Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
November 30, 2015



Board of Trustees Ohio Transit Risk Pool 1 Park Centre Drive Suite 300 Wadsworth, Ohio 44281

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Ohio Transit Risk Pool, Medina County, prepared by Plante & Moran, PLLC, for the audit period December 1, 2014 through November 30, 2015. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Ohio Transit Risk Pool is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

July 22, 2016



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Ohio Transit Risk Pool - Medina County

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Ohio Transit Risk Pool - Medina County (OTRP) as of and for the years ended November 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise OTRP's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Ohio Transit Risk Pool - Medina County as of November 30, 2015 and 2014 and the respectivechanges in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



To the Board of Directors Ohio Transit Risk Pool - Medina County

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note I to the basic financial statements, effective December I, 2014, OTRP adopted new accounting guidance under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Adopting these statements resulted in a material pension liability being recorded as well as significant changes to the defined benefit footnote disclosures and the required supplemental information schedules. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of OTRP's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of OTRP's contributions, schedule of claims development, and schedule of reconciliation of reserve for unpaid claims by type of contract be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2016 on our consideration of Ohio Transit Risk Pool - Medina County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Ohio Transit Risk Pool - Medina County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

June 27, 2016

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Ohio Transit Risk Pool - Medina County's (OTRP) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of OTRP's financial performance during the year ended November 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with OTRP's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using this Annual Report

OTRP is a not-for-profit corporation that provides property and liability coverage to its participating members. Membership in OTRP is comprised exclusively of Ohio Political Subdivisions, Regional Transit Authorities, County Transit Boards, and other Ohio County Transit operations. OTRP uses the accrual method of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The basic financial statements, which follow this section, provide both long- and short-term information about OTRP's financial status. The statements of net position and revenue, expenses, and changes in net position provide information about the financial activities of OTRP. These are followed by the statement of cash flows, which presents detailed information about the changes in OTRP's cash position during the year. These statements reflect only the risk carried by OTRP, which also includes any potential unrecoverable reinsurance claims.

Financial Overview

This annual report consists of three parts - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplemental information. The three basic financial statements presented are as follows:

- Statement of Net Position This statement presents information reflecting OTRP's
 assets, liabilities, and net position and is categorized into current and noncurrent assets and
 liabilities.
- Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position This statement reflects the operating and nonoperating revenue and expenses for the previous two fiscal years. Operating revenue consists primarily of member contributions, with the major sources of operating expenses being claims and claims adjustment expense, general and administrative expenses, and reinsurance costs. Nonoperating revenue and expenses consist primarily of investment activity and distributions to members.
- **Statement of Cash Flows** This statement is presented on the direct method of reporting and reflects cash flows from operating activities. Cash collections and payments are reflected in this statement to arrive at the net increase or decrease in cash and cash equivalents for the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

In December 2014, OTRP adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. GASB Statement No. 68 requires government's providing defined benefit pensions to recognized their unfunded pension benefit obligation as a liability the first time and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. GASB Statement No. 71 is a clarification to GASB Statement No. 68 requiring government to recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. The statements also enhance accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplemental information (RSI). In accordance with the statement for net pension liability and its related deferred inflows of resources, OTRP has reported a \$261,310 change in accounting principle adjustment to reflect the impact of GASB Statement No. 68 because the information is not available to calculate the impact on pension expense for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2014.

Financial Highlights

During 2015, OTRP's financial activities were highlighted by the following significant events:

- OTRP experienced a negative claims development in the 2013 loss year. These claims impacted OTRP through a combination of increased frequency in larger claims payments and claims reserves above \$50,000. No single catastrophic loss was sustained. As of November 30, 2015 and 2014, the majority of the liabilities have been resolved. Overall, the number of open claims increased from 111 to 112 at fiscal year end. Total reserves have decreased slightly from \$2,290,603 at November 30, 2014 to \$2,047,967 at November 30, 2015. The majority of the reserves remain in 2015 and 2014 years, which represents the loss years in which the status of limitations has not yet tolled. OTRP continues to implement in-house proactive claims adjustment efforts and the aggressive implementation of loss control strategies contained in OTRP's risk management program.
- During 2015, the OTRP board issued one administrative special assessment in the amount of \$50,000 in direct conjunction with the expense associated with an expansion of the OTRP office facility. The project was completed during the 2015 loss year and a new lease was also negotiated as part of the project.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

- OTRP carried a fully funded "Shock Loss Fund." Under OTRP board policy, members are required to fund their annual contributions one time. During 2012, the board amended the policy to allow members to fund their annual contributions up to three times. This action was due to further analysis of target surplus required to provide solid financial stability. This strategy will allow OTRP to operate under a high-level self-insured environment while stabilizing the potential for future special assessments and maximizing member equity returns.
- Due to the full funding of the Shock Loss Fund, OTRP continued to self insure the first \$1,000,000 for each liability occurrence, and did not purchase a "buy-down" liability reinsurance placement. This coverage had been purchased by OTRP beginning in 2007 to stabilize losses and reduce the potential for future special assessments.
- During 2015, OTRP shifted its purchase of an excess policy to cover per-occurrence losses in excess of \$5,000,000 from an excess form to Reinsurance. This coverage places OTRP's overall liability limits at \$10,000,000 per occurrence.
- OTRP offered members flexible liability deductible options tailored to their individual needs, ranging from \$1,000 per occurrence to \$250,000 per occurrence. Members electing to increase their individual deductibles above \$1,000 per occurrence received actuarially calculated credits to their loss fund contributions. Metro RTA selected a \$5,000 per occurrence liability deductible, while TARTA selected a \$250,000 per occurrence liability deductible.
- As of fiscal year ends 2015 and 2014, all members participate in all lines of coverage.
- As of November 30, 2015, OTRP held member receivables of \$52,484, all of which was made up of members receivables related to deductibles.
- During 2015, distributions to members in the form of interest earned on the Shock Loss Fund were made totaling \$128,839. No returns were made from the Shock Loss Fund.
- During 2015, no additional distributions to members were made related to the closure of loss years. Currently, the total (for all years) members' equity returns is \$11,388,421.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Condensed Financial Information

The financial statements report OTRP's net position and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between OTRP's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure OTRP's financial health or position. Over time, increases and decreases in OTRP's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Summarized financial information is as follows:

	November 30							
		2015		2014		2013	1	015/2014 Increase Decrease)
Condensed Statement of Net Position			2011		2013		occi case)	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments Other assets	\$	2,740,364 56,044	\$	1,973,049 178,738	\$	1,555,954 104,519	\$	767,315 (122,694)
Total current assets Long-term assets:		2,796,408		2,151,787		1,660,473		644,621
Investments		6,177,920		6,488,632		6,770,784		(310,712)
Capital assets - Net of depreciation		35,955		38,300		25,390		(2,345)
Total assets		9,010,283		8,678,719		8,456,647		331,564
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension		70,434		-		-		70,434
Liabilities								
Current		2,013,692		2,159,781		1,895,025		(146,089)
Long term		2,173,450	_	2,331,076		2,271,150		(157,626)
Total liabilities		4,187,142		4,490,857		4,166,175		(303,715)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension		5,717						5,717
Net Position								
Invested in capital assets		35,955		38,300		25,390		(2,345)
Unrestricted		4,851,903		4,149,562		4,265,082		702,341
Total net position	\$	4,887,858	\$	4,187,862	\$	4,290,472	\$	699,996

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

	Year Ended November 30					0		
							2	2015/2014
							(Decrease)
		2015		2014		2013		Increase
Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position								_
Changes in Net Position								
Total operating revenue	\$	2,675,690	\$	3,119,590	\$	2,392,413	\$	(443,900)
Operating expenses:								
Claims and claims adjustment expenses		(844,214)		(1,245,649)		(2,488,764)		401,435
Administrative expenses		(846,614)	_	(911,484)	_	(862,232)		64,870
Total operating expenses		(1,690,828)		(2,157,133)		(3,350,996)		466,305
Operating Income (Loss)		984,862		962,457		(958,583)		22,405
Nonoperating Expense								
Investment earnings and realized and unrealized								
gains and losses on investments		101,145		150,328		45,142		(49,183)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		4,138		(4,693)		-		8,831
Distributions to members		(128,839)		(1,210,702)		(69,507)		1,081,863
Total nonoperating expenses		(23,556)		(1,065,067)	_	(24,365)		1,041,511
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	961,306	\$	(102,610)	\$	(982,948)	\$	1,063,916

In addition to net position, when assessing the overall health of OTRP, the reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, such as the legal climate in the state, the general state of the financial markets, and the level of risk prevention undertaken by OTRP and its members.

Condensed Comparative Financial Highlights

- Total current assets increased by \$664,621, while long-term investments decreased by \$310,712 between 2015 and 2014. These changes were a combination of building of additional cash within the investment portfolio for claims payments and reduction of claims reserves as well as receipt of members' funds.
- OTRP's capital assets, net of depreciation, decreased from 2015 by \$2,345. This is due to the purchase of a new vehicle with an offset for ordinary depreciation of OTRP capital assets.
- OTRP's liabilities decreased from 2014 by \$303,715. The decrease is reflective of the resolution of the negative claims development combined with other nominal decreases of current liabilities at year end. There were no liabilities in the current year for prepayments related to (LY22) 2016.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

- The difference between assets and liabilities, or "net position," increased from 2014 by \$961,306 before the adjustment to beginning net position to retroactively apply the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. This was impacted by a decrease in the deferred shock loss liabilities and reduction of claims reserves during 2015.
- OTRP operating expenses were fairly stable with continued reflection of the reduced impact by claims and claims adjustment expense.
- Total OTRP revenue (net of reinsurance/excess insurance premiums) decreased to \$2,675,690 in 2015 from \$3,119,590 in 2014. The decrease was directly related to the lack of special assessment related to claims and claims expenses.

Reserves for Claims

OTRP administers claims and pays for covered losses experienced by its members. All claims are processed and managed by OTRP. Reserves are established for the estimated amount that will be paid at some future date to settle the loss. Reserves are also established for claims that have occurred, but are not yet known to OTRP and for reported claims that are expected to develop. Pinnacle Actuarial Resources, Inc. conducts an independent actuarial analysis to determine the adequacy and reasonableness of these reserves.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Budgetary Highlights

OTRP adopts an annual operating budget for the current fiscal year. The budget is presented to OTRP's board of trustees for final review and adoption. OTRP's management prepares the budget and reviews expenditures on a quarterly basis to assure compliance with the adopted budget.

				lget Versus
	A 1	V .		Actual -
	Annual	Year to		Positive
	 Budget	Pate Actual	(\	Vegative)
Operating Revenue				
Membership contributions	\$ 3,544,500	\$ 4,044,960	\$	500,460
Other operating revenue	55,000	45,000		(10,000)
Less reinsurance/excess insurance premiums	 (1,412,264)	 (1,414,270)		(2,006)
Total operating income	2,187,236	2,675,690		488,454
Operating Expenses				
Claims and claims adjustment expenses	(1,374,691)	(844,214)		530,477
Professional fees and other	(142,905)	(131,053)		11,852
Pool operations	(174,295)	(146,072)		28,223
Salaries and employee benefits	(595,345)	(563,006)		32,339
Depreciation	 	 (6,483)		(6,483)
Total operating expenses	 (2,287,236)	 (1,690,828)		596,408
Nonoperating Income (Expenses)				
Net investment income	100,000	101,145		1,145
Loss on sale of capital asset		4,138		4,138
Distribution to members	 <u>-</u>	 (128,839)		(128,839)
Total nonoperating income	 100,000	 (23,556)		(123,556)
Change in Net Position	\$ -	\$ 961,306	\$	961,306

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The following is an explanation of the significant variances of the budget to actual for 2015:

- Member contributions were higher than budgeted due to the fact that membership contributions include contributions related to the Shock Loss Fund, which were not included in the annual budget. Shock Loss Fund contributions recognized in 2015 totaled \$496,082.
- Claims and claims adjustment expenses were lower than expected due to favorable development of reported claims coupled with a slight decrease in reserves for claims incurred and claims incurred but not reported.
- Sick leave liability increased by \$6,907 in 2015 and totals \$94,522. This increase has been recorded as salary and employee benefits expense. Without considering this increase in the liability, salary and employee benefits expense is \$556,099, or 7 percent, under budget.
- Capital losses and gains (realized or unrealized) are not budgeted for within the OTRP program. OTRP recognized \$34,383 in realized/unrealized losses from the overall investment program, which has been netted against interest for this budget presentation.
- Distributions to members occur periodically when liabilities have been satisfied from prior loss years. Distributions are paid from funds contributed from prior budgets and are not budgeted for within the yearly OTRP administration program.

Contacting OTRP's Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of OTRP's finances. Questions concerning any of the data contained herein or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the chief executive officer of OTRP at I Park Centre Drive, #300, Wadsworth, OH 44281.

Statement of Net Position

	No.	ovember 30, 2015	November 30, 2014		
Assets					
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments - Fixed income (Note 2) Accounts receivable - Members	\$	1,253,473 1,486,891 52,484	\$	532,914 1,440,135 155,921	
Prepaid expenses		3,560		22,817	
Total current assets		2,796,408		2,151,787	
Noncurrent assets: Investments (Note 2) Capital assets - Net of depreciation (Note 3)	_	6,177,920 35,955		6,488,632 38,300	
Total noncurrent assets		6,213,875		6,526,932	
Total assets		9,010,283		8,678,719	
Deferred Outflows of Resources (Note 11)		70,434		-	
Liabilities - Current Accounts payable Current portion of reserves for claims (Note 4) Accrued compensation Members' payable (Note 7) Current portion of unearned contributions		1,672 677,000 107,972 697,966 496,082		7,131 783,000 101,331 819,169 449,150	
Total current liabilities		1,980,692		2,159,781	
Noncurrent liabilities: Reserves for claims - Net of current portion (Note 4) Net pension liability (Note 11) Unearned contributions - Net of current portion	_	1,370,967 320,365 515,118		1,507,603 - 823,473	
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,206,450		2,331,076	
Total liabilities		4,187,142		4,490,857	
Deferred Inflows of Resources (Note 11)		5,717		_	
Equity - Net position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		35,955 4,851,903	_	38,300 4,149,562	
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	4,887,858	<u>\$</u>	4,187,862	

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended December 31			
		2015	2014	
Operating Revenue				
Member contributions	\$	4,044,960 \$	4,548,271	
Less reinsurance premiums expense		(1,414,270)	(1,464,770)	
Other operating income		45,000	36,089	
Total operating revenue		2,675,690	3,119,590	
Operating Expenses				
Provision for claims (Note 4):				
Paid		1,086,850	1,114,703	
Change in reserve for claims		(242,636)	130,946	
Total claims		844,214	1,245,649	
Salary, wages and fringe benefits		563,006	551,765	
Professional fees and other		131,053	214,756	
Pool operations		146,072	135,972	
Depreciation		6,483	8,991	
Total operating expenses		1,690,828	2,157,133	
Operating Income		984,862	962,457	
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)				
Interest and dividend income		217,791	210,982	
Realized and unrealized loss on investments		(116,646)	(60,654)	
Distribution to members		(128,839)	(1,210,702)	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		4,138	(4,693)	
Total nonoperating expenses		(23,556)	(1,065,067)	
Change in Net Position		961,306	(102,610)	
Net Position - Beginning of year (Note 1)		4,187,862	4,290,472	
Adjustment For Change in Accounting Principle - GASB Statement No. 68 (Note 1)	_	(261,310)	<u>-</u>	
Net Position - Beginning of year - As restated (Note 1)		3,926,552	4,290,472	
Net Position - End of year	\$	4,887,858 \$	4,187,862	

Statement of Cash Flows

	Year Ended December 31		
	2015	2014	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash received from members	\$ 3,805,928	\$ 4,588,686	
Cash paid for claims	(1,086,850)	,	
Cash paid for reinsurance premiums	(1,414,270)	(1,464,770)	
Cash paid for administrative and general expenses	(703,446)	(744,449)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	601,362	1,264,764	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities -			
Distributions to members	(144,759)	(1,248,862)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Investment income received	217,791	210,982	
Purchase of capital assets	-	(26,594)	
Purchase of investments	(1,374,830)	,	
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	1,420,995	1,001,957	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	263,956	(127,056)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	720,559	(111,154)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year	532,914	644,068	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$ 1,253,473	\$ 532,914	

A reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities is as follows:

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash from

Operating Activities			
Operating income	\$	984,862	\$ 962,457
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from			
operating activities:			
Depreciation		6,483	8,991
(Gain) loss on disposal of capital asset		(4, 138)	4,693
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable		103,437	(63,097)
Prepaid expenses		19,257	(11,122)
Accounts payable		(5,459)	3,140
Unearned contributions		(261,423)	212,263
Accrued wages and payroll taxes		6,641	16,493
Reserve for claims		(242,636)	130,946
Pension		(5,662)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	601,362	\$ 1,264,764

There were no noncash transactions in 2015 and 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

Ohio Transit Risk Pool - Medina County (OTRP) was organized on December 31, 1994 as authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. OTRP is an Ohio not-forprofit corporation organized for the public purpose of allowing its Ohio Political Subdivision Transit members to share loss exposures and financial resources through pooling risks, obtaining coverage, providing methods for paying for claims, and providing a formalized, jointly administrated self-insurance pool. In addition to the self-insurance pool, OTRP provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The members of OTRP as of November 30, 2015 include the following Ohio Political Subdivision Transits: Allen County Regional Transit Authority (ACRTA), Laketran, Metro Regional Transit Authority (Metro RTA), Portage Area Regional Transportation Authority (PARTA), Stark Area Regional Transit Authority (SARTA), Western Reserve Transit Authority (WRTA), Butler County Regional Transit Authority (BCRTA), South East Area Transit (SEAT), Delaware County Transit Board (DATA), and Toledo Area Regional Transit Authority (TARTA). On December 1, 2009, OTRP amended its bylaws and no longer offers an associate membership; rather, it offers a voting or nonvoting membership. OTRP currently does not have any nonvoting members. As of fiscal year end 2015, all members participate in all of the OTRP programs.

OTRP provides commercial property (including flood and earthquake coverage), auto physical damage, boiler and machinery, crime, auto liability, general liability, employee practices liability, employee benefits liability, and public officials liability coverage to its members through self retention and the group purchase of catastrophic coverage and bonds from qualified reinsurers or excess insurers.

OTRP is comprised exclusively of Ohio Political Subdivision Regional Transit Authorities, County Transit Board, and other Ohio County Transit operations. Although its exposure is concentrated to a single geographical area, such exposure is reduced through the group purchase of reinsurance and/or excess insurance.

Member contributions are recognized on the accrual basis and are recorded as revenue in the period earned. Member contributions received in advance are recorded as unearned member contributions. Member contributions are estimated annually to produce a sum of money adequate to fund reserves for claims (at between 75 and 80 percent actuarial confidence level) and unallocated loss adjustment expenses, to purchase reinsurance and/or excess insurance, and to fund the administrative expenses of OTRP. Contributions for individual members are based on a formula which assesses the proportional risk that each member brings to OTRP for each loss year.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In addition to the member contributions, OTRP members will contribute to the Shock Loss Fund (the "SLF") based on an amount determined each year to be equal to their annual contributions. If a member's balance in the SLF drops below the member's annual contributions, the member shall fund up to 15 percent of the annual contribution until the balance of the SLF is equal to the current year's contribution. Once a member has an equal balance to the annual contribution, no additional funds will be required. There is a board-approved policy allowing members to fund the SLF in an amount up to 300 percent of the required contribution.

The accompanying financial statements are presented using the accrual method of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A budget is not legally required; however, the OTRP board of trustees adopts an administrative budget annually.

The accounting policies of OTRP conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The accompanying financial statements are presented using the accrual method of accounting.

OTRP distinguishes operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with OTRP's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue relates to members' contributions. Operating expenses include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses. Net investment earnings and any gains or losses that result from the sale of capital assets are reported as nonoperating income.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - OTRP considers all cash and cash equivalents held by financial institutions with original maturities of three months or less or held on hand to be cash and cash equivalents. All other short-term and long-term investments are excluded from cash and cash equivalents.

Investments - Investments consist of U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agencies and pass-throughs, long-term certificates of deposit, state and local municipal bonds, and corporate bonds, which are stated at fair value. Investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as nonoperating revenue in the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position. The board of trustees has established investment policies with the fundamental objectives of preserving capital in the investment portfolio, remaining sufficiently liquid to enable OTRP to meet its cash flow requirements, and attaining a market rate of return on the investments consistent prudent investment practices and within the risk limitations provided for in OTRP's cash and investment policy.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounts Receivable - Receivables from members are stated at net invoice amounts. Receivables for deductibles are based on the applicable treaty. Collectibility of balances is reviewed periodically. Any amounts deemed to be uncollectible are written off at that time. Management has determined all amounts are collectible and no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

Reserve for Unpaid Claims - Reserves for claims represent OTRP's case reserves for incurred claims, plus an estimate of provisions for loss development and claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) and allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. Reserves are net of actual and anticipated member deductibles as well as salvage and subrogation. No discount factor is applied to any case reserve or IBNR. OTRP claims staff is responsible for the adjustment of all new and open claims and establishment of claims reserves, except for TARTA, which reserves its claims individually up to its deductible of \$250,000. The value of incurred but not reported claims and loss development is calculated by OTRP's actuary, Pinnacle Actuarial Resources, Inc. Management believes that the estimate of the claims reserves liability is reasonable and supported by valid actuarial calculations; however, actual incurred losses may vary from the estimated amount included in the accompanying financial statements. Should OTRP's assets not be sufficient to meet future claims obligations, OTRP's board has the ability to assess the members for supplemental contributions. At this time, no special assessment is required.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which consist of automobiles, computer equipment, and software, are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of depreciable assets. Costs of maintenance and repairs are charged to expense when incurred.

Premiums Received in Advance - Premiums received in advance represent premiums received in the current year for policies remaining effective into the next fiscal year.

Unearned Contributions - Unearned contributions represent contributions from members in excess of the required contribution to the SLF that will be recognized as revenue over the periods for which coverage is expected to be provided.

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in the statement of net position. Net position is reported as unrestricted, invested in capital assets, or as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by external restrictions by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. At the discretion of the board of trustees, net position may be returned to members in the form of dividends. In 2015 and 2014, the board declared dividends totaling \$128,839 and \$1,210,702, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Claims Deductible - The individual members are responsible for their deductibles. For commercial property coverage, each individual member has a \$1,000 deductible per occurrence. For auto physical damage, there is a three-tier deductible structure: \$1,000 for those members with 100 vehicles or less; \$5,000 for those with 101-150 vehicles; and \$25,000 for those members with greater than 150 vehicles. During the 2015 loss year, for auto physical damage, TARTA, Metro RTA, and Laketran carried a \$25,000 deductible; SARTA carried a \$5,000 deductible; and all other members carried a \$1,000 deductible. Beginning in the 2008 loss year, for liability claims, OTRP members were provided with the option of a flexible deductible with a corresponding loss fund credit. During the 2015 loss year, Metro RTA carried a \$5,000 per-occurrence deductible for liability, TARTA carried a \$250,000 deductible per occurrence for liability, and all other members carried a \$1,000 deductible for liability.

Allocated and Unallocated Claims Adjustment Expenses - Claims adjustment expenses include all adjustment costs to be incurred in connection with the settlement of unpaid claims. Allocated claims adjustment expenses are those that can be associated directly with specific claims paid or in the process of settlement, such as legal defense fees. Unallocated claims adjustment expenses are costs that cannot be associated with specific claims, but are generally related to claims paid or in the process of settlement.

Pensions - For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. OPERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The government deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability, as described in Note 11.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Inflows of Resources - In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government deferred inflows of resources related to the net pension liability, as described in Note 11.

Risk Management - OTRP is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, and errors and omissions. OTRP has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage since inception.

Pool Termination - In the event of the termination of OTRP, all members of OTRP, past and present, are obligated for any necessary supplemental contribution attributable to years during which they were members. After all claims and related expenses have been properly paid or reserves established for the payment of any such claims, any surplus member funds shall be distributed to members, past and present, in proportion to their interest in such surplus member funds.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates exist relating to the reserve for unpaid claims, as described in Note 4.

Tax Status - Under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code, premiums and investment income with respect to member contributions and investment income are excluded from taxable income of OTRP. Management believes that OTRP is designed and currently being operated in compliance with applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for federal income taxes has been included in the financial statements.

Contribution Deficiency - Anticipated investment income is considered in determining if a contribution deficiency exists.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

New Accounting Pronouncement - In November 2015, OTRP adopted Governmental Accounting Services Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. GASB Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their unfunded pension benefit obligation as a liability the first time and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. GASB Statement No. 71 is a clarification to GASB Statement No. 68 requiring a government to recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. The statements also enhance accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplemental information (RSI). In accordance with these statements, OTRP has reported a \$261,310 change in accounting principle adjustment to unrestricted net position as of December 1, 2014, which represents the net pension liability and related deferred inflows of resources at that time. November 30, 2014 amounts have not been restated to reflect the impact of GASB Statement No. 68 because the information is not available to calculate the impact on pension expense for fiscal year ending November 30, 2014.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

OTRP has established an investment policy that was originally adopted by OTRP's board of trustees on December 24, 1994 and was amended on September 21, 2012. The policy is ratified annually and is updated as needed. OTRP may invest in any type of security allowed for by state or federal statute. Approved investments may include U.S. dollar denominated debt securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies, interest-bearing certificates of deposit, STAR-Ohio or other successor investment pools operated or managed by the treasurer of the State of Ohio, money market funds, state and local municipal bonds, and corporate bonds. Money market funds must be invested in U.S. dollar denominated debt securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies.

OTRP's investments are held in OTRP's name. OTRP has designated JPMorgan Chase Bank for deposit of its cash and investments. Financial Advisory Corporation (previously, Rochdale National) acts as the investment portfolio manager.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

OTRP's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Deposits - Cash and cash equivalents include operating and claims checking accounts. Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$1,253,473 and 532,914 at November 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. At November 30, 2015 and 2014, long-term certificates of deposit totaled \$301,381 and \$777,362, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, OTRP's deposits may not be returned to it. OTRP does not have a specific deposit policy for custodial credit risk of bank deposits; however, OTRP believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, OTRP evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories. At November 30, 2015, OTRP had \$905,938 in bank deposits that were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments - Investments are reported at fair value. At November 30, 2015 and 2014, OTRP had the following investments:

		Fair Value					
		2015	2014				
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	199,390	\$	350,896			
U.S. agencies and pass-throughs		300,868		301,827			
State and local municipal bonds		914,342		935,766			
Corporate bonds	_	5,948,830		5,562,916			
Total investments	\$	7,363,430	\$	7,151,405			

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the custodian, OTRP will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of November 30, 2015 and 2014, all of OTRP's investments were held by the investments' counterparty.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. OTRP's investment policy minimizes interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market and limiting the average maturity in accordance with OTRP's cash requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At November 30, 2015, OTRP had the following investments subject to interest rate risk:

			Weighted Average		
			Maturity		
Investment Type	<u></u> F	Fair Value			
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	199,390	4.35		
U.S. agencies and pass-throughs		300,868	1.94		
State and local municipal bonds		914,342	.83		
Corporate bonds		5,948,830	3.56		
Total	\$	7,363,430			

At November 30, 2014, OTRP had the following investments subject to interest rate risk:

			Weighted Average Maturity		
Investment	<u> </u>	Fair Value			
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	350,896	2.98		
U.S. agencies and pass-throughs		301,827	3.93		
State and local municipal bonds		935,766	1.83		
Corporate bonds		5,562,916	4.80		
Total	<u>\$</u>	7,151,405			

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At November 30, 2015, the credit quality ratings of fixed-income securities by type (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

			Rating
Investment	Fair Value	Rating	Organization
U.S. agencies and pass-throughs	\$ 300,868	AAA	S&P
State and local municipal bonds	353,571 409,478 151,293	AA AA- A+	S&P S&P S&P
Total	\$ 914,342		
Corporate bonds	\$ 243,331 1,148,536 1,035,085 1,019,307 1,903,281 599,290	AAA AA+ AA- A+ A	S&P S&P S&P S&P S&P S&P
Total	\$ 5,948,830		

The rating organization used by OTRP to rate its investments is Standard & Poor's.

At November 30, 2014, the credit quality ratings of fixed-income securities by type (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

				Rating
Investment	<u></u>	air Value	Rating	Organization
U.S. agencies and pass-throughs	\$	301,827	AAA	S&P
State and local municipal bonds	_	573,590 206,840 155,336	AA AA- A+	S&P S&P S&P
Total	<u>\$</u>	935,766		
Corporate bonds	\$	248,695 942,048 1,253,190 879,152 2,134,001 105,830	AAA AA+ AA- A+ A	S&P S&P S&P S&P S&P S&P
Total	\$	5,562,916		

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. OTRP's investment policy does not place a limit on the amount it may invest in any single issuer. Excluding investments issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, there were no investments that individually exceeded 5 percent of OTRP's total investments at November 30, 2015 and 2014.

Foreign Currency Risk - Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in a currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. OTRP's investment policy does not address foreign currency risk. OTRP has no investments subject to foreign currency risk.

Note 3 - Capital Assets

Cost of capital assets and depreciable lives are summarized as follows:

		2015		2014
Transportation equipment	\$	39,594	\$	39,594
Computer equipment and software		45,912		45,912
Total cost		85,506		85,506
Less accumulated depreciation		49,551		47,206
Net carrying amount	<u>\$</u>	35,955	<u>\$</u>	38,300

Total depreciation expense was \$6,483 and \$8,991 for November 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note 4 - Reserve for Unpaid Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses

OTRP establishes reserves for claims and claims adjustment expenses for both reported and unreported insured events. A summary of changes in the reserves for claims and claims adjustment expenses for OTRP for the years ended November 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 is as follows:

		2015		2014		2013
Reserves for Unpaid Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses - Beginning of year	\$	2,290,603	\$	2,159,657	\$	1,177,201
Incurred Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses Provision for claims incurred in current year		1,339,502		1,277,737		2,167,716
Change in provision for claims incurred in prior years	_	(495,288)	_	(32,088)	_	321,048
Total incurred claims and claims adjustment expenses		844,214		1,245,649		2,488,764
Payments						
Claims and claims adjustment expenses paid for claims incurred in current year Claims and claims adjustment expenses paid for		150,264		412,022		588,443
claims incurred in prior years		936,586		702,681		917,865
Total payments	_	1,086,850		1,114,703		1,506,308
Reserves for Unpaid Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses - End of year	\$	2,047,967	\$	2,290,603	<u>\$</u>	2,159,657

The provision for incurred prior year claims changed due primarily to claims settling for amounts different than originally estimated.

Note 5 - Self-insured Retention

OTRP retains responsibility for the payment of claims within specified self-insured retention limits prior to the application of coverage provided by excess insurance and reinsurance contracts, as described in Note 6. For 2015 and 2014, OTRP's per-occurrence retention for auto physical damage was \$250,000 and the per-occurrence retention for commercial property damage was \$100,000. OTRP's per-occurrence retention for liability claims (including auto liability, public officials' liability, and general liability) was \$1,000,000. For each per-occurrence claim within OTRP's self-insured retention, the member is charged the indicated deductible for the coverage period.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note 6 - Reinsurance Agreements

OTRP maintains reinsurance and/or excess insurance contracts with qualified reinsurers and excess insurance carriers, which provide various limits of coverage over OTRP's self-insured retentions. Under OTRP's bylaws, the board of trustees annually determines the types of reinsurance and/or excess insurance contracts to purchase and the appropriate limits. For the year ended November 30, 2015, OTRP purchased the following types of reinsurance and/or excess insurance contracts in excess of self-insured retentions described above:

Commercial property	\$ 200,000,000
Auto physical damage	50,000,000
Auto physical damage over the road	2,000,000
Boiler	50,000,000
Flood (various zones excluded)	25,000,000
Earthquake	25,000,000
General liability	10,000,000
Automobile liability (including transit)	10,000,000
Public official liability	1,000,000
Employee dishonesty - Crime	4,000,000

Since 2005, OTRP has participated in Transit Reinsurance Limited, Inc. (Transit Re), a captive reinsurer formed by Public Transit in America to stabilize long-term self-insurance and reinsurance costs. OTRP purchases \$9 million in excess of \$1 million in liability coverage with a 10 percent quota share. Additionally, OTRP participates in the shared quota share within the captive's long-range strategic plan of self-insured growth based on capital earned. All reinsurers within Transit Re meet OTRP's underwriting standards for rating and performance.

In the event that a single loss or a series of losses should exceed the amount of coverage provided by the self-insured retention, reinsurance, and/or excess insurance contracts, and including any supplemental payments for which members are obligated in excess of the stated limits, the payment of any remaining loss is the obligation of the individual member against which the claim was made.

In the unlikely event that any of the reinsurers or excess reinsurers fail to meet their obligations under the reinsurance and/or excess insurance contracts, OTRP and its members would be responsible for such defaulted amounts.

All reinsurers/excess insurers are believed by management to be solvent and maintain investment quality financial ratings by AM Best, which meet or exceed OTRP's policy requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note 7 - Members' Payable

When all known claims and expense liabilities within an individual loss year have been concluded, and the loss year has been in existence for at least four years, the OTRP board of trustees, under board policy, may refund any remaining surplus funds within that loss year as a distribution. Distributions shall be returned promptly as directed by the board of trustees into a unique general reserve fund (the "GRF") created for each OTRP member. Members may use their funds on-account within the GRF to pay for required contributions for any given year at any time. Once a year, members may remove any balance from their GRF as a cash distribution. The members' payable at November 30, 2015 and 2014 totaled \$697,966 and \$819,169, respectively.

Note 8 - Line of Credit

OTRP has a secured line of credit with JPMorgan Chase Bank with a maximum availability of \$700,000, expiring on July 28, 2016. Borrowings under the line of credit bear interest at the adjusted LIBOR (the "note rate") and at the rate of 3.0 percent per annum above the note rate (an effective rate of 9.80675 percent at November 30, 2015). OTRP had no amounts outstanding under the line of credit at November 30, 2015 or 2014. The line of credit is secured by substantially all business assets.

Note 9 - Letter of Credit

During November 2004, the OTRP board of trustees authorized OTRP's participation in a joint venture, Transit Re, a captive insurance company domiciled in Vermont, designed to ensure the constant availability of affordable liability reinsurance protection for its participant/owner transit pools. In order to capitalize Transit Re, participant pools agreed to contribute \$175,000 each either by cash contributions or by irrevocable letter of credit to the Vermont Bureau of Insurance, Securities and Health Care Administration (VT BISHCA), at which time the captive incorporated. OTRP made its initial capital contribution to Transit Re by irrevocable letter of credit from Fifth Third Bank, secured by substantially all business assets. During November 2005, OTRP (along with all other Transit Re participants) authorized an increase in its capital contribution to \$300,000 per captive member for the purpose of launching Transit Re's operations, effective December I, 2005. OTRP made its capital contribution by increasing its letter of credit from Fifth Third Bank from \$175,000 to \$300,000, secured by substantially all business assets, on behalf of VT BISHCA. During 2009, the existing letter of credit with Fifth Third Bank expired and a new instrument was executed with JPMorgan Chase Bank in the amount of \$300,000. During October 2015, the letter was amended to extend the original date of expiration to October 11, 2016. At November 30, 2015 and 2014, VT BISHCA had not drawn on the letter of credit and no obligations are outstanding.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note 10 - Operating Lease

OTRP leases office space under an operating lease expiring on November 30, 2020. Total rent expense under this lease was \$26,789 for the years ended November 30, 2015 and 2014.

Future minimum rental commitments are as follows:

Years Ending November 30		Amount
2016		\$ 26,789
2017		26,789
2018		26,789
2019		26,789
2020		 26,789
	Total	\$ 133,945

Note II - Employee Benefit Plans

Plan Description - OTRP contributes to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (OPERS). OPERS provides retirement, disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments, death benefits, and healthcare benefits to vested retirees. OPERS offers three separate retirement plans:

Defined benefit plan - Traditional pension plan. This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. This plan provides disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments, death benefits, and healthcare benefits. Healthcare benefits are based on years of service.

Defined contribution plan - Member-directed plan. Employee contributions are invested in self-directed investments. Benefits are dependent upon contributions and investment earnings. This plan does not include disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments, death benefits, or healthcare benefits.

Combined plan - Has elements of the traditional pension plan and member-directed plan. Employee contributions are invested in self-directed investments. The employer contributions are used to fund a reduced defined benefit plan. This plan provides disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments, death benefits, and healthcare benefits. Healthcare benefits are based on years of service.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note I I - Employee Benefit Plans (Continued)

OPERS issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information. The OPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report can be downloaded from the OPERS website at www.opers.org. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer and employee contributions. OTRP contributes 14.0 percent of covered payroll and the employee pretax contribution rate is 10.0 percent of covered payroll. A portion of employer contributions was allocated to postemployment healthcare benefits, as disclosed in Note 12.

Benefits Provided - Plan benefits are established under Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code, as amended by Substitute Senate Bill 343 in 2012. The requirements to retire depends on years of service (15 to 30 years) and from attaining the age of 48 to 62, depending on when the employee became a member. Members retiring before age 65 with less than 30 years of service credit receive a percentage reduction in benefit. Member retirement benefits are calculated on a formula that considers years of service (15-30 years), age (48-62 years), and final average salary using a factor ranging from 1.0 percent to 2.5 percent.

A plan member who becomes disabled before age 60 or at any age, depending on when the member entered the plan, and has completed 60 contributing months is eligible for a disability benefit.

A death benefit of \$500-\$2,500 is determined by the number of years of service credit of the retiree. Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death with 1.5 years of service credits with the plan obtained within the last 2.5 years, except for law enforcement and public safety personnel, who are eligible immediately upon employment.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent.

Contributions - Contributions to the plan from OTRP were \$53,340 and \$51,820 for the years ended November 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense - At November 30, 2015, OTRP reported a liability of \$320,365 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OTRP's proportion of the net pension liability was based on OTRP's actuarially required contribution for the year ended November 30, 2015, relative to all other contributing employers. At December 31, 2014, OTRP's proportion was 0.003 percent, which is the same as its proportion measured as of December 31, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note I I - Employee Benefit Plans (Continued)

For the year ended November 30, 2015, OTRP recognized pension expense of \$(5,661). At November 30, 2015, the OTRP reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	De	eferred	Deferred
	Out	flows of	Inflows of
	Re	sources	 Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Contributions made after measurement date	\$	- 53,340	\$ 5,628 -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		17,094	_
Difference between actual and proportionate share of contributions			89
Total	\$	70,434	\$ 5,717

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending November 30	Α	mount
2016		 1,635
2017		1,635
2018		3,832
2019		4,275

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year (2016).

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability is based on the results of an actuarial valuation, which was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date - December 31, 2014

Actuarial cost method - Individual entry age

Cost of living - 3.0 percent

Salary increases, including inflation - 4.25 percent-10.05 percent

Inflation - 3.75 percent

Investment rate of return - 8.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense

Experience study date - Period of five years ended December 31, 2010

Mortality basis - RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 20 years using Projection Scale AA

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note I I - Employee Benefit Plans (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates for all plans. Based on those assumptions, each pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method, in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Investment Category	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	23 %	2.31 %
Domestic equities	20	5.84
Real estate	10	4.25
Private equity	10	9.25
International equity	19	7.40
Other investments	18	4.59

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of OTRP at November 30, 2015, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent, as well as what OTRP's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is I percentage point lower or I percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1	Percent	(Current	I Percent
		ecrease	Disc	count Rate	Increase
	((7.00%) (8.00%)		(9.00%)	
Net pension liability	\$	589,400	\$	320,365	\$ 93,800

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note I I - Employee Benefit Plans (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued OPERS financial report.

Note 12 - Other Postemployment Benefits

In addition to pension benefits, the Ohio Revised Code provides authority for public employees to fund postemployment healthcare benefits through their contributions to OPERS.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer healthcare plan to retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined plan with 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Coverage includes a medical plan, prescription drug program, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement.

Under Ohio law, postemployment healthcare benefits under OPERS are permitted, but not mandated; therefore, a portion of employer contributions is set aside for funding postemployment health care. During calendar years 2015 and 2014, this allocation was 2 percent of covered payroll for both plans, as recommend by OPERS' actuary. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and coverage selected.

Employer contributions to the following retirement benefit program for November 30 are summarized as follows:

	 Fiscal Ye	ear E	Inded Nove	emb	er 30
	 2015		2014		2013
OPERS	\$ 8,422	\$	6,661	\$	6,493

Note 13 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. This statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015 and therefore will be adopted in the next fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements November 30, 2015 and 2014

Note 13 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Under GASB Statement No. 75 and similar to GASB Statement No. 68 (pensions), OTRP, as a cost-sharing employer, will be required to recognize its proportionate share of the collective unfunded net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) liability, OPEB expense, and deferred OPEB outflows (inflows) of the State's Retirement System plan within its financial statements. This will be a significant change for every participating employer in all cost-sharing plans around the country. Entities will see a significant liability reflected on their balance sheets along with an impact to OPEB expenses and a corresponding reduction to unrestricted net position. There are also expanded disclosures and required supplemental information to be added to OTRP's financial statements. OTRP will also be required to track certain components of the net OPEB liability (deferred inflows/outflows) and amortize over the appropriate periods in accordance with the standard. OTRP has not yet determined what its share of the unfunded net OPEB liability is, but it is expected to be significant and material to OTRP's financial statements. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the year ending November 30, 2018.

Required Supplemental Information

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Pension Funding

Schedule of OTRP's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:

		2015
		OPERS
Plan was and	D	ecember 31,
Plan year end		2014
OTRP's proportion of the Plan's collective net pension liability:		
As a percentage		0.0027%
Amount	\$	320,365
OTRP's covered-employee payroll	\$	279,128
OTRP's proportionate share of the collective pension liability (amount),		
as a percentage of the OTRP's covered-employee payroll		87.13%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		86.53%

Schedule of OTRP's Contributions:

		2015		
		OPERS		
Statutorily required contribution	\$	39,078		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined statutorily				
required contribution	\$	39,078		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-		
Covered employee payroll	\$	279,128		
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	14.00%			

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Claims Information for All Lines of Coverage

The table on the following page illustrates how OTRP's earned revenue (net of excess insurance) and investment income compare to related costs of loss (net of loss assumed by excess insurers) and other expenses assumed by OTRP as of the end of each of the last 10 years. The columns of the table show data for successive policy years. The rows of the table are defined as follows:

- I. This line shows the total of each fiscal year's gross earned contribution revenue and investment revenue, contribution revenue ceded to excess insurers, and net earned contribution revenue and reported investment revenue.
- 2. This line shows each fiscal year's other operating costs of OTRP, including overhead and claims expense not allocable to individual claims.
- 3. This line shows OTRP's gross incurred claims and allocated claim adjustment expenses, claims assumed by excess insurers, and net incurred claims and allocated adjustment expenses (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year).
- 4. This section of 10 rows shows the cumulative net amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year.
- 5. This line shows the latest re-estimated amount of claims assumed by excess insurers as of the end of the current year for each accident year.
- 6. This section of 10 rows shows how each policy year's net incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. This annual re-estimation results from new information received on known claims, re-evaluation of existing information on known claims, as well as emergence of new claims not previously known.
- 7. This line compares the latest re-estimated net incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of net claims cost is greater or less than originally thought. As data for individual policy years matures, the correlation between original estimates and re-estimated amounts is commonly used to evaluate the accuracy of incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years.

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Claims Information for All Lines of Coverage (Continued)

	2006	2007	2008	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	 2015
 Required contributions and investment income: 															
Earned Ceded	\$ 5,340,851 1,875,020	\$ 3,755,581 1,363,138	\$ 3,280,526 1,858,024		435,084 783,817	\$	3,998,316 1,745,458	\$	3,632,230 1,342,127	\$	3,944,369 1,488,322	\$	3,900,526 1,462,971	\$ 4,734,688 1,464,770	\$ 4,191,105 1,414,270
Net	3,465,831	2,392,443	1,422,502	1,0	651,267		2,252,858		2,290,103		2,456,047	_	2,437,555	3,269,918	2,776,835
Expenses other than allocated claims adjustment expenses	772,512	670,451	834,463	•	757,876		743,149		803,152		785,102		862,232	911,484	846,614
Estimated claims and allocated claims adjustment expenses - End of policy year:															
Incurred Ceded	2,887,651 75,000	1,938,124 -	716,677 -	1,0	021,592 10,000		860,745 -		1,247,281 -		1,204,024 -		2,167,716 -	1,277,737 -	1,549,466 209,964
Net	2,812,651	1,938,124	716,677	1,0	011,592		860,745		1,247,281		1,204,024		2,167,716	1,277,737	1,339,502
 Cumulative paid claims and allocated claims adjustment expenses: 															
End of policy year	639,957	97,779	108,319		350,020		124,994		287,117		412,826		588,443	412,022	150,264
One year later	767,757	370,271	156,054		501,544		240,902		501,161		1,091,436		999,438	503,600	-
Two years later	1,758,075	721,330	318,242		552,938		278,524		660,798		1,314,138		1,862,829	-	-
Three years later	1,832,759	806,760	381,776		634,709		343,627		728,632		1,512,664		-	-	-
Four years later	2,131,313	807,530	439,670		642,244		344,145		730,687		-		-	-	-
Five years later	2,140,340	807,521	441,389		642,244		344,145		-		-		-	-	-
Six years later	2,142,063	807,521	441,899		635,343		-		-		-		-	-	-
Seven years later	2,154,244	807,521	432,899		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
Eight years later	2,154,244	807,521	-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
Nine years later	2,154,244	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
5. Re-estimated ceded claims and expenses	50,000	-	-		6,900		-		-		-		-	-	209,964
Re-estimated incurred claims and allocated claims adjustment expenses:															
End of policy year	2,812,651	1,938,124	716,677	1,0	011,592		860,745		1,247,281		1,204,024		2,167,716	1,277,737	1,339,502
One year later	2,401,781	1,801,015	533,215		773,806		450,340		768,635		1,508,914		2,143,152	887,370	-
Two years later	2,361,415	1,002,020	477,865		643,609		376,839		813,024		1,558,504		2,287,517	-	-
Three years later	2,029,341	878,276	457,800		640,544		345,452		763,730		1,562,262		-	-	-
Four years later	2,194,134	807,521	442,800		642,244		344,145		731,358		-		-	-	-
Five years later	2,140,340	807,521	450,244		642,244		344,145		-		-		-	-	-
Six years later	2,153,312	807,521	443,609		635,343		-		-		-		-	-	-
Seven years later	2,154,244	807,521	432,901		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
Eight years later	2,154,244	807,521	-		-		_		-		-		-	-	-
Nine years later	2,154,244	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
 (Decrease) increase in estimated incurred claims and allocated claims adjustment expenses subsequent to initial policy 															
year end	(658,407)	(1,130,603)	(283,776)	(376,249)		(516,600)		(515,923)		358,238		119,801	(390,367)	-

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Reconciliation of Net Reserves for Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses by Type of Contract

				Fiscal and P	olicy Year Ending N	November 30					
		2015			2014		2013				
	Casualty	Property	Total	Casualty	Property	Total	Casualty	Property	Total		
Reserve for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expenses - Beginning of fiscal year Incurred claims and claims adjustment expenses: Provision for insured events of the current fiscal year	\$ 1,990,837 1,018,867	\$ 299,766 320,635	\$ 2,290,603 1,339,502	\$ 1,859,891 1,018,948	\$ 299,766 258,789	\$ 2,159,657 1,277,737	\$ 780,165 2,153,836	\$ 397,036 13,880	\$ 1,177,201 2,167,716		
Change in provision for insured events of prior fiscal years	(330,192)	(165,096)	(495,288)	79,043	(111,131)	(32,088)	320,925	123	321,048		
Total incurred claims and claims adjustment expenses	688,675	155,539	844,214	1,097,991	147,658	1,245,649	2,474,761	14,003	2,488,764		
Payments: Claims and claims adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of the current fiscal year	117,504	32,760	150,264	265,732	146,290	412,022	484,268	104,175	588,443		
Claims and claims adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of prior fiscal years	913,838	22,748	936,586	701,313	1,368	702,681	910,767	7,098	917,865		
Total payments	1,031,342	55,508	1,086,850	967,045	147,658	1,114,703	1,395,035	111,273	1,506,308		
Reserve for claims and claims adjustment expenses - End of fiscal year	\$ 1,648,170	\$ 399,797	\$ 2,047,967	\$ 1,990,837	\$ 299,766	\$ 2,290,603	\$ 1,859,891	\$ 299,766	\$ 2,159,657		

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To Management and the Board of Directors Ohio Transit Risk Pool - Medina County

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Ohio Transit Risk Pool - Medina County (OTRP), which comprise the statement of financial position as of November 30, 2015 and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Ohio Transit Risk Pool - Medina County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of OTRP's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of OTRP's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of OTRP's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



To Management and the Board of Directors Ohio Transit Risk Pool - Medina County

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Ohio Transit Risk Pool - Medina County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the OTRP's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering OTRP's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

June 27, 2016



OHIO TRANSIT RISK POOL

MEDINA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 4, 2016