

KILLBUCK TOWNSHIP HOLMES COUNTY

REGULAR AUDIT

For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 Fiscal Years Audited Under GAGAS: 2016 and 2015



Township Trustees Killbuck Township 520 North Main Street Killbuck, Ohio 44637

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Killbuck Township, Holmes County, prepared by BHM CPA Group, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2016. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Killbuck Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

August 16, 2017



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Independent Auditor's Report

Killbuck Township Holmes County 520 North Main St Killbuck, Ohio 44637

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Killbuck Township, Holmes County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Board of Trustees Killbuck Township Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Township does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Charges for Services related to the Chip & Seal program are reported at \$8,266 and \$5,024 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, which are 21 percent of the Special Revenue Fund Charges for Services receipts for the year ended December 31, 2016 and 15 percent of the Special Revenue Fund Charges for Services receipts for the year ended December 31, 2015. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence supporting these amounts recorded as Special Revenue Fund Charges for Services receipts. Consequently, we were unable to determine where any adjustments to these amounts were necessary.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* paragraph, the financial statements as it relates to the Special Revenue Funds referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of Killbuck Township, Holmes County Ohio, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative code Section 117-2-03 permits, described in Note 1.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements as it relates to the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Permanent Fund referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of Killbuck Township, Holmes County, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permits, described in Note 1.

Board of Trustees Killbuck Township Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2017, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BHM CPA Group Inc.

BHM CPA Group

Piketon, Ohio June 28, 2017

Killbuck Township
Holmes County
Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		General		pecial Revenue	De Serv		Peri	manent	(Mer	Fotals norandum Only)
Cash Receipts Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	13,679	\$	148,168	\$	_	\$	_	\$	161,847
Intergovernmental	Ф	28,169	Ф	136,610	Φ		J	-	Ф	164,779
Charges for Services		20,105		39,245		_		_		39,245
Interest		63		-		_		5		68
Miscellaneous		875		9,846						10,721
Total Cash Receipts		42,786		333,869				5		376,660
Cash Disbursements										
Current:										
General Government		26,574		5,156		-		-		31,730
Public Safety		-		121,504		-		-		121,504
Public Works		-		107,902		-		-		107,902
Health		5,630		40.057		-		-		5,630
Capital Outlay Debt Service:		-		49,857		-		-		49,857
Principal Retirement		_		24,539						24,539
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_		24,337		-		_		24,557
interest and risear Charges	-		-						-	
Total Cash Disbursements		32,204		308,958						341,162
Excess of Cash Receipts Over /(Under) Cash Disbursements		10,582		24,911				5	-	35,498
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		10,582		24,911		-		5		35,498
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		4,821		86,076		(4,404)		2,320		88,813
Fund Cash Balances, December 31										
Nonspendable		_		_		_		2,000		2,000
Restricted		-		111,027		-		325		111,352
Unassigned (Deficit)		15,403		(40)		(4,404)				10,959
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	15,403	\$	110,987	\$	(4,404)	\$	2,325	\$	124,311

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Killbuck Township
Holmes County

Combined Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		General		Special Revenue	De Ser	bt vice	Per	manent	(Men	Totals norandum Only)
Cash Receipts		11 102	Φ.	1.40.750	Φ.		Φ.			151 022
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	11,183	\$	140,750	\$	-	\$	-	\$	151,933 169,632
Intergovernmental		30,255		139,377		-		-		
Charges for Services		- 20		34,159		-		-		34,159
Interest		28		-		-		5		33
Miscellaneous		600			-					600
Total Cash Receipts		42,066		314,286	-			5		356,357
Cash Disbursements										
Current:										
General Government		23,312		5,450		-		-		28,762
Public Safety		-		106,270		-		-		106,270
Public Works		-		134,534		-		-		134,534
Health		5,921		2,232		-		-		8,153
Capital Outlay		-		18,579		-		-		18,579
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		10,000		24,539		-		-		34,539
Interest and Fiscal Charges		250		<u> </u>						250
Total Cash Disbursements		39,483		291,604	-					331,087
Excess of Cash Receipts Over /(Under) Cash Disbursements		2,583		22,682				5		25,270
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Sale of Capital Assets		-		2,000		-		-		2,000
Other Financing Sources				45,827						45,827
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				47,827						47,827
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		2,583		70,509		-		5		73,097
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		2,238		15,567		(4,404)		2,315		15,716
Fund Cash Balances, December 31 Nonspendable								2,000		2,000
Restricted		-		86,116		-		320		
		4,821		(40)		(4,404)		320		86,436 377
Unassigned (Deficit)	-	4,041		(40)		(4,404)		<u>-</u>		311
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	4,821	\$	86,076	\$	(4,404)	\$	2,320	\$	88,813

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Notes to The Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entitys

Primary Government

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Killbuck Township, Holmes County, Ohio (the Township), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection, and emergency medical services.

Component Unit

The Killbuck Township Volunteer Fire Department (the Fire Department) is governed by a sixteen member executive committee which, in association with the Township Trustees, oversees the operation of the Fire Department. Volunteers with a minimum of one year of service qualify for membership on the executive committee. The Fire Department provides fire protection and rescue services to Killbuck Township and to areas outside of the Township. The Township owns the Fire Department's equipment and any debt associated with that equipment. Based on the relationship with the Township, the Fire Department is considered a component unit of the Township. Note 9 provides additional information for the Fire Department.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. The basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

C. Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

Notes to The Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for the proceeds from specific sources (other than from private-purpose trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Road and Bridge</u> – This fund receives property tax money to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing township roads.

<u>Gasoline Tax Fund</u> – This fund receives gasoline tax money to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing township roads.

<u>Fire Levy Fund</u> – This fund receives property tax money to pay for providing and maintaining fire apparatus, buildings, ambulance equipment, and fire and ambulance service.

3. Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The Township had the following significant Debt Service Fund:

<u>General Obligation Debt Service</u> – This fund is used to account for the retirement of the Township's debt.

4. Permanent Fund

This fund accounts for and reports resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs (for the benefit of the government or it citizenry). The Township had the following significant permanent fund:

<u>Cemetery Endowment Fund</u> – This fund receives interest earned on the nonexpendable corpus from a trust agreement. These earnings are used for the general maintenance and upkeep of the Township's cemetery.

Notes to The Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated Resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law. Management has included audit adjustments in the accompanying budgetary presentations for material items that should have been encumbered.

A summary of 2016 and 2015 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Notes to The Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. Committed

Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

G. Property, Plant and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisition of property, plant and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Notes to The Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH

The Township maintains a cash deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash deposits at December 31 was as follows:

 2016			2015
\$ 122,311		\$	86,813
 2,000			2,000
\$ 124,311		\$	88,813
\$	\$ 122,311 2,000	\$ 122,311 2,000	\$ 122,311 \$ 2,000

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2016 and 2015 follows:

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	В	Budgeted		Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts		F	Receipts		ariance
General	\$	30,722	\$	42,786	\$	12,064
Special Revenue		303,597		333,869		30,272
Permanent		5		5		-
Total	\$	334,324	\$	376,660	\$	42,336

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	App	Appropriation		Budgetary		
Fund Type	Authority		Expenditures		V	ariance
General	\$	32,405	\$	32,204	\$	201
Special Revenue		385,500		308,958		76,542
Permanent		300		-		300
Total	\$	418,205	\$	341,162	\$	77,043

Notes to The Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

2015 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	В	Budgeted Ac		Actual				
Fund Type	R	Receipts		Receipts		Receipts	V	ariance
General	\$	27,350	\$	42,066	\$	14,716		
Special Revenue		301,515		362,113		60,598		
Permanent		5		5		_		
Total	\$	328,870	\$	404,184	\$	75,314		

2015 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	App	propriation	Budgetary					
Fund Type	A	Authority		Authority		penditures	V	'ariance
General	\$	40,155	\$	39,483	\$	672		
Special Revenue		315,050		291,604		23,446		
Permanent		300				300		
Total	\$	355,505	\$	331,087	\$	24,418		

Contrary to Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D), the Township did not properly certify expenditures in 2015 and 2016.

Contrary to Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10(H), throughout 2016, the Cemetery Fund and Debt Service Fund had cash deficit balances. Additionally, throughout 2015, the Gasoline Tax Fund, Cemetery Fund and Debt Service Fund had cash deficit balances.

Contrary to Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.39, appropriations exceeded estimated resources in the General Fund for 2015.

4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due to the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township. The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

Notes to The Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

5. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Capital Lease	\$24,539	3.52%

The Township issued a note in 2012 to finance the construction of a building and acquiring equipment for Township road maintenance, transfers were made from the General fund and Gasoline Tax fund to the debt service fund to make the debt payments. This note was paid off in 2015.

The Township issued a capital lease in 2012 for a fire truck. The capital lease payments were made from Fire fund

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending December 31:

	Capital Lease
2017	\$24,539
Total	\$24,539

Capital Lagga

6. RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Township's elected officials and employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2016 and 2015, OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2016.

Notes to The Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Pool Membership

The Township has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles, and
- Errors and omissions

8. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

9. KILLBUCK TOWNSHIP VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT

As indicated in Note 1 to the financial statements, the following disclosure is made on behalf of the Killbuck Township Volunteer Fire Department (the Fire Department); The Fire Department is governed by an executive committee that, in association with the Township Trustees, oversees the operation of the Fire Department. The Fire Departments' grant activity and equipment and maintenance expenses are accounted for on the Township's financial accounting system. However, the Fire Department also receives private donations and fundraiser contributions which do not flow through the Township's financial accounting system. We were not able to obtain the information from the Volunteer Fire Department as it relates to the receipts and expenses for both 2016 and 2015.





Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Killbuck Township Holmes County 520 North Main St. Killbuck, Ohio 44637

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of cash balances, receipts, and disbursements by fund type of Killbuck Township, Holmes County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2017 wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. We qualified our opinion on Special Revenue Fund Charges for Services because we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence supporting Charges for Services related to the Chip & Seal program for December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider material weaknesses and a significant deficiency.

Killbuck Township Holmes County Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. We consider findings 2016-002, 2016-003, and 2016-005, 2016-006 and 2016-007 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be material weaknesses

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider finding 2016-004 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2016-001, 2016-002, 2016-005, 2016-006 and 2016-007.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHM CPA Group Inc.

BHM CPA Group

Piketon, Ohio June 28, 2017

Schedule of Audit Findings For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

Finding Number 2016-001

Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D) requires that no subdivision or taxing unit shall make any contract or give any order involving the expenditure of money unless there is attached thereto a certificate of the fiscal officer of the subdivision stating the amount required to meet the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances. This certificate need be signed only by the subdivision's fiscal officer. Every contract made without such a certificate shall be void, and no warrant shall be issued in payment of any amount due thereon.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio revised Code.

1. "Then and Now" Certificate – If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.

- **2. Blanket Certificate** Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- **3. Super Blanket Certificate** The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

The Fiscal Officer did not certify the availability of funds prior to purchase commitments being made for 25% of the expenditures tested in 2013. The Township did not have sufficient internal controls in place to ensure the certification of the availability of funds.

Schedule of Audit Findings For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

Finding Number 2016-001 (Continued)

Failure to certify the availability of funds properly can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

Unless the Township uses the exceptions noted above, prior certification is not only required by statute but is also a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend the Fiscal Officer certify that funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

We recommend the Township officials and employees obtain the Fiscal Officer's certification of the availability of funds prior to the commitment being incurrent. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certificate language of Section 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The Fiscal Officer should sign the certification at the time the Township incurs the commitment, and only when the requirements of Section 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The Fiscal Officer should post approved purchase orders to the proper appropriation code to reduce the available appropriation.

Client Response: We did not receive a response form the client.

Finding Number 2016-002

Noncompliance Citation/Material Weakness

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10 states that money paid into a fund must be used only for the purposes for which such fund has been established. As a result, a negative fund balance indicates that money from one fund was used to cover the expenses of another fund.

The Cemetery Fund balance was (\$40) and Debt Service Fund (\$4,404) at December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

A budgetary cycle should be in place for all governments. The budgetary process is a plan to coordinate expenditures and resources. The State Legislature has adopted laws to control expenditures using tax budgets and appropriations. The Auditor of State believes budgeting, properly used, provides the most important monitoring control a government has. It is impossible to incur a cash deficit if a government complies with the budgetary law. Additionally, the budget is an instrument of public policy. A governing board expresses its desire for using a government's limited resources through its appropriations.

We recommend the Fiscal Officer review the Ohio Compliance Supplement for budgetary requirements to implement a budgetary cycle for the Township. We further recommend the Township monitor spending to ensure deficit balances do not occur.

Client Response: We did not receive a response form the client.

Schedule of Audit Findings For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

Finding Number 2016-003

Material Weakness - Supporting Documentation of Charges for Service Revenue - Chip & Seal

During the testing of the Charges for Services account balance in the Road and Bridge Fund, the Township did not maintain documentation to support the revenues collected for the Chip and Seal Program provided to the Township residents for fiscal years 2014 and 2013, respectively. The lack of supporting documentation could allow errors, irregularities and possible overcharging of Township residents to occur and go undetected for an extended period of time. As a result, we qualified the opinion regarding this lack of supporting documentation.

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the Fiscal Officer and the Board of Trustees and is essential to ensure the information provided to the readers of the financial statements is complete and accurate. To help ensure the Township's financial statements are complete and accurate, the Township should maintain supporting documentation for all revenue received for the Chip and Seal Program. This will help ensure errors, irregularities and/or inaccurate charges are detected timely and the financial statements are complete and accurate.

Client Response: We did not receive a response form the client.

Finding Number 2016-004

Significant Deficiency – Killbuck Township Volunteer Fire Department – Reporting Entity

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for state and local governmental entities. Standards set by GASB guide the preparation of external financial reports for those entities.

GASB Codification Section 2100 established standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. Per section 2100.111, the financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Killbuck Township Volunteer Fire Department is a legally separate not-for-profit organization. The Fire Department was organized for the preservation and protection of life and property during such fires and emergencies as may occur in Killbuck Township and to lend assistance to neighboring villages and townships when requested. Despite the Fire Department being an entity legally separate from the Township, the Fire Department is a component unit that is neither blended or discretely presented but rather should be a component unit recognized in a fiduciary capacity of the Township for financial reporting purposes since the nature and significance of the Fire Department's relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Schedule of Audit Findings For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

Finding Number 2016-004 (continued)

Significant Deficiency – Killbuck Township Volunteer Fire Department – Reporting Entity

As a results, it is necessary for the Fire Department to provide financial statement activity to the Township for inclusion in the Township's annual financial report.

Currently, the Fire Department does not have an annual audit performed.

The Township should also ensure that such financial activity is obtained timely in order to comply with the annual financial reporting deadline established by Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 and appropriately included in the financial statements based in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by the Township for reporting purposes.

Client Response: We did not receive a response form the client.

Finding Number 2016-005

Noncompliance Citation/Material Weakness - Posting Receipts into Correct Fund

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10(C) requires all revenue derived from a special levy shall be credited to a special fund for the purpose for which the levy was made.

During 2016 and 2015, the Township received motor vehicle expense credit from the Holmes County Engineer's Office. The Holmes County Engineer's Office uses their motor vehicle license tax monies to fund the motor vehicle expense credit. The motor vehicle expense credit is offered to Townships within Holmes County as a means of assisting the Townships with road and maintenance repair costs. The Township received \$7,426; however, of this amount, \$3,022 was recorded in the General Fund and \$4,404 was recorded in the Debt Service Fund. Given the source of the monies, these receipts should be recorded in the Road and Bridge Fund.

The Township should ensure all motor vehicle expense credit receipts are recorded in a Special Revenue Fund, specifically the Road and Bridge Fund, in order to comply with Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10(C).

The Township's financial statements and computer system has been adjusted accordingly.

Client Response: We did not receive a response form the client.

Schedule of Audit Findings For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

Finding Number 2016-006

Noncompliance Citation/Material Weakness

Ohio Revised Code section 5705.39 states in part that total appropriations from each fund shall not exceed the total estimated resources. The Township had appropriations in excess of estimated resources in the General Fund at December 31, 2015 by \$10,917. The Township should monitor more closely the appropriation measure as it compares to the estimated resources, and take due care to ensure that they do not appropriate more than is available for expenditure.

Client Response: We received no response from officials regarding the above findings.

Finding Number 2016-007

Noncompliance Citation/Material Weakness

Section F of the Certificate Under Sections 103(b)(2) and 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as Amended, states that except for the Bond Fund, no other account or fund has been or will be established to pay principal of, premium if any, or interest on the obligation. There are no moneys, sources of funds, securities or obligations that have been, or will be, pledged as collateral for the payment of principal of, premium if any, or interest on the Obligations, and there are no moneys, sources of funds, securities or obligations with respect to which the Issuer has given or will give any reasonable assurance to any holder of the Obligations that such funds will be available to pay principal of, premium if any, or interest on the Obligations.

Ohio Rev. Code Section 133.10(E)(1) provides that amounts from the sources anticipated needed to pay debt charges and financing costs shall be considered appropriated for that purpose, and other appropriations from those sources by the taxing authority shall be limited to the balance available after deducting the amount to pay those debt charges and financing costs. The portions of those amounts as received and to be applied to those debt charges shall be deposited and set aside in an account for the purpose in the bond retirement fund in the amounts and at the times required to pay those debt charges as provided for by the authorizing legislation or otherwise provided by law.

In 2012, the Township procured a United States of America Township Building Bond Anticipation Note of \$30,000 for constructing a building and acquiring equipment. The debt agreements required the Township create a Bond Retirement Fund to account for the net proceeds and principal and interest payments. During 2015, the Township retired note principal and interest from the General Fund contrary to the debt agreement. In addition, the Township did not appropriate for debt payments in a bond retirement fund as required.

The Township should also appropriate an amount each year necessary to pay debt principal and interest charges. Debt payment should be made from the bond retirement fund.

Client Response: We received no response from officials regarding the above findings.

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2014-001	Noncompliance – ORC 5705.41D	No	Reissued as 2016-001
2014-002	Noncompliance and material weakness – ORC 5705.10H	No	Reissued as 2016-002
2014-003	Material Weakness – no documentation to support revenues collected for chip and seal	No	Reissued as 2016-003
2014-004	Significant Deficiency – fire department needs to provided financial statement activity to the township for inclusion in the townships annual financial report	No	Reissued as 2016-004
2014 – 005	Noncompliance – ORC 5705.41(B)	Yes	



KILLBUCK TOWNSHIP

HOLMES COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 29, 2017