OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015



Executive Committee Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments 720 Pete Rose Way, Suite 420 Cincinnati, Ohio 45202

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments, Hamilton County, prepared by Bastin & Company, LLC, for the audit period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 10, 2017



OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ACRONYMS/ABBREVIATIONS	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	17
Statement of Cash Flows	18
Notes to Financial Statements	19
Supplementary Information	
Schedule 1 - Schedule of Revenue and Expenses by Activity	28
Schedule 2 - Schedule of Fringe Benefit Cost Rates	29
Schedule 3 - Schedule of Indirect Cost Rates	30
Schedules of Cumulative Revenues and Expenditures - Completed Programs	31
Schedules of Cumulative Revenues and Expenditures - Programs in Progress	43
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	50
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	53
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	55
Schedule of Findings.	57

ACRONYMS/ABBREVIATIONS

CMAQ Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

FAST Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act

FHWA Federal Highway Administration

FIAM Fiscal Impact Analysis Model

FTA Federal Transit Administration

GIS Geographic Information System

HCEMA Hamilton County Emergency Management Agency

HPR Highway Planning and Research

INDOT Indiana Department of Transportation

JARC Job Access Reserve Commute

KYTC Kentucky Transportation Cabinet

MARC Mid-America Regional Council

MPO Metropolitan Planning Organization

NARC National Association of Regional Councils

ODOT Ohio Department of Transportation

OEPA Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

OKI Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments

PL Planning

SNK Surface Transportation Planning (Northern Kentucky)

STP Surface Transportation Planning (Ohio and Indiana)

UPWP Unified Planning Work Program

Bastin & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

OKI Regional Council of Governments 720 East Pete Rose Way, Suite 420 Cincinnati, Ohio 45202

To the Executive Committee:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments (OKI), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise OKI's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to OKI's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of OKI's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of OKI as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* on pages 3-15 to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on OKI's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The accompanying supplemental schedules 1–3 and schedules of cumulative revenues and expenditures for completed programs and programs in progress present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Bastin & Company, LLC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2016, on our consideration of OKI's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering OKI's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cincinnati, Ohio December 6, 2016

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

The Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments (OKI) offers this narrative overview and analysis of OKI's financial performance during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with OKI's financial statements, which follow this section.

OKI AT A GLANCE

The Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments (OKI) is a council of local governments, business organizations and community groups committed to developing collaborative strategies to improve the quality of life and the economic vitality of the region. Formed in 1964, OKI has spent over 50 years cultivating partnerships and alliances that range from the federal government to local councils. Its 117 members represent governmental, social and civic groups from nearly 200 communities in the eight-county, three-state region.

OKI works collaboratively with stakeholders to solve interstate dilemmas, create far-reaching development plans, break through political bureaucracy, provide services to the public and advocate for federal funding.

OKI has final authority over all federal dollars spent on surface transportation in the region. Each year, OKI approves roughly \$40 million in funding for projects in the region.

ACTIVITIES AND PROJECTS

While OKI's primary mission has been transportation, its responsibilities are not confined to just highways and pavement.

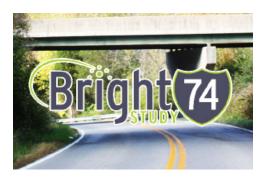
OKI Projects Include...

BRENT SPENCE BRIDGE CORRIDOR



As the leader in bringing all the necessary players to the table for this \$2.6 billion dollar project. OKI is dedicated to seeing this project built and the sooner, the better. The new and refurbished existing bridge along with eight miles of expanded and improved Interstate 75 will increase travel efficiency and safety on this nationally important freight corridor.

BRIGHT 74 STUDY



OKI has begun a planning study that will identify multi-modal transportation needs, develop conceptual solutions and evaluate improvement alternatives for the unincorporated Bright Area of northeastern Dearborn County, Indiana. The Bright 74 Study will investigate options for improvements to existing roadways, potential new roadways, and/or a combination of both to improve safety, access and other travel needs between the Bright Area and Interstate 74.

WESTERN HILLS VIADUCT



Cincinnati's gateway to the West Side, the Western Hills Viaduct is a double-decked bridge spanning the Queen City rail yard, connecting several major roadways and has a water main built into it. The viaduct is considered the most decrepit bridge in the region with Federal inspectors declaring it structurally deficient. Engineers say it needs to be replaced within a decade with current estimates at \$280 million. The viaduct carries almost 71,000 vehicles a day and is 84 years old.

RIVERFRONT COMMONS



Working with Kentucky's Southbank Partners to develop a pedestrian/bicycle trail to connect the cities of Ludlow, Covington, Newport, Bellevue, Dayton and Fort Thomas. Riverfront Commons will be an integrated, continuous public corridor of multi-use trails, plazas, overlooks, parks and event venues that link six of Northern Kentucky's communities.

SOLAR READY



Solar Ready II is funded by a Rooftop Solar Challenge award through the U.S. Department of Energy's SunShot Initiative. OKI partnered with 10 regional planning councils across the country in streamlining local government permitting and planning processes, exploring financing options, and identifying other best practices to better facilitate the installation of solar energy. In addition, OKI developed a solar map to provide general information about the estimated annual solar energy potential on building rooftops in the OKI region.

TAKING ROOT



OKI, the Cincinnati Zoo & Botanical Garden, The Green Partnership for Greater Cincinnati and Green Umbrella launched and continues to support the collaborative, broad-based Taking Root campaign to address the loss of the region's tree canopy. Taking Root aims to combat the local tree crisis through education, better management of existing trees and by planting 2 million trees by 2020.

RIDESHARE



The RideShare program enables commuters to save time and money through carpools and vanpools. OKI works with individuals and major employers in the region on how RideShare can work for them.

KENTUCKY 536 SCOPING STUDY



Multi-modal transportation improvement alternatives for KY 536, between KY 17 and the Kenton/Campbell county line, have been developed over the past year in close coordination with local residents, property owners, businesses and local and regional community leaders. The KY 536 Scoping Study has concluded with the selection for an off-alignment recommendation.

HOMELAND SECURITY



In cooperation with several regional partners, OKI continues to evolve the cutting-edge emergency management system known as RAVEN911. This system provides an Internet-based common operating picture allowing emergency responders from across the Greater Cincinnati region to prepare for, respond to or recover from a large-scale emergency.

URBAN AND COMMUNITY U.S. FORESTRY CHALLENGE GRANT



OKI and a team of national partners are developing a guide for local decision makers to use as a resource for promoting, facilitating and increasing the use of trees for storm water management. This guide will help to overcome barriers for managing storm water by providing a practical tool that informs local governments of options and best practices for including trees in storm water facility regulations and policies.

REGIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT ZONES (RIIZ)



OKI is working with Congress on legislation to change federal law and allow tax deductions for private sector investment in infrastructure projects. This innovative solution leverages federal and state funds, while benefiting communities and keeping people, businesses and the economy growing and moving.

POLICY OF INCLUSION AND PARTICIPATION





Title VI and Environmental Justice programs ensure the inclusion of minority, low income, disabled, elderly and zero-car households in its transportation planning process.

FREIGHT



Our region is a major link in America's freight transportation network. Upwards of 323 million tons of freight moves through the region annually. OKI's comprehensive freight plan includes multi-modal improvements to enhance the region's freight transportation system.

EASTERN CORRIDOR



OKI continues to assist in the development of this project that provides multi-modal solutions to transportation issues and maximizes regional benefits. The Eastern Corridor stretches from the downtown Cincinnati urbanized core in Hamilton County to western Clermont County in Ohio and into northern Kentucky.

NEW MLK / I-71 INTERCHANGE



Construction began on a new interchange from I-71 into Uptown in the summer 2014. OKI led the initial study resulting in the new interchange that will help unleash more than \$1 billion in new development for the region's second largest economic engine. The OKI Board reaffirmed its commitment to the project in late 2013 by approving an innovative funding arrangement with Ohio's State Infrastructure Bank.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

During fiscal year 2016:

- OKI continued two partnerships with counties and organizations within the region to implement the
 Fiscal Impact Analysis Model (FIAM). Both of these partnerships will continue into fiscal year 2017,
 with one of them expanding, providing \$14,500 in local match for fiscal year 2017 model activities.
 FIAM activities will carry into the next year and OKI will continue to follow up with communities
 that have expressed an interest in becoming new partners.
- OKI continued executing partnership agreements with advertising outlets to provide value added services as match for the Clean Air and RideShare programs. The value of these services was used as match for the Kentucky share of these programs. Currently the Ohio share of these programs does not require match. ODOT provides 100% funding for RideShare and toll revenue credits as match for Clean Air. During fiscal year 2016 the RideShare Program received \$25,010 in contributed services and the Clean Air Program received \$68,807 in contributed services.
- The Hamilton County Emergency Management Agency (HCEMA) engaged the services of OKI's GIS department to develop data sets to further the RAVEN911 project.
- Total assets exceeded liabilities as of June 30, 2016 by \$1,092,465, an increase of \$28,130 from June 30, 2015. The goal of OKI is to provide the maximum level of service to Council members within available funding, while maintaining net position of around \$1,000,000.
- OKI had operating revenues of \$5,727,512 and operating expenses of \$5,699,382, resulting in operating income of \$28,130.
- Contributed services in excess of match required by programs and grants totaled \$67,549.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The following is a list of the basic financial statements included in this report:

Management Discussion and Analysis

Basic Financial Statements:

Statement of Net Position

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Statement of Cash Flows

Notes to the Financial Statements

OKI is a single enterprise fund using proprietary fund accounting, which means these statements are presented in a manner similar to private-sector business. The statements are presented using economic resource management focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of OKI's finances.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Our analysis of OKI as a whole begins here. One of the most important questions asked about OKI's finances is "Is OKI as a whole better off as a result of the year's activities?". As net position increased by \$28,130, we feel that the financial position of OKI is more secure than it has been in a decade. Over the past few years, at the direction of the Board, OKI has increased its net position to assist with day to day cash flow and in anticipation of future activities requiring local match. Net position is currently at the level desired by the Board.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position report information about OKI as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all the assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accruals of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report OKI's net position and changes to it. One can think of OKI's net position, the difference between assets (what OKI owns) and liabilities (what OKI owes), as one way to measure OKI's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in OKI's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position measures the success of operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether OKI has successfully recovered all the costs through member contribution, federal, state of Ohio, state of Kentucky, state of Indiana, local reimbursements, and other revenues.

In addition to the results of operating activities, one needs to consider other nonfinancial factors such as prevailing economic conditions, growth or decline in population, and new or changed legislation as contributing to the net change in position.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about OKI's cash receipts and cash payments during the year. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, capital and related financing activities and investing activities.

These financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 18 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. The notes can be found starting on page 19 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF OKI

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The following table represents condensed statements of net position.

Statement of Net Position (\$ in Thousands)

Current assets Capital assets, net Total assets	FY2016	FY2015	FY2014
	\$1,807	\$1,904	\$1,887
	<u>63</u>	61	<u>42</u>
	1,870	1,965	1,929
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Total liabilities	677	802	662
	101	99	96
	778	901	758
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total net position	63	61	42
	1,029	1,003	1,129
	<u>\$1,092</u>	<u>\$1,064</u>	\$1,171

Current assets decreased by \$97k, or 5.1%, in 2016 due to a decrease in accounts receivable related to completion of the Kentucky 536 scoping study and the Bicycle/Pedestrian Pilot program combined with a decrease in cash. In 2015 current assets increased by \$17k, or 0.9%, due to an increase in prepaid expenses and an increase in accounts receivable related to the Kentucky 536 scoping study, the traffic data collection project, and the FTA New Freedom programs, combined with a decrease in cash.

Capital assets increased by \$2k, or 3.3%, in 2016 due to the purchase of \$27k in network equipment offset by depreciation of existing equipment and disposal of an obsolete phone system in-service since fiscal year 1999. In 2015 capital assets increased by \$19k, or 45.2%, due to the purchase of \$37k in network equipment offset by depreciation of existing equipment and disposal of obsolete equipment with in-service dates in fiscal years 2000 – 2005.

Current liabilities decreased by \$125k, or 15.6%, in 2016 due to a decrease in open payables related to completion of the Kentucky 536 scoping study and the traffic data collection project; a decrease in leave liabilities due to two staff retiring during the year; and a decrease in unearned revenues associated with completion of the American Planning Association Plan4Health project. In 2015 current liabilities increased by \$140k, or 21.1%, due to an increase in open payables related to the Kentucky 536 scoping study, the traffic data collection project, and purchase of bike-pedestrian count equipment; an increase in leave liabilities due to a decrease in leave usage as well as an additional staff member becoming eligible for partial sick leave payout; and an increase in unearned revenues associated with the American Planning Association Plan4Health project.

Non-current liabilities increased by \$2k, or 2.0%, in 2016 due to a net decrease in vacation leave usage in fiscal 2016. The overall increase in leave expense is contributable to leave payouts for the retirement of two long term employees. In 2015 non-current liabilities increased by \$3k, or 3.1%, due to a decrease in vacation leave usage in fiscal 2015.

Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints or legal requirements – increased by \$26k, or 2.6%, in 2016 due to effective management of local water and regional planning activities combined with timing of current projects. In 2015 unrestricted net position decreased by \$126k, or 11.2%, due to the decision at budget time to use prior years' surplus to match the Kentucky 536 scoping study, timing of the annual meeting which occurred later in the summer, and general and administrative activities.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The following table reflects the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position (\$ in Thousands)

Operating revenues Federal and state State, local and county matching Other revenue	FY2016 \$4,495 1,104 53	FY2015 \$4,332 980 6	FY2014 \$3,868 975 42
Contributed services Total operating revenue	<u>75</u> 5,727	288 5,606	<u>473</u> <u>5,358</u>
Operating expenses		, 	
Salaries and wages	2,456	2,365	2,330
Fringe benefits	1,116	1,134	948
Travel, subsistence and professional development		123	99
Printing, marketing and contractual	1,192	1,092	805
Depreciation	24	18	27
Other expenses	718	693	700
Contributed services	<u>75</u>	288	<u>473</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>5,699</u>	5,713	5,382
Operating income	28	(107)	(24)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)			
Contributed services	68	302	199
Contributed marketing	(68)	_(302)	(199)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)			
Increase (decrease) in net position	28	(107)	(24)
Net position, beginning of year	1,064	1,171	1,195
Net position, end of year	\$1,092	<u>\$1,064</u>	\$1,171

Operating revenues increased by 2.2% from 2015 to 2016 due to an increase in federal and state revenues associated with the Long Range Plan update, combined with addition of the Bright 74 study and the US Forestry project for integrating trees into stormwater management offset by completion of the American Planning Association Plan4Health project and KY 536 study; combined with an increase in local revenues associated with HCEMA activities and decreased contributed services revenue related to New Freedom pass through activity levels.

Operating revenues increased by 4.6% from 2014 to 2015 due to an increase in federal and state revenues associated with addition of the Kentucky 536 scoping study, the American Planning Association Plan4Health project, and the transportation modeling data collection project, offset by a decrease in local revenues associated with renegotiation of the HCEMA project and decreased contributed services revenue related to New Freedom pass through activity levels.

Operating expenses decreased by 0.2% from 2015 to 2016. Contributed services decreased related to New Freedom pass through activity levels combined with a decrease in fringe benefits associated with lower leave liability adjustments due to two staff retirements; offset by a board approved 3.25% merit increase in salaries, an increase in printing marketing and contractual related to completion of traffic counts, and an increase in other expenses due to increased legal fees and increased meeting expenses relate to the timing of OKI's annual meeting.

Operating expenses increased by 6.1% from 2014 to 2015. Fringe benefits increased due to a 14% increase in health insurance premiums, an increase in sick leave liabilities due to an additional staff person being eligible for partial payout, and an increase in vacation liabilities due to a decrease in usage during the year. Travel, subsistence, and professional development increased due to staff traveling more in the STP, Rideshare, indirect, and G&A functions. Printing, marketing and contractual increased due to the KY536 scoping study. These increases were offset by a decrease in depreciation and a decrease in contributed services related to a decrease in New Freedom pass through.

Contributed services in excess of required match decreased by 77.5% from 2015 to 2016 due to difficulties obtaining public service announcements because of increased demand for air time related to political campaigns, combined with changes in representatives at media outlets causing some partnerships to not be able to be renegotiated this year.

Contributed services in excess of required match increased by 51.8% from 2014 to 2015 due to the program manager being able to negotiate better rates and partnerships for the Clean Air program.

BUDGET VS ACTUAL INFORMATION

The following table reflects a budget to actual comparison.

BUDGET VS ACTUAL (\$ in Thousands)

	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budget</u>	Variance
Operating revenues			
Federal and state	\$4,495	\$4,874	\$ (379)
State, local and county matching	1,104	1,165	(61)
Other revenue	53	61	(8)
Contributed services	<u>75</u>	<u> 192</u>	_(117)
Total operating revenue	5,727	6,292	(565)
Operating expenses			
Salaries and wages	2,456	2,489	33
Fringe benefits	1,116	1,312	196
Travel, subsistence and professional development	118	155	37
Printing, marketing and contractual	1,192	1,397	205
Other expenses	742	769	27
Contributed services	<u>75</u>	<u>192</u>	<u>117</u>
Total operating expenses	5,699	6,314	615
Non-operating revenues (expenses)			
Contributed services	68	153	(85)
Contributed marketing	(68)	(153)	<u>85</u>
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		-	_
Increase (decrease) in net position	28	(22)	50
Net position, beginning of year	1,064	1,064	
Net position, end of year	<u>\$1,092</u>	<u>\$1,042</u>	<u>\$ 50</u>

Operating revenues were 91.0% of budget which is on budget. Federal and state revenues were lower than budgeted due to timing of the US Forestry project and Bright 74 study, both were budgeted to be active the entire year but didn't get started until mid-year, combined with FTA New Freedom and 5310 projects progressing slower than budgeted. Other revenues were under budget due to lower than budgeted freight conference revenues offset by higher than budgeted annual meeting revenues. Contributed

services revenues were lower than budgeted due to the timing of the US Forestry project and the New Freedom pass-through funded projects progressing slower than budgeted.

Operating expenses were at 90.3% of budget, which is on budget. Fringe benefits were under budget due to savings experienced on health insurance renewals, lower than budgeted utilization of the voluntary 403b plan, and lower than budgeted leave variance and liability adjustments due to unbudgeted leave payouts for two employees who retired during the year. Travel and professional development expenses were lower than budget due to lower than budgeted travel expenses for the Long Range Plan update, several budgeted professional development trips not taken and savings experienced on trips taken combined with lower than budgeted board travel. Printing, marketing and contractual expenses were under budget due to timing of the Bright 74 study and the US Forestry project combined with the slower than budgeted progress of the 5310 and New Freedom projects. Contributed services expenses were lower than budgeted due to the timing of the US Forestry project and the New Freedom pass-through funded projects progressing slower than budgeted.

In fiscal year 2016, OKI was able to stay just under budget due to careful management of local regional planning, and local water activities as well as the timing of the Bright 74 Study and US Forestry project, which shifted expenses into fiscal year 2017, contributed to the \$28k addition to net position rather than the budgeted decrease in net position.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, OKI's capital assets are reflected in the following schedule.

CAPITAL ASSETS (\$ in Thousands)

	FY2016	FY2015	FY2014
Office furniture and equipment	\$ 631	\$ 638	\$ 666
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(568)</u>	<u>(577)</u>	<u>(624)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 63</u>	<u>\$ 61</u>	<u>\$ 42</u>

Net capital assets increased during fiscal year 2016 primarily due to the purchase of \$27k in network servers offset by depreciation of existing equipment and disposal of obsolete office equipment. A Dell Power Edge ESX server, a Dell Power Edge backup server, and a new server for the transportation model were purchased and the obsolete phone system in service since 1999 was disposed.

Net capital assets increased during fiscal year 2015 primarily due to the purchase of \$37k in network equipment offset by depreciation of existing equipment and disposal of obsolete equipment with inservice dates in fiscal years 2000 – 2005. A multi-function printer/copier/scanner, a replacement equallogic storage area network server, and replacement UPC network backup power source for the OKI network were purchased. Several obsolete servers, monitors, computers, a router, and other miscellaneous network equipment and software were disposed.

Additional information on OKI's capital assets can be found in Note 5.

Debt

OKI maintains an \$850,000 bank line of credit if needed. The line of credit was not used during fiscal year 2016.

Additional information on OKI's bank line of credit can be found in Note 6.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

OKI considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2016 budget, including funding from federal and state agencies, the eight counties supporting the council and program demands from the member agencies.

OKI continues to rely on federal and state grants, local program grants, special studies, and other local projects to fund its many programs. At present, federal and state funding sources are secure; however, legislative action can affect both revenue streams. The eight counties that comprise the region are contributing funding for local match and OKI's administrative costs based on each county's population at a per capita rate of \$0.33. This per capita rate has been unchanged since fiscal 2000.

The region's population and economy have grown in recent years and there are many developments occurring throughout the counties that should continue this trend. To achieve this growth, the transportation assets of the region must continue to be addressed. Chief among these is the Brent Spence Bridge project that links the region's jobs and communities. OKI continues to work closely with the business community, the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet and the Ohio Department of Transportation to develop strategies for the replacement of this vital river crossing.

On December 4, 2015, President Obama signed the Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act (Pub. L. No. 114-94) into law, the first federal law in over a decade to provide long-term funding certainty for surface transportation infrastructure planning and investment. The FAST Act authorizes \$305 billion over fiscal years 2016 through 2020 for highway, highway and motor vehicle safety, public transportation, motor carrier safety, hazardous materials safety, rail, and research, technology, and statistics programs. The FAST Act maintains our focus on safety, keeps intact the established structure of the various highway-related programs we manage, continues efforts to streamline project delivery and, for the first time, provides a dedicated source of federal dollars for freight projects. With the enactment of the FAST Act, states and local governments are now moving forward with critical transportation projects with the confidence that they will have a federal partner over the long term. It is prudent for OKI to develop its operating plan based on level funding.

CONTACTING OKI

This financial report is designed to provide federal and state oversight agencies, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of OKI's finances and to demonstrate OKI's accountability for the money it receives. Additional financial information can be obtained by contacting the Director of Finance, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments, 720 E. Pete Rose Way, Suite 420, Cincinnati, OH 45202.

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

ASSETS

ASSEIS		
	2016	2015
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 794,917	\$ 853,268
Accounts receivable	986,317	1,021,112
Prepaid expenses	25,829	30,058
1 repaid expenses	23,829	30,038
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,807,063	1,904,438
NONCURRENT ASSETS:		
Capital assets, net	63,238	61,162
Capital assets, net	03,236	01,102
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	63,238	61,162
TOTAL ASSETS	1,870,301	1,965,600
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
	102 022	275 200
Accounts payable	192,033	275,208
Accrued expenses	94,205	71,427
Compensated absences	215,143	227,333
Unearned revenue	175,497	227,741
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	676,878	801,709
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	400 0 70	
Compensated absences	100,958	99,556
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	100,958	99,556
TOTAL LIABILITIES	777,836	901,265
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	63,238	61,162
Unrestricted	1,029,227	1,003,173
	<u> </u>	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,092,465	\$ 1,064,335

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Federal and state grants	\$ 4,495,113	\$ 4,332,073
State, local and county matching funds	1,104,382	980,179
Other revenues	52,562	5,541
Contributed services	75,455	287,997
Total Operating Revenues	5,727,512	5,605,790
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Direct expenses		
Personnel	1,451,012	1,394,493
Fringe benefits	1,049,157	1,016,497
Travel, subsistence and professional	95,689	96,577
Printing, marketing and contractual	1,138,761	1,039,056
Other direct expenses	109,226	96,617
Indirect costs	1,780,082	1,781,348
Contributed services	75,455	287,997
Total Operating Expenses	5,699,382	5,712,585
OPERATING INCOME	28,130	(106,795)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Contributed services revenues	67,549	301,919
Contributed services expenses	(67,549)	(301,919)
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	28,130	(106,795)
Net Position Beginning of Year	1,064,335	1,171,130
Net Position End of Year	\$ 1,092,465	\$ 1,064,335

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

		2016		2015
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from federal and state grants	\$	4,523,757	\$	4,187,110
Receipts from local grants and matching funds		1,111,841		997,284
Payments to employees		(3,561,049)		(3,457,272)
Payments to suppliers		(2,106,580)		(1,882,186)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(32,031)		(155,064)
Cash flows from capital related activities:				
Purchase of fixed assets		(26,320)		(36,803)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital financing activities		(26,320)		(36,803)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(58,351)		(191,867)
Net increase (decrease) in eash and eash equivalents		(30,331)		(171,007)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		853,268		1,045,135
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	794,917	\$	853,268
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash				
used for operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	28,130	\$	(106,795)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	·	-,	·	(,,
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities				
Depreciation		24,244		17,739
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Decrease (Increase) in:				
Accounts receivable		34,795		(196,254)
Prepaid expenses		4,229		(13,039)
Increase (Decrease) in:				
Accounts payable		(83,175)		38,487
Accrued expenses		22,778		14,673
Unearned revenue		(52,244)		63,112
Compensated absences		(10,788)		27,013
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(32,031)	\$	(155,064)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments (OKI), organized under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code, assists in coordinating area-wide planning of transportation, economic development, water and air quality, and other aspects of regional development. In addition, OKI coordinates a regional ridesharing program funded by federal funds and contributed services.

OKI also acts as the area-wide review agency on state and local applications for U.S. Government financial assistance on projects located in the regional area comprised of Butler, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren Counties in Ohio; Boone, Campbell, and Kenton Counties in Kentucky; and Dearborn County in Indiana. Funds are provided primarily by federal, state, and local government agencies.

The reporting entity for OKI has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity can be composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of OKI are not misleading. On this basis, no governmental organizations or agencies other than OKI itself are included in the financial reporting entity.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments (OKI) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of OKI's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

OKI's financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenue, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows.

Fund Accounting

OKI maintains its accounting records in accordance with the principles of "fund" accounting. Fund accounting is a concept developed to meet the needs of government entities in which legal or other restraints require the recording of specific revenues and expenses. OKI uses a single enterprise fund to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of OKI is that the costs of providing goods or services to its member governments on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through federal and state operating grants and through member government charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Basis of Accounting

Enterprise fund transactions are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting; revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized as incurred.

Measurement Focus

Enterprise funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how OKI finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activity.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased are presented on the financial statements within cash and cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months, if applicable, are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts, respectively.

During 2016, OKI invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." OKI also implemented GASB Statement No. 79 for 2016. The implementation of this GASB pronouncement had no effect on beginning net position. OKI measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2016, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased are considered cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist mainly of amounts due from various funding agencies for program costs incurred that have not been reimbursed at year-end. Management considers all accounts receivable to be collectable in full.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit beyond year-end are reported as prepaid items via the consumption method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets with a cost of \$5,000 or greater are capitalized and are depreciated on the straight-line method over the asset's estimated useful life. OKI's capital assets consist primarily of office furniture and computers. OKI depreciates office furniture and equipment over a ten year period with one-half year depreciation taken in the year of purchase and disposal. Computers are depreciated over a three year period beginning in the month of purchase.

Compensated Absences

OKI reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that OKI will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as a cash payment at termination or retirement. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The sick leave liability is based on the 25% of sick leave balances accumulated at year end for those employees with at least 20 years of employment and age 55.

Unearned Revenue

Cash received under grants and contracts for which applicable services have not been performed are recorded as unearned revenue in the statement of net position.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by any outstanding balances of any borrowings that have been used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Revenues and Expenses

OKI distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from grants or contracts for the reimbursement of eligible operating costs incurred up to the maximum amounts specified under the grants or contract commitments. Operating revenues also include local matching funds, including member county supporting contributions and in-kind contributions from other agencies, to the extent required to fund program costs or to meet program matching requirements. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition, including contributed services in excess of program matching requirements, are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Tax Status

OKI is qualified by the Internal Revenue Service under Section 501(c)(3) and thus exempted from the payment of income taxes.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by OKI into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the OKI treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the OKI treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that OKI management has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim monies can be deposited or invested in accordance with ORC Section 135.14.

OKI maintains a written investment policy and has designated STAR Ohio as the primary depository for excess funds.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, OKI will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$44,451 of OKI's bank balance of \$294,451 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and collateralized. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject OKI to a successful claim by the FDIC.

OKI has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with OKI or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

As of June 30, 2016, OKI had the following investments:

	Carrying	
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Maturity</u>
STAR Ohio	\$501,090	Average 48.6 Days
Total Investments	\$501,090	

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. OKI's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring OKI's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term investments.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. OKI has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and that the money market fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Concentration of Credit Risk: STAR Ohio represents 100% of OKI's investments at June 30, 2016.

A reconciliation of Cash, cash equivalents and investments is as follows:

	Cash and	
	Cash Equivalents	<u>Investments</u>
Per Statement of Net Position	\$794,917	\$ 0
STAR Ohio	<u>(501,090)</u>	<u>501,090</u>
Per Details Presented Above	\$293,827	<u>\$501,090</u>

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable are from federal, state and local governmental agencies. Amounts reported are as follows:

	2016	2015
Receivables Under Contracts and Grants	<u>.</u>	
Federal	\$ 46,039	\$ 30,330
Ohio	709,571	755,407
Kentucky	124,216	207,058
Indiana	60,369	28,288
Local and County	45,103	-
Receivables Other	1,019	29
Total Receivables	\$986,317	\$1,021,112

(This space intentionally left blank)

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets for the year that ended June 30, 2016 are summarized below:

	Balance			Balance
<u>Description</u>	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2016
Office furniture and equipment	\$ 638,358	\$ 26,320	\$(33,798)	\$ 630,880
Less: accumulated depreciation	(577,196)	(24,244)*	33,798	<u>(567,642)</u>
Furniture and Equipment net	\$ 61,162	<u>\$ 2,076</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 63,238</u>

^{*}Depreciation expense of \$21,563 was charged to the indirect cost pool and \$2,681 was charged directly to general and administrative activities, as directed by ODOT Office of Audits.

Changes in capital assets for the year that ended June 30, 2015 are summarized below:

	Balance			Balance
<u>Description</u>	July 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2015
Office furniture and equipment	\$ 666,510	\$ 36,803	\$(64,955)	\$ 638,358
Less: accumulated depreciation	(624,412)	(17,739)*	64,955	(577,196)
Furniture and Equipment net	<u>\$ 42,098</u>	<u>\$ 19,064</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 61,162</u>

^{*}Depreciation expense of \$16,018 was charged to the indirect cost pool and \$1,721 was charged directly to general and administrative activities, as directed by ODOT Office of Audits.

6. BANK LINE OF CREDIT

OKI has a line of credit available of \$850,000. When used, the line of credit is collateralized by the working capital of OKI and bears interest at the prime rate less one-half percent. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, OKI had no borrowings against this line of credit.

7. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Changes in compensated absences for the year that ended June 30, 2016 are summarized below:

			Balance	Due
Balance			June 30,	Within
July 1, 2015	Entitlements	Usage	2016	One Year
\$326,889	<u>\$354,287</u>	\$(365,075)	<u>\$316,101</u>	\$215,143

Changes in compensated absences for the year that ended June 30, 2015 are summarized below:

			Balance	Due
Balance			June 30,	Within
July 1, 2014	Entitlements	Usage	2015	One Year
\$299,876	\$385,806	\$(358,793)	<u>\$326,889</u>	\$227,333

8. LEASE COMMITMENTS

OKI has an operating lease agreement for office facilities. The base annual lease amount is \$403,800. This amount cannot be increased through June 30, 2018, but is subject to annual escalators that are based on landlord cost and occupancy formulas. These escalators are cumulative in nature. Total rental expense (base lease plus escalators) was \$438,688 and 450,930 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT

OKI By-Laws, Article IX – Employee Retirement Plan – Social Security, authorizes the Executive Committee of OKI to establish a retirement plan for employees in writing and qualified under Section 401 of Internal Revenue Service Code of 1954. The plan is to provide for contributions by OKI and may condition participation by an employee of his or her contribution to the plan. The By-Laws direct the Executive Committee to establish a trust for the funding of the plan and to appoint a private banking institution or other organization qualified by the Internal Revenue Service to serve as Director or custodian of a Section 401 plan.

The By-Laws state that administration of the retirement plan shall be vested in a Retirement Plan Administrative Committee. The committee will consist of the President, Treasurer, Executive Director, Fiscal Officer, and two full-time employees of OKI. Employee committee members are elected by secret ballot of all retirement plan participants and shall serve for one year. The Executive Director designates the time and conducts the election of committee members.

The By-Laws also direct OKI to enter into an agreement with the Secretary of Health and Human Services to provide coverage of OKI's employees under the Social Security system. This coverage is to supplement any retirement plan adopted according to the previous paragraphs.

The OKI Employees Retirement Plan is a trusted, contributory, defined contribution retirement plan covering all permanent full-time employees.

Through December 31, 2008, OKI's Employees' retirement plan consisted of a 401(a) plan. Contributions to the plan included a contribution by OKI of 6.9% of the participant's wages and a mandatory contribution by the participant of 5% of his or her wages.

OKI considers various factors in determining employee and employer contribution rates. These factors include overall budgetary constraints, budget committee direction as well as industry standards and comparative rates of other pension plans utilized by member counties. Based on these considerations, the Board approved changes to OKI's Employees Retirement Plan. Effective January 1, 2009, the retirement plan has two components, a mandatory 401(a) and a voluntary 403(b). Eligible employees are required to contribute 6% to the 401(a) plan and OKI matches 10%. Eligible employees may contribute additional funds to the 403(b) plan. OKI matches up to 4% on the first 3% of employee contributions. The Executive Director is not eligible for benefits under the new plans, and contributions, both employee and employer, remain at prior rates.

During 2016, both employee and employer contributions are 100 percent vested at the date of contribution.

For the 401(a), OKI is the Plan Administrator. The corporate trustee is Central Bank & Trust. For the ERISA 403(b), CUNA Mutual Retirement Solutions is the third party administrator and Matrix Capital Bank & Trust is the custodian. UBS serves as investment advisor and also provides employee education for both Plans.

Pension expense was \$309,299 and \$303,556 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, of which the full amount has been contributed during each year. Forfeitures, when they occur, reduce the current contributions of OKI to the plan. In fiscal years 2016 and 2015 there were no forfeitures.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

OKI maintains commercial insurance coverage against most normal hazards and there has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year. Settlement claims have not exceeded coverage for any of the last three fiscal years.

OKI participates in the State of Ohio's Workers' Compensation program under which premiums paid are based on a rate per \$100 of payroll. The rate is determined based on accident history. OKI also carries workers' compensation insurance in Kentucky through Kentucky Employers' Mutual Insurance based on the portion of payroll related to work activities in Kentucky.

OKI has a premium based HDHP for employee health insurance coverage. OKI makes contributions to employee HSA accounts in accordance with the approved agency budget. Premium expense for 2016 and 2015 was \$493,867 and \$511,867, respectively.

11. CONTRIBUTED SERVICES

Contributed services are valued at the equivalent OKI hourly pay rate for such services for the amount of hours spent by individuals involved. In-kind contributions are valued at the fair market price on the date of receipt. The following projects received contributed services:

The Clean Air (Ozone Awareness) and RideShare programs partner with local advertising outlets, some of which provide value added services as match for the programs. Services can be air time, print ads, or promotional items to be given away at events. The amount of contributed services was \$93,817 (\$67,549 in excess of required match) and \$328,919 (\$301,919 in excess of required match) for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Job Access Reverse Commute and New Freedom programs received contributed services in the form of partner activities in support of the projects per the grant agreements. The amount of the contributed services was \$13,088 for the year ended June 30, 2016 and \$251,134 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The US Department of Energy Rooftop Solar Challenge – Solar Ready II program received contributed services in the form of stakeholder participation in support of the project per the sub-grant agreement. The amount of the contributed services was \$1,781 for the year ended June 30, 2016 and \$9,863 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The Integrating Trees into Stormwater Management Design and Policy program received contributed services in the form of sub-grantee and stakeholder participation in support of the project per OKI's agreement with US Forestry and sub-grant agreements executed with NARC, Centerline, and Davey Trees. The amount of the contributed services was \$34,318 for the year ended June 30, 2016. This was a new program in fiscal year 2016, so no contributed services were received for the year ended June 30, 2015.

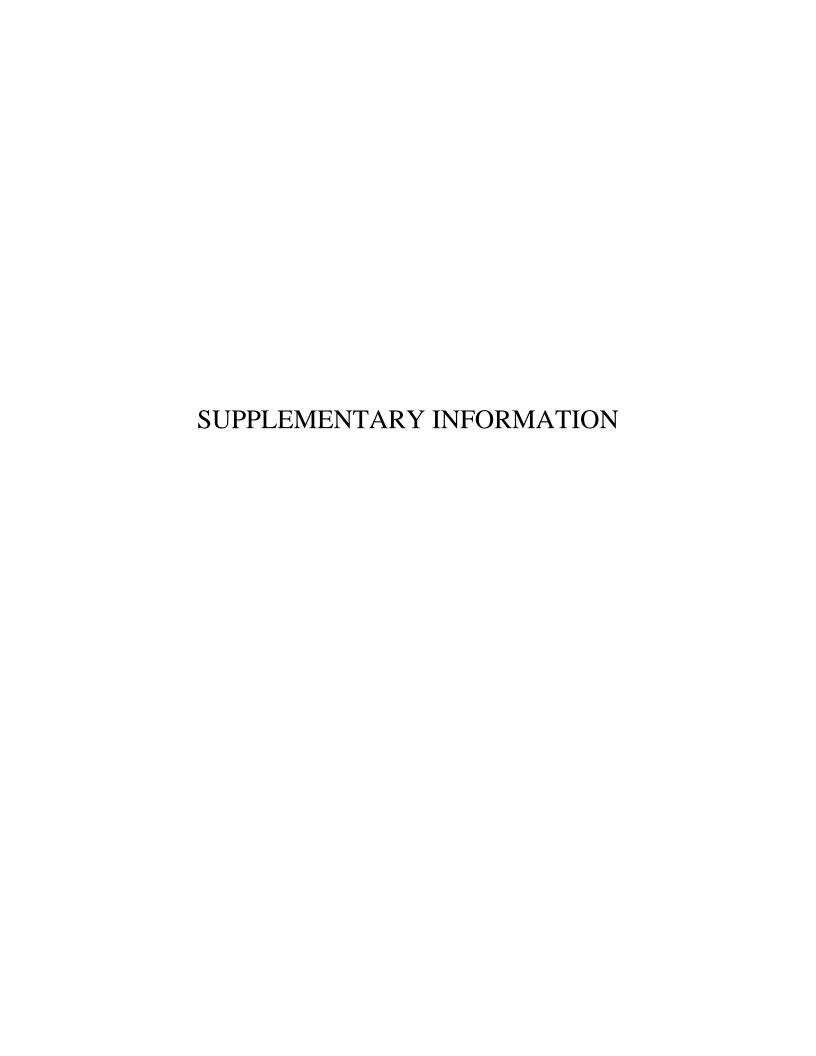
12. INDIRECT COSTS

During the year, indirect costs and fringe benefits are charged to individual programs based on provisional rates. Differences in amounts billed and actual costs incurred are adjusted to actual costs at year end. Indirect costs and fringe benefits in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position represent the application of actual indirect and fringe benefit rates to programs and general and administrative operations.

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts grantor agencies pay to OKI are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

(This space intentionally left blank



OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BY ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(with comparative summary total for 2015)

	General & Administrative Activities	Environmental Planning Activities	Regional Planning	Ridesharing Implementation	Transportation Planning Activities	Total 2016	Total 2015
Operating Revenues: Federal & state grants State, local and county matching funds Other revenue Contributed services Total Operating Revenues	\$ - 76,187 52,562 - 128,749	\$ 200,465 97,895 36,099	\$ 122,779 34,936 - - 157,715	\$ 194,564 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 3,977,305 895,364 28,088 4,900,757	\$ 4,495,113 1,104,382 52,562 75,455 5,727,512	\$ 4,332,073 980,179 5,541 287,997 5,605,790
Total Operating Revenues	126,749	334,439	137,713	203,832	4,900,737	3,727,312	3,003,790
Operating Expenses: Direct expenses							
Personnel	11,508	81,909	18,103	14,404	1,325,088	1,451,012	1,394,493
Fringe benefits	7,936	59,224	13,474	10,414	958,109	1,049,157	1,016,497
Travel, subsistence, and							
professional	30,600	2,181	242	38	62,628	95,689	96,577
Printing, marketing and							
contractual	7,275	44,815	102,279	151,798	832,594	1,138,761	1,039,056
Other direct expenses	28,938	9,748	1,654	240	68,646	109,226	96,617
Indirect costs	14,362	100,483	21,963	17,670	1,625,604	1,780,082	1,781,348
Contributed services		36,099		11,268	28,088	75,455	287,997
Total Operating Expenses	100,619	334,459	157,715	205,832	4,900,757	5,699,382	5,712,585
Non Operating Revenues (Expenses): Contributed services revenues Contributed services expenses		<u>-</u>		13,742 (13,742)	53,807 (53,807)	67,549 (67,549)	301,919 (301,919)
Total Non Operating Revenues (Expenses)							
Operating Income	\$ 28,130	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,130	\$ (106,795)

Notes:

1. Member counties pay dues each year based on census figures. Those dues are used to provide match for core planning projects and some special projects, as outlined in the board approved budget. Dues are also used to pay for direct expenses of OEPA projects, the local water program, the local regional planning program, and non-federal expenses recorded under the general and administrative program. When county funds used in programs exceed county funds received during the year, the result is negative net county revenues which indicates that surplus or fund balance has been used.

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF FRINGE BENEFIT COST RATES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget		 Actual	
Fringe benefit costs:				
Holidays	\$	94,631	\$ 91,379	
Sick leave		71,897	78,362	
Vacation		203,587	195,335	
Administrative		9,405	3,503	
Retirement		359,350	327,135	
Group health		731,253	614,522	
FICA		181,811	175,197	
Workers compensation		5,088	3,679	
Unemployment		1,200	-	
Employee Incentives		2,265	 6,192	
Total fringe benefit costs	\$	1,660,487	\$ 1,495,304	
Allocation base: Direct and indirect personnel	\$	2,131,343	\$ 2,068,045	
Fringe benefit cost rate		<u>77.91%</u>	<u>72.31%</u>	

Notes:

- 1. Approval of the fringe benefit cost rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was obtained from ODOT, OKI's cognizant agency. The authority for ODOT to be OKI's cognizant agency was granted from the FHWA.
- 2. A provisional fringe benefit rate of 77.91 percent was authorized by ODOT. The provisional rate is applied each month with a thirteenth allocation made to adjust fringe costs claimed to actual at the end of the fiscal year.
- 3. There were no questioned costs in the fringe benefit cost pool or the direct and indirect personnel allocation base.
- 4. The approved provisional rate was utilized during the fiscal year 2016 for grant invoicing purposes. The final 2016 fringe benefit rate was applied for financial statement purposes and for determining the final grant amounts claimed.
- 5. Expenses in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position reflect the application of actual rates. Individual program costs presented on pages 31 through 49 reflect the application of provisional rates adjusted to actual, subject to grant/program limitations.

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF INDIRECT COST RATES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

]	Budget	Actual
Indirect costs:			
Personnel	\$	598,126	617,033
Fringe benefits		465,988	446,147
Auto allowance		8,700	8,700
Travel and professional development		26,455	18,142
Memberships		3,649	2,623
Printing		300	888
Repairs and maintenance		19,813	17,633
Office supplies		34,333	27,382
Postage		1,974	1,721
Rent		479,794	450,517
Telephone		7,274	8,024
Professional publications		1,280	1,276
Legal and audit		47,800	59,149
Reproductions		2,042	1,903
Insurance		23,625	26,015
Professional services		48,000	44,425
Legal notices		1,079	490
Depreciation		28,908	21,563
Payroll processing		7,298	7,591
Internet		12,460	11,396
Retirement plan admin & education fees		3,950	3,751
Other		3,572	 3,713
Total indirect costs	\$	1,826,420	\$ 1,780,082
Allocation base: Direct personnel	\$	1,533,217	\$ 1,451,012
Indirect cost rate applied		<u>119.12%</u>	122.68%

Notes:

- 1. Approval of the provisional indirect cost rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was obtained from ODOT, OKI's cognizant agency. The authority for ODOT to be OKI's cognizant agency was granted from the FHWA.
- 2. A provisional indirect cost rate of 119.12 percent was authorized by ODOT. The provisional rate is applied each month with a thirteenth allocation made to adjust indirect costs claimed to actual at the end of the fiscal year.
- 3. There were no questioned costs in the indirect cost pool or the direct personnel allocation base.
- 4. The approved provisional rate was utilized during fiscal year 2016 for grant invoicing purposes. The final 2016 indirect cost rate was applied for financial statement purposes and for determining the final grant amounts claimed.
- 5. Expenses in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position reflect the application of actual rates. Individual program costs presented on pages 31 through 49 reflect the application of provisional rates adjusted to actual, subject to grant/program limitations.

SCHEDULES OF CUMULATIVE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

COMPLETED PROGRAMS

31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF CUMULATIVE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FHWA/ODOT/KYTC/INDOT FY 2015 TRANSPORTATION PLANNING JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget	Cumulative Revenues and Expenditures as of June 30, 2015	Revenues and Current Year Expenditures as Revenue and	
Operating Revenues:				of June 30, 2016
Federal and state grants				
Ohio: ODOT (MPO-PL Funds)	\$ 2,194,098	\$ 1,515,848	\$ 678,250	\$ 2,194,098
Kentucky: KYTC (HPR-PL Funds)	698,400	522,551	140,924	663,475
Kentucky: KYTC (FTA Funds)	138,843	94,986	33,417	128,403
Indiana: INDOT (Trans PL Funds)	25,647	25,647	-	25,647
State matching funds Ohio	274,262	189,481	84,781	274,262
State matching funds Kentucky	28,650	19,602	6,896	26,498
County matching funds	461,335	331,092	121,471	452,563
Total Operating Revenues	3,821,235	2,699,207	1,065,739	3,764,946
Operating Expenses:				
Direct expenses				
Personnel	995,125	745,989	252,805	998,794
Fringe benefits	747,240	536,834	196,961	733,795
Travel, subsistence & professional	57,295	31,100	10,252	41,352
Printing, marketing & contractual	712,500	417,098	275,445	692,543
Other direct expenses	40,689	14,359	29,134	43,493
Indirect costs	1,268,386	953,827	301,142	1,254,969
Total Operating Expenses	3,821,235	2,699,207	1,065,739	3,764,946
Tasks:				
Short range planning	84,060	60,888	20,222	81,110
Transportation improvement program	127,200	90,851	30,506	121,357
Surveillance	1,775,871	1,192,406	649,038	1,841,444
Long range planning - systems management	993,515	720,230	211,869	932,099
Long range planning - freight conference	34,500	11,075	23,261	34,336
Public involvement	213,375	156,385	59,436	215,821
INDOT exclusive	32,059	32,478	-	32,478
KYTC exclusive - Kenton scoping study	300,000	261,156	38,240	299,396
KYTC exclusive - transportation planning	165,280	109,177	-	109,177
UPWP administration	22,000	11,618	10,327	21,945
Transportation program reporting	5,875	5,486	364	5,850
Mobile source emissions planning	67,500	47,457	22,476	69,933
Total Tasks	\$ 3,821,235	\$ 2,699,207	\$ 1,065,739	\$ 3,764,946

- 1. The grant period for FY 2015 Transportation Planning is July 1, 2014 through December 31, 2015.
- 2. FHWA/ODOT/KYTC funds are received under agreements for continuation of a transportation planning process with ODOT and KYTC. Revenues were received and expenditures incurred in accordance with a unified planning work program approved each fiscal year. INDOT also participated with the funding being 80 percent Federal and 20 percent local match.
- 3. Due to timing differences between OH and KY funding contracts, KY revenues (PL, FTA, and state) as of June 30, 2015 are associated with FY15 KY contracts. Kentucky revenues (FTA and state) for the current fiscal year are associated with FY16 KY contracts. Kentucky PL revenues are a combination of FY15 and FY16 Contracts; \$30,592 is associated with the FY15 KYTC exclusive Kenton scoping study and the remaining \$110,332 is associated with the FY16 KY contract. Please see footnote #3 on the FY 2016 Transportation Planning schedule. All within budget.
- 4. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2016 CLEAN AIR (OZONE AWARENESS) JUNE 30, 2016

		Cumulative Revenues and			
		rrent Year venue and		enditures as	
	Budget	penditures	of June 30, 2016		
Operating Revenues:	 <u> </u>	 -	0100	10 00, 2010	
Federal and state grants					
Ohio: ODOT (CMAQ)	\$ 283,098	\$ 180,019	\$	180,019	
Kentucky: KYTC (SNK)	60,000	38,153		38,153	
Contributed services	 15,000	 15,000		15,000	
Total Operating Revenues	358,098	233,172		233,172	
Operating Expenses:					
Direct expenses					
Personnel	33,263	5,727		5,727	
Fringe benefits	25,915	4,141		4,141	
Travel, subsistence & professional	52	7		7	
Printing, marketing & contractual	240,501	198,812		198,812	
Other direct expenses	3,744	2,459		2,459	
Indirect costs	39,623	7,026		7,026	
Contributed services	 15,000	15,000		15,000	
Total Operating Expenses	 358,098	 233,172		233,172	
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):					
Contributed services revenues	135,000	53,807		53,807	
Contributed services expenses	 (135,000)	 (53,807)		(53,807)	
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	 				
Tasks:					
Ozone awareness program	 358,098	 286,979		286,979	
Total Tasks	\$ 358,098	\$ 286,979	\$	286,979	

- 1. State grants and contracts consist of the following:
 - a. ODOT agreement for July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 for \$283,098 in ODOT/CMAQ reimbursed to OKI at a participation rate of 100 percent of Ohio's share of the Clean Air program. ODOT provided toll revenue credits in lieu of match.
 - b. KYTC funding agreement July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 for \$60,000 in KYTC/SNK. Expenses reimbursed to OKI at a participation rate of 17.4877 percent of FY2016 expenses, matched with contributed services. A minimum 20% match was required and exceeded.
- 2. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2016 SURFACE TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM (STP) JUNE 30, 2016

				Cumulative		
		Cu	rrent Year	Revenues and		
		Re	venue and	Exp	enditures as	
	 Budget	Ex	penditures	of Ju	ine 30, 2016	
Operating Revenues:	 					
Federal and state grants						
Ohio: ODOT (STP)	\$ 370,386	\$	324,318	\$	324,318	
Kentucky: KYTC (SNK)	65,960		56,410		56,410	
Indiana: INDOT (STP)	210,000		141,939		141,939	
County matching funds	25,040		24,754		24,754	
Local contracts	 62,586		33,216		33,216	
Total Operating Revenues	 733,972		580,637		580,637	
Operating Expenses:						
Direct expenses						
Personnel	176,403		153,596		153,596	
Fringe benefits	137,435		111,058		111,058	
Travel, subsistence & professional	9,167		8,204		8,204	
Printing, marketing & contractual	200,000		118,270		118,270	
Other direct expenses	836		1,080		1,080	
Indirect costs	 210,131		188,429		188,429	
Total Operating Expenses	 733,972		580,637		580,637	
Tasks:						
Long range planning land use	358,538		352,416		352,416	
Long range planning FIAM implementation	112,934		50,797		50,797	
Bright 74 corridor study	200,000		115,286		115,286	
INDOT	 62,500		62,138		62,138	
Total Tasks	\$ 733,972	\$	580,637	\$	580,637	

- 1. The grant period for the Land Use, FIAM and INDOT Surface Transportation Program agreements is July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016. The grant period for the Bright 74 Corridor study is July 1, 2015 through December 31, 2016
- 2. FHWA/ODOT STP/KYTC SNK funds were received under agreements for specified long range planning activities. Revenues were received and expenditures incurred in accordance with a unified planning work program approved for the fiscal year.
- 3. The Land Use task was funded with STP/SNK funds from ODOT and KYTC. ODOT's 82.5123 percent was funded at 100 percent STP utilizing toll revenue credits for match and KYTC's 17.4877 percent was funded at 80 percent SNK funds with 20 percent from local funds.
- 4. The FIAM implementation and INDOT tasks were funded with 80 percent federal STP/SNK funds from ODOT, KYTC, and INDOT and matched 20 percent from local funds.
- 5. The Bright 74 Corridor study with 80 percent federal STP funds from INDOT and matched 20 percent local funds from Dearborn County.
- 6. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF CUMULATIVE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FHWA/ODOT/KYTC FY 2016 RIDESHARE JUNE 30, 2016

				Cı	umulative		
	Current Year				Revenues and		
	Revenue and			Expenditures			
	Budget	Ex	penditures	of June 30, 201			
Operating Revenues:							
Federal and state grants							
Ohio: ODOT (CMAQ)	\$ 212,324	\$	160,539	\$	160,539		
Kentucky: KYTC (SNK)	45,000		34,025		34,025		
Contributed services	11,250		11,268		11,268		
Total Operating Revenues	268,574		205,832		205,832		
Operating Expenses:							
Direct expenses							
Personnel	34,229		14,404		14,404		
Fringe benefits	26,668		10,414		10,414		
Travel, subsistence & professional	27		38		38		
Printing, marketing & contractual	155,500		151,798		151,798		
Other direct expenses	126		240		240		
Indirect costs	40,774		17,670		17,670		
Contributed services	 11,250		11,268		11,268		
Total Operating Expenses	 268,574		205,832		205,832		
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):							
Contributed services revenues	13,750		13,742		13,742		
Contributed services expenses	 (13,750)		(13,742)		(13,742)		
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	 						
Tasks:							
Marketing	 268,574		219,574		219,574		
Total Tasks	\$ 268,574	\$	219,574	\$	219,574		

- 1. State grants and contracts consist of the following:
 - a. ODOT agreement for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 for \$212,324 in ODOT/CMAQ reimbursed to OKI at a participation rate of 100 percent of Ohio's share of the RideShare program.
 - b. KYTC agreement for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 for \$45,000 in KYTC/SNK, reimbursed to OKI at a participation rate of 17.4877 percent of the FY2016 RideShare program and matched with contributed services. A minimum 20% match was required and exceeded.
- 2. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2010 JOB ACCESS REVERSE COMMUTE ADMINISTRATION PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget	Rev Expe	Cumulative evenues and Current Year penditures as Revenue and June 30, 2015 Expenditures		Cumulative Revenues and Expenditures a of June 30, 201		
Operating Revenues:							
Federal and state grants							
Federal FTA	\$ 143,769	\$	130,340	\$	13,428	\$	143,768
Total Operating Revenues	143,769		130,340		13,428		143,768
Operating Expenses:							
Direct expenses							
Personnel	48,966		43,765		4,519		48,284
Fringe benefits	35,931		30,269		3,521		33,790
Travel, subsistence & professional	-		944		-		944
Other direct expenses	176		1,045		5		1,050
Indirect costs	58,696		54,317		5,383		59,700
Total Operating Expenses	 143,769		130,340		13,428		143,768
Tasks:							
Job Access Reverse Commute	 143,769		130,340		13,428		143,768
Total Tasks	\$ 143,769	\$	130,340	\$	13,428	\$	143,768

- 1. The Job Access Reverse Commute administration grant began October 28, 2009.
- 2. The Job Access Reverse Commute grant is 100% federally funded. Funds are used for administration of the Coordinated Public Transit Human Services Transportation Plan for the OKI region.
- 3. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2012 NEW FREEDOM ADMINISTRATION PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2016

			Cu	mulative		Cumulative		
			Revenues and Current Yea		ent Year	Revenues and		
			Expe	nditures as	Revenue and		Expenditures as	
	1	Budget	of Jui	ne 30, 2015	Expenditures		of Jui	ne 30, 2016
Operating Revenues:	<u>-</u>							
Federal and state grants								
Federal FTA	\$	98,666	\$	98,332	\$	328	\$	98,660
Total Operating Revenues		98,666		98,332		328		98,660
Operating Expenses:								
Direct expenses								
Personnel		33,083		32,318		110		32,428
Fringe benefits		24,276		22,575		86		22,661
Travel, subsistence & professional		150		646		-		646
Other direct expenses		1,500		1,985		-		1,985
Indirect costs		39,657		40,808		132		40,940
Total Operating Expenses		98,666		98,332		328		98,660
Tasks:								
New Freedom Administration		98,666		98,332		328		98,660
Total Tasks	\$	98,666	\$	98,332	\$	328	\$	98,660

- 1. The New Freedom administration grant began January 12, 2012.
- 2. The New Freedom grant is 100% Federally funded. Funds are used for administration of the Coordinated Public Transit Human Services Transportation Plan for the OKI region.
- 3. As of June 30, 2016 no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2016 OEPA STATE BIENNIUM WATER JUNE 30, 2016

					Cu	mulative	
			Cui	rent Year	Revenues and		
			Rev	enue and	Expenditures as		
	<u>F</u>	Budget	Exp	enditures	of June 30, 2016		
Operating Revenues:							
Federal and state grants							
Ohio: OEPA (EPA Funds)	\$	75,000	\$	73,678	\$	73,678	
County matching funds		922		234		234	
Total Operating Revenues		75,922		73,912		73,912	
Operating Expenses:							
Direct expenses							
Personnel		25,250		24,977		24,977	
Fringe benefits		19,672		18,060		18,060	
Travel, subsistence & professional		422		160		160	
Other direct expenses		500		74		74	
Indirect costs		30,078		30,641		30,641	
Total Operating Expenses		75,922		73,912		73,912	
Tasks:							
General assembly		75,922		73,912		73,912	
Total Tasks	\$	75,922	\$	73,912	\$	73,912	

- 1. The grant period under the OEPA FY2016 State Biennium Water contract is July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 (State of Ohio grant).
- 2. The OEPA FY2016 State Biennium Water contract covered personnel, fringe and indirect costs. Direct costs were budgeted and paid with county funds.
- 3. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2016 OEPA 604B WATER QUALITY PLANNING JUNE 30, 2016

					Cu	mulative	
			Cur	rent Year	Revenues and		
			Rev	enue and	Expenditures as		
	I	Budget	Exp	enditures	of June 30, 2016		
Operating Revenues:							
Federal and state grants							
Ohio: OEPA (EPA Funds)	\$	53,134	\$	52,224	\$	52,224	
County matching funds		2,258		1,435		1,435	
Total Operating Revenues		55,392		53,659		53,659	
Operating Expenses:							
Direct expenses							
Personnel		17,888		17,704		17,704	
Fringe benefits		13,937		12,801		12,801	
Travel, subsistence & professional		209		303		303	
Other direct expenses		2,050		1,132		1,132	
Indirect costs		21,308		21,719		21,719	
Total Operating Expenses		55,392		53,659		53,659	
Tasks:							
Program coordination		55,392		53,659		53,659	
Total Tasks	\$	55,392	\$	53,659	\$	53,659	

- 1. The grant period under the OEPA FY2016 State 604B Water Quality Planning contract is July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016.
- 2. The OEPA FY2016 604b Water Quality Planning contract covered personnel, fringe and indirect costs. Direct costs were budgeted and paid with county funds.
- 3. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2014 US DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY ROOFTOP SOLAR CHALLENGE II JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget	Reve Expe	mulative enues and nditures as ne 30, 2015	Current Year Revenue and Expenditures		Rev Expe	enues and enditures as ne 30, 2016
Operating Revenues:							_
Federal and state grants							
DOE (pass thru Mid America Regional Council)	\$ 91,402	\$	81,701	\$	9,701	\$	91,402
County matching funds	24,484		19,584		11,585		31,169
Contributed services	 15,516		14,629		1,781		16,410
Total Operating Revenues	 131,402		115,914		23,067		138,981
Operating Expenses:							
Direct expenses							
Personnel	35,981		32,742		7,093		39,835
Fringe benefits	26,237		22,973		5,129		28,102
Travel, subsistence & professional	-		52		9		61
Printing, marketing & contractual	7,000		2,487		-		2,487
Other direct expenses	1,356		1,576		353		1,929
Indirect costs	45,312		41,455		8,702		50,157
Contributed services	 15,516		14,629		1,781		16,410
Total Operating Expenses	131,402		115,914		23,067		138,981
Tasks:							
MARC Solar Ready II	 131,402		115,914		23,067		138,981
Total Tasks	\$ 131,402	\$	115,914	\$	23,067	\$	138,981

- 1. The original Professional Services Agreement period for the MARC Solar Ready II project was September 30, 2013 through March 30, 2015. In April 2015 the agreement was extended for a second phase through March 31, 2016.
- 2. Mid America Regional Council MARC) received a US Department of Energy Rooftop Solar Challenge II grant; \$75,000 is being passed through to OKI for professional services to be provided during phase I. An additional \$15,000 was added during fiscal 2015 for professional services during phase II. An additional \$1,402 was added during fiscal 2016 for professional services during phase II.
- 3. During phase I OKI is providing \$27,500 in match. During phase II OKI is providing an additional \$12,500 in match for a total project match of \$40,000. This match is a combination of OKI local funds and contributed services from local project partners.
- Towards the end of the project, the National Association of Regional Councils (NARC), which was also a project partner, offered supplemental funding for staff time for SM3 survey activities. This offer was approved by MARC the primary grant recipient. OKI received \$1,402 in additional DOE funds through NARC who received the funds from MARC.
- 5. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2015-2016 AMERICAN PUBLIC HEALTH/APA PLAN4HEALTH JUNE 30, 2016

			Cu	mulative		Cumulative				
		Revenues and Current Year						Revenues and		
			Expe	nditures as	Re	venue and	Expenditures as			
		Budget	of Jun	ne 30, 2015	Ex	penditures	of Ju	ne 30, 2016		
Operating Revenues:										
Federal and state grants										
Federal HHS	\$	134,999	\$	12,223	\$	122,779	\$	135,002		
County matching funds						2		2		
Total Operating Revenues		134,999		12,223		122,781		135,004		
Operating Expenses:										
Direct expenses										
Personnel		9,120		2,494		6,867		9,361		
Fringe benefits		7,028		1,818		5,350		7,168		
Travel, subsistence & professional		2,627		891		84		975		
Printing, marketing & contractual		104,529		3,833		102,279		106,112		
Other direct expenses		600		-		22		22		
Indirect costs		11,095		3,187		8,179		11,366		
Total Operating Expenses		134,999		12,223		122,781		135,004		
Tasks:										
Plan4Health		134,999		12,223		122,781		135,004		
	-									
Total Tasks	\$	134,999	\$	12,223	\$	122,781	\$	135,004		

- 1. The project period for American Planning Association Kenton County Plan4Health project is February 1, 2015 through April 30, 2016.
- 2. The American Planning Association in partnership with the American Public Health Association received grant funds through the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention as part of the National Dissemination and Implementation program within the Division of Community Health, Funding Opportunity Announcement #DP14-1418; \$135,000 is being passed through to OKI for Plan4Health coalition activities in Kenton County, Kentucky.
- 3. OKI is partnering with Planning and Development Services of Kenton County, the Northern Kentucky Health Department, and the Center for Great Neighborhoods of Covington, Inc. No match is required for this project.
- 4. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2016 LOCAL WATER QUALITY PLANNING PROJECT JUNE 30, 2016

					Cu	mulative
			Cur	rent Year	Rev	enues and
			Revenue and		Expe	nditures as
]	Budget	Exp	enditures	of Ju	ne 30, 2016
Operating Revenues:		_			'	
County matching funds	\$	59,162	\$	67,921	\$	67,921
Total Operating Revenues		59,162		67,921		67,921
Operating Expenses:						
Direct expenses						
Personnel		18,016		19,969		19,969
Fringe benefits		14,036		14,438		14,438
Travel, subsistence & professional		4,964		1,510		1,510
Other direct expenses		685		7,507		7,507
Indirect costs		21,461		24,497		24,497
Total Operating Expenses		59,162		67,921		67,921
Tasks:						
Local water quality planning		59,162		67,921		67,921
Total Tasks	\$	59,162	\$	67,921	\$	67,921

- 1. The project period for Local Water Quality Planning was July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016.
- 2. Budget amounts were derived from fiscal 2016 overall agency budget.
- 3. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2016 LOCAL REGIONAL PLANNING JUNE 30, 2016

					Cu	mulative
			Cur	rent Year	Rev	enues and
			Revenue and		Expe	nditures as
	E	Budget	Exp	enditures	of Ju	ne 30, 2016
Operating Revenues:		_				_
County matching funds	\$	63,630	\$	34,934	\$	34,934
Total Operating Revenues		63,630		34,934		34,934
Operating Expenses:						
Direct expenses						
Personnel		21,085		11,236		11,236
Fringe benefits		16,427		8,124		8,124
Travel, subsistence & professional		325		158		158
Other direct expenses		677		1,632		1,632
Indirect costs		25,116		13,784		13,784
Total Operating Expenses		63,630	_	34,934		34,934
Tasks:						
Local regional planning		63,630		34,934		34,934
Total Tasks	\$	63,630	\$	34,934	\$	34,934

- 1. The project period for Local Regional Planning program was July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016.
- 2. Budget amounts were derived from fiscal 2016 overall agency budget.
- 3. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

SCHEDULES OF CUMULATIVE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

PROGRAMS IN PROGRESS

FHWA TRANSPORTATION PLANNING PROGRAMS:	
FY 2016 Transportation Planning	43
FY 2016 Regional Transportation Planning Organization Pilot	
FTA TRANSIT PROGRAMS:	
FY 2012 Job Access Reverse Commute Administration	45
FY 2013 New Freedom Administration.	46
FY 2013 New Freedom Pass-Through.	47
FY 2015 FTA 5310 Transit Planning	48
US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PROGRAMS:	
FY 2016 Integrating Trees into Stormwater Management Design and Policy	49

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF CUMULATIVE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FHWA/ODOT/KYTC/INDOT FY 2016 TRANSPORTATION PLANNING JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget		Current Year Revenue and Expenditures		Re Exp	tumulative evenues and benditures as une 30, 2016
Operating Revenues:						
Federal and state grants						
Ohio: ODOT (MPO-PL Funds)	\$	2,194,098	\$	1,785,879	\$	1,785,879
Kentucky: KYTC (HPR-PL Funds)		458,400		335,122		335,122
Kentucky: KYTC (FTA Funds)		138,844		101,503		101,503
Indiana: INDOT (Trans PL Funds)		25,000		24,743		24,743
State matching funds Ohio		274,262		223,235		223,235
State matching funds Kentucky		28,650		20,945		20,945
County matching funds		401,171		316,532		316,532
Local contracts		85,000		63,454		63,454
Total Operating Revenues		3,605,425		2,871,413		2,871,413
Operating Expenses:						
Direct expenses						
Personnel		1,037,788		875,930		875,930
Fringe benefits		808,540		619,175		619,175
Travel, subsistence & professional		67,406		44,099		44,099
Printing, marketing & contractual		382,500		214,200		214,200
Other direct expenses		72,978		34,431		34,431
Indirect costs		1,236,213		1,083,578		1,083,578
Total Operating Expenses		3,605,425		2,871,413		2,871,413
Tasks:						
Short range planning		78,525		61,577		61,577
Transportation improvement program		126,000		107,262		107,262
Surveillance		1,575,800		1,316,622		1,316,622
Homeland security data project (100%)		85,000		62,353		62,353
Long range planning		1,134,668		876,519		876,519
Public involvement		310,150		262,441		262,441
INDOT exclusive		31,250		30,929		30,929
KYTC exclusive		165,282		72,657		72,657
UPWP administration		15,750		12,989		12,989
Transportation program reporting		9,400		8,587		8,587
Mobile source emissions planning		73,600		59,477		59,477
Total Tasks	\$	3,605,425	\$	2,871,413	\$	2,871,413

- 1. The grant period for FY 2016 Transportation Planning is July 1, 2015 through December 31, 2016.
- FHWA/ODOT/KYTC funds are received under agreements for continuation of a transportation planning
 process with ODOT and KYTC. Revenues were received and expenditures incurred in accordance with a
 unified planning work program approved each fiscal year. INDOT also participated with the funding being
 80 percent Federal and 20 percent local match.
- 3. The Hamilton County Emergency Management Agency engaged OKI to develop data sets for the exclusive use of HCEMA. This activity was funded at 100%.
- 4. Due to timing differences between OH and KY funding contracts, KY revenues (PL, FTA, and state) from the beginning of the fiscal year were paired with OH FY15 carryover revenues and appear on the FY2015 Transportation PL page. Total KY PL for FY2016 was \$110,331.72 + \$335,121.90 = \$445,453.62. Total KY FTA for FY2016 was \$33,417.00 + \$101,503.00 = \$134,920.00. Total KY State for FY2016 was \$6,895.79 + \$20,945.21 = \$27,841.00. All within budget.
- 5. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2016 REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLANNING ORGANIZATION PILOT PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2016

					Cum	ulative
			Curren	ıt Year	Revenues and	
				ue and	Expenditures as	
	I	Budget	Expen	ditures	of June	30, 2016
Operating Revenues:		_				
Federal and state grants						
Ohio: ODOT (SPR)	\$	40,000	\$	321	\$	321
State matching funds Ohio		10,000		80		80
Total Operating Revenues		50,000		401		401
Operating Expenses:						
Direct expenses						
Personnel		16,699		136		136
Fringe benefits		13,010		98		98
Travel, subsistence & professional		400		-		-
Indirect costs		19,891		167		167
Total Operating Expenses		50,000		401		401
Tasks:						
RTPO mentoring pilot program		50,000		401		401
Total Tasks	\$	50,000	\$	401	\$	401

- 1. The grant period for the Regional Transportation Planning Organization Pilot Program is July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017.
- ODOT State Planning and Research funds were received under an agreement to participate in the Regional Transportation Planning Organization Mentoring Pilot Program. OKI is mentoring the Ohio Valley Regional Development Commission.
- 3. This project is funded with 80% Ohio SPR funds matched with 20% state funds from ODOT.
- 4. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2012 JOB ACCESS REVERSE COMMUTE ADMINISTRATION PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2016

		Budget	Cumulative Revenues and Expenditures as of June 30, 2015		Current Year Revenue and Expenditures		Cumulative Revenues and Expenditures a of June 30, 201	
Operating Revenues:	<u> </u>							
Federal and state grants								
Federal FTA	\$	148,335	\$	12,984	\$	60,870	\$	73,854
Total Operating Revenues		148,335		12,984		60,870		73,854
Operating Expenses:								
Direct expenses								
Personnel		50,039		4,399		20,229		24,628
Fringe benefits		35,417		3,036		14,373		17,409
Travel, subsistence & professional		-		-		4		4
Other direct expenses		-		-		1,287		1,287
Indirect costs		62,879		5,549		24,977		30,526
Total Operating Expenses		148,335		12,984		60,870		73,854
Tasks:								
Job Access Reverse Commute		148,335		12,984		60,870		73,854
Total Tasks	\$	148,335	\$	12,984	\$	60,870	\$	73,854

- 1. The Job Access Reverse Commute administration grant began October 31, 2013.
- 2. The Job Access Reverse Commute grant is 100% federally funded. Funds are used for administration of the Coordinated Public Transit Human Services Transportation Plan for the OKI region.
- 3. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2013 NEW FREEDOM ADMINISTRATION PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2016

	Cumulative Revenues and Expenditures Budget of June 30, 20			enues and nditures as	Rev	rent Year venue and penditures	Cumulative Revenues and Expenditures as of June 30, 2010	
Operating Revenues:	<u></u>							_
Federal and state grants								
Federal FTA	\$	50,035	\$	6,172	\$	22,499	\$	28,671
Total Operating Revenues		50,035		6,172		22,499		28,671
Operating Expenses:								
Direct expenses								
Personnel		16,538		2,053		7,581		9,634
Fringe benefits		12,418		1,496		5,475		6,971
Other direct expenses		-		-		138		138
Indirect costs		21,079		2,623		9,305		11,928
Total Operating Expenses		50,035		6,172		22,499		28,671
Tasks:								
New Freedom Administration		50,035		6,172		22,499		28,671
Total Tasks	\$	50,035	\$	6,172	\$	22,499	\$	28,671

- 1. The New Freedom administration grant began July 1, 2013.
- 2. The New Freedom grant is 100% Federally funded. Funds are used for administration of the Coordinated Public Transit Human Services Transportation Plan for the OKI region.
- 3. As of June 30, 2016 no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2013 NEW FREEDOM PASS-THROUGH PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2016

	Cumulative						Cumulative		
			Rev	enues and	Current Year		Revenues and		
			Expenditures as		Revenue and		Expenditures as		
		Budget	of Ju	ne 30, 2015	Expenditures		of June 30, 2016		
Operating Revenues:		_				_			
Federal and state grants									
Federal FTA	\$	385,212	\$	325,645	\$	13,088	\$	338,733	
Contributed services		385,212		392,768		13,088		405,856	
Total Operating Revenues		770,424		718,413		26,176		744,589	
Operating Expenses:									
Direct expenses									
Printing, marketing & contractual		385,212		325,645		13,088		338,733	
Contributed services		385,212		392,768		13,088	i .	405,856	
Total Operating Expenses		770,424		718,413		26,176		744,589	
Tasks:									
Towne Taxi		130,212		11,658		26,176		37,834	
Senior Services of Northern Kentucky		210,000		210,000		_		210,000	
Wesley Community Services		300,000		367,123		-		367,123	
Community Cab		130,212		129,632				129,632	
Total Tasks	\$	770,424	\$	718,413	\$	26,176	\$	744,589	

- 1. The New Freedom pass through grant began May 15, 2013.
- 2. The New Freedom grants are funded at 50% for operating programs and passed through to other agencies for delivery of transportation services related to the Public Transit Human Services Transportation Plan for the OKI region.
- 3. The recipient agency provides the required 50% match. Wesley Community Services over matched their share of the program, which is acceptable.
- 4. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2015 FTA 5310 TRANSIT PLANNING PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2016

	Cumulative							Cumulative		
			Reve	nues and	Current Year		Revenues and			
			Expenditures as		Revenue and		Expenditures as			
	<u> </u>	Budget	of Jun	e 30, 2015	Exp	enditures	of June 30, 2016			
Operating Revenues:		_								
Federal and state grants										
Federal FTA	\$	271,671	\$	2,729	\$	26,094	\$	28,823		
Total Operating Revenues		271,671		2,729		26,094		28,823		
Operating Expenses:										
Direct expenses										
Personnel		44,405		-		4,455		4,455		
Fringe benefits		33,344		-		3,221		3,221		
Travel, subsistence & professional		215		-		62		62		
Printing, marketing & contractual		135,835		2,729		12,779		15,508		
Other direct expenses		1,274		-		112		112		
Indirect costs		56,598				5,465		5,465		
Total Operating Expenses		271,671		2,729		26,094		28,823		
Tasks:										
FTA - 5310 transit planning activities		271,671		2,729		26,094		28,823		
Total Tasks	\$	271,671	\$	2,729	\$	26,094	\$	28,823		

- 1. The FTA 5310 transit planning grant began February 9, 2015.
- 2. The FTA 5310 Transit Planning grant is 100% Federally funded. Funds are used for administration of the Coordinated Public Transit Human Services Transportation Plan for the OKI region.
- 3. OKI has agreed to be the Designated Recipient of Section 5310 federal funds allocated to the Cincinnati urbanized area and SORTA has agreed to assist with the administration of the Section 5310 program in accordance with the Joint Cooperative Agreement. SORTA's primary duty will be to provide capital procurement services for the program.
- 4. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

FY 2016 INTEGRATING TREES INTO STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DESIGN AND POLICY JUNE 30, 2016

					Cumulative		
	Current Year		Revenues and				
			Re	venue and	Expenditures as		
]	Budget	Exp	penditures	of Ju	ne 30, 2016	
Operating Revenues:							
Federal and state grants							
Federal DOA	\$	196,270	\$	64,862	\$	64,862	
County matching funds		80,030		16,720		16,720	
Contributed services		116,240		34,318		34,318	
Total Operating Revenues		392,540		115,900		115,900	
Operating Expenses:							
Direct expenses							
Personnel		48,988		12,166		12,166	
Fringe benefits		38,556		8,796		8,796	
Travel, subsistence & professional		11,000		199		199	
Printing, marketing & contractual		119,240		44,815		44,815	
Other direct expenses		-		682		682	
Indirect costs		58,516		14,924		14,924	
Contributed services		116,240		34,318		34,318	
Total Operating Expenses		392,540		115,900		115,900	
Tasks:							
National Urban and Community Forestry		392,540		115,900		115,900	
Total Tasks	\$	392,540	\$	115,900	\$	115,900	

- 1. The project period for the Integrating Trees into Stormwater Management Design and Policy is July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017.
- 2. OKI received grant funds through the US Department of Agriculture, Forest Service as part of the Urban & Community Forestry program; \$196,270 was awarded to OKI to partner with local, regional, and national experts to develop A Guide for Local Decision Makers.
- 3. As of June 30, 2016, no costs subject to audit have been questioned.

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program/Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Direct Grant or Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Agriculture Direct Programs Urban and Community Forestry Program Integrating Trees Into Stormwater Management Design Total CFDA 10.675 Total U. S. Department of Agriculture	10.675	15-DG-11132544-036	\$ 44,815 44,815 44,815	\$ 64,862 64,862 64,862
U. S. Department of Transportation Federal Transit Administration - Transit Services Programs Cluster Direct Programs				
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities FTA 5310 Transit Planning Total CFDA 20.513	20.513	OH-16-X012-00	<u>-</u>	26,094 26,094
Job Access and Reverse Commute Program Job Access and Reverse Commute Administration Job Access and Reverse Commute Administration Total CFDA 20.516	20.516	OH-37-X067-00 OH-37-X088-00	- -	13,428 60,870 74,298
New Freedom Program New Freedom Administration New Freedom Pass -Through New Freedom Administration Total CFDA 20.521	20.521	OH-57-X049-00 OH-57-X061-00 OH-57-X064-00	- - - -	328 13,088 22,499 35,915
Total Direct Programs - U.S. Department of Transportation				136,307
Federal Highway Administration - Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Programs Passed Through Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) Highway Planning and Construction Clean Air - Ozone Awareness (CMAQ funds) Ride Share (CMAQ funds) Transportation Planning (MPO-PL funds) Transportation Planning (MPO-PL funds) Regional Transportation Planning (SPR funds) Surface Transportation (STP funds) Surface Transportation (STP funds) Total CFDA 20.205 (passed through ODOT)	20.205	728640 728641 728648 727046 728673 728638 728639	- - - - - - -	180,019 160,539 1,785,879 678,250 321 290,787 33,531 3,129,326
Programs Passed Through Kentucky Transportation Cabinet (KYTC) Highway Planning and Construction Transportation Planning (HPR-PL funds) Transportation Planning (HPR-PL funds) Ride Share (SNK funds) Clean Air - Ozone Awareness (SNK funds) Surface Transportation (SNK funds) Total CFDA 20.205 (passed through KYTC)	20.205	1500000017 1500003923 1500006245 1500006245 1500006245	- - - - - -	30,592 445,454 34,025 38,153 56,410 604,634
Programs Passed Through Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT) Highway Planning and Construction Transportation Planning (PL funds) Surface Transportation (STP funds) Total CFDA 20.205 (passed through INDOT)	20.205	A249-15-150037 A249-15-150037	- -	24,743 141,939 166,682
Total CFDA 20.205				3,900,642

(continued)

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program/Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Direct Grant or Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Federal Transit Administration - Metropolitan Planning Programs Passed Through Kentucky Transportation Cabinet (KYTC) Metropolitan Transportation Planning Transportation Planning (FTA funds) Total CFDA 20.505 Total Passed Through Programs - U.S. Department of Transportation	20.505	G04M603Z		134,920 134,920 4,035,562
Total U. S. Department of Transportation				4,171,869
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency Programs Passed Through Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) Water Quality Management Planning Water Quality Planning (EPA funds) Total CFDA 66.454 Total U. S. Environmental Protection Agency	66.454	OKI-FD60414	<u>-</u>	52,224 52,224 52,224
U. S. Department of Energy Programs Passed Through Mid America Regional Council (MARC) Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Information Dissemination, Outreach, Training and Technical Analysis/Assistance Rooftop Solar Challenge II (DOE funds) Total CFDA 81.117 Total U. S. Department of Energy	81.117	DE-EE0006310	<u>-</u>	9,701 9,701 9,701
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Programs Passed Through Kentucky American Planning Association (APA) National Implementation and Dissemination for Chronic Disease Prevention APA Plan4Health (HHS funds) Total CFDA 93.328 Total U. S. Health and Human Services	93.328	DP14-1418	102,279 102,279 102,279	122,779 122,779 122,779
Total			\$ 147,094	\$ 4,421,435

See accompanying notes to schedule

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Note A – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments (OKI) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a select portion of the operations of OKI, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of OKI.

Note B – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. OKI has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards reflects the application of actual fringe benefits and indirect costs rates, subject to grant or program limitations.

Note C - Subrecipients

OKI passes certain federal awards received from the U. S. Department of Agriculture and funds passed through from the Kentucky American Planning Association to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, OKI reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients on an accrual basis.

As a subrecipient, OKI has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

Note D – Matching Requirements

Certain Federal programs require OKI to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. OKI has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

Note E – Other

Within CFDA 81.117, the National Association of Regional Councils (NARC) provided supplemental funding of \$1,402 to OKI for staff time for SM3 survey activities. This funding was part of an award NARC had received from the Mid America Regional Council (MARC), and the transfer to OKI was approved by MARC. The expenditures are reported as part of the \$9,701 shown as being passed through MARC.

Bastin & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

OKI Regional Council of Governments 720 East Pete Rose Way, Suite 420 Cincinnati, Ohio 45202

To the Executive Committee:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments (OKI) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise OKI's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered OKI's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of OKI's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of OKI's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether OKI's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of OKI's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering OKI's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cincinnati, Ohio

December 6, 2016

Bastin & Company, LLC

Bastin & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

OKI Regional Council of Governments 720 East Pete Rose Way, Suite 420 Cincinnati, Ohio 45202

To the Executive Committee:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments (OKI) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of OKI's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies OKI's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

OKI's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on OKI's compliance for each of OKI's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about OKI's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on each of OKI's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of OKI's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

OKI's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered OKI's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of OKI's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cincinnati, Ohio December 6, 2016

Bastin & Company, LLC

56

OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2016

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS	
Type of financial statement opinion	Unmodified
Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level?	No
Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level?	No
Was there any reported material noncompliance reported at the financial statement level?	No
Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
Type of major programs' compliance opinion	Unmodified
Are there any reportable findings?	No
Major programs:	Federal Highway Administration, Highway Planning and Construction Cluster - CFDA 20.205
	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency-Water Quality Management Planning - CFDA 66.454
Dollar threshold to distinguish between Type A/B programs	Type A: >\$750,000 Type B: all others

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Yes

Low risk auditee?

None

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



OHIO-KENTUCKY-INDIANA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS HAMILTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 23, 2017