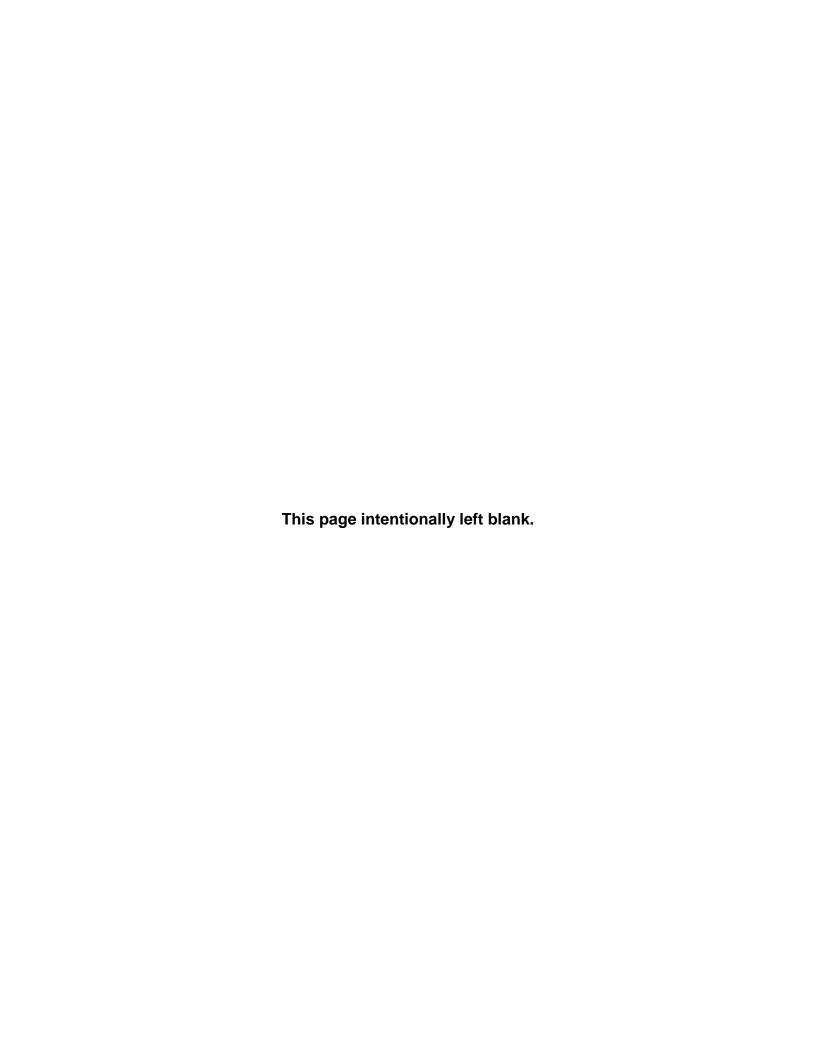




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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Wayne Trace Local School District Paulding County 4915 U.S. Highway 127 Haviland, Ohio 45851-9738

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wayne Trace Local School District, Paulding County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Wayne Trace Local School District Paulding County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wayne Trace Local School District, Paulding County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

We applied no procedures to Management's Discussion and Analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Wayne Trace Local School District Paulding County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 27, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 27, 2017

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of the Wayne Trace Local School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016, within the limitations of the District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2016 are as follows:

- ➤ The total net position of the District increased \$543,190 or 5.48% from fiscal year 2015.
- ➤ General cash receipts accounted for \$11,208,435 or 82.69% of total governmental activities cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts accounted for \$2,345,606 or 17.31% of total governmental activities cash receipts.
- ➤ The District had \$13,010,851 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$2,345,606 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General cash receipts (primarily taxes) of \$11,208,435 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- ➤ The District's major fund is the General Fund. The General Fund had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$12,044,353 in fiscal year 2016. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the General Fund, totaled \$11,077,706 in fiscal year 2016. The General Fund's cash balance increased \$966,647 from fiscal year 2015 to fiscal year 2016.

Using this Cash Basis Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting an aggregate view of the District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the General Fund is the only major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The statement of net position - cash basis and the statement of activities - cash basis answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2016?" These statements include *only net position* using the *cash basis of accounting*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in the net position on a cash basis. This change in net cash position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

the cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, mandated federal and state programs and other factors.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the statement of net position - cash basis and the statement of activities - cash basis, the governmental activities include District's programs and services including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs. Since the District is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the net assets and fund cash balances or changes in net assets and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements.

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a cash basis. The budgetary statement for the General Fund is presented to demonstrate the District's compliance with annually adopted budgets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only fiduciary funds are a Private-Purpose Trust Fund and an Agency Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Recall that the statement of net position - cash basis provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015. .

Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2016			overnmental Activities 2015
Assets Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	10,462,505	\$	9,919,315
investments	Ψ	10,402,303	Ψ	9,919,515
Total assets		10,462,505		9,919,315
Net Position Restricted Unrestricted		1,442,017 9,020,488		1,635,265 8,284,050
Total net position	\$	10,462,505	\$	9,919,315

The total net position of the District increased \$543,190, which represents a 5.48% increase over fiscal year 2015. This increase is the result of an overall increase in unrestricted grants. These cash receipts were adequate to cover cash disbursements which increased.

A portion of the District's net cash position, \$1,442,017, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net position of \$9,020,488 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2016 and 2015.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2016	Governmental Activities 2015
Cash Receipts:		
Program cash receipts:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,084,058	\$ 1,165,353
Operating grants and contributions	1,261,548	1,484,359
Total program cash receipts	2,345,606	2,649,712
General cash receipts:		
Property taxes	4,112,712	3,968,102
Income taxes	1,536,169	1,430,608
Unrestricted grants	5,344,103	4,558,621
Investment earnings	96,379	69,537
Miscellaneous	119,072	50,746
Total general cash receipts	11,208,435	10,077,614
Total cash receipts	\$ 13,554,041	\$ 12,727,326

Continued on next page

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Cash Disbursements:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 5,183,048	\$ 5,148,016
Special	1,444,320	1,396,530
Vocational	160,292	143,786
Other	84,725	99,148
Support services:		
Pupil	540,451	480,396
Instructional staff	617,276	530,533
Board of education	43,830	37,979
Administration	845,585	818,620
Fiscal	362,641	333,293
Operations and maintenance	1,397,456	1,141,004
Pupil transportation	565,651	689,851
Central	640	8,463
Operation of non-instruction services:		
Other non-instructional services	18,465	
Food service	509,254	496,483
Extracurricular	512,380	611,068
Facilities acquisition and construction		29,381
Debt service:		
Principal retirement	633,187	624,810
Interest and fiscal charges	91,650	 92,090
Total and dishuranments	12 010 051	10 601 451
Total cash disbursements	13,010,851	 12,681,451
Change in net position	543,190	45,875
N. () () () () ()	0.040.045	0.070.440

Governmental Activities

Net position at beginning of year

Net position at end of year

Governmental net position increased by \$543,190 in 2016 from 2015. Total governmental disbursements of \$13,010,851 were offset by program receipts of \$2,345,606 and general receipts of \$11,208,435. Program revenues supported 18.03% of the total governmental expenses.

9,919,315

10,462,505

9,873,440

9,919,315

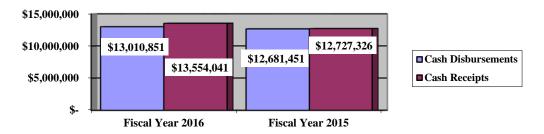
The primary sources of receipts for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 81.10% of total governmental receipts. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

Program receipts of the District decreased \$304,106 or 11.48%. General receipts increased \$1,130,821 or 11.22%. This increase is due to an increase in unrestricted grants and entitlements due to an increase in State foundation payments. Disbursements of the District increased \$329,400 or 2.60%.

The largest cash disbursement of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction disbursements totaled \$6,872,385 or 52.82% of total governmental disbursements for fiscal year 2016.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Governmental Activities - Total Cash Receipts vs. Total Cash Disbursements



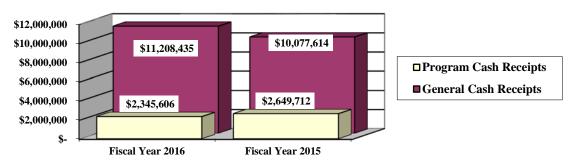
Governmental Activities

	 otal Cost of Services 2016		et Cost of Services 2016	Т	otal Cost of Services 2015	 Net Cost of Services 2015
Cash disbursements:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$ 5,183,048	\$	4,488,509	\$	5,148,016	\$ 4,378,046
Special	1,444,320		581,298		1,396,530	410,929
Vocational	160,292		141,928		143,786	120,438
Other	84,725		19,582		99,148	27,616
Support services:						
Pupil	540,451		540,451		480,396	480,396
Instructional staff	617,276		611,876		530,533	517,746
Board of education	43,830		43,830		37,979	37,979
Administration	845,585		832,868		818,620	808,149
Fiscal	362,641		362,641		333,293	320,143
Operations and maintenance	1,397,456		1,396,919		1,141,004	1,107,835
Pupil transportation	565,651		542,942		689,851	679,475
Central	640		640		8,463	8,463
Operation of non-instruction services:						
Other non-instructional services	18,465		18,465			
Food service operations	509,254		45,675		496,483	68,387
Extracurricular	512,380		312,784		611,068	319,856
Facilities acquisition and construction					29,381	29,381
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	633,187		633,187		624,810	624,810
Interest and fiscal charges	 91,650		91,650		92,090	 92,090
Total	\$ 13,010,851	\$ 1	0,665,245	\$	12,681,451	\$ 10,031,739

The dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent; with 81.97% of cash disbursements supported through taxes and other general cash receipts during 2016.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting.

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$10,462,505, which is \$543,190 above last year's total of \$9,919,315. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	 und Balance une 30, 2016	 ind Balance ine 30, 2015	<u>Change</u>
Major funds:			
General	\$ 8,439,096	\$ 7,472,449	\$ 966,647
Bond retirement		1,003,911	(1,003,911)
Other nonmajor governmental funds	 2,023,409	 1,442,955	580,454
Total	\$ 10,462,505	\$ 9,919,315	\$ 543,190

General Fund

The General Fund, the District's major fund, had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$12,044,353 in 2016. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the General Fund, totaled \$11,077,706 in 2016. The General Fund's fund balance increased \$966,647 from 2015 to 2016.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts of the General Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

	2016 Amount	2015 Amount	Percentage Change
Cash Receipts:			
Taxes	\$ 5,372,688	\$ 5,002,263	7.41 %
Tuition	598,222	601,140	(0.49) %
Earnings on investments	88,053	62,356	41.21 %
Other local revenues	194,894	127,025	53.43 %
Intergovernmental - state and federal	5,708,496	4,992,607	14.34 %
Total	\$ 11,962,353	\$ 10,785,391	10.91 %

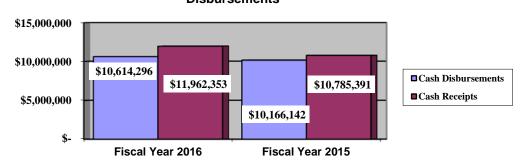
Receipts of the General Fund increased \$1,176,962 or 10.91%. Earnings on investments increased \$25,697 or 41.21% primarily due to the District opening up new investment accounts in fiscal year 2016. Other local revenues increased \$67,869 or 53.43% due to an increase in Medicaid insurance reimbursements and other miscellaneous other local receipts in fiscal year 2016. Intergovernmental state receipts increased \$715,889 or 14.34% due to the District receiving an increase in foundation payments and Medicaid audit reimbursement in fiscal year 2016. All other General Fund receipts remained comparable to fiscal year 2015.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the General Fund.

	2016 Amount	2015 Amount	Percentage <u>Change</u>
Cash Disbursements			
Instruction	6,144,793	\$ 5,833,979	5.33 %
Support services	3,834,195	3,717,456	3.14 %
Extracurricular	302,121	289,897	4.22 %
Debt service	333,187	324,810	2.58 %
Total	\$ 10,614,296	\$10,166,142	4.41 %

Disbursements of the General Fund increased \$448,154 or 4.41%. All general fund disbursements were comparable to fiscal year 2015.

General Fund - Total Cash Receipts vs. Total Cash Disbursements



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

For the General Fund, final budget basis receipts and other financing sources of \$11,942,184 were increased by \$804,808 from the original budget estimates of \$11,137,376. Actual cash receipts and other financing sources of \$12,018,552 were more than final budget estimates by \$76,368. The final budget basis disbursements and other financing uses of \$11,497,000 were \$231,881 more than original budget estimates of \$11,265,119. The actual budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses of \$11,069,747 were \$427,253 less than the final budget estimates.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The District did not make any facilities acquisition and construction cash disbursements during fiscal year 2016.

Debt Administration

The District had the following long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Governmental Activities 2016	Governmenta Activities 2015	
2010 refunding bonds			
Current interest serial bonds	\$ 2,840,000	\$ 2,840,000	
Capital appreciation bonds	60,481	139,993	
Accreted interest	199,001	324,575	
Judgment loan payable	<u>1,981,415</u>	2,314,602	
Total	\$ 5,080,897	\$ 5,619,170	

District Mission Statement

The Mission of the Wayne Trace Local School District is to prioritize the philosophy of One District-One-Mission-One Vision. Wayne Trace is committed to educational excellence that will help all students achieve at their highest level and to graduate with the knowledge, skills, and attitudes to become thinking, productive citizens in a changing global society, this is accomplished through a system which supports community values and integrates community, technology, and educational resources delivered in a safe environment by a caring staff.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Economic Factors

The District, like all other taxing entities in the State of Ohio, faces the uncertainty of the economy. The District's operating receipts are composed primarily of property taxes, local income tax, and state foundation funding. With a weak economy, these receipts can fluctuate in great amounts from year to year.

As for disbursements, the District faces continued increases in the cost of health care for its employees. The District also faces an ever increasing number of children requiring special education and services. Charges to provide these services increase every year.

Current Issues

As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily on its local taxpayers. Wayne Trace has been blessed with strong voter support as seen with the passage of a .75% income tax renewal in 2015 and a .50% continuing income tax passed in 2004.

Property tax collections have been stable for the District in fiscal years 2016 and 2015 and the future outlook is good at this time for fiscal year 2017. The local income tax has generated more income during fiscal year 2016 due to the economy recovering and it is expected to increase for fiscal year 2017. The District has also been receiving revenue from the Wind Turbine farms that are located throughout the District. These revenue streams have helped to sustain the District when State funding has not increased. State funding is reliant on student enrollment and it appears at this time the enrollment for fiscal year 2017 will be comparable to fiscal year 2016.

Expenditures for the District have not decreased. The Board of Education believes strongly in maintaining all facilities, so maintenance cost will continue to increase as our buildings age. Cost continue to rise for services that are required for our special needs population. Medical benefits for employees is continuing to rise.

As the District looks to the future, the Board of Education is committed to sound financial management for the benefit of the students, parents and community.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Treasurer's office at the Wayne Trace Local School District, 4915 U.S. 127, Haviland, Ohio 45851.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$10,462,505
Net Position:	
Restricted for:	
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	\$406.065
Debt Service	885,272
	•
State Funded Programs	47,317
Student Activities	48,517
Other Purposes	54,846
Unrestricted	9,020,488
Total Net Position	\$10,462,505

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net (Disbursement)

\$10,462,505

Receipts and Changes in **Net Position Program Receipts** Charges for **Operating Grants** Governmental Disbursements Services and Sales and Contributions Activities **Governmental Activities:** Instruction: (\$4,488,509) Regular \$5,183,048 \$645,928 \$48,611 Special 1,444,320 2,389 860,633 (581,298)Vocational 160,292 18,364 (141,928)Other 84,725 65,143 (19,582)Support Services: Pupil 540,451 (540,451) Instructional Staff 617,276 5,400 (611,876) Board of Education 43,830 (43,830)Administration 845,585 12,717 (832,868)Fiscal 362,641 (362,641)Operations and Maintenance 1,397,456 537 (1,396,919)565,651 22,709 (542,942) **Pupil Transportation** Central 640 (640)Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Other Non-Instructional Services 18,465 (18,465)Food Service Operations 509,254 222,891 240,688 (45,675)Extracurricular Activities 512,380 199,596 (312,784)Debt Service: Principal Retirement 633,187 (633, 187)Interest and Fiscal Charges 91,650 (91,650)\$13,010,851 \$1,084,058 \$1,261,548 **Total Governmental Activities** (10,665,245) **General Receipts:** Property Taxes: General Purposes 3,836,519 Debt Service 232,813 Classroom Facilities Maintenance 43,380 Income Taxes Levied for: General Purposes 1,536,169 Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs 5,344,103 Investment Earnings 96,379 Miscellaneous 119,072 Total General Receipts 11,208,435 Change in Net Position 543,190 Net Position at Beginning of Year 9,919,315

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Net Position at End of Year

STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

		Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Assets:	# 0.400.000	*** ****	* 4 * 4 * * * * * * * * * *
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$8,439,096	\$2,023,409	\$10,462,505
Fund Balances:			
Restricted:			
Debt Service		\$885,272	\$885,272
Classroom Facilities Maintenance		406,065	406,065
Food Service Operations		54,846	54,846
Non-public Schools		44,080	44,080
Other Purposes		3,237	3,237
Extracurricular Activities		48,517	48,517
Assigned:			
Student Instruction	\$1,614		1,614
Student and Staff Support	36,934		36,934
Capital Improvements		581,392	581,392
Other Purposes	136		136
Unassigned	8,400,412		8,400,412
Total Fund Balances	\$8,439,096	\$2,023,409	\$10,462,505

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts:			
From Local Sources:			
Property Taxes	\$3,836,519	\$276,193	\$4,112,712
Income Taxes	1,536,169		1,536,169
Tuition	598,222		598,222
Earnings on Investments	88,053	8,621	96,674
Charges for Services		222,891	222,891
Extracurricular	25,190	187,123	212,313
Classroom Materials and Fees	50,095		50,095
Rental Income	537		537
Contributions and Donations	5,600		5,600
Other Local Revenues	113,472		113,472
Intergovernmental - state	5,649,736	140,354	5,790,090
Intergovernmental - federal	58,760	756,506	815,266
Total Receipts	11,962,353	1,591,688	13,554,041
Disbursements:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	4,942,209	240,839	5,183,048
Special	1,029,320	415,000	1,444,320
Vocational	153,682	6,610	160,292
Other Support Services:	19,582	65,143	84,725
Pupil	540,451		540,451
Instructional Staff	590,055	27,221	617,276
Board of Education	43,830		43,830
Administration	843,281	2,304	845,585
Fiscal	342,595	20,046	362,641
Operations and Maintenance	921,994	475,462	1,397,456
Pupil Transportation	551,349	14,302	565,651
Central	640		640
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Other Operation of Non-Instructional		18,465	18,465
Food Service Operations		509,254	509,254
Extracurricular Activities	302,121	210,259	512,380
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	333,187	300,000	633,187
Interest and Fiscal Charges	10.011.000	91,650	91,650
Total Disbursements	10,614,296	2,396,555	13,010,851
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over (Under)			
Disbursements	1,348,057	(804,867)	543,190
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In		458,510	458,510
Transfers (Out)	(458,510)	,	(458,510)
Advances In	82,000	4,900	86,900
Advances (Out)	(4,900)	(82,000)	(86,900)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(381,410)	381,410	
Net Change in Fund Balances	966,647	(423,457)	543,190
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	7,472,449	2,446,866	9,919,315
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$8,439,096	\$2,023,409	\$10,462,505

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted .	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts:			_	
From Local Sources:	00 700 004	00 000 540	00 000 540	
Property Taxes	\$3,702,901	\$3,836,519	\$3,836,519	
Income Taxes	1,416,120	1,536,169	1,536,169	004.000
Tuition	499,716	576,600	598,222	\$21,622
Earnings on Investments	62,530	79,000	88,053	9,053
Classroom Materials and Fees	62,594	54,000	50,095	(3,905)
Rental Income	50 504	105 510	537	537
Other Local Revenues	56,501	125,549	111,405	(14,144)
Intergovernmental - State	5,189,014	5,631,447	5,649,736	18,289
Intergovernmental - Federal	40.000.070	44.000.004	58,760	58,760
Total Receipts	10,989,376	11,839,284	11,929,496	90,212
Disbursements:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	8,143,514	4,966,503	4,948,812	17,691
Special	640,350	1,029,320	1,029,320	
Vocational	20,627	153,682	153,682	
Other	10,239	19,582	19,582	
Support services:				
Pupil	309,999	540,451	540,451	
Instructional Staff	158,468	591,915	591,915	
Board of Education	45,535	52,239	43,830	8,409
Administration	179,058	829,231	829,231	
Fiscal	165,285	342,595	342,595	
Operations and Maintenance	524,235	984,555	933,402	51,153
Pupil Transportation	191,825	551,349	551,349	
Central	8	640	640	
Extracurricular Activities	3,721	288,341	288,341	
Debt Service: Principal	337,255	333,187	333,187	
Total Disbursements	10,730,119	10,683,590	10,606,337	77,253
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	259,257	1,155,694	1,323,159	167,465
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	15,000	15,000	4,989	(10,011)
Transfers In Transfers (Out)	(485,000)	(808,510)	(458,510)	350,000
Advances In	132,000	86,900	82,000	
Advances in Advances (Out)	(50,000)	(4,900)	(4,900)	(4,900)
Sale of Capital Assets	1,000	1,000	2,067	1,067
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(387,000)	(710,510)	(374,354)	336,156
Net Change in Fund Balance	(127,743)	445,184	948,805	503,621
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	7,435,976	7,435,976	7,435,976	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	15,064	15,064	15,064	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$7,323,297	\$7,896,224	\$8,399,845	\$503,621

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Private-Purpose Trust	
Assets:	Scholarship	Agency
Current assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$40,957	\$42,027
Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Undistributed Monies		\$42,027
Net Position: Scholarships	\$40,957	

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust
Additions: Interest Gifts and contributions	\$551 3,500
Total Additions Deductions:	4,051
Scholarships Awarded	5,563
Change in Net Position	(1,512)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	42,469
Net Position at End of Year	\$40,957

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Wayne Trace Local School District (the District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1971. The District serves an area of approximately 178 square miles consisting of the Villages of Payne and Grover Hill, and portions of Benton, Harrison, Blue Creek, Paulding, Latty, and Washington Townships. It is staffed by 49 non-certified employees and 71 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 1,042 students and other community members.

The District's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the District is financially accountable.

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

The District is associated with four jointly governed organizations and two group insurance pools. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, Northwest Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center, State Support Team Region 1, Vantage Vocational School, Paulding County School Consortium's Employee Insurance Benefits Program and Metropolitan Education Council. These organizations are presented in Notes 12 and 13 of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.A, these financial statements are presented on cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Accounting

Although Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the District's financial report to follow generally accepted accounting principles, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraph.

B. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. The statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other non-exchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Receipts, which are not classified as program receipts, are presented as general receipts of the District with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general receipts of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

C. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial record during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District are divided into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds/Governmental Activities

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The District's fiduciary funds include private purpose trust and agency funds. The District's private purpose trust fund accounts for a program that provides for community service activities. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal net position) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds include various student-managed activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

D. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the object level within the General Fund, and at the function level within all other funds, are made by the Treasurer.

Tax Budget

A budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year, for the period July 1 to June 30 of the following fiscal year.

Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission certifies its actions to the District by March 1. As part of this certification, the District receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected receipts of each fund. On or about July 1 this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding fiscal year. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from a fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation measure. Budget receipts as shown in the accompanying financial statements do not include July 1, 2014 unencumbered fund balances. However, those fund balances are available for appropriations.

Appropriations

Temporary appropriation measure to control cash disbursements may be passed on or about July 1 of each year for the period July 1 to September 30. An annual appropriation measure must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 to June 30. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board of Education during the fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Encumbrances

The District is required to use the encumbrance method of accounting by virtue of Ohio law. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations. Encumbrances at year-end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds and may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance.

Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the District Treasurer is pooled. Monies for all funds, including fiduciary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District accounting records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments."

Investments of the District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During fiscal year 2016, the District invested in negotiable and nonnegotiable certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements and US Government mutual funds. Investments are reported at cost basis.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest receipts for the General Fund during fiscal year 2016 were \$88,053, which includes approximately \$13,131 interest assigned from other District funds.

F. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets. Depreciation is not recorded on these capital assets.

G. Accumulated Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

H. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as cash when received and payment of principal and interest are reported as disbursements when paid.

I. Intergovernmental Receipts

Unrestricted intergovernmental receipts received on the basis of entitlement are recorded as receipts when the entitlement is received. Intergovernmental receipts and disbursements made on-behalf-of the District by the Western Buckeye Educational Service Center are recorded during the year.

J. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

K. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The District reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

L. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the District has numerous transactions between funds. The most significant include:

- 1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund through which resources are to be expended are recorded as transfers.
- 2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as expenditures/disbursements in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in expenditures/disbursement in the reimbursed fund.

M. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

N. Equity Classifications

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Equity is classified as Net Position, and displayed in separate components:

a. Restricted Net Position - Consists of Net Position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

b. Unrestricted Net Position - All other Net Position that do not meet the definition of "restricted."

Net Position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted Net Position is available. There was no Net Position restricted by enabling legislation as of June 30, 2016.

O. Fund Cash Balance

The District reports classifications of fund cash balance based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The following categories are used:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that have constraints placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Education.

Assigned - amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned amounts include those approved through the District's formal purchasing procedure by the Treasurer. Through the District's purchasing policy, the Board of Education has given the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

Unassigned - residual fund balance within the general fund that is in spendable form that is not restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted fund cash balance is available. The District considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund cash balances, respectively, to be spent when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund cash balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03(B), requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, net position / fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

B. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2016, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 72, "<u>Fair Value Measurement and Application</u>", GASB Statement No. 73 "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68", GASB Statement No. 76, "<u>The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments</u>", and GASB Statement No. 79, "<u>Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants</u>".</u>

GASB Statement No. 72 addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurement. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 72 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 73 improves the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purposes external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 73 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 76 identifies - in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment - the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 76 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 79 establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 79 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of
 the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the
 agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the
 agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940;
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time;
- 8. Under certain circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,430,900. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2016, all of the District's bank balance of \$4,609,077 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities				
	Balance at	Balance at	6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	Greater than
Investment type	Carrying Value	<u>Fair Value</u>	less	<u>months</u>	<u>months</u>	<u>months</u>	24 months
Negotiable CD's	\$ 5,823,000	\$ 5,840,350	\$ 997,524	\$ 592,737	\$ 1,300,265	\$ 1,342,714	\$ 1,607,110
Repurchase Agreement	291,009	291,009	291,009	-	-	=	-
US Government Mutual Fund	580	580	580				
Total	\$ 6,114,589	\$ 6,131,939	\$ 1,289,113	\$ 592,737	\$ 1,300,265	\$ 1,342,714	\$ 1,607,110

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.53 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments in federal agency securities and the federal agency securities that underlie the repurchase agreement were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The negotiable CD's and US Government mutual fund were not rated. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. Of the District's investment in a repurchase agreement, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer other than for commercial paper and banker's acceptances. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2016:

Investment type	Carrying Value			air Value	% to Total
Negotiable CD's Repurchase Agreement	\$	5,823,000 291,009	\$	5,840,350 291.009	95.24 4.75
US Government Mutual Fund		580	_	580	0.01
Total	\$	6,114,589	\$	6,131,939	100.00

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2016:

Cash and investments per note Carrying amount of deposits Investments	\$ 4,430,900 6,114,589
Total	\$ 10,545,489
Cash and investments per financial statements Governmental activities Private-purpose trust funds Agency funds	\$ 10,462,505 40,957 42,027
Total	\$ 10,545,489

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2016 represent the collection of calendar year 2015 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2016 were levied after April 1, 2015, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2015, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2016 represent the collection of calendar year 2015 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2016 became a lien on December 31, 2014, were levied after April 1, 2015, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Paulding, Van Wert and Putnam Counties. The County Auditors periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2016, are available to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2016 taxes were collected are:

		2016 First Half Collections		
Amount	<u>Percent</u>	Amount	Percent	
\$ 150,708,590 15,884,770	90.46 9.54	\$ 150,476,280 16.742,170	89.99 10.01	
\$ 166,593,360	100.00	\$ 167,218,450	100.00	
\$27.70 2.20 0.50		\$27.70 1.20 0.50		
	Half Collect Amount \$ 150,708,590	\$ 150,708,590 90.46 15,884,770 9.54 \$ 166,593,360 100.00 \$27.70 2.20	Half Collections Amount Half Collect Amount \$ 150,708,590 15,884,770 90.46 9.54 \$ 150,476,280 16,742,170 \$ 166,593,360 100.00 \$ 167,218,450 \$27.70 2.20 \$27.70 1.20	

NOTE 6 - INCOME TAX

The District levies a tax of 1.25 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. Of the overall 1.25 percent taxes, .75 percent is a five-year renewable tax, last renewed in May 2015; .5 percent of the income tax is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax receipts are credited to the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Debt obligations of the District at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

General Obligation Bonds:		Balance Outstanding June 30, 2015		Additions	Deletions	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2016	Amount Due in One Year	
2010 Refunding Bonds Current interest serial bonds Capital appreciation bonds Accretion of interest	1.00-3.90% 29.39%	\$	2,840,000 139,993 324,575	\$94,914	(\$79,512) (220,488)	\$ 2,840,000 60,481 199,001	\$60,481 199,001	
Judgment Loan Payable			2,314,602	=	(333,187)	1,981,415	334,437	
Total Debt Obligations		\$	5,619,170	\$ 94,914	<u>\$ (633,187)</u>	\$ 5,080,897	\$ 593,919	

Series 2010 Refunding General Obligation Bonds - On September 29, 2010, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2010 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 2001 school improvement current interest bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance).

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$3,110,000 and capital appreciation bonds par value \$139,993. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.00% - 3.90%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2015 and December 31, 2016 (actual interest rate 27.394%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds maturing December 1, 2015 and December 31, 2016 are \$300,000 and \$295,000, respectively. Total accreted interest of \$259,482 has been included on the debt schedule at June 30, 2016.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2028.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$268,038. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments \$265,552 and resulted in an economic gain of \$207,615.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - DEBT OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2007 refunding bonds:

Fiscal Year		Current Interest Bonds					Capital Appreciation Bonds				nds	
Ending June 30,	_	Principal		Interest		Total	Principal		I Interest		Total	
2017	\$	-	\$	91,650	\$	91,650	\$	60,481	\$	234,519	\$	295,000
2018		295,000		87,815		382,815		-		-		-
2019		305,000		79,405		384,405		-		-		-
2020		315,000		70,105		385,105		-		-		-
2021		320,000		60,580		380,580		-		-		-
2022 - 2026		1,245,000		153,496		1,398,496		-		-		-
2027 - 2029	_	360,000		21,335		381,335						
Total	\$	2,840,000	\$	564,386	\$	3,404,386	\$	60,481	\$	234,519	\$	295,000

Judgment Loan Payable - On October 5, 1995, the Supreme Court of Ohio rendered an adverse decision against the District in a lawsuit, which was filed as the result of an accident involving a District bus. The amount of the judgment at June 30, 1997, was \$5,618,561. On July 8, 1997, the District entered into a loan agreement with the State of Ohio to pay the judgment. Future requirements to retire this debt at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ending June 30,	Juc	dgment Loan
2017	\$	334,437
2018		336,527
2019		338,209
2020		339,901
2021		341,601
2022		290,740
Total	\$	1.981.415

Payments on the above obligations are deducted from the District's General Fund monthly Foundation payments by the State. The monthly deductions are equal to one-twelfth of two-thousandths or 2 mils of the District's total taxable value reported for the lesser of 25 years or a period equal to the number of years required to pay off the loan, commencing July of 1998.

Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2016, are a voted debt margin of \$13,034,452 (including available funds of \$885,272) and an unvoted debt margin of \$167,218.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

1. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, error and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2016, the District contracted with Liberty Mutual Insurance for property, fleet, violence and liability insurance in the amounts as follows:

Bodily Injury and Property Damage	\$ 1,000,000
Personal Injury/Advertising Liability	1,000,000
Products/Completed Operations Aggregate Limit	2,000,000
General Annual Aggregate	2,000,000
Fire Legal Liability	300,000
Medical Payments Any One Person	15,000
Errors or Omissions	1,000,000
Errors or Omissions Aggregate	1,000,000
Employment Practices Liability	1,000,000
Employment Practices Liability Aggregate	1,000,000
Owned/Leased Vehicles	1,000,000
Medical Payments	5,000
Uninsured Motorist	1,000,000
Automobile Physical Damage (10 year or new vehicles)	Replacement Cost
Property per Occurrence Limit	
Employee Dishonesty/Faithful Performance of Duty	50,000
Forgery or Alteration	50,000
Computer Fraud	50,000
Money & Securities- In	50,000
Money & Securities- Out	50,000
Umbrella each occurrence	4,000,000
Umbrella Aggregate	4,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage since fiscal year 2015.

2. Health Care Benefits

The District participates in the Paulding County Insurance Consortium. Paulding County Insurance Consortium is a council of governments for a shared risk purchase of Life and Health Benefits. The consortium self-insures up to \$75,000 per individual and purchases excess coverage through Anthem Insurance.

3. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2016, the District was enrolled in the Ohio School Comp Retrospective group experience rating program for Workers' Compensation. The program reduces the district's premiums for Workers Compensation. Participation in the GRP is limited to Districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. None of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$223,451 for fiscal year 2016.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio)

Plan Description - District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS Ohio. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement increased effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS Ohio plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS Ohio bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS Ohio has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2015, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, plan members were required to contribute 13 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2016 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS Ohio was \$559,145 for fiscal year 2016.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS		S	STRS Ohio	Total		
Proportionate share of the net							
pension liability	\$	2,729,112	\$	10,025,614	\$	12,754,726	
Proportion of the net pension							
liability		0.004783%		0.0036276%			

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2015, are presented below:

Wage inflation

3.25 percent

Future salary increases, including inflation

COLA or ad hoc COLA

Investment rate of return

3.25 percent

4.00 percent to 22 percent

3 percent

7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

				Current		
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
	(6.75%)		(7.75%)		(8.75%)	
District's proportionate share	·			_		
of the net pension liability	\$	3,784,298	\$	2,729,112	\$	1,840,559

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date

In April 2016, the SERS Board adopted certain assumption changes which impacted their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2016. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.5 percent. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the Schools District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS Ohio

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS Ohio's investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	increase
	(6	5.75%)		(7.75%)		(8.75%)
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$ 1	3,926,335	\$	10,025,614	\$	6,726,974

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2016, no portion of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2016, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$63,929, \$61,711, and \$21,088 respectively. 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2016, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$0, \$0 and \$36,539, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital <u>provements</u>
Current year set-aside requirement	\$ 166,993
Current year offsets	 (276,510)
Total	\$ (109,517)

NOTE 12 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative - The Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative ("NOACSC") is a jointly governed organization among forty-seven Districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member Districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports NOACSC based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized.

The NOACSC Assembly consists of a representative from each participating District and the superintendent from the fiscal agent. The Board of Directors consists of the superintendent from the fiscal agent, the two Assembly members from each county in which participating Districts are located. The degree of control exercised by any participating District is limited to its representation of the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Ray Burden, who serves as Director, at 645 South Main Street, Lima, Ohio 45804.

Northwest Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center - The Northwest Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center ("SERRC") is a jointly governed organization formed to initiate, expand, and improve special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents. The SERRC is governed by a fifty-two member board consisting of the superintendent from the fifty participating Districts, one representative from a non-public school, and one representative from Wright State University. The degree of control exercised by any participating District is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Hardin County Educational Service Center, 1 Court House Square, Suite 50, Kenton, Ohio 43326-2385.

<u>State Support Team Region 1</u> – The State Support Team Region 1 (SSTR1) provides specialized core work related to building regional capacity for district, building, and community school implementation of the Ohio Improvement Process (OIP) at a high level. The service region of the SSTR1 includes Defiance, Fulton, Hancock, Henry, Lucas, Ottawa, Paulding, Putnam, Sandusky, Van Wert, Williams and Wood counties, and Fostoria Community School in Seneca County. The Educational Service Center of Lake Erie West is the fiscal agent for the SSTR1. Executive Director and Single Point of Contact is Sue Zake. Contact information is available at www.sstr1.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Vantage Vocational School</u> - The Vantage Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating Districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Vantage Vocational School, Laura Peters, who serves as Treasurer, at 818 North Franklin Street, Van Wert, Ohio 45891.

NOTE 13 - GROUP PURCHASING POOLS

Paulding County School Consortium's Employee Insurance Benefits Program - The District participates in the Paulding County School Consortium's Employee Insurance Benefits Program ("Program"), a Council of Governments, defined as an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Program is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members, which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program to maintain adequate insurance protection and provide risk management programs and other administrative services for medical and dental insurance coverage to the employees of the participants. Each participant's superintendent is appointed to a Board of Directors, which advises the Trustee, Huntington Financial, concerning aspects of the administration of the Program. Members are Antwerp Local Schools, Paulding Exempted Village Schools and Wayne Trace Local Schools. Monies are paid monthly to Reliance Financial Services, which holds and invests funds for the Consortium and makes payments to Anthem Insurance, which acts as the TPA for administration of the policies.

Each participant decides which plans offered by the Board of Directors will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Program is by written application subject to acceptance by the Board of Directors and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Lori Davis, 4915 U.S. RT. 127, Haviland, Ohio 45851.

Metropolitan Educational Council - The Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC) is a purchasing cooperative made up of 193 districts in 42 counties. The purpose of the cooperative is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the MEC. The Governing Board of MEC consists of one voting representative from each member district. The District purchases electric through the MEC program. To obtain financial information, write to Metropolitan Educational Council, Elmo Kallner, who serves as Director, 6100 Channingway Boulevard, Suite 604, Columbus, Ohio 43232.

NOTE 14- INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Advances in/advances out consisted of the following at June 30, 2016 as reported on the fund statement:

Advances Out	Advances In	 Amount
General Fund Lunchroom Fund	Ohio EPA Fund General Fund	\$ 4,900 82,000
Total		\$ 86,900

The primary purpose of the advances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. Advances in to the General Fund in the amount of \$82,000 were repayment of prior year advances. The remaining advances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 14- INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

Advances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

<u>Transfers from the General Fund to:</u>	Amount
Permanent Improvement Fund	\$ 276,510
Lunchroom Fund	182,000
Total	\$ 458,510

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the District as defendant.

C. School Funding

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014-2015 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2016 Foundation funding for the District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

NOTE 16 – BUDGETARY BASIS

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis presented for the general fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year-end encumbrances that are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the cash basis statement to the budgetary basis statement for the General Fund:

Net Change in Fund Cash Balance

	General Fund	
Cash basis	\$	966,647
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(2,960)
Adjustment for encumbrances		(14,882)
Budget basis	\$	948,805

Certain funds that are legally budged in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the Uniform School Supplies Fund, Public School Support Fund, Special Trust Fund, Rotary Fund and Termination Benefits Fund.

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reservations of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures and may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Υ	Year-end	
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	<u>umbrances</u>	
General Fund	\$	14,882	
Other Governmental		111,915	
Total	\$	126,797	

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

FEDERAL GRANTOR	Federal	Passed	-
Pass through Grantor Program Title/Cluster Title	CFDA Number	Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:			
Nutrition Cluster:			
National School Lunch Program:			
Cash Assistance	10.555		\$202,520
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)	10.555		28,150
Total National School Lunch Program			230,670
School Breakfast Program	10.553		34,470
Total Nutrition Cluster			265,140
Total United States Department of Agriculture			265,140
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010		157,264
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367		48,791
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027		224,039
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173		13,130
Total Special Education Cluster			237,169
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	\$76,292	76,292
Total United States Department of Education			519,516
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$76,292	\$784,656

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Wayne Trace Local School District (the District's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87 Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments (codified in 2 CFR Part 225), or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - SUBRECIPIENTS

The District passes certain federal awards received from Ohio Department of Education to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the District reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a subrecipient, the District has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Wayne Trace Local School District Paulding County 4915 U.S. Highway 127 Haviland, Ohio 45851-9738

To the Board of Education:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wayne Trace Local School District, Paulding County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2017, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2016-002 to be a material weakness.

One Government Center, Suite 1420, Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 Phone: 419-245-2811 or 800-443-9276 Fax: 419-245-2484 Wayne Trace Local School District
Paulding County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2016-001.

Entity's Response to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 27, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Wayne Trace Local School District Paulding County 4915 U.S. Highway 127 Haviland, Ohio 45851-9738

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Wayne Trace Local School District, Paulding County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could directly and materially affect each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The Summary of Auditor's Results in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on each of the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

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Wayne Trace Local School District
Paulding County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Wayne Trace Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 27, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster
		Special Education Cluster
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2016-001

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 provides that each public office "shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The auditor of state may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the auditor of state has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office."

Wayne Trace Local School District Paulding County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2016-001 (Continued)

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B) adds to the general requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 by requiring Districts to prepare their annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The District lacked a GASB 34 policy and prepared its financial statements on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District may be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

We recommend the District prepare its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Officials' Response:

At this time, the Wayne Trace Board of Education feels it is more cost effective to file the OCBOA statement in lieu of the GAAP statement. The District is aware that it may be subject to a fine for not complying with the requirement of filing the District's financial reports based on GAAP.

FINDING NUMBER 2016-002

Material Weakness

Monitoring of Financial Statements

Accurate financial reporting is the responsibility of the Treasurer and Board of Education, and is essential to ensure the information provided to the readers of the financial statements accurately reflects the District's activity.

The fiscal year 2016 financial statements incorrectly classified a capital appreciation bond payment of \$220,488. This resulted in overstating interest payments and understating principal payments.

The District lacked a policy regarding financial review which contributed to this material posting error, occurring without detection. An adjusting entry was posted to the District's financial statements to correct this error.

To ensure the District's financial statements and notes to the statements are complete and accurate, we recommend the Treasurer post all transactions in accordance with the guidance established by the Uniform School Accounting System issued by the Auditor of State. Furthermore, the Board should adopt policies and procedures, including a final review of the statements and notes by the Treasurer and Board, to identify and correct errors and omissions.

Officials' Response:

The District has obtained an updated amortization schedule from the lender, which correctly shows the principal and interest payment amounts.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2016

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2015-001	Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B) for reporting on basis other than generally accepted accounting principles.	Not Corrected	At this time, the Wayne Trace Board of Education feels it is more cost effective to file the OCBOA statement in lieu of the GAAP statement.
2015-002	34 CFR 80.20 (b)(7) for not spending Special Education drawdowns timely.	Corrective Action Taken and Finding is Fully Corrected	

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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2016

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2016-001	At this time, the Wayne Trace Board of Education feels it is more cost effective to file the OCBOA statement in lieu of the GAAP statement. The District is aware that it may be subject to a fine for not complying with the requirement of filing the District's financial reports based on GAAP.	N/A	Lori Davis, Treasurer
2016-002	The District has obtained an updated amortization schedule from the lender, which correctly shows the principal and interest payment amounts.	March 31, 2017	Lori Davis, Treasurer





CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 11, 2017