CITY OF SPRINGFIELD CLARK COUNTY, OHIO

Independent Auditors' Reports on Internal Controls and Compliance and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

December 31, 2017





Dave Yost • Auditor of State

City Commission City of Springfield 76 East High Street, 4th Floor Springfield, Ohio 45502

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Springfield, Clark County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Springfield is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

thre Yost

Dave Yost Auditor of State

August 15, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City Commission City of Springfield 76 East High Street Springfield, Ohio 45502

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Springfield, Ohio (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio June 29, 2018



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

City Commission City of Springfield 76 East High Street Springfield, Ohio 45502

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Springfield, Ohio's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect3 on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency and corrected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2018, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio June 29, 2018

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD CLARK COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Direct				
Economic Development Cluster: Economic Adjustment Assistance (Revolving Loans)	(1)	11.307	\$	820,548
Total U.S. Department of Commerce				820,548
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE Passed through Ohio Air National Guard National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Projects - W91364-11-2-2102 National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Projects - W91364-15-2102	N/A (2) N/A (2)	12.401 12.401	-	10,570 81,617
Total U.S. Department of Defense				92,187
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Direct CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster: Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants B-15-MC-39-0019	(1)	14.218	-	138,207
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants B-16-MC-39-0019 Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants B-17-MC-39-0019	(1)	14.218 14.218	-	1,555,183 163,738
Total Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	(-)		106,509	1,857,128
Home Investment Partnerships Program Home Investment Partnerships Program Home Investment Partnerships Program M-15-MC-39-0218 Home Investment Partnerships Program M-16-MC-39-0218 Total Home Investment Partnerships Program	(1) (1) (1)	14.239 14.239 14.239		409,942 115,568 <u>115,543</u> 641,053
Emergency Solutions Grant Program Emergency Shelter Grant Program E-16-MC-39-0019 Emergency Shelter Grant Program E-17-MC-39-0019 Total Emergency Solutions Grant Program	(1) (1)	14.231 14.231	123,637	99,648 23,990 123,638
Shelter Plus Care: 2015 Continuum of Care (SPC-1) 2015 Continuum of Care (SPC-3) 2015 Continuum of Care (SPC-2) 2016 Continuum of Care (SPC-1) 2016 Continuum of Care (SPC-3) Total Shelter Plus Care	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	14.238 14.238 14.238 14.238 14.238		61,959 34,726 22,024 11,637 <u>5,904</u> 136,250
Neighborhood Stabilization Program: Neighborhood Stabilization Program - Recovery Act Funded Neighborhood Stabilization Program Total Neighborhood Stabilization Program	(1) (1)	14.256 14.256		52,416 32,586 85,002
Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control in Privately-Owned Housing: Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control in Privately-Owned Housing - Loans	(1)	14.900	-	2,723,646
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			426,324	5,566,717
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Direct				
Equitable Sharing Program (Federally Forfeited Property Sharing) Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	(1) (1) (1)	16.922 16.738 16.607	-	28,049 21,306 11,896
Total U.S. Department of Justice			21,306	61,251
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Direct - Federal Aviation Administration Airport Improvement Program:				
Airport Improvement Program #3-39-0072-024-2016 Airport Improvement Program #3-39-0072-025-2017 Total Airport Improvement Program	(1) (1)	20.106 20.106	- 	132,030 231,300 363,330

(continued)

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD CLARK COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
Direct - Federal Transit Administration				
Federal Transit Cluster:				
Federal Transit - Formula Grants	(1)	20.507		1,367,417
Passed through Ohio Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Cluster: Highway Planning and Construction:				
CLA - Little Miami Trail Extension	PID #82314 (2)	20.205	-	393,499
CLA - Veteran's Bridge	PID #88484 (2)	20.205	-	94,617
CLA - Villa Road Widening	PID #89421 (2)	20.205	-	924,656
CLA - Middle Urbana Road	PID #94768 (2)	20.205	-	56,480
CLA - Burnett Rd Reconstruction	PID #94795 (2)	20.205	-	398,954
CLA - East Street Reconstruction	PID #94806 (2)	20.205	-	42,960
CLA - Belmont Ave Reconstruction	PID #94814 (2)	20.205	-	182,321
CLA - Lowry Bridge	PID #96375 (2)	20.205	-	337,775
CLA - Bechtle Signals	PID #98859 (2)	20.205	-	34,204
CLA - N Murray / Mt Vernon	PID #99555 (2)	20.205	-	2,174
CLA - Bechtle - 0.57	PID #99563 (2)	20.205	-	92,947
CLA - 40 - 16.82	PID #103791 (2)	20.205	-	34,472
Total Highway Planning and Construction			-	2,595,059
Passed through Ohio Department of Public Safety Highway Safety Cluster:				
Community Highway Safety Program #STEP-2017-12-00-00-00546-00 State and Community Highway Safety Program	N/A (2)	20.600	-	5,955
#STEP-2018-Springfield Police Dept00057	N/A (2)	20.600	-	672
National Priority Safety Program #IDEP-2017-12-00-00-00396-00	N/A (2)	20.616	-	4,165
Total Highway Safety Cluster			-	10,792
Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated (DWI) Program #IDEP-2018-Springfield Police Dept00057	N/A (2)	20.608		2,019
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				4,338,617
Total Federal Awards Expenditures			\$ 447,630	10,879,320

(1) Direct award(2) Pass-through award

See accompanying notes the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD CLARK COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Springfield (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2017. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87 *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments* (codified in 2 CFR Part 225), or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 – LOANS

The federal loan programs listed subsequently are administered directly by the City, and balances and transactions relating to these programs are included in the City's basic financial statements.

As of December 31, 2017, the City has the following programs with federal loans outstanding:

- Economic Adjustment Assistance (CFDA #11.307) \$444,271
- Lead-Based Paint Control in Privately-Owned Housing (CFDA #14.900) \$2,723,646

The above mentioned loan programs have continuing compliance requirements and therefore, the total loan balances from previous years have been included on the Schedule.

NOTE 4 – SUBRECIPIENT PAYMENTS

The City passes certain federal awards received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note 2 describes, the City reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a subrecipient, the City has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE 5 - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the City to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The City has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements	
Type of auditors' report issued:	

 Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	Unmodified
	None noted
	None noted
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	None noted
Federal Awards	
 Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not 	None noted
 Significant denciency(les) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	None noted
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	None noted
Identification of major programs:	
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster: CFDA 20.205 – Highway Planning and Construction	
Dollar threshold to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None noted

Section III – Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted





RESULTS THROUGH REMARKABLE RELATIONSHIPS

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Springfield Ohio



Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ending December 31, 2017

City of Springfield, Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT MARK B. BECKDAHL FINANCE DIRECTOR



INTRODUCTION SECTION



CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 *Continued*

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CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 Continued

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Finance Department

June 30, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners, City Manager, and Citizens of the City of Springfield:

We are pleased to submit the City of Springfield's (City) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. State law requires that the City annually publish a complete set of financial statements for the results of its fiscal operations, presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that is established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co. has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. The independent auditors' report is located in the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City, incorporated in 1850, is located in the west central part of the State of Ohio. Springfield is a mediumsized city with an incorporated area of 25.54 square miles and a population of 59,680. Springfield was given its name because of the rich resources of land, picturesque cliffs, its many springs, and abundant water.

Diversified transportation facilities serve the City with major highways adjacent to the City including Interstate 70 (I-70) at the southern edge of the City, Interstate 675 (I-675) ten miles west, Interstate 75 (I-75) twenty-five miles west, and Interstate 71 (I-71) thirty miles south. U.S. Route 40, also known as the historic National Road, runs east and west through Springfield, and U.S. Route 68 enters the City from the north and south.

James Demint, considered the "founding father" of Springfield, built the first house in 1799. The original plat for the City was made in 1801 on land owned by Demint. The first post office was recorded in 1804. Simon Kenton built a gristmill and distillery on the site where the original International Truck and Engine Corporation (International) plant was later built. The Ohio Legislature created Clark County (County), named after George Rogers Clark in 1817, and Springfield became the county seat.

The National Road was extended west from Wheeling, West Virginia through Springfield during 1838 and 1839. The railroads of the 1840's provided profitable business in the area. Springfield's manufacturing history, starting in the 1850's with the manufacture of farm equipment, marked the beginning of American industrial expansion. During the last half of the century, Springfield became the nation's leader in production of reapers and harvesters with International as the leading employer in the area until the late 1990's.

The O.S. Kelly Company (O.S. Kelly), founded by Oliver Stanley Kelly, who served as Springfield's Mayor in 1887 and 1888, was also a manufacturer of farm equipment in the 1850's. In 1890, O.S. Kelly began the manufacturing of piano plates and to this day is still the largest manufacturer of piano plates. Steinway Musical Instruments Inc., one of the worlds leading manufacturers of pianos, purchased O.S. Kelly in 1999. O.S. Kelly now bears the distinction of being the leader in the manufacturing of piano plates and is the only supplier for Steinway's U.S. operations.

A.B. Graham, an innovative school teacher and superintendent in Springfield Township of Clark County, Ohio (Township), organized a group of students in January 1902 to conduct agricultural experiments. This group was the beginning of what is now known worldwide as the 4-H program.

In 1913, the city charter was adopted. The city charter provides home-rule powers to the City under a city commission-manager form of government. The charter was and may be amended by the voters from time to time. Policy-making and legislative authority is vested in a five-member City Commission (Commission), which includes the Mayor, elected by the community at large on a non-partisan basis. The terms of office are four years, but are overlapping so that the City is provided with a continuity of knowledge in City business and legislative matters. The Commission serves as a part-time board, fixes compensation of City officials and employees, enacts local ordinances and resolutions, adopts budgets, and determines policies on municipal services.

Beginning in 2004, the method to elect the Mayor was changed. The Mayor is now directly elected for a fouryear term. The legislative body selects the Assistant Mayor from among its members. The Assistant Mayor serves a two-year term of office. The Mayor, whose responsibilities include ceremonial and judicial functions, serves as President of the Commission and presides at meetings of the Commission. The Assistant Mayor serves as Mayor in the Mayor's absence.

Operating responsibilities for all City functions are assigned to the City Manager (Manager) who is appointed by the Commission. The Manager serves as the Chief Executive and Administrative Officer and can be removed by a vote of the majority of the members of the Commission. The Commission, also, appoints the Finance Director, the Law Director, the Clerk of Commission, and members to a number of boards and commissions. The Manager appoints all other City employees.

The City charter establishes certain administrative departments. The Commission can, by ordinance, create, change, and abolish offices, departments, or agencies other than those established by the charter. The City Manager performs all duties normally associated with that position and that are not otherwise assigned to the Law Director or the Finance Director.

The City provides the full range of services normally associated with a municipality including public safety (police, fire, emergency medical services, and street lighting), street maintenance and traffic control, human relations, housing and neighborhood services, planning and zoning, community development administration, code enforcement, and engineering. The City also operates the water utility, sewage collection and treatment utility, stormwater utility, and airport operations as enterprise funds. Under the enterprise fund concept, user charges set by the Commission are utilized to ensure adequate coverage of operating expenses and payments on outstanding debt. Fleet maintenance services, health care, and workers' compensation are provided through internal service funds.

The National Trail Parks and Recreation District (NTPRD) was created in 1999 by means of a multi-jurisdictional merger. The former Parks and Recreation Department of the City and the former Recreation Department of Clark County joined under the new NTPRD organization to coordinate all parks and recreational activities and services throughout the County, including the City. The City serves as the fiscal agent on behalf of NTPRD and continues to underwrite the merger.

It is City policy for the Commission to adopt the annual operating and capital appropriations prior to January 1 of each fiscal year. These annual appropriations serve as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. Transfers of appropriations can be made within personal service and/or other service (character level) within a division and fund without City Commission action. Commission must approve any other changes or supplemental appropriations.

Local Economy

The transition from a manufacturing-based economy to one that integrates technology and service firms is providing new job opportunities for City residents and is diversifying the City's tax base. The employment base of the City changed dramatically in recent years with the downsizing of automotive related manufacturers, which once dominated employment in this region. Medical facilities and technology firms, as well as smaller manufacturers, distribution firms, insurance and mortgage processors are now reshaping the economy of our community. The City continues to pursue its role as a facilitator for this transition by providing the necessary infrastructure and developable industrial and office sites that our modern economy requires.

The City's location on I-70 and abundant resources of clean power, water, sewer, and gas, combined with the abundant communication networks, make the City an attractive location for a variety of industries.

Silfex, a Division of LAM Research Corporation, announced its decision to locate a new manufacturing facility in Springfield in late 2017. Silfex Incorporated is the world's largest provider of high purity custom silicon components and assemblies that serve a broad base of high technology markets. As a market leader in advanced materials, Silfex provides integrated silicon solutions for the solar, optics, and semiconductor equipment markets.

The Silfex project includes the company purchasing the former O'Cedar building located at 1000 Titus Road. Silfex is investing over \$220 million in property acquisition, building improvements and additions, equipment and furnishings. In addition, the company plans to create 400 new jobs with estimated payroll of approximately \$21 million.

In May of 2017, construction began on a \$55 million auto-parts stamping facility in the heart of the City of Springfield. Topre America, a Japan-based manufacturer that makes parts for car companies like Honda and Toyota, acquired the entire 32 acre site known as the Champion City Business Park. For generations, the site was once home to a former International Harvester/Navistar factory. Topre constructed 177,000 square feet of manufacturing space and plans to create 85 new jobs with approximately \$3.45 million in new payroll. In March of 2018, Topre announced an additional expansion of 138,000 square feet, 204 new jobs and additional investment of \$73 million – representing a total investment of \$130 million and 300 new jobs!

Nextedge Industrial Park is home to Speedway LLC's office building, which the company acquired for \$5.4 million to accommodate the employment growth related to its \$2.8 billion acquisition of Hess Retail Holdings. The acquisition of Hess led Speedway to add 350 employees locally and the investment of approximately \$9.1 million related to office facility improvements.

In an effort to revitalize the downtown core business district, the City partnered with the owner of the historic Bushnell Building to secure a State Job Ready Sites grant to renovate 75,000 square feet of office space. The project was awarded a Platinum Certification for meeting standards of Leadership in Energy and Environment Design (LEED). This office space houses the claims management center for Code Blue LLC and the accounting firm Clark Schaefer Hackett CPAs and Advisors.

The former Sayer's building in downtown was renovated featuring three market rate apartments, as well as retail spaces on the street level. The building was renamed Johnson Flats and the new apartments rent for between \$1,200 and \$1,500 per month.

Springfield's first brew pub concept, Mother Stewart's, opened in the summer of 2016 in the former Rhoades Paper Box Company building. The Loftis family invested approximately \$2.5 million in the project creating a unique and beautiful space that has quickly become a popular gathering spot for downtown patrons.

United Senior Services recently completed its \$6.7 million renovation of the former Fraternal Order of Eagles facility located at 125 W. Main Street. United Senior Services, which has about 4,700 members, bought the property from the Eagles for \$1.5 million and spent approximately \$5.2 million on the renovation. The project allowed the agency to roughly double the size of its center. Among the amenities, the new property offers a fitness center, multipurpose rooms, a warm therapy pool and a full commercial kitchen.

Located within 20 miles of the City is Wright Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio (Wright Patterson), one of the nation's most important military installations and a major economic force and employer in the region. In addition to being the largest single site employer in Ohio, Wright Patterson is headquarters to the Air Force Research Laboratory (AFRL). The AFRL, with a budget of \$3 billion, is a full-spectrum lab responsible for planning and executing the Air Force's entire science and technology budget, basic research, applied research, and advanced technology development. In 2016, the City entered into a Memorandum of Agreement with AFRL to allow for the use of the Springfield-Beckley Municipal Airport (Airport) for the flight of unmanned aircraft systems (UAS), under the control of AFRL. This partnership promotes opportunities for commercial companies seeking to develop UAS related technologies.

Continued focus on the City's Airport is a City Commission Goal for 2018 and the City continues to invest in improvements at the Airport in support of military and general aviation interests. Several projects have been completed over the past 18 months, including a fiber lease agreement between the City and The Ohio State University, for the benefit of the Ohio Academic Resources Network (OARnet), and investing approximately \$1.2 million constructing ten new general aviation hangars that were completed in June of 2017.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City periodically conducts a comprehensive review of revenue requirements, cost of services, and rates for water and sewer services. This review provides a plan to finance the increasing capital and operating costs of the water and sewer systems on a sound and equitable basis.

In early 2011, the City Commission approved the creation of a stormwater utility and implemented a fee structure that took effect in 2012. The revenue generated from this new utility is used to finance EPA mandated improvements to the City's Waste Water Treatment plant.

The Employee Benefit Committee reconvened to propose ways to significantly reduce the City's medical insurance costs. The City offers a Health Savings Account / High Deductible Health Insurance option to its employees as a way to curb future health care cost increases.

The City includes all departments and department heads in the budgeting process. All budgets are built from the ground up with a "zero-based" budgeting approach. This promotes greater understanding of the City's fiscal condition and more "buy in" by employees.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City has a policy to maintain a target fund balance reserve equal to 10% of expenditures in the General Fund. The City works to avoid balancing current expenditures at the expense of future years, such as postponing expenditures. Fiscal year 2017 ended with a 16.7% budget basis General Fund balance.

Major Initiatives

In September of 2017, construction began on a \$9.3 million senior housing development at the former Community Hospital site at the corner of High Street and Burnett Road. The Community Gardens senior apartments are being developed through a partnership between the Neighborhood Housing Partnership of Greater Springfield and a private developer. The tax credit project will feature 86 units of affordable senior housing on an 11.5-acre site and is expected to be completed in the fall of 2018. The plan calls for a "pocket neighborhood" design, which will include smaller clusters of eight to twelve homes and green space within the larger complex. The energy-efficient, green units will also include an attached garage and will be fully accessible with no steps for seniors.

The Community Improvement Corporation (CIC) has undertaken development of another major industrial park on a site located at the intersection of State Route 41 and Interstate 70. This project, known as Prime Ohio II, represents over eight million dollars of investment in the community. The development, completed in October of 2014, provides another 200 plus acres of industrial real estate available within the city.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. This was the 32nd consecutive year that the City received this prestigious award. In order to receive a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Preparation of this report is a major and time-consuming task that cannot be accomplished without the professional, efficient, and dedicated services of those individuals who assist and contribute to its preparation. All members of the City's Finance Department staff and many of the City's other employees contribute to this effort. I wish to thank all employees, Commission, City Manager, and department heads that supported this effort to achieve excellence in financial reporting.

Further, I would like to express sincere thanks to Tiffany Ross, Assistant Finance Director; Bob Mauch, Deputy Finance Director / Treasurer; Katie Eviston, Accounting Manager, and Nikki Weber, Senior Accountant. Each one has given their all, working late hours and laboring to make this report something we could all be proud of. Thanks to everyone for a professional and informative CAFR.

Respectfully Submitted,

Mark Beillahl

Mark Beckdahl Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

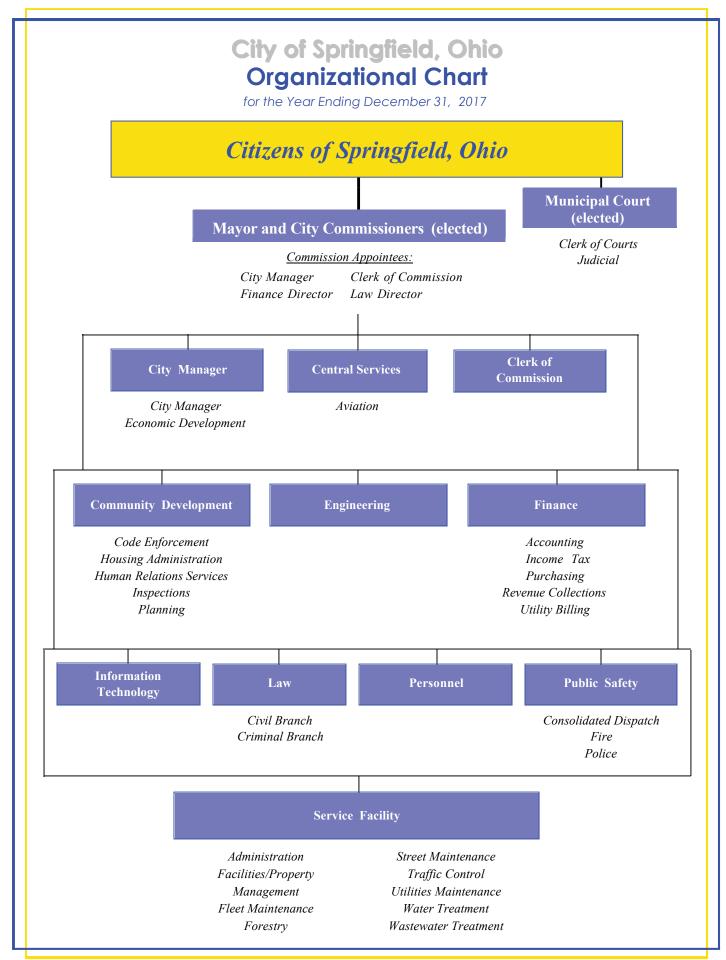
City of Springfield Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO CITY OFFICIALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

CITY COMMISSION WARREN COPELAND, MAYOR JOYCE CHILTON, ASSISTANT MAYOR KAREN DUNCAN DANIEL MARTIN KEVIN O'NEILL

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

JAMES BODENMILLER, CITY MANAGER MARK BECKDAHL, FINANCE DIRECTOR JEROME STROZDAS, LAW DIRECTOR JILL PIERCE, CLERK OF COMMISSION FINANCE DEPARTMENT MANAGEMENT STAFF AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

MARK BECKDAHL, FINANCE DIRECTOR TIFFANY ROSS, ASSISTANT FINANCE DIRECTOR ROBERT MAUCH, DEPUTY FINANCE DIRECTOR / TREASURER KATIE EVISTON, ACCOUNTING AND BUDGET MANAGER NANCY BELCHER, TAXATION ADMINISTRATOR ANDREW LUTTRELL, UTILITY BILLING MANAGER



FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

City Commission City of Springfield 76 East High Street Springfield, Ohio 45502

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Springfield, Ohio, (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Springfield, Ohio, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 23 – 32), schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability and pension contributions (pages 85 – 88) and the general fund budgetary comparison schedule (page 89) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio June 29, 2018



As management of the City of Springfield (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the year ended December 31, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal in the introductory section.

Financial Highlights

- The net position of the City (assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City, reduced by its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) as of December 31, 2017 was \$117,505,309. Of this amount, a deficit of \$35,739,662 represents unrestricted net position. The deficit position is the result of the City's recognition of its proportionate share of the state-wide pension systems' net pension liabilities.
- The City's net position decreased during the year by \$0.3 million.
- The City's total expenses were \$84,406,805, a decrease of \$260,301.
- Program revenues of \$37,671,663 reduced the net cost of the City's functions to be financed from the City's general revenues to \$46,735,142.
- The City's primary fund, the General Fund, ended the year with a fund balance of \$7,707,239, an increase of \$4,744,522 from the prior year. The General Fund's unassigned balance of \$6,484,836 represents 21% of total expenditures of the fund.
- The City's total outstanding debt balance of \$92.2 million increased by \$12.4 million during the year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) governmentwide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary and other information, in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position indicate whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. It provides consolidated reporting of the City's activities for the year ended December 31, 2017. Changes in net position are reported in the period that the underlying event takes place, which may differ from the period that cash is received or disbursed. The Statement of Activities displays expenses of the City's various programs net of related program revenues, as well as a separate presentation of revenues available for general purposes.

government-wide financial Both statements distinguish functions of the City as either principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) or intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees charges (business-type activities). The or governmental activities of the City include general government, public works, public safety, community development, health, recreation, and highway and The business-type activities of the City street. include four enterprise activities: a water system, a sewer system, a stormwater system, and the City's airport.

The government-wide financial statements are found in the Basic Financial Statements section of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All the City's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - Governmental funds report essentially the same functions presented as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However. unlike the government-wide financial statements. governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 53 individual governmental funds; two are considered major funds. The major funds are the General Fund and Permanent These funds are presented Improvement. separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Data from all the other governmental funds are presented into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for these nonmajor governmental funds is provided as combining statements elsewhere in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds section of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - The City maintains two types of proprietary funds, enterprise and internal service funds. Enterprise funds report functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, stormwater, and airport operations. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions including employee benefits, risk management, and fleet management.

The services provided by these funds predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, therefore, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The enterprise fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, stormwater, and airport and are major funds of the City. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided as combining statements in the Internal Service Funds section of this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The individual fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds section of this report. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds.

<u>Notes to the basic financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. They are found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements section of this report.

<u>Other information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability and contributions to Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and Ohio Police and Fire Pension (OP&F). Also, to demonstrate the City's compliance with annual appropriations adopted for the General Fund, a budgetary comparison statement is provided as well as notes to the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

City's Net Position as of December 31, 2017 and 2016

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$ 58,485,207	\$ 53,042,210	\$ 23,644,220	\$ 23,509,185	\$ 82,129,427	\$ 76,551,395		
Capital assets	73,800,471	73,423,940	132,341,345	122,567,845	206,141,816	195,991,785		
Total assets	132,285,678	126,466,150	155,985,565	146,077,030	288,271,243	272,543,180		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	15,580,418	17,284,955	4,412,567	3,685,610	19,992,985	20,970,565		
Liabilities:								
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities:	5,484,681	5,413,215	3,802,634	4,615,015	9,287,315	10,028,230		
Net pension liability	65,944,862	65,688,759	8,754,564	6,466,309	74,699,426	72,155,068		
Other long-term amounts	9,932,536	10,982,819	90,861,737	78,043,560	100,794,273	89,026,379		
Total liabilities	81,362,079	82,084,793	103,418,935	89,124,884	184,781,014	171,209,677		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,776,816	4,316,281	201,089	154,667	5,977,905	4,470,948		
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets	73,481,206	72,570,072	47,529,907	52,598,814	121,011,113	125,168,886		
Restricted	32,233,858	30,740,939	-	-	32,233,858	30,740,939		
Unrestricted	(44,987,863)	(45,960,980)	9,248,201	7,884,275	(35,739,662)	(38,076,705)		
Total net position	\$ 60,727,201	<u>\$ 57,350,031</u>	<u>\$ 56,778,108</u>	\$ 60,483,089	<u>\$ 117,505,309</u>	<u>\$ 117,833,120</u>		

In 2015, the City adopted Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, which significantly revised accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB Statement No. 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability. GASB Statement No. 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation to properly understand the information presented in these statements. Under GASB Statement No. 68, the net pension liability equals the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange", that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange.

However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law.

The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate / lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, change in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. If contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign / identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows / outflows.

Net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$117,505,309 at the close of the 2017 fiscal year as shown on the previous page. The largest portion of the City's net position (\$121,011,113) reflects investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens, therefore, they are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The City's unrestricted net position ended the year with a deficit balance of \$35,739,662. This is primarily attributable to the City's recognition of its proportionate share of net pension liabilities required by GASB Statement No. 68. If the net pension liability and related deferrals were excluded, the unrestricted net position reported by the City would be a positive \$22,940,135. As the operation of the state-wide pension systems are outside the control of the City and varies significantly from year to year based on the performance of investments, it's important to acknowledge the recognition of the net pension liability has on the City's reported net position.

It's also important to note that the unrestricted net position of the City's business-type activities of \$9,248,201 may not be used to fund governmental activities.

The remaining balance of restricted net position (\$32,233,858) represents resources that are subject to restrictions as to how they may be used.

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

City's Change in Net Position for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Тс	Total			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016			
Revenue:									
Program revenue:									
Charges for services	\$ 6,856,795	\$ 6,317,814	\$ 21,558,579	\$ 19,793,620	\$ 28,415,374	\$ 26,111,434			
Operating grants and contributions	4,131,408	3,162,101	372,945	274,845	4,504,353	3,436,946			
Capital grants and contributions	4,751,936	3,869,094			4,751,936	3,869,094			
Total program revenue	15,740,139	13,349,009	21,931,524	20,068,465	37,671,663	33,417,474			
General revenue:									
Income taxes	34,402,247	30,466,316	-	-	34,402,247	30,466,316			
Property and other taxes	4,113,475	3,300,153	-	-	4,113,475	3,300,153			
Unrestricted grants and contributions	4,977,566	6,449,794	-	-	4,977,566	6,449,794			
Investment earnings	315,252	128,607	268,552	83,741	583,804	212,348			
Miscellaneous	2,330,239	2,768,001			2,330,239	2,768,001			
Total general revenue	46,138,779	43,112,871	268,552	83,741	46,407,331	43,196,612			
Total revenue	61,878,918	56,461,880	22,200,076	20,152,206	84,078,994	76,614,086			
Expenses:									
General government	13,119,241	12,676,609	-	-	13,119,241	12,676,609			
Public safety	31,313,382	34,161,878	-	-	31,313,382	34,161,878			
Health	236,394	268,202	-	-	236,394	268,202			
Recreation	1,326,076	1,357,368	-	-	1,326,076	1,357,368			
Community development	3,158,182	3,138,818	-	-	3,158,182	3,138,818			
Public works	499,261	970,021	-	-	499,261	970,021			
Highway and street	7,939,218	6,410,828	-	-	7,939,218	6,410,828			
Interest on long-term debt	119,225	140,693	-	-	119,225	140,693			
Water	-	-	8,202,405	7,537,209	8,202,405	7,537,209			
Sewer	-	-	15,415,386	14,896,678	15,415,386	14,896,678			
Stormwater	-	-	1,750,589	1,945,021	1,750,589	1,945,021			
Airport			1,327,446	1,163,781	1,327,446	1,163,781			
Total expenses	57,710,979	59,124,417	26,695,826	25,542,689	84,406,805	84,667,106			
Change in net position before transfers	4,167,939	(2,662,537)	(4,495,750)	(5,390,483)	(327,811)	(8,053,020)			
Transfers	(790,769)	(311,588)	790,769	311,588	-	-			
Change in net position	3,377,170	(2,974,125)	. ,	(5,078,895)	(327,811)	(,			
Net position - beginning	57,350,031	60,324,156	60,483,089	65,561,984	117,833,120	125,886,140			
Net position - ending	\$ 60,727,201	\$ 57,350,031	\$ 56,778,108	\$ 60,483,089	\$ 117,505,309	\$ 117,833,120			

Overall, net position of the City decreased \$0.3 million in 2017. Net position for governmental activities increased \$3.4 million and net position for business-type activities decreased \$3.7 million. The reasons for the changes in net position are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

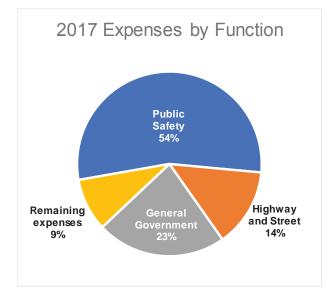
The Statement of Activities reports the expenses of each of the governmental activities programs and the related program revenue that offsets the cost of each program. The amount by which the cost of a program exceeds its program revenue represents the extent to which that program must be subsidized by general revenues. The following table and graph summarize the net cost of each.

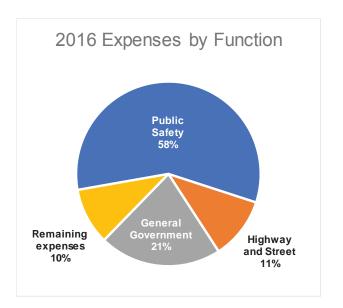
Governmental Activities

The City experienced revenue growth, as total revenues increased by \$5,417,038, or 10%, primarily due to increases in income taxes. On May 2, 2017, City residents passed a temporary 0.4% income tax increase that expires on December 31, 2022. The increase went into effect July 1, 2017.

		2017			2016	
	Total Cost of Services	Program Revenue	Net Cost (Surplus) of Services	Total Cost of Services	Program Revenue	Net Cost (Surplus) of Services
Governmental Activities:						
General government	\$ 13,119,241	\$ 2,568,823	\$ 10,550,418	\$ 12,676,609	\$ 2,411,888	\$ 10,264,721
Public safety	31,313,382	4,202,126	27,111,256	34,161,878	3,839,413	30,322,465
Health	236,394	195,422	40,972	268,202	196,767	71,435
Recreation	1,326,076	242	1,325,834	1,357,368	-	1,357,368
Community development	3,158,182	2,590,578	567,604	3,138,818	1,071,937	2,066,881
Public works	499,261	-	499,261	970,021	-	970,021
Highway and street	7,939,218	6,182,948	1,756,270	6,410,828	5,829,004	581,824
Interest on long-term debt	119,225		119,225	140,693		140,693
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 57,710,979	\$ 15,740,139	\$ 41,970,840	\$ 59,124,417	\$ 13,349,009	\$ 45,775,408

Total expenses decreased by \$1,413,438, or 2%. Public safety, consisting mainly of police, fire, dispatching, and traffic control activities comprise 54% of the governmental activities expenses. The decrease in this function includes a decrease in net pension expense, as the City's proportionate share of Ohio Police & Fire Pension net pension liability decreased during 2017. Additionally, both police and fire departments continue to experience decreases in personnel (see statistical table 14), as the City has had difficulty fully staffing these departments. The second largest function, general government, is 23% of total expenses and includes the various administrative departments. The third largest expense function, highway and street, includes street maintenance, support for the transit operations, and street repair projects and is 14% of total expenses. The increase in this function is attributable to the Ohio Public Works Commission paving program in 2017 that did not occur in 2016.





Business-Type Activities

While total net position of the City decreased \$0.3 million in 2017, net position for business-type activities decreased by \$3.7 million.

Total revenue increased by \$2.0 million, or 10%, as sewer user rates increased 7% in January 2017. Also, one of the City's largest customers experienced operational issues during three months in 2016, reducing their usage of water and sewer services; no such issues occurred in 2017. Total expenses increased by \$1.2 million, or 5%. In addition to general inflationary increases, all employees received up to 3% wage increases during 2017 and numerous employees received merit increases throughout the year.

It is the City's policy that revenues of the City's business-type activities are expected to cover all program costs. The following is a summary of expenses and program revenues for business-type activities:

		2017			2016	
			Net Cost			Net Cost
	Total Cost	Program	(Surplus)	Total Cost	Program	(Surplus)
	of Services	Revenue	of Services	of Services	Revenue	of Services
Business-Type Activities:						
Water	\$ 8,202,405	\$ 6,934,745	\$ 1,267,660	\$ 7,537,209	\$ 6,698,177	\$ 839,032
Sewer	15,415,386	11,766,404	3,648,982	14,896,678	10,703,516	4,193,162
Stormwater	1,750,589	1,941,654	(191,065)	1,945,021	1,956,784	(11,763)
Airport	1,327,446	1,288,721	38,725	1,163,781	709,988	453,793
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>\$ 26,695,826</u>	<u>\$ 21,931,524</u>	\$ 4,764,302	\$ 25,542,689	\$ 20,068,465	\$ 5,474,224

The City's Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. As such, fund balance is generally a good indicator of net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year, subject to any stated restrictions on its use.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City, accounting for such activities as police and fire protection, emergency medical services, and engineering. The General Fund's balance increased by \$4,744,522 from the previous year, primarily driven by the increase in income taxes previously discussed.

General Fund Budget Highlights

General Fund expenditures plus transfers out decreased by \$42,792 from the original budget to the final budget, while actual expenditures came in \$1,966,139 under budget. Variances between the final budget and actual activity include:

- Actual miscellaneous revenues came in \$975,421 over final budget, due to significant unanticipated reimbursements received. There was a large JEDD income tax reimbursement received, with the JEDD Road Construction Agency Fund no longer needing funding in 2017, and an unexpected jump in engineering reimbursements.
- Both general government and public safety actual expenditures were lower than budgeted due to the City's conservative budgeting approach of assuming full staffing. The City has been under staffed the last few years as it attempted to deal with the budget constraints at the time. With the passage of the income tax increase, the City has the resources to restore certain staffing levels, but has experienced a slow process.

In addition to the General Fund, a brief discussion of the other major governmental fund follows:

Permanent Improvement Fund

This fund is derived as a share of the City income tax, net of refunds. In 2004, voters approved to reduce the mandatory set aside of income tax for capital improvements from 20% to 10%. The City may choose to increase this share up to 20%. These funds are used for capital improvements and debt service. Expenditures are tied to available revenues.

Major Enterprise Funds

Explanation of changes in the major enterprise funds of the City follow the same explanations as those provided in the analysis of the business-type activities, since enterprise funds are accounted for using full accrual accounting, the same accounting basis used in the government-wide statements.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Asset Activity

The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2017 amounts to \$206.1 million (net of accumulated depreciation) as compared to \$196.0 million in 2016. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, streets and bridges, and water and sewer distribution systems. The total for the City's capital assets for the current fiscal year was 5% (primarily occurring in the business-type activities).

	G	lovernmen	tal Activities			usiness-Ty	Activities	-	Тс	otal		
		2017	2016		2017		2016		2017			2016
						(in tho	usan	ids)				
Land	\$	11,192	\$	11,119	\$	7,108	\$	7,112	\$	18,300	\$	18,231
Construction in progress		3,532		1,757		21,042		6,541		24,574		8,298
Buildings and building improvement		11,203		11,881		69,699		71,765		80,902		83,646
Machinery and equipment		7,056		6,711		3,787		3,978		10,843		10,689
Infrastructure		40,817		41,956		30,705		33,172		71,522		75,128
	\$	73,800	\$	73,424	\$	132,341	\$	122,568	\$	206,141	\$	195,992

Significant capital activity for the year includes:

- Erie Express Sewer at a cost of \$13,302,179
- High Level Interceptor at a cost of \$1,212,975
- Villa Road Widening at a cost of \$1,680,420
- East Street Reconstruction at a cost of \$604,931
- Airport Taxilanes and T-Hangars at a cost of \$1,097,445
- Airport Ramp Extension at a cost of \$315,720

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements in Note 6.

<u>Debt</u>

Ohio law restricts the amount of debt that a City may issue. The aggregate principal amount of unvoted "net indebtedness" may not exceed 5.5% of the assessed valuation for property tax purposes of all real property located within the City. Certain debt with a repayment source other than general tax revenues is excluded from the definition of net indebtedness.

Self–supporting debt such as mortgage revenue bonds, certain other utility-related debt, and revenue / tax anticipation notes are exempted from these limitation calculations, as are lease obligations and obligations to the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA).

As of December 31, 2017, the City's debt subject to the 5.5% limitations, less fund balances applicable to principle of the total outstanding unvoted debt, was zero.

An additional statutory limitation restricts total indebtedness - both voted and unvoted - to 10.5% of the real property assessed valuation. That limitation would restrict total City net indebtedness to \$81.7 million. The City currently has \$81.7 million available. The City currently levies no property tax to support any of its debt service, since all debt service is supported by income tax or user charges. When issuing "bonded debt", general obligation, or mortgage revenue bonds, as opposed to "unbonded" OWDA or lease-type debt, bond issuers are typically expected to secure a rating from a bond-rating service such as Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investors Service, or Fitch Investors Service. The rating service conducts an in-depth study of all aspects of the issuer to determine its current and future ability to repay its debt on a timely basis. Issuers with relatively high bond ratings pay lower interest rates.

The City's most recent bond rating was conducted in early 2016. Moody's Investors Service downgraded the rating from A1 (upper medium grade) to A2 (upper medium grade) to the bonds. Moody's downgraded many Ohio municipalities because of their implementation of GASB 68 and the effects on their financial statements.

	Go	overnmen	ntal Activities			usiness-Ty	/pe /	Activities		Тс	otal		
	:	2017		2016		2017		2016	2017			2016	
				(in thou	ısano	ds)							
General obligation bonds	\$	1,380	\$	1,575	\$	17,540	\$	19,520	\$	18,920	\$	21,095	
General obligation notes		-		-		7,420		3,850		7,420		3,850	
Department of Development loan		1,015	1,27			-	-			1,015		1,274	
OEPA/OWDA loans		-		-		49,902		52,365		49,902		52,365	
OWDA subordinated revenue bonds		-		-		14,398		501		14,398		501	
Equipment lease				-		537		709	537			709	
	\$	2,395	\$	2,849	\$	89,797	\$	76,945	\$	92,192	\$	79,794	

Additional detailed data for all debt of the City is presented in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements in Note 11, and in Tables 7 - 11 in the Statistical Section of this report.

Economic Factors

Five of the top ten employers within the City are governmental in nature, which helps provide a relatively stable local economy. With decreases in unemployment and increases in personal income and property tax valuations, the local economy in 2018 is showing signs of strengthening.

The voters of Springfield passed a temporary increase in the income tax rate of 0.4% which went into effect July 1, 2017 and will continue for five and half years. The additional income tax rate helped increase tax revenue in 2017 by \$3.1 million over 2016. This contributed to the City's budget, by providing a \$4.7 million General Fund surplus in 2017, and an expected surplus for 2018.

Contacting the City's Management

Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with an overview of the City's finances. If you have questions or need additional financial information, please contact the Finance Director, City of Springfield, 76 East High Street, Springfield, Ohio 45502. Or you may visit the City's website at www.springfieldohio.gov.

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

	I	PRIMARY GOVERNMEN	г
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 26,033,729	\$ 20,288,513	\$ 46,322,242
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	11,757,537	3,610,479	15,368,016
Due from other governments	4,392,401	278,094	4,670,495
Internal balances	1,615,263	(1,615,263)	-
Inventory Notes receivable (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	611,801	1,082,397	1,694,198
Assets held for resale	13,516,953 557,523	-	13,516,953 557,523
Land and construction in progress	14,724,356	28,150,314	42,874,670
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated	14,724,330	20,100,014	42,074,070
depreciation	59,076,115	104,191,031	163,267,146
Total assets		155,985,565	
Total assets	132,285,678	155,965,505	288,271,243
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred charge on refunding	-	1,017,789	1,017,789
Pension	15,580,418	3,394,778	18,975,196
Total deferred outflows of resources	15,580,418	4,412,567	19,992,985
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	3,753,519	3,428,621	7,182,140
Accrued liabilities	1,731,162	371,479	2,102,641
Unearned revenue	-	2,534	2,534
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	1,277,722	12,961,882	14,239,604
Net pension liability	65,944,862	8,754,564	74,699,426
Other amounts due more than one year	8,654,814	77,899,855	86,554,669
Total liabilities	81,362,079	103,418,935	184,781,014
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Property taxes levied for next year	3,022,338	-	3,022,338
Pension	2,754,478	201,089	2,955,567
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,776,816	201,089	5,977,905
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets	73,481,206	47,529,907	121,011,113
Restricted for:	73,401,200	47,525,507	121,011,110
Housing rehabilitation grants	17,526,068	-	17,526,068
Capital projects	5,097,885	-	5,097,885
Public safety	754,618	-	754,618
Street maintenance	3,819,057	-	3,819,057
Community development	984,427	-	984,427
Municipal court	1,100,301	-	1,100,301
Debt service	586,000	-	586,000
Permanent endowment, spendable	404,069	-	404,069
Permanent endowment, nonspendable	386,953	-	386,953
Other purposes	1,574,480	-	1,574,480
Unrestricted	(44,987,863)	9,248,201	(35,739,662)
Total net position	\$ 60,727,201	\$ 56,778,108	\$ 117,505,309

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER	31, 20	17		F	PROG	RAM REVENU	E					ENSE) REVENUE A ES IN NET POSITIO	
					c	PERATING		CAPITAL		PR	IMA	RY GOVERNMENT	
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS		EXPENSES		ARGES FOR SERVICE		RANTS AND	-	RANTS AND	GC	VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		JSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
Primary government:													
Governmental activities:													
General government	\$	13,119,241	\$	2,349,182	\$	219,641	\$	-	\$	(10,550,418)	\$	- \$	(10,550,418)
Public safety		31,313,382		3,801,821		400,305		-		(27,111,256)		-	(27,111,256)
Health		236,394		112,363		83,059		-		(40,972)		-	(40,972)
Recreation		1,326,076		-		242		-		(1,325,834)		-	(1,325,834)
Community development		3,158,182		66,379		2,524,199		-		(567,604)		-	(567,604)
Public works		499,261		-		-		-		(499,261)		-	(499,261)
Highway and street		7,939,218		527,050		903,962		4,751,936		(1,756,270)		-	(1,756,270)
Interest on long-term debt		119,225		-		-		-		(119,225)		-	(119,225)
Total governmental activities		57,710,979	_	6,856,795		4,131,408		4,751,936	_	(41,970,840)	_		(41,970,840)
Business-type activities:													
Water		8,202,405		6,934,745		-		-		-		(1,267,660)	(1,267,660)
Sewer		15,415,386		11,766,404		-		-		-		(3,648,982)	(3,648,982)
Stormwater		1,750,589		1,941,654		-		-		-		191,065	191,065
Airport		1,327,446		915,776		372,945		-		-		(38,725)	(38,725)
Total business-type activities		26,695,826	_	21,558,579		372,945	_	-	_	-	_	(4,764,302)	(4,764,302)
Total primary government	\$	84,406,805	\$	28,415,374	\$	4,504,353	\$	4,751,936		(41,970,840)		(4,764,302)	(46,735,142)
				General F	lever	iues:							
				Taxes:									
				Incom						34,402,247		-	34,402,247
						tes levied				3,068,212		-	3,068,212
						el taxes				1,045,263		-	1,045,263
						hared taxes not	rest	ricted					
				to spe	cific p	rograms				4,610,117		-	4,610,117

Federal / state grants and contributions not restricted to specific program

Total general revenue and transfers

Investment earnings

Changes in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Miscellaneous

Transfers

367,449

315,252

(790,769)

2,330,239

45,348,010

3,377,170

57,350,031

60,727,201 \$

\$

367,449

583,804

2,330,239

46,407,331

(327,811) <u>117,833,120</u>

-268,552

790,769

1,059,321

(3,704,981)

60,483,089

56,778,108 \$ 117,505,309

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	GENERAL FUND		RMANENT	NONMAJOR VERNMENTAL	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL		
ASSETS:							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	6,832,840	\$ 2,742,325	\$ 15,495,191	\$	25,070,356	
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)		5,734,222	598,670	5,396,207		11,729,099	
Due from other funds		842,787	109,211	877,802		1,829,800	
Due from other governments		908,426	-	3,483,975		4,392,401	
Inventory		549	-	397,029		397,578	
Notes receivable (net of allowances for uncollectibles)		-	-	13,516,953		13,516,953	
Assets held for resale		-	 -	 557,523		557,523	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	14,318,824	\$ 3,450,206	\$ 39,724,680	\$	57,493,710	
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$	1,094,031	\$ 979,546	\$ 1,628,257	\$	3,701,834	
Accrued liabilities		1,277,598	-	433,453		1,711,051	
Due to other funds		229,589	 42,171	 2,156,843		2,428,603	
Total liabilities		2,601,218	 1,021,717	 4,218,553		7,841,488	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Property taxes levied for next year		-	-	3,022,338		3,022,338	
Unavailable revenue		4,010,367	 358,637	 3,600,702		7,969,706	
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,010,367	 358,637	 6,623,040		10,992,044	
FUND BALANCES:							
Nonspendable		549	-	783,982		784,531	
Restricted		81,938	2,069,852	27,309,234		29,461,024	
Committed		30,899	-	2,017,381		2,048,280	
Assigned		1,109,017	-	-		1,109,017	
Unassigned		6,484,836	 -	 (1,227,510)		5,257,326	
Total fund balances	<u> </u>	7,707,239	 2,069,852	 28,883,087		38,660,178	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF							
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	14,318,824	\$ 3,450,206	\$ 39,724,680	\$	57,493,710	

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2017

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 38,660,178
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in govermental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	69,266,580
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:	
Intergovernmental receivables Income taxes Investment earnings Other receivables	2,384,325 3,586,373 40,650 1,958,358
Internal service funds are used to charge the cost of certain activities, such as city service facility, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the statement of net position.	7,110,497
Long-term liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Bonds, notes and loans payable Unamortized discounts and prepaid insurance Compensated absences Accrued interest on long-term debt	(2,394,781) 16,007 (7,090,131) (7,289)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, therefore, the liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Net pension liability	 15,387,902 (2,743,074) (65,448,394)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 60,727,201

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 GENERAL FUND	ERMANENT PROVEMENT	G	NONMAJOR OVERNMENTAL	GO	TOTAL /ERNMENTAL
REVENUES:						
Income taxes	\$ 31,276,057	\$ 3,475,118	\$	-	\$	34,751,175
Property taxes	-	-		2,454,289		2,454,289
Hotel / motel taxes	526,246	-		976,103		1,502,349
State-levied shared taxes	1,690,109	-		2,704,767		4,394,876
Intergovernmental	367,449	35,164		8,601,884		9,004,497
Charges for services	994,060	-		2,594,056		3,588,116
Fees, licenses and permits	594,144	-		31,060		625,204
Investment earnings	213,898	-		78,968		292,866
Fines and forfeitures	1,390,099	-		614,564		2,004,663
Special assessments	4,833	-		192,302		197,135
Miscellaneous	 1,259,042	 367,191		1,724,325		3,350,558
Total revenue	 38,315,937	 3,877,473		19,972,318		62,165,728
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	8,679,259	-		2,206,511		10,885,770
Public safety	21,283,653	-		7,102,942		28,386,595
Health	77,257	-		159,137		236,394
Recreation	464,213	-		33,415		497,628
Community development	563,458	-		2,325,250		2,888,708
Public works	-	-		359,507		359,507
Highway and street	235,353	-		3,652,460		3,887,813
Capital outlay	13,222	3,880,609		4,781,201		8,675,032
Debt service:		050 005		105 000		450.005
Principal	-	258,295		195,000		453,295
Interest	 -	 34,701		86,625		121,326
Total expenditures	 31,316,415	 4,173,605		20,902,048		56,392,068
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 6,999,522	 (296,132)		(929,730)		5,773,660
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from the sale of assets	-	77,482		442,025		519,507
Transfers in	15,000	-		2,664,835		2,679,835
Transfers out	(2,270,000)	(68,012)		(1,382,592)		(3,720,604)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,255,000)	 9,470	_	1,724,268		(521,262)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	4,744,522	(286,662)		794,538		5,252,398
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 2,962,717	 2,356,514		28,088,549		33,407,780
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 7,707,239	\$ 2,069,852	\$	28,883,087	\$	38,660,178

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 5,252,398
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The capital activity is as follows:	
Capital asset additions Depreciation expense	5,578,064 (4,690,735)
In the statement of activities, only the gain on sale of capital assets is reported, whereas, only the proceeds from the sales are reported in the funds.	(216,014)
Revenue in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds:	
Intergovernmental revenue Income taxes Investment earnings Other revenue	274,401 (348,928) 20,962 804,131
Repayment of bond, note and loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	453,295
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Vacation and sick leave benefits Interest payable and bond discounts and prepaid insurance amortization Changes in the net pension liability recorded as pension expense	190,995 269 (3,973,794)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as city service facility operations to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds are reported with the	20.400
governmental activities.	 32,126
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,377,170

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
	WATER	SEWER	STORMWATER	AIRPORT	TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
ASSETS:							
Current assets:	* * * * * * * * * *	A	* 550.000	A 007 707	A 00.000 540	*	
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances	\$ 12,970,300		. ,	. ,	. , ,	\$ 963,373	
for uncollectibles)	1,118,144	2,179,178	270,759	42,398	3,610,479	28,438	
Due from other funds	133,309	816,159	-	206,986	1,156,454	360,883	
Due from other governments	-	-	-	278,094	278,094	-	
Inventory	730,762	308,257		43,378	1,082,397	214,223	
Total current assets	14,952,515	9,683,660	821,139	958,623	26,415,937	1,566,917	
Capital assets:							
Land and construction in progress	2,527,374	22,416,490	-	3,206,450	28,150,314	352,110	
Depreciable capital assets, net of	, ,	, ,		, ,	, ,	,	
accumulated depreciation	13,128,980	71,298,332	16,537,931	3,225,788	104,191,031	4,181,781	
Total capital assets	15,656,354	93,714,822	16,537,931	6,432,238	132,341,345	4,533,891	
Total assets	30,608,869	103,398,482	17,359,070	7,390,861	158,757,282	6,100,808	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	245 249	702 444			1 017 700		
Deferred charge on refunding Pension	315,348	702,441	- 7 025	106 222	1,017,789	- 192,516	
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>1,544,607</u> 1,859,955	<u>1,736,004</u> 2,438,445	<u>7,835</u> 7,835	<u> </u>	<u>3,394,778</u> 4,412,567	192,516	
	1,000,000	2,100,110	1,000	100,002	1,112,001	102,010	
LIABILITIES:							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	501,118	2,648,756	54,634	224,113	3,428,621	51,685	
Salaries and benefits payable	102,874	126,245	2,365	7,167	238,651	12,822	
Due to other funds	59,765	174,710	2	681,144	915,621	2,913	
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	2,534	2,534	-	
Accrued interest payable	41,600	90,945	-	283	132,828	-	
Bonds and loans payable-current	2,461,200	9,397,531	780,622	85,000	12,724,353	-	
Capital leases payable-current	80,241	95,288	-	-	175,529	-	
Compensated absences-current	40,000	22,000	-	-	62,000	-	
Insurance claims payable-current	-					346,571	
Total current liabilities	3,286,798	12,555,475	837,623	1,000,241	17,680,137	413,991	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Bonds and loans payable	4,819,042	56,382,562	15,597,590	(580)	76,798,614	-	
Capital leases payable	165,311	195,818	-	-	361,129	-	
Compensated absences	405,931	286,567	23,936	23,678	740,112	117,060	
Net pension liability	3,983,283	4,476,864	20,205	274,212	8,754,564	496,468	
Total noncurrent liabilities	9,373,567	61,341,811	15,641,731	297,310	86,654,419	613,528	
Total liabilities	12,660,365	73,897,286	16,479,354	1,297,551	104,334,556	1,027,519	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Pension	91,494	102,832	464	6,299	201,089	11,404	
NET DOSITION.							
NET POSITION:	10 004 000	20 720 200	450 740	6 047 040	47 500 007	4 500 004	
Net investment in capital assets	10,284,082	30,738,288	159,719	6,347,818	47,529,907	4,533,891	
Unrestricted	9,432,883	1,098,521	727,368	(154,475)	11,104,297	720,510	
Total net position	\$ 19,716,965	\$ 31,836,809	\$ 887,087	\$ 6,193,343	58,634,204	\$ 5,254,401	

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

Net position of business-type activities

\$ 56,778,108

(1,856,096)

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017									GO	VERNMENTAL
		BUSI	NES	S-TYPE ACTIV	/іт	IES				ACTIVITIES
	 WATER	SEWER		ORMWATER		AIRPORT	E	TOTAL INTERPRISE FUNDS		INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
OPERATING REVENUES:										
Charges for services	\$ 6,630,655	\$ 11,592,081	\$	1,917,567	\$	5 15,815	\$	20,156,118	\$	9,564,788
Other	 231,880	 215,587		24,027		160,739		632,233		465,273
Total operating revenues	 6,862,535	 11,807,668		1,941,594	-	176,554		20,788,351		10,030,061
OPERATING EXPENSES:										
Personal services	3,398,972	5,081,786		45,323		260,616		8,786,697		511,091
Contractual services	1,780,837	2,649,413		550,242		604,804		5,585,296		1,286,903
Materials and supplies	1,450,260	1,194,884		31,257		90,715		2,767,116		1,307,960
Claims expense	-	-		-		-		-		7,076,326
Depreciation	 1,244,764	 4,948,720		695,848	_	347,532		7,236,864		294,785
Total operating expenses	 7,874,833	 13,874,803		1,322,670	-	1,303,667		24,375,973		10,477,065
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(1,012,298)	(2,067,135)		618,924		(1,127,113)		(3,587,622)		(447,004)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):										
Investment earnings	130,919	118,579		7,814		11,240		268,552		12
Miscellaneous revenues	72,210	-		60		546,930		619,200		-
Intergovernmental	-	-		-		372,945		372,945		-
Gain (loss) on sale or disposal of capital assets	-	(41,264)		-		192,292		151,028		-
Interest expense	(238,940)	(1,421,258)		(419,540))	(10,350)		(2,090,088)		-
Miscellaneous expenses	 	 -		-	_	(647)		(647)		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (35,811)	 (1,343,943)		(411,666)) _	1,112,410		(679,010)		12
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(1,048,109)	(3,411,078)		207,258		(14,703)		(4,266,632)		(446,992)
Transfers in	-	31,423		-		838,316		869,739		250,000
Transfers out	 -	 -		(544)) _	(78,426)		(78,970)		-
	-	31,423		(544))	759,890		790,769		250,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,048,109)	(3,379,655)		206,714		745,187		(3,475,863)		(196,992)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	 20,765,074	 35,216,464		680,373	_	5,448,156				5,451,393
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 19,716,965	\$ 31,836,809	\$	887,087	9	6,193,343			\$	5,254,401

Adjustment for the net effect of the current year activity between internal service funds and the enterprise funds Changes in net position of business-type activities

(229,118) \$ (3,704,981)

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

				BUSI	NES	SS-TYPE ACTIV	ITIE	ES			GC	VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
		WATER		SEWER	S	TORMWATER		AIRPORT		TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS		INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users	\$	7,689,718	\$	11,948,600	\$	1,937,840	\$	785,145	9	\$ 22,361,303	\$	-
Receipts from interfund services provided Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		- (3,034,866) (2,732,834)		- (4,745,318) (4,264,068)		(583,483) (70,136)		- (844,366) (211,422)		- (9,208,033) (7,278,460)		10,443,171 (2,549,745) (403,363)
Payments for claims Net cash flows from operating activities	_	1,922,018	_	2,939,214	_	1,284,221	_	(270,643)	_	5,874,810	_	(7,540,294) (50,231)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Interfund transfers Intergovernmental		-		31,423		(544)		759,890 160,006		790,769 160,006		250,000
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities	_	-	_	31,423	_	(544)		919,896	_	950,775	_	250,000
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:												
Proceeds from revenue bonds Proceeds from general obligation notes Manuscript debt issued		- 1,855,000 -		13,897,436 5,565,000		-		- - 445,000		13,897,436 7,420,000 445,000		-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Payment on manuscript debt		(680,419)		(15,278,232)		-		(900,684) (444,000)		(16,859,335) (444,000)		-
Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt		(675,772) (183,481)		(6,967,603) (1,339,164)		(742,065) (419,540)		(80,353) (11,385)		(8,465,793) (1,953,570)		-
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities		315,328		(4,122,563)		(1,161,605)		(991,422)	_	(5,960,262)		-
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends received		130,919		118,579		7,814		11,240		268,552		12
Net cash flow from investing activities	_	130,919	_	118,579	_	7,814	_	11,240	-	268,552	_	12
Change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,368,265 10,602,035		(1,033,347) 7,413,413		129,886 420,494		(330,929) 718,696		1,133,875 19,154,638	_	199,781 763,592
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	12,970,300	\$	6,380,066	\$	550,380	\$	387,767	97	20,288,513	\$	963,373
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:												
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) from operating activities:	\$	(1,012,298)	\$	(2,067,135)	\$	618,924	\$	(1,127,113)	9	(3,587,622)	\$	(447,004)
Depreciation Rental income Change in assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources:		1,244,764 72,210		4,948,720		695,848 60		347,532 546,930		7,236,864 619,200		294,785 -
Accounts receivable Due from other funds		52,030 701,081		24,816 130,216		(1,747)		3,405 (206,986)		78,504 624,311		9,711 405,782
Inventory Deferred outflows-pension Accounts payable		2,354 (394,039) 193,878		(1,347) (462,283) (899,674)		- 28,212 (1,984)		2,181 (28,690) (151,028)		3,188 (856,800) (858,808)		11,616 (53,187) (10,790)
Insurance claims payable Salary and benefits payable Due to other funds		- (1,214) 1,861		- 13,779 (14,100)		- (769) (2,067)		- 628 290,964		- 12,424 276,658		(418,649) 377 (3,410)
Unearned revenue Compensated absences		(27,303)		21,137		- 23,683		(25,722) 419		(25,722) 17,936		(3,410) - 11,637
Net pension liability Deferred inflows-pension	_	1,067,108 21,586		1,220,033 25,052		(74,171) (1,768)		75,285 1,552	_	2,288,255 46,422		145,927 2,974
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	1,922,018	\$	2,939,214	\$	1,284,221	\$	(270,643)	9	5,874,810	\$	(50,231)

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles) Due from other governments	\$ 1,926,207 596,523 45,593
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,568,323
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Restricted deposits	\$ 1,131,271 337,031 1,100,021
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 2,568,323

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America, as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant accounting policies are described below:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The City of Springfield (the City) is a home-rule municipal corporation under the law of the state of Ohio and operates under a commission manager form of government. The City was organized in 1850 and provides various services including police and fire protection, parks, recreation, street maintenance, planning, zoning, development, water, sewer, airport, stormwater and other general governmental services.

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) governmental organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their financial relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be governmental organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their financial relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. No separate government units meet the criteria for inclusion as a component unit.

The City has a fiduciary relationship with National Trail Parks and Recreation District (NTPRD) and includes their data in the Fiduciary Funds – Agency Funds section. The City held the mortgage on the lease-hold improvements of the Chiller Ice Arena. In 2017, NTPRD paid the remaining balance of \$218,000 of that mortgage.

The City participates with Green Township (Township) in a Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) which is a jointly-governed organization. The JEDD contains a corporate park known as AirparkOhio, which is owned by the City but located in the Township. The JEDD levies a 1% income tax. In 2017, the City received \$385,459 in net income tax proceeds for the purposes of capital developments and economic development activities within the JEDD. The City is the fiscal agent for the JEDD and reports their activity as an agency fund.

B. <u>Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

The government-wide financial statements, which include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The major sources of revenue include income tax, state-levied shared taxes, charges for services, fees, licenses, permits, investment earnings, fines and forfeitures, and other miscellaneous revenue.

<u>Permanent Improvement Fund</u> – This fund is used for capital improvement, including debt service. The fund, by amendment to the City Charter, receives 10% of all income tax receipts, net of refunds. The City may choose to increase this share up to 20%.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> are used to account for the City's ongoing activities that are like those found in the private sector, where the intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services to the general public be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Proprietary funds are either classified as enterprise or internal service. The City's major enterprise funds are:

<u>Water Fund</u> – This fund receives all receipts generated from water system customers, charges/fees associated with the water system and interest earned on the investment of interim water monies. The fund provides for all water system-related operations, maintenance, capital needs and debt service requirements.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> – This fund receives all receipts generated from sewer system customers, charges/fees associated with the sewer system and interest earned on the investment of interim sewer monies. The fund provides for all sewer system-related operations, maintenance, capital needs and debt service requirements.

<u>Stormwater Fund</u> – This fund receives all receipts generated from stormwater system customers, charges/fees associated with the stormwater system and interest earned on the investment of interim stormwater monies. The fund provides for all stormwater system-related operations, maintenance, capital needs and debt service requirements.

<u>Airport Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for all receipts generated by the municipal airport and for all operations and maintenance expenses. The airport is self-supporting to the extent of operations and maintenance, with capital improvements for the airport provided by the City's income tax-supported Permanent Improvement Fund and various capital grants. The major resources for the airport are T-hangar rents and farm land rental.

The City uses internal service funds for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The City's internal service funds include the Central Stores/Fleet Maintenance, the centralized City Service Center, Workers' Compensation Retrospective, Risk Management and Health Care Insurance funds

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the City's own programs. The City's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The assets held by the City include: pension liability monies, Municipal Court restitutions, Conservancy District monies, miscellaneous deposits, state fees, Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) monies, Springfield Port Authority monies, and National Trail Parks and Recreation (NTPRD) monies.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, income taxes, state-levied shared taxes, grants and similar items (when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met), charges for services, franchise taxes, fines and forfeits, and interest, associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Amounts reported as program revenues, in government-wide financial statements, include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided including special assessments, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Pooled Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City pools its cash as allowed by law for investment and resource management purposes and maintains a cash pool for all funds except Snyder Endowment. Interest earnings from pooled cash and investments are allocated to the General Fund, except for funds derived from contract, trust agreement, or City ordinance which require crediting otherwise. For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the financial statements, the City's cash management pool and all investments are considered to be cash and cash equivalents. Investments not part of the cash management pool, with an initial maturity of more than three months, are reported as investments. All investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

During 2017, the City also utilized a public fund business interest checking account. This account is an interest-bearing demand deposit account and is collateralized in accordance with the City's legislated Investment and Deposit Policy and Ohio Revised Code Chapter 135 (ORC).

E. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for all funds. The proprietary fund inventories are recorded as expenses when used. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than purchased.

F. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary fund capital assets are also reported in the respective proprietary funds. Also included in capital assets are infrastructure assets (e.g. streets, bridges, sidewalks, curbs, and gutters, traffic signals, water lines, drainage systems, and similar items) constructed or acquired.

All capital assets acquired are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including interest capitalized during construction, where applicable. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value at the time received. Capital assets are reported with an estimated useful life of five years or more from the time of acquisition by the City and a threshold amount of \$10,000. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Descriptions	Estimated Useful Life (Years)			
Buildings and improvements	25 to 50			
Machinery and equipment	5 to 20			
Infrastructure	15 to 40			

When capital assets are disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are removed from the records.

Interest is capitalized on capital assets of business-type activities acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. The total amount of interest capitalized was \$141,577.

G. Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums, Discounts and Deferred Amounts on Refundings

The premiums, discounts, prepaid bond insurance, and deferred amounts on refundings on the long-term debt are amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the related issues which does not materially differ from the interest method. All other debt issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

H. Vacation and Sick Leave

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick leave at various rates.

Vested vacation and sick leave is recorded in the government-wide statements for the period in which such leave was earned. For governmental fund type employees, an expenditure is recorded in the governmental funds' statements for only the portion of vested vacation and sick leave that has matured during the year through resignation or retirement.

Payment of vacation and sick leave recorded in the government-wide statements is dependent upon many factors, therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable. However, management believes that sufficient resources will be made available when payment is due.

I. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, related pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

J. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide and proprietary funds' statements of net position for deferred charge on refunding and pensions. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are explained in Note 8.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, unavailable revenue and pensions. Receivables from property taxes represent amounts that were levied and measurable as of December 31, 2017, but are intended to finance 2018 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental fund financial statements and represent receivables that will not be collected within the available period (60 days after year-end). The deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are explained in Note 8.

K. Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is "bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent" in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54).

The components for reporting the City's fund balance are non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. Non-spendable fund balance, comprised of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. Restricted fund balance includes those amounts that are restricted by parties outside of the City and pursuant to enabling legislation. Committed fund balance describes the portion of fund balance that has been limited by use by approval of the City Commission. The City Commission is the City's highest level of decision making. Fund balance commitments are established, modified, or rescinded by City Commission action through passage of an ordinance. Assigned fund balance amounts are established by an internal expression of intent by a City Official or the City Commission. The City Charter authorizes the Finance Director to assign fund balance. Unassigned fund balance represents the residual net resources within the General Fund that is not restricted, committed, or assigned. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from incurred expenses for specific purposes exceeding amounts which have been restricted, committed, or assigned for said purposes.

The City considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The City does not have a formal policy for its use of unrestricted fund balance amounts; therefore, it considers committed amounts used first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

L. <u>Net Position</u>

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments.

In the government-wide statement of net position \$1,014,141 of the City's \$32,233,858 in governmental activities restricted net position were restricted by enabling legislation, as defined by GASB Statement No. 46, *Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation*.

Net position restricted for other purposes includes resources restricted by grantor or other governmental agencies and resources restricted for the expendable portion of the permanent endowments.

Net position's net investment in capital assets includes the following components: capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, less outstanding principal of debt related to capital assets (which includes premiums and discounts), plus unspent proceeds.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

M. Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues

The proprietary fund types recognize the reimbursement type capital grants as due from other governments and capital contributions as the related expenses are incurred. All other reimbursement-type grants are recorded as due from other governments (offset by revenues if available or unavailable revenue if not available) when the related expenditures are incurred.

N. Interfund Transactions

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. Any resulting receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" respectively, on the governmental balance sheet.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water, sewer, and stormwater functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

O. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2—POOLED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

As provided for in the City of Springfield's Investment and Deposit Policy, the City maintains a cash and investment pool for all funds, except the Snyder Park Endowment. Interest, for applicable funds, is distributed monthly based on an allocated percentage. Investments made by the City's Treasury Investment Board are invested directly from the General Fund and the Economic Development Incentive fund and any interest earnings are subsequently applied to those funds.

NOTE 2—POOLED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS – continued

The Snyder Park Endowment is a permanent fund invested by the City in accordance with the endowment trust that created the fund and with fiduciary law set forth in Section 2109 of the ORC separately from all other City investments. The Snyder Park Endowment's investments are disclosed separately herein since they have risk exposures that are significantly greater than the deposit and investment risks of the investment pool for other City funds.

<u>Deposits</u>

The ORC Chapter 135 sets forth deposit and investment requirements for municipalities. The City has legislated its own comprehensive investment and deposit policy and is therefore exempt from deposit and investment requirements set forth in ORC Chapter 135. However, the City's policy does defer to ORC section 135.181 for collateralization of City deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. At year-end, the carrying value of the City's deposits was \$7,509,283. The bank balance was \$8,137,104, of this amount, \$5,994,023 was insured, \$322,800 was collateralized by irrevocable, unconditional and non-transferable Letters of Credit issued by Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati and New Carlisle Federal Bank both in the name of the City, and the remaining \$1,820,281 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust departments or agents, but not in the City's name.

The Snyder Park Endowment is exempt from the City's Investment and Deposit Policy.

Investment Policy

All investments are reported at fair value, which is based on prices quoted in active markets. During 2017, the City's legislated investment policy authorized investments in the following securities and diversification limits:

Authorized Investment	Maximum allowable percentage of City investment portfolio
U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds	100%
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies and instrumentalities, U.S. Government-sponsored corporations (Federal Farm Credit System, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, Student Loan Marketing Association, Government National Mortgage Association)	100%
Bankers acceptances issued by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)-insured commercial banks or bank holding companies having assets of at least \$2 billion, and whose rating by IDC (an industry-recognized rating service using CAMEL-rating criteria) on the date of settlement is "Excellent" or "Superior."	20% (no more than 3% per obligor)
Negotiable interest-bearing time CD's (negotiable CD's) issued by U.S based commercial or savings banks with total assets of at least \$100 million, that are members of FDIC, supervised by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency or the Federal Reserve or FDIC, and have an IDC rating of "Excellent" or "Superior".	10% (limited to the FDIC insurance limit. At 12/31/17, \$250,000 per issuer)

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE 2—POOLED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS – continued

Authorized Investment	Maximum allowable percentage of City investment portfolio
Non-negotiable interest-bearing time CD's (non-negotiable CD's) and savings accounts of commercial banks organized under Ohio law or national banks that operate a full-service branch within the City limits	100% (no more than 40%)
Negotiable Order of Withdrawal (NOW) accounts and savings accounts or any other similar account authorized by the Federal Reserve's Depository Institutions Deregulation Committee, provided that such accounts are secured by collateral as prescribed in the City's Investment and Deposit Policy	n/a
STAR Ohio	25%
City of Springfield notes and bonds	n/a

At year-end, obligations of the following issuers represented in excess of 5% of the City's total investment portfolio, excluding investments of the Snyder Park Endowment:

Issuer/Obligor	% of Investment Portfolio	Moody's/ Standard & Poor's Ratings
	FULUIU	FOULS Mailings
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC)	31.12%	AA+ / Aaa
Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)	17.13%	AA+ / Aaa
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA)	17.11%	AA+ / Aaa
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	13.83%	AA+ / Aaa
STAR Ohio	7.91%	AAAm (S&P)

NOTE 2—POOLED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS – continued

At year-end, obligations of the following issuers represented in excess of 5% of the total investments of the Snyder Park Endowment:

	% of Investment	Moody's/ Standard &
Issuer/Obligor	Portfolio	Poor's Ratings
Loews Corporation (corporate bond)	10.71%	A / A3
Oracle Corporation (corporate bond)	8.49%	AA- / A1
Texas Instruments Corp (corporate bond)	8.31%	A+ / A1
John Deere Capital Corporation (corporate bond)	8.29%	A / A2
Chevron Corporation (corporate bond)	7.80%	AA- / Aa2
Wachovia Corp (corporate bond)	7.55%	A / A2
Hewlett Packard Co (corporate bond)	5.18%	BBB / Baa2

During 2017, the City invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office that allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The City measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2017, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Credit Risk

The City's Investment and Deposit Policy restricts investments in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, Federal Agencies, and U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprises, to direct-obligations of the issuing entity. No form of mortgage-backed or any asset-backed security is authorized. Bankers acceptances are restricted to issuers with assets of at least \$2 billion and having an IDC ranking of "Excellent" or "Superior". Brokered CD's are restricted to issuers with net assets of at least \$100 million and having an IDC ranking of "Excellent" or "Superior", and the aggregate amount invested in a single issuer cannot exceed the per-depositor FDIC insurance limit, \$250,000 at December 31, 2017. Non-negotiable CD's (locally-issued non-brokered) must be collateralized as set forth in the policy.

NOTE 2—POOLED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS – continued

As of December 31, 2017, the City's investment portfolio, excluding the Snyder Park Endowment, had the following investments and maturities:

	Measurement	Investment Maturities (in Years)						
Investment Type	Value	Less than 1	1 - 2	2 - 3	3 - 5			
U.S. Government-sponsored corporations	\$ 36,482,366	\$ 3,981,486	\$15,331,373	\$ 8,854,814	\$ 8,314,693			
STAR Ohio	3,642,503	3,642,503						
Total	<u>\$ 40,124,869</u>	<u>\$ 7,623,989</u>	<u>\$15,331,373</u>	<u>\$ 8,854,814</u>	<u>\$ 8,314,693</u>			

As of December 31, 2017, the Snyder Park Endowment investment portfolio, had the following investments and maturities:

	Measurement				Inv				
Investment Type		Value	Les	ss than 1		1 - 2	 2 - 3		3 - 7
Money Market Fund	\$	16,538	\$	16,538	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Corporate Bonds		336,698		45,140		49,700	 30,958	. <u> </u>	210,900
		353,236	\$	61,678	\$	49,700	\$ 30,958	\$	210,900
Common Stocks		261,061							
Total Snyder Park Endowment	\$	614,297							

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All the City's investments, except STAR Ohio, are categorized as Level 2.

NOTE 2—POOLED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS – continued

The following is a reconciliation of deposits and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported in the financial statements as of December 31, 2017:

Deposits and investment per Note 2	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 7,509,283
City investments	40,124,869
Snyder Endowment investments	 614,297
	\$ 48,248,449
Equity in pooled cash and investments per financial statements	
Governmental activities	\$ 26,033,729
Business-type activities	20,288,513
Agency funds	 1,926,207
	\$ 48,248,449

NOTE 3—INCOME TAXES

Municipalities within the State of Ohio (State) are permitted by state statute to levy an income tax up to a maximum rate of 1%, subject to the approval of the local legislative body. Any rate in excess of 1% requires the approval of a majority of the eligible voters residing within the municipal corporation. The City levies a tax on all wages, salaries, commissions, and other compensation paid by employers and the net profits from a business or profession earned within the City, excluding income from intangible personal property. In addition, City residents pay City income tax on income earned outside of the City. A credit is allowed on the tax imposed by the City in an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of the tax paid by residents to other municipalities. This credit only applies to the current year tax period; no adjustments to future or prior years are allowed.

The tax rate applied January 1, 2017 through June 30, 2017 was 2.0%, 0.6% of which was unvoted. The voted tax rate of 1.4% includes a permanent tax rate of .9%, and an increased tax rate of 0.5% effective for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2030. The tax rate applied July 1, 2017 was 2.4%. The additional voted tax rate increase of 0.4% expires December 31, 2022.

Income tax revenues, net of refunds, are required by a Charter amendment approved in November 2004, to be distributed to the General Fund and Permanent Improvement on a 90% / 10% basis. However, the City may choose to increase the Permanent Improvement fund share up to 20%. The portion of income tax revenues distributed to the capital project fund, Permanent Improvement, is used to finance outstanding debt service charges and capital improvements.

NOTE 4—PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied against all real and public utility property located in the City.

A 3-mill voted permanent levy authorizes for the hiring, training, maintaining, and supporting additional police officers. Property taxes received pursuant to state statutes are used by the City to retire bonds issued in 2009 to completely satisfy its obligation to the State for accrued police and fire pension costs. The City also is required by state statute to include, as directed by the Board of Directors of the Conservancy District, an annual levy in the City's Tax Budget to be collected by the County and distributed to the City. These funds are re-distributed, in full, from the City to the Conservancy District. During 2017, all property taxes received were accounted for in the Special Police Levy, the Police and Fire Pension, and the Conservancy District agency fund. Ohio law prohibits taxation of property for all taxing authorities in excess of 10-mill without a vote of the people. The City's share of this 10-mill limitation is currently 0.6-mill.

NOTE 4—PROPERTY TAXES – continued

Real property taxes collected during 2017 became a lien on January 1, 2016 and were levied on December 30, 2016. One-half of these taxes were due in February 2017 with the remaining balance due in July 2017.

Public utility property taxes collected during 2017 became a lien on January 1, 2016 and were levied on December 30, 2016. One-half of these taxes were due in February 2017 with the remaining balance due in July 2017

Assessed values on real property are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. A re-evaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every six years with equalization adjustments in the third year following reappraisal. The last re-evaluation was completed in tax year 2013 (collection year 2014). Public utility property taxes are assessed on land and improvements at a taxable value of 88% of true value. The 2016 assessed value upon which collections were based was \$778,111,674. The 2017 assessed value upon which 2018 collections are based is \$777,720,734.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the City. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of taxes collected.

NOTE 5—RECEIVABLES

For 2017, the City had the following receivable balances:

	Taxes	Accounts	Interest	Other	Allowances	Total Receivables Net of Allowances	Due From Other Governments
Governmental Funds:							
General Fund	\$11,385,177	\$ 3,688,030	\$ 89,574	\$ 982,128	\$(10,410,687)	\$ 5,734,222	\$ 908,426
Permanent Improvement	1,265,020	-	-	-	(666,350)	598,670	-
Nonmajor Governmental	3,709,025	5,553,783	28,619	3,536,437	(7,431,657)	5,396,207	3,483,975
Proprietary Funds:							
Water	-	1,038,925	52,642	108,355	(81,778)	1,118,144	-
Sewer	-	1,982,234	27,690	265,092	(95,838)	2,179,178	-
Stormwater	-	244,568	2,282	97,070	(73,161)	270,759	-
Airport	-	2,620	219	39,559	-	42,398	278,094
Internal Service	-	-	1,353	27,085	-	28,438	-
Fiduciary Funds:							
Agency	646,538	2,306	2,655		(54,976)	596,523	45,593
Total Receivables	\$16,359,222	\$12,510,160	\$202,379	\$5,055,726	<u>\$ (18,759,471</u>)	\$15,368,016	\$ 4,670,495

Notes receivable in the nonmajor funds consists of \$13,516,953 at December 31, 2017. This represents loans to private business and home owners. The funds were made available through various Federal grants. The amount of the receivable allowance for 2017 governmental funds, which includes amounts above and allowances on notes receivable, was \$18,508,694.

The amount of receivable allowance for proprietary funds was \$250,777.

NOTE 6—CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring in 2017:

Covernmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Inoroppo	Decrease	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities	Dalarice	Increase		Dalarice
		(IN thol	ısands)	
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 11,119	\$ 259	\$ (186)	
Construction in progress	1,757	3,502	(1,727)	3,532
Total capital assets not being depreciated	12,876	3,761	(1,913)	14,724
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and building improvements	29,256	148	(37)	29,367
Machinery and equipment	24,143	2,036	(1,584)	24,595
Infrastructure	70,717	1,696	-	72,413
Total capital assets being depreciated	124,116	3,880	(1,621)	126,375
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and building improvements	(17,375)	(811)	22	(18,164)
Machinery and equipment	(17,432)	(1,602)	1,495	(17,539)
Infrastructure	(28,761)	(2,835)	-	(31,596)
Total accumulated depreciation	(63,568)	(5,248)	1,517	(67,299)
	00.510		(10.1)	50.050
Net capital assets being depreciated	60,548	(1,368)	(104)	59,076
Total governmental activities capital assets	<u>\$ 73,424</u>	<u>\$ 2,393</u>	<u>\$ (2,017</u>)	<u>\$ 73,800</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental activities' functions:

	•	
General government	\$	626,554
Recreation		402,706
Public safety		782,319
Community development		27,511
Public works		2,305
Highway and street		2,849,340
In addition, depreciation on capital assets		
used by the City's internal service funds		
and charged to the various functions		
based on the usage of the assets		294,785
		4,985,520
Depreciation related to assets transferred		
into governmental activities		262,737
	\$	5,248,257

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE 6—CAPITAL ASSETS – continued

Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance
		(in thou	ısands)	
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 7,112	\$-	\$ (4)	\$ 7,108
Construction in progress	6,541	16,300	(1,799)	21,042
Total capital assets not being depreciated	13,653	16,300	(1,803)	28,150
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and building improvements	106,557	1,531	-	108,088
Machinery and equipment	8,475	536	(322)	8,689
Infrastructure	109,112	521	-	109,633
Total capital assets being depreciated	224,144	2,588	(322)	226,410
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and building improvements	(34,792)	(3,597)	-	(38,389)
Machinery and equipment	(4,497)	(652)	247	(4,902)
Infrastructure	(75,940)	(2,988)	-	(78,928)
Total accumulated depreciation	(115,229)	(7,237)	247	(122,219)
Net capital assets being depreciated	108,915	(4,649)	(75)	104,191
Total business-type activities capital assets	<u>\$ 122,568</u>	<u>\$ 11,651</u>	<u>\$ (1,878</u>)	<u>\$ 132,341</u>

NOTE 7—SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND ENCUMBRANCES

A summary of the City's significant commitments and encumbrances as of December 31, 2017 include:

Funded from governmental activities:	
General Fund	\$ 1,113
Permanent Improvement	88,006
Nonmajor Governmental	 3,918,811
	4,007,930
Funded from business-type activities:	
Water	1,032,862
Sewer	6,098,165
Airport	 157,997
	 7,289,024
Funded from internal service activities:	 70,275
Total significant commitments and encumbrances	\$ 11,367,229

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created because of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the way pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB Statement No. 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan and the Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g., City employees) may elect the Member-Directed Plan and the Combined Plan, the majority of employee members are in OPERS' Traditional Plan; therefore, the following disclosures focus on the Traditional Pension Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – continued

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Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three-member groups under the Traditional Pension Plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS' CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:
2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by year of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of
Service for the first 30 years and	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 35 years and 2.5%
2.5% for service years in excess of	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3% simple annual COLA. For those retiring after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3%.

Funding Policy—The ORC provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2017, member contribution rates were 10% of salary and employer contribution rates were 14%. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2017. Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$2,217,486 for 2017.

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

City full-time police and firefighters participate in the Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-5164.

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - continued

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5% for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0% for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5% for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72% of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either 3% or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to 3% of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy—The ORC provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2017 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates Employer Employee	19.50 % 12.25 %	
2017 Actual Contribution Rates Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50 %	0.50 %
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$3,312,173 for 2017.

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2016, to December 31, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	 OPERS	 OP&F	 Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 28,864,373	\$ 45,835,053	\$ 74,699,426
Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.1274%	0.7236%	
Change in Proportion	-0.0036%	-0.0462%	
Pension Expense	\$ 6,105,404	\$ 4,971,652	\$ 11,077,056

At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		OPERS C		OP&F		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Differences between expected	•		•	10.001	•	
and actual experience	\$	39,211	\$	12,964	\$	52,175
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings		4,323,815		4,457,256		8,781,071
Change in assumptions		4,604,093		-,-107,200		4,604,093
Change in City's proportionate share		, ,				, - ,
and difference in employer						
contributions		8,198		-		8,198
City contributions subsequent to		0.017.406		2 242 472		5 520 650
the measurement date		2,217,486		3,312,173	_	5,529,659
	\$	11,192,803	\$	7,782,393	\$	18,975,196
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	\$	205,029	\$	105,533	\$	310,562
Change in City's proportionate share						
and difference in employer				0 407 000		0.045.005
contributions		457,973		2,187,032		2,645,005
	\$	663,002	\$	2,292,565	\$	2,955,567

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - continued

\$5,529,659 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 OPERS	 OP&F	Total		
Year Ending December 31:					
2018	\$ 3,413,013	\$ 1,258,361	\$	4,671,374	
2019	3,569,072	1,258,361		4,827,433	
2020	1,509,924	854,438		2,364,362	
2021	(139,489)	(736,868)		(876,357)	
2022	(12,621)	(415,973)		(428,594)	
Thereafter	 (27,584)	 (40,664)		(68,248)	
	\$ 8,312,315	\$ 2,177,655	\$	10,489,970	

Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Assumptions	December 31, 2016 Valuation	December 31, 2015 Valuation
Wage inflation	3.25%	3.75%
Future salary increases, Including inflation	3.25% to 10.75%	4.25% to 10.05%
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3%;	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3%;
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3% simple	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3% simple
	through 2018, then 2.15% simple	through 2018, then 2.80% simple
Investment rate of return	7.50%	8.00%
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age	Individual entry age
Mortality tables	RP-2014	RP-2000

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table. For males, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015. For females, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvements back to the observation period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2010. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2010. The mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 for males and 2010 for females. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

NOTE 8-DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - continued

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2016, OPERS managed investments in four investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the 401(h) Health Care Trust portfolio, the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The 401(h) Health Care Trust portfolio was closed as of June 30, 2016. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. The Defined Benefit portfolio historically included the assets of the Member-Directed Plan. The Defined Benefit portfolio historically included the assets of the Member-Directed retiree medical accounts funded through the VEBA Trust. However, the VEBA Trust was closed as of June 30, 2016 and the net position transferred to the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio on July 1, 2016. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 8.3% for 2016.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2016 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	23.00%	2.75%
Domestic Equities	20.70%	6.34%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.75%
Private Equity	10.00%	8.97%
International Equities	18.30%	7.95%
Other Investments	18.00%	<u>4.92%</u>
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>5.66%</u>

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - continued

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.50%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (6.50%) and one-percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

				Current			
	19	% Decrease	1% Increase				
		(6.50%)	Ra	ate of 7.50%	(8.50%)		
City's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	44,199,548	\$	28,864,373	\$	16,089,103	

Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2016 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2016, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determine amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past experiences and new estimates are made about the future.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2016, are presented below:

Valuation date	January 1, 2016 with actuarial liabilities
	rolled forward to December 31, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8.25%
Projected salary increases	4.25% to 11.00%
Payroll increases	3.75%
Inflation assumptions	3.25%
Cost of living adjustments	2.60% and 3.00% simple

Rates of death are based on the RP2000 Combined Table, age-adjusted as follows. For active members, set back six years. For disability retirements, set forward five years for police and three years for firefighters. For service retirements, set back zero years for police and two years for firefighters. For beneficiaries, set back zero years. The rates are applied on a fully generational basis, with a base year of 2009, using mortality improvement Scale AA.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determine using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - continued

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2016 are summarized below:

	Long-Term Expected
Target	Real Rate
Allocation	of Return
0.0%	0.0%
16.0%	5.21%
16.0%	5.40%
20.0%	2.37%
20.0%	2.33%
15.0%	4.48%
12.0%	5.65%
8.0%	7.99%
5.0%	6.87%
8.0%	7.36%
	Allocation 0.0% 16.0% 20.0% 20.0% 15.0% 12.0% 8.0% 5.0%

Note: Assumptions are geometric. * Levered 2x

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.20 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate. The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 8.25%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (7.25%) or one-percentage point higher (9.25%) than the current rate.

				Current			
	19	% Decrease		Discount	1	% Increase	
		(7.25%)	Ra	ate of 8.25%	(9.25%)		
City's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	61,046,860	\$	45,835,053	\$	32,942,839	

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date. In 2017, the OP&F Board of Trustees adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of January 1, 2017. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 8.25% to 8.00%. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the City's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

NOTE 9—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 8, both the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provide postretirement health care coverage, which meets the definition of an OPEB as described in GASB Statement 45. For both systems, the ORC permits, but does not mandate, OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in the ORC Chapter 145 for OPERS and Chapter 742 for OP&F.

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

The City contributes to the OP&F sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment healthcare plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long-term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an OPEB as described in GASB Statement No. 45.

The ORC allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits are codified in Chapter 742 of the ORC.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at <u>www.op-f.org</u>.

The ORC provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.5% and 24.0% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The ORC states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.0% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an IRS Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the ORC to the OP&F Board of Trustees (Trustees).

The Board of Trustees are authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5% of covered payroll for 2017. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Trustees also are authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contributions to OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$3,389,775, \$3,371,634, and \$3,380,369, respectively, of which \$77,602, \$78,235, and \$78,511, respectively, were allocated to the health care plan.

NOTE 9—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) – continued

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

OPERS administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan--a cost-sharing, multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan--a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan--a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multi-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and Combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for Member-Directed Plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, Member-Directed Plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 45. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2016 CAFR for details.

The ORC permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide the OPEB plan to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend the OPEB Plan is provided in Chapter 145 of the ORC.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml#CAFR, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

The ORC provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care coverage through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care coverage.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2017, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14% of covered payroll. This is the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the ORC. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB plan.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2017. As recommended by the OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2018 decreased to 0.0% for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited for Member-Directed Plan participants for 2017 was 4.0%

The City's contributions toward health care benefits for the years ending December 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$172,532, \$342,857, and \$338,523, respectively.

There are no postemployment benefits provided by the City other than those provided through OPERS and OP&F.

NOTE 10—LEASES

The City leases various City assets through leases which expire over various periods through 2051. Amounts related to the leases as of December 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>
2018	\$ 16,979	\$ 236,854
2019	11,766	212,274
2020	9,366	206,074
2021	6,714	23,022
2022 2023-2027 2028-2032 2033-2037 2038-2042 2043 and beyond	6,714 15,588 3,600 3,600 720	23,022 112,066 99,892 99,892 99,892 179,806
Total minimum future rentals	<u>\$75,047</u>	<u>\$ 1,292,794</u>
Total rentals for the year 2017	\$25,800	\$ 260,804
Land	\$ 356,422	\$ 1,775,503
Buildings	2,692,327	2,258,245
Accumulated depreciation	1,428,184	1,270,765
Depreciation expense	55,055	80,672

NOTE 11—LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

A summary of long-term debt and other obligations for the year ended December 31, 2017 is as follows:

Governmental Activities		Beginning Balance Additions Reductions										-		Ending Balance	Due Withi One Year	
				('in ti	housands)										
General obligation bonds	\$	1,575	\$	-	\$	(195) \$	1,380	\$	205							
Development of Department loan		1,274		-		(259)	1,015		266							
Deferred amounts:																
Unamortized prepaid insurance		(14)		-		1	(13)		-							
Unamortized discounts		(4)		-		1	(3)		-							
Net pension liability:																
OPERS		16,166		3,944		-	20,110		-							
OP&F		49,523		-		(3,688)	45,835		-							
Compensated absences		7,387		3,064		(3,244)	7,207		461							
Insurance claims payable		765		393		(812)	346		346							
Total governmental activities	\$	76,672	\$	7,401	\$	<u>(8,196)</u>	75,877	\$	1,278							

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE 11—LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS – continued

Business-Type Activities		ginning alance		Increase		ecrease		Ending Balance		e Within ne Year
				((in tho	usands)				
Water:	¢	E 062	ድ		¢	(507)	¢	E 266	¢	606
General obligation bonds General obligation notes	\$	5,963	\$	- 1,855	\$	(597)	\$	5,366 1,855	\$	606 1,855
Equipment lease		- 324		1,000		(78)		246		1,855 80
Net pension liability-OPERS		2,916		1,067		(70)		3,983		-
		2,010		1,001				0,000		
Sewer:										
General obligation bonds		13,392		-		(1,303)		12,089		1,329
General obligation notes		3,850		5,565		(3,850)		5,565		5,565
OEPA/OWDA WWTP										
Phase III improvements loan		1,000		-		(237)		763		245
OEPA / High Rate Clarifier		34,245		-		(1,484)		32,761		1,562
WPCLF/OWDA Subordinated										
Revenue Bond		501		13,897		-		14,398		697
Equipment Lease		385		-		(94)		291		95
Net pension liability-OPERS		3,257		1,220		-		4,477		-
Stormwater:										
OEPA / High Rate Clarifier		17,120		-		(742)		16,378		781
Net pension liability-OPERS		94		-		(74)		20		-
						()				
Airport:										
General obligation bonds		165		-		(80)		85		85
Net pension liability-OPERS		199		75		-		274		-
Deferred amounts:										
Unamortized prepaid insurance		(1)				1				
Unamortized premiums		319		-		(52)		- 267		-
Unamortized discounts		(5)		_		(32)		(4)		_
		(0)		-		'		(4)		-
Compensated absences		784		656		(638)		802		62
Total business-type activities	\$	84,508	\$	24,335	\$	(9,227)	\$	99,616	\$	12,962

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the totals for governmental activities. Compensated absences are typically paid from the fund from which the employee's wages are paid, which includes: General Fund; Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair; Special Police Levy; Fire Division Service Enhancement; and Probation Fee. Also, business-type activities include Water, Sewer, Stormwater, and Airport funds. At year end, \$117,060 of internal service funds' accrued vacation and sick leave and \$496,468 of internal service funds' net pension liability are included in the amounts of governmental activities.

The following is a summary of bond and loan obligations as of December 31, 2017:

				Dollar Weighted	
		Year		Average	
	Years	Due	Interest	Interest	
	of Issue	Through	Rate	Rate	Amount
Governmental activities: General obligations bonds payable from income taxes	2009	2018-2023	4.00%-4.30%	4.16%	\$ 1,380,000
DOD loan payable from governmental funds	2006-2007	2018-2021	3.00%	3.00%	1,016,135
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds payable:					
Water	2009-2015	2018-2029	1.625%-5.00%	2.99%	5,365,900
Sewer	2009-2015	2018-2029	1.625%-5.00%	3.05%	12,089,100
Airport	2009	2018	4.00%	4.00%	85,000
General obligation notes payable:					
Water	2017	2018	2.50%	2.00%	1,855,000
Sewer	2017	2018	2.50%	2.00%	5,565,000
Subordinated revenue bonds (WPCLF/OWDA - Sewer)	2016	2018-2043	1.75%	1.75%	14,398,406
	1000	0040.0004		0 =00/	
OWDA loans (Sewer)	1999 2012	2018-2021 2018-2034	3.52% 2.55%	3.52% 2.55%	762,688 32,761,337
OWDA loans (Stormwater)	2012	2018-2034	2.55%	2.55%	16,378,212
Equipment lease/purchase agreements:					
Water	2016	2018-2020	1.95%-2.01%	1.99%	245,552
Sewer	2016	2018-2020	1.73%-2.11%	1.82%	291,106
-					* ••• •••

Total outstanding debt

\$ 92,193,436

The original amounts for outstanding debt issued in prior years are General Obligation bonds of \$37,060,000, DOD loan payable of \$5,000,000, OWDA loans of \$59,675,073, Subordinated Revenue bond of \$14,398,406, and Capital Equipment Lease/Purchase Agreements of \$894,643.

General obligation bonds issued are subject to federal arbitrage regulations, but at this time the City has no calculated liability.

The various general obligation bonds contain no sinking fund requirements or significant bond limitations and restrictions. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged. Bond payments on general obligation bonds included in the governmental activities section of the Statement of Net Position are funded from municipal income taxes.

Business-type general obligation bonds and notes payable from Water and Sewer are used for various water and sewer related construction. The remainder of the general obligation bonds were issued to advance refund four outstanding bond issues and to prepay the City's liability to the OP&F. The outstanding principal, in the amount of \$1,380,000, for the OP&F is not capital related.

In 2009, the City issued \$8,260,000 in General Obligation Various Purpose Bonds to refund three outstanding bond issues and to advance refund one outstanding issue. The City completed the refundings to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 14 years by \$343,559 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$279,718. The total amount defeased in substance was \$3,490,000.

In 2012, the City issued \$9,510,000 in General Obligation Various Purpose Bonds to advance refund two outstanding issues. The City completed the refundings to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 11 years by \$510,945 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$462,244. The total amount defeased in substance was \$9,185,000.

In 2013, the City issued \$3,060,000 in General Obligation Various Purpose Bonds to advance refund bonds issued in 2004. The City completed the refundings to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$420,560 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$292,400. The total amount defeased in substance was \$2,805,000.

In 2015, the City issued \$7,970,000 in General Obligation Various Purpose Bonds to partially advance refund bonds issued in 2009. The City completed the refundings to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 14 years by \$446,710 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$363,928. The total amount defeased in substance was \$6,980,000.

The amount of the unamortized bond issuance costs (prepaid bond insurance) and the unamortized bond discounts / premiums are included net of bonds, notes, and loans payable long-term on the Statement of Net Position.

Loans payable to Ohio Department of Development (DOD) are governmental obligations used to fund land acquisition and other expenses for the new regional medical facility project with repayment beginning in 2011. Of the outstanding balance, \$680,863 was not used for capital asset acquisition. In connection with an Assumption Agreement dated November 1, 2011 between the City and The Harry M. and Violet Turner Charitable Trust (Turner Foundation), the Turner Foundation assumed one-half of the repayment obligation of the City's Urban Redevelopment Loan from the DOD. Under the Agreement, the Turner Foundation reimbursed the City on a monthly basis one-half of the principle, interest and loan service fee the City paid against the Loan the previous month. In connection with a Loan Modification Agreement dated February 2015, the Turner Foundation paid to DOD \$1,748,376, one-half of the total outstanding loan principal balance, thereby discharging its repayment obligation under the Assumption Agreement. The DOD re-amortized the City's loan as of December 31, 2015.

Loans and the Subordinated Revenue Bond payable to the OWDA are pledged sewer revenues or stormwater revenues, net of operating and maintenance expenses and debt service, to help finance wastewater treatment plant improvements and the construction of an "express" sewer line. The loan issued in 1999 is payable through January 2021. Total customer net revenues exceed the annual principal and interest payments on the bonds by 63%. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the 1999 loan is \$670,235. The loan issued in 2012 is payable through January 2035. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the 2012 loan is \$59,075,305. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$3,580,321 and \$2,545,543, respectively.

On August 6, 2012, the City entered into a Water Pollution Control Loan Fund (WPCLF) Agreement with the Environmental Protection Agency of the State of Ohio and the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) for 20 years at 2.55% to help finance the construction of a High Rate Treatment Facility. Construction commenced in August 2012 at the Wastewater Treatment Plant and the new treatment facility began operation in December 2014. As of December 31, 2017, the City had drawn \$54,446,152 of the loan commitment for progress payments on the project, capitalized interest was \$1,373,921, loan principal payments made by the City were \$6,680,524, for a total loan balance of \$49,139,549. 66.67% of the principal and interest cost of the loan are assigned to the Sewer utility and 33.33% to the Stormwater utility. Under the loan agreement, debt service payments began on July 2, 2015.

In 2016, the City entered into a Water Pollution Control Loan Fund (WPCLF) Extended-Term Bond Trust Agreement with OEPA and OWDA to help finance the construction of its Erie Express Sewer. Under the terms of that agreement, the City issued its Wastewater System Subordinated Revenue Bond Series 2016 directly to the State of Ohio. Bond proceeds of up to \$21,642,238 will be drawn by the City for progress payments during construction. As of December 31, 2017, the City had drawn \$14,259,833, capitalized interest was \$138,573, for a total bond balance of \$14,398,406. The Trust Agreement is administered by OWDA in the same manner as traditional OWDA and WPCLF loans. The first semi-annual payment of principal and interest is due July 1, 2018. Estimated debt charges on this debt of approximately \$1,073,000 annually from 2018 to 2043 will be supported in their entirety by sewer utility revenues. Since the loan draws are still occurring as of December 31, 2017, the debt service amortization hasn't been finalized, and thus wasn't included in the subsequent maturity schedules.

On November 21, 2017, the City entered into a WPCLF Agreement with OEPA and OWDA for 30 years at 0% to help finance the City's 2017 Sanitary Sewer Lining Phase I project. Work commenced in February 2018 in the southeast quadrant of the City. As of December 31, 2017, the City had not drawn any funds of the loan commitment. Principal and interest cost of the loan will be paid by the Sewer utility. Under the loan agreement, debt service payments are scheduled to begin on January 1, 2020.

The ORC provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2017, the City's total net debt and unvoted debt amounted to 0% of the total assessed value of all property within the City. The aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with Clark County and the Springfield City School District. As of December 31, 2017, these entities have complied with the requirement that overlapping debt must not exceed 1% (10-mills) of the assessed property value. The WPCLF/OWDA loans and lease agreements are exempt from these ORC provisions.

During 2016, the City entered into four long-term capital lease agreements for providing financing for the purchase of heavy equipment for the water and sewer utilities. These leases met the definition of capital leases in which the lease agreement transfers benefits and risk of ownership to the City. Capital lease payments will be reported as debt service payments in the business-type funds when required. At December 31, 2017, leased assets capitalized in the Water fund totaled \$449,734 and in the Sewer fund totaled \$502,973. The accumulated depreciation related to these capital assets at December 31, 2017 is \$89,947 in the Water fund and \$100,595 in the Sewer fund.

Principal and interest payments in 2017 totaled \$185,729. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the capital lease obligation are as follows:

Year Ending	
December 31,	 Amount
2018	\$ 185,729
2019	185,729
2020	 185,730
Total minimum lease payments	557,188
Less: amounts representing interest	 (20,530)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 536,658

On April 12, 2012, the City issued a First Mortgage Healthcare Facility Revenue Bond (HFRB) Series 2012A and 2012B, in the aggregate principal amount of \$7,230,000. The HFRB financed the cost of acquiring an 80-unit assisted living facility in the City, certain repairs, improvements, and rehabilitation of the facility, and making certain initial deposits into funds and accounts established under the related indenture (Project). The HFRB is a special obligation of the City, secured by a Trust Indenture between the City and the Bank of Oklahoma, Tulsa, as trustee, bond registrar and paying agent. Concurrent with the issuance of the HFRB, the City entered into a loan agreement with Eaglewood Property Holdings, LLC (EPH) which used the proceeds to undertake the Project.

Under the loan agreement EPH unconditionally agreed to make loan payments to the bond trustee in amounts at least sufficient to pay the principal and interest obligations on the HFRB. This special obligation of the City is payable solely from the loan payments. Concurrent with the issuance of the HFRB, the City assigned all its rights under the loan agreement to the original purchaser of the HFRB. The HFRB is not a general obligation of the City, and does not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith, credit or the taxing power of the City. The HFRB had a principal amount of \$7,055,000 outstanding at December 31 2017.

In 2017, the City issued bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$7,420,000 to 1) refund a maturing bond anticipation note issued in 2016 to pay costs of improving the municipal sewage facilities, 2) \$1,645,000 additional monies to pay the costs of improving and expanding the municipal sewage facilities and the costs of issuance, and 3) \$1,855,000 additional monies to pay the costs of improving and expanding the municipal and expanding the municipal water facilities and cost of issuance. The City expects to refund the 2017 notes on their maturity date of March 30, 2018 with a one-year bond anticipation note.

The calculation of net investment in capital assets is as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Total capital assets Less:	\$ 73,800,471	\$ 132,341,345
General obligation bonds and notes	(1,380,000)	(24,960,000)
Subordinated revenue bonds	-	(14,398,406)
Portion of DOD loan	(335,272)	-
OWDA loans	-	(49,902,237)
Equipment leases/purchase agreements	-	(536,658)
Unamortized (premiums)/discounts	16,007	(262,323)
Add back:		
General obligation bonds for pension liability	1,380,000	-
Deferred charge on refunding	-	1,017,789
Significant unspent bond proceeds		4,230,397
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 73,481,206	\$ 47,529,907

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on all long-term debt as of December 31, 2017 is as follows:

Governmental Activities										
(in thousands)										
Year Ending General DOD										
December 31,	Oblig	gations	L	.oan	Interest					
2018	\$	205	\$	266	\$	84				
2019		215		274		68				
2020		225		283		51				
2021		235		193		34				
2022		245		-		21				
2023		255		11						
Total	\$	1,380	\$	1,016	\$	269				

Sewer Fund* (in thousands)									
Year Ending December 31,	-	General ligations	OEPA/ OWDA	Le	ases	Interest			
2018	\$	1,329	\$ 1,807	\$	95	\$ 1,216			
2019		1,377	1,856		97	1,121			
2020		1,423	1,906		99	1,023			
2021		1,232	1,685		-	925			
2022		1,264	1,728		-	840			
2023-2027		3,999	9,328		-	3,063			
2028-2032		1,465	10,589		-	1,402			
2033-2034		-	4,625		-	148			
Total	\$	12,089	\$33,524	\$	291	\$ 9,738			

* will exclude subordinated revenue bonds until the draws have been completed.

Water Fund							Stormwater Fund						
	(in tl	housai	nds)				(in thousands)						
Year Ending December 31,	Gene Obliga		Le	ases	Int	erest		Year Ending December 31,	_0	WDA	Int	erest	
2018	\$	606	\$	80	\$	165		2018	\$	781	\$	413	
2019		628		82		143		2019		801		393	
2020		642		84		120		2020		821		372	
2021		433		-		98		2021		842		351	
2022		441		-		82		2022		864		329	
2023-2027	1,	856		-		232		2023-2027		4,664		1,303	
2028-2029		760		_		29		2028-2032		5,293		673	
Total	\$5,	366	\$	246	\$	869		2033-2034		2,312		74	
			_					Total	\$	16,378	\$ 3	3,908	

Airport Fund								
(in thousands)								
Year Ending	General							
December 31, Obligation Intere								

2018 \$ 85 \$

3

NOTE 12—INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions in the basic financial statements as of December 31, 2017 were as follows:

	Due From Other Funds		Due To Other Funds		Transfers In		Transfers Out
Governmental Funds							
General Fund	\$	842,787	\$	229,589	\$	15,000	\$ 2,270,000
Permanent Improvement		109,211		42,171		-	68,012
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		877,802		2,156,843	2	,665,053	1,382,810
Proprietary Funds							
Water		133,309		59,765		-	-
Sewer		816,159		174,710		31,423	-
Stormwater		-		2		-	544
Airport		206,986		681,144		838,316	78,426
Internal Service Funds		360,883		2,913		250,000	
Net	\$	3,347,137	\$	3,347,137	<u>\$ 3</u>	,799,792	<u>\$ 3,799,792</u>

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them, to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

The transfer from the Permanent Improvement fund to the Airport fund represents debt service payments. The transfer from the nonmajor governmental funds and the Airport Fund to the nonmajor governmental funds represents debt service payments and assets.

NOTE 13—ACCOUNTABILITY

The following funds had ended deficit balances as of December 31, 2017:

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: Police and Fire Pension FTA Bus Grant	\$ 2,465 72,677
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds: Special Assessment Debt Retirement	582,237
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:	
Special Capital Projects	2,600
Ohio Public Works Commission	360,887
Sidewalk, Curb and Gutter	206,644

The fund balance ending deficits in these individual funds resulted from accrued but unpaid liabilities that are not payable from current period revenue.

NOTE 14—FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

	GENERAL FUND	PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL		
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	\$ 549	\$-	\$ 397,029	\$ 397,578		
Permanent endowments			386,953	386,953		
Total nonspendable	549		783,982	784,531		
Restricted:						
Community redevelopment	-	-	243,694	243,694		
Development revolving loans	-	-	1,726,735	1,726,735		
Brownfield revolving loans	-	-	739,570	739,570		
EDA revolving loans	-	-	905,961	905,961		
Law enforcement	35,009	-	915,713	950,722		
Fire / EMS services	-	-	41,231	41,231		
Housing rehabilitation	-	-	1,165,274	1,165,274		
Lead remediation	-	-	2,917,358	2,917,358		
Neighborhood stabilization	-	-	3,348,068	3,348,068		
HOME program	-	-	7,139,133	7,139,133		
Road improvements and safety	-	-	2,144,517	2,144,517		
Recreation / beautification	-	-	1,541,284	1,541,284		
Municipal Court / justice	-	-	1,422,498	1,422,498		
Future facilities	-	-	577,314	577,314		
Technological improvements	-	-	1,520,476	1,520,476		
Transportation	46,929	-	79,633	126,562		
Debt service	-	-	596,908	596,908		
Other Capital projects	-	2,069,852	-	2,069,852		
Other	-	_,,	283,867	283,867		
Total restricted	81,938	2,069,852	27,309,234	29,461,024		
Committed:						
Law enforcement	12,520	-	-	12,520		
Fire / EMS services	,0_0	-	704,714	704,714		
Economic development	-	-	1,295,858	1,295,858		
Road improvements and safety	-	_	16,809	16,809		
Other purposes	18,379	_	10,000	18,379		
Total committed	30,899		2,017,381	2,048,280		
Assigned:			<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>		
Community redevelopment	6,992			6,992		
Law enforcement	67,320	-	-	67,320		
Municipal Court / justice		-	-			
Fire / EMS services	20,184	-	-	20,184		
Subsequent year's budget:	2,062	-	-	2,062		
appropriation of fund balance	847,260	-	-	847,260		
Other purposes	165,199	-	-	165,199		
Total assigned	1,109,017			1,109,017		
Unassigned	6,484,836		(1,227,510)	5,257,326		
Total fund balance	\$ 7,707,239	\$ 2,069,852	\$ 28,883,087	\$ 38,660,178		

NOTE 15—RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss including employee health care costs and accidents; torts and legal judgments; theft, damage, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. Life insurance, employee health insurance, and airport liability insurance is purchased through a commercial carrier. Judgments are administered through the various operating funds.

Unemployment compensation is administered by a state agency, and all costs are reimbursed by the City from the various operating funds.

The City is a member of the Ohio Municipal Joint Self-Insurance Pool (Pool), a public entity risk pool. Under this program, the Pool provides the following coverage:

Type of risk	Maximum coverage	Deductible
	(in millions)	
Law enforcement	\$5 per occurrence / aggregate	\$10,000
Emergency medical services	\$5 per occurrence / aggregate	\$5,000
Public officials	\$5 per occurrence / aggregate	\$10,000
General liability	\$5 per occurrence / aggregate	\$5,000
Auto liability	\$5 per occurrence / aggregate	-
Property	\$178 per occurrence / aggregate	\$2,500
Inland marine	\$4 per occurrence / aggregate	\$1,000

The City pays an annual premium to the Pool for this coverage. The participation contract provides that the Pool will be self-sustaining and will reinsure through commercial carriers for claims in excess of \$100,000 for each insured event.

Workers' Compensation is administered by the State of Ohio under a retrospective rating plan. The City reimburses the Workers' Compensation Bureau for claims subject to a \$200,000 claim limitation for the 2017 policy year. All operating funds are charged an annual rate based on gross payroll. This charge, along with all expenses, are reported in an internal service fund.

Self-insured workers' compensation expenses and liabilities are reported when it is probable a loss has occurred and the loss can be reasonably estimated. These amounts include incurred but unreported claims and reported claims not yet paid and are the City's best estimate based on available information. At December 31, 2017, \$346,571 of unpaid workers' compensation claims are presented. The City has not purchased any annuity contracts to satisfy a claim liability. Changes in the balance of insurance claims payable liabilities for fiscal 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	E	Beginning Incurred Claims/ Claims				Claims	Ending				
Year		Balance	Ac	Adjustments		Payments		Balance			
2017	\$	765,220	\$	(45,319)	\$	(373,330)	\$	346,571			
2016		786,367		350,661		(371,808)		765,220			

The amount estimated for claims due within one year is \$346,571. The significant change in estimate in 2017 was due to receiving of a significant Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation refund in 2018. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year in any category of risk. Insurance coverage for each of the past three years was sufficient to cover any insurance settlements.

NOTE 16—CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits pertaining to matters which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. The ultimate disposition of the lawsuits and other proceedings cannot presently be determined but will not, in the opinion of the Department of Law, adversely affect continuing operations of the City.

Under the terms of Federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 17—TAX ABATEMENTS

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, the City is required to disclose certain information about tax abatements as defined in the Statement. For purposes of GASB Statement No. 77, a tax abatement is a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the City or citizens of the City. The City has entered into such agreements. A description of each of the City's abatement programs where the City has promised to forgo taxes follows.

Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Program

The Ohio Community Reinvestment Area program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real property tax exemptions for property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings. Community Reinvestment Areas (CRA) are areas of land in which property owners can receive tax incentives for investing in real property improvements. In order to use the Community Reinvestment program, a city, village, or county petitions to the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) for confirmation of a geographical area in which investment in housing has traditionally been discouraged. Once the area is confirmed by the Director of ODSA, communities may offer real property tax exemptions to taxpayers that invest in that area.

The City determines the type of development to support by specifying the eligibility of residential, commercial and/or industrial projects. The City negotiates property tax exemptions on new property tax from investment for up to one hundred percent (100%) for up to fifteen years based on the amount of investments made to renovate or construct buildings within a CRA. Taxes are abated as the increase in assessed (taxable) value resulting from the investment is not included (or included at a lesser amount) in the assessed value used for property tax computation. For commercial projects, job retention and/or creation is also required. Agreements must be in place before the project begins. Provisions for recapturing property tax exemptions, which can be used at the discretion of the City, are pursuant to ORC Section 9.66(C)(2).

During 2017, the City had three commercial CRA's consisting of six commercial agreements. The real property tax foregone by the City during collection year 2017 because of its commercial CRA agreements was \$3,048. During 2017, the City had two residential CRA's consisting of twenty-seven abated properties. The foregone real property tax foregone by the City during collection year 2017 because of its residential CRA agreements was \$3,595.

NOTE 17—TAX ABATEMENTS – continued

Enterprise Zone Program

Ohio Enterprise Zones (EZ's) are established in accordance with Ohio Revised Code §5709.61 to 5709.69 and are areas targeted for limited local and state tax abatement and tax credits. They are formed to promote business investment and to create employment. EZ's provide tax incentives for renovations of vacant, urban, industrial, and business areas and structures. Only those businesses that are qualified by financial responsibility and business experience to create and preserve jobs within the zone may apply for the local tax incentives. Local officials may limit the type of businesses and projects, which are eligible through policy guidelines. A business must make a substantial investment in either real or personal property.

Establishing a new business is defined as making a significant investment in land, buildings, machinery, or equipment. Expansion projects must make investments that equal at least ten percent of the value of the existing facility. In addition, the law permits incentives for a business to renovate an existing facility if the renovations exceed fifty percent of the facility's value. A business willing to occupy a vacant facility and invest at least twenty percent of the facility's value to alter or repair the facility is considered eligible for tax incentives. Retail operations are not eligible for tax exemptions in an enterprise zone.

There are four possible eligibility determinations for a project to be considered for EZ benefits, it must meet one of the following four definitions:

- Expand: Ohio Revised Code (ORC) § 5709.61 (E) "means to make expenditures to add land, buildings, machinery, equipment, or other materials, except inventory, to a facility that equal at least ten percent of market value of the facility prior to such expenditures, as determined for the purposes of local property taxation."
- Renovate: ORC § 5709.61 (F) "means to make expenditures to alter or repair a facility that equal at least fifty percent of the market value of the facility prior to such expenditures, as determined for the purposes of local property taxation."
- Occupy: ORC § 5709.61 (G) "means to make expenditures to alter or repair a vacant facility equal to at least twenty percent of the market value of the facility prior to such expenditures."
- Remediate: ORC § 5709.61 (V) "means to make expenditures to clean up an environmentally contaminated facility so that it is no longer environmentally contaminated that equal at least ten percent of the real property market value of the facility prior to such expenditures as determined for the purposes of property taxation.

The developer must maintain the improvements, complete an annual report, and commit to equal opportunity employment and contracting opportunities. School boards must be notified of the proposed amendment. In certain cases, school boards must approve the abatement.

During 2017, the City was a party to six EZ agreements. The real property tax foregone by the City during collection year 2017 because of its commercial EZ agreements was \$9,398.

NOTE 17—TAX ABATEMENTS – continued

Job Creation Tax Credit Program

The City has exercised its powers under Article VIII, Section 13 of the Ohio Constitution to preserve jobs and employment opportunities and to promote economic development in Springfield by providing a municipal income tax credit incentive to employers in the City. Non-refundable tax credits are granted under the City's Municipal Tax Credit Incentive Agreements which specify all the conditions to be met by the employer on an annual basis to receive the tax credit. The tax credit percentage and term of the specific agreements is based upon the number of new jobs created at a specific site and a minimum average salary of the new positions.

During 2017, the City was a party to one Municipal Tax Credit Agreement. The municipal income tax foregone by the City during collection year 2017 because of its municipal income tax agreement was \$4,844.

NOTE 18—ENDOWMENTS

The City is the custodian/benefactor for four small endowments/trusts, which are reported as permanent funds. The available amounts of net position are reported as restricted for other purposes. The largest of these endowments/trusts is the Snyder Park Endowment which is used to maintain and improve Snyder Park. This fund had an initial endowment in approximately 1895 of \$215,859 and had a net decrease in 2017 of \$1,602.

ORC section 5705.131 specifies that only investment earnings arising from investment of the principal or investment of such additions to principal are considered an unencumbered balance or revenue of the endowment fund, and as such are available to be spent for the designated purposes. ORC sections 755.19 and 755.20 give additional oversight for endowments or properties donated for park purposes.

NOTE 19—RECLASSIFICATIONS

Beginning on January 1, 2017, the City reclassified the OTPPP Bus Grant and ODOT Bus Grant funds, formerly the Capital Planning and FTA Bus Capital funds, respectively, from capital projects fund types to special revenue fund types.

NOTE 20—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On March 29, 2018, the City issued its \$10,500,000 Various Purpose Utility Note, Series 2018. The Note was issued with an interest (coupon) rate of 2.50%, the City received a premium of \$84,420, resulting in a yield of 1.68%. Proceeds of the Note were allocated as follows: \$5,638,273 principal and capitalized interest for the Sewer utility's portion and \$1,879,424 principal and capitalized interest for the Water utility's portion of the Series 2017 Note that matured on March 30, 2018; \$2,158,840 for sewer line improvements, sewer line replacements, storm sewer improvements, and Wastewater Treatment Plant improvements; \$823,463 for Water Treatment Plant improvements.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



CITY OF SPRINGFIELD REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST FOUR YEARS (1) (2)

	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Traditional Plan Combined Plan	0.127392% 0.115434%	0.130971% 0.111088%	0.131831% 0.102132%	0.131831% 0.102132%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 28,864,373	\$ 22,631,750	\$ 15,860,952	\$ 15,530,442
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 16,888,975	\$ 16,734,158	\$ 16,746,850	\$ 16,448,185
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	170.91%	135.24%	94.71%	94.42%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability Traditional Plan	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	
Combined Plan	116.55%	116.90%	114.83%	

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. The City will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

(2) Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

Notes to Schedule:

Change in assumptions. In 2017, changes in assumptions were made based upon an updated experience study that was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015. Significant changes included a reduction of the discount rate from 8.0% to 7.5%, a reduction in the wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, and transition from the RP-2000 mortality tables to the RP-2014 mortality tables.

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND LAST FOUR YEARS (1) (2)

	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.723647%	0.769824%	0.772681%	0.772681%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 45,835,053	\$ 49,523,318	\$ 40,028,113	\$ 37,631,989
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 15,480,699	\$ 15,178,970	\$ 15,273,045	\$ 15,139,061
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	296.08%	326.26%	262.08%	248.58%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.36%	66.77%	71.71%	73.00%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. The City will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

(2) Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST FIVE YEARS (1)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 2,217,486	\$ 2,026,677	\$ 2,008,099	\$ 2,009,622	\$ 2,138,264
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	<u>\$ (2,217,486</u>)	<u>\$ (2,026,677)</u>	<u>\$ (2,008,099)</u>	<u>\$ (2,009,622)</u>	<u>\$ (2,138,264</u>)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>
City Covered Payroll	\$ 17,057,585	\$ 16,888,975	\$ 16,734,158	\$ 16,746,850	\$ 16,448,185
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available. The City will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND LAST FIVE YEARS (1)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 3,312,173	\$ 3,294,207	\$ 3,227,919	\$ 3,249,902	\$ 2,753,622
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	(3,312,173)	(3,294,207)	(3,227,919)	(3,249,902)	(2,753,622)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>
City Covered Payroll	\$ 16,486,675	\$ 15,480,699	\$ 15,178,970	\$ 15,273,045	\$ 15,139,061
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	20.09%	20.09%	20.09%	20.36%	17.08%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available. The City will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	ORIGINAL BUDGET			FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:								
Income taxes	\$	29,790,000	\$	30,467,700	\$	30,600,000	\$	132,300
Hotel / motel taxes		425,000		554,000		530,511		(23,489)
State-levied shared taxes		1,822,807		1,758,164		1,696,842		(61,322)
Intergovernmental		430,000		396,936		356,659		(40,277)
Charges for services		1,150,000		1,054,000		991,944		(62,056)
Fees, licenses and permits		656,050		619,050		594,144		(24,906)
Investment earnings		150,000		200,000		203,828		3,828
Fines and forfeitures		1,341,350		1,381,400		1,381,317		(83)
Miscellaneous		2,470,595		3,267,879		4,243,300		975,421
Total revenue		38,235,802		39,699,129		40,598,545		899,416
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Health Recreation Community development Highway and street Capital outlay Total expenditures		11,921,773 23,104,839 84,765 655,290 1,053,027 539,830 240 37,359,764		11,863,692 23,038,018 109,350 455,407 1,065,490 514,520 10,495 37,056,972		11,225,075 22,015,704 98,507 464,283 992,934 493,040 4,727 35,294,270		638,617 1,022,314 10,843 (8,876) 72,556 21,480 5,768 1,762,702
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		876,038		2,642,157		5,304,275		2,662,118
OTHER FINANCING USES:								
Transfers out		(2,250,000)		(2,510,000)		(2,306,563)		203,437
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,373,962)		132,157		2,997,712	\$	2,865,555
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		2,242,934		2,242,934		2,242,934		
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED		623,056		623,056		623,056		
		020,000		020,000		020,000		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	1,492,028	\$	2,998,147	\$	5,863,702		

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Basis of Budgeting

Basis of budgeting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts. The City budget for all legislated funds is prepared on a cash-encumbrance basis wherein transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed, or when a commitment has been recorded as an encumbrance against an applicable appropriation. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent they have not been expended or lawfully encumbered. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assignments of fund balance (in the General Fund only) and are carried forward for subsequent year expenditures. Fund Balances shown are encumbered cash balances. This basis is utilized for all interim financial statements issued during the year. All funds, except for the Sidewalk, Curb and Gutter and Recreational Facility Bond Construction Capital Projects funds, have legally adopted budgets.

The basis of budgeting differs from the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) used for the City's year-end financial statements contained in the comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR). Under that basis of accounting, revenues are generally recognized when the obligation to the City arises. The budget basis however, recognized revenue only when cash has been received. In the CAFR, expenditures are generally recognized in the period in which they are incurred. Under the budget basis, expenditures are recognized when cash has been disbursed or when an encumbrance has been placed against an appropriation.

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. State law provides that no contract, agreement, or other obligation involving the expenditure of money shall be entered into unless the Finance Director first certifies that the money required for such contract, agreement, obligation, or expenditure is in the treasury, or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance. (Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 5705.41)

Budget Process

The policy of the City is to have the annual operating and capital budgets approved prior to January 1 of each year.

1. The City follows procedures prescribed by State law in establishing its budgets as follows:

The City must submit a tax budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements for all funds to the County Budget Commission by July 15th of each year for the following year, January 1st through December 31st. (ORC 5705.28)

The County Budget Commission certifies its actions by September 1st and issues an Official Certificate of Estimated Resources, limiting the maximum amount the City may expend from a given fund during the year to the estimated resources available. (ORC 5705.35)

About January 1st, the Official Certificate of Estimated Resources is amended to reflect the actual unencumbered balances from the preceding year. The City must prepare its appropriations so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the initial or amended Certificate of Estimated Resources. (ORC 5705.36)

Budget Process (continued)

2. The financial plan is updated on an annual basis, usually in September. The plan is prepared after receiving input from all departments. The plan includes all major operating funds and all major capital improvement funds of the City. The purpose of this plan is explained in the following:

Identify major policy issues for City Commission consideration prior to the preparation of the annual budget.

Establish capital project priorities and make advance preparation for the funding of projects within a five-year horizon.

Make conservative financial projections for all major operating funds and all major capital improvement funds to provide assurance that adequate funding exists for proposed projects and services.

Identify financial trends in advance or in the early stages so that timely corrective action can be taken if needed.

Communicate the City's intermediate plans to the public and provide an opportunity for the public to offer input.

- 3. The operating budget is recommended to the City Commission based upon the City Manager's approval of requests submitted by each department. The City Manager acts as budget officer for the City and submits a proposed operating budget to the City Commission on an annual basis. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer input. The City commission enacts the budget through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. Modifications to the budget may be made from time to time during the budget year. Transfers of appropriations can be made within budget levels of personal service and other service (character level) within a division and fund without City Commission action, but with responsible management approval. Any other changes or supplemental appropriations must be approved by City Commission. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations at the character level within a division and fund. During 2017, various transfers of appropriations and supplemental appropriations were made.

Reconciliation of GAAP Basis to Budget Basis

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations, and change in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis, as provided by State law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis is presented on the budgetary basis to provide meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

Certain funds are accounted for as separate funds internally with legally adopted budgets (budget basis) do not meet the definition of special revenue funds under GASB Statement No. 54, and were reported with the General Fund (GAAP basis).

Reconciliation of GAAP Basis to Budget Basis (continued)

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as an expenditure when liquidated (GAAP basis).

The following summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement and the budgetary basis schedule for the General Fund:

Net change in fund balance - GAAP Basis	\$ 4,744,522
Increase / (decrease):	
Due to inclusion of the Police Property Disposition Fund	(3,364)
Due to inclusion of the Contractor Retainer Fee Fund	23,349
Due to revenues	2,372,584
Due to expenditures	(3,391,603)
Due to encumbrances	(696,213)
Due to other financing sources/uses	 (51,563)
Net change in fund balance - Budget Basis	\$ 2,997,712

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS GENERAL FUND - MAJOR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUA INCLUDII ENCUMBRA			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:					-	
	\$	30,467,700	\$	30,600,000	\$	132,300
Hotel / motel taxes	Ψ	554,000	Ψ	530,511	Ψ	(23,489)
State-levied shared taxes		1,758,164		1,696,842		(61,322)
Intergovernmental		396,936		356,659		(40,277)
Charges for services		1,054,000		991,944		(62,056)
Fees, licenses and permits		619,050		594,144		(24,906)
Investment earnings		200,000		203,828		3,828
Fines and forfeitures		1,381,400		1,381,317		(83)
Miscellaneous		3,267,879		4,243,300		975,421
Total revenue		39,699,129		40,598,545		899,416
EXPENDITURES:		;				,
Current:						
General Government:						
City Commission and Clerk:						
Personal services		232,320		228,968		3,352
Operations and maintenance		202,020		20,584		1,352
City Manager's Office:		21,000		20,004		1,002
Personal services		330,720		318,685		12,035
Operations and maintenance		21,874		17,578		4,296
Finance - Accounting:		21,074		17,070		4,200
Personal services		857,710		794,132		63,578
Operations and maintenance		112,697		106,024		6,673
Finance - Income Tax:				100,021		0,010
Personal services		448,100		434,740		13,360
Operations and maintenance		66,417		53,303		13,114
Finance - Purchasing:				,		,
Personal services		233,740		233,581		159
Operations and maintenance		5,634		4,514		1,120
Finance - Revenue Collections:		,				,
Personal services		34,480		34,191		289
Operations and maintenance		54,012		51,704		2,308
Personnel:						
Personal services		295,520		293,516		2,004
Operations and maintenance		147,210		133,081		14,129
Legal Services - Civil:						
Personal services		379,760		377,709		2,051
Operations and maintenance		27,064		20,601		6,463
Legal Services - Criminal:						
Personal services		546,180		540,080		6,100
Operations and maintenance		15,156		12,259		2,897
Municipal Court - Clerk:						
Personal services		1,380,977		1,336,562		44,415
Operations and maintenance		337,740		327,502		10,238
Municipal Court - Judicial:						
Personal services		2,525,540		2,411,329		114,211
Operations and maintenance		161,209		145,413		15,796

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS GENERAL FUND - MAJOR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (continued)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
General Government (continued):			
Public Works Administration:			
Personal services	5,800	5,547	253
Engineering:			
Personal services	661,430	633,185	28,245
Operations and maintenance	39,796	35,065	4,731
Information Technology:			
Personal services	407,500	390,571	16,929
Operations and maintenance	419,209	387,579	31,630
Service - Facilities:			
Personal services	503,990	473,299	30,691
Operations and maintenance	235,002	217,930	17,072
Miscellaneous:		4.045	05.040
Personal services	36,828	1,815	35,013
Operations and maintenance	1,318,141	1,184,028	134,113
Total General Government	11,863,692	11,225,075	638,617
Public Safety:			
Police Services:			
Personal services	9,750,200	9,299,188	451,012
Operations and maintenance	717,022	636,389	80,633
Fire Services:			
Personal services	10,005,770	9,626,790	378,980
Operations and maintenance	543,482	500,248	43,234
Consolidated Dispatching:			
Personal services	1,199,430	1,167,607	31,823
Operations and maintenance	62,036	53,928	8,108
Miscellaneous:	45 505	00.004	(4,500)
Personal services	15,535	20,064	(4,529)
Operations and maintenance	744,543	711,490	33,053
Total Public Safety	23,038,018	22,015,704	1,022,314
Health:			
Miscellaneous:			
Operations and maintenance	109,350	98,507	10,843
Recreation	455,407	464,283	(8,876)
Miscellaneous:			
Personal services	5,407	14,283	(8,876)
Operations and maintenance	450,000	450,000	
Total Recreation	455,407	464,283	(8,876)

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS GENERAL FUND - MAJOR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (concluded)

(concluded)

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
Community Development:			
Planning and Development - Administration:			
Personal services	214,060	171,707	42,353
Operations and maintenance	2,485	1,804	681
Planning and Development - Inspections:			
Personal services	281,480	277,965	3,515
Operations and maintenance	45,443	42,569	2,874
Planning and Development - Code Enforcement:			
Personal services	128,100	120,754	7,346
Operations and maintenance	60,863	54,971	5,892
Human Relations Services:			
Personal services	99,240	96,729	2,511
Operations and maintenance	49,139	44,027	5,112
Human Relations, Housing and Neighborhood			
Services:			
Personal services	181,680	180,092	1,588
Operations and maintenance	3,000	2,316	684
Total Community Development	1,065,490	992,934	72,556
Highway and Street:			
Central Services - Fleet Maintenance:			
Personal services	514,520	493,040	21,480
	·	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>
Capital outlay	10,495	4,727	5,768
Total expenditures	37,056,972	35,294,270	1,762,702
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2,642,157	5,304,275	2,662,118
OTHER FINANCING USES:			
Transfers out	(2,510,000)	(2,306,563)	203,437
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	132,157	2,997,712	\$ 2,865,555
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	2,242,934	2,242,934	
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	623,056	623,056	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 2,998,147	\$ 5,863,702	

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS GENERAL FUND - MAJOR FUND (1) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Police Property Disposition	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public Safety:			
Operations and maintenance Capital outlay	16,600 8,500	5,227 8,495	11,373 5
Total expenditures	25,100	13,722	11,378
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(25,100)	(13,722)	11,378
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in	5,000	16,230	11,230
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(20,100)	2,508	\$ 22,608
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	31,296 350	31,296 350	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$11,546</u>	\$ 34,154	

Contractor Retainer Fee	FINAL BUDGET	ACT INCLU ENCUMB	DING	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: Miscellaneous	\$ 46,000	\$	45,695	\$	(305)		
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government: Operations and maintenance	 100,000		73,291		26,709		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(54,000)		(27,596)	\$	26,404		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 84,075		84,075				
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 30,075	\$	56,479				

(1) - For GAAP reporting, these funds were combined with the General Fund, but have separate legally adopted budgets.

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND - MAJOR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 FINAL BUDGET	EN	ACTUAL INCLUDING CUMBRANCES	 VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:				
Income taxes	\$ 3,385,300	\$	3,400,000	\$ 14,700
Intergovernmental	35,164		35,164	-
Miscellaneous	 333,250		513,838	 180,588
Total revenue	 3,753,714		3,949,002	 195,288
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest	 5,803,148 258,295 34,701		4,571,566 258,295 34,701	 1,231,582 - - 1,231,582
Total expenditures	 6,096,144		4,864,562	 1,231,302
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,342,430)		(915,560)	\$ 1,426,870
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	1,855,354		1,855,354	
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	 494,749		494,749	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 7,673	\$	1,434,543	

		ONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE		NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE	(ONMAJOR CAPITAL ROJECTS	-	IONMAJOR ERMANENT	-	TOTAL IONMAJOR /ERNMENTAL
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles) Due from other funds Due from other governments Inventory Notes receivable (net of allowances for uncollectibles) Assets held for resale	\$	13,444,024 5,087,588 874,289 2,115,473 397,029 13,516,953 557,523	\$	596,908 303,994 - - - -	\$	666,510 1,353 3,513 1,368,502 - -	\$	787,749 3,272 - - - -	\$	15,495,191 5,396,207 877,802 3,483,975 397,029 13,516,953 557,523
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	35,992,879	\$	900,902	\$	2,039,878	\$	791,021	\$	39,724,680
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Property taxes levied for next year Unavailable revenue	\$	455,533 433,453 1,073,697 1,962,683 3,022,338 2,936,932	\$	- 582,236 582,236 - 303,995	\$	1,172,724 - 500,910 1,673,634 - 359,061	\$		\$	1,628,257 433,453 2,156,843 4,218,553 3,022,338 3,600,702
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,959,270	_	303,995		359,061	_	714		6,623,040
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances		397,029 25,731,658 2,017,381 (75,142) 28,070,926		- 596,908 - (582,237) 14,671		- 577,314 - (570,131) 7,183		386,953 403,354 - - 790,307		783,982 27,309,234 2,017,381 (1,227,510) 28,883,087
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	¢	25 000 070	¢	000 000	¢	0.000.070	¢	704 004	¢	20 704 000
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	35,992,879	\$	900,902	\$	2,039,878	\$	791,021	\$	39,724,680

	NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE	NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE	NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS	NONMAJOR PERMANENT	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$ 2,454,289	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,454,289
Hotel / motel taxes	976,103	-	-	-	976,103
State-levied shared taxes	2,704,767	-	-	-	2,704,767
Intergovernmental	4,604,987	-	3,996,897	-	8,601,884
Charges for services	2,594,056	-	-	-	2,594,056
Fees, licenses and permits	31,060	-	-	-	31,060
Investment earnings	52,682	-	840	25,446	78,968
Fines and forfeitures	600,085	-	14,479	-	614,564
Special assessments	28,876	90,078	73,348	-	192,302
Miscellaneous	1,677,050	38,218	9,057		1,724,325
Total revenue	15,723,955	128,296	4,094,621	25,446	19,972,318
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
	2,206,364	147			2,206,511
General government	7,102,942		-	-	, ,
Public safety Health	159,137		-	-	7,102,942 159,137
Recreation	7,565	-	-	- 25,850	33,415
	,	-	-	25,650	2,325,250
Community development Public works	2,325,250 359,507	-	-	-	2,325,250 359,507
		-	-	-	
Highway and street	3,652,460	-	-	-	3,652,460
Capital outlay Debt service:	708,778	147	4,072,276	-	4,781,201
		105 000			105 000
Principal Interest	-	195,000	- 4,229	-	195,000
Total expenditures	16,522,003	82,396 277,690	4,229	25,850	<u> </u>
			.,		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(798,048) (149,394)	18,116	(404)) (929,730)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from the sale of assets	442,025	-	-	-	442,025
Transfers in	2,078,426	291,234	295,175	-	2,664,835
Transfers out	(593,564) (295,175)	(493,853)	-	(1,382,592)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,926,887	(3,941)	(198,678)	-	1,724,268
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,128,839	(153,335)	(180,562)	(404)) 794,538
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING*	26,942,087	168,006	187,745	790,711	28,088,549
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 28,070,926	\$ 14,671	\$ 7,183	\$ 790,307	<u>\$ 28,883,087</u>

					SPECIAL REV	/EN	IUE FUNDS		
	Dev	mmunity velopment ck Grants		Justice Assistance Grants	 Micro Loan		Safety Services	 Community Activities	 FEMA Grant
ASSETS:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	245,100	\$	-	\$ 77,994	\$	758,813	\$ 65,262	\$ 846
Receivables (net of allowances for		004.050			136		964		
uncollectibles) Due from other funds		291,958 31,178		-	136		964	-	-
Due from other governments		98,634		-	-		7,775	-	-
Inventory				-	-		-	-	-
Notes receivable (net of allowances									
for uncollectibles)		-		-	2,209		-	-	-
Assets held for resale		1,344	_	-	 	_	-	 -	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	668,214	\$		\$ 80,339	\$	767,552	\$ 65,262	\$ 846
LIABILITIES:									
Accounts payable	\$	21,900	\$	-	\$ -	\$	88	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued liabilities		15,457		-	-		-	-	-
Due to other funds		187,554		-	 -	_	27,921	 -	 -
Total liabilities		224,911		-	 -	_	28,009	 -	 -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:									
Property taxes levied for next year		-		-	-		-	-	-
Unavailable revenue		285,042		-	 -	_	1,860	 -	 846
Total deferred inflows of resources		285,042		-	 -	_	1,860	 -	 846
FUND BALANCES:									
Nonspendable		-		-	-		-	-	-
Restricted		158,261		-	80,339		737,683	65,262	-
Committed		-		-	-		-	-	-
Unassigned		-			 -		-	 -	
Total fund balances		158,261		-	 80,339	-	737,683	 65,262	 -
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS									
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	668,214	\$	-	\$ 80,339	\$	767,552	\$ 65,262	\$ 846

•

					SPECIAL REV	/EN	IUE FUNDS				
	 LEAD Grants		Municipal Court		Moving Ohio Forward		Street Maintenance		State Highway Improvement		Municipal Road mprovement
ASSETS:											
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	\$ 193,978	\$	2,041,320 30,992	\$	5,093	\$	1,705,397 7,069	\$	-	\$	-
Due from other funds	-				-		-		-		-
Due from other governments Inventory	-		-		-		1,111,848 397,029		90,150		297,500
Notes receivable (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	2,723,646		-		-		-		-		-
Assets held for resale	 -		-		-				-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,917,624	\$	2,072,312	\$	5,093	\$	3,221,343	\$	90,150	\$	297,500
LIABILITIES:											
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 266	\$	22,269	\$	-	\$	18,175 40,815 34,965	\$	-	\$	-
Total liabilities	 266		22,269	_	-	_	93,955	_	-	_	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Property taxes levied for next year	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue	 -		2,106		-		712,190		57,546		204,055
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -	_	2,106	_	-	_	712,190	_	57,546	_	204,055
FUND BALANCES:											
Nonspendable	-		-		-		397,029		-		-
Restricted	2,917,358		2,047,937		5,093		2,018,169		32,604		93,445
Committed Unassigned					-		-		-		-
Total fund balances	 2,917,358		2,047,937		5,093	_	2,415,198	_	32,604	_	93,445
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS											
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,917,624	\$	2,072,312	\$	5,093	\$	3,221,343	\$	90,150	\$	297,500

continued	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS											
		igent Drivers Alcohol Freatment		Police and Fire Pension	[Economic Development Incentive		Probation Fee		Hotel-Motel Excise Tax		Right of Way Fee
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	556,726	¢		\$	1,974,908	¢	171.159	¢	60,619	¢	300
Receivables (net of allowances for	Ψ	550,720	ψ	-	Ψ	1,374,300	ψ	171,139	Ψ	00,019	ψ	300
uncollectibles)		5,290		618,171		47,500		5,630		515,000		-
Due from other funds		-		-		35,208		-		-		-
Due from other governments Inventory		-		51,615		-		-		-		-
Notes receivable (net of allowances												
for uncollectibles)		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assets held for resale				-		-						
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	562,016	\$	669,786	\$	2,057,616	\$	176,789	\$	575,619	\$	300
LIABILITIES:	•		•	44.500	•	00.074	^		•	00.000	•	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	14,592	\$	23,974 7,301	\$	398 7.748	\$	30,882	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		682,983		1,661		29,736		-
Total liabilities		-		14,592		714,258		9,807	_	60,618		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:												
Property taxes levied for next year		-		503,723		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue		-		153,936		47,500				451,024		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		657,659		47,500		-		451,024		-
FUND BALANCES:												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		562,016		-		-		166,982		63,977		300
Committed		-		-		1,295,858		-		-		-
Unassigned		-	_	(2,465)		-		-	_	-		-
Total fund balances		562,016		(2,465)		1,295,858		166,982	-	63,977		300
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS												
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	562,016	\$	669,786	\$	2,057,616	\$	176,789	\$	575,619	\$	300
											-	

continued						SPECIAL REV	'EN	NUE FUNDS				
		Probation Home Monitoring		Special Police Levy		Fire Division Service Enhancement		Community Corrections Act		Continuum of Care		FTA Bus Grant
ASSETS:	•		•	500 (75	•	504 000	•		•		•	
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for	\$	144,692	\$	529,175	\$	531,003	\$	14,431	\$	-	\$	-
uncollectibles)		500		3,093,047		424,077		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		15,601		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		258,075		-		-		10,828		98,549
Inventory Notes receivable (net of allowances		-		-		-		-		-		-
for uncollectibles)		-		-		_		-		_		-
Assets held for resale		-		-		-		-		-		-
							_		_			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	145,192	\$	3,895,898	\$	955,080	\$	14,431	\$	10,828	\$	98,549
LIABILITIES:												
Accounts payable	\$	1,751	\$	74,779	\$	34,444	\$	2,642	\$	10,828	\$	98,549
Accrued liabilities		-		278,959		83,173		-		-		-
Due to other funds	-	12,357		20,035	_	34,307	_	-	_	-		-
Total liabilities		14,108		373,773		151,924	_	2,642	_	10,828		98,549
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:												
Property taxes levied for next year Unavailable revenue		-		2,518,615		-		-		-		-
		-		781,800		98,442	_	11,789	-			72,677
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		3,300,415		98,442		11,789	—			72,677
FUND BALANCES:												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		131,084		221,710		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		-		704,714		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-	_	-	_	-		(72,677)
Total fund balances		131,084		221,710		704,714		-	-	-		(72,677)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS												
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	145,192	\$	3,895,898	\$	955,080	\$	14,431	\$	10,828	\$	98,549

continuea					SPECIAL REV	/EN	UE FUNDS				
	Urban Development Tax Increment	-	Prosecutor Law prcement	. <u></u>	HOME Program		Emergency Solutions		Revolving Loan		eighborhood Stabilization Program
ASSETS:	\$-	\$	2,886	¢	156,909	¢	6,000	¢	364,711	¢	460,917
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for	Ф -	Φ	2,000	Φ	156,909	Φ	6,000	Φ	304,711	Φ	400,917
uncollectibles)	-		-		-		-		7,905		30,321
Due from other funds Due from other governments	-		-		- 27,076		- 26,041		-		-
Inventory	-		-				- 20,041		-		
Notes receivable (net of allowances											
for uncollectibles) Assets held for resale	-		-		7,005,555		-		533,968		2,335,102 556,179
Assets held for resale		·			-		-		-		550,179
TOTAL ASSETS	<u></u> -	\$	2,886	\$	7,189,540	\$	32,041	\$	906,584	\$	3,382,519
LIABILITIES:											
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	14,229	\$	26,041	\$	235	\$	4,131
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	-		-		- 36,178		- 6,000		-		-
Total liabilities			-	_	50,407	_	32,041		235		4,131
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:											
Property taxes levied for next year	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue			-		-		-		388		30,320
Total deferred inflows of resources			-		-		-		388		30,320
FUND BALANCES:											
Nonspendable	-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted	-		2,886		7,139,133		-		905,961		3,348,068
Committed	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned Total fund balances			2,886		7,139,133				905,961		3,348,068
		·	2,000		.,						0,010,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS											
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ -	\$	2,886	\$	7,189,540	\$	32,041	\$	906,584	\$	3,382,519

continued	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS										
	Memorial Tree Replacement		Special Revenue Trusts	D	Community evelopment ehabilitation		Brownfield olving Loan		CD CIC Development Evolving Loan		Local Bus Funds
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ -	\$	1,275,249	¢	230,827	¢	58,268	¢	1,645,412	¢	126,562
Receivables (net of allowances for	φ -	φ	1,275,249	φ	,	φ	56,200	φ		φ	120,302
uncollectibles)	-		-		945		-		8,028		-
Due from other funds Due from other governments	-		-		111,000		681,302				-
Inventory	-		_		_				_		-
Notes receivable (net of allowances											
for uncollectibles)	-		-		824,208		-		92,265		-
Assets held for resale	-	· —			-				-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ -	\$	1,275,249	\$	1,166,980	\$	739,570	\$	1,745,705	\$	126,562
LIABILITIES:											
Accounts payable	\$-	\$	-	\$	1,378	\$	-	\$	16,600	\$	-
Accrued liabilities	-		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		· —	-								-
Total liabilities		·			1,378				16,600		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:											
Property taxes levied for next year	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue Total deferred inflows of resources		·	-		328 328				2,370		-
Total deterred inflows of resources		· —			328				2,370		-
FUND BALANCES:											
Nonspendable	-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted Committed	-		1,275,249		1,165,274		739,570		1,726,735		126,562
Unassigned	-		-		-				-		-
Total fund balances			1,275,249		1,165,274		739,570		1,726,735	_	126,562
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS											
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ -	\$	1,275,249	\$	1,166,980	\$	739,570	\$	1,745,705	\$	126,562

	 SPE	CIA	L REVENUE FU	ND	S				DEBT SERV		ICE FUNDS	
	 Special Street Openings		OTPPP Bus Grant*		ODOT Bus Grant*		TOTAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE		Unvoted Bond Retirement	R	Urban edevelopment Reserve	
ASSETS:												
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 16,779	\$	-	\$	22,688	\$	13,444,024	\$	10,908	\$	586,000	
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	55						5,087,588		_			
Due from other funds	-		-		-		874,289		-		-	
Due from other governments	-		37,382		-		2,115,473		-		-	
Inventory	-		-		-		397,029		-		-	
Notes receivable (net of allowances												
for uncollectibles)	-		-		-		13,516,953		-		-	
Assets held for resale	 -		-	_	-	-	557,523	-		_	-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 16,834	\$	37,382	\$	22,688	\$	35,992,879	\$	10,908	\$	586,000	
LIABILITIES:												
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	37,382	\$	-	\$	455,533	\$	-	\$	-	
Accrued liabilities	-		-		-		433,453		-		-	
Due to other funds	 -		-	_	-	_	1,073,697	_			-	
Total liabilities	 -		37,382	_	<u> </u>	-	1,962,683	_	-		-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:												
Property taxes levied for next year	-		-		-		3,022,338		-		-	
Unavailable revenue	 25		-		22,688	_	2,936,932		-			
Total deferred inflows of resources	 25		-	_	22,688	-	5,959,270	-	<u> </u>			
FUND BALANCES:												
Nonspendable	-		-		-		397,029		-		-	
Restricted	-		-		-		25,731,658		10,908		586,000	
Committed Unassigned	16,809		-		-		2,017,381 (75,142)		-		-	
Total fund balances	 16,809					-	28,070,926		10,908		586,000	
	 10,809		-			-	20,070,920	_	10,906		300,000	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS												
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 16,834	\$	37,382	\$	22,688	\$	35,992,879	\$	10,908	\$	586,000	

* - Effective January 1, 2017, these funds were reclassed from Capital Projects Funds to Special Revenue Funds.

continued					CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS							
	As	Special sessment Debt etirement		TOTAL NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE		Special Capital Projects		Ohio Public Works Commission	М	lunicipal Court Future Facilities		Sidewalk, Curb, and Gutter
ASSETS:	<u>^</u>		•	500.000	•			•	•	570.005	•	00.475
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for	\$	-	\$	596,908	\$	-	9	-	\$	576,335	\$	90,175
uncollectibles)		303,994		303,994		-		-		979		374
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		3,513
Due from other governments Inventory		-		-		-		1,368,502		-		-
Notes receivable (net of allowances		-		-		-		-		-		-
for uncollectibles)		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assets held for resale		-		-		-	_		_			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	303,994	\$	900,902	\$	-	9	\$ 1,368,502	\$	577,314	\$	94,062
LIABILITIES:												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,600	9	\$ 1,136,214	\$	-	\$	33,910
Accrued liabilities		-				-		-		-		
Due to other funds		582,236		582,236			-	234,244	_	-		266,666
Total liabilities		582,236		582,236		2,600	-	1,370,458		-		300,576
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:												
Property taxes levied for next year		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue		303,995		303,995			-	358,931	_			130
Total deferred inflows of resources		303,995		303,995		-	-	358,931		-		130
FUND BALANCES:												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		596,908		-		-		577,314		-
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		(582,237)		(582,237)		(2,600)		(360,887)		-		(206,644)
Total fund balances		(582,237)		14,671		(2,600)	-	(360,887)		577,314		(206,644)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS												
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	303,994	\$	900,902	\$	-	ç	\$ 1,368,502	\$	577,314	\$	94,062

continued				PERMANENT FUNDS							
	Recreational Facility Bond Construction		TOTAL IONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS	т	City Fricentennial Trust		Ben Goldman Trust		Snyder Park Endowment		Clara B. McKinney Trust
ASSETS:	<u>_</u>	•	000 510	•	101	•	50.005	^	011.007	•	400.000
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for	\$ -	\$	666,510	\$	431	\$	52,385	\$	614,297	\$	120,636
uncollectibles)	-		1,353		-		217		2,555		500
Due from other funds	-		3,513		-						-
Due from other governments	-		1,368,502		-		-		-		-
Inventory	-		-		-		-		-		-
Notes receivable (net of allowances											
for uncollectibles)	-		-		-		-		-		-
Assets held for resale	-	·	-		-		-	_	-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u> -	\$	2,039,878	\$	431	\$	52,602	\$	616,852	\$	121,136
LIABILITIES:	¢	\$	4 470 704	¢		¢		\$		¢	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$-	Ф	1,172,724	Ф	-	\$	-	Ф	-	\$	-
Due to other funds	-		500,910						-		-
Total liabilities		·	1,673,634			-		-			
		·	1,010,001			_					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:											
Property taxes levied for next year	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue			359,061		-	_	75		465		174
Total deferred inflows of resources		·	359,061		-		75		465		174
FUND BALANCES:											
Nonspendable	-		-		100		51,772		215,859		119,222
Restricted	-		577,314		331		755		400,528		1,740
Committed	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned			(570,131)		-		-	_	-		-
Total fund balances		·	7,183		431		52,527		616,387		120,962
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS											
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$-	\$	2,039,878	\$	431	\$	52,602	\$	616,852	\$	121,136
				-		_		_			-

concluded

	PEF	FOTAL RMANENT FUNDS		TOTAL IONMAJOR /ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS:	¢	707 740	•	45 405 404
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for	\$	787,749	\$	15,495,191
uncollectibles)		3,272		5,396,207
Due from other funds		-		877,802
Due from other governments		-		3,483,975
Inventory		-		397,029
Notes receivable (net of allowances				
for uncollectibles)		-		13,516,953
Assets held for resale		<u> </u>		557,523
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	791,021	\$	39,724,680
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,628,257
Accrued liabilities		-		433,453
Due to other funds		-		2,156,843
Total liabilities		-		4,218,553
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Property taxes levied for next year		-		3,022,338
Unavailable revenue		714		3,600,702
Total deferred inflows of resources		714		6,623,040
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable		386,953		783,982
Restricted		403,354		27,309,234
Committed		-		2,017,381
Unassigned				(1,227,510)
Total fund balances		790,307		28,883,087
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	791,021	\$	39,724,680

Community Development Block Grants Justice Assistance Grants Micro Loan Safety Services Community Activities FE Property taxes \$		
Property taxes \$		
Hotel / motel taxes -		
State-levied shared taxes - - - <th -<<="" td=""><td>-</td></th>	<td>-</td>	-
Intergovernmental 1,754,047 21,306 - 74,847 - Charges for services -	-	
Charges for services -	-	
Fees, licenses and permits -	-	
Investment earnings - - 2,037 - Fines and forfeitures 4,368 - 111,407 - Special assessments 28,876 - 111,407 - Miscellaneous 7,512 - 125 17,790 6,360 Total revenue 1,794,803 21,306 125 206,081 6,360 EXPENDITURES: - - - - - General government 40,105 - - - - Public safety 45,138 - 157,283 6,206 - Recreation - - - - - - Public works 1,554,428 - 125 - -	-	
Fines and forfeitures 4,368 - - 111,407 - Special assessments 28,876 - - - - Miscellaneous 7,512 - 125 17,790 6,360 Total revenue 1,794,803 21,306 125 206,081 6,360 EXPENDITURES: Current: Ceneral government 40,105 - - - - Public safety 45,138 - - 157,283 6,206 Health - - - - - Community development 1,554,428 - 125 - - Public works - - - - - -	-	
Special assessments 28,876 - <td>-</td>	-	
Miscellaneous 7,512 - 125 17,790 6,360 Total revenue 1,794,803 21,306 125 206,081 6,360 EXPENDITURES: Current: General government 40,105 - <th< td=""><td>-</td></th<>	-	
Total revenue 1,794,803 21,306 125 206,081 6,360 EXPENDITURES: Current: General government 40,105 - - - - Public safety 45,138 - - 157,283 6,206 Health - - - - - Recreation - - - - Public works 1,554,428 - 125 -	-	
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government 40,105 Public safety 45,138 Health - Recreation - Community development 1,554,428 Public works -	-	
Current:General government40,105Public safety45,138-157,2836,206HealthRecreationCommunity development1,554,428125Public works		
General government40,105Public safety45,138157,2836,206HealthRecreationCommunity development1,554,428-125Public works		
Public safety 45,138 - - 157,283 6,206 Health -		
HealthRecreationCommunity development1,554,428-125-Public works	-	
Recreation - - - - - Community development 1,554,428 - 125 - - Public works - - - - -	-	
Community development1,554,428-125Public works	-	
Public works	-	
	-	
Highway and street	-	
	-	
Capital outlay 2,500 284,082 1,500	-	
Debt service:		
Principal	-	
Interest	-	
Total expenditures 1,642,171 - 125 441,365 7,706	<u> </u>	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 152,632 21,306 - (235,284) (1,346)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from the sale of assets		
Transfers in	-	
Transfers out (156,344)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 152,632 21,306 - (235,284) (157,690)	-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING 5,629 (21,306) 80,339 972,967 222,952		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING <u>\$ 158,261</u> <u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ 80,339</u> <u>\$ 737,683</u> <u>\$ 65,262</u> <u>\$</u>	-	

continued			SPECIAL RE	VENUE FUNDS		
	LEAD Grants	Municipal Court	Moving Ohio Forward	Street Maintenance	State Highway Improvement	Municipal Road Improvement
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-
Hotel / motel taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
State-levied shared taxes	-	-	-	1,953,537	158,395	592,835
Intergovernmental	-	11,359	-	- 206,568	-	-
Charges for services Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	200,500	-	-
Investment earnings	-	15,068	-	14,462	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	370,735	-	14,402	-	-
Special assessments		570,755				
Miscellaneous	530	2,923	-	781,454		-
Total revenue	530	400,085		2,956,021	158,395	592,835
Total revenue	530	400,085		2,950,021	100,395	592,655
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
General government	-	51,149	-	40,000	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	815,624	-	-
Health	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community development	48,978	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	359,507	-	-
Highway and street	-	-	-	1,342,170	153,961	591,286
Capital outlay	-	267,701	-	-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-					
Total expenditures	48,978	318,850		2,557,301	153,961	591,286
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(48,448)) 81,235		398,720	4,434	1,549
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from the sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(48,448)) 81,235	-	398,720	4,434	1,549
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	2,965,806	1,966,702	5,093	2,016,478	28,170	91,896
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 2,917,358	\$ 2,047,937	\$ 5,093	\$ 2,415,198	\$ 32,604	\$ 93,445

continued			SPECIAL REV	/ENUE FUNDS		
	Indigent Drivers Alcohol Treatment	Police and Fire Pension	Economic Development Incentive	Probation Fee	Hotel-Motel Excise Tax	Right of Way Fee
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 409,056	\$-	\$ -		\$ -
Hotel / motel taxes	-	-	-	-	976,103	-
State-levied shared taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	52,262	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	74,750	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	- (1 1 4 4)	-	-	31,060
Investment earnings	-	-	(1,144)	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures Special assessments	112,363	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	430,969	- 1,458	-	-
					-	-
Total revenue	112,363	461,318	429,825	76,208	976,103	31,060
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government			481,642	78,282	967,762	
Public safety	-	201,316	401,042	10,202	907,702	-
Health	26,048	201,310				
Recreation	20,040					
Community development	_		-	-	-	-
Public works	_					
Highway and street	-	-	-	-	-	33,085
Capital outlay	-	-	3,152	-	-	-
Debt service:			0,102			
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	26,048	201,316	484,794	78,282	967,762	33,085
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	86,315	260,002	(54,969)	(2,074)	8,341	(2,025)
	00,010	200,002	(01,000)	(2,014)	0,011	(2,020)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from the sale of assets	-	-		-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	78,426	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	(260,205)	(162,015)	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(260,205)	(83,589)			
		(200,200)	(00,000)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	86,315	(203)	(138,558)	(2,074)	8,341	(2,025)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	475,701	(2,262)	1,434,416	169,056	55,636	2,325
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 562,016	\$ (2,465)	\$ 1,295,858	<u>\$ 166,982</u>	\$ 63,977	<u>\$ 300</u>

continued					SPECIAL REV	VENUE FUNDS			
		obation Home onitoring	Special Police Levy		Fire Division Service Enhancement	Community Corrections Act	Continuum of Care		FTA Bus Grant
REVENUES:									
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ 2,045,	233	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$	-
Hotel / motel taxes		-		-	-	-	-		-
State-levied shared taxes		-		-	-	-	-		-
Intergovernmental		-	249,	950	-	190,036	134,514		660,342
Charges for services		35,062		-	2,262,422	-	-		-
Fees, licenses and permits		-	0	-	-	-	-		-
Investment earnings Fines and forfeitures		-	Ζ,	385	-	-	-		-
Special assessments		-		-	-	-	-		-
Miscellaneous		-	20	- 870	- 22,157	-	-		-
		-		_		400.020	404.544		-
Total revenue		35,062	2,326,	438	2,284,579	190,036	134,514		660,342
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government		35,724		-	-	182,785	-		-
Public safety			3,040,	688	2,824,759		-		-
Health		-	-,,	-	-	-	-		-
Recreation		-		-	-	-	-		-
Community development		-		-	-	-	134,514		-
Public works		-		-	-	-	-		-
Highway and street		-		-	-	-	-		806,153
Capital outlay		-		58	2	7,251	-		1,869
Debt service:									
Principal		-		-	-	-	-		-
Interest		-		-					-
Total expenditures		35,724	3,040,	746	2,824,761	190,036	134,514		808,022
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(662)	(714,	2001	(540,182)	\			(147,680)
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITORES		(002)	(7.14,	308)	(340,182)				(147,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Proceeds from the sale of assets		-		-	-	-	-		-
Transfers in		-	1,000,	000	800,000	-	-		-
Transfers out		-	,,	-	(15,000)) -	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	1,000,	000	785,000				-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(662)	285,	692	244,818	-	-		(147,680)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		131,746	(63,	<u>982</u>)	459,896				75,003
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	131,084	\$ 221,	710	\$ 704,714	\$-	\$ -	\$	(72,677)
I OND DALANCE - ENDING	Ψ	131,004	ψ 221,	110	φ /04,/14	Ψ	Ψ -	Ψ	(12,011)

continued	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
	Urban Development Tax Increment	City Prosecutor Law Enforcement	HOME Program	Emergency Solutions	EDA Revolving Loan	Neighborhood Stabilization Program			
REVENUES:									
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-			
Hotel / motel taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-			
State-levied shared taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Intergovernmental	-	-	585,608	133,089	1,411	-			
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Investment earnings	6	-	-	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeitures	-	1,212	-	-	-	-			
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous			72,032		25,898	15,839			
Total revenue	6	1,212	657,640	133,089	27,309	15,839			
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Health	-	-	-	133,089	-	-			
Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Community development	-	-	421,756	-	14,454	79,421			
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Highway and street	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	6,856			
Debt service:									
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Total expenditures	-		421,756	133,089	14,454	86,277			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					10.055	(70, 100)			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	6	1,212	235,884		12,855	(70,438)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Proceeds from the sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-	-	-	-			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	6	1,212	235,884	-	12,855	(70,438)			
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(6)	1,674	6,903,249		893,106	3,418,506			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	\$ 2,886	<u>\$</u> 7,139,133	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 905,961	\$ 3,348,068			

continued	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
	Memorial Tree Replacement	I	Special Revenue Trusts	Community Development Rehabilitation	EPA Brownfield Revolving Loan	CD CIC Development Revolving Loan	Local Bus Funds		
REVENUES:									
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-		
Hotel / motel taxes	-		-	-	-	-	-		
State-levied shared taxes	-		-	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	-		-	-	-	-	16,341		
Charges for services	-		-	-	-	-	-		
Fees, licenses and permits	-		-	-	-	-	-		
Investment earnings	-		-	851	-	19,017	-		
Fines and forfeitures	-		-	-	-	-	-		
Special assessments				-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	280		102,642	14,439		4,104	123,833		
Total revenue	280		102,642	15,290		23,121	140,174		
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government	-		126,783	-	-	-	202,132		
Public safety	-		11,928	-	-	-	-		
Health	-		-	-	-	-	-		
Recreation	280		7,285	-	-	-	-		
Community development	-		-	52,993	-	18,581	-		
Public works	-		-	-	-	-	-		
Highway and street	-		-	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	-		42,766	-	-	-	13,505		
Debt service:									
Principal	-		-	-	-	-	-		
Interest	-		-	-	-	-	-		
Total expenditures	280		188,762	52,993		18,581	215,637		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-		(86,120)	(37,703)	-	4,540	(75,463)		
			(00,120)	(01,100)	·	1,010	(10,100)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Proceeds from the sale of assets	-		440,000	-	-	-	2,025		
Transfers in	-		-	-	-	-	200,000		
Transfers out	-		-	-	-	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		440,000	-	-	-	202,025		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		353,880	(37,703)) -	4,540	126,562		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING			921,369	1,202,977	739,570	1,722,195			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	\$	1,275,249	\$ 1,165,274	\$ 739,570	\$ 1,726,735	\$ 126,562		

continued

continued	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				DEBT SERVICE FUNDS		
	Special Street Openings	OTPPP Bus Grant*	ODOT Bus Grant*	TOTAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE	Unvoted Bond Retirement	Urban Redevelopment Reserve	
REVENUES:							
Property taxes	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,454,289	\$ -	\$-	
Hotel / motel taxes	-	-	-	976,103	-	-	
State-levied shared taxes	-	-		2,704,767	-	-	
Intergovernmental	-	637,991	81,884	4,604,987	-	-	
Charges for services	15,254	-	-	2,594,056	-	-	
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	31,060	-	-	
Investment earnings	-	-	-	52,682	-	-	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	600,085	-	-	
Special assessments	-	-	-	28,876	-	-	
Miscellaneous			17,835	1,677,050	38,218		
Total revenue	15,254	637,991	99,719	15,723,955	38,218		
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	2,206,364	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	7,102,942	-	-	
Health	-	-	-	159,137	-	-	
Recreation	-	-	-	7,565	-	-	
Community development	-	-	-	2,325,250	-	-	
Public works	-	-	-	359,507	-	-	
Highway and street	58,139	567,947	99,719	3,652,460	-	-	
Capital outlay	-	77,536	-	708,778	-	-	
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	-	-	195,000	-	
Interest	-	-	-	-	62,990	-	
Total expenditures	58,139	645,483	99,719	16,522,003	257,990		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(42,885)	(7,492)		(798,048)	(219,772)	-	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from the sale of assets	-	-	-	442,025	-	-	
Transfers in	-	-	-	2,078,426	230,680	-	
Transfers out				(593,564)			
Total other financing sources (uses)				1,926,887	230,680		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(42,885)	(7,492)	-	1,128,839	10,908	-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	59,694	7,492		26,942,087		586,000	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 16,809	\$	\$	\$ 28,070,926	\$ 10,908	\$ 586,000	

* - Effective January 1, 2017, these funds were reclassed from Capital Projects Funds to Special Revenue Funds.

continued				CAPITAL PRO	JECTS FUNDS	
	Special Assessment Debt Retirement	TOTAL NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE	Special Capital Projects	Ohio Public Works Commission	Municipal Court Future Facilities	Sidewalk, Curb, and Gutter
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-
Hotel / motel taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
State-levied shared taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	501,109	3,495,788	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	-	814
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	14,479	-
Special assessments	90,078	90,078	-	-	-	73,348
Miscellaneous		38,218				5,899
Total revenue	90,078	128,296	501,109	3,495,788	14,479	80,061
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	147	147	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-
Highway and street	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	147	147	82,688	3,756,670	-	232,918
Debt service:						
Principal	-	195,000	-	-	-	-
Interest	19,406	82,396		-		2,394
Total expenditures	19,700	277,690	82,688	3,756,670		235,312
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	70,378	(149,394)	418,421	(260,882)	14,479	(155,251)
OTHER EINANCING SOURCES (USES).						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from the sale of assets						
Transfers in	- 60,554	- 291,234	-	-	-	- 295,175
Transfers out		(295,175)	- (492,500)	-	-	295,175
	(295,175)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(234,621)	(3,941)	(492,500)			295,175
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(164,243)	(153,335)	(74,079)	(260,882)	14,479	139,924
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(417,994)	168,006	71,479	(100,005)	562,835	(346,568)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ (582,237)</u>	\$ 14,671	<u>\$ (2,600)</u>	\$ (360,887)	<u>\$577,314</u>	\$ (206,644)

				I ERMANE	INT FUNDS	
	Recreational Facility Bond Construction	TOTAL NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS	City Tricentennial Trust	Ben Goldman Trust	Snyder Park Endowment	Clara B. McKinney Trust
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Hotel / motel taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
State-levied shared taxes	-		-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	3,996,897	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	26	840	5	617	23,398	1,426
Fines and forfeitures	-	14,479	-	-	-	-
Special assessments	-	73,348	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	3,158	9,057				
Total revenue	3,184	4,094,621	5	617	23,398	1,426
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation	-	-	-	58	25,000	792
Community development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-
Highway and street	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	4,072,276	-	-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	1,835	4,229	-			
Total expenditures	1,835	4,076,505		58	25,000	792
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,349	18,116	5	559	(1,602)	634
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from the sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	295,175	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(1,353)	(493,853)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,353)	(198,678)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(4)	(180,562)	5	559	(1,602)	634
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	4	187,745	426	51,968	617,989	120,328
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ -	\$ 7,183	\$ 431	\$ 52,527	\$ 616,387	\$ 120,962

concluded

	PERI	OTAL MANENT UNDS	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS				
REVENUES:							
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	2,454,289			
Hotel / motel taxes		-		976,103			
State-levied shared taxes		-		2,704,767			
Intergovernmental		-		8,601,884			
Charges for services		-		2,594,056			
Fees, licenses and permits		-		31,060			
Investment earnings		25,446		78,968			
Fines and forfeitures		-		614,564			
Special assessments		-		192,302			
Miscellaneous		-		1,724,325			
Total revenue		25,446		19,972,318			
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government				2 206 511			
Public safety		-		2,206,511 7,102,942			
Health		-		159,137			
Recreation		25,850		33,415			
Community development		23,030		2,325,250			
Public works		-		2,325,250			
Highway and street		-		3,652,460			
5 ,		-					
Capital outlay Debt service:		-		4,781,201			
				105 000			
Principal Interest		-		195,000			
				86,625			
Total expenditures		25,850		20,902,048			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(404)		(929,730)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from the sale of assets				442,025			
Transfers in		_		2,664,835			
Transfers out				(1,382,592)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		1,724,268			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(404)		794,538			
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		790,711		28,088,549			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	790,307	\$	28,883,087			

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Community Development Block Grants	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,704,908	\$	1,704,908	\$	-
Fines and forfeitures		4,611		4,611		-
Miscellaneous		91,932		91,932		-
Total revenue		1,801,451		1,801,451	_	-
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
General Government:		00.040		00.040		
Personal services		22,319		22,319		-
Operations and maintenance Public Safety:		17,695		17,695		-
Public Salety. Personal services		17,237		17,237		
Operations and maintenance		11,961		11,961		-
Community Development:		11,901		11,901		-
Personal services		495,604		495,604		_
Operations and maintenance		1,289,812		1,366,367		(76,555)
Capital outlay		2,500		2,500		(70,000)
Total expenditures		1,857,128		1,933,683		(76,555)
		1,007,120		1,933,003		(10,000)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(55,677)		(132,232)		(76,555)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Advances in		50,000		50,000		-
Transfers in		150,000		150,000		-
Advances out		(50,000)		(50,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		150,000		150,000		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		94,323		17,768	\$	(76,555)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		51,054		51,054		
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED		99,722		99,722		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	245,099	\$	168,544		

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Justice Assistance Grants	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	\$ 21,306	<u>\$ 21,306</u>	\$
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public Safety: Operations and maintenance	21,306	21,306	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	<u>\$</u>
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	

<u>Micro Loan</u>	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Miscellaneous	\$ 2,458	\$ 2,458	<u>\$</u> -
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community Development: Operations and maintenance	2,675	5,397	(2,722)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(217)	(2,939)	<u>\$ (2,722</u>)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	72,939 5,272	72,939 5,272	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 77,994	\$ 75,272	

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Safety Services	FINAL BUDGET	EI	ACTUAL INCLUDING NCUMBRANCES	 VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 62,323	\$	68,098	\$ 5,775
Investment earnings	1,781		1,781	-
Fines and forfeitures	67,000		111,367	44,367
Miscellaneous	 17,850	-	17,790	 (60)
Total revenue	 148,954		199,036	 50,082
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public Safety:				
Operations and maintenance	408,054		155,221	252,833
Capital outlay	288,780		284,085	4,695
Total expenditures	 696,834	_	439,306	 257,528
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(547,880)		(240,270)	\$ 307,610
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	988,134		988,134	
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	 1,921		1,921	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 442,175	\$	749,785	

Community Activities	 FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:					
Miscellaneous	\$ 6,360	\$	6,360	\$	-
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community Development: Operations and maintenance Public Safety:	7,169		6,526		643
Operations and maintenance	62,075		-		62,075
Capital outlay	252,880		252,800		80
Total expenditures	 322,124		259,326		62,798
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(315,764)		(252,966)	\$	62,798
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	 64,238 253,670		64,238 253,670		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 2,144	\$	64,942		

FEMA	ACTUAL FINAL INCLUDING BUDGET ENCUMBRANCE		LUDING	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	\$ 846	\$	846	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 846	\$	846	

LEAD Grants	FINAL BUDGET		INCLUDING W		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Miscellaneous	\$ 70,559	\$	70,559	\$	<u> </u>
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community Development: Operations and maintenance	 112,639		144,515		(31,876)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(42,080)		(73,956)	\$	(31,876)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 234,124		234,124		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 192,044	\$	160,168		

Municipal Court	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$- 9,000	\$	\$
Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous Total revenue	362,000 2,000 373,000	367,939 2,922	5,939 922 23,535
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government:			
Personal service Operations and maintenance Capital outlay	5,600 126,579 700,695	84,953 450,941	700 41,626 249,754
Total expenditures NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>832,874</u> (459,874		<u> 292,080</u> <u>\$ 315,615</u>
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	1,814,248 161,876		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 1,831,865	

Moving Ohio Forward	 FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL INCLUDING ICUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	\$ 5,093	\$	5,093	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 5,093	\$	5,093	

Street Maintenance	 FINAL BUDGET				ARIANCE ITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:					
State-levied shared taxes	\$ 1,945,000	\$	1,869,352	\$	(75,648)
Charges for services	200,000		28,480		(171,520)
Investment earnings	15,000		14,543		(457)
Miscellaneous	 773,203		787,496		14,293
Total revenue	 2,933,203		2,699,871		(233,332)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government:					
Operations and maintenance	40,000		40,000		-
Public Safety:					
Personal service	679,410		610,902		68,508
Operations and maintenance	296,719		244,562		52,157
Public Works:					
Personal service	6,100		5,547		553
Operations and maintenance	466,000		466,000		-
Highway and Street:					
Personal service	753,240		728,281		24,959
Operations and maintenance	 742,094		697,000		45,094
Total expenditures	 2,983,563		2,792,292		191,271
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(50,360)		(92,421)	\$	(42,061)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	1,180,122		1,180,122		
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	 175,596		175,596		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,305,358	\$	1,263,297		

State Highway Improvement	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: State-levied shared taxes	\$	157,703	<u>\$ 151,569</u>	\$ (6,134)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Highway and Street: Operations and maintenance		160,095	153,961	6,134
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(2,392)	(2,392)	<u>\$</u>
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		2,392	2,392	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		<u>\$</u>	

Municipal Road Improvement	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: State-levied shared taxes	\$ 591,286	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$</u>
EXPENDITURES: Current: Highway and Street: Operations and maintenance	591,286	591,286	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		\$
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	

Indigent Drivers Alcohol Treatment	FINAL BUDGET		INCLU	UAL JDING RANCES	WITH	RIANCE I FINAL DGET
REVENUES: Fines and forfeitures	\$	98,000	\$	111,360	\$	13,360
EXPENDITURES: Current: Health: Operations and maintenance		149,408		148.409		999
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(51,408)		(37,049)	\$	14,359
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED		432,412 69,408		432,412 69,408		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	450,412	\$	464,771		

Police and Fire Pension	FIN BUD		INC	CTUAL LUDING IBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
REVENUES: Property taxes	\$	409,598	\$	409,599	\$	1	
Intergovernmental	T	52,275	Ť	52,262	Ŧ	(13)	
Total revenue		461,873		461,861		(12)	
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public Safety:							
Personal service		193,874		193,874		-	
Operations and maintenance		7,782		7,782		-	
Total expenditures		201,656		201,656		-	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		260,217		260,205		(12)	
OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers out	(<u>260,205</u>)		(260,205)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		12		-	\$	(12)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING							
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	12	\$				

Economic Development Incentive		FINAL INC		ACTUAL INCLUDING NCUMBRANCES		RIANCE TH FINAL UDGET
REVENUES:						
Investment earnings	\$	829	\$	829	\$	-
Miscellaneous	·	545,000		582,709		37,709
Total revenue		545,829		583,538		37,709
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government:						
Personal service		220,880		216,344		4,536
Operations and maintenance		506,627		415,622		91,005
Capital outlay		216,100		18,012		198,088
Total expenditures		943,607		649,978		293,629
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(397,778)		(66,440)		331,338
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		-		465,000		465,000
Advances out		(35,208)		(35,208)		-
Transfers out		(267,160)		(267,154)		6
Total other financing sources (uses)		(302,368)		162,638		465,006
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(700,146)		96,198	\$	796,344
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		1,667,637		1,667,637		
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED		123,074		123,074		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	1,090,565	\$	1,886,909		

Probation Fee	FINAL BUDGET	IN	ACTUAL ICLUDING UMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Charges for services	\$ 75,000	\$	73,799	\$ (1,201)
Miscellaneous	107,000		156,972	49,972
Total revenue	 182,000		230,771	 48,771
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government:				
Personal service	221,890		219,879	2,011
Operations and maintenance	17,827		16,437	1,390
Total expenditures	 239,717		236,316	 3,401
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(57,717)		(5,545)	\$ 52,172
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	174,170		174,170	
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	 1,230		1,230	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 117,683	\$	169,855	

Hotel-Motel Excise Tax	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL INCLUDING ICUMBRANCES		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Hotel / motel taxes	\$	1,000,000	\$ 967,763	\$	(32,237)
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government: Operations and maintenance		1,069,135	 976,279		<u>92,856</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(69,135)	(8,516)	\$	60,619
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		69,135	 69,135		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	_	\$ 60,619		

Right-of-Way Fee	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Fees, licenses and permits	\$ 30,760	<u>\$ 31,060</u>	<u>\$ 300</u>
EXPENDITURES: Current: Highway and Street: Operations and maintenance	33,085	33,085	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,325)	(2,025)	\$ 300
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	2,325	2,325	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 300</u>	

Probation Home Monitoring	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL INCLUDING CUMBRANCES	 VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Charges for services	\$	35,000	\$ 34,792	\$ (208)
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government: Operations and maintenance		102,299	 90,719	 11,580
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(67,299)	(55,927)	\$ 11,372
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED		105,547 42,134	 105,547 42,134	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	80,382	\$ 91,754	

Special Police Levy	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ 2,048,000	\$ 2,047,950	\$-
Intergovernmental	261,000	261,309	309
Investment earnings	5,000	5,052	52
Miscellaneous	48,870	50,348	1,478
Total revenue	2,362,870	2,364,659	1,839
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public Safety: Personal service Operations and maintenance Capital outlay Total expenditures	3,160,760 146,499 	126,188 58	363,214 20,311
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(944,447)(559,133)	385,364
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in	1,000,000	1,000,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	55,553	440,867	\$ 385,364
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	77,323	77,323	
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	7,826	7,826	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u> 140,702	\$ 526,016	

Fire Division Service Enhancement	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	^	
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 2,250,000 24,907	\$ 2,322,268 27,932	\$ 72,268 3,025
Total revenue	2,274,907	2,350,200	75,293
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public Safety:			
Personal service	2,729,150	2,474,572	254,578
Operations and maintenance	42,542	409,099	(366,557)
Total expenditures	2,771,692	2,883,671	(111,979)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(496,785)	(533,471)	(36,686)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in	800,000	800,000	<u> </u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	303,215	266,529	\$ (36,686)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	155,043 39,383	155,043 39,383	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 497,641	\$ 460,955	

Community Corrections Act	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	
Intergovernmental	<u>\$ 173,015</u>	<u>\$ 173,015</u>	<u>\$</u>
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government: Operations and maintenance	181,372	181,372	-
Capital outlay	7,251	7,251	-
Total expenditures	188,623	188,623	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(15,608)	(15,608)	<u>\$</u>
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(3,593)	()	
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	33,632	33,632	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 14,431	<u>\$ 14,431</u>	

Continuum of Care	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES		 VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	\$	136,250	\$	136,250	\$
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community Development: Operations and maintenance		136,250		269,842	 (133,592)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(133,592)	\$ (133,592)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED		(132,621) 132,621		(132,621) 132,621	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	_	\$	(133,592)	

FTA Bus Grant		FINAL BUDGET	E	ACTUAL INCLUDING NCUMBRANCES		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:	\$	==0 (0)	<u></u>		<u></u>	
Intergovernmental	<u>\$</u>	752,181	<u>\$</u>	752,181	\$	
EXPENDITURES: Current: Highway and Street:						
Operations and maintenance Capital outlay		871,951 1,869		2,360,415 1,869		(1,488,464)
Total expenditures		873,820		2,362,284		(1,488,464)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(121,639)		(1,610,103)	\$	(1,488,464)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		(1,862,741)		(1,862,741)		
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED		1,984,380	_	1,984,380		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	-	\$	(1,488,464)		

Urban Development Tax Increment	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Investment earnings	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (3)</u>	\$ (3)
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government: Operations and maintenance	1,200	1,200_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,200)	(1,203)	<u>\$ (3</u>)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	1,203	1,203	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 3	\$ -	

City Prosecutor Law Enforcement	 FINAL INCL		ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Fines and forfeitures	\$ -	\$	1,212	\$	1,212
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government: Operations and maintenance	 1,674				1,674
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,674)		1,212	\$	2,886
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 1,674		1,674		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ _	\$	2,886		

HOME Program	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$		
Total revenue	770,	/	
EXPENDITURES: Current:			
Community Development:			
Operations and maintenance	698,	427 1,064,898	(366,471)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	71,	738 (294,951) (366,689)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers in		- 218	218
Transfers out		218) (218	/
Total other financing sources (uses)		218)	218
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	71,	520 (294,951) <u>\$ (366,471</u>)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(438,	146) (438,146)
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	515,	324 515,324	-
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 148,	<u>698</u> <u>\$ (</u> 217,773)

Emergency Solutions	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES		VARIANCE WITH FINAI ES BUDGET	
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	\$ 123,637	\$	123,637	\$	-
EXPENDITURES: Current: Health:					
Operations and maintenance	 123,637		239,567		(115,930)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	 		(115,930)		(115,930)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Advances in Advances out Total other financing sources (uses)	 6,000 (6,000) -	_	6,000 (6,000) -		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		(115,930)	\$	(115,930)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	 (87,915) 93,915		(87,915) 93,915		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 6,000	\$	(109,930)		

EDA Revolving Loan		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:	^		•		¢	0.004
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	2,061	\$	2,061
		165,500		202,789		37,289
Total revenue		165,500		204,850		39,350
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community Development:						
Operations and maintenance		66,207		66,207		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		99,293		138,643	\$	39,350
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		228,493		228,493		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	327,786	\$	367,136		

Neighborhood Stabilization Program	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:			
Miscellaneous	<u>\$ 116,709</u>	<u>\$ 116,709</u>	<u>\$</u>
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community Development: Operations and maintenance	78,146	223.987	(145,841)
Capital outlay	6,856	6,856	(145,641)
Total expenditures	85,002	230,843	(145,841)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	31,707	(114,134)	<u>\$ (145,841)</u>
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	381,036	381,036	
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	46,027	46,027	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 458,770	\$ 312,929	

Memorial Tree Replacement	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING CUMBRANCES	VARIANCI WITH FINA BUDGET	L
REVENUES: Miscellaneous	\$ 280	\$ 280	\$	
EXPENDITURES: Current: Recreation: Operations and maintenance	 280	 280		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	\$	_
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 -	 <u> </u>		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 	\$ 		

Special Revenue Trusts	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:			
Miscellaneous	529,543	542,641	13,098
Total revenue	529,543	542,641	13,098
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General Government:			
Operations and maintenance	192,605	126,783	65,822
Public Safety:			
Operations and maintenance	131,475	15,455	116,020
Recreation:			
Operations and maintenance	12,167	7,284	4,883
Capital outlay	648,312	156,020	492,292
Total expenditures	984,559	305,542	679,017
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(455,016)	237,099	\$ 692,115
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	917,522	917,522	
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	7,374	7,374	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 469,880	\$ 1,161,995	

Community Development Rehabilitation	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:			
Investment earnings	\$-	\$ 1,378	\$ 1,378
Miscellaneous	83,000	97,352	14,352
Total revenue	83,000	98,730	15,730
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community Development:			
Operations and maintenance	56,010	56,010	<u> </u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	26,990	42,720	15,730
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Advances in Advances out Total other financing sources (uses)	- (56,000) (56,000)		131,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(29,010)	117,720	\$ 146,730
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	110,464 2,380	110,464 	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 83,834	\$ 230,564	

EPA Brownfield Revolving Loan		FINAL BUDGET						ACTUAL NCLUDING SUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	\$	58,268	\$	58,268					
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	58,268	\$	58,268					

CD CIC Development Revolving Loan		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL INCLUDING CUMBRANCES	WIT	RIANCE H FINAL IDGET
REVENUES: Investment earnings	\$	16,600	\$	16,600	\$	_
Miscellaneous	Ψ	33,964	Ψ	33,964	Ψ	-
Total revenue		50,564		50,564		-
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community Development: Operations and maintenance		15,147		15,147		<u> </u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		35,417		35,417	\$	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		1,624,827		1,624,827		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	1,660,244	\$	1,660,244		

Local Bus Funds		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	,	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	\$	235,500	\$ -	\$	(235,500)
Miscellaneous	Ψ		Ф 125,857	Ψ	125,857
Total revenue		235,500	125,857		(109,643)
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government:					
Operations and maintenance		202,130	302,147		(100,017)
Capital outlay		13,506	13,506		-
Total expenditures		215,636	315,653		(100,017)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		19,864	(189,796)		(209,660)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in			200,000		200,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		19,864	10,204	\$	(9,660)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		16,341	16,341		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	36,205	\$ 26,545		

Special Street Openings	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Charges for services	15,000	15,249	249
EXPENDITURES: Current: Highway and Street: Operations and maintenance	71,375	68,314	3,061
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(56,375)	(53,065)	<u>\$ 3,310</u>
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	69,844	69,844	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 13,469	\$ 16,779	

OTPPP Bus Grant		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL INCLUDING CUMBRANCES		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:	•		•		•	
Intergovernmental	\$	615,236	<u>\$</u>	615,236	<u>\$</u>	-
EXPENDITURES: Current: Highway and Street:						
Operations and maintenance		547,020		584,402		(37,382)
Capital outlay		77,536		77,536		-
Total expenditures		624,556		661,938		(37,382)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(9,320)		(46,702)	\$	(37,382)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		(16,965)		(16,965)		
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED		26,285		26,285		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	-	\$	(37,382)		

ODOT Bus Grant	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$	\$	\$ -
Total revenue	122,407	122,407	
EXPENDITURES: Current: Highway and Street: Operations and maintenance Capital outlay Total expenditures	99,719 	206,992 666,199 873,191	(107,273) (666,199) (773,472)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	22,688	(750,784)	\$ (773,472)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	(710,039) 710,039	(710,039) 710,039	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 22,688	<u>\$ (750,784)</u>	

Unvoted Bond Retirement	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Miscellaneous	\$ -	<u>\$ 38,217</u>	\$ 38,217
EXPENDITURES: Debt service: Principal Interest Total expenditures	1,830,000 	999,289	1 1
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(2,829,290)) (2,791,072)	38,218
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in	2,057,652	2,030,342	(27,310)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(771,638)) (760,730)	\$ 10,908
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	771,638	771,638	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 10,908</u>	

Urban Redevelopment Reserve	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
EXPENDITURES: Debt service: Principal	586,000		586,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(586,000)	-	\$ 586,000
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	586,000	586,000	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	\$ 586,000	

Special Assessment Bond Retirement	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:			
Special assessments	\$ 209,000	\$ 90,078	<u>\$</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General Government:			
Operations and maintenance	147	147	-
Capital outlay	147	147	-
Debt service:			
Principal	131,900	131,900	-
Interest	19,078	19,078	
Total expenditures	151,272	151,272	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	57,728	(61,194)	-
	<u>.</u>		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:			
Transfers in		60,554	60,554
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	57,728	(640)	\$ 60,554
	<u></u>	0.40	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	640	640	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 58,368	<u>\$</u> -	

Special Capital Projects	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$</u>			
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	576,209	587,587	(11,378)			
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(75,100)	(86,478)	(11,378)			
OTHER FINANCING USES: Advances out	(465,000)	(465,000)	<u> </u>			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(540,100)	(551,478)	<u>\$ (11,378)</u>			
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	28,887 511,213	28,887 511,213				
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	<u>\$ (11,378)</u>				

Ohio Public Works Commission	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING CUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	\$ 3,674,711	\$ 3,735,548	\$ 60,837
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	 4,022,436	 6,170,899	 (2,148,463)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	 (347,725)	 (2,435,351)	 (2,087,626)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Advances in	 20,493	 20,493	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(327,232)	(2,414,858)	\$ (2,087,626)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	 (1,522,345) 1,788,740	 (1,522,345) 1,788,740	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ (60,837)	\$ (2,148,463)	

Municipal Court Future Facilities	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Fines and forfeitures	\$ 15,000	<u>\$ 14,323</u>	<u>\$ (677</u>)
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government: Operations and maintenance	10,000		10,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	5,000	14,323	\$ 9,323
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	562,012	562,012	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 567,012	<u> </u>	

City Tricentennial Trust	FINAL BUDGET	E	ACTUAL INCLUDING NCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
REVENUES: Investment earnings	\$	5 \$	5	\$		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		5	5	\$		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	4	26	426			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u> 4	<u>31 \$</u>	431			

<u>Ben Goldman Trust</u>	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING CUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
REVENUES: Investment earnings	\$ 400	\$ 533	\$	133	
EXPENDITURES: Current: Recreation: Operations and maintenance	 1,202	 255		947	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(802)	278	\$	1,080	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES APPROPRIATED	 52,379 200	 52,379 200			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 51,777	\$ 52,857			

Snyder Park Endowment	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
REVENUES: Investment earnings	\$ 30,000	<u>\$ 23,502</u>	<u>\$ (6,498)</u>		
EXPENDITURES: Current: Recreation: Operations and maintenance	25,000	25,000			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	5,000	(1,498)	\$ (6,498)		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	618,406	618,406			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 623,406	\$ 616,908			

Clara B. McKinney Trust	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL INCLUDING ENCUMBRANCES	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:			
Investment earnings	\$ 1,200	<u>\$ 1,232</u>	<u>\$ 32</u>
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public Works:			
Operations and maintenance Recreation:	1,630	792	838
Operations and maintenance	1,630		1,630
Total expenditures	3,260	792	2,468
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,060)	440	\$ 2,500
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	121,283	121,283	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 119,223	\$ 121,723	

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	CENTRAL STORES	CITY SERVICE FACILITY	WORKERS' COMPENSATION RETROSPECTIVE		RISK MANAGEMENT	HEALTH CARE INSURANCE	TOTAL INTERNAL SERVICE
ASSETS:							
Current assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 391,556	\$ 159,229	\$ 78,738	\$ 247,767	\$-	\$ 86,083	\$ 963,373
Receivables (net of allowances							
for uncollectibles)	353	-	27,058	1,027	-	-	28,438
Due from other funds	41,043	-	319,840	-	-	-	360,883
Inventory	214,223						214,223
Total current assets	647,175	159,229	425,636	248,794		86,083	1,566,917
Capital assets:							
Land and construction in progress	-	352,110	-	-	-	-	352,110
Depreciable capital assets, net of							
accumulated depreciation	-	4,181,781	-	-	-	-	4,181,781
Total capital assets	-	4,533,891	-	-	-	-	4,533,891
Total assets	647,175	4,693,120	425,636	248,794		86,083	6,100,808
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Pension	16,789	175,727				-	192,516
Total deferred outflows of resources	16,789	175,727					192,516
LIABILITIES: Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	41,176	10,509	-	-	-	-	51,685
Salaries and benefits payable	1,201	11,621	-	-	-	-	12,822
Due to other funds	415	2,498	-	-	-	-	2,913
Insurance claims payable-current		-	346,571				346,571
Total current liabilities	42,792	24,628	346,571				413,991
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences	3,073	113,987	-	-	-	-	117,060
Net pension liability	43,297	453,171	-		-		496,468
Total noncurrent liabilities	46,370	567,158		-		-	613,528
Total liabilities	89,162	591,786	346,571				1,027,519
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Pension	995	10,409					11,404
NET POSITION:							
Net investment in capital assets	-	4,533,891	-	-	-	-	4,533,891
Unrestricted	573,807	(267,239) 79,065	248,794		86,083	720,510
Total net position	\$ 573,807	\$ 4,266,652	\$ 79,065	\$ 248,794	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 86,083	\$ 5,254,401

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	CENTRAL STORES	CITY SERVICE FACILITY	WORKERS' COMPENSATION RETROSPECTIVE	ACCRUED BENEFITS LIABILITY	RISK MANAGEMENT	HEALTH CARE INSURANCE	TOTAL INTERNAL SERVICE
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services Other Total operating revenues	\$ 1,461,993 \$ <u> </u>	5 587,739 3,199 590,938	\$ 397,893 445,232 843,125	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ 7,117,163 8,676 7,125,839	\$ 9,564,788 465,273 10,030,061
OPERATING EXPENSES: Personal services	39,510	471,581					511,091
Contractual services Materials and supplies	157,370 1,293,645	141,089 14,315	- 888,444 -	-	100,000	-	1,286,903 1,307,960
Claims expense Depreciation Total operating expenses		- 294,785 921,770	(45,319) 			7,121,645	7,076,326 294,785 10,477,065
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(20,366)	(330,832)	· · · · ·		(100,000)	4,194	(447,004)
NONOPERATING REVENUES: Investment earnings	<u> </u>		1,218	(1,206)			12
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(20,366)	(330,832)	1,218	(1,206)	(100,000)	4,194	(446,992)
Transfers in	<u> </u>	-	:	250,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	250,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(20,366)	(330,832)	1,218	248,794	(100,000)	4,194	(196,992)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	594,173	4,597,484	77,847		100,000	81,889	5,451,393
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 573,807	4,266,652	\$ 79,065	\$ 248,794	\$	\$ 86,083	\$ 5,254,401

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		CENTRAL STORES		CITY SERVICE FACILITY	COMPE	RKERS' ENSATION SPECTIVE		ACCRUED BENEFITS LIABILITY	MA	RISK NAGEMENT		HEALTH CARE INSURANCE		TOTAL INTERNAL SERVICE
Cash flows from operating activities:														
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$	1,464,897	\$	587,780	\$	1,264,655	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,125,839	\$	10,443,171
Payments to suppliers		(1,443,318)		(159,318)		(846,082)		(1,027)		(100,000)		-		(2,549,745)
Payments to employees		(29,995)		(373,368)		-						-		(403,363)
Payments for claims		-				(418,649)	_	-		-		(7,121,645)		(7,540,294)
Net cash flows from operating activities		(8,416)		55,094		(76)		(1,027)		(100,000)		4,194		(50,231)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Interfund transactions		-		-		-		250,000		-		-		250,000
Net cash flows from noncapital financing								200,000						200,000
activities		-		-		-		250,000		-		-		250.000
							_	· · ·						
Cash flows from investing activities:														
Interest and dividends received		-		-		1,218		(1,206)		-		-		12
Net cash flow from investing activities		-		-		1,218		(1,206)		<u> </u>		-		12
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(8,416)		55,094		1,142		247,767		(100,000)		4,194		199,781
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		399,972		104,135		77,596	_	-		100,000	_	81,889		763,592
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	391,556	\$	159,229	\$	78,738	\$	247,767	\$	-	\$	86,083	\$	963,373
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:														
Operating income (loss)	\$	(20,366)	\$	(330,832)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(100,000)	\$	4,194	\$	(447,004)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)														
from operating activities: Depreciation				294,785		-		-		-		-		294,785
Change in assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources:				204,100										204,700
Accounts receivable		117		-		10,621		(1,027)		-		-		9,711
Due from other funds		(5,127)		-		410,909		-		-		-		405,782
Inventory		11,616		-		-		-		-		-		11,616
Deferred outflows-pension		(4,863)		(48,324)		-		-		-		-		(53,187)
Accounts payable		(3,919)		(3,914)		(2,957)		-		-		-		(10,790)
Insurance claims payable		-		-		(418,649)		-		-		-		(418,649)
Salary and benefits payable		91		286		-		-		-		-		377
Due to other funds		(252)		(3,158)		-		-		-		-		(3,410)
Compensated absences		816		10,821		-		-		-		-		11,637
Net pension liability Deferred inflows-pension		13,199 272		132,728		-		-		-		-		145,927
	-		_	2,702	<u> </u>	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	2,974
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	(8,416)	\$	55,094	\$	(76)	\$	(1,027)	\$	(100,000)	\$	4,194	\$	(50,231)

	Balance January 1, 2017			Additions		Deletions		Balance cember 31, 2017
PENSION LIABILITY								
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	765,575	\$	9,272,216	\$	9,301,783	\$	736,008
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Restricted deposits TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ <u>\$</u>	706,031 59,544 765,575	\$ \$	10,504,594 - 10,504,594	\$ \$	10,183,359 350,802 10,534,161	\$ <u>\$</u>	1,027,266 (291,258) 736,008
MUNICIPAL COURT RESTITUTIONS								
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	10,344	\$	51,958	\$	60,590	\$	1,712
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Restricted deposits	\$	7,583 2,761	\$	59,541 -	\$	65,982 2,191	\$	1,142 570
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	10,344	\$	59,541	\$	68,173	\$	1,712

	Balance January 1, 2017 Additions			Deletions		Balance cember 31, 2017		
CONSERVANCY DISTRICT								
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles) Due from other governments TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	- 542,943 45,290 588,233	\$ \$	400,325 546,051 45,593 991,969	\$ \$	400,324 542,943 45,290 988,557	\$ \$	1 546,051 45,593 591,645
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Restricted deposits	\$	12,942 575,291	\$	406,636 604,587	\$	406,688 601,123	\$	12,890 578,755
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	588,233	\$	1,011,223	\$	1,007,811	\$	591,645
MISCELLANEOUS DEPOSITS								
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	291,407	\$	1,484,127	\$	1,233,637	\$	541,897
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Restricted deposits TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	8,249 <u>283,158</u> 291,407	\$	186,412 233,308 419,720	\$	169,230 169,230	\$	25,431 516,466 541,897
	<u>Ψ</u>	201,101	<u>Ψ</u>	110,120	<u>Ψ</u>	100,200	Ψ	011,001
STATE FEES								
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	1,083	\$	6,350	\$	6,886	\$	547
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Restricted deposits	\$	965 118	\$	7,316	\$	7,852	\$	429 118
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,083	\$	7,316	\$	7,852	\$	547

	Balance January 1, 2017		Additions		Deletions		Balance December 31, 2017	
JEDD INCOME TAX								
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles) TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	- 40,193 40,193	\$ \$	745,165 100,487 845,652	\$ \$	745,165 92,863 838,028	\$ \$	- 47,817 47,817
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Restricted deposits TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	40,193 40,193	\$ \$	190,141 7,624 197,765	\$ \$	190,141 190,141	\$	47,817 47,817
JEDD ROAD CONSTRUCTION								
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	225,831	\$	5,349	\$	231,180	\$	
LIABILITIES: Restricted deposits	\$	225,831	\$		\$	225,831	\$	
JEDD ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE								
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	5,000	\$		\$		\$	5,000
LIABILITIES: Restricted deposits	\$	5,000	\$		\$		\$	5,000

		Balance anuary 1, 2017	· 1,			Deletions	Balance December 31, 2017	
SPRINGFIELD PORT AUTHORITY								
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	\$	2,931 10	\$	61 12	\$	27 10	\$	2,965 12
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,941	\$	73	\$	37	\$	2,977
LIABILITIES: Restricted deposits	<u>\$</u>	2,941	<u>\$</u>	36	\$		\$	2,977
NATIONAL TRAIL PARKS AND RECREATION DIST	RICT -	GENERAL	. FU	ND				
ASSETS:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	\$	239,214 1,029	\$	1,025,594 4,140	\$	927,189 3,336	\$	337,619 1,833
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	240,243	\$	1,029,734	\$	930,525	\$	339,452
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Restricted deposits	\$	13,986 171,146 55,201	\$	824,435 183,754 83,889	\$	821,813 171,146 -	\$	16,608 183,754 139,090
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	240,333	\$	1,092,078	\$	992,959	\$	339,452
NATIONAL TRAIL PARKS AND RECREATION DIST	RICT -		ĸ					

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NATIONAL TRAIL PARKS AND RECREATION DISTRICT - DOG PARK

ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 5,800	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,800
LIABILITIES: Restricted deposits	\$ 5,800	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,800

	Balance January 1, 2017Additions				Deletions		Balance ember 31, 2017
NATIONAL TRAIL PARKS AND RECREATION DIST	RICT -	SPONSOR	SHIF	2			
ASSETS:							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	67,446	\$	103,677	\$	76,430	\$ 94,693
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$	483	\$	62,002	\$	62,250	\$ 235
Accrued liabilities		124		124		124	124
Restricted deposits		66,839		27,495		-	 94,334
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	67,446	\$	89,621	\$	62,374	\$ 94,693
NATIONAL TRAIL PARKS AND RECREATION DIST ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments	<u>RICT -</u>	FIREWOR 2,756	<u>KS D</u>	ONATIONS 23,680	\$	24,299	\$ 2,137
LIABILITIES: Restricted deposits	\$	2,756	<u>\$</u>		\$	619	\$ 2,137
NATIONAL TRAIL PARKS AND RECREATION DIST	RICT -	TOURNAM	IENT		-		
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	2,500	\$		\$		\$ 2,500
LIABILITIES: Restricted deposits	\$	2,500	\$		\$		\$ 2,500

	Balance January 1, 2017			Additions		Deletions		Balance cember 31, 2017
NATIONAL TRAIL PARKS AND RECREATION DIST	RICT -	COUNTYW	/IDE	<u>LEVY</u>				
ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles) TOTAL ASSETS	\$	137,073 444 137,517	\$ \$	1,275,869 427 1,276,296	\$ \$	1,310,034 444 1,310,478	\$ \$	102,908 427 103,335
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Restricted deposits TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	43,838 164,771 (71,092) 137,517	\$ \$	1,269,660 153,153 80,967 1,503,780	\$ \$	1,268,799 164,771 104,392 1,537,962	\$	44,699 153,153 (94,517) 103,335

NATIONAL TRAIL PARKS AND RECREATION DISTRICT - CAPITAL

ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles) TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	8,417 27 8,444	\$ \$	267,390 185 267,575	\$ \$	231,307 28 231,335	\$ \$	44,500 184 44,684
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Restricted deposits TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ \$	- 8,444 8,444	\$ \$	672 36,240 36,912	\$ \$	672 - 672	\$ \$	- 44,684 44,684

NATIONAL TRAIL PARKS AND RECREATION DISTRICT - GOLF

ASSETS: Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	\$ 78,824 255	\$ 22,342 184	\$ 56,803 255	\$ 44,363 184
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 79,079	\$ 22,526	\$ 57,058	\$ 44,547
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Restricted deposits	\$ 48,292 7,101 23,686	\$ 41,765	\$ 90,007 7,101 -	\$ 50 - 44,497
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 79,079	\$ 62,576	\$ 97,108	\$ 44,547

	Balance January 1, 2017		Additions		Deletions			Balance cember 31, 2017
NATIONAL TRAIL PARKS AND RECREATION DIST	RICT	- AQUATIC	CE	NTER				
ASSETS:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	\$	19,003 61	\$	239,910 15	\$	255,356 61	\$	3,557 15
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	19,064	\$	239,925	\$	255,417	\$	3,572
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable	\$	4,393	\$	250,062	\$	251,934	\$	2,521
Restricted deposits TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	14,671 19,064	\$	2,350 252,412	\$	15,970 267,904	\$	1,051 3,572
TOTAL LIABILITIES	φ	19,004	φ	202,412	φ	207,904	φ	3,372
TOTAL AGENCY								
ASSETS:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	1,863,204	\$	14,924,013	\$	14,861,010	\$	1,926,207
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)		584,962		651,501		639,940		596,523
Due from other governments TOTAL ASSETS	\$	45,290 2,493,456	¢	45,593 15,621,107	\$	45,290 15,546,240	\$	45,593 2,568,323
IOTAL ASSETS	φ	2,493,430	φ	13,021,107	φ	15,540,240	φ	2,300,323
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable	\$	846,762	\$	13,803,236	\$	13,518,727	\$	1,131,271
Accrued liabilities Restricted deposits		343,142 1,303,642		337,031 1,097,307		343,142 1,300,928		337,031 1,100,021
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	2,493,546	\$	15,237,574	\$	15,162,797	\$	2,568,323
	Ψ	2,433,040	Ψ	10,207,074	Ψ	10,102,191	Ψ	2,000,020

STATISTICAL SECTION



CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO Statistical Section

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. These tables are presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*.

Contents	<u>Tables</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1 - 4
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.	5 - 6
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	7 - 11
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	12 - 13
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financials relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	14 - 16

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the CAFR's for the relevant year.



TABLE 1

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO NET POSITION BY COMPONENT, FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

				FOR	FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31	D DECEMBE	R 31			
							2014			
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	(as restated)	2015	2016	2017
Governmental activities Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 58,145	\$ 59,640	\$ 63,076	\$ 67,182	\$ 69,927	\$ 72,519	\$ 70,673	\$ 72,410	\$ 72,570	\$ 73,481
Restricted	28,295 10 806	29,983 11 781	27,791 0 230	25,828 8 778	28,248 6 756	24,492 10 414	26,475 (38,846)	29,562 //16/8/	30,741 (45 961)	32,233 (11 087)
Total governmental activities net position	97,336	101,404	100,097	101.788	104.931	107,425	58.302	60.324	57.350	60.727
	~				~					
Business-type activities Not Invoctment in central accete	38 376	30 801	107 21	4E 062	008 81	E1 677	51 BOE	50 026	52 500	47 E20
uer investment in capital assets Unrestricted	22,294	22,838	23,377	22,535	40,023 23,113	04,022 19,725	19,397	15,336	7,884	9,248
Total business-type activities net	60.670	62 639	67 168	68 498	71 942	74.347	71 002	65.562	60 483	56 778
	0.000	01,000		001-000	1		1001	00,00	00+500	
Primary government										
Net Investment in capital assets	96,521	99,441	106,867	113,145	118,756	127,141	122,278	122,636	125,169	121,011
Restricted	28,295	29,983	27,791	25,828	28,248	24,492	26,475	29,562	30,741	32,233
Unrestricted	33,190	34,619	32,607	31,313	29,869	30,139	(19,449)	(26,312)	(38,077)	(35,739)
Total primary government net position	\$ 158,006	\$ 164,043	\$ 167,265	\$ 170,286	\$ 176,873	\$ 181,772	\$ 129,304	\$ 125,886	\$ 117,833	\$ 117,505

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CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

(amounts expressed in thousands)					FOR YEAR EN	FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31	31			
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 11,844	\$ 11,937	\$ 11,073	θ	35 \$ 11,060	0 \$ 10,685	\$ 12,748	\$ 11,726	θ	\$ 13,119
Public safety Health	29,580 667	31,711	29,521	29,215 140			30,427	31,795	34,162 268	31,314 237
Recreation	2.999		2.498	2	2	τ. Γ	2.177	1.561	-	1.326
Community development	8,980	5,435	13,549	-			6,639	3,660		3,158
Public works	399	301	221				313	436		499
Highway and street	5,971	7,010	9,996	6	5	9	8,587	8,281	9	7,939
Interest on long-term debt	705	700	445				202	162		119
Total governmental activities expense	61,145	59,769	67,445	71,815	15 54,291	1 57,139	61,336	57,831	59,124	57,711
Business-type activities:										
Water	7,625	7,830	6,984	6,913	13 6,859	9 7,118	7,321	7,583	7,537	8,202
Sewer	9,803	9,848	11,018	-	-	-	10,920	15,328	-	15,415
Stormwater	•		·				406	1,703		1,751
Airport	1,014	978	861				1,062	943		1,328
Total business-type activities expense	18,442	18,656	18,863	18,094	94 18,632	2 18,669	19,709	25,557	25,543	26,696
Total primary governmental expenses	\$ 79,587	\$ 78,425	\$ 86,308	\$ 89,909	9 \$ 72,923	3 \$ 75,808	\$ 81,045	\$ 83,388	\$ 84,667	\$ 84,407
Program revenue Governmental activities: Charnes for services:										
General government	\$ 2,360	\$ 3,147	\$ 2,192	Ь	в	7 \$ 2,222	\$ 1,950	\$ 2,408	Ь	\$ 2,349
Public safety	5,754	47	4,511		5,1	4,9	4,478	3,751		3,802
Health	68	99	20		71 79	9 68	86	86		113
Community development	51	343					63	51		•
Other governmental activities	130	213	122	134	34 88	3 165	167	131	652	99
Highway and street	- 000 L	- LOC T	' LL LL L				- 10 1	- C7		527
Operating grams and contributions Capital grants and contributions	5,263 4,874	7,966	0,550 8,643	12,700 8,819	00 0,900 19 3,014	4,714	4,054 3,500	3,543 4,128	3,869	4, 131 4,752
Total governmental activities program revenue	18,520	20,672	22,088	29,026	26 17,196	16,095	14,298	14,098	13,350	15,740
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Water	7,220	7,114	7,493				7,167	7,013		6,935
Sewer	10,788	10,406	10,599	10,477	10	-	10,646	10,549	-	11,766
Stormwater	•	'				-	1,008	1,006	-	1,942
Airport	234	349	371			(*)	333	342	435	916
Operating grants and contributions	123	•	116				33	183		373
Capital grants and contributions	815	2,269	4,151		774 2,833	3 1,362	(406)	568	"	
i otal business-type activities program revenue	19,180	20,138	22,730	18,829	29 21,887	20,547	18,781	19,661	20,069	21,932
Total primary government program										
revenue	\$ 37,700	\$ 40,810	\$ 44,818	\$ 47,855	55 \$ 39,083	3 \$ 36,642	\$ 33,079	\$ 33,759	\$ 33,419	\$ 37,672
										continuea

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TABLE 2

(accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands) CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

(amounts expressed in mousands)				Ľ	OR YEAR ENDE	FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31	F			
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government net expense	\$ (42,625) 738 \$ (41,887)	\$ (39,097) 1,482 \$ (37,615)	\$ (45,357) 3,867 \$ (41,490)	\$ (42,789) 735 \$ (42,054)	\$ (37,095) 3,255 \$ (33,840)	\$ (41,044) 1, <u>878</u> \$ (39,166)	\$ (47,038) (928) \$ (47,966)	\$ (43,733) (5,896) \$ (49,629)	\$ (45,775) (5,474) \$ (51,249)	\$ (41,971) (4,764) \$ (46,735)
General revenues and other changes in net position Government activities: Income taxes Property taxes Hota / model taxes	\$ 29,361 2,852 600	\$ 27,945 2,738 535	\$ 26,998 2,751	\$ 28,546 2,612 6,21	\$ 28,302 2,557 785	\$ 30,226 2,549 2,549	\$ 30,326 2,424 865	\$ 31,752 2,380 856	\$ 30,466 2,357 043	\$ 34,403 3,068
State-levied shared taxes Federal / state grants and other	7,780	6,713	6,959	6,623	4,960	5,283	4,508	4,506	4,486	4,610
contributions not restricted to specific programs Investment earnings Miscellaneous	2,537 976 1,859	2,739 410 2,158	2,845 476 3,573	2,696 344 3,172	1,751 233 2,200	2,000 (9) 3,250	1,894 316 2,686	1,938 193 4,336	1,964 129 2,768	368 315 2,330
Transfers Total governmental activities general revenues and other changes	(1,147) 44,827	(73) 43,165	(102) 44,050	(135) 44,480	(437) 40,351	(616) 43,538	(977) 42,042	(206) 45,755	(312) 42,801	(791) 45,348
Business-type activities: Investment earnings Transfers	1,032 1,147	414 73	560 102	460 135	200 437	(89) 616	417 977	250 206	84 311	268 791
i otal business-type activities general revenues and other changes	2,179	487	662	595	637	527	1,394	456	395	1,059
Total primary government general revenues and other changes	47,006	43,652	44,712	45,075	40,988	44,065	43,436	46,211	43,196	46,407
Changes in net position Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government	2,202 2,917 \$5,119	4,068 1,969 \$ 6,037	(1,307) 4,529 \$ 3,222	1,691 1,330 \$ 3,021	3,256 3,892 \$7,148	2,494 2,405 \$ 4,899	(4,996) 466 \$ (4,530)	2,022 (5,440) \$ (3,418)	(2,974) (5,079) \$ (8,053)	3,377 (3,705) \$ (328)

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, FOR THE LAST SEVEN YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

				FOR YEA	R EN	IDED DEC	EMBER 31		
	2011		2012	2013		2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund									
Non-spendable	\$	4	\$3	\$ 4	\$	4	\$ 2	\$1	\$1
Restricted		10	90	134		206	124	102	82
Committed	1,4	39	1,433	483		214	131	96	31
Assigned	2	11	190	1,722		1,491	563	1,063	1,109
Unassigned	5,9	38	4,916	2,954		2,666	2,392	1,701	6,484
Total General Fund	7,7	12	6,632	5,297		4,581	3,212	2,963	7,707
All Other Government Funds									
Non-spendable	9	14	857	796		824	796	780	784
Restricted	26,9	53	26,696	26,343		25,230	26,667	28,663	29,379
Committed	2,1	56	2,257	2,319		2,195	2,049	1,954	2,017
Unassigned	(3,0	93)	(589)	(1,320)		(854)	(2,017)	(952)	(1,227)
Total all other governmental funds	26,9	10	29,221	28,138		27,395	27,495	30,445	30,953
Total Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	\$ 34,6	52	\$ 35,853	\$ 33,435	\$	31,976	\$ 30,707	\$ 33,408	\$ 38,660

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 - Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions as of December 31, 2011.

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CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

				FO	R YEAR ENDE	FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31	31			
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
REVENUES:				e						
Income taxes	29,040	1/9,12 \$	26,895 7754	29,087	\$ 28,374	29,569	31,076	\$ 31,439	\$ 31,270	\$ 34,751
Property taxes	7007	2,130			100,2	2,049 1,004	7,474	2,300 1 201	100,2	4047 7 FOO
Rotel / motel taxes	909	002 9 2000	170	G	1,123	1,221	GT 2, T	1,294	1,5/9	200,1
Judie-Tevreu Silareu (axes Intervovernmental	10.021	0,100	Ţ	, c	0,4-10 11 860	10,003	4,049 10 046	4,002	4,40 - 0 800	4,333 0 005
Chardes for services	3 664	3.515			4 482	4 733	3.821	3,629	3,647	3,588
Fees. licenses, and permits	754	1,124	571		620	818	586	663	667	625
Investment earnings	968	455			261	(28)	325	187	125	293
Fines and forfeits	3.866	2.719	2	2	2.673	2.089	2.631	1.870	1.891	2.005
Contractual contributions	2,004	1,451								
Special assessments	181	202		172	111	167	211	147	388	197
Miscellaneous	2,814	3,690	က်	2,893	2,880	4,131	3,408	4,625	3,394	3,351
Total revenues	67,023	65,190	67,658	75,524	60,354	60,569	60,392	59,774	59,379	62,166
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:	007 77					100 11		007 77	010 01	0000
General government	11,100	100,11		9,970	10,000	CZU,11	11,2/4 20 202	70,006	10,940	10,000
rublic salety Health	20,323 667	23,170	000,02		20,002	20,103	28,032	29,900	23,021 768	20,300 736
Decreation	00/202	8710	Ŧ	c	978 1	2 067	047 1 ROO	1 1 1 1	200	801
Community Approximent	2,040	2,030 1 976		2,139 F 700	1,0/0	3,001 F FOO	1,000	-,-++ 2 603	2010	064 000 C
	1.00,1				703	220	1,302	0,00F	365	360
Hichway and street	4676	4 322	4	4 139	3 972	4 1 9 2	4 630	4 476	4 141	3 888
Canital outlav	7 054	A, 379 A 379	Ţ	22,433	5,012	4,-34 6,834	5,444	7 205	6 777	0,000 8.675
Debt service:	500	100		2000	5	5000		001		0.00
Principal	2,619	2,184	2,054	2	2,611	2,145	1,917	2,862	441	453
Interest	710	719	448	437	371	319	265	170	141	121
Bond issuance cost		157			46					
Total expenditures	65,600	63,787	72,175	76,566	59,031	62,350	60,920	60,980	56,440	56,392
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,423	1,403	(4,517)	(1,042)	1,323	(1,781)	(528)	(1,206)	2,939	5,774
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		i								
Issuance of long-term debt	238	74	202	•		•	•	•	•	•
Sale of refunding bonds	•	5,874		•	2,425	•	•	•	•	•
Payments to retunded bond escrow agent		(5,48/ 00	-		(2,442)	ı			ı	
Issuance premium Issuance discount		20 (8)								
Proceeds from sale of assets	79	337	166	409	268		81	142	74	519
Transfers in	6,280	3,087			3,926	3,343	2,499	3,607	2,411	2,680
Transfers out	(6,331)	(3,160)	(3,	(4,	(4,362)	(3,980)	(3,512)	(3,812)	(2,723)	(3,721)
Total other financing sources (uses)	266	745	266	274	(122)	(637)	(932)	(63)	(238)	(522)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,689	\$ 2,148	\$ (4,251)) \$ (768)	\$ 1,201	\$ (2,418)	\$ (1,460)	\$ (1,269)	\$ 2,701	\$ 5,252
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	5.34%	4.86%	6 3.78%	4.05%	5.50%	4.32%	3.64%	5.38%	1.13%	1.13%

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YEAR	WITHHOLDING ACCOUNTS	NET PROFIT ACCOUNTS	TOTAL
2008	25,084	5,634	30,718
2009	22,980	4,465	27,445
2010	22,609	4,242	26,851
2011	22,482	4,638	27,120
2012	23,707	5,076	28,783
2013	24,043	5,406	29,449
2014	24,830	5,659	30,489
2015	25,257	6,060	31,317
2016	25,961	5,435	31,396
2017	29,187	5,683	34,870

Source: City of Springfield Finance Department

The income tax rate was 2.0% from 1988 through June 30, 2017. Effective July 1, 2017, the income tax rate increased to 2.4%.

Net Profit Accounts include both Residential and Business accounts.

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO RANKING OF TOP TEN INCOME TAX WITHHOLDERS, CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

EMPLOYER	2008	2017
Community Mercy Health Partners (1)	1	1
American Security Group (2)	3	2
Springfield City School District	4	3
Clark County, Ohio	2	4
City of Springfield	5	5
Gordon Food Service Inc.	7	6
Wittenberg University	6	7
Kone Cranes Inc.	-	8
Mercy Health Phys Cincinnati	-	9
International Truck and Engine	-	10
Honda of America Inc.	8	-
Moyno Inc	9	-
State of Ohio	10	-
Combined Percentage of Total Withholding Taxes	28.2%	28.0%

Source: City of Springfield Finance Department

Due to legal restrictions and confidentiality requirements, the City cannot disclose the amount of withholdings by taxpayers.

(1) Springfield Regional Medical Center later became known as Community Mercy Health Partners.

(2) DBA Assurant Specialty Property

TABLE 7

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE, FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS (amounts expressed in thousands)

	PER CAPITA	\$ 674.93	860.27	793.59	713.59	649.55	1,048.40	1,351.67	1,323.39	1,277.46	1,564.17
	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME	2.98%	4.72%	4.41%	3.41%	3.51%	5.11%	7.32%	7.04%	6.63%	7.98%
	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 42,127	53,568	48,071	43,041	39,089	62,928	81,000	78,980	76,239	92,422
	CAPITAL LEASES	م		ı		ı		ı		209	520
TIVITIES	LOANS	\$ 6,772	5,533	4,236	2,881	2,777	30,256	52,068	53,920	52,365	49,902
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	SUBORDINATED REVENUE BOND	، ج		ı		ı	ı	ı	ı	501	14,398
BUS	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS & NOTES	\$ 16,864	31,128	28,884	27,350	26,021	24,547	22,787	21,791	19,833	25,223
AENTAL TIES	LOANS	\$ 5,000	5,000	5,000	4,856	4,417	3,964	3,497	1,525	1,274	1,015
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	\$13,491	11,907	9,951	7,954	5,874	4,161	2,648	1,744	1,557	1,364
	YEAR	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

See Table 12 for personal income and population data.

Year	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	POPULATION	RATIO OF NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA
2008	\$ 30,355	62	\$ 489.60
2009	43,035	62	694.11
2010	38,835	61	636.64
2011	35,304	60	588.40
2012	31,895	60	531.58
2013	28,708	60	478.47
2014	25,435	60	423.92
2015	23,535	60	392.25
2016	21,390	60	356.50
2017	19,167	60	319.45

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Debt is not paid from property taxes.

	PLEDGED	LESS: APPLICABLE	NET AVAILABLE	DEBT SI	FRVICE	COVERAGE
YEAR	REVENUES	EXPENSES	REVENUE	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	RATIO
2008	11,725	8,120	3,605	1,296	330	2.22
2009	11,933	8,330	3,603	1,239	269	2.39
2010	10,813	9,162	1,651	1,297	212	1.09
2011	10,717	8,207	2,510	1,355	153	1.66
2012	10,344	7,915	2,429	420	103	4.64
2013	10,541	8,186	2,355	436	86	4.51
2014	11,227	8,714	2,513	453	69	4.81
2015	11,697	11,142	555	2,544	1,480	0.14
2016	4,382	2,576	1,806	2,484	1,413	0.46
2017	4,981	2,435	2,546	2,664	1,388	0.63

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Under the Water Pollution Control Loan Fund, the City has pledged it's: "Wastewater Service Charges, Stormwater Charges, and other revenues derived by the Borrower from the ownership and operation of its wastewater system (including, without limitation, any Special Assessment Funds), net of the costs of operating and maintaining the system and paying all amounts required to be paid under any Mortgage, Indenture of Mortgage, Trust Agreement or other instrument heretofore or hereafter entered into by the Borrower to secure debt obligations heretofore or hereafter issued or incurred by the Borrower for the system."

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017 (amounts expressed in thousands)

JURISDICTION	NET DEBT OUTSTANDING	PERCENTAGE APPLICABLE TO CITY OF SPRINGFIELD	AMOUNT APPLICABLE TO CITY OF SPRINGFIELD
Clark County, Ohio	\$ 15,880	33.06%	\$ 5,250
Springfield City School District	17,224	99.39%	17,119
Northeastern Local School District	390	17.35%	68
Northwestern Local School District	22,320	0.32%	71
Clark-Shawnee Local School District	35,199	30.20%	10,630
Springfield Township	1,497	6.55%	98
German Township	25	0.47%	
Subtotal overlapping debt			\$ 33,236
City of Springfield	2,379	100.00%	2,379
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

The percentage of applicable debt to the City relates to that entities assessed value located within the City.

TABLE 10

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
ASSESSED VALUE	\$ 958,253	\$ 909,431	\$ 881,999	\$ 846,461	\$ 833,636	\$ 820,102	\$ 769,838	\$ 763,120	\$ 762,475	\$ 778,112
GROSS INDEBTEDNESS	\$ 42,127	\$ 53,568	\$ 48,071	\$ 42,797	\$ 38,464	\$ 62,304	\$ 80,489	\$ 78,640	\$ 79,085	\$ 91,655
LESS EXEMPT DEBT: General obligation bonds General obligation notes	30,355 -	43,035 -	38,835 -	35,060 -	31,270 -	28,084 -	24,924 -	23,195 -	21,095 3,850	18,920 7,420
Ohio Environmental Protection Agency / Ohio Water Development Authority loans Ohio Water Development Authority bonds Ohio Department of Development loan	6,772 - 5,000	5,533 5,000 5,000	4,236 - 5,000	2,881 - 4,856	2,777 - 4,417	30,256 3,964	52,068 - 3,497	53,920 - 1,525	52,365 501 1,274	49,902 14,398 1,015
Total non-exempt debt	\$	- - -		\$	- 	\$	° •	- -	- - -	- -
5-1/2% UNVOTED DEBT LIMITATION (1) (5-1/2% OF ASSESSED VALUATION)	\$ 52,704	\$ 50,019	\$ 48,510	\$ 46,555	\$ 45,850	\$ 45,106	\$ 42,341	\$ 41,972	\$ 41,936	\$ 42,796
TOTAL LIMITED TAX NON-EXEMPT BONDS OUTSTANDING DEBT MARGIN WITHIN 5-1/2% UNVOTED DEBT LIMITATION	- \$ 52,704	- \$ 50,019	- \$ 48,510	- \$ 46,555	- \$ 45,850	- \$ 45,106	- \$ 42,341	- \$ 41,972	- \$ 41,936	- \$ 42,796
10-1/2% VOTED AND UNVOTED DEBT LIMITATION (1) (10-1/2% OF ASSESSED VALUATION)	\$ 100,617	\$ 95,490	\$ 92,610	\$ 88,878	\$ 87,532	\$ 86,111	\$ 80,833	\$ 80,128	\$ 80,060	\$ 81,702
TOTAL NON-EXEMPT BONDS OUTSTANDING	'	'				'		'		
DEBT MARGIN WITHIN 10-1/2% DEBT LIMITATION	\$ 100,617	\$ 95,490	\$ 92,610	\$ 88,878	\$ 87,532	\$ 86,111	\$ 80,833	\$ 80,128	\$ 80,060	\$ 81,702
RATIO OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN TO DEBT LIMIT	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

(1) The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net principal amount of both voted and unvoted debt of the City is not "exempt debt", may not exceed 10-1/2% of the total value of all property in the City as listed and assessed for taxation, and that the net principal amount of its unvoted non-exempt debt may not exceed 5-1/2% of such value. These two limitations, referred to as the "direct debt limitations", may be amended from time to time by the General Assembly.

TABLE 11

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS, FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population Count (1)	Total Personal Income (4)	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rates (2)	Land Area (3)
2008	62,417	\$ 1,413,044,050	\$22,639	7.2	25.38
2009	62,269	1,135,131,514	18,229	10.8	25.38
2010	60,573	1,089,004,544	17,978	10.2	25.39
2011	60,313	1,263,706,413	20,952	8.2	25.39
2012	60,169	1,297,648,541	21,567	6.6	25.39
2013	60,002	1,232,106,100	20,534	6.2	25.39
2014	59,897	1,116,060,801	18,633	4.8	25.39
2015	59,618	1,114,796,982	18,699	5.1	25.54
2016	59,087	1,138,665,577	19,271	5.4	25.76
2017	59,087	1,158,577,896	19,608	4.8	26.08

Year	Assessed Property Value (5)	Public School Enrollment (6)	Median Age (1)
2008	958,253	7,811	35.10
2009	909,431	7,837	35.10
2010	881,999	7,286	36.20
2011	846,461	7,398	37.30
2012	833,636	7,213	37.00
2013	820,102	7,245	35.80
2014	769,838	7,362	36.20
2015	763,120	7,580	35.90
2016	762,475	7,772	36.90
2017	778,112	7,719	36.70

Sources: (1) U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, factfinder.census.gov. Annual Estimates of the Resident Population: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2016. 2017 estimates were not available.

(2) Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, Ohio Labor Market Information, www.ohiolmi.com. This represents the ratio of estimated total unemployment to the total labor force for the City of Springfield.

(3) City of Springfield Engineering Department, presented in square miles

(4) U.S Census Bureau, census.gov/quickfacts/.

(5) Clark County Auditor, amounts expressed in thousands

(6) Ohio Department of Education 2016-2017 Report Card, www.ode.state.oh.us, and the Springfield City Board of Education

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO RANKING OF TOP TEN EMPLOYERS, CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

EMPLOYER	2008	2017
Community Mercy Health Partners (1)	1	1
American Security Group (2)	2	2
Springfield City School District	5	3
Clark County, Ohio	3	4
Dole Fresh Vegetables		5
City of Springfield	7	6
Clark State Community College		7
Kroger (5 stores)	6	8
Wittenberg University	10	9
Wal-Mart (2 stores)	4	10
Tac Industries	8	
Gordon Food Service, LLC	9	

Source: Greater Springfield Chamber of Commerce (number of employees by employer unavailable)

(1) Springfield Regional Medical Center later became known as Community Mercy Health Partners.

(2) DBA Assurant Specialty Property

TABLE 14

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM, FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

(full-time equivalents)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government	140.0	133.5	126.6	127.4	128.1	128.5	129.7	125.7	122.9	120.0
Public safety	312.0	314.0	306.0	301.4	300.6	301.4	303.6	300.9	283.2	268.1
Recreation	4.0	5.6	5.7	6.1	6.0	6.7	6.6	10.5	18.6	18.6
Community development	25.6	26.4	27.5	26.6	23.6	21.5	20.5	8.6	7.9	8.0
Public works	82.8	88.7	85.2	85.5	86.4	85.3	84.1	90.8	92.9	89.6
Highway and street	23.7	24.1	21.9	19.7	18.8	20.2	20.6	27.3	29.3	27.1
Total	588.1	592.3	572.9	566.7	563.5	563.6	565.1	563.8	554.8	531.4

Source: City of Springfield Finance Department

The City government function Health did not have employees for the last 10 years.

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM, FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government:										
Positions filled (1)	42	16	31	35	27	52	32	59	43	73
Payroll checks / direct deposits processed (1)	19,849	19,756	18,867	18,785	18,543	18,610	18,021	18,488	18,043	17,179
Accounts payable checks processed (1)	10,729	9,949	9,841	9,378	9,594	9,328	9,169	9,007	9,069	8,256
Purchase orders processed (1)	2,123	1,990	2,034	1,781	1,679	1,683	1,652	1,677	1,600	1,530
Income tax returns filed (1)	30,168	29,564	27,880	23,440	25,755	25,694	27,040	25,428	24,680	22,009
Municipal court cases filed (2)	29,138	25,388	23,563	22,499	24,006	21,528	23,417	24,604	25,250	26,250
New ordinances and resolutions (3)	439	389	415	401	403	378	384	394	410	341
Building permits issued (4)	1,993	1,991	1,808	1,579	1,645	1,568	1,423	1,494	1,564	1,756
Inspections performed (4)	3,532	2,781	1,806	2,407	2,483	2,042	2,511	2,500	1,608	2,644
Public safety (5):										
Number of arrests	5,636	5,395	4.465	4,085	4,072	3,781	3,848	3,479	2,639	2,350
Number of police calls	70,636	64,460	64,576	4,003 64,791	61,589	61,238	59,498	57,838	62,115	59,815
Number of fire calls	14,182	13,841	14,620	15,944	16,560	16,216	16,832	16,603	14,905	18,229
	14,102	13,041	14,020	13,344	10,500	10,210	10,032	10,005	14,505	10,229
Recreation (6):										
Number of trees planted	362	73	169	124	180	158	189	130	120	134
Number of trees pruned	82	63	42	334	200	152	213	273	355	378
Number of trees removed	108	65	35	59	47	186	288	238	213	233
Community development (7):										
Neighborhood associations active	26	20	18	18	18	18	18	18	16	15
Neighborhood associations inactive	8	10	11	11	11	11	16	16	18	19
Mediation services requests	158	145	190	154	155	151	146	148	150	147
Resolved through mediation,										
conciliation, or facilitation	89	74	91	83	86	11	74	74	78	69
Lead safe applications	224	125	150	134	94	42	69	34	23	-
Lead safe jobs completed	70	101	144	130	82	35	39	39	35	-
Public works / utility services (6):										
Number of water consumers	22,128	21,986	21,874	21,805	23,722	23,692	23,683	23,620	21,973	21,539
Number of sewer consumers	21,728	21,569	21,455	21,392	23,096	23,076	23,062	23,218	21,181	20,795
Number of stormwater only consumers	-	-	-	-	-	5,070	6,660	6,427	6,346	6,379
Average daily pumpage (mgd)	12	12	13	13	13	11	11	10	9	9
Highway and street (6):										
Tons of snow melting salt used	5,368	2,642	4,932	2,013	3,519	3,632	3,783	3,277	3,023	2,361
Signalized inspections performed	134	133	132	126	126	118	132	124	134	130

Sources: (1) City of Springfield Finance Department (2) City of Springfield Clerk of Courts

(3) City of Springfield Clerk of Commission

(4) City of Springfield Community Development Department

(5) City of Springfield Public Safety Department(6) City of Springfield Service Department

(7) City of Springfield Human Relations, Housing, and Neighborhood Services

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM, FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government:										
City Hall square footage	60,335	60,335	60,335	60,335	60,335	60,335	60,335	60,335	60,335	60,335
Vehicles	28	26	24	22	23	23	25	23	20	19
Public safety:										
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Police vehicles	60	65	70	72	75	79	75	83	81	81
Fire stations	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Fire trucks	12	13	12	12	12	11	12	12	12	12
Medic units	10	9	9	9	9	9	10	9	9	9
Other vehicles	19	21	21	21	23	22	21	21	21	17
Recreation:										
Vehicles	8	7	7	8	7	9	7	8	8	15
Community development:										
Vehicles	3	5	6	9	9	10	11	11	9	10
Public works / utility services:										
Vehicles	72	71	80	88	88	94	71	71	88	84
Miles of water mains	332	332	332	332	334	334	334	336	336	340
Miles of sanitary sewers	233	232	232	232	316	322	325	318	326	327
Miles of storm sewers	110	108	109	109	113	113	116	119	122	123
Highway and street:										
Vehicles	39	44	36	42	42	42	35	37	36	39
Miles of streets	295	295	295	279	279	279	279	285	285	284
Number of street lights	7,382	7,382	7,377	7,605	7,605	7,621	7,621	7,633	7,633	7,633
Buses and demand	, -		*			,	*		, -	
response vehicle	21	21	21	24	24	23	23	23	23	22

Source: City of Springfield Finance Department





Dave Yost • Auditor of State

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD

CLARK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbrtt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED AUGUST, 28 2018

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