber Infrastructure Fund

A fund used to account for rental income that has been committed by City Council for fiber infrastructure.

Food Fund

This fund accounts for license fees from local food service vendors.

EPSDT Fund

This fund accounts for State monies designated for use in the health department.

Mears Relief Fund

This fund accounts for monies bequethed to the City in 1871, held in a certificate of deposit, with interest payable to non-profit organizations.

Swimming Pool Fund

This fund accounts for license fees for public and private swimming pools within the City.

Route 7 Project Fund

This fund accounts for monies reserved for State Route 7 improvements.

Community Development Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from Community Development Block Grant projects.

CDP - Revolving Loan Fund

This fund accounts for monies loaned to local businesses for economic development purposes.

CHIP Loan Fund

This fund accounts for federal grant monies for first-time homebuyers and home rehabilitation projects.

Muncipal Court Special Projects Fund

This fund accounts for fees used to offset expenses of the Municipal Court, including staff salaries, equipment and facilities.

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

General Bond Retirement Fund

This fund accounts for the resources that are used for the payment of principal, interest, and other fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

General Capital Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for the acquistion and construction of major capital improvements other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Municipal Court Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for fines and forfeitures restricted for municipal court improvements.

.7% City Income Tax - Equipment Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for income tax revenue committed for purchases of new equipment for City departments.

.7% City Income Tax - Recreation Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for income tax revenue committed for improvement of the City's parks and recreational facilities.

Т	THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:	¢ 0.070.501	¢ 0.075,000	¢ 0.774.000	¢ (100.102)	
Municipal income taxes	\$ 9,070,501	\$ 8,875,000	\$ 8,774,808	\$ (100,192)	
Property and other taxes	1,174,266 41,000	1,198,461 30,114	1,188,491 30,575	(9,970) 461	
Licenses and permits.	625,280	717,951	721,078	3,127	
Fines and forfeitures	300,500	330,000	321,556	(8,444)	
Intergovernmental	852,341	899,739	907,610	7,871	
Contributions and donations.	032,341	6,770	6,770	7,071	
Investment income	5,000	5,000	2,497	(2,503)	
Rental income.	91,989	99,485	96,869	(2,616)	
Other	605,000	823,168	825,671	2,503	
Total revenues.	12,765,877	12,985,688	12,875,925	(109,763)	
Total revenues.	12,703,077	12,703,000	12,073,723	(107,703)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government Mayor					
Personal services	29,597	28,849	28,588	261	
Maintenance and operations	2,510	2,315	1,852	463	
Total mayor	32,107	31,164	30,440	724	
Finance					
Personal services	148,910	145,269	144,713	556	
Maintenance and operations	10,450	7,941	5,573	2,368	
Total finance	159,360	153,210	150,286	2,924	
Law director Personal services	222 121	200.976	201.095	(200)	
Contractual services	223,121	200,876	201,085	(209)	
	65,000	57,728	57,728	11 006	
Maintenance and operations	242,070 530,191	320,692 579,296	308,786 567,599	11,906 11,697	
Total law director	330,191	319,290	307,399	11,097	
Civil service					
Maintenance and operations	19,195	14,720	14,586	134	
Total civil service	19,195	14,720	14,586	134	
Central purchasing					
Personal services	2,015,930	2,097,314	2,063,729	33,585	
Contractual services	14,500	-	-	-	
Maintenance and operations	555,119	548,953	500,081	48,872	
Other	328,800	379,207	357,707	21,500	
Total central purchasing	2,914,349	3,025,474	2,921,517	103,957	
City manager					
City manager	171 711	175 127	172 577	1.500	
Personal services	171,711	175,136	173,567	1,569	
Maintenance and operations	10,635 182,346	6,990	4,788	2,202 3,771	
Total city manager	182,340	182,126	178,355	3,//1	

- - Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	l Amoun	nts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
City buildings Maintenance and operations	\$	186,593	\$	180,202	\$	163,942	\$	16,260
Total city buildings	Φ	186,593	Φ	180,202	Φ	163,942	Φ	16,260
Council								
Personal services		84,517		77,812		77,320		492
Maintenance and operations		2,809		1,272		517		755
Total council		87,326		79,084		77,837		1,247
Municipal court								
Personal services		507,764		508,277		504,190		4,087
Maintenance and operations		99,117		109,364		107,703		1,661
Total municipal court		606,881		617,641		611,893		5,748
Building department								
Personal services		246,183		200,506		199,941		565
Contractual services		55,570		60,064		57,541		2,523
Maintenance and operations		44,495		37,687		34,069		3,618
Total building department		346,248		298,257		291,551		6,706
Total general government		5,064,596		5,161,174		5,008,006		153,168
Police								
Personal services		3,383,737		3,341,202		3,363,311		(22,109)
Maintenance and operations		364,118		401,571		313,199		88,372
Other		330		150		80		70
Total police		3,748,185		3,742,923		3,676,590		66,333
Fire								
Personal services		2,742,398		2,745,813		2,723,713		22,100
Maintenance and operations		173,742		177,695		163,466		14,229
Total fire		2,916,140		2,923,508		2,887,179		36,329
Electrical								
Personal services		107,274		58,915		57,732		1,183
Maintenance and operations		31,800		8,646		6,675		1,971
Total electrical		139,074		67,561		64,407		3,154
Total security of persons and property		6,803,399		6,733,992		6,628,176		105,816

- - Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Public health and welfare					
Health services Personal services	\$ 72,391	\$ 57,712	\$ 57,093	\$ 619	
Maintenance and operations	5,869	2,784	2,628	156	
Total health services	78,260	60,496	59,721	775	
Health clinic					
Personal services	27,880	28,683	28,006	677	
Maintenance and operations	4,392	386	386	-	
Total health clinic	32,272	29,069	28,392	677	
Health administration					
Personal services	60,758	57,701	55,909	1,792	
Contractual services	-	19,800	18,000	1,800	
Maintenance and operations	60,674	56,703	45,150	11,553	
Total health administration	121,432	134,204	119,059	15,145	
			 _		
Assistance to the needy	10.000	15.220	14.470	750	
Other	10,000	15,220	14,470	750	
Total assistance to the needy	10,000	15,220	14,470	750	
Total public health and welfare	241,964	238,989	221,642	17,347	
Transportation					
Street department					
Personal services	827,674	679,462	657,669	21,793	
Maintenance and operations	88,850	57,659	36,251	21,408	
Total street department	916,524	737,121	693,920	43,201	
Lighting					
Maintenance and operations	360,475	359,855	345,962	13,893	
Total lighting	360,475	359,855	345,962	13,893	
Total transportation	1,276,999	1,096,976	1,039,882	57,094	
Community environment					
Planning					
Personal services	68,631	54,474	54,038	436	
Maintenance and operations	13,630	11,769	10,913	856	
Total planning	82,261	66,243	64,951	1,292	
Total community environment	82,261	66,243	64,951	1,292	
Leisure time activity					
Recreation-parks					
Personal services	117,992	100,602	99,372	1,230	
Maintenance and operations	70,476	82,542	77,132	5,410	
Total recreation-parks	188,468	183,144	176,504	6,640	

- - Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Recreation-pools Final Actual Personal services. \$ 49,680 \$ 16,271 \$ 16,2 Contractual services - 5,886 5,8 Maintenance and operations 16,500 11,032 10,6 Total recreation-pools 66,180 33,189 32,8	
Personal services. \$ 49,680 \$ 16,271 \$ 16,2 Contractual services. - 5,886 5,8 Maintenance and operations. 16,500 11,032 10,6	
Contractual services	
Maintenance and operations	345
Total recreation-pools	
Recreation-indoors	.02
Personal services	
Maintenance and operations	
Total recreation-indoors	5,975
Recreation-administration	
Personal services	(1,029)
	5,696
Total recreation-administration	4,667
Community celebrations	
Maintenance and operations	976 85
Total community celebrations	
·	
Total leisure time activity	17,713
Debt service:	
Principal retirement	-
Interest and fiscal charges	
Total debt service	
T . 1 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	252 420
Total expenditures	352,430
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	
(under) expenditures	97) 242,667
Other financing sources (uses):	
Transfers (out)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	
10th other infinitely sources (uses)	
Net change in fund balance	(69) 242,667
Fund balance at beginning of year	.99
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 435,402 435,402 435,402	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 242,667

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) UNCLAIMED MONIES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
D	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues: Other	\$	1,707 1,707	\$	1,707 1,707	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(1,707) (1,707)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Unclaimed monies								
Maintenance and operations		7,000		7,270		7,270		_
Total expenditures		7,000		7,270		7,270		
Net change in fund balance		(5,293)		(5,563)		(7,270)		(1,707)
Fund balance at beginning of year		29,808		29,808		29,808		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	24,515	\$	24,245	\$	22,538	\$	(1,707)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SAFETY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	Φ.		Φ.	0.555	Φ.	0.555	•	
Intergovernmental	\$	2,400	\$	8,775 2,600	\$	8,775 2,652	\$	- 52
Other		2,400		11,375		11,427	-	52 52
Total revenues		2,400		11,575		11,427		32
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Safety								
Maintenance and operations		314,903		298,559		281,552		17,007
Total expenditures		314,903		298,559		281,552		17,007
Net change in fund balance		(312,503)		(287,184)		(270,125)		17,059
Fund balance at beginning of year		330,915		330,915		330,915		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		13,961		13,961		13,961	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	32,373	\$	57,692	\$	74,751	\$	17,059

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	498,672	\$	498,672	\$	-
Total other financing sources		-		498,672		498,672		-
Net change in fund balance		-		498,672		498,672		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		501,328		501,328		501,328		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	501,328	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	_

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) .7% CITY INCOME TAX - STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive				
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								<u> </u>
Municipal income taxes	\$	729,500	\$	725,000	\$	722,693	\$	(2,307)
Charges for services		1,000		1,510		1,510		-
Licenses and permits		75,000		19,180		20,129		949
Intergovernmental		2,010,000		1,382,057		1,270,771		(111,286)
Other				10,451		10,451		
Total revenues		2,815,500		2,138,198		2,025,554		(112,644)
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay								
Street department								
Personal services		187,191		175,785		173,406		2,379
Maintenance and operations		28,990		18,010		15,545		2,465
Capital outlay		3,348,534		2,525,484		2,335,420		190,064
Other		27,270		31,240		28,413		2,827
Total capital outlay		3,591,985		2,750,519		2,552,784		197,735
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		77,356		78,784		76,615		2,169
Interest and fiscal charges		22,633		23,041		21,923		1,118
Total debt service		99,989		101,825		98,538		3,287
Total expenditures		3,691,974		2,852,344		2,651,322		201,022
Net change in fund balance		(876,474)		(714,146)		(625,768)		88,378
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,507,512		1,507,512		1,507,512		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		351,710		351,710		351,710		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	982,748	\$	1,145,076	\$	1,233,454	\$	88,378

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,079,670	\$	254,735	\$	1,113,584	\$	3,447,989	
Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):						100.055		100.055	
Income taxes		-		-		109,877		109,877	
Real and other taxes		6,979		294,298		-		301,277	
Special assessments		36,792		12.540		-		36,792	
Due from other governments		1,336,527		13,540		-		1,350,067	
Prepayments		1,450 37,500		-		-		1,450 37,500	
Total assets	\$	3,498,918	\$	562,573	\$	1,223,461	\$	5,284,952	
						, , ,			
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	53,091	\$	_	\$	16,491	\$	69,582	
Accrued wages and benefits	Ψ	2,787	Ψ	_	Ψ	10,171	Ψ	2,787	
Due to other governments		1,634		_		_		1,634	
Total liabilities		57,512		-		16,491		74,003	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Property taxes levied for the next year		_		251,520		_		251,520	
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		_		42,778		_		42,778	
Special assessments revenue not available		36,792		-,,,,,		_		36,792	
Income tax revenue not available		_		_		109,877		109,877	
Intergovernmental revenue not available		1,254,107		13,540				1,267,647	
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,290,899		307,838		109,877		1,708,614	
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable		38,950		_		_		38,950	
Restricted		2,020,276		_		276,194		2,296,470	
Committed		91,281		254,735		820,899		1,166,915	
Total fund balances		2,150,507		254,735		1,097,093		3,502,335	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
of resources and fund balances	\$	3,498,918	\$	562,573	\$	1,223,461	\$	5,284,952	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Debt Service Capital Projects	
Revenues:				
Municipal income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000
Property and other taxes	144,823	216,773	-	361,596
Licenses and permits	57,448	-	-	57,448
Fines and forfeitures	292,929	-	26,547	319,476
Intergovernmental	1,476,828	56,485	38,917	1,572,230
Special assessments	105,552	-	-	105,552
Investment income	12	-	-	12
Rental income	12,000	-	-	12,000
Other	38,851	-	11,252	50,103
Total revenues	2,128,443	273,258	476,716	2,878,417
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	250,857	4,952	69,325	325,134
Security of persons and property	6,027	-	-	6,027
Public health and welfare	90,507	-	-	90,507
Transportation	510,487	-	-	510,487
Community environment	315,413	-	-	315,413
Leisure time activity	308	-	-	308
Capital outlay	514,614	-	665,337	1,179,951
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	_	29,261	_	29,261
Interest and fiscal charges	_	131,694	_	131,694
Payment of accreted interest on CABs	_	65,739	_	65,739
Total expenditures	1,688,213	231,646	734,662	2,654,521
Net change in fund balances	440,230	41,612	(257,946)	223,896
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,710,277	213,123	1,355,039	3,278,439
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,150,507	\$ 254,735	\$ 1,097,093	\$ 3,502,335

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Street Maintenance and Repair		State Highway Improvement		Litter		Но	tel/Motel Tax
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	618,678	\$	229,569	\$	4,771	\$	_
Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):	Φ	010,070	Ψ	227,307	Φ	7,771	Ф	_
Real and other taxes		-		_		_		6,979
Special assessments		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		283,441		20,685		-		-
Prepayments		-		-		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory	_	37,500	_					-
Total assets	\$	939,619	\$	250,254	\$	4,771	\$	6,979
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	15,141	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Accrued wages and benefits	Ψ	13,141	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Due to other governments		_		_		_		_
Total liabilities		15,141		-		-		-
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Special assessments revenue not available		_		_		_		_
Intergovernmental revenue not available		242,370		17,355		_		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	242,370	-	17,355	-		-	
							-	
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		37,500		-		-		-
Restricted		644,608		232,899		4,771		6,979
Committed								
Total fund balances	-	682,108		232,899	-	4,771		6,979
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances	\$	939,619	\$	250,254	\$	4,771	\$	6,979
		,,,,,,,	Ψ	200,201	-	.,,,,	4	0,2,7

rovement l Escrow	Floto orical Site	ndigent Drivers	orcement Education	En	Law forcement Trust	Court ecurity
\$ 8,000	\$ 1,510	\$ 34,448	\$ 34,872	\$	224,186	\$ 3,584
-	-	-	-		_	-
-	-	-	-		-	-
-	-	-	-		-	-
-	-	-	-		-	-
\$ 8,000	\$ 1,510	\$ 34,448	\$ 34,872	\$	224,186	\$ 3,584
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,539	\$ -
-	-	-	-		-	-
	 		 <u>-</u>		1,539	-
-	-	-	-		-	-
	 	 				-
-	-	-	-		-	-
8,000	1,510	34,448	34,872		222,647	3,584
 8,000	1,510	 34,448	 34,872		222,647	 3,584
\$ 8,000	\$ 1,510	\$ 34,448	\$ 34,872	\$	224,186	\$ 3,584

^{- -} Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Ec	uth End conomic elopment	Ma	roperty intenance Code orcement		Drug Dog		ner Food ogram
Assets:	¢	((71	¢.	20 110	¢.	1.250	¢	550
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):	\$	6,671	\$	28,110	\$	1,250	\$	552
Real and other taxes				-				
Special assessments		_		_		-		-
Due from other governments		_		_		_		_
Prepayments		_		_		_		_
Materials and supplies inventory		_		_		_		_
Total assets	\$	6,671	\$	28,110	\$	1,250	\$	552
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	72	\$	-
Accrued wages and benefits		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments								
Total liabilities						72		
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Special assessments revenue not available		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available		-						-
Total deferred inflows of resources								
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		6,671		-		1,178		-
Committed				28,110		- 1.150		552
Total fund balances		6,671		28,110		1,178		552
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances	\$	6,671	\$	28,110	\$	1,250	\$	552

	Special sessments	Specia	cipal Court al Project - obation	tor Vehicle cense Tax	ning and anning	Police ation Trust	Special Projects
\$	187,642	\$	9,881	\$ 195,850	\$ 1,337	\$ 17,883	\$ 25,160
	-		_	-	-	-	-
	36,792		-	-	-	-	-
	-		-	5,495	-	-	-
	-		-	-	-	-	-
\$	224,434	\$	9,881	\$ 201,345	\$ 1,337	\$ 17,883	\$ 25,160
\$	-	\$	874	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ _
	-		-	-	-	-	-
				 -	 -	 	 -
	<u> </u>		874	 <u> </u>		 	 -
	36,792		-	-	-	-	-
				 	 	 	 -
-	36,792			 -	 	 	 -
	-		-	-	-	-	-
	187,642		9,007	201,345	-	17,883	25,160
	107.642			 -	 1,337	 15.000	 - 25.160
	187,642		9,007	201,345	 1,337	 17,883	25,160
\$	224,434	\$	9,881	\$ 201,345	\$ 1,337	\$ 17,883	\$ 25,160

- - Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

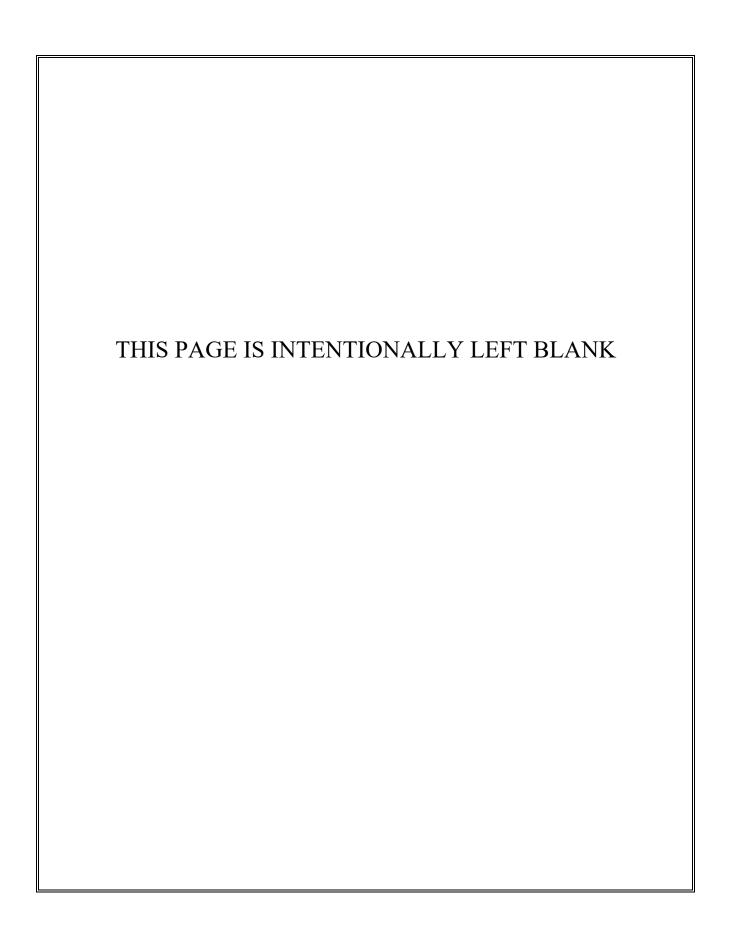
	_	DIAM Court	Co Cori	Court mmunity ection Act Grant		elleview rk Pool		Fiber astructure
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,403	\$	20,421	\$	1,872	\$	59,410
Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):								
Real and other taxes		-		-		-		-
Special assessments		-		56,049		-		-
Due from other governments		-		30,049		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory		_		_		_		_
Total assets	\$	34,403	\$	76,470	\$	1,872	\$	59,410
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued wages and benefits		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-						
Total liabilities		-					-	
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Special assessments revenue not available		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available				33,549				
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		33,549				
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		34,403		42,921		-		-
Committed		24.402		- 42.021		1,872		59,410
Total fund balances		34,403		42,921		1,872		59,410
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	•	24.40-			•	4.0=5	Φ.	5 0.44°
of resources and fund balances	\$	34,403	\$	76,470	\$	1,872	\$	59,410

	Food		EPSDT		Mears Relief		mming Pool		oute 7 roject		ommunity evelopment
\$	10,005	\$	108,176	\$	10,287	\$	527	\$	1,603	\$	50,325
							-				
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		970,857
	-		-		-		-		-		1,450
	-		-		-		-		-		1,430
•	10,005	\$	100 176	\$	10,287	\$	527	<u>•</u>	1,603	\$	1 022 622
<u> </u>	10,003	<u> </u>	108,176	<u> </u>	10,287	<u> </u>	321	\$	1,003	<u> </u>	1,022,632
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,538
	-		-		-		-		-		2,787
	-		-		-		-		-		1,634
	-				-		-				38,959
	_		_		_		_		_		_
	_		_		_		-		_		960,833
							_				960,833
	_		_		_		_		_		1,450
	10,005		108,176		10,287		527		1,603		21,390
	-		, <u>-</u>		-		_		-		-
	10,005		108,176		10,287		527		1,603		22,840
\$	10,005	\$	108,176	\$	10,287	\$	527	\$	1,603	\$	1,022,632

^{- -} Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONCLUDED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Revol	CDP - lving Loan	 CHIP Loan		icipal Court ial Projects		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):	\$	29,077	\$ 84,313	\$	35,297	\$	2,079,670
Real and other taxes		_	_		-		6,979
Special assessments		_	_		-		36,792
Due from other governments		-	-		-		1,336,527
Prepayments		-	-		-		1,450
Materials and supplies inventory		-	-		-		37,500
Total assets	\$	29,077	\$ 84,313	\$	35,297	\$	3,498,918
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	927	\$	53,091
Accrued wages and benefits		-	-		-		2,787
Due to other governments		_	 -				1,634
Total liabilities			 		927		57,512
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Special assessments revenue not available		-	-		-		36,792
Intergovernmental revenue not available							1,254,107
Total deferred inflows of resources			 			-	1,290,899
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable		-	-		-		38,950
Restricted		29,077	84,313		34,370		2,020,276
Committed			 				91,281
Total fund balances		29,077	 84,313	-	34,370		2,150,507
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources and fund balances	\$	29,077	\$ 84,313	\$	35,297	\$	3,498,918



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Street Maintenance and Repair	State Highway Improvement	Litter	Hotel/Motel Tax
Revenues:				
Property and other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 144,823
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	569,821	46,202	-	-
Special assessments	-	-	-	-
Investment income	-	-	-	-
Rental income	-	-	-	-
Other				
Total revenues	569,821	46,202		144,823
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Security of persons and property	-	-	-	-
Public health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Transportation	486,072	24,415	-	-
Community environment	-	-	-	140,489
Leisure time activity	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		<u>-</u>		
Total expenditures	486,072	24,415		140,489
Net change in fund balances	83,749	21,787	-	4,334
Fund balances at beginning of year	598,359	211,112	4,771	2,645
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 682,108	\$ 232,899	\$ 4,771	\$ 6,979

	vement Escrow		Floto rical Site	ndigent Orivers		orcement Education	En	Law forcement Trust		Court ecurity
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-	6,652		712		213,654		-
	-		-	-		-		-	-	
	- - - -		-	-		-		-		-
				6,652	712		213,654			
	-		-	-		450		-		240
	-		-	-		-		5,333		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
-	-		-	 		450		5,333		240
				 		150		3,333		
	-		-	6,652		262		208,321		(240)
	8,000		1,510	 27,796		34,610		14,326		3,824
\$	8,000	\$	1,510	\$ 34,448	\$	34,872	\$	222,647	\$	3,584

- - Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Eco	th End onomic lopment	Mai	roperty intenance Code orcement	Drug Dog	 ner Food ogram
Revenues:						
Property and other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits		-		14,500	-	-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-	-	-
Intergovernmental		-		-	-	-
Special assessments		-		-	-	-
Investment income		-		-	-	-
Rental income		-		-	-	-
Other		-			 	 176
Total revenues				14,500	 	 176
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		-		3,190	-	-
Security of persons and property		-		-	694	-
Public health and welfare		-		-	-	-
Transportation		-		-	-	-
Community environment		-		-	-	-
Leisure time activity		-		-	-	-
Capital outlay		-		-	-	-
Total expenditures		-		3,190	694	
Net change in fund balances		-		11,310	(694)	176
Fund balances at beginning of year		6,671		16,800	 1,872	 376
Fund balances at end of year	\$	6,671	\$	28,110	\$ 1,178	\$ 552

Special Assessments		Municipal Court Special Project - Probation		Motor Vehicle License Tax		ning and anning	Police ation Trust	Special Projects		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
	-		11,456		-	-	-		2,848	
	-		5,427		72,430	-	-		2,040	
	105,552		-		-	_	_		_	
	· -		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
			-			 5,000	 			
	105,552		16,883		72,430	 5,000	 		2,848	
	65,892		12,863		_	-	_		-	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		-		-	4.720	-		-	
	-		-		-	4,730	-		-	
	-		_		_	-	_		-	
	65,892		12,863			 4,730	 _			
	32,07					 .,,,,,		-		
	39,660		4,020		72,430	270	-		2,848	
	147,982		4,987		128,915	 1,067	 17,883		22,312	
\$	187,642	\$	9,007	\$	201,345	\$ 1,337	\$ 17,883	\$	25,160	

^{- -} Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	_	DIAM Court	Court Community Correction Act Grant	Belleview Park Pool	Fiber Infrastructure
Revenues:					
Property and other taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits		-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures		5,672	-	-	-
Intergovernmental		-	105,789	-	-
Special assessments		-	-	-	-
Investment income		-	-	-	-
Rental income		-	-	-	12,000
Other		_		442	
Total revenues		5,672	105,789	442	12,000
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		336	130,853	-	-
Security of persons and property		-	-	-	-
Public health and welfare		-	-	-	-
Transportation		-	-	-	-
Community environment		-	-	-	-
Leisure time activity		-	-	308	-
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-
Total expenditures		336	130,853	308	-
Net change in fund balances		5,336	(25,064)	134	12,000
Fund balances at beginning of year		29,067	67,985	1,738	47,410
Fund balances at end of year	\$	34,403	\$ 42,921	\$ 1,872	\$ 59,410

 Food	1	EPSDT	Mears Relief		mming Pool	oute 7 oject	mmunity relopment
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ _	\$ -
-		42,948	-		-	-	-
-		-	-		-	-	-
-		13,636	-		-	-	662,523
-		-	-		-	-	-
-		-	10		-	-	-
811		- 6 404	-		-	-	14 274
811		6,494	10	-			 14,274 676,797
-		-	-		-	-	-
- 501		- 04.026	-		-	-	-
5,581		84,926	-		-	-	-
-		-	-		-	-	170,192
-		-	-		-	-	-
 			 			 -	 514,614
 5,581		84,926	 			 	 684,806
(4,770)		(21,848)	10		-	-	(8,009)
 14,775		130,024	 10,277		527	 1,603	 30,849
\$ 10,005	\$	108,176	\$ 10,287	\$	527	\$ 1,603	\$ 22,840

^{- -} Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONCLUDED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	CDP - Revolving Loan			CHIP Loan		Municipal Court Special Projects		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
Revenues:								
Property and other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	144,823
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		57,448
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		51,935		292,929
Intergovernmental		-		-		1,000		1,476,828
Special assessments		-		-		-		105,552
Investment income		2		-		-		12
Rental income		-		-		-		12,000
Other		4,607		7,047		-		38,851
Total revenues		4,609		7,047		52,935		2,128,443
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		_		_		37,033		250,857
Security of persons and property		_		_		-		6,027
Public health and welfare		_		_		_		90,507
Transportation		_		_		_		510,487
Community environment		_		2		_		315,413
Leisure time activity		_		_		_		308
Capital outlay		_		_		_		514,614
Total expenditures				2		37,033		1,688,213
Total expenditures	-		-			37,033		1,000,213
Net change in fund balances		4,609		7,045		15,902		440,230
Fund balances at beginning of year		24,468		77,268		18,468		1,710,277
Fund balances at end of year	\$	29,077	\$	84,313	\$	34,370	\$	2,150,507

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREET MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	_	Budgeted	Amour	nts			Fina	ance with I Budget ositive
	Original			Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	550,000	\$	572,810	\$	571,957	\$	(853)
Total revenues		550,000		572,810		571,957		(853)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Transportation								
Street department								
Maintenance and operations		507,306		216,383		206,108		10,275
Other		200,000		200,000		200,000		-
Total expenditures		707,306		416,383		406,108		10,275
Net change in fund balance		(157,306)		156,427		165,849		9,422
Fund balance at beginning of year		376,625		376,625		376,625		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		5,356		5,356		5,356		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	224,675	\$	538,408	\$	547,830	\$	9,422

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoun	nts		Variance Final Bu Positiv				
	C	Original		Final	Actual	(Ne	egative)			
Revenues:	,	_			 _					
Intergovernmental	\$	44,000	\$	44,000	\$ 46,375	\$	2,375			
Total revenues		44,000		44,000	 46,375		2,375			
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Transportation										
Street department										
Maintenance and operations		125,650		27,138	 25,665		1,473			
Total expenditures		125,650		27,138	 25,665		1,473			
Net change in fund balance		(81,650)		16,862	20,710		3,848			
Fund balance at beginning of year		207,609		207,609	207,609					
Fund balance at end of year	\$	125,959	\$	224,471	\$ 228,319	\$	3,848			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LITTER FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amount	ES			Final	ce with Budget	
	0	riginal]	Final Actual			Positive (Negative)		
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Community environment									
Litter									
Other	\$	4,771	\$		\$		\$		
Total expenditures		4,771		-		-		-	
Net change in fund balance		(4,771)		-		-		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year		4,771		4,771		4,771			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	\$	4,771	\$	4,771	\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		-			-	 -		0 /
Property and other taxes	\$	113,333	\$	155,750	\$	140,489	\$	(15,261)
Total revenues		113,333		155,750		140,489		(15,261)
Expenditures: Current: Community environment Convention and visitors bureau Other. Total expenditures.		113,333 113,333		155,750 155,750		140,489 140,489		15,261 15,261
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year								
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$		\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) IMPROVEMENT BOND ESCROW FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Final	ice with Budget itive	
	o	riginal		Final	A	ctual	(Negative)		
Expenditures:				<u>.</u>					
Current:									
Community environment									
Improvement									
Other	\$	8,000	\$		\$		\$		
Total expenditures		8,000							
Net change in fund balance		(8,000)		-		-		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year		8,000		8,000		8,000			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FLOTO HISTORICAL SITE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Final 1	ce with Budget itive	
	o	riginal		Final	A	ctual	(Negative)		
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Community environment									
Historical site									
Other	\$	1,510	\$		\$		\$	-	
Total expenditures		1,510							
Net change in fund balance		(1,510)		-		-		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,510		1,510		1,510			
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	1,510	\$	1,510	\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) INDIGENT DRIVERS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Budgeted riginal	s Final	ļ	Actual	Final Po	nnce with I Budget ositive gative)
Revenues:	 g	 			(2.10	g
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 1,900	\$ 5,200	\$	6,652	\$	1,452
Total revenues	 1,900	5,200		6,652		1,452
Expenditures: Current: General government Municipal court						
Other	 2,500	 <u>-</u>				
Total expenditures	2,500					
Net change in fund balance	(600)	5,200		6,652		1,452
Fund balance at beginning of year	 27,796	 27,796		27,796		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 27,196	\$ 32,996	\$	34,448	\$	1,452

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Budgeted iginal	s Final	Į.	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	 8	 	-			
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 700	\$ 700	\$	712	\$	12
Total revenues	700	 700		712		12
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government						
Municipal court						
Maintenance and operations	 1,050	 450		450		-
Total expenditures	 1,050	 450		450		
Net change in fund balance	(350)	250		262		12
Fund balance at beginning of year	 34,610	 34,610		34,610		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 34,260	\$ 34,860	\$	34,872	\$	12

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoun	nts			Variance wit Final Budge Positive		
	Original			Final	Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:								<u> </u>	
Other	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$	213,655	\$	213,655	\$	_	
Total revenues				213,655		213,655			
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Security of persons and property									
Police									
Other		3,200		13,143		11,903		1,240	
Total expenditures		3,200		13,143		11,903		1,240	
Net change in fund balance		(3,200)		200,512		201,752		1,240	
Fund balance at beginning of year		14,326		14,326		14,326			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	11,126	\$	214,838	\$	216,078	\$	1,240	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COURT SECURITY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amount	ts			Final	ice with Budget itive	
	0	riginal		Final	A	ctual	(Negative)		
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government									
Municipal court									
Maintenance and operations	\$	_	\$	240	\$	240	\$	-	
Total expenditures				240		240	-		
Net change in fund balance		-		(240)		(240)		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,824		3,824		3,824			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,824	\$	3,584	\$	3,584	\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SOUTH END ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Final 1	ce with Budget itive	
	o	riginal		Final	A	ctual	(Negative)		
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Community environment									
Economic development									
Maintenance and operations	\$	6,671	\$	-	\$		\$		
Total expenditures		6,671			-				
Net change in fund balance		(6,671)		-		-		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year		6,671		6,671		6,671			
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	6,671	\$	6,671	\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) PROPERTY MAINTENANCE CODE ENFORCEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				1	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		U						<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Licenses and permits	\$	10,000	\$	13,850	\$	14,500	\$	650
Total revenues		10,000		13,850		14,500		650
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Building department								
Maintenance and operations		17,890		4,390		3,190		1,200
Total expenditures		17,890		4,390		3,190		1,200
Net change in fund balance		(7,890)		9,460		11,310		1,850
Fund balance at beginning of year		12,410		12,410		12,410		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		4,390		4,390		4,390		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	8,910	\$	26,260	\$	28,110	\$	1,850

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) DRUG DOG FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	es			Final	nce with Budget sitive	
	Original		Final		A	ctual	(Negative)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of persons and property								
Police								
Maintenance and operations	\$	1,000	\$	662	\$	622	\$	40
Total expenditures		1,000		662		622		40
Net change in fund balance		(1,000)		(662)		(622)		40
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,872		1,872		1,872		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	872	\$	1,210	\$	1,250	\$	40

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SUMMER FOOD PROGRAM FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amounts			Varianc Final B Posit	udget	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Nega	
Revenues:			'					
Other	\$	_	\$	176	\$	176	\$	
Total revenues		-		176		176	_	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Leisure time activity								
Recreation-administration								
Maintenance and operations		376				-		
Total expenditures		376						-
Net change in fund balance		(376)		176		176		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		376		376		376		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	552	\$	552	\$	_

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:		on igiliar	-	Timai		Actual	(110	gative	
Special assessments	\$	100,000	\$	105,552	\$	105,552	\$	-	
Total revenues		100,000		105,552		105,552		-	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government									
Special assessment									
Maintenance and operations		15,800		7,321		7,321		-	
Other		131,000		58,571		58,571			
Total expenditures		146,800		65,892		65,892			
Net change in fund balance		(46,800)		39,660		39,660		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year		147,982		147,982		147,982			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	101,182	\$	187,642	\$	187,642	\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MUNICIPAL COURT SPECIAL PROJECT FUND - PROBATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:		1 Igiliai		Tillai		Actual	(110	gative	
Fines and forfeitures	\$	7,100	\$	10,500	\$	11,456 5,427	\$	956 5,427	
Total revenues		7,100		10,500		16,883		6,383	
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property Police Maintenance and operations Total expenditures		<u>-</u>		12,608 12,608		12,565 12,565		43 43	
Net change in fund balance		7,100		(2,108)		4,318		6,426	
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,563		5,563		5,563			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	12,663	\$	3,455	\$	9,881	\$	6,426	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	70,000	\$	73,000	\$	72,315	\$	(685)
Total revenues		70,000		73,000		72,315		(685)
Net change in fund balance		70,000		73,000		72,315		(685)
Fund balance at beginning of year		123,535		123,535		123,535		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	193,535	\$	196,535	\$	195,850	\$	(685)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ZONING AND PLANNING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original			Final		ctual	(Negative)	
Revenues:		U						 _
Other	\$	4,200	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	-
Total revenues		4,200		5,000		5,000		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community environment								
Zoning and rezoning								
Maintenance and operations		4,000		5,173		5,133		40
Total expenditures		4,000		5,173		5,133		40
Net change in fund balance		200		(173)		(133)		40
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,067		1,067		1,067		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,267	\$	894	\$	934	\$	40

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) POLICE EDUCATION TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
		<u> </u>					(Neg	ative	
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	17,883	\$	17,883	\$	17,883	\$		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	17,883	\$	17,883	\$	17,883	\$	-	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted Priginal	ts Final	ı	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	-		-					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	2,848	\$	(152)
Total revenues		3,000		3,000		2,848		(152)
Net change in fund balance		3,000		3,000		2,848		(152)
Fund balance at beginning of year		22,312		22,312		22,312		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	25,312	\$	25,312	\$	25,160	\$	(152)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) IDIAM COURT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
D.	0	riginal		Final	<i>F</i>	Actual	(Neg	ative)
Revenues:	•		•		•		•	
Fines and forfeitures	\$	5,600	\$	5,600	\$	5,672	\$	72
Total revenues		5,600		5,600		5,672	-	72
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Municipal court								
Capital outlay		3,300		336		336		-
Total expenditures		3,300		336		336		-
Net change in fund balance		2,300		5,264		5,336		72
Fund balance at beginning of year		29,067		29,067		29,067		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	31,367	\$	34,331	\$	34,403	\$	72

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COURT COMMUNITY CORRECTION ACT GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts							ce with Budget tive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:		_		_				
Intergovernmental	\$	153,156	\$	121,578	\$	121,578	\$	
Total revenues	-	153,156		121,578		121,578		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Municipal court								
Maintenance and operations		153,156		130,853		130,853		
Total expenditures		153,156		130,853		130,853		
Net change in fund balance		-		(9,275)		(9,275)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		29,696	-	29,696		29,696		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	29,696	\$	20,421	\$	20,421	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BELLEVIEW PARK POOL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted					Final Po	nce with Budget sitive
D		riginal		Final	A	ctual	(Neg	gative)
Revenues:	ф		Ф	4.42	Ф	1.12	ф	
Other	\$		\$	442	\$	442	\$	
Total revenues				442		442		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Leisure time activity								
Recreation-pools								
Personal services		200		200		(75)		275
Maintenance and operations		50		50		_		50
Other		776		_		_		_
Total expenditures		1,026	-	250		(75)		325
		1,020	-			(,0)		
Net change in fund balance		(1,026)		192		517		325
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,105		1,105		1,105		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		250		250		250		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	329	\$	1,547	\$	1,872	\$	325

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FIBER INFRASTRUCTURE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Variano Final E Posi	Budget
	Original			Final	Actual		(Nega	
Revenues:				_		_		
Rental income	\$	8,100	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	
Total revenues		8,100		12,000		12,000		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Electrical department								
Maintenance and operations		35,000						-
Total expenditures		35,000		-				
Net change in fund balance		(26,900)		12,000		12,000		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		47,410		47,410		47,410		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	20,510	\$	59,410	\$	59,410	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOOD FUND

	 Budgeted Original	l Amour	nts Final	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Licenses and permits	\$ 29,766	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Other	 177		811	 811		
Total revenues	 29,943		811	 811		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public health and welfare						
Food						
Personal services	1,573		4,682	3,587		1,095
Contractual services	15,000		1,154	1,154		-
Maintenance and operations	 2,879		191	 191		
Total expenditures	 19,452		6,027	 4,932		1,095
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	 10,491		(5,216)	 (4,121)	-	1,095
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	3,750		-	-		-
Total other financing sources	3,750		-	-		-
Net change in fund balance	14,241		(5,216)	(4,121)		1,095
Fund balance at beginning of year	13,570		13,570	13,570		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 556		556	 556	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 28,367	\$	8,910	\$ 10,005	\$	1,095

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) EPSDT FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	0	riginal		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:		<u> </u>						-
Licenses and permits	\$	39,214	\$	42,949	\$	42,949	\$	-
Intergovernmental		7,501		13,636		13,636		-
Other		3		6,494		6,494		<u>-</u>
Total revenues		46,715		63,079		63,079		-
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public health and welfare								
EPSDT								
Personal services		8,331		7,932		7,153		779
Contractual services		-		164,733		155,000		9,733
Maintenance and operations		23,835		16,947		16,947		-
Other		-		4,327		4,327		-
Total expenditures		32,166		193,939		183,427		10,512
Net change in fund balance		14,549		(130,860)		(120,348)		10,512
Fund balance at beginning of year		131,140		131,140		131,140		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		50		50		50		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	145,739	\$	330	\$	10,842	\$	10,512

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MEARS RELIEF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Budgeted Original	ts Final	A	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		 				
Investment income	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$	10	\$	
Total revenues	 10	 10		10		-
Net change in fund balance	10	10		10		-
Fund balance at beginning of year	 10,277	 10,277		10,277		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 10,287	\$ 10,287	\$	10,287	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SWIMMING POOL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					4 .1	Varian Final I Posi	Budget tive
D	Original			nai	Ac	tual	(Negative)	
Revenues:	ф	250	ф		Ф		d.	
Licenses and permits	\$	350	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	
Total revenues		350						
Expenditures: Current: Leisure time activity Recreation-pools								
Maintenance and operations		275		-		-		-
Total expenditures		275		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		75		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		527		527		527		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	602	\$	527	\$	527	\$	_

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ROUTE 7 PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amounts	<u>s</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		F	inal	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Investment income	\$	7_	\$		\$		\$	-
Total revenues		7						_
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Transportation								
Street department								
Other		1,610						-
Total expenditures		1,610			-			
Net change in fund balance		(1,603)		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,603		1,603		1,603		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	1,603	\$	1,603	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoui	nts		Fin	iance with al Budget
	(Original		Final	Actual		ositive egative)
Revenues:		<u> </u>			 		
Intergovernmental	\$	766,314	\$	687,862	\$ 668,520	\$	(19,342)
Other				13,674	14,274		600
Total revenues		766,314		701,536	 682,794		(18,742)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community environment							
Community development							
Personal services		141,354		142,359	138,473		3,886
Maintenance and operations		62,872		38,427	31,877		6,550
Capital outlay		580,000		538,428	524,114		14,314
Total expenditures		784,226		719,214	694,464		24,750
Net change in fund balance		(17,912)		(17,678)	(11,670)		6,008
Fund balance at beginning of year		95		95	95		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		17,912		17,912	17,912		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	95	\$	329	\$ 6,337	\$	6,008

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CDP - REVOLVING LOAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Budgeted Original	ts Final	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Investment income	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$	-
Other	 4,252	 3,189	 4,607		1,418
Total revenues	 4,252	 3,191	 4,609		1,418
Net change in fund balance	4,252	3,191	4,609		1,418
Fund balance at beginning of year	 24,468	 24,468	 24,468		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 28,720	\$ 27,659	\$ 29,077	\$	1,418

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CHIP LOAN FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun			Final	nce with Budget	
	C)riginal		Final	A	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		-						- /
Intergovernmental	\$	140,313	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other				7,047		7,047		
Total revenues		140,313		7,047		7,047		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community environment								
Community development								
Personal services		70,600		100		2		98
Other		69,813		-		-		-
Total expenditures		140,413		100		2		98
Net change in fund balance		(100)		6,947		7,045		98
Fund balance at beginning of year		77,168		77,168		77,168		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		100		100		100		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	77,168	\$	84,215	\$	84,313	\$	98

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MUNICIPAL COURT SPECIAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:			-			- Ictuar	(110	<u>garre</u>
Fines and forfeitures	\$	15,440	\$	52,860	\$	51,935 1,000	\$	(925) 1,000
Total revenues		15,440		52,860		52,935		75
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property Police								
Maintenance and operations Total expenditures		5,000 5,000		36,181 36,181		36,106 36,106		75 75
Net change in fund balance		10,440		16,679		16,829		150
Fund balance at beginning of year		18,468		18,468		18,468		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	28,908	\$	35,147	\$	35,297	\$	150

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL BOND RETIREMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoui	nts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	(Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:						
Property and other taxes	\$	217,500	\$	216,773	\$ 216,773	\$ -
Intergovernmental		61,100		56,485	 56,485	
Total revenues		278,600		273,258	 273,258	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government						
General bond retirement						
Maintenance and operations		12,200		4,952	 4,952	
Total general government		12,200		4,952	 4,952	
Debt service:						
Princpal retirement		29,260		29,261	29,261	-
Interest and fiscal charges		197,434		197,433	 197,433	
Total debt service		226,694		226,694	226,694	
Total expenditures		238,894		231,646	 231,646	
Net change in fund balance		39,706		41,612	41,612	-
Fund balance at beginning of year		213,123		213,123	213,123	_
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	252,829	\$	254,735	\$ 254,735	\$ -

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	General Capital Improvement			Iunicipal Court provement	7% City ome Tax - quipment provement	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	199,969	\$	102,716	\$	607,196
Receivables (net of allowances of uncollectibles):	Ψ	1,5,5,505	Ψ	102,710	Ψ	007,150
Income taxes						82,408
Total assets	\$	199,969	\$	102,716	\$	689,604
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	16,491	\$	_
Total liabilities		-		16,491		-
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Income tax revenue not available		_		_		82,408
Total deferred inflows of resources			-			82,408
Fund balances:						
Restricted		189,969		86,225		-
Committed		10,000				607,196
Total fund balances		199,969		86,225		607,196
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources and fund balances	\$	199,969	\$	102,716	\$	689,604

Inc Re	7% City ome Tax - ecreation provement	Total Nonmajor Dital Projects Funds
\$	203,703	\$ 1,113,584
\$	27,469 231,172	\$ 109,877 1,223,461
\$	_	\$ 16,491
	-	16,491
	27,469 27,469	109,877 109,877
	203,703 203,703	276,194 820,899 1,097,093
\$	231,172	\$ 1,223,461

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	General Capital Improvement	.7% City Income Tax - Equipment Improvement	
Revenues:			
Municipal income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300,000
Fines and forfeitures	-	26,547	-
Intergovernmental	-	10,573	-
Other	11,252		
Total revenues	11,252	37,120	300,000
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	-	69,325	-
Capital outlay	127,791		397,091
Total expenditures	127,791	69,325	397,091
Net change in fund balances	(116,539)	(32,205)	(97,091)
Fund balances at beginning of year	316,508	118,430	704,287
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 199,969	\$ 86,225	\$ 607,196

Inc Re	7% City ome Tax - ecreation provement	Total Ionmajor ital Projects Funds
\$	100,000	\$ 400,000
	-	26,547
	28,344	38,917
	-	11,252
	128,344	 476,716
	-	69,325
	140,455 140,455	 665,337 734,662
	(12,111)	(257,946)
	215,814	 1,355,039
\$	203,703	\$ 1,097,093

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
	Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:								
Other	\$		\$	11,252	\$	11,252	\$	-
Total revenues		-		11,252		11,252		
Expenditures:								
Capital improvement								
Capital outlay		126,550		148,340		134,132		14,208
Total expenditures		126,550		148,340		134,132		14,208
Net change in fund balance		(126,550)		(137,088)		(122,880)		14,208
Fund balance at beginning of year		194,826		194,826		194,826		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		121,682		121,682	-	121,682		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	189,958	\$	179,420	\$	193,628	\$	14,208

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MUNICIPAL COURT IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoun			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive	
	Original			Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	26,000	\$	26,001	\$	26,547	\$	546
Intergovernmental						10,573		10,573
Total revenues		26,000		26,001		37,120		11,119
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay								
Municipal court								
Maintenance and operations		100		91		91		-
Capital outlay		30,914		55,276		53,549		1,727
Total expenditures		31,014		55,367		53,640		1,727
Net change in fund balance		(5,014)		(29,366)		(16,520)		12,846
Fund balance at beginning of year		118,016		118,016		118,016		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		414		414		414		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	113,416	\$	89,064	\$	101,910	\$	12,846

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) .7% CITY INCOME TAX - EQUIPMENT IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amour	nts		Fina	ance with al Budget
	C	Priginal		Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
Municipal income taxes	\$	300,000	\$	300,000	\$ 300,000	\$	
Total revenues		300,000		300,000	 300,000		
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay							
Equipment improvement							
Maintenance and operations		900		672	672		-
Capital outlay		723,174		536,838	525,920		10,918
Other		15,148		15,148	7,265		7,883
Total expenditures		739,222		552,658	533,857		18,801
Net change in fund balance		(439,222)		(252,658)	(233,857)		18,801
Fund balance at beginning of year		592,713		592,713	592,713		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		111,574		111,574	 111,574	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	265,065	\$	451,629	\$ 470,430	\$	18,801

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) .7% CITY INCOME TAX - RECREATION IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Budgeted	Amoui	nts		Fina	ance with
)riginal		Final	 Actual		ositive egative)
Revenues:				 _		
Municipal income taxes	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000	\$	-
Intergovernmental	 		28,344	 28,345		1
Total revenues	 100,000		128,344	 128,345		1
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay						
Recreation improvement						
Maintenance and operations	400		201	201		-
Capital outlay	171,500		148,012	143,773		4,239
Other	4,600		4,600	1,639		2,961
Total expenditures	176,500		152,813	145,613		7,200
Net change in fund balance	(76,500)		(24,469)	(17,268)		7,201
Fund balance at beginning of year	199,314		199,314	199,314		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 16,500		16,500	 16,500		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 139,314	\$	191,345	\$ 198,546	\$	7,201

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

To account for the financing of costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis that are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Major Enterprise Funds

Water Fund

This fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to its residential and commercial users located within the City.

Sewer Fund

This fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

Refuse Fund

This fund accounts for the operations of providing refuse waste removal to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

To account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Internal Service Fund

Health Assurance Fund

This fund accounts for health care claims for the City's employees.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) WATER FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 6,403,025	\$ 6,309,025	\$ 6,203,734	\$ (105,291)
Other		24,288	24,317	29
Total revenues	6,403,025	6,333,313	6,228,051	(105,262)
Operating expenses:				
Personal services	1,588,749	1,589,832	1,567,966	21,866
Maintenance and operations	1,774,737	2,209,044	2,085,755	123,289
Capital outlay	842,338	677,113	644,811	32,302
Total expenses	4,205,824	4,475,989	4,298,532	177,457
Operating income	2,197,201	1,857,324	1,929,519	72,195
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Intergovernmental	228,000	205,982	205,982	-
Principal retirement	(2,226,493)	(2,236,901)	(2,236,901)	-
Interest and fiscal charges	(823,553)	(814,685)	(814,685)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(2,822,046)	(2,845,604)	(2,845,604)	_
Net change in fund equity	(624,845)	(988,280)	(916,085)	72,195
Fund equity at beginning of year	3,413,068	3,413,068	3,413,068	_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	317,620	317,620	317,620	
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 3,105,843	\$ 2,742,408	\$ 2,814,603	\$ 72,195

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SEWER FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 3.9	22,000	\$	3,731,000	\$	3,663,593	\$	(67,407)
Other	*	-	•	26,871	•	26,899	,	28
Total revenues	3,9	22,000		3,757,871		3,690,492		(67,379)
Operating expenses:								
Personal services	1,3	38,789		1,397,270		1,368,390		28,880
Maintenance and operations	1,8	68,881		1,887,098		1,709,497		177,601
Capital outlay	1,9	98,274	771,16		616,625			154,543
Total expenses	5,2	05,944		4,055,536		3,694,512		361,024
Operating loss	(1,2	83,944)		(297,665)		(4,020)		293,645
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Debt service:								
Principal retirement	(7	(33,581)		(706,278)		(702,223)		4,055
Interest and fiscal charges	Ì((73,220)		(708,725)		(704,655)		4,070
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(1,4	06,801)		(1,415,003)		(1,406,878)		8,125
Net change in fund equity	(2,6	90,745)		(1,712,668)		(1,410,898)		301,770
Fund equity at beginning of year	4,5	69,702		4,569,702		4,569,702		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,1	22,989		1,122,989		1,122,989		
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 3,0	01,946	\$	3,980,023	\$	4,281,793	\$	301,770

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) REFUSE FUND

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
On creating reconverse				
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 2,006,600 - 2,006,600	\$ 1,870,100 18,891 1,888,991	\$ 1,835,091 18,891 1,853,982	\$ (35,009) - (35,009)
Operating expenses:				
Personal services	1,074,668	1,098,101	1,079,756	18,345
Contractual services	511,000	498,533	413,589	84,944
Maintenance and operations	2,835,608	2,552,085	2,058,868	493,217
Total expenses	4,421,276	4,148,719	3,552,213	596,506
Net change in fund equity	(2,414,676)	(2,259,728)	(1,698,231)	561,497
Fund equity at beginning of year	4,510,803	4,510,803	4,510,803	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,124,428	1,124,428	1,124,428	
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 3,220,555	\$ 3,375,503	\$ 3,937,000	\$ 561,497

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) HEALTH ASSURANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoui	nts			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Operating revenues:								
Other	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	200,000	\$	22,869	\$	(177,131)
Total revenues		-		200,000		22,869		(177,131)
Operating expenses:								
Personal services		-		200,000		40,161		159,839
Total expenses		-		200,000		40,161		159,839
Net change in fund equity		-		-		(17,292)		(17,292)
Fund equity at beginning of year		210,126		210,126		210,126		<u>-</u>
Fund equity at end of year	\$	210,126	\$	210,126	\$	192,834	\$	(17,292)

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTION - AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds

Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Utility Service Deposit Fund

This fund is to account for monies put forth by customers as deposits on their utility accounts.

Fire Damage Removal Fund

This fund is to account for monies deposited with the City in escrow until proper completion of work on fire damaged buildings.

Zoning and Rezoning Fund

This fund accounts for monies paid by residents or businesses applying for zoning or rezoning of their property.

Municipal Court Fund

This fund accounts for fines and forfeitures used for the operation of the City's Municipal Court.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES $A \mathsf{GENCY} \ \mathsf{FUNDS}$ FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

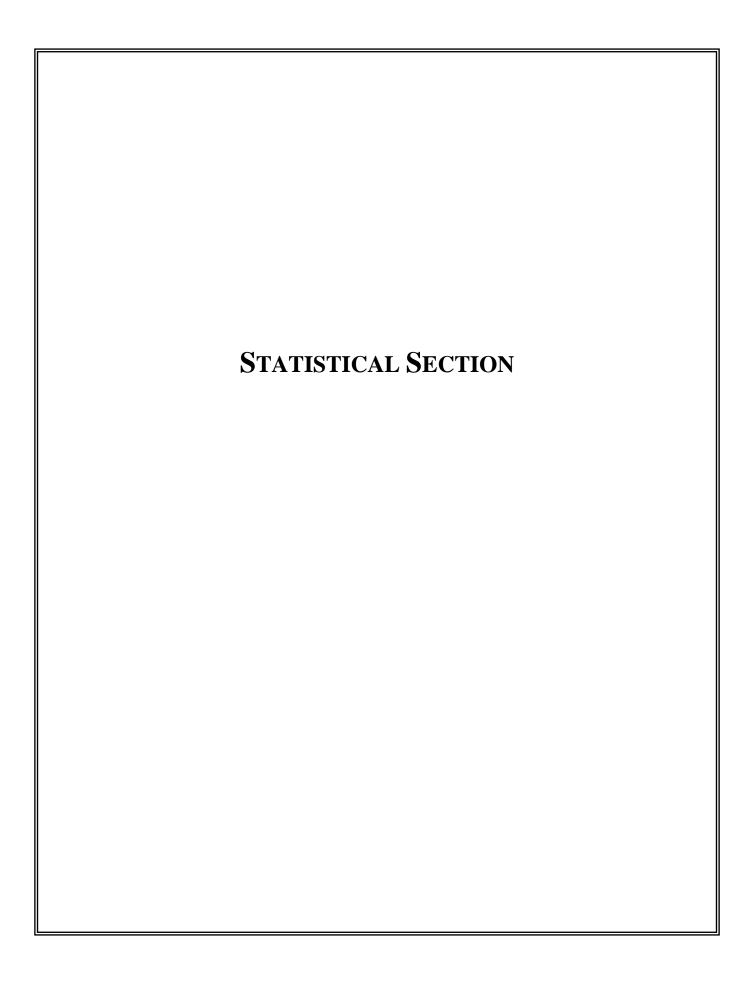
Utility Service Deposit	l	eginning Balance 2/31/2016	A	dditions	Re	eductions	1	Ending Balance 2/31/2017
Assets:	-	-	-		-		-	
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	324,822	\$	98,745	\$	86,843	\$	336,724
Total assets	\$	324,822	\$	98,745	\$	86,843	\$	336,724
Liabilities:								
Deposits held and due to others	\$	324,822	\$	98,745	\$	86,843	\$	336,724
Total liabilities	\$	324,822	\$	98,745	\$	86,843	\$	336,724
Fire Damage Removal Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	28,683	\$	6,000	\$	18,800	\$	15,883
Total assets	\$	28,683	\$	6,000	\$	18,800	\$	15,883
Liabilities:								
Deposits held and due to others	\$	28,683	\$	6,000	\$	18,800	\$	15,883
Total liabilities	\$	28,683	\$	6,000	\$	18,800	\$	15,883
Zoning and Rezoning Assets: Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	12,718	\$	3,500	\$	6,346	\$	9,872
Total assets	\$	12,718	\$	3,500	\$	6,346	\$	9,872
Liabilities:								
Deposits held and due to others	\$	12,718	\$	3,500	\$	6,346	\$	9,872
Total liabilities	\$	12,718	\$	3,500	\$	6,346	\$	9,872

- - Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS (CONCLUDED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Municipal Court]	eginning Balance J/31/2016	 Additions	F	Reductions]	Ending Balance 2/31/2017
Assets:	\$	23,233	\$ 968,210	\$	983,432	\$	9.011
Cash in segregated accounts	<u> </u>		 				8,011
Total assets	\$	23,233	\$ 968,210	\$	983,432	\$	8,011
Liabilities:							
Undistributed monies	\$	23,233	\$ 968,210	\$	983,432	\$	8,011
Total liabilities	\$	23,233	\$ 968,210	\$	983,432	\$	8,011
Total Agency Funds Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	366,223 23,233	\$ 108,245 968,210	\$	111,989 983,432	\$	362,479 8,011
Total assets	\$	389,456	\$ 1,076,455	\$	1,095,421	\$	370,490
Liabilities: Undistributed monies	\$	23,233 366,223	\$ 968,210 108,245	\$	983,432 111,989	\$	8,011 362,479
Total liabilities	\$	389,456	\$ 1,076,455	\$	1,095,421	\$	370,490

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Steubenville's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	186-199
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, income and property taxes.	200-206
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	208-217
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	218-219
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	220-225

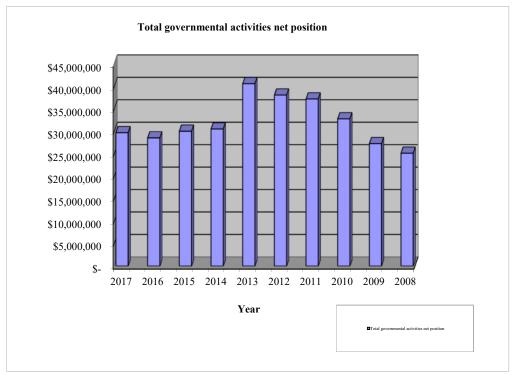
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

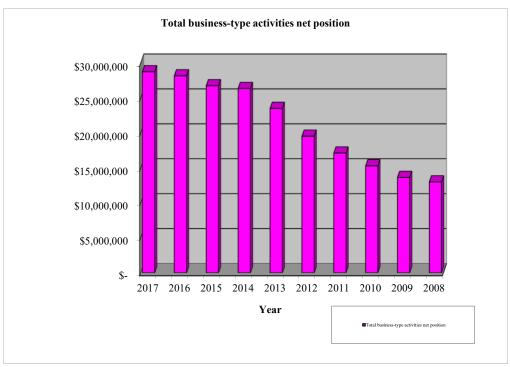
		2017	2016	2015	2014		
Governmental activities:	-			 			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	33,099,183	\$ 31,429,821	\$ 31,655,663	\$	31,621,010	
Restricted for:							
Capital projects		189,969	181,122	168,289		282,850	
Debt service		-	-	-		-	
Street construction, maintenance and repair		1,376,077	1,207,686	1,138,040		1,750,025	
Police and fire		240,530	32,209	31,173		32,516	
Municipal court improvements		86,225	118,430	109,356		99,258	
Recreation		-	-	-		-	
Community development projects		963,685	1,067,319	1,012,633		1,177,269	
Health programs		-	-	-		-	
Safety programs		-	-	-		-	
Equipment improvement		-	-	-		-	
Court programs		179,410	181,108	164,711		108,757	
Emergency management		-	-	-		-	
Other purposes		448,785	459,220	339,614		367,539	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(6,876,238)	(6,129,941)	(4,582,828)		(4,911,687)	
Total governmental activities net position	\$	29,707,626	\$ 28,546,974	\$ 30,036,651	\$	30,527,537	
Business-type activities:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	23,062,614	\$ 20,119,667	\$ 18,461,579	\$	15,606,124	
Restricted for:							
Debt service		-	-	-		-	
Unrestricted (deficit)		5,709,521	8,073,856	8,309,781		10,773,111	
Total business-type activities net position	\$	28,772,135	\$ 28,193,523	\$ 26,771,360	\$	26,379,235	
Total primary government:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	56,161,797	\$ 51,549,488	\$ 50,117,242	\$	47,227,134	
Restricted for:							
Capital projects		189,969	181,122	168,289		282,850	
Debt service		-	-	-		-	
Street construction, maintenance and repair		1,376,077	1,207,686	1,138,040		1,750,025	
Police and fire		240,530	32,209	31,173		32,516	
Court computer		86,225	118,430	109,356		99,258	
Recreation		-	-	-		-	
Community development projects		963,685	1,067,319	1,012,633		1,177,269	
Health programs		-	<u>-</u>	-		-	
Safety programs		_	_	-		-	
Equipment improvement		_	_	_		-	
Court programs		179,410	181,108	164,711		108,757	
Emergency management		_	_	´ -		_	
Other purposes		448,785	459,220	339,614		367,539	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(1,166,717)	1,943,915	3,726,953		5,861,424	
Total primary government net position	\$	58,479,761	\$ 56,740,497	\$ 56,808,011	\$	56,906,772	
. , , ,			 	 			

Source: City financial records

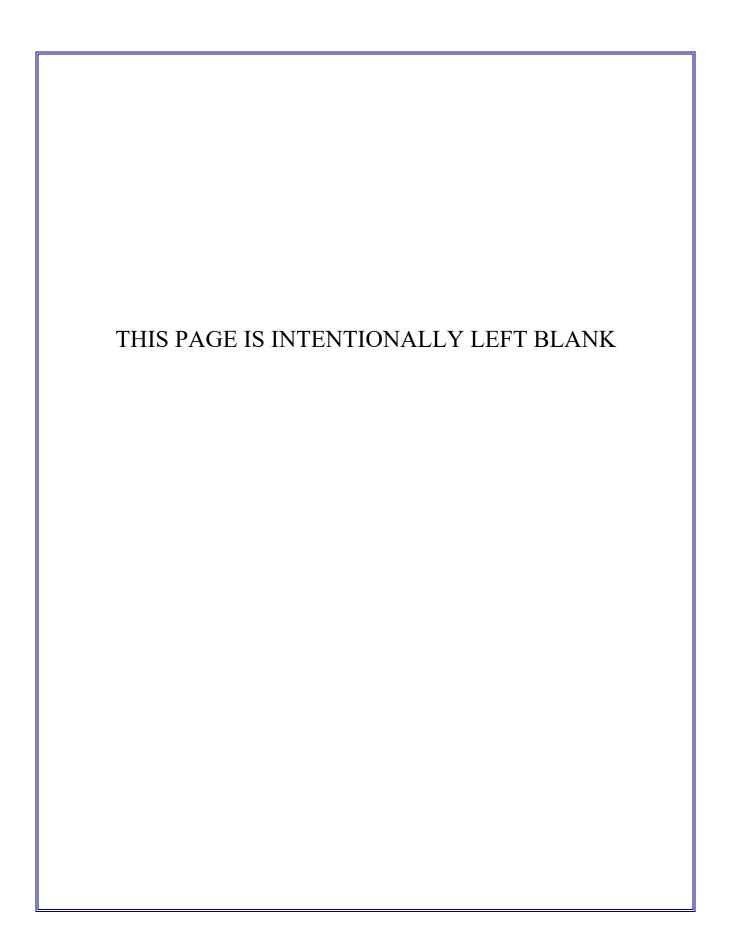
	2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008
\$	29,968,932	\$	30,592,967	\$	30,618,154	\$	26,909,300	\$	23,206,767	\$	16,585,071
	273,468		273,468		277,873		288,314		_		_
	-		-		-		-		420,527		879,230
	4,801,831		991,621		775,909		622,845		1,728,087		2,435,015
	35,395		37,557		43,405		82,567		102,051		88,829
	91,867		78,158		59,114		54,566		60,325		59,684
	-		-		-		15,831		29,430		2,846,834
	1,204,789		1,501,925		1,670,954		1,747,983		1,829,627		2,354,668
	-		-		-		57,079		114,445		128,361
	-		_		-		1,051,792		1,136,229		1,210,404
	-		_		-		-		786,267		654,301
	103,236		71,785		86,679		-		-		-
	-		-		54,516		-		-		-
	215,047		119,724		168,242		156,074		63,380		58,704
	3,932,979		4,434,985		3,469,243		1,813,032		(2,205,828)		(2,163,937)
\$	40,627,544	\$	38,102,190	\$	37,224,089	\$	32,799,383	\$	27,271,307	\$	25,137,164
\$	14,664,196	\$	13,135,521	\$	12,022,392	\$	10,317,812	\$	10,038,419	\$	7,806,962
	_		_		_		1,996,135		_		_
	8,858,962		6,409,878		5,112,891		2,994,392		3,603,255		5,195,321
\$	23,523,158	\$	19,545,399	\$	17,135,283	\$	15,308,339	\$	13,641,674	\$	13,002,283
\$	44,633,128	\$	43,728,488	\$	42,640,546	\$	37,227,112	\$	33,245,186	\$	24,392,033
Ψ	. 1,033,120	Ψ	15,720,100	Ψ	12,010,010	Ψ	37,227,112	Ψ	33,213,100	Ψ	21,372,033
	273,468		273,468		277,873		288,314		-		-
	-		-		-		1,996,135		420,527		879,230
	4,801,831		991,621		775,909		622,845		1,728,087		2,435,015
	35,395		37,557		43,405		82,567		102,051		88,829
	91,867		78,158		59,114		54,566		60,325		59,684
	-		-		-		15,831		29,430		2,846,834
	1,204,789		1,501,925		1,670,954		1,747,983		1,829,627		2,354,668
	-		-		-		57,079		114,445		128,361
	-		-		-		1,051,792		1,136,229		1,210,404
	-		-		-		-		786,267		654,301
	103,236		71,785		86,679		-		-		-
	-		-		54,516		-		-		-
	215,047		119,724		168,242		156,074		63,380		58,704
	12,791,941		10,844,863		8,582,134		4,807,424		1,397,427		3,031,384
\$	64,150,702	\$	57,647,589	\$	54,359,372	\$	48,107,722	\$	40,912,981	\$	38,139,447

NET POSITION CHART BY YEAR LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)





Source: City financial records.



CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2017			2016		2015		2014
Program revenues:				_		_		_
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:	Φ.	1 002 605	Φ.	060.410	Ф	004 (21	Ф	1 020 110
General government	\$	1,003,695	\$	968,412	\$	904,621	\$	1,039,119
Security of persons and property Public health and welfare		215,850 104,587		6,166 286,766		13,730 252,086		15,614 241,025
Transportation		22,851		106,068		79,712		124,182
Community environment		260,494		191,813		220,178		173,887
Leisure time activity		36,047		43,327		28,374		44,536
Operating grants and contributions		1,520,203		2,042,812		2,043,064		1,652,528
Capital grants and contributions		3,322,049		784,409		569,297		1,229,473
Total governmental activities program revenues		6,485,776		4,429,773		4,111,062		4,520,364
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Water		6,304,482		6,309,271		5,989,762		5,956,995
Sewer		3,671,555		3,814,237		3,836,102		3,842,815
Refuse		1,858,135		1,954,432		2,291,388		2,243,643
Operating grants & contributions Capital grants and contributions		532,019		57,000		301,700		106,738
Total business-type activities program revenues		12,366,191		12,134,940		12,418,952		12,150,191
Total primary government	\$	18,851,967	\$	16,564,713	\$	16,530,014	\$	16,670,555
Expenses:				· · · · · ·				
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	3,917,931	\$	3,242,172	\$	3,225,266	\$	2,918,782
Security of persons and property		8,566,230		8,785,738		7,719,461		7,038,402
Public health and welfare		275,602		532,254		591,661		573,512
Transportation		3,628,421		3,507,256		3,613,574		3,215,726
Community environment		775,607		1,238,946		793,755		681,418
Leisure time activity		832,191		726,855		825,576		796,512
Interest and fiscal charges		322,644		294,219		294,889		291,849
Total governmental activities expenses		18,318,626		18,327,440		17,064,182		15,516,201
Business-type activities:								
Water		4,994,976		4,860,258		6,544,983		4,832,198
Sewer		4,059,096		4,133,204		4,141,443		4,283,771
Refuse	-	2,818,098		1,675,400		1,463,393		1,313,113
Total business-type activities expenses		11,872,170		10,668,862		12,149,819		10,429,082
Total primary government	\$	30,190,796	\$	28,996,302	\$	29,214,001	\$	25,945,283
Net (expense) revenue:								
Governmental activities	\$	(11,832,850)	\$	(13,897,667)	\$	(12,953,120)	\$	(10,995,837)
Business-type activities	_	494,021	_	1,466,078		269,133	_	1,721,109
Total primary government net expense	\$	(11,338,829)	\$	(12,431,589)	\$	(12,683,987)	\$	(9,274,728)

	2013		2012		2011		2010	2009		_	2008
\$	1,019,762	\$	733,045	\$	657,322	\$	646,991	\$	801,003	\$	672,740
	16,202 237,519		14,296 245,919		2,064 225,540		1,466 232,830		225,164		222,305
	201,701		97,248		51,905		41,896		57,906		61,712
	179,916		145,779		104,721		129,981		72,974		91,980
	52,863		181,111		191,819		191,177		153,526		173,053
	2,983,006		1,762,522		5,814,008		2,651,845		1,695,188		2,085,508
	1,869,869		1,479,365		4,950,871		5,745,507		1,225,697		1,121,706
	6,560,838		4,659,285		11,998,250		9,641,693		4,231,458		4,429,004
	5,267,519		5,447,787		4,674,343		4,795,414		4,835,011		6,173,116
	4,231,045		4,399,628		5,296,897		5,324,955		5,484,921		5,135,268
	2,220,288		2,251,504		2,265,419		2,323,022		2,291,258		2,071,423
	84,234		10,692		-		-		5,000		-
	11,803,086		12,109,611		12,236,659		12,443,391		12,616,190		13,379,807
\$	18,363,924	\$	16,768,896	\$	24,234,909	\$	22,085,084	\$	16,847,648	\$	17,808,811
\$	2,963,682	\$	2,851,065	\$	2,990,157	\$	2,911,400	\$	2,934,361	\$	3,483,576
	7,194,554		7,359,922		7,694,175		7,306,577		7,992,803		8,339,319
	634,498		657,200		654,869		676,872		666,247		673,311
	3,397,420		3,220,095		6,606,547		3,109,896		3,033,970		3,128,182
	1,681,840		748,089		941,681		1,306,035		978,797		798,136
	719,238 268,026		993,906 271,234		1,047,822 278,428		952,104 262,986		1,049,465 200,235		1,134,775 166,141
	16,859,258		16,101,511		20,213,679		16,525,870		16,855,878		17,723,440
	4,568,647		4,993,615		4,969,172		5,090,449		5,329,685		5,109,929
	3,630,546		3,872,870		3,798,340		4,075,627		3,293,273		3,544,872
	1,307,220		1,492,302		1,593,846		1,653,505		1,678,034		1,757,654
	9,506,413		10,358,787		10,361,358		10,819,581		10,300,992		10,412,455
\$	26,365,671	\$	26,460,298	\$	30,575,037	\$	27,345,451	\$	27,156,870	\$	28,135,895
\$	(10,298,420)	\$	(11,442,226)	\$	(8,215,429)	\$	(6,884,177)	\$	(12,624,420)	\$	(13,294,436)
•	2,296,673	•	1,750,824	•	1,875,301	•	1,623,810	•	2,315,198	•	(10.327.084)
\$	(8,001,747)	\$	(9,691,402)	\$	(6,340,128)	\$	(5,260,367)	\$	(10,309,222)	\$	(10,327,084)

^{- -} Continued

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (CONTINUED) (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2017	2016		2015		2014	
General revenues and other changes in net position:							
Governmental activities:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes levied for:							
General purposes	\$ 1,058,482	\$	1,042,099	\$	951,459	\$	940,815
Debt service	218,955		216,903		204,206		203,185
Municipal income taxes levied for:							
General purposes	9,094,023		8,789,657		8,622,606		8,376,021
Street improvement	748,367		702,410		703,363		703,978
Equipment improvement	310,558		288,117		290,881		294,506
Recreation	103,519		96,039		96,960		98,169
Other taxes:							
Hotel occupance taxes	289,645		220,403		319,548		396,254
Grants and entitlements							
not restricted to specific programs	832,759		863,425		852,143		907,314
Investment earnings	2,497		5,477		1,892		1,972
Contributions and donations	-		-		-		-
Other	340,367		126,718		239,673		386,495
Transfers	 (5,670)		56,742		179,503		90,785
Total governmental activities	 12,993,502		12,407,990		12,462,234		12,399,494
Business-type activities:							
Investment earnings	-		-		-		-
Other	78,921		12,827		302,495		149,043
Oil & gas lease revenue	-		-		-		-
Special item	-		-		-		3,040,000
Transfers	5,670		(56,742)		(179,503)		(90,785)
Total business-type activities	 84,591		(43,915)		122,992		3,098,258
Total primary government	\$ 13,078,093	\$	12,364,075	\$	12,585,226	\$	15,497,752
Change in net position:							
Governmental activities	\$ 1,160,652	\$	(1,489,677)	\$	(490,886)	\$	1,403,657
Business-type activities	578,612		1,422,163		392,125		4,819,367
Total primary government	\$ 1,739,264	\$	(67,514)	\$	(98,761)	\$	6,223,024

Source: City financial records

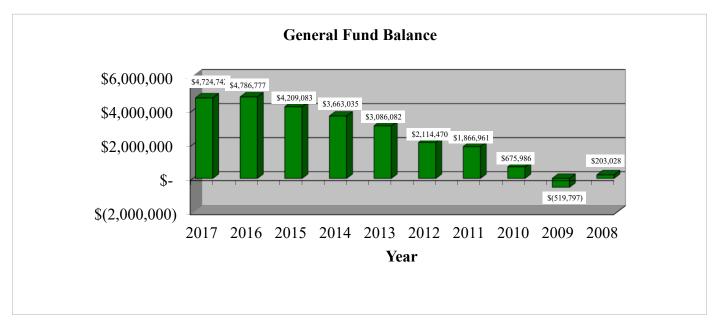
 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009	 2008
\$ 916,282	\$ 999,622	\$ 1,111,461	\$ 986,308	\$ 1,045,944	\$ 1,081,165
198,808	185,150	229,331	211,596	218,263	224,870
8,822,516	8,379,389	7,866,863	7,389,061	7,943,321	7,236,415
758,523	741,205	646,294	679,734	734,850	780,379
319,027	308,845	305,337	293,627	316,041	355,469
106,342	102,949	101,779	97,875	105,347	118,490
307,047	292,107	220,348	181,220	215,029	252,246
1,169,401	1,192,720	2,056,140	2,353,784	1,857,377	2,156,652
3,357	3,383	9,160	40,629	87,574	148,934
-	-	-	-	15,941	15,864
222,471	123,955	214,161	184,657	225,452	225,453
 	 (8,998)	 -	 (6,238)	 1,993,424	
 12,823,774	 12,320,327	 12,760,874	 12,412,253	 14,758,563	 12,595,937
_	_	-	195	3,606	150,867
105,187	53,038	10,895	36,422	171,224	17,276
-	597,256	-	-	-	-
1,575,899	-	-	-	142,787	-
 	 8,998	 	 6,238	 (1,993,424)	
 1,681,086	 659,292	 10,895	 42,855	 (1,675,807)	 168,143
\$ 14,504,860	\$ 12,979,619	\$ 12,771,769	\$ 12,455,108	\$ 13,082,756	\$ 12,764,080
\$ 2,525,354	\$ 878,101	\$ 4,545,445	\$ 5,528,076	\$ 2,134,143	\$ (698,499)
 3,977,759	 2,410,116	 1,886,196	 1,666,665	 639,391	 3,135,495
\$ 6,503,113	\$ 3,288,217	\$ 6,431,641	\$ 7,194,741	\$ 2,773,534	\$ 2,436,996

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS $LAST\ TEN\ YEARS$ (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
General fund:						
Nonspendable	\$ 339,279	\$ 335,584	\$ 243,792	\$ 245,030	\$ 233,270	\$ 297,807
Assigned	707,091	1,538,914	1,716,997	1,520,850	1,770,542	1,816,663
Unassigned	3,678,372	2,912,279	2,248,294	1,897,155	1,082,270	-
Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved (deficit)						
Total general fund	\$ 4,724,742	\$ 4,786,777	\$ 4,209,083	\$ 3,663,035	\$ 3,086,082	\$ 2,114,470
All other governmental funds:						
Nonspendable	\$ 41,250	\$ 367,154	\$ 191,255	\$ 53,783	\$ 43,230	\$ 473,326
Restricted	2,296,470	1,890,930	2,376,814	2,751,828	1,527,646	1,268,961
Committed	2,511,961	3,082,600	3,366,095	2,970,141	1,316,247	2,395,604
Unassigned (deficit)	-	-	-	-	(160,843)	-
Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved (deficit), reported in:						
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service fund						
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 4,849,681	\$ 5,340,684	\$ 5,934,164	\$ 5,775,752	\$ 2,726,280	\$ 4,137,891

Source: City financial records

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in 2011 which changed the fund balance classifications in governmental funds.



2011	2010	2009	2008
\$ 341,304	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
1,059,384	-	-	-
466,273	-	-	-
-	361,587	319,606	1,279,272
	314,399	(839,403)	(1,076,244)
\$ 1,866,961	\$ 675,986	\$ (519,797)	\$ 203,028
\$ 131,273	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
1,172,425	-	-	-
2,440,719	-	-	-
(668,428)	-	-	-
-	312,317	1,472,789	1,339,217
	1,994,119	3,094,366	6,033,891
-	288,314	483,583	(114,796)
-	64,342	344,483	806,046
	07,542		000,040
\$ 3,075,989	\$ 2,659,092	\$ 5,395,221	\$ 8,064,358

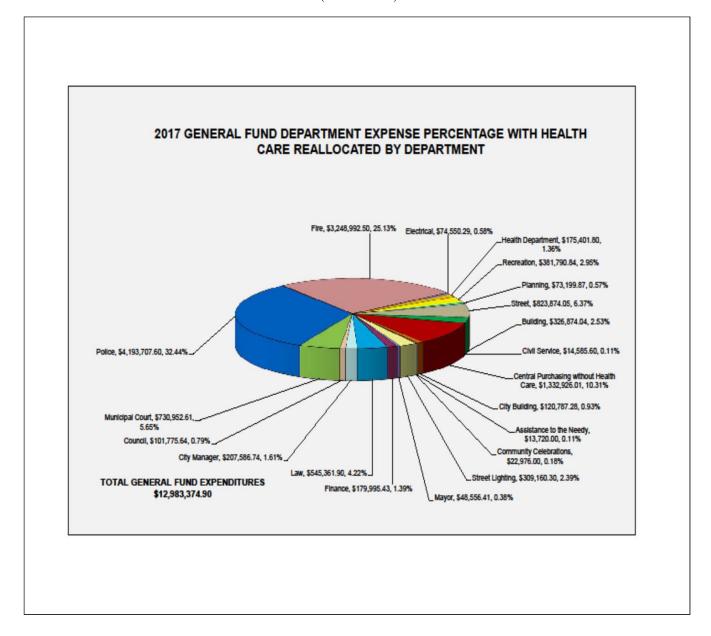
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 11,525,402	\$ 11,508,036	\$ 11,675,407	\$ 11,129,961	\$ 10,941,486
Charges for services	32,085	32,814	46,755	52,638	58,640
Licenses and permits	798,655	982,626	926,413	893,575	1,003,244
Fines and forfeitures	641,032	366,973	329,193	382,097	434,304
Intergovernmental	4,361,087	3,701,004	3,596,867	5,482,153	4,708,251
Special assessments	105,552	78,628	168,227	96,479	31,943
Investment income	2,509	6,533	1,902	1,982	3,357
Rental income	108,869	103,446	108,544	129,643	138,587
Contributions and donations	6,770	12,937	7,073	11,390	52,925
Other	345,091	114,013	241,388	375,019	209,726
Total revenues	17,927,052	16,907,010	17,101,769	18,554,937	17,582,463
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	3,437,774	2,992,451	3,151,213	2,696,811	2,587,744
Security of persons and property	7,581,009	7,335,812	7,452,012	7,005,187	6,885,508
Public health and welfare	274,567	550,708	593,208	639,995	635,243
Transportation	1,617,066	1,585,546	1,779,687	1,518,671	1,594,075
Community environment	386,281	1,010,255	650,823	500,175	1,268,090
Leisure time activity	413,411	380,286	459,277	490,645	367,899
Capital outlay	4,291,608	2,583,637	1,786,730	2,600,886	4,170,686
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	131,737	224,249	268,573	243,199	265,135
Interest and fiscal charges	281,698	261,552	269,650	239,611	251,182
Bond issuance cost	-	-	-	25,712	-
Payment of accreted interest on CABs	65,739				
Total expenditures	18,480,890	16,924,496	16,411,173	15,960,892	18,025,562
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(553,838)	(17,486)	690,596	2,594,045	(443,099)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Notes issued	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds issued	-	-	-	1,000,000	-
Premium on bonds	-	-	-	31,224	-
Capital lease transaction	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	800	1,700	13,864	1,156	3,100
Transfers in	-	11,000	18,500	52,993	27,956
Transfers (out)		(11,000)	(18,500)	(52,993)	(27,956)
Total other financing sources (uses)	800	1,700	13,864	1,032,380	3,100
Net change in fund balances	\$ (553,038)	\$ (15,786)	\$ 704,460	\$ 3,626,425	\$ (439,999)
Capital expenditures	5,130,917	2,136,330	1,578,054	2,340,972	3,557,473
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures.	3.59%	3.29%	3.63%	3.54%	3.57%

Source: City financial records

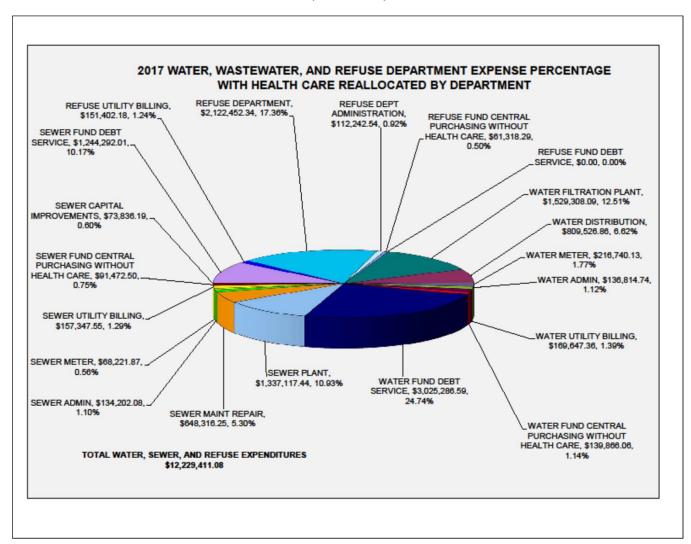
2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$ 10,656,734	\$ 10,145,540	\$ 10,022,014	\$ 10,334,853	\$ 10,270,175
80,558	80,638	93,014	99,956	108,076
853,116	707,714	746,178	531,924	644,608
371,436	334,151	328,654	385,276	366,135
5,282,808	13,908,820	9,041,850	4,840,646	4,808,235
4,961	11,071	37,481	24,546	17,396
3,398	9,206	41,021	94,164	177,626
115,103	121,706	106,107	88,750	102,971
11,852	26,377	87,358	320,987	15,864
113,613	162,443	220,932	225,452	210,552
17,493,579	25,507,666	20,724,609	16,946,554	16,721,638
2,617,083	2,754,883	2,802,787	3,082,262	3,182,833
7,092,438	7,408,184	6,901,448	7,739,712	8,116,321
655,812	649,477	668,145	654,942	657,005
1,455,190	5,129,288	4,216,869	3,931,171	3,475,403
942,727	1,137,272	1,631,489	1,365,997	800,670
652,209	685,042	666,609	4,143,221	1,341,137
2,295,269	5,678,947	4,871,515	1,968,845	120,465
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,070,517	.,0 / 1,0 10	1,500,010	120,100
242,655	231,646	3,706,834	804,310	412,361
257,143	267,063	303,767	148,056	167,917
-	-	125,262	-	-
16,210,526	23,941,802	25,894,725	23,838,516	18,274,112
1,283,053	1,565,864	(5,170,116)	(6,891,962)	(1,552,474)
-	-	-	3,500,000	-
-	-	3,497,612	-	-
-	-	131,071	-	-
24,995	-	-	-	-
1,363	42,008	1,087	-	14,901
28,952	-	344,482	150,000	-
(28,952)		(344,482)	(150,000)	
26,358	42,008	3,629,770	3,500,000	14,901
\$ 1,309,411	\$ 1,607,872	\$ (1,540,346)	\$ (3,391,962)	\$ (1,537,573)
2,206,032	5,645,566	7,497,907	10,162,964	2,099,841
3.57%	2.73%	21.80%	6.96%	3.59%

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES CHART BY DEPARTMENT CURRENT YEAR (CASH BASIS)



Source: City financial records.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS EXPENSES BY DEPARTMENT CURRENT YEAR (CASH BASIS)



Source: City financial records.

ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

	Real P	roperty	Public Util	ity Property	Tangible Personal Property				
Collection Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value (a)	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value (b)	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value (c)			
2017	\$ 226,602,510	\$ 647,435,743	\$ 19,742,340	\$ 22,434,477	\$ -	\$ -			
2016	226,442,830	646,979,514	19,141,360	21,751,545	-	-			
2015	226,820,990	648,059,971	15,812,610	17,968,875	-	-			
2014	224,014,650	640,041,857	14,191,520	16,126,727	-	-			
2013	224,091,290	640,260,829	13,453,550	15,288,125	-	-			
2012	231,075,880	660,216,800	12,429,730	14,124,693	-	-			
2011	230,747,900	659,279,714	11,691,860	13,286,205	-	-			
2010	232,243,400	663,552,571	11,301,060	12,842,114	553,008	8,848,128			
2009	237,605,420	678,872,629	10,779,200	12,249,091	1,079,888	17,278,208			
2008	234,308,020	669,451,486	10,902,720	12,389,455	14,664,912	234,638,592			

Source: Jefferson County, Ohio; Auditor's Office

⁽a) Real property is assessed at 35% of actual value. Real property taxes collected in a calendar year are levied as of January 1 of that year based on assessed values as of January 1 of the preceding year.

⁽b) Public utility is assessed at 88% of actual value. Public utility real and tangible property taxes collected in a calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year based on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second preceding year.

⁽c) For 2006, tangible personal personal property tax is assessed at 18.75% of property value, including inventory. For 2007, tangible personal personal property tax is assessed at 12.50% of property value, including inventory.

For 2008, tangible personal personal property tax is assessed at 6.25% of property value, including inventory.

For 2009 and 2010, tangible personal personal property tax is assessed at 0.00% of property value, including inventory, except for telephone tangible personal property which is assessed at 10% of property value, including inventory. In 2009 and 2010, telephone tangible is the only taxable tangible personal property.

The tangible personal property tax was phased out in 2011.

Total

Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio	Total Direct Tax Rate		
\$ 246,344,850	\$ 669,870,220	36.78%	\$	8.20	
245,584,190	668,731,060	36.72%		8.20	
242,633,600	666,028,846	36.43%		8.20	
238,206,170	656,168,584	36.30%		8.20	
237,544,840	655,548,954	36.24%		8.20	
243,505,610	674,341,493	36.11%		8.20	
242,439,760	672,565,919	36.05%		8.20	
244,097,468	685,242,813	35.62%		8.20	
249,464,508	708,399,928	35.22%		8.20	
259,875,652	916,479,533	28.36%		8.20	

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (RATE PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN YEARS

		City Direct Rates								Overlapping Rates						
Collection Year	Operating		Debt Service		Police and Fire Pension				Jefferson County		Steubenville City School District		ferson nty Joint cational chool	Steel Valley Regional Transit Authority		
2017	\$	6.60	\$	1.00	\$	0.60	\$	8.20	\$	12.15	\$	35.35	\$	2.50	\$	1.50
2016		6.60		1.00		0.60		8.20		12.15		35.35		2.50		1.50
2015		6.60		1.00		0.60		8.20		12.15		35.35		2.50		1.50
2014		6.60		1.00		0.60		8.20		11.95		35.35		2.50		1.50
2013		6.60		1.00		0.60		8.20		11.95		35.35		1.50		1.50
2012		6.60		1.00		0.60		8.20		11.95		35.35		1.50		1.50
2011		6.60		1.00		0.60		8.20		11.95		35.35		1.50		1.50
2010		6.60		1.00		0.60		8.20		11.95		35.35		1.50		1.50
2009		6.60		1.00		0.60		8.20		13.25		35.35		1.50		1.50
2008		6.60		1.00		0.60		8.20		11.95		35.35		1.50		1.50

Source: Jefferson County, Ohio; Auditor's Office

Note: Prior to 2010, Eastern Gateway Community College was

known as Jefferson County Community College.

Overlapping Rates (continued)

Eastern Gateway Community College	Indian Creek Local School District		of Ste	Library ubenville efferson ounty	Ove	Fotal erlapping Rates	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates		
\$ 1.00	\$	42.65	\$	1.00	\$	96.15	\$	104.35	
1.00		42.65		1.00		96.15		104.35	
1.00		42.65		1.00		96.15		104.35	
1.00		42.65		1.00		95.95		104.15	
1.00		42.65		1.00		94.95		103.15	
1.00		42.65		1.00		94.95		103.15	
1.00		42.65		1.00		94.95		103.15	
1.00		42.65		1.00		94.95		103.15	
1.00		42.65		-		95.25		103.45	
1.00		39.10		_		90.40		98.60	

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

-		21	20	4 =
Decem	her	.51	. 20	1 /

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Assessed Value	
Fort Steuben Improvements	13,707,785	1	5.56%	
Ohio Power Company	\$ 12,776,000	2	5.19%	
Columbia Gas of Ohio, Inc.	6,675,390	3	2.71%	
Hollywood Center, Inc.	3,440,745	4	1.40%	
Carriage Inn of Steubenville	2,109,520	5	0.86%	
Ohio Asset Steubenville	2,010,085	6	0.82%	
Lowes Home Centers Inc.	1,755,565	7	0.71%	
River Rail Development	1,481,865	8	0.60%	
L & L Realty Holding Company LLC	1,479,240	9	0.60%	
Crown Hotels, Inc.	 1,236,970	10	0.50%	
Total, top ten principal property taxpayers	\$ 46,673,165		18.95%	
Total City property tax assessed				
valuation	\$ 246,344,850			

December 31, 2008

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Assessed Value	
Fort Steuben Improvements	\$ 12,726,650	1	4.90%	
Ohio Power Company	9,750,000	2	3.75%	
Hollywood Center, Inc.	3,847,730	3	1.48%	
Wheeling Pittsburgh Steel	2,784,680	4	1.07%	
Cal-Steuben Limited	2,325,930	5	0.90%	
Carriage Inn of Steubenville, Inc.	1,948,010	6	0.75%	
Crown Hotels, Inc.	1,236,970	7	0.48%	
L Steubenville LLC	1,155,000	8	0.44%	
Albert Ltd.	1,086,560	9	0.42%	
Columbia Gas of Ohio, Inc.	 1,069,280	10	0.41%	
Total, top ten principal property taxpayers	\$ 37,930,810		14.60%	
Total City property tax assessed valuation	\$ 259,875,652			

Source: Jefferson County, Ohio; Auditor's Office

Note: Information prior to 2008 is not available

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Total Levy	Current Collection	Percent of Current Collections to Tax Levy	Delinquent Collections	Total Collections	Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percentage of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2017	\$ 1,395,083	\$ 1,347,155	96.56%	\$ 52,337	\$ 1,399,492	100.32%	\$ 356,105	25.53%
2016	1,390,968	1,349,396	97.01%	57,225	1,406,621	101.13%	326,390	23.46%
2015	1,366,365	1,321,710	96.73%	73,191	1,394,901	102.09%	360,990	26.42%
2014	1,339,769	1,288,885	96.20%	88,834	1,377,719	102.83%	347,572	25.94%
2013	1,328,278	1,273,602	95.88%	81,587	1,355,189	102.03%	483,185	36.38%
2012	1,347,254	1,291,062	95.83%	74,526	1,365,588	101.36%	488,814	36.28%
2011	1,379,576	1,144,649	82.97%	77,282	1,221,931	88.57%	617,236	44.74%
2010	1,314,478	1,119,407	85.16%	58,587	1,177,994	89.62%	512,001	38.95%
2009	1,327,149	1,128,015	85.00%	72,954	1,200,969	90.49%	495,411	37.33%
2008	1,348,726	1,176,758	87.25%	63,689	1,240,447	91.97%	467,612	34.67%

Source: Jefferson County, Ohio; Auditor's Office

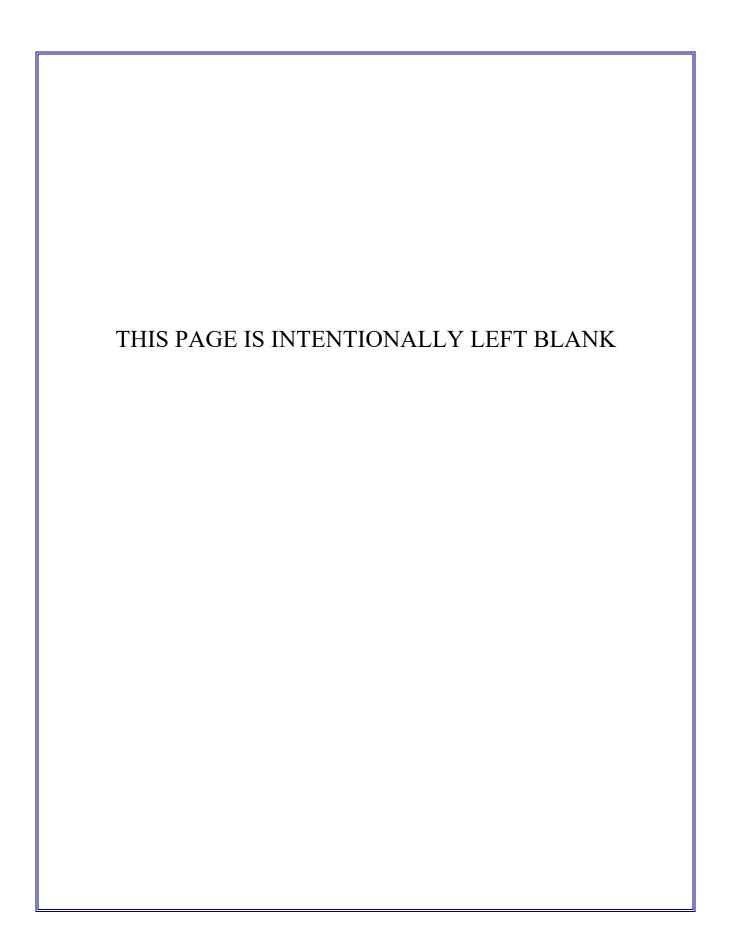
Note: Delinquent tax collections are available only by collection year rather than the year in which they were levied; therefore, the percentage of total collections to tax levy exceeds 100 percent in some years. The City will continue to work with the County Auditor to retrieve this information in the future.

INCOME TAX RATE AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS (CASH BASIS)

Year	Tax Rate	 Total Tax Collected
2017	2.00%	\$ 9,897,503
2016	2.00%	10,070,035
2015	2.00%	9,942,058
2014	2.00%	9,551,821
2013	2.00%	9,423,734
2012	2.00%	9,256,607
2011	1.925% (a)	8,560,807
2010	2.00%	8,641,927
2009	2.00%	8,772,925
2008	2.00%	8,809,796

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA)

⁽a) The income tax rate was reduced from 2% to 1.7% for the period of May 4, 2011 through August 2, 2011. The increase from 1.7% to 2% was approved by voters August 2, 2011. The City allowed for the use of a blended rate of 1.925% for tax year 2011.



RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

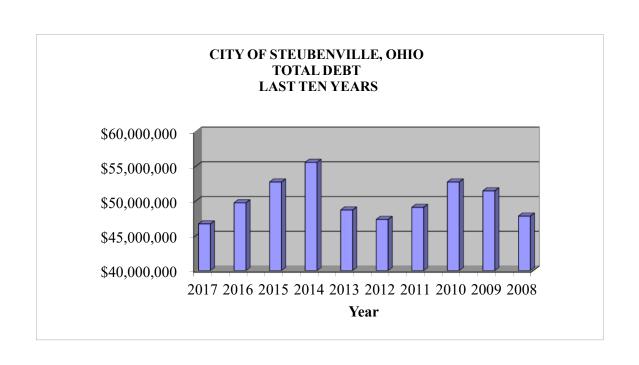
		Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type Activities				
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Loans	Notes	Capital Leases	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Loans	
2017	\$ 4,153,821	\$ 469,873	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,611,952	\$ 631,174	\$ 33,710,294	
2016	4,227,794	491,019	-	1,460	7,981,456	797,220	36,055,373	
2015	4,308,938	537,294	-	7,030	8,340,960	1,038,570	38,276,152	
2014	4,391,146	635,663	-	12,193	8,700,462	1,255,814	40,482,981	
2013	3,426,304	731,303	-	16,978	1,705,000	740,137	42,104,837	
2012	3,491,935	856,403	-	21,413	1,825,000	401,044	40,769,527	
2011	3,561,232	960,164	-	1,794	1,945,000	495,000	42,138,146	
2010	3,628,629	1,059,760	-	7,326	4,559,776	-	43,466,803	
2009	-	1,216,006	3,500,000	13,311	2,698,876	-	44,001,171	
2008	-	1,429,942	541,239	19,679	2,888,630	-	42,890,909	

Sources:

⁽a) See notes to the financial statements regarding the City's outstanding debt information.

⁽b) See Schedule "Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years" for personal income and population.

Notes		 Capital Leases		(a) Total Primary Government		(b) Total Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income	(b) Population	Per Capita	
\$	-	\$ 144,279	\$	46,721,393	\$	657,206,352	7.11%	18,072	\$	2,585
	-	198,981		49,753,303		660,152,088	7.54%	18,072		2,753
	-	239,074		52,748,018		645,178,250	8.18%	18,355		2,874
	-	96,405		55,574,664		624,749,135	8.90%	18,355		3,028
	-	-		48,724,559		609,478,880	7.99%	18,440		2,642
	-	-		47,365,322		577,891,160	8.20%	18,440		2,569
	-	-		49,101,336		561,244,061	8.75%	18,659		2,632
	26,304	-		52,748,598		590,762,599	8.93%	18,659		2,827
	51,292	-		51,480,656		591,493,780	8.70%	18,820		2,735
	75,029	-		47,845,428		568,021,323	8.42%	19,329		2,475



RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population (1)	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	Bonded Debt	Ratio of Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value of Property	Bonded Debt Per Capita	
2017	18,072	\$ 669,870,220	\$ 11,765,773	1.76%	\$	651
2016	18,072	668,731,060	12,209,250	1.83%	6	676
2015	18,355	666,028,846	12,649,898	1.90%	6	689
2014	18,355	656,168,584	13,091,608	2.00%	7	713
2013	18,440	655,548,954	5,131,304	0.78%	2	278
2012	18,440	674,341,493	5,316,935	0.79%	2	288
2011	18,659	672,565,919	5,506,232	0.82%	2	295
2010	18,659	685,242,813	8,188,405	1.19%	2	439
2009	18,820	708,399,928	2,698,876	0.38%	1	143
2008	19,329	916,479,533	2,888,630	0.32%	1	149

Source: (1) U.S Census Bureau

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
Direct:					
City of Steubenville	\$ 4,623,694	100.00%	\$	4,623,694	
Total of direct debt	4,623,694			4,623,694	
Overlapping debt:					
Steubenville City School District	1,070,000	96.57%		1,033,299	
Jefferson County	11,365,333	17.41%		1,978,704	
Jefferson County Joint Vocational School	611,643	16.97%		103,796	
Indian Creek Local School District	9,870,000	23.35%		2,304,645	
Total of overlapping debt	22,916,976			5,420,444	
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 27,540,670		\$	10,044,138	

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

Note: The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the City's taxable assessed value that is within the subdivision's boundaries and dividing it by the City's total taxable assessed value.

WATER OWDA LOAN PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN YEARS

	(Operating			Net Available		Debt Service				
Year]	Revenues]	Revenues		Principal		Interest	Coverage
2017	\$	6,328,799	\$	3,104,607	\$	3,224,192	\$	1,919,246	\$	702,668	1.23
2016		6,309,880		2,918,220		3,391,660		1,852,626		695,021	1.33
2015		5,992,250		4,561,397		1,430,853		1,788,352		881,468	0.54
2014		5,980,304		2,513,960		3,466,344		1,726,339		1,008,080	1.27
2013		5,283,449		2,449,493		2,833,956		1,629,500		1,067,913	1.05
2012		5,448,141		3,015,713		2,432,428		1,607,604		1,022,437	0.92
2011		4,678,829		2,833,944		1,844,885		1,621,849		1,175,766	0.66
2010		4,824,259		2,985,940		1,838,319		1,564,824		1,232,791	0.66
2009		4,769,977		3,235,982		1,533,995		1,448,648		1,182,229	0.58
2008		6,182,944		3,096,569		3,086,375		1,881,887		1,137,062	1.02

⁽¹⁾ Operating expenses do not include depreciation.

Source: City financial records

WATER REVENUE BOND PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST FOUR YEARS

		Operating			Direct Operating		Net Available		Debt S	_			
_	Year		Revenues		Expenses (1)		Revenues		Principal		nterest	Coverage	
	2017	\$	6,328,799	\$	3,104,607	\$	3,224,192	\$	94,046	\$	3,754	32.97	
	2016		6,309,880		2,918,220		3,391,660		91,966		5,835	34.68	
	2015		5,992,250		4,561,397		1,430,853		89,930		7,870	14.63	
	2014		5,980,304		2,513,960		3,466,344		87,884		9,916	35.44	

⁽¹⁾ Operating expenses do not include depreciation.

Source: City financial records

Note: The City did not have debt service payments on water revenue bonds prior to 2014.

SEWER OWDA LOAN PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN YEARS

	(Operating	(Direct Operating	Ne	et Available		Debt S	Service	e	
Year	1	Revenues	E	xpenses (1)	1	Revenues		Principal		Interest	Coverage
2017	\$	3,698,454	\$	2,533,457	\$	1,164,997	\$	405,721	\$	503,452	1.28
2016		3,814,904		2,650,885		1,164,019		389,931		512,702	1.29
2015		3,838,467		2,672,987		1,165,480		375,859		538,801	1.27
2014		3,843,695		2,992,434		851,261		351,271		561,733	0.93
2013		4,252,505		2,658,274		1,594,231		184,368		492,207	2.36
2012		4,426,856		3,017,842		1,409,014		225,595		444,198	2.10
2011		5,298,290		2,926,266		2,372,024		233,786		462,389	3.41
2010		5,327,028		3,230,109		2,096,919		224,560		471,615	3.01
2009		5,433,208		3,386,044		2,047,164		215,698		480,477	2.94
2008		5,140,602		3,366,498		1,774,104		330,086		23,638	5.02

⁽¹⁾ Operating expenses do not include depreciation.

Source: City financial records

SEWER REVENUE BOND PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST FOUR YEARS

Year	Operating Operating Revenues Expenses (1)		Net Available Debt Se Revenues Principal		Service Interest		Coverage		
2017	\$ 3,698,454	\$	2,533,457	\$ 1,164,997	\$	72,000	\$	17,587	13.00
2016	3,814,904		2,650,885	1,164,019		71,000		19,789	12.82
2015	3,838,467		2,672,987	1,165,480		-		10,441	111.63
2014	3,843,695		2,992,434	851,261		70,000		13,838	10.15

⁽¹⁾ Operating expenses do not include depreciation.

Source: City financial records

Note: The City did not have debt service payments on sewer revenue bonds prior to 2014.

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN YEARS

	2017		 2016		2015	 2014
Assessed value (a)	\$	246,344,850	\$ 245,584,190	\$	242,633,600	\$ 238,206,170
Legal debt margin: Debt limitation - 10.5% of assessed value		25,866,209	25,786,340		25,476,528	25,011,648
Debt applicable to limitation: General obligation bonds Gross indebtedness		11,253,351	 11,657,612		12,117,612	 12,572,612
(Total voted and unvoted debt)		11,253,351	 11,657,612	_	12,117,612	 12,572,612
Less: debt outside limitations General obligation bonds Total debt outside limitations		(7,370,000) (7,370,000)	(7,725,000) (7,725,000)		(8,070,000) (8,070,000)	(8,415,000) (8,415,000)
Total debt applicable to limitation - Within 10.5% limitations		3,883,351	3,932,612		4,047,612	4,157,612
Less: amount available in debt service fund to pay debt applicable to limitation		(254,735)	 (213,123)		(168,669)	 (126,251)
Net debt within 10.5% limitation		3,628,616	 3,719,489	_	3,878,943	 4,031,361
Overall debt margin within 10.5% limitation	\$	22,237,593	\$ 22,066,851	\$	21,597,585	\$ 20,980,287
Unvoted debt limitation - 5.5% of assessed valuation	\$	13,548,967	\$ 13,507,130	\$	13,344,848	\$ 13,101,339
Gross indebtedness authorized by council Less: debt outside limitations:		11,253,351	11,657,612		12,117,612	12,572,612
Total debt outside limitations	_	(11,253,351)	 (11,657,612)		(12,117,612)	 (12,572,612)
Unvoted debt margin within 5.5% limitation	\$	13,548,967	\$ 13,507,130	\$	13,344,848	\$ 13,101,339

Source: City of Steubenville financial records

⁽a) Beginning in 2007, the debt limit excludes the assessed valuation of tangible personal property tax, as well as railroad and telephone public utility personal property in accordance with Ohio House Bill 530.

2013	 2012	2011	2010 2009		2009	2008		
\$ 237,544,840	\$ 243,505,610	\$ 242,439,760	\$	243,544,460	\$	248,384,620	\$	244,714,840
24,942,208	25,568,089	25,456,175		25,572,168		26,080,385		25,695,058
 4,952,612	 5,157,612	 5,362,612	_	8,057,388		2,698,876		2,888,630
 4,952,612	 5,157,612	 5,362,612		8,057,388		2,698,876		4,104,636
 (1,705,000) (1,705,000)	 (1,825,000) (1,825,000)	 (1,945,000) (1,945,000)		(4,559,776) (4,559,776)		(2,698,876) (2,698,876)		(2,888,630) (2,888,630)
3,247,612	3,332,612	3,417,612		3,497,612		-		1,216,006
 (112,157)	 (98,478)	 (81,309)		(64,342)		(344,483)		(806,046)
 3,135,455	3,234,134	 3,336,303		3,433,270		(344,483)		409,960
\$ 21,806,753	\$ 22,333,955	\$ 22,119,872	\$	22,138,898	\$	26,424,868	\$	25,285,098
\$ 13,064,966 4,952,612	\$ 13,392,809 5,157,612	\$ 13,334,187 5,362,612	\$	13,394,945 8,057,388	\$	13,661,154 2,698,876	\$	13,459,316 4,104,636
 (4,952,612)	 (5,157,612)	 (5,362,612)		(8,057,388)		(2,698,876)		(2,888,630)
\$ 13,064,966	\$ 13,392,809	\$ 13,334,187	\$	13,394,945	\$	13,661,154	\$	12,243,310

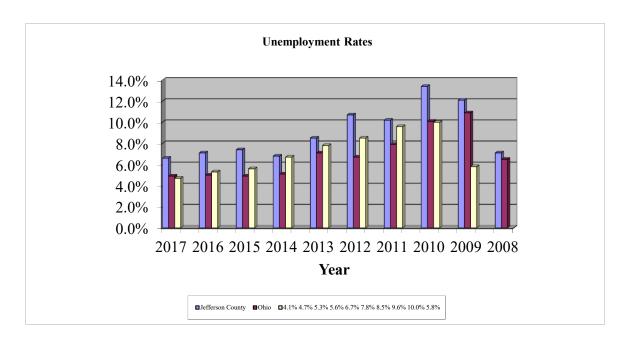
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

			D C '4		Annual Average Unemployment Rates (2)					
Year	Population (1)	Personal Income		er Capita onal Income (3)	Jefferson County	Ohio	United States			
2017	18,072	\$ 657,206,352	\$	36,366	6.6%	4.9%	4.1%			
2016	18,072	660,152,088		36,529	7.1%	5.0%	4.7%			
2015	18,355	645,178,250		35,150	7.4%	4.9%	5.3%			
2014	18,355	624,749,135		34,037	6.8%	5.1%	5.6%			
2013	18,440	609,478,880		33,052	8.5%	7.1%	6.7%			
2012	18,440	577,891,160		31,339	10.7%	6.7%	7.8%			
2011	18,659	561,244,061		30,079	10.2%	7.9%	8.5%			
2010	18,659	590,762,599		31,661	13.4%	10.1%	9.6%			
2009	18,820	591,493,780		31,429	12.1%	10.9%	10.0%			
2008	19,329	568,021,323		29,387	7.1%	6.5%	5.8%			

Sources:

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau
- (2) Ohio Department of Job & Family Services, Office of Workforce Development
- (3) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Note: Per capita personal income is presented for the Weirton-Steubenville Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA).



PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2017	
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total Employment
Franciscan University	2,135	1	17.97%
Trinity Medical Center West	1,492	2	12.56%
Jefferson County	653	3	5.50%
Wal-Mart Associates Inc.	628	4	5.29%
Steubenville City School District	446	5	3.75%
Eastern Gateway Community College	429	6	3.61%
The Kroger Company	309	7	2.60%
Trinity Management Service Organization	255	8	2.15%
Lowe's Home Centers Inc.	242	9	2.04%
Trinity Medical Center East	231	10	1.94%
Total of top ten	6,820		57.41%
Total City employment	11,882		

		2008	
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total Employment
Franciscan University	1,859	1	18.02%
Trinity Medical Center West	1,508	2	14.62%
Jefferson County	660	3	6.40%
Wal-Mart Associates Inc.	637	4	6.18%
Eastern Gateway Community College	445	5	4.31%
Trinity Medical Center East	345	6	3.34%
Steubenville City School District	344	7	3.34%
City of Steubenville	245	8	2.38%
Lowe's Home Centers Inc.	245	9	2.38%
Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel	240	10	2.33%
Total of top ten	6,528		63.30%
Total City employment	10,314		

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA)

Note: Information prior to 2008 was not available.

FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General government:					
Mayor	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Finance	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Law director	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Civil service	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
City manager	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
Engineering	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
City council	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Municipal court	12.00	12.00	9.00	9.00	10.00
Building	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Information systems			1.00	1.00	1.00
information systems	-	-	1.00	1.00	1.00
Security of persons and propert	y:				
Police	47.00	45.00	43.00	45.00	45.00
Fire	34.00	37.00	39.00	40.00	36.00
Electrical	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Public health and welfare:					
Health services	_	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Health clinic	-	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Health administration	-	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Food	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Transportation:					
Street	16.00	11.00	11.00	12.00	12.00
Weed control	-	-	-	-	-
Community environment:					
Community development	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Leisure time activity:					
Parks	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00
Indoors	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	1.00
Administration	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-
Swimming pool	15.00	21.00	16.00	10.00	-
Utility services:					
Water	23.00	22.00	22.00	21.00	23.00
Sewer	17.00	16.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
Refuse	12.00	12.00	11.00	12.00	12.00
Total	212.00	219.00	214.00	211.00	198.00

Source: City of Steubenville records

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
10.00	10.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	3.00	4.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
47.00	47.00	47.00	47.00	46.00
37.00	37.00	38.00	38.00	40.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
13.00	14.00	18.00	19.00	22.00
-	-	-	-	8.00
4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	4.00
3.00	3.00	_	_	5.00
2.00	2.00	5.00	7.00	7.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00
10.00	10.00	20.00	16.00	17.00
26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00
19.00	19.00	19.00	18.00	19.00
12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	13.00
219.00	220.00	230.00	230.00	252.00

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

Function	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
General government:						
Positions filled	212	219	214	211	198	219
Ordinances & resolutions	110	115	123	149	95	121
Security of persons and property:						
Police:						
Physical arrests	1,594	1,745	1,870	1,927	1,924	1,612
Parking violations	1,264	1,132	918	433	281	273
Traffic violations	1,495	1,320	998	1,214	1,572	1,249
Leisure time activity:						
Recreation center attendance	12,932	12,544	15,181	8,772	N/A	24,000
Transportation:						
Tons of salt used	3,250	3,607	3,177	N/A	5,547	3,000
Water:						
New connections	2	5	4	1	3	10
Water main breaks	69	70	83	108	127	103

Source: City of Steubenville Departments.

Note: N/A indicates the information was not available.

2011	2010	2009	2008	
220	220	230	326	
112	90	107	101	
1,505	1,510	1,518	1,603	
427	644	288	392	
936	772	856	1,250	
24,019	16,245	21,408	2,154	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-, -	,	, -	
2,400	3,000	3,114	1,642	
2,100	2,000	2,111	1,012	
7	7	4	3	
69	•	75		
09	103	13	57	

CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

Function	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Security of persons and property:						
Police:						
Stations	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Fire:						
Stations	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	3.00
Leisure time activities:						
Parks	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
Park acreage	261.32	261.32	261.32	261.32	261.32	261.32
Fitness center	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Swimming pools	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Wading pools	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Tennis courts	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Baseball diamonds	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Softball fields	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Transportation:						
Streets (paved miles)	120.00	120.00	120.00	120.00	120.00	120.00
Water:						
Water mains (miles)	84.00	84.00	84.00	84.00	84.00	84.00
Sewer:						
Sanitary sewers (miles)	81.00	81.00	81.00	81.00	81.00	81.00

Source: City of Steubenville Departments.

2011	2010	2009	2008
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
2.00			
13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
261.32	261.32	261.32	261.32
1.00	1.00	1.00	
			1.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
8.00	8.00	8.00	4.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
120.00	120.00	120.00	120.00
84.00	84.00	84.00	84.00
81.00	81.00	81.00	81.00





CITY OF STEUBENVILLE

JEFFERSON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER, 18 2018