HEARTLAND COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

RICHLAND COUNTY

Audit Report

For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016





Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Directors Heartland Council of Governments 1495 Longview Ave Ste 100 Mansfield, OH 44906

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Heartland Council of Governments, Richland County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2017. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Heartland Council of Governments is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

November 28, 2017

88 East Broad Street, Fifth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.ohioauditor.gov This page intentionally left blank.

HEARTLAND COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS RICHLAND COUNTY AUDIT REPORT For the Years Ending June 30, 2017 and 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE PAGE Independent Auditor's Report..... 1 Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance (Regulatory Cash Basis) - For the Year Ended June 30, 2017..... 3 Notes to the Financial Statements - For the Year Ended June 30, 2017..... 4 Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance (Regulatory Cash Basis) - For the Year Ended June 30, 2016..... 8 Notes to the Financial Statements - For the Year Ended June 30, 2016..... 9 Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards..... 13

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Heartland Council of Governments Richland County 1495 Longview Avenue, Suite 100 Mansfield, Ohio 44906

To the Members of the Board:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements, and related notes of the Heartland Council of Governments, Richland County, (the Council) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Council's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Council prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Council does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Council as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances of the Heartland Council of Governments, Richland County as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and its cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 25, 2017, on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charlen & Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. September 25, 2017

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	2017
Cash Receipts: Intergovernmental Charges for Services Sales Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	\$ 176,918 2,835,858 99,425 2,946 84,769
Total Cash Receipts	3,199,916
Cash Disbursements: Salaries Employee Fringe Benefits Purchased and Contractual Services Supplies and Materials Capital Outlay Other	1,325,986 525,951 938,414 98,729 361,792 10,697
Total Cash Disbursements	3,261,569
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance	(61,653)
Fund Cash Balance, July 1	1,305,183
Fund Cash Balances, June 30 Assigned Unassigned	164,957 1,078,573
Fund Cash Balances, June 30	<u>\$ 1,243,530</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. <u>Description of the Entity</u>

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Heartland Council of Governments, Richland County, Ohio, (the COG) as a body corporate and politic. Eligibility for membership in the COG includes 15 local school districts, one educational service center, one career and technology center, and a consortium of community schools. Each member's Board appoints its Superintendent or Superintendent's designee to act as its representative at COG meetings and for all COG activities. The COG is directed by an appointed eight-member Board of Directors. The COG provides computer and data processing services to its members and other government entities. The COG provides an employing authority which can administer all personnel functions needed to facilitate the use of temporary excess computer capacity and personnel time to provide computer services to non-members and to permit the expansion into new areas of technology.

The Pioneer Career and Technology Center, Richland County, Ohio, (the Center) serves as the fiscal agent for the COG and provides certain accounting and administrative services to the COG.

The COG's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the COG is financially accountable.

B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The COG recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

C. Cash and Investments

The COG's cash is held and invested by the Center's Treasurer, who acts as custodian for COG monies. The COG's investments are held in the Center's cash and investment pool and are valued at the Center's reported carrying amount.

The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash at June 30, 2017 was \$1,243,530.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Fund Accounting

The COG uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the COG and is used to account for all financial resources.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code does not require the COG to budget annually. However, management prepares a budget for internal monitoring. Budgetary basis expenditures include outstanding year end encumbrances.

A summary of 2017 budgetary activity appears in Note 2.

F. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

G. Accumulated Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the basis of accounting used by the COG.

H. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the COG must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted – Fund balance is restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

H. Fund Balance (continued)

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by Board for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Board, which includes giving the administrative/fiscal agent the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from the overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The COG applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 2 – Budgetary Activity

The COG is not required to follow the budgetary process, but has decided to adopt a formal budget annually. Budgetary activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 follows:

	2017		
	Final		
Fund Type	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues	\$3,131,050	\$3,199,916	\$68,866
Expenditures*	3,435,828	3,426,526	9,302

*Budgeted expenditures include prior year encumbrances and current year appropriations and actual expenditures include actual disbursements and current year encumbrances.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2017

Note 3 – Retirement System

Plan Description – The COG contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the COG is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 (the latest information available), the allocation to pension and death benefits is 13.26%. The remaining 0.74 of the 14% employer contribution rate is allocated to Health Care and Medicare B Fund. The COG has paid all contributions required through June 30, 2017.

Note 4 – Risk Management

Commercial Insurance

The COG has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions.

The COG also provides health insurance, dental, and vision coverage to full-time employees through the Center. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 5 – Other Commitments

The COG utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as part of the assigned classification of fund balance. At year-end, the COG commitments for encumbrances in the governmental fund was \$164,957 for fiscal year ended 2017.

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	2016	
Cash Receipts:		
Intergovernmental	\$	288,268
Charges for Services		2,826,960
Sales		56,664
Earnings on Investments		2,009
Miscellaneous		300,910
Total Cash Receipts		3,474,811
Cash Disbursements:		
Salaries		1,516,496
Employee Fringe Benefits		530,796
Purchased and Contractual Services		977,732
Supplies and Materials		61,729
Capital Outlay		128,549
Other		49,880
Total Cash Disbursements		3,265,182
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance		209,629
Fund Cash Balance, July 1		1,095,554
Fund Cash Balances, June 30:		
Assigned		54,770
Unassigned		1,250,413
Fund Cash Balance, June 30	\$	1,305,183

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. <u>Description of the Entity</u>

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Heartland Council of Governments, Richland County, Ohio, (the COG) as a body corporate and politic. Eligibility for membership in the COG includes 15 local school districts, one educational service center, one career and technology center, and a consortium of community schools. Each member's Board appoints its Superintendent or Superintendent's designee to act as its representative at COG meetings and for all COG activities. The COG is directed by an appointed eight-member Board of Directors. The COG provides computer and data processing services to its members and other government entities. The COG provides an employing authority which can administer all personnel functions needed to facilitate the use of temporary excess computer capacity and personnel time to provide computer services to non-members and to permit the expansion into new areas of technology.

The Pioneer Career and Technology Center, Richland County, Ohio, (the Center) serves as the fiscal agent for the COG and provides certain accounting and administrative services to the COG.

The COG's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the COG is financially accountable.

B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The COG recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

C. Cash and Investments

The COG's cash is held and invested by the Center's Treasurer, who acts as custodian for COG monies. The COG's investments are held in the Center's cash and investment pool and are valued at the Center's reported carrying amount.

The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash at June 30, 2016 was \$1,305,183.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Fund Accounting

The COG uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the COG and is used to account for all financial resources.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code does not require the COG to budget annually. However, management prepares a budget for internal monitoring. Budgetary basis expenditures include outstanding year end encumbrances.

A summary of 2016 budgetary activity appears in Note 2.

F. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

G. Accumulated Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the basis of accounting used by the COG.

H. Fund Balance

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Restricted – Fund balance is restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

H. Fund Balance (continued)

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Board for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Board, which includes giving the administrative/fiscal agent the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from the overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The COG applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 2 – Budgetary Activity

The COG is not required to follow the budgetary process, but has decided to adopt a formal budget annually. Budgetary activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 follows:

	2016		
	Final		
Fund Type	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues	\$2,447,653	\$3,474,811	\$1,027,158
Expenditures*	2,431,797	3,319,952	(888,155)

*Budgeted expenditures include prior year encumbrances and current year appropriations and actual expenditures include actual disbursements and current year encumbrances.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 3 – Retirement System

Plan Description – The COG contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the COG is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal years ending June 30, 2015 (the latest information available), the allocation to pension and death benefits is 12.44%. The remaining 1.56% of the 14% employer contribution rate is allocated to Health Care and Medicare B Fund. The COG has paid all contributions required through June 30, 2016.

Note 4 – Risk Management

Commercial Insurance

The COG has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions.

The COG also provides health insurance, dental, and vision coverage to full-time employees through the Center. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 5 – Other Commitments

The COG utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year-end, the COG commitments for encumbrances in the governmental fund was \$54,770 for fiscal year ended 2016.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Heartland Council of Governments Richland County 1495 Longview Avenue, Suite 100 Mansfield, Ohio 44906

To the Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements of the Heartland Council of Governments, Richland County, (the Council) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2017, wherein we noted the Council followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Council's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Heartland Council of Governments Richland County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing and opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we noted certain other matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Council's management in a separate letter dated September 25, 2017.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. September 25, 2017



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

HEARTLAND COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

RICHLAND COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 12, 2017

> 88 East Broad Street, Fourth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.ohioauditor.gov