



JEFFERSON AREA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Jefferson Area Local School District Ashtabula County 121 South Poplar Street Jefferson, Ohio 44047

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jefferson Area Local School District, Ashtabula County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Jefferson Area Local School District Ashtabula County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jefferson Area Local School District, Ashtabula County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this Schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the Schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Jefferson Area Local School District Ashtabula County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 16, 2017 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost

Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 16, 2017

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

The management's discussion and analysis of Jefferson Area Local School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key Highlights for fiscal year 2016 are as follows:

- The School District actively pursues grants and controls expenses while still maintaining the high academic standards the residents expect of the School District.
- The School District is committed to meeting the academic needs of our students by providing them with updated instructional materials to compete in a global environment.

Using this Annual Financial Report (AFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes pertaining to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Jefferson Area Local School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Jefferson Area Local School District, the general, bond retirement debt service and the classroom facilities capital projects funds are the most significant funds.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains all the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2016?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answers this question. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in the position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and willingness of the community to support the School District.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, all of the School District's activities are classified as governmental. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, operation of food service and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund, bond retirement debt service fund and the classroom facilities capital projects fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The School District's fiduciary funds are private purpose trust and agency which accounts for college scholarships and student activities, respectively.

The School District as a Whole

You may recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a comparison of the School District's net position for 2016 compared to 2015:

Table 1
Net Position
Governmental Activities

	2016	2015	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$18,610,632	\$17,614,694	\$995,938
Capital Assets	54,071,131	55,333,667	(1,262,536)
Total Assets	\$72,681,763	\$72,948,361	(\$266,598)
			(continued)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

Table 1
Net Position (continued)
Governmental Activities

	2016	2015	Change
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Charge on Refunding	\$1,070,674	\$1,141,911	(\$71,237)
Pension	1,712,900	1,181,588	531,312
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,783,574	2,323,499	460,075
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	1,608,610	1,804,110	195,500
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due within One Year	1,262,748	1,284,709	21,961
Due in More than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	18,265,931	16,609,919	(1,656,012)
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	19,592,350	20,551,752	959,402
Total Liabilities	40,729,639	40,250,490	(479,149)
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	5,238,165	5,689,280	451,115
Pension	1,650,173	2,993,033	1,342,860
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,888,338	8,682,313	1,793,975
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	35,423,707	35,792,209	(368,502)
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	5,359,230	4,163,354	1,195,876
Debt Service	2,176,588	2,061,911	114,677
Other Purposes	651,973	691,448	(39,475)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(15,764,138)	(16,369,865)	605,727
Total Net Position	\$27,847,360	\$26,339,057	\$1,508,303

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2016 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting, however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

GASB 68 requires the net pension liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective.

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability portion of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2016 compared to 2015.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

Table 2Change in Net Position
Governmental Activities

	2016	2015	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues:	Φ1 450 Q11	Ф1 207 140	Φ55.063
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,452,211	\$1,397,149	\$55,062
Operating Grants Capital Grants	1,785,850 57,258	1,800,912 70,238	(15,062) (12,980)
•			
Total Program Revenues	3,295,319	3,268,299	27,020
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	6,070,226	6,909,681	(839,455)
Grants and Entitlements not			
Restricted to Specific Programs	8,220,009	8,529,417	(309,408)
Investment Earnings	12,820	10,674	2,146
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets Miscellaneous	0	2,566	(2,566)
Miscellaneous	252,529	227,588	24,941
Total General Revenues	14,555,584	15,679,926	(1,124,342)
Total Revenues	17,850,903	18,948,225	(1,097,322)
Program Expenses			
Instruction	10,394,994	10,484,185	89,191
Support Services:			
Pupil and Instructional Staff	1,041,849	1,068,676	26,827
Board of Education, Administration, Fiscal	1 771 027	1.500.612	(171 414)
and Business	1,771,027	1,599,613	(171,414)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation	1,650,969 1,267,269	1,763,814 665,937	112,845 (601,332)
Central	93,123	176,210	83,087
Operation of Non-instructional Services	92,803	53,577	(39,226)
Operation of Food Services	573,385	559,367	(14,018)
Extracurricular Activities	563,314	556,405	(6,909)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	643,867	681,530	37,663
Total Program Expenses	18,092,600	17,609,314	(483,286)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position			
Before Extraordinary Item	(241,697)	1,338,911	(1,580,608)
Extraordinary Item - Settlement	1,750,000	1,777,454	(27,454)
Change in Net Position	1,508,303	3,116,365	(1,608,062)
Net Position Beginning of Year	26,339,057	23,222,692	3,116,365
Net Position End of Year	\$27,847,360	\$26,339,057	\$1,508,303

Governmental Activities

The School District has carefully planned its financial existence by forecasting its revenue and expenses over the next five years.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a voted levy does not increase solely as a result of inflation. It increases as a result of new construction or collection from a new voted levy. Although school districts experience inflationary growth in expenses, tax revenue does not keep pace with the increased expenses due to House Bill 920. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00 and the School District would collect the same dollar value the levy generated in the year it passed. The 10 percent rollback on all residential/agricultural property and the 2.5 percent rollback on all owner occupied homes would reduce the amount of taxes paid. Thus School District's dependence upon property taxes is hampered by a lack of revenue growth so it must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 34 percent of revenues for governmental activities for Jefferson Area Local School District in fiscal year 2016. This is a decrease of 12.15 percent in collections from the previous fiscal year.

Although the School District relies upon local property taxes to support its operations, a large share of general fund revenue is received from the State of Ohio through the State Foundation Formula. This funding is directly impacted by the enrollment of the School District. The School District also actively solicits and receives additional grant and entitlement funds to help offset operating costs.

Overall, expenses increased as a result of several employees leaving and being paid severance. The School District continues to show vigilance in monitoring all facets of spending.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2016 compared to 2015.

Table 3

Total and Net Cost of Program Services
Governmental Activities

	2016		20	2015	
	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service	
Instruction	\$10,394,994	\$8,275,652	\$10,484,185	\$8,418,567	
Support Services:					
Pupil and Instructional Staff	1,041,849	832,011	1,068,676	791,120	
Board of Education, Administration,					
Fiscal and Business	1,771,027	1,761,953	1,599,613	1,590,615	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,650,969	1,402,199	1,763,814	1,509,962	
Pupil Transportation	1,267,269	1,267,269	665,937	665,937	
Central	93,123	85,923	176,210	169,010	
Operation of Non-instructional Services	92,803	83,095	53,577	48,252	
Operation of Food Services	573,385	(23,332)	559,367	15,270	
Extracurricular Activities	563,314	468,644	556,405	450,752	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	643,867	643,867	681,530	681,530	
Total	\$18,092,600	\$14,797,281	\$17,609,314	\$14,341,015	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts with the balance sheet. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The general fund had a slight decrease in expenditures from the prior fiscal year. The general fund revenues decreased as a result of a decrease in property taxes revenue. Overall revenues exceeded expenditures and the general fund ended the year with an increase in fund balance. The bond retirement fund balance increased due to revenues exceeding expenditures during the current fiscal year. The classroom facilities capital projects fund balance increased significantly due to the School District reaching a settlement agreement involving construction work on the School District roofs and receiving \$1,750,000 in damages. The School District continues to look for grants to help offset the operating expenditures of the School District and to better provide services to our students.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2016, the School District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, the actual revenue was slightly lower than the final budget basis revenue estimates due to slightly higher estimates in intergovernmental revenues than what was actually received. The School District's actual expenditures were significantly lower than the final budgeted appropriations due to the School District's continued commitment to provide a quality education while still controlling the costs of that quality education.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 4 shows fiscal year 2016 balances compared to fiscal year 2015:

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
Net of Depreciation
Governmental Activities

	2016	2015	Change	
Land	\$646,340	\$646,340	\$0	
Construction in Progress	0	6,189,101	(6,189,101)	
Land Improvements	3,340,565	3,312,760	27,805	
Buildings and Improvements	48,856,132	43,968,254	4,887,878	
Furniture and Fixtures	707,022	761,330	(54,308)	
Vehicles	521,072	455,882	65,190	
Total	\$54,071,131	\$55,333,667	(\$1,262,536)	

The decrease in capital assets was the result of an additional year of annual depreciation on all capital assets other than land and construction in progress. Additions included bus garage improvements, replacement of roofs on all School District buildings, bus and textbook purchases. See Note 13 for additional information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

Debt

At June 30, 2016 the School District had \$20,145,282 in bonds and capital leases outstanding with \$1,089,658 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes general obligation bonds and capital leases outstanding for governmental activities.

Table 5Outstanding Debt at June 30
Governmental Activities

	2016	2015	Change
2012 Ohio Schools Facilities Refunding Bonds	\$9,771,205	\$9,755,075	\$16,130
2013 Ohio Schools Facilities Refunding Bonds	7,889,697	8,661,398	(771,701)
Capital Leases	2,484,380	2,730,943	(246,563)
Total	\$20,145,282	\$21,147,416	(\$1,002,134)

More information regarding long-term debt obligations of the School District is presented in Note 14.

Challenges and Opportunities

The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. The financial future of the School District is not without its challenges. These challenges stem from issues that are local and at the State level. The local challenges will continue to exist, as the School District must rely heavily on property taxes to fund its operations. State level challenges continue to evolve as the State of Ohio determines the outcome of the Ohio Supreme Court case dealing with the unconstitutionality of the State's educational funding system. Although the School District relies heavily on its property taxpayers to support its operations, the community support for the schools is quite strong.

With the District facing economic challenges in the future due to State and Federal reductions and unsettled issues in school funding, the Board of Education continues to place cost reduction factors into the budget. Like many school districts in the State of Ohio the District remains vigilant to financially meet the academic needs of all of the students as well as remain cost efficient in its operations. All of the School District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Brian Stevens, Treasurer, Jefferson Area Local Schools, 121 South Poplar Street, Jefferson, Ohio 44047.

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$11,844,807
Accounts Receivable	7,347
Intergovernmental Receivable	118,088
Inventory Held for Resale	14,284 2,927
Materials and Supplies Inventory Property Taxes Receivable	6,623,179
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	646,340
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	53,424,791
Total Assets	72,681,763
Deferred Outflows of Resources	,
Deferred Charge on Refunding	1,070,674
Pension	1,712,900
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,783,574
Liabilities	127.012
Accounts Payable	125,812
Accrued Wages and Benefits Metured Componented Absonces Psychle	1,232,740
Matured Compensated Absences Payable Intergovernmental Payable	15,777 181,543
Accrued Interest Payable	52,738
Long-Term Liabilities:	32,730
Due Within One Year	1,262,748
Due In More Than One Year:	, - ,
Net Pension Liability (See Note 21)	18,265,931
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	19,592,350
Total Liabilities	40,729,639
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	5,238,165
Pension	1,650,173
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,888,338
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	35,423,707
Restricted for:	, ,
Capital Projects	5,359,230
Debt Service	2,176,588
Unclaimed Monies	1,619
Other Purposes	650,354
Unrestricted	(15,764,138)
Total Net Position	\$27,847,360

Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$8,178,602	\$717,748	\$31,666	\$0	(\$7,429,188)
Special	2,216,392	204,221	1,161,675	0	(850,496)
Vocational	0	0	4,032	0	4,032
Support Services:					
Pupil	610,916	64,195	1,586	0	(545,135)
Instructional Staff	430,933	33,749	110,308	0	(286,876)
Board of Education	19,366	0	0	0	(19,366)
Administration	1,216,010	0	9,074	0	(1,206,936)
Fiscal	525,306	0	0	0	(525,306)
Business	10,345	0	0	0	(10,345)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,650,969	142,111	49,401	57,258	(1,402,199)
Pupil Transportation	1,267,269	0	0	0	(1,267,269)
Central	93,123	0 9,708	7,200	0	(85,923)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services Operation of Food Services	92,803 573,385	185,809	0 410,908	0	(83,095) 23,332
Extracurricular Activities	563,314	94,670	410,908	0	(468,644)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	643,867	0	0	0	(643,867)
Totals	\$18,092,600	\$1,452,211	\$1,785,850	\$57,258	(14,797,281)
		General Revenue			
		Property Taxes Le			4 400 013
		General Purpos Debt Service	es		4,498,812
		Capital Outlay			1,177,042 305,226
			lities Maintenance		89,146
			ments not Restricted		69,140
		to Specific Prog			8,220,009
		Investment Earnin	•		12,820
		Miscellaneous	.50		252,529
		Total General Rev	venues		14,555,584
		Extraordinary Iten	n - Settlement		1,750,000
		Total General Rev	venues and Extraordin	ary Item	16,305,584
		Change in Net Pos	sition		1,508,303
		Net Position Begin	nning of Year		26,339,057
		Net Position End	of Year		\$27,847,360

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	General	Bond Retirement	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Equity in Pooled Cash and					
Cash Equivalents	\$3,926,527	\$1,954,809	\$4,597,154	\$1,364,698	\$11,843,188
Restricted Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,619	0	0	0	1,619
Accounts Receivable	7,347	0	0	0	7,347
Intergovernmental Receivable	4,808	0	0	113,280	118,088
Interfund Receivable	3,007	0	0	0	3,007
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	0	14,284	14,284
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	0	2,927	2,927
Property Taxes Receivable	4,896,323	1,294,622	0	432,234	6,623,179
Total Assets	\$8,839,631	\$3,249,431	\$4,597,154	\$1,927,423	\$18,613,639
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$39,569	\$0	\$0	\$86,243	\$125,812
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,176,058	0	0	56,682	1,232,740
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	3,007	3,007
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	15,777	0	0	0	15,777
Intergovernmental Payable	168,070	0	0	13,473	181,543
Total Liabilities	1,399,474	0	0	159,405	1,558,879
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property Taxes	3,875,936	1,020,105	0	342,124	5,238,165
Unavailable Revenue	424,529	117,399	0	125,198	667,126
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,300,465	1,137,504	0	467,322	5,905,291
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	1,619	0	0	2,927	4,546
Restricted	0	2,111,927	4,597,154	1,323,133	8,032,214
Assigned	129,539	0	0	0	129,539
Unassigned (Deficit)	3,008,534	0	0	(25,364)	2,983,170
Total Fund Balances	3,139,692	2,111,927	4,597,154	1,300,696	11,149,469
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balances	\$8,839,631	\$3,249,431	\$4,597,154	\$1,927,423	\$18,613,639

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2016

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$11,149,469
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	54,071,131
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable in the funds. Delinquent Property Taxes 576,651 Intergovernmental 90,475	
Total	667,126
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(52,738)
Deferred Outflows of Resources includes deferred charges on refundings, which are not reported in the funds.	1,070,674
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General Obligation Bonds (17,660,902) Capital Leases Payable (2,484,380) Compensated Absences (709,816)	
Total	(20,855,098)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds: Deferred Outflows - Pension 1,712,900 Net Pension Liability (18,265,931) Deferred Inflows - Pension (1,650,173)	
Total	(18,203,204)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$27,847,360

Jefferson Area Local School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Property Taxes	Danasa	General	Bond Retirement	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Interpovernmental 8,890,257 209,523 0 929,971 10,029,751 10terest 1,2568 0 252 0 12,820 11,61564 10 0 0 0 0 1,146,564 10 0 0 0 0 0 1,146,564 10 0 0 0 0 0 0,146,564 10 0 0 0 0 0,146,564 10 0 0 0 0 0,146,564 10 0 0 0 0 0,146,564 10 0 0 0 0 0,146,564 10 0 0 0 0 0,12574 18,6394 18,6374 18,6394 18,6374 18,6394 18,6374 18,6394 18,6374 18,6394 1	Revenues Dropouty Toyog	\$4.509.244	\$1 170 500	\$0	\$205 197	\$6,092,020
Interest 12.568 0 252 0 12.820 Intuition and Fees 1.146.564 0 0 0 0 1.146.564 Extracurricular Activities 55.604 0 0 63.309 11.89.13 Charges for Services 925 0 0 185.809 186.734 Miscellameous 239.955 0 0 0 12.574 Total Revenues 14.854.117 1.389,122 252 1.586.850 17.830.341 Expenditures	• •					1 - 7 7
Tuition and Fees				-	*	
Extracurricular Activities						
Charges for Services 925						, ,
Miscellaneous 239,955 0 0 12,574 252,529 Total Revenues 14,854,117 1,389,122 252 1,586,850 17,830,341					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Expenditures Current: Instruction: Regular 6,792,444 0 0 51,612 6,844,056 Special 1,943,564 0 0 290,327 2,233,891 Support Services: Pupil 610,947 0 0 3,027 613,974 Instructional Staff 318,181 0 0 0 10,866 Administration 1,9366 0 0 0 19,366 Administration 1,078,804 0 0 152,978 1,231,782 Fiscal 495,862 28,809 0 9,342 534,013 Business 10,345 0 0 0 0 10,345 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,371,891 0 0 0 502,733 1,874,634 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,371,891 0 0 502,733 1,874,634 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 9,250 0 0 502,733 1,874,634 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 9,250 0 0 555,758 555,758 Extracurricular Activities 299,915 0 0 78,193 378,108 Capital Outlay 0 0 41,110 85,328 126,438 Debt Services 17,008 840,000 0 229,555 1,086,563 Interest and Fiscal Charges 14,226,639 1,273,904 41,110 2,418,713 17,960,366 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 627,478 115,218 (40,858) (831,863) (130,025) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (270,000) 0 0 0 270,000 0 Caro,0000 Caro	=				,	
Current: Instruction: Regular 6,792,444 0 0 51,612 6,844,056 Special 1,943,564 0 0 290,327 2,233,891 Special 1,943,564 0 0 290,327 2,233,891 Support Services: 290,027 2,233,891 30,272 613,974 613,974 10 0 3,027 613,974 11,972 0 0 3,027 613,974 11,972 0 0 10,361 429,042 0 0 10,366 0 0 0 19,366 0 0 0 19,366 0 0 0 19,366 0 0 0 19,366 0 0 0 19,366 0 0 0 19,366 0 0 0 19,366 0 0 0 19,366 0 0 0 19,366 0 0 0 19,366 0 0 0 1,31,191 0 0 0 0 2,723,191 </td <td>Total Revenues</td> <td>14,854,117</td> <td>1,389,122</td> <td>252</td> <td>1,586,850</td> <td>17,830,341</td>	Total Revenues	14,854,117	1,389,122	252	1,586,850	17,830,341
Regular						
Regular Special 6,792,444 0 0 51,612 (5,44,056) 6,844,056 (5,90c) 290,327 (2,233,891) 2,233,891 Support Services: 290,327 (2,233,891) 2,233,891 Support Services: 290,327 (2,233,891) 2,233,891 Support Services: 2,233,891 Support Services: 2,233,891 3,297 613,974 1,397 4,397 1,396 0 0 0 1,366 0 0 0 1,366 0 0 0 1,366 0 0 0 1,366 0 0 0 1,366 0 0 0 1,366 0 0 0 1,345 0 0 0 1,346 0 0 0 1,345 0 0 0 0 0 1,345 0 0 0 <						
Special 1,943,564 0 0 290,327 2,233,891		6.702.444	0	0	51.610	6.044.056
Support Services: Pupil					,	
Pupil	•	1,943,564	0	0	290,327	2,233,891
Instructional Staff 318,181	··	610.047	0	0	2.027	612.074
Board of Education 19,366 0 0 0 19,366 Administration 1,078,804 0 0 152,978 1,231,782 Fiscal 495,862 28,809 0 0 9,342 534,013 Business 10,345 0 0 0 0 10,345 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,371,891 0 0 502,733 1,874,624 Pupil Transportation 1,088,888 0 0 257,688 1,346,546 Central 83,584 0 0 9,539 93,123 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 92,520 0 0 9,539 93,123 Operation of Food Services 9 0 0 0 555,758 555,758 Extraceurricular Activities 299,915 0 0 78,193 378,108 Capital Outlay 0 0 41,110 85,328 126,438 Debt Service: 2 1 1 1 1	•					
Administration 1,078,804 0 0 152,978 1,231,782 Fiscal 495,862 28,809 0 9,342 534,013 Business 10,345 0 0 0 10,345 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,371,891 0 0 502,733 1,874,624 Pupil Transportation 1,088,858 0 0 257,688 1,346,546 Central 83,584 0 0 9,539 93,123 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 92,520 0 0 0 95,59 93,123 Operation of Food Services 0 0 0 0 78,193 378,108 Extracurricular Activities 299,915 0 0 78,193 378,108 Capital Outlay 0 0 41,110 85,328 126,438 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 17,008 840,000 0 229,555 1,086,563 Interest and Fiscal Charges 14,226,639 1,273,904						
Fiscal 495,862 28,809 0 9,342 534,013 Business 10,345 0 0 0 10,345 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,371,891 0 0 502,733 1,874,624 Operation of Plant 1,088,858 0 0 257,688 1,346,546 Central 83,584 0 0 9,539 93,123 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 92,520 0 0 0 95,59 93,123 Operation of Food Services 0 0 0 0 555,758 555,758 Extracurricular Activities 299,915 0 0 78,193 378,108 Capital Outlay 0 0 41,110 85,328 126,438 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 17,008 840,000 0 229,555 1,086,563 Interest and Fiscal Charges 14,226,639 1,273,904 41,110 2,418,713 17,960,366 Excess of Revenues Over					*	
Business 10,345 0 0 0 10,345 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,371,891 0 0 502,733 1,874,624 Pupil Transportation 1,088,858 0 0 257,688 1,346,546 Central 83,584 0 0 9,539 93,123 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 92,520 0 0 0 92,520 Operation of Food Services 0 0 0 555,758 156,758 10,865,63 11,810 10,800 10,800 10,800 10,			-		- ,	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation 1,371,891 1,088,858 0 0 0 257,688 1,346,546 0 0 0 257,688 1,346,546 0 0 0 9,539 93,123 0 0 0 9,539 0 93,123 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 92,520 0 0 0 0 0 0 92,520 0 0 0 0 0 92,520 0 0 0 0 0 555,758 555,758 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		,				,
Pupil Transportation 1,088,858 0 0 257,688 1,346,546 Central 83,584 0 0 9,539 93,123 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 92,520 0 0 0 92,520 Operation of Food Services 0 0 0 0 555,758 555,758 Extracurricular Activities 299,915 0 0 78,193 378,108 Capital Outlay 0 0 41,110 85,328 126,438 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 17,008 840,000 0 229,555 1,086,563 Interest and Fiscal Charges 3,350 405,095 0 81,772 490,217 Total Expenditures 14,226,639 1,273,904 41,110 2,418,713 17,960,366 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 627,478 115,218 (40,858) (831,863) (130,025) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In 0 0 0 270,000				-		
Central 83,584 0 0 9,539 93,123 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 92,520 0 0 0 92,520 Operation of Food Services 0 0 0 555,758 555,758 Extracurricular Activities 299,915 0 0 78,193 378,108 Capital Outlay 0 0 41,110 85,328 126,438 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 17,008 840,000 0 229,555 1,086,563 Interest and Fiscal Charges 3,350 405,095 0 81,772 490,217 Total Expenditures 14,226,639 1,273,904 41,110 2,418,713 17,960,366 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 627,478 115,218 (40,858) (831,863) (130,025) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 Transfers In 0 0 0 270,000 0 270,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operation of Non-Instructional Services 92,520 0 0 0 92,520 Operation of Food Services 0 0 0 555,758 555,758 Extracurricular Activities 299,915 0 0 1 78,193 378,108 Capital Outlay 0 0 41,110 85,328 126,438 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 17,008 840,000 0 229,555 1,086,563 Interest and Fiscal Charges 3,350 405,095 0 81,772 490,217 Total Expenditures 14,226,639 1,273,904 41,110 2,418,713 17,960,366 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 627,478 115,218 (40,858) (831,863) (130,025) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 270,000 270,000 Transfers In 0 0 0 270,000 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (270,000) 0 0 270,000 0 Extraordinary Item - Settleme	·				,	
Operation of Food Services 0 0 0 555,758 555,758 Extracurricular Activities 299,915 0 0 78,193 378,108 Capital Outlay 0 0 41,110 85,328 126,438 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 17,008 840,000 0 229,555 1,086,563 Interest and Fiscal Charges 3,350 405,095 0 81,772 490,217 Total Expenditures 14,226,639 1,273,904 41,110 2,418,713 17,960,366 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 627,478 115,218 (40,858) (831,863) (130,025) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 Transfers Out (270,000) 0 0 0 270,000 0 Extraordinary Item - Settlement 0 0 1,750,000 0 1,750,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 357,478 115,218 1,709,142 (561,863) 1,619,975					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Extracurricular Activities 299,915 0 0 78,193 378,108 Capital Outlay 0 0 41,110 85,328 126,438 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 17,008 840,000 0 229,555 1,086,563 Interest and Fiscal Charges 3,350 405,095 0 81,772 490,217 Total Expenditures 14,226,639 1,273,904 41,110 2,418,713 17,960,366 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 627,478 115,218 (40,858) (831,863) (130,025) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 Transfers Out (270,000) 0 0 270,000 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (270,000) 0 0 270,000 0 Extraordinary Item - Settlement 0 0 1,750,000 0 1,750,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 357,478 115,218 1,709,142 (561,863) 1,619,975 Fund Bala	·					
Capital Outlay 0 0 41,110 85,328 126,438 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 17,008 840,000 0 229,555 1,086,563 Interest and Fiscal Charges 3,350 405,095 0 81,772 490,217 Total Expenditures 14,226,639 1,273,904 41,110 2,418,713 17,960,366 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 627,478 115,218 (40,858) (831,863) (130,025) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 270,000 270,000 Transfers In Transfers Out 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (270,000) 0 0 270,000 0 Extraordinary Item - Settlement 0 0 1,750,000 0 1,750,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 357,478 115,218 1,709,142 (561,863) 1,619,975 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,782,214 1,996,709 2,888,012 1,862,559 9,529,494	•			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Debt Service: Principal Retirement 17,008 840,000 0 229,555 1,086,563 Interest and Fiscal Charges 3,350 405,095 0 81,772 490,217 Total Expenditures 14,226,639 1,273,904 41,110 2,418,713 17,960,366 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 627,478 115,218 (40,858) (831,863) (130,025) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 Transfers In Transfers Out (270,000) 0 0 0 270,000 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (270,000) 0 0 270,000 0 Extraordinary Item - Settlement 0 0 1,750,000 0 1,750,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 357,478 115,218 1,709,142 (561,863) 1,619,975 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,782,214 1,996,709 2,888,012 1,862,559 9,529,494				41.110		
Principal Retirement 17,008 840,000 0 229,555 1,086,563 Interest and Fiscal Charges 3,350 405,095 0 81,772 490,217 Total Expenditures 14,226,639 1,273,904 41,110 2,418,713 17,960,366 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 627,478 115,218 (40,858) (831,863) (130,025) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 Transfers In Transfers Out 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (270,000) 0 0 270,000 0 Extraordinary Item - Settlement 0 0 1,750,000 0 1,750,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 357,478 115,218 1,709,142 (561,863) 1,619,975 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,782,214 1,996,709 2,888,012 1,862,559 9,529,494	•			,	22,22	,
Interest and Fiscal Charges 3,350 405,095 0 81,772 490,217 Total Expenditures 14,226,639 1,273,904 41,110 2,418,713 17,960,366 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 627,478 115,218 (40,858) (831,863) (130,025) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 Transfers Out (270,000) 0 0 0 (270,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (270,000) 0 0 270,000 0 Extraordinary Item - Settlement 0 0 1,750,000 0 1,750,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 357,478 115,218 1,709,142 (561,863) 1,619,975 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,782,214 1,996,709 2,888,012 1,862,559 9,529,494		17,008	840,000	0	229,555	1,086,563
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 627,478 115,218 (40,858) (831,863) (130,025) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 270,000 Transfers In Transfers Out 0 0 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (270,000) 0 0 0 270,000 0 Extraordinary Item - Settlement 0 0 1,750,000 0 1,750,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 357,478 115,218 1,709,142 (561,863) 1,619,975 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,782,214 1,996,709 2,888,012 1,862,559 9,529,494	•	3,350	405,095	0	81,772	490,217
Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 270,000 Transfers In Transfers Out (270,000) 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 0 (270,000) 0 0 0 270,000 0 0 270,000 0	Total Expenditures	14,226,639	1,273,904	41,110	2,418,713	17,960,366
Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 270,000 Transfers In Transfers Out (270,000) 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 0 (270,000) 0 0 0 270,000 0 0 270,000 0	Excess of Revenues Over					
Transfers In Transfers Out 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 270,000 Transfers Out (270,000) 0 0 0 (270,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (270,000) 0 0 270,000 0 Extraordinary Item - Settlement 0 0 1,750,000 0 1,750,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 357,478 115,218 1,709,142 (561,863) 1,619,975 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,782,214 1,996,709 2,888,012 1,862,559 9,529,494	3	627,478	115,218	(40,858)	(831,863)	(130,025)
Transfers In Transfers Out 0 0 0 270,000 270,000 270,000 Transfers Out (270,000) 0 0 0 (270,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (270,000) 0 0 270,000 0 Extraordinary Item - Settlement 0 0 1,750,000 0 1,750,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 357,478 115,218 1,709,142 (561,863) 1,619,975 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,782,214 1,996,709 2,888,012 1,862,559 9,529,494	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (270,000) 0 0 270,000 0 Extraordinary Item - Settlement 0 0 1,750,000 0 1,750,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 357,478 115,218 1,709,142 (561,863) 1,619,975 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,782,214 1,996,709 2,888,012 1,862,559 9,529,494		0	0	0	270,000	270,000
Extraordinary Item - Settlement 0 0 1,750,000 0 1,750,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 357,478 115,218 1,709,142 (561,863) 1,619,975 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,782,214 1,996,709 2,888,012 1,862,559 9,529,494	Transfers Out	(270,000)	0	0	0	(270,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances 357,478 115,218 1,709,142 (561,863) 1,619,975 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,782,214 1,996,709 2,888,012 1,862,559 9,529,494	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(270,000)	0	0	270,000	0
Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,782,214 1,996,709 2,888,012 1,862,559 9,529,494	Extraordinary Item - Settlement	0	0	1,750,000	0	1,750,000
	Net Change in Fund Balances	357,478	115,218	1,709,142	(561,863)	1,619,975
Fund Balances End of Year \$3,139,692 \$2,111,927 \$4,597,154 \$1,300,696 \$11,149,469	Fund Balances Beginning of Year	2,782,214	1,996,709	2,888,012	1,862,559	9,529,494
	Fund Balances End of Year	\$3,139,692	\$2,111,927	\$4,597,154	\$1,300,696	\$11,149,469

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$1,619,975
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Capital Outlay 622,387 Current Year Depreciation (1,884,923)	
Total	(1,262,536)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property Taxes (12,804) Intergovernmental 33,366 Total	20,562
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	1,086,563
Accrued interest is reported in the statement of activities and does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. Accrued Interest on Bonds 2,016 Bond Accretion (228,137) Amortization of Premium on Bonds 143,708 Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding (71,237)	(479.770)
Total	(153,650)
Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(20,771)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.	989,929
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.	(771,769)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$1,508,303

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted .	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$5,168,319	\$4,859,703	\$4,859,703	\$0
Intergovernmental	8,649,153	8,847,510	8,888,450	40,940
Interest	10,879	11,164	12,568	1,404
Tuition and Fees	1,050,606	1,074,791	1,074,791	0
Extracurricular Activities	54,754	55,954	55,954	0
Miscellaneous	347,068	355,668	234,274	(121,394)
Total Revenues	15,280,779	15,204,790	15,125,740	(79,050)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	7,084,430	7,052,666	6,907,793	144,873
Special	2,060,148	2,035,255	1,985,269	49,986
Support Services:				
Pupil	635,279	627,944	619,511	8,433
Instructional Staff	327,852	394,377	317,783	76,594
Board of Education	19,956	21,578	19,461	2,117
Administration	1,118,539	1,173,767	1,093,372	80,395
Fiscal	510,899	526,077	500,929	25,148
Business	10,965	11,340	11,042	298
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,454,136	1,809,315	1,402,663	406,652
Pupil Transportation	1,155,276	1,356,731	1,127,886	228,845
Central	90,275	155,100	100,274	54,826
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	36,665	72,582	35,755	36,827
Extracurricular Activities	307,176	311,742	299,552	12,190
Total Expenditures	14,811,596	15,548,474	14,421,290	1,127,184
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	469,183	(343,684)	704,450	1,048,134
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances In	1,748	1,748	1,748	0
Advances Out	(1,748)	(1,748)	(3,007)	(1,259)
Transfers Out	(279,171)	(612,753)	(270,939)	341,814
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(279,171)	(612,753)	(272,198)	340,555
Net Change in Fund Balance	190,012	(956,437)	432,252	1,388,689
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,300,959	3,300,959	3,300,959	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	57,494	57,494	57,494	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,548,465	\$2,402,016	\$3,790,705	\$1,388,689

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust	
A4.	Scholarships	Agency
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$120,919	\$30,743
Liabilities Due to Students	0	\$30,743
Net Position Held in Trust for College Scholarships	\$120,919	

Statement of Changes in Net Position Private Purpose Trust Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Scholarships
Additions Contributions and Donations	\$93,989
Deductions College Scholarships Awarded	3,866
Change in Net Position	90,123
Net Position Beginning of Year	30,796
Net Position End of Year	\$120,919

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Jefferson Area Local School District (the School District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally elected five member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by State and federal agencies. The Board of Education controls the School District's 6 instructional/support facilities staffed by 76 classified employees and 102 certified employees who provide services to 1,701 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with two jointly governed organizations, one insurance purchasing pool and two risk sharing pools. These organizations are the Northeast Ohio Management Information Network, Ashtabula County Technical and Career Center, Ohio Schools Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments, and Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority. These organizations are presented in Notes 17 and 18 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described as follows.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The School District, however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account and report for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Bond Retirement Fund The bond retirement fund accounts for and reports property tax revenues restricted for payment of principal and interest and fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

Classroom Facilities Fund The classroom facilities fund accounts for and reports grants, interest and insurance proceeds restricted for contracts entered into by the School District and the Ohio Schools Facilities Commission for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for college scholarship donations for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (e.g., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (e.g., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, in the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied (See Note 8). Revenue from

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding and for pension. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 21.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2016, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide statement of net position (See Note 21).

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2016 amounted to \$12,568 which includes \$8,370 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions. Restricted assets in the general fund represent money set aside for unclaimed monies

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of donated food, purchased food and school supplies held for resale, and materials and supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	20-50 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5-20 years
Vehicles	8 years

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after ten years of service.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employee who has accumulated unpaid leave is paid.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and net pension liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Deferred Charge on Refunding

On the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) and the net carrying amount of the old debt, the gain/loss on refunding, is being amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred amount is amortized over the life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, using the effective interest method and is presented as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Bond Premiums

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the general obligation bonds payable. On the fund financial statements, bond premiums are receipted in the year the bonds are issued.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Internal events that are allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for auxiliary services and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance includes the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These assigned balances are established by the School District Board of Education. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by State statute. State statute authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Extraordinary Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2016, the School District received \$1,750,000 from the result of a settlement from damages in the district-wide roofing project.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Budgetary modifications at this level require a resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level are made by the School District Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principle

For fiscal year 2016, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application," GASB Statement No. 76, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments," GASB Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants" and GASB Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73."

GASB Statement No. 72 addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2016 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 76 identifies-in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment-the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the framework for selecting those principles. The implementation of this GASB pronouncement did not result in any changes to the School District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 79 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for qualifying external investment pools that elect to measure for financial reporting purposes all of their investments at amortized cost. This Statement provides accounting and financial reporting guidance also establishes additional note disclosure requirements for governments that participate in those pools. The School District participates in STAR Ohio which implemented GASB Statement No. 79 for fiscal year 2016. The School District incorporated the corresponding GASB 79 guidance into their fiscal year 2016 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 82 improves consistency in the application of pension accounting. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2016 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

It was determined that receivables and deferred inflows of resources were overstated at June 30, 2015 as a result of homestead and rollbacks being included in the property tax receivable calculation. There was no change to fund balance.

Note 4 - Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Fund Balances	General	Bond Retirement	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Inventory	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,927	\$2,927
Unclaimed Monies	1,619	0	0	0	1,619
Total Nonspendable	1,619	0	0	2,927	4,546
Restricted for					
Food Service Operations	0	0	0	34,694	34,694
Scholarship Awards	0	0	0	1,239	1,239
Classroom Maintenance	0	0	0	482,368	482,368
Athletics	0	0	0	71,803	71,803
Debt Service Payments	0	2,111,927	0	0	2,111,927
Capital Improvements	0	0	4,597,154	733,029	5,330,183
Total Restricted	0	2,111,927	4,597,154	1,323,133	8,032,214
Assigned to					
Purchases on Order:					
Support Services	25,481	0	0	0	25,481
Public School Support	104,058	0	0	0	104,058
Total Assigned	129,539	0	0	0	129,539
Unassigned (Deficit)	3,008,534	0	0	(25,364)	2,983,170
Total Fund Balances	\$3,139,692	\$2,111,927	\$4,597,154	\$1,300,696	\$11,149,469

Note 5 – Accountability

The following funds had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2016:

	Amount
Other Grants	\$1,928
Title I	10,103
Improving Teacher Quality	13,333

The special revenue funds' deficits are caused by the recognition of expenditures on a modified accrual basis of accounting which are substantially greater than the expenditures recognized on a cash basis. The general fund is liable for any deficit in the special revenue funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Note 6 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget (non-GAAP basis) and actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Advances In and Advances Out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP).
- 3. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the uniform school supplies and public school support fund are classified to general fund for GAAP reporting.
- 4. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 5. Principal retirement on capital leases are reported on the operating statement (budget) rather than on the balance sheet (GAAP).
- 6. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$357,478
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	179,207
Advances In	1,748
Perspective Differences:	
Uniform School Supplies	(111)
Public School Support	12,356
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(65,028)
Advances Out	(3,007)
Principal Retirement	(17,008)
Encumbrances	(33,383)
Budget Basis	\$432,252

Note 7 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts:
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$2,261,496 of the School District's bank balance of \$12,175,149 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 8 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2016 represent the collection of calendar year 2015 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2016 were levied after April 1, 2015, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2015, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2016, represent the collection of calendar year 2015 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2016 became a lien on December 31, 2014, were levied after April 1, 2015, and are collected in calendar year 2016 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Ashtabula County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2016, are available to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2016, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2016, was \$598,859 in the general fund, \$157,118 in the bond retirement debt service fund, \$12,049 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund and \$40,337 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2015, was \$969,423 in the general fund, \$264,723 in the bond retirement debt service fund, \$19,546 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund and \$65,437 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

On an accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2016 taxes were collected are:

	2015 Sec Half Collec		2016 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate Public Utility Personal	\$233,536,190 11,083,370	95.47 % 4.53	\$233,316,570 11,488,610	95.31 % 4.69
Total	\$244,619,560	100.00 %	\$244,805,180	100.00 %
Full Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$52.73	3	\$52.73	}

Note 9 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2016, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent and student fees), tuition, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables except for delinquent property taxes are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amounts
Title I Grant	\$107,704
Improving Teacher Quality Grant	5,576
State of Ohio	3,001
Pymatuning Valley School	1,807
Total	\$118,088

Note 10 - Other Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. For fiscal year 2016, the superintendent was granted 20 days of vacation and the treasurer was granted twenty days of vacation. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Certified employees may accumulate unlimited sick leave. Sick leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 300 days for classified employees. For all employees, retirement severance is paid to each employee retiring from the School District at a per diem rate of the annual salary at the time of retirement. Any certified employee receiving retirement severance pay is entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to one-fourth of the accumulated sick leave credited to that employee, up to 81 days. Any certified employee receiving retirement severance pay is entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to one-fourth of the accumulated sick leave credited to that employee, up to 75 days.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Life Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to permanent employees through Minnesota Mutual in the amount of \$50,000 for certified and \$30,000 for classified employees. An additional \$157,000 is provided to the treasurer and \$196,000 to the superintendent.

Health Insurance Benefits

The School District provides employee medical and surgical insurance, prescription drug, dental, and vision insurance through the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments.

Note 11 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Transfers

The general fund made transfers to other governmental funds in the amount of \$270,000 to provide funding for capital improvement projects.

Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2016, consisted of an interfund receivable/payable of \$3,007 between the general fund and other governmental funds pending the receipt of grant money. The interfund balance will be repaid within one year.

Note 12 - Contingencies

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2016, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

School Foundation

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for fiscal year 2015, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2016 Foundation funding for the school district; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the School District.

Litigation

The School District is not party to legal proceedings as of June 30, 2016.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 13 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$646,340	\$0	\$0	\$646,340
Construction in Progress	6,189,101	0	(6,189,101)	0
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	6,835,441	0	(6,189,101)	646,340
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	4,538,934	266,401	0	4,805,335
Buildings and Improvements	51,699,283	6,240,101	0	57,939,384
Furniture and Fixtures	1,745,521	45,339	0	1,790,860
Vehicles	1,610,050	259,647	(174,381)	1,695,316
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	59,593,788	6,811,488	(174,381)	66,230,895
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(1,226,174)	(238,596)	0	(1,464,770)
Buildings and Improvements	(7,731,029)	(1,352,223)	0	(9,083,252)
Furniture and Fixtures	(984,191)	(99,647)	0	(1,083,838)
Vehicles	(1,154,168)	(194,457)	174,381	(1,174,244)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(11,095,562)	(1,884,923) *	174,381	(12,806,104)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	48,498,226	4,926,565	0	53,424,791
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$55,333,667	\$4,926,565	(\$6,189,101)	\$54,071,131

^{*}Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$1,404,961
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	1,850
Administration	31,353
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	24,864
Pupil Transportation	207,976
Operation of Food Services	19,917
Extracurricular Activities	194,002
Total Depreciation Expense	\$1,884,923

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 14 – Long-Term Obligations

Original issue amounts and interest rates of the School District's debt issues were as follows:

Debt Issue	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Fiscal Year of Maturity
2012 Ohio Schools Facilities Refundin	g Bonds:		
Serial Bonds	2.00% to 3.00%	\$7,030,000	2032
Capital Appreciation Bonds	40.67% to 38.33%	75,000	2021 to 2022
Term Bonds	2.70%	1,480,000	2027 to 2029
2013 Ohio Schools Facilities Refundin	g Bonds:		
Serial Bonds	2.00% to 3.00%	7,065,000	2028
Capital Appreciation Bonds	14.34% to 18.60%	820,000	2016 to 2021

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2016 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/15	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/16	Amounts Due in One Year
General Obligation Bonds					
2012 Ohio School Facilities Bonds					
Serial Bonds	\$6,885,000	\$0	\$0	\$6,885,000	\$0
Capital Appreciation Bonds	75,000	0	0	75,000	0
Accretion on Bonds	126,930	88,139	0	215,069	0
Term Bonds	1,480,000	0	0	1,480,000	0
Premium	1,188,145	0	72,009	1,116,136	0
2013 Ohio School Facilities Bonds					
Serial Bonds	6,620,000	0	125,000	6,495,000	835,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	820,000	0	450,000	370,000	0
Accretion on Bonds	337,117	139,998	265,000	212,115	0
Premium	884,281	0	71,699	812,582	0
Total General Obligation Bonds	18,416,473	228,137	983,708	17,660,902	835,000
Other Long-Term Obligations					
Capital Leases Payable	2,730,943	0	246,563	2,484,380	254,658
Compensated Absences	689,045	156,043	135,272	709,816	173,090
Net Pension Liability					
SERS	3,518,115	203,231	0	3,721,346	0
STRS	13,091,804	1,452,781	0	14,544,585	0
Total Net Pension Liability	16,609,919	1,656,012	0	18,265,931	0
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	20,029,907	1,812,055	381,835	21,460,127	427,748
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$38,446,380	\$2,040,192	\$1,365,543	\$39,121,029	\$1,262,748

On August 21, 2012, the School District issued \$8,585,000 in general obligation refunding bonds which included serial, term and capital appreciation bonds in the amount of \$7,030,000, \$1,480,000 and \$75,000, respectively. The general obligation refunding bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding \$7,300,000 of the 2006 Ohio schools facilities bonds to take advantage of lower interest rates. The proceeds were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. On June 1, 2015, the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

defeased bonds were called and are no longer outstanding. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with a final maturity at December 1, 2031. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement fund.

The maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2016 is \$1,785,000. The capital appreciation bonds were originally sold at a discount of \$1,710,000, which is being accreted annually until the point of maturity of the capital appreciation bonds, which is 2021 through 2022. The accretion recorded for 2016 was \$88,139, for a total outstanding bond liability of \$290,069 at June 30, 2016.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2028, are subject to mandatory redemption in part by lot pursuant to the terms of the mandatory redemption requirements of the trust agreement, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount deemed, plus interest accrued to the redemption date, on December 1 of the years shown in, and accordance to, the following schedule:

Year	Amount
2026	\$95,000
2027	95,000
2028	1,290,000

On April 24, 2013, the School District issued \$7,885,000 in general obligation refunding bonds which included serial and capital appreciation bonds in the amount of \$7,065,000 and \$820,000, respectively. The general obligation refunding bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding \$9,170,000 of the 2006 Ohio schools facilities bonds to take advantage of lower interest rates. The proceeds were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds until their call date on December 1, 2022. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. On June 30, 2016, \$8,038,800 of the defeased bonds are still outstanding. The bonds were issued for a fourteen year period with a final maturity at December 1, 2027. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement fund.

The maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2016 is \$985,000. The capital appreciation bonds were originally sold at a discount of \$880,000, which is being accreted annually until the point of maturity of the capital appreciation bonds, which is 2016 through 2021. The accretion recorded for 2016 was \$139,998, for a total outstanding bond liability of \$582,115 at June 30, 2016.

The capital lease is paid from the general fund and permanent improvement capital projects fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund, title I, improving teacher quality and food service special revenue funds. The School District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefiting from their service.

The overall debt margin of the School District as of June 30, 2016 was \$8,412,209 with an unvoted debt margin of \$244,805. Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			General Oblig	ation Bonds		
	Seri	Serial Capital Appreciation		preciation	Terr	n
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	\$835,000	\$398,420	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
2018	850,000	384,665	0	0	0	0
2019	905,000	362,935	0	0	0	0
2020	195,000	346,610	295,000	475,000	0	0
2021	0	343,685	110,000	855,000	0	0
2022-2026	4,260,000	1,485,038	40,000	995,000	1,480,000	452,805
2027-2031	4,930,000	232,225	0	0	0	0
2032	1,405,000	21,075	0	0	0	0
Total	\$13,380,000	\$3,574,653	\$445,000	\$2,325,000	\$1,480,000	\$452,805

Note 15 – Capital Leases

On February 1, 2013, the School District entered into a capitalized lease obligation for facility improvements. On June 2, 2014, the School District entered into a capitalized lease obligation for copiers. These leases meet the criteria for capital leases and have been recorded on the government-wide statements. The original amount capitalized for the capital lease and the book value as of June 30, 2016, follows:

	Amounts
Assets:	
Building Improvements	\$3,091,015
Copiers	90,312
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(672,390)
Current Book Value	\$2,508,937

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016.

	Amounts
2017	\$331,685
2018	331,685
2019	331,685
2020	316,416
2021	311,327
2022-2025	1,245,308
Total Minimum Lease Payments	2,868,106
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(383,726)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$2,484,380

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 16 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The School District has addressed these various types of risk by purchasing a comprehensive insurance policy through Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (Note 18).

Type of Coverage	Coverage Amount
Property - Building and Business Personal	\$69,149,966
Equipment Breakdown	50,000,000
Crime Coverage per occurrence	100,000
Unintentional Errors and Omissions	1,000,000
Utility Service Direct Damage	500,000
Valuable Papers	1,000,000
General Liability:	
Bodily Inhury and Property Damage	15,000,000
Personal Injury	15,000,000
Products/Completed Operations	15,000,000
Automobile Bodily Injury	15,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

Employee Medical Benefits

The School District participates in the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments, a shared risk pool (Note 18) to provide employee medical/surgical, prescription drug, dental and vision benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The School District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which the claim payments are made for all participating districts. Certified employees per negotiated agreement are required to pay \$200 per month for family coverage and \$106 per month for single coverage. Classified employees per negotiated agreement are required to pay \$207 per month for family coverage and \$110 per month for single coverage.

Worker's Compensation

For fiscal year 2016, the School District participated in the Ohio Schools Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 18). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Unicomp provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 17 - Jointly Governed Organizations

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN) NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts support NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge. The School District paid \$41,717 to NEOMIN during fiscal year 2016.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members, three superintendents from Ashtabula County School Districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County School Districts, and a treasurer from each county. The School District was represented on the Governing Board by the Superintendent and Treasurer during fiscal year 2016. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. The Board exercises total control over the operations including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. A complete set of separate financial statements may be obtained from the Trumbull Career and Technical Center, 528 Educational Highway, Warren, Ohio 44483.

Ashtabula County Technical and Career Center The Ashtabula County Technical and Career Center (the Career Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education to students. The Career Center is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of representatives from some of the participating School Districts' elected boards. The degree of control exercised by the School District is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board is its own budgeting and taxing authority. The School District paid \$533 to the Career Center for fiscal year 2016. Financial information can be obtained from Lindsey Elly, Treasurer at Ashtabula County Technical and Career Center, 1565 State Route 167, Jefferson, Ohio 44047.

Note 18 – Public Entity Risk Pools

Insurance Purchasing Pool

The School District participates in the Ohio Schools Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSC. The Executive Director of the OSC, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the cost of administering the program.

Risk Sharing Pools

The School District has contracted with the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments to provide employee medical/surgical, prescription drug, dental and vision benefits. The Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments is organized under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code and is comprised of seven Ashtabula County school districts. Rates are set by the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments board of directors. The School District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating school districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments is a separate

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

and independent entity governed by its own set of by-laws and constitution. All assets and liabilities are the responsibility of the Council of Governments. The program is operated as a full indemnity program with no financial liability (other than monthly premiums) or risk to the School District. The School District is not liable nor receives a cash balance of past claims upon departure from the pool.

The School District also participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), a risk sharing insurance pool. The pool consists of sixty-two school districts, joint vocational schools, and educational service centers throughout Ohio who pool risk for property, crime, liability, boiler and machinery, and public official liability coverage. SORSA is governed by a board of trustees elected by members. The School District pays an annual premium to SORSA for this coverage. Reinsurance is purchased to cover claims exceeding this amount and for all claims related to equipment breakdown coverage.

Note 19 – Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

General	\$33,383
Classroom Facilities	104,576
Other Governmental Funds	167,563
Totals	\$305,522

Note 20 - Set Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital
	Improvements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2015	\$0
Current year set-aside requirement	299,412
Current year offsets	(1,068,565)
Qualifying disbursements	(330,954)
Totals	(\$1,100,107)
Set-aside balance carried forward to future fiscal years	\$0
Set-aside balance June 30, 2016	\$0

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Although the School District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future fiscal years.

Note 21 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. No allocation was made to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$264,144 for fiscal year 2016. Of this amount \$17,540 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 11 percent of the 12 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and 1 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, plan members were required to contribute 13 percent of their annual covered salary. Effective July 1, 2016, the statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent to 14 percent. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2016 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$725,785 for fiscal year 2016. Of this amount \$129,812 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.06951500%	0.05382377%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Current Measurement Date	0.06521700%	0.05262708%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00429800%	-0.00119669%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$3,721,346	\$14,544,585	\$18,265,931
Pension Expense	\$180,946	\$590,823	\$771,769

At June 30, 2016, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$59,921	\$663,050	\$722,971
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	264,144	725,785	989,929
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$324,065	\$1,388,835	\$1,712,900
Deferred Inflows of Resources Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$123,300 198,592	\$1,046,031 282,250	\$1,169,331 480,842
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$321,892	\$1,328,281	\$1,650,173

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

\$989,929 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2017	(\$108,225)	(\$306,617)	(\$414,842)
2017	(108,225)	(306,617)	(414,842)
2019	(108,509)	(306,617)	(415,126)
2020	62,988	254,620	317,608
Total	(\$261,971)	(\$665,231)	(\$927,202)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2015, are presented below:

Wage Inflation

Future Salary Increases, including inflation

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA

Investment Rate of Return

Actuarial Cost Method

3.25 percent

4.00 percent to 22 percent

3 percent

7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Target	Long-Term Expected	
Allocation	Real Rate of Return	
1.00 %	0.00 %	
22.50	5.00	
22.50	5.50	
19.00	1.50	
10.00	10.00	
10.00	5.00	
15.00	7.50	
100.00 %		
	1.00 % 22.50 22.50 19.00 10.00 10.00 15.00	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease	1% Increase	
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$5,160,169	\$3,721,346	\$2,509,737

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date In April 2016, the SERS Board adopted certain assumption changes which impacted their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2016. The most significant change is the reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.5 percent. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the School District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Projected salary increases 12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70

Investment Rate of Return 7.75 percent, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-Living Adjustments 2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before

(COLA) August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS' investment consultant develops best estimates for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	10 Year Expected Nominal
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

^{* 10} year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.5 percent.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share		_	
of the net pension liability	\$20,203,527	\$14,544,585	\$9,759,107

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2016, one member of the Board of Education has elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

Note 22 - Postemployment Benefits

School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2016, no allocation of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2016, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2016, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$31,254. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund.

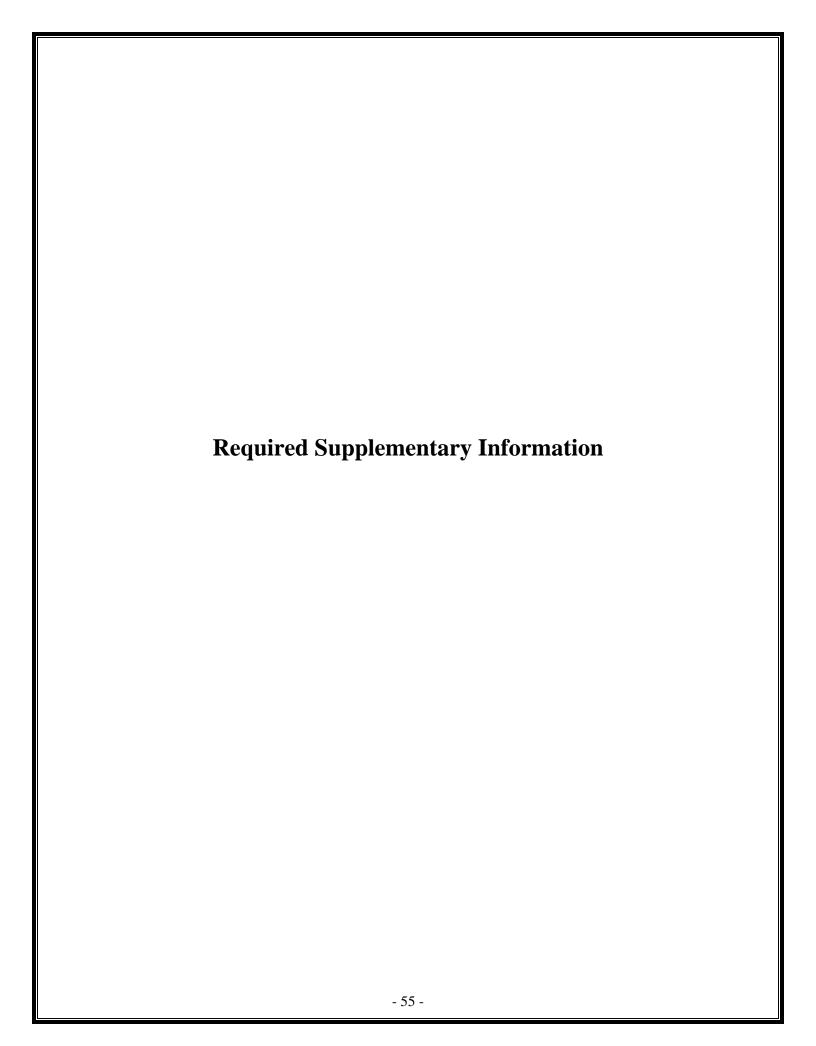
The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$31,254, \$50,034, and \$35,082, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, one percent of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$0, \$0 and \$48,177, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2016, 2015 and 2014.

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Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Three Fiscal Years (1) *

	2016	2015	2014
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06521700%	0.06951500%	0.06951500%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,721,346	\$3,518,115	\$4,133,834
School District's Covered Payroll	\$1,948,414	\$2,009,374	\$1,991,260
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	190.99%	175.09%	207.60%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available.

^{*} Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Three Fiscal Years (1) *

	2016	2015	2014
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.05262708%	0.05382377%	0.05382377%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$14,544,585	\$13,091,804	\$15,594,871
School District's Covered Payroll	\$5,491,479	\$5,455,385	\$6,273,077
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	264.86%	239.98%	248.60%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available.

^{*} Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually Required Contribution	\$264,144	\$256,801	\$278,499	\$275,590
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(264,144)	(256,801)	(278,499)	(275,590)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered Payroll	\$1,886,743	\$1,948,414	\$2,009,374	\$1,991,260
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
\$301,931	\$283,682	\$308,540	\$215,087	\$214,569	\$237,067
(301,931)	(283,682)	(308,540)	(215,087)	(214,569)	(237,067)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$2,244,843	\$2,256,816	\$2,278,732	\$2,185,842	\$2,185,022	\$2,219,728
13.45%	12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%	10.68%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually Required Contribution	\$725,785	\$768,807	\$709,200	\$815,500
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(725,785)	(768,807)	(709,200)	(815,500)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered Payroll	\$5,184,179	\$5,491,479	\$5,455,385	\$6,273,077
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
\$945,958	\$916,828	\$933,515	\$965,655	\$986,040	\$917,246
(0.45, 0.59)	(016.929)	(022.515)	(065,655)	(006.040)	(017.246)
(945,958)	(916,828)	(933,515)	(965,655)	(986,040)	(917,246)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$7,276,600	\$7,052,523	\$7,180,885	\$7,428,115	\$7,584,923	\$7,055,738
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

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JEFFERSON AREA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Non-Cash Food Commodities	10.553 10.555 10.555			94,036 288,275 39,746
Sub-Total - Nutrition Cluster				422,057
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				422,057
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I School Subsidy	84.010	2015 2016		29,519 321,423
School Improvement Sub-Total Title I		2015		27,197 378,139
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality Sub-Total - Title II	84.367	2015 2016		6,671 59,118 65,789
Total U.S Department of Education				443,928
Totals				865,985

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

JEFFERSON AREA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Jefferson Area Local School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the accompanying Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE D - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated commodities.

NOTE E - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the District to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditures of non-Federal matching funds.

NOTE F - FISCAL AGENT

The District is part of a consortium with the Ashtabula County Educational Service Center (Service Center) which serves as the Fiscal Agent. The Grant awards for the District are determined by the Ohio Department of Education and used to fund the consortium. The Service Center receives the combined IDEA-B and Early Childhood Special Education awards from the Ohio Department of Education to provide grant services to eligible students of the District. Expenditures are limited to the amount awarded to the District. The Service Center expended \$356,222 for the District for the year ended June 30, 2016.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Jefferson Area Local School District Ashtabula County 121 South Poplar Street Jefferson, Ohio 44047

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jefferson Area Local School District, Ashtabula County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a significant deficiency. We consider finding 2016-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Jefferson Area Local School District
Ashtabula County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other
Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 16, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Jefferson Area Local School District Ashtabula County 121 South Poplar Street Jefferson, Ohio 44047

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Jefferson Area Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2016. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Jefferson Area Local School District
Ashtabula County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
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Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Jefferson Area Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 16, 2017

JEFFERSON AREA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA #10.553/10.555)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	Yes

JEFFERSON AREA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2016

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

1. Contract Payable

Finding Number	2016-001

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

The School District reported a Contract Payable for two school busses. We noted that the reported contract payable was listed as an Outstanding Check on the June 30, 2016 Bank reconciliation however, it was issued before June 30, 2016. We further determined the busses had been received by the District prior to June 30, 2016 and the search parameters of the contract payable report did not include outstanding checks only reconciled checks were include. No additional errors were noted. Due to the fact the expense had already been recorded by the District no accrual was necessary and lead to expenses being overstated.

Thus, it was necessary for the School District to adjust the Contract Payable line item by \$173,488 on the financial statements to correct the error.

We recommend the School District review the GAAP Compilation Report and all work papers received from their contracted Independent Accountant's to ensure its accuracy.

Official's Response:

The Treasurer will review the GAAP Compilation Report and work papers for future audits to ensure the accuracy of the statements.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

JEFFERSON AREA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2016

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2016-001	The Treasurer will review the GAAP Compilation Report and work papers for future audits to ensure the accuracy of the statements.	November 30, 2017	Brian Stevens, Treasurer





JEFFERSON AREA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT ASHTABULA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 28, 2017