



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

**INDIAN CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
JEFFERSON COUNTY**

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Indian Creek Local School District
Jefferson County
587 Bantam Ridge Road
Wintersville, Ohio 43953

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Indian Creek Local School District, Jefferson County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Indian Creek Local School District, Jefferson County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 23 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the Government adopted Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and also GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Districts, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping "Y" and "O".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

January 29, 2016

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Indian Creek Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015
Unaudited

The management's discussion and analysis of Indian Creek Local School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial Highlights for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

- The School District received a one-time bonus for the leasing of land for oil and gas exploration in the amount of \$1,405,863.
- The School District implemented GASB 68 and GASB 71, which establish standards for measuring and recognizing pension liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expense/expenditure. The implementation of these GASB statements resulted in a significant change to the financial statements for the School District.
- The School District's health insurance premiums increased 14 percent for fiscal year 2015.
- Certified and classified staff received a 2 and 3 percent raise, respectively, in base salaries for fiscal year 2015.
- The School District's enrollment decreased from 2,314 students in fiscal year 2014 to 2,277 students in fiscal year 2015. Certified staff increased from 129 employees in fiscal year 2014 to 130 employees in fiscal year 2015.
- School Choice, under which the School District must pay community schools for students who live within the School District and attend community schools, cost the School District \$455,356 in fiscal year 2015 compared to \$466,710 in fiscal year 2014, \$375,000 in fiscal year 2013 and \$252,000 in fiscal year 2012.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes pertaining to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Indian Creek Local School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Indian Creek Local School District, the general fund and the permanent improvement capital projects fund are the more significant funds.

Indian Creek Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
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Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains all the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2015?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answers this question. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in this position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and willingness of the community to support the School District.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's activities are classified as governmental. Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, food service operations and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the School District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Indian Creek Local School District
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The School District as a Whole

You may recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a comparison of the School District's Net Position for fiscal year 2015 compared to fiscal year 2014:

Table 1
 Net Position
 Governmental Activities

	2015	2014	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$14,464,781	\$14,081,419	\$383,362
Capital Assets, Net	20,847,340	20,281,551	565,789
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>35,312,121</u>	<u>34,362,970</u>	<u>949,151</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,392,996	1,121,186	271,810
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	3,372,142	2,754,157	(617,985)
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due Within One Year	602,962	583,602	(19,360)
Due In More Than One Year			
Net Pension Liability	18,940,314	22,505,273	3,564,959
Other Amounts	12,680,898	12,240,978	(439,920)
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>35,596,316</u>	<u>38,084,010</u>	<u>2,487,694</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	6,676,449	7,033,180	356,731
Pension	3,425,028	0	(3,425,028)
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>10,101,477</u>	<u>7,033,180</u>	<u>(3,068,297)</u>
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,900,877	8,986,016	(85,139)
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	1,458,534	400,305	1,058,229
Debt Service	450,465	412,261	38,204
Other Purposes	1,197,680	1,278,440	(80,760)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(21,000,232)</u>	<u>(20,710,056)</u>	<u>(290,176)</u>
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u><u>(\$8,992,676)</u></u>	<u><u>(\$9,633,034)</u></u>	<u><u>\$640,358</u></u>

During 2015, the School District adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions

Indian Creek Local School District
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annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the School District is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at June 30, 2014, from \$11,751,053 to (\$9,633,034).

The School District had an increase in total assets due to in an increase in cash and capital assets. The increase in cash is the result of unspent lease purchase agreement proceeds. The increase in capital assets is from an increase in construction in progress related to the lease purchase agreement. Total liabilities decreased from the change in net pension liability.

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In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives further details regarding the results of activities for fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

(Table 2)
Change in Net Position
Governmental Activities

	2015	2014	Change
Revenues			
<i>Program Revenues</i>			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$2,449,120	\$2,368,811	\$80,309
Operating Grants, Interest and Contributions	3,438,665	3,298,706	139,959
Capital Grants	34,388	36,015	(1,627)
<i>Total Program Revenues</i>	<u>5,922,173</u>	<u>5,703,532</u>	<u>218,641</u>
<i>General Revenues</i>			
Property Taxes	7,196,496	8,012,643	(816,147)
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted	9,422,351	9,451,282	(28,931)
Investment Earnings	1,794	1,703	91
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	6,835	0	6,835
Miscellaneous	39,203	10,887	28,316
<i>Total General Revenues</i>	<u>16,666,679</u>	<u>17,476,515</u>	<u>(809,836)</u>
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>22,588,852</u>	<u>23,180,047</u>	<u>(591,195)</u>
Program Expenses			
Current:			
Instruction	14,159,658	13,766,112	(393,546)
Support Services:			
Pupils	673,316	688,642	15,326
Instructional Staff	613,960	581,241	(32,719)
Board of Education	15,251	15,780	529
Administration	1,854,042	1,679,050	(174,992)
Fiscal	503,624	459,624	(44,000)
Business	29,622	0	(29,622)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,930,194	1,938,446	8,252
Pupil Transportation	1,226,900	1,126,935	(99,965)
Central	280,879	239,603	(41,276)
Extracurricular Activities	463,321	377,344	(85,977)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	129,147	106,378	(22,769)
Operation of Food Service	880,508	891,270	10,762
Interest and Fiscal Charges	593,935	588,095	(5,840)
<i>Total Program Expenses</i>	<u>23,354,357</u>	<u>22,458,520</u>	<u>(895,837)</u>
Special Item - Oil and Gas Bonus	1,405,863	0	1,405,863
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	640,358	721,527	(81,169)
Net Position (Deficit) Beginning of Year	(9,633,034)	N/A	
<i>Net Position (Deficit) End of Year</i>	<u>(\$8,992,676)</u>	<u>(\$9,633,034)</u>	<u>\$640,358</u>

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The information necessary to restate the 2014 beginning balances and the 2014 pension expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 68 is not available. Therefore, 2014 functional expenses still include pension expense of \$1,121,186 computed under GASB 27. GASB 27 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 68, pension expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of pension expense. Under GASB 68, the 2015 statements report pension expense of \$802,798. Consequently, in order to compare 2015 total program expenses to 2014, the following adjustments are needed:

Total 2015 program expenses under GASB 68	\$23,354,357
2015 Pension expense under GASB 68	(802,798)
2015 contractually required contribution	1,214,539
Adjusted 2015 program expenses	23,766,098
Total 2014 program expenses under GASB 27	22,458,520
Increase in program expenses not related to pension	\$1,307,578

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a voted levy does not increase solely as a result of inflation. It increases as a result of new construction or collection from a new voted levy. Although school districts experience inflationary growth in expenses, tax revenue does not keep pace with the increased expenses due to House Bill 920. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay less than \$35.00 and the School District would collect the same dollar value the levy generated in the year it passed. The 10 percent rollback on all residential/agricultural property and the 2.5 percent rollback on all owner occupied homes would reduce the amount of taxes paid.

Thus School District's dependence upon property taxes is hampered by a lack of revenue growth so it must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Although the School District relies upon local property taxes to support its operations, the School District does actively solicit and receive additional grant and entitlement funds to help offset operating costs.

The School District saw a decrease in revenues resulting from a portion of delinquencies being deemed uncollectible by Jefferson County offset by an increase in charges and operating grants. The increase in operating grants is the result of the School District continuing to seek out additional sources of revenues for funding.

Instructional and administrative expenses increased from step and base salary increases coupled with the increasing costs of healthcare. The School District continues to show vigilance in monitoring all facets of spending.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal year 2015 compared to fiscal year 2014.

Indian Creek Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
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Unaudited

(Table 3)
 Total and Net Cost of Program Services
 Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2015	Net Cost of Services 2015	Total Cost of Services 2014	Net Cost of Services 2014
Instruction	\$14,159,658	\$10,019,744	\$13,766,112	\$9,699,194
Support Services:				
Pupils and Instructional Staff	1,287,276	1,064,082	1,269,883	926,085
Board of Education, Administration, Fiscal and Business	2,402,539	2,295,198	2,154,454	2,042,985
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,930,194	1,874,152	1,938,446	1,883,585
Pupil Transportation	1,226,900	1,122,660	1,126,935	1,099,771
Central	280,879	271,879	239,603	232,403
Extracurricular Activities	463,321	108,597	377,344	213,997
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	129,147	16,562	106,378	(6,899)
Operation of Food Service	880,508	65,375	891,270	75,772
Interest and Fiscal Charges	593,935	593,935	588,095	588,095
<i>Total Expenses</i>	<u>\$23,354,357</u>	<u>\$17,432,184</u>	<u>\$22,458,520</u>	<u>\$16,754,988</u>

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent from Table 3. The majority of expenses are supported through taxes and other general revenues.

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds begins with the balance sheet. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. For fiscal year 2015, the general fund had an increase in fund balance as a result of increases in revenues, mainly property taxes and intergovernmental revenue. The property tax increase is the result of timing from current collections while the intergovernmental increase is from changes to the state funding model. The permanent improvement fund had an increase in fund balance from the proceeds of a lease purchase along with the oil and gas bonus.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

Budgeting is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. Essentially, the budget is the School District's appropriations which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the Revised Code. During the course of fiscal year 2015, the School District amended its general fund budget numerous times to allow for insignificant amendments. The School District uses a site-based budgeting system designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, the final budget basis revenue estimate was lower than the original budget estimate. The change was mainly attributed to a decrease in property tax revenue as the School District received a true picture of what the anticipated disbursement would be, offset by an increase in miscellaneous revenue as projections became more accurate. The final budget appropriations were lower than the original budget appropriations of the general fund due mainly to a decrease in regular instruction expenditures.

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015
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Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 4 shows fiscal year 2015 balances compared to fiscal year 2014:

(Table 4)
 Capital Assets at June 30
 Net of Depreciation
 Governmental Activities

	2015	2014	Change
Land	\$84,878	\$84,878	\$0
Construction in Progress	912,057	0	912,057
Land Improvements	1,051,494	1,136,508	(85,014)
Buildings and Improvements	16,948,820	17,508,163	(559,343)
Furniture and Fixtures	1,296,893	1,178,999	117,894
Vehicles	553,198	373,003	180,195
Total	\$20,847,340	\$20,281,551	\$565,789

The increase in capital assets was from construction in progress on a roof, athletic track and paving projects as well as the purchase of buses and technology upgrades, offset by current year depreciation. Ohio law requires school districts to set aside three percent of certain revenues for capital improvements. For fiscal year 2015, this amounted to \$368,994. See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the School District's capital assets and Note 21 for additional information regarding required set-asides.

Long-term Obligations

Table 5 summarizes the long-term debt outstanding:

(Table 5)
 Outstanding Long-Term Obligations - Governmental Activities

	2015	2014	Change
School Facilities Bonds	\$10,606,375	\$10,781,610	(\$175,235)
School Facilities Hardship Loan	393,955	525,273	(131,318)
Lease Purchase Agreement	935,000	0	935,000
Energy Conservation Bonds	137,287	223,353	(86,066)
Net Pension Liability	18,940,314	22,505,273	(3,564,959)
Capital Leases	64,996	116,570	(51,574)
Compensated Absences	1,146,247	1,177,774	(31,527)
Totals	\$32,224,174	\$35,329,853	(\$3,105,679)

The School Facilities general obligation bonds were issued for the School District's portion of the Ohio School Facilities Commission project. These bonds will be fully repaid in fiscal year 2037. The School Facilities Hardship loan was issued for demolition of the old middle school and for further construction.

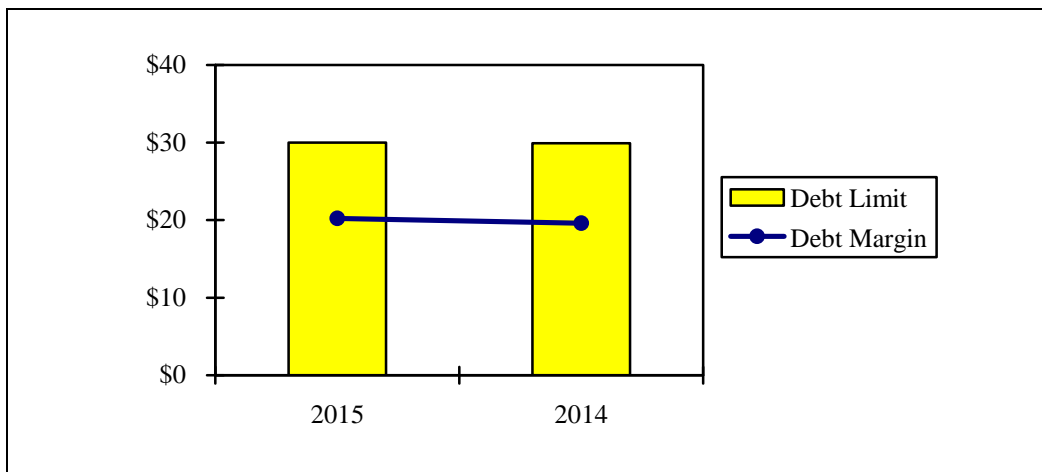
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This loan will be fully repaid in fiscal year 2018. The lease purchase agreement was issued for a new roof, resurfacing the track and paving projects. The energy conservation bonds were issued for the purpose of upgrading buildings and reducing energy consumption and will be fully retired in fiscal year 2017.

The School District's overall legal debt margin increased in fiscal year 2015. This is the additional amount of debt the School District could issue. The debt margin increased from fiscal year 2014 due to both an increase in assessed valuation and a decrease in total outstanding debt as a result of annual debt payments. Additional information concerning debt issuances can be found in Note 14 to the basic financial statements.

Graph 1
Legal Debt Margin
(in millions)

	2015	2014
Overall Debt Limit	\$30.0	\$29.9
Overall Debt Margin	20.2	19.6



Challenges and Opportunities

Indian Creek Local School District has continued to maintain the highest standards of service to our students, parents and community. The School District is always presented with challenges and opportunities. The Board of Education and Administration closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. Recent national events and their impact on the Indian Creek Local School District and the surrounding area are very much under review and analysis. Economic recession has had major impact on our industries. We have limited local industry, but we are a much diversified community with many residents working outside our School District in varying types of employment.

The School District is not without its share of challenges. The need for additional funds for operations is seen as the newest challenge for the School District the last couple fiscal years. Some of the challenges include the unpredictable future of State funding and the struggle to keep a competitive salary scale to retain quality personnel. Another example is seen in low interest rates being very good for issuing debt, but not attractive for maintaining investment revenues. And finally, actions of local and State governments continue to impact the School District. Like many school districts in the State of Ohio, the Indian Creek Local School District remains vigilant to financially meet the academic needs of all of the students as well as remain cost efficient in its operations.

Indian Creek Local School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015
Unaudited

As a result of the challenges mentioned, it is imperative the School District's management continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to meet the vision of the School District over the next several years. This vision is to provide all students with the opportunity to acquire the knowledge and skills to reach their potential within a secure and positive learning environment. In addition, the School District strives to assist students to become responsible citizens in an ever-changing society through effective programs and community involvement.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact, Denise Todoroff, Treasurer at Indian Creek Local School District, 587 Bantam Ridge Road, Wintersville, Ohio 43953.

Indian Creek Local School District

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2015

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$5,281,452
Accounts Receivable	4,410
Intergovernmental Receivable	322,525
Inventory Held for Resale	22,380
Materials and Supplies Inventory	82,550
Property Taxes Receivable	8,751,464
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	996,935
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	19,850,405
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>35,312,121</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	<u>1,392,996</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	74,938
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,628,847
Contracts Payable	918,233
Intergovernmental Payable	290,964
Accrued Interest Payable	44,480
Notes Payable	414,680
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	602,962
Due in More Than One Year	
Net Pension Liability (See Note 17)	18,940,314
Other Amounts	12,680,898
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>35,596,316</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	6,676,449
Pension	<u>3,425,028</u>
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>10,101,477</u>
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,900,877
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	1,458,534
Debt Service	450,465
Other Purposes	1,197,680
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(21,000,232)</u>
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u><u>(\$8,992,676)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Indian Creek Local School District
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Program Revenues				Net Revenue/(Expense) and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Interest	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$10,424,582	\$1,569,174	\$170,249	\$159	(\$8,685,000)
Special	3,293,291	369,339	1,824,327	0	(1,099,625)
Vocational	315,285	50,506	118,295	0	(146,484)
Adult/Continuing	1,750	345	3,330	0	1,925
Student Intervention Services	124,750	18,858	15,332	0	(90,560)
Support Services:					
Pupils	673,316	0	32,261	0	(641,055)
Instructional Staff	613,960	0	190,933	0	(423,027)
Board of Education	15,251	0	0	0	(15,251)
Administration	1,854,042	11,832	94,503	0	(1,747,707)
Fiscal	503,624	0	1,006	0	(502,618)
Business	29,622	0	0	0	(29,622)
Operation and Maintenance					
of Plant	1,930,194	0	21,813	34,229	(1,874,152)
Pupil Transportation	1,226,900	0	104,240	0	(1,122,660)
Central	280,879	0	9,000	0	(271,879)
Extracurricular Activities	463,321	237,040	117,684	0	(108,597)
Operation of Non-Instructional					
Services	129,147	0	112,585	0	(16,562)
Operation of Food Service	880,508	192,026	623,107	0	(65,375)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	593,935	0	0	0	(593,935)
<i>Totals</i>	<u>\$23,354,357</u>	<u>\$2,449,120</u>	<u>\$3,438,665</u>	<u>\$34,388</u>	<u>(17,432,184)</u>

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes	6,150,323
Debt Service	736,862
Capital Outlay	170,809
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	138,502

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted

to Specific Programs	9,422,351
Investment Earnings	1,794
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	6,835
Miscellaneous	39,203

Total General Revenues

16,666,679

Special Item - Oil and Gas Lease Bonus

1,405,863

Change in Net Position

640,358

Net Position Beginning of Year

(Restated - See Note 23)

(9,633,034)

Net Position End of Year

(\$8,992,676)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Indian Creek Local School District

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2015

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$1,136,856	\$1,800,387	\$2,344,209	\$5,281,452
Accounts Receivable	2,718	0	1,692	4,410
Intergovernmental Receivable	6,176	0	316,349	322,525
Interfund Receivable	49,501	0	0	49,501
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	22,380	22,380
Materials and Supplies Inventory	77,711	0	4,839	82,550
Property Taxes Receivable	7,569,643	226,828	954,993	8,751,464
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$8,842,605</u>	<u>\$2,027,215</u>	<u>\$3,644,462</u>	<u>\$14,514,282</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$49,924	\$0	\$25,014	\$74,938
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,448,768	0	180,079	1,628,847
Contracts Payable	6,176	912,057	0	918,233
Intergovernmental Payable	261,314	0	29,650	290,964
Interfund Payable	0	0	49,501	49,501
Accrued Interest Payable	0	1,721	0	1,721
Notes Payable	0	414,680	0	414,680
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>1,766,182</u>	<u>1,328,458</u>	<u>284,244</u>	<u>3,378,884</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	5,770,804	173,533	732,112	6,676,449
Unavailable Revenue	581,892	11,258	156,389	749,539
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>6,352,696</u>	<u>184,791</u>	<u>888,501</u>	<u>7,425,988</u>
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	77,711	0	4,839	82,550
Restricted	0	513,966	2,479,860	2,993,826
Assigned	397,052	0	0	397,052
Unassigned (Deficit)	248,964	0	(12,982)	235,982
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>723,727</u>	<u>513,966</u>	<u>2,471,717</u>	<u>3,709,410</u>
<i>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$8,842,605</u>	<u>\$2,027,215</u>	<u>\$3,644,462</u>	<u>\$14,514,282</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Indian Creek Local School District
*Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
 Net Position of Governmental Activities
 June 30, 2015*

Total Governmental Funds Balances	\$3,709,410
 <i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:</i>	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	20,847,340
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unavailable revenue in the funds:	
Delinquent Property Taxes	640,243
Grants	<u>109,296</u>
Total	749,539
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding general obligation bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(42,759)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	1,392,996
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(3,425,028)
Net Pension Liability	<u>(18,940,314)</u>
Total	(20,972,346)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
General Obligation Bonds	(11,000,330)
Lease Purchase Agreement	(935,000)
Energy Conservation Bonds	(137,287)
Compensated Absences	(1,146,247)
Capital Leases Payable	<u>(64,996)</u>
Total	<u>(13,283,860)</u>
 <i>Net Position of Governmental Activities</i>	 <u><u>(\$8,992,676)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Indian Creek Local School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$7,310,122	\$193,250	\$969,133	\$8,472,505
Intergovernmental	10,321,695	34,229	2,509,448	12,865,372
Interest	1,794	0	193	1,987
Charges for Services	4,655	0	192,026	196,681
Tuition and Fees	1,990,472	0	0	1,990,472
Extracurricular Activities	56,395	0	175,611	232,006
Rentals	29,961	0	0	29,961
Contributions and Donations	23,582	0	147,985	171,567
Miscellaneous	38,982	0	221	39,203
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>19,777,658</u>	<u>227,479</u>	<u>3,994,617</u>	<u>23,999,754</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	9,816,862	30,813	142,359	9,990,034
Special	2,354,242	0	974,482	3,328,724
Vocational	323,488	0	0	323,488
Adult/Continuing	1,500	0	250	1,750
Student Intervention Services	121,276	0	17,242	138,518
Support Services:				
Pupils	663,219	0	26,448	689,667
Instructional Staff	333,142	88,880	205,972	627,994
Board of Education	15,251	0	0	15,251
Administration	1,751,326	19,350	95,813	1,866,489
Fiscal	476,431	5,981	25,158	507,570
Business	29,622	0	0	29,622
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,954,819	6,350	86,482	2,047,651
Pupil Transportation	1,119,957	212,374	89,177	1,421,508
Central	240,441	28,077	9,000	277,518
Extracurricular Activities	225,746	0	343,074	568,820
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	18,508	0	113,178	131,686
Operation of Food Service	0	0	875,272	875,272
Capital Outlay	0	921,382	6,900	928,282
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	51,574	131,318	336,066	518,958
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,896	22,673	490,083	517,652
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>19,502,300</u>	<u>1,467,198</u>	<u>3,836,956</u>	<u>24,806,454</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>275,358</u>	<u>(1,239,719)</u>	<u>157,661</u>	<u>(806,700)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Lease Purchase Agreement	0	935,000	0	935,000
Sale of Capital Assets	7,200	0	0	7,200
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>7,200</u>	<u>935,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>942,200</u>
Special Item				
Oil and Gas Lease Bonus	241,000	1,164,863	0	1,405,863
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	523,558	860,144	157,661	1,541,363
<i>Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year</i>	<u>200,169</u>	<u>(346,178)</u>	<u>2,314,056</u>	<u>2,168,047</u>
<i>Fund Balances End of Year</i>	<u>\$723,727</u>	<u>\$513,966</u>	<u>\$2,471,717</u>	<u>\$3,709,410</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Indian Creek Local School District
*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$1,541,363

*Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
statement of activities are different because:*

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital Asset Additions	1,450,234	
Current Year Depreciation	(884,080)	
Total	566,154	566,154

Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. (365)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:

Property Taxes	(1,276,009)	
Intergovernmental	(141,728)	
Total	(1,417,737)	(1,417,737)

Other financing sources in the governmental funds, such as lease purchase agreement proceeds, increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities: (935,000)

Repayment of bond, loan and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. 518,958

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Accrued Interest	(1,518)	
Amortization of Bond Premiums	15,127	
Amortization of Bond Discount	(7,215)	
Annual Accretion	(82,677)	
Total	(76,283)	(76,283)

Contractual required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. 1,214,539

Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (802,798)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 31,527

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$640,358

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Indian Creek Local School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$6,913,379	\$6,878,496	\$6,878,496	\$0
Intergovernmental	10,371,072	10,319,510	10,319,510	0
Interest	1,500	1,699	1,794	95
Charges for Services	4,800	4,503	4,503	0
Tuition and Fees	1,963,170	1,958,338	1,958,356	18
Extracurricular Activities	205	177	177	0
Rentals	25,000	29,961	29,961	0
Contributions and Donations	2,500	5,000	5,000	0
Miscellaneous	11,001	34,873	34,887	14
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>19,292,627</u>	<u>19,232,557</u>	<u>19,232,684</u>	<u>127</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	10,031,971	9,851,782	9,851,782	0
Special	2,334,173	2,388,972	2,388,972	0
Vocational	294,719	326,347	326,347	0
Student Intervention Services	157,075	123,918	123,918	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	677,505	666,962	666,962	0
Instructional Staff	360,190	358,203	358,203	0
Board of Education	18,063	15,567	15,567	0
Administration	1,728,974	1,699,499	1,699,499	0
Fiscal	474,204	472,719	472,719	0
Business	29,622	29,622	29,622	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,913,889	2,004,869	2,004,869	0
Pupil Transportation	1,168,286	1,181,184	1,181,184	0
Central	258,964	242,198	242,198	0
Extracurricular Activities	250,710	223,958	223,958	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	18,672	18,672	0
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>19,698,345</u>	<u>19,604,472</u>	<u>19,604,472</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures</i>	<u>(405,718)</u>	<u>(371,915)</u>	<u>(371,788)</u>	<u>127</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	7,200	7,200	0
Advances In	79,926	79,926	79,926	0
Advances Out	(75,000)	(49,501)	(49,501)	0
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>4,926</u>	<u>37,625</u>	<u>37,625</u>	<u>0</u>
Special Item				
Oil and Gas Lease Bonus	0	241,000	241,000	0
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	<u>(400,792)</u>	<u>(93,290)</u>	<u>(93,163)</u>	<u>127</u>
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	<u>772,487</u>	<u>772,487</u>	<u>772,487</u>	<u>0</u>
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>164,099</u>	<u>164,099</u>	<u>164,099</u>	<u>0</u>
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$535,794</u></u>	<u><u>\$843,296</u></u>	<u><u>\$843,423</u></u>	<u><u>\$127</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Indian Creek Local School District

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$45,045	\$48,970
Liabilities		
Due to Students	0	\$48,970
Net Position		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$45,045	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Indian Creek Local School District
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Private Purpose Trust Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Scholarship
Additions	
Interest	\$213
Contributions and Donations	2,500
<i>Total Additions</i>	2,713
Deductions	
College Scholarships Awarded	2,250
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	463
<i>Net Position Beginning of Year</i>	44,582
<i>Net Position End of Year</i>	\$45,045

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

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Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 1 – Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Indian Creek Local School District (the School District) is organized under article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms.

The School District was established in 1966 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 75 square miles. It is located in Jefferson County, and includes all of the Village of Wintersville, the Village of Mingo Junction, the Village of Bloomingdale, and Cross Creek Township and portions of the City of Steubenville, Island Creek, Salem, Wayne and Steubenville Townships. It is staffed by 97 non-certified personnel, 130 certified teaching personnel and 11 administrative employees to provide services to 2,277 students and other community members. The School District operates four instructional buildings, one administrative building and two bus garages.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, agencies and offices that are not legally separate from the School District. For the Indian Creek Local School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service, preschool and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with two jointly governed organizations, one insurance purchasing pool and one risk sharing pool. These organizations are the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency, Jefferson County Joint Vocational School, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, and the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority. These organizations are presented in Notes 19 and 20 of the basic financial statements.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Indian Creek Local School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The School District however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Indian Creek Local School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

Permanent Improvement Fund To account for and report restricted property taxes for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for a college scholarship program for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency fund accounts for student activities managed by the student body.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (e.g., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (e.g., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Indian Creek Local School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 17.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2015, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Note 17)

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been given the authority to allocate appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate when the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education. Prior to year end, the School District requested and received an amended certificate of estimated resources that closely reflects actual revenue for the fiscal year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues by fund. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year. Prior to fiscal year-end, the School District passed an amended appropriation measure which matched appropriations to expenditures plus encumbrances in the majority of categories.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2015, investments were limited to STAR Ohio. Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

Indian Creek Local School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer’s Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio’s net asset value per share which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2015.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2015 amounted to \$1,794, of which \$1,329 was assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of donated and purchased food held for resale, and materials and supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The School District’s only capital assets are general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of capital assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the capital asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost of the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset’s life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	5 to 20 years
Buildings and Improvements	20 to 50 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 to 20 years
Vehicles	6 to 10 years

Indian Creek Local School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

Bond Premiums and Discounts

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the general obligation bonds payable. On the fund financial statements, bond premiums are received in the year the bonds are issued. On the governmental-wide financial statements, bond discounts are presented as a decrease of the face amount of the general obligation bonds payable. On the fund financial statements, bond discounts are expended in the year the bonds are issued.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees with at least five years of service with the School District.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, and are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and net pension liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for the payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and capital lease obligations are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, instruction, support services and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by the School District Board of Education. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education, delegated that authority by State statute. State statute authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The Board of Education assigned fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in fiscal year 2015’s budget.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the School District's Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. In fiscal year 2015, the School District received \$1,405,863 for the leasing of land for the purpose of oil and gas exploration on School District property. This bonus was a one-time payment made to the School District.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 – Accountability

Fund balances at June 30, 2015, included the following individual fund deficits:

Special Revenue Funds:

Vocational Education Enhancement	\$932
Preschool	7,989
Reducing Class Size	4,061

The special revenue funds have deficits caused by the recognition of expenditures on a modified accrual basis of accounting which are substantially greater than the expenditures recognized on a cash basis. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Note 4 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fund Balances	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total
<i>Nonspendable</i>				
Materials and Supplies Inventory	\$77,711	\$0	\$4,839	\$82,550
<i>Restricted for</i>				
Food Service Operations	0	0	82,093	82,093
Athletics	0	0	94,834	94,834
Community Involvement	0	0	37,610	37,610
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	0	0	935,329	935,329
Auxiliary Services	0	0	68	68
Preschool	0	0	896	896
Instructional Services	0	0	16,165	16,165
Debt Service Payments	0	0	773,013	773,013
Capital Improvements	0	513,966	539,852	1,053,818
<i>Total Restricted</i>	0	513,966	2,479,860	2,993,826
<i>Assigned to</i>				
Public School Support/Uniform School	156,730	0	0	156,730
Fiscal Year 2016 Operations	143,658	0	0	143,658
Purchases on Order:				
Purchases/Contractual Services	96,664	0	0	96,664
<i>Total Assigned</i>	397,052	0	0	397,052
<i>Unassigned (Deficit)</i>	248,964	0	(12,982)	235,982
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	\$723,727	\$513,966	\$2,471,717	\$3,709,410

Note 5 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the uniform school supplies and the public school support funds are classified to the general fund for GAAP reporting purposes.

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

3. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
4. Advances-In/Out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
5. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements on a fund type basis for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance	
GAAP Basis	\$523,558
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(436,274)
Advance In	79,926
Perspective Difference:	
Uniform School Supplies	29,221
Public School Support	2,391
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(109,174)
Advances Out	(49,501)
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(133,310)
Budget Basis	(\$93,163)

Note 6 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

Indian Creek Local School District

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1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. At fiscal year-end, \$5,232,968 of the School District's bank balance of \$5,766,876 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the School District had \$5 invested with STAR Ohio with an average maturity of 53.4 days.

Indian Creek Local School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

Credit Risk Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

Note 7 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2015, consisted of taxes, accounts and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, except for property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Amounts</u>
Title VI-B Grant	\$143,690
Title I Grant	103,818
Public School Preschool Grant	22,979
Federal Breakfast Reimbursement	21,912
Reducing Class Size Grant	19,525
Medicaid Reimbursement	6,176
Vocational Education Grant	4,425
Total	<u><u>\$322,525</u></u>

Note 8 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District’s fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2015 were levied after April 1, 2014, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2014, the lien date. Assessed values for real property are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2014 become a lien December 31, 2013, were levied after April 1, 2014, and are collected in calendar year 2015 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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The School District receives property taxes from Jefferson County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2015, are available to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2015, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations are reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on the modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2015, was \$1,216,947 in the general fund, \$28,024 in the classroom facilities special revenue fund, \$147,764 in the bond retirement debt service fund and \$42,037 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014, was \$822,262 in the general fund, \$18,935 in the classroom facilities special revenue fund, \$99,841 in the bond retirement debt service fund and \$28,403 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2015 taxes were collected are:

	2014 Second Half Collections		2015 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$315,490,990	95.05 %	\$316,857,610	95.05 %
Public Utility Personal	16,427,503	4.95	16,517,078	4.95
Total	\$331,918,493	100.00 %	\$333,374,688	100.00 %
 Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	 \$42.65		 \$42.65	

Note 9 – Other Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees and administrators earn ten to thirty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Any employee receiving retirement severance pay is entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to thirty-five percent of all accumulated sick leave credited to that employee up to 40 days for certified and 40 days for classified employees. Classified employees can receive payment for up to an additional 22 days for every day over an accumulated 200 days.

Indian Creek Local School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

Insurance

The School District provides health insurance benefits with Medical Mutual of Ohio, dental insurance benefits with Delta Dental and vision insurance benefits with Superior Vision. Total costs for family coverage is \$1,929.10, \$73.80 and \$12.38 for medical, dental and vision, respectively. Total costs for single coverage is \$956.41, \$24.93 and \$4.90 for medical, dental and vision, respectively. The School District pays 100 percent of dental and vision coverage. Employees pay 6 percent of the premium for both single and family medical coverage.

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to its employees. Coverage for administrators is \$100,000, certified teachers is \$50,000 and classified employees \$10,000 to \$50,000 depending on hours contracted per week. Life insurance is covered through Guardian Life Insurance.

Note 10 – Interfund Balances

Interfund Payable	Interfund Receivable
	General
<i>Other Governmental Funds:</i>	
Public School Preschool	\$1,021
Vocational Education Enhancement	2,583
Title VI-B	45,226
Title I	256
Reducing Class Size	415
Total	<u>\$49,501</u>

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2015, are due to the timing of the receipt of grant monies and monies collected for some programs received by various funds. The general fund provides money to operate the programs until grants and other monies are received and the advances can be repaid. These loans are expected to be repaid in one year.

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 11 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 06/30/14	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/15
<i>Capital Assets not being Depreciated:</i>				
Land	\$84,878	\$0	\$0	\$84,878
Construction in Progress	0	912,057	0	912,057
<i>Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated</i>	84,878	912,057	0	996,935
<i>Capital Assets being Depreciated:</i>				
Land Improvements	2,692,485	6,800	(100,000)	2,599,285
Buildings and Improvements	22,824,113	31,825	0	22,855,938
Furniture and Equipment	1,982,219	219,698	(49,848)	2,152,069
Vehicles	1,935,814	279,854	(365,220)	1,850,448
<i>Total Capital Assets being Depreciated</i>	29,434,631	538,177	(515,068)	29,457,740
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(1,555,977)	(91,814)	100,000	(1,547,791)
Buildings and Improvements	(5,315,950)	(591,168)	0	(5,907,118)
Furniture and Equipment	(803,220)	(101,439)	49,483	(855,176)
Vehicles	(1,562,811)	(99,659)	365,220	(1,297,250)
<i>Total Accumulated Depreciation</i>	(9,237,958)	(884,080) *	514,703	(9,607,335)
<i>Total Assets being Depreciated, Net</i>	20,196,673	(345,903)	(365)	19,850,405
<i>Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net</i>	\$20,281,551	\$566,154	(\$365)	\$20,847,340

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$648,525
Special	1,277
Vocational	1,638
Support Services:	
Pupils	685
Instructional Staff	4,856
Administration	35,301
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	68,532
Pupil Transportation	93,904
Central	3,439
Operation of Food Service	9,528
Extracurricular Activities	16,395
Total Depreciation Expense	\$884,080

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 12 – Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2015, the School District contracted with Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA) for various types of insurance. Coverage is as follows:

Coverage	Amount
Property	\$59,819,110
Earth movement limit (\$50,000 Deductible)	2,000,000
Flood limit (\$50,000 Deductible)	2,000,000
Equipment Breakdown	50,000,000
Crime Coverage (\$0 Deductible)	100,000
Excess Crime Coverage (Thru Traverlers Insurance Co.)	1,000,000
General Liability	15,000,000
Employee benefits liability	15,000,000
Employee stop gap liability	15,000,000
General annual aggregate	17,000,000
Fire legal liability	500,000
Medical payments - occurrence	10,000
Aggregate limit	25,000
Educator's Legal Liability	15,000,000
Automobile Liability	
Bodily injury & property damage - per occurrence	15,000,000
Medical payments - occurrence	10,000
Aggregate limit	25,000
Uninsured/underinsured motorist - per occurrence	1,000,000
Automobile physical damage (\$0 Deductible)	Actual Cash Value
Garage keepers physical damage (\$250,000 max)	Actual Cash Value

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

Worker's Compensation

For fiscal year 2015, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 20). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 13 – Capital Leases

The School District has existing leases for two school buses and five copiers. The lease obligation meets the criteria of a capital lease. The original amounts capitalized for the capital leases and the book value as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

	Amounts
Furniture and Equipment	\$61,679
Vehicles	174,216
Total Assets	235,895
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(82,512)
Current Book Value	\$153,383

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities
2016	\$56,470
2017	11,392
Total Minimum Lease Payments	67,862
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(2,866)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$64,996

Note 14 – Long-Term Obligations

Original issue amounts and interest rates of the School District's debt issues were as follows:

Debt Issue	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Fiscal Year of Maturity
2009 School Facilities Construction Bonds:			
Capital Interest Serial Bonds	2.50% to 3.50%	\$2,285,000	2020
Capital Appreciation Bonds	33.63%	44,999	2018
Current Issue Term Bonds	4.37% to 5.12%	9,270,000	2037
2013 School Facilities Hardship Loan	0.00%	656,591	2018
2015 Lease Purchase Agreement	3.50%	935,000	2029
Energy Conservation Bonds - 2002	4.97%	984,816	2017

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/14	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/15	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds:					
School Facilities Bonds					
Serial Bonds	\$1,110,000	\$0	\$250,000	\$860,000	\$260,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	44,999	0	0	44,999	0
Accretion	182,555	82,677	0	265,232	0
Term Bonds	9,270,000	0	0	9,270,000	0
Premium on Bonds	332,782	0	15,127	317,655	0
Discount on Bonds	(158,726)	0	(7,215)	(151,511)	0
<i>Total School Facilities Bonds</i>	<u>10,781,610</u>	<u>82,677</u>	<u>257,912</u>	<u>10,606,375</u>	<u>260,000</u>
School Facilities Hardship Loan	525,273	0	131,318	393,955	131,318
Lease Purchase Agreement	0	935,000	0	935,000	0
Energy Conservation Bonds	223,353	0	86,066	137,287	90,397
<i>Total General Obligation Bonds</i>	<u>11,530,236</u>	<u>1,017,677</u>	<u>475,296</u>	<u>12,072,617</u>	<u>481,715</u>
Other Long Term Obligations					
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	18,416,099	0	2,955,891	15,460,208	0
SERS	4,089,174	0	609,068	3,480,106	0
<i>Total Net Pension Liability</i>	<u>22,505,273</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3,564,959</u>	<u>18,940,314</u>	<u>0</u>
Capital Leases	116,570	0	51,574	64,996	53,874
Compensated Absences	1,177,774	33,117	64,644	1,146,247	67,373
<i>Total General Long-Term Obligations</i>	<u>\$35,329,853</u>	<u>\$1,050,794</u>	<u>\$4,156,473</u>	<u>\$32,224,174</u>	<u>\$602,962</u>

Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and the food service, auxiliary services, public school preschool, title VI-B, title I, preschool and reducing class size special revenue funds. The School District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefiting from their service.

On May 20, 2002, the School District issued energy conservation bonds in the amount of \$984,816 for the purpose of upgrading buildings and reducing energy consumption. The bonds were issued at a 4.97 percent interest rate for fifteen years. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement debt service fund.

On March 17, 2009, the School District issued \$11,599,999 in school facilities construction bonds, which included serial, term and capital appreciation (deep discount) bonds in the amounts of \$2,285,000, \$9,270,000 and \$44,999, respectively. The bonds were issued at both a premium of \$408,414 and a discount of \$194,800. The school facilities construction bonds were issued for the purpose of building new schools within the Indian Creek Local School District. The bonds were issued for a twenty-eight year period with final maturity at December 1, 2036. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement debt service fund.

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The serial, capital appreciation and current issue term bonds remained outstanding at June 30, 2015. The capital appreciation bonds were originally sold at a discount of \$525,001, which is being accreted annually until the point of maturity of the capital appreciation bonds, which is 2017 and 2018.

The maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2015, is \$570,000. The accretion recorded for fiscal year 2015 was \$82,677, for a total outstanding bond liability of \$310,231 at June 30, 2015.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2024, 2029, 2034 and 2036, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Issue			
	\$1,835,000	\$2,485,000	\$3,330,000	\$1,620,000
2020	\$325,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
2021	340,000	0	0	0
2022	375,000	0	0	0
2023	390,000	0	0	0
2025	0	445,000	0	0
2026	0	465,000	0	0
2027	0	490,000	0	0
2028	0	530,000	0	0
2030	0	0	585,000	0
2031	0	0	630,000	0
2032	0	0	665,000	0
2033	0	0	695,000	0
2035	0	0	0	790,000
Total mandatory sinking fund payments	1,430,000	1,930,000	2,575,000	790,000
Amount due at stated maturity	405,000	555,000	755,000	830,000
Total	<u>\$1,835,000</u>	<u>\$2,485,000</u>	<u>\$3,330,000</u>	<u>\$1,620,000</u>
Stated Maturity	12/1/2024	12/1/2029	12/1/2034	12/1/2036

On June 1, 2015, the School District took out a lease purchase agreement in the amount of \$935,000 for the purpose of paving projects, track repairs and a new high school roof. The lease purchase agreement was issued at a 3.5 percent interest rate for fifteen years. The lease purchase agreement will be retired from the permanent improvement capital project fund. The School District had \$22,943 in unspent proceeds as of June 30, 2015.

On October 18, 2012, the School District received a school facilities hardship loan in the amount of \$656,591 for the purpose of demolition of the old school building and further improvements. The loan is interest free over six years. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement debt service fund.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$20,207,781 with an unvoted debt margin of \$333,375 at June 30, 2015. Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Indian Creek Local School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds					
	Serial		Capital Appreciation		Term	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016	\$260,000	\$24,544	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$447,844
2017	0	20,644	25,969	259,031	0	447,844
2018	0	20,644	19,030	265,970	0	447,844
2019	285,000	15,834	0	0	0	447,844
2020	315,000	5,512	0	0	0	447,844
2021-2025	0	0	0	0	1,835,000	2,047,703
2026-2030	0	0	0	0	2,485,000	1,556,256
2031-2035	0	0	0	0	3,330,000	851,625
2036-2037	0	0	0	0	1,620,000	84,050
Total	\$860,000	\$87,178	\$44,999	\$525,001	\$9,270,000	\$6,778,854

Fiscal Year	School Facilities		Lease Purchase		Energy Conservation Bond	
	Hardship Loan	Agreement				
	Principal	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2016	\$131,318	\$0	\$31,361	\$90,397	\$5,714	
2017	131,318	55,000	31,763	46,890	1,165	
2018	131,319	55,000	29,838	0	0	
2019	0	55,000	27,912	0	0	
2020	0	60,000	25,900	0	0	
2021-2025	0	325,000	96,513	0	0	
2026-2029	0	385,000	34,912	0	0	
Total	\$393,955	\$935,000	\$278,199	\$137,287	\$6,879	

Note 15 – Notes Payable

The School District’s note activity, including amounts outstanding and interest rates is as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/2014			Principal Outstanding 6/30/2015	
		Additions	Deductions		
Permanent Improvement Fund					
2009 4.98 %					
Tax Anticipation Notes	\$512,131	\$0	\$97,451	\$414,680	

On March 20, 2009, the School District issued \$965,000 in permanent improvement levy tax anticipation notes for the purpose of building the Multi-Purpose Facility and for the Wintersville Elementary Masonry repair project. The coupon interest rate is 4.98 percent and the notes mature on December 1, 2018. The tax anticipation notes will be paid from the permanent improvement capital projects fund with property tax revenues. Principal and interest payments to retire the tax anticipation notes are as follows:

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$99,877	\$18,164	\$118,041
2017	102,364	13,128	115,492
2018	104,913	7,966	112,879
2019	107,526	2,678	110,204
Total	\$414,680	\$41,936	\$456,616

Note 16 – Contingencies

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2015, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

School Foundation

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014-2015 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2015 Foundation funding for the School District, therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or a liability of the School District.

Litigation

The School District is not a party to any material legal proceedings.

Lease

The Board of Education entered into a “Paid-Up” Oil and Gas lease effective November 22, 2013 and continuing through November 22, 2018 with Great River Energy, LLC. In consideration of the execution of the lease, the School District received a bonus of \$ 1,405,863 on February 17, 2015. The School District has a total of 203.7482 acres subject to the lease provisions which call for royalty payments of 20 percent on production from the leasehold and \$50.00 per each acre of land, per year after production has been shut in. As of this date, the value of any potential royalties cannot be determined and the School District has not received any financial compensation beyond the bonus.

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 17 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District’s proportionate share of each pension plan’s collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan’s fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District’s obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees’ services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan’s board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan’s unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS’ Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System’s funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.18 percent. The remaining 0.82 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The School District’s contractually required contribution to SERS was \$294,491 for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount \$24,959 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25

Indian Creek Local School District
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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plan members were required to contribute 12 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2015 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$920,048 for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount \$166,359 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,480,106	\$15,460,208	\$18,940,314
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.068764%	0.06356089%	
Pension Expense	\$203,088	\$599,710	\$802,798

At June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$29,619	\$148,838	\$178,457
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	294,491	920,048	1,214,539
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$324,110	\$1,068,886	\$1,392,996
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$564,831	\$2,860,197	\$3,425,028

\$1,214,539 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2016	(\$133,728)	(\$677,840)	(\$811,568)
2017	(133,728)	(677,840)	(811,568)
2018	(133,728)	(677,840)	(811,568)
2019	(134,028)	(677,839)	(811,867)
Total	(\$535,212)	(\$2,711,359)	(\$3,246,571)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Indian Creek Local School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee’s entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2014, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	4.00 percent to 22 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS’ *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$4,965,078	\$3,480,106	\$2,231,118

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Indian Creek Local School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2014. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$22,132,974	\$15,460,208	\$9,817,294

Note 18 – Postemployment Benefits

School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Indian Creek Local School District

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2015, 0.82 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2015, this amount was \$20,450. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2015, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$39,671.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were \$16,787, \$2,690 and \$3,368, respectively. For fiscal year 2015, 91.37 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2015, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were \$0, \$66,264, and \$69,833 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Indian Creek Local School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

Note 19 – Jointly Governed Organizations

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency (OME-RESA) The Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency was created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State Statutes. OME-RESA has twelve participating counties consisting of Belmont, Carroll, Columbiana, Coshocton, Guernsey, Harrison, Holmes, Jefferson, Monroe, Muskingum, Noble and Tuscarawas Counties. OME-RESA operates under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school district's elected boards, plus a joint vocational service representative, the fiscal agent superintendent and a treasurer, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. OME-RESA provides financial accounting services, educational management information, internet access and cooperative purchasing services to member districts. The School District participates in the natural gas sales service program. This program allows schools to purchase natural gas at reduced rates. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each June these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage and any necessary adjustments are made. During fiscal year 2015, the School District no longer paid OME-RESA directly for the gas purchases, but instead paid the gas vendor. The School District paid OME-RESA \$71,728 for financial accounting services, educational management information, internet access, student services systems, and automated notification systems for fiscal year 2015. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent and receives funding from the State Department of Education. To obtain financial information write to Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency, Treasurer, at 2230 Sunset Blvd., Suite 2, Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

Jefferson County Joint Vocational School The Jefferson County Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the seven participating school district's elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. During fiscal year 2015, the School District made no contributions to the Vocational School District. To obtain financial information write to the Jefferson County Joint Vocational School, Treasurer, at 1509 County Highway 22A, Bloomingdale, Ohio 43910.

Note 20 – Public Entity Pools

Insurance Purchasing Pool

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Post President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Shared Risk Pool

Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority The School District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), a risk sharing pool with over 113 members. SORSA is a 100 percent member-owned, non-profit insurance risk pool owned and governed by the school district members. SORSA is governed by a Board of Directors composed of representatives of school districts that participate in the program.

Indian Creek Local School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

SORSA has agreements with several separate organizations whereby each provides certain administrative, executive, accounting, marketing, underwriting, claim settlement, legal counsel and other services to SORSA and its members. Pursuant to participation agreements with SORSA, each member school district agrees to pay all funding rates associated with the coverage elected. This coverage includes comprehensive general liability, property insurance and automobile liability insurance. To obtain financial information write to the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, Executive Director, at 8050 North High Street, Suite 160, Columbus, Ohio 43235-6483.

Note 21 – Set-Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Improvement
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2014	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	368,994
Offsets During the Fiscal Year:	
Permanent Improvement Levy Proceeds	(250,786)
Ohio School Facilities Commission principal and interest	(730,038)
Qualifying Disbursements	(579,267)
Totals	(\$1,191,097)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$0
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$0

Although the School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

Note 22 – Significant Commitments

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

Indian Creek Local School District

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015*

General	\$133,310
Permanent Improvement	66,628
Other Governmental Funds	<u>918,557</u>
Total Governmental	<u><u>\$1,118,495</u></u>

Contractual Commitments

At June 30, 2015, the School District's significant contractual commitments consisted of the following:

<u>Company</u>	<u>Contract Amount</u>	<u>Amount Paid</u>	<u>Remaining on Contract</u>
Colaianni Construction, Incorporated	\$8,437,432	\$8,164,028	\$273,404
MKC Associates, Incorporated	950,917	949,516	1,401
Bowman Foreman	871,942	858,495	13,447
Heiberger Paving, Incorporated	119,817	0	119,817
Tremco, Incorporated	659,825	0	659,825
Jim Davis Enterprise	132,415	0	132,415
Total	<u><u>\$11,172,348</u></u>	<u><u>\$9,972,039</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,200,309</u></u>

Remaining commitment amounts were encumbered at year end.

Note 23 – Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2015, the School District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68". GASB 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditure. The implementation of this pronouncement had the following effect on net position as reported at June 30, 2014:

Net Position June 30, 2014	\$11,751,053
Adjustments:	
Net Pension Liability	(22,505,273)
Deferred Outflow - Payments Subsequent to Measurement Date	<u>1,121,186</u>
Restated Net Position June 30, 2014	<u><u>(\$9,633,034)</u></u>

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the School District made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available.

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Required Supplementary Information

Indian Creek Local School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the
Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2014	2013
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.068764%	0.068764%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,480,106	\$4,089,174
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$1,921,672	\$2,104,878
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	181.10%	194.27%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.70%	65.52%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Indian Creek Local School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the
Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2014	2013
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06356089%	0.06356089%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$15,460,208	\$18,416,099
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$6,494,169	\$7,020,631
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	238.06%	262.31%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	74.70%	69.30%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Indian Creek Local School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Contributions
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$294,491	\$266,344	\$291,315	\$302,312
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(294,491)</u>	<u>(266,344)</u>	<u>(291,315)</u>	<u>(302,312)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$2,234,379	\$1,921,672	\$2,104,878	\$2,247,669
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%

2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$281,409	\$313,438	\$228,976	\$216,844	\$209,637	\$214,804
(281,409)	(313,438)	(228,976)	(216,844)	(209,637)	(214,804)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$2,238,738	\$2,314,906	\$2,326,997	\$2,208,188	\$1,962,893	\$2,030,284
12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%	10.68%	10.58%

Indian Creek Local School District, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Contributions
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$920,048	\$844,242	\$912,682	\$962,132
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(920,048)</u>	<u>(844,242)</u>	<u>(912,682)</u>	<u>(962,132)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$6,571,773	\$6,494,169	\$7,020,631	\$7,401,015
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$994,607	\$1,011,797	\$1,019,828	\$985,840	\$945,286	\$894,109
(994,607)	(1,011,797)	(1,019,828)	(985,840)	(945,286)	(894,109)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$7,650,823	\$7,783,054	\$7,844,831	\$7,583,385	\$7,271,431	\$6,877,762
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

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INDIAN CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
JEFFERSON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</u>				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:</i>				
<i>Child Nutrition Cluster:</i>				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):		10.555	\$44,621	\$44,621
Cash Assistance:				
National School Breakfast Program	05-PU-15	10.553	133,313	133,313
National School Lunch Program	04-PU-15	10.555	411,005	411,005
Cash Assistance Subtotal			<u>544,318</u>	<u>544,318</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster (Cash and Non-cash)			<u>588,939</u>	<u>588,939</u>
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</u>				
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:</i>				
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	6B-SF-14 6B-SF-15	84.027	112,907 383,413 <u>40,000</u>	74,810 404,620 <u>40,000</u>
Dyslexia Pilot Project Grant			40,000	40,000
Total Special Education Grants to States			<u>536,320</u>	<u>519,430</u>
Special Education - Preschool Grants	PG-S1-15	84.173	<u>22,840</u>	<u>22,840</u>
Total Special Education - Preschool Grants			<u>22,840</u>	<u>22,840</u>
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>559,160</u>	<u>542,270</u>
Title II A - Improving Teacher Quality	TRS1-2014 TRS1-2015	84.367	23,146 <u>106,309</u>	22,174 <u>107,085</u>
Total Title II A - Improving Teacher Quality			<u>129,455</u>	<u>129,259</u>
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I)	C1-S1-14 C1-S1-15	84.010	124,322 490,435	114,027 492,959
Title I School Improvement				
Total Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I)			<u>614,757</u>	<u>606,986</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>1,303,372</u>	<u>1,278,515</u>
Total Federal Awards			<u>\$1,892,311</u>	<u>\$1,867,454</u>

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

**INDIAN CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
JEFFERSON COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS
AND EXPENDITURES
JUNE 30, 2015**

A. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule, (the Schedule) reports the District's federal award programs receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

B. CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U. S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

C. FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Indian Creek Local School District
Jefferson County
587 Bantam Ridge Road
Wintersville, Ohio 43953

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Indian Creek Local School District, Jefferson County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2016. We also noted the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and GASB No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping "D" and "Y".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

January 29, 2016



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Indian Creek Local School District
Jefferson County
587 Bantam Ridge Road
Wintersville, Ohio 43953

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Indian Creek Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Indian Creek Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Indian Creek Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affects its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Dave Yost
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

January 29, 2016

**INDIAN CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
JEFFERSON COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505
JUNE 30, 2015**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I CFDA # 84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3.FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDIAN CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

JEFFERSON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED
MARCH 17, 2016